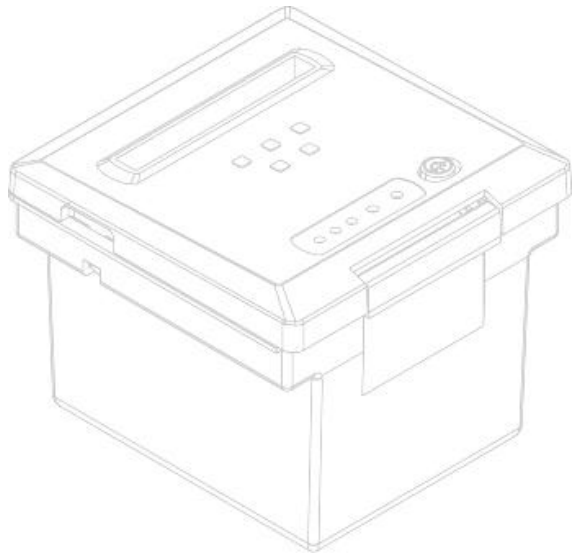


MODEL **PORT I - AP60**
(PANEL PRINTER)



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All specifications are subjected to change without notice

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Porti-AP60 Pannel printer user ' s manual .

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Caution

Some semiconductor devices are easily damaged by static electricity. You should turn the printer " OFF " , before you connect or removed the cable on the rear side, in order to guard the printer against the static electricity.

If the printer is damaged by the static electricity, you should turn the printer " OFF "

Notice

The contents of this manual are subject to change without notice.

Introduction

The Porti-AP60 is an extremely simple and functional panel printer. It is the ideal solution for applications which require the immediate printing of data on a ticket, whether they be of an industrial, professional or laboratory nature.

Receipt, Coupon, Ticket, Daily Report of kitchen, Delivery, Barcode, Industrial machine, etc.

The general features of Porti-AP60 printer are as follows:

- ↳ Ultra small size rack mount printer.
- ↳ Very silent printing thru direct thermal printing method.
- ↳ High speed(50mm/sec)
- ↳ High resolution(203dpi : 8dots/mm).
- ↳ Easier paper loading by CLAMSHELL design.
- ↳ Support text and graphic printing.
- ↳ Serial(RS-232C), Parallel interface
- ↳ Easier maintenance with self-diagnostics.
- ↳ Auto cutting.

Operating Precautions

Please follow the precautions below to enjoy and maintain the full performance of the printer.

↳ Using the Printer

- ? Be careful not to drop or bump the printer on a hard surface.
- ? Do not install the printer in direct sunlight or such areas.

Suitable environment for the use of the printer is as follows :

Operating temperature : 0 to 40 deg.C

Relative humidity : 10 to 80% (no condensation)

- ? Do not install the printer near devices that generate strong electromagnetic fields such as a copy machine.
- ? Do not remove or reinstall the communication cable during printing or transmission.

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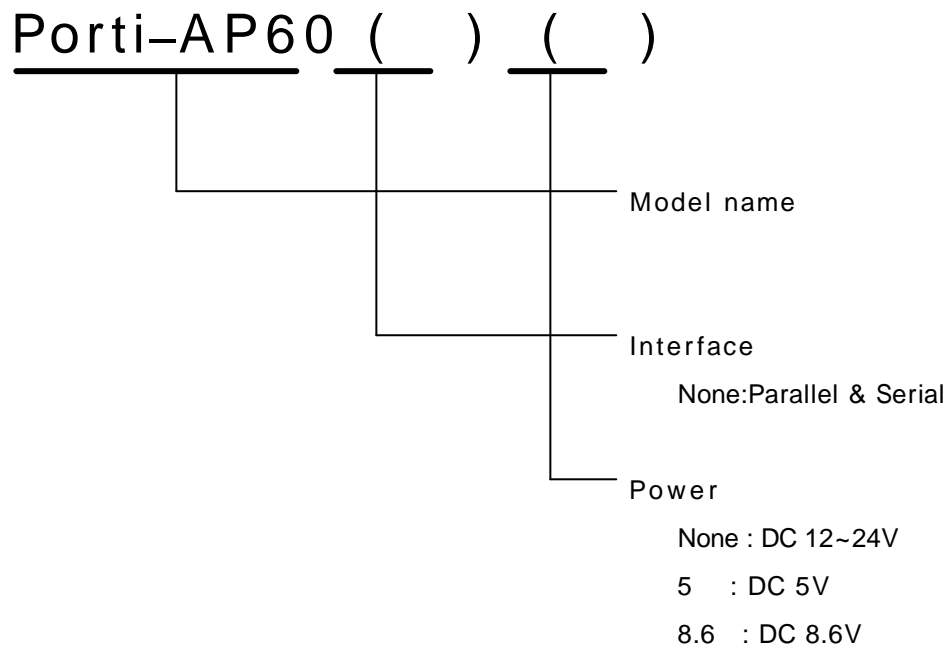
6. Print Control Function

- 6.1. Print commands
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- 6.9. Macro function commands
- 6.10. Mechanism control commands
- 6.11. Miscellaneous function commands

Appendix

1 Outline

1.1. Model classifications



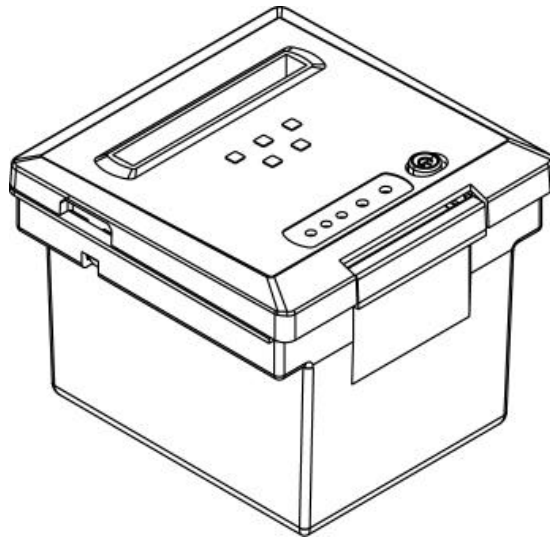
1.2. Specifications

Printing method	Direct thermal line printing	
Characters per line	40cpl	
Character size	9 * 24dots, 12 * 24dots	
Resolution	203dpi, 8dots/mm	
Print width	2-inch (48mm, 384dots)	
Printing speed	50mm / sec	
Dimensions	107.2 * 109.1 * 90.6 mm (Standard model)	
Weight	451g (including roll paper)	
Interface	Serial(RS-232C), Parallel (Standard model)	
Paper supplied	Thermal roll paper (57mm wide, 60 ø)	
Barcode supplied	PDF417(2-dimension), Code128, Code39, 12 of 5, UPC, EZN, KAN, JAN, CODABAR, ITF	
Receive buffer size	10K bytes	
Note	Printing speed may be slower, depending on the data transmission speed and the combination of control commands.	
Power	12~24V DC, Stand by 80mA and Max 2A (Standard model)	
Environment conditions	Temperature	0C - 40C (operating) -10C - 50 (storage)
	Humidity	30% - 80% (operating) 10% - 90% (storage)
MCBF	Mechanical	37,000,000 lines
	Head	Approximately 50 Km

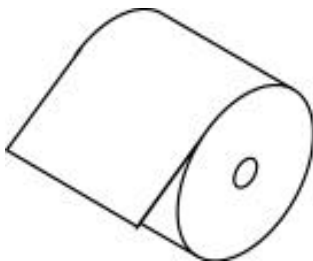
2. Setting up the printer

2.1. Unpacking

Your printer box should include these items. If any items are damaged or missing, please contact your dealer for assistance.



PORT I_AP60



ROLL PAPER



USER ' S MANUAL

2.2. Outer appearances and part name
- Outer appearances

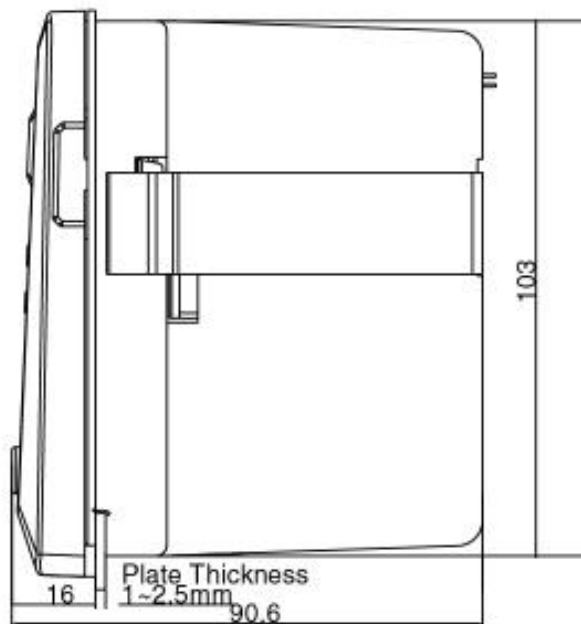
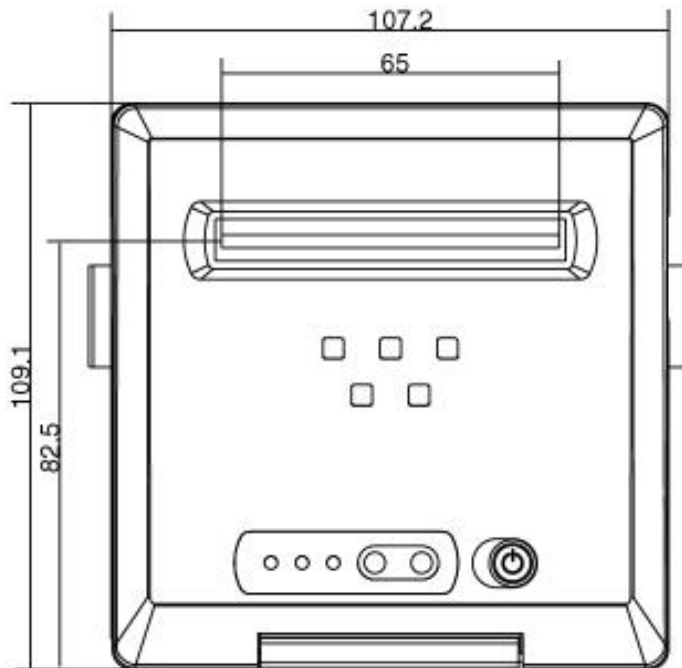


Plate Hole Outline

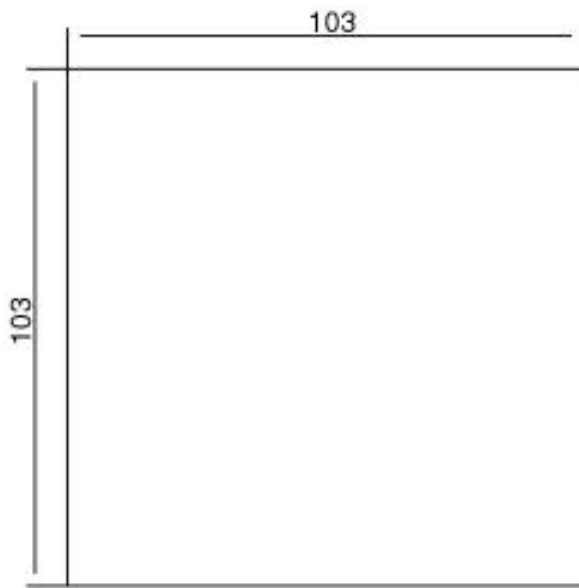
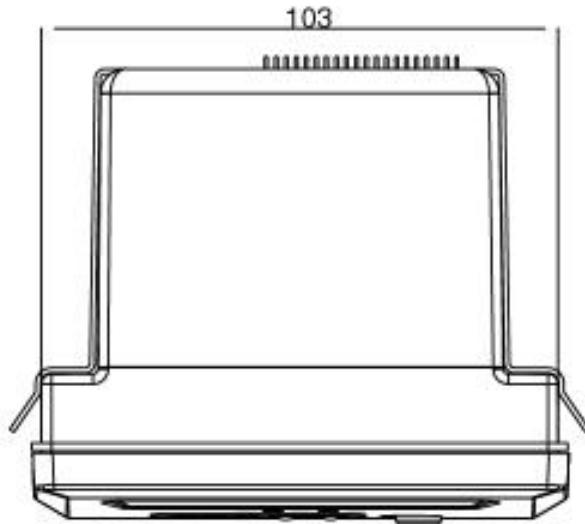
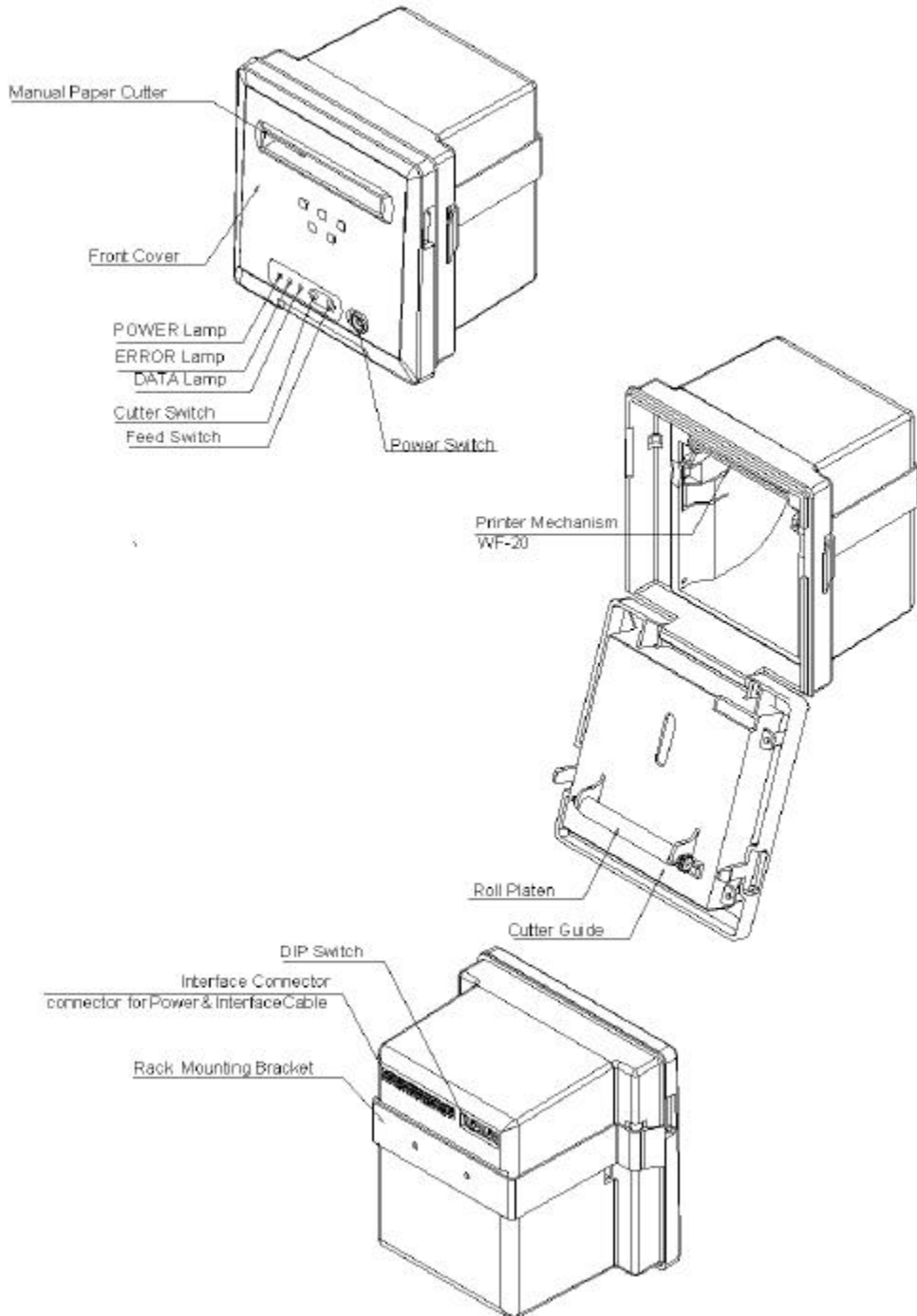
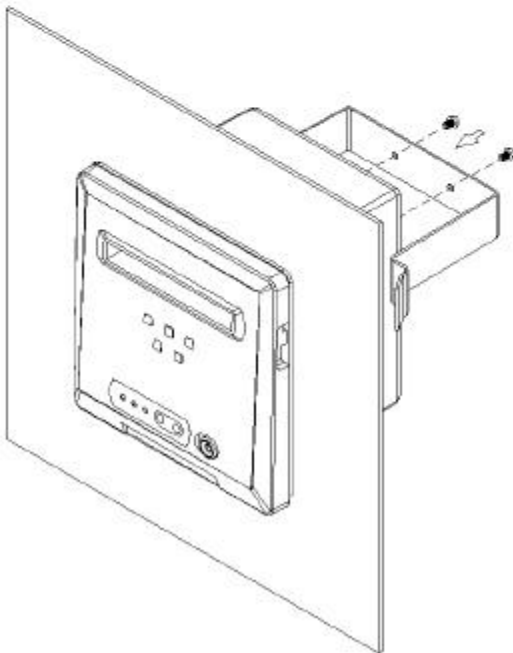
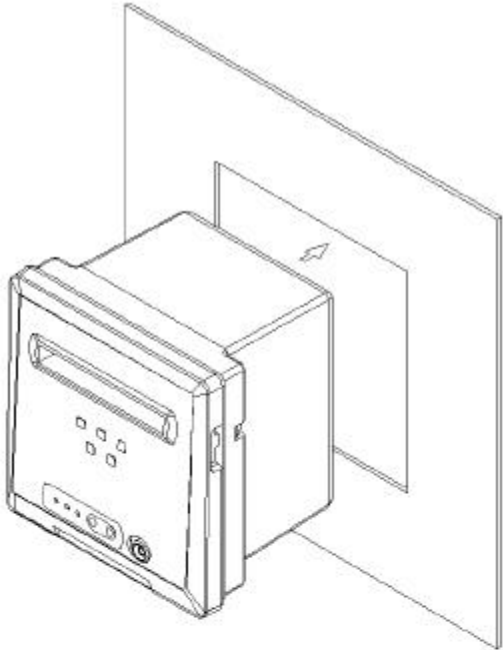


Plate Hole Outline

- Part name



2.3. Installation



1> Put the main body into the rack as shown in the following drawing.

2> Hold the main body from rear side with mounting bracket, fasten the screws to fix the main body.

3> After mounting, make sure that front cover open/close properly

4> In fasten screws, do not fasten the screws until the main body is deformed.

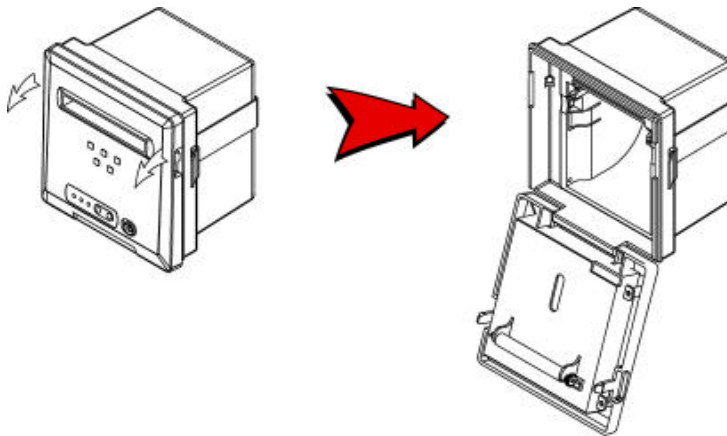
This may be abnormal force onto the main body as well as well as be an cause of breakage.

5> Thickness of rack panel to fix the main body is to be approx. 1~3 mm.

2.4. Installing or replacing the paper roll

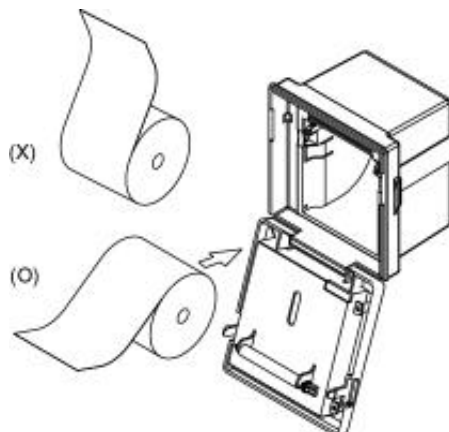
Note : Be sure to use paper rolls that meet the specifications. Do not use paper rolls that have the paper glued to the core because the printer cannot detect the paper end correctly.

1. Make sure that the printer is not receiving data; otherwise, data may be lost.
2. Open the paper roll cover by applying your finger on both side of printer, push it up when the lock is released as shown in the drawing.

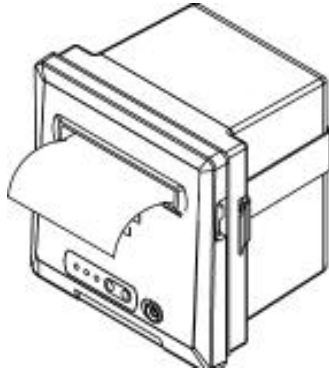


3. Remove the used paper roll core if there is one.
4. Insert the paper roll as shown.

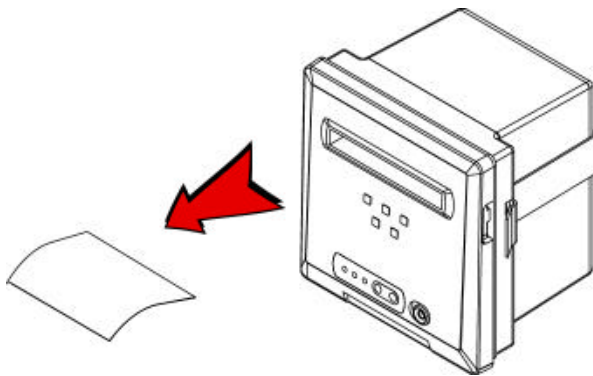
(Be sure to note the correct direction that the paper comes off the roll)



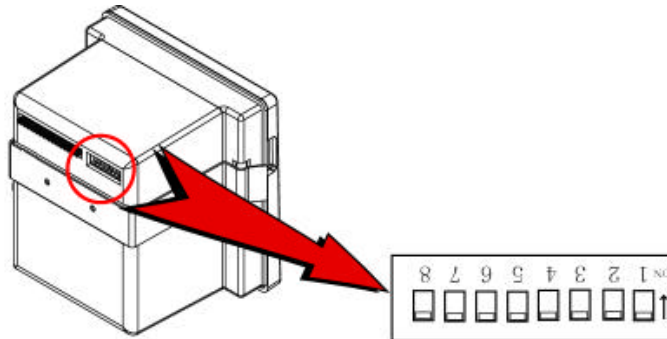
6, Pull out a small amount of paper and then close the cover, as shown.



7. Tear off the paper as shown.



2.5. Setting operation mode



<i>No</i>		<i>DIP SWITCH</i>		
<i>1</i>	1	2		
	Off	Off		Densitv High
	Off	On		Density Medium
	On	Off		Density High
	On	On		Density Low
<i>2</i>	3	4	5	
	Off	Off	Off	9600 Baud Rate
	Off	Off	On	9600 Baud Rate
	Off	On	Off	38400 Baud Rate
	Off	On	On	2400 Baud Rate
	On	Off	Off	57600 Baud Rate
	On	Off	On	4800 Baud Rate
	On	On	Off	19200 Baud Rate
	On	On	On	1200 Baud Rate
<i>3</i>	6			
	Off			8 Data Bit
	On			7 Data Bit
<i>4</i>	7	8		
	Off	Off		Odd Paritv. 1 Stop Bit
	Off	On		Even Paritv. 1 Stop Bit
	On	Off		Odd Paritv. 1 Stop Bit
	On	On		No Paritv. 1 Stop Bit

<DIP SWITCH SPECIFICATION>

2.6. Specified Power supply

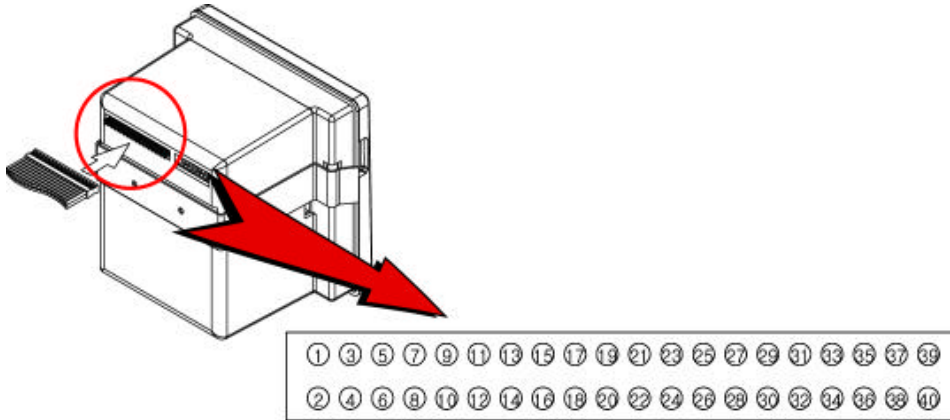
The following specifications is requested for Power supply.

VCC : DC 5V $\pm 5\%$ 0.2 ~ 0.5A

VPP : DC 12~24V $\pm 5\%$ 2~3A(6A or more at peak) (Standard model)

Avoid using power supply which its power capacity of power current is extremely high.

3 Interface



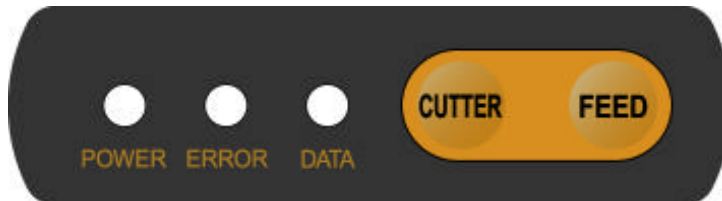
The Porti_AP60 printer has an RS232 serial and parallel interface and is connected by means of a 40 pin male connector. In the following table, the signals present on the connector are listed:

No	Name	Pin NO	Description
1	VCC	1~3	5V Output
2	GND	4~6, 12~18	Ground
3	VPP	7~11	12~24V Input
4	DTR	22	Serial
	TXD	23	
	RXD	24	
	DSR	25	
5	-ERROR	20	Parallel
	-STB	26	
	BUSY	27	
	-ACK	28	
	D0	29	
5	D1	30	Parallel
	D2	31	
	D3	32	
	D4	33	
	D5	34	
	D6	35	
	D7	36	
5	PE	37	Parallel
	-FAULT	38	
	-RESET	39	
6	No Connect	19, 21, 40	

<Molex : 87049 (2mm Pitch)>

4 Using the printer

4.1. Control panel



↳ Button

- FEED Button :

Press the FEED button once to advance paper one line. You can also hold down the FEED button to feed paper continuously.

- Cutter Button :

The CUTTER Button is used when you need to cut the paper.

↳ Panel lamp

-POWER : The POWER lamp is on whenever the printer is on.

-ERROR : This indicates an error such as paper end, or cover open, etc.

-DATA : The DATA lamp is on whenever the printer receives data.

4.2. The self test

The self-test checks whether the printer has any problems. If the printer does not function properly, contact your dealer. The self-test checks the following;

1. Make sure paper roll has been installed properly.
2. Turn on the power while holding down the FEED button. The self-test begins.
3. The self-test prints the current printer status, which provides the control ROM version and the communication method setting.
4. After printing the current printer status, self-test printing will print a pattern using the built-in character set.
5. The self-test automatically ends

The printer is ready to receive data as soon as it completes the self-test.

5 Consumable Parts

5.1 Recommended paper

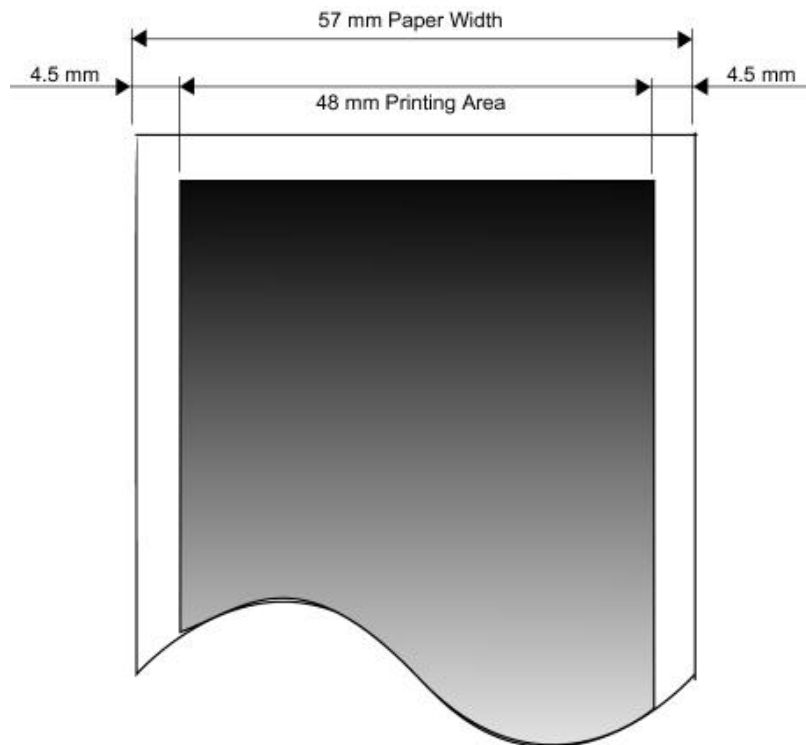
Type	: Thermal Paper
Paper width	: 57mm
Paper thickness	: 65 ±5 micro m
Outer diameter	: Ø60mm or less
Recodeing side	: Outside of roll



Cautions

1. Do not paste the paper to the core. And the roll paper which has Near end mark printing on its near end is recommended.
2. Chemicals or oil may change the color of paper, or printed Characters may fade.
3. Change of paper color starts from approx . 70 ℃. Pay attention to heat, humidity and sun light.
4. Color of paper may be changed by being scratched by nail or hard metal, etc

5.2 Printing position



6. Print Control Function

Supported Commands List

<i>Command</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function Type</i>	<i>Page</i>
<i>HT</i>	Horizontal tab	Print position	39
<i>LF</i>	Print and line feed	Print	25
<i>FF</i>	Print and return to standard mode	Print	26
<i>DLE EOT</i> <i>EOT</i>	Real-time status transmission	Status	34
<i>EOT</i>	Cancel card reader mode.	Magnetic card reader	60
<i>ESC FF</i>	Print data in page mode	Print	26
<i>ESC SP</i>	Set right-side character spacing	Character	29
<i>ESC !</i>	Select print mode	Character	30
<i>ESC \$</i>	Set absolute print position	Print position	36
<i>ESC *</i>	Select bit-image mode	Bit image	49
<i>ESC -</i>	Turn underline mode on/off	Character	31
<i>ESC 2</i>	Select default line spacing	Line spacing	27
<i>ESC 3</i>	Set line spacing	Line spacing	27
<i>ESC @</i>	Initialize printer	Miscellaneous function	62
<i>ESC D</i>	Set horizontal tab positions	Print position	40
<i>ESC E</i>	Turn emphasized mode on/off	Character	32
<i>ESC J</i>	Print and feed paper	Print	25
<i>ESC L</i>	Select page mode	Miscellaneous function	62
<i>ESC MC</i>	Set 3track card reader mode	Magnetic card reader	60
<i>ESC MD</i>	Set 2track card reader mode	Magnetic card reader	60
<i>ESC O</i>	Set print starting position.	Print position	48
<i>ESC R</i>	Select an international character set	Character	29
<i>ESC S</i>	Select standard mode	Miscellaneous function	63

Command	Name	Function Type	Page
ESC T	Select print direction in page mode	Print position	45
ESC W	Set printing area in page mode	Print position	43
ESC X 4	Define user-defined bit-image	Bit image	52
ESC \	Set relative print position	Print position	37
ESC a	Select justification	Print position	38
ESC c 5	Enable/disable panel buttons	Panel button	35
ESC d	Print and feed n lines	Print	26
ESC i	Partial cut (One point center uncut)	Mechanism control	59
ESC {	Turn upside-down printing mode on/off	Character	32
GS !	Select characters size	Character	33
GS \$	Set absolute vertical print position in page mode	Print position	46
GS :	Start/end macro definition	Macro function	57
GS B	Turn white/black reverse printing mode On/off	Character	34
GS H	Select printing position of HRI characters	Barcode	56
GS L	Set left margin	Print position	41
GS P	Set horizontal and vertical motion units	Miscellaneous function	61
GS V	Select cut mode and cut paper	Mechanism control	59
GS W	Set printing area width	Print position	42
GS \	Set relative vertical print position in page mode	Print position	47
GS ^	Execute macro	Macro function	58
GS h	Set barcode height	Barcode	55
GS k	Print bar code	Barcode	56
GS w	Set barcode width	Barcode	55

6.1. Print Command

The **PORTI-Series** supports the following commands for printing character and advancing paper:

Command	Name
LF	Print and line feed
ESC J	Print and feed paper
ESC d	Print and feed n lines
FF	Print and return to standard mode(in page mode)
ESC FF	Print data in page mode

LF

[Name]	Print and line feed
[Format]	ASCII LF HEX 0A Decimal 10
[Description]	Print the data in the print buffer and feeds one line based on the current line spacing.
[Note]	This command sets the print position to the beginning of the line.
[Reference]	ESC 2, ESC 3

ESC J n

[Name]	Print and feed paper.
[Format]	ASCII ESC J n HEX 1B 4A n Decimal 27 74 n
[Range]	0 n 255
[Description]	Prints the data in the print buffer and feeds the paper [n x (vertical or horizontal motion unit)] inches.

ESC d n

[Name]	Print and feed n lines			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	d	n
	HEX	1B	64	n
	Decimal	27	100	n
[Range]	0	n	255	
[Description]	Prints the data in the print buffer and feeds n lines.			
[Note]	1) This command sets the print starting position to the beginning of the line. 2) This command does not affect the line spacing set by ESC 2 or ESC 3.			
[Reference]	ESC 2, ESC 3			

FF

[Name]	Print and return to standard mode in page mode.		
[Format]	ASCII	FF	
	HEX	0C	
	Decimal	12	
[Description]	Prints the data in the print buffer collectively and returns to standard mode.		
[Note]	1) The buffer data is deleted after being printed. 2) The Printing area set by ESC W is reset to the default setting. 3) This command sets the print position to the beginning of the line. 4) This command is enabled only in page mode.		
[Reference]	ESC FF, ESC L, ESC S		

ESC FF

[Name]	Print data in page mode.		
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	FF
	HEX	1B	0C
	Decimal	27	12
[Description]	In page mode, prints all buffered data in the printing area collectively.		
[Note]	This commands is enabled only in page mode. After printing the printer does not clear the buffered data, setting values for ESC T and ESC W, and the position for buffering.		
[Reference]	FF, ESC L, ESC S		

6.2. Line Spacing Command

The **PORTI-Series** supports the following commands for setting line spacing. These commands only set the line spacing; they do not actually advance the paper. The line spacing set using these commands affects the results of **LF** and **ESC d** and paper feeding by using the FEED button.

Command	Name
ESC 2	Select default line spacing
ESC 3	Set line spacing

ESC 2

[Name]	Select default line spacing									
[Format]	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>ASCII</td> <td>ESC</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HEX</td> <td>1B</td> <td>32</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Decimal</td> <td>27</td> <td>50</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	ASCII	ESC	2	HEX	1B	32	Decimal	27	50
ASCII	ESC	2								
HEX	1B	32								
Decimal	27	50								
[Description]	Selects 1/7 inch line (approximately 3.75mm) spacing.									
[Note]	The line spacing can be set independently in standard mode and in page mode.									
[Reference]	ESC 3									

ESC 3 n

[Name]	Set line spacing												
[Format]	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>ASCII</td> <td>ESC</td> <td>3</td> <td>n</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HEX</td> <td>1B</td> <td>33</td> <td>n</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Decimal</td> <td>27</td> <td>51</td> <td>n</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	ASCII	ESC	3	n	HEX	1B	33	n	Decimal	27	51	n
ASCII	ESC	3	n										
HEX	1B	33	n										
Decimal	27	51	n										
[Range]	0 n 255												
[Description]	Sets the line spacing to [n x vertical or horizontal motion until] inches.												
[Note]	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) The line spacing can be set independently in standard mode and in page mode. 2) The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P. <p>Changing the horizontal or vertical motion unit does not affect the current line spacing.</p>												

3) The GS P command can change the horizontal (and vertical) motion unit.

However, the value cannot be less than the minimum vertical movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum vertical movement amount.

4) In standard mode, the vertical motion unit (y) is used.

5) In page mode, this command functions as follows, depending on the starting position of the printable area:

When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printable area using ESC T, the vertical motion unit(y) is used. When the starting position is set to the upper right or lower left of the printable area using ESC T, the horizontal motion unit(x) is used.

[Reference]

ESC 2, GS P

6.3. Character Commands

The PORTI-Series supports the following commands for setting character font and size:

Command	Name
ESC SP	Set right-side character spacing
ESC R	Select an international character set
ESC !	Select print mode
ESC -	Turn underline mode on/off
ESC E	Turn emphasized mode on/off
ESC G	Turn double-strike mode on/off
ESC {	Turn upside-down
GS !	Select character size
GS B	Turn white/black reverse printing mode on/off

ESC SP n

[Name]	Set right-side character spacing.			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	SP	n
	HEX	1B	20	n
	Decimal	27	32	n
[Range]	0	n	255	
[Description]	Sets the character spacing for the right side of the character to [n x horizontal or vertical motion units] inches.			
[Note]	1) The right side character spacing for double-width mode is twice the normal value. When characters are enlarged, the right side character spacing is n times normal value. 2) This command sets values independently in each mode. 3) The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P. Changing the horizontal or vertical motion unit does not affect the current right-side spacing. 4) The maximum right side spacing is 255/180 inches, Any setting exceeding the maximum is converted to the maximum automatically.			
[Default]	n = 0			
[Reference]	GS P			

ESC R n

[Name]	Select an international character set.			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	R	n
	HEX	1B	52	n
	Decimal	27	82	n
[Range]	0	n	10	
[Description]	Selects an international character set n from the following table.			

n	Character set	n	Character set
0	U.S.A	6	Sweden
1	France	7	Italy
2	Germany	8	Spain
3	U.K	9	Norway
4	Denmark	10	Denmark II

[Default] n = 0

ESC ! n

[Name] Select print mode.

[Format] ASCII ESC ! n
 HEX 1B 21 n
 Decimal 27 33 n

[Range] 0 n 255

[Description] Select print mode(s) using n as follows,.

Bit	Off / On	Hex	Decimal	Function
0	Off	00	0	Character font A (12 x 24)
	On	01	1	Character font B (9 x 24)
1	Off	-	-	Undefined
	On	-	-	Undefined
2	Off	-	-	Undefined
	On	-	-	Undefined
3	Off	00		Emphasized mode not selected
	On	10		Emphasized mode selected
4	Off	00		Double-height mode not selected
	On	20		Double-height mode selected
5	Off	00		Double-width mode not selected
	On	20		Double-width mode selected
6	Off	-	-	Undefined
	On	-	-	Undefined
7	Off	00	0	Underline mode not selected
	On	80	128	Underline mode selected

- [Note]
- 1) When both double-height and double-width modes are selected, quadruple size characters are printed.
 - 2) The printer can underline all characters, but can not underline the space set by HT.
 - 3) The thickness of the underline is that selected by ESC -, regardless of the character size.
 - 4) When some characters in a line are double or mode height, all the characters on the line are aligned at the baseline.
 - 5) ESC - can also turn on or off underline mode. However, the setting of the last received command is effective.
 - 7) GS ! can also select character size. However, the setting of the last received command is effective.

[Reference] **ESC -, ESC E, GS!**

ESC - n

[Name]	Turn underline mode on/off			
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	-	n
	HEX	1B	2D	n
	Decimal	27	45	n
[Range]	0	n	1	
[Description]	Turns underline mode on or off, based on the following values of n;			

n	Function
0, 48	Turns off underline mode
1, 49	Turns on underline mode (1 dot thick).
2, 50	Turns on underline mode (2 dot thick)

- [Notes]
- 1) The printer can underline all characters (including right-side character spacing), but cannot underline the space set by HT.
 - 2) The printer cannot underline white/black inverted characters.
 - 3) When underline mode is turned off by setting the value of n to 0 or 48, the

following data is not underlined, and the underline thickness set before the mode is turned off does not change. The default underline thickness is 1 dot.

4) Changing the character size does not affect the current underline thickness.

5) Underline mode can also be turned on or off by using ESC !.

Note, however, that the last received command is effective.

[Default] n = 0

[Reference] **ESC !**

ESC E n

[Name] Turn emphasized mode On/Off.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	E	n
	HEX	1B	45	n
	Decimal	27	69	n

[Range] 0 n 255

[Description] Turns emphasized mode on of off.

When the LSB(least significant bit) is 0, emphasized mode is turned off.

When the LSB(least significant bit) is 1, emphasized mode is turned on.

[Note] 1) Only the least significant bit of n is enabled.

2) This command and ESC ! turn on and off emphasized mode in the same way. Be careful when this command is used with ESC !

[Default] n = 0

[Reference] **ESC !**

ESC { n

[Name] Turn On/Off upside-down printing mode

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	{	n
	HEX	1B	7B	n
	Decimal	27	123	n

[Range] 0 n 255

[Description] Turns upside-down printing mode on of off

When the LSB is 0, upside-down mode is turned off.

When the LSB is 1, upside-down mode is turned on.

[Note]

- 1) Only the lowest significant bit of n is valid.
- 2) This command is enabled only when processed at the beginning of a line in standard mode.
- 3) When this command is input in page mode, the printer performs only internal flag operations.
- 4) This command does not affect printing in page mode.
- 5) In upside-down printing mode, the printer rotates the line to be printed by 180 degree and then prints it.

[Default] n = 0

[Example]



GS ! n

[Name] Select character size

[Format] ASCII GS ! n
HEX 1D 21 n
Decimal 29 33 n

[Range] 0 n 255

[Description] (1 vertical number of times 8, 1 horizontal number of times 8)
Selects the character width using bits 0 to 2 and selects the character height using bits 4 to 7, as follows;

Hex	Decimal	Width
00	0	1 (normal)
01	1	2 (double width)
02	2	3
03	3	4
04	4	5
05	5	6
06	6	7
07	7	8

Character Width Selection

Hex	Decimal	Height
00	0	1 (normal)
10	16	2 (double height)
20	32	3
30	48	4
40	64	5
50	80	6
60	96	7
70	112	8

Character Height Selection

- [Notes]
- 1) This command is all characters effective
 - 2) If n is outside of the defined range, this command is ignored.
 - 3) In standard mode, the vertical direction is the paper feed direction, and the horizontal direction is perpendicular to the paper feed direction.
 - 4) In page mode, vertical and horizontal directions are based on the character orientation.
 - 5) When characters are enlarged with different sizes on one line, all the characters on the line are aligned at the baseline.
 - 6) The ESC ! command can also turn double width and double height modes on or off.

[Default] n = 0

[Reference] **ESC !**

GS B n

[Name] Turn white/black reverse printing mode On/Off.

[Format]

ASCII	GS	B	n
HEX	1D	42	n
Decimal	29	66	n

[Range] 0 n 255

[Description] Turns on or off White/Black reverse printing mode.

- [Notes]
- 1) When the LSB is 0, white/black reverse printing mode is turned on.
 - 2) When the LSB is 1, white/black reverse printing mode is turned off.
 - 3) Only the lowest bit of n is valid.
 - 4) This command is available for built in characters and user defined characters.
 - 5) When white/black reverse printing mode is on, it also applied to character spacing set by ESC SP.
 - 6) This command does not affect the space between lines.
 - 7) White/black reverse mode has a higher priority than underline mode. Even if underline mode is on, it is disabled (but not canceled) when white/black reverse mode is selected.

[Default] n = 0

6.4. Panel Button Command

The **PORTI-Series** supports the following command for enabling and disabling the panel button.

Command	Name
ESC c 5	Enable/disable panel buttons

ESC c 5 n

[Name]	Enable/Disable panel buttons				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	c	5	n
	HEX	1B	63	35	n
	Decimal	27	97	53	n
[Range]	0	n	255		
[Description]	Enables or disables the panel buttons.				
	When the LSB is 0, the panel buttons are enabled.				
	When the LSB is 1, the panel buttons are disabled.				
[Notes]	1) Only the least significant bit of n is valid.				

- 2) When the panel buttons are disabled, none of them are usable when the printer cover is closed.
- 3) In this printer, the panel buttons is the FEED button.
- 4) In the macro ready mode, the FEED button are enabled regardless of the settings of this command; however, the paper cannot be fed by using these buttons.

[Default] n = 0

6.5. Print Position Commands

The **PORTI-Series** supports the following commands for setting the print position

Command	Name
ESC \$	Set absolute print position
ESC \	Set relative print position
ESC a	Select justification
HT	Horizontal tab
ESC D	Set horizontal tab positions
GS L	Set left margin
GS W	Set printing area width
ESC W	Set printing area in page mode
ESC T	Select print direction in page mode
GS \$	Set absolute vertical print position in page mode
GS \	Set relative vertical print position in page mode
ESC O	Set print starting position.

ESC \$ nL nH

[Name]	Set absolute print position				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	\$	nL	nH
	HEX	1B	24	nL	nH
	Decimal	27	36	nL	nH
[Range]	0	nL	255		
	0	nH	255		

[Description]	Set the distance from the beginning of the line to the position at which subsequent characters are to be printed.
[Notes]	<p>1) The distance from the beginning of the line to the print position is $[(nL + nH \times 256) \times (\text{vertical or horizontal motion unit})]$ inches.</p> <p>2) Setting outside the specified printable area are ignored.</p> <p>3) The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P.</p> <p>4) The GS P command can change the horizontal (and vertical) motion unit. However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum horizontal movement amount.</p> <p>5) In standard mode, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used.</p> <p>6) In page mode, horizontal or vertical motion unit differs depending on the starting position of the printable area as follows;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printable area using ESC T, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used. 2. When the starting position is set to the upper right or lower left of the printable area using ESC T, the vertical motion unit (y) is used.
[Reference]	ESC\, GS\$, GS\, GS P

ESC \ nL nH

[Name]	Set relative print position				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	\	nL	nH
	HEX	1B	5C	nL	nH
	Decimal	27	92	nL	nH
[Range]	0	nL	255,		
	0	nL	255		
[Description]	Set the print starting position based on the current position by using				
[Notes]	1) This command sets the distance from the current position to $[(nL+nH \times 256) \times (\text{horizontal or vertical motion unit})]$				

2) Any setting that exceeds the printable are is ignored

3) When pitch N is specified to the right; $nL + nH \times 256 = N$

When pitch N is specified to the left (the negative direction), use the complement of 65536.

4) The print starting position moves from the current position to [N x horizontal or vertical motion unit]

5) The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P.

6) The GS P command can change the horizontal (and vertical) motion unit.

However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum horizontal movement amount.

7) In standard mode, the horizontal motion unit is used.

8) In page mode, the horizontal or vertical unit differs as follows, depending on the starting point of the printing area;

When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printable area using ESC T, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used. When the starting position is set to the upper right or lower left of the printable area using ESC T, the vertical motion unit (y) is used.

[Reference] **ESC \$, ESC P**

ESC a n

[Name] Select justification

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	a	n
	HEX	1B	61	n
	Decimal	27	97	n

[Range] 0 n 2
48 n 50

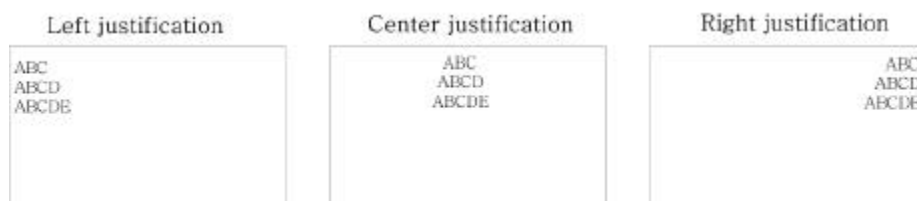
[Description] Aligns all the data in one line to the specified position. n selects the type of justification as follows;

n	Justification
0, 48	Left justification
1, 49	Center justification
2, 50	Right justification

- [Notes]
- 1) The command is enabled only when processed at the beginning of the line in standard mode.
 - 2) If this command is input in page mode, the printer performs only internal flag operations.
 - 3) This command has no effect in page mode.
 - 4) This command executes justification in the printing area.
 - 5) This command justifies the space area according to HT, ESC \$ or ESC \

[Default] n = 0

[Example]



HT

[Name] Horizontal Tab

[Format] ASCII HT

HEX 09

Decimal 9

[Description] Moves the print position to the next horizontal tab position.

- [Note]
- 1) This command is ignored unless the next horizontal tab position has been set.
 - 2) If the next horizontal tab position exceeds the printing area, the printer sets the printing position to [Printing area width + 1]
 - 3) Horizontal tab positions are set with ESC D.
 - 4) If this command is received when the printing position is at [Printing area width + 1], the printer executes print buffer-full printing of the current line and horizontal tab processing from the beginning of the next line.
 - 5) The default setting of the horizontal tab position for the paper roll is every 0th character.

[Reference] **ESC D**

ESC D n1...nk NUL

[Name]	Set horizontal tab positions.				
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	D	n1...nk	NUL
	HEX	1B	44	n1...nk	00
	Decimal	27	68	n1...nk	0
[Range]	1 <= n <= 255 0 <= k <=32				
[Description]	Set horizontal tab position				
[Notes]	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1) n specifies the column number for setting a horizontal tab position from the beginning of the line.2) k indicates the total number of horizontal tab positions to be set.3) The horizontal tab position is stored as a value of [character width x n] measured from the beginning of the line. The character width includes the right-side character spacing, and double-width characters are set with twice the width of normal characters.4) This command cancels the previous horizontal tab settings.5) When setting n=8, the print position is moved to column 9 by sending HT.6) Up to 32 tab positions (k=32) can be set. Data exceeding 32 tab positions is processed as normal data.7) Transmit [n]k in ascending order and place a NUL code 0 at the end.8) When [n]k is less than or equal to the preceding value [n]k-1, tab setting is finished and the following data is processed as normal data.9) ESC D NUL cancels all horizontal tab positions.10) The previously specified horizontal tab positions do not change, even if the character width changes.11) The character width is memorized for each standard and page mode.				
[Default]	The default tab positions are at intervals of 0 characters.				
[Reference]	HT				

GS L nL nH

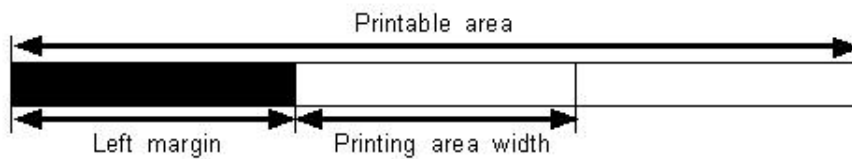
[Name] Set left margin.

[Format] ASCII GS L nL nH
HEX 1D 4C nL nH
Decimal 29 76 nL nH

[Range] 0 nL 255, 0 nH 255

[Description] Set the left margin using nL and nH.

[Notes]1) The left margin is set to $[(nL+nH \times 256)] \times$ (horizontal motion unit) inches.



2) This command is effective only processed at the beginning of the line in standard mode.

3) If this command is input in page mode, the printer performs only internal flag operations.

4) This command does not affect printing in page mode.

5) If the setting exceeds the printable area, the maximum value of the printable area is used.

6) The horizontal and vertical motion units are specified by GS P.

Changing the horizontal and vertical motion unit does not affect the current left margin.

7) The horizontal motion unit (x) is used for calculating the left margin.

The calculated result is truncated to the minimum value of the mechanical pitch.

[Default] nL = 0, nH = 0

[Reference] **GS P, GS W**

GS W nL nH

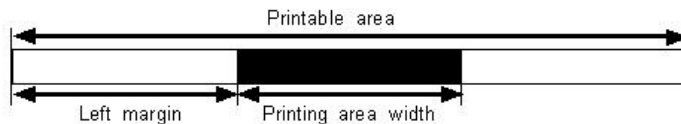
[Name] Set printing area width

[Format] ASCII GS W nL nH
HEX 1D 57 nL nH
Decimal 29 87 nL nH

[Range] 0 nL 255, 0 nH 255

[Description] Sets the printing area width to the area specified by nL and nH.

[Notes] 1) The printing area width is set to $[(nL+nH \times 256)] \times$ horizontal motion unit inches.



2) This command is effective only processed at the beginning of the line.

3) In page mode, the printer performs only internal flag operations.

4) This command does not affect printing in page mode.

5) If the [left margin + printing area width] exceeds the printable area, (printable area width - left margin) is used.

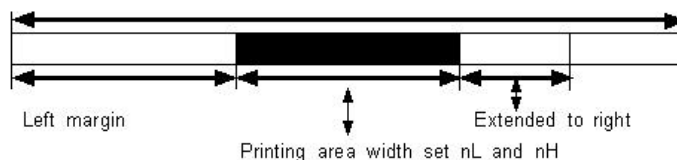
6) The horizontal and vertical motion units are specified by GS P.

Changing the horizontal and vertical motion units does not affect the current left margin.

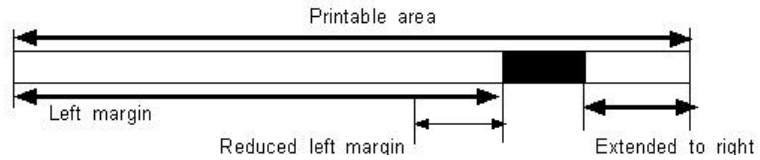
7) The horizontal motion unit (x) is used for calculating the printing area width.

The calculated result is truncated to the minimum value of the mechanical pitch.

8) If the width set for the printing area is less than the width of one character, when the character data is developed, the following



If the printing area width cannot be extended sufficiently, the left margin is reduced to accommodate one character.



If the printing area width cannot be extended sufficiently, the right space is reduced.

9) If the width set for the printing area is less than one line in vertical, the following processing is performed only on the line in question when data other than character data(e.g., bit image, user defined bit image) is developed:

The printing area width is extended to the right to accommodate one line in vertical for the bit image within the printable area. If the printing area width cannot be extended sufficiently, the left margin is reduced to accommodate one line in vertical.

[Default] nL = 0, nH = 2

[Reference] **GS L, GS P**

ESC W xL xH yL yH dxL dxH dyL dyH

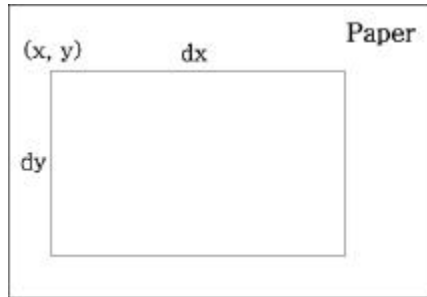
[Name]	Set printing area in page mode											
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	W	xL	xH	yL	yH	dxL	dxH	dyL	dyH	
	HEX	1B	57	xL	xH	yL	yH	dxL	dxH	dyL	dyH	
	Decimal	27	87	xL	xH	yL	yH	dxL	dxH	dyL	dyH	
[Range]	0 xL,xH,yL,yH,dxL,dxH,dyL,dyH 255											
	(except dxL=dxH=0 or dyL=dyH=0)											
[Description]	The horizontal starting position, vertical starting position, printing area width, and printing area height are defined as x0, y0, dx(inch), respectively.											
	$x0 = [(xL + xH * 256)] * (\text{horizontal motion unit})$											
	$y0 = [(yL + yH * 256)] * (\text{vertical motion unit})$											
	$dx = [(dxL + dxH * 256)] * (\text{horizontal motion unit})$											

$dy = [(dyL + dyH * 256)] * (\text{vertical motion unit})$

The printing area is set as shown in the figure below.

[Note]

- 1) If this command is input in standard mode, the printer executes only internal flag operation. This command does not affect printing in standard mode.
- 2) If the horizontal or vertical starting position is set outside the printable area, the printer stops command processing and processes the following data as normal data.
- 3) If the printing area width or height is set to 0, the printer stops command processing and processes the following data as normal data.
- 4) This command sets the position where data is buffered to the position specified by ESC T within the printing area.
- 5) If (horizontal starting position + printing area width) exceeds the printable area, the printing area width is automatically set to (horizontal printable area - horizontal starting position).
- 6) If (vertical starting position + printing area height) exceeds the printable area, the printing area height is automatically set to (vertical printable area - vertical starting position).
- 7) The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P. Changing the horizontal or vertical motion unit does not affect the current printing area.
- 8) The GS P command can change the horizontal (and vertical) motion unit. However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement amount, and it must be in even units of minimum horizontal movement amount.
- 9) Use the horizontal motion unit (x) for setting the horizontal starting position and printing area width, and use the vertical motion unit (y) for setting the vertical starting position and printing area height.
- 10) When the horizontal starting position, vertical starting position, printing area width, and printing area height are defined as X, Y, Dx, Dy respectively, the printing area is set as shown in the figure below.



[Default] $xL = xH = yL = yH = 0$
 $dxL = 0, dxH = 2, dyL = 126, dyH = 6$

[Reference] **CAN, ESC L, ESC T, GS P**

ESC T n

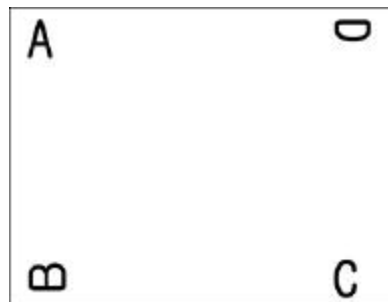
[Name] Select print direction in page mode

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	T	n
	HEX	1B	54	n
	Decimal	27	84	n

[Range] 0 n 3 or 48 n 51

[Description] Selects the print direction and starting position in page mode.
 n specifies the print direction and starting position as follows;

n	Print direction	Starting position
0,48	Left to right	Upper left (A in the figure)
1,49	Bottom to top	Lower left (B in the figure)
2,50	Right to left	Lower right (C in the figure)
3,51	Top to bottom	Upper right (D in the figure)



[Notes]	<p>1) When the command is input in standard mode, the printer executes only internal flag operation. This command does not affect printing in standard mode.</p> <p>2) This command sets the position where data is buffered within the printing area set by ESC W.</p> <p>3) Parameters for horizontal or vertical motion units (X or Y) differ as follows, depending on the starting position of the printing area;</p> <p>If the starting position is the upper left or lower right of the printing area, data is buffered in the direction perpendicular to the paper feed direction.</p> <p>Commands using horizontal motion unit: ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC \</p> <p>Commands using vertical motion unit: ESC 3, ESC J, GS \$, GS \</p> <p>If the starting position is the upper right or lower left of the printing area, data is buffered in the paper feed direction.</p> <p>Commands using horizontal motion units : ESC 3, ESC J, GS \$,GS \</p> <p>Commands using vertical motion units : ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC \</p>
[Default]	n = 0
[Reference]	ESC \$, ESC L, ESC W, ESC \, GS \$, GS P, GS \

GS \$ nL nH

[Name]	Set absolute vertical print position in page mode.				
[Format]	ASCII	GS	\$	nL	nH
	HEX	1D	24	nL	nH
	Decimal	29	36	nL	nH
[Range]	0	nL	255, 0	nH	255
[Description]	Sets the absolute vertical print starting position for buffer character data in page mode.				
[Notes]	<p>1) This command sets the absolute print position to [(nL+nHx256)]x (vertical or horizontal motion unit) inches.</p> <p>2) This command is effective only in page mode.</p> <p>3) If the [(nL+nHx256)] x (vertical or horizontal motion unit) exceeds the specified printing area, this command is ignored.</p> <p>4) The horizontal starting buffer position does not move.</p>				

- 5) The reference starting position is that specified by ESC T.
- 6) This command operates as follows, depending on the starting position of the printing area specified by ESC T; When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right, this command sets the absolute position in the vertical direction. When the starting position is set to the upper right or lower left, this command sets the absolute position in the horizontal direction.
- 7) The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P.
- 8) The GS P command can change the horizontal and vertical motion unit. However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum horizontal movement amount.

[Reference] **ESC \$, ESC T, ESC W, ESC \, GS P, GS **

GS \ nL nH

[Name] Set relative vertical print position in page mode

[Format]	ASCII	GS	\	nL	nH
		HEX	1D	5C	nL nH
		Decimal	29	92	nL nH

[Range] 0 nL 255
0 nH 255

[Description] Sets the relative vertical print starting position from the current position in page mode.

[Notes] 1) This command sets the distance from the current position to [(nL + nHx256)] x vertical or horizontal motion unit inches.

2) This command is ignored unless page mode is selected.

3) When pitch N is specified to the movement downward;

$$nL + nHx256 = N$$

When pitch N is specified to the movement upward (the negative direction), use the complement of 65536.

When pitch N is specified to the movement upward;

$$nL + nH \times 256 = 65536 - N$$

4) Any setting that exceeds the specified printing area is ignored.

5) This command function as follows, depending on the print starting position set by ESC T;

When the starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printing, the vertical motion unit (y) is used.

When the starting position is set to the upper right or lower left of the printing, the horizontal motion unit (x) is used.

6) The horizontal and vertical motion unit are specified by GS P.

7) The GS P command can change the horizontal (and vertical) motion unit. However, the value cannot be less than the minimum horizontal movement amount, and it must be in even units of the minimum horizontal movement amount.

[Reference] ESC \$, ESC T, ESC W, ESC \, GS \$, GS P

ESC O xL xH yL yH

[Name] Set print starting position.

[Format]	ASCII	ESC	O	xL	xH	yL	yH
	HEX	1B	4F	xL	xH	yL	yH
	Decimal	27	79	xL	xH	yL	yH

[Description] Set horizontal starting position and vertical starting position.

Horizontal starting position = $(xL + xH * 256) * (\text{horizontal motion unit})$

Vertical starting position = $(yL + yH * 256) * (\text{vertical motion unit})$

6.6. Bit-Image Commands

The PORTI-Series supports the following status transmission command.

Command	Name
ESC *	Select bit image mode
ESC X 4	Define user-defined bit image

ESC * m nL nH d1 dk

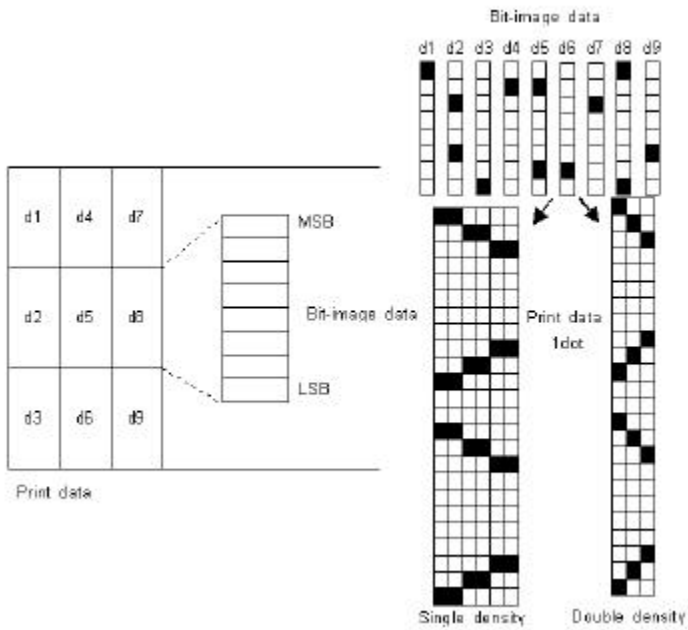
[Name]	Select bit-image mode.						
[Format]	ASCII	ESC	*	m	nL	nH	d1...dk
	HEX	1B	2A	m	nL	nH	d1...dk
	Decimal	27	42	m	nL	nH	d1...dk
[Range]	m = 0,1,32,33						
	0	nL	255				
	0	nH	3				
	0	d	255				
[Description]	Selects a bit-image mode using m for the number of dots specified by nL and nH, as follows:						

m	mode	Vertical direction		Horizontal direction	
		Number of Dots	Dot density	Dot density	Number of Data
0	8 dot single	8	60 DPI	90 DPI	nL + nH x 256
1	8 dot double	8	60 DPI	180 DPI	nL + nH x 256
32	24 dot single	24	180 DPI	90 DPI	(nL + nH x 256)
33	24 dot double	24	180 DPI	180 DPI	(nL + nH x 256)

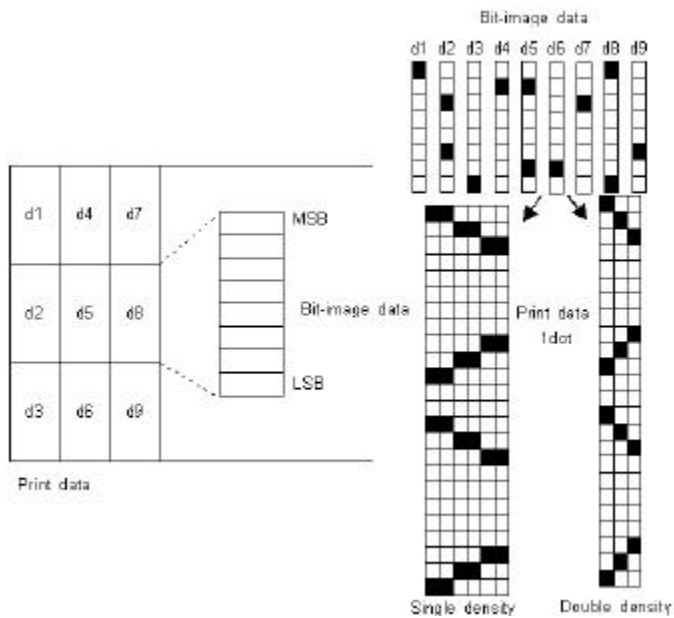
- [Notes]
- 1) If the values of m is out of the specified range, nL and data following are processed an normal data.
 - 2) The nL and nH indicate the number of dots of the bit image in the horizontal direction.
 - 3) The number of dots is calculated by nL + nH x 256.

- 4) If the bit-image data input exceeds the number of dots to be printed on a line, the excess data is ignored.
- 5) d indicates the bit-image data. Set a corresponding bit to 1 to print a dot or to 0 to not print a dot.
- 6) If the width of the printing area set by GS L and GS W less than the width required by the data sent with the ESC * command, the following will be performed on the line in question (but the printing cannot exceed the maximum printable area): The width of the printing area is extended to the right to accommodate the amount of data.
If step does not provide sufficient width for the data, the left margin is reduced to accommodate the data.
- 7) After printing a bit image, the printer returns to normal data processing mode.
- 8) This command is not affected by print modes (emphasized, double-strike, underline, character size or White/Black reverse printing), except upside-down printing mode.
- 9) The relationship between the image data and the dots to be printed is as follows;

- When 8-dot bit image is selected



- When 24-dot bit image is selected



ESC X 4 x y d1...dk

[Name] Define user-defined bit-image

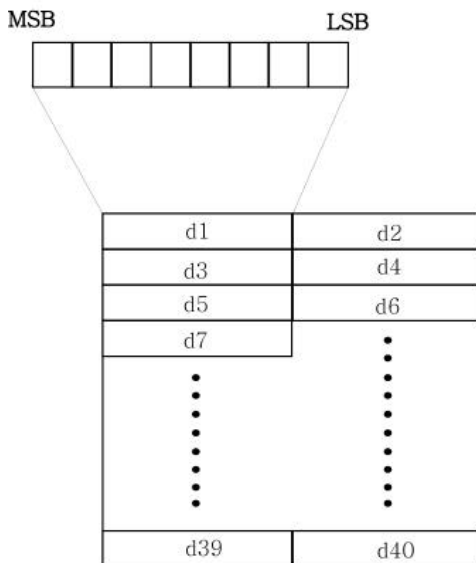
[Format] ASCII ESC X 4 x y d1...dk
 HEX 1B 58 34 x y d1...dk
 Decimal 27 88 52 x y d1...dk

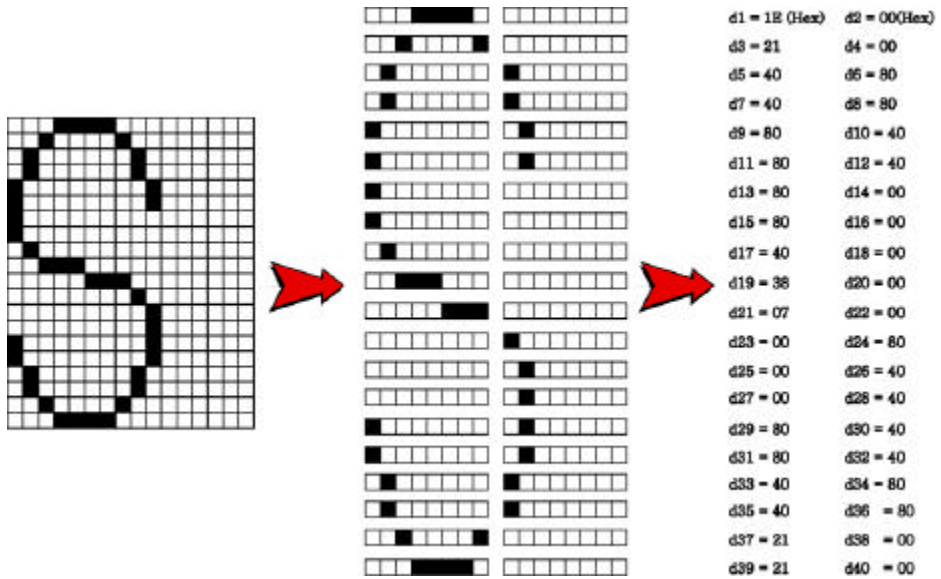
[Description] **ESC X 4 x y d1 ... d(x ? y)** defines a user-defined bit image using x ? dots in the horizontal direction and y dots in the vertical direction.

- Horizontal direction dots = $(x * 8)$ dots

- Vertical direction dots = (y) dots

$x = 2, y = 20$





[Note] **ESC X 4** is supported in Porti_W,S produced after August,2002, but it's not supported in others yet.

[Reference] **ESC W, ESC O, FF**

6.7. Status Commands

The **PORTI-T80** supports the following status transmission command.

Command	Name
DLE EOT EOT	Real-time paper status transmission

DLE EOT EOT

[Name]	Real-time paper status transmission			
[Format]	ASCII	DLE	EOT	EOT
	HEX	10	04	04
	Decimal	16	4	4
[Description]	Real time paper status transmission			
[Note]	DLE EOT EOT is supported only by PORTI_T80.			

Bit	0 / 1	Status
0	0	Roll end sensor : paper present
	1	Roll end sensor : paper not present
1	-	Not used
2	0	Paper end sensor : paper present
	1	Paper end sensor : paper not present
3	-	Not used
4	-	Not used
5	-	Not used
6	0	Front end sensor : paper present
	1	Front end sensor : paper not present
7	-	Not used

6.8. Barcode Commands

The PORTI-Series supports the following barcode commands.

Command	Name
GS h	Set barcode height
GS w	Set barcode width
GS k	Print bar code
GS H	Select printing position of Human Readable Interpretation (HRI) characters

GS h n

[Name] Set barcode height

[Format] ASCII GS h n
 HEX 1D 68 n
 Decimal 29 104 n

[Range] 0 n 255

[Description] **GS h n** selects the height of a barcode.

n specifies the number of dots in the vertical direction.

One dot corresponds 1/8mm. The default setting is n = 80.

GS w n

[Name] Set barcode width

[Format] ASCII GS w n
 HEX 1D 77 n
 Decimal 29 119 n

[Range] n = 0, 3 n 5

[Description] **GS w n** selects the horizontal size of a barcode.

The default setting is n = 0.

GS k m d1...dk NUL

[Name] Print barcode

[Format] ASCII GS k m d1...dk NUL
HEX 1D 6B m d1...dk 00
Decimal 29 107 m d1...dk 0

[Range] 0 m 6

[Description] **GS k m d1...dk NUL** selects a barcode system and print the barcode.
m specifies a bar code system as follows;

m	Barcode System	Number of character	Remarks
0	UPC-A	11 k 12	48 d 57
1	UPC-E	11 k 12	48 d 57
2	JAN13(EAN13)	11 k 13	48 d 57
3	JAN8(EAN8)	7 k 8	48 d 57
4	CODE39	1 k	48 d 57, 65 d 90, d = 32, 36, 37, 43, 45, 46,47
5	ITF	1 k (even number)	48 d 57
6	CODEBAR	1 k	48 d 57, 65 d 68, d = 36, 43, 45, 46, 47, 58

[Reference] **ESC L, ESC W, ESC O, ESC FF**

GS H n

[Name] Turn HRI characters print mode ON/OFF

[Format] ASCII GS H n
HEX 1D 48 n
Decimal 29 72 n

[Range] n = 0, 1

[Description] **GS H n** turns HRI characters print mode on or off.
When the LSB(least significant bit) of **n** is 1, HRI characters print mode is turned on; When it is 0, HRI character print mode is turned off.

The default setting is n=0.

6.9. Macro Function Commands

The PORTI-Series supports the following macro function commands;

Command	Name
GS :	Start/end macro definition
GS ^	Execute macro

GS :

[Name] Start/End macro definition

[Format] ASCII GS :

HEX 1D 3A

Decimal 29 58

[Description] Starts ends macro definition.

[Notes] 1) Macro definition starts when this command is received during normal operation.

Macro definition ends when this command is received during macro definition.

2) When GS ^ is received during macro definition, the printer ends macro definition and clears the definition.

3) Macro is not defined when the power is turned on.

4) The defined contents of the macro are not cleared by ESC @.

Therefore, ESC @ can be included in the contents of the macro definition.

5) If the printer receives GS : again immediately after previously receiving GS : the printer remains in the macro undefined state.

6) The contents of the macro can be defined up to 2048 bytes. If the macro definition exceed 2048 bytes, excess data is not stored.

[Reference] **GS ^**

GS ^ r t m

[Name] Execute macro.

[Format] ASCII GS ^ r t m
HEX 1D 5E r t m
Decimal 29 94 r t m

[Range] $0 \leq r \leq 255$

$0 \leq t \leq 255$

$m = 0, 1$

[Description] Executes a macro.

[Notes] 1) r specifies the number of times to execute the macro.

2) t specifies the waiting time for executing the macro.

3) m specifies macro executing mode.

When LSB of $m = 0$

The macro executes r times continuously at the interval specified by t.

When LSB of $m = 1$

After waiting for the period specified by t, the ERROR LED indicators blink and the printer waits for the FEED button to be pressed. After the button is pressed, the printer executes the macro once. The printer repeats the operation r times.

4) The waiting time is $t \times 100$ ms for every macro execution.

5) If this command is received while a macro is being defined, the macro definition is aborted and the definition is cleared.

6) If the macro is not defined or if is 0, nothing is executed.

7) When the macro is executed ($m=1$), paper always cannot be fed by using the FEED button.

[Reference] **GS :**

6.10. Mechanism Control Commands

The PORTI-Series supports the following mechanism control commands;

Command	Name
GS V	Select cut mode and cut paper
ESC i	Partial cut (One point center uncut)

GS V m

[Name]	Select cut mode and cut paper												
[Format]	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>ASCII</th> <th>GS</th> <th>V</th> <th>n</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>HEX</td> <td>1D</td> <td>56</td> <td>n</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Decimal</td> <td>29</td> <td>86</td> <td>n</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	ASCII	GS	V	n	HEX	1D	56	n	Decimal	29	86	n
ASCII	GS	V	n										
HEX	1D	56	n										
Decimal	29	86	n										
[Range]	n=0, n=1												
[Description]	GS V m select a paper cutting mode and then cut the paper.												
[Note]	GS V is supported only by Porti_T80 / AP60												

<i>N</i>	<i>Print Mode</i>
<i>0</i>	Full cut
<i>1</i>	Partial cut

ESC i

[Name]	Partial cut (One point center uncut)									
[Format]	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>ASCII</th> <th>ESC</th> <th>i</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>HEX</td> <td>1B</td> <td>69</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Decimal</td> <td>27</td> <td>105</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	ASCII	ESC	i	HEX	1B	69	Decimal	27	105
ASCII	ESC	i								
HEX	1B	69								
Decimal	27	105								
[Description]	<p>ESC i executes a partial cut of the paper with one point center uncut.</p> <p>ESC i operates in the same way as GS V when $m=1$.</p>									
[Note]	ESC i is supported only by Porti_T80 / AP60									

6.10. Magnetic Card Reader Commands

The **PORTI-SC30** supports the following magnetic card reader commands;

Command	Name
ESC M D	Set 2 track card reader mode.
ESC M C	Set 3 track card reader mode.
EOT	Cancel card reader mode

ESC M C

[Name]	Set 3 track card reader mode.
[Format]	ASCII ESC M C
	HEX 1B 4D 43
	Decimal 27 77 67
[Note]	When the ESC M C command is executed, printed nothing before read the card or executed the EOT command.

ESC M D

[Name]	Set 2 track card reader mode.
[Format]	ASCII ESC M D
	HEX 1B 4D 44
	Decimal 27 77 68
[Note]	When the ESC M D command is executed, printed nothing before read the card or executed the EOT command.

EOT

[Name]	Cancel card reader mode.
[Format]	ASCII EOT
	HEX 04
	Decimal 4
[Description]	Cancel card reader mode.

6.11. Miscellaneous function commands

The PORTI-Series supports the following miscellaneous function commands;

Command	Name
GSP	Set horizontal and vertical motion units
ESC @	Initialize printer
ESC L	Select page mode
ESC S	Select standard mode

GS P x y

[Name]	Set horizontal and vertical motion units.															
[Format]	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>ASCII</td> <td>GS</td> <td>P</td> <td>x</td> <td>y</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HEX</td> <td>1D</td> <td>50</td> <td>x</td> <td>y</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Decimal</td> <td>29</td> <td>80</td> <td>x</td> <td>y</td> </tr> </table>	ASCII	GS	P	x	y	HEX	1D	50	x	y	Decimal	29	80	x	y
ASCII	GS	P	x	y												
HEX	1D	50	x	y												
Decimal	29	80	x	y												
[Range]	0 x 255, 0 y 255															
[Description]	<p>Sets the horizontal and vertical motion units to approximately 25.4/x mm(1/x inch) and approximately 25.4/y mm(1/y inch), respectively.</p> <p>When x and y are set to 0, the default setting of each value is used.</p>															
[Notes]	<p>1) The horizontal direction is perpendicular to the paper feed direction and the vertical direction is the paper feed direction.</p> <p>2) In standard mode, the following commands use x or y, regardless of character rotation (upside-down).</p> <p>Command using x : ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC \, GS L, GS W</p> <p>Command using y : ESC 3, ESC J</p> <p>3) In page mode, the following command use x or y, depending on character orientation;</p> <p>When the print starting position is set to the upper left or lower right of the printing area using ESC T(data is buffered in the direction perpendicular to the paper feed direction);</p> <p>Command using x : ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC W, ESC \</p> <p>Command using y : ESC 3, ESC J, ESC W, GS \$, GS \</p>															

When the print starting position is set to the upper right or lower left of the printing area ESC T (data is buffered in the paper feed direction);

Command using x : ESC 3, ESC J, ESC W, GS \$, GS \

Command using y : ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC W, ESC \

4) The command does not affect the previously specified values.

5) The calculated result from combining this command with others is truncated to the minimum value of the mechanical pitch.

[Default] x = 180, y = 360

[Reference] **ESC SP, ESC \$, ESC 3, ESC J, ESC W, ESC \, GS \$, GS L, GS W, GS **

ESC @

[Name] Initialize printer.

[Format] ASCII ESC @
HEX 1B 40
Decimal 27 64

[Description] Clears the data in the print buffer and resets the printer mode to the mode that was in effect when the power was turned on.

[Notes] 1) The data in the receive buffer is not cleared.
2) The macro definition is not cleared.

ESC L

[Name] Select page mode

[Format] ASCII ESC L
HEX 1B 4C
Decimal 27 76

[Description] Switches from standard mode to page mode.

[Notes] 1) This command is enabled only when processed at the beginning of a line in standard mode.
2) This command has no effect in page mode.
3) After printing by FF is completed or by using ESC S, the printer returns to standard mode.

4) This command sets the position where data is buffered to the position specified by ESC T within the printing area defined by ESC W.

5) This command switches the settings for the following commands (in which the values can be set independently in standard mode and page mode) to those for page mode;

Set right-side character spacing : ESC SP

Select default line spacing : ESC 2, ESC 3

6) Only valve settings is possible for the following commands in page mode; these commands are not executed.

Select justification : ESC a

Turn upside-down printing mode on/off : ESC {

Set left margin : GS L

Set printable area width : GS W

7) The printer returns to standard mode when power is turned on, the printer is reset, or ESC @ is used.

[Reference] **FF, CAN, ESC FF, ESC S, ESC T, ESC W, GS \$, GS **

ESC S

[Name] Select standard mode

[Format] ASCII ESC S
HEX 1B 53
Decimal 27 83

[Description] Switches from page mode to standard mode.

[Note] 1) This command is effective only in page mode.
2) Data buffered in page mode are cleared.
3) This command sets the print position to the beginning of the line.
4) The printing area set by ESC W are initialized.
5) This command switches the settings for the following commands (in which the values can be set independently in standard mode and page mode) to those for standard mode;

Set right-side character spacing : ESC SP

Select default line spacing : ESC 2, ESC 3

6) The following commands are enabled only to set in standard mode.

Set printing area in page mode : ESC W

Select print direction in page mode : ESC T

7) The following commands are ignored in standard mode.

Set absolute vertical print position in page mode : GS \$

Set relative vertical print position in page mode : GS \

8) Standard mode is selected automatically when power is turned on,
the printer is reset, or command ESC @ is used.

[Reference]

FF, ESC FF, ESC L

Appendix

A. MISCELLANEOUS NOTES

1. Printer mechanism handling

- 1) Do not pull the paper out when the cover is closed.
- 2) Because the thermal elements of the print head and driver ICs are easy to break, so do not touch them with any metal objects.
- 3) Since the areas around the print head become very hot during and just after printing, do not touch them.
- 4) Do not use the cover open button except when necessary.
- 5) Do not touch the surface of the print head because dust and dirt can stick to the surface and damage the elements.
- 6) Thermal paper containing Na, K, Cl ions can harm the print head thermal elements.
Therefore, be sure to use only the specified paper.
- 7) If you want to use label paper, please contact your dealer for assistance.

2. Thermal paper handling

Notes on using thermal paper

Chemicals and oil on thermal paper may cause discoloration and faded printing.

Therefore, pay attention to the following:

- 1) Use water paste, starch paste, polyvinyl paste, or CMC paste when gluing thermal paper.
- 2) Volatile organic solvents such as alcohol, ester, and ketone can cause discoloration.
- 3) Some adhesive tapes may cause discoloration or faded printing.
- 4) If thermal paper touches anything which includes phthalic acid ester plasticizer for a long time, it can reduce the image formation ability of the paper and can cause the printed image to fade. Therefore, when storing thermal paper in a card case or sample notebook, be sure to use only products made from polyethylene, polypropylene, or polyester.
- 5) If thermal paper touches diazo copy paper immediately after copying, the printed surface may be discolored.
- 6) Thermal paper must not be stored with the printed surfaces against each other because the printing may be transferred between the surfaces.

- 7) If the surface of thermal paper is scratched with a hard metal object such as a nail, the paper may become discolored.

Notes on thermal paper storage

Since color development begins at 70C (158F), thermal paper should be protected from high temperature, humidity, and light, both before and after printing.

- 1) Store paper away from high temperature and humidity.

Do not store thermal paper near a heater or in enclosed places exposed to direct sunlight.

- 2) Avoid direct light Extended exposure to direct light may cause discoloration or faded printing.

3. Others

Because this printer uses plated steel, the manual cutting edge may be subject to rust.

However, this does not affect the printer performance.