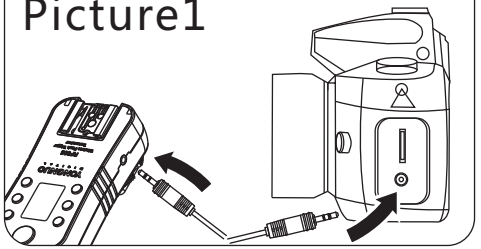
Shutter release function

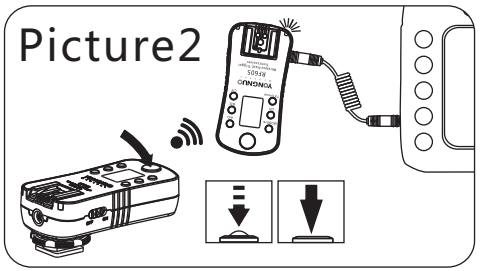
Connect the shutter connecting cable: need to use(or purchase additional)the corresponding type of the LS-2.5 series shutter connecting cable. As the picture 1 shown, use the shutter connecting cable to connect between the camera shutter socket and transceivers.

Picture1



1.RF-602 mode: Supports wireless shutter release, the transmitter set to "TX" stauts,the receiver set to "RX".
2.RF-603 mode: Supports wired shutter/wireless shutter release, all transceivers set to "TRX" stauts.

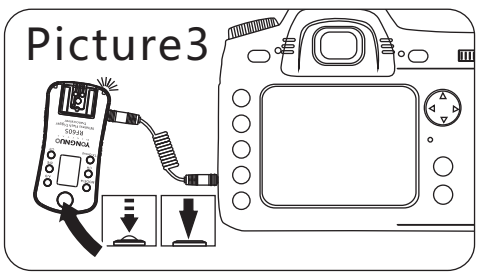
Picture2



- As the picture 2 shown, half press the multifunction button on the transceiver(transmitter), the camera will focus. The focus light bright (Green),full press the button, the camera will shoot, meanwhile the shutter indicator light bright (Red).

- In RF-603 mode, single transceiver can be used as wired shutter release (as the picture 3 shown).

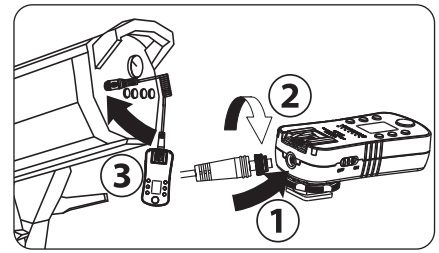
Picture3



Function extension

1.Use the PC interface to trigger other types of flashes: realize the function need to additional purchase the Yongnuo LS-PC series connecting cable according to different interfaces.

• As the picture shown, connect the receiver and flash through the PC cable, the flash will sync flash in triggering.

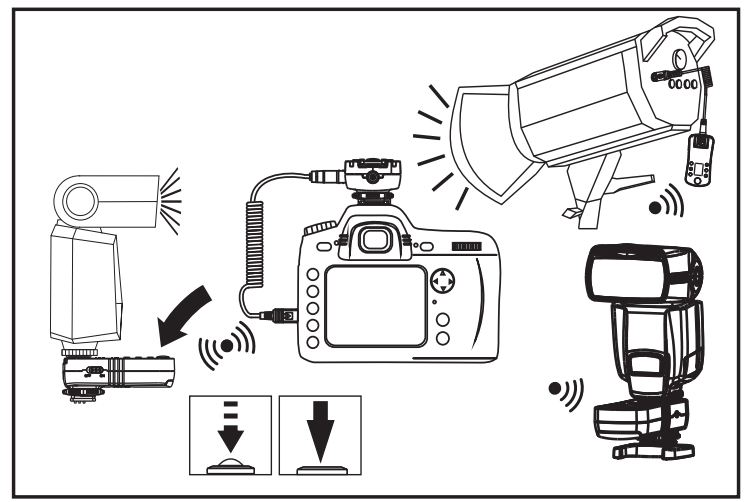


2.Wireless remote shooting and sync trigger the flash: Multiple RF605 combination, it need LS-2.5 shutter connecting cable and multiple RF605 transmitters. **To realize this function, all the transceivers need to set in RF-603"TRX" status.**

1).Install one transceiver on the hot shoe of the camera, and connect the shutter socket with the shutter connecting cable to the camera.

2).Fix and install the receivers and flash.

3).Handhold one transceiver as remote control transmitter, full press the multifunction button to remote shooting, the flash will sync flash in triggering.



Troubleshooting

1.Unable to power on or wireless trigger the flash

☞ Make sure the equipment with adequate power, **the transceiver use the same channel and communication mode.**

☞ When set in TX status , press the testing button to test flash, **in RX and TRX status could not test flash.**

☞ Make sure **the flash is ready and the flash has set in manual (M) mode.**

☞ Make sure the transceiver, camera and flash in normal contact, or it will lead to triggering problem.

2.Unable to awake the flash

☞ When using the non specialized transmitter, it need to half press the button of transmitter to awake the flash when the transmitter set in TX state. If the flash could not be awaken, it need to manual awake the flash or turn off the power saving mode.

3. The shutter could not be released

☞ When part of the cameras could not find the focus, it could not proceed to shoot even if receiving the shooting signal. The focus mode of camera should be adjusted to "M" .

Specification

Type: FSK 2.4GHz wireless remote control system
Transmission distance: 100m
Channels:16 channels
Group:6 Groups
Shutter release: half-press, full-press
Shutter interface: 2.5mm socket
Studio flash light interface: standard PC socket
Max Sync Speed: 1/320 second
Battery: AAA×2(3V)
Stand-by time: about 90 hours in TX status, about 30 hours in TRX (RX) status.
Size : 85MM x 41MM x 35MM

The functions of this user manual are based on test conditions of our company.
Further notice will not be given if the design and specifications change.

FCC ID: 2ACYP-RF605C

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment。 Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

—Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
—Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
—Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
—Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.