

# CorelDRAW® Technical Suite 2017 Includes Corel DESIGNER®

# **DEPLOYMENT GUIDE**

## Introduction

Welcome!	This guide is intended to support you, the administrator, in deploying CorelDRAW® Technical Suite 2017 to your network.		
	Are you new to network deployment? For a nontechnical introduction to the concepts and processes discussed in this guide, please see the companion <i>Corel</i> ® <i>Beginner's Guide to Network Deployment</i> .		
Contents	Stage 1: Preparing for deployment		
Conventions	Please note the following conventions used in this guide.		
	Wherever you see this	You'll find	
	italicized text	A placeholder for user-specified information, such as a path or filename	
	bold monospace text	A reference to programming syntax	
For more information	The following resources offer additional support.		
	For information on	See the following resource	
	deploying Corel® software: concepts and processes, general advice and best practices	Corel Beginner's Guide to Network Deployment	
	Corel Corporation, or a specific Corel software product	Corel® website: www.corel.com	
	support for Corel software	Corel® Support Services website: www.corel.com/support	
	the Microsoft® Windows® Installer (MSI) technology, which is used to install Corel software	Microsoft® website	



Deployment Guide Introduction

## **Stage 1: Preparing for deployment**

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Before beginning the deployment, take the time to familiarize yourself with your network and the software you want to deploy to it. Doing so can help your administrative duties run as smoothly as possible.

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## Getting to know your network

	Make sure to consider your network requirements for the deployment.
Administrative factors	Does your organization (or do you, as administrator) have any particular requirements for deploying and maintaining software?
Server factors	Does your server have any special characteristics or constraints?
Workstation factors	Do your workstations have any special characteristics or constraints?
User factors	Do your workstation users have any special workflows?
For more information	For general guidance on assessing your deployment needs, please refer to "Processes: Stage 1" in the <i>Corel Beginner's Guide to Network Deployment.</i>

## Getting to know the software

Make sure that your server and workstations are eligible for the software.

Server requirements	You can create an image of CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 on a server that meets the following requirements:	
	• Operating system with the latest service pack and critical updates: Windows Server® 2012 R2, or Windows Server® 2016	

• 3 GB of server space (for a typical installation without extra content)



Deployment Guide Stage 1: Preparing for deployment

	<ul> <li>The supported server operating systems support Remote Desktop Services (RDS) (previously known as Windows® Terminal Server), but please note the following:</li> <li>You must use the CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 DVD or the ISO file provided by Corel to install the software on the server.</li> <li>Corel Corporation does not provide technical support for installing third-party software included with the product.</li> <li>For details on server permissions, see "Server setup" on page 4.</li> </ul>
Workstation requirements	<ul> <li>You can install CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 on workstations that meet the following requirements:</li> <li>Windows 7 SP1, Windows 8.1 or Windows 10, in 32-bit or 64-bit, all with latest Updates and Service Pack.</li> <li>Intel Core i3/5/7 or AMD Athlon 64</li> <li>2 GB of RAM</li> <li>1.6 GB of hard-disk space (for a typical installation)</li> <li>Multi-touch screen, mouse or tablet</li> <li>1280 x 720 screen resolution at 100% (96 dpi), 1920 x 1080 at 150%, and 2560 x 1440 at 200%</li> <li>DVD drive</li> <li>Microsoft® Internet Explorer® 11 (with the latest service pack) or later (Microsoft does not offer support and security updates for Internet Explorer prior to version 11)</li> <li>Microsoft® .NET Framework 4.6</li> <li>So users can view videos embedded in Help files, Adobe Flash Player plug-in must be enabled in their browser.</li> <li>For details on workstation permissions, see "Workstation setup" on page 5.</li> <li>Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition is included and installed with CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017. The Lattice3D Studio CAD Add-On product unlocks additional functionality for the integrated application. For processing 3D CAD assembly data we recommend:</li> <li>Microsoft Windows 10, Windows 8.1 or Windows 7 (64-bit editions) with the latest updates and service pack installed</li> </ul>
Software	<ul> <li>8 GB RAM or more</li> <li>1280 x 800 or higher screen resolution</li> <li>CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 Applications (DVD or ISO file)</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>available for download.</li><li>To use an ISO file, you can use one of the following options:</li><li>Mount the ISO file as a virtual drive.</li></ul>



Optionally, other content is available for download from a shared drive in the following folders:
• Extra Application — PhotoZoom Pro 4 (EXE file)
• <b>Videos</b> — videos that are available online can be downloaded and accessed through the product for offline workflows
• Extensions — extensions, such as Border and Grommet, Calendar Wizard, Convert All To Curves, Color Chart Creator, File Converter and Prep and Stretch, that add features to the applications
• <b>Content</b> — clipart, fills, fonts, image lists, interactive frames, objects, photo frames, photos, templates
• eBooks — Corel DESIGNER 2017 User Guide, CorelDRAW 2017 User Guide and Corel PHOTO-PAINT 2017 User Guide published to the EPUB and MOBI file formats
For more information, see "Server setup" on page 4 and "Extensions" on page 41.
<b>n</b> For important notes on installing and using the software, it's a good idea to review the Readme file for the software.
To access the Readme file on the installation disc
• Run the following command line (where <b>x</b> : is the disc drive):
X:\ReadMe\EN\Readme.html
<ul> <li>Readme files for other languages can be accessed from their respective language folders on the DVD. Examples:</li> <li>X:\ReadMe\DE\Readme.html</li> </ul>
<ul><li>X:\ReadMe\FR\Readme.html</li><li>X:\ReadMe\JP\Readme.html</li></ul>

## Setting up your network accordingly

After familiarizing yourself with your network and the software you want to deploy to it, you can set up your network accordingly.

Server setup I

### **p** Do the following:

- Make sure that you are either a local administrator or an administrator for the domains and workgroups that you are managing.
- Create a shared network location for the server image, and make sure that you have read/write access to that location.



Deployment Guide Stage 1: Preparing for deployment If you want to make extra content (such as clipart and videos) and extensions available to workstation users in an offline network environment, do the following:

- Set up a shared network location, and make sure that users have access to that location.
- You will receive a confirmation Proof of Entitlement Certificate email containing a URL linking to a shared drive containing the extra content, which you can download. Some of the downloadable content consists of Zip files that you must extract to the shared network location by using WinZip® or another compression tool.

The extracted content is 18.2 GB.

### Workstation setup Do the following:

- Make sure that the workstations have Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6 installed.
- Make sure that you are and anyone else who will be installing the software is either a local administrator or an administrator for the domains and workgroups that you are managing.
- Make sure that you have and anyone else who will be installing the software has read access to the server-image location.

### GPOs

To more easily manage the access rights of workstation users especially for pull-installation scenarios — you may want to consider using Group Policy Objects (GPOs). The

*Corel Beginner's Guide to Network Deployment* offers basic information on GPOs. For more advanced information, please refer to the Software Development Kit (SDK) for Group Policy, which is available from Microsoft.



## Stage 2: Creating the server image

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After preparing for deployment, you're ready to create the server image.

To create a basic image, you run a standard command line. To create a customized image, you can modify this command line — or you can modify certain aspects of the server image or its setup. If you want to support multiple installation types, you can create multiple server images.

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## Before creating a server image



You must have a corel.com account before running the administrator installation. If you don't have a corel.com account, go to the corel.com sign-in page, click Create an Account, and follow the steps.



When creating a corel.com account, validating the email that is sent to the email address you used to create account helps you avoid service disruption.

The account credentials (email address and password) used when first signing in to create a server image are the only account credentials that will be recognized for future sign-ins. Make note of the first credentials used.

It is recommended that you use an IT department email address as Corel.com account name.

Customers will receive a Proof of Entitlement Certificate email. It serves as proof of purchase and provides direct access to the software download and serial numbers for perpetual licenses. It also contains instructions for importing subscription licenses into the Corel.com customer account.

## Creating a basic image

To create a basic server image, you must initialize the setup. After setting up the image and tweaking it as necessary, you can use it for deployment.



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## Initializing the setup

To initialize the setup for creating a server image using a limited amount of user interface (UI), you use a command line. You can create either a 32-bit server image or a 64-bit image.

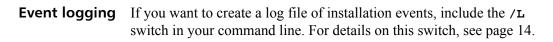


The following command line lets you create a basic 32-bit server image from the installation disc (where **x**: is the disc drive):

```
X:\x86\Setup.exe /a
```

The following command line lets you create a basic 64-bit server image:

X:\x64\Setup.exe /a



**Limited setup UI** If you want to limit the amount of UI encountered when creating a server image, include the /q switch in your command line. For details on this process, see "Limited setup UI" on page 9.



Be careful to avoid suppressing (or "silencing") a required userinterface field when introducing a /q switch into your command line — otherwise, you may fail to create a valid server image. You must include the following public properties in your command line:

- TARGETDIR="path" to specify the desired location of the server image. For best results, do not end the path with a backslash ( \ ).
- SERIALNUMBER=<SerialNumber>

## Setting up the server image

If your /a command line succeeds, the setup initializes in one of two ways:

- with full UI for the standard command line
- with limited (or no) UI for a command line customized to include /q
- **Full setup UI** The setup UI takes you step-by-step through the process of setting up the server image.

A few notes on this process will suffice.



Deployment Guide Stage 2: Creating the server image

UI component	Notes
End-User License Agreement (EULA) and Terms of Service	To create the server image, you must accept — on behalf of your organization — the End-User License Agreement and Terms of Service. Installations deployed from the image will not prompt users to review the license agreement.
Serial number, email address and password The Proof of Entitlement Certificate email contains the required serial number, which is assigned to the corel.com account used when creating the server image. For more information, see "Before creating a server image" on page 6.	A valid serial number and your corel.com account information, such as email address and password, are required to access internet-based features, product updates, and the Content Exchange. Ensure your corel.com account password does not contain special characters.
Image Location	Type the full (UNC) path in the box provided, or click <b>Change</b> to browse to that location. To prevent installation problems, limit the path to 89 characters.
Content location	If you have added extra content to a network shared folder, type the full path to the content folder, or click <b>Change</b> to browse to the folder.
Product Updates ( <i>updated in</i> <i>CorelDRAW Technical Suite</i> 2017)	<ul> <li>You can choose to:</li> <li>automatically update the product</li> <li>check for updates and let the user choose when to install them</li> <li>never check for updates.</li> <li>You can access these options only after entering your email address and password.</li> </ul>



UI component	Notes
Internet features	This option allows workstations to access Internet-based features such as the Content Exchange, and QR code. You can access this option only after entering your email address and password.



You must be online when creating the server image so that you can accept the terms of service. In addition, when you enter your email address and password when online, a PROFILEID is generated that allows users to be signed in automatically. For more information, see "PROFILEID" on page 18.

If you're offline, you can still deploy a server image without using credentials, but workstations will not have access to internet features or product updates. However, you can convert an offline workstation to online. For more information, see "Converting workstations from offline to online after deployment using /s" on page 18.

## Limited setup UI

If you want to limit the amount of user interface (UI) encountered when creating a server image, include the /q switch in your command line. For details on this switch, see page 15.



Be careful to avoid suppressing (or "silencing") a required userinterface field when introducing a /q switch into your command line — otherwise, you may fail to create a valid server image. You must include the following public properties in your command line:

- TARGETDIR="path" to specify the desired location of the server image. For best results, do not end the path with a backslash ( \ ).
- SERIALNUMBER=<SerialNumber>
- ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES=2 to disable automatic updates (and in-product messaging) on the workstations. By default, if the administrator signs in or specifies a PROFILEID at the command line, automatic updates are enabled for workstations installed from a server image. For more information on the PROFILEID property, see "PROFILEID" on page 18.
- **ALLOW\_INTERNETFEATURES=0** to disable access to internetbased features, such as the Content Exchange and QR codes.
- additional installation properties supported by the setup. For details, see "Using public properties" on page 16.

In the following example, the administrator has signed in with account credentials (email address and password), there is no setup UI, the serial number and PROFILEID properties are specified (for more information on the PROFILEID property, see "PROFILEID" on



page 18), automatic product updates and access to Internet-based features are enabled, the path to the server image is set, and any errors are recorded in the specified log file:

```
\\mountedISOpath\Setup.exe /a /qn
SERIALNUMBER=<SerialNumber>
PROFILEID=<ProfileIDDigit> ALLOW_PRODUCTUPDATES=1
ALLOW_INTERNETFEATURES=1
TARGETDIR=<PathToAdminImage> /L
"C:\Logs\My_Log.txt"
```

In the following example, the administrator has not signed in with account credentials (email address and password), there is no setup UI, the serial number is specified, automatic product updates and access to Internet-based features are disabled, the paths to the server image and extra content are set, and any errors are recorded in the specified log file:

\\mountedISOpath\Setup.exe /a /qn
SERIALNUMBER=<SerialNumber>
ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES=2
ALLOW\_INTERNETFEATURES=0
TARGETDIR=<PathToAdminImage>
NETWORKINSTALLDIR=<PathToExtraContent> /L
"C:\Logs\My\_Log.txt"

## Finalizing the server image

This section describes recommended steps to take before deploying from the server image.



Optionally, you can finalize the image in the following ways:

• Customize the registry settings you want to deploy (see page 39).

• Customize the setup fileset (see page 43).



To avoid deploying the software twice, you may want to check for software updates and apply them to the image as necessary. For details, see page 25.

Testing the image You may want to test your finalized image with a small subset of workstations before rolling it out to your entire organization.Moving the image To change the location of a server image after you create it, you can

copy the image to a new location. However, after the software has been deployed to the workstations, the image cannot be moved.



## Creating a customized image

If you require a more customized server image than offered by<br/>command-line switches (see page 14) and public properties (see<br/>page 16), you may want to consider the specialized scenarios discussed<br/>in the Appendix.Registry keysYou can edit the registry settings for the server image. See page 39.Setup filesetYou can customize the setup fileset. See page 43.Installation settingsYou can customize the settings used to install the software on the<br/>workstations. See page 45.

## **Creating multiple images**

If your workstations require different configurations of the software, you can create one server image for each installation type.



If you want to support both 32-bit and 64-bit installations of the software, you must create two server images: one for the 32-bit installations, and one for the 64-bit installations. Make sure to place each server image in a separate folder.

You can install either the 32-bit or 64-bit version of the software to a workstation, but not both.

- **Product updates** When a product update becomes available, you will need to apply it to each server image. For details on image patching, see page 25.
- **Naming convention** Use a naming convention that makes it easy to distinguish the server images from one other.



## Stage 3: Installing the software

Highlights: Using switches14 Using public properties16After creating the server image, you can use it to the workstations in one of two ways: • manually, by having users "pull" the software workstations	e to their own
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• automatically, by "pushing" the software to the workstations on their users' behalf

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## Pulling the software

If users have both access to the server and administrator-level rights to their workstations, they can install (or "pull") the software themselves. To do this, they run the setup from the server image.

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## Preparing for pull installation

To ensure that the pull-installation process runs as smoothly as possible, take the time to prepare for it.

- **Requirements** Confirm that each workstation meets the minimum requirements for the software (see "Workstation requirements" on page 3).
  - Confirm that each workstation user has read-only access to the server image and administrator-level access to the workstation (see also "Workstation setup" on page 5).
- **Recommendation** Map the workstations to the server image, and set the workstations to log in to that server location at startup. Doing so ensures that users are always connected to the server image.

## Carrying out a pull installation

Users pull the software to their workstations by running the setup from the server image.



The degree of user interaction required by the setup depends on how you've customized the server image and the deployment process.





If you prefer to restrict user customization, you may want to offer multiple server images — one per set of installation options. For details, see page 11.

## To pull the software to a workstation

- 1 Browse to the location of the server image, and double-click **Setup.exe**.
- 2 Carry out the installation, specifying any desired options, by following the on-screen instructions.



To prevent installation problems, limit the installation path to 50 characters.

## Pushing the software

To "push" the software from the server image to the workstations, you must write a command line that includes the following:

- the filename of the setup you want to use
- any desired switches, to control how the setup runs
- any desired public properties, to specify installation settings

Using this command line, you can install the software on the workstations by using any supported push method.



When pushing a server image to workstations, the setup must be run with administrator-level privileges.



If the **Security level for this zone** setting is set to **High** in Microsoft Internet Explorer, no text will appear in the CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 installation dialog boxes. You can modify this setting in Microsoft Internet Explorer so that text will appear by

- **3** Click **Tools** > **Internet Options**.
- 4 Click the Security tab.
- 5 Click the Custom level button.
- 6 In the Scripting list of options, enable the Enable option for Active scripting.
- 7 Click OK, and click OK again.
- 8 Close Microsoft Internet Explorer.



If you plan to push the software silently, first make sure that each workstation has Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6 installed.



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## Specifying the setup file

The most important item to specify in your command line is the executable file for the setup: the **Setup.exe** file on the server image you want to use:

- \\*server\path*\x86\Setup.exe to push the 32-bit version of the software to 32-bit or 64-bit operating systems
- \\*server\path*\x64\Setup.exe to push the 64-bit version of the software to 64-bit operating systems



You cannot use the 64-bit version of the software on 32-bit operating systems.

## **Using switches**

By using switches in your command line, you can control the setup process. Listed in this section are the switches most commonly used when installing the software.

For general information on switches, along with details on switch syntax, please see "Switches" in the *Corel Beginner's Guide to Network Deployment.* 

For a list of all command-line switches for Microsoft Windows Installer, please see the Microsoft website.

## /L Event logging

Use /L to log installation events.

Parameter	What it logs	
i	Status messages	
w	Nonfatal warnings	
e	All error messages	
a	Initiated actions	
r	Action-specific records	
u	User requests	
m	Error messages for out-of-memory warnings or fatal exits	



Parameter	What it logs	
0	Error messages for insufficient hard-disk space during server installation	
P	Terminal properties	
*	All of the above, in a single log file NOTE: Alternatively to /L*, you can use /log.	
v	Very detailed information	

The default parameters for /L are iwearmo.

/L "C:\Logs\My\_Log.txt"

If you want to specify a path for the log file, use the following syntax:



If you do not specify a path and filename, the log file is created in the current user's temporary (**Temp**) folder.

In the following example, the /L switch (with default parameters) is used to log installation events in the specified file:

```
\\server\path\Setup.exe /L "C:\Logs\My_Log.txt"
```

## /q Limited setup UI

Use /q to limit the amount of setup UI encountered during installation.



You can use /q to prevent users from entering their own registration information, to help enforce specific installation options, or even to perform silent installations (in which no setup UI is visible whatsoever).

Parameter	What the user sees during installation	
n	No UI whatsoever. Errors are logged in a file that you can control by using /L (see page 14). This is the default parameter. NOTE: Alternatively to /qn, you can use /quiet.	
b	Basic UI: a progress bar and a <b>Cancel</b> button. If the user pushes the <b>Cancel</b> button, the installation is rolled back upon confirmation. NOTE: Alternatively to /qb, you can use /passive.	
b!	Basic UI: only a progress bar. The user cannot cancel the installation.	
b+	Basic UI: a progress bar and a <b>Cancel</b> button. If the user pushes the <b>Cancel</b> button, the installation is rolled back (without first prompting for confirmation).	



Parameter	What the user sees during installation	
r	Reduced UI: A progress bar, along with a page containing information about the installation. The user can cancel the installation.	
f	Full UI	

The default parameter for /q is **n**.

In the following example, all setup UI is suppressed, and any errors are recorded in the specified log file:

```
\\server\path\Setup.exe /q /L "C:\Logs\My_Log.txt"
```

### /? Help

The /? switch (or /help) displays Help for the setup.

## Using public properties

By using public properties in your command line, you can specify installation settings. Listed alphabetically in this section are the properties most commonly used during software installation.

For general information on public properties, along with details on property syntax, please see the *Corel Beginner's Guide to Network Deployment*. For a list of all command-line properties for Microsoft Windows Installer, please see the Microsoft website.

## ADDLOCAL Installing specific components

For details on this scenario, see the following topics in the appendix:

- "Deploying specific features" on page 29
- "Deploying specific languages" on page 31

## ALLOW\_INTERNETFEATURES Specifying settings for internet-based features

You can opt out of internet-based features by using the following property:

### ALLOW\_INTERNETFEATURES=0

You can allow access to internet-based features by using the following property:

### ALLOW\_INTERNETFEATURES=1



## ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES Specifying settings for product updates

You can check for updates and let the user choose when to install by using the following property:

#### ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES=0

You can keep the product automatically updated (and allow in-product messaging) by using the following property:

#### ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES=1

You can opt out of automatic updates (and in-product messaging) by using the following property:

#### ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES=2



There are default settings for product updates based on whether the administrator signs in with credentials.

- If the administrator does not sign in, **ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES=2** is the default, and cannot be modified later.
- If the administrator enters credentials before creating the basic server image or specifies a PROFILEID at the command line,
   ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES=1 is the default, but can be modified later.

### **DESKTOPSHORTCUTS** Specifying settings for desktop shortcuts

You can prevent the installation of desktop shortcuts by using the following property:

#### DESKTOPSHORTCUTS=0

You can allow the installation of desktop shortcuts by using the following property:

#### DESKTOPSHORTCUTS=1

If nothing is specified, **DESKTOPSHORTCUTS=1** is the default.

## EXCLUDE\_VSTA Opting out of installing Microsoft Visual Studio Tools for Applications (VSTA)

You can opt out of installing VSTA by using the following property: EXCLUDE VSTA=1

#### INSTALLDIR Customizing the installation path

When deploying from the server image, use the following public property to customize the workstation installation path of the software:

#### INSTALLDIR="path"

This property can only be used during a workstation installation.





For best results, do not end the path with a backslash (  $\setminus$  ).

### NETWORKINSTALLDIR Pointing installations to the extra content

You can place extra content and videos at a shared location on the server so that users can access them. See "Server setup" on page 4.

To point the installations to this location, use the following property:

#### NETWORKINSTALLDIR="path"

This property can only be used during the creation of a basic server image.



For best results, do not end **path** with a backslash  $( \land )$ .

### PROFILEID

#### EID Converting workstations from offline to online after deployment using /s

The **PROFILEID** property is used to push down account credentials to the workstations and sign in all users to the account. This property enables users to use their product privileges, such as content and updates, without knowing the email address and password associated with the account. Users must be online to access content and updates.

If the administrator deployed from the server image without signing in, workstations can only use the software offline. After deployment, administrators can give workstations online privileges, such as access to content and internet features, using the "/s **PROFILEID** =" switch and property.

The **PROFILEID** value is a combination of letters and numbers. To access it, go to **Your Account** page on corel.com and click **Product Status** in **Your Products** section (**Support > Your Account > Product Status**). The **Profile ID** is in the lower-left corner of the page.

The following is an example of converting an offline workstation to online. You cannot convert multiple workstations simultaneously. Each workstation must be converted individually.

```
Example: Setup.exe /s
PROFILEID=E9BBBZC091F861590331B12D63CA923
```

The /s command line creates a key in the following hive directory:

```
HKEY_USERS\.DEFAULT\Software\Corel\Corel
DESIGNER\19.0\IPM_CDTS\PremiumFeatures
```

#### ProfileGuid=4797935F031C2DD2E0530D02140A2BE4

In addition, the **ALLOW\_INTERNETFEATURES** property changes from **0** to **1** in the following hive directory:

[HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Corel\Corel DESIGNER\19.0]





This property cannot be combined with any other properties.



Do not manually edit the key. Use the /s command to properly modify the key.

This property is not required if you have entered the email address and password when creating the server image.

### **REBOOT** Handling reboots

The **REBOOT** property is used with one of the following values to specify how the installation process handles any required reboots.

Value	What it does
Force (or F)	Prompts for reboot after installation. If the setup UI is suppressed, the computer is automatically rebooted after installation. NOTE: Alternatively to <b>REBOOT=Force</b> , you can use the <b>/forcerestart</b> switch.
Suppress (or S)	Prompts for reboot during installation (if required), but reboots automatically after installation. If the setup UI is suppressed, all required reboots are automatic. NOTE: Alternatively to <b>REBOOT=Suppress</b> , you can use the /promptrestart switch.
ReallySuppress (or R)	Suppresses all reboots and all reboot prompts, both during and after installation. NOTE: Alternatively to <b>REBOOT=ReallySuppress</b> , you can use the /norestart switch.

#### SERIALNUMBER Specifying the serial number

The **SERIALNUMBER** property is used to specify the serial number for the installation:.

SERIALNUMBER=<SerialNumber>

## **TARGETDIR** Specifying the location of the server image

The **TARGETDIR** property is used to specify the desired location of the server image.

#### TARGETDIR=<PathToAdminImage>

This property can only be used during server image installations.





For best results, do not end the path with a backslash (  $\setminus$  ).

Usernames cannot exceed 60 characters.

## Running your command line

Your command line can be used to push the software to the workstations through any of the following:

- a batch file see the Microsoft website for details
- **a GPO** see the Group Policy SDK for details
- a third-party push technology see the manufacturer's documentation for details

For many administrators, using a third-party push technology is the preferred push method. This section offers general guidelines on using a few such technologies.

**SCCM** At the time of this writing, Corel has verified support for Microsoft® System Center Configuration Manager (SCCM) only insofar as its Microsoft Systems Management Server (SMS) components.

For complete information on using SCCM, please see the Microsoft website.

SMS For deployment to the workstations on a "per-system" basis using package definition files (or "packages"), CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 supports the use of Microsoft Systems Management Server (SMS).

You can create a package from scratch — or you can create one from the existing SMS files included with CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 (in the **Administrator** folder on the installation disc or the server image).

For complete information on using SMS files, please refer to your resource kit for Microsoft Systems Management Server.



The recommendations posted on the Microsoft website have not been tested with CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 and must therefore be used at your discretion.



## Using product privileges

To take advantage of product privileges, such as content and updates, after deployment, workstations must have Internet access the first time they launch the applications. Users can then work offline, but they won't have access to the Content Exchange.

Users are automatically signed in to the corel.com account associated with your purchase provided you included account credentials (email address and password) during the creation of the server image. This ensures that they can use their product privileges.

For purchases that include more than 10 licenses, you can choose to remove specific workstations from Your Account page on corel.com. To sign in workstations that you previously signed out, you must provide account credentials.



## **Stage 4: Maintaining the installations**

An important part of administering a network is maintaining the software installed on its workstations.

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	Modifying the software

## Repairing the software

Repairing the software lets you install (or reinstall) missing (or corrupted) components. You can repair a single installation of the software by using the Windows Control Panel on that workstation, or you can repair multiple workstation installations by using a command line.

## Repairing a single installation

You can use the Windows Control Panel to repair a single installation.

## To repair an installation with the Windows Control Panel

- 1 In the Windows Control Panel, display the list of currently installed programs, and choose the program from the list.
- 2 Click Uninstall/Change.
- 3 Enable the **Repair** option, and then click **Repair**.
- 4 Follow the on-screen instructions.

## **Repairing multiple installations**

You can use a command line to repair multiple installations at a time.

## /f Basic repair

Use the /f switch with the **Setup.exe** file on the server image:

#### \\server\path\Setup.exe /f



You cannot use the /f switch with public properties. For greater control over the repair process, use the **REINSTALL** and **REINSTALLMODE** properties instead of /f.



Deployment Guide Stage 4: Maintaining the installations

Parameter	What it does	
p	Reinstalls missing files	
0	Reinstalls missing files and files older than current version	
e	Reinstalls missing files and files equal to or older than current version	
d	Reinstalls missing files and files different from current version	
a	Reinstalls all files	
u	Reinstalls all required user-specific registry keys: HKEY_CURRENT_USER, HKEY_USERS	
m	Reinstalls all required computer-specific registry keys: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE, HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT	
s	Reinstalls all existing shortcuts	
v	Runs from the source files and re-caches the local package	

The **/f** switch has the following parameters.

The default parameters for /f are oums.

#### REINSTALL and **REINSTALLMODE**

## Advanced repair

For greater control over how the software is repaired, use the **REINSTALL** and **REINSTALLMODE** public properties together.

Property	What it does
REINSTALL=ALL	Reinstalls all program features. If you prefer to reinstall only specific features (see page 29 for a list), use the following syntax: <b>REINSTALL=Feature</b>
REINSTALLMODE= <i>type</i>	Specifies the type of reinstallation to perform. The values for this property are the same as the parameters for the / f switch, so its default values are oums.



## Modifying the software

Modifying the software lets you change which program features are installed. You can modify a single installation of the software by using the Windows Control Panel on that workstation, or you can modify multiple workstation installations by using a command line.

## Modifying a single installation

You can use the Windows Control Panel to modify a single installation.

### To modify an installation with the Windows Control Panel

- 1 In the Windows Control Panel, display the list of currently installed programs, and choose the program from the list.
- 2 Click Uninstall/Change.
- 3 Enable the Modify option, and then click Next.
- 4 Follow the instructions that appear.

## Modifying multiple installations

You can use a command line to modify multiple installations at a time.

### ADDLOCAL Adding features

You can use the **ADDLOCAL** public property to add program features:

#### ADDLOCAL=Feature

For more than one feature, use a comma-separated list, with no spaces between the comma and the feature name:

#### ADDLOCAL=Feature1,Feature2

For a list of available features, see page 29.

### **REMOVE** Removing features

You can use the **REMOVE** public property to remove a program feature:

#### **REMOVE=***Feature*

For more than one feature, use a comma-separated list, with no spaces between the comma and the feature name:

#### REMOVE=Feature1,Feature2

For a list of available features, see page 29.



Deployment Guide Stage 4: Maintaining the installations If you want to add nearly all features and remove only a couple of features, you can use the **ADDLOCAL** public property in conjunction with the **REMOVE** public property. For more information, see "Deploying specific features" on page 29.

## Updating the software

Corel periodically releases Microsoft patch (MSP) files — also known as "patches" or "updates" — for its products. Installing updates helps keep the software up-to-date.



In this guide, *Patch.exe* is a placeholder for the filename of the update. The actual filename varies with each update.

## Locating updates

Many network administrators keep their software up-to-date by monitoring the Corel Support Services website (www.corel.com/ support). When an update is made available, these administrators download it and carry out the patching process themselves.



In this guide, \\**server**\**path**\**Patch.exe** is a placeholder for the location and filename of the downloaded patch.



If you prefer to have workstation users patch the software for themselves, you can set up the server image to enable the automatic detection of available patches. For details, see "Setting up the server image" on page 7.

## **Applying updates**

After locating and downloading an update, you can apply it to the server image and then use the updated image to patch the installed software.

Corel will provide patches for any updates to

Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player, which are included with CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017. However, the process of applying a Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition patch to the server image may differ from the process described here. For guidance, please refer to the patch notes. For more information, see "Deploying Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player" on page 33.

## **Image patching** You can apply an update to the server image. Optionally, you can begin by extracting the patch files to a specified location.



## To extract the update files to a specified location

To extract the update files to a specified location (instead of the default **Temp** folder), use the following command-line syntax:

\\server\path\Patch.exe /extract\_all "C:\Extracted"



Be sure to apply all extracted update files to the server image. Applying only some of the update files may cause the installations to function incorrectly.

#### To apply the update files to the server image

Use a command line that includes the executable file for the update and the /a switch:

\\server\path\Patch.exe /a

**Workstation patching** After updating the server image, you can deploy the update to the workstations.

#### \\*server\path*\Setup.exe REINSTALL=ALL REINSTALLMODE=vdm

For details on **REINSTALL** (and **REINSTALLMODE**), see page 23.

#### To silently update the workstations

Use the following command line:

```
\\server\path\Setup.exe REINSTALL=ALL
REINSTALLMODE=vdm /qn
```

## Removing the software

You can remove the software from your network. Uninstalling the software cleanly is crucial when the time comes to upgrade to a newer version.

**Image removal** You cannot automate the removal of a server image. Instead, you must manually delete the image from the server.

For best results with deleting an image, begin by doing the following:

- Make sure that the programs to be removed and their associated files are not currently in use on the workstations.
- If you are using Windows Terminal Server, make sure that all users are logged off.



Deployment Guide Stage 4: Maintaining the installations



The only way to recover a deleted server image is to re-create it by rerunning the setup.

Workstation removal

You can remove a single installation of the software by using the Windows Control Panel on that workstation, or you can remove multiple workstation installations by using a command line.

## Removing a single installation

You can use the Windows Control Panel to remove a single installation.

## To remove an installation with the Windows Control Panel

- 1 In the Windows Control Panel, display the list of currently installed programs, and choose the program from the list.
- 2 Click Uninstall/Change.
- 3 Enable the **Remove** option.
- 4 If you want to remove user files (such as presets, user-created fills, and customized files), enable the **Remove user files** check box.
- 5 Click Remove.

Repeat for Corel Graphics - Window Shell Extension and Ghostscript GPL.

## **Removing multiple installations**

You can use a command line to remove multiple installations at a time.

### /x Basic removal

You can use the /x switch (or the /uninstall switch) to silently remove the software:

```
\\server\path\Setup.exe /x
```

When you remove CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017, Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player are removed by default. If you want to silently remove CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 but not Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player, use the following syntax:

\\server\path\Setup.exe /x /qb DO\_NOT\_REMOVE\_XVL=1



You must use the **b** parameter with the **q** switch(/**qb**). Using either the **n**(/**qn**) or **r** parameter(/**qr**) will not work.

REMOVE and REMOVEUSERFILES

### Advanced removal

If you want more control over the removal process, use the following public properties.



Property	What it does
REMOVE=ALL	Removes all features (except GPL Ghostscript and Windows Shell Extension)
REMOVEUSERFILES=value	Specifies whether to remove user files:
	• 0 — no
	• 1 — yes
REMOVE_GPL=1	Removes GPL Ghostscript
REMOVE_SHELLEXT=1	Removes Windows Shell Extension

For example, if you want to uninstall both GPL Ghostscript and Windows Shell Extension, you can use the following command:

\\server\path\Setup.exe /x REMOVE\_SHELLEXT=1
REMOVE\_GPL=1

You can also use a **msiexec** command to uninstall both GPL Ghostscript and Windows Shell Extension.

For 64-bit installations:

msiexec /i \\server\path\msis\Setup\_x64.msi
REMOVE=ALL CHAINER\_CMD="/qb REMOVE\_SHELLEXT=1
REMOVE\_GPL=1"

For 32-bit installations:

msiexec /i \\server\path\msis\Setup.msi REMOVE=ALL CHAINER\_CMD="/qb REMOVE\_SHELLEXT=1 REMOVE\_GPL=1"

## Troubleshooting the software

For help troubleshooting any issues with the software, please visit the Corel® Knowledge Base (www.corel.com/knowledgebase), an online repository of FAQs and articles.



## **Appendix: Specialized deployment scenarios**

If you require a more specialized deployment scenario, the supplementary topics in this appendix may be of interest to you.

In this appendix	Deploying specific features	
	Deploying specific languages	
	Working with registry keys	
	Customizing the setup fileset	
	Deploying customized installation settings	

## **Deploying specific features**

When performing a basic or silent installation with the /q switch (see page 15), you may want to use the **ADDLOCAL** property to specify which software features to install. You can specify a single feature:

#### ADDLOCAL=Feature

Or you can specify a comma-separated list of components:

#### ADDLOCAL=Feature1,Feature2

You can even specify all features:

#### ADDLOCAL=ALL

If you want to install nearly all features, naming them individually would be quite tedious. In this scenario, you can use the **REMOVE** public property to specify the features to subtract from **ADDLOCAL=ALL**:

#### ADDLOCAL=ALL REMOVE=Feature1,Feature2

For example, if you want to install all CorelDRAW Technical Suite features except CorelDRAW and Corel Capture:

ADDLOCAL=ALL REMOVE=Draw, Capture



Feature names are case-sensitive.

## Specifying software features by feature name

CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 components are organized into the following child features of MainApp.

#### Software component

"MainApp" child feature

Corel DESIGNER

Designer



Deployment Guide Appendix: Specialized deployment scenarios

Software component	"MainApp" child feature	
CorelDRAW®	Draw	
Corel® PHOTO-PAINT®	PP	
Corel CAPTURE <sup>TM</sup>	Capture	
Corel® CONNECT <sup>TM</sup>	Connect	
Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition	STUDIO	
Lattice3D Player	PLAYER	
Corel Font Manager <sup>TM</sup>	FontManager	
Utilities	Utility	
Import/export filters	Filters	



Some editions of the software do not include certain features listed in this section.

When you specify a parent feature (such as **MainApp**) for programs other than Corel DESIGNER, only program files are included. To add other child features, you must specify them individually. And remember: Feature names are case-sensitive.

**Corel PHOTO-PAINT** The Corel PHOTO-PAINT component used to include the child feature Photozoom, a photo-enlarger plug-in. The plug-in has been updated to PhotoZoom Pro 4 and is now available for download as an ISO file.

- **Corel CONNECT** The **Connect** feature adds or removes a shortcut on the Windows **Start** menu to the standalone Corel CONNECT application. All other files required to run the Connect docker and the standalone application are installed by default.
  - **Utilities** The utilities (feature name **Utility**) include the following child features.

Utility	"Utility" child feature
Duplex wizard (for two-sided print jobs)	DupWiz
Visual Basic® for Applications (VBA)	VBAFiles



Specifying **Utility** does not include its child features. You must individually specify each desired utility.

Windows Shell Extension cannot be added or excluded by specifying the child feature name when using the ADDLOCAL public property. To exclude Windows Shell Extension, you must delete the following Dbm nodes from **setup.xml**:



- the node that references ShellExt.msi
- the node that references 32BitKey.msi or 64BitKey.msi
- User guides The Corel DESIGNER® 2017 User Guide, CorelDRAW® 2017 User Guide and the Corel® PHOTO-PAINT® 2017 User Guide contain comprehensive information about product features and tools. They are PDF versions of the Help that are available online and can be accessed from the Help Home pages (Help ▶ Product Help).

## **Deploying specific languages**

When performing a basic or silent installation with the /q switch (see page 15), you may want to use the **ADDLOCAL** property to specify which software languages to support. You can specify a single language:

#### ADDLOCAL=LanguageCode

Or you can specify a comma-separated list of languages:

#### ADDLOCAL=Feature1,LanguageCode1,LanguageCode2

Using language codes, you can specify language modules or writing tools.



Language codes are case-sensitive.

## Specifying UI modules by language code

A language module includes both the software UI and the writing tools for that language. By installing multiple language modules, you can enable *dynamic language switching* — the ability to change the language of the software UI.

Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player support only German (**DE**), English (**EN**), French (**FR**), and Japanese (**JP**).

The following table lists the available language modules for the software, along with their corresponding language codes.

Language module	Language code
Brazilian Portuguese	BR
Chinese (Simplified)	CS
Chinese (Traditional)	СТ



Deployment Guide Appendix: Specialized deployment scenarios

Language module	Language code
Czech	CZ
Dutch	NL
English	EN
French	FR
German	DE
Italian	IT
Japanese	JP
Polish	PL
Russian	RU
Spanish	ES
Turkish	TR

## Specifying writing tools by language code

Each set of writing tools includes Spell Checker and may include Thesaurus or Grammatik (or both). The available languages are as follows.

Language	Code	Spell Checker	Thesaurus	Grammatik
Afrikaans	Afrika	1		
Catalan	Catalan	1		
Czech	Czech	1		
Danish	Danish	1	1	
Dutch	Dutch	1	1	✓
English	English	1	1	1
French	French	1	1	✓
Galician	Galician	1		
German	German	1	1	✓
Greek	Greek	1		
Icelandic	Iceland	1		
Italian	Italian	✓	1	



Language	Code	Spell Checker	Thesaurus	Grammatik
Norwegian	Norway	1	1	
Polish	Polish	1		
Portuguese	Portugue	1		
Russian	Russian	1		
Slovak	Slovak	1		
Sotho	Sotho	1		
Spanish	Spanish	1	1	1
Turkish	Turkish	1	1	1
Tswana	Tswana	1		
Xhosa	Xhosa	1		
Zulu	Zulu	1		

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In most cases, writing tools are automatically installed with their corresponding language module—and to match the installed keyboard languages of the operating system.

If you want to exclude writing tools from the installation, you must do one of the following:

- 32-bit delete the Dbm node that references **WT.msi** from **setup.xml**.
- 64-bit delete the Dbm node that references WT\_x64.msi from setup.xml.



The parent feature for the writing tools is named **wTools**. However, specifying **wTools** does not include its child features. You must individually specify each desired set of writing tools.

# Deploying Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player

A typical server image of CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 includes the files required to deploy Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player to the workstations.

## Updating Corel Corporation will provide patches for any updates to Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player, which are included with CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017. Any such patches



will update the server image of CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 with the latest files for Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player. The updated software can then be deployed to the workstations by manually repairing the installed software.

**Removing** Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition can be removed by using the Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition entry in the Add or remove programs dialog box of the Windows Control Panel.

Lattice3D Player can be removed by using the Lattice3D Player / Lattice3D Player Pro (Ver. 9 or later) entry in the Add or remove programs dialog box of the Windows Control Panel.

If you want to silently remove CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 but not Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D Player, you must use the following command line:

```
Setup.exe /x /qb DO_NOT_REMOVE_XVL=1
```

## **Understanding workspaces**

The software installs a selection of workspaces for use in Corel DESIGNER, CorelDRAW, and Corel PHOTO-PAINT.

Installed Corel DESIGNER workspaces The default workspace of Corel DESIGNER 2017 is designed to provide a more intuitive placement of tools and controls. The default settings are included in DrawUi.xml, which is located in the CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017/Designer/UIConfig folder. In addition, the following workspaces for Corel DESIGNER are installed in CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017/Designer/Workspace:

- lite.cdws ideal for new users who are getting started
- Micrografx Designer.cdws ideal for users who prefer the look and feel of Micrografx Designer 9
- **Default(TM).cdws** has a streamlined user interface (UI) that displays only the tools and commands that users are most likely to use when using a tablet
- Technical Illustration.cdws optimized for users who create technical manuals and catalogs of interactive parts
- **Diagramming.cdws** features tools and a layout that are essential for creating diagrams
- CorelDRAW X7.cdws designed to help users transition easily from CorelDRAW to Corel DESIGNER
- Adobe Illustrator.cdws simulates the Adobe Illustrator workspace by positioning the Corel DESIGNER features where you would find the equivalent feature in Adobe Illustrator



Installed CorelDRAW workspaces	The default workspace of CorelDRAW 2017 is designed to provide a more intuitive placement of tools and controls. The default settings are included in <b>DrawUi.xml</b> , which is located in the <b>CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\Draw\UIConfig</b> folder.
	In addition, the following workspaces for CorelDRAW are installed in CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\Draw\Workspace:
	<ul> <li>illustration.cdws — designed for creating book cover designs, magazine adds, storyboards, and other types of illustration</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>illustrator.cdws — designed for Adobe® Illustrator® users</li> </ul>
	• lite.cdws — ideal for new users who are getting started
	• <b>pagelayout.cdws</b> — optimized for users who are creating layouts for business cards, branding materials, product packaging, or multipage documents
	• X6 Inspired.cdws — designed for users who are upgrading from CorelDRAW X6
	• <b>Default(TM).cdws</b> — has a streamlined user interface (UI) that displays only the tools and commands that users are most likely to use when using a tablet
Installed Corel PHOTO- PAINT workspaces	The default workspace of Corel PHOTO-PAINT 2017 is designed to provide a more intuitive placement of tools and controls. The default settings are included in <b>PHOTO-PAINTUL.xml</b> , which is located in the <b>CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\PHOTO-PAINT\UIConfig</b> folder. In addition, the following workspaces for Corel PHOTO-PAINT are installed in the <b>CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\PHOTO-</b> <b>PAINT\Workspace</b> folder:
	• lite.cdws — ideal for new users who are getting started
	• photoshop.cdws — designed for Adobe® Photoshop® users
	• X6 Inspired.cdws — designed for users who are upgrading from Corel PHOTO-PAINT X6
	• <b>Default(TM).cdws</b> — has a streamlined user interface (UI) that displays only the tools and commands that users are most likely to use when using a tablet
Custom workspaces	You can customize all available workspaces by modifying the CDWS (CorelDRAW Workspace) files. You can also create a custom workspace from within Corel DESIGNER, CorelDRAW or Corel PHOTO-PAINT, and you can customize the default workspace.
	With CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017, you can deploy customized workspaces and any new workspaces you create with the installation. You can also deploy custom default workspaces.



### To deploy custom workspaces with the installation

- 1 Create the server image. For more information, see "Stage 2: Creating the server image" on page 6.
- 2 Create the custom workspaces you want to add to the server image.

To create a custom workspace, you must start Corel DESIGNER, as a local user. For information about how to create and export workspaces, see the Help topic "Creating workspaces" (Help > Product Help).

3 Copy the custom workspace files to the corresponding **Workspace** folders, making sure not to delete any existing workspace files.

For 32-bit server images

msis\Program files\Corel\CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\Designer\Workspace

msis\Program files\Corel\CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\Draw\Workspace

msis\Program files\Corel\CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\PHOTO-PAINT\Workspace

For 64-bit server images

msis\Program files 64\Corel\CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\Designer\Workspace

msis\Program files 64\Corel\CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\Draw\Workspace

# msis\Program files 64\Corel\CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\PHOTO-PAINT\Workspace

4 Deploy the server image. For more information, see "Stage 3: Installing the software" on page 12.

Users can access the custom workspaces after they start the applications.

### To deploy custom default workspaces with the installation

The default workspace files of Corel DESIGNER, CorelDRAW and Corel PHOTO-PAINT \_default.cdws are created when the applications are launched for the first time. You can customize the default workspaces, and then you can deploy them similarly to the way you can deploy other custom workspaces.

- 1 Install CorelDRAW **Technical** Suite 2017 on a workstation, and log in as a local user.
- 2 Start Corel DESIGNER, CorelDRAW or Corel PHOTO-PAINT, and customize the workspace.
- 3 Copy the \_default.cdws file from the respective user folder.

C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\Roaming\Corel\CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\Designer\Workspace



### C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\Roaming\Corel\CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\Draw\Workspace

C:\Users\[User Name]\AppData\Roaming\Corel\CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017\PHOTO-PAINT\Workspace

4 Follow steps 3 and 4 from "To deploy custom workspaces with the installation" on page 36.



If you want to add custom workspaces after the software has been deployed, you must repair each workstation installation using the following command line:

### <AdminImagePath>\Setup.exe REINSTALL=ALL REINSTALLMODE=oums /qn

<u>s</u>

To access the new custom workspaces, users must restart the applications while holding down **F8**.

# Working with MSI files

	Stored in the <b>Setup</b> folder on the installation disc, the main Microsoft Windows Installer (MSI) file for the setup — \ <b>x86\msis\Setup.msi</b> (for 32-bit installations) or \ <b>x64\msis\Setup_x64.msi</b> (for 64-bit installations) — contains a database of main features, registry keys, folders, and shortcuts for the software.
	The server image contains a copy of the main setup MSI file — the MSI tables within which you can modify for deployment to the workstations.
	Various components of the software are stored in additional MSI files. Some of these MSI files are required by the setup, while others represent optional features of the software.
Setup files	<ul> <li>Besides Setup.msi, the setup requires and additional MSI files to carry out the installation:</li> <li>x86\ICA.msi or x64\ICA_x64.msi</li> </ul>
Language modules	The setup requires at least one language module, MSI files for which are stored at <b>x86</b> \ <b>msis</b> (32-bit) or <b>x64</b> \ <b>msis</b> (64-bit) on the installation disc. Lattice3D Studio Corel Edition and Lattice3D support only German (DE), English (EN), French (FR) and Japanese (JP). However, some versions of CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 may include additional language modules for the remaining components (CorelDRAW, Corel PHOTO-PAINT, and Corel CONNECT). The following table lists all language modules that the software may contain.



Language module	MSI file
Brazilian Portuguese	BR.msi (32-bit) or BR_x64.msi (64-bit)
Chinese (Simplified)	<b>CS.msi</b> (32-bit) or <b>CS_x64.msi</b> (64-bit)
Chinese (Traditional)	<b>CT.msi</b> (32-bit) or <b>CT_x64.msi</b> (64-bit)
Czech	CZ.msi (32-bit) or CZ_x64.msi (64-bit)
Dutch	NL.msi (32-bit) or NL_x64.msi (64-bit)
English	EN_Des.msi and EN_Des_x64.msi
French	FR_Des.msi and FR_Des_x64.msi
German	DE_Des.msi and DE_Des_x64.msi
Italian	IT.msi (32-bit) or IT_x64.msi (64-bit)
Japanese	<b>JP.msi</b> (32-bit) or <b>JP_x64.msi</b> (64-bit)
Polish	<b>PL.msi</b> (32-bit) or <b>PL_x64.msi</b> (64-bit)
Russian	RU.msi (32-bit) or RU_x64.msi (64-bit)
Spanish	ES.msi (32-bit) or ES_x64.msi (64-bit)
Turkish	TR.msi (32-bit) or TR_x64.msi (64-bit)

**Programs** To install the programs included with the software, the setup uses the following MSI files at X:\x86\msis (32-bit) or X:\x64\msis (64-bit) on the installation disc.

Program	MSI file
Corel CAPTURE	Capture.msi (32-bit), or
	Capture_x64.msi (64-bit)
Corel CONNECT	Connect.msi (32-bit), or
	Connect_x64.msi (64-bit)
Corel DESIGNER	Designer.msi (32-bit), or
	Designer_x64.msi (64-bit)
Corel Font Manager	FontManager.msi (32-bit), or
· ·	FontManager_x64.msi (64-bit)
CorelDRAW	Draw.msi (32-bit), or
	Draw_x64.msi (64-bit)
Corel PHOTO-PAINT	PHOTO-PAINT.msi (32-bit), or
	PHOTO-PAINT_x64.msi (64-bit)



Features To install the various components of the software, the setup uses additional MSI files stored at Setup\x86\msis (32-bit) or Setup\x64\msis (64-bit) on the CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 DVD or in the msis folder of the server image. These files include the following.

Feature	MSI file
Ghostscript general public license, for EPS and PostScript® import	Ghostscript.msi
Microsoft Visual Basic for Applications (VBA)	\msis\vba\vba71.msi (for both 32-bit and 64-bit)
Microsoft Visual Studio Tools for Applications (VSTA)	\msis\vsta_setup.exe (for both 32-bit and 64-bit)
Windows Shell Extension	ShellExt.msi and 64BitKey.msi (32-bit) or ShellExt.msi and 32BitKey.msi (64-bit)

# Working with registry keys

After creating the server image, you may want to edit its registry keys for deployment to the workstations. By doing so, you can avoid having to manually configure the registry keys of each individual workstation installation of the software.

# Making extra content available

As previously discussed (see page 4), you can make extra content available to workstation users by copying it to the server share.

You can set the path to the server content by using the **NETWORKINSTALLDIR** public property (see page 18) — or, by editing the appropriate section in the following

- HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\Software\ registry key:
- 32-bit OS Corel\Media\Corel Content\path specified by NETWORKINSTALLDIR property
- 64-bit OS with (default) 64-bit build Corel\Media\Corel Content\path specified by NETWORKINSTALLDIR property



Deployment Guide Appendix: Specialized deployment scenarios  64-bit OS with 32-bit build — Wow6432Node\Corel\Media\Corel Content\path specified by NETWORKINSTALLDIR property



If you want to change the server path to the extra content and Corel CONNECT has been previously launched, you must update the Media registry key with the new path for the extra content and delete the file *C:\Users\<username>\AppData\Roaming\Corel\CorelDRAW* Technical Suite 2017\Connect\Connect.config.

When you relaunch Corel CONNECT, a new *Connect.config* file will be created containing the updated path.

# Configuring content for offline availability

The Proof of Entitlement Certificate email will contain a URL linking to a shared drive containing the extra content, which you can download.



The extracted content is 18.2 GB.

Internet access is required once to access the download location.

### To configure the content

- 1 On the server that you are going to make available to all workstations, create a main content folder and name it **Content**.
- 2 Extract the archive files from CorelDRAW Technical Suite 2017 extra content zip file into separate folders using a decompression tool to the folder created in step 1.

There are six main archive files: Extra applications, eBooks, Clipart, Content (which includes Extensions, Fills, Fonts, Templates, Image Lists, Objects, Photo Frames and Interactive Frames), Photos and Videos. For information about extensions, see "Extensions" on page 41.

- 3 Move the **Content.db3** file from the extra content archive to the root of the main content folder created in step 1.
- 4 Move the following folders from the extra content archive to the root of the main content folder created in step 1.
  - Extensions
  - Fills
  - Fonts
  - Image Lists
  - Interactive Frames
  - Objects
  - Photo Frames
  - Templates



Deployment Guide Appendix: Specialized deployment scenarios



When all zip files have been downloaded and decompressed, this should be the final structure:

### Content\

- Content.db3
- Clipart folder
- Extensions folder
- Fills folder
- Fonts folder
- Image Lists folder
- Interactive Frames folder
- Languages folder
- Objects folder
- Photo Frames folder
- Photo folder
- Templates folder

### To share the content folder to workstations

- 1 Using the Setup.exe /a command line, open the setup wizard.
- 2 On the last page of the wizard, type the UNC path for the main content folder in the box in the **Content Location** area.
- 3 Click Install Now.



You can also set the path to the server content by using the **NETWORKINSTALLDIR**. For more information, see "Pointing installations to the extra content" on page 18.

### Extensions

Extensions add features to the applications, and do not require installation. The Extra Content zip file, located in the **Extensions** folder on the shared drive, includes the following extensions: Border and Grommet, Calendar Wizard, Color Chart Creator, File Converter, and Prep and Stretch.

Once extracted, extensions must be copied to the following folder on the workstations:

### X:\Users\[UserName]\Documents\Corel\Corel Content\Extensions

Users can then access the extensions from within the applications. For example, the **Border and Grommet** extension, which allows you to prepare banners for printing, appears under the **Tools** menu in CorelDRAW. Downloaded macro extensions, such as Calendar Wizard and File Converter, appear in the **Macro Manager** docker.



The following extensions require Microsoft Visual Basic for Applications (VBA):



- Calendar Wizard
- Color Chart Creator
- File Wizard
- Convert All To Curves

# Setting up dynamic language switching

Dynamic language switching allows the language of the user interface to be changed, both during and after installation. This feature requires the installation of multiple language modules for the software — one for each desired user-interface language (see page 31). The selection of languages you can implement depends on the license you have purchased.

Two sets of registry settings are required for dynamic language switching:

- · workstation settings
- current user settings

# **Workstation settings** Workstation settings affect all users. The registry setting for each workstation is as follows:

# HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Corel\Corel DESIG NER\19.0\Languages

Inside this key are language keys — three-letter codes that represent the available languages. These language keys are put in place by the setup, so no intervention is required. Shown here (for reference only) are the three-letter codes for the available languages for the remaining components.

Language	Code
Brazilian Portuguese	РТВ
Chinese (Simplified)	CHS
Chinese (Traditional)	СНТ
Czech	CSY
Dutch	NLD
English	ENU
French	FRA
German	DEU
Italian	ITA
Japanese	JPN



Language	Code
Polish	PLK
Russian	RUS
Spanish	ESN
Turkish	TRK

Under each language key are the following registry settings:

- **DirName** specifies the name of the folder for the languagespecific files, relative to *InstallationPath*\Languages
- UIName specifies the name to show in the startup dialog box and on the Tools ▶ Options ▶ Global page

 Current user settings
 The registry setting for each current user is as follows:

 HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER\Software\Corel\Corel DESIGNER\19.0

The **UILang** setting is not initialized by the setup because the setup cannot determine which user will run the applications. After the user has run the application once, this setting changes to the three-letter code that corresponds to the user-specified language key at the following location:

HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Corel\Corel DESIG NER\19.0\Languages

# Customizing the setup fileset

The main configuration file **Setup.xml**, located in the **x86** or **x64** folder, lists all features included in the setup.

When you create a server image, a copy of the **Setup.xml** file is included. If you want to customize the setup fileset on the server image, you must edit the **Setup.xml** file to reflect your desired changes.

# **Understanding Setup.xml**

The **Setup.xml** file contains four main types of nodes. With an understanding of these four nodes, you can modify the **Setup.xml** file to create a customized server image.

<Msi/> nodes Each <Msi/> node specifies a main setup file, such an executable (EXE) file, a self-extracting ZIP file, or an MSI file that bundles (or "chains") other MSI files.



Deployment Guide Appendix: Specialized deployment scenarios For example, you can exclude Ghostscript from the installation by making the following modification.

```
<!--Msi productcode="Ghostscript"
file="msis\Ghostscript.msi" cmdline="ALLUSERS=1
ADDLOCAL=ALL" adminsupport="0" condition="GPL=1"
progresstext="Str.ProgressText.Common" /-->
```

<Dbm/>> nodes Each <Dbm/> node specifies a component of a <Msi/> node typically, an MSI file. A <Dbm/> node has the following structure, where GUID is the associated product code, and MSI is the path and filename of the MSI file:

```
<Dbm productcode="{GUID}" file="MSI" />
```



Some <Dbm/> nodes also require a condition.

If you want to apply an MST file to the specified MSI file, you can use the following syntax (in cases where the MST and MSI files are in the same folder, **MST** is the filename of the MST file; in cases where the MST and MSI files are in separate folders, **MST** is the path and filename of the MST file):

```
<Dbm productcode="{GUID}" file="MSI"
cmdline="TRANSFORMS=MST"
progresstext="Str.ProgressText.name" />
```

<Feature/> nodes Each <Feature/> node specifies a feature that is associated with an MSI file. A <Feature/> node has the following format, where name is the name of the MSI file and *feature* is the name of the associated feature:

```
<Feature name="Str.Feature.name"
desc="Str.Feature.name.Desc" property="feature">
```

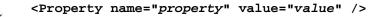


Some <Feature/> nodes have subnodes.

For a list of the available features, see page 29.

<Property/> nodes

Each <**Property**/> node specifies a property. A <**Property**/> node has the following structure, where **property** is the name of the public property and *value* is its value:



For a list of available public properties, see page 16.

# Creating a server image with a customized fileset

You can use **Setup.xml** to create a server image with a customized fileset.



### To create a server image with a customized fileset

1 Copy the server image to a new location.

- 2 Add any desired language-module MSI files to the server image.
- 3 Edit Setup.xml to reflect the additions you've made to the fileset:
  - Add an <Msi/> node for each new setup file.
  - Add a **<Dbm/>** node for each new language-module MSI file.
  - Add the following <Property/> node for each new languagemodule MSI file, where \$\$ is the language:
     <Property name="Include.\$\$" value="1" />
- 4 Edit **Setup.xml** to reflect the removals you've made from the fileset:
  - Remove the corresponding **<Msi**/**>** node for each removed setup file.
  - Remove the corresponding <Dbm/> node for each removed MSI file.
  - Remove the corresponding <Feature/> node and subnode for each removed MSI file.
  - Adjust any corresponding <Property/> nodes by changing their value.

For example, let's say that you're creating a single-language setup from a multi-language setup. To record the fileset changes in the **Setup.xml** file, you must remove the corresponding <Dbm/> and <Feature/> nodes for each removed language module. Next, you must set each <Property/> node for Include.\$\$ to a value of 0, where \$\$ is a removed language module. The <Property/> node for ShowApplicationLanguageSelector is automatically set to a value of 0.

# Deploying customized installation settings

To modify the settings used to install the software on the workstations, you can use the **Persist.xml** file stored at the root of the server image.

Each entry in **Persist.xml** corresponds to a public property for the software (see page 16). The syntax of each entry is as follows:

```
<Property name="property" value="value" />
```

By modifying the value of an existing entry in **Persist.xml** — or by adding a new entry — you can customize the installation settings deployed from that server image. This deployment method offers an excellent alternative to creating a different server image or customizing a command line.





You must modify **Persist.xml** before installing the software on the workstations for the changes to take effect.

**Example 1** You can use the following **Persist.xml** entry to specify that automatic software updates are enabled:

<Property name="ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES" value="1" />

By changing the value of this entry from "1" to "2" (and saving this change to **Persist.xml**), you can disable automatic updates for the workstation installations.

By changing the value of this entry from "1" to "0" (and saving this change to **Persist.xml**), you can check for updates and let the user choose when to install the update.

For more information, see "ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES" on page 17.

**Example 2** You can use the following **Persist.xml** entry to specify the serial number for the installation:

<Property name="SERIALNUMBER" value="SN" />

By changing the **"***s***n"**value, you can specify a different serial number for the workstation installations.

For more information, see "SERIALNUMBER" on page 19.

**Example 3** You can use the following **Persist.xml** entry to specify the PROFILEID and add account credentials to the server image:

<Property name="PROFILEID" value="XXXXXXX" />

Specifying a value for the PROFILEID will ensure that all workstations are automatically signed in to the account after installation. For more information, see "PROFILEID" on page 18.

**Example 4** You can use the following **Persist.xml** entry to point the installations to the location of extra content and videos:

<Property name="NETWORKINSTALLDIR" value="path" />

For more information, see "NETWORKINSTALLDIR" on page 18.

**Example 5** You can use the following **Persist.xml** entry to specify that access to internet features are enabled:

#### <Property name="ALLOW\_INTERNETFEATURES" value="1" />

The administrator must either be signed in or specify a value for the PROFILEID.



**ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES** must be set to "2" if the administrator does not sign in or specify a value for the PROFILEID, and uses the following **Persist.xml** entry:



#### <Property name="ALLOW\_INTERNETFEATURES" value="0" />

For more information, see "ALLOW\_INTERNETFEATURES" on page 16, "ALLOW\_PRODUCTUPDATES" on page 17, and "PROFILEID" on page 18.



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