

# Advance Condor™ XL, Nilfisk ER 1300/1600 (all models)



## Service Manual

### Advance Condor XL, Condor XL AXP™ and Condor XL EcoFlex™ Models:

- |                       |                           |                           |                       |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| • 56110000 LPG/48"    | • 56110009 LPG/67"        | • 56111041 LPG-AXP/62"    | • 56381135 LPG X60    |
| • 56110001 Petrol/48" | • 56110010 Petrol/67"     | • 56111042 Petrol-AXP/62" | • 56381137 Petrol X60 |
| • 56110002 Diesel/48" | • 56110015 Diesel/67"     | • 56111043 Diesel-AXP/62" | • 56381138 Diesel X60 |
| • 56110003 LPG/60"    | • 56111035 LPG-AXP/48"    | • 56111044 LPG-AXP/67"    | • 56381139 LPG X62    |
| • 56110004 Petrol/60" | • 56111036 Petrol-AXP/48" | • 56111045 Petrol-AXP/67" | • 56381140 Petrol X62 |
| • 56110005 Diesel/60" | • 56111037 Diesel-AXP/48" | • 56111046 Diesel-AXP/67" | • 56381141 Diesel X62 |
| • 56110006 LPG/62"    | • 56111038 LPG-AXP/60"    | • 56381131 LPG X48        | • 56381142 LPG X67    |
| • 56110007 Petrol/62" | • 56111039 Petrol-AXP/60" | • 56381133 Petrol X48     | • 56381143 Petrol X67 |
| • 56110008 Diesel/62" | • 56111040 Diesel-AXP/60" | • 56381134 Diesel X48     | • 56381145 Diesel X67 |

### Nilfisk ER 1300 and ER 1600 Models:

- |                        |                        |                        |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| • 56111025 LPG/1300    | • 56111027 Diesel/1300 | • 56111029 Petrol/1600 |
| • 56111026 Petrol/1300 | • 56111028 LPG/1600    | • 56111030 Diesel/1600 |

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## ***General Information***

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### ***General Machine Description***

The Advance Condor™ XL and Nilfisk ER 1300/1600 machines are industrial automatic rider sweeper/scrubbers with multiple sweep/scrub single pass coverage. All models use dual cylindrical scrub brushes with variable scrub pressure and solution flow rates. Different models are available with front mounted side brooms (single and dual) and right side disc scrub.

### ***Service Manual Purpose and Application***

This Service Manual a technical resource designed to aid service personnel in maintaining and repairing the Condor™ XL and ER 1300/1600 Sweeper/Scrubbers to ensure optimum performance and long service life. Please read it thoroughly before servicing your machine.

### ***Revision History***

- 11/13
  - Updated TOC to fix bookmark navigation in PDF

## Other Reference Manuals and Information Sources

### Nilfisk-Advance Publications

Model Name	Model Number	Instructions for Use Form Number	Parts List Form Number
Advance LPG/48"	56110000	56091002 - English and Spanish	56042484
Advance Petrol/48"	56110001		
Advance Diesel/48"	56110002		
Advance LPG/60"	56110003		
Advance Petrol/60"	56110004		
Advance Diesel/60"	56110005		
Advance LPG/62"	56110006		
Advance Petrol/62"	56110007		
Advance Diesel/62"	56110008		
Advance LPG/67"	56110009		
Advance Petrol/67"	56110010		
Advance Diesel/67"	56110015		
Advance LPG X48	56381131		
Advance Petrol X48	56381133		
Advance Diesel X48	56381134		
Advance LPG X60	56381135		
Advance Petrol X60	56381137		
Advance Diesel X60	56381138		
Advance LPG X62	56381139		
Advance Petrol X62	56381140		
Advance Diesel X62	56381141		
Advance LPG X67	56381142	56091002 - English and Spanish	56042484
Advance Petrol X67	56381143		
Advance Diesel X67	56381145		
Nilfisk LPG/1300	56111025	56091008 - English and Türkçe	56042494
Nilfisk Petrol/1300	56111026		
Nilfisk Diesel/1300	56111027		
Nilfisk LPG/1600	56111028		
Nilfisk Petrol/1600	56111029		
Nilfisk Diesel/1600	56111030		

These manuals can be found on the following Nilfisk-Advance's electronic supported databases:

- Nilfisk-Advance Dealer Customer Zone
- Advance website: [www.advance-us.com](http://www.advance-us.com)
- Nilfisk website: [www.nilfisk.com](http://www.nilfisk.com)
- EzParts service/parts CD-ROM



## Engine Manufacturers' Technical Manuals

Manual Name	Publication Number
PSI Tier 2 1.6L PFI Certified Engine Service Manual G/LP	PSI1P6LPFI-A
Kubota V1505TE Diesel Engine Operator Manual (English, French, German, Italian, Spanish)	16622-8916-3
Kubota V1505TE Diesel Engine Service Manual (English, French, German)	97897-01640
Kubota V1505TE Diesel Engine Service Manual (English)	97897-02432

## Diagnostic and Service Tools

In addition to a full set of metric and standard tools, the following items are required in order to successfully and quickly perform troubleshooting and repair of Nilfisk-Advance Industrial floor cleaning equipment.

- Laptop computer loaded with current version of EzParts, Adobe Reader and (preferably cellular) internet access
- Digital voltmeter (DVM) with DC current clamp
- Hydrometer
- Battery load tester for checking 6V and 12V batteries
- Automotive fuel pressure test gauge (used on gasoline engines)
- Static control wrist strap
- Set of torque wrenches
- Hard (printed) copies of service manuals for regularly serviced machines (available at [www.advance-us.com](http://www.advance-us.com), [www.nilfisk.com](http://www.nilfisk.com) and other Nilfisk-Advance websites)

These tools are also available from Nilfisk-Advance, Inc.:

- Actuator power cord adapter, p/n 56407502.
- Vacuum water lift gauge, p/n 56205281.

- PSI engine service kit, p/n 56109084, includes an LPG Test Kit, p/n 56504450, and a Diagnostic Communication Cable and software, p/n 56305647



PSI LPG test kit, p/n 56504450



PSI engine service kit, p/n 56109084



Diagnostic Communication Cable and software,  
p/n 56305647

- PSI diagnostics cable, 4-pin – 8-pin (Generation 1 old style), p/n 56109083



PSI diagnostics cable, 4-pin – 8-pin  
(Generation 1 old style), p/n 56109083

- Hydraulic test gauge w/connector, 3000 psi range, p/n 56504516



Hydraulic test gauge w/connector  
3000 psi range, p/n 56504516

## Conventions

All references to right, left, front and rear in this manual are as seen from the Operator's seat position.

## Parts and Service

Repairs should be performed by an Authorized Nilfisk-Advance Service Center that employs factory-trained service personnel and maintains an inventory of Nilfisk-Advance original replacement parts and accessories.

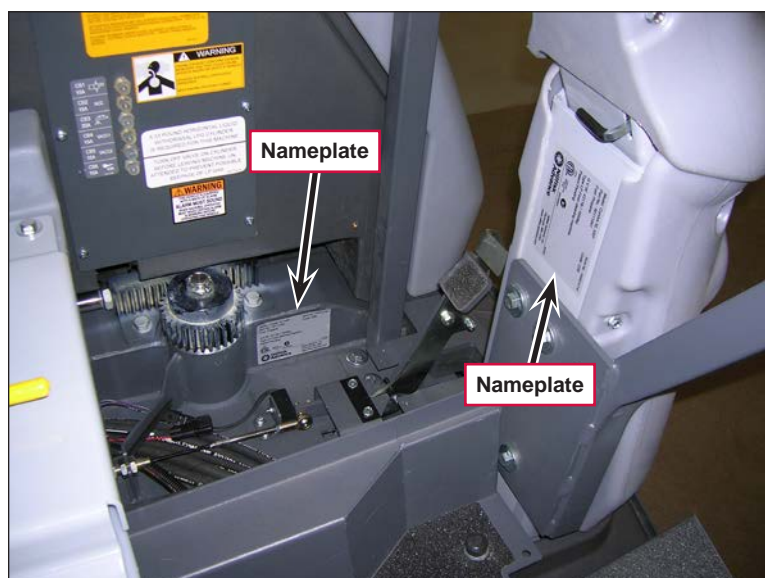
Call the Nilfisk-Advance Dealer named below for repair parts or service. Please specify the Model Number (same as the Part Number) and Serial Number when discussing your machine.

(Dealer, affix service sticker here.)

## Nameplates

The Model Number and Serial Number of the machine are shown on the **Nameplate** located on the steering column support, and on a second **Nameplate** beneath the floor plate attached to steering spindle support.

This information is needed when ordering repair parts for the machine.



## Cautions and Warning Symbols

Nilfisk-Advance uses the symbols below to signal potentially dangerous conditions. Read this information carefully and take the necessary steps to protect personnel and property.



**Danger!** *Is used to warn of immediate hazards that will cause severe personal injury or death.*



**Warning!** *Is used to call attention to a situation that could cause severe personal injury.*



**Caution!** *Is used to call attention to a situation that could cause minor personal injury or damage to the machine or other property.*



**Read all instructions before using.**

## General Safety Instructions



**Warning!** *Be sure to follow these safety precautions to avoid situations that could cause severe personal injury.*

- This machine should only be used by properly-trained and authorized persons.
- While on ramps or inclines, avoid sudden stops when loaded. Avoid abrupt sharp turns. Use low speed down hills. Clean only while ascending (driving up) the ramp.
- Keep sparks, flame and smoking materials away from the battery. Explosive gases are vented during normal operation.
- Charging the battery produces highly-explosive hydrogen gas. Charge the battery only in well-ventilated areas away from open flame. Do not smoke while charging the battery.
- Remove all jewelry when working near electrical components.
- Turn the Key Switch off (O) and disconnect the battery before servicing electrical components.
- Never work underneath a machine without safety blocks or stands to support the machine.
- Do not dispense flammable cleaning agents, operate the machine on or near these agents, or operate in areas where flammable liquids exist.
- To avoid hydraulic oil injection or injury, always wear appropriate clothing and eye protection when working with or near any hydraulic system.
- The maximum rated incline for sweeping and scrubbing is 10.5% (6°). The maximum rated incline during transport is 16% (9°).
- Only use the brushes provided with the machine or those specified in the instruction manual. The use of other brushes may impair safety.



**Caution!** *Do not pressure-wash the operator control panel, electrical components or the engine compartment area.*



**Caution!** *Be sure to follow these safety precautions to avoid situations that could cause personal injury, damage to property or equipment damage.*

- This machine is not approved for use on public paths or roads.
- This machine is not suitable for picking up hazardous dust.
- Use care when using scarifier discs and grinding stones. Nilfisk-Advance will not be held responsible for any damage to floor surfaces caused by scarifiers or grinding stones.
- When operating this machine, make sure that bystanders, particularly children, are not endangered.
- Before performing any service function, carefully read all instructions pertaining to that function.
- Do not leave the machine unattended without first turning the Key Switch off (O), removing the key and securing the machine.
- Apply the parking brake before exiting the Operator's seat.
- Turn the Key Switch off (O) and remove the key before changing the brushes, and before opening any access panels.
- Take precautions to prevent hair, jewelry or loose clothing from becoming caught in moving parts.
- Use caution when steering and/or operating this machine in below-freezing temperature conditions. Any water in the solution or recovery tanks, or in the hose lines could freeze, causing damage to valves and fittings. Flush with windshield washer fluid.
- The battery must be removed from the machine before the machine is scrapped. Disposal of the battery should be done safely and in accordance with your local environmental regulations.
- Do not use on surfaces having a gradient exceeding that marked on the machine.
- All doors and covers are to be positioned as indicated in the instruction manual before using the machine.

## Jacking the Machine



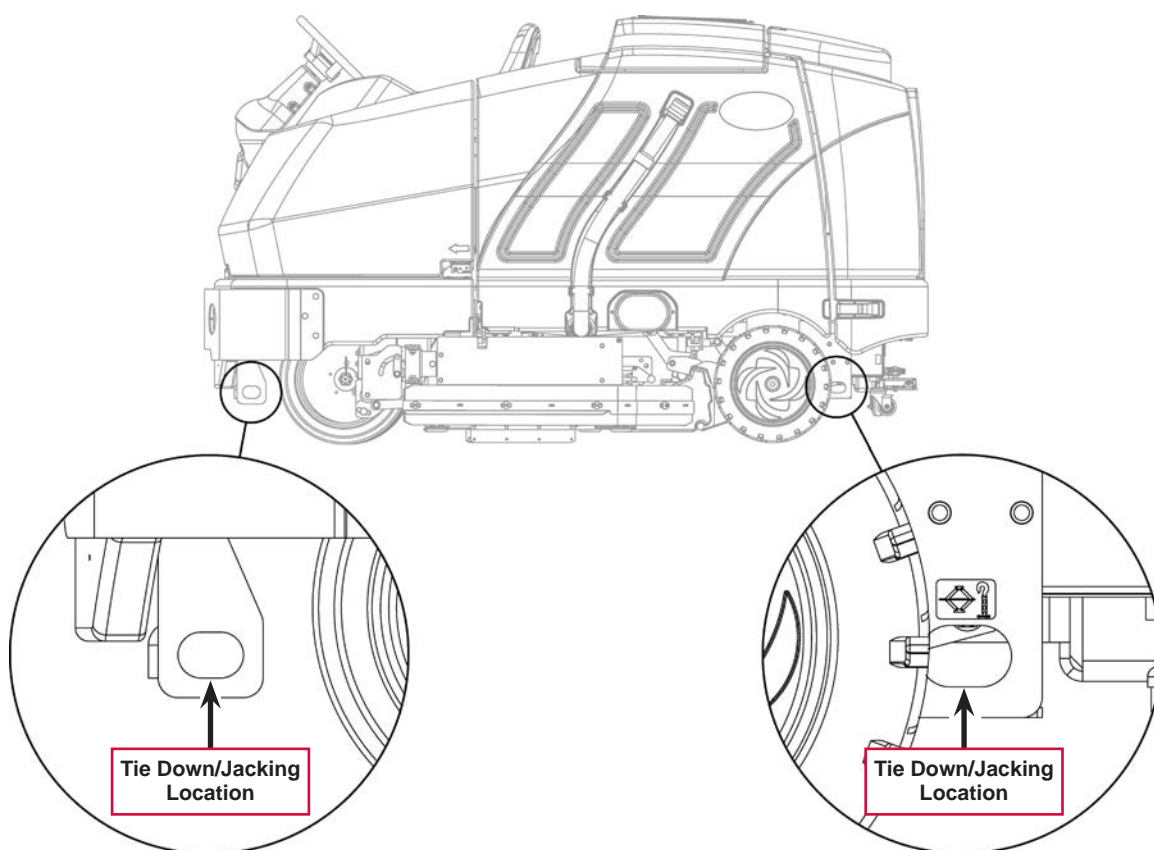
**Warning!** *Never work under a machine without safety stands or blocks to support the machine. When jacking the machine, do so at the designated Tie Down/Jacking Locations shown below.*

## Transporting the Machine



**Caution!** *Before transporting the machine on an open truck or trailer, make sure the machine is tied down securely at the designated Tie Down/Jacking Locations shown below, all access doors and covers are secured (tape and strap as needed) and the parking brake is engaged.*

The jacking and tie down locations are identified with a graphic molded into the exterior body panels.





## Towing or Pushing the Machine



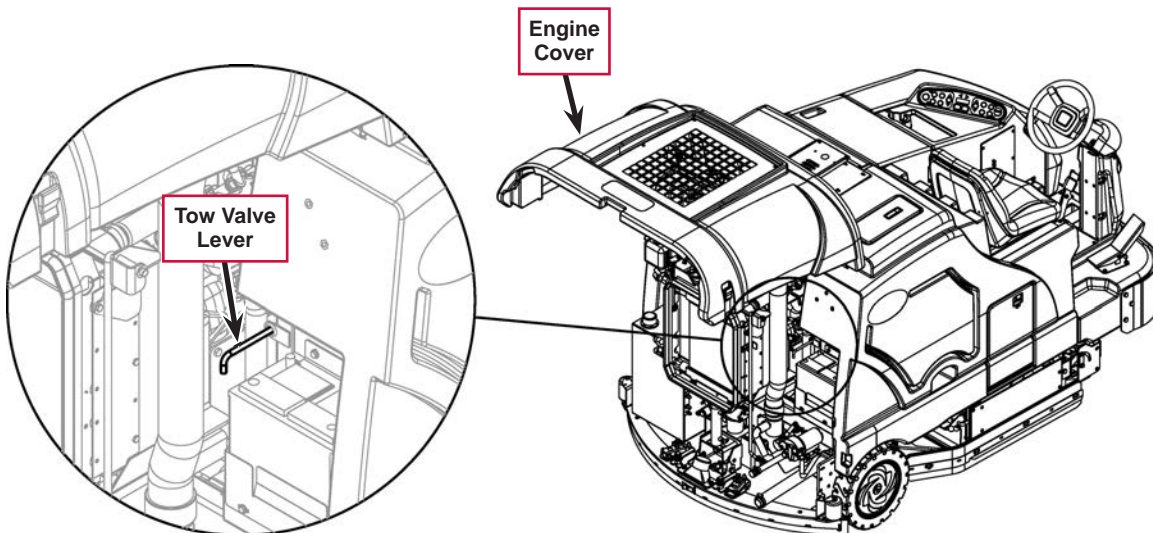
**Caution!** The machine's hydrostatic drive propulsion system pump is manufactured with a tow valve. This valve allows the hydraulic traction drive motor to "freewheel" when the machine is being towed/pushed short distances without the use of the engine.

The tow valve is controlled by the Tow Valve Lever which is accessed by opening and propping up the Engine Cover. Pull the Tow Valve Lever OUT to engage the fluid bypass and allow the drive motor to freewheel before towing the machine.

Note that if the tow valve is left in the freewheeling position (Tow Valve Lever pulled OUT), the hydrostatic pump can't efficiently propel the machine in forward or reverse. Attempting to operate the machine with the Tow Valve Lever pulled OUT can cause overheating of the hydraulic system and/or reduced operating performance.

Tow or push the machine no faster than a normal walking pace (2-3 miles per hour/ 3-5 kilometers per hour), and for no farther than 300 feet [100 meters]. Towing or pushing the machine farther than 300 feet [100 meters] can cause machine damage.

If the machine is to be moved farther than 300 feet [100 meters], raise the front drive wheel off the floor and place on a suitable transport dolly.

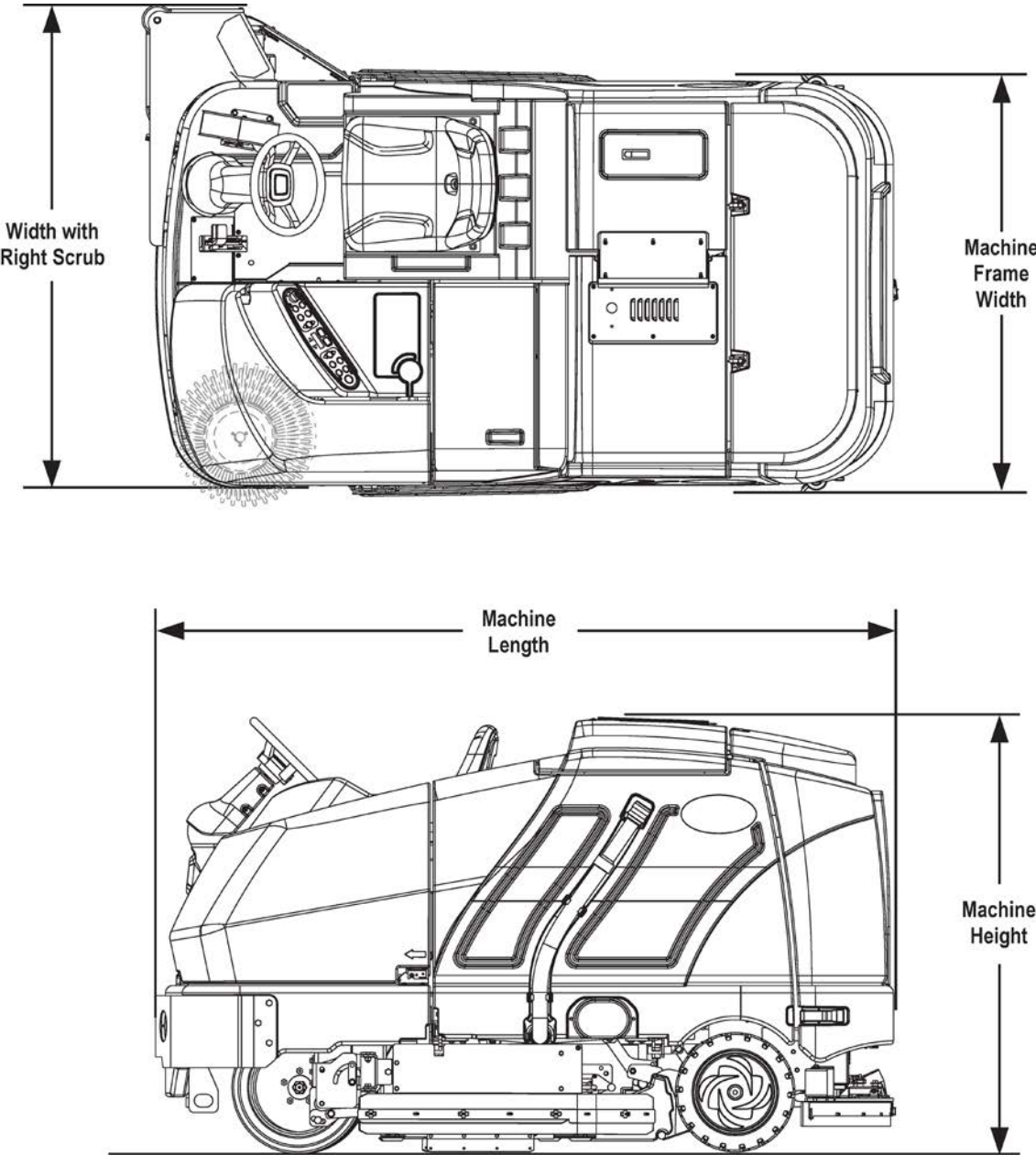


## Technical Specifications

### General Machine Dimensions and Capacities

Length	100 in [254 cm]
Height	58 in [147 cm]
Height (with overhead guard)	84 in [213 cm]
Width/frame (roller to roller)	56 in [142 cm]
Width (with rear squeegee)	57 in [144.7 cm]
Width (with right side scrub brush)	66 in [167.6 cm]
Cleaning path width (main brush only)	48 in [121.9 cm] deck size all models
Cleaning path width (with right side scrub brush )	60 in [152.4 cm]
Cleaning path width (dual sweep)	62 in [157.4 cm]
Cleaning path width (left sweep/right scrub)	67 in [170 cm]
Main brush diameter and length	11 in x 48 in [27.9 cm x 121.9 cm]
Side scrub brush (right)	16 in [40.6 cm]
Side broom sweep	20 in [50.8 cm]
Solution tank capacity (3 inches from top)	100 gal. [378L]
Recovery tank (shutoff)	100 gal. [378L]
Scrub brush pressure (three settings)	(1) 150 lbs   (2) 250 lbs   (3) 400 lbs
Main brush RPM	400 RPM @2200 engine RPM
Debris hopper volume capacity	1.5 ft³ [.04 m³]
Debris hopper weight capacity	150 lbs [68 Kg]
Weight empty	2975 lbs [1349 Kg]
Weight GVWR	4135 lbs [1875 Kg]
Minimum aisle turn	119 in [302 cm]
Transport ground clearance	3 inches [7.62 cm] when in transport
Operator sound level @ operator ear	82.4 dBA @ 2200 RPM
Vibration level @ steering wheel	does not exceed 0.80 m/s
Certification	ETL

Overall Dimensions



## Engine and Machine Performance

Engine speeds	4-cylinder 1.6L GM (gasoline and LP)	Idle - 1200 RPM
		Normal Run - 2200 RPM
		High Output Turbo - 2400 RPM
	4-cylinder 1505 Kubota Diesel	Idle - 1300 RPM
		Normal Run - 2200 RPM
		High Output Turbo - 2400 RPM
Transport speed forward		8 mph [12.8 kph]
Transport speed reverse		3 mph [4.8 kph]
Grade ability – Cleaning		6° / 10.5% - all models
Grade ability – Transporting		9° / 16% - all models

## Fastener Torque Specifications

Standard Torque Specifications (unless otherwise specified)	Size	Plated Steel	Stainless Steel
	#10	42 in.-lb.	28 in.-lb.
	1/4"	100 in.-lb.	67 in.-lb.
	5/16"	17 ft.-lb.	11 ft.-lb.
	3/8"	31 ft.-lb.	20 ft.-lb.
	1/2"	75 ft.-lb.	50 ft.-lb.
	3/4"	270 ft.-lb.	180 ft.-lb.
	M5	61 in.-lb.	36 in.-lb.
	M6	9 ft.-lb.	62 in.-lb.
	M8	22 ft.-lb.	13 ft.-lb.
	M10	44 ft.-lb.	25 ft.-lb.
	M12	70 ft.-lb.	40 ft.-lb.

## Maintenance

### Maintenance Schedule

Keep the machine in top condition by closely following the maintenance schedule. Maintenance intervals given are for average operating conditions. Machines used in severe environments may require service more often. In general:

- Keep the fuel tank filled (gasoline and diesel). This helps to reduce condensation and moisture entering the fuel system.
- Be aware of the yellow Attention Indicator light, the red Warning Indicator light and the liquid crystal display (LCD) on the Operator panel for icons and fault codes that indicate a critical or non-critical fault condition. Refer to the **Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)** section for a listing and explanation of the LCD icons and fault codes.
- Refer to the engine service manual for recommended engine service intervals and procedures.

## Recommended Service Materials

- Engine Oil (refer to your engine manual)
- Hydraulic oil (10W-30)
- Manufacturer-recommended coolant (antifreeze) 50/50 mix
- Lithium-base grease
- Loctite® (or equivalent) thread sealant in the appropriate grades
- Never-Seez® (or equivalent) anti-seize compound

## Daily Maintenance



**Caution!** Do not pressure-wash the operator control panel, electrical components or engine compartment area.

Maintenance Item	Procedure
Perform “After Use” maintenance steps	“After use” maintenance is normally the responsibility of the machine Operator. Refer to the Instructions for Use.
Engine	Check the engine oil level.
	Check the engine coolant level in the reservoir.
	Check for engine and coolant leaks.
	Check the air cleaner service indicator and service the air filter when the indicator is shown red.
Operator control panel	Check for a hydraulic filter plugged icon on the operator panel display.
Hydraulic system	Check the oil level in the hydraulic oil reservoir (level should be to bottom of screen).
	Check for any hydraulic leaks.
Recovery tank	Check that the drain hose cap is sealed.
	Drain and clean the inside of the tank; flush with clean water.
	Check the cover gasket for damage/wear.
Squeegee pick-up tool	Clean the squeegee tool; check the blades for damage/wear and deflection.
Scrub housing side skirts	Check for damage/wear.
Scrub brushes, main and right side	Check for debris wrapped around the brushes/brooms and for damage/wear.
Main and side brooms	
Wet debris hopper	Clean the hopper, debris screen and hose.
Parking brake and foot pedal brake	Check for correct operation of brakes; adjust as needed.

## Maintenance Every 15 to 20 Hours

Maintenance Item	Procedure
Battery	Check the electrolyte level in the battery.
	Check the battery cables and connections.
Solution tank filter	Inspect and clean the debris filter on the solution filter system.
EcoFlex™ and AXP™ detergent systems	Purge the detergent delivery lines.
Scrub deck skid plates	Inspect for wear (replace if worn to ¼ inch)
Scrub brushes	Rotate and flip the main scrub brushes.
DustGuard™	Clean the dust control system spray nozzles.

## Monthly Maintenance

Maintenance Item	Procedure
Squeegee caster wheel axle and pivot	Pump a small amount of grease into each grease fitting on the machine until grease seeps out around the bearings.
Steering Rack	Apply grease to lubricate.
Angle adjustment knob threads on the squeegee mount	
Squeegee tool end wheels	Apply light machine oil to lubricate.
Fuel Tank Cover Latch	
EcoFlex™ / AXP™ Cover Latch	
Recovery tank latch	
Brake Pedal (parking brake) linkage	

## Maintenance Every 150 Hours

Maintenance Item	Procedure
Engine maintenance	Change the engine oil and oil filter. *Also review the engine manufacturer's additional maintenance requirements.
Radiator and oil cooler	Inspect and clean the exterior core cooling fins.
Steering	Inspect and apply grease to the spur gear and rack.
LP fuel system electronic pressure regulator (EPR) – LP engines only	Inspect and drain any oil buildup from the LP fuel system EPR.



## Maintenance Every 400 Hours

Maintenance Item	Procedure
Air intake housing and hoses	Inspect the complete air intake system for correct routing, kinks, restrictions, sound tight connections, holes and cracks in hoses.
Hydraulic hoses	Inspect for leaks, wear, cracking and kinks.
Battery	Check electrolyte level; check terminals for corrosion, loose connections.
Fuel Filter	Replace fuel filter cartridge (located before injector pump).
	Replace the fuel filter at the electronic fuel pump.

## Maintenance Every 800 to 1000 Hours

Maintenance Item	Procedure
Engine maintenance (Gasoline and LPG only)	Change the spark plugs.
Radiator	Flush and refill radiator with 50/50 mix of water and antifreeze.
Hydraulic oil reservoir	Change the reservoir oil and filter.

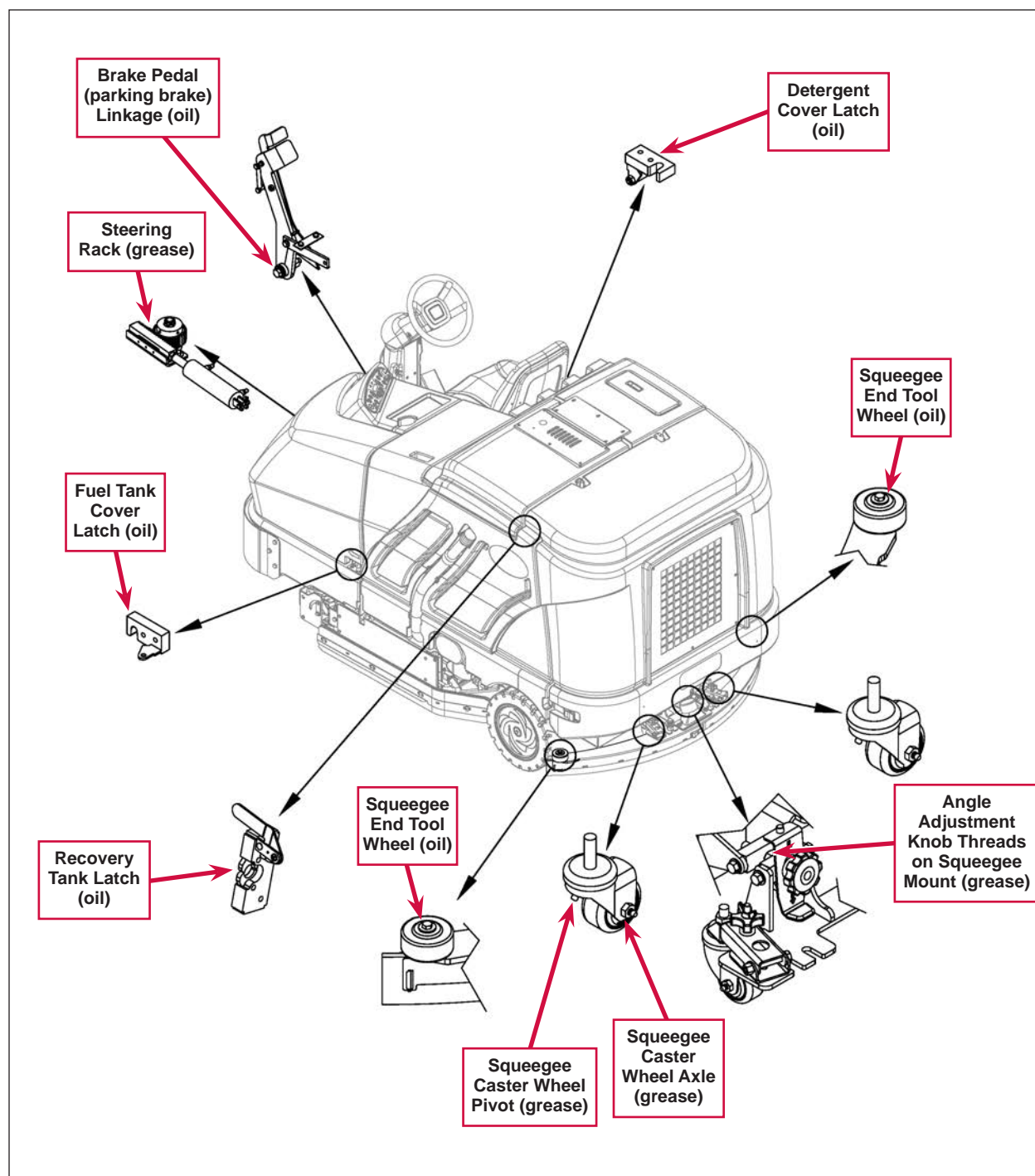
## Maintenance Every 2000 Hours

Maintenance Item	Procedure
Engine maintenance (LPG and diesel only)	* Review the engine manufacturer's additional maintenance requirements.



**\*Note:** The engine maintenance schedule shown lists the recommended engine service intervals. Refer to the **Other Reference Manuals and Information Sources / Engine Manufacturers' Technical Manuals** section for list of available engine manufacturers' service manuals. Refer to these manuals for more complete maintenance and service information and instructions.

## Lubrication Points



# Advance Condor XL 48/60/62/67 and Nilfisk ER 1300/1600 PM Checklist

Customer \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ St \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_

Model \_\_\_\_\_ Serial \_\_\_\_\_ Hours \_\_\_\_\_

## Defect Codes

- A** needs adjustment
- B** binding
- C** dirty or contaminated
- D** damaged, bent or torn
- L** leaks
- M** missing
- W** worn out

Ref	OPERATIONAL INSPECTION ITEMS	OK	Defect Codes (circle)	Does Not Work
1	Check drive pedal sensor operation (to test depress drive pedal and start the engine, it should not start.)		A B C	
2	Engine starting with pedal in neutral (if it will not start check pedal calibration programming)		A	
3	Engine idle speed, GM/1200 RPM and Kubota/1300 RPM		A rough	
4	Normal operational speed (run switch setting) 2200 RPM		A low power	
5	Turbo high-speed (hold 2200 RPM switch setting for 2 sec. to enter ) 2400 RPM			
6	Drive pedal linkage (check for Fwd/Rev drive and any neutral creep)		A B	
7	Drive system performance (max Fwd 8 mph)		Noisy sluggish	
8	Brakes (check both service and parking)		A B W	
9	Steering		excessive play	
10	Right side scrub brush raise/lower (model option if equipped)		B D L	
11	Right side scrub brush on/off (must have main scrub turned on)		B L	
12	Side sweep broom(s) raise/lower (model option if equipped)		A B	
13	Side broom(s) on/off		B L	
14	Dust guard (sweep dust control) On/Off (model option if equipped)		A C L	
15	Scrub system (Raise/Lower and auto scrubbing functions)		<----->	
16	Main scrub brushes On/Off (will drift)		<----->	
17	Scrub Brush (pressure settings 1, 2 and 3)		A B	
18	Solution control (On/Off and flow volume min/max)		C D	
19	Test and purge the detergent EcoFlex™ / AXP™ system (if so equipped)		C L W	
20	Squeegee system (raise/lower and auto lift in reverse)		<----->	
21	Vacuum Performance (Sealed water lift 34" @ 2200 RPM)		C L	
22	Headlights, gauges and (optional) accessories rotating beacon, backup alarm		<----->	
23	Tilt steering mechanism and seat adjustment lever		<----->	

Ref	VISUAL INSPECTION ITEMS	Comments	OK	Defect Codes (circle)	Does Not Work
24	Side sweep broom(s) bristles	min wear 3 inches		A B D W	
25	Side broom motor(s)			B L	
26	Scrub brush motor(s)	Right scrub brush		B L	
27	Main scrub brushes, check for wear and rotate (1.75" length)	Min wear .875 inches		D W	
28	Scrub deck housing and door skirts			C D W	
29	Solution system pumps and solenoid valves	as many as four pumps		C L W	
30	Solution tank, delivery hoses and filter	clean filter screen		C L M	
31	Vacuum impeller motor and hose			C L D	
32	Recovery tank screen and float	clean screen		B C	
33	Recovery tank cover gasket			D L W	
34	Recovery tank drain hose and cap			C D L M	
35	Squeegee pick-up hose	back flush		C L	

Ref	VISUAL INSPECTION ITEMS (continued)	Comments	OK	Defect Codes (circle)	Does Not Work
36	Squeegee tool and blades	clean and rotate		C D W	
37	Squeegee casters, leveler adjustment knob and linkage	grease		C W	
38	Hydraulic lift cylinders (squeegee, right side and main scrub deck)			B L	
39	Battery	clean and water		C	
40	Engine, oil level, hoses and belts			C D L	
41	Engine air cleaner element (inner and outer)	check service indicator		C L	
42	Engine coolant level	fill at reservoir		C L	
43	Radiator and oil cooler core blockage	clean		C D L	
44	Hydraulic oil reservoir level (10W-30 engine oil only)	to bottom of screen		C L	
45	Hydraulic system hoses and fittings			L	
46	Propulsion (drive) pump dump valve (tow valve)			B D	
47	Propulsion drive and accessory pump			L	
48	Propulsion pump hydroback cable and clevis connections			A B D	
49	Propulsion pump hydraulic filter			C L	
50	Gasoline/Diesel fuel tank, filter and lines			C L W	
51	LP tank, hoses and fittings			L W	
52	LP fuel filter	service life 1500 Hrs		C	
53	LP fuel regulator, lock-off valve and hoses			L	
54	Diesel glow plug function light	hard starting		<----->	
55	Gasoline and Diesel fuel tank strainer	yearly		C	
56	Brake cable and parking brake pedal			A B	
57	Circuit breaker panel			D M W	
58	Front tire (check lug nut torque 100 ft-lbs/135Nm)			A	
59	Front drive wheel motor, steer spindle, rack and cylinder	grease pinion and rack		D L W	
60	Front and rear tires	tread wear		C W	
61	Scrub housing debris hopper (tray)	clean		C	
62	Scrub housing recovery hose and pick-up screen	back flush/clean		C	
63	Dust guard spray nozzles and strainers	clean		C L W	

**Note: For additional service information see the Service Manual, form number 56042157, and Instructions for Use, form number 56091002 (Condor XL) or 56091008 (ER 1300/1600).**

<b>Defect Codes</b>	<b>A</b> needs adjustment	<b>C</b> dirty or contaminated	<b>M</b> missing
	<b>B</b> binding	<b>D</b> damaged, bent or torn	<b>W</b> worn out
		<b>L</b> leaks	

WORK COMPLETED BY:

ACKNOWLEDGED BY:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Service Technician Signature

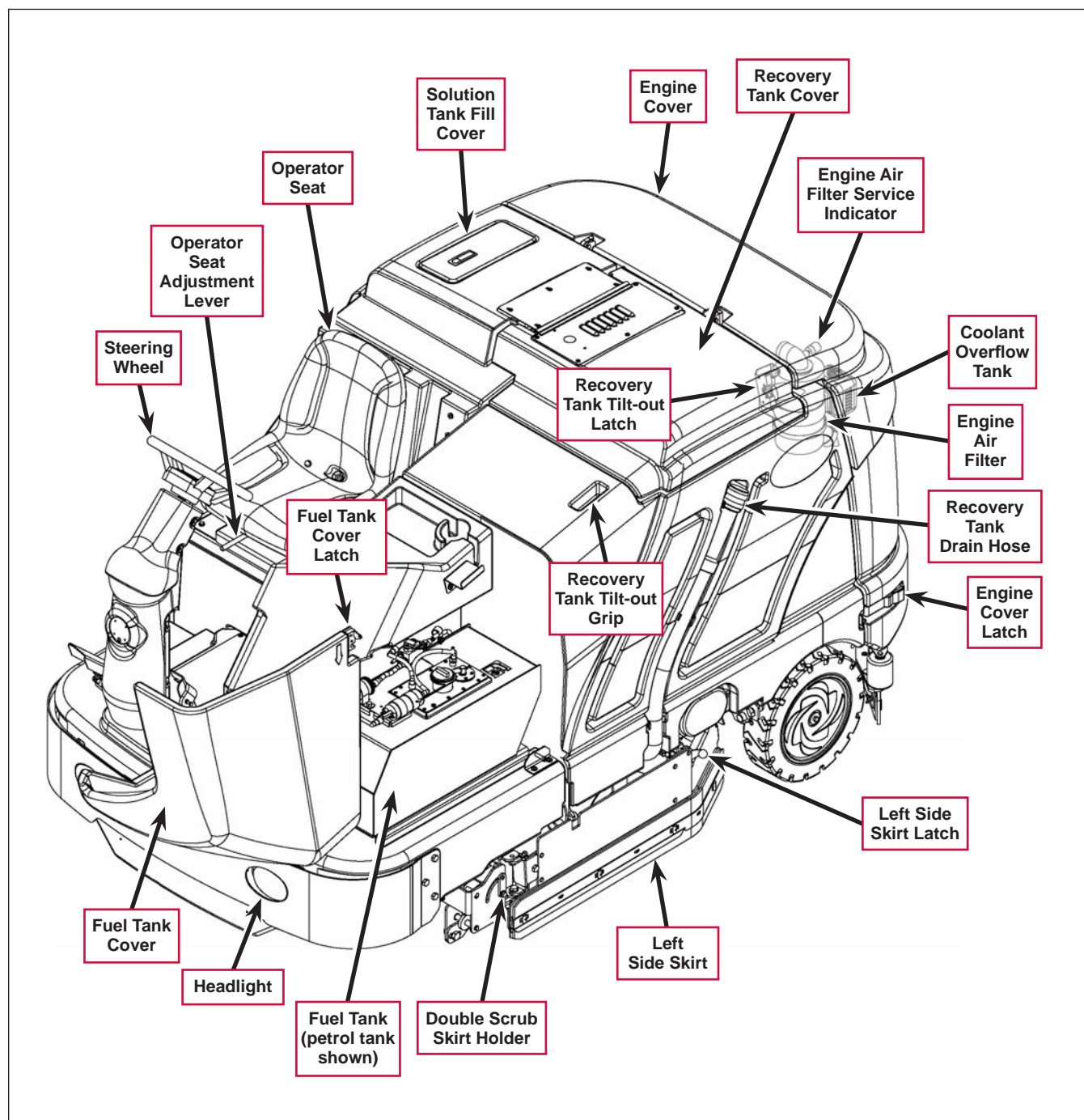
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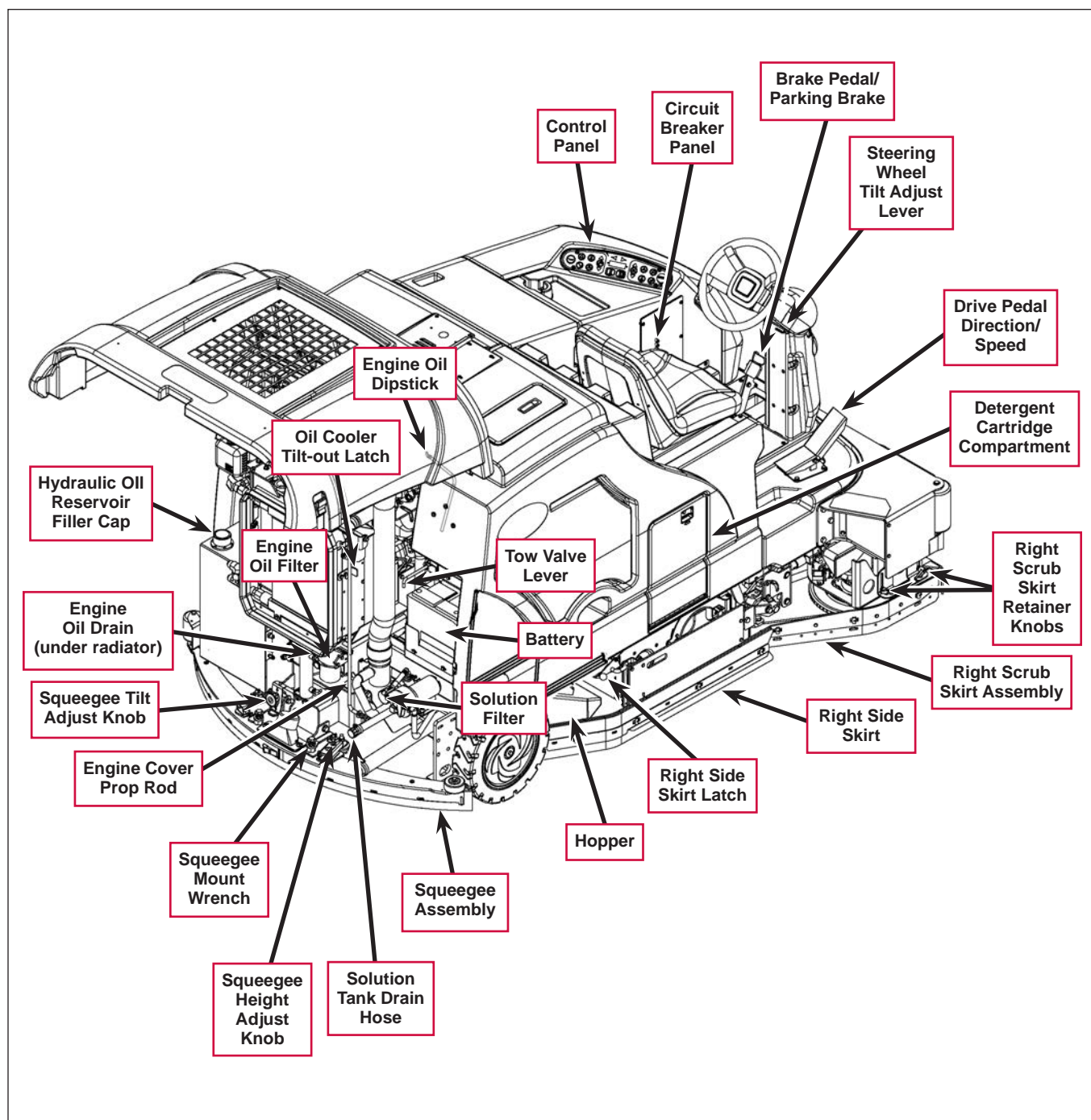
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Customer Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

## General Machine Overview

### Major Machine Components

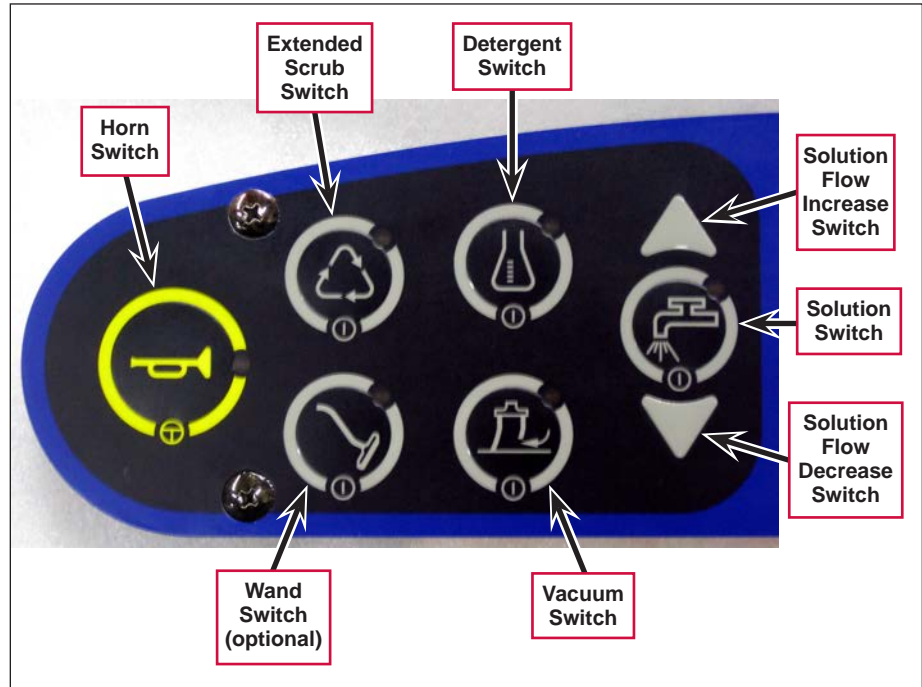






## Control Panel Switches, Old Style Control Panel

- **Horn Switch** – sounds the horn when pressed.
- **Extended Scrub Switch** – enables the optional extended scrub (recycle) function.
- **Detergent Switch** – enables and disables the detergent system (on models so equipped).
- **Solution Flow Increase Switch** – increases the solution flow rate one level when pressed. Note that the LCD will display the solution flow rate (one to five bars).
- **Solution Switch** – enables and disables the solution system.

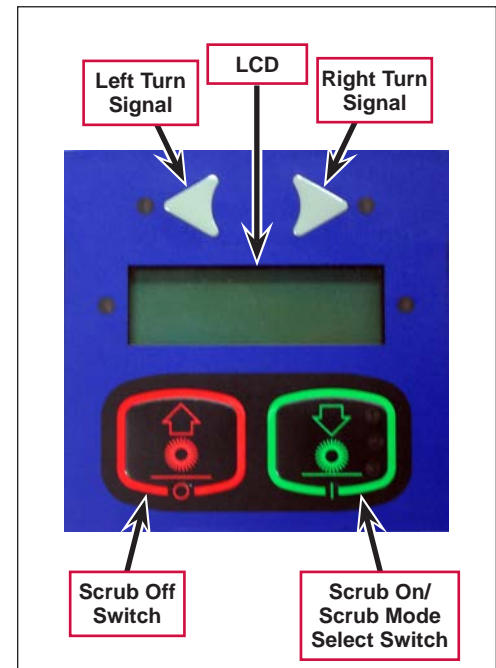


- **Solution Flow Decrease Switch** – decreases the solution flow rate one level when pressed.
- **Vacuum Switch** – enables and disables the vacuum system and lowers the squeegee.
- **Wand Switch** – enables and disables the vacuum wand.

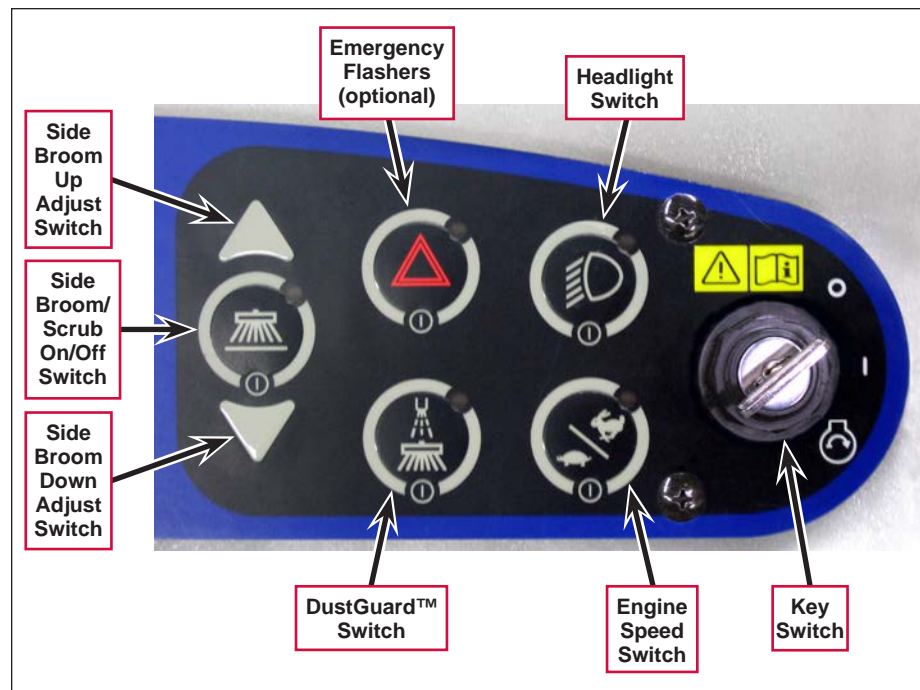
- **Left and Right Turn Signal** – (optional) switch on the corresponding turn signal.
- **LCD (liquid crystal display)** – displays the various machine status icons and informational displays.
- **Scrub On/Scrub Mode Select Switch** – enables the scrub, solution and recovery systems, and the side broom/brush system and detergent system (if the machine is so equipped). Note that the scrub brush pressure and solution flow will be at their lowest levels. The scrub brushes will run, the solution will flow and the squeegee vacuum will turn on when the machine begins moving forward.

Pressing the **Scrub On/Scrub Mode Select Switch** with the scrub system enabled will increase the scrub pressure and corresponding solution flow one step each time the switch is pressed.

- **Scrub Off Switch** – switches off the scrub, solution and recovery systems, and the detergent system (if the machine is so equipped).



- **Side Broom Up Adjust Switch** – raises the side broom(s).
- **Side Broom/Scrub On/Off Switch** – enables and disables the side broom(s) and/or right side scrub system (on machines so equipped). Note that when the side broom(s)/scrub brush system is enabled, the DustGuard™ spray system will also switch on automatically. Also note that when the side broom(s)/scrub brush system is enabled, the broom(s)/brush will return to their last-used position.
- **Side Broom Down Adjust Switch** – lowers the side broom(s).



- **Emergency Flashers** – switches on the emergency flashers (if the machine is so equipped).
- **Headlight Switch** – switches on the headlights.
- **DustGuard™ Switch** – enables and disables the DustGuard™ spray nozzles (on models so equipped). Note that if the machine is equipped with an extended scrub system, the DustGuard™ nozzles will shut off when the machine runs out of clean solution.
- **Engine Speed Switch** – selects the engine speed as follows:
  - Pressing the switch with the engine idling (1200 RPM – petrol and LPG, 1300 RPM – diesel) will increase the engine speed to the normal transport/scrub speed (2200 RPM).
  - Pressing the switch with the engine at normal operating speed will return the engine speed to idle.
  - Pressing and holding the switch for two seconds with the engine at normal operating speed will increase the engine speed to the “Turbo” speed (2400 RPM).
  - Pressing the switch with the engine at “Turbo” speed will return the engine to normal operating speed (2200 RPM).

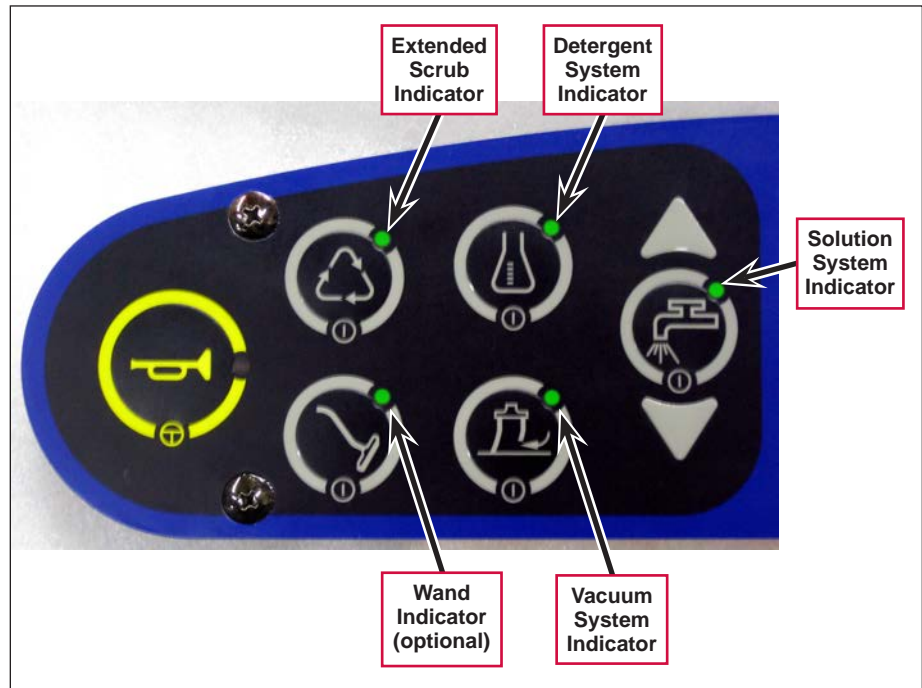


**Note:** The Condor XL and the ER 1300/1300 have an automatic idle feature that will reduce the engine speed to idle when the foot pedal has been in the neutral position for 20 seconds or more. The selected engine speed will automatically resume when the foot pedal is moved from neutral. If the **Engine Speed Switch** is pressed while in idle-override, the automatic idle feature will be temporarily disabled until the next time the foot pedal is moved from the neutral position. This can be useful during troubleshooting, or if you want to run the machine at full speed to warm it up.

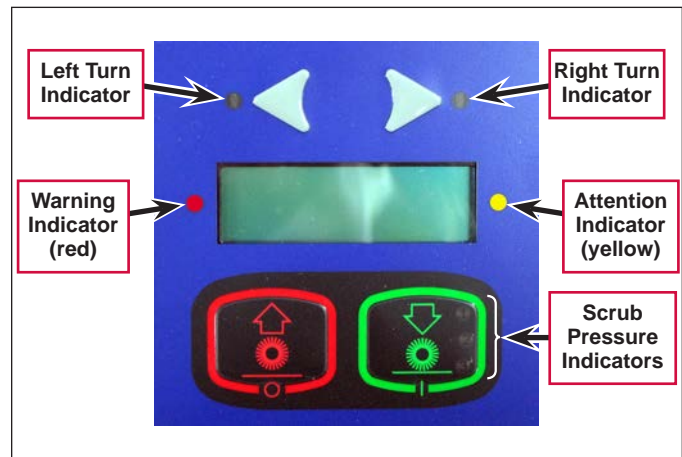
- **Key Switch** – main power/ignition switch.

## Control Panel Indicators, Old Style Control Panel

- **Extended Scrub Indicator** – indicates that the optional extended scrub system is enabled.
- **Detergent System Indicator** – indicates that the detergent system is enabled.
- **Solution System Indicator** – indicates that the solution system is enabled.
- **Vacuum System Indicator** – indicates that the recovery vacuum system and squeegee are enabled.
- **Wand Indicator** – indicates that the optional vacuum wand is enabled.



- **Left and Right Turn Indicators** – indicate that the corresponding turn signal is flashing.
- **Warning Indicator** – lights in conjunction with the LCD to alert the Operator of a warning or fault condition.
- **Attention Indicator** – lights in conjunction with the LCD to alert the Operator of a machine condition requiring attention.
- **Scrub Pressure Indicators (1, 2 and 3)** – indicate the current scrub pressure.



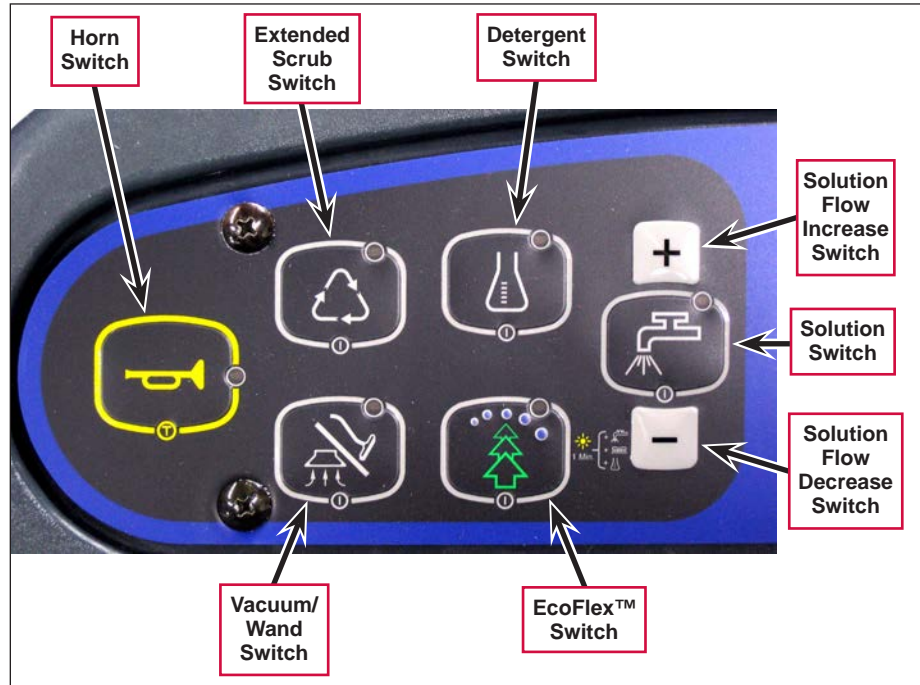
- **Side Broom Brush/Broom Indicator** – indicates that the side broom/brush system is enabled.
- **Emergency Flasher Indicator** – indicates that the emergency flashers are switched on.
- **Headlight Indicator** – indicates that the headlights are switched on.
- **DustGuard™ Indicator** – indicates that the DustGuard™ system is enabled.
- **Engine Speed Indicator** – indicates that the engine is at either normal operating speed or “Turbo” speed. The light will be off when the engine is off or at idle.





## Control Panel Switches, New Style Control Panel

- **Horn Switch** – sounds the horn when pressed.
- **Extended Scrub Switch** – enables the optional extended scrub (recycle) function.
- **Detergent Switch** – enables and disables the detergent system (on models so equipped).
- **Solution Flow Increase Switch** – increases the solution flow rate one level when pressed. Note that the LCD will display the solution flow rate (one to five bars).
- **Solution Switch** – enables and disables the solution system.



- **Solution Flow Decrease Switch** – decreases the solution flow rate one level when pressed.
- **EcoFlex™ Switch** – functions as follows:

- On Machines Equipped with EcoFlex™:

The machine will default to the EcoFlex™ cleaning mode (the EcoFlex™ indicator will be on) to conserve solution and detergent. Pressing the **EcoFlex™ Switch** temporarily overrides the EcoFlex™ cleaning settings and does the following:

- Increases the scrub pressure to the next highest scrub pressure,
- Increases the solution flow to the next highest flow rate, and,
- Increases the detergent ratio to the next highest concentration.

The EcoFlex™ indicator will blink, and the scrub pressure, solution flow and detergent concentration will remain at these higher levels for 60 seconds. After 60 seconds, the scrub pressure, solution flow and detergent concentration will return to their previous settings, and the EcoFlex™ indicator will stop blinking.



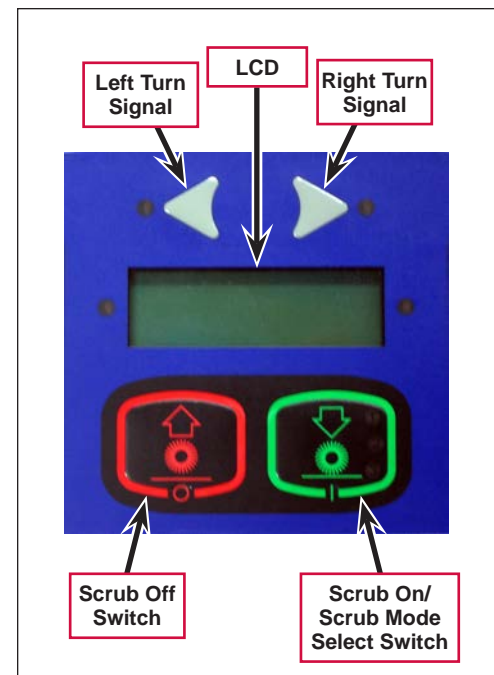
**Note:** Pressing and holding the **EcoFlex™ Switch** for two seconds enables the full concentration detergent cleaning mode. The only way to re-enable the EcoFlex™ mode is to push the **EcoFlex™ Switch** again. Cycling the key switch does not re-enable the system. The EcoFlex™ system will only function if the scrub system is enabled.

- On Machines Not Equipped with EcoFlex™, the **EcoFlex™ Switch** is not functional.
- **Vacuum/Wand Switch** – enables and disables on the vacuum system.

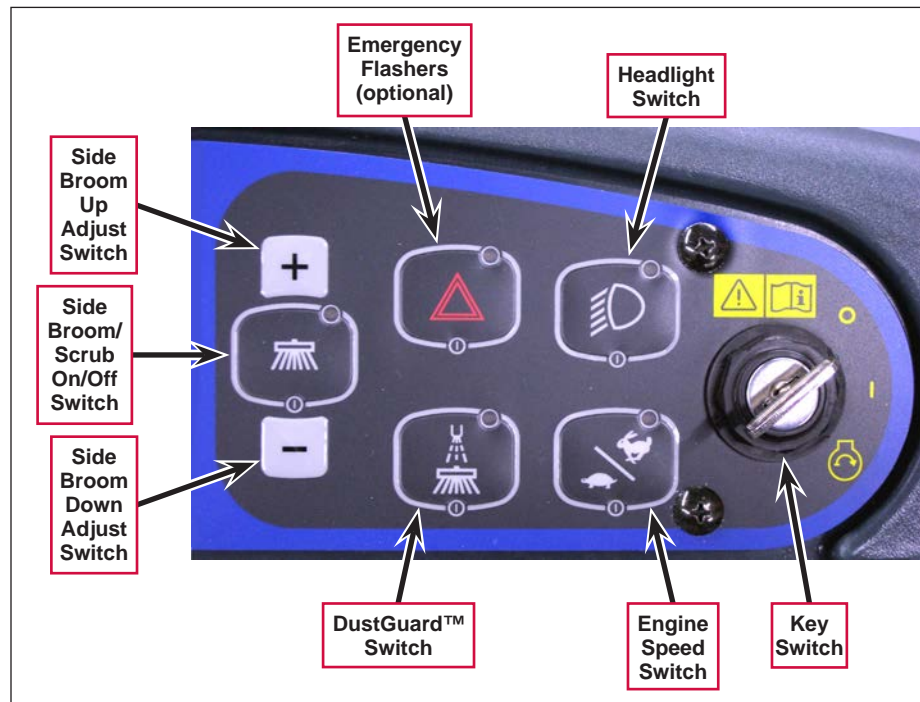
- **Left and Right Turn Signal** – (optional) switch on the corresponding turn signal.
- **LCD (liquid crystal display)** – displays the various machine status icons and informational displays.
- **Scrub On/Scrub Mode Select Switch** – enables the scrub, solution and recovery systems, and the side broom/brush system and detergent system (if the machine is so equipped). Note that the scrub brush pressure and solution flow will be at their lowest levels. The scrub brushes will run, the solution will flow and the squeegee vacuum will turn on when the machine begins moving forward.

Pressing the **Scrub On/Scrub Mode Select Switch** with the scrub system enabled will increase the scrub pressure and corresponding solution flow one step each time the switch is pressed.

- **Scrub Off Switch** – switches off the scrub, solution and recovery systems, and the detergent system (if the machine is so equipped).



- **Side Broom Up Adjust Switch** – raises the side broom(s).
- **Side Broom/Scrub On/Off Switch** – enables and disables the side broom(s) and/or right side scrub system. Note that when the side broom(s)/scrub brush system is enabled, the DustGuard™ spray system will also switch on automatically. Also note that when the side broom(s)/scrub brush system is enabled, the broom(s)/brush will return to their last-used position.
- **Side Broom Down Adjust Switch** – lowers the side broom(s).



- **Emergency Flashers** – switches on the emergency flashers (if the machine is so equipped).
- **Headlight Switch** – switches on the headlights.
- **DustGuard™ Switch** – enables and disables the DustGuard™ spray nozzles. Note that if the machine is equipped with an extended scrub system, the DustGuard™ nozzles will shut off when the machine runs out of clean solution.

- **Engine Speed Switch** – selects the engine speed as follows:
  - Pressing the switch with the engine idling (1200 RPM – petrol and LPG, 1300 RPM – diesel) will increase the engine speed to the normal transport/scrub speed (2200 RPM).
  - Pressing the switch with the engine at normal operating speed will return the engine speed to idle.
  - Pressing and holding the switch for two seconds with the engine at normal operating speed will increase the engine speed to the “Turbo” speed (2400 RPM).
  - Pressing the switch with the engine at “Turbo” speed will return the engine to normal operating speed (2200 RPM).

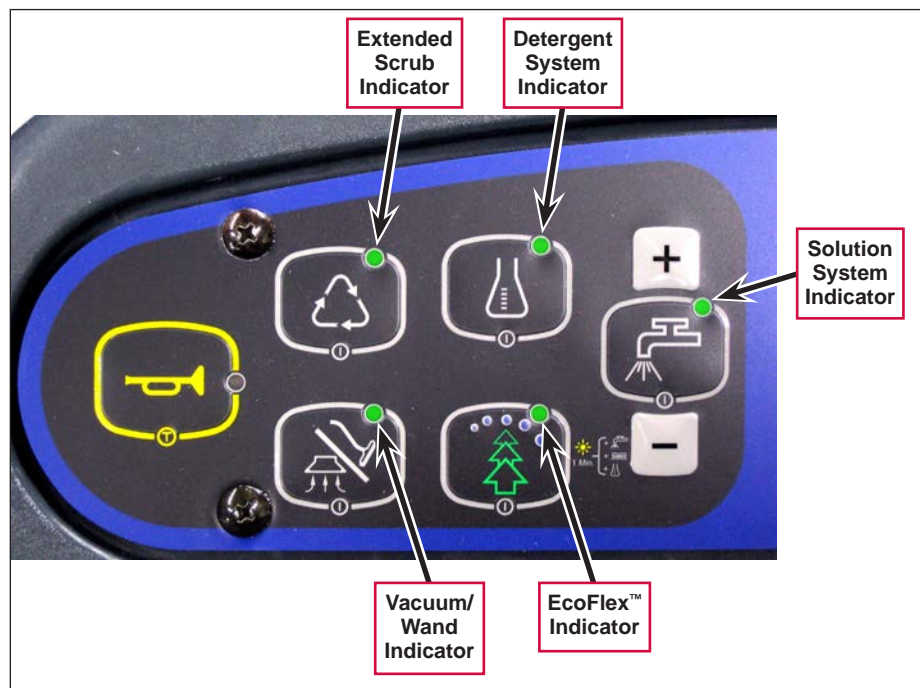


**Note:** The Condor XL and the ER 1300/1300 have an automatic idle feature that will reduce the engine speed to idle when the foot pedal has been in the neutral position for 20 seconds or more. The selected engine speed will automatically resume when the foot pedal is moved from neutral. If the **Engine Speed Switch** is pressed while in idle-override, the automatic idle feature will be temporarily disabled until the next time the foot pedal is moved from the neutral position. This can be useful during troubleshooting, or if you want to run the machine at full speed to warm it up.

- **Key Switch** – main power/ignition switch.

### Control Panel Indicators, New Style Control Panel

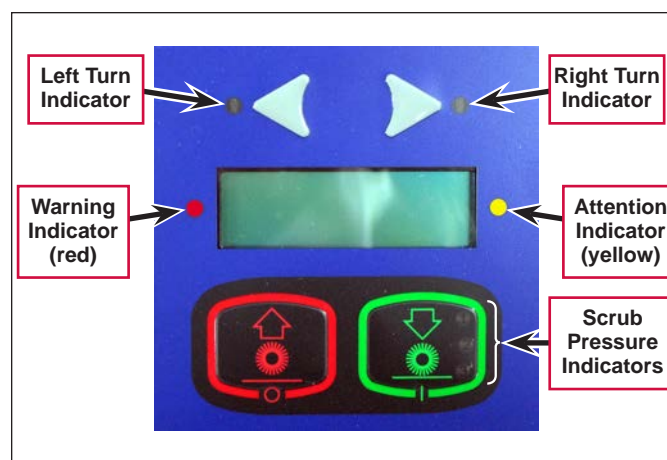
- **Extended Scrub Indicator** – indicates that the optional extended scrub system is enabled.
- **Detergent System Indicator** – indicates that the detergent system is enabled.
- **Solution System Indicator** – indicates that the solution system is enabled.
- **EcoFlex™ Indicator** – functions as follows:



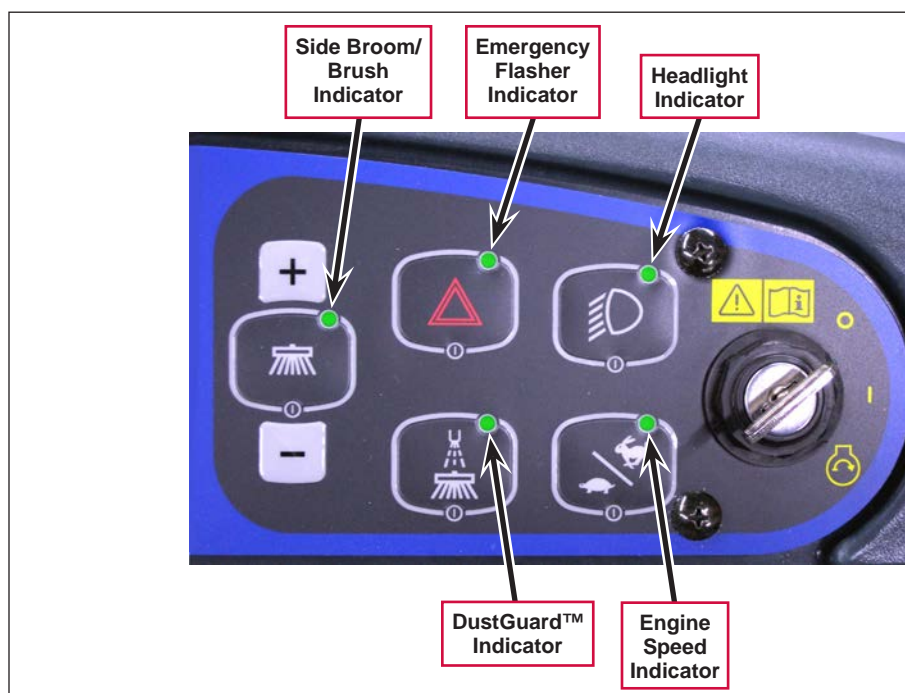
- The indicator lights steadily during normal EcoFlex™ operation.
- The indicator flashes to indicate the 60-second burst of power override that increases the scrub pressure, solution flow and detergent concentration settings.
- The indicator switches off when the EcoFlex™ system is off and the machine is in the maximum concentration detergent mode.
- **Vacuum/Wand Indicator** – indicates that the vacuum system is enabled.



- **Left and Right Turn Indicators** – indicate that the corresponding turn signal is flashing.
- **Warning Indicator** – lights in conjunction with the LCD to alert the Operator of a warning or fault condition.
- **Attention Indicator** – lights in conjunction with the LCD to alert the Operator of a machine condition requiring attention.
- **Scrub Pressure Indicators (1, 2 and 3)** – indicate the current scrub pressure.



- **Side Broom Brush/Broom Indicator** – indicates that the side broom/brush system is enabled.
- **Emergency Flasher Indicator** – indicates that the emergency flashers are switched on.
- **Headlight Indicator** – indicates that the headlights are switched on.
- **DustGuard™ Indicator** – indicates that the DustGuard™ system is enabled.
- **Engine Speed Indicator** – indicates that the engine is at either normal operating speed or “Turbo” speed. The light will be off when the engine is off or at idle.



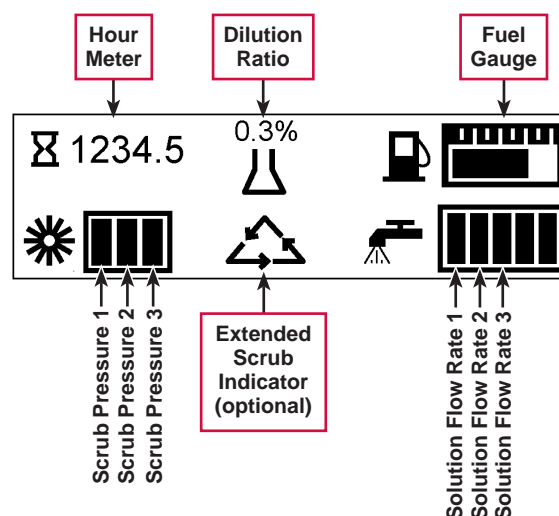
## Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)

### General Displays

The LCD shows the total sweep/scrub time on the hour meter, the fuel gauge, the current scrub pressure and the current solution flow rate.

If the machine is equipped with an EcoFlex™, EDS™ or AXP™ system, the display will also show the detergent system icon and current dilution ratio.

If the machine is equipped with an extended scrub system, the display will show the extended scrub indicator when the system is enabled.

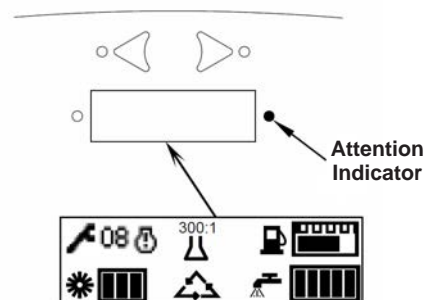


### Attention and Warning Displays


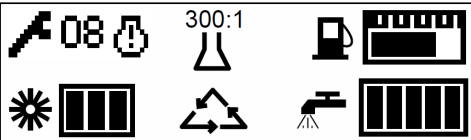
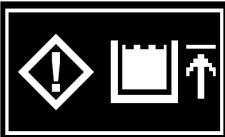
The driver box (main control board) will switch on the yellow attention indicator light or the red warning indicator light and display the appropriate icon to communicate specific monitored operational (modes) activities to the machine operator.

#### Attention Displays

Example: The main controller board shows the non-critical controller fault code icon with a two-digit code (08) and wrench symbol. This is a non-critical fault code that indicates the right side scrub solution solenoid valve is over its current limit. The right side scrub system will shut off but the rest of the machine systems will continue to operate.

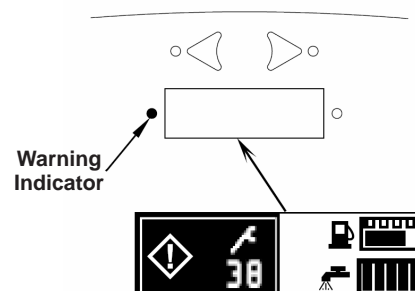




Icon	Condition	Display Icon
Solution Level Low	The float switch in the solution tank is indicating that the solution tank is empty. Fill the solution tank to clear the warning indicator and icon.	
Hydraulic Filter Plugged	The hydraulic filter needs to be replaced (serviced). Note that the oil temperature must be above 100 degrees F for a plugged filter to activate the icon. (This prevents a false indication with cold oil start-ups.)	


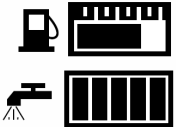
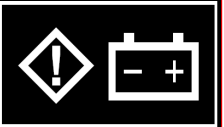
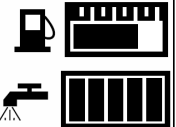

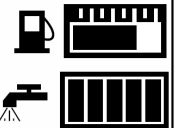

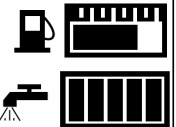

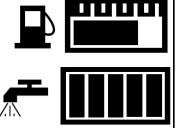

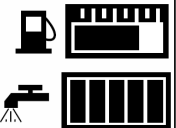
Icon	Condition	Display Icon
Diesel Glow Plug Start	The key switch is in the run position and the glow plugs are activated (heating up) for their timed 10 seconds. The engine can be cranked to start when the yellow attention light and display icon go out.	
Controller Non-critical Fault	The driver box (main control board) has sensed specific system component failure(s) and displays a two-digit number and the wrench symbol. See the <b>Control System/Main Control Board Fault Codes</b> for a description of the fault codes and recommended troubleshooting procedures. Note that when non-critical faults exist, hour meter will be displayed in rotation with faults,	
Recovery Tank Full	The tank float has sensed a high water level. The operator needs to empty the waste water from the tank. If tank is empty and the icon is displayed, service (clean) the tank float (it could be stuck). Also check the float circuit wiring for an open.	

### Warning Displays

Example: The main controller board shows the engine service icon with a two-digit fault code (38) and wrench symbol. This is a critical engine fault code that indicates the main control board received a run-inhibit signal from the ECM (gasoline and LP) or governor (diesel) that will shut down the engine.

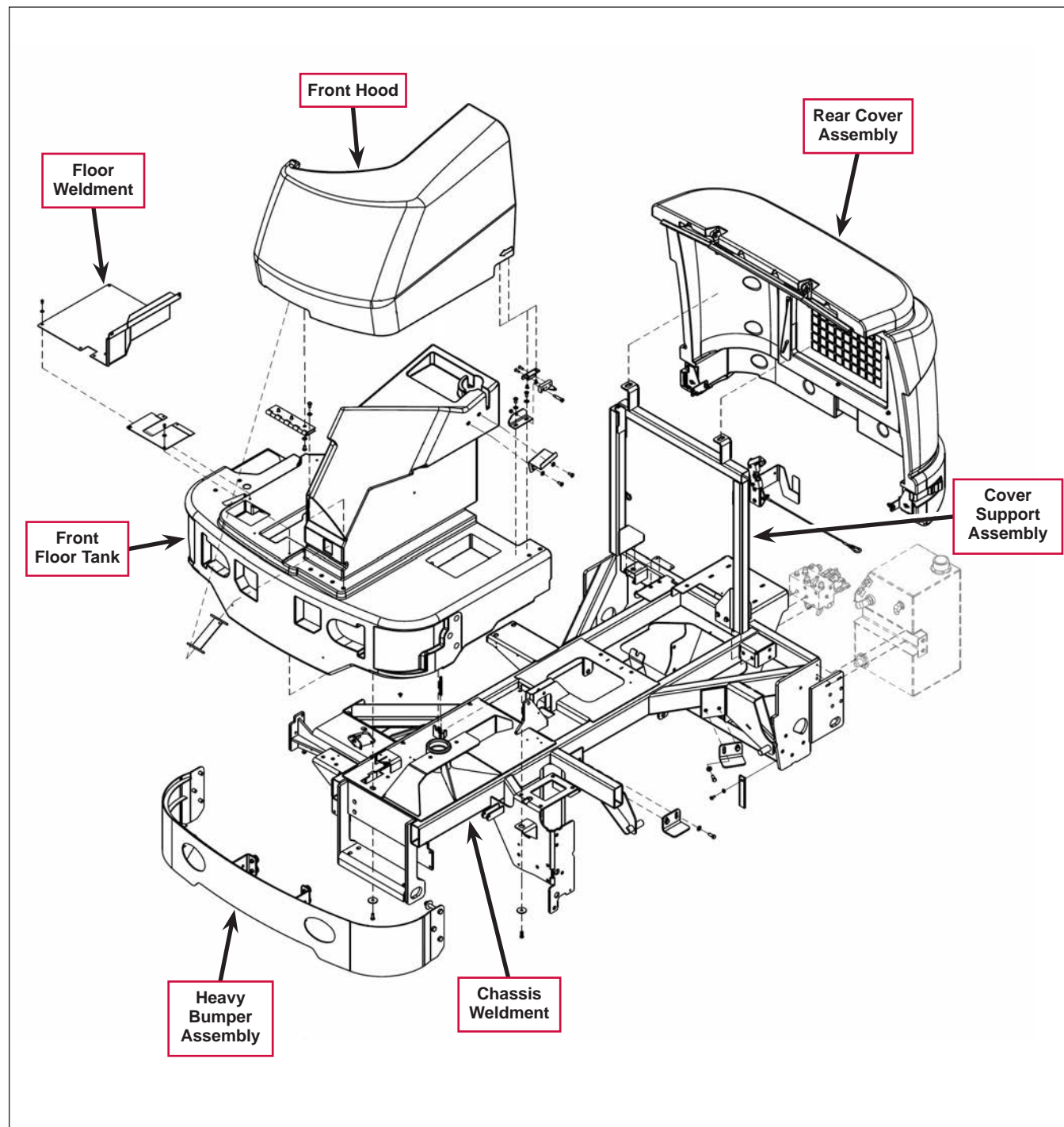


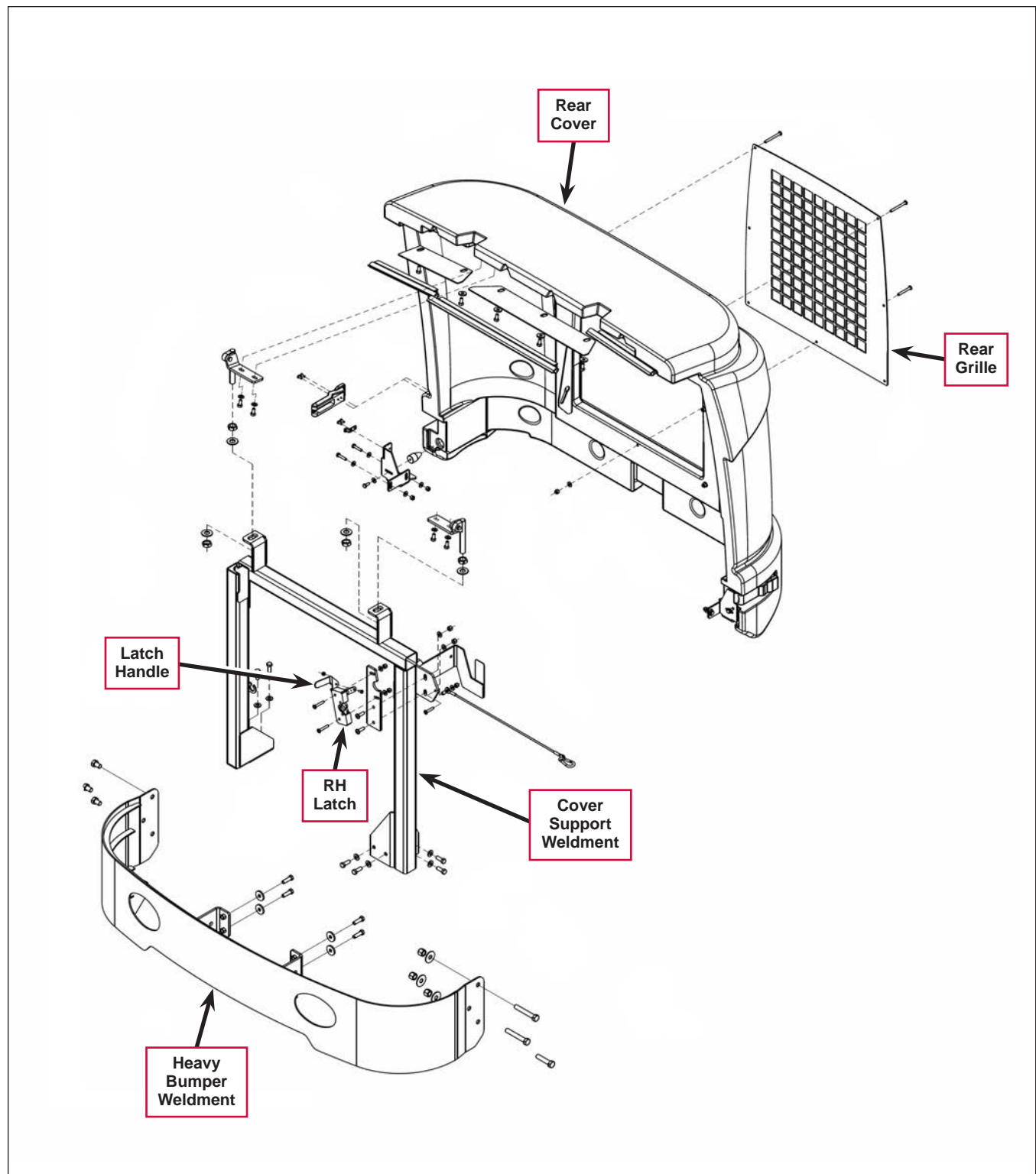
Icon	Condition	Display Icon
Parking Brake Engaged	The parking brake is engaged. The icon and warning light will disappear when the Operator releases the brake.	
Diesel Oil Pressure	Low engine oil pressure in the diesel engine is sensed. Check for possible causes for low oil pressure such as engine crankcase level is low, incorrect oil viscosity, fault in oil pressure switch S28, excessive engine wear or defective internal oil pump (relief valve). Note that this icon display is for the Kubota diesel engine only. The GM 1.6L has a low oil pressure monitor that is activated through the engine service display icon.	

Icon	Condition	Display Icon
Engine Service	The GM 1.6L engines ECM (electronic control module) has activated an engine fault code. See the <a href="#">Engine System, Gasoline/LPG / Engine Diagnostics</a> section for more detailed diagnostic help.	 
Battery Low	Low battery voltage. Check the alternator output; test the battery; clean and tighten the cables.	 
Controller Critical Fault	The main control board has sensed a specific system component failure(s) and displays a two-digit number with a wrench icon. See the <a href="#">Control System/ Main Control Board Fault Codes</a> section for code descriptions and recommended troubleshooting procedures. Note that some critical faults will prevent the operation of certain machine functions.	 
Hydraulic Temperature	The hydraulic oil temperature has exceeded an average operating temperature greater than 220 degrees F. for longer than 15 seconds. Possible causes include low oil level in the reservoir, debris blocking airflow at the oil cooler or hydraulic component overloads.	 
Low Fuel	The fuel sensors read low fuel levels from the liquid fuel tank (gasoline/diesel) or low pressure from the LP storage cylinder. Refill the gasoline/diesel tank (10-gallon capacity). Replace the LP cylinder (33-pound liquid capacity).	 
Engine Coolant Temperature	High coolant temperature sensed has caused an engine fault. Check for low coolant level in the radiator, debris blocking airflow through the radiator, fan damage, loose fan belt, leaks, bad engine water pump, engine overload at high ambient temperature.	 

## Chassis System

### Major Chassis Components







# Control System

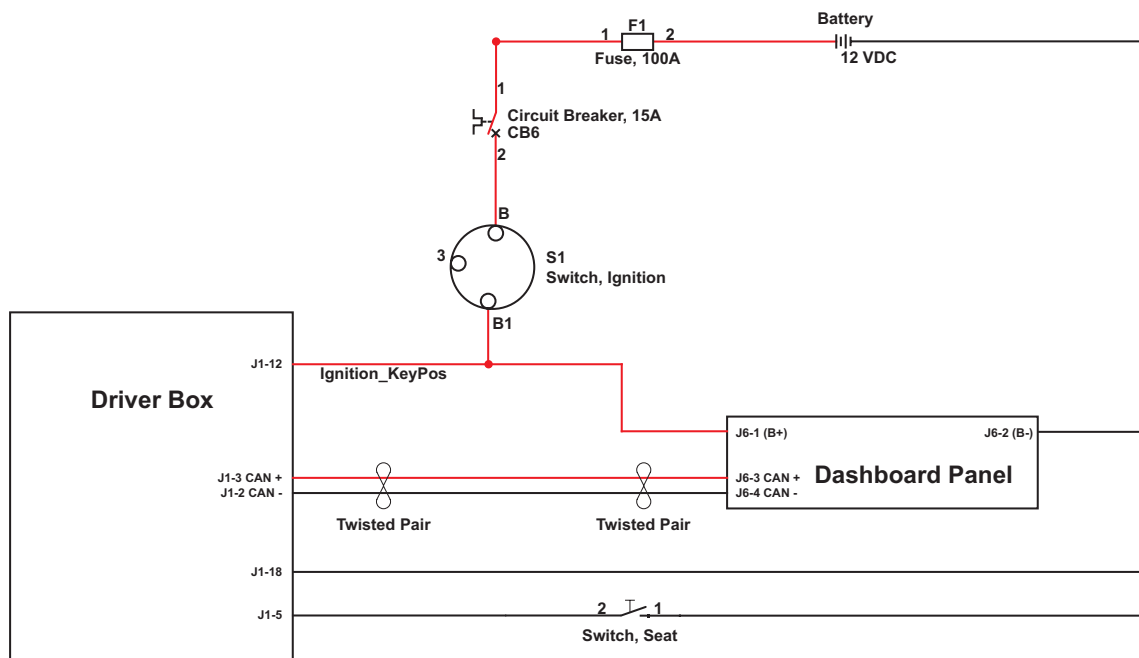
## Functional Description

### Overview

The Control System includes the Driver Box (main controller) and the Dashboard Panel. The Dashboard Panel communicates with the Driver Box via a CAN Bus. The Driver Box controls the machine electrical and hydraulic systems by actuating the appropriate pumps and solenoid valves to perform the required scrubbing, sweeping and drive functions.

The Driver Box communicates with the Engine System controller on the GM engine, and the APECS 3000 Governor on the Kubota diesel to monitor engine parameters. The Driver Box also communicates with the Relay PCB which provides the engine start and run signals.

### Control System Wiring Diagram

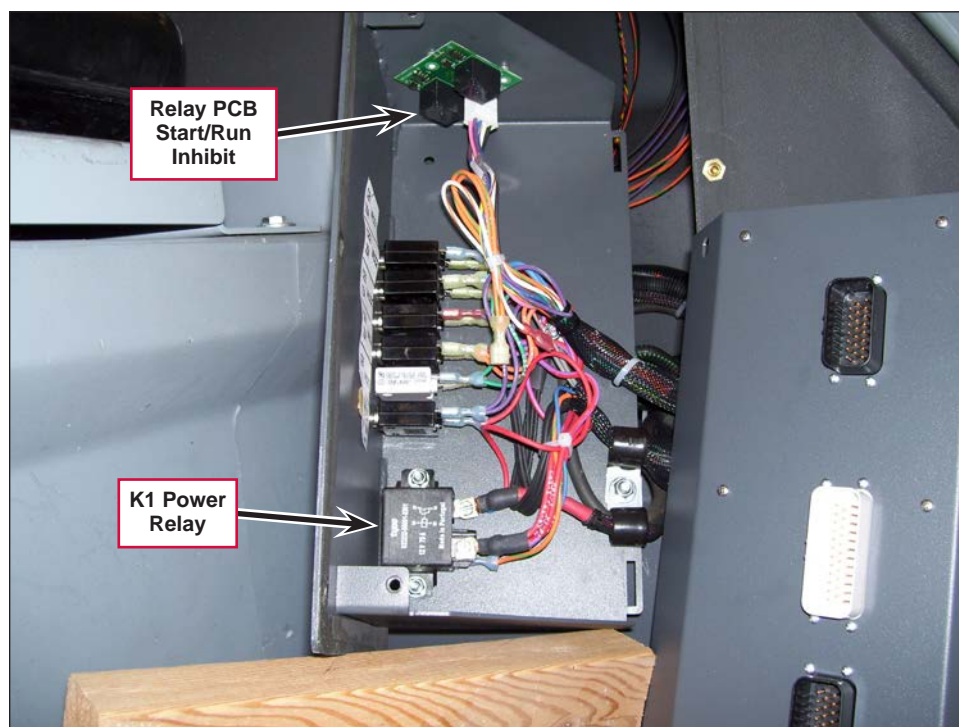
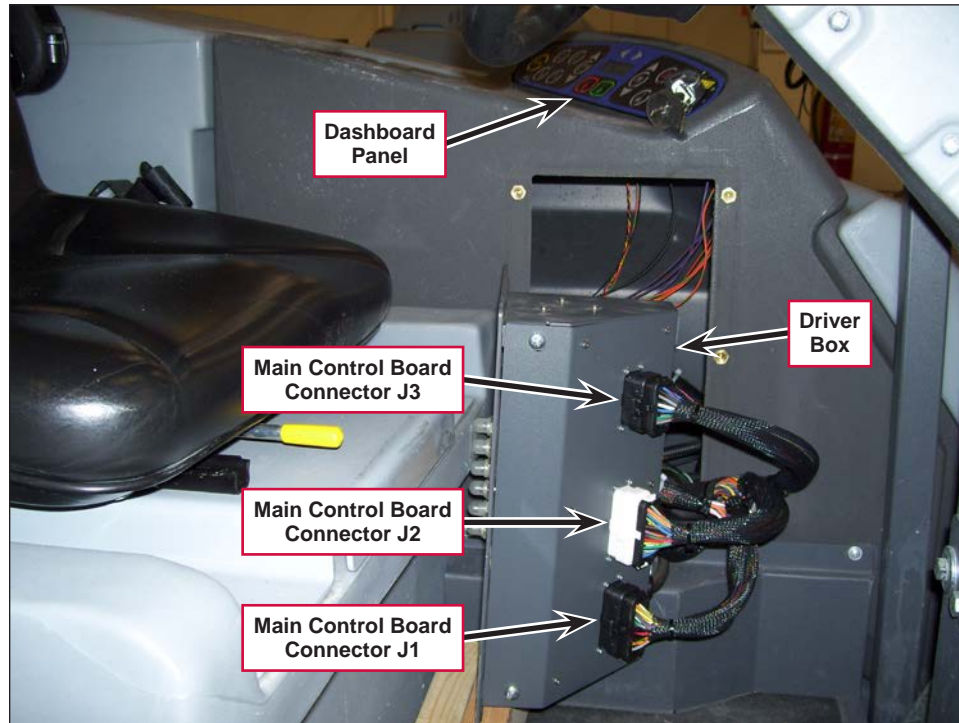


### Circuit Description

The Key Switch must be on to provide power to the **Driver Box** and **Dashboard Panel**. The **Driver Box** and **Dashboard Panel** communicate over the CAN Bus.



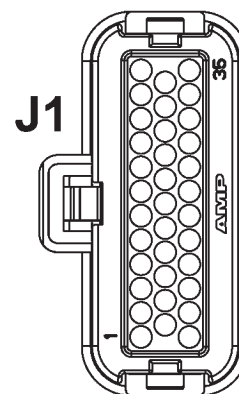
## Component Locations



## Control Board (Driver Box) Connectors

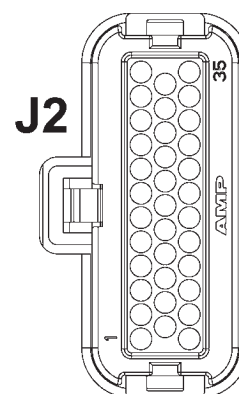
### J1 Main Control Board Connectors

Pin#	Wire#	Color	Type	Goes To
J1-1	18-1	GRA	Input	Engine control module output
J1-2	20-1	BLK/YEL	-CANbus	User interface panel (membrane switches)
J1-3	20-1	ORN/BLK	+CANbus	User interface panel (membrane switches)
J1-4				Open
J1-5	18-3	YEL	Input	Seat Switch (EcoFlex™ only)
J1-6				Open
J1-7	18-1	GRA/BLK	Input	Fuel level sensor for either petrol/diesel,/ LP
J1-8				Open
J1-9				Open
J1-10	18-1	BRN/WHT	Output	Foot pedal position potentiometer (sensor high)
J1-11	18-1	YEL/GRA	Output	Foot pedal position potentiometer (sensor low)
J1-12	18-1	ORN/GRN	Input	Key switch ignition switch (run)
J1-13				Open
J1-14				Open
J1-15				Open
J1-16	18-1	RED/BLK	Input	S29 Horn switch
J1-17				Open
J1-18	16-1	BLK	ground	Chassis ground X-49
J1-19	18-1	GRN/ORN	Input	Sender hydraulic oil temperature
J1-20	18-1	VIO/WHT	Input	S6 Brake switch
J1-21	18-1	VIO/YEL	Input	S3 Solution empty switch
J1-22	18-1	WHT/BRN	Output	Relay PCB (start inhibit pin# J7-3)
J1-23				Open
J1-24	18-2	VIO/BRN	Input	Ignition switch start position
J1-25	18-1	GRN/YEL	Input	Engine control module (MIL output signal)
J1-26				Open
J1-27	18-1	GRA/YEL	Input	S2 Recovery tank full switch
J1-28				Open
J1-29				Open
J1-30	18-1	VIO/BLU	Input	Engine control module (engine coolant temperature output)
J1-31	18-1	ORN/GRA	Input	Foot pedal position potentiometer (sensor wiper)
J1-32	18-1	RED/YEL	Input	S4 Hydraulic filter switch
J1-33	18-1	BRN/BLU	Input	S7 Extend scrub level switch
J1-34	18-1	YEL/WHT	Output	Relay PCB (ignition inhibit pin #J7-7)
J1-35				Open



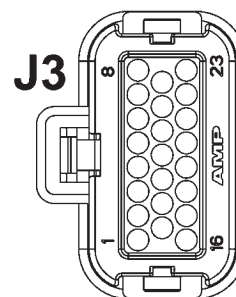
**J2 Main Control Board Connectors**

Pin#	Wire#	Color	Type	Goes to
J2-1	18-1	BLU/GRN	- Output	K1 power relay coil
J2-2	18-1	BLK/WHT	- Output	S8 side sweep scrub solenoid coil
J2-3	18-1	GRN/VIO	- Output	S9 side scrub lift solenoid coil
J2-4	18-1	YEL/BLU	- Output	S6 scrub cylinder lock solenoid coil
J2-5	18-1	RED/GRA	- Output	S2 squeegee down solenoid coil
J2-6	18-1	BRN/GRN	- Output	S3 squeegee up solenoid coil
J2-7	18-1	ORN/BLU	- Output	S4 scrub brush solenoid coil
J2-8	18-1	BRN/YEL	- Output	S1 vacuum fan solenoid coil
J2-9				Open
J2-10	18-1	BLU/YEL	- Output	L11 solenoid valve, right solution
J2-11	18-1	BLU/BLK	- Output	H3 back-up alarm (optional)
J2-12	16-1	ORN	+ Input	CB4 circuit breaker 20A
J2-13	18-1	WHT/ORN	- Output	K4 glow plug relay coil
J2-14				Open
J2-15				Open
J2-16				Open
J2-17	16-2	BLK	- Input	X49 control box ground
J2-18	16-3	BLK	- Input	X49 control box ground
J2-19				Open
J2-20				Open
J2-21				Open
J2-22	18-1	YEL/GRN	- Output	L10 solenoid valve, main solution
J2-23	18-3	GRN/BRN	+ Input	CB5 circuit breaker 10A
J2-24	18-1	ORN/RED	- Output	S7 scrub pressure proportional solenoid (up)
J2-25				Open
J2-26	18-1	WHT/VIO	- Output	S5 scrub pressure proportional solenoid (down)
J2-27				Open
J2-28				Open
J2-29	18-1	GRA/ORN	+ Output	X2 throttle input (12V 2200 RPM)
J2-30	18-1	GRA/BLU	+ Output	X2 throttle input (12V 2400 RPM)
J2-31	18-1	YEL	+ Output	LP6 left front turn lamp
J2-32	18-1	GRN	+ Output	LP5 right front turn lamp
J2-33	18-1	ORN/BRN	+ Output	LP4 left rear stop/turn lamp
J2-34	18-1	YEL/RED	+ Output	LP3 right rear stop/turn lamp
J2-35	18-2	GRA/ORN	+ Output	M6 extended scrub pump



### J3 Main Control Board Connectors

Pin#	Wire#	Color	Type	Goes to
J3-1	16-2	GRA/RED	+ Input	CB1 Circuit Breaker, 20A
J3-2	16-1	GRN/BLU	- Output	M4 solution pump
J3-3				Open
J3-4	16-1	BLU/BRN	Output	M7 side broom actuator extend (red wire)
J3-5	16-1	WHT/RED	Output	M7 side broom actuator retract (black wire)
J3-6				Open
J3-7	16-1	GRA/VIO		M7 side broom actuator common (white wire)
J3-8	16-6	BRN	+ Output	LP2 left and right headlights and taillights
J3-9	16-1	GRA/RED	+ Input	CB1 Circuit Breaker, 20A
J3-10				Open
J3-11	16-4	BLK	- Input	X49 control box ground
J3-12	16-5	BLK	- Input	X49 control box ground
J3-13	16-6	BLK	- Input	X49 control box ground
J3-14	16-3	BLU	+ Input	CB2 Circuit Breaker, 20A
J3-15	16-2	BLU	+ Input	CB2 Circuit Breaker, 20A
J3-16	18-1	VIO	+ Input	CB3 Circuit Breaker, 15A
J3-17	18-1	WHT/YEL	+ Output	Horn
J3-18	16-1	YEL/BLK	- Output	M5 mist pump
J3-19	18-1	BLK/RED	- Output	M11 detergent pump 2 (AXP)
J3-20	18-1	BLK/YEL	+ Output	M11 detergent pump 2 (AXP)
J3-21	18-1	RED/BLU	- Output	M10 detergent pump 1 (AXP)
J3-22	18-1	RED/WHT	+ Output	M10 detergent pump 1 (AXP)
J3-23	16-1	BLU/RED	- output	M8 wand pump



## Control Board (Driver Box) Programming Options

### Foot Pedal Neutral Position and Deadband Adjustment

Factory Default: 3%

Range: 2% - 15%

Whenever you change or repair the drive pedal linkage components or the hydrostatic unit, or if you replace the Rotary Sensor or Control Board (Driver Box), you will have to recalibrate the neutral deadband position and set the sensitivity as follows:

1. Depress the foot pedal to the full reverse position, then allow the pedal to slowly return to its neutral position. Do not move the pedal during the remainder of this procedure.

2. Press and hold the Engine Speed switch, then turn the ignition Key Switch to the run (on) position. Continue to hold the Engine Speed switch until all the display panel lights turn off (approximately three seconds), then release the switch.



- The first line of the LCD will read **PEDAL CALIBRATION**.
- The second line of the display will read **Place Pedal in Neutral** with an arrow to the left of the line.
- The third line of the display will read **Neutral Deadband**.

3. Press the green Scrub On switch.



- The first line of the LCD will read **Neutral Set**.
- The second line of the display will show the resistance value, in ohms, that the control board is reading through the rotary sensor. Note that it's normal for this value to drift a little.

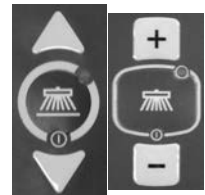
4. Press the green Scrub On switch to set the nominal deadband resistance value. The display will return to the previous menu.

5. Press the Side Broom Down (-) switch to move the arrow to the left of the **Neutral Deadband** line.



6. Press the green Scrub On switch to display the **Neutral Deadband** range menu. The percentages shown are the limits the resistance from the rotary sensor can vary from the **Neutral Set** (nominal) resistance and still be in the deadband range and allow the engine to start.

7. Press the Side Broom Up (+) and Down (-) switches to scroll through the available percentages.



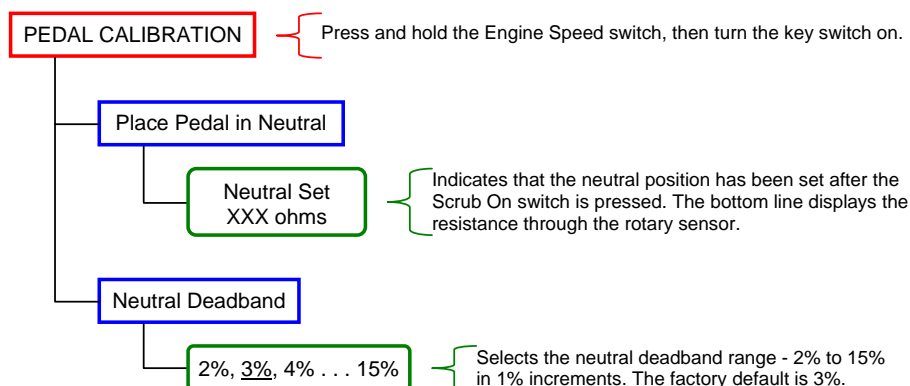
**Note:** The ideal neutral deadband percentage range is one that allows reliable starting, yet still actuates the scrub functions with minimal pedal travel. The factory default value is 3%.

8. When the arrow is to the left of the desired percentage value:

- Press the green Scrub On switch to save the new percentage value. The display will return to the previous menu.



- Press the red Scrub Off switch to return to the previous menu without changing the percentage value.
9. Turn the Key Switch to the off position. The new settings will be saved and remain in effect until they are changed again.



## Configuration Display Menu



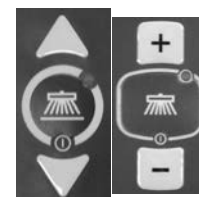
**Note:** The Configuration Display will only display the active configured settings and fault codes. You cannot make any changes to the machine configuration from the Configuration Display Menu other than clearing the fault codes. See the **Configuration Menu** section for instructions on how to change the machine configuration.

1. Press and hold the Emergency Flashers switch.
2. Turn the Key Switch to the run (on) position. Continue to hold the Emergency Flashers switch until all the display panel lights turn off (approximately three seconds), then release the switch.

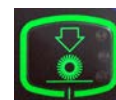


The first line of the LCD will read **CONFIGURATION DISPLAY**.

3. Press the Side Broom Up (+) and Down (-) switches to scroll through the displayed menu items as shown on the following pages.



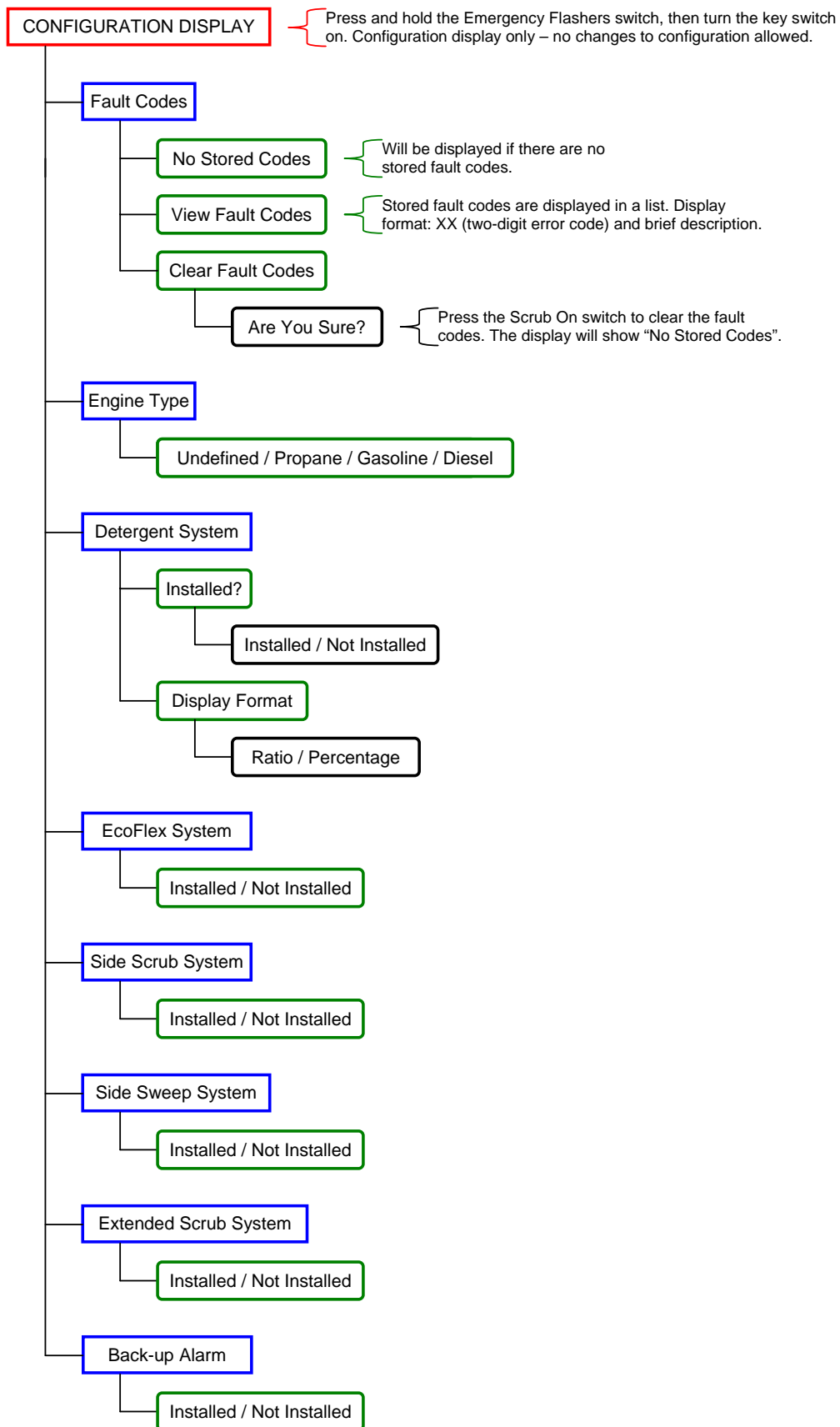
4. When the arrow is pointing to a menu item:
  - Press the green Scrub On switch to display the next level of menu items.



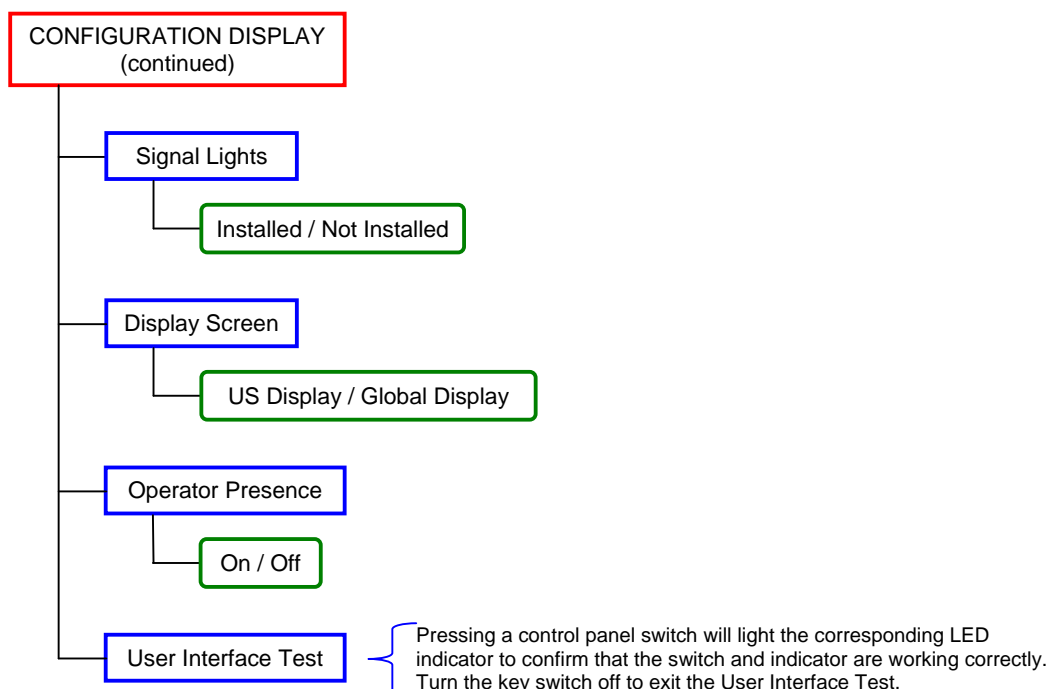
- Press the red Scrub Off switch to return to the previous menu level.



5. Turn the Key Switch to the off position to exit the Configuration Display.

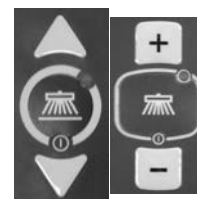


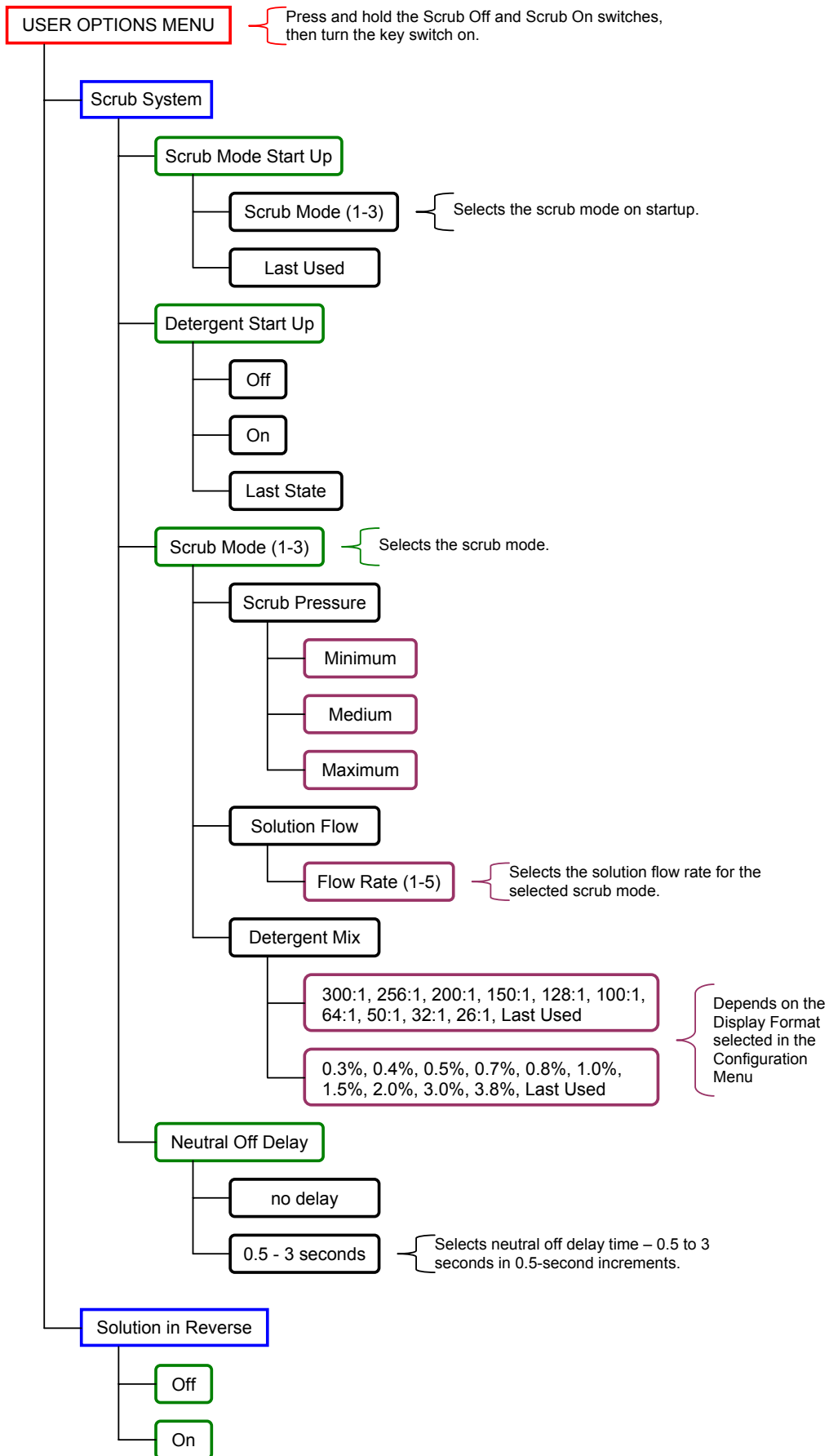


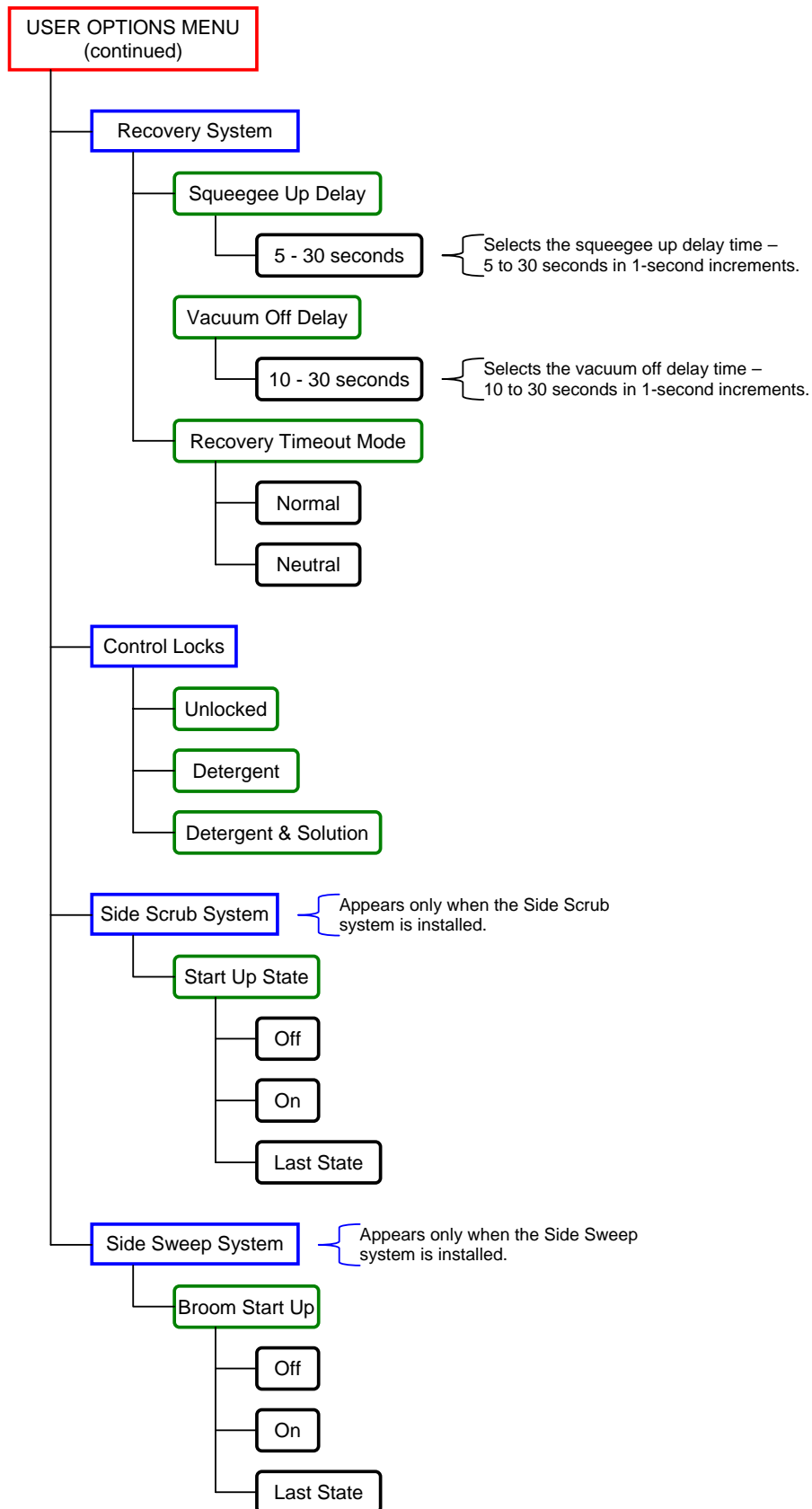


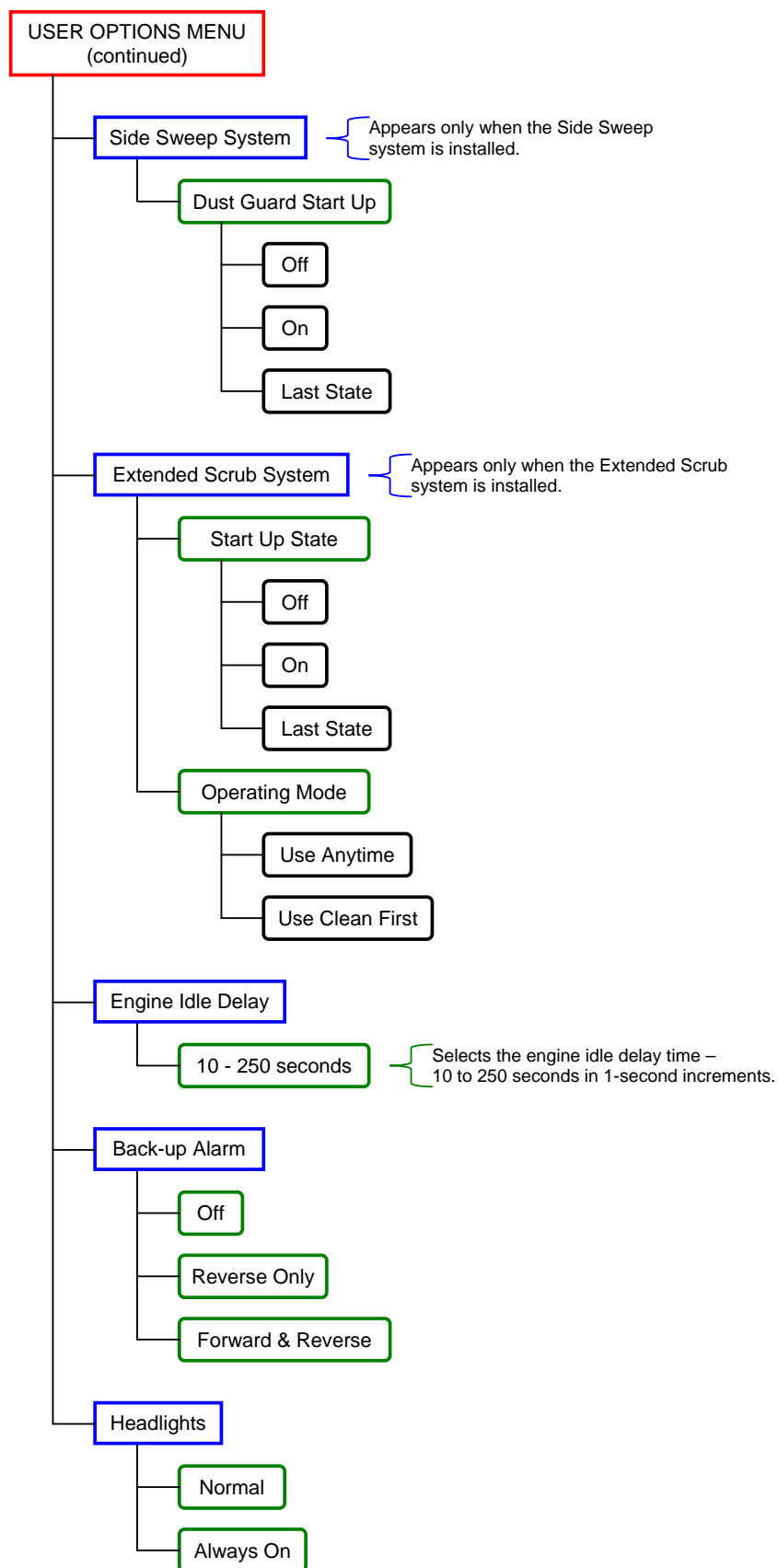
## User Options Menu

1. Press and hold in the red Scrub Off switch and the green Scrub On switch.
2. Turn the ignition Key Switch to the run (on) position. Continue to hold the Scrub Off and Scrub On switches until all the display panel lights turn off (approximately three seconds), then release the switches. The first line of the LCD will read **USER OPTIONS MENU**.
3. Press the Side Broom Up and Side Broom Down switches to scroll through the options menu items as shown on the following pages.
4. When the arrow is pointing to the desired menu item, press the green Scrub On switch to display the next level of menu options.
5. Press the Side Broom Up and Side Broom Down switches to select the desired option.
6. When the arrow is pointing to an option:
  - Press the green Scrub On switch to select the option. The display will then return to the previous menu level.
  - Press the red Scrub Off switch to return to the previous menu level without selecting the option.
7. To save the new setting(s), turn the Key Switch to the off position. The new setting(s) will be saved and remain in effect until changed again.



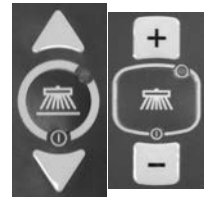






## Configuration Menu

1. Press and hold the Emergency Flashers and Headlight switches.
2. Turn the ignition Key Switch to the run (on) position.
3. Continue to hold the Emergency Flashers and Headlight switches until all the display panel lights turn off (approximately three seconds), then release the switches. The first line of the LCD will read **CONFIGURATION MENU**.
4. Press the Side Broom Up and Side Broom Down switches to scroll through the configuration menu items as shown on the following pages.

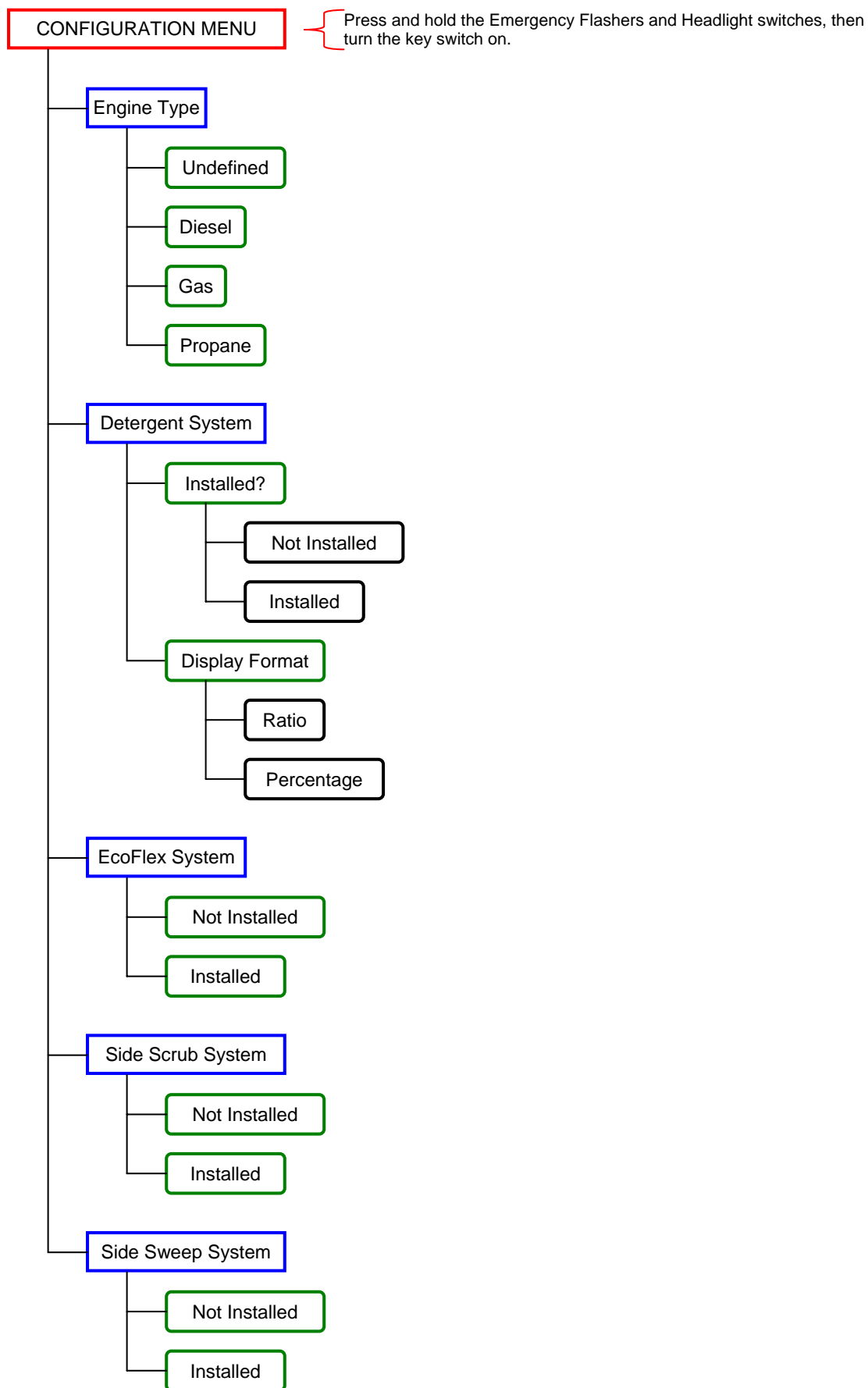


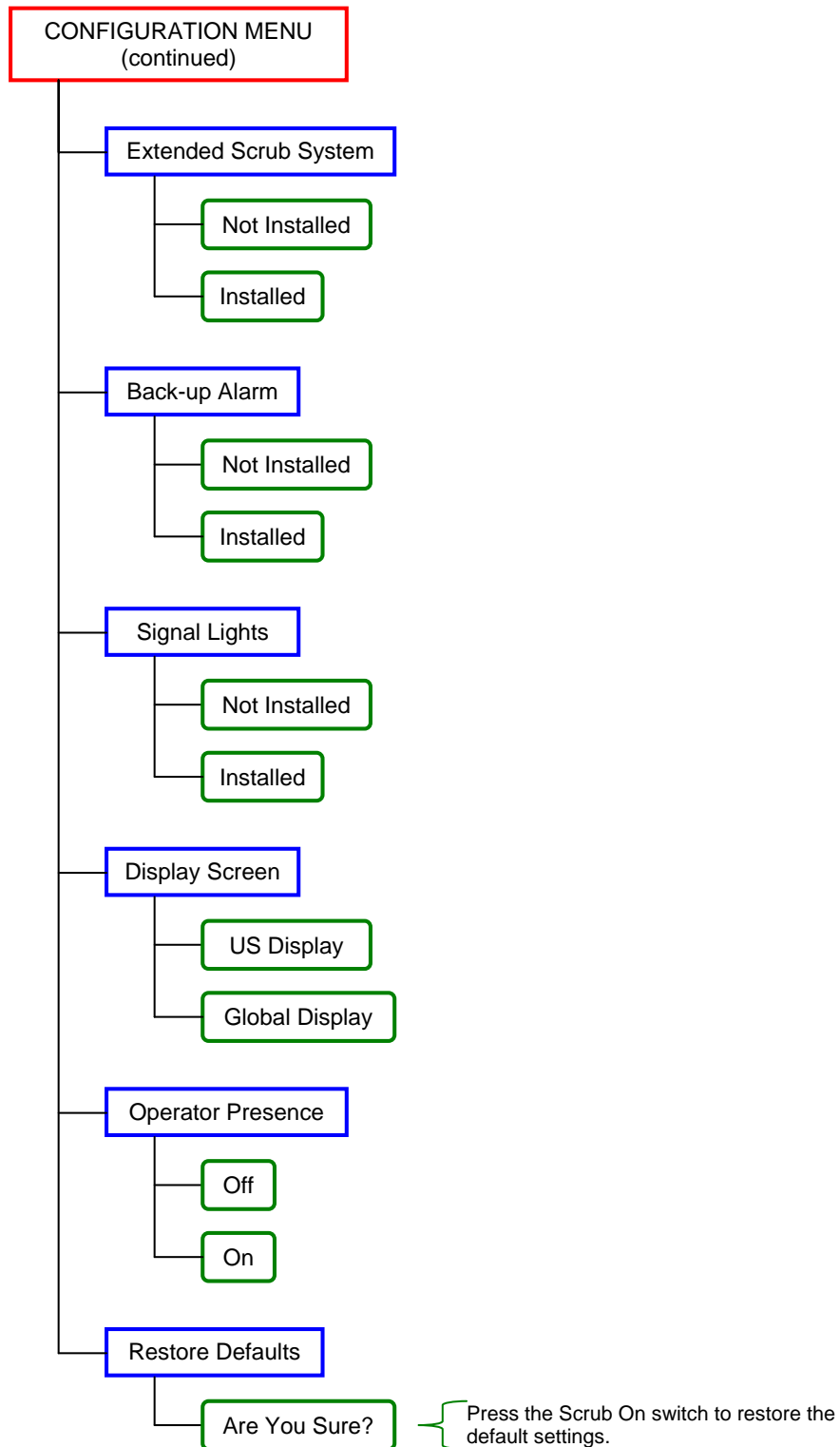
5. When the arrow is pointing to the desired menu item, press the green Scrub On switch to display the next level of configuration options.
6. Press the Side Broom Up and Side Broom Down switches to select the desired option.
7. When the arrow is pointing to the configuration option:
  - Press the green Scrub On switch to select the option. The display will then return to the previous menu level.
  - Press the red Scrub Off switch to return to the previous menu level without selecting the option.
8. Turn the ignition Key Switch to the off position to save the new setting(s). The new setting(s) will be saved and remain in effect until changed again.



**Note:** On machines manufactured after serial number 1000042750, there is an additional item in the **CONFIGURATION MENU** that allows you to enable or disable the Operator Presence Control (OPC). When you scroll through the menu the display will show the option **Operator Presence**. Press the green Scrub On switch to select **ON** or **OFF** to enable or disable the OPC.

The default setting on Advance Condor™ XL machines is **OFF**. The default setting on Nilfisk ER 1300/1600 machines is **ON**.







## Operator Presence Control (OPC)

The newer machines have an Operator Presence Control (OPC) feature that works in conjunction with the seat switch and parking brake. The OPC can be enabled or disabled in the Configuration Menu.

### OPC On

When the OPC is enabled, the machine functions as follows:

- When the seat switch is closed (Operator in the seat):
  - The machine systems operate normally.
  - Pressing the Vacuum/Wand switch toggles the Recovery system On and Off.
- When the parking brake engaged and the seat switch is open for longer than one second:
  - If the Scrub and Recovery systems are On, the machine transitions to the Wand mode.
  - Pressing the Scrub Off switch turns the Scrub system Off.
  - Pressing the Scrub On switch has no effect.
  - Pressing the Wand/Vacuum switch with the Scrub system Off toggles the Recovery system between Off and the Wand modes.
- When the parking brake is released and the seat switch is open for longer than one second:
  - If the engine is running, it is switched Off by inhibiting the ignition and start signals.
  - If the Recovery system is On and the Scrub system is Off, the Recovery system transitions to the Wand mode.
  - Pressing the Scrub Off switch turns the Scrub system Off.
  - Pressing the Scrub On switch has no effect.
  - Pressing the Wand/Vacuum switch with the Scrub system Off transitions the Recovery system between Off and the Wand modes.
- With the seat switch open, the parking brake released, the engine off and the foot brake enabled, the engine ignition and start signals are no longer inhibited.
- With the seat switch open, the parking brake released and the engine off, once the seat switch is closed the engine ignition and start signals are no longer inhibited.

### OPC Off

When the OPC is disabled, the machine functions as follows:

- When the seat switch is closed (Operator in the seat):
  - The machine systems operate normally.
  - Pressing the Vacuum/Wand switch toggles the Recovery system On and Off.
- With the parking brake engaged or released, and the seat switch is open for longer than one second:
  - The engine will continue to run.

- If the Recovery system is On, it transitions to the Wand mode.
- Pressing the Scrub Off switch turns the Scrub system off.
- Pressing the Scrub On switch has no effect.
- Pressing the Wand/Vacuum switch with the Scrub system off transitions the Recovery system between Off and the Wand modes.

## Troubleshooting

### Main Control Board Fault Codes

Fault codes are organized by machine systems (functions). The red warning indicator or the yellow attention indicator on the control panel will light, and the LCD will show a two-digit number and wrench icon. The table below lists the main control board fault codes, and a description and brief comment for each fault code.



**Note:** C = Critical fault code, NC = Non-Critical fault code.

Code#	Fault Description	Correction
00 C	Solution pump(s) over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check M4 main solution pump and M6 optional recycle pump wiring for problems (on same fault line), M4 wire colors (+GRN/BRN and - GRN/BLU) and M6 (+GRN/BRN and - GRA/ORN).</li> <li>• Check pump motors for short circuits, replace as needed.</li> </ul>
00 C	Extend scrub pump over current	Check Pump motor M6 wiring for problems (+ GRN/BLU and - GRA/ORN). Same fault line used for main solution pump M4 and M6.
01 C	Scrub brush pressure valve solenoids over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L5 down and L7 up pressure valve solenoid coils (on same fault line) for wiring problems, L5 wire colors (+ ORN and - WHT/VIO) and L7 ( + ORN and ORN/RED).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 1.8 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub on and right scrub brushes deck pressure electrical ladder detail and specs.</li> </ul>
02 C	Main power relay K1 coil over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check K1 relay coil wiring for problems (+ ORN/GRN and - BLU/GRN).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 36 ohms, replace. Also see main power distribution electrical ladder detail. (Spec .29A @ 12V.) Replace as needed.</li> </ul>
03 NC	Wand pump over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check Pump motor M8 wiring for problems (+ BLU and - BLU/RED).</li> <li>• Check pump motor for short circuit, replace as needed.</li> <li>• Test current draw - 12.5A full load max @12V.</li> </ul>
04 NC	Side sweep mist pump over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check Pump motor M5 wiring for problems (+ BLU and - YEL/BLK).</li> <li>• Test current draw 3.9A full load max. Note: 24V pump operating @ 12V.</li> </ul>

Code#	Fault Description	Correction
05 C	2200 RPM no input @ ECM	<p>Check for 12V (+) from controller wire J2-29 (GRA/ORN) to battery ground (-) with the engine speed switch 51 active. Should read 12V.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If 0V, troubleshoot the throttle wire. If still 0V, substitute a good known controller and dashboard panel.</li> <li>• If 12V and no 2200 RPM throttle response, test engine controller output to specific throttle control G/LP/D. See engine wiring diagram for additional help.</li> </ul>
06 NC	2400 RPM no input @ ECM	<p>Check for 12V (+) from controller wire J2-30 (GRA/BLU) to battery ground (-) with the engine speed switch 51 active. Should read 12V.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If 0V, troubleshoot the throttle wire. If still 0V, substitute a good known controller and dashboard panel.</li> <li>• If 12V and no 2400 RPM throttle response test engine controller output to specific throttle control G/LP/D.</li> </ul>
07 NC	Main solution solenoid valve over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L10 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - YEL/GRN).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub and right side scrub solution valves and pump electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
08 NC	Right side scrub solution solenoid valve over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L11 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - BLU/YEL).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 10 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub and right side scrub solution valves and pump electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
09 C	Vacuum fan solenoid over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L1 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ GRN/BRN and - BRN/YEL).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see vacuum fan on and squeegee down electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
10	Not used	
11 C	Squeegee UP solenoid over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L3 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ GRN/BRN and - BRN/GRN).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see vacuum fan off and squeegee up electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
12 C	Squeegee DN solenoid over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L2 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ GRN/BRN and - RED/GRA).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see vacuum fan on and squeegee down electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
13 C	Scrub brush motor solenoid over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L4 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - ORN/BLU).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub on and side sweep/right scrub electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>

Code#	Fault Description	Correction
14 NC	Glow plug relay K4 coil over current.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check K4 relay coil wiring for problems (+ ORN/GRN and - WHT/ORN).</li> <li>Check coil resistance. If less than 36 ohms, replace. Also see diesel glow plug starting circuit electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
15 C	Scrub cylinder lock solenoid over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check L6 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - YEL/BLU).</li> <li>Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub on and right scrub brushes deck pressure electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
16 NC	Right side scrub/sweep motor solenoid valve over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check L8 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - BLK/WHT).</li> <li>Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub on and side sweep/right scrub electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
17 NC	Back-up Alarm over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check optional back up alarm wiring for problems (+ ORN/GRN and - BLU/BLK).</li> <li>Check horn for short circuit (spec 0.25A at 12V, electronic alarm) replace as needed.</li> </ul>
18 NC	Right side scrub lift solenoid over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check L9 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - GRN/VIO).</li> <li>Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub and right side scrub lift electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
19 NC	Horn over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check H4 horn wiring for problems (+ ORN/GRN and - WHT/YEL).</li> <li>Check horn for short circuit (spec 4A @ 12V) replace as needed.</li> </ul>
20 NC	Left turn signal lamp over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check left turn signal wiring for problems (+ YEL and - BLK).</li> <li>Check lamp for short (see the I/O table for circuit spec).</li> </ul>
21 NC	Right turn signal lamp over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check right turn signal wiring for problems (+ GRN and - BLK).</li> <li>Check lamp for short (see the I/O table for circuit spec).</li> </ul>
22 NC	Head and tail lamp over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check head and tail lamp wiring for problems (+ BRN, YEL/RED, ORN/BLU and - BLK).</li> <li>Check lamps for short (see the I/O table for circuit spec).</li> </ul>
23 NC	Left stop lamp over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check left stop lamp wiring for problems (+ ORN/BRN and - BLK).</li> <li>Check lamps for short (see the I/O table for circuit spec).</li> </ul>
24 NC	Right stop lamp over current	Same as left stop lamp just different wire color (+ YEL/RED and - BLK).
25 C	20A Circuit breaker CB1 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB1 power for head/tail and turn signal lamps. Check for GRA/RED wire shorted to ground.
26 C	20A Circuit breaker CB2 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB2 power for mist pump (M5) and (M8) wash hose pump. Check for BLU wire shorted to ground.

Code#	Fault Description	Correction
27 C	15A Circuit breaker CB3 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB3 power for side broom actuator motor (M7). Check for Violet wire shorted to ground.
28 C	20A Circuit breaker CB4 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB4 power for hydraulic solenoid manifold coils (L4 - L11). Check for Orange wire shorted to ground.
29 C	10A Circuit breaker CB5 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB5 power for hydraulic solenoid manifold coils (L1, L2 and L3) also Pumps M4 and M6. Check for GRN/BRN wire shorted to ground.
30	Side sweep lift actuator over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Three wires supply power to the M7 side broom lift actuator motor; check wiring for problems. Wire colors J3-4 BLU/RED (+) DN otherwise open, J3-5 WHT/RED (-) UP otherwise open, J3-7 GRA/VIO common wire + UP and - DN.</li> <li>Test current draw full load 20A ± 2A max.</li> <li>Check for frozen or binding lift linkage. Repair/replace as needed.</li> </ul>
31 NC	Detergent pump #1 over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check #1 detergent pump M10 and #2 detergent pump M11 wiring for problems, #1 pump wire colors (+RED/WHT and - RED/BLU), #2 (+ BLK/YEL and - BLK/RED).</li> <li>Check pump motors for short circuit replace as needed.</li> </ul>
32 NC	Detergent pump #2 over current	See pump #1
33 C	Engine hot fault	Coolant temperature high - causes engine fault, sets on diesel machine only.
34 C	Hydraulic temperature fault	Sets when hydraulic oil temperature exceeds 220 F for 15 seconds.
35 C	Low voltage fault (battery)	One of the red display panel warning indicator lights. See the explanation for the warning icon in the <b>General Information/Warning Displays</b> section.
36 NC	Service engine fault	Gasoline, LP engine (GM 1.6) only, sets when ECM activates MIL output - could be for mf++-any different reasons. See the <b>Engine System, Gasoline/LPG</b> section for the list of engine codes and process for reading (extracting) codes.
37 C	Low oil pressure fault	Diesel only - causes engine fault to set. The red warning indicator will light and the LCD will display the Low Oil Pressure Icon.
38 C	Engine fault	Occurs if engine temperature too high (diesel), oil pressure low (diesel), or engine run has changed to ignition inhibit and key is on (gas and propane). Note: Engines will shut down. See the corresponding <b>Engine</b> section for a list of engine codes and how to read (extract) the codes.
39 NC	Hydraulic filter fault	Sets to warn operator that oil filter is plugged and needs to be replaced. Note: Only activates when oil temperature is above 100 degrees F (this prevents false signal upon cold engine start-up).

## Systems Disabled by Faults

The following table lists the systems that are disabled for each displayed fault code.



**Note:** “X” indicates that the corresponding machine system is disabled (turned off).

Display Code	Fault Description	Recovery System	Scrub System	Solution System	Detergent System	Side Scrub System	Side Sweep System	Side Mist System	Ext Scrub System
00	Solution pump(s) M4 and M6 over current			X	X				X
01	Scrub brush pressure valve solenoids over current (L5 and L7)		X	X	X				
02	Main power relay K1 over current	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
03	Wash hose pump M8 over current								
04	DustGuard™ mist pump M5 over current							X	
05	No speed input 2200 RPM @ ECM								
06	No speed input 2400 RPM @ ECM								
07	Main solution solenoid valve L10 over current			X	X				
08	Right side scrub solution solenoid L11 over current					X			
09	Vacuum fan solenoid L1 over current	X	X	X	X				
10	Not used								
11	Squeegee UP solenoid L3 over current	X	X	X	X				
12	Squeegee DOWN solenoid L2 over current	X	X	X	X				
13	Scrub motor solenoid L4 over current		X	X	X				
14	Glow plug relay K4 coil over current								
15	Scrub cylinder lock solenoid L6 over current		X	X	X				
16	Right side scrub/sweep motor solenoid L8 over current					X	X		
17	Back-up alarm over current								
18	Right side scrub lift cylinder solenoid L9 over current					X			
19	Horn over current								
20	Left turn signal lamp over current								
21	Right turn signal lamp over current								
22	Head and tail lamp over current								
23	Left stop lamp over current								
24	Right stop lamp over current								



Display Code	Fault Description	Recovery System	Scrub System	Solution System	Detergent System	Side Scrub System	Side Sweep System	Side Mist System	Ext Scrub System
25	20A circuit breaker CB1 over current								
26	20A circuit breaker CB2 over current								
27	15A circuit breaker CB3 over current								
28	20A circuit breaker CB4 over current								
29	10A circuit breaker CB5 over current								
30	Side sweep lift M7 actuator over current						X		
31	#1 detergent pump M10 over current				X				
32	#2 detergent pump M11 over current				X				
33	Engine hot fault (diesel)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
34	Hydraulic oil temperature fault								
35	Low voltage fault (battery)								
36	Service engine fault GM (non critical)								
37	Low oil pressure (diesel engine)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
38	Engine fault (critical)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
39	Hydraulic filter fault (plugged)								

# Electrical System

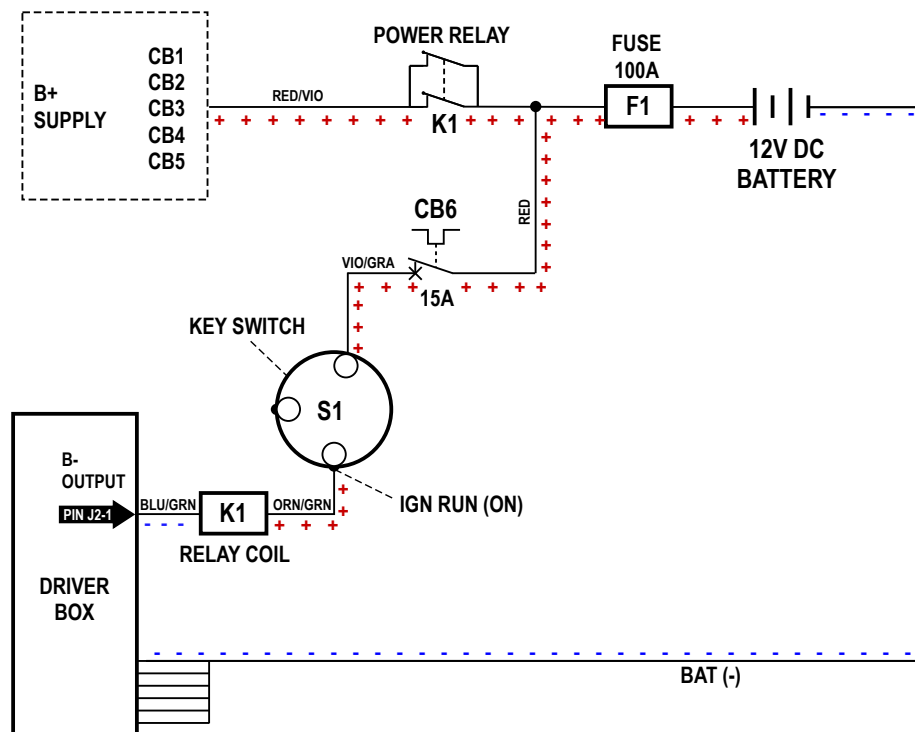
## Functional Description

### Overview

The electrical system consists of the fuse, relay and circuit breakers not covered in the **Control System** section or the other manual sections.

### Power Supplies

#### K1 POWER RELAY ON



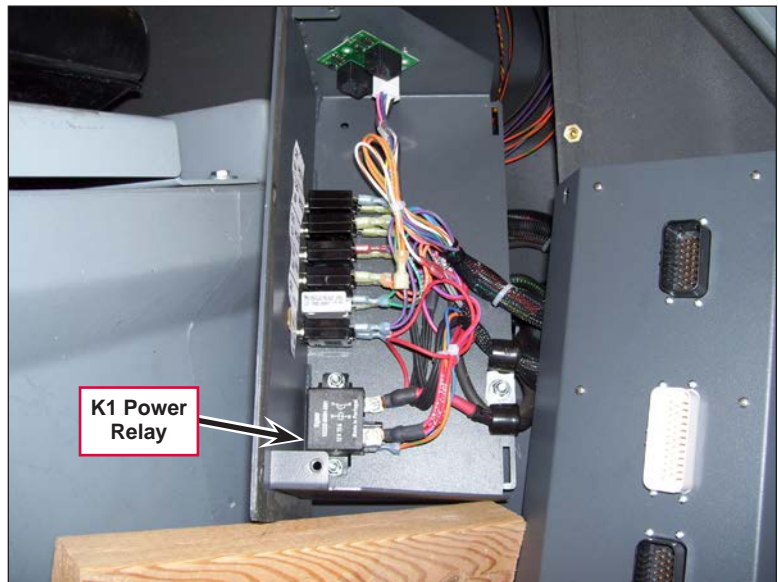
### Circuit Description

- The **100-amp Fuse F1** must be closed to provide positive battery voltage to the entire electrical system.
- The circuit breaker **CB6** must be closed to provide voltage to the **Key Switch S1**.
- The **Ignition Key Switch S1** must be on to provide positive battery voltage to the **K1 Relay Coil** and certain inputs on the **Driver Box**.
- The circuit breakers **CB1, CB2, CB3, CB4** and **CB5** must be closed to provide voltage to the side broom actuator, lighting systems, electric pump motors and solenoid valves.

## Component Locations

### K1 Power Relay

The **K1 Power Relay** is mounted inside the control board assembly. Note that a second identical power relay (K4) is installed on diesel models as the glow plug power relay.



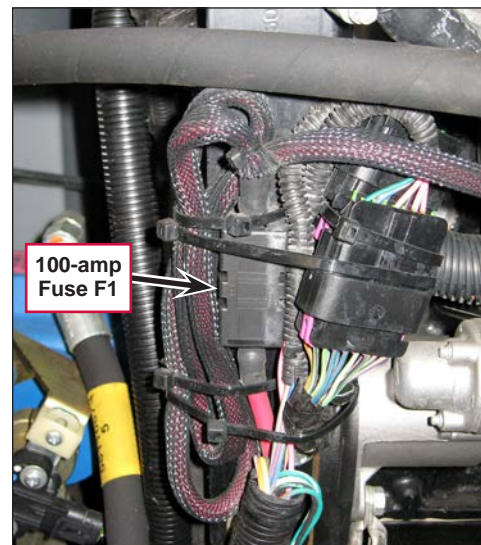
### Circuit Breakers

The **Circuit Breakers** are mounted on the control board to the left of the Operator position.



## 100-amp Fuse F1

The **100-amp Fuse F1** is tied up with the engine harness connectors and can be accessed by tipping out the recovery tank.



## Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
No power to the machine	The 100-amp fuse <b>F1</b> is open.	Replace the fuse.
No machine systems will operate	Main power relay K1 coil over current (fault code <b>02</b> displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check K1 relay coil wiring for problems (+ ORN/GRN and - BLU/GRN).</li> <li>Check coil resistance. If less than 36 ohms, replace. Also see main power distribution electrical ladder detail. (Spec 0.29A @ 12V). Replace as necessary.</li> </ul>
No glow plug icon displayed on LCD (diesel engine only)	Glow plug relay K4 coil over current (fault code <b>14</b> displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check K4 relay coil wiring for problems (+ ORN/GRN and - WHT/ORN).</li> <li>Check coil resistance. If less than 36 ohms, replace. Also see diesel glow plug starting circuit electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
Fault code <b>20</b> displayed	Left turn signal lamp over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check left turn signal wiring for problems (+ YEL and - BLK).</li> <li>Check lamp for short (see the I/O table for circuit spec).</li> </ul>
Fault code <b>21</b> displayed	Right turn signal lamp over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check right turn signal wiring for problems (+ GRN and - BLK).</li> <li>Check lamp for short (see the I/O table for circuit spec).</li> </ul>
Fault code <b>22</b> displayed	Head and tail lamp over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check head and tail lamp wiring for problems (+ BRN, YEL/RED, ORN/ BLU and - BLK).</li> <li>Check lamps for short (see the I/O table for circuit spec).</li> </ul>

Problem	Cause	Correction
Fault code <b>23</b> displayed	Left stop lamp over current	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check left stop lamp wiring for problems (+ ORN/BRN and - BLK).</li> <li>• Check lamps for short (see the I/O table for circuit spec).</li> </ul>
Fault code <b>24</b> displayed	Right stop lamp over current	Same as left stop lamp just different wire color (+ YEL/RED and - BLK).
Fault code <b>25</b> displayed	20A Circuit breaker CB1 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB1 power for head/tail and turn signal lamps. Check for GRA/RED wire shorted to ground.
Fault code <b>26</b> displayed	20A Circuit breaker CB2 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB2 power for mist pump (M5) and (M8) wash hose pump. Check for BLU wire shorted to ground.
Fault code <b>27</b> displayed	15A Circuit breaker CB3 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB3 power for side broom actuator motor (M7). Check for VIO wire shorted to ground.
Fault code <b>28</b> displayed	20A Circuit breaker CB4 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB4 power for hydraulic solenoid manifold coils (L4-L 11). Check for ORN wire shorted to ground.
Fault code <b>29</b> displayed	10A Circuit breaker CB5 over current	Control board has sensed open circuit fault for CB5 power for hydraulic solenoid manifold coils (L1, L2 and L3), and also Pumps M4 and M6. Check for GRN/BRN wire shorted to ground.
Fault code <b>35</b> displayed	Low voltage fault (battery)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the alternator output.</li> <li>• Test the battery.</li> <li>• Clean and tighten the cables.</li> </ul>

## Specifications

### Component Specifications

Component	Specifications
K1 and K4 Relays	Current – 0.29 Amps @ 12V
	Nominal Coil Resistance – $46 \pm 5$ ohms

### Connector Callout – Relay PCB

Pin#	Color	Type	Voltage	Pin Description and Function
J7-1	VIO/GRA	Input	B+	Module relays load power supply
J7-2	BLU/PINK	Output	B+	Engine ECU starter relay command
J7-3	WHT/BRN	Input	0V Floats	Engine start inhibit signal *
J7-4	BLK	Input	B-	Module relays coil ground supply
J7-5	PINK	Output	B+	Engine ECU ignition run relay command
J7-6	VIO/BRN	Input	B+	Module starter relay Bat +coil signal
J7-7	YEL/WHT	Input	0V Floats	Engine run inhibit signal **
J7-8	ORN/GRN	Input	B+	Module ignition relay Bat+ coil signal



**\* Note:** The normal condition for the start inhibit is in its non-inhibited state. A float voltage of approximately 8V (when referenced to B-) is measured when the key is in the start position. When inhibited, the signal is pulled to ground, will read 0V and will prevent the engine from cranking. This prevents the starter relay from being energized.



**\*\* Note:** The normal condition for the run inhibit is its non-inhibited state. A float voltage of approximately 10V (when referenced to B-) is measured when the key is in the start/run and run positions. When inhibited, the signal is pulled to ground, will read 0V and will prevent the engine ECU from receiving its needed input switch command. This prevents the ignition system from firing, and if the engine is running will cause it to shut down.

**Input/Output Table**

Pin ID	Desig.	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Ref, To	Load or Supply Characteristics	Comments
J1-1	Input	Engine Run	Digital Voltage	0V (for Gas/Propane); B+ (for Diesel)	B-	Engine Control Module output	Switch to ground, ground = run, float = not running (for Gas/Propane); Switch to Vbat (for Propane)
J1-2	CANbus	CAN L	CAN Bus (-)	0-5V	J1-3	Differential serial data	User interface panel serial communication
J1-3	CANbus	CAN H	CAN Bus (+)	0-5V	J1-2	Differential serial data	User interface panel serial communication
J1-4		Not Used					
J1-5		Seat Switch	Digital voltage	0V	B-	Switch to ground	Ground or open, closes when Operator in seat
J1-6		Not Used					
J1-7	Input	Fuel Level Sensor (gas & diesel)	Variable resistance	0.40 - 1.66V	B-	Variable resistance to ground, 33 - 240 ohms	Nominal voltage provided is subject to change if additional resolution is required
		Fuel Level Sensor (LP)	Digital voltage	0V	B-	Switch to ground	Ground or open, closed when tank is empty
J1-8		Ground					
J1-9		Ground					
J1-10	5V output	Throttle Position (3.3V-A)	3.3V-A	+3.3V	B-	Pedal position potentiometer end 5K ohm	Drive Pedal sensor High side
J1-11	ground output	Throttle Position Ground	Ground	0V	B-	Pedal position potentiometer end 5K ohm	Drive Pedal sensor Low side
J1-12	Input	Ignition Input Voltage	Analog voltage	B+	B-	System voltage	From key switch Ignition position
J1-13		Ground					
J1-14		Ground					
J1-15		Ground					



Pin ID	Desig.	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Ref, To	Load or Supply Characteristics	Comments
J1-16	Input	Horn Switch	Digital voltage	0V	B-	Switch to ground	Pushbutton switch - ground or open - closed to activate horn
J1-17		Ground					
J1-18	Ground	Ground	Ground	0V	B-	Ground	
J1-19	Input	Hydraulic Fluid Temp	Variable resistance	0.16 - 2.24V	B-	Variable resistance to ground, 12-500 ohms	
J1-20	Input	Brake Pedal Switch	Digital voltage	0V	B-	Switch to ground	Closes when brake pedal released
J1-21	Input	Solution Empty Switch	Digital voltage	0V	B-	Switch to ground	Ground or open, closes when tank is empty
J1-22	Output	Start Inhibit	Low side driver	0V	B-	MOSFET gate on relay PCB assy. - 3 mA @12V	Ground or float
J1-23		Ground					
J1-24	Input	Start KEYPOS Switch	Digital voltage	B+	B-	System voltage	From key switch
J1-25	Input	Check Engine Switch	Digital voltage	0V	B-	Engine Control Module low side output	Switch to ground,
J1-26		Ground					
J1-27	Input	Recovery Full Switch	Digital voltage	0V	B-	Switch to ground	Level switch, ground or open, opens when tank is full
J1-28		Ground					
J1-29		Ground					
J1-30	Input	Engine Coolant Temp	Analog voltage	0.34 - 2.93	B-	Engine Control Module low side output	
J1-31	Input	Throttle Position Sensor	Analog voltage	0 - 5V	B-	Pedal position potentiometer wiper 5K ohm	Drive Pedal sensor wiper (0-5K ohm)

Pin ID	Desig.	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Ref, To	Load or Supply Characteristics	Comments
J1-32	Input	Hydraulic Filter Switch	Digital voltage	0V	B-	Switch to ground	Ground or open, closed when filter plugged
J1-33	Input	Extend Scrub Level Switch	Digital voltage	0V	B-	Switch to ground	Ground or open, closed when tank is empty
J1-34	Output	Ignition Inhibit	Low side driver	0V	B-	MOSFET gate on relay PCB assy. - 3 mA@12V	Ground or float
J1-35		Ground					
J2-1	Output	Main Power Relay	Low side driver	0V	B-	Relay coil - 0.29A @12V	46 ± 5 ohms
J2-2	Output	Side Sweep/Scrub Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-3	Output	Side Scrub Lift Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-4	Output	Scrub Lock Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-5	Output	Squeegee Down Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-6	Output	Squeegee Up Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-7	Output	Scrub Brush Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-8		Vacuum Motor Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-9		Extended Scrub Water Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Solution solenoid - 1.5A @12V	17W
J2-10		Side Scrub Solution Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Solution solenoid - 1.0A @12V	11W
J2-11	Output	Backup Audible Alarm	Low side driver	0V	B-	Electronic alarm 0.25A @12V	
J2-12	Power (B+)	Circuit Breaker 4 (VACC4)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	B-	System voltage	Power from circuit breaker 4 (20A)

Pin ID	Desig.	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Ref, To	Load or Supply Characteristics	Comments
J2-13	Output	Glow Plug Relay	Low side driver	0V	B-	Relay coil - 0.29A @12V	46 ± 5 ohms
J2-14		Ground					
J2-15		Ground					
J2-16		Ground					
J2-17	Ground	Ground	Ground	0V	B-	Ground	
J2-18	Ground	Ground	Ground	0V	B-	Ground	
J2-19		Ground					
J2-20		Ground					
J2-21		Ground					
J2-22	Output	Main Solution Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	B-	Solution solenoid - 1.5A @12V	17W
J2-23	Power (B+)	Circuit Breaker 5 (VACC5)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	B-	System voltage	Power from circuit breaker 5 (10A)
J2-24	Output	Scrub Pressure Up	Low side PWM driver	PWM 0 - 12V	B-	Hydraulic coil - 2.1A @12V	2.2 ohms @ 20°C
J2-25		Ground					
J2-26	Output	Scrub Pressure Down	Low side PWM driver	PWM 0 - 12V	B-	Hydraulic coil - 2.1A @12V	2.2 ohms @ 20°C
J2-27		Ground					
J2-28		Ground					
J2-29	Output	ECM Engine 2200 RPM	High side driver	12V	B-	Engine Control Module input	12V for 2400 RPM, float otherwise
J2-30	Output	ECM Engine 2400 RPM	High side driver	12V	B-	Engine Control Module input	12V for 2200 RPM, float otherwise
J2-31	Output	Left Front Turn Lamp	High side driver	12V	B-	Incandescent lamp - 0.33A @12V	0.4A @14.5V (4W turn lamp)

Pin ID	Desig.	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Ref, To	Load or Supply Characteristics	Comments
J2-32	Output	Right Front Turn Lamp	High side driver	12V	B-	Incandescent lamp - 0.33A @12V	0.4A @14.5V (4W turn lamp)
J2-33	Output	Left Rear Stop/Turn	High side driver	12V	B-	Incandescent lamp - 2.2A @12V	2.7A @14.5V (26W stop & turn lamp)
J2-34	Output	Right Rear Stop/Turn	High side driver	12V	B-	Incandescent lamp - 2.2A @12V	2.7A @14.5V (26W stop & turn lamp)
J2-35	Output	Extended Scrub Pump	Low side PWM driver	PWM 0 - 12V	B-	Pump motor 11.5 FLA @ 12V, 46 LRA	5KHz variable duty cycle
J3-1	Power (B+)	Circuit Breaker 1 (VACC1)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	B-	System voltage	Power from circuit breaker 1 (20A)
J3-2	Output	Main Solution Pump	Low side PWM driver	PWM 0 - 12V	B-	Pump motor 11.5 FLA @ 12V, 46 LRA	5KHz variable duty cycle
J3-3		Ground					
J3-4	Output	Side Sweep Actuator - HI (Red Lead)	H-bridge driver	12V	B-	Actuator motor 20+/-2 FLA, 80 LRA (est.)	Bridge (switching power/ground) (+) for Down, otherwise open
J3-5	Output	Side Sweep Actuator - LO (Black Lead)	H-bridge driver	0V	B-	Actuator motor 20+/-2 FLA, 80 LRA (est.)	Bridge (switching power/ground) (-) for Up, otherwise open
J3-6		Ground					
J3-7	Output	Side Sweep Actuator - MID (White, Common Lead)	H-bridge driver	B+ or 0V	B-	Actuator motor 20+/-2 FLA, 80 LRA (est.)	Bridge (switching power/ground) (+) for Up, (-) for Down
J3-8	Output	Head / Tail Lamps	High side driver	12V	B-	Incandescent lamp - 9.3 @12V	11.3A @14.5V (2x 50W headlamp, 2x 5.6W tail lamp)
J3-9	Output	Circuit Breaker 1 (VACC1)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	B-	System voltage	Power from circuit breaker 1 (20A)

Pin ID	Desig.	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Ref, To	Load or Supply Characteristics	Comments
J3-10		Ground					
J3-11	Ground	Ground	Ground	0V	B-	Ground	
J3-12	Ground	Ground	Ground	0V	B-	Ground	
J3-13	Ground	Ground	Ground	0V	B-	Ground	
J3-14	Power (B+)	Circuit Breaker2 (VACC2)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	B-	System voltage	Power from circuit breaker 2 (20A)
J3-15	Power (B+)	Circuit Breaker 2 (VACC2)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	B-	System voltage	Power from circuit breaker 2 (20A)
J3-16	Power (B+)	Circuit Breaker 3 (VACC3)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	B-	System voltage	Power from circuit breaker 3 (15A)
J3-17	Output	Horn	Low side driver	0V	B-	Electromagnetic horn 4A @12V	
J3-18	Output	Side Sweep Mist Pump	Low side driver	0V	B-	Pump motor 3.9 FLA @ 24V, 16 LRA	24V pump operated at 12V
J3-19	Output	Detergent Pump 2 (-)	H-bridge driver	0 to B+	B-	0.65A @ 12V	Pulsed on and off at a rate less than 10 Hz
J3-20	Output	Detergent Pump 2 (+)	H-bridge driver	0 to B+	B-	0.65A @ 12V	Pulsed on and off at a rate less than 10 Hz
J3-21	Output	Detergent Pump 1 (-)	H-bridge driver	0 to B+	B-	0.65A @ 12V	Pulsed on and off at a rate less than 10 Hz
J3-22	Output	Detergent Pump 1 (+)	H-bridge driver	0 to B+	B-	0.65A @ 12V	Pulsed on and off at a rate less than 10 Hz
J3-23	Output	Wand Solution Pump	Low side driver	0V	B-	Pump motor 12.5 FLA@12V, 50 LRA	

## Shop Measurements - Driver Box

Shop measurement values can help you recognize “normal” values. The values in this table were measured on one propane engine model with the black voltmeter lead connected to battery negative and everything connected. The model had a right side scrub option with no side sweep.

Pin ID	Wire Color	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Load or Supply Characteristics	“Real World” Shop Measurements	Comments
J1-1	GRA	Engine Run	Digital Voltage	0V (for Gas/Propane); B+ (for Diesel)	Engine Control Module output	11.5v key on 0.01v running	Switch to ground, ground = run, float = not running (for Gas/Propane); Switch to Vbat (for Propane)
J1-2	BLK/YEL	CAN L	CAN Bus (-)	0-5V	Differential serial data	2.49v key on	User interface panel serial communication
J1-3	ORN/BLK	CAN H	CAN Bus (+)	0-5V	Differential serial data	2.50v key on	User interface panel serial communication
J1-4		Not Used					
J1-5	YEL	Seat Switch	Digital voltage	0V	Switch to ground	12.8v off seat 0.008v on seat	Ground or open, closes when Operator in seat
J1-6		Not Used					
J1-7	BRN/WHT	Fuel Level Sensor (gas & diesel)	Variable resistance	0.40 - 1.66V	Variable resistance to ground, 33 - 240 ohms		Nominal voltage provided is subject to change if additional resolution is required
		Fuel Level Sensor (LP)	Digital voltage	0V	Switch to ground	3.3v not empty	Ground or open, closed when tank is empty
J1-8		Not Used					
J1-9		Not Used					
J1-10	BRN/WHT	Throttle Position Supply (3.3V-A)	3.3V-A	+3.3V	Pedal position potentiometer end 5K ohm	3.24v key on	Drive Pedal sensor High side
J1-11	YEL/GRA	Throttle Position Ground	Ground	0V	Pedal position potentiometer end 5K ohm	0.014v key on	Drive Pedal sensor Low side
J1-12	ORN/GRN	Ignition Input Voltage	Analog voltage	B+	System voltage	12.25v key on	From key switch Ignition position

Pin ID	Wire Color	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Load or Supply Characteristics	“Real World” Shop Measurements	Comments
J1-13		Not Used					
J1-14		Not Used					
J1-15		Not Used					
J1-16	RED/BLK	Horn Switch	Digital voltage	0V	Switch to ground	12v open 0.002v closed	This circuit is for an optional foot operated switch for sounding the horn.
J1-17		Not Used					
J1-18	BLK	Ground	Ground	0V	Ground	0.001v cranking	
J1-19	GRN/ORN	Hydraulic Fluid Temp	Variable resistance	0.16 - 2.24V	Variable resistance to ground, 12-500 ohms	2.406v at 76 Deg F. (24.4 Deg C.)	
J1-20	BIO/WHT	Brake Pedal Switch	Digital voltage	0V	Switch to ground	0.04v at rest 11.9v pressed	Closes when brake pedal released
J1-21	VIO/YEL	Solution Empty Switch	Digital voltage	0V	Switch to ground	0.004v empty 12.26v not empty	Ground or open, closes when tank is empty
J1-22	WHT/BRN	Start Inhibit	Low side driver	0V	MOSFET gate on relay PCB assy. - 3 mA @12V	9.2v cranking normal 0.015v inhibited	Ground or float
J1-23		Ground					
J1-24	VIO/BRN	Start KEYPOS Switch	Digital voltage	B+	System voltage	11v cranking	From key switch
J1-25	GRN/YEL	Check Engine Switch	Digital voltage	0V	Engine Control Module low side output	4.5v Eng. running	Switch to ground,
J1-26		Ground					
J1-27	GRA/YEL	Recovery Full Switch	Digital voltage	0V	Switch to ground	0.004v empty 12.13v full	Level switch, ground or open, opens when tank is full
J1-28		Not Used					
J1-29		Not Used					



Pin ID	Wire Color	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Load or Supply Characteristics	“Real World” Shop Measurements	Comments
J1-30	VIO/BLU	Engine Coolant Temp	Analog voltage	0.34 - 2.93	Engine Control Module low side output	1.59v at 132 Deg. F (56 Deg. C)	
J1-31	ORN/GRA	Drive Pedal Sensor	Analog voltage	0 - 5V	Pedal position potentiometer wiper 5K ohm	0.919v Full FWD 0.449v Neutral 0.222v Full REV	Drive Pedal sensor wiper (0-5K ohm)
J1-32	RED/YEL	Hydraulic Filter Switch	Digital voltage	0V	Switch to ground	11.7v key on	Ground or open, closed when filter plugged
J1-33	BRN/BLU	Extend Scrub Level Switch	Digital voltage	0V	Switch to ground	11.7v key on	Ground or open, closed when tank is empty
J1-34	YEL/WHT	Ignition Inhibit	Low side driver	0V	MOSFET gate on relay PCB assy. - 3 mA@12V	11.7v key on	Ground or float
J1-35		Not Used					
J2-1	BLU/GRN	Main Power Relay	Low side driver	0V	Relay coil - 0.29A @12V	0.33v key on	46 ± 5 ohms
J2-2	BLK/WHT	Side Sweep/Scrub Solenoid (S8)	Low side driver	0V	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	11.9v Sol off 0.39v Sol. on	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-3	GRN/VIO	Side Scrub Lift Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	11.9v Sol off 0.23v Sol on	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-4	YEL/BLU	Scrub Lock Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	11.9v Sol. off 0.22v Sol. on	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-5	RED/GRA	Squeegee Down Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	11.9v Sol. off 0.188v Sol. On	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-6	BRN/GRN	Squeegee Up Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	14.6v Sol. off 0.213v Sol. on	8 ohms @ 20°C

Pin ID	Wire Color	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Load or Supply Characteristics	“Real World” Shop Measurements	Comments
J2-7	ORN/BLU	Scrub Brush Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	14.6v Sol. off 0.25v Sol. on	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-8	BRN/YEL	Vacuum Motor Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	Hydraulic coil - 1.5A @12V	14.1v Sol. off 0.2v Sol. on	8 ohms @ 20°C
J2-9		Extended Scrub Water Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	Solution solenoid - 1.5A @12V		Not measured
J2-10	BLU/YEL	Side Scrub Solution Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	Solution solenoid - 1.0A @12V	14.4v Sol. off 0.202v Sol. on	This was pulsed on momentarily. You may not see the change without a Min/Max function on your voltmeter.
J2-11	BLU/BLK	Backup Audible Alarm	Low side driver	0V	Electronic alarm 0.25A @12V	14.4v off	
J2-12	ORN	Circuit Breaker 4 (VACC4)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	System voltage	14.5v Eng. running	Power from circuit breaker 4 (20A)
J2-13	WHT/ORN	Glow Plug Relay	Low side driver	0V	Relay coil - 0.29A @12V	Not measured	46 ± 5 ohms
J2-14		Not Used					
J2-15		Not Used					
J2-16		Not Used					
J2-17	BLK	Ground	Ground	0V	Ground	-0.025v running	
J2-18	BLK	Ground	Ground	0V	Ground	-0.025v running	
J2-19		Not Used					
J2-20		Not Used					
J2-21		Not Used					
J2-22	YEL/GRN	Main Solution Solenoid	Low side driver	0V	Solution solenoid - 1.5A @12V	12.9v Sol. Off 0.289v Sol. on	This was held on steady.
J2-23	GRN/BRN	Circuit Breaker 5 (VACC5)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	System voltage	14.52v Eng. running	Power from circuit breaker 5 (10A)

Pin ID	Wire Color	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Load or Supply Characteristics	“Real World” Shop Measurements	Comments
J2-24	ORN/RED	Scrub Pressure Up	Low side PWM driver	PWM 0 - 12V	Hydraulic coil - 2.1A @12V	9.6v all 3 scrub pressure settings	Voltage moves slightly when changing pressure setting.
J2-25		Not Used					
J2-26	WHT/VIO	Scrub Pressure Down	Low side PWM driver	PWM 0 - 12V	Hydraulic coil - 2.1A @12V	9.9v @ 1 9.4v @ 2 9.0v @ 3	2.2 ohms @ 20°C
J2-27		Not Used					
J2-28		Not Used					
J2-29	GRA/ORN	ECM Engine 2200 RPM	High side driver	12V	Engine Control Module input	2.79v at idle 14.3v Mid 2.81v High	12V for 2400 RPM, float otherwise
J2-30	GRA/BLU	ECM Engine 2400 RPM	High side driver	12V	Engine Control Module input	2.79v at idle 2.79v Mid 14.3v high	12V for 2200 RPM, float otherwise
J2-31	YEL	Left Front Turn Lamp	High side driver	12V	Incandescent lamp - 0.33A @12V	0.004v off 12.3v on	0.4A @14.5V (4W turn lamp)
J2-32	GRN	Right Front Turn Lamp	High side driver	12V	Incandescent lamp - 0.33A @12V	0.004v off 12.3v on	0.4A @14.5V (4W turn lamp)
J2-33	ORN/BRN	Left Rear Stop/Turn	High side driver	12V	Incandescent lamp - 2.2A @12V	0.004v off 12.3v on	2.7A @14.5V (26W stop & turn lamp)
J2-34	YEL/RED	Right Rear Stop/Turn	High side driver	12V	Incandescent lamp - 2.2A @12V	0.004v off 12.3v on	2.7A @14.5V (26W stop & turn lamp)

Pin ID	Wire Color	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Load or Supply Characteristics	“Real World” Shop Measurements	Comments
J2-35	GRA/ORN	Extended Scrub Pump	Low side PWM driver	PWM 0 - 12V	Pump motor 11.5 FLA @ 12V, 46 LRA	Not Measured	5KHz variable duty cycle
J3-1	GRA/RED	Circuit Breaker 1 (VACC1)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	System voltage	12.4v key on	Power from circuit breaker 1 (20A)
J3-2	GRN/BLU	Main Solution Pump	Low side PWM driver	PWM 0 - 12V	Pump motor 11.5 FLA @ 12V, 46 LRA		5KHz variable duty cycle
J3-3		Not Used					
J3-4	BLU/BRN	Side Sweep Actuator - HI (Red Lead)	H-bridge driver	12V	Actuator motor 20+/-2 FLA, 80 LRA (est.)	Not Measured	Bridge (switching power/ground) (+) for Down, otherwise open
J3-5	WHT/RED	Side Sweep Actuator - LO (Black Lead)	H-bridge driver	0V	Actuator motor 20+/-2 FLA, 80 LRA (est.)	Not Measured	Bridge (switching power/ground) (-) for Up, otherwise open
J3-6		Not Used					
J3-7	GRA/VIO	Side Sweep Actuator - MID (White, Common Lead)	H-bridge driver	B+ or 0V	Actuator motor 20+/-2 FLA, 80 LRA (est.)	Not Measured	Bridge (switching power/ground) (+) for Up, (-) for Down
J3-8	BRN	Head / Tail Lamps	High side driver	12V	Incandescent lamp - 9.3 @12V	0.004v off 11.9v on	11.3A @14.5V (2x 50W headlamp, 2x 5.6W tail lamp)
J3-9	GRA/RED	Circuit Breaker 1 (VACC1)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	System voltage	12.4v key on	Power from circuit breaker 1 (20A)
J3-10		Not Used					
J3-11	BLK	Ground	Ground	0V	Ground	-0.06v Eng. running	
J3-12	BLK	Ground	Ground	0V	Ground	-0.03v Eng. running	
J3-13	BLK	Ground	Ground	0V	Ground	-0.19v Eng running	

Pin ID	Wire Color	Pin Assignment	Signal	Nominal Voltage at Connector (when activated)	Load or Supply Characteristics	“Real World” Shop Measurements	Comments
J3-14	BLU	Circuit Breaker2 (VACC2)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	System voltage	12.7.v key on	Power from circuit breaker 2 (20A)
J3-15	BLU	Circuit Breaker 2 (VACC2)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	System voltage	12.7v key on	Power from circuit breaker 2 (20A)
J3-16	VI	Circuit Breaker 3 (VACC3)	Power	12 - 15 VDC	System voltage	12.7v key on	Power from circuit breaker 3 (15A)
J3-17	WHT/YEL	Horn	Low side driver	0V	Electromagnetic horn 4A @12V	12.6v off 2.7v on	
J3-18	YEL/BLK	Side Sweep Mist Pump	Low side driver	0V	Pump motor 3.9 FLA @ 24V, 16 LRA	Not Measured	24V pump operated at 12V
J3-19	BLK/RED	Detergent Pump 2 (-)	H-bridge driver	0 to B+	0.65A @ 12V	0.16v to 14.5v	Pulsed on and off at a rate less than 10 Hz Normal scrub approx 0.2v. Burst of power scrub approx 10-14v
J3-20	BLK/YEL	Detergent Pump 2 (+)	H-bridge driver	0 to B+	0.65A @ 12V	0.16v to 14.5v	Pulsed on and off at a rate less than 10 Hz. Burst of power scrub approx 10-14v
J3-21	RED/BLU	Detergent Pump 1 (-)	H-bridge driver	0 to B+	0.65A @ 12V	0.16v to 14.5v	Pulsed on and off at a rate less than 10 Hz. Burst of power scrub approx 10-14v
J3-22	RED/ WHT	Detergent Pump 1 (+)	H-bridge driver	0 to B+	0.65A @ 12V	0.16v to 14.5v	Pulsed on and off at a rate less than 10 Hz. Burst of power scrub approx 10-14v
J3-23	BLU/RED	Wand Solution Pump	Low side driver	0V	Pump motor 12.5 FLA@12V, 50 LRA	Not Measured	

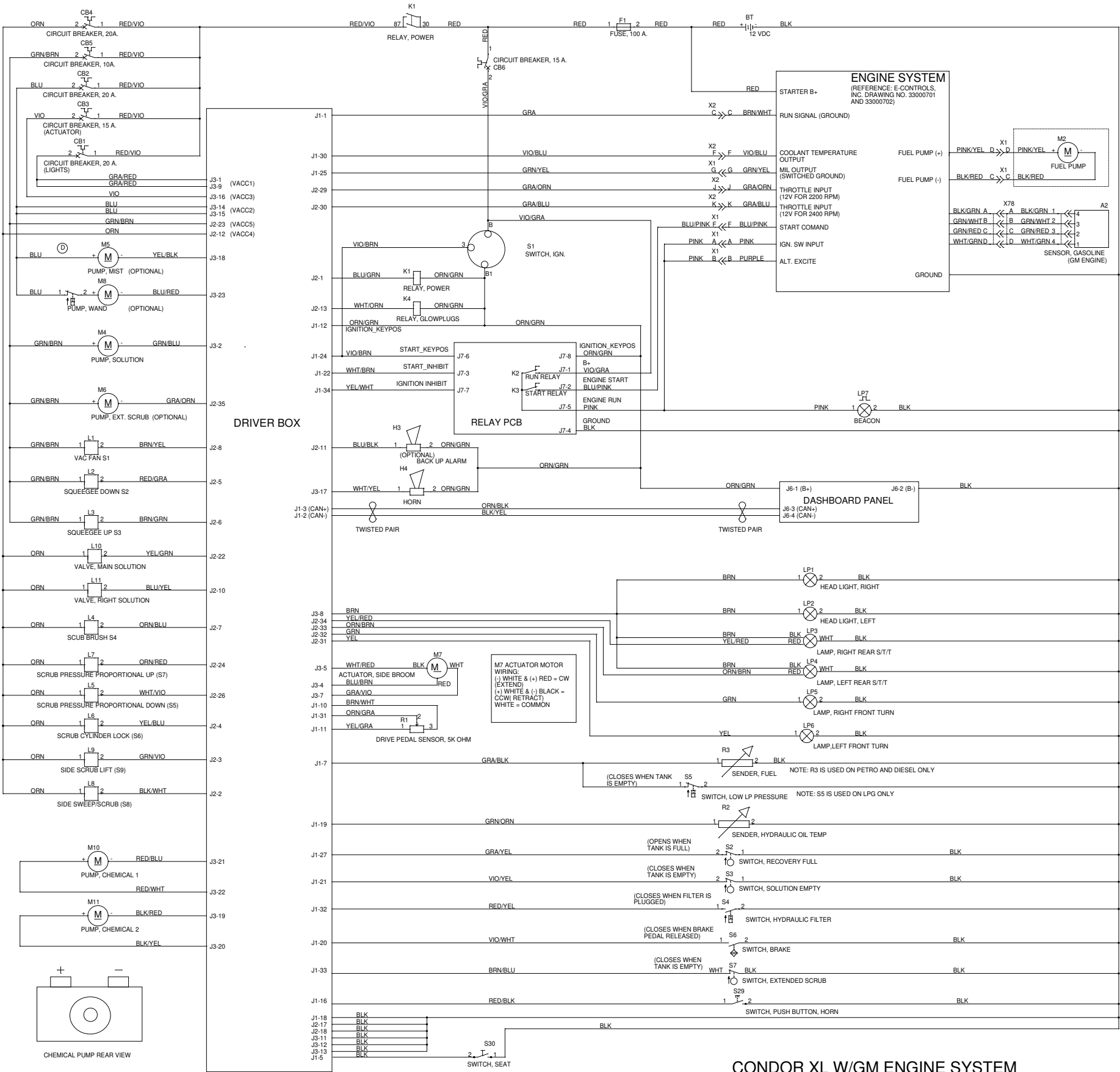
## Shop Measurements - Relay PCB

Shop measurement values can help you recognize “normal” values. The values in the table were measured on one propane engine model with the black voltmeter lead connected to battery negative and everything connected. The model had a right side scrub option with no side sweep.

Pin ID	Wire Color	Pin Assignment	“Real World” Shop Measurements
J7-1	VIO/GRA	B+	12.3v key on
J7-2	BLU/PINK	Engine Start	0.03v key on, 10.7v cranking
J7-3	WHT/BRN	Start Inhibit	0.2v key on, 8.8v cranking
J7-4	BLK	Ground	0.005 key on, 0.2v cranking
J7-5	PINK	Engine Run	12.3v key on, 11.2v cranking, 14.6v running
J7-6	VIO/BRN	Start Key Pos	0.2v key on, 11.2v cranking
J7-7	YEL/WHT	Ignition Inhibit	9.5v cranking, 9.9v key on, 10.6v running
J7-8	ORN/GRN	Ignition Key Pos	12.3v key on, 11v cranking, 14.6v running

Wiring Diagram - GM Engine, Drawing #56111804-D

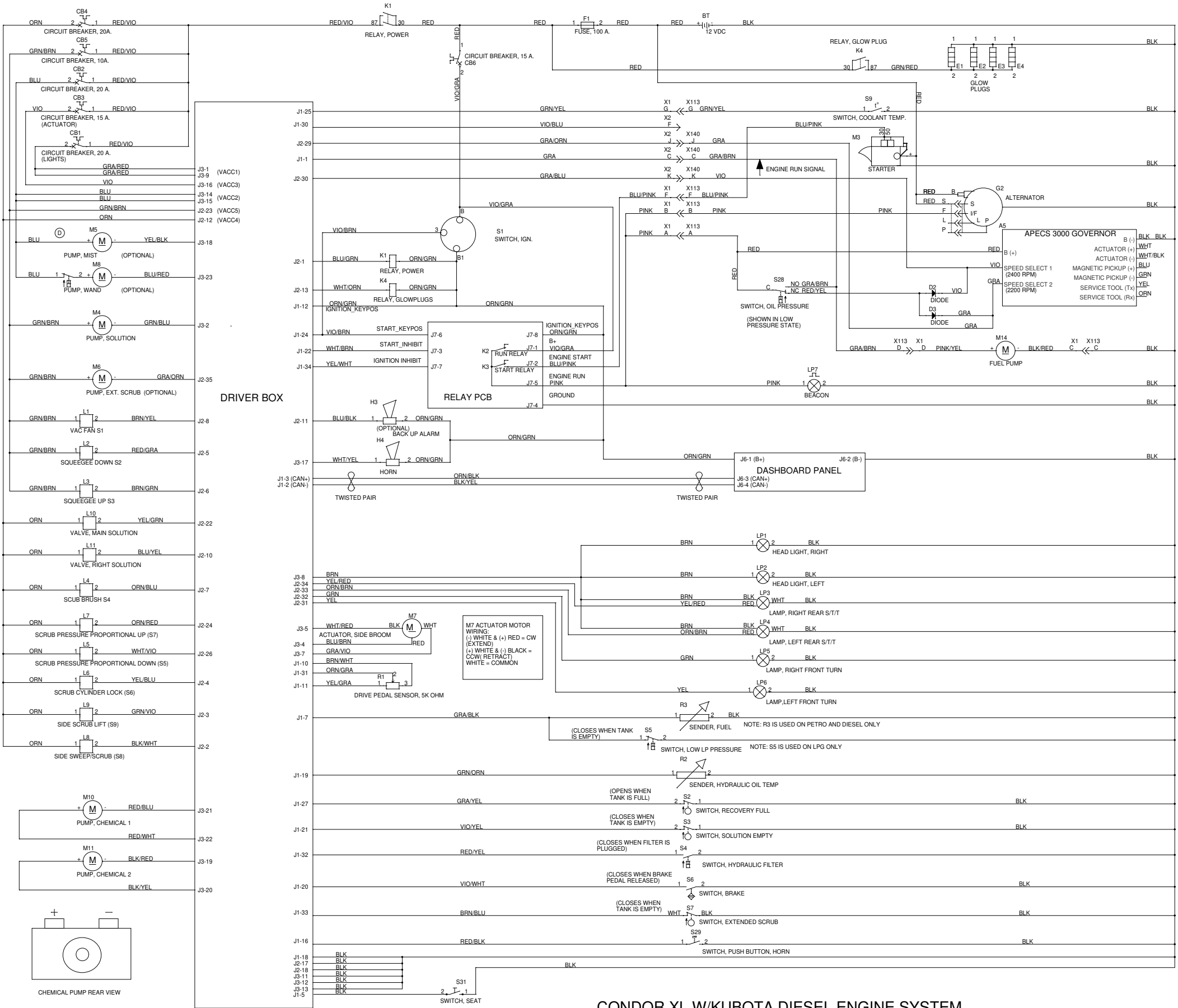
Item	Description	Item	Description
A2	Gasoline Sensor, Ass'y	M2	Fuel Pump (Gasoline/Petrol)
BT	Battery 12V	M4	Pump, Solution
CB1	Circuit Breaker, 20 Amp (lights)	M5	Pump, Mist (optional)
CB2	Circuit Breaker, 20 Amp	M6	Pump, Ext. Scrub (optional)
CB3	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp	M7	Actuator, Side Broom
CB4	Circuit Breaker, 20 Amp	M8	Pump, Wand (optional)
CB5	Circuit Breaker, 10 Amp	M10	Pump, Detergent 1
CB6	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp	M11	Pump, Detergent 2
F1	Fuse, 100 Amp	R1	Drive Pedal Sensor, 5K Ohm
H3	Back-Up Alarm (optional)	R2	Sender, Hydraulic Oil Temp
H4	Horn	R3	Sender, Fuel (Petrol and Diesel models only)
K1	Relay, Power	S1	Switch, Ignition
K2	Relay, Run	S2	Switch, Recovery Full
K3	Relay, Start	S3	Switch, Solution Empty
K4	Relay, Glow Plugs	S4	Switch, Hydraulic Filter
L1	Vacuum Fan Valve, S1	S5	Switch, Low LP Pressure (LPG only)
L2	Squeegee Down Valve, S2	S6	Switch, Brake
L3	Squeegee Up Valve, S3	S7	Switch, Extended Scrub
L4	Scrub Brush Valve, S4	S29	Switch, Push Button, Horn
L5	Scrub Pressure Proportional Down Valve, S5	S30	Switch, Seat
L6	Scrub Cylinder Lock Valve, S6		
L7	Scrub Pressure Proportional Up Valve, S7		
L8	Side Sweep/Scrub Valve, S8		
L9	Side Scrub Lift Valve, S9		
L10	Main Solution Valve		
L11	Right Solution Valve		
LP1	Headlight, Right		
LP2	Headlight, Left		
LP3	Lamp, Right Rear S/T/T		
LP4	Lamp, Left Rear S/T/T		
LP5	Lamp, Right Front Turn		
LP6	Lamp, Left Front Turn		
LP7	Beacon		



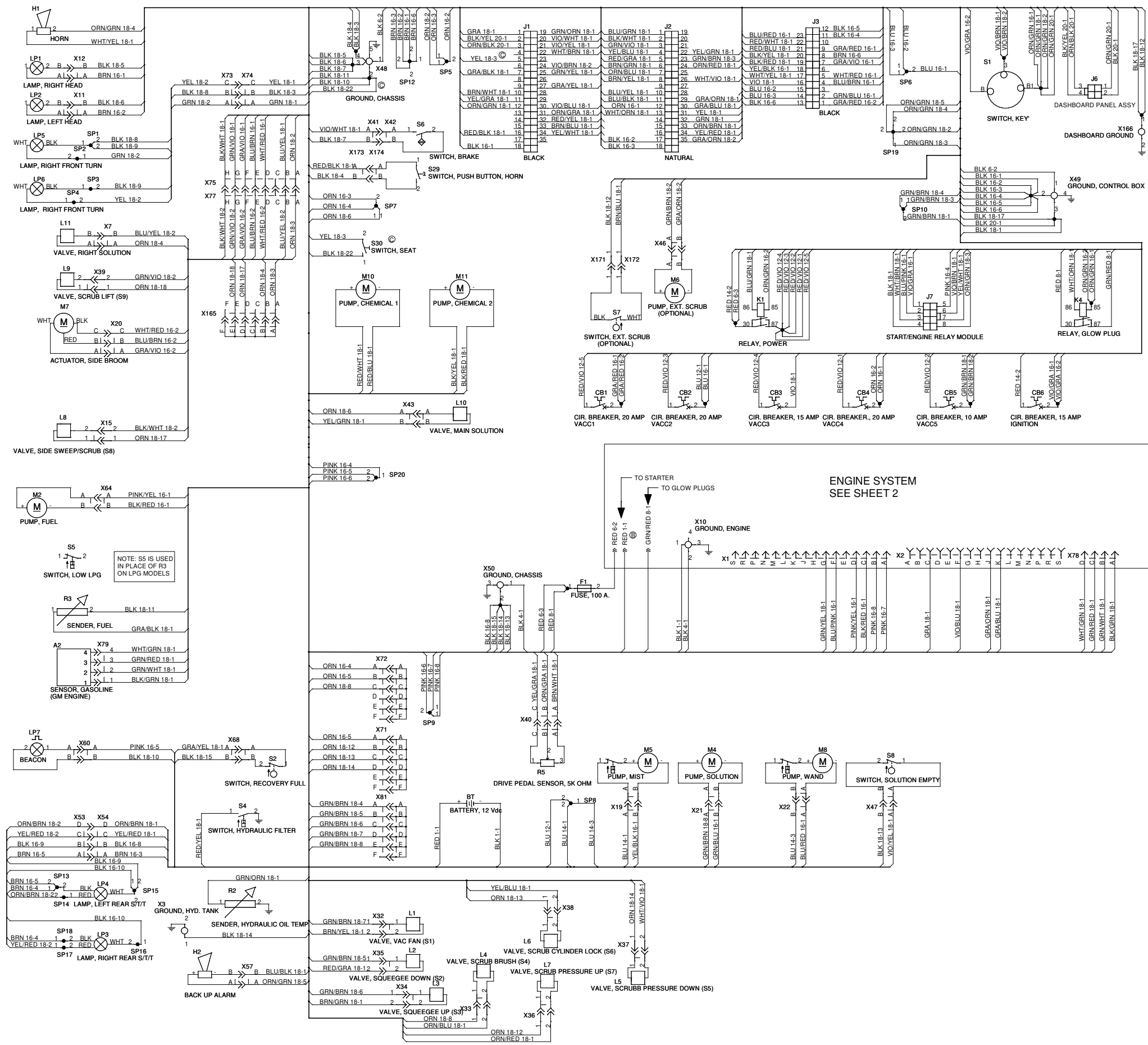


Wiring Diagram - Kubota Diesel, Drawing #56111804-D

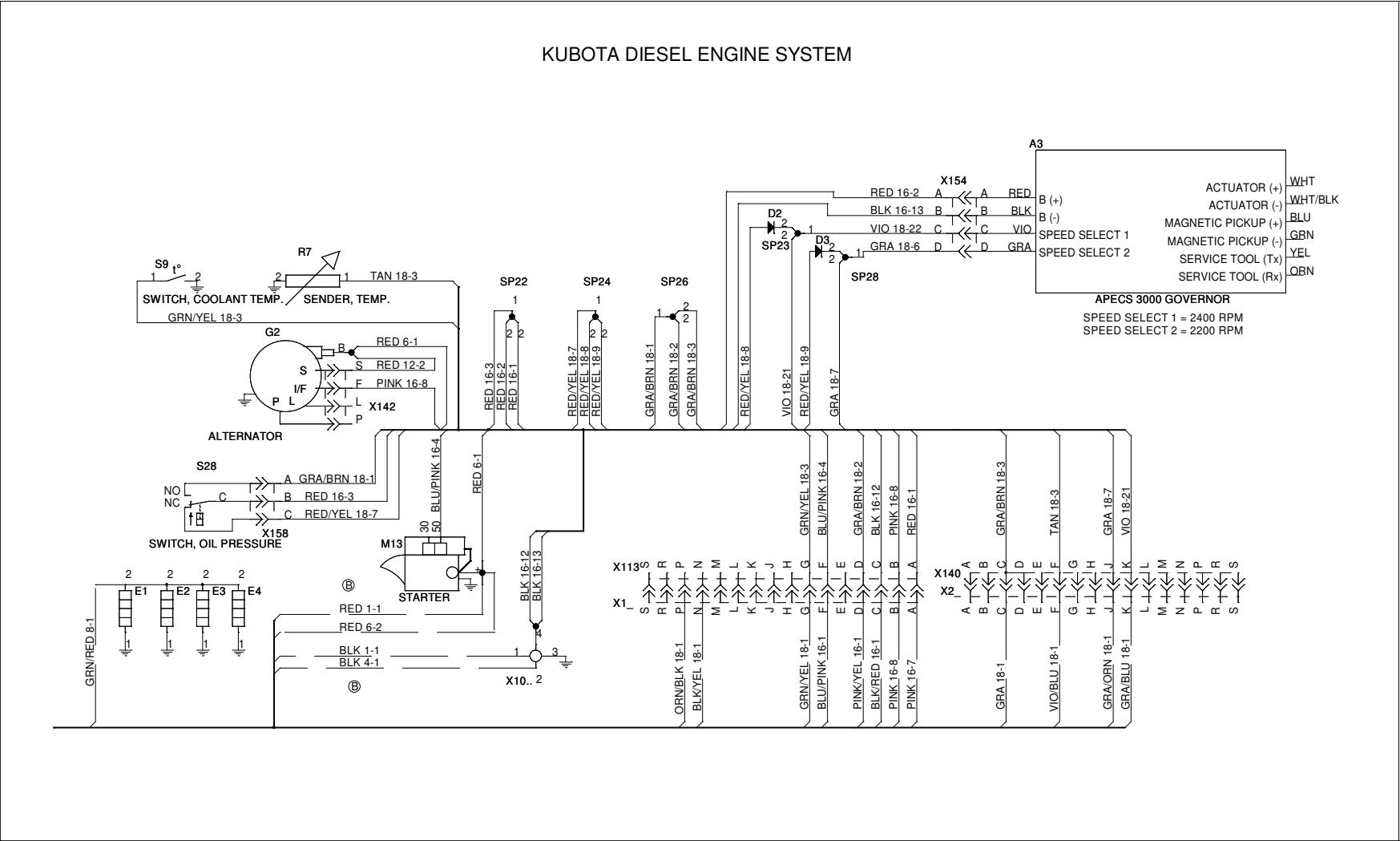
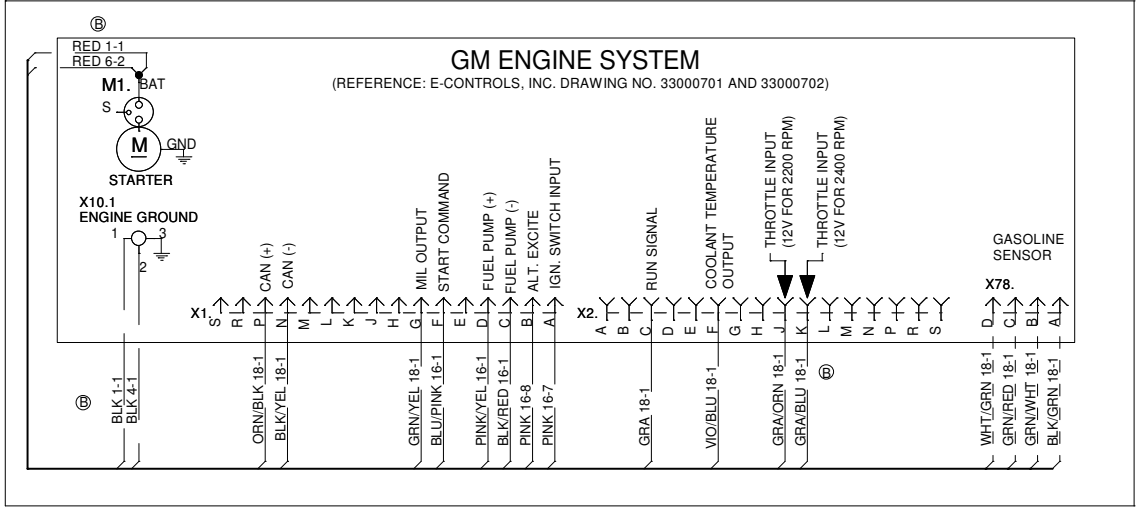
Item	Description	Item	Description
A5	APECS 3000 Governor	M3	Starter
BT	Battery 12V	M4	Pump, Solution
CB1	Circuit Breaker, 20 Amp (lights)	M5	Pump, Mist (optional)
CB2	Circuit Breaker, 20 Amp	M6	Pump, Ext. Scrub (optional)
CB3	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp	M7	Actuator, Side Broom
	(actuator)	M8	Pump, Wand (optional)
CB4	Circuit Breaker, 20 Amp	M10	Pump, Detergent 1
CB5	Circuit Breaker, 10 Amp	M11	Pump, Detergent 2
CB6	Circuit Breaker, 15 Amp	M14	Fuel Pump
D2	Diode	R1	Drive Pedal Sensor, 5K Ohm
D3	Diode	R2	Sender, Hydraulic Oil Temp
E1	Glow Plug	R3	Sender, Fuel
E2	Glow Plug	S1	Switch, Ignition
E3	Glow Plug	S2	Switch, Recovery Full
E4	Glow Plug	S3	Switch, Solution Empty
F1	Fuse, 100 Amp	S4	Switch, Hydraulic Filter
G2	Alternator	S6	Switch, Brake
H3	Back-Up Alarm (optional)	S7	Switch, Extended Scrub
H4	Horn	S9	Switch, Coolant Temp.
K1	Relay, Power	S28	Switch, Oil Pressure
K2	Relay, Run	S29	Switch, Push Button, Horn
K3	Relay, Start	S30	Switch, Seat
K4	Relay, Glow Plugs		
L1	Vacuum Fan Valve, S1		
L2	Squeegee Down Valve, S2		
L3	Squeegee Up Valve, S3		
L4	Scrub Brush Valve, S4		
L5	Scrub Pressure Proportional Down Valve, S5		
L6	Scrub Cylinder Lock Valve, S6		
L7	Scrub Pressure Proportional Up Valve, S7		
L8	Side Sweep/Scrub Valve, S8		
L9	Side Scrub Lift Valve, S9		
L10	Main Solution Valve		
L11	Right Solution Valve		
LP1	Headlight, Right		
LP2	Headlight, Left		
LP3	Lamp, Right Rear S/T/T		
LP4	Lamp, Left Rear S/T/T		
LP5	Lamp, Right Front Turn		
LP6	Lamp, Left Front Turn		
LP7	Beacon		



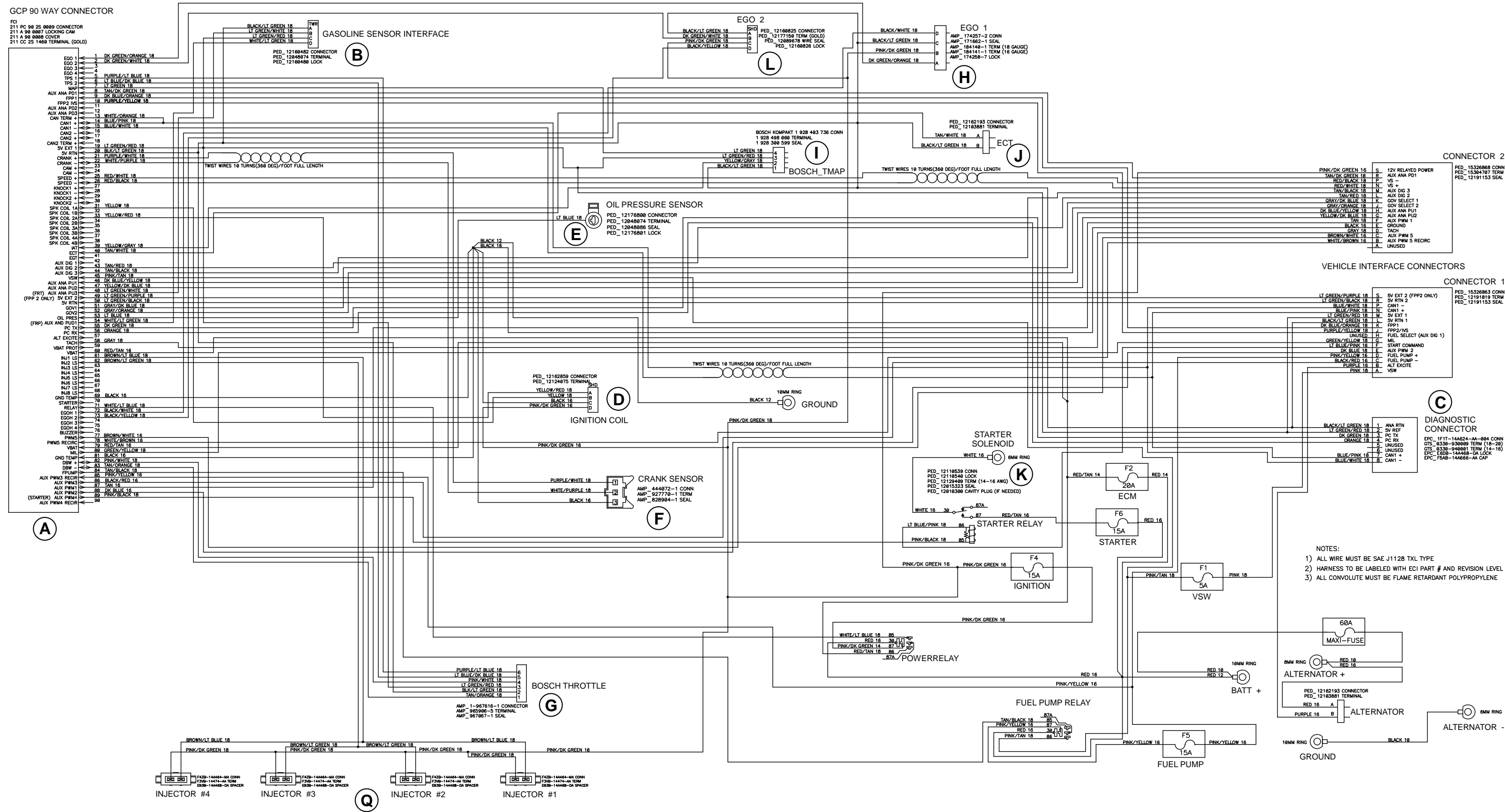
Wiring Schematic - 1 of 2



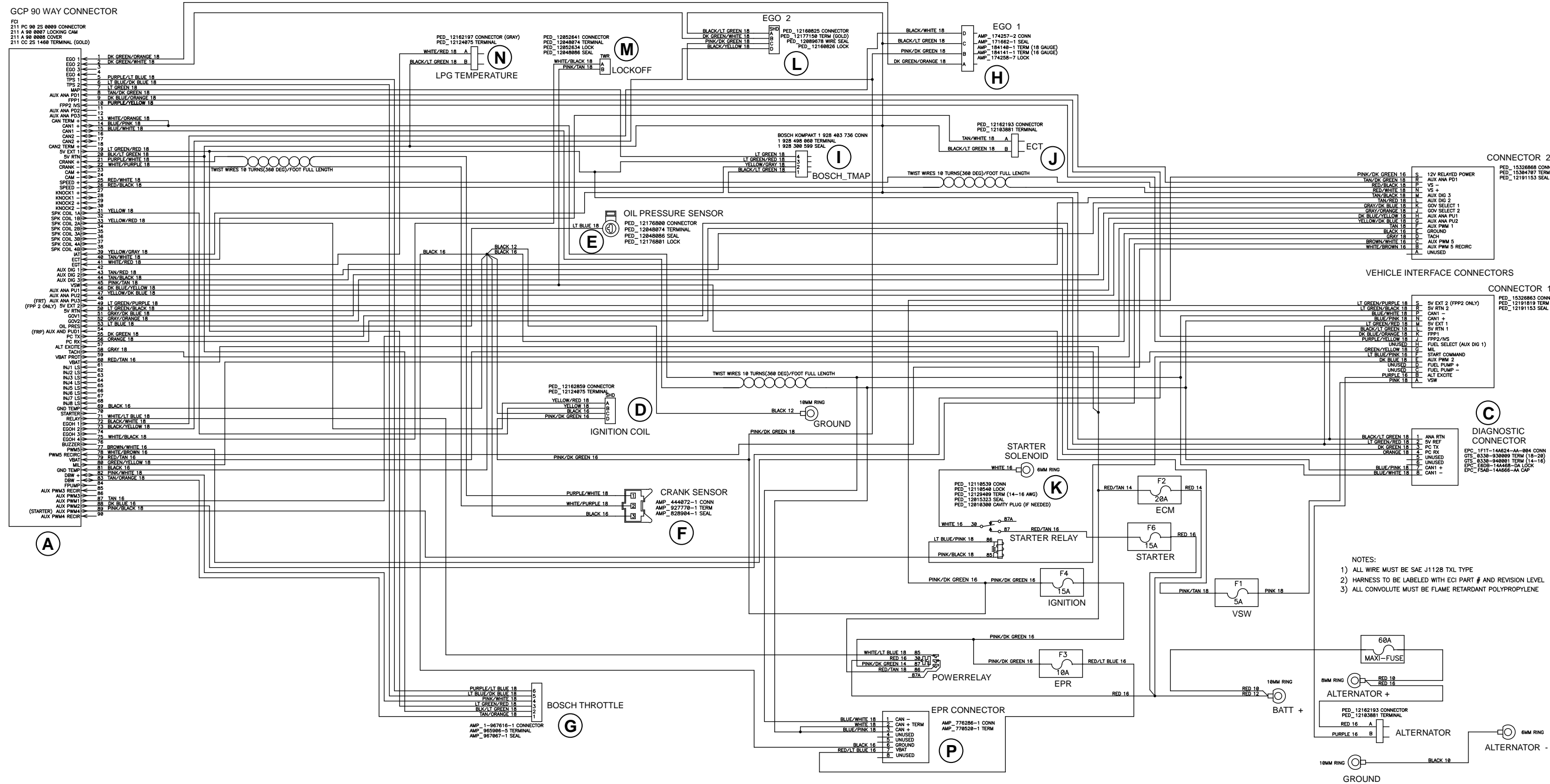
Wiring Schematic - 2 of 2



Engine Harness for Tier II GM 1.6L Gas (Petrol)  
(Prior to 2/25/2011 with serial number below 1000043742)

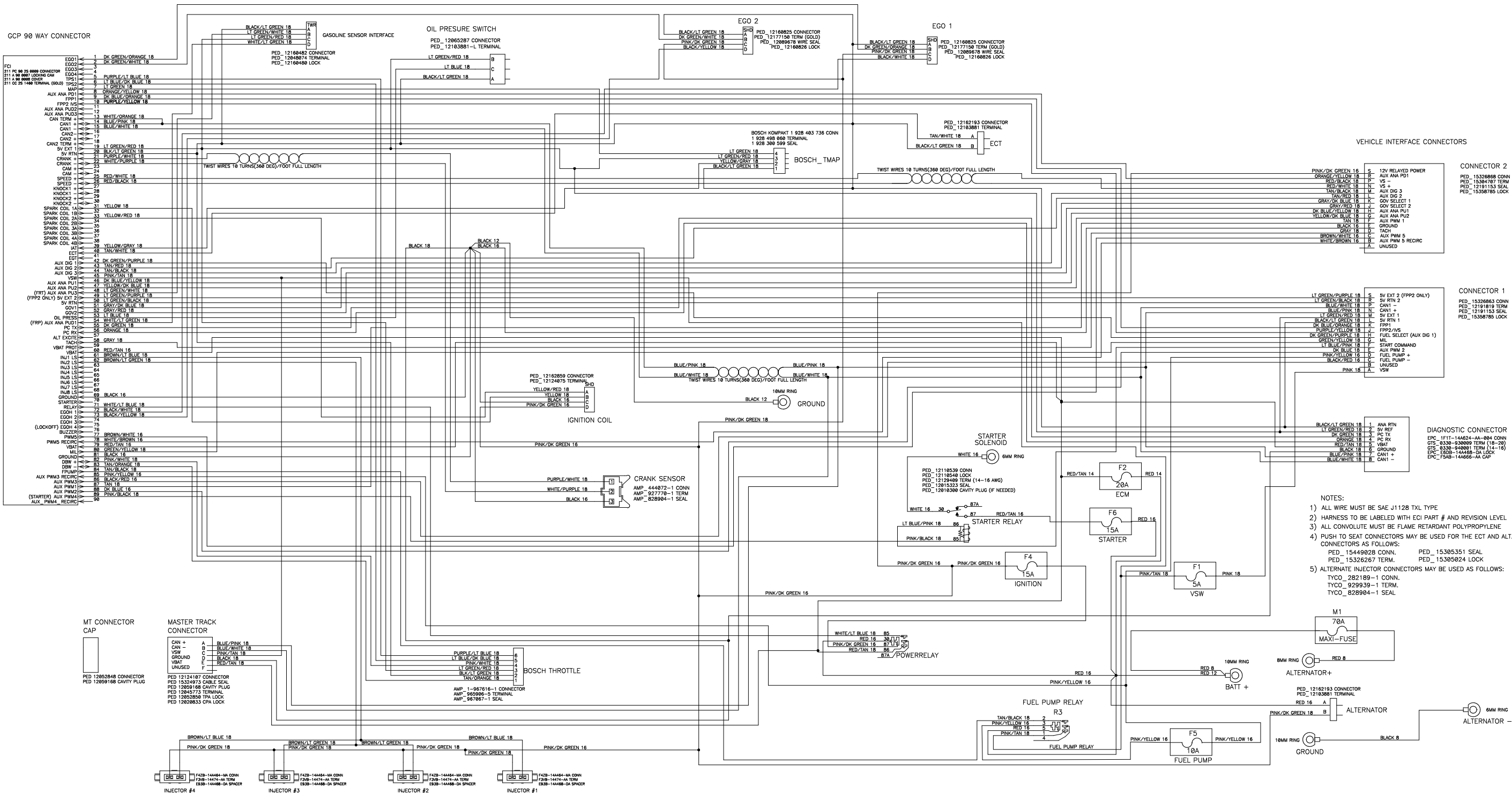


Engine Harness for Tier II GM 1.6L LPG  
(Prior to 4/15/2010 with serial number below 1000038143)



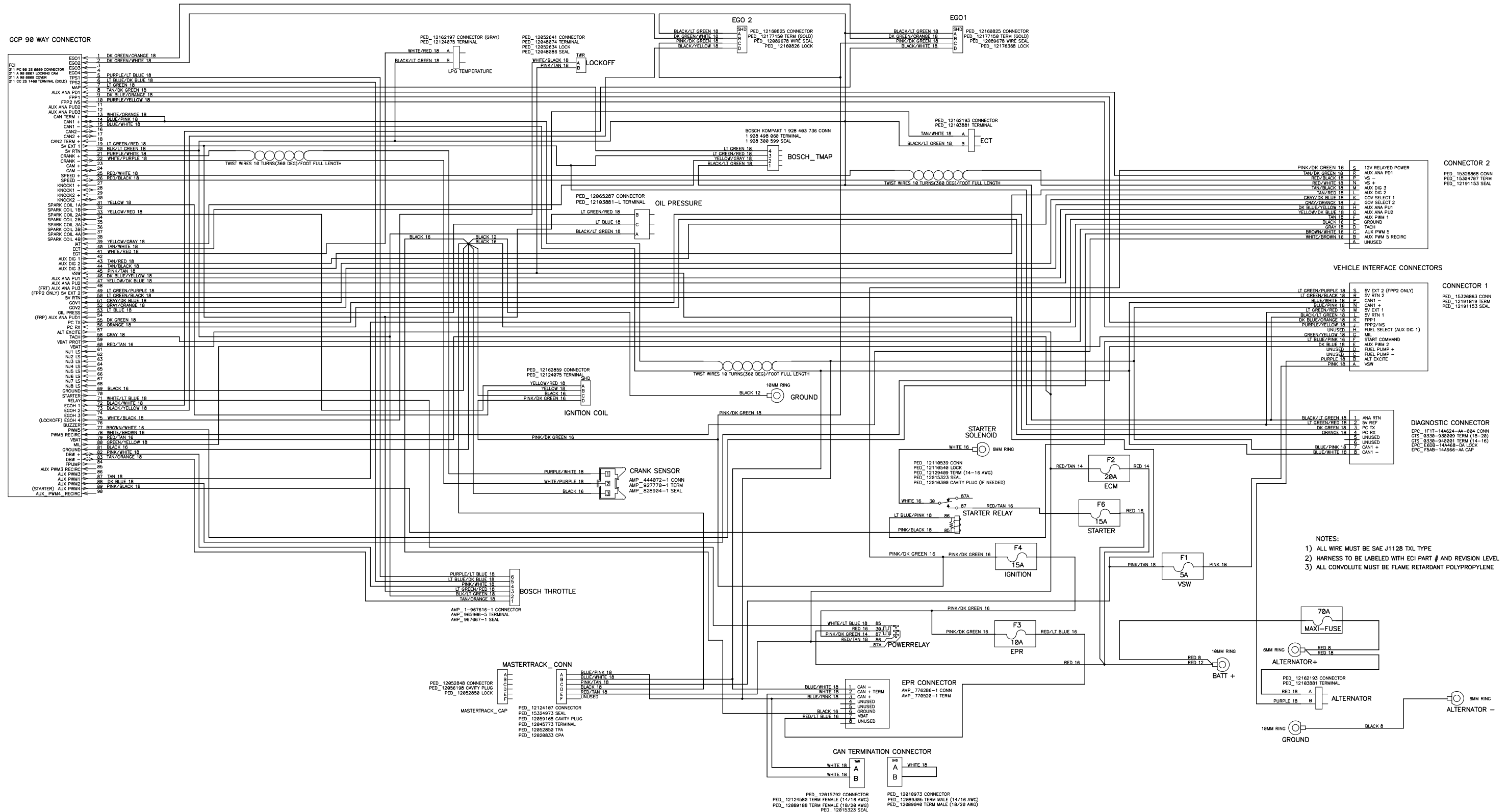


Engine Harness for Tier III GM 1.6L Gas (Petrol)  
(After 2/25/2011 beginning with serial number 1000043742)



## Engine Harness for Tier III GM 1.6L LPG

***(After 2/25/2011 beginning with serial number 1000038143)***



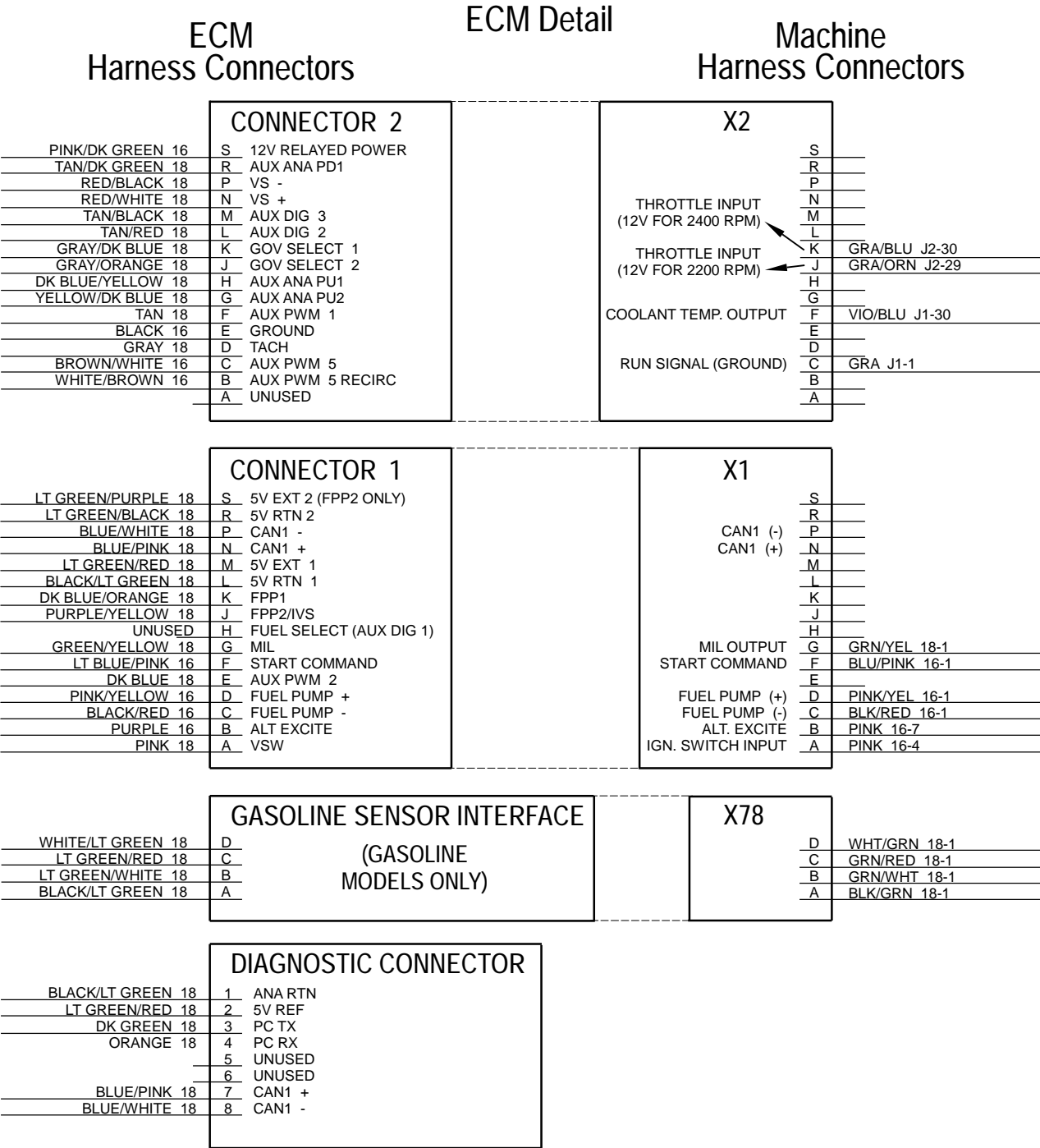


Wiring Harness Item	Wiring Harness Component Description
A	ECM Wiring Connector (90 Pins)
B	Gasoline/Petrol Fuel Sensor Interface Connector (fuel pressure regulation and temperature sensor manifold assembly)
C	Engine Diagnostic Communication Port (8 Pin) (MIL shorting location)
D	Ignition Coil Pack Wiring Connector
E	Engine Oil Pressure Switch
F	Crankshaft Position Sensor Connector
G	Throttle Fly Actuator Motor Connector (Bosch)
H	EGO #1 Sensor Wiring Connector
I	Combined TMAP Engine Air Temperature and MAP Sensor Wiring Connector
J	Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor Connector
K	Engine Starter Solenoid Wire Connector
L	EGO #2 Sensor Wiring Connector
M	LPG Fuel Lockoff Wiring Connector
N	LPG Temp Sensor Wiring Connector
P	EPR Connector (LPG) Fuel Regulator
Q	Gasoline Fuel Injectors

Definition of Terms for Computerized Engine Controllers

- ANA-RTN:
- ECM: Engine Control Module
- EGO: Exhaust Gas Oxygen Sensor (O2)
- EPR: Electronic Pressure Regulator
- IAT: Intake Manifold Air Temperature
- MAP: Intake Manifold Absolute Pressure
- MIL: Malfunction Indicator Light
- VSW: Switched Battery Voltage
- VBAT: Battery Voltage

EGO 1	1	DK GREEN/ORANGE 18
EGO 2	2	DK GREEN/ORANGE 18
EGO 3	3	
EGO 4	4	
TPS 1	5	PURPLE/LT BLUE 18
TPS 2	6	LT BLUE/DK BLUE 18
MAP	7	LT GREEN 18
AUX ANA PD1	8	TAN/DK GREEN 18
FPP1	9	DK BLUE/ORANGE 18
FPP2 IVS	10	PURPLE/YELLOW 18
AUX ANA PD2	11	
AUX ANA PD3	12	
CAN TERM +	13	WHITE/ORANGE 18
CAN1 +	14	BLUE/PINK 18
CAN1 -	15	BLUE/WHITE 18
CAN2 -	16	
CAN2 +	17	
CAN2 TERM +	18	
5V EXT 1	19	LT GREEN/RED 18
5V RTN	20	BLK/LT GREEN 18
CRANK +	21	PURPLE/WHITE 18
CRANK -	22	WHITE/PURPLE 18
CAM +	23	
CAM -	24	
SPEED +	25	RED/WHITE 18
SPEED -	26	RED/BLACK 18
KNOCK1 +	27	
KNOCK1 -	28	
KNOCK2 +	29	
KNOCK2 -	30	
SPK COIL 1A	31	YELLOW 18
SPK COIL 1B	32	
SPK COIL 2A	33	YELLOW/RED 18
SPK COIL 2B	34	
SPK COIL 3A	35	
SPK COIL 3B	36	
SPK COIL 4A	37	
SPK COIL 4B	38	
IAT	39	YELLOW/GRAY 18
ECT	40	TAN/WHITE 18
EGT	41	
AUX DIG 1	42	
AUX DIG 2	43	TAN/RED 18
AUX DIG 3	44	TAN/BLACK 18
VSW	45	PINK/TAN 18
AUX ANA PU1	46	DK BLUE/YELLOW 18
AUX ANA PU2	47	YELLOW/DK BLUE 18
(FRT) AUX ANA PU3	48	LT GREEN/WHITE 18
(FPP 2 ONLY) 5V EXT 2	49	LT GREEN/PURPLE 18
5V RTN	50	LT GREEN/BLACK 18
GOV1	51	GRAY/DK BLUE 18
GOV2	52	GRAY/ORANGE 18
OIL PRES	53	LT BLUE 18
(FRP) AUX AND PUD1	54	WHITE/LT GREEN 18
PC TX	55	DK GREEN 18
PC RX	56	ORANGE 18
ALT EXCITE	57	
TACH	58	GRAY 18
VBAT PROT	59	
VBAT	60	RED/TAN 16
INJ1 LS	61	BROWN/LT BLUE 18
INJ2 LS	62	BROWN/LT GREEN 18
INJ3 LS	63	
INJ4 LS	64	
INJ5 LS	65	
INJ6 LS	66	
INJ7 LS	67	
INJ8 LS	68	
GND TEMP	69	BLACK 16
STARTER	70	
RELAY	71	WHITE/LT BLUE 18
EGOH 1	72	BLACK/WHITE 18
EGOH 2	73	BLACK/YELLOW 18
EGOH 3	74	
EGOH 4	75	
BUZZER	76	
PWM5	77	BROWN/WHITE 16
PWM5 RECIRC	78	WHITE/BROWN 16
VBAT	79	RED/TAN 16
MIL	80	GREEN/YELLOW 18
GND TEMP	81	BLACK 16
DBW +	82	PINK/WHITE 18
DBW -	83	TAN/ORANGE 18
FPUMP	84	TAN/BLACK 18
AUX PWM3 RECIR	85	PINK/YELLOW 16
AUX PWM3	86	BLACK/RED 16
AUX PWM1	87	TAN 16
AUX PWM2	88	DK BLUE 16
(STARTER) AUX PWM4	89	PINK/BLACK 18
AUX PWM4 RECIR	90	



# Engine System, Diesel

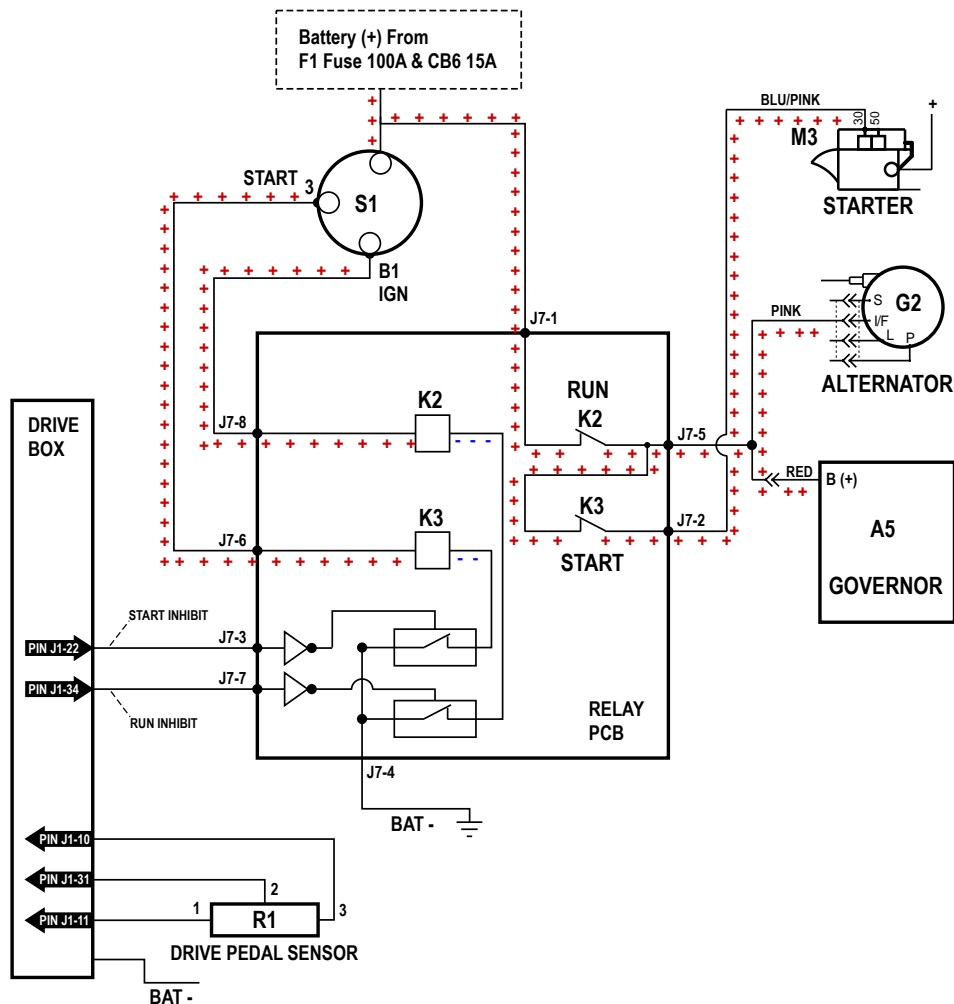
## Functional Description

### Overview

The diesel Condor XL/Nilfisk ER 1300/1600 machines use a Kubota V1505-B-1 four-cylinder diesel engine to power the two hydraulic pumps that run the machine drive wheel, scrub/sweep systems, vacuum fan motor, the scrub/sweep and squeegee lift actuators and the steering system. A Woodward APECS 3000 Governor controls the fuel quantity to maintain the selected RPM or shut the engine off.

### Diesel Engine Starter Circuit Diagram

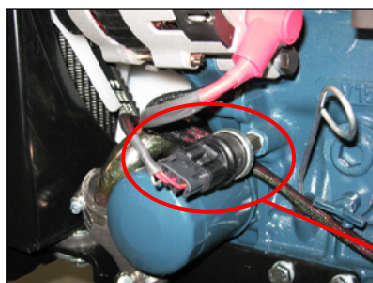
ENGINE START/RUN RELAY PCB J7 for Diesel



## Circuit Description

- For the engine to start:
  - The **Key Switch S1** must be set to provide positive voltage to the **Glow Plug Relay K4**, and to the **Relay PCB** to actuate the engine **Start Relay** and **Run Relay** contacts.
  - The **Start\_Inhibit** relay must not be energized. This means that the **Driver Box** is not providing a ground to the coil through **J1-22**.
  - The drive pedal must be in the neutral position and the **Drive Pedal Sensor** must be in the deadband range.
- For the engine to run:
  - The **Ignition\_Inhibit** relay must not be energized. This means that the **Driver Box** is not providing a ground to the coil through **J1-34**.
  - The **Oil Pressure Switch S28** must be open. This switch is a single-pole, double-throw (SPDT) switch. When the oil pressure is too low, the switch is in the inactivated state (normally-closed contact is closed). When there is oil pressure, the switch activates so that the normally-open contact will be closed. The pressure switch is set at 10 psi.
  - The **Coolant Temperature Switch S9** must be open. This switch is normally open, and will close when the coolant temperature reaches 235 degrees F. When the switch closes, it provides a ground to pin **J1-25** on the **Driver Box**.

## Component Locations



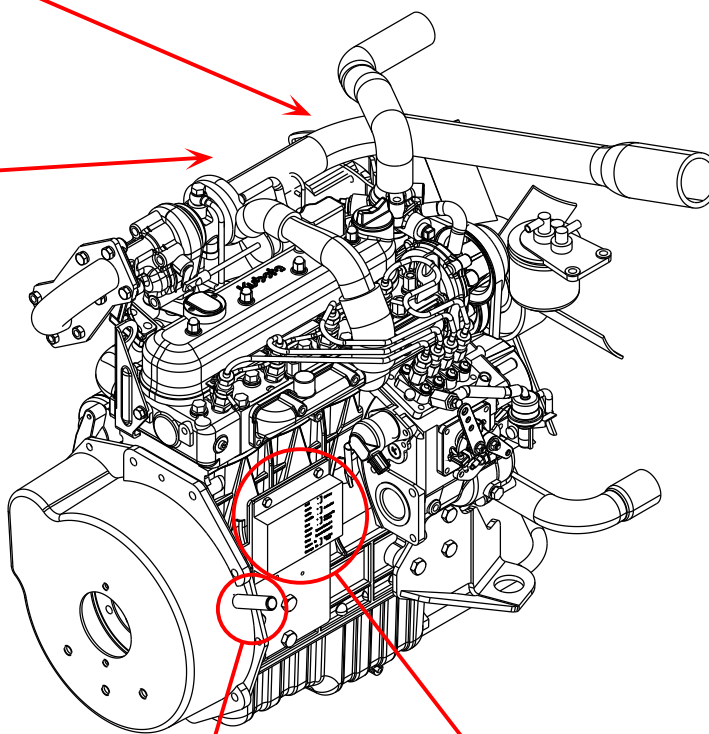
Oil Pressure Sensor  
(above oil filter)



Engine Ground Connection



Coolant Temperature Sensor  
(above alternator)



X1 and X2 Electrical Connectors



Governor Engine Speed  
Magnetic Pickup



Woodward Governor and  
Throttle Actuator

## Maintenance and Adjustments



**Warning!** Before performing any machine maintenance or adjustments, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

### Engine Oil

Check the engine oil level when the machine is parked on a level surface and the engine is cool. Change the engine oil after the first 35 hours of operation and every 150 hours after that. Use CF, CF-4 or CG-4 oil meeting API specifications and suited temperatures.

\* **Important:** Refer to the **Diesel Lubricating Oil Note** below for further diesel oil recommendations. Refer to the engine manufacturer's service manuals for oil capacities and additional engine specifications. Replace the oil filter with every oil change.

Temperature Range	Oil Weight
Above 77 °F (25 °C)	SAE 30 or 10W-30
32 °F to 77 °F (0 °C to 25 °C)	SAE 20 or 10W-30
Below 32 °F (0 °C)	SAE 10W or 10W-30

#### \* Diesel Lubricating Oil Note:

With the emission control now in effect, the CF-4 and CG-4 lubricating oils have been developed for use with a low-sulfur fuel used in on-road vehicle engines. When an off-road vehicle engine runs on a high-sulfur fuel, it is advisable to employ the CF, CD or CE lubricating oil with a high total base number. If the CF-4 or CG-4 lubricating oil is used with a high-sulfur fuel, change the lubricating oil at shorter intervals.

Lubricating Oil class \ Fuel	Low sulfur (0.5 % ≥)	High sulfur	Remarks
CF	O	O	TBN ≥ 10
CF-4	O	X	
CG-4	O	X	

O = Recommended X = Not Recommended

### Engine Coolant

#### Checking Engine Coolant



**Caution!** Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

To check the engine coolant level, open and prop the engine cover and observe the coolant level in the coolant overflow tank. If the level is low, add a 50/50 mix of water and the recommended type antifreeze. Clean the radiator and oil cooler exteriors every 150 hours by washing with low-pressure water or using compressed air.



**Service Note:** The oil cooler tips out for easy cleaning.

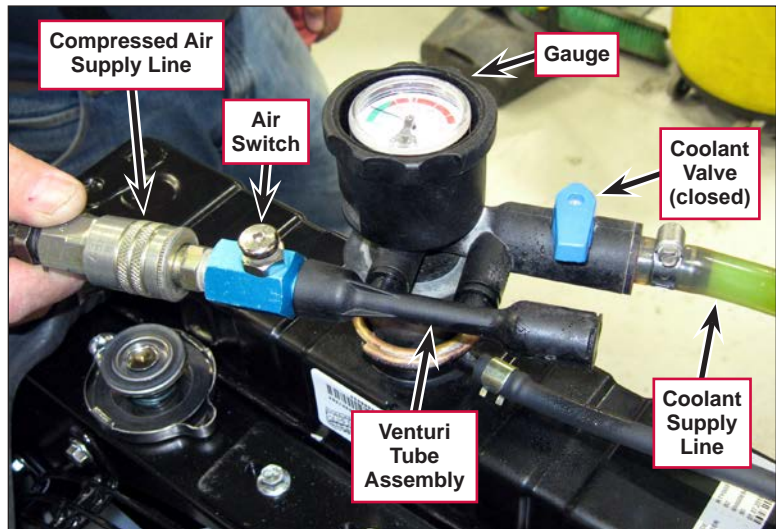


## Replacing Engine Coolant

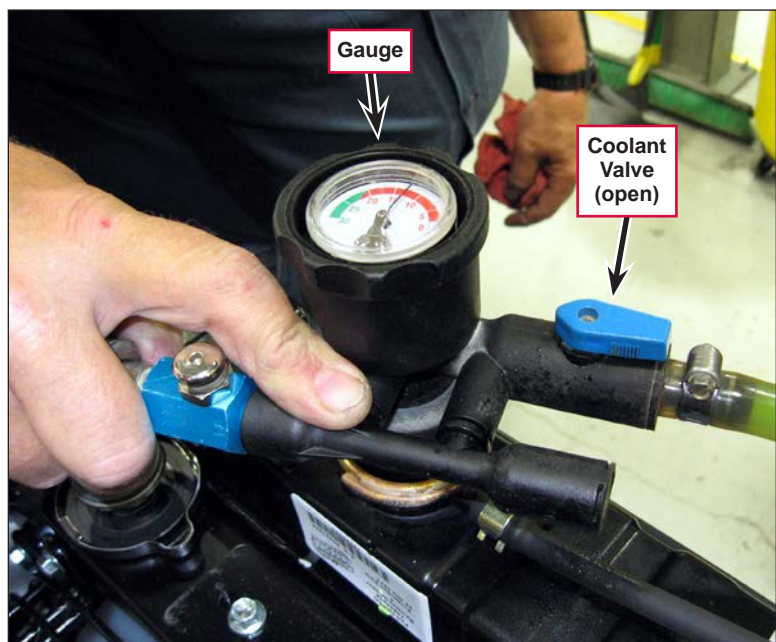
One possible cause of engine overheating is trapped air in the cooling system. It's recommended that you use a Cooling System Tool when changing the engine coolant. The Cooling System Tool pulls a vacuum on the cooling system prior to filling to prevent air from being trapped in the cooling system.

Note that there are several types of Cooling System Tools. The following instructions describe how to use a typical type of tool. Refer to the operating instructions included with your particular tool if different than the example shown here.

1. Connect a **Compressed Air Supply Line** to the fitting on the Cooling System Tool.
2. Connect the **Coolant Supply Line** to the Cooling System Tool. Make sure the **Coolant Valve** is closed.
3. Insert and hold the Cooling System Tool onto the radiator filler neck, then press the **Air Switch**. The compressed air travelling through the **Venturi Tube Assembly** will pull a vacuum on the cooling system to remove air from the system.
4. Once the vacuum reading on the **Gauge** reaches approximately 25 on the green scale, release the **Air Switch**. Note that this also a good opportunity to check for cooling system leaks,
5. Continue to hold the Cooling System Tool onto the radiator filler neck and open the **Coolant Valve** to allow coolant to flow into the radiator.
6. Once the pressure on the **Gauge** reaches approximately 5 on the red scale and the radiator is almost full, shut off the **Coolant Valve** and remove the Cooling System Tool from the radiator filler neck.
7. Top off the radiator and overflow tank as necessary.



Removing the Air from the Cooling System with Cooling System Tool



Filling Cooling System with Coolant

## Engine Air Filter Maintenance

Check the **Engine Air Filter Service Indicator** before each use of the machine. Do not service the air filter unless the red flag is visible in the service indicator.



**Caution!** When servicing the engine air filter elements, use extreme care to prevent loose dust from entering the engine. Dust can severely damage the engine.

The engine air filter contains a primary (outer) and a safety (inner) filter element. The primary element can be cleaned twice before being replaced.

The safety element should be replaced every third time that the primary filter element is replaced. Never attempt to clean the inner safety element.

To clean the primary filter element:

1. Un-snap the two clips at the end of the air filter and remove the end housing.
2. Pull the primary element out.
3. Clean the element with compressed air (maximum pressure 100 psi) or wash it with water (maximum pressure 40 psi). **Do not** put the element back into the canister until it is completely dry.

## Troubleshooting

### General Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
The yellow attention light and glow plug display icon will not go out.	Glow plug relay K4 coil over current (fault code 14 displayed on the LCD)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check K4 relay coil wiring for problems (+ ORN/GRN and - WHT/ORN).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 36 ohms, replace. Also see diesel glow plug starting circuit electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
All machine systems shut down.	Coolant temperature high (fault code 33 displayed on the LCD).	Refer to the <b>Engine Overheating Problems</b> section below.
	The oil pressure has dropped to 3-7 psi (fault code 37 displayed on the LCD).	Refer to the <b>Loss of Oil Pressure Protection</b> section below.
	General engine fault; engine temperature is too high, the oil pressure is low (fault code 38 displayed on the LCD).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Refer to the <b>Engine Overheating Problems</b> section below.</li> <li>• Refer to the <b>Loss of Oil Pressure Protection</b> section below.</li> </ul>

### Engine Overheating Problems

Use the checklist below as a guide to thoroughly check the engine cooling system.

- Check the coolant level in the overflow tank and radiator.
- Inspect and clean the radiator and hydraulic oil cooler.



- Check for correct operation of the belt-driven engine cooling fan (slippage).
- Check to see that the engine thermostat opens.
- Check for correct water pump operation.
- Check the engine crankcase oil level.
- Check for air trapped in the cooling system. (Refer to the **Engine Coolant/Replacing Engine Coolant** section.)

### Loss of Oil Pressure Protection

The engine will shut down if the oil pressure drops to 3-7 psi. Check for possible causes for low oil pressure such as:

- Engine crankcase oil level is low.
- Incorrect oil viscosity.
- Fault in oil pressure switch S28.
- Excessive engine wear or defective internal oil pump (relief valve).

### Possible Causes for Start Inhibit to be Active Causing the Engine Not to Crank

- Drive pedal sensor switch R1 not calibrated; follow programming instructions to calibrate foot pedal sensor.
- Drive pedal activated out of neutral (out of the calibrated deadband range):
  - Remove foot from drive pedal.
  - Adjust or repair the Hydroback/cable and/or main piston (propulsion) pump linkage.
- The control panel displays the critical fault icon showing code #38. See the **General Troubleshooting** section for an explanation and correction.



### Possible Causes for Run Inhibit to be Active Causing the Engine to Stop Running

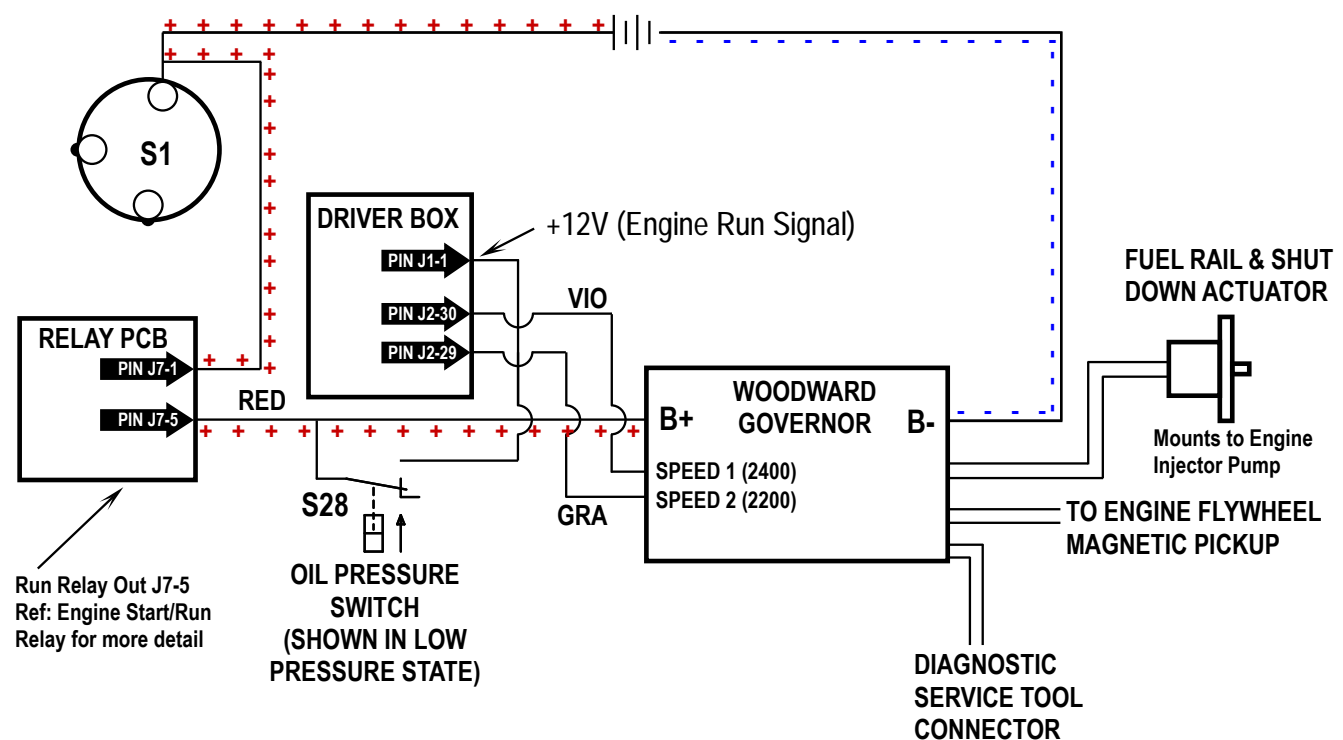
- Loss of the engine run signal input to the main control board Pin # J1-1 (GRA). Note that a good diesel (Kubota) engine run signal will test 12V when measured (referenced) to B- ground. The run signal is lost when the voltage reads 0V.
- The control panel displays the critical fault icon showing code #38. See the **General Troubleshooting** section for an explanation and correction.



## Diesel Engine Will Not Run at High Speed or Turbo Speed

Conditions:

- With the engine running at idle, press the engine speed switch. (Note that when the speed switch indicator light is not on, the engine will run at low idle.) The indicator will turn green and the engine will run at high speed (2200 rpm).
- Hold the engine speed switch for more than two seconds and the engine will run at its highest turbo speed (2400 rpm).
- Press the engine speed switch again and the engine will revert back to high speed.
- Press the switch again and the engine will revert to idle. See additional troubleshooting notes for control circuit details.



Component	Current Amps	Coil Ohms
Actuator	1-1.5 Amps	3.2 ohms

Pin#	Wire Color	Function	Voltage at 1300 RPM	Voltage at 2200 RPM	Voltage at 2400 RPM
J2-30 on Driver Box	VIO	Input from Driver Box	0	0	+12 VDC
J2-29 on Driver Box	GRA	Input from Driver Box	0	+12 VDC	0

## Troubleshooting the Kubota Engine Speed Governing System

Follow these procedures if the engine will not run at operating speed (2200 RPM) or high speed (2400 RPM).

Governor – APECS 3000, manufactured by Woodward (manual # SE-4049). Additional information can be found on their website.

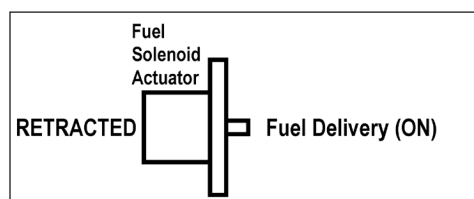
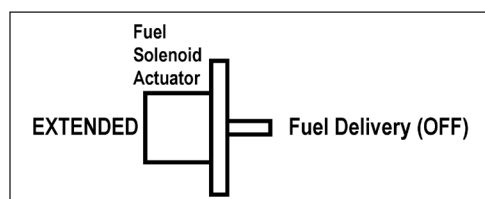
To check the electrical control circuit:

1. With key switch on, check for battery voltage at the governor control box (B+ and B-) inputs. The correct value is 12 VDC.
2. Press the engine speed selection button (located on the operator control panel) with engine cranking/running and test for 12 VDC at the governor speed select inputs 1 and 2. (See the ladder diagram for speed selection voltage relationships.)
  - If 0 volts, check the continuity of the speed select input wiring from the governor to the Driver Box (main controller).
  - If wiring check is OK, substitute a new Driver Box (main controller) and Dashboard Panel.
3. Check the status lamp on the governor for fault codes. Reference the flash code table found on the APECS 3000 website.
4. Test governor controller actuator output voltage at different speed selection modes (approximate value 3.9 VDC).
5. Check the continuity of the fuel control actuator wiring.
6. Test the **Fuel Solenoid Actuator** (see below) for an open circuit (the specification is 3.2 ohms).
7. With the engine cranking or running, check the governor magnetic pickup (RPM speed sensor) voltage signal (see the table below).
8. Remove and inspect the magnetic speed pickup sensor for damage. When reinstalling, thread the sensor in until it makes contact with the flywheel, then back it out one-half turn.

**Table for APECS 3000 Governor Magnetic Pickup Sensor AC Voltage Values**

Test condition	Approximate AC Voltage Value
Cranking	10-11 VAC
1300 RPM , Idle	34 VAC
2200 RPM, High Speed	44 VAC
2400 RPM, Turbo Speed	46 VAC

	Approximate resistance value
Magnetic pick up sensor	2100K Ohms



## Specifications

### Engine Specifications

Kubota V1505-B-1	
Engine Type	Vertical, liquid cooled, four-cylinder, four-cycle diesel engine, turbo-charged
Displacement	91.41 cubic inches [1498cc]
Fuel	Diesel fuel No. 2-D (ASTM D975)
Injection Pump	Bosch MD type mini pump
Engine firing order	1-3-4-2
Injection Timing	19 degrees before TDC
Oil Capacity	5.5 qt. [5.2L] / Oil Pan depth 4.9" [12.4 cm]
Cooling Capacity	8 qt. [7.5L]
Horsepower	46 gross @2800 RPM, 41 Int @2400 RPM
Engine Speeds	Idle – 1300 RPM
	Normal Run – 2200 RPM
	High Output Turbo – 2400 RPM
Actuator	Current – 1 to 1.5 amps
	Coil Resistance – 3.2 ohms



**Note:** Refer to the engine manufacturer's Operator and Service manuals for more detailed engine specifications and service data.

## Connector Callout – Relay PCB

Pin#	Color	Type	Voltage	Pin Description and Function
J7-1	VIO/GRA	Input	B+	Module relays load power supply
J7-2	BLU/PINK	Output	B+	Engine ECU starter relay command
J7-3	WHT/BRN	Input	0V Floats	Engine start inhibit signal *
J7-4	BLK	Input	B-	Module relays coil ground supply
J7-5	PINK	Output	B+	Engine ECU ignition run relay command
J7-6	VIO/BRN	Input	B+	Module starter relay Bat +coil signal
J7-7	YEL/WHT	Input	0V Floats	Engine run inhibit signal **
J7-8	ORN/GRN	Input	B+	Module ignition relay Bat+ coil signal



**\* Note:** The normal condition for the start inhibit is in its non-inhibited state. A float voltage of approximately 8V (when referenced to B-) is measured when the key is in the start position. When inhibited, the signal is pulled to ground, will read 0V and will prevent the engine from cranking. This prevents the starter relay from being energized.



**\*\* Note:** The normal condition for the run inhibit is its non-inhibited state. A float voltage of approximately 10V (when referenced to B-) is measured when the key is in the start/run and run positions. When inhibited, the signal is pulled to ground, will read 0V and will prevent the engine ECU from receiving its needed input switch command. This prevents the ignition system from firing, and if the engine is running will cause it to shut down.

## Special Tools

Cooling System Tool



## Engine System, Gasoline/LPG

### Functional Description

#### Overview

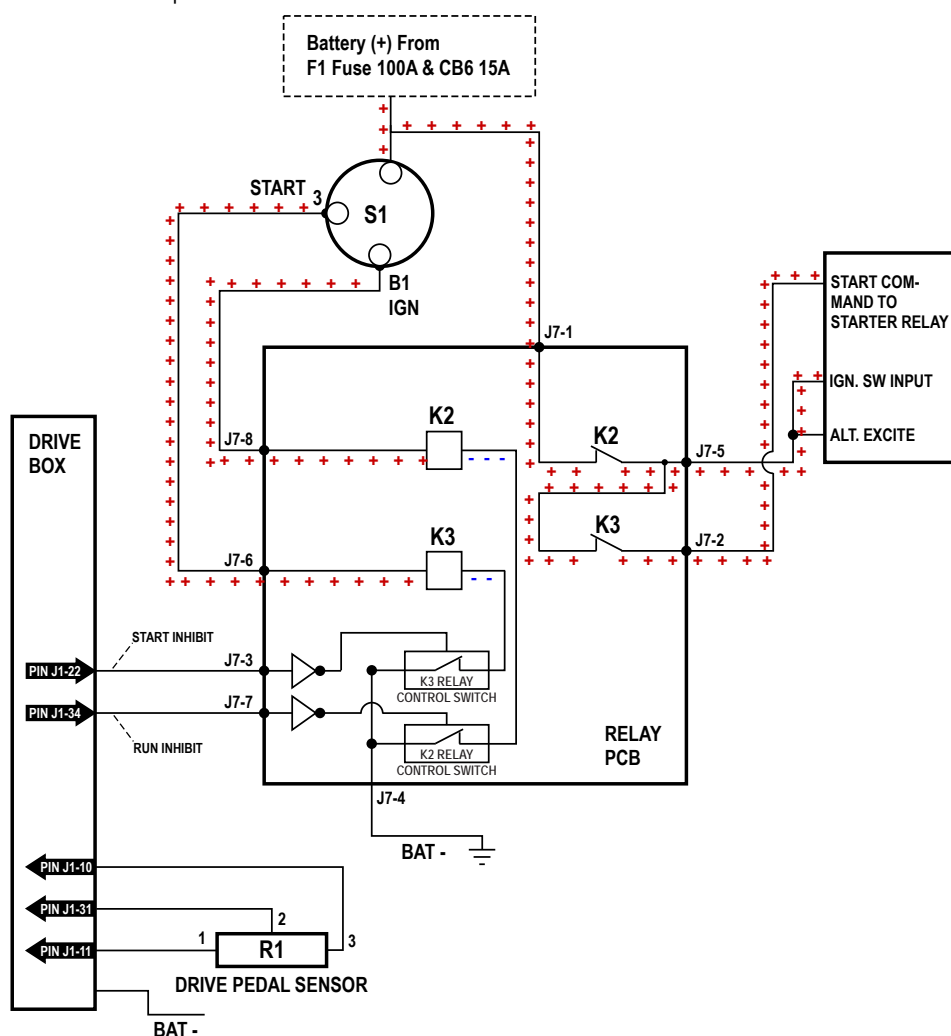
The gasoline (petrol) and LPG Condor XL/Nilfisk ER 1300/1600 machines use a four-cylinder 1.6L GM engine to power the two hydraulic pumps that run the machine drive wheel, scrub/sweep systems, vacuum fan motor, the scrub/sweep and squeegee lift actuators and the steering system. An E-controls Engine System modifies the fuel mixture based on feedback input from oxygen sensors, and also controls the throttle and ignition system. Gasoline engines use fuel injectors. The LPG engine uses an electronically-controlled vaporizer/pressure regulator.

#### GM Engine Starter Circuit

##### ENGINE START/RUN RELAY PCB J7

Requirements:

1. First turn the S1 Key Switch to "Start" position, then released to it's "Run" position.
2. Foot pedal in Neutral.



## Circuit Description

- For the engine to start:
  - The **Key Switch S1** must provide positive voltage to the **START** relay coil **K3** and the **IGN** relay coil **K2**.
  - The **K2 RELAY CONTROL SWITCH** must be closed to provide a ground to the **IGN** relay coil **K2**. This closes the **K2** relay contacts to provide positive voltage to the **IGN. SW INPUT**. Note that if the **Driver Box** sends a **RUN INHIBIT** signal from **J1-34** to the **K2 RELAY CONTROL SWITCH** to open the switch, no ground will be provided to the **IGN** relay coil **K2**, the **K2** contacts will not close and no positive voltage will be sent to the **IGN. SW INPUT**.
  - The **K3 RELAY CONTROL SWITCH** must be closed to provide a ground to the **START** relay coil **K3**. This closes the **K3** relay contacts to provide positive voltage to the **START COMMAND TO STARTER RELAY**. Note that if the **Driver Box** sends a **START INHIBIT** signal from **J1-22** to the **K3 RELAY CONTROL SWITCH** to open the switch, no ground will be provided to the **START** relay coil **K3**, the **K3** contacts will not close and no positive voltage will be sent to the **START COMMAND TO STARTER RELAY**.
  - The drive pedal must be in the neutral position and the **Drive Pedal Sensor** must be in the deadband range.
- For the engine to run:
  - The **K2 RELAY CONTROL SWITCH** must remain closed to provide a ground to the **IGN** relay coil **K2**. This keeps the **K2** relay contacts closed to maintain positive voltage to the **IGN. SW INPUT**.
  - The **Coolant Temperature Output** must not provide an “overheat” signal to pin **J1-30** on the **Driver Box**. The engine coolant temperature sensor is a temperature-sensitive resistor. If the engine coolant temperature exceeds 225 degrees F. for more than five seconds, the Engine System senses the threshold resistance in the coolant temperature sensor. The Engine System then provides a **Coolant Temperature Output** signal to pin **J1-30** to generate a fault code and shut the engine off.
  - The **Low LP Pressure Switch S5** must be open to indicate adequate LP fuel supply (LPG engines only).



**Note:** LPG engines will continue to run for a few seconds after the key switch is turned off. This burns any fuel remaining in the engine to prevent backfires the next time the engine is started. When the key switch is turned off, the Engine System switches off the fuel supply to the engine, but keeps the ignition system on until it senses that the engine has stopped running.



## GM 1.6L Gasoline Fuel System Description

This engine is equipped with a fuel injector rail that does not have a pressure regulator. Fuel pressure for this engine is regulated by the engine's ECM controlling the fuel pump via pulse width modulation. The ECM receives fuel pressure and temperature feedback from the gasoline fuel sensor manifold and uses this information to control the ground side of the fuel pump.

Fuel pressure is regulated by the ECM pulse width modulating (PWM) the fuel pump.



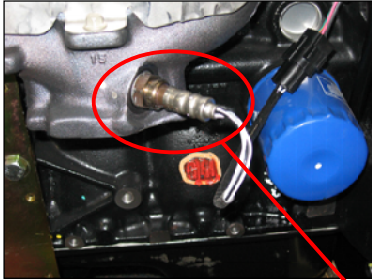
The fuel pressure and temperature sensor manifold has a return or “bleed” circuit that is comprised of a .020” orifice and a 6-psi check valve that connects back to the equipment fuel tank. This circuit is used to bleed off any vapor that develops in the line and returns a small amount of fuel to the tank.

The fuel comes from the fuel tank and passes through the in-line fuel pump. Fuel exits the fuel pump, passes through the filter and then enters the fuel pressure and temperature manifold assembly. Fuel flows through the feed circuit and is delivered to the fuel injector rail. Fuel that enters the bleed circuits through the bypass valve in the manifold is returned to the fuel tank.

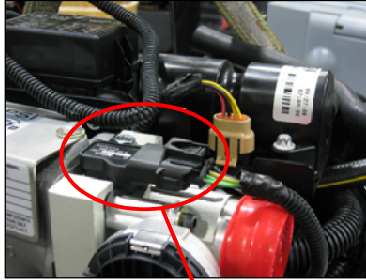
## Component Locations

### Gasoline (Petrol)

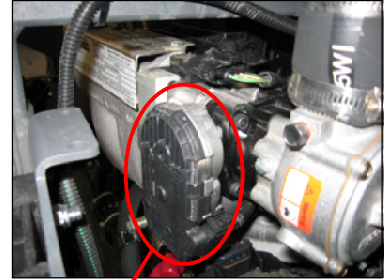
O<sub>2</sub> Sensor (in exhaust manifold)  
(pre CATCON)



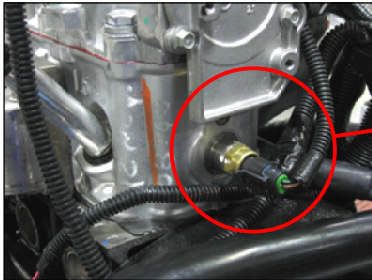
TMAP Sensor



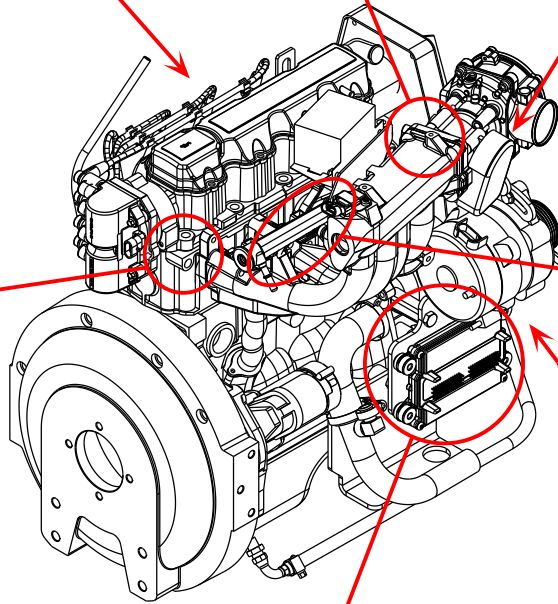
ETC (Electronic Throttle Control)



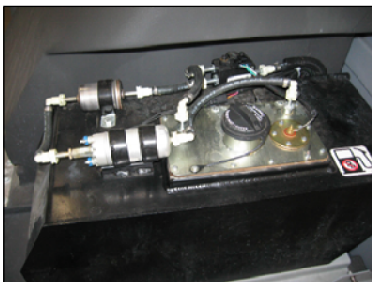
O<sub>2</sub> Sensor (by exhaust pipe)



ECT (Engine Coolant Temperature)  
Sensor



Fuel Injectors and Connectors



Fuel Pump and Manifold  
(mounted on fuel tank)



ECM and Oil Pressure Switch



Crank Position Sensor

## Gasoline (Petrol)

The Gasoline Sensor Interface (fuel pressure regulation and temperature sensor manifold assembly) is mounted on the fuel tank.



Gasoline Sensor Interface

## Gasoline (Petrol) and LPG

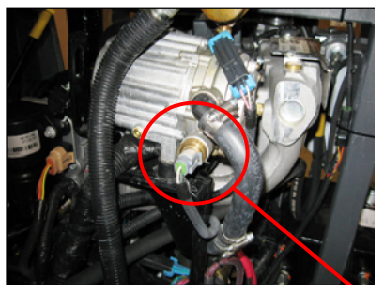
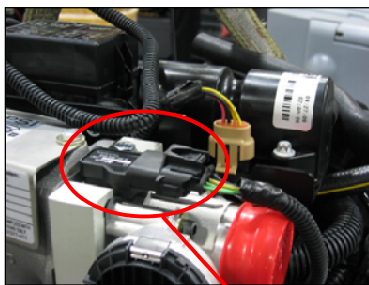
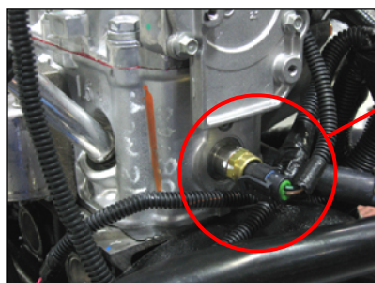
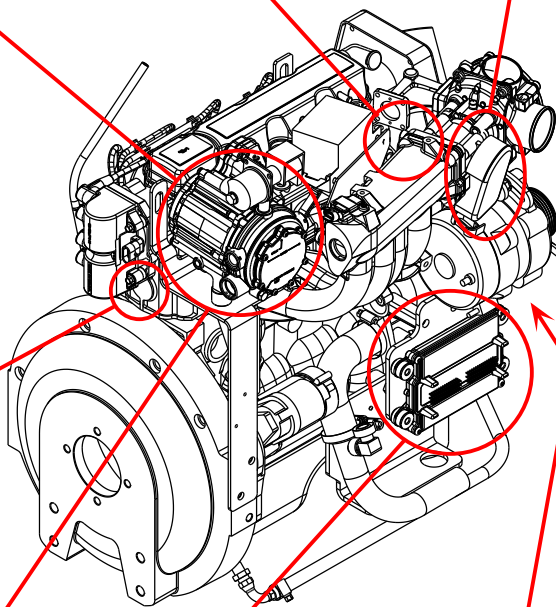


X1 and X2 Electrical Connectors

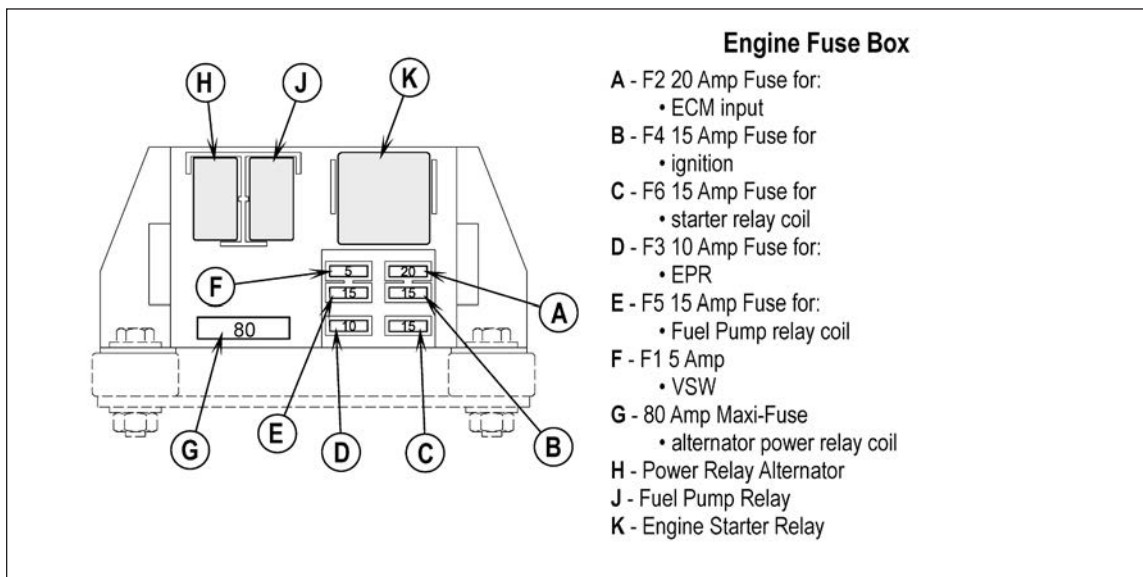


Engine Ground Connection

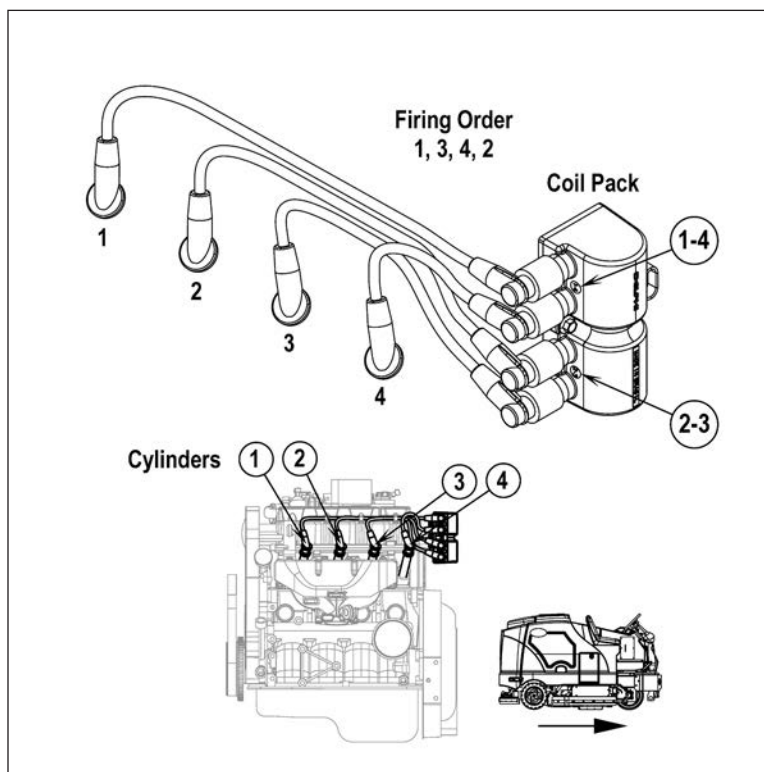


**LPG****Fuel Temperature Sensor  
(mounted on EPR)****TMAP Sensor****ETC (Electronic Throttle Control)****O<sub>2</sub> Sensors (exhaust manifold/pipe)****ECT (Engine Coolant  
Temperature) Sensor****EPR and Fuel Lockout and Filter****ECM and Oil Pressure Switch****Crank Position Sensor**

## Engine Fuse Box



## Firing Order



## Maintenance and Adjustments



**Warning!** Before performing any machine maintenance or adjustments, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

### Engine Oil

Check the engine oil level when the machine is parked on a level surface and the engine is cool. Change the engine oil after the first 35 hours of operation and every 150 hours after that. Use any SF or SG rated oil meeting API specifications and suited to seasonal temperatures. Refer to the engine manufacturer's service manuals for oil capacities and additional engine specifications. Replace the oil filter with every oil change.

Temperature Range	Oil Weight
Above 60° F (15° C)	SAE 10W-30
Below 60° F (15° C)	SAE 5W-30

### Special Liquid Propane Fuel System Maintenance on the GM 1.6L Engine

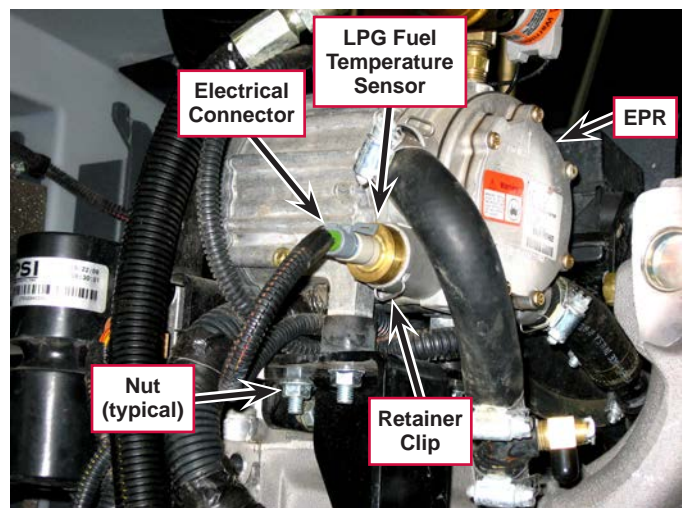
Every 150 hours inspect and drain any oil buildup from the LP fuel system electronic pressure regulator (EPR). During the course of normal operation, oils or “heavy ends” may build up inside the chambers of the propane regulator. These oils and heavy ends may be a result of poor fuel quality, contamination of the fuel supply chain or regional variation in the fuel makeup. If the oil buildup is significant it can affect the function of the fuel control system. To drain the EPR:

1. Move the machine to a well-ventilated area free of external ignition sources.
2. Start the engine and let it warm up to operating temperature.
3. Close the manual tank valve to run the engine out of fuel.
4. When the engine stops, turn the key switch off.



**Note:** Have a small container handy to catch the oil you drain from the EPR.

5. Disconnect the **Electrical Connector** from the **LPG Fuel Temperature Sensor**.
6. Remove the **Retainer Clip** holding the **LPG Fuel Temperature Sensor** and remove the **Sensor** from the **EPR** body. Note that it may be necessary to loosen or remove the **Nuts** from the bottom of the mounting isolators in order to tip the **EPR** sufficiently to drain the oil.
7. When the oil has been drained from the **EPR**, reinstall the **LPG Fuel Temperature Sensor** and reconnect the **Electrical Connector**.
8. Reinstall and/or tighten the mounting isolator **Nuts** if removed or loosened in step 6 above.





9. Open the manual tank valve and start the engine.
10. Verify all connections.
11. Dispose of the waste oil in a safe and approved manner.



**Note:** This procedure can also be found in the Tier 2 PSI 1.6L PFI certified engine service manual, form # PSI1P6LPFI-A.

## Engine Coolant

### Checking Engine Coolant



**Caution!** Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.

To check the engine coolant level, open and prop the engine cover and observe the coolant level in the coolant overflow tank. If the level is low, add a 50/50 mix of water and the recommended type antifreeze. Clean the radiator and oil cooler exteriors every 150 hours by washing with low-pressure water or using compressed air.



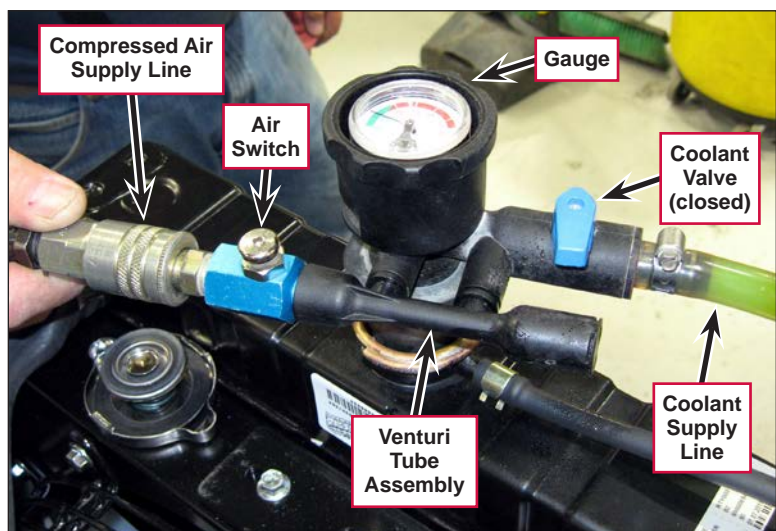
**Service Note:** The oil cooler tips out for easy cleaning.

### Replacing Engine Coolant

One possible cause of engine overheating is trapped air in the cooling system. It's recommended that you use a Cooling System Tool when changing the engine coolant. The Cooling System Tool pulls a vacuum on the cooling system prior to filling to prevent air from being trapped in the cooling system.

Note that there are several types of Cooling System Tools. The following instructions describe how to use a typical type of tool. Refer to the operating instructions included with your particular tool if different than the example shown here.

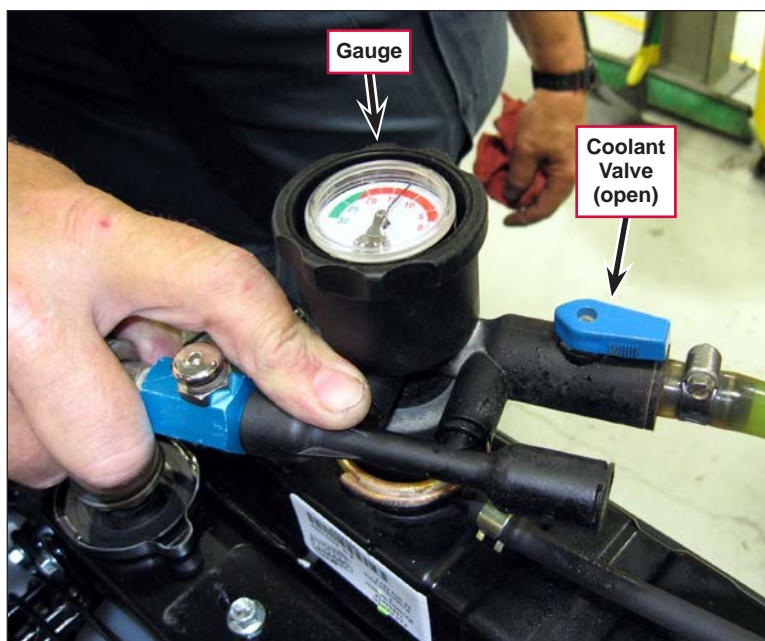
1. Connect a **Compressed Air Supply Line** to the fitting on the Cooling System Tool.
2. Connect the **Coolant Supply Line** to the Cooling System Tool. Make sure the **Coolant Valve** is closed.
3. Insert and hold the Cooling System Tool onto the radiator filler neck, then press the **Air Switch**. The compressed air travelling through the **Venturi Tube Assembly** will pull a vacuum on the cooling system to remove air from the system.
4. Once the vacuum reading on the **Gauge** reaches approximately 25 on the green scale, release the **Air Switch**. Note that this also a good opportunity to check for cooling system leaks,



Removing the Air from the Cooling System with Cooling System Tool



5. Continue to hold the Cooling System Tool onto the radiator filler neck and open the **Coolant Valve** to allow coolant to flow into the radiator.
6. Once the pressure on the **Gauge** reaches approximately 5 on the red scale and the radiator is almost full, shut off the **Coolant Valve** and remove the Cooling System Tool from the radiator filler neck.
7. Top off the radiator and overflow tank as necessary.



Filling Cooling System with Coolant

## Engine Air Filter Maintenance

Check the **Engine Air Filter Service Indicator** before each use of the machine. Do not service the air filter unless the red flag is visible in the service indicator.



**Caution!** *When servicing the engine air filter elements, use extreme care to prevent loose dust from entering the engine. Dust can severely damage the engine.*

The engine air filter contains a primary (outer) and a safety (inner) filter element. The primary element can be cleaned twice before being replaced.

The safety element should be replaced every third time that the primary filter element is replaced. Never attempt to clean the inner safety element.

To clean the primary filter element:

1. Un-snap the two clips at the end of the air filter and remove the end housing.
2. Pull the primary element out.
3. Clean the element with compressed air (maximum pressure 100 psi) or wash it with water (maximum pressure 40 psi). **Do not** put the element back into the canister until it is completely dry.

## Troubleshooting

### General Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
Engine will not run at high speed (2200 RPM)	2200 RPM no input @ ECM (fault code 05 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check for 12V (+) from controller wire J2-29 (GRA/ORN) to battery ground (-) with the engine speed switch 51 active. Should read 12V. If 0V, troubleshoot the throttle wire. Then if still 0V, substitute a good known controller and dashboard panel.</li> <li>If 12V and no 2200 RPM throttle response, test engine controller output to specific throttle control G/LP/D. See engine wiring diagram for additional help.</li> </ul>
Engine will not run at "turbo" speed (2400 RPM)	2400 RPM no input @ ECM (fault code 06 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check for 12V (+) from controller wire J2-30 (GRA/BLU) to battery ground (-) with the engine speed switch 51 active. Should read 12V. If 0V, troubleshoot the throttle wire. If still 0V substitute a good known controller and dashboard panel.</li> <li>If 12V and no 2400 RPM throttle response, test engine controller output to specific throttle control G/LP/D.</li> </ul>
All machine systems shut down.	Coolant temperature high (fault code 33 displayed on the LCD).	Refer to the <b>Engine Overheating Problems</b> section below.
	The oil pressure has dropped to 3-7 psi (fault code 37 displayed on the LCD).	Refer to the <b>Loss of Oil Pressure Protection</b> section below
	General engine fault; engine temperature is too high, the oil pressure is low (fault code 38 displayed on the LCD).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Refer to the <b>Engine Overheating Problems</b> section below.</li> <li>Refer to the <b>Loss of Oil Pressure Protection</b> section below</li> </ul>

### Over-temperature Protection

The GM 1.6L engine will set a diagnostic test code (DTC 116) after five seconds at temperatures over 215 °F, and the ECM will reduce the engine power to level one (maximum throttle position of 50%). If the engine continues to overheat, it will set a code (DTC 217) after 10-15 seconds at temperatures over 225 °F, then the engine will shut down.

## Engine Overheating Problems

Use the checklist below as a guide to thoroughly check the engine cooling system.

- Check the coolant level in the overflow tank and radiator.
- Inspect and clean the radiator and hydraulic oil cooler.
- Check for correct operation of the belt-driven engine cooling fan (slippage).
- Check to see that the engine thermostat opens.
- Check for correct water pump operation.
- Check the engine crankcase oil level.
- Check for air trapped in the cooling system. (Refer to the [Engine Coolant/Replacing Engine Coolant](#) section.)

## Loss of Oil Pressure Protection

The engine will shut down if the oil pressure drops to 3-7 psi. Check for possible causes for low oil pressure such as:

- Engine crankcase level is low.
- Incorrect oil viscosity.
- Fault in oil pressure switch.
- Excessive engine wear or defective internal oil pump (relief valve)

## Possible Causes for Start Inhibit to be Active Causing the Engine Not to Crank

- Drive pedal sensor switch R1 not calibrated; follow programming instructions to calibrate foot pedal sensor.
- Drive pedal activated out off neutral (out of the calibrated dead-band range):
  - Remove foot from drive pedal.
  - Adjust or repair the Hydroback/cable and/or main piston (propulsion) pump linkage.
- The control panel displays the critical fault icon showing code #38. See the [General Troubleshooting](#) section for an explanation and correction.



## Possible Causes for Run Inhibit to be Active Causing the Engine to Stop Running

- Loss of the engine run signal input to the main control board Pin # J1-1 (GRA). Note that a good LP/G (GM 1.6L) engine run signal will test 0V when measured (referenced) to B- ground. The run signal is lost when the voltage reads 12V.
- The control panel displays the critical fault icon showing code #38. See the [General Troubleshooting](#) section for an explanation and correction.



## Engine Diagnostics

### To Access the Engine Diagnostic Information Using the Controller Interface Kit and a PC

The Diagnostic Communications Cable and Software Kit (p/n 56305647) allows you to connect a laptop PC to the engine to view the various engine parameters, configuration settings and error codes, and displays the engine software and hardware information.

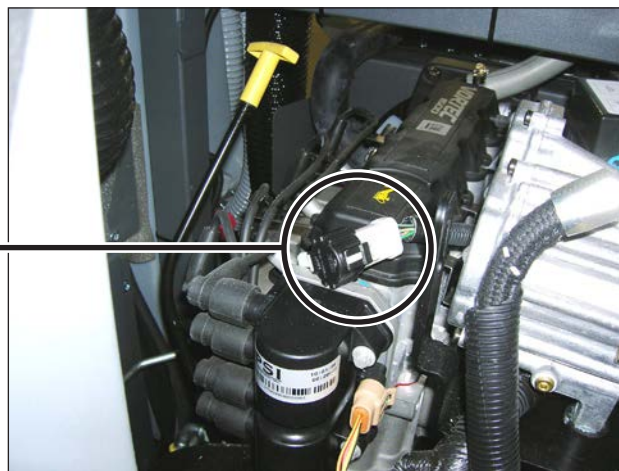
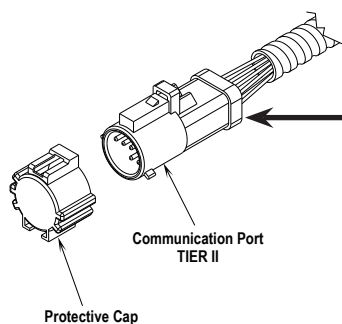
Note that this is the preferred way to view the engine diagnostic information. To use the Controller Interface Kit:

1. Install the software from the provided CD onto your PC.
2. Connect the USB connector on the kit cable to a USB port in your PC.



Diagnostic Communication Cable and software, p/n 56305647

3. Remove the **Protective Cap**, then connect the kit cable to the **Communication Port** on the engine.



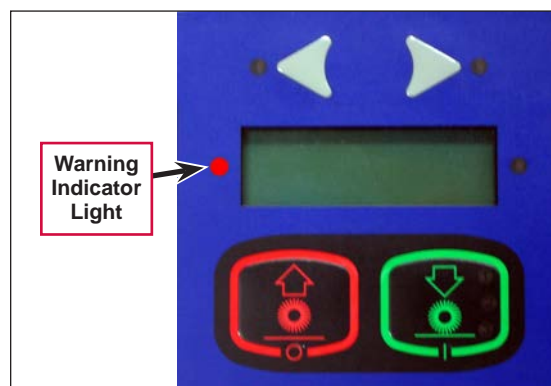
Note that the minimum system requirements for the software in the Diagnostic Communications Cable and Software Kit are as follows:

- Windows® XP, 2000 or 98SE (Second Edition) operating system
- Minimum processor speed – Pentium® II 450 MHz
- Minimum RAM requirements:
  - Windows® XP – 256 MB
  - Windows® 2000 – 128 MB
  - Windows® 98SE – 128 MB
- At least one available RS232 serial or USB port. Note that the USB driver does not support Windows 98 SE.



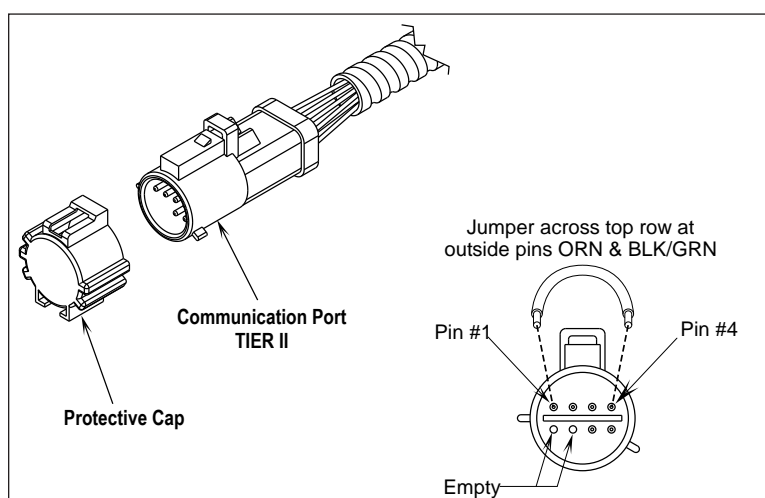
### To Access the Engine DTC Error Codes Manually

You can access the engine DTC (diagnostic test code) error codes manually without using a Controller Interface Kit and PC. The codes will be shown through a sequence of blinks on the **Warning Indicator Light**.



To access the codes:

1. Remove the **Protective Cap** from the **Communication Port** on the engine.
2. Use a wire to jumper **Pin #1** to **Pin #4** as shown.



3. Turn the key switch to the on position. You can now read the error codes by observing the blinks on the **Warning Indicator Light**. Be ready to write down any codes that may be stored.



**Note:** The light will always blink “1-6-5-4” three times at the beginning and at the end of the error code number display series.

For example, error code “118”, indicating an ECT (engine coolant temperature) high-voltage condition, would be indicated as follows:

- a. The light will show one blink, a short pause, six blinks, a short pause, five blinks, a short pause, then four blinks. Note that this 1-6-5-4 sequence is not an error code, but will be repeated three times to indicate the beginning of the error code number display series.
- b. The light will show the first actual error code (118 in this example) with one blink, a short pause, one blink, a short pause, then eight blinks. This 1-1-8 sequence will be repeated three times, then the light will blink the next error code number sequence in the series (if present).
- c. When all of the error code number sequences have been displayed, the light will blink the 1-6-5-4 sequence three times again to indicate the end of the error code number series.
- d. The light will then repeat steps a through c above.



## 1.6L DTC Code to SPN:FMI Code Cross Reference

DTC Code	Description	SPN Code	FMI Code
16	Crank Never Synced at Start	636	8
91	Fuel Pump Low Voltage	94	4
92	Fuel Pump High Voltage	94	3
107	MAP Low Voltage	106	4
108	MAP High Pressure	106	16
111	IAT Higher Than Expected 1	105	15
112	IAT Low Voltage	105	4
113	IAT High Voltage	105	3
116	ECT Higher Than Expected 1	110	15
117	ECT Low Voltage	110	4
118	ECT High Voltage	110	3
121	TPS 1 Lower Than TPS 2	51	1
122	TPS 1 Signal Voltage Low	51	4
123	TPS 1 Signal Voltage High	51	3
127	IAT Higher Than Expected 2	105	0
129	BP Low Pressure	108	1
134	EGO 1 Open/Inactive	724	10
154	EGO 2 Open/Inactive	520208	10
171	Adaptive Learn High Gasoline	520200	0
172	Adaptive Learn Low Gasoline	520200	1
182	Fuel Temp Gasoline Low Voltage	174	4
183	Fuel Temp Gasoline High Voltage	174	3
187	Fuel Temp LPG Low Voltage	520240	4
188	Fuel Temp LPG High Voltage	520240	3
217	ECT Higher Than Expected 2	110	0
219	Max Govern Speed Override	515	15
221	TPS 2 Signal Voltage Low	51	0
222	TPS 2 Signal Low Voltage	520251	4
223	TPS 2 Signal High Voltage	520251	3
336	Crank Sync Noise	636	2
337	Crank Loss	636	4
420	Gasoline Cat Monitor	520211	10
524	Oil Pressure Low	100	1
562	System Voltage Low	168	17
563	System Voltage High	168	15
601	Flash Checksum Invalid	628	13

DTC Code	Description	SPN Code	FMI Code
604	RAM Failure	630	12
606	COP Failure	629	31
642	External 5V Reference Low	1079	4
643	External 5V Reference High	1079	3
685	Power Relay Open	1485	5
686	Power Relay Shorted	1485	4
687	Power Relay Short to Power	1485	3
1111	Fuel Rev Limit	515	16
1112	Spark Rev Limit	515	0
1151	Closed Loop Multiplier High LPG	520206	0
1152	Closed Loop Multiplier Low LPG	520206	1
1155	Closed Loop Multiplier High Gasoline	520204	0
1156	Closed Loop Multiplier Low Gasoline	520204	1
1161	Adaptive Learn High LPG	520202	0
1162	Adaptive Learn Low LPG	520202	1
1165	LPG Cat Monitor	520213	10
1171	LPG Pressure Higher Than Expected	520260	0
1172	LPG Pressure Lower Than Expected	520260	1
1173	EPR Comm Lost	520260	31
1174	EPR Voltage Supply High	520260	3
1175	EPR Voltage Supply Low	520260	4
1176	EPR Internal Actuator Fault	520260	12
1177	EPR Internal Circuitry Fault	520260	12
1178	EPR Internal Comm Fault	520260	12
1612	RTI 1 Loss	629	31
1613	RTI 2 Loss	629	31
1614	RTI 3 Loss	629	31
1615	A/D Loss	629	31
1616	Invalid Interrupt	629	31
1626	CAN Tx Failure	639	12
1627	CAN Rx Failure	639	12
1628	CAN Address Conflict Failure	639	13
2111	Unable to Reach Lower TPS	51	7
2112	Unable to Reach Higher TPS	51	7
2229	BP Pressure High	108	0



## Specifications

### Engine Specifications

1.6 L GM		
Engine type		Vertical, liquid cooled, four-cylinder, single overhead cam, distributor-less
Displacement		98 cubic inches (1600 cc)
Fuel	Gasoline	87-octane unleaded gasoline with no more than 10% ethanol by volume
	LP	33-lb. tank size (liquid withdrawal system)
Spark Plugs		AC Delco p/n 93206675, gap .032 -.035 [0.8 mm-0.9 mm]
Spark Plug Wiring		Match numbered coil position to spark plug number (see the <a href="#">Component Locations/Firing Order</a> subsection)
Engine Firing Order		1-3-4-2
Ignition Timing		Fixed (controlled by engine ECM)
Engine Rotation		CCW (flywheel end)
Valve lifters		Hydraulic
Oil Capacity		3.7 qt. [3.5L] with oil filter
Oil Pressure		21 psi (minimum with engine hot at idle)
Cooling System		3.5 qt. (engine only)

### Connector Callout – Relay PCB

Pin#	Color	Type	Voltage	Pin Description and Function
J7-1	VIO/GRA	Input	B+	Module relays load power supply
J7-2	BLU/PINK	Output	B+	Engine ECU starter relay command
J7-3	WHT/BRN	Input	0V Floats	Engine start inhibit signal *
J7-4	BLK	Input	B-	Module relays coil ground supply
J7-5	PINK	Output	B+	Engine ECU ignition run relay command
J7-6	VIO/BRN	Input	B+	Module starter relay Bat +coil signal
J7-7	YEL/WHT	Input	0V Floats	Engine run inhibit signal **
J7-8	ORN/GRN	Input	B+	Module ignition relay Bat+ coil signal



**\* Note:** The normal condition for the start inhibit is in its non-inhibited state. A float voltage of approximately 8V (when referenced to B-) is measured when the key is in the start position. When inhibited, the signal is pulled to ground, will read 0V and will prevent the engine from cranking. This prevents the starter relay from being energized.



**\*\* Note:** The normal condition for the run inhibit is its non-inhibited state. A float voltage of approximately 10V (when referenced to B-) is measured when the key is in the start/run and run positions. When inhibited, the signal is pulled to ground, will read 0V and will prevent the engine ECU from receiving its needed input switch command. This prevents the ignition system from firing, and if the engine is running will cause it to shut down.

## Special Tools

Diagnostic Communication Cable and software, p/n 56305647



Cooling System Tool



# Hydraulic System

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## Functional Description

### Overview

The hydraulic system powers the drive wheel motor, scrub brushes, vacuum fan and side brush/brooms (if the machine is so equipped). The hydraulic system also actuates the main scrub deck and side brush/broom lift cylinders, the squeegee lift cylinder and the drive wheel steering assembly.

The engine drives the two hydraulic pumps that send the hydraulic oil to the various components:

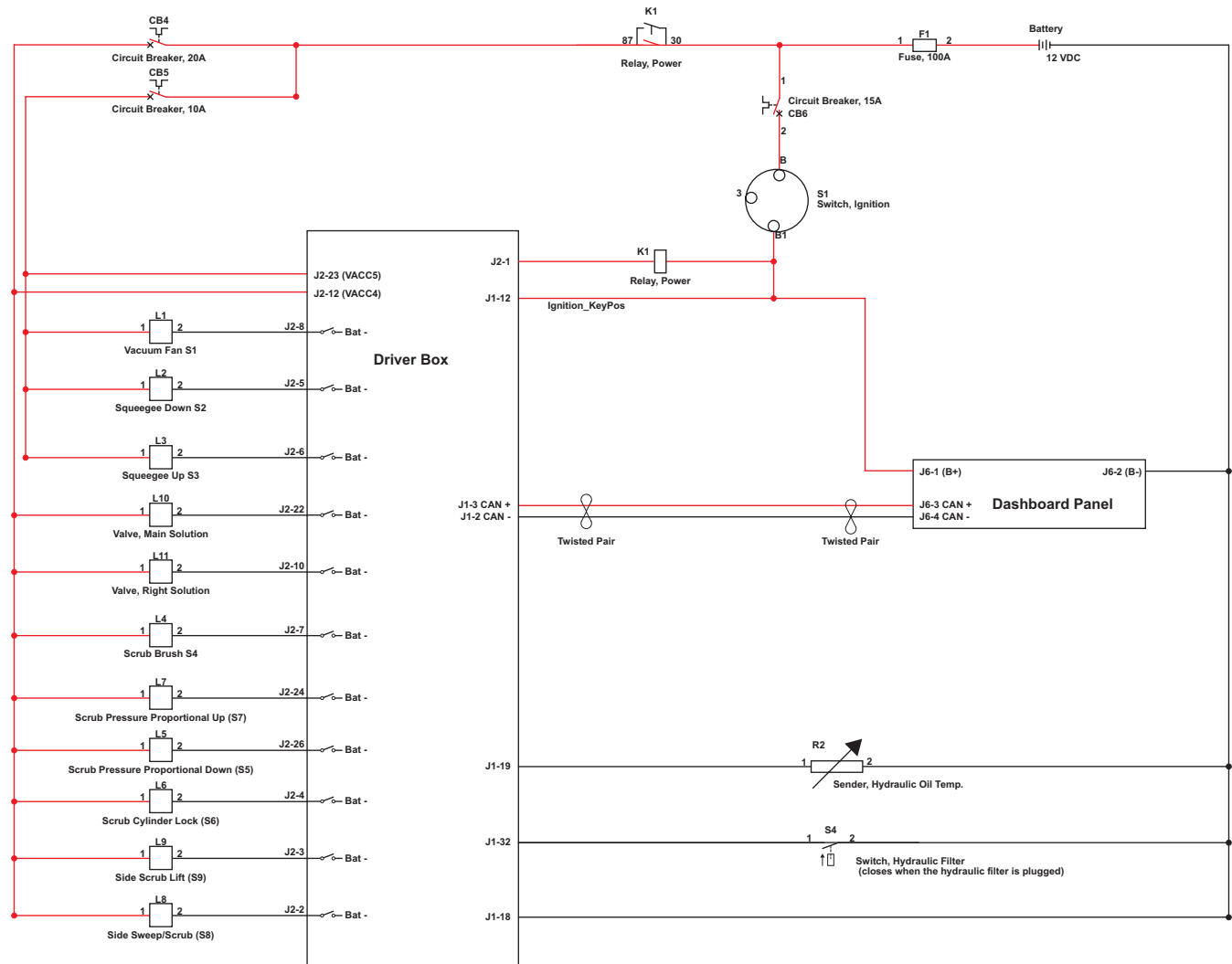
- The main piston (propulsion) pump (1.44 CIR) is a variable-displacement pump that powers the drive wheel.
- The dual-displacement, low-speed (accessory) pump is actually two separate pumps in one unit (1.20 and 0.58 CIR) and powers the other machine components.

A system of electrically-controlled solenoid valves directs the hydraulic oil to the various system components to perform the needed scrubbing/sweeping and solution recovery functions.



**Note:** The electrical wiring diagrams/schematics use an “**L**” followed by a number to identify the solenoid (coil) portion of a solenoid valve. The hydraulic schematic uses an “**S**” followed by a number to identify the corresponding cartridge (hydraulic valve). This pairing of numbers is used to establish the connection between the solenoid coils and their corresponding hydraulic valves. For instance, solenoid coil **L6** is mounted on hydraulic valve **S6** and controls hydraulic valve **S6**.

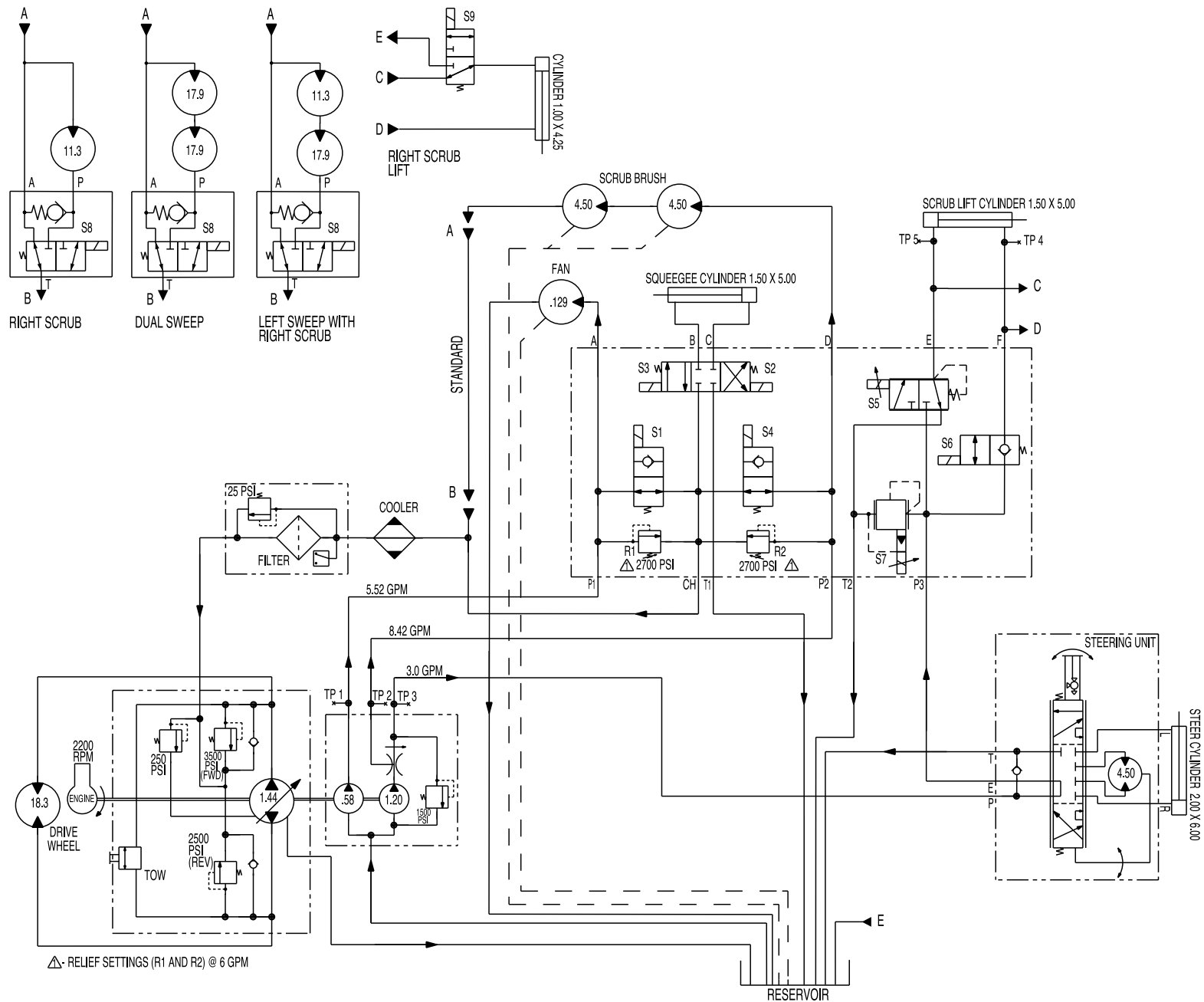
## Electrical Schematic



## Electrical Circuit Description

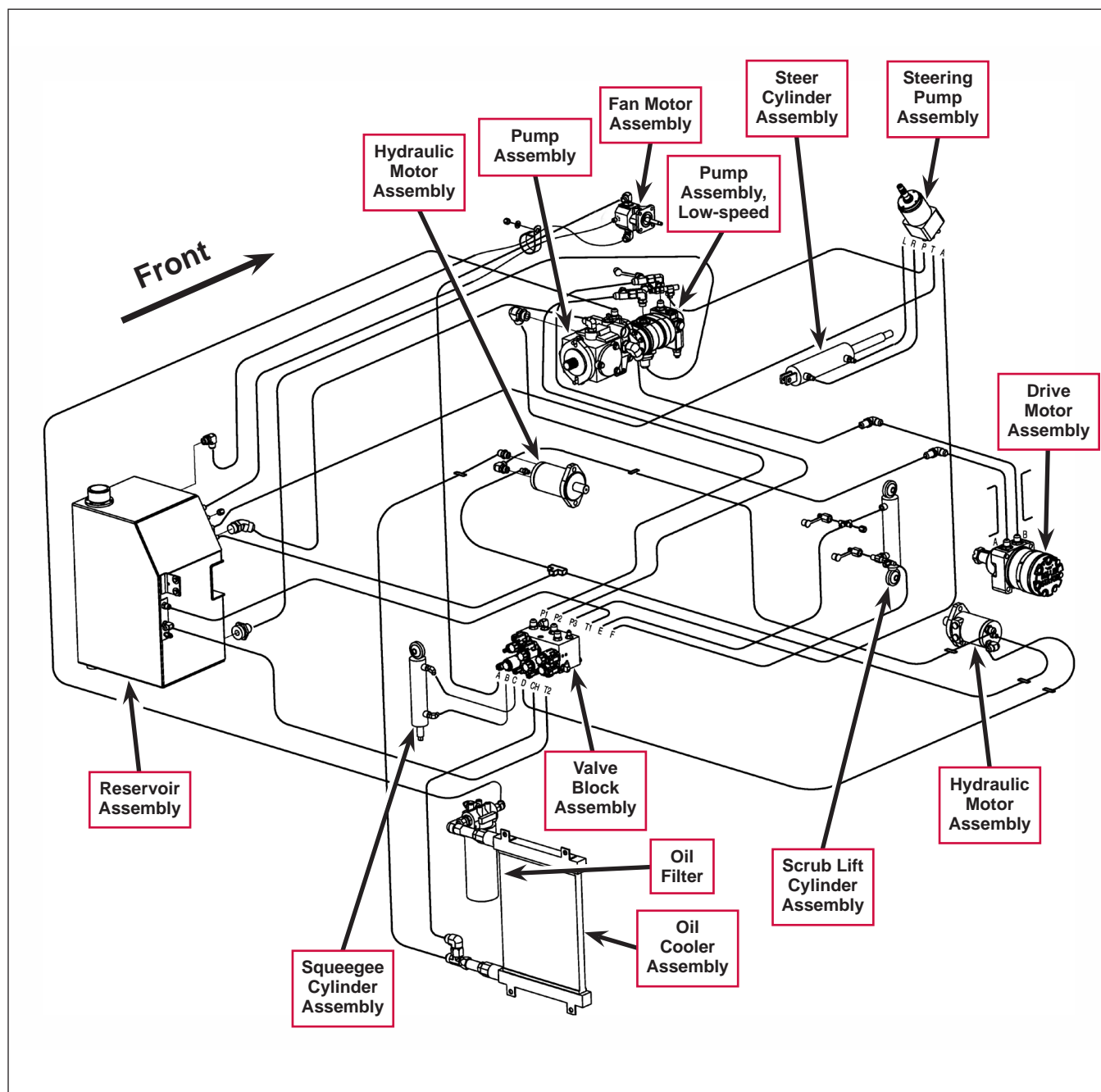
- For the actuators to lower the scrub deck and squeegee, the **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has actuated the scrub system.
- For the vacuum fan to run, the **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Drive Pedal Sensor R1** that the drive pedal has been moved from the neutral position.
- The **Hydraulic Oil Temp. Sender R2** must be within the correct resistance range that indicates the hydraulic oil is within the acceptable temperature range. Note that **R2** has a variable resistance to ground, 12 to 500 ohms. The voltage when active is 0.16-2.24 volts.
- The **Hydraulic Filter Switch S4** must be open to indicate that the hydraulic filter is not plugged.

## Hydraulic Schematic



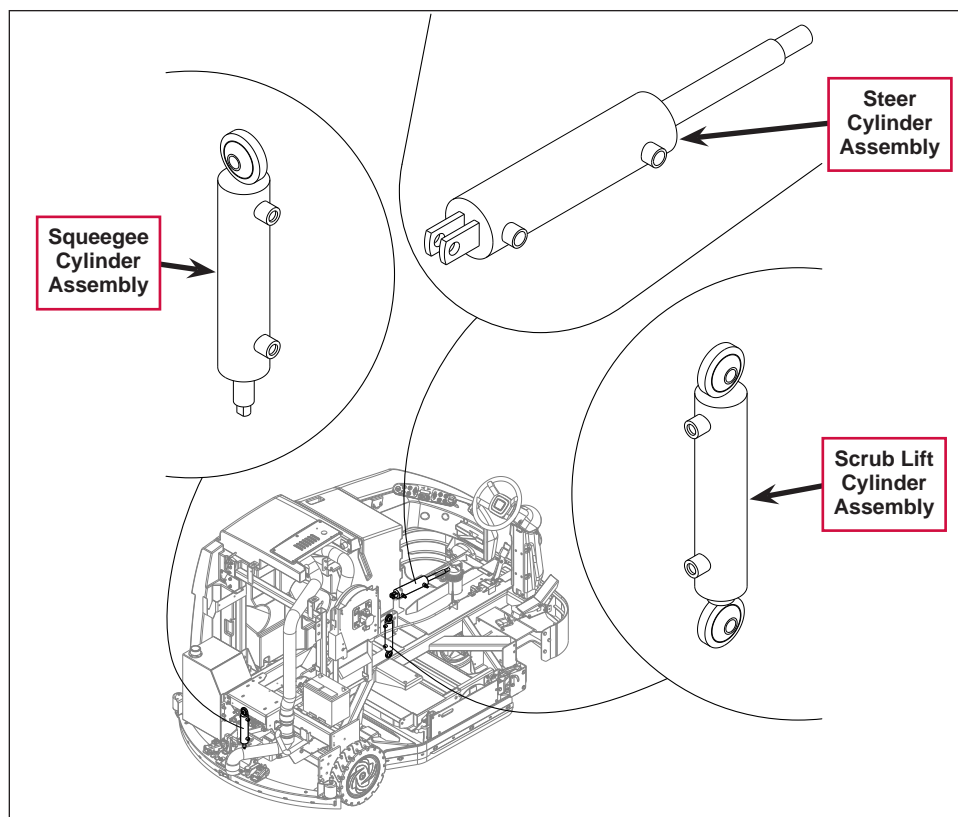
## Component Locations

### Major Components



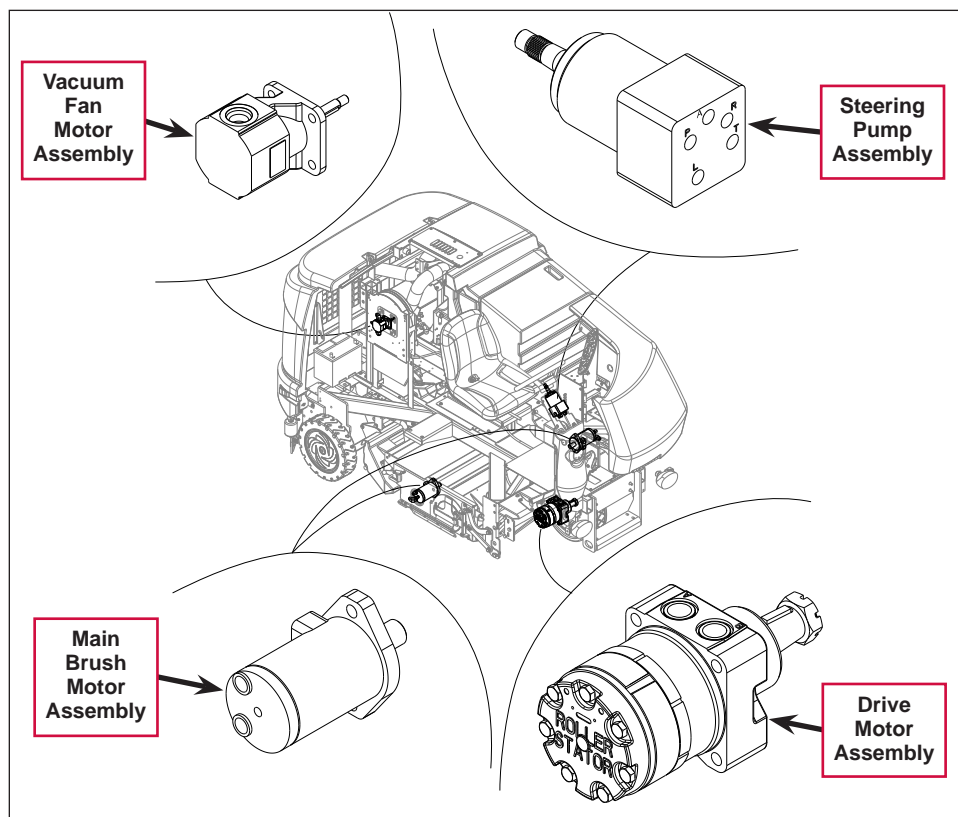
## Hydraulic Cylinders

The **Squeegee Cylinder Assembly**, **Steer Cylinder Assembly** and **Scrub Lift Cylinder Assembly** are located as shown.



## Hydraulic Motors

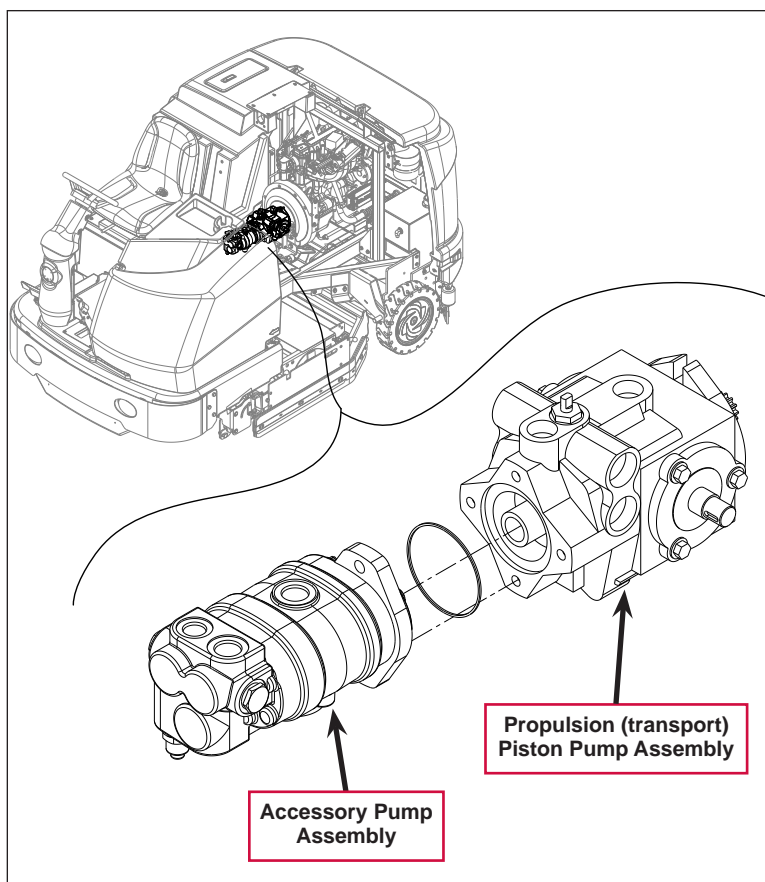
The **Vacuum Fan Motor Assembly**, **Steering Pump Assembly**, **Drive Motor Assembly** and **Main Brush Motor Assembly** are located as shown.





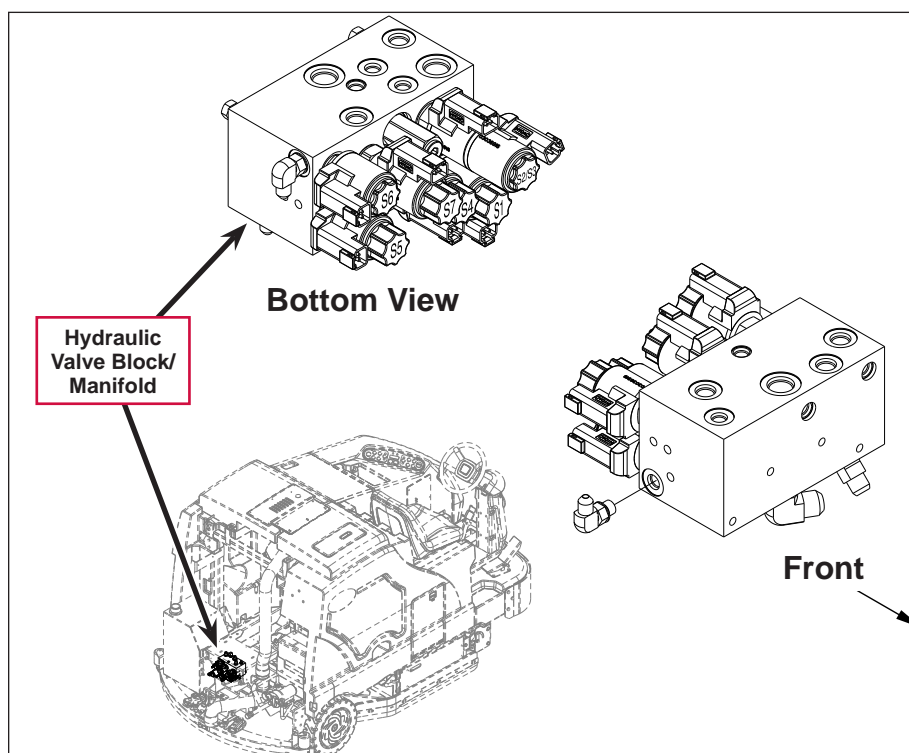
## Hydraulic Pumps

The **Propulsion (transport) Piston Pump Assembly** and **Accessory Pump Assembly** are connected to the engine output shaft and are located as shown. The **Accessory Pump Assembly** includes the two auxiliary hydraulic pumps.

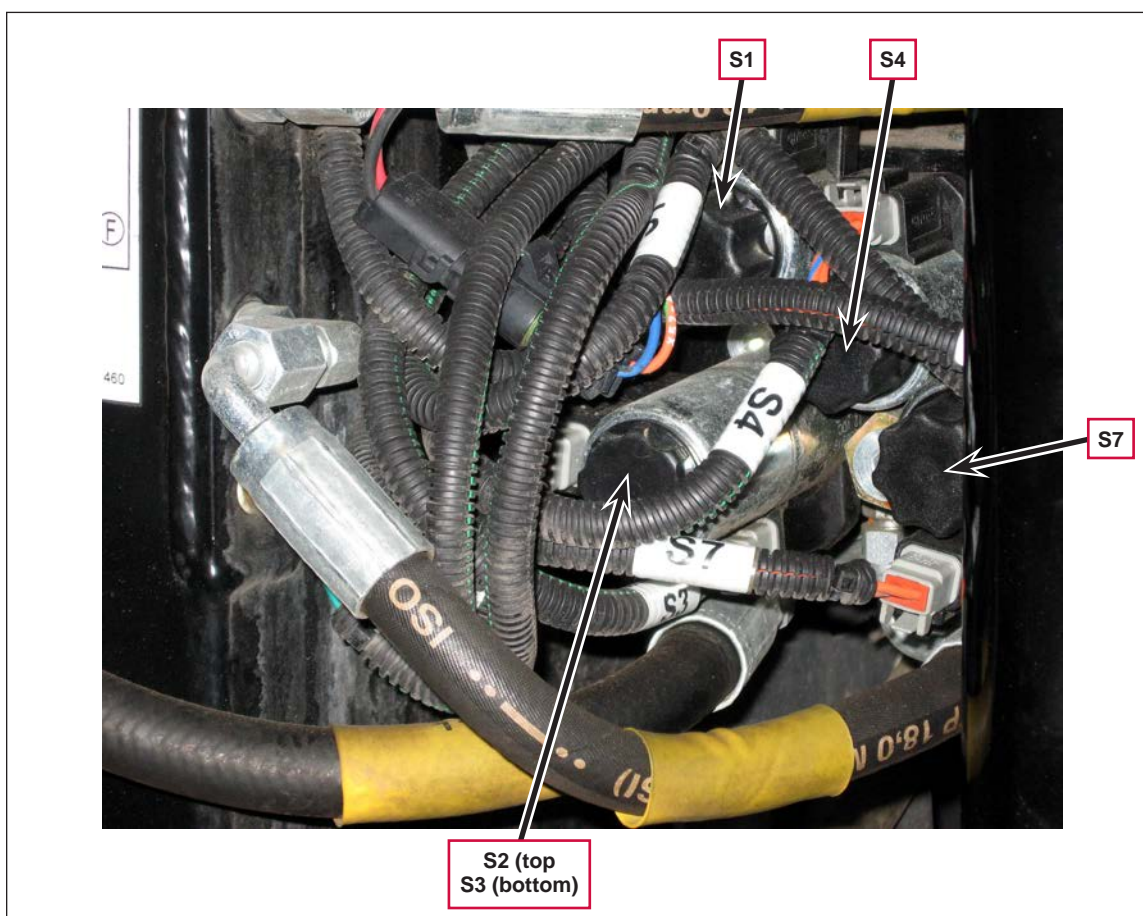
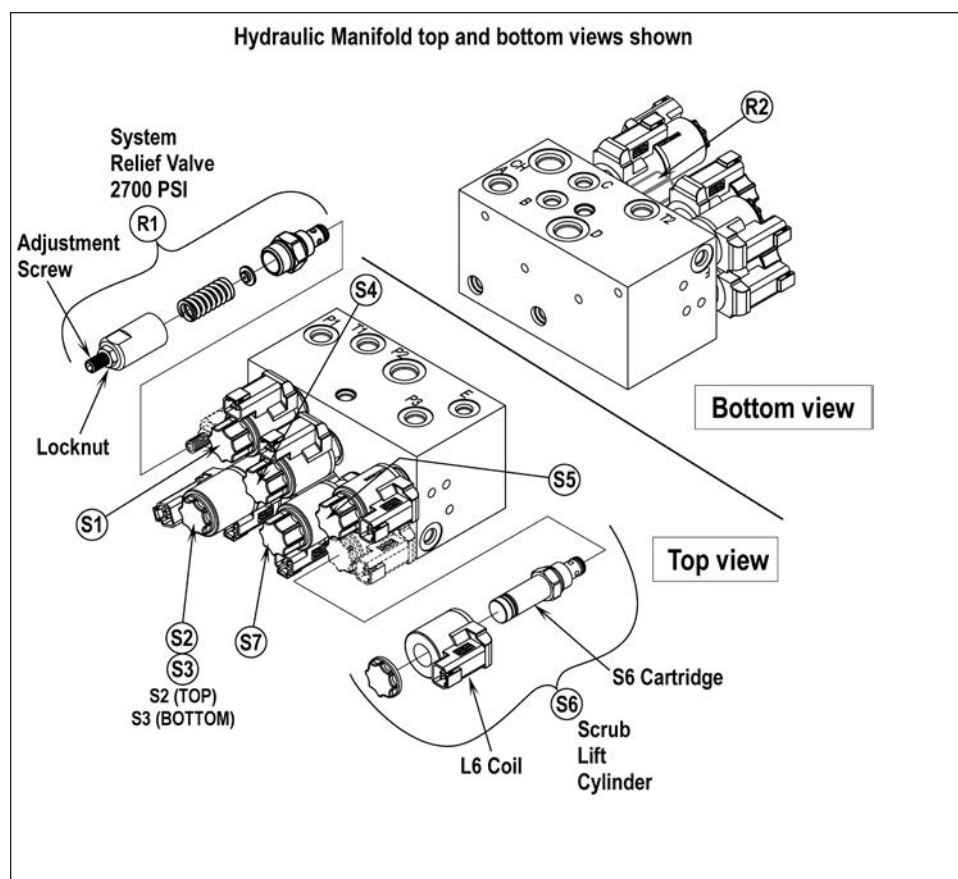


## Hydraulic Valve Block/Manifold

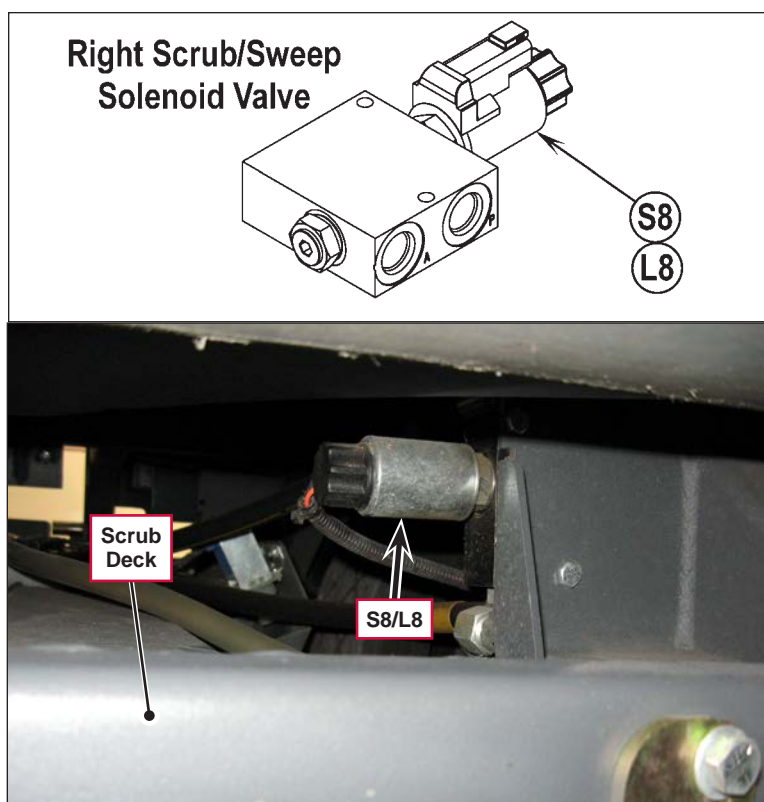
The **Hydraulic Valve Block/Manifold** is located on the back of the machine as shown



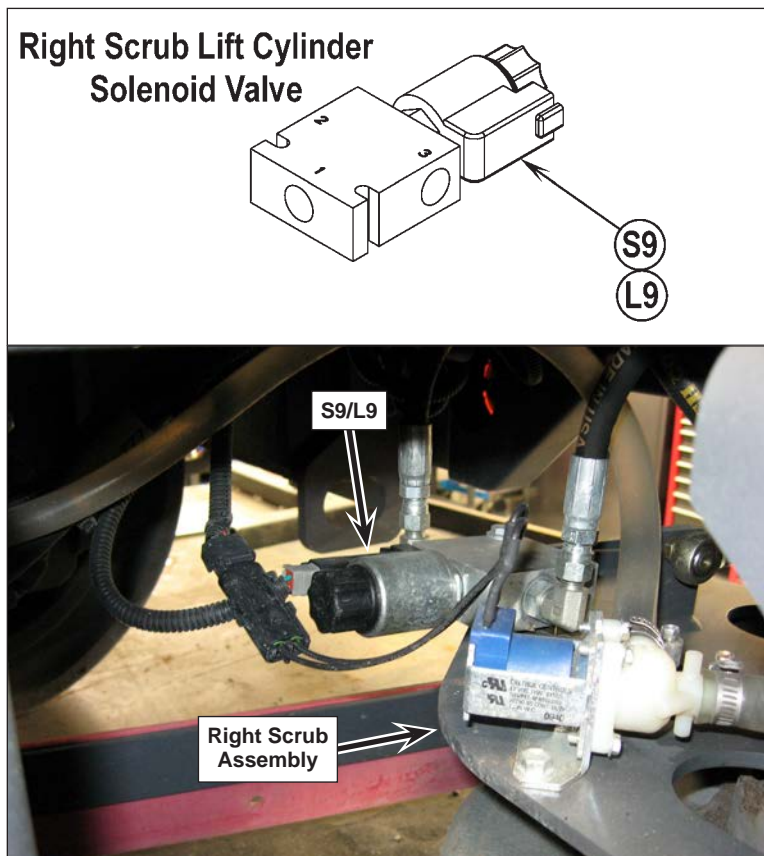
The **Solenoid Valves** and **System Relief Valves** are located on the **Hydraulic Valve Block/Manifold** as shown.



The **Right Side Scrub/Sweep Solenoid Valve S8/L8** controls the right side scrub/sweep motor(s). **S8/L8** is located above the front end of the **Scrub Deck**.



The **Right Side Scrub Lift Cylinder Solenoid Valve S9/L9** controls the side scrub lift cylinder. **S9/L9** is located inboard of the **Right Scrub Assembly**.



## Hydraulic Manifold Assembly Component Location Key

Item#	Component Description and Hydraulic Circuit Function
L1/S1	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, vacuum fan motor, coil 8 ohms
L2/S2	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, squeegee lift cylinder DOWN (top), coil 8 ohms
L3/S3	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, squeegee lift cylinder UP (bottom), coil 8 ohms
L4/S4	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, scrub/sweep system motors, coil 8 ohms
L5/S5	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, scrub pressure DN, proportional relief, coil 2.2 ohms
L6/S6	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, scrub lift cylinder lock, coil 8 ohms
L7/S7	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, scrub pressure UP, proportional relief coil 2.2 ohms
R1	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, pressure relief, vacuum fan, 2700 psi
R2	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, pressure relief, scrub brush(s), 2700 psi
L8/S8	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, right scrub/sweep system, coil 8 ohms
L9/S9	Solenoid coil and valve cartridge, right scrub lift cylinder, coil 8 ohms



**Note:** The combined electrical solenoid and hydraulic valve cartridge assembly can be serviced separately.



**Service Notes:** The S1, S2, S3, S4 and S6 solenoid coils w/connectors are the same, and the S5 and S7 solenoid coils w/connectors are the same, and can be swapped for troubleshooting purposes.

The S8 and S9 solenoid coils w/connectors are both different and only one of each is used.

The S1 and S4 valve cartridges are the same, the S2 and S3 valve cartridges are the same, and can be swapped for troubleshooting purposes.

The S5, S6, S7, S8 and S9 valve cartridges are all different and only one of each is used.



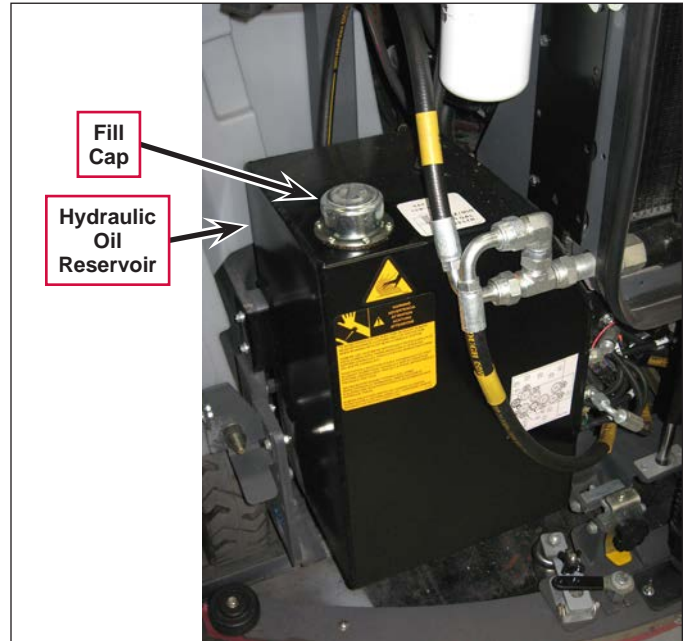
## Maintenance and Adjustments



**Warning!** Before performing any machine maintenance or adjustments, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

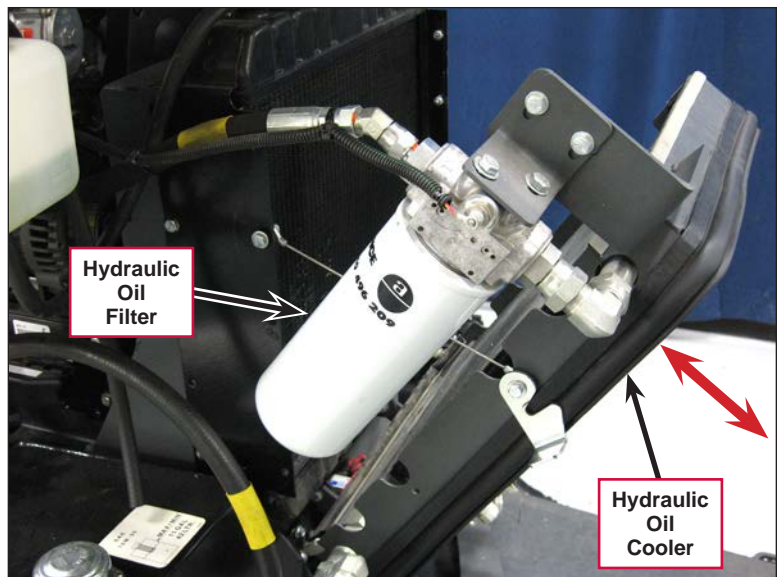
### Hydraulic Oil

1. Open and prop the engine cover to access the **Hydraulic Oil Reservoir**.
2. Remove the **Fill Cap** from the tank and look to the bottom of the filler screen. If the oil level is below the bottom of the filler screen, add 10W-30 motor oil until the bottom of the filler screen is covered. (The oil level should not be higher than ½" [12.7 mm] above the bottom of the filler screen.)
3. Change and flush the oil if major contamination from a mechanical failure occurs.



### Hydraulic Oil Filter

1. Release the latches and tip the **Hydraulic Oil Cooler** out away from the machine.
2. Use a pan or other suitable container to catch any oil that may leak out when you remove the **Hydraulic Oil Filter**.
3. Unscrew and remove the **Hydraulic Oil Filter**.
4. Install the new **Hydraulic Oil Filter**.
5. Tip the **Hydraulic Oil Cooler** back up into position, then secure the latches.
6. Run the machine for a short time, then check the oil level in the hydraulic oil reservoir. Add oil as necessary.



## Troubleshooting

### General Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
Fault code 34 displayed on the LCD	Hydraulic temperature fault that sets when hydraulic oil temperature exceeds 220 F for 15 seconds.	Clean the cooling fins on the hydraulic oil cooler to ensure adequate airflow through the cooler.
Fault code 39 displayed on the LCD	Hydraulic filter fault, sets to warn operator that oil filter is plugged and needs to be replaced.  Note: Only activates when oil temperature is above 100 degrees F (this prevents false signal upon cold engine start up).	Replace hydraulic oil filter.

### General Information Regarding Checking Hydraulic Pressures

Accurate measurements are the key to troubleshooting a hydraulic system. Once you obtain accurate measurements you can compare them to the specifications to analyze a problem.

You can use digital tachometers, flow gauges or pressure gauges to troubleshoot the hydraulic system. The pressure gauge should have a range of 0 to 3000 psi (see the **Special Tools** section) and have a Parker Diagnostics connector number PD222. The most convenient way to check for oil flow is to check the RPM of the motor that is performing poorly. Refer to the **Specifications** tables to determine the motor RPM. If the motor speed is correct, the pump is producing the correct amount of oil flow. However, this does not mean that if a motor is running too slow the problem is in the pump.

The following information should be used to check for correct motor RPM, system pressure and relief valve settings. The readings are nominal figures and there will be variations due to manufacturing tolerances and system oil temperature. If any reading varies greater than 20 percent, there will be a noticeable loss of performance and the problem should be corrected.

### Test Port Nominal Pressure Readings



**Note:** See the figure on the following page and the **Specifications** tables.

100 psi = 6.9 bar.

1. Insert the pressure gauge into the test port.

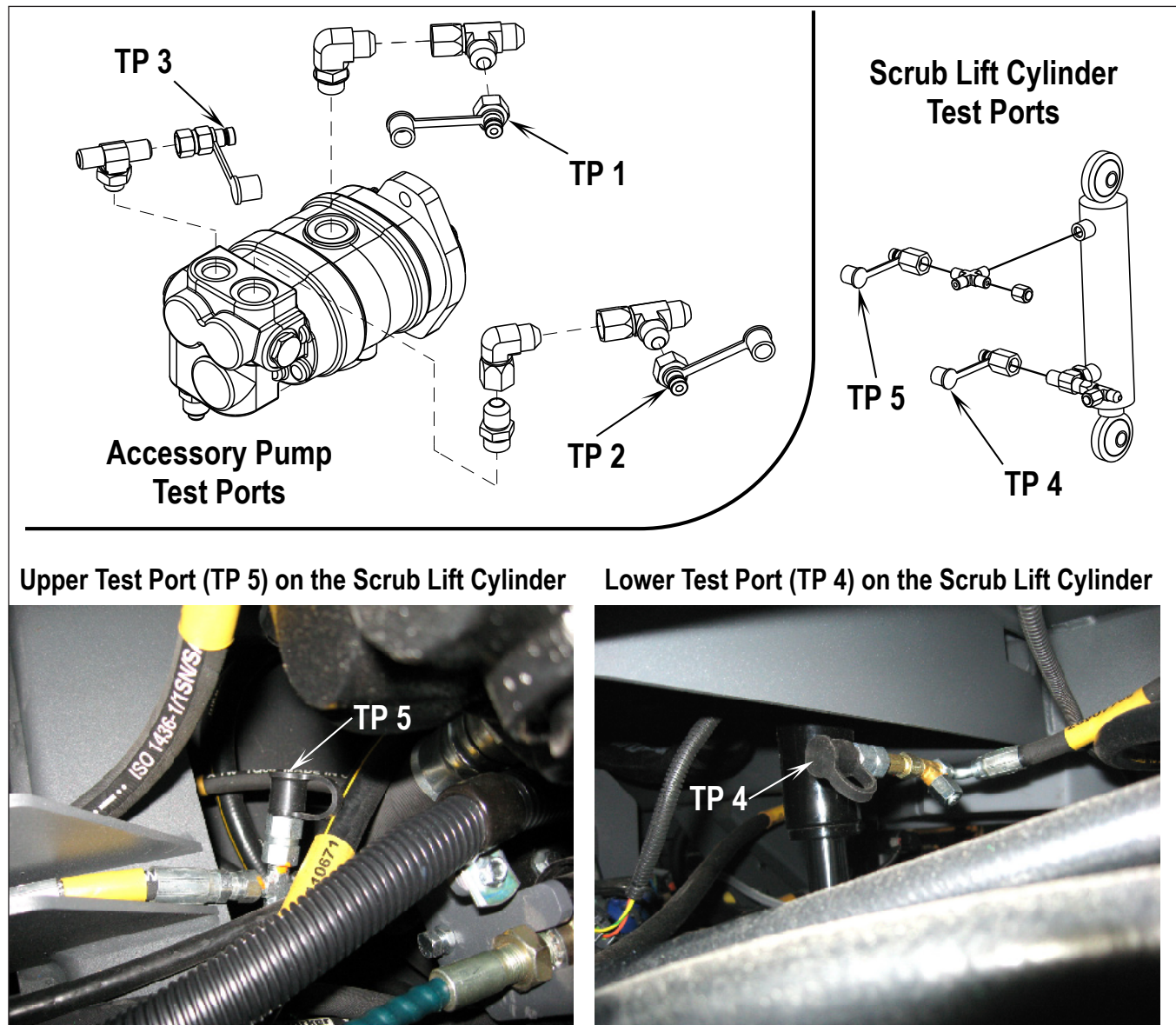


**Note:** The Lower Test Port (TP 4) on the Scrub Lift Cylinder is easier to access if you lower the scrub deck.

2. Run the engine in high throttle position (2200 RPM) and allow the hydraulic oil to warm up.
  - The bypass pressure is the pressure reading with no motor or cylinder operating.
  - The operational pressure is the pressure range in which the motor or cylinders will operate.
  - A much lower than normal bypass pressure could indicate a gear pump problem.
  - If the bypass pressure remains the same after turning the function on, there could be a problem in the control valve or circuit.



- If the operational pressure is within range but the motor speed is too slow, the problem could be in the motor.
- If the broom motor operational psi reading is above the bypass psi but is below the operational psi, check the broom adjustment and wear.
- Check the individual system **Troubleshooting** sections of this manual for additional information.





Accessory Pump 2a Circuits	Displacement Cu. In.	GPM	RPM In	RPM Out	PSI	Relief PSI
Accessory Pump 2a non-priority branch, engine @ 2200 RPM, no systems running (test port TP2)	1.20	8.42	2200		*370	2700
Main scrub brush motors (only) setting (A) no load broom off floor and ** scrub setting #3 pressure (test port TP1)	4.5			415 400	A 850 1700**	
Main scrub and RT side scrub motors #3 pressure (test port TP1)					1880	
Right side brush motor speed	11.3			160		
Main scrub and dual sweep (test port TP2)					1780	
Side sweep broom motor speed	17.9			100		
Main scrub, RT scrub and LT sweep (test port TP2)					1950	
Squeegee cylinder 1.50 x 5.00					315	

Accessory Pump 2b Circuits	Displacement Cu. In.	GPM	RPM In	RPM Out	PSI	Relief PSI
Accessory Pump 2b priority branch, engine @ 2200 RPM no systems running (test port TP3)	1.20	3.0	2200		* 296	1500
Steering unit (driving and turning)	4.5				500	

\* The bypass pressure is the pressure reading with no motor or cylinder operating (flow-through).

\*\* Scrub brush system hydraulic pressure under load setting #3 (maximum scrub pressure)

	Test Port	Pressure Type	Controlled by	Pressure Setting	PSI
Scrub lift cylinder 1.50 x 5.00, engine at 2200 RPM	TP4	Lift Pressure	Proportioning Valve S7	1	750 - 774
				2	750 - 767
				3	745 - 779
	TP5	Down Pressure	Proportioning Relief Valve S5	1	333 - 346
				2	393 - 412
				3	458 - 499

Propulsion Pump Circuits	Displacement Cu. In.	GPM	RPM In	RPM Out	PSI	Relief PSI
Hydrostatic pump charge pressure					250	
Hydrostatic pump	1.44	13.7	2200			
Forward drive wheel motor speed test @ 8 mph level ground, smooth concrete, no accessory systems running, foot at full speed forward, set 153 RPM @ 2400 RPM	18.3			FWD 153	1060@ 2200 RPM 1200@ 2400 RPM	F 3500
Reverse same as above @ 4 mph, set 78 RPM @ 2400 RPM				REV 78		R 2500

**Hydraulic Reservoir Capacity**

Hydraulic reservoir capacity:	10 gallons	Oil Type: 10W-30
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**Hydraulic Truth Table**

Electrical Solenoid's Energized Status – Component to Operate

Solenoid Functions	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9
Recovery Tank Fan	X								
Squeegee Down		X							
Squeegee Up			X						
Scrub Brushes On				X					
Scrub Brush Pressure Setting Regular #1					X	X	X		
Scrub Brush Pressure Setting Heavy #2					X	X	X		
Scrub Brush Pressure Setting Extreme #3					X	X	X		
Right Side Scrub Brush Pressure Settings 1, 2 and 3					X	X	X		X
Scrub Brushes Off									
Right Scrub On				X				X	
Dual Side Broom Sweep On				X				X	

**SAE (JIC) 37° Flare Fitting Torque Chart**

SAE Dash	Thread Size	Torque in ft-lbs.	FFWR*
- 4	7/16" - 20	11	2
- 5	1/2" - 20	14	2
- 6	9/16" - 18	20	1-1/4
- 8	3/4" - 16	43	1
- 10	7/8" - 14	55	1
- 12	1-1/16" - 12	80	1
- 14	1-3/16" - 12	100	1
- 16	1-5/16" - 12	115	1
- 20	1-5/8" - 12	160	1


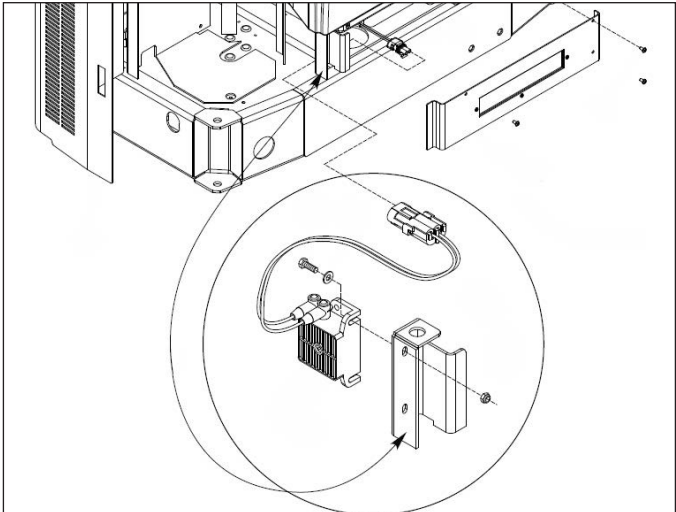

\* FFWR - Flats From Wrench Resistance

## Special Tools





Hydraulic test gauge w/connector, 3000 psi range, p/n 56504516




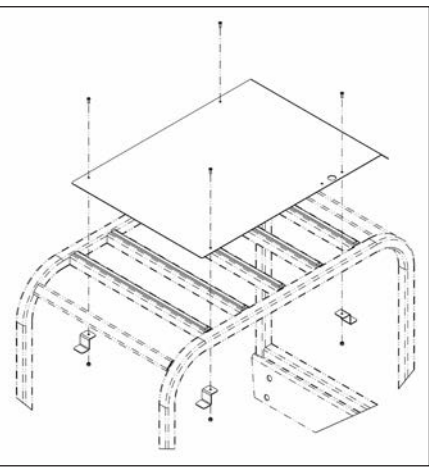




## Options and Accessories



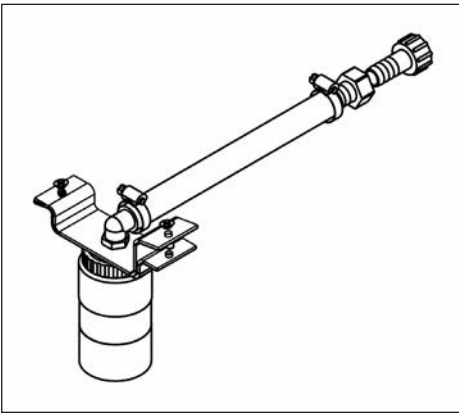

Description	Illustration
<p data-bbox="269 527 488 558"><b>Detergent Bottles</b></p>	 A photograph showing two white plastic detergent bottles with black caps, mounted side-by-side on a grey plastic base. The base has a yellow warning label with a black symbol. The bottles are connected to a machine's internal system.
<p data-bbox="264 1001 493 1033"><b>Back-up Alarm Kit</b></p> <p data-bbox="172 1056 586 1150">The Back-up Alarm Kit includes the Back-up Alarm Unit, Pigtail Wire Assembly and mounting hardware.</p>	 A technical line drawing showing the installation of the Back-up Alarm Kit. It includes a main view of the alarm unit mounted on a metal plate, and a circular inset showing a close-up of the wiring connections and the pigtail wire assembly.
<p data-bbox="253 1461 505 1493"><b>Warning Beacon Kit</b></p> <p data-bbox="183 1516 574 1640">The Warning Beacon Kit mounts directly on the machine and is designed for machines without an overhead guard.</p>	 A photograph showing the Warning Beacon Kit installed on a machine. It consists of a bright orange, cylindrical warning light mounted on a black base, which is secured to a metal plate on the machine's frame.






Description	Illustration
<p><b>Overhead Guard Beacon Kit</b></p> <p>The Overhead Guard Beacon Kit mounts onto the overhead guard.</p>	
<p><b>Brake/Signal Light Kit</b></p> <p>The Brake/Signal Light Kit includes amber front signal lights, red rear stop/signal lights and wiring harnesses.</p>	
<p><b>Extended Scrub Kit</b></p> <p>The Extended Scrub Kit includes the extended scrub pump, float switch and strainer, and the electrical and solution quick-disconnects</p>	
<p><b>Fire Extinguisher Kit</b></p>	

Description	Illustration
<b>Foot Guard Kit</b>	
<b>Roller Bumper Kit</b>  Note that the right side roller bumper is standard on Condor XL 60" and 67" with right side scrub.	
<b>Wash Hose Kit</b>  (shown mounted behind Operator seat)	
<b>Overhead Guard Kit</b>  (warning beacon sold separately)	

Description	Illustration
<p><b>Overhead Guard Canopy Kit</b> (overhead guard sold separately)</p>	 
<p><b>Rear Bumper Kit</b></p>	
<p><b>Recovery Tank Clean-out Kit</b></p>	
<p><b>Recovery Tank Debris Tray Kit</b></p>	

Description	Illustration
<b>Drain Hose Extension</b>	
<b>Remote Foot-actuated Horn Switch Kit</b>	
<b>Solution Auto-fill Kit</b>	
<b>Right-hand/Dual Armrest Kit Seat Belt Kit for Standard Seat</b>	

Description	Illustration
<p><b>Deluxe Suspension Seat Kit</b></p> <p>(includes right-hand armrest and seat belt)</p>	
<p><b>Under Hood Light Kit</b></p> <p>(includes trouble light with magnetic base on an extendable cable)</p>	
<p><b>Vacuum Wand Kit</b></p> <p>(shown mounted on machine)</p>	

# Recovery System

## Functional Description

### System Overview

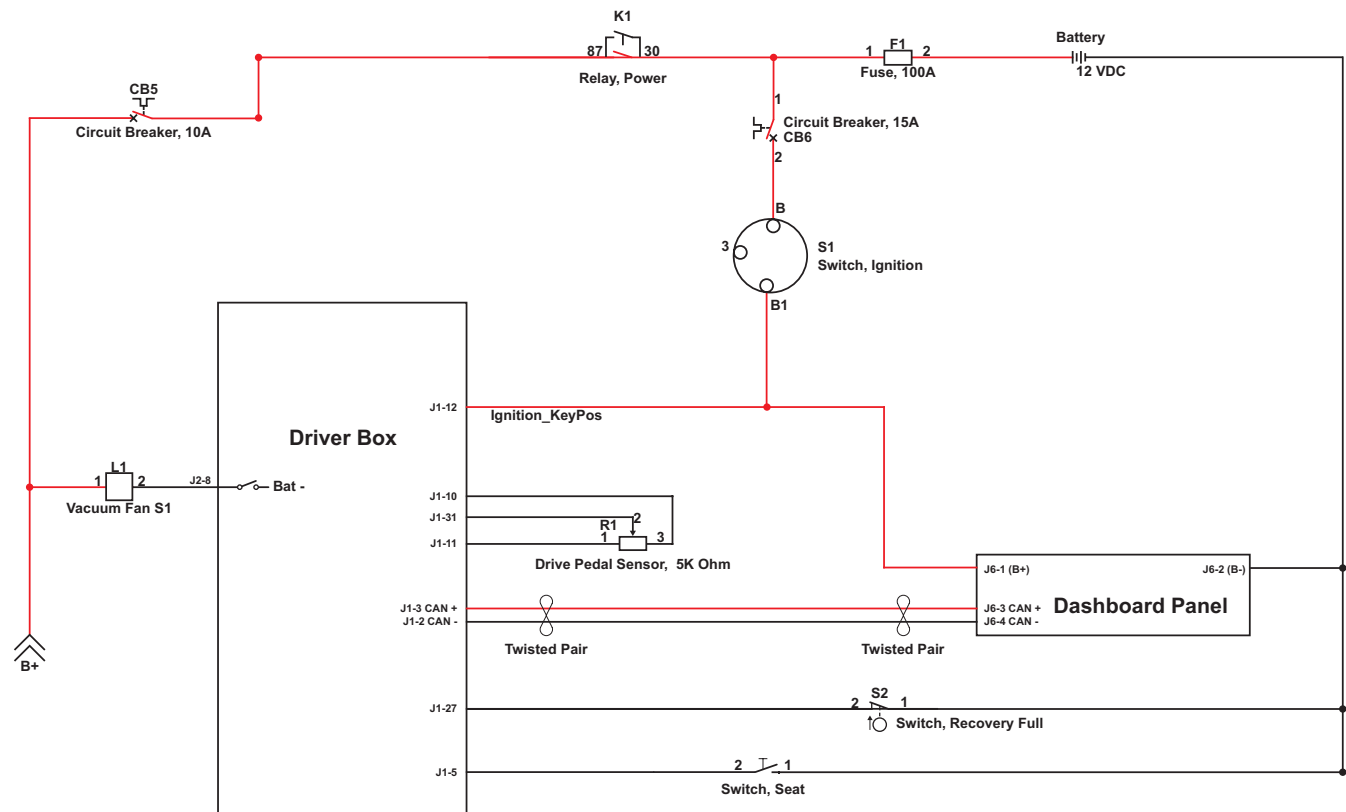
The recovery system picks up the scrubbing solution from the floor and directs it to the recovery tank. The vacuum fan, powered by an auxiliary hydraulic motor driven by the engine, draws air from the recovery tank to create a vacuum in the tank and at the squeegee to pick up the solution. The solution travels through the squeegee hose and into the recovery tank.

The vacuum fan motor switches on automatically when the scrub system is enabled and the machine moves forward. The motor will switch off after a predetermined time delay once machine motion stops.

The vacuum fan motor can also be switched on independent of the scrub system by pressing the vacuum switch (old style control panel) or the vacuum/wand switch (new style control panel). This is used to pick up solution already on the floor, or when using a wand on the squeegee hose.

Refer to the **Squeegee System** section for more information on the squeegee components and operation.

### Recovery System Wiring Diagram





## Electrical Circuit Description

The Vacuum Fan Solenoid Valve **S1** controls the hydraulic oil flow to the fan motor. Note that **S1** is not a proportional valve and is either on or off. The following conditions must be met for **S1** to energize and allow hydraulic oil to flow to the vacuum fan motor:

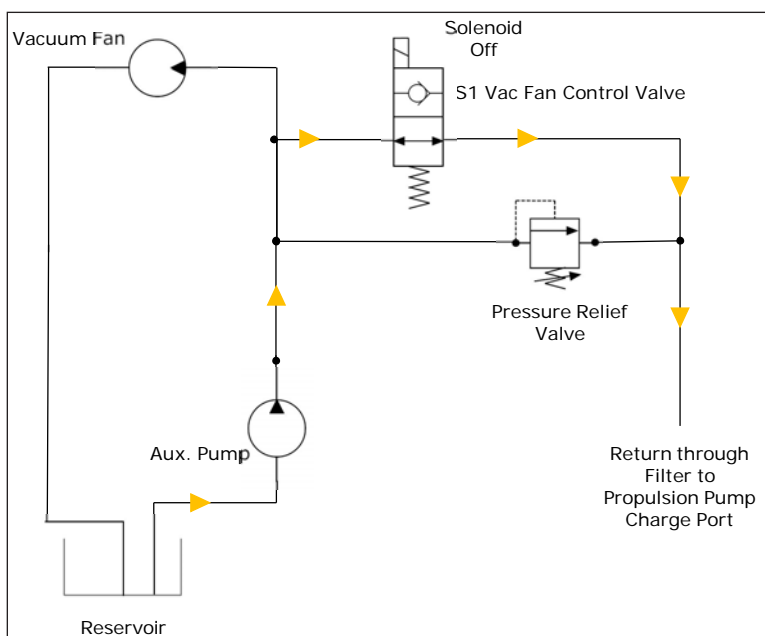
- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has actuated the recovery system.
- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Drive Pedal Sensor R1** that the drive pedal has been moved from the neutral position.
- The **Recovery Full Switch S2** must be closed (recovery tank not full).

## Recovery System Hydraulic Diagram

An electric solenoid, **S1**, controls the hydraulic **Vac Fan Control Valve (L1)** which controls the hydraulic oil flow to the vacuum fan motor.

### Vacuum Fan Off

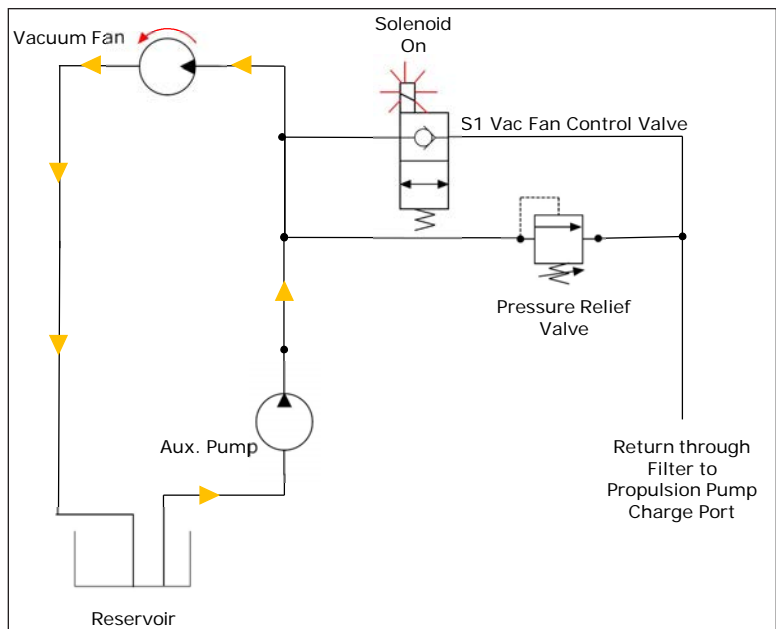
In the normally-off condition, the **S1 Vacuum Fan Control Valve** is de-energized (**Solenoid Off**). This allows the hydraulic oil to flow from the **Aux. (auxiliary) Pump** through **S1** to the **Filter** and **Propulsion Pump Charge Port**, bypassing the **Vacuum Fan** motor.



### Vacuum Fan On

When the vacuum fan is switched on, the **S1 Vacuum Fan Control Valve** is energized (**Solenoid On**) to direct the hydraulic oil flow from the **Aux. (auxiliary) Pump** through the **Vacuum Fan** motor, then to the **Reservoir**.

The **Pressure Relief Valve** will open to allow the oil to flow back into the **Propulsion Pump Charge Port** if a high-pressure condition occurs in the hydraulic lines before the oil enters the tank, (stalled motor, plugged hose, etc.).



## Component Locations

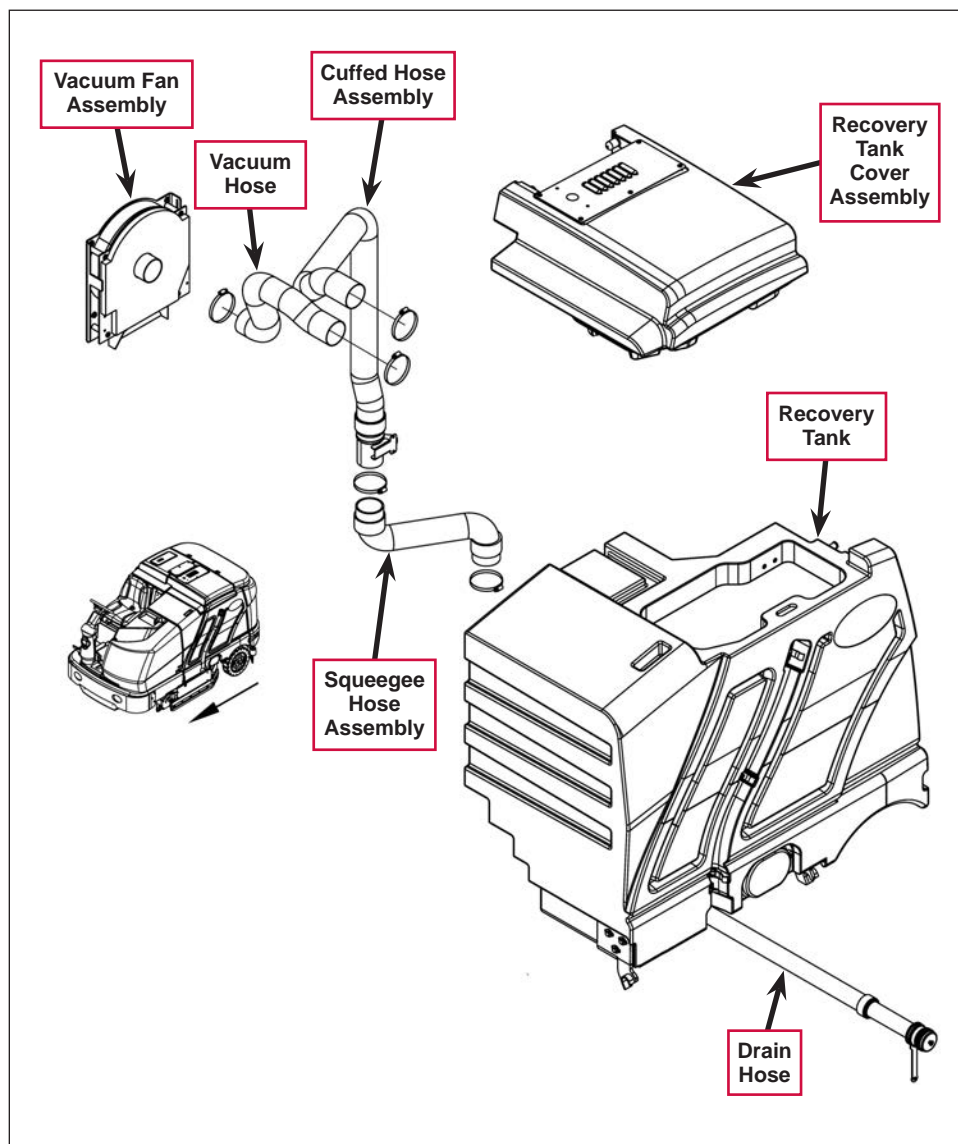
### Recovery Tank

The **Recovery Tank** is on the left rear side of the machine.

The **Vacuum Fan Assembly**, driven by a hydraulic motor, is located on the right side of the machine. The **Vacuum Fan Assembly** pulls air through the **Vacuum Hose** which is connected to the **Recovery Tank**. The airflow creates the vacuum needed to pull the wastewater from the squeegee and **Squeegee Hose Assembly**, through the **Cuffed Hose Assembly** and into the **Recovery Tank**.

The **Recovery Tank Cover Assembly** opens to allow access to the inside of the **Recovery Tank**, and to the **Vacuum Fan Assembly** and hoses. The **Recovery Tank Cover Assembly** seals on the **Recovery Tank** when closed to maintain the vacuum inside of the **Recovery Tank**.

The **Drain Hose** allows you to empty the **Recovery Tank**.



## Daily Maintenance



**Warning!** Before performing any machine maintenance, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

- Check the gasket on the recovery tank cover for damage/wear.
- Check that the drain hose cap is sealed.
- Drain the recovery tank, then clean the inside of the tank by flushing with clean water.

## Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
Poor water pickup	Vacuum leak(s) due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Leaky drain hose cap</li> <li>• Leaky hose(s)</li> <li>• Bad gasket</li> <li>• Damaged tank</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the drain hose cap and tighten/replace as necessary.</li> <li>• Check the squeegee and recovery tank hoses and tighten/replace as necessary.</li> <li>• Check the vacuum hose and clamps between the vacuum fan assembly and the recovery tank and tighten/replace as necessary.</li> <li>• Check the gaskets and replace as necessary.</li> <li>• Check the recovery tank for damage.</li> </ul>
	Restrictions due to built-up debris in the squeegee tool, vacuum hoses or float cage	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the squeegee tool, vacuum hoses and float cage for any accumulated dirt or debris and clean as necessary.</li> <li>2. Check the vacuum system airflow pathway wherever the airflow is forced to make a sharp turn for any accumulated dirt or debris and clean as necessary.</li> </ol>
	Squeegee out of adjustment	Readjust the squeegee as necessary (refer to the Squeegee Adjustment section in the Instructions For Use).
Vacuum fan motor not working	Vacuum fan solenoid over current (fault code 09 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L1 the solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ GRN/BRN and - BRN/YEL).</li> <li>• Check the solenoid coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace the solenoid. Also see the <b>Recovery System Wiring Diagram</b>.</li> </ul>

## Removal and Installation



**Warning!** Before removing or reinstalling any machine components, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

### Recovery Tank



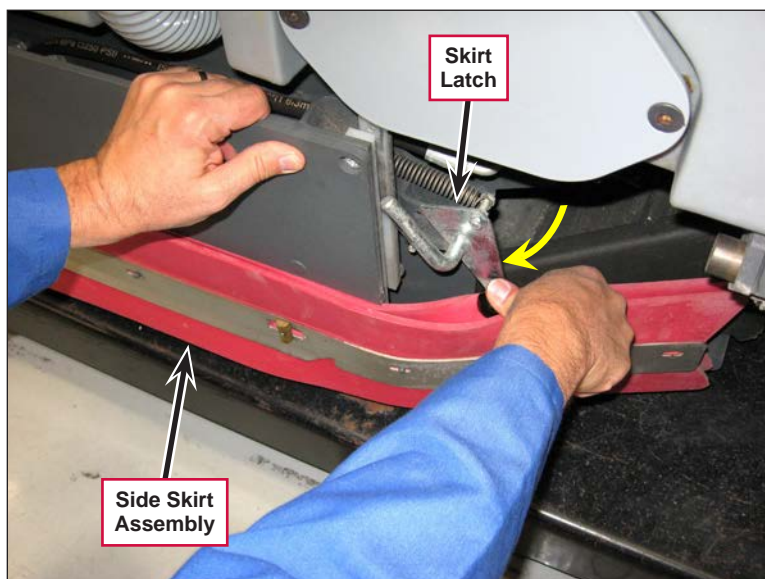
**Caution:** The recovery tank is relatively heavy. It's recommended that the recovery tank be removed by two or more persons to prevent possible personal injury or damage to the recovery tank.

1. Drain the recovery tank.



**Note:** If your machine is equipped with an extended scrub system, you must disconnect the Float Switch Quick-disconnect and Solution Quick-disconnect Coupler before you can remove the recovery tank. (Refer to the **Solution System/Functional Description/Extended Scrub System** subsection.)

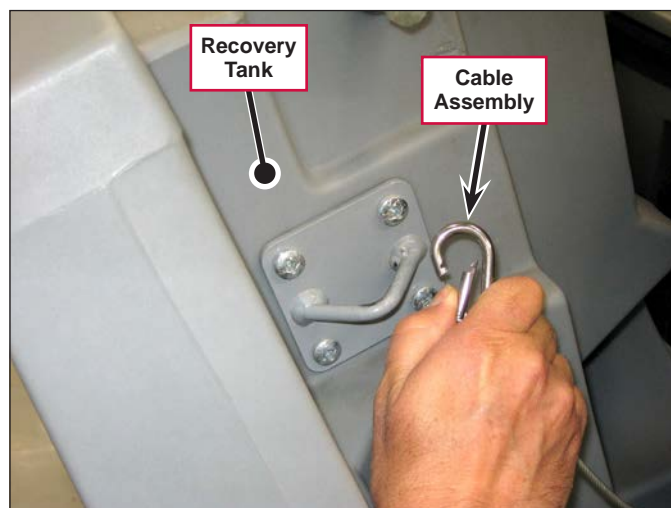
2. Press the **Skirt Latch** and swing the left-hand **Side Skirt Assembly** out of the way.
3. Lift and prop open the recovery tank cover assembly.



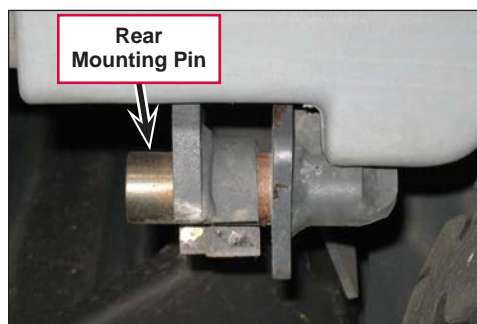
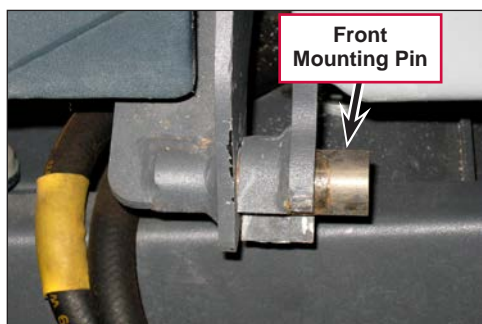
4. Press the **Recovery Tank Latch** and carefully tip the recovery tank out away from the machine.



5. Unhook the **Cable Assembly** from the **Recovery Tank**, then carefully swing the **Recovery Tank** down and lift it off of the machine.



**Note:** When you reinstall the **Recovery Tank**, set the **Tank** onto the two **Mounting Pins** on the frame, then tilt the **Tank** up and reattach the **Cable Assembly**.





## Specifications

Component	Specifications
Fan Assembly Motor	Shaft Rotation – Clockwise (as viewed from shaft end)
	Pressure Ratings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3000 PSI – Continuous</li> <li>• 4000 PSI –Intermittent</li> </ul>
	Displacement – 0.129 CIR
Vacuum Water Lift (Sealed)	33.7 inches H <sub>2</sub> O @ 2200 RPM
Vacuum Fan Solenoid Valve L1	Current – 1.5 Amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms

## Special Tools

Vacuum water lift gauge, p/n 56205281
---------------------------------------

## Scrub System, Cylindrical

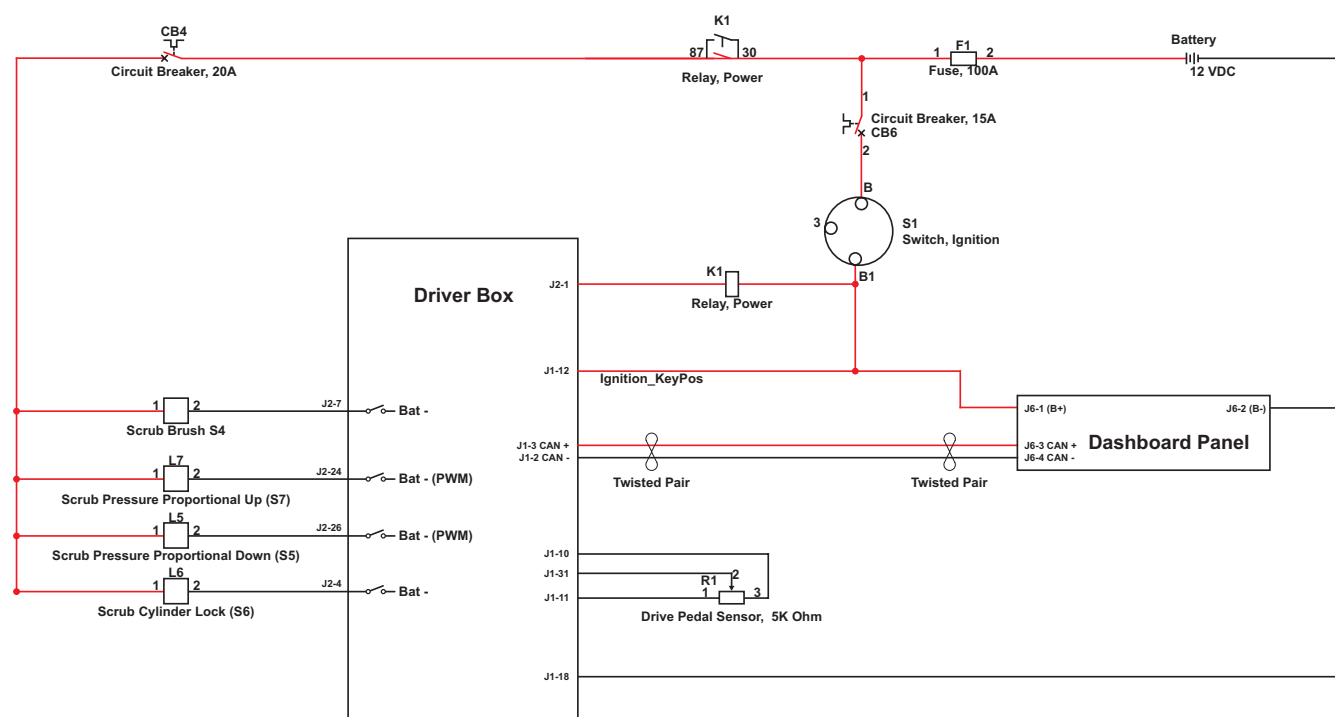
### Functional Description

#### Overview

The cylindrical scrub system includes the main scrub deck and hopper, the two hydraulic brush motors, the hydraulic lift cylinder that lowers and raises the deck, and the associated hydraulic solenoid valves. The dual-displacement, low-speed (accessory) pump (1.20 CID) powers the two scrub brush motors and the hydraulic scrub lift cylinder.

The scrub lift cylinder is controlled by two proportioning hydraulic solenoid valves that work together, on opposite ends of the lift cylinder, to produce the desired main scrub deck pressure.

### Cylindrical Scrub System Wiring Diagram



#### Circuit Description

For the scrub system to work, the key switch must be on, the engine must be running and the **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has actuated the scrub system.

### Scrub Brush Motors

For the scrub brush motors to run:

- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Drive Pedal Sensor R1** that the drive pedal has been moved from the neutral position.
- The **Driver Box** must provide a ground at pin **J2-7** to energize the **Scrub Brush** solenoid valve **S4** which directs the hydraulic fluid to flow through the scrub brush motors.

### Scrub Lift Cylinder

For the scrub lift cylinder to actuate the scrub deck:

- The **Scrub Cylinder Lock** solenoid valve **S6** must open to allow oil to flow to and from the **Scrub Lift Cylinder**.
- The **Driver Box** must provide the appropriate ground signal from pin **J2-26** to the **Scrub Pressure Proportional Down** valve **S5**, and the appropriate ground signal from pin **J2-24** to the **Scrub Pressure Proportional Up** valve **S7** to provide the down scrub pressure selected by the Operator.

Note that the **Driver Box** ground signals to **S5** and **S7** are pulse width modulated (PWM) signals which open the valves proportionally to produce the appropriate hydraulic pressures on both the piston and rod ends of the **Scrub Lift Cylinder**. This combination of up and down forces on the lift cylinder, combined with the weight of the cylindrical scrub deck, applies the correct amount of downward force on the scrub deck to produce the desired scrub pressure.

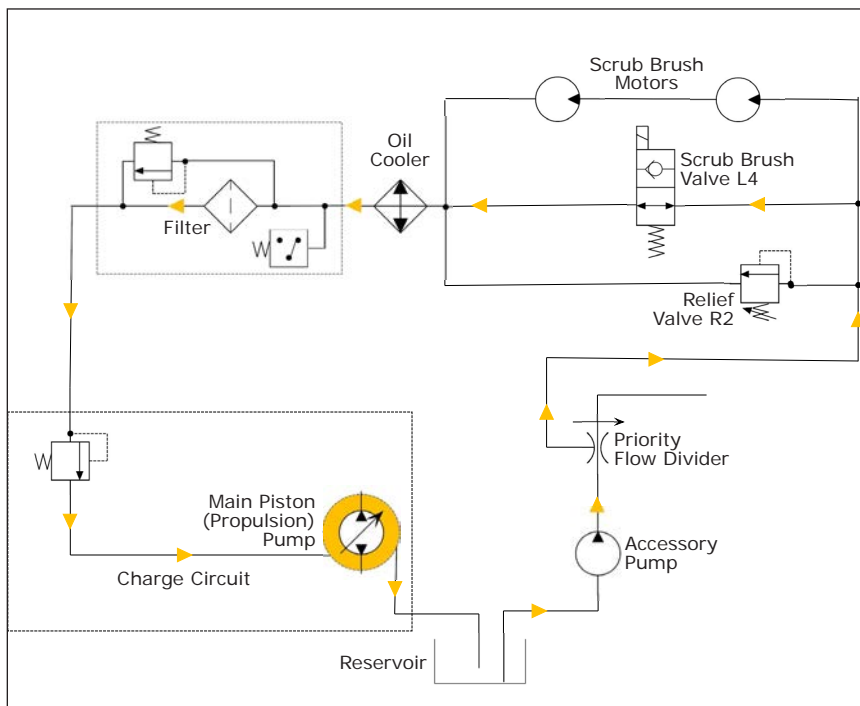
Also note that the signals to the **S5** and **S7** valves allow the valves to “dither” (oscillate in a slight back-and-forth motion at high frequency) to prevent the valves from sticking.

- Once the scrub deck is retracted upward after scrubbing, the **Scrub Cylinder Lock** solenoid valve **S6** closes to shut off the oil flow from the scrub lift cylinder to ensure that the deck remains retracted.

## Cylindrical Scrub System Hydraulic Diagrams

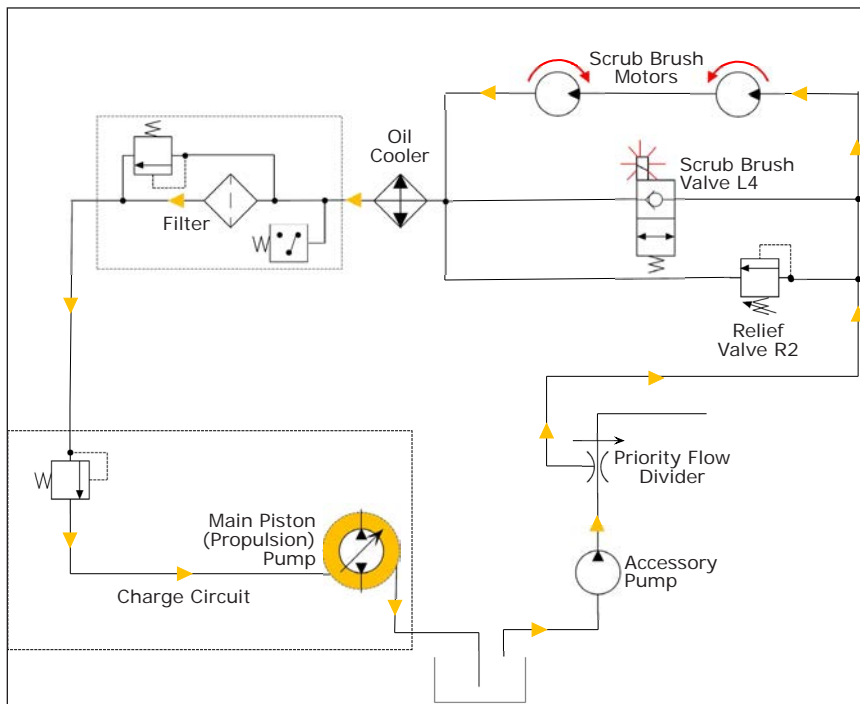
### Scrub Motors Off

When the scrub motors are off, the **Accessory Pump** (1.20 CID) sends oil to the **Priority Flow Divider** which directs the oil to the open **Scrub Brush Valve L4**. The oil travels through the **Scrub Brush Valve L4**, through the **Oil Cooler** and **Filter**. The oil then travels to the **Charge Circuit** and to the **Main Piston (propulsion) Pump**, where it goes through the case and returns to the **Reservoir**.



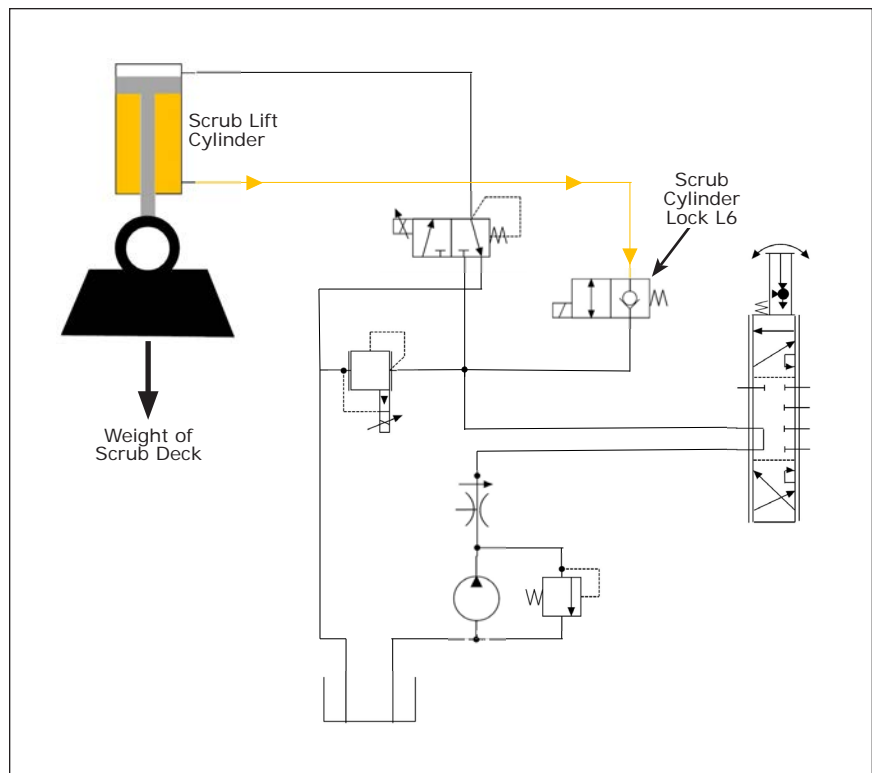
### Scrub Motors On

When the scrub motors are on, the **Accessory Pump** (1.20 CID) sends oil to the **Priority Flow Divider** which directs the oil to the energized (closed) **Scrub Brush Valve L4**. The oil is directed past the **Scrub Brush Valve L4** and through the two **Scrub Brush Motors**, causing them to rotate. The oil travels from the **Scrub Brush Motors** through the **Oil Cooler** and **Filter**, then to the **Charge Circuit** for the **Main Piston (propulsion) Pump**.



### Scrub Lift Cylinder with Engine Shut Off

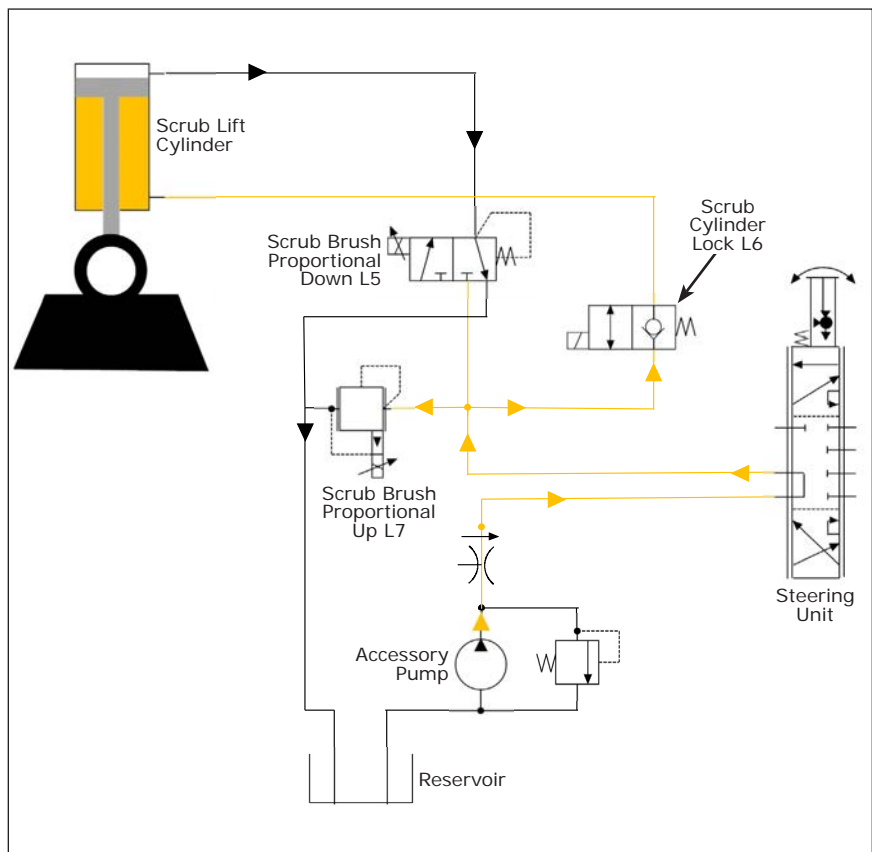
When the engine is shut off, the de-energized **Scrub Cylinder Lock L6** valve holds the oil pressure from the bottom port on the **Scrub Lift Cylinder** to support the **Weight of The Scrub Deck** and prevent it from “floating down”.



### Scrub Lift Cylinder Off with Engine Running

When the engine is running but the scrub system is off, the **Accessory Pump** pumps the oil through the **Steering Unit** and to the **Scrub Brush Proportional Up L7** valve, the **Scrub Brush Proportional Down L5** valve and the **Scrub Cylinder Lock L6** valve.

- The **Brush Proportional Up L7** valve provides adequate oil pressure to the bottom port on the **Scrub Lift Cylinder**, through the **Scrub Cylinder Lock L6** valve, to raise the scrub deck.
- The de-energized **Scrub Brush Proportional Down L5** valve closes off the oil flow to the top port on the **Scrub Lift Cylinder**. Any oil from the top port on the **Scrub Lift Cylinder** is directed to the **Reservoir**.

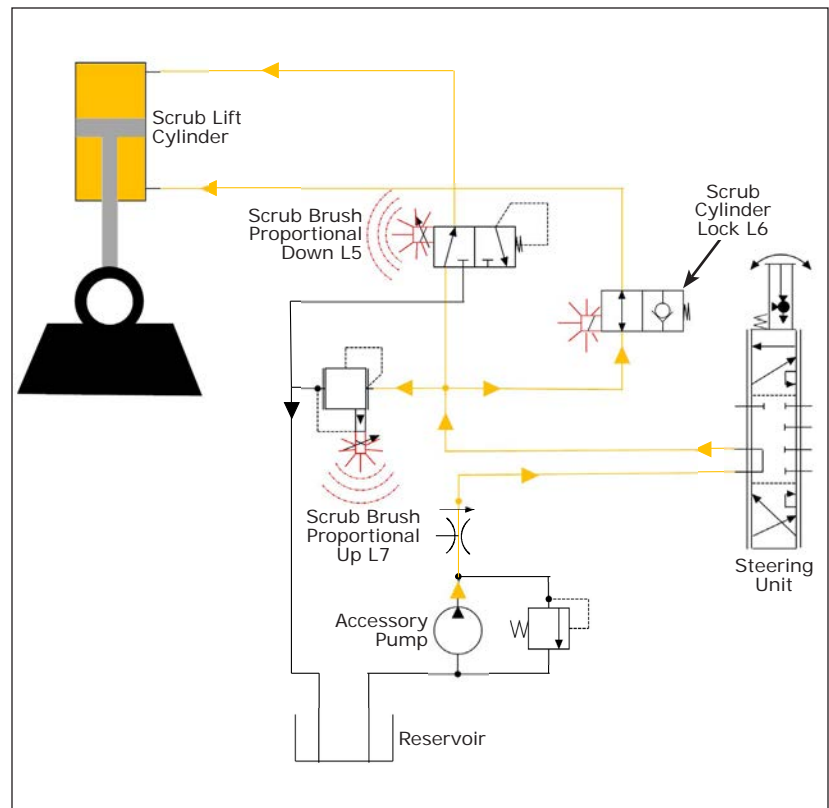


- The de-energized **Scrub Cylinder Lock L6** valve holds the oil pressure from the bottom port on the **Scrub Lift Cylinder** to keep the scrub deck in its raised position.

### Scrub Lift Cylinder On with Engine Running

When the engine is running and the scrub system is switched on, the **Accessory Pump** pumps the oil through the **Steering Unit** and to the **Scrub Brush Proportional Up L7** valve, the **Scrub Brush Proportional Down L5** valve and the **Scrub Cylinder Lock L6** valve.

- The energized **Scrub Brush Proportional Up L7** valve provides oil pressure ranging from approximately 750 to 779 psi (depending on the scrub pressure selected) to the bottom port on the **Scrub Lift Cylinder**.
- The energized **Scrub Brush Proportional Down L5** valve provides oil pressure ranging from approximately 333 to 499 psi (depending on the scrub pressure selected) to the top port on the **Scrub Lift Cylinder**.
- The energized **Scrub Cylinder Lock L6** valve opens to allow bidirectional oil flow through the valve.



**Note:** The pressure differential between what the **Scrub Brush Proportional Up L7** valve and the **Scrub Brush Proportional Down L5** valve send to the **Scrub Lift Cylinder**, and the weight of the scrub deck all work in conjunction to produce the three scrub pressures.



## Component Locations

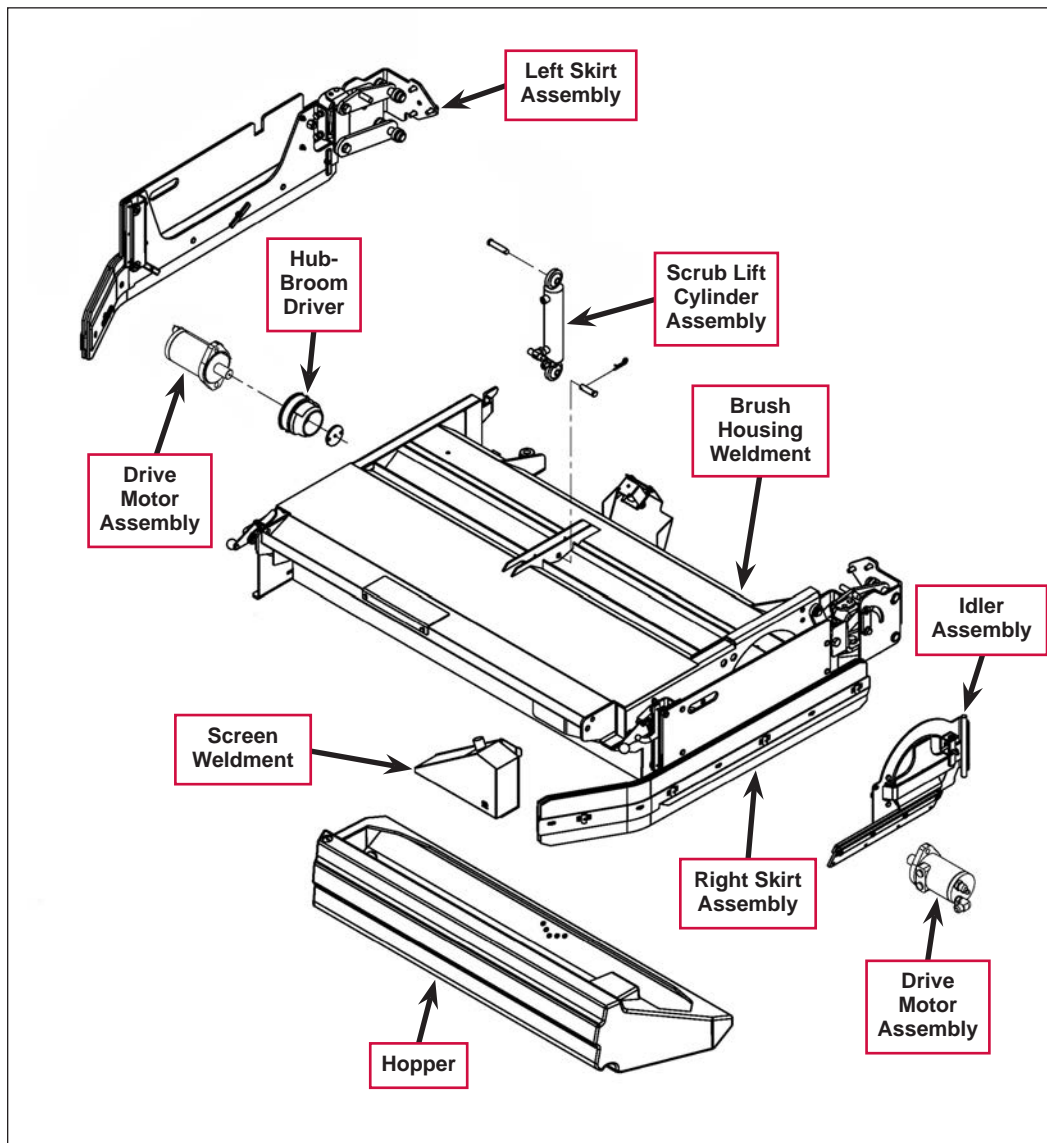
The **Brush Housing Weldment** houses the scrub brushes, **Drive Motor Assemblies** and the brush drive components.

The **Scrub Lift Cylinder Assembly** raises and lowers the scrub deck.

The **Left and Right Skirt Assemblies** are mounted on the outside of the **Brush Housing Weldment**.

The removable **Hopper** collects any dirt or debris picked up by the scrub brushes.

The **Screen Weldment** sits in the **Hopper**, and is connected to a vacuum hose that removes any accumulated water from the **Hopper**. The **Screen Weldment** can be removed from the **Hopper** for cleaning.



## Troubleshooting

### General Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
<p>The scrub deck will not extend downward, the scrub brush motors will not operate and there is no solution flow.</p> <p><i>Note that a fault code 01, 13 or 15 will disable the scrub system.</i></p>	Scrub brush pressure valve solenoids over current (fault code 01 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L5 down and L7 up pressure valve solenoid coils (on same fault line) for wiring problems, L5 wire colors (+ ORN and - WHT/VIO) and L7 (+ ORN and ORN/RED).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 1.8 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub on and right scrub brushes deck pressure electrical ladder detail and further specs.</li> </ul>
	Scrub brush motor solenoid over current (fault code 13 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L4 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - ORN/BLU).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub on and side sweep/right scrub electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
	Scrub cylinder lock solenoid over current (fault code 15 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L6 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - YEL/BLU).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub on and right scrub brushes deck pressure electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>

Problem	Cause	Correction
Scrub deck pressures will not change; inoperative in its three settings	The scrub deck pressures are set incorrectly in the User Options Menu.	Reprogram the scrub deck pressures as required. (Refer to the <b>Control System/Control Board (Driver Box) Programming Options/User Options Menu</b> subsection.)
	Problem in the electrical control circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the coil resistance on both L5 and L7 solenoids (spec. 2.2 ohms).</li> <li>• Check solenoid wiring continuity from Driver Box for both L5 and L7.</li> <li>• Check the current draw on both solenoids using an amp clamp (spec. 2.1 amps).</li> <li>• Substitute a new Driver Box if the solenoid coils and wiring check out OK, but no current is found when activating scrub deck pressure circuit function.</li> <li>• If the electrical control circuits test OK, check for possible Hydraulic load circuit problems.</li> </ul>
	Problem in the hydraulic load circuit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inspect for binding and any possible mechanical damage to the deck lift cylinder and deck lift linkage.</li> <li>• Remove the S5 and S7 scrub lift cylinder valve cartridges from the manifold. Inspect, clean and operate the cartridges outside of the manifold. If the cartridges function OK, reinstall. If not, replace as necessary.</li> <li>• Connect a hydraulic pressure gauge at the test ports TP4 and TP5 and check the system operating pressures (See the table below for specifications.)</li> <li>• If the deck pressures still do not function correctly after replacing the valve cartridge(s), replace the scrub lift cylinder.</li> </ul>

	Test Port	Pressure Type	Controlled by	Pressure Setting	PSI
Scrub lift cylinder 1.50 x 5.00, engine at 2200 RPM	TP4	Lift Pressure	Proportioning Valve S7	1	750 - 774
				2	750 - 767
				3	745 - 779
	TP5	Down Pressure	Proportioning Relief Valve S5	1	333 - 346
				2	393 - 412
				3	458 - 499

	Pressure Setting 1	Pressure Setting 2	Pressure Setting 3
Average Lift Pressure Differential (Lift Pressure minus Down Pressure)	423 psi	353 psi	283 psi

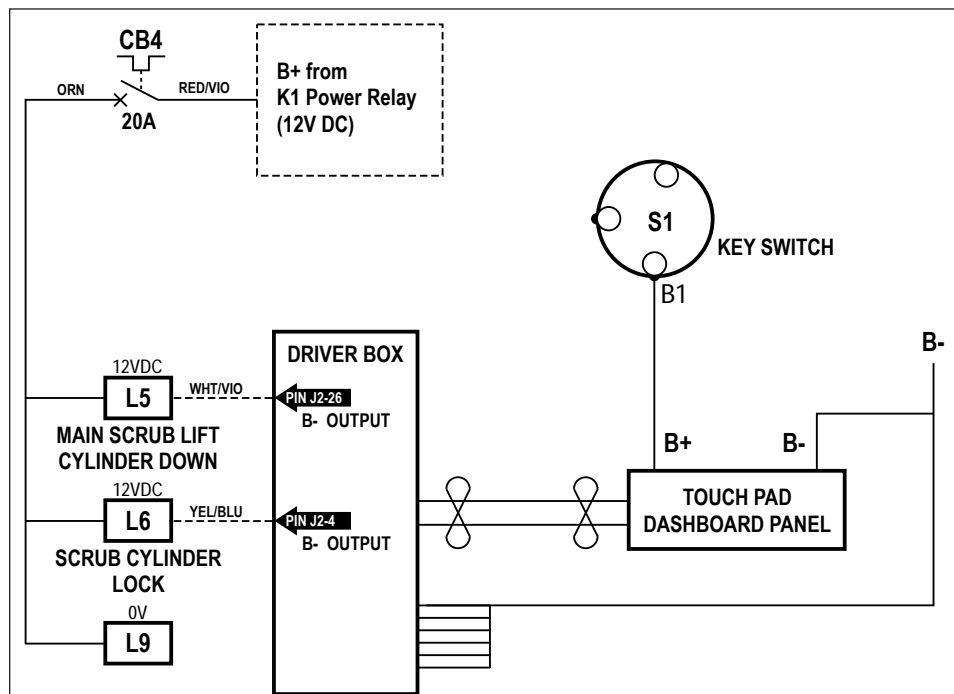


**Note:** The actual scrub pressure is determined by the differential lift pressure lifting the scrub deck upward against the downward force of the scrub deck weight. The lower the differential lift pressure, the higher the scrub pressure.

## Main Scrub Deck and Right Side Scrub Down

The following conditions must be met for the Main Scrub Deck to move to the scrub (down) position:

- The **Key Switch** must be on.
- The engine must be running.
- The scrub on mode must be selected on the **Dashboard Panel**.

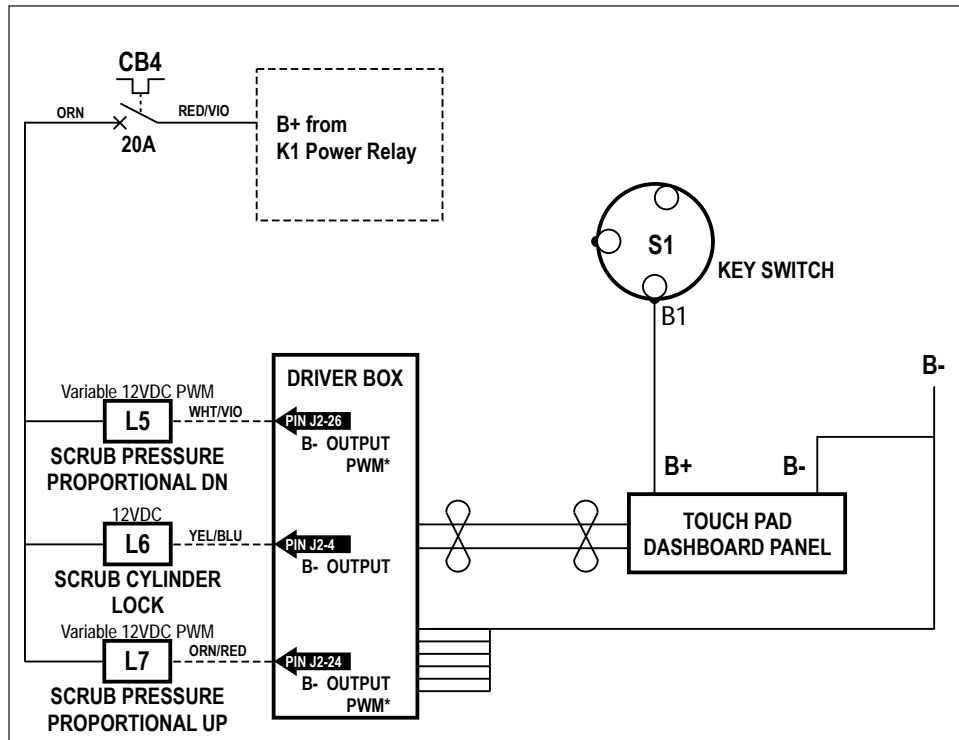


Component	Current - Amps	Coil Resistance - Ohms
L5	2.1 Amps	2.2 ohms
L6	1.5 Amps	8 ohms
L9	1.5 Amps	8 ohms

## Main Scrub Deck and Right Side Scrub Pressure

The following conditions must be met for the Main Scrub Deck to apply the selected downward scrub pressure:

- The **Key Switch** must be on.
- The engine must be running.
- The scrub on mode must be selected on the **Dashboard Panel**.
- The drive pedal must be activated (moved from the neutral position).



\* PWM = Pulse Width Modulated

Component	Current - Amps	Coil Resistance - Ohms
L5	2.1 Amps	2.2 ohms
L6	1.5 Amps	8 ohms
L7	2.1 Amps	2.2 ohms

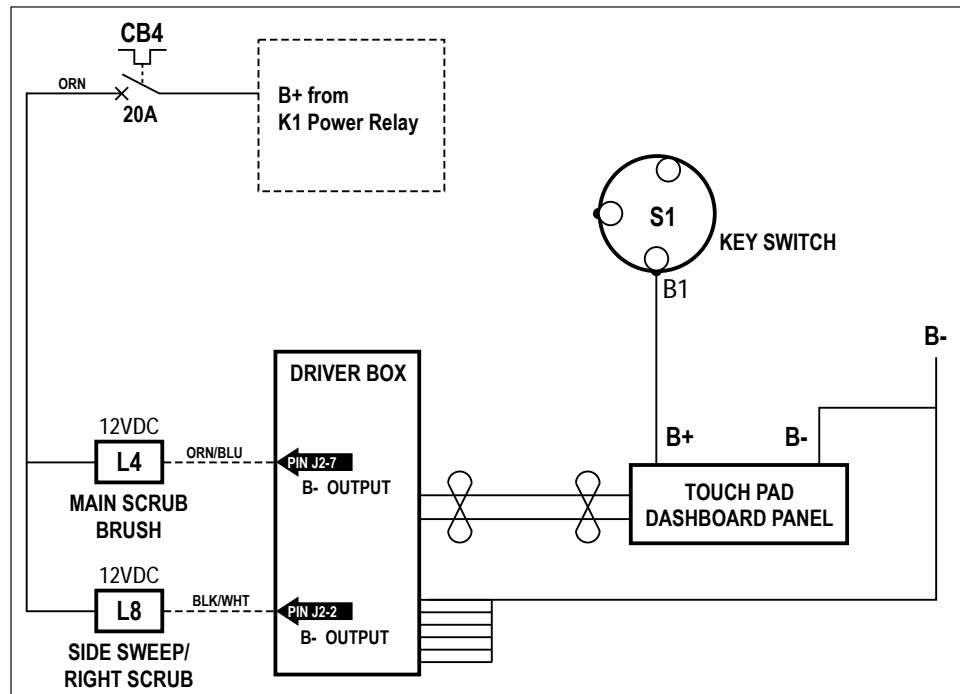
Pressure Setting	L5 Coil Amp draw readings ( $\pm 10\%$ )
1	1.38 - 1.75 amps (varies with scrub setting selected)
2	
3	

Pressure Setting	L7 Coil Amp draw readings ( $\pm 10\%$ )
1	1.45 to 1.75 amps (all three scrub pressure settings)
2	
3	

## Main Scrub and Side Sweep/Scrub On

The following conditions must be met for the Main Scrub Deck motors to run:

- The **Key Switch** must be on.
- The engine must be running.
- The scrub on mode must be selected on the **Dashboard Panel**.
- The drive pedal must be activated (moved from the neutral position).



Component	Current - Amps	Coil Resistance - Ohms
L4	1.5 Amps	8 ohms
L8	1.5 Amps	8 ohms



## Specifications

### General Specifications

Component	Specifications
Scrub Brush Solenoid Valve L4	Current – 1.5 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms
Scrub Pressure Proportional Down Solenoid Valve L5	Current – 2.1 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 2.2 ohms
	Voltage Range (PWM) – 0-12 V
Scrub Cylinder Lock Solenoid Valve L6	Current – 1.5 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms
Scrub Pressure Proportional Up Solenoid Valve L7	Current – 2.1 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 2.2 ohms
	Voltage Range (PWM) – 0-12 V
Main Broom Motors	Displacement – 4.5 CIR

### Hydraulic Valve Pressure and Solenoid Coil Current Draw at the Three Scrub Pressures

Proportioning Valve	Pressure Type	Scrub Pressure Setting	Hydraulic Pressure at Test Port TP4	Valve Solenoid Coil Current Draw
S7	Scrub Pressure Up	1	750 to 774 psi	1.45 to 1.75 amps (all three scrub pressure settings)
		2	750 to 767 psi	
		3	745 to 779 psi	

Proportioning Valve	Pressure Type	Scrub Pressure Setting	Hydraulic Pressure at Test Port TP5	Valve Solenoid Coil Current Draw
S5	Scrub Pressure Down	1	333 to 346 psi	1.38 - 1.75 amps (varies with scrub setting selected)
		2	393 to 412 psi	
		3	458 to 499 psi	

## Special Tools

Hydraulic test gauge w/connector, 3000 psi range, p/n 56504516



## Scrub System, Right Side

### Functional Description

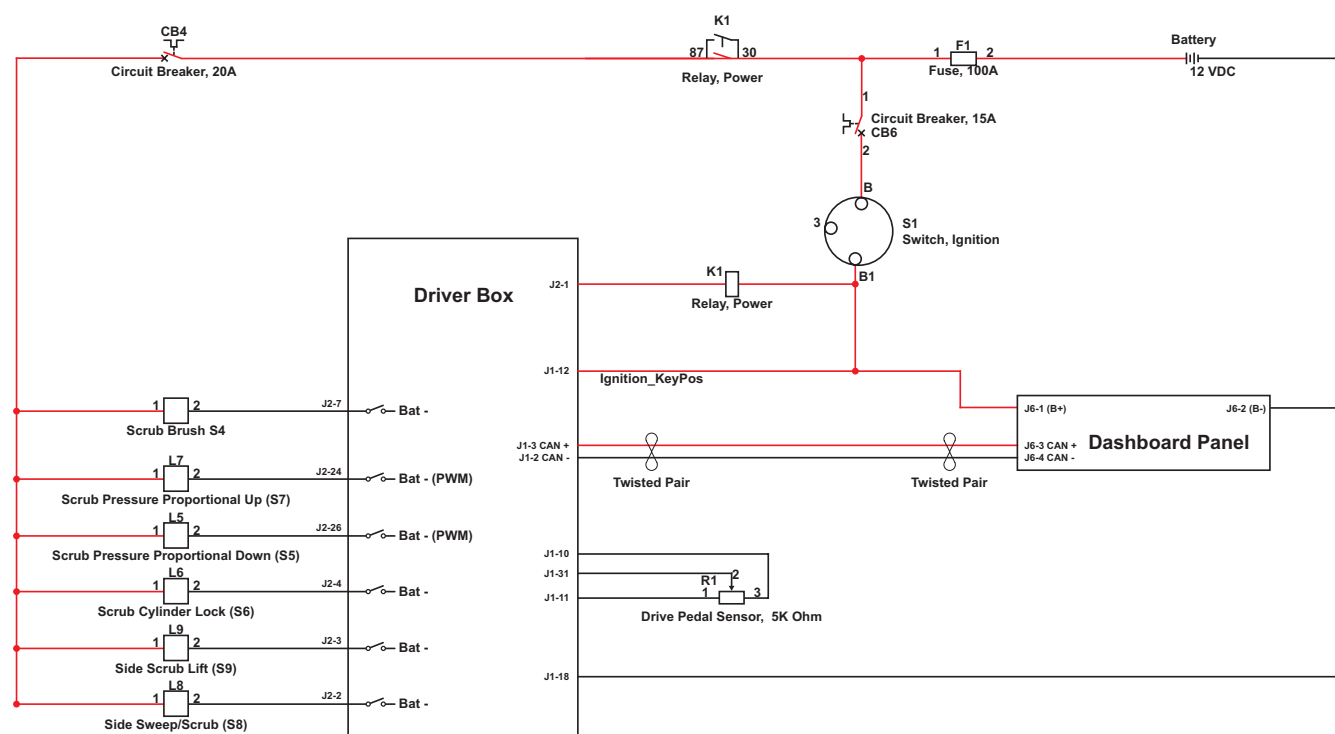
#### Overview

The right side scrub system (optional on some models) includes the right brush assembly, right brush hydraulic motor, the hydraulic scrub cylinder that lowers and raises the right scrub assembly, and the associated hydraulic solenoid valves.

The right scrub lift cylinder is powered by the same hydraulic lines that actuate the main scrub lift cylinder, and is controlled by a separate side scrub lift solenoid valve S9.

The right brush hydraulic motor is powered by the hydraulic discharge line from the two main scrub brush motors and is controlled by a separate side/sweep scrub solenoid valve S8.

#### Right Side Scrub System Wiring Diagram



#### Circuit Description

For the right side scrub system to work, the key switch must be on, the engine must be running and the **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has actuated the main and right side scrub systems.

### Right Side Scrub Brush Motor

For the right side scrub brush motor to run:

- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Drive Pedal Sensor R1** that the drive pedal has been moved from the neutral position.
- The main scrub brush motors must be running to supply oil to right side scrub motor.
- The **Driver Box** must provide a ground from pin **J2-2** to the **Side Sweep/Scrub** solenoid valve **S8** to open the valve and allow oil to flow to the right side scrub motor.

### Right Side Scrub Lift Cylinder

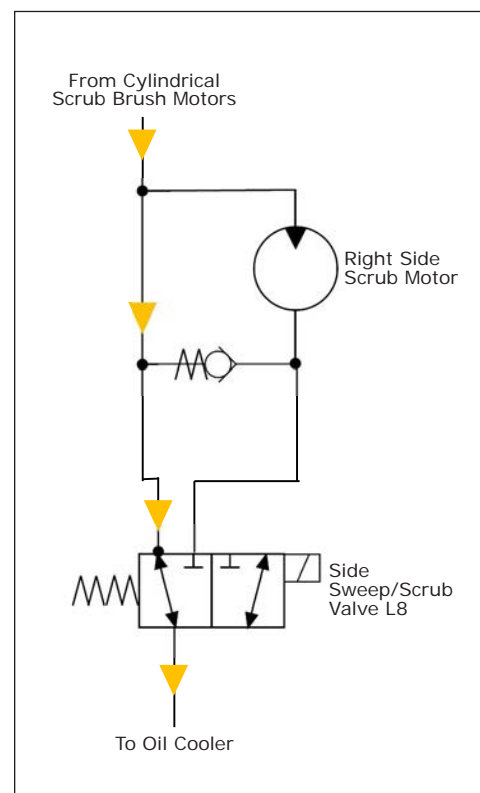
For the right side scrub lift cylinder to actuate the scrub brush:

- The **Scrub Cylinder Lock** solenoid valve **S6** must be open to allow oil to flow to and from the scrub lift cylinder.
- The **Driver Box** must provide the appropriate ground signal from pin **J2-26** to the **Scrub Pressure Proportional Down** valve **S5**, and the appropriate ground signal from pin **J2-24** to the **Scrub Pressure Proportional Up** valve **S7** to extend the right side scrub lift cylinder and lower the right side scrub brush.
- Once the right side scrub brush is retracted upward after scrubbing, the **Side Scrub Lift** solenoid valve **S9** closes to shut off the oil flow to the right side scrub lift cylinder to ensure that the brush remains retracted.

## Right Side Scrub System Hydraulic Diagrams

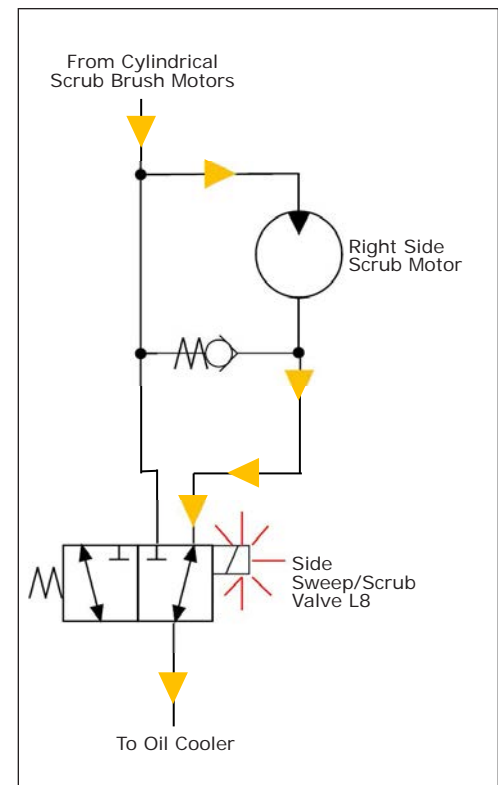
### Side Scrub Motor Off

When the **Right Side Scrub Motor** is off, the **Side Sweep/Scrub Valve L8** directs the oil to the oil cooler and filter, bypassing the **Right Side Scrub Motor**.



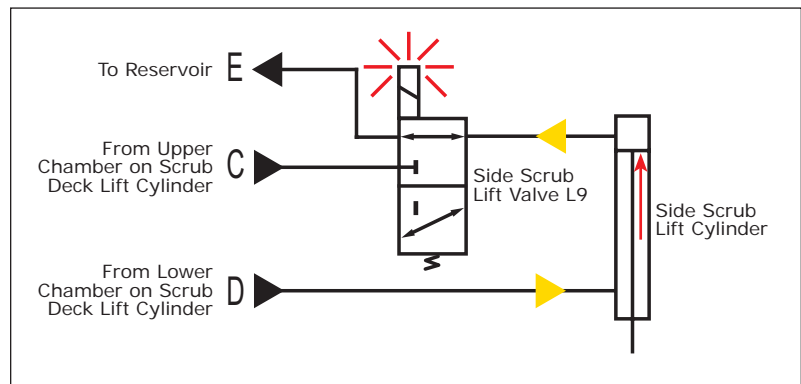
### Side Scrub Motor On

When the **Right Side Scrub Motor** is on, the **Side Sweep/Scrub Valve L8** is energized to direct the oil from the **Cylindrical Scrub Brush Motors** through the **Right Side Scrub Motor**. The oil then travels from the discharge side of the **Right Side Scrub Motor** to the oil cooler and filter.



### Side Scrub Lift Cylinder Off (Retracted)

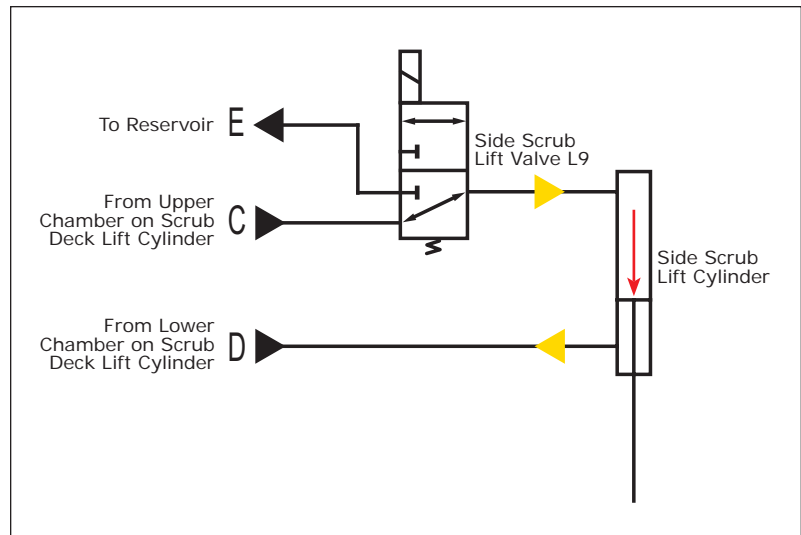
When the engine is running and the main scrub system or right side scrub brush is switched off, the **Side Scrub Lift Valve L9** is energized to direct the oil from the **Lower Chamber on the Scrub Deck Lift Cylinder (D)** to the lower chamber on the **Side Scrub Lift Cylinder** to raise the right side scrub brush. The **Side Scrub Lift Valve L9** directs the oil from the upper chamber on the **Side Scrub Lift Cylinder (E)** to the oil reservoir.



When the engine is switched off, the de-energized Scrub Cylinder Lock L6 Valve holds the oil pressure from the bottom chambers on both the **Side Scrub Lift Cylinder** and Scrub Lift Cylinder to keep the right side scrub brush and cylindrical scrub deck in the raised position.

### Side Scrub Lift Cylinder On

When the engine is running and the main scrub system and right side scrub brush are switched on, the **Side Scrub Lift Valve L9** is de-energized to direct the oil from the **Upper Chamber on the Scrub Deck Lift Cylinder (C)** to extend the **Side Scrub Lift Cylinder** and lower the right side scrub brush.



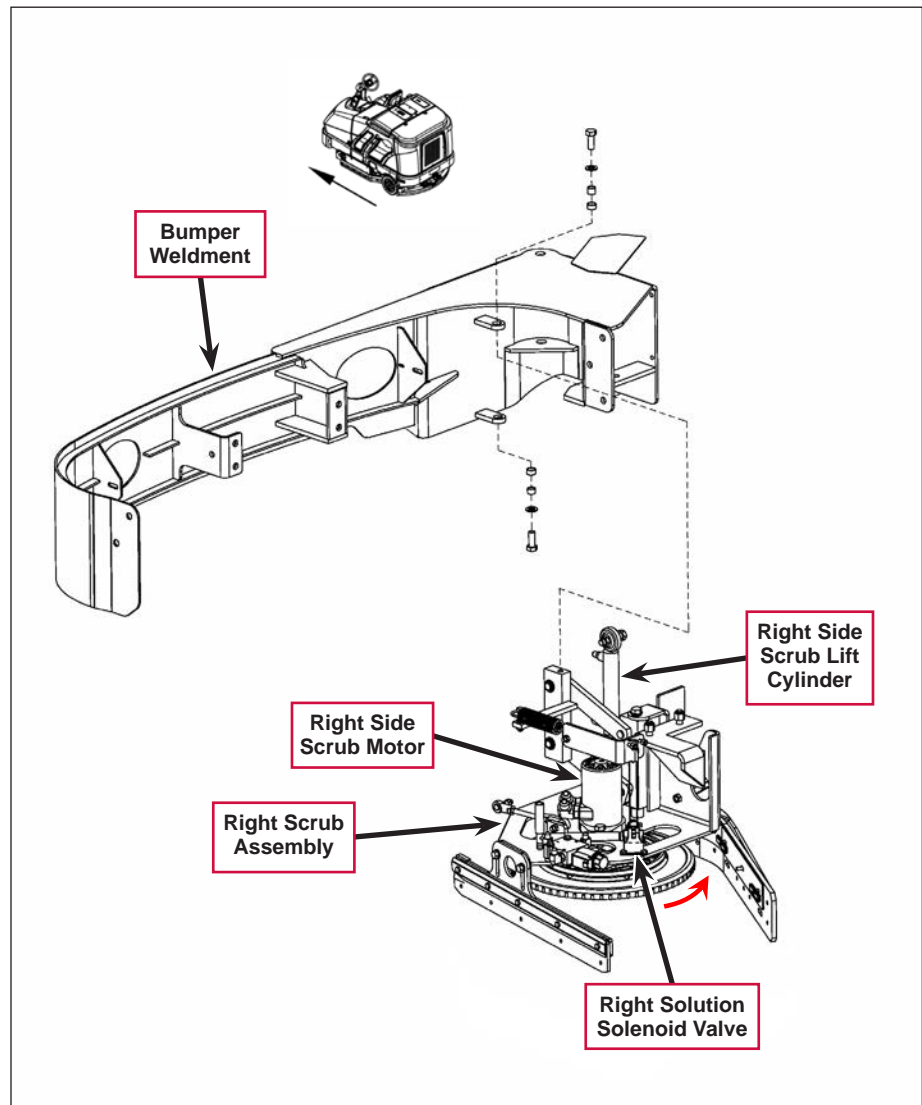
### Component Locations

The **Right Scrub Assembly** is mounted to the **Bumper Weldment** via a linkage assembly.

The **Right Side Scrub Lift Cylinder** extends and retracts the **Right Scrub Assembly** in conjunction with the cylindrical scrub deck.

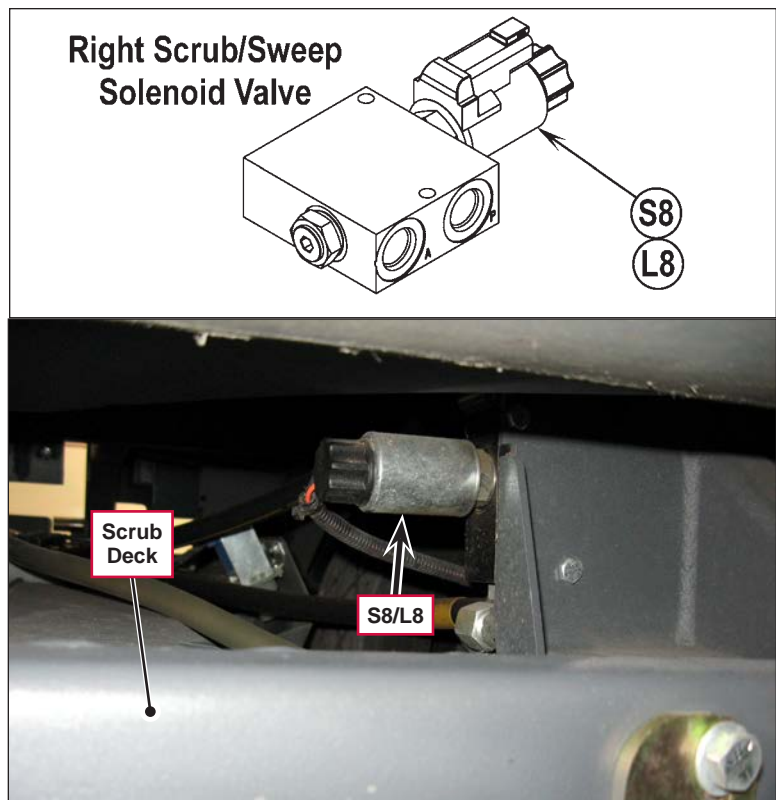
The **Right Side Scrub Motor** is plumbed into the hydraulic lines for the cylindrical deck brush motors and switches on and off with the cylindrical deck motors.

The **Right Solution Solenoid Valve (L11)** controls the solution flow to the **Right Scrub Assembly**.

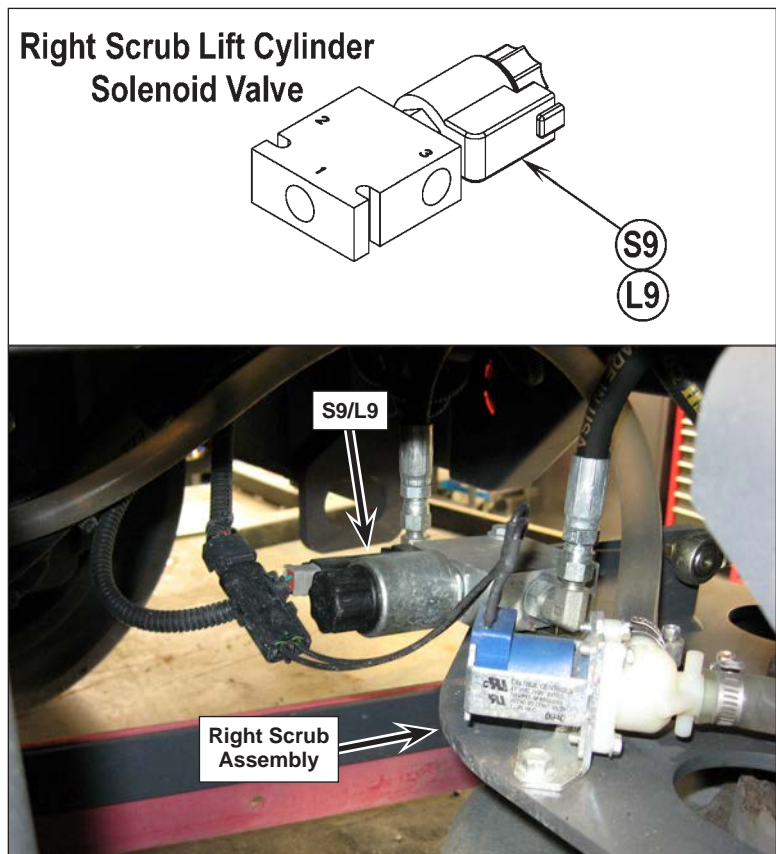




The **Right Side Scrub/Sweep Solenoid Valve S8/L8** controls the right side scrub motor. **S8/L8** is located above the front end of the **Scrub Deck**.



The **Right Side Scrub Lift Cylinder Solenoid Valve S9/L9** controls the side scrub lift cylinder. **S9/L9** is located inboard of the **Right Scrub Assembly**.



## Maintenance and Adjustments



**Warning!** Before performing any machine maintenance or adjustments, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

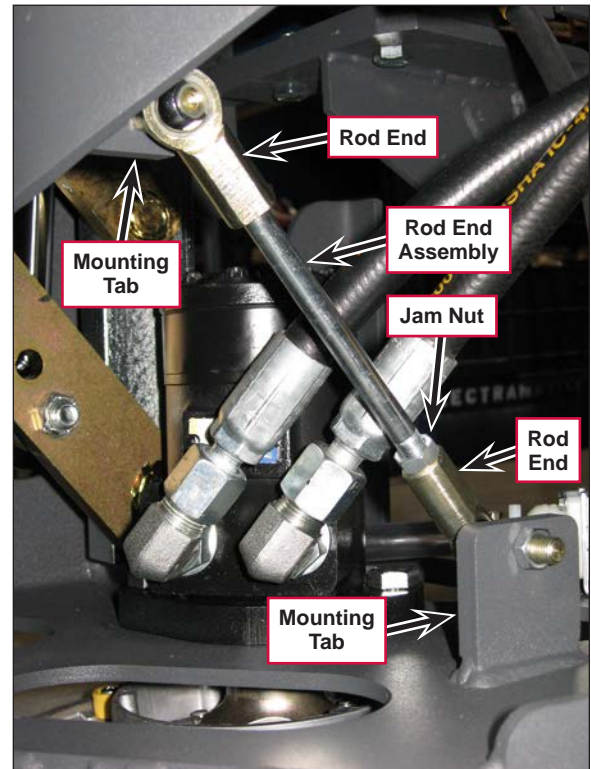
### Side Brush Tilt Adjustment

1. Disconnect one of the two **Rod Ends** from its **Mounting Tab**.
2. Loosen the **Jam Nut**.
3. Rotate either **Rod End** to lengthen or shorten the **Rod End Assembly** as necessary to get the correct brush angle to the floor.



**Note:** The nominal factory dimension between the Rod End stud centers is 7.5" ±.06" [190.5 mm ±1.5 mm].

4. Make sure the threaded stud on the **Rod End** will align with the matching hole in the **Mounting Tab**, then tighten the **Jam Nut**.
5. Reinstall the **Rod End** into the **Mounting Tab**.
6. Run the brush up and down to check for correct brush angle with the floor.
7. Repeat steps 1 through 5 above as necessary.



## Troubleshooting

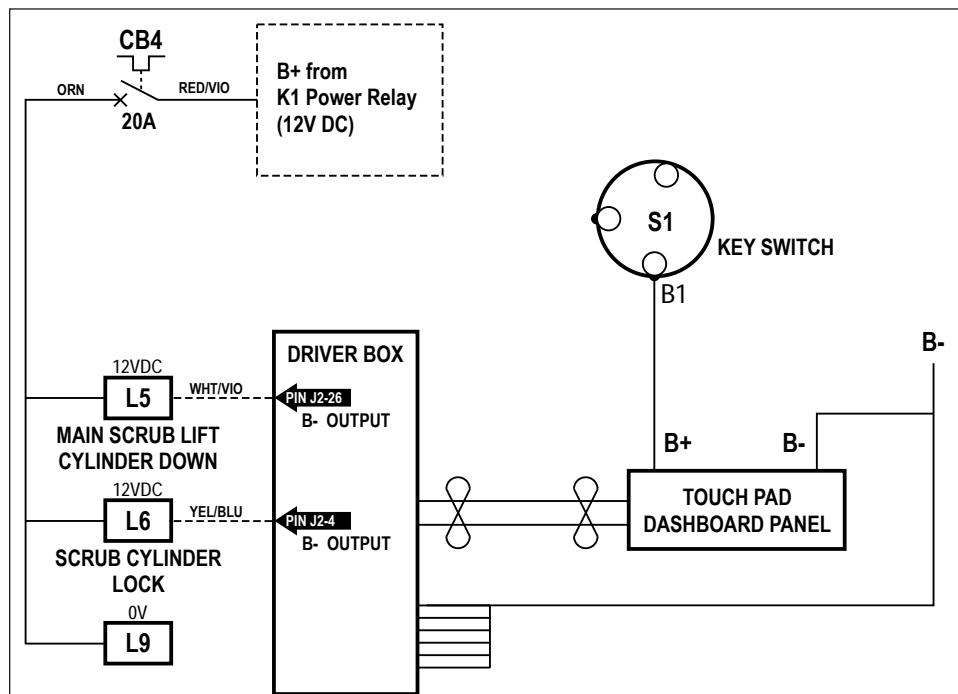
### General Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
<p>The side scrub brush will not extend downward, the side scrub brush motor will not operate and there is no solution flow.</p> <p><i>Note that a fault code 08, 16 or 18 will disable the side scrub system.</i></p>	Right Scrub System not installed	Make sure the side scrub system is installed in the Configuration Menu. (Refer to the <b>Control System/Control Board (Driver Box) Programming Options/Configuration Menu</b> subsection.)
	Right side scrub solution solenoid valve over current (fault code 08 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L11 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - BLU/YEL).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 10 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub and right side scrub solution valves and pump electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
	Right side scrub/sweep motor solenoid valve over current (fault code 16 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L8 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - BLK/WHT).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub on and side sweep/right scrub electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
	Right Side scrub lift solenoid over current (fault code 18 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L9 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - GRN/VIO).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see main scrub and right side scrub lift electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>

## Main Scrub Deck and Right Side Scrub Down

The following conditions must be met for the Right Side Scrub Brush to move to the scrub (down) position:

- The **Key Switch** must be on.
- The engine must be running.
- The scrub on mode and side broom/scrub must be selected on the **Dashboard Panel**.

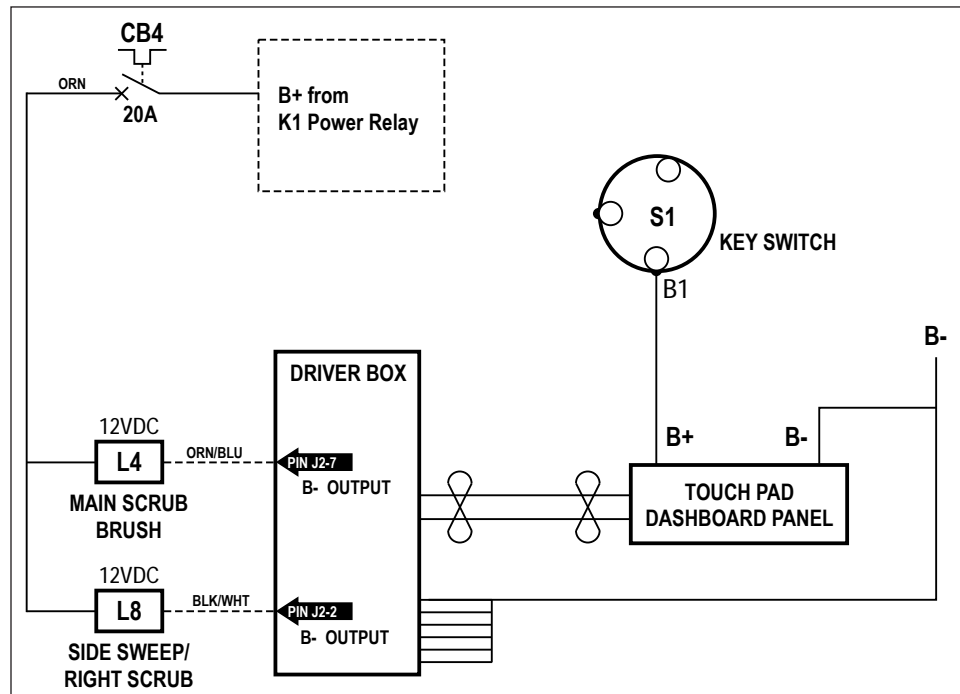


Component	Current - Amps	Coil Resistance - Ohms
L5	2.1 Amps	2.2 ohms
L6	1.5 Amps	8 ohms
L9	1.5 Amps	8 ohms

## Main Scrub and Side Sweep/Scrub On

The following conditions must be met for the Right Side Scrub Brush motor to run:

- The **Key Switch** must be on.
- The engine must be running.
- The scrub on mode and side broom/scrub must be selected on the **Dashboard Panel**.
- The drive pedal must be activated (moved from the neutral position).



Component	Current - Amps	Coil Resistance - Ohms
L4	1.5 Amps	8 ohms
L8	1.5 Amps	8 ohms

## Specifications

Component	Specifications
Scrub Brush Solenoid Valve L4	Current – 1.5 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms
Side Sweep/Scrub Solenoid Valve L8	Current – 1.5 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms
Side Scrub Lift Solenoid Valve L9	Current – 1.5 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms
Right Side Scrub Motor	Displacement – 11.3 CIR
	Rotation - Clockwise (as viewed from shaft end)
	Pressure Port - A

## Special Tools

Hydraulic test gauge w/connector, 3000 psi range, p/n 56504516





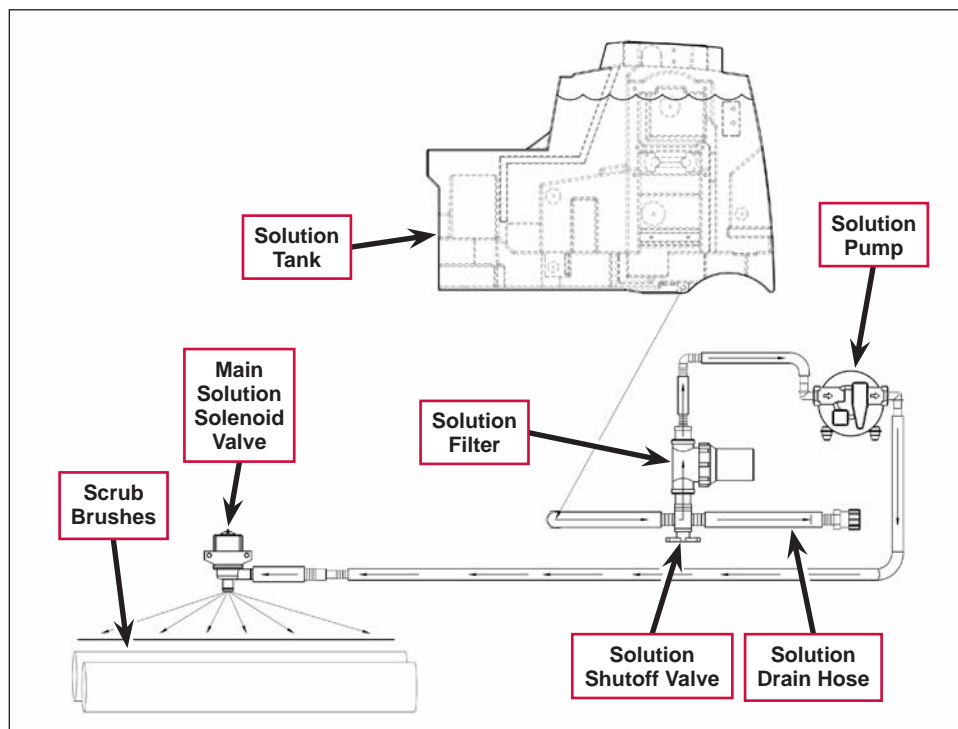
## Solution System

### Functional Description

#### Overview

The solution system delivers water, or detergent and water, to the floor for the scrub system. The standard solution system includes the **Solution Tank**, solution-empty switch, **Solution Shutoff Valve**, **Solution Filter**, **Solution Pump** (M4), **Main Solution Solenoid Valve** (L10), and the associated plumbing to distribute solution to the **Scrub Brushes**. A capped **Solution Drain Hose** allows you to drain the solution tank.

The solution flows to the **Scrub Brushes** any time the scrub system is enabled, the scrub deck is lowered and the drive pedal is not in the neutral position. Programming options allow you to enable or disable solution flow when the machine moves in reverse.



When the scrub system is disabled, no solution will flow to the **Scrub Brushes** regardless of drive pedal or scrub deck position. The operator can enable the solution system independent of the scrub system to pre-wet the floor before enabling the scrub and/or recovery systems.

The solution system also provides solution to the following optional equipment if the machine is so equipped:

- Right side scrub brush,
- DustGuard™ system spray nozzles,
- Wash hose.

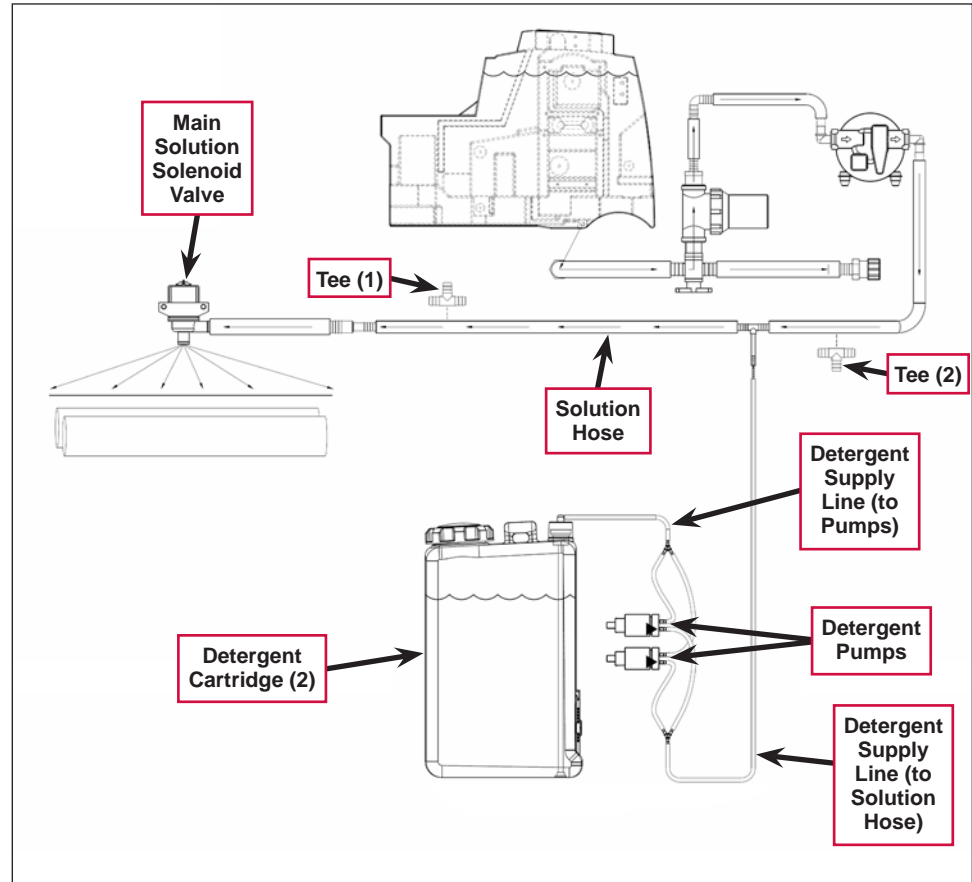
#### Solution Flow Control

The electric solution pump and main solution solenoid valve control the solution flow to the main scrub brushes. The main solution solenoid valve opens when the solution system switches on. A Pulsed Width Modulated (PWM) output from **J3-2** on the Drive Box controls the speed of the solution pump to regulate solution flow to the brushes.

## Detergent System

The AXP™/EDS and EcoFlex™ detergent systems use dual diaphragm **Detergent Pumps** (M10 and M11) to pump detergent into the solution flow upstream of the **Main Solution Solenoid Valve** (L10). Two **Detergent Pumps** are used to ensure adequate detergent supply at the higher detergent and solution flow rates. The Driver Box sends voltage to the **Detergent Pumps** that changes polarity and dwell time to regulate the detergent dispense rate according to the solution flow rate.

The **Detergent Supply Line** from the **Detergent Cartridge** is split into two lines, one feeding each **Detergent Pump**. The two lines from the **Detergent Pumps** merge into one **Detergent Supply Line**, which is then connected to the **Solution Hose** upstream of the **Main Solution Solenoid Valve**.



The **Tee (1)** by the **Main Solution Solenoid Valve** provides solution to the right front scrub brush (if the machine is so equipped).

The **Tee (2)** upstream of the **Detergent Supply Line** provides solution from the recovery tank for the extended scrub system (if the machine is so equipped).

## Extended Scrub System

Machines equipped with the optional extended scrub system will pump the recovered water from the **Recovery Tank** to the scrub brushes. The extended scrub system uses an additional **Extended Scrub Pump** (M6) to pump the recovered water to the scrub brushes.

Note that the extended scrub system can be configured to operate only when the solution tank is empty (**USE CLEAN FIRST** mode), or whenever the system is enabled, there is enough recovered water available in the recovery tank and the **Extended Scrub (Float) Switch** (S7) is open (**USE ANYTIME** mode).

In order for the extended scrub system to work:

- The extended scrub system must be installed and enabled, and,
- The **Extended Scrub (Float) Switch** (S7) must not be actuated (open), indicating adequate water level in the recovery tank.
- If the extended scrub system is configured to the **USE CLEAN FIRST** mode, the solution tank empty switch (S3) must be actuated (closed), indicating that the solution tank is empty.

If the extended scrub system is configured to the **USE ANYTIME** mode, the solution tank empty switch (S3) will have no effect.

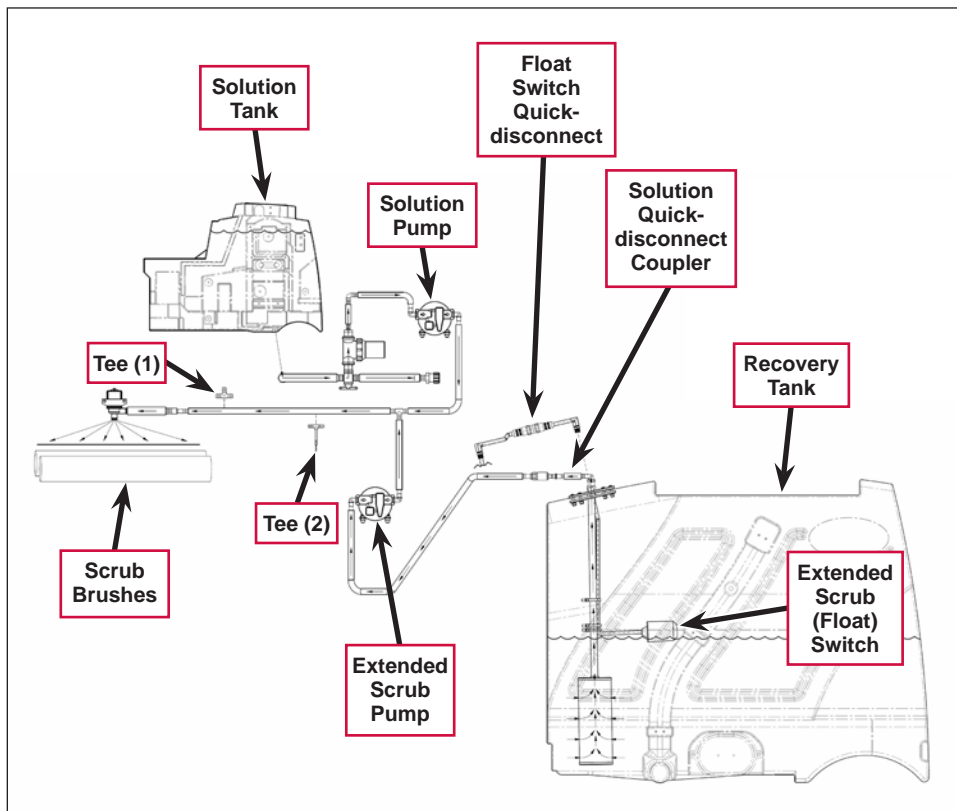
Note that when the machine is in the extended scrub mode, the **Solution Pump** will switch off, the **Extended Scrub Pump** will switch on and the detergent pumps will continue to add detergent to the recovered water.

The **Float Switch Quick-disconnect** and **Solution Quick-disconnect Coupler** allow you to disconnect the water line and **Extended Scrub (Float) Switch** electrical connector when removing the **Recovery Tank**.

The **Tee (1)** closer to the **Scrub Brushes** provides solution to the right front scrub brush (if the machine is so equipped).

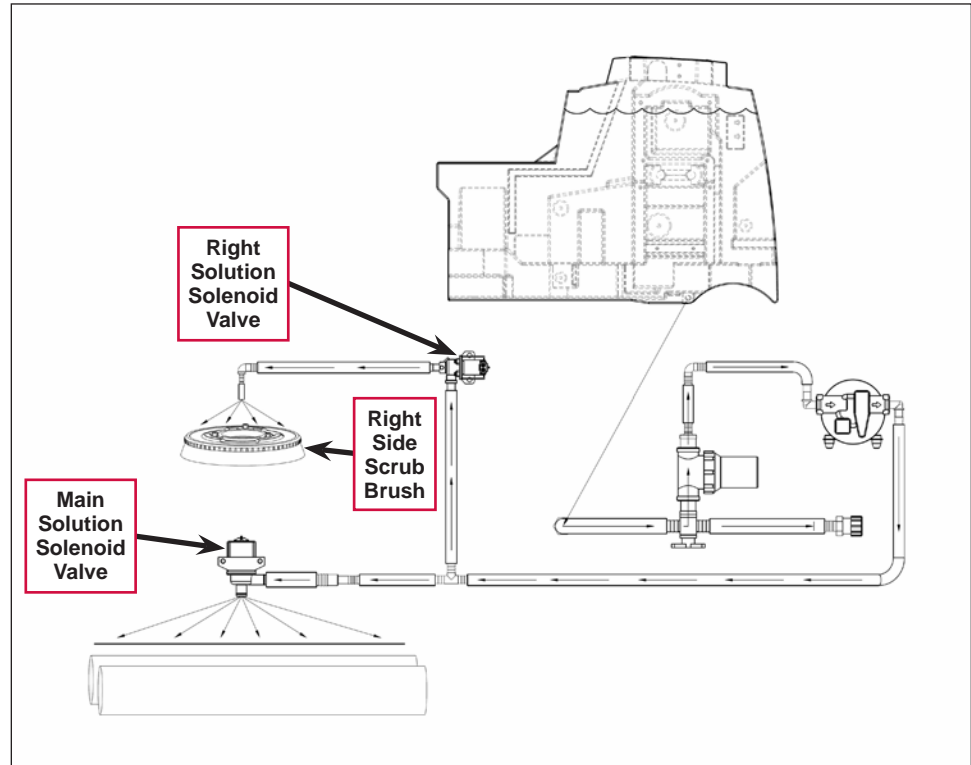
The **Tee (2)** farther from the **Scrub Brushes** delivers detergent to the solution (if the machine is equipped with a detergent system).

Note that on machines not equipped with AXP™/EDS or EcoFlex™, the operator must manually mix the detergent with the water in the solution tank if detergent is desired in the solution.



## Right Side Scrub Brush

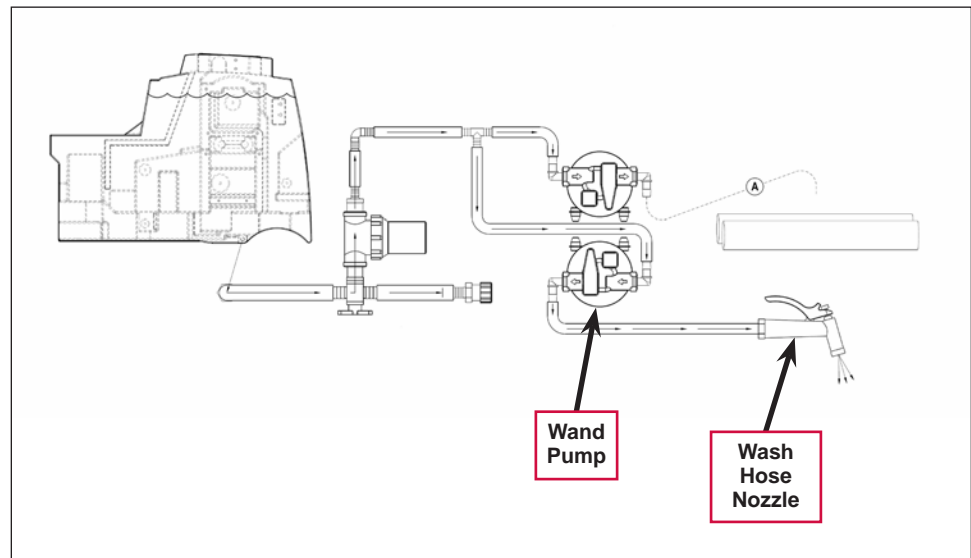
On machines equipped with the optional **Right Side Scrub Brush**, the solution is plumbed from the solution system to the **Right Solution Solenoid Valve (L11)**. The **Right Solution Solenoid Valve** opens along with the **Main Solution Solenoid Valve (L10)** to allow solution flow to the nozzle at the **Right Side Scrub Brush**.



## Wash Hose

The optional wash hose kit uses a separate **Wand Pump (M8)** to pump solution from the solution tank to the hose and **Wash Hose Nozzle** located behind the Operator seat. The wash hose kit operates independently and does not require the Operator to actuate the seat switch.

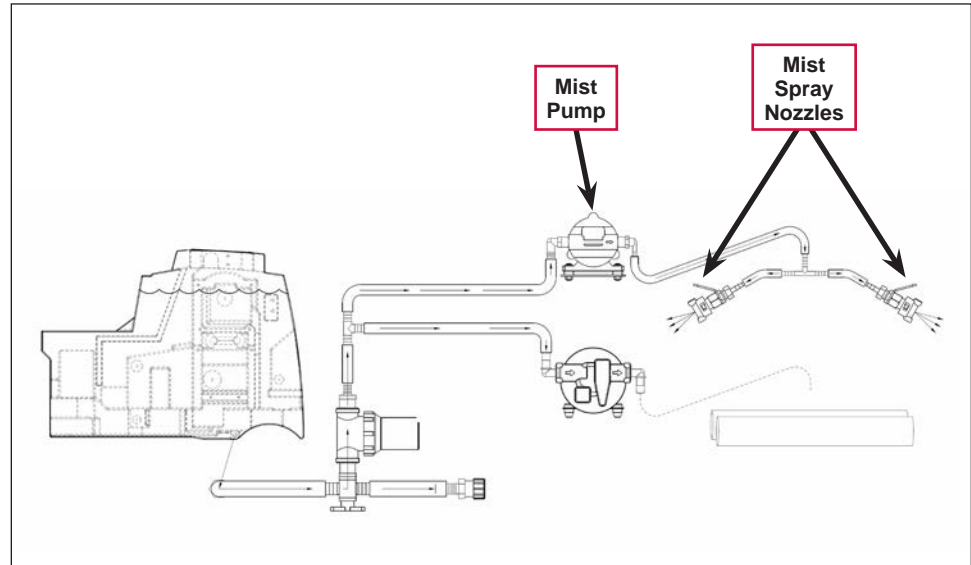
A pressure switch on the **Wand Pump** will switch on the **Wand Pump** when the **Wash Hose Nozzle** is opened and the solution pressure in the hose drops below 40 psi. When the **Wash Hose Nozzle** is closed and the solution pressure in the hose reaches 60 psi, the pressure switch will switch the **Wand Pump** off.



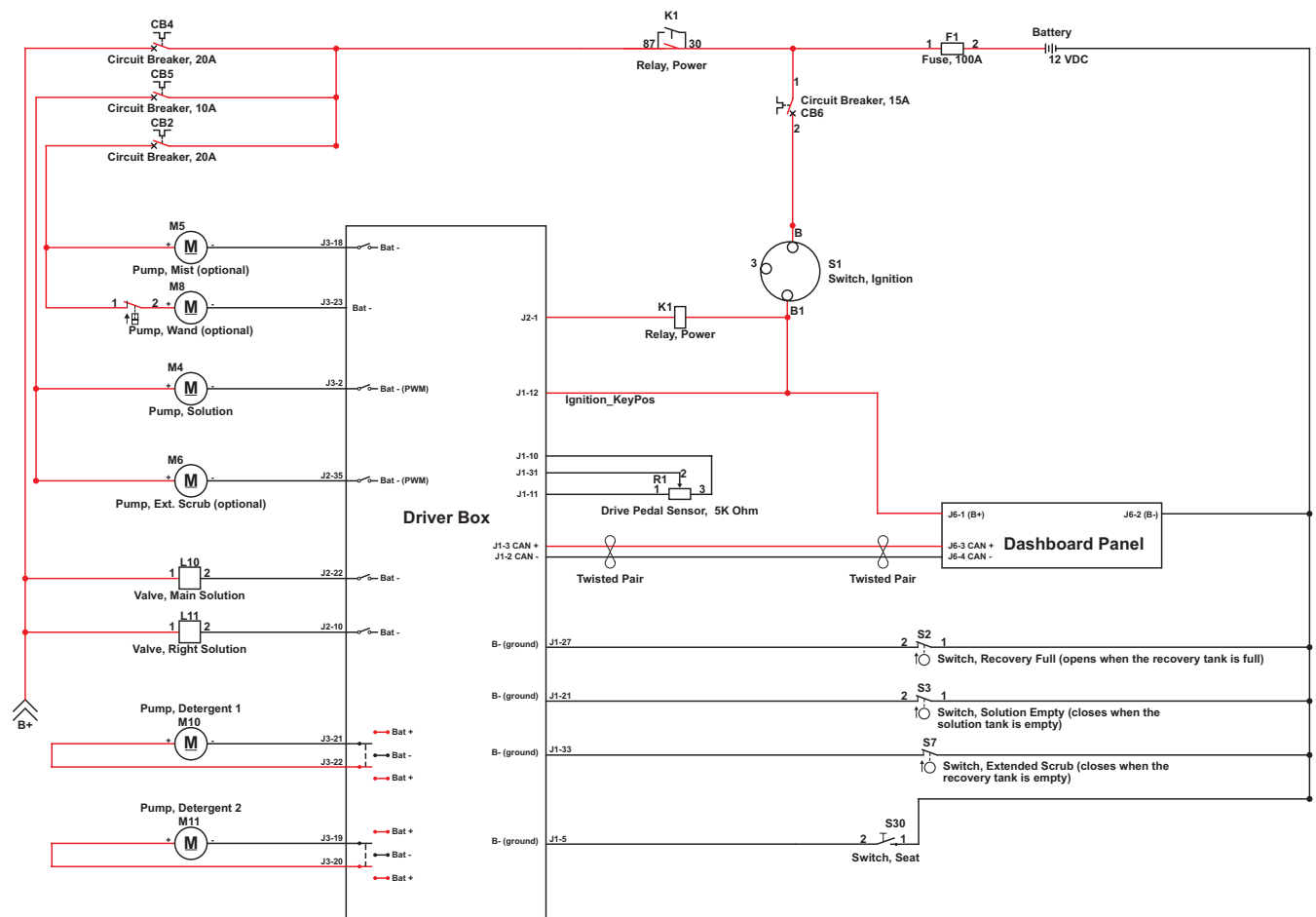
## DustGuard™ Spray Nozzles

The DustGuard™ system uses a separate **Mist Pump** (M5) to pump solution to the **Mist Spray Nozzles** at the side brooms. The **Mist Pump** will switch on whenever the side broom system is switched on.

Note that on machines equipped with the extended scrub option, the **Mist Pump** will shut off when the solution tank runs out of clean solution.



## Solution System Wiring Diagram

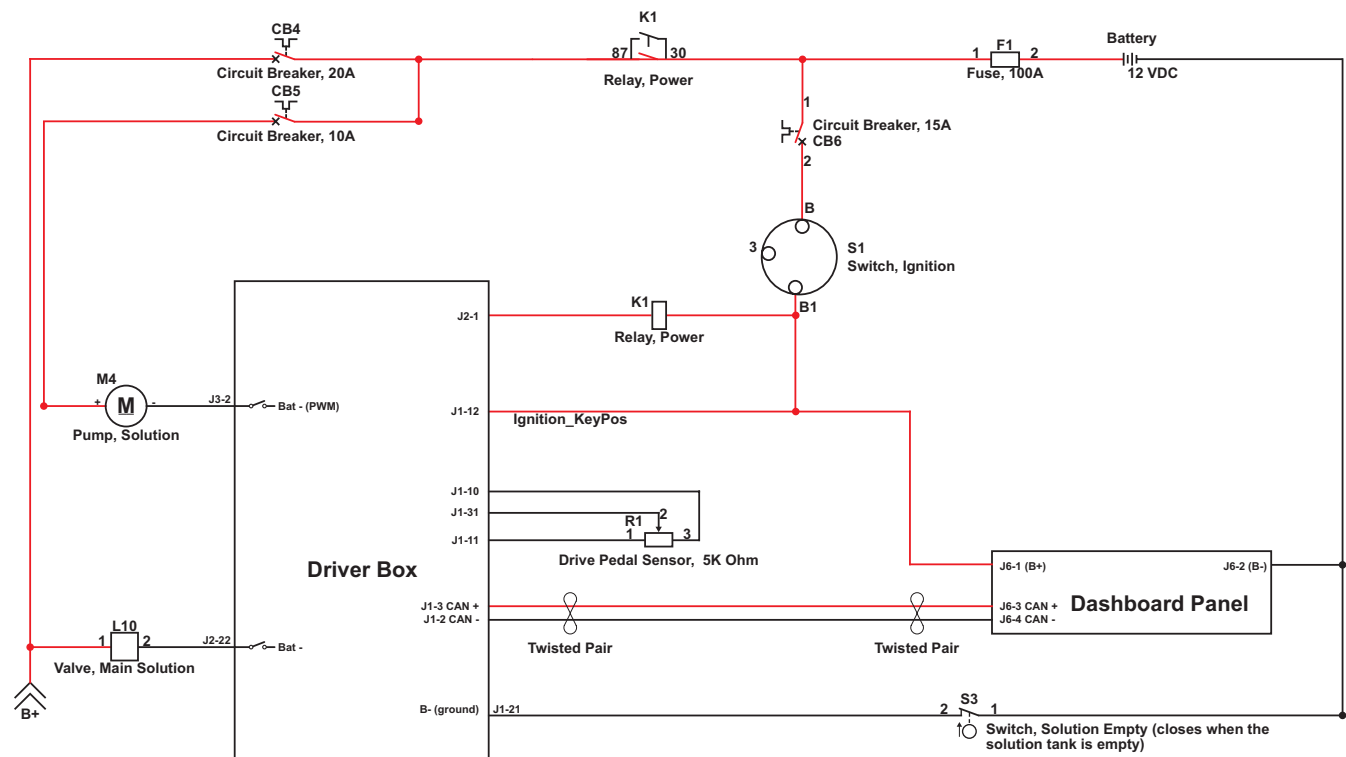


## Circuit Descriptions

### Main Solution System

The **Solution Pump M4** and **Main Solution Solenoid Valve L10** control the solution flow to the scrub brushes. Note that **L10** is not a proportional valve and is either on or off. The voltage from **J3-2** on the Driver Box to the **Solution Pump M4** is a PWM voltage proportional to the selected solution flow rate. The following conditions must be met to allow the main solution system to operate:

- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has actuated the scrub or solution system.
- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Drive Pedal Sensor R1** that the drive pedal has been moved from the neutral position.
- The **Solution Empty Switch S3** must be open (solution tank not empty).



## Detergent System

The **Detergent Pumps M10** and **M11** receive voltage from **J3-19**, **J3-20**, **J3-21** and **J3-22** on the Driver Box. Note that the voltage to the **Detergent Pumps** changes polarity to “extend” (deliver detergent) and “retract” the pump.

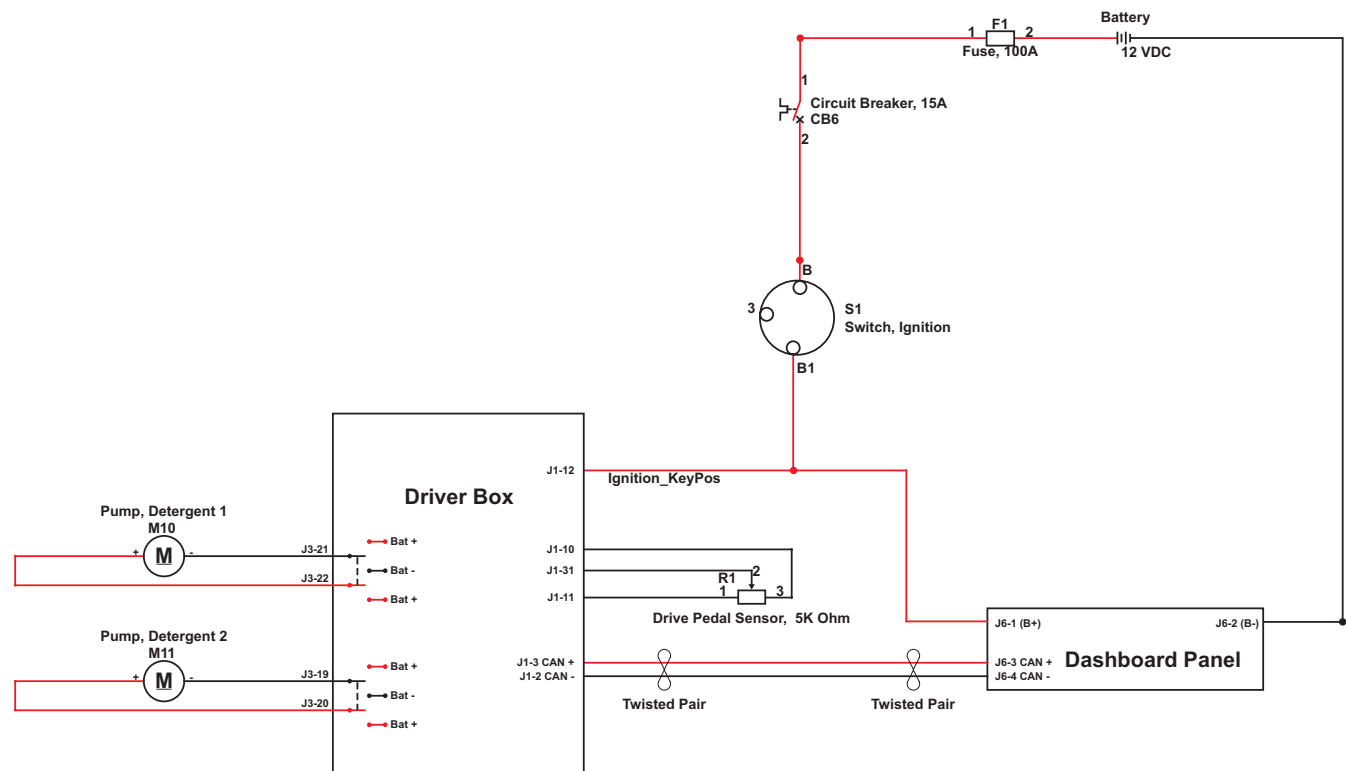
Pump timing is designed so the pumps will alternate between cycles to deliver detergent in a more even distribution. A pumping cycle for a given pump is defined as an extend time, followed by a retract time, followed by a dwell time.

- Extend time – the time that the pump is being extended and is pumping detergent (80 ms fixed period).
- Retract time – the time that the pump is being retracted (50 ms fixed period).
- Dwell time – the period of time that a given pump is in the off state between pumping cycles.

In addition, there is an Interval Time which is defined as the delay from one **Detergent Pump** turning off to the second **Detergent Pump** turning on. Hence, an interval of 0 indicates that one pump should turn on without delay when the other pump turns off. The Interval Time is what controls the combined detergent flow rate from both pumps, and comes from a lookup table based on the current solution flow rate and detergent ratio.

The following conditions must be met for the **Detergent Pumps** to operate:

- The detergent system must be installed and enabled.
- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has actuated the scrub or solution system.
- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Drive Pedal Sensor R1** that the drive pedal has been moved from the neutral position.

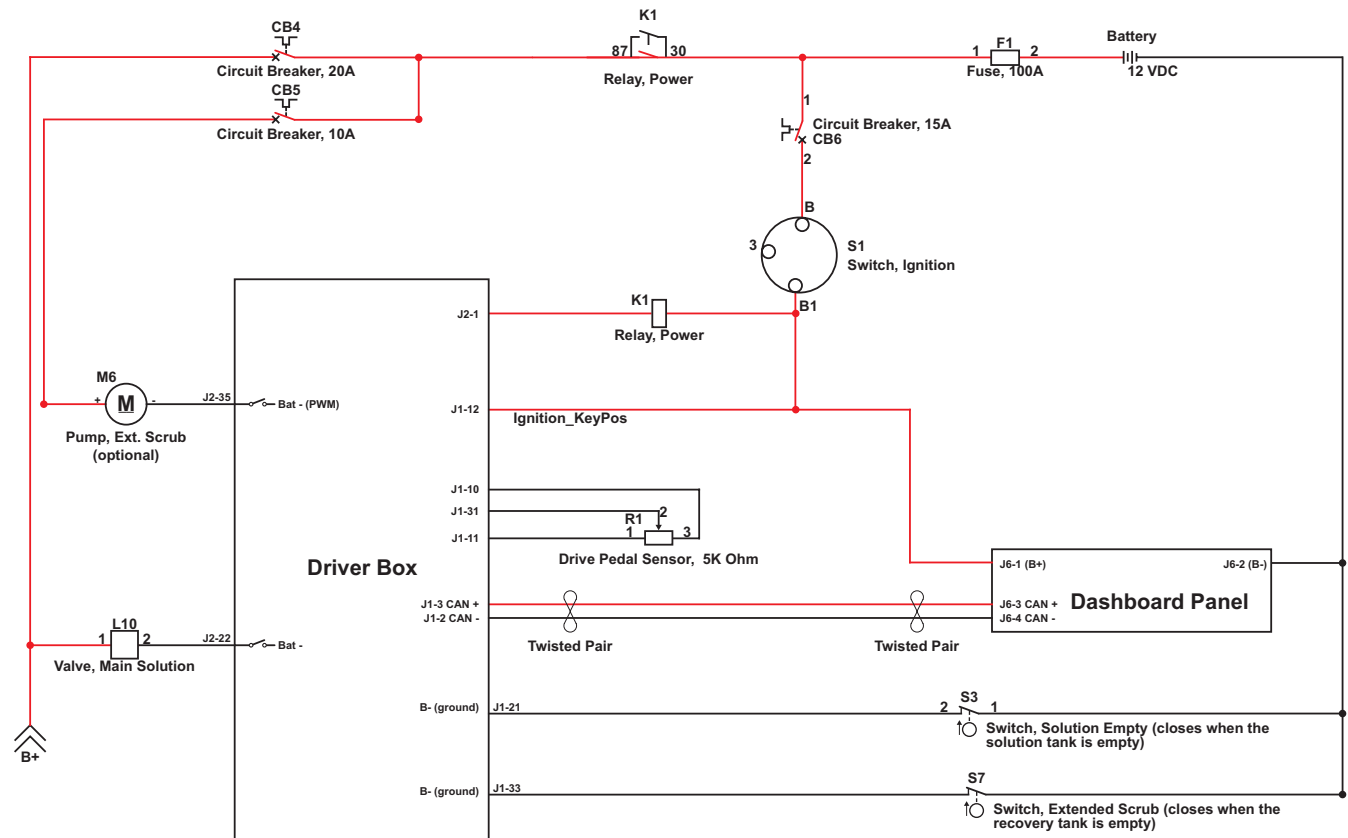




## Extended Scrub System

The **Extended Scrub Pump M6** pumps recovered water from the recovery tank to the brushes. The following conditions must be met for the extended system to operate:

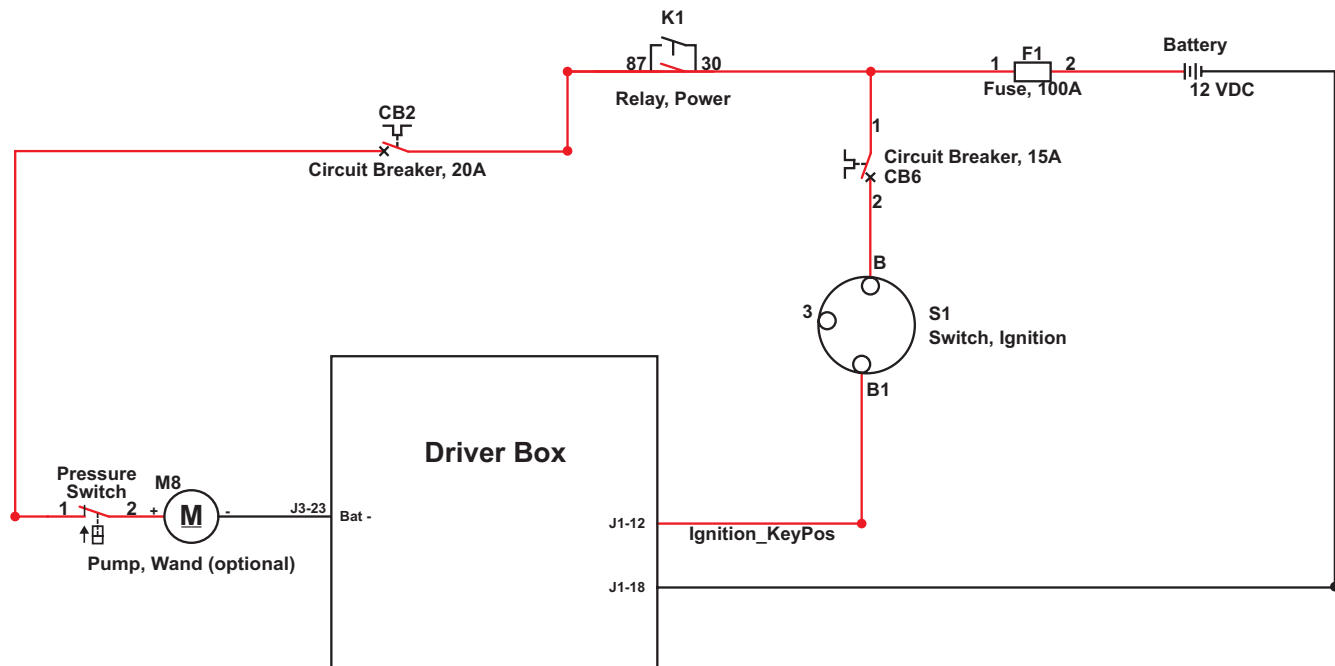
- The extended scrub system must be installed and enabled.
- If the machine is set to the **USE CLEAN FIRST** mode, the **Solution Empty Switch S3** must be closed (the solution tank is empty).
- The **Extended Scrub (Float) Switch S7** must be open (adequate water supply in the recovery tank).
- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has actuated the scrub or solution system.
- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Drive Pedal Sensor R1** that the drive pedal has been moved from the neutral position.





## Wash Hose System

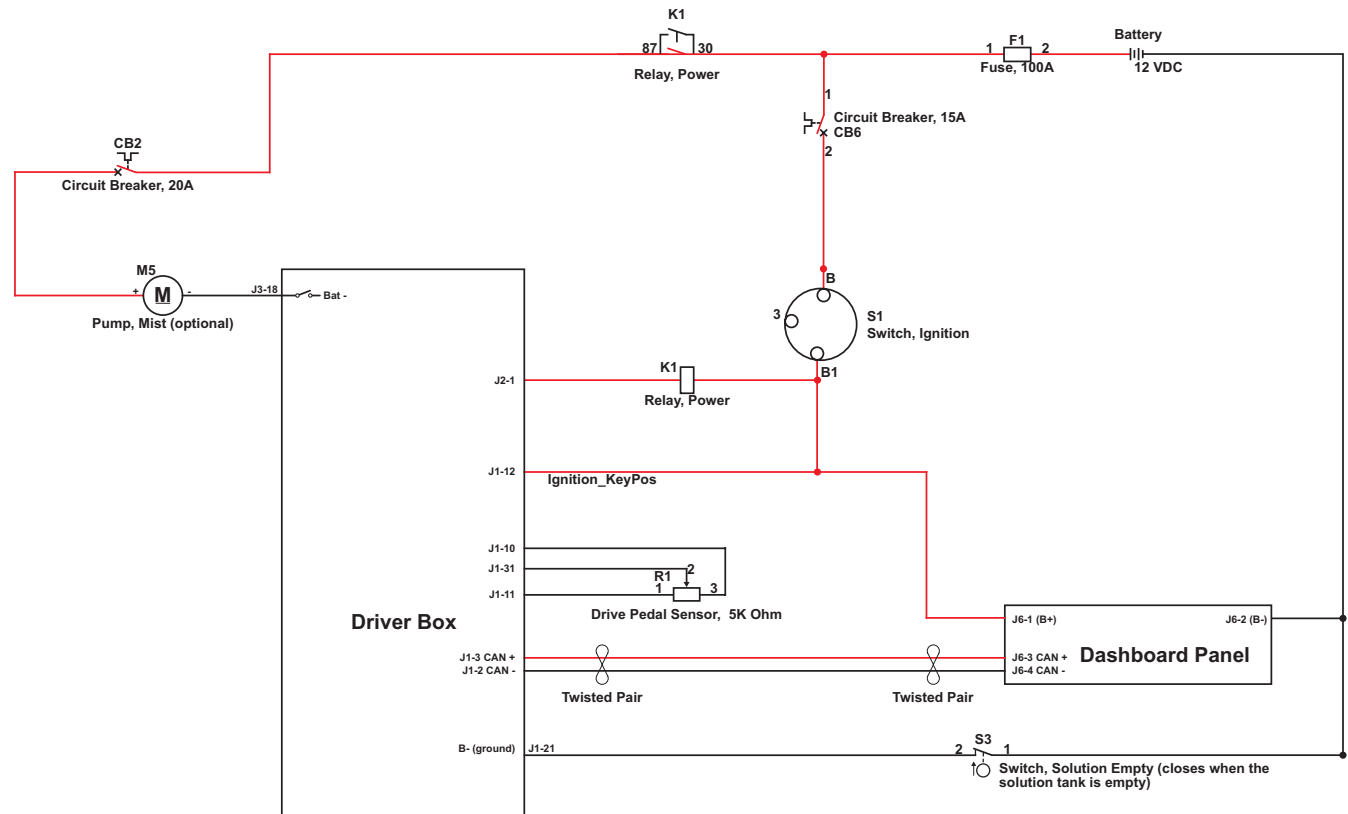
The **Wand Pump M8** has its own internal pressure switch that switches on the **Wand Pump** when the wash hose nozzle is opened and the pressure in the wash hose drops to 40 psi. When the wash hose nozzle is closed and the pressure in the wash hose reaches 60 psi, the pressure switch shuts off the **Wand Pump**. The key switch must be on for the Wand Pump to operate.



## DustGuard™ System

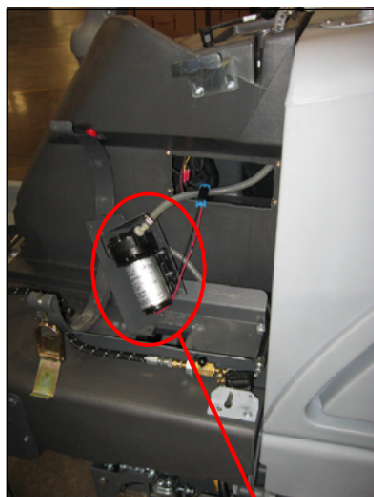
The **Mist Pump M5** pumps solution to the two DustGuard™ nozzles adjacent to the side brooms while sweeping to reduce dust. The following conditions must be met for the **Mist Pump** to operate:

- The DustGuard™ system must be installed and enabled.
- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has enabled the side brooms.
- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Drive Pedal Sensor R1** that the drive pedal has been moved from the neutral position.

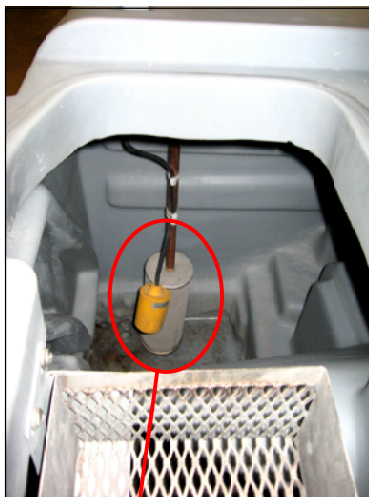


## Component Locations

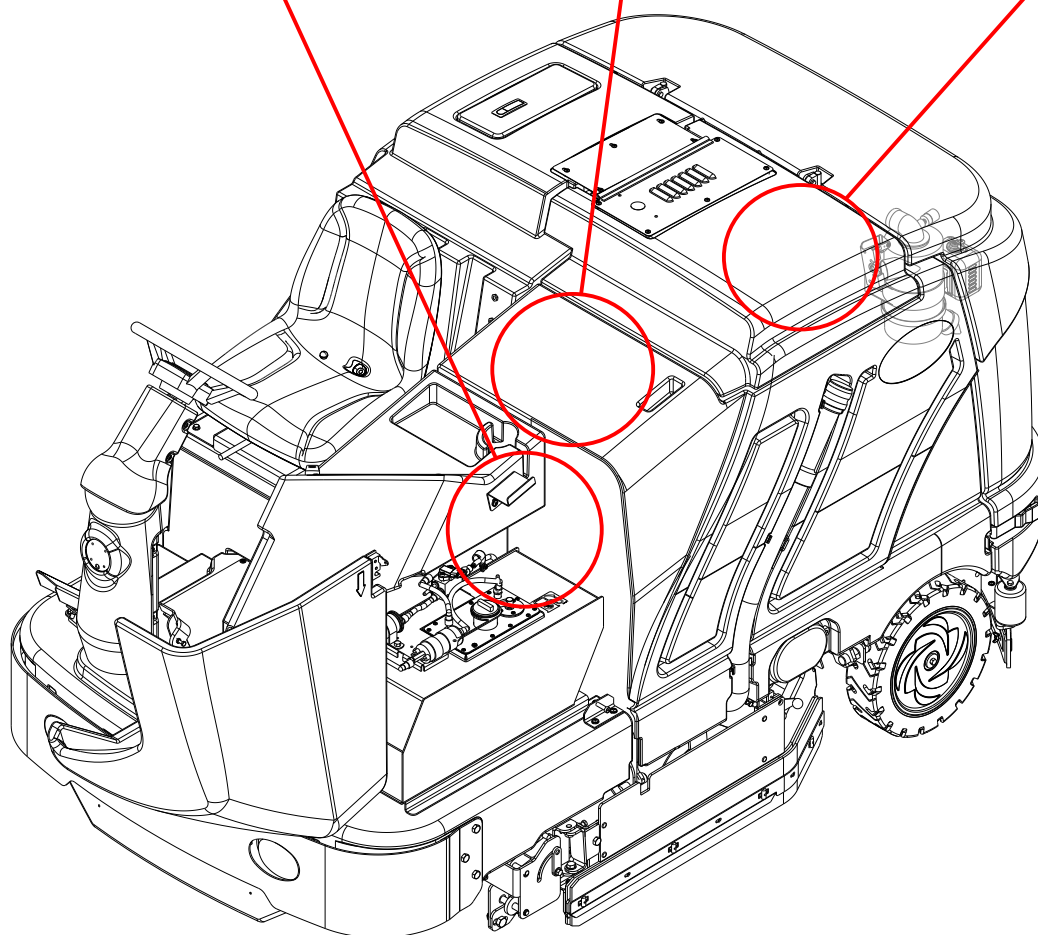
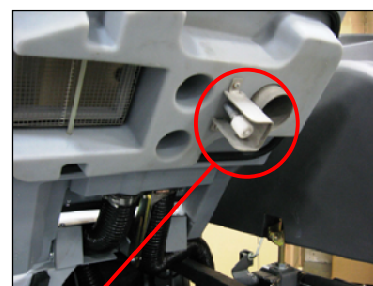
Extended Scrub Pump M6

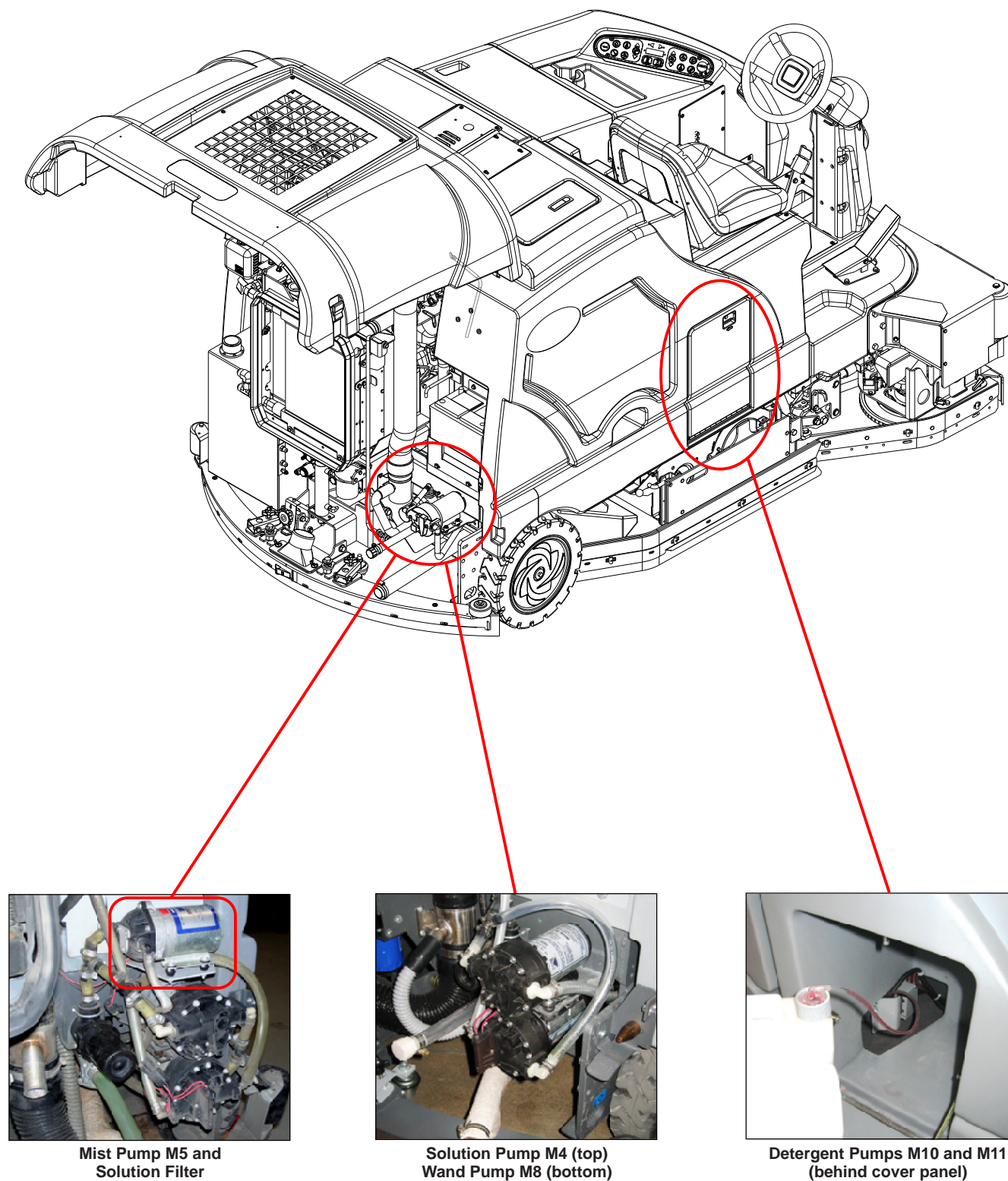


Extended Scrub (Float) Switch S7



Recovery Tank Full Switch S2







## Maintenance and Adjustments



**Warning!** Before performing any machine maintenance or adjustments, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

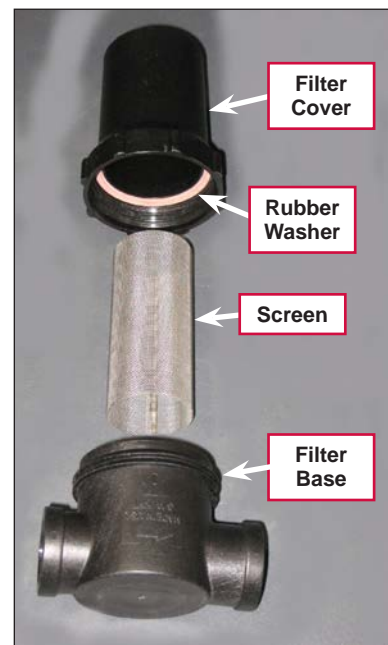
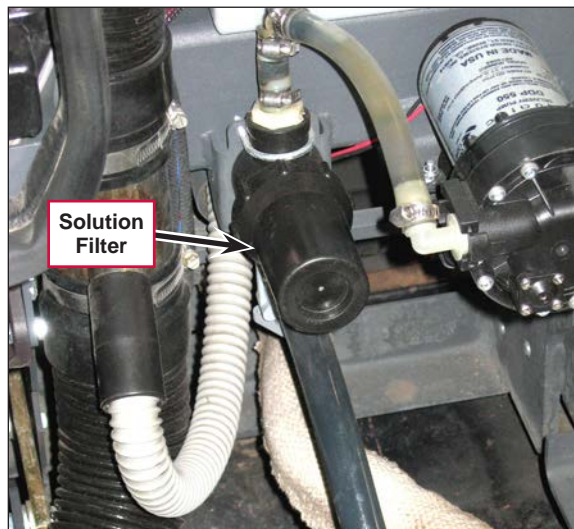
### To Clean the Solution Filter Screen

1. Close the solution shutoff valve.



**Note:** Place a suitable container underneath the filter to catch any solution that may leak from the hoses.

2. Unscrew the **Filter Cover** and remove the **Filter Cover** and screen from the filter base.
3. Clean any accumulated dirt or debris from the screen.
4. Reinstall the screen into the filter base.
5. Make sure the rubber washer is installed correctly in the **Filter Cover**, then reinstall and hand-tighten the **Filter Cover**.





## To Clean the Extended Scrub System Strainer

1. Open the recovery tank cover.
2. Rinse any accumulated material off of the extended scrub system strainer using normal water hose pressure.
3. Close the recovery tank cover.

## To Clean the Solution Delivery Trough

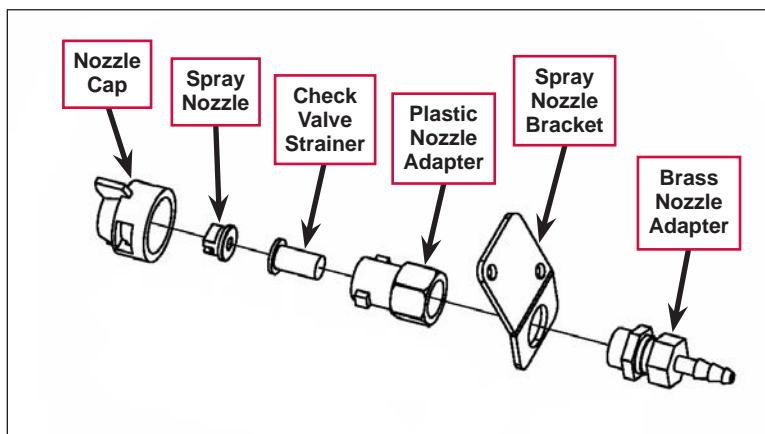
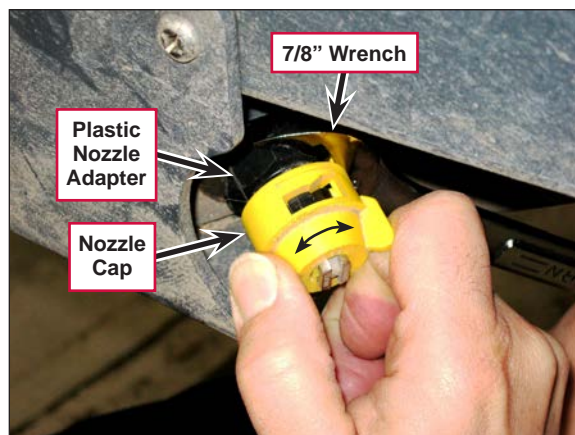
Clean the holes in the solution delivery trough to ensure even solution distribution.

## To Clean the DustGuard™ Spray Nozzles



**Note:** Place a suitable container underneath the nozzles to catch any water that may leak from the hoses.

1. Hold the **Plastic Nozzle Adapter** with a **7/8" Wrench** to keep it from rotating in the **Spray Nozzle Bracket** when you remove the **Nozzle Cap**. This will maintain the correct spray pattern orientation of the **Spray Nozzle**.
2. Rotate the **Nozzle Cap** one-quarter turn counterclockwise (as viewed from the front of the machine) to remove the **Nozzle Cap**, **Spray Nozzle** and **Check Valve Strainer** from the **Plastic Nozzle Adapter**.
3. Rinse the **Nozzle Cap**, **Spray Nozzle** and **Check Valve Strainer** in clean water to remove any accumulated dirt or sediment. If necessary, rinse or soak the components in vinegar or other commercial cleaner to remove any mineral deposits.
4. Reassemble the DustGuard™ nozzles by following the above steps in reverse order.



## To Adjust the DustGuard™ Spray Nozzles

The **Spray Nozzles** should be approximately 10 to 20 degrees from vertical as shown in order to spray the water evenly top to bottom in front of the side brooms. The spray pattern should wet the floor across the whole width of the side broom. If the spray pattern is not correct:

1. Carefully rotate the **Plastic Nozzle Adapter** with a **7/8" Wrench** to orient the **Spray Nozzle**.

- After you rotate the **Plastic Nozzle Adapter**, make sure the **Brass Nozzle Adapter** is holding the **Plastic Nozzle Adapter** securely in the **Spray Nozzle Bracket**. Tighten the **Brass Nozzle Adapter** to the **Plastic Nozzle Adapter** as necessary.

## Detergent System Maintenance

You will need to purge the system of the previous detergent when switching to a different detergent.



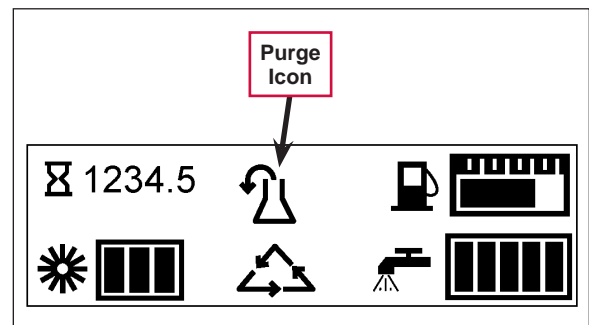
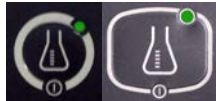
**Service Note:** Move the machine over a floor drain before purging because a small amount of detergent will be dispensed in the process.

### To Purge When Changing Detergents (the scrub system must be off)

- Disconnect and remove the detergent cartridge.
- Turn the key switch on and wait a few seconds for the start-up sequence to finish.
- Press and hold the detergent switch for approximately two seconds.



- Release the switch when the detergent **Purge Icon** appears on the display and the detergent indicator starts flashing.



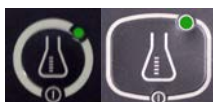
**Note:** Once activated, the purge process takes at least 10 seconds for AXP™/EDS systems, and at least 20 seconds for EcoFlex™ systems. Normally one purge cycle is adequate to purge the system.

**To Purge Weekly (the scrub system must be off)**

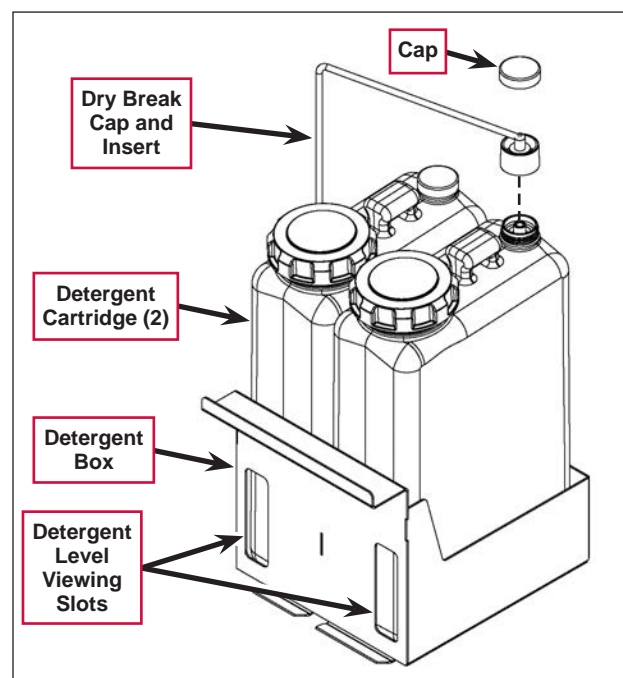
1. Disconnect and remove the detergent cartridge.
2. Install and connect a cartridge filled with clean hot water.
3. Turn the key switch on and wait a few seconds for the start-up sequence to finish.
4. Press and hold the detergent switch for approximately two seconds.



5. Release the switch when the detergent **Purge Icon** appears on the display and the detergent indicator starts flashing.



**Note:** The **Detergent Box** has **Detergent Level Viewing Slots** for viewing the amount of detergent remaining in the **Detergent Cartridge(s)**. When the detergent level is nearing the bottom of the **Detergent Level Viewing Slots**, refill or replace the **Detergent Cartridge(s)**.

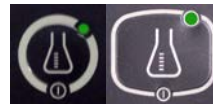


**To Change the Detergent Mix Ratio (the scrub system must be on)**

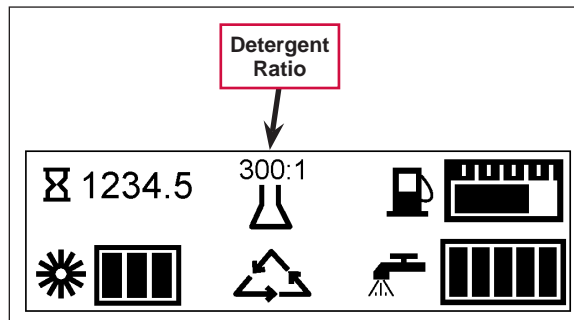
1. Press and hold the detergent switch for two seconds.



2. Release the switch once the detergent indicator begins flashing.



3. While the light is flashing, press and release the detergent switch to cycle through the available detergent mixture ratios. Once the desired ratio is displayed, stop pressing the detergent switch to lock in the displayed ratio. The detergent system will return to normal operation within three seconds.



**Note:** On AXP™ and EDS systems, the detergent mixture will be displayed for approximately 10 seconds each time the scrub mode changes, or each time the detergent switch is pressed. On EcoFlex™ systems, the detergent mixture will be displayed whenever the detergent system is on.

Once set, the detergent flow rate automatically increases and decreases with the solution flow rate, but the detergent mix ratio will remain the same. If an Operator would prefer the flexibility of setting different detergent dilutions ratios for different solution flow rates, this specific programming option can be found in the **Control System** section.



**Note:** During scrubbing, the detergent system can be turned off at any time by pressing the detergent switch to allow scrubbing with water only. No detergent is dispensed until the scrub system is activated and the drive pedal is pushed forward.



**Service Note:** Follow the **To Purge Weekly** instructions above if the machine is going to be stored for an extended period of time, or if you plan to discontinue use of the detergent system.

## Troubleshooting

### General Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
No solution to the main brushes	No voltage to the main solution pump	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the wiring and circuit breakers upstream of the pump.</li> <li>2. Check the J3-2 output from the Driver Box.</li> </ol>
	Solution pump(s) over current (fault code 00 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the M4 main solution pump wiring for problems; M4 wire colors (+GRN/BRN and - GRN/BLU).</li> <li>• Check the pump current draw (11.5 amps max.) and replace as necessary.</li> <li>• Check pump motor for short circuits and replace as necessary.</li> </ul>
	Main solution solenoid valve over current (fault code 07 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L10 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - YEL/GRN).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace.</li> </ul>
	The solution shutoff valve is plugged or inoperative.	Clean or replace the solution shutoff valve.
Inadequate solution flow to the main brushes	The solution filter screen is plugged.	Clean the solution filter screen.
	Plugged solution hose	Check and clear the solution hoses as necessary.
No solution to the DustGuard™ spray nozzles	Side sweep mist pump over current (fault code 04 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check Pump motor M5 wiring for problems (+ BLU and - YEL/BLK).</li> <li>• Check the mist pump current draw (3.9 amps max. at full load). Note: The mist pump is a 24V pump operating at 12V.</li> </ul>
	No voltage to the mist pump	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the wiring and circuit breakers upstream of the pump.</li> <li>2. Check the J3-18 output from the Driver Box.</li> </ol>
	Spray nozzles plugged	Clean the spray nozzles.

Problem	Cause	Correction
No solution to the main brushes in the extended scrub mode	The extended scrub function is not installed in the configuration menu.	Install the extended scrub function in the configuration menu.
	Solution pump(s) over current (fault code 00 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the M6 extended scrub pump wiring for problems; M6 wire colors (+GRN/BRN and - GRA/ORN).</li> <li>• Check the pump current draw (11.5 amps max.) and replace as necessary.</li> </ul>
	The extended scrub (float) switch (S7) is not open to J1-33 on the Driver Box.	<p>The switch should be closed when the recovery tank is empty, and open when there is an adequate water supply in the recovery tank.</p> <p>If the continuity through the switch in its open and closed positions is not correct:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the wiring and repair as necessary.</li> <li>2. If the wiring is OK, replace the switch.</li> </ol>
	No voltage to the extended scrub pump	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check pump motors for short circuits and replace as necessary. Check the wiring and circuit breakers upstream of the pump.</li> <li>2. Check the J2-35 output from the Driver Box.</li> </ol>
	The strainer in the recovery tank is dirty or plugged.	Remove and clean the strainer.
	<p><i>Note: The Solution Pump (-) line provides a switched ground return for the pump. When the solution pump is "ON" a 7.8 KHz signal with a varying duty cycle and average voltage will appear between pin J3-2 and B+. Measuring with a DC voltmeter will give a signal in the range of 0 to 12 volts. Changing the flow rate solution bars on the LCD should produce a relative increase or decrease of the meter reading.</i></p>	
No solution to the right side brush	Right side solution solenoid valve over current (fault code 08 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L11 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - BLU/YEL).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 10 ohms, replace.</li> </ul>
Inadequate solution flow to the right side brush	Plugged solution hose and/or nozzle	Check and clear/clean the solution hoses and nozzles as necessary.

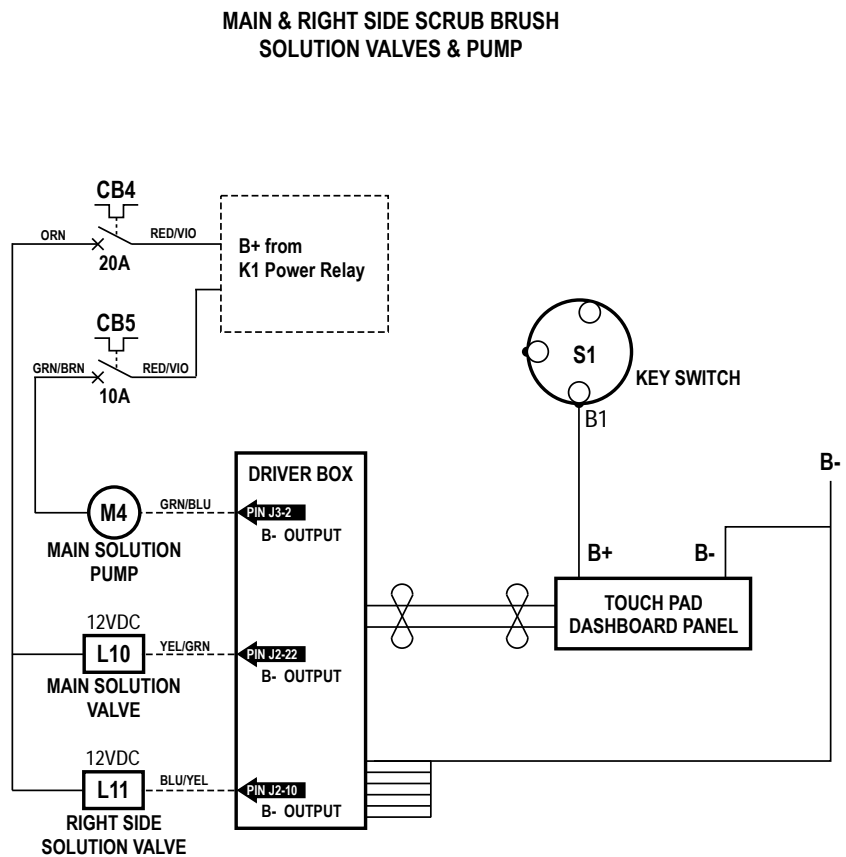
Problem	Cause	Correction
No detergent flow to the solution system	The detergent system not installed in the configuration menu.	Install the detergent system in the configuration menu.
	The detergent supply lines are clogged.	Check the detergent lines and clean/replace as necessary.
	The detergent cartridge is empty.	Refill the cartridge or switch the dry break cap and insert into a full cartridge.
	No voltage to the detergent pump(s)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the wiring from J3-21 and J3-22 to detergent pump 1, and the wiring from J3-19 and J3-20 to detergent pump 2.</li> <li>2. Check the J3-19, J3-20, J3-21 and J3-22 outputs from the Driver Box.</li> </ol>
	Detergent pump 1 over current (fault code 31 displayed)  Detergent pump 2 over current (fault code 32 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the detergent pump wiring for problems; #1 pump wire colors (+RED/WHT and - RED/BLU), #2 pump wire colors (+ BLK/ YEL and - BLK/RED).</li> <li>• Check the detergent pump motors for short circuit and replace as necessary.</li> </ul>
	<i>Note: The signal controlling the detergent pump is extremely complex and field troubleshooting should take a functional approach. Substitute with a known good detergent pump to check operation. If the known good pump does not operate, and the wiring and control inputs to the detergent system are correct, check the Driver Box. Check the resistance of the detergent pump before replacing the Driver Box so as not to damage it if the pump is defective.</i>	
No solution flow from the wash hose wand	Wand pump over current (fault code 03 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check Pump motor M8 wiring for problems (+ BLU and - BLU/RED).</li> <li>• Check pump motor for short circuit and replace as necessary.</li> <li>• Test current draw 12.5 amps max., 12V at full load.</li> </ul>
	No voltage to the wand pump	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the wiring and circuit breakers upstream of the pump .</li> <li>2. Check the J3-23 output from the Driver Box.</li> </ol>
	Pressure switch not operating correctly	Check the pressure switch and replace as necessary.



## Main and Right Side Solution Valves and Solution Pump

The following conditions must be met for the **Main** and **Right Side Solution Valves** and **Main Solution Pump** to operate:

- The **Key Switch** must be on.
- The engine must be running.
- The scrub on mode must be selected on the **Dashboard Panel**.
- The drive pedal must be activated (moved from the neutral position).



## Specifications

### Component Specifications

Component	Specifications	
Solution Pump M4 Extended Scrub Pump M6	Voltage – 12 VDC	
	Max. Current – 11.5 amps @ 60 psi	
	Open Flow – 3.4 GPM	
	Internal Bypass – 60 psi	
Main Solution Solenoid Valve L10	Voltage – 12 VDC	
	Coil Power – 17W	
	Current – 1.5 amps	
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms	
Right Side Solution Solenoid Valve L11	Voltage – 12 VDC	
	Coil Power – 11W	
	Current – 1.0 amps	
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 12 ohms	
Wand Pump M8	Voltage – 12 VDC	
	Max. Current – 12.5 amps @ 60 psi	
	Flow Rate – 2.0 GPM @ 50 psi	
	Pressure Switch	On: 40 psi
		Off: 60 psi
Mist Pump M5	Voltage – 24 VDC (run at 12 VDC)	
	Max. Current – 3.9 amps	
DustGuard™ Spray Nozzles	Standard nozzle size .015" dia. Flow volume – .033 gal/min [0.125 L/min] @ 40 psi.	
	Optional nozzle size .026 Dia. Flow volume – .1 gal/min [.379 L/min] @ 40 psi.	

## Solution and Detergent Delivery Rates

Solution system flow rates (five settings)		Setting 1 – 1.6 gal/min [6 L/min]
		Setting 2 – 1.9 gal/min [7.2 L/min]
		Setting 3 – 2.3 gal/min [8.7 L/min]
		Setting 4 – 2.7 gal/min [10.2 L/min]
		Setting 5 – 3.1 gal/min [11.7 L/min]
AXP™/EDS and EcoFlex™ detergent systems	Refillable cartridge, (quantity 2), 2.5 gal [9.5 L]	Available dilution ratios:
		03%, .04%, .05%, .07%, .08%, 1.0%, 1.5%, 2.0%, 3.0%, 3.8%
		300:1, 256:1, 200:1, 150:1, 128:1, 100:1, 64:1, 50:1, 32:1, 26:1

# Squeegee System

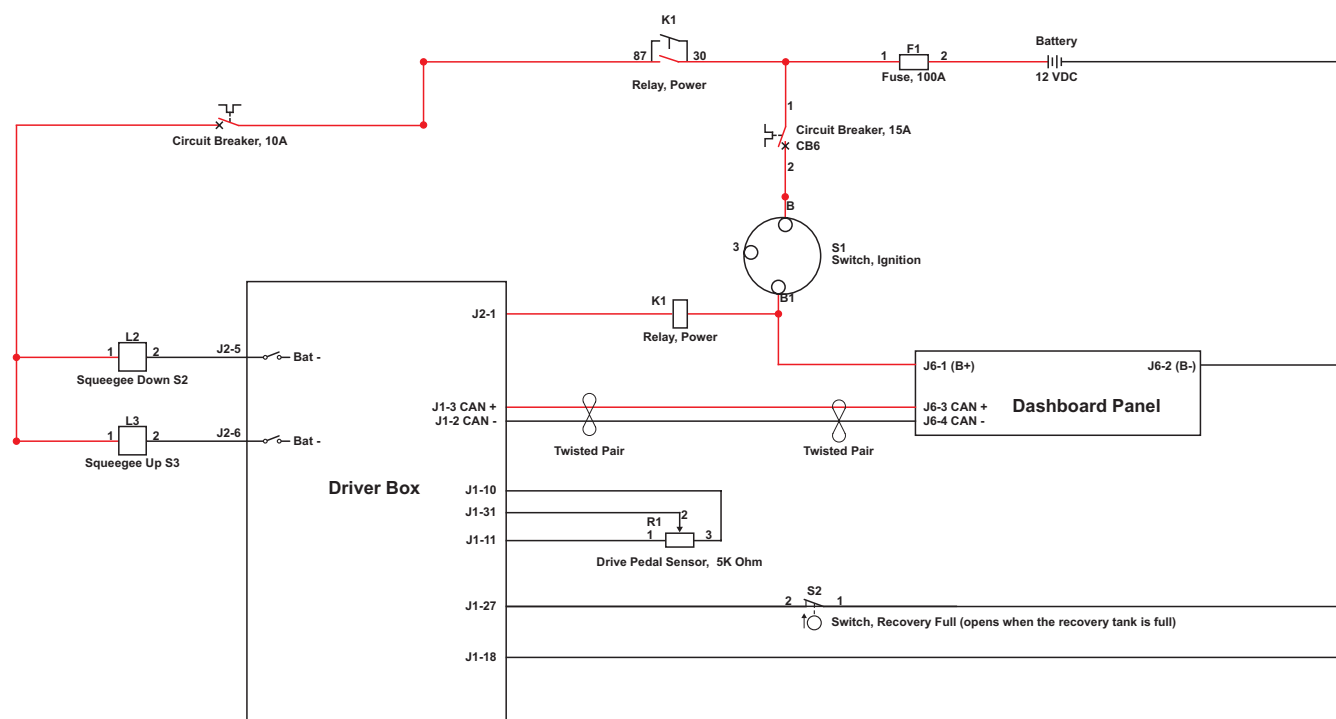
## Functional Description

### Overview

The squeegee system includes the squeegee assembly, squeegee mounting assembly, squeegee lift weldment and the squeegee lift cylinder.

The squeegee assembly is mounted at the bottom rear of the machine and picks up the water from the floor. Two squeegee blades (front and rear) pick up the water and direct it into the vacuum hose which carries it to the recovery tank. The squeegee lift cylinder raises and lowers the squeegee as appropriate for the operation being performed.

## Squeegee System Wiring Diagram



### Circuit Description

For the squeegee system to work, the key switch must be on, the engine must be running and the **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has actuated the scrub system, vacuum switch (old style control panel) or the vacuum/wand switch (new style control panel).

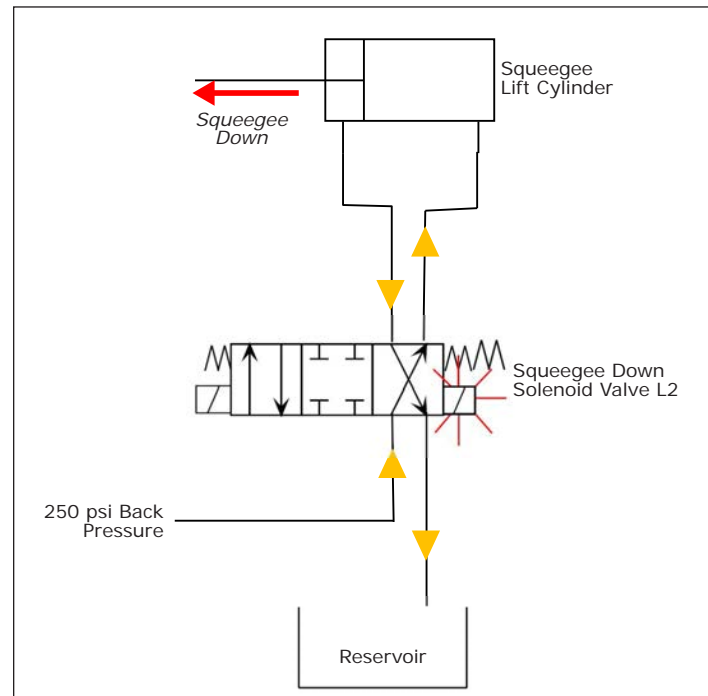
## Squeegee System Hydraulic Diagrams

### Squeegee Down

When the main scrub or recovery system is actuated, the **Squeegee Down Solenoid Valve L2** energizes to direct the oil to the top port on the **Squeegee Lift Cylinder**. This extends the **Squeegee Lift Cylinder** and lowers the squeegee to the floor. The oil discharged from the **Squeegee Lift Cylinder** returns to the **Reservoir**.

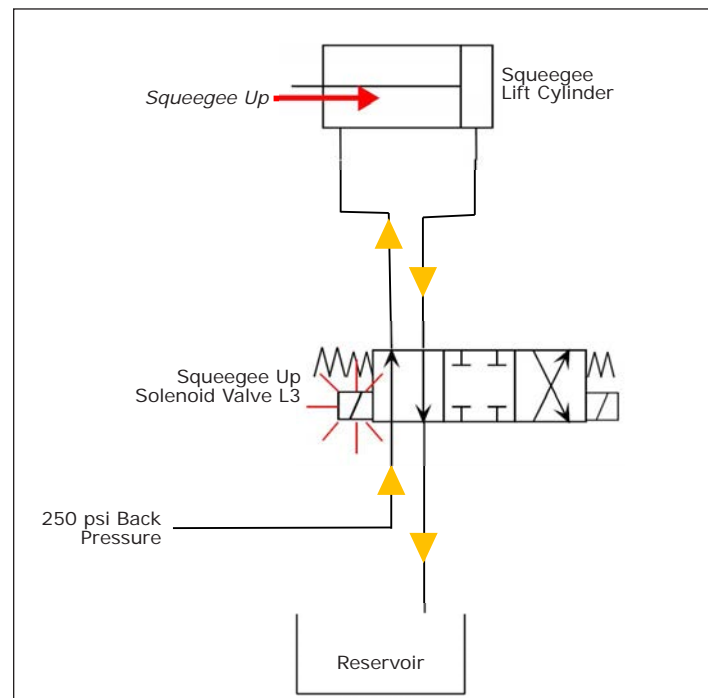
The hydraulic pressure to lift and lower the squeegee is created by:

- The 250 psi propulsion piston pump charge pressure relief valve, and,
- The back pressure created by the return flow through the cooler and filter en route to the piston pump charge port.



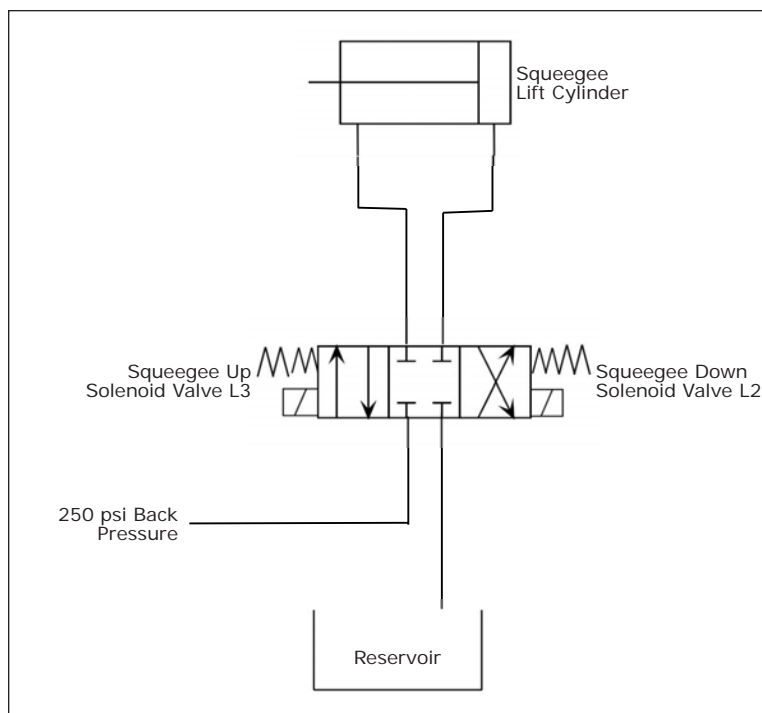
### Squeegee Up

To retract the squeegee (scrub off, recovery off, machine in reverse), the **Squeegee Up Solenoid Valve L3** energizes to direct the oil to the bottom port on the **Squeegee Lift Cylinder**. This retracts the **Squeegee Lift Cylinder** and raises the squeegee up off of the floor. The oil discharged from the **Squeegee Lift Cylinder** returns to the **Reservoir**.



### Squeegee Locked

When the squeegee is up (retracted), both the **Squeegee Down Solenoid Valve L2** and the **Squeegee Up Solenoid Valve L3** are de-energized to shut off the flow of oil to the **Squeegee Lift Cylinder** and lock the squeegee in the up position.



## Component Locations

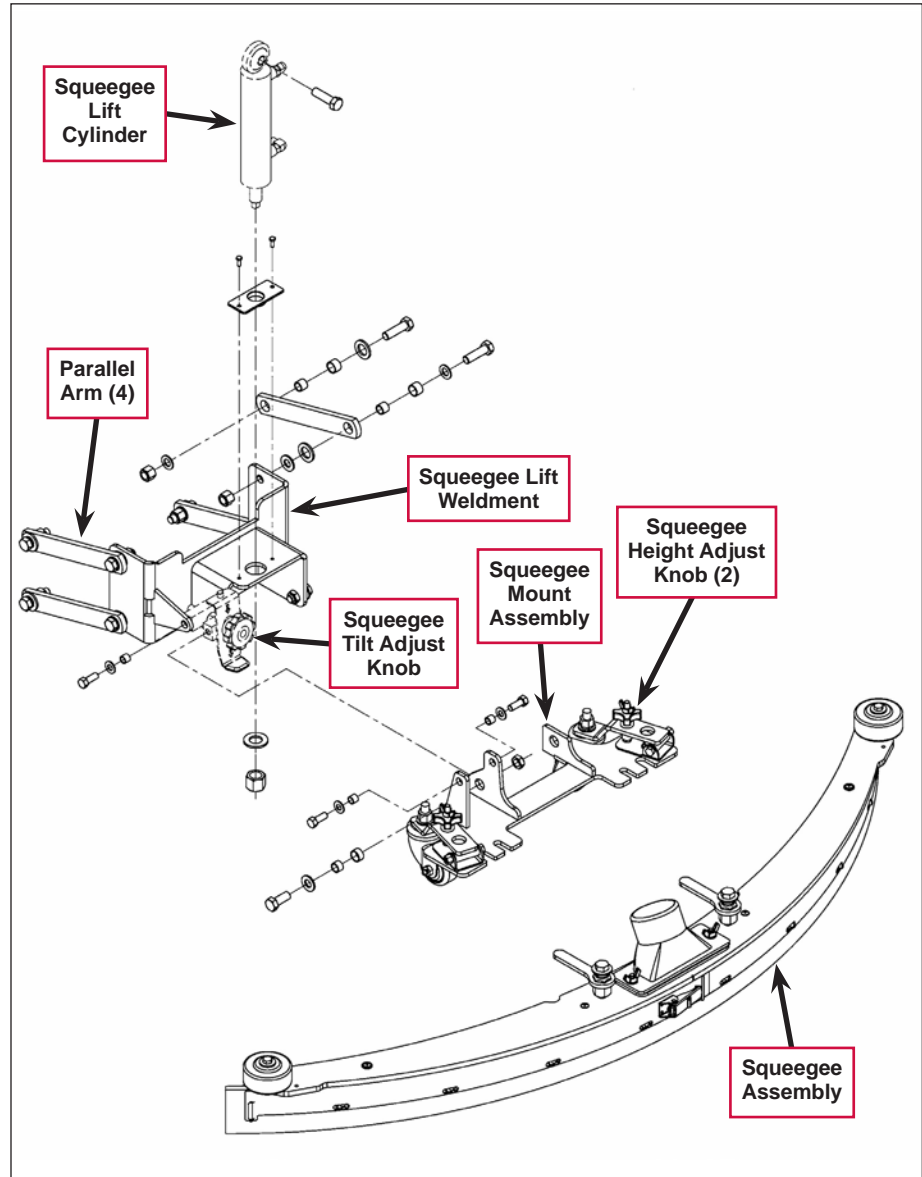
The **Squeegee Assembly** mounts onto the **Squeegee Mount Assembly**.

The **Squeegee Mount Assembly** is fastened to the **Squeegee Lift Weldment**. The **Squeegee Lift Cylinder** is connected to the **Squeegee Lift Weldment** and raises and lowers the **Squeegee Lift Weldment** and attached **Squeegee Assembly** as required.

**Parallel Arms**, bushings, bearings and fasteners connect the **Squeegee Lift Weldment** to the machine frame.

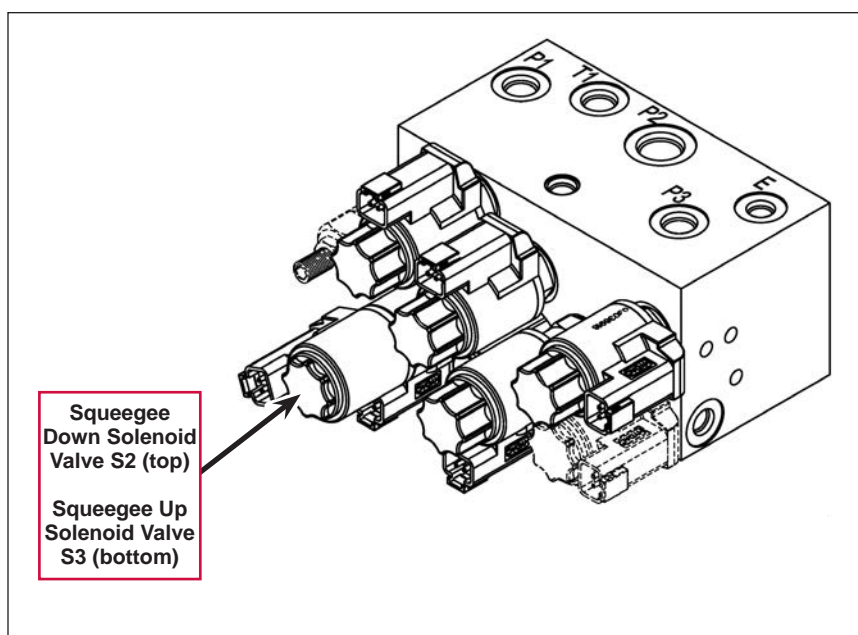
The **Squeegee Tilt Adjust Knob** and the **Squeegee Height Adjust Knobs** allow you to adjust the angle and height of the **Squeegee Assembly** to ensure that the wastewater is being picked up correctly.

(Refer to the *Squeegee Adjustment* section in the *Instructions for Use* for adjustment procedures.)





The **Squeegee Down Solenoid Valve S2** and the **Squeegee Up Solenoid Valve S3** that control the **Squeegee Lift Cylinder** are located on the hydraulic manifold at the rear of the machine as shown.



## Troubleshooting

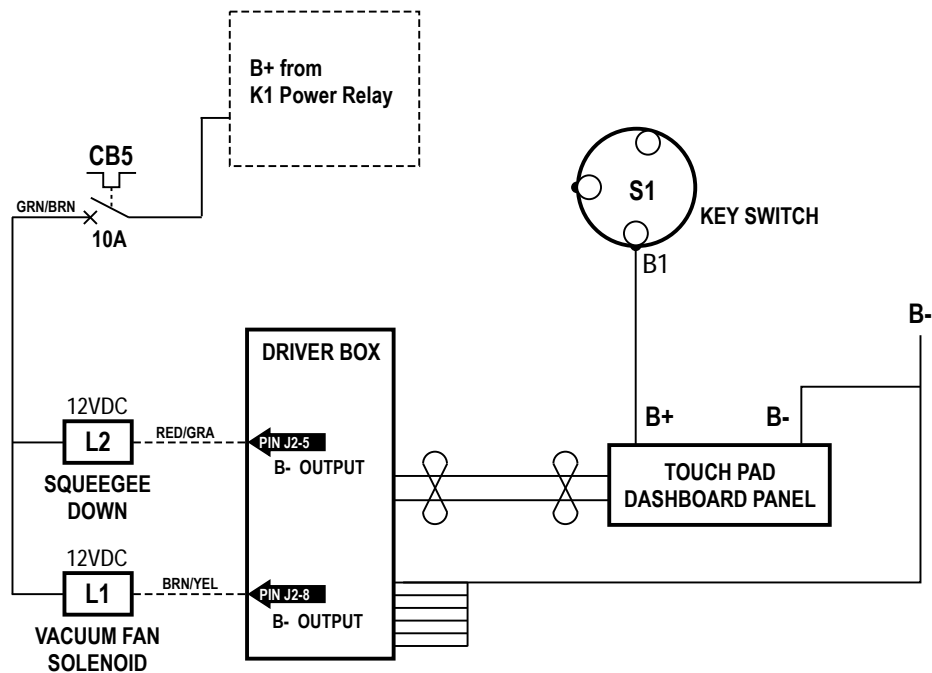
### General Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
Poor Water Pick-up	The squeegee blades are torn or worn.	Check and replace the blades as necessary.
	The squeegee assembly is out of adjustment.	Readjust the squeegee. (Refer to the Instructions for Use.)
The squeegee system is not working.	Squeegee UP solenoid over current (fault code 11 is displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check L3 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ GRN/BRN and - BRN/GRN).</li> <li>Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see <b>Vacuum Fan Off and Squeegee Up</b> electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
	Squeegee DN solenoid over current (fault code 12 is displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check L2 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ GRN/BRN and - RED/GRA).</li> <li>Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see <b>Vacuum Fan On and Squeegee Down</b> electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
Squeegee will not rise	Solenoid L3 is not energizing or has failed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check L3 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ GRN/BRN and - BRN/GRN).</li> <li>If there is voltage to L3, replace the solenoid.</li> </ul>
	Pressure to the squeegee lift cylinder is too low.	<p>Check the pressure at the charge port on the propulsion piston pump. Pressure should be 250 psi. If the pressure is too low, clean or replace the charge relief cartridge located on the wheel drive pump.</p> <p><i>Note: The squeegee may lift more slowly with the engine at idle.</i></p>
	The squeegee linkage is binding	Check the squeegee linkage and mounts and correct as necessary.

## Vacuum Fan On and Squeegee Down

The following conditions must be met for the Vacuum Fan to run and for the squeegee to be lowered to the pick-up position:

- The **Key Switch** must be on.
- The engine must be running.
- The scrub on mode must be selected or the vacuum system switched on at the **Dashboard Panel**.
- The drive pedal must be activated (moved from the neutral position).



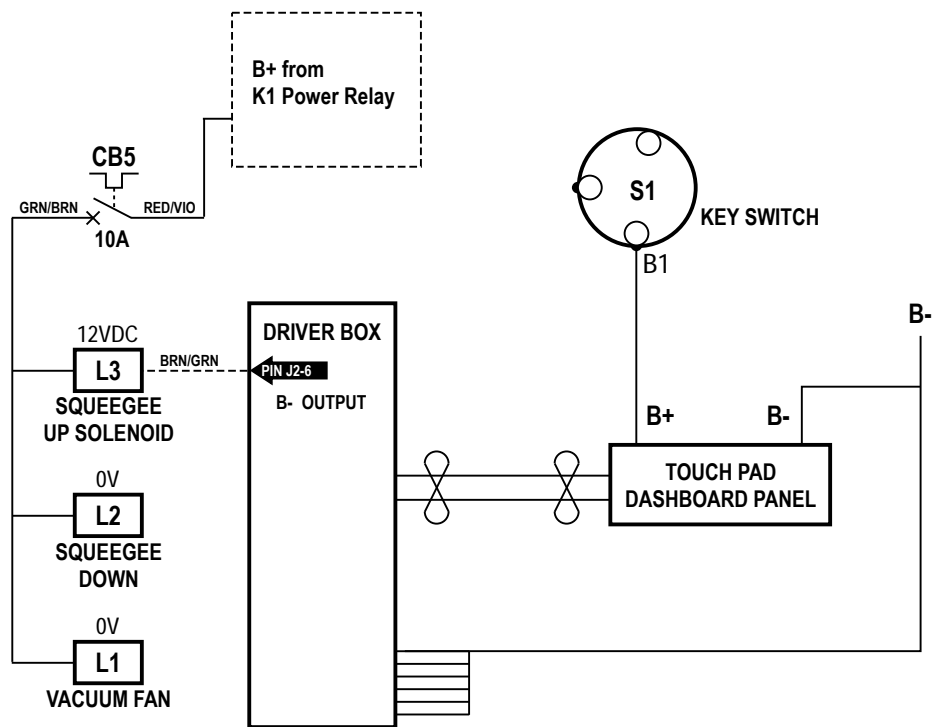
Component	Current - Amps	Coil Resistance - Ohms
L1	1.5 Amps	8 ohms
L2	1.5 Amps	8 ohms

## Vacuum Fan Off and Squeegee Up

The following conditions must be met for the Vacuum Fan to shut off and for the squeegee to be raised to the travel position:

- The **Key Switch** must be on.
- The engine must be running.
- The scrub off mode must be selected or the vacuum system switched off at the **Dashboard Panel**, or the drive pedal must be moved to the reverse position (squeegee will rise up).

The Vacuum Fan will shut off after a time delay once the drive pedal is in the neutral position. Note that if the seat switch is open, the Vacuum Fan will run continuously (regardless of the drive pedal being in neutral) to allow water pick-up with the Wand attachment.



Component	Current - Amps	Coil Resistance - Ohms
L3	1.5 Amps	8 ohms

## Specifications

Component	Specifications
Squeegee Down Solenoid Valve L2	Current – 1.5 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms
Squeegee Up Solenoid Valve L3	Current – 1.5 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms

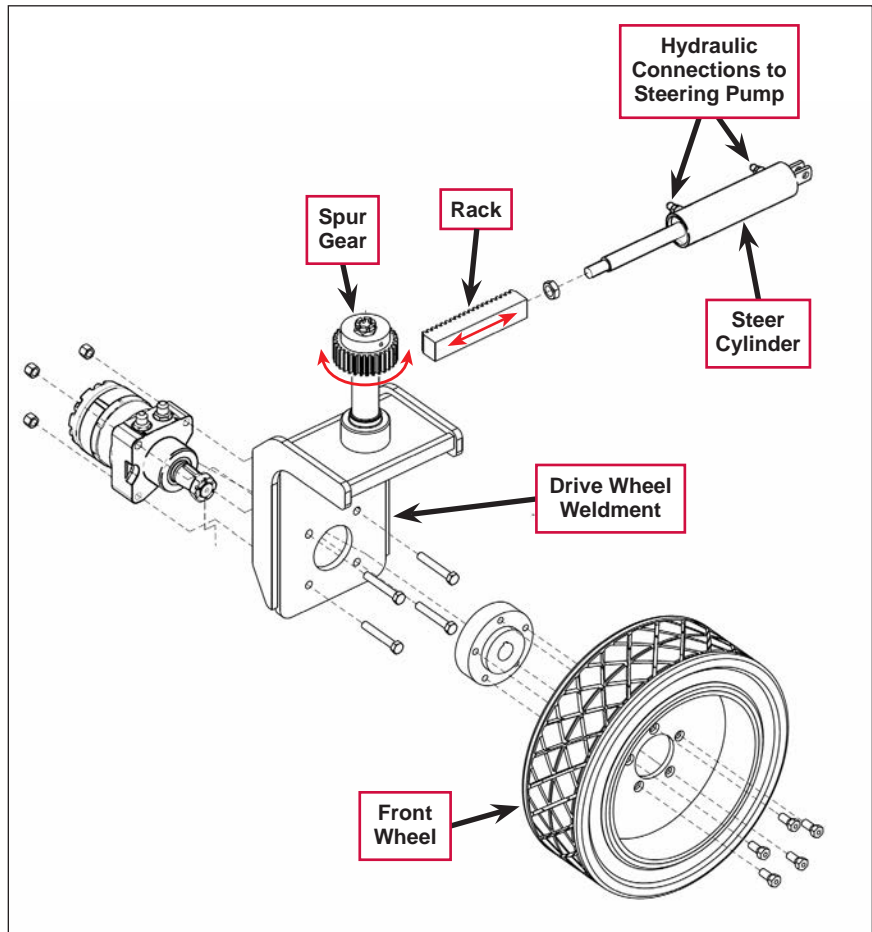
# Steering System

## Functional Description

### Overview

The steering system includes the steering unit, **Steer Cylinder**, **Rack** and **Spur Gear**.

The steering wheel rotates the shaft on the steering pump which controls the oil flow to the **Steer Cylinder**. The **Steer Cylinder** extends and retracts the attached **Rack**, which then rotates the **Spur Gear** and attached **Drive Wheel Weldment** to turn the **Front Wheel**.



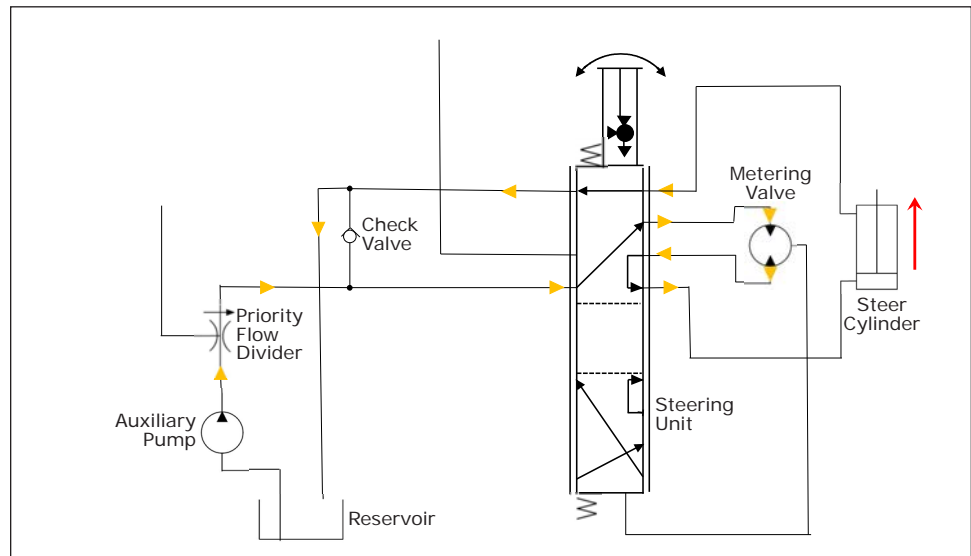
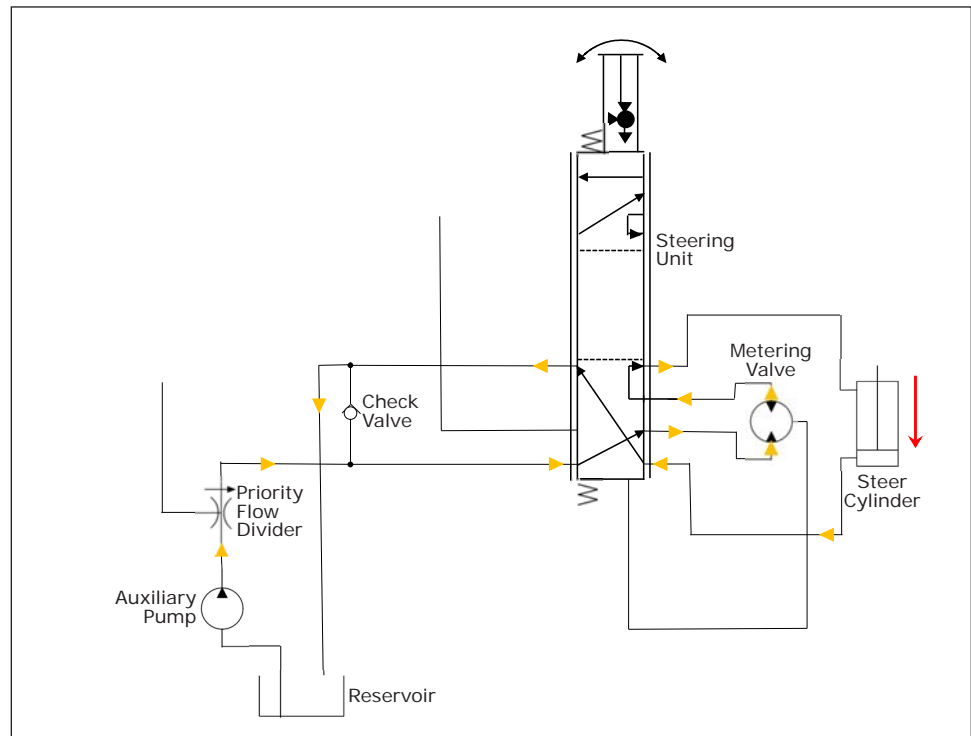
## Hydraulic Diagrams

### Steering System in Motion

When the engine is running and the Operator turns the steering wheel, the **Auxiliary Pump** sends oil through the **Priority Flow Divider** to the **Steering Unit**. The **Steering Unit** directs the oil to the **Metering Valve**, which then directs the oil to the appropriate side of the **Steer Cylinder** to turn the front wheel in the corresponding direction.

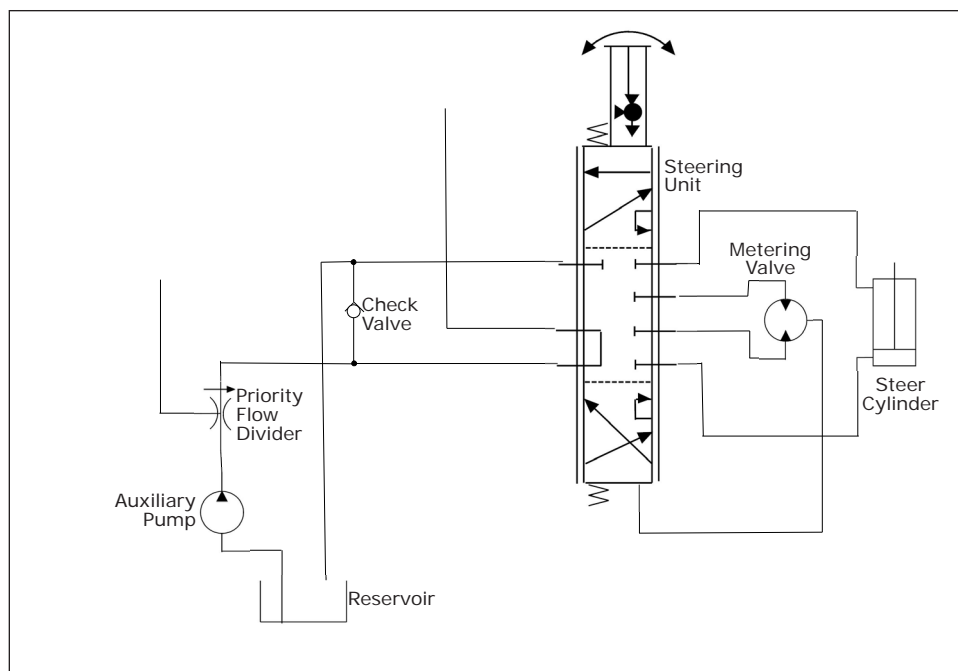
The oil returns through the **Steering Unit** and returns to the **Reservoir**.

The **Check Valve**, located in the **Steering Unit**, allows manual steering when the engine is off.



### Steering System Stationary

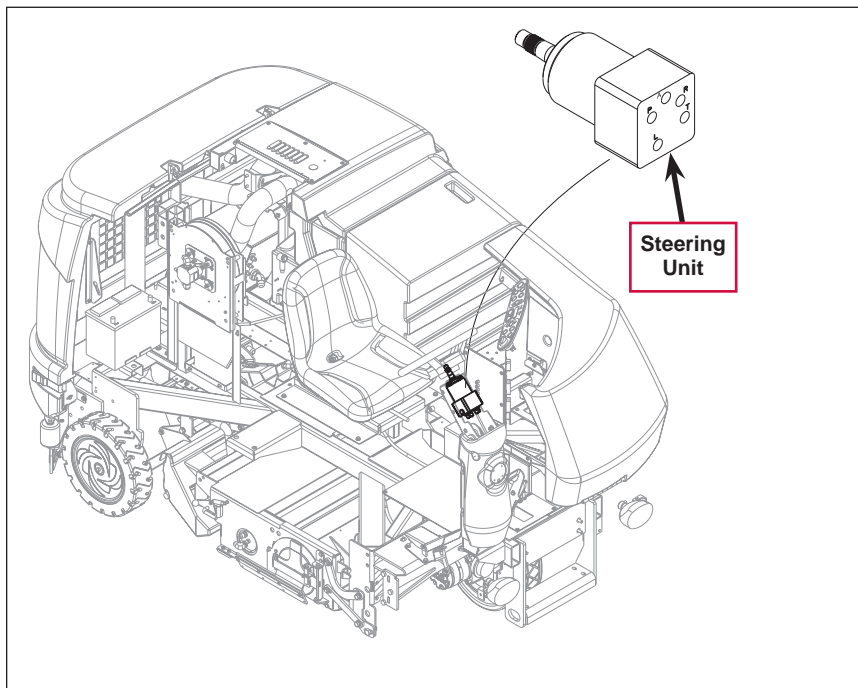
When the steering wheel is stationary, no oil is flowing through the **Steering Unit**, **Metering Valve** or **Steer Cylinder**.



## Component Locations

### Steering Unit

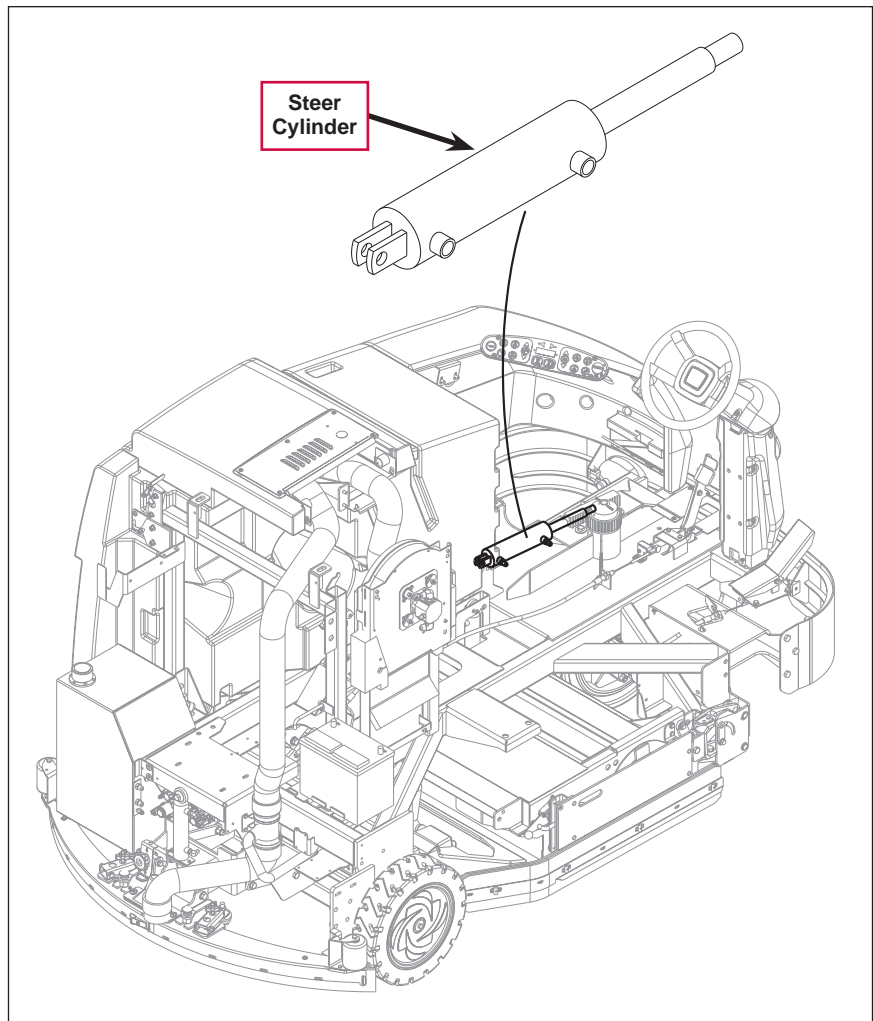
The **Steering Unit** is driven by the steering wheel and is located in the steering column. The **Steering Unit** includes the internal metering valve.





## Steer Cylinder

The **Steer Cylinder** is mounted horizontally and drives the rack and spur gear connected to the drive wheel assembly



## Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
The steering “wanders”.	Backlash in the spur gear and rack	Adjust the rack so it's closer to the spur gear.
The steering is hard or “jerky”.	Not enough oil to the steering system	Clean or replace the priority flow divider cartridge on the accessory/auxiliary pump.

## Removal and Installation



**Warning!** Before removing or reinstalling any machine components, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.



**Note:** If the steer cylinder is removed, mark the teeth where the rack engages the spur gear so the rack and spur gear engage at the same location when the steer cylinder is reinstalled.

## Specifications

Component	Specifications
Steering	Front wheel, hydraulic cylinder and rotary valve controlled
Steering Unit	Maximum System Pressure – 2030 psi
	Maximum Back Pressure – 300 psi
	Maximum Flow – 5 GPM
	Displacement – 4.5 CIR
	Check Valve for Manual Steering – Yes

## Sweep System, Side Broom

### Functional Description

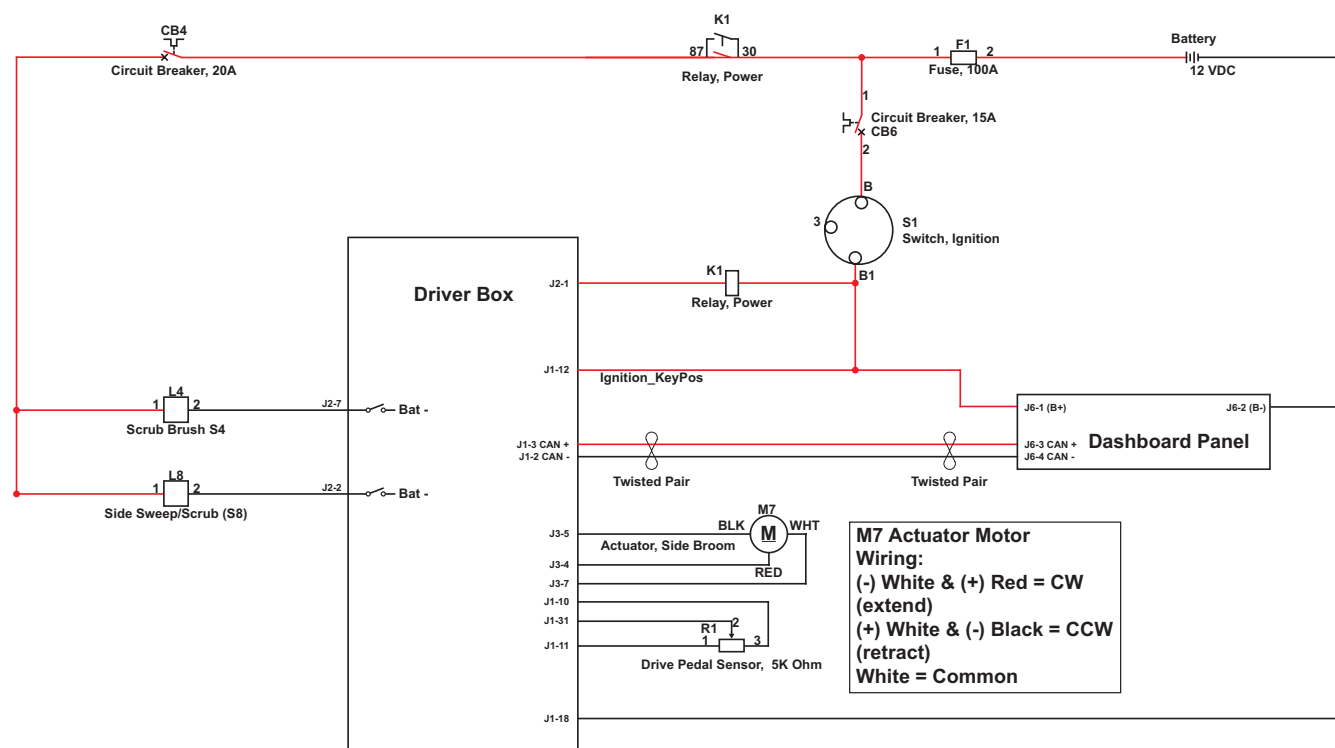
#### Overview

The side broom sweep system is available with either with a single left-hand side broom (with right side scrub brush), or with dual side brooms. Both configurations use DustGuard™ nozzles to spray solution in front of the broom(s) to minimize dust.

The side broom hydraulic motors are powered by the oil from the discharge side of the two main scrub brush motors. The side sweep/scrub solenoid valve S8 controls the oil flow to the side broom hydraulic motor(s).

The side broom(s) use an electric lift actuator to raise and lower the broom(s).

### Side Broom Sweep System Wiring Diagram



### Circuit Description

For the side broom system to work, the key switch must be on, the engine must be running and the **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Dashboard Panel** via the CAN Bus that the Operator has actuated the main scrub system, and has not disabled the side broom system.

### Side Broom Motor(s)

For the side broom motor(s) to run:

- The **Driver Box** must receive a signal from the **Drive Pedal Sensor R1** that the drive pedal has been moved from the neutral position.
- The main scrub brush motors must be running to supply oil to side broom motor(s).
- The **Driver Box** must provide a ground from pin **J2-2** to the **Side Sweep/Scrub** solenoid valve **S8** to open the valve and allow oil to flow to the side broom motor(s).

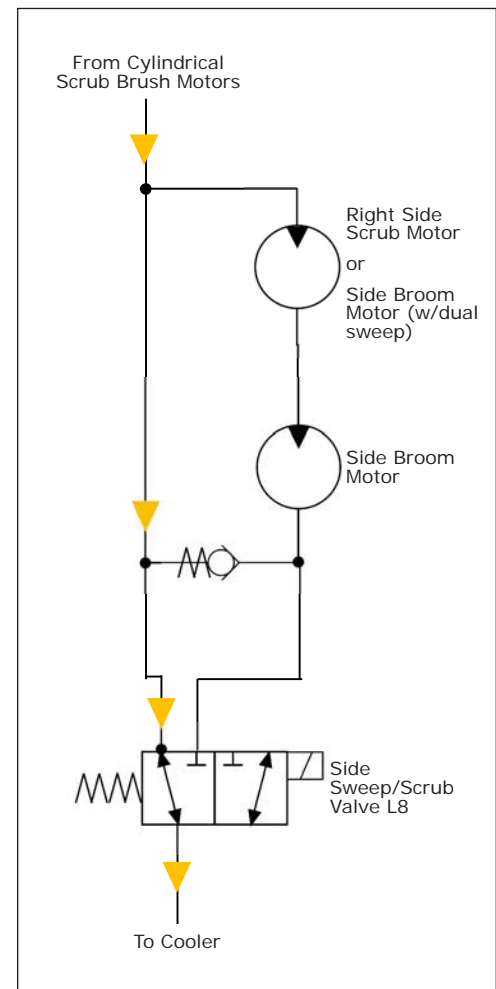
### Side Broom Actuator

For the side broom actuator to raise or lower the side broom(s), the **Driver Box** must provide voltage at the appropriate polarity from **J3-4 (RED extend)** or **J3-5 (BLK retract)**. Pin **J3-7 (WHT)** is the common.

## Side Broom Sweep System Hydraulic Diagrams

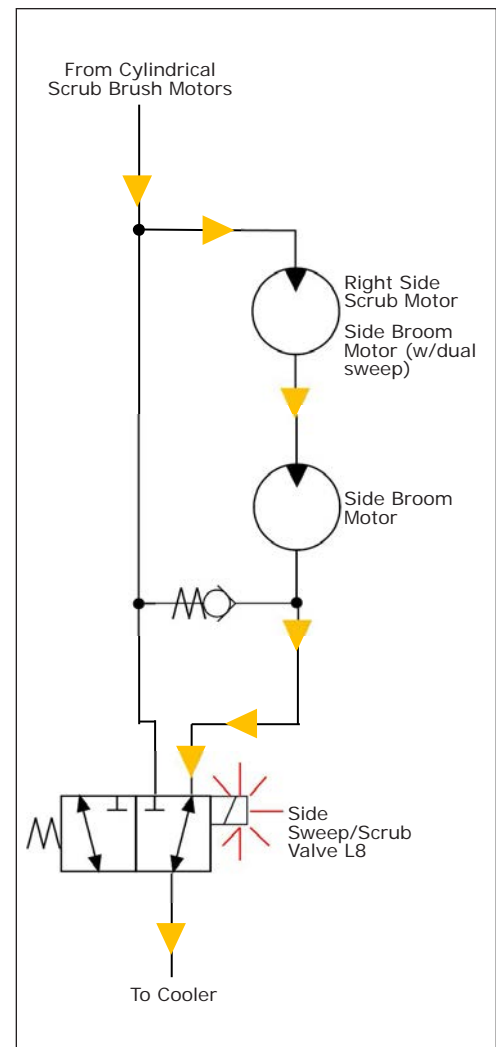
### Side Broom Motor(s) Off

When the two **Side Broom Motors**, or the **Right Side Scrub Motor** and left **Side Broom Motor** are off, the **Side Sweep/Scrub Valve L8** is closed (de-energized). The **Side Sweep/Scrub Valve L8** directs the oil from the **Cylindrical Scrub Brush Motors** to the oil **Cooler** and filter, bypassing the **Side Scrub/Broom Motors**.



### Side Broom Motor(s) On

When the two **Side Broom Motors**, or the **Right Side Scrub Motor** and left **Side Broom Motor** are on, the **Side Sweep/Scrub Valve L8** is energized to direct the oil from the discharge side of the **Cylindrical Scrub Brush Motors** to the **Side Scrub/Broom Motors**. The oil then travels from the discharge side of the **Side Scrub/Broom Motors** to the oil **Cooler** and filter.



## Component Locations

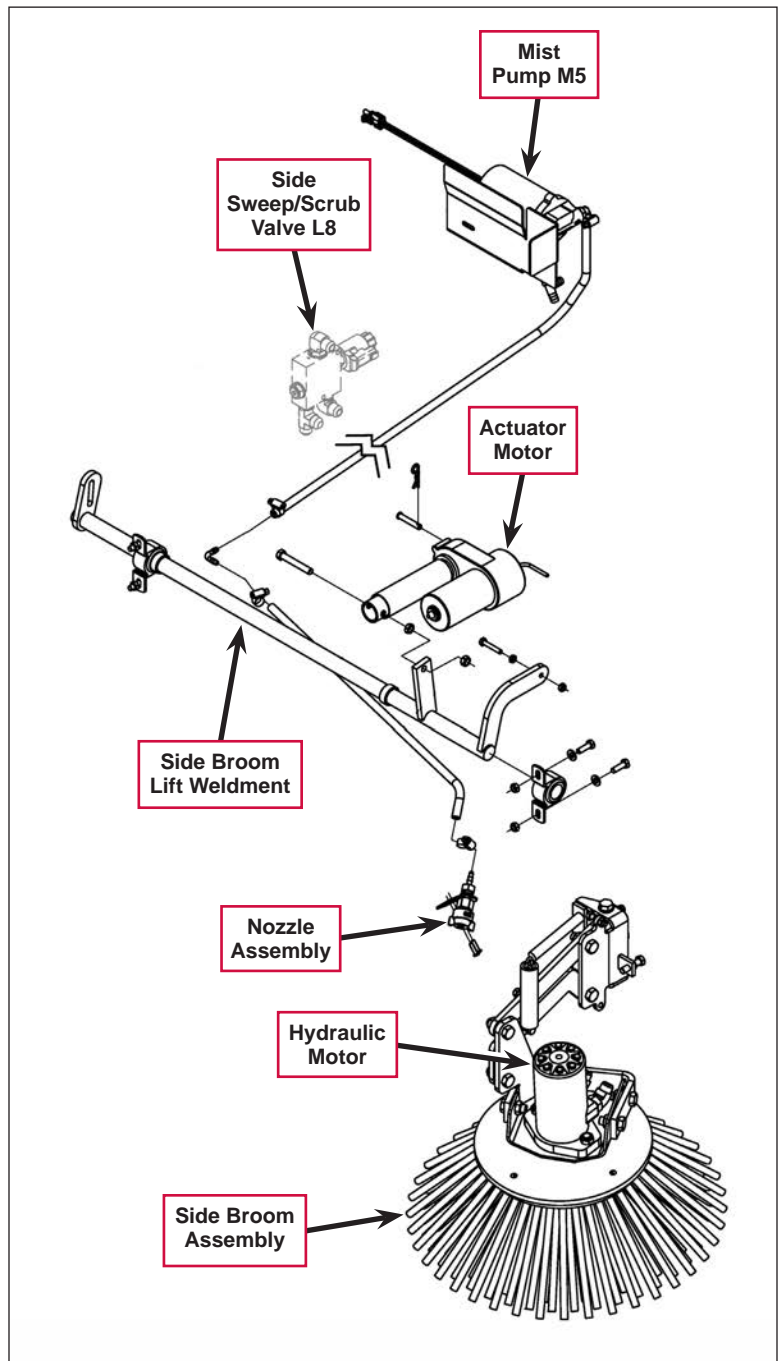
### Single (left-hand) Sweep

The single (left-hand) sweep system is installed on the front of the machine in conjunction with a right-hand scrub system.

The **Side Broom Assembly** is mounted on the **Side Broom Lift Weldment**. The **Actuator Motor** extends and retracts the pivot arm on the **Side Broom Lift Weldment** to raise and lower the **Side Broom Assembly**.

The DustGuard™ **Mist Pump M5** supplies solution to the **Nozzle Assembly** to reduce the dust generated during sweeping.

The **Side Sweep/Scrub Valve L8** controls the hydraulic oil to the **Hydraulic Motor** on the **Side Broom Assembly** to switch the **Hydraulic Motor** on and off.



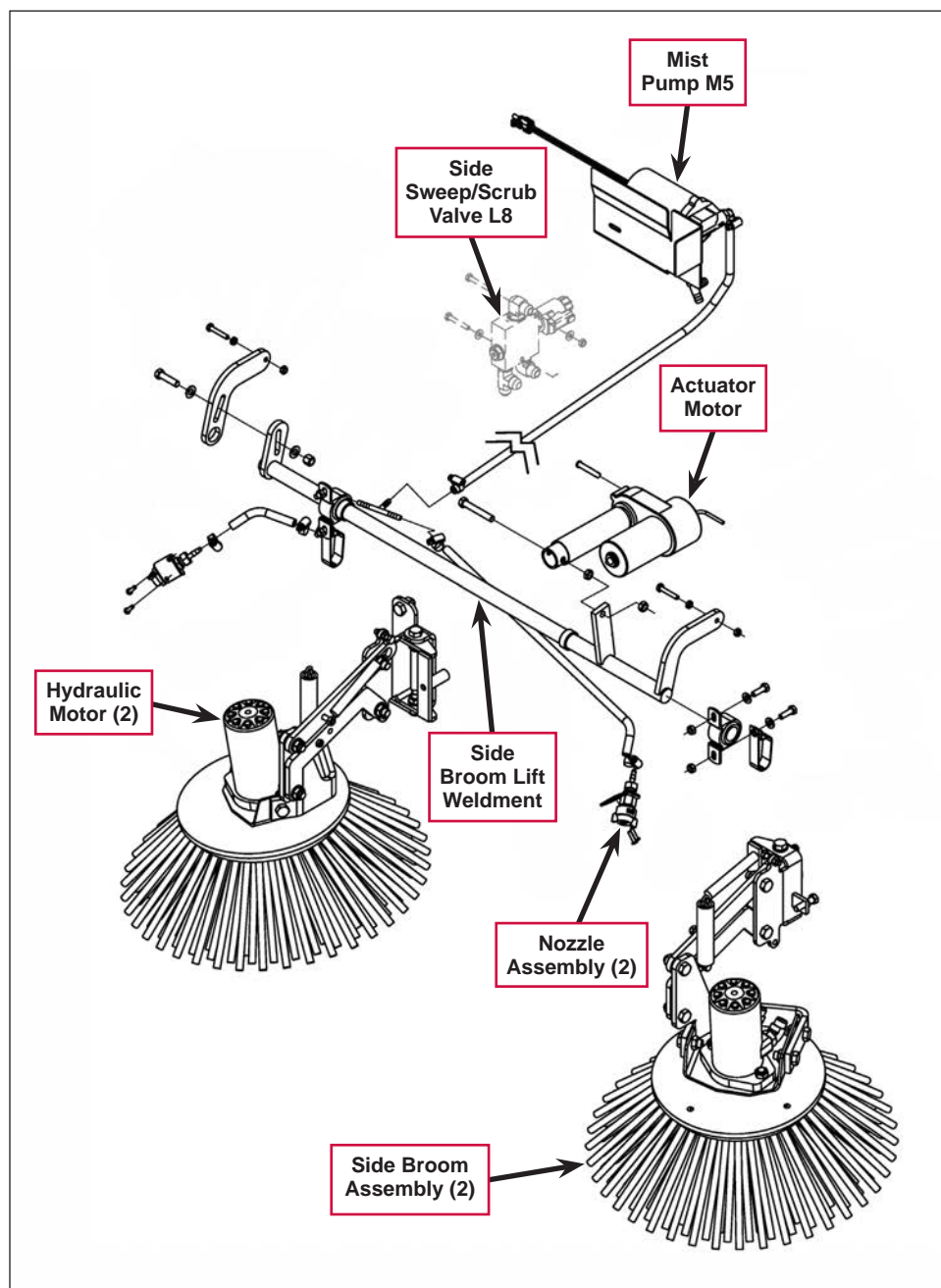
## Dual Sweep

The dual sweep system is installed on the front of the machine and uses two **Side Broom Assemblies** with no right side scrub motor.

The **Side Broom Assemblies** are mounted on the **Side Broom Lift Weldment**. The **Actuator Motor** extends and retracts the pivot arm on the **Side Broom Lift Weldment** to raise and lower the **Side Broom Assemblies**.

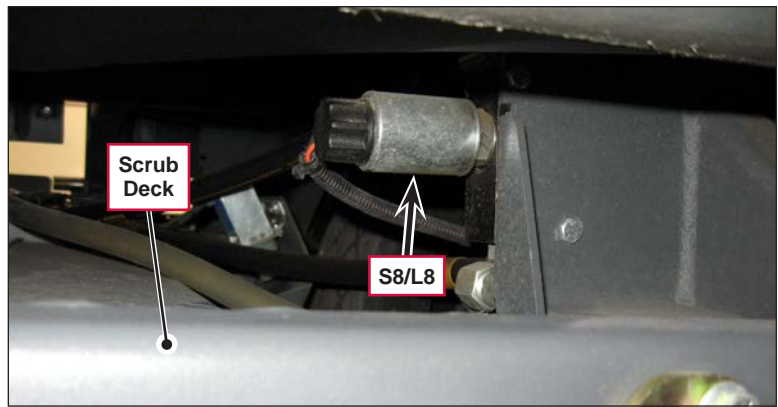
The DustGuard™ **Mist Pump M5** supplies solution to the two **Nozzle Assemblies**.

The **Side Sweep/Scrub Valve L8** controls the hydraulic oil to the **Hydraulic Motors** on the **Side Broom Assemblies** to switch the **Hydraulic Motors** on and off.





The **Right Side Scrub/Sweep Solenoid Valve S8/L8** controls the side sweep motor(s). **S8/L8** is located above the front end of the Scrub Deck.



## Maintenance and Adjustments



**Warning!** Before performing any machine maintenance or adjustments, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

### To Adjust the Side Broom Lift Actuator Motor

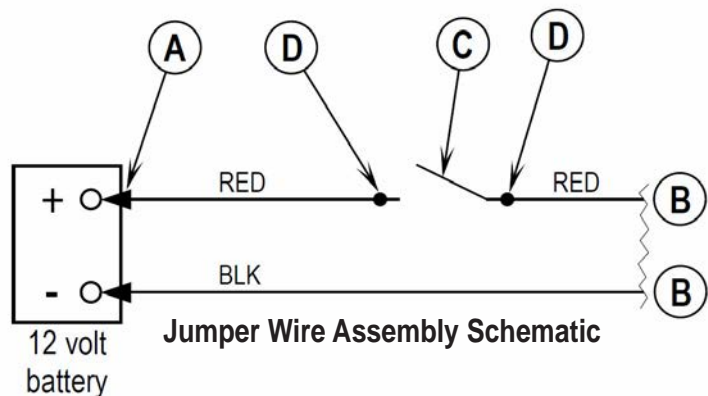
1. Assemble the jumper wire that you'll need to connect machine battery to the three-wire connector on the actuator. Refer to the adjacent **Jumper Wire Assembly Schematic** and **Bill of Material**.



**Important Service Note:**

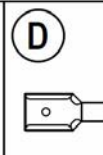
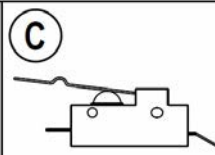
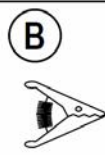
The power cord adapter (p/n 56407502), normally used on all other two-wire actuator motors, should not be used on the side broom lift actuator motor.

The **Jumper Wire Assembly Schematic** illustrates the correct battery polarity (+ and -) power inputs to operate the actuator motor for both extending and retracting the drive nut.

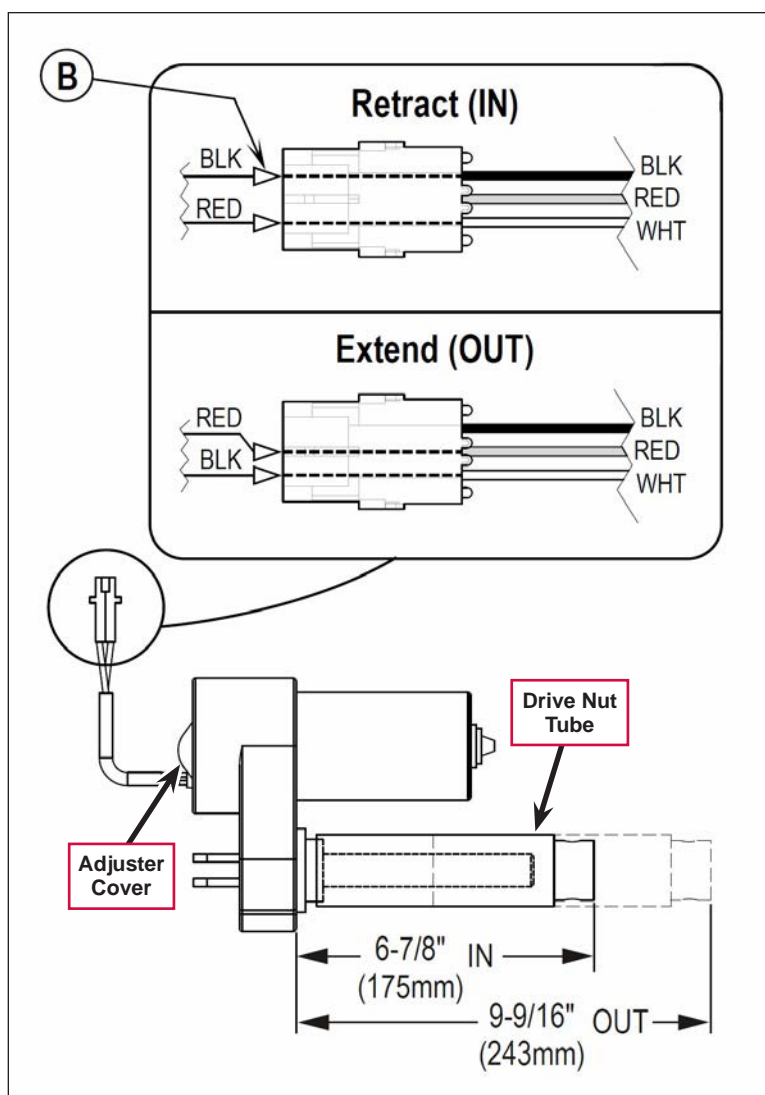


#### Jumper Wire Assembly Bill of Material

Item	Qty	Description
	1	Wire 16 gauge (red) 60" length
	1	Wire 16 gauge (black) 60" length
A	2	Medium size insulated alligator clips (60 series)
B	2	Small size insulated alligator clips (30 series)
C	1	Normally Open snap switch part # 56385615
D	2	.250 (1/4) insulated female connectors part # 56244138



2. Connect the jumper wiring as shown to run the actuator motor in the **Retract (IN)** mode.
3. Hold the steel **Drive Nut Tube** and press the switch to run the **Drive Nut Tube** toward the motor housing (its **IN** limit).
4. Measure the position of the **Drive Nut Tube** on the actuator shaft, then compare it to the retracted (**IN**) dimension specification as shown.
5. Manually turn the steel **Drive Nut Tube** to match the **IN** dimension shown.
6. Connect the jumper wiring to run the actuator motor in the **Extend (OUT)** mode.
7. Hold the **Drive Nut Tube** and press the switch to run the **Drive Nut Tube** to the **OUT** position. Wait for the motor to stop once it reaches its **OUT** limit.
8. Measure the position of the **Drive Nut Tube** on the actuator shaft and compare the measurement with the **OUT** dimension shown.
9. If the **OUT** measurement doesn't match the dimension shown, it will be necessary to remove the rubber **Adjuster Cover** and rotate the outside hex adjuster underneath the **Adjuster Cover**.



**Note:** Use a 1/2" (13mm) socket to turn the outside hex adjuster. Each click of the adjuster (cam) will change the **Drive Nut Tube** travel 1/16" (1.6mm).

- To increase the **Drive Nut Tube OUT** dimension, turn the adjuster clockwise.
- To decrease the **Drive Nut Tube OUT** dimension, turn the adjuster counterclockwise.

10. Hold the **Drive Nut Tube**, run the actuator to the **IN** and **OUT** positions and check both dimensions after each adjustment.



**Note:** When checking the directional travel dimensions, remember to change the connections (battery polarity) of the jumper wires.

11. Once the **Drive Nut Tube** travel limits are set correctly, reinstall the **Adjuster Cover**.



**Service Tip:** Leave the correctly-adjusted actuator motor in the out (extended) position when you reinstall the motor.

## Troubleshooting

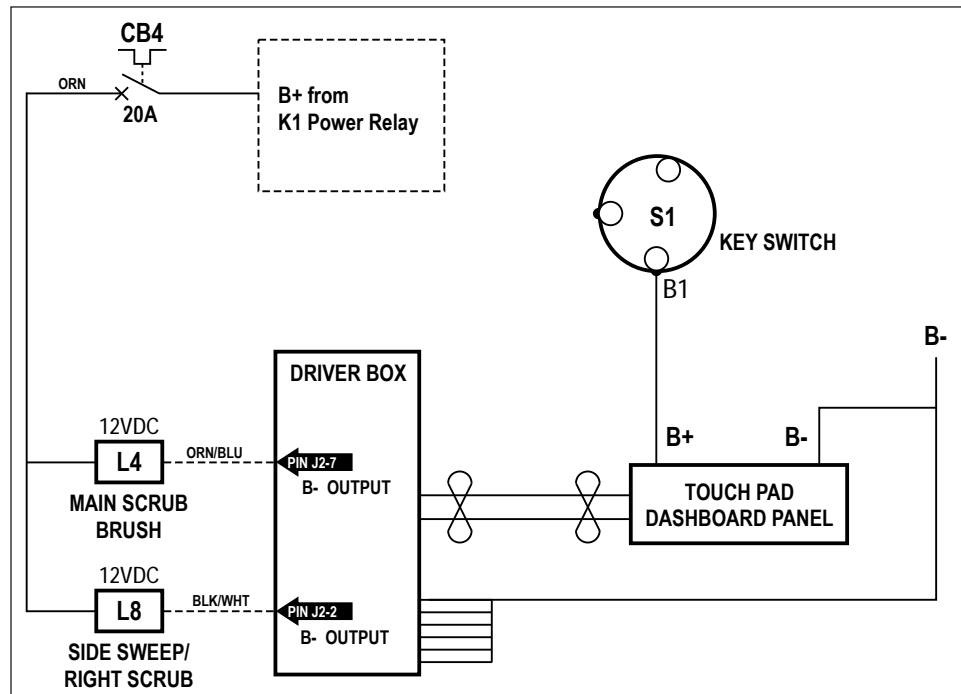
### General Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
Side Sweep System not working	Right side scrub/sweep motor solenoid valve over current (fault code 16 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check L8 solenoid coil wiring for problems (+ ORN and - BLK/WHT).</li> <li>• Check coil resistance. If less than 6 ohms, replace. Also see the <b>Main Scrub and Side Sweep/Scrub On</b> electrical ladder detail.</li> </ul>
	Side sweep lift actuator over current (fault code 30 displayed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three wires supply power to the M7 side broom lift actuator motor; check wiring for problems. Wire colors J3-4 BLU/RED (+) DN otherwise open, J3-5 WHT/RED (-) UP otherwise open, J3-7 GRA/VIO common wire + UP and - DN.</li> <li>• Test current draw full load 20A ±2A max.</li> <li>• Check for frozen or binding lift linkage. Repair/replace as needed.</li> </ul>

## Main Scrub and Side Sweep/Scrub On

The following conditions must be met for the Side Sweep Broom motor(s) to run:

- The **Key Switch** must be on.
- The engine must be running.
- The scrub on mode and side broom/scrub must be selected on the **Dashboard Panel**.
- The drive pedal must be activated (moved from the neutral position).



Component	Current - Amps	Coil Resistance - Ohms
L4	1.5 Amps	8 ohms
L8	1.5 Amps	8 ohms

## Specifications

Component	Specifications
Scrub Brush Solenoid Valve L4	Current – 1.5 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms
Side Sweep/Scrub Solenoid Valve L8	Current – 1.5 amps
	Nominal Coil Resistance – 8 ohms
Side Broom Motor	Displacement – 17.9 Cu. In. Per Revolution
	Rotation - Clockwise (as viewed from shaft end)
	Pressure Port - A

## Wheel System, Non-traction

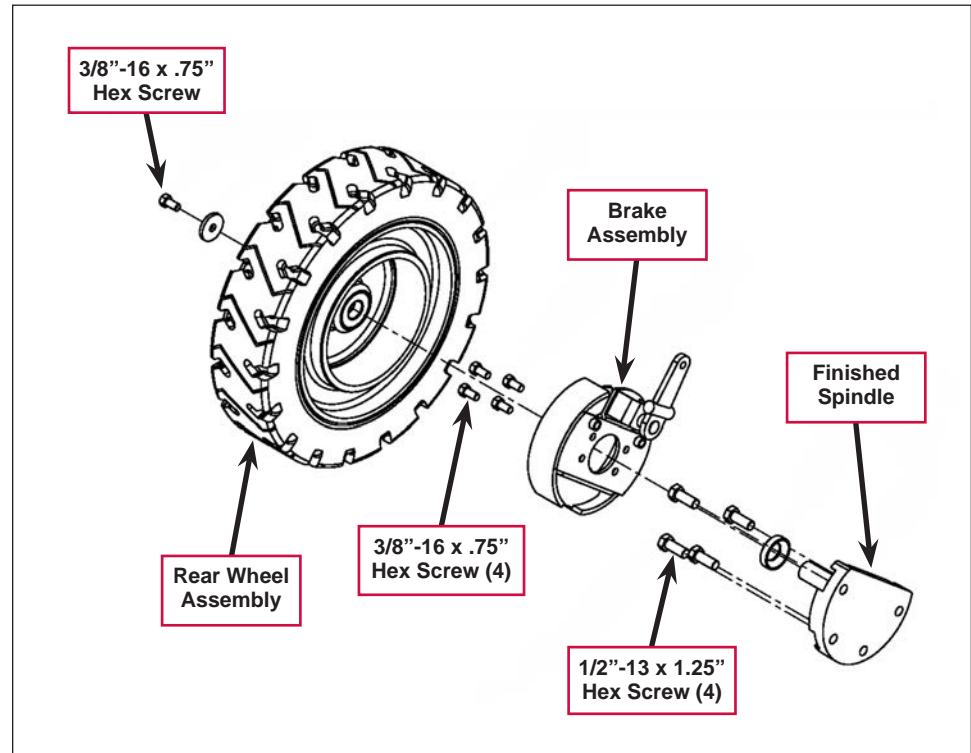
### Functional Description

The non-traction wheel system supports the rear of the machine and includes the braking system.

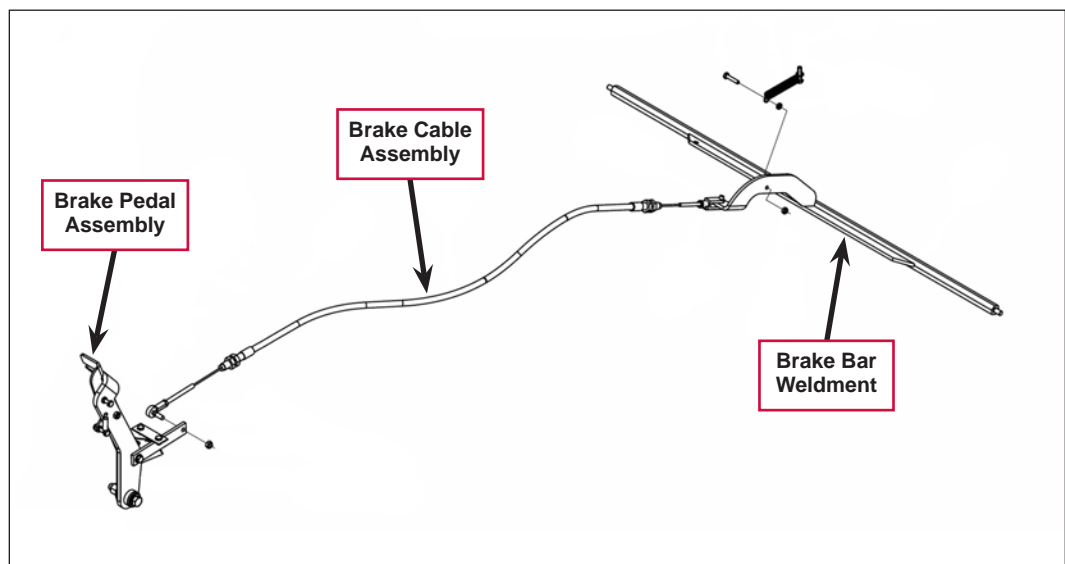
The **Rear Wheel Assemblies** are fastened to the **Finished Spindles** with a single **3/8"-16 x .75" Hex Screw** and flat washer.

The **Brake Assemblies** are fastened to the **Finished Spindles** with four **3/8"-16 x .75" Hex Screws**.

The **Finished Spindles** are fastened to the machine frame with four **1/2"-13 x 1.25" Hex Screws**.



The **Brake Cable Assembly** connects the **Brake Pedal Assembly** to the **Brake Bar Weldment**. The **Brake Bar Weldment** actuates the brake levers on the **Brake Assemblies**.





## Maintenance and Adjustments



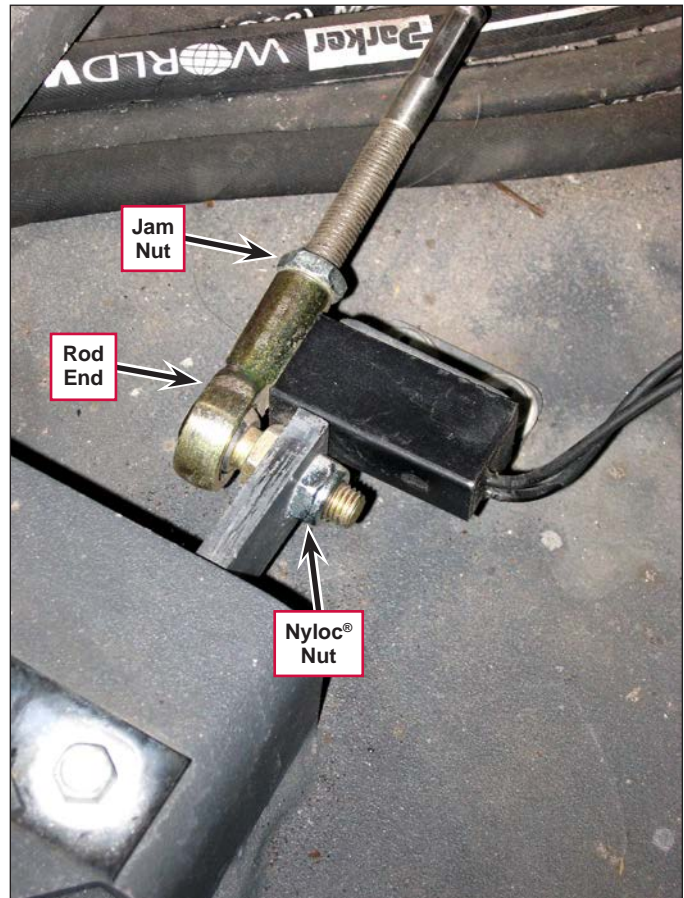
**Warning!** Before performing any machine maintenance or adjustments, make sure the key switch is off and the key is removed from the machine.

### Brake Tension Adjustment

1. Remove the floor weldment, located in the Operator's compartment, to access the **Rod End**.
2. Remove the **Nyloc® Nut** and remove the **Rod End** from the brake pedal assembly.
3. Loosen the **Jam Nut** and rotate the **Rod End** in the appropriate direction to adjust the brake tension.
4. When the brake tension has been adjusted, tighten the **Jam Nut**.
5. Reinstall the **Rod End** into the brake pedal assembly, then reinstall and tighten the **Nyloc® Nut**.
6. Check the brake tension as follows:
  - a. Jack up the rear of the machine to get the rear wheels off of the ground.



**Caution!** Make sure to follow the instructions in the **General Information/Jacking The Machine** section. Jack the machine at the designated locations only.



- b. Manually rotate the rear wheels to check the brake tension. The tension is set correctly when the wheels cannot be rotated with the parking brake applied to three “clicks”, but will rotate freely when the parking brake is off.
  - c. Readjust the brake tension as necessary following steps 2 through 5 above.
7. When the brake tension is adjusted correctly, lower the machine and reinstall the floor weldment.



## Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
The wheels are making excess noise.	The wheel bearings are worn.	Check the wheel assembly, wheel bearings and spindle and replace as required.
	The wheel and/or spindle is damaged.	
The brakes are not working correctly.	The brakes are out of adjustment.	Adjust the brake tension.
	The brake linings are worn out.	Replace the brake linings.

## Specifications

Component	Specifications
Brakes (service)	Mechanical drum brakes, one on each rear wheel, cable actuated
Tire (rear 2) load bearing	Size 16 in x 4 in [406 mm x 101 mm] solid

## Wheel System, Traction

### Functional Description

#### Overview

The traction wheel system includes the hydraulic traction drive motor and drive wheel, and the foot pedal/hydroback system.

The traction drive motor is driven by the variable-displacement **Piston Pump** which allows speed and directional control. The **Piston Pump** and traction drive motor hydraulic system is a closed system, but allows for programmed oil leakage through the **Piston Pump** for lubrication and cooling purposes. This leaked oil returns to the reservoir and requires make-up oil that is supplied to the **Piston Pump** through the charge circuit.

#### Piston Pump

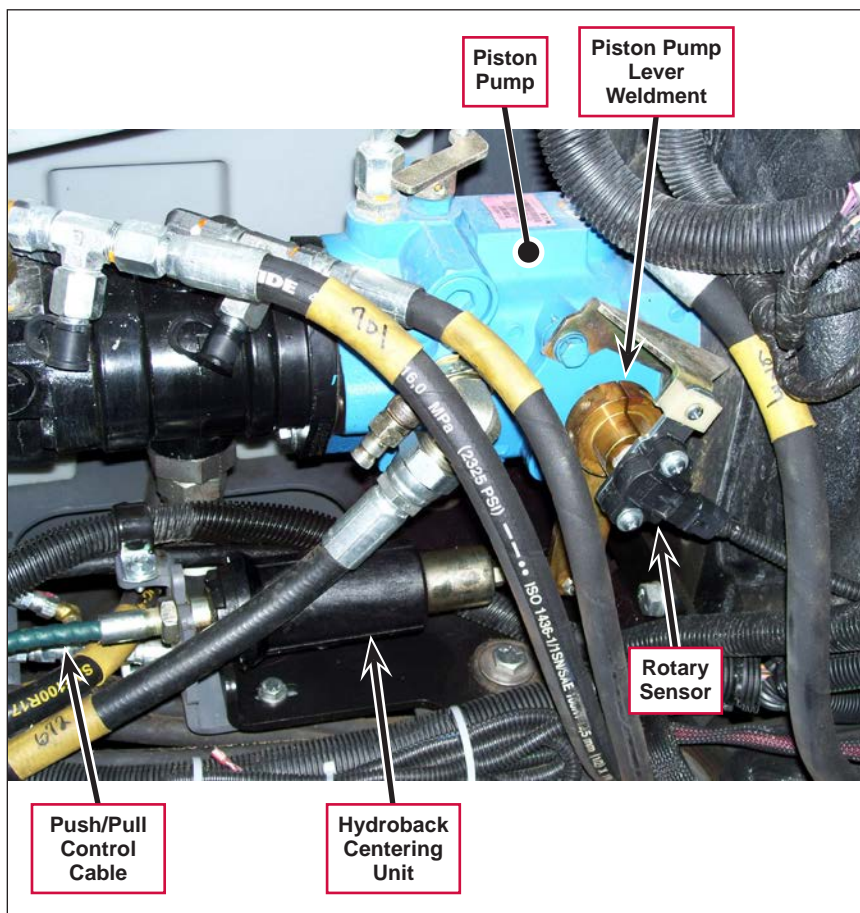
The **Piston Pump** is driven by the engine and powers the hydraulic traction drive motor.

#### Foot Pedal, Hydroback and Rotary Sensor

The foot pedal actuates the **Push/Pull Control Cable** which is connected to the **Hydroback Centering Unit**.

The **Hydroback Centering Unit** transfers the **Push/Pull Control Cable** motion to the **Piston Pump Lever Weldment** attached to the **Piston Pump** to control machine direction and speed. The **Hydroback Centering Unit** also returns the foot pedal and **Piston Pump Lever Weldment** to the neutral position when the foot pedal is released.

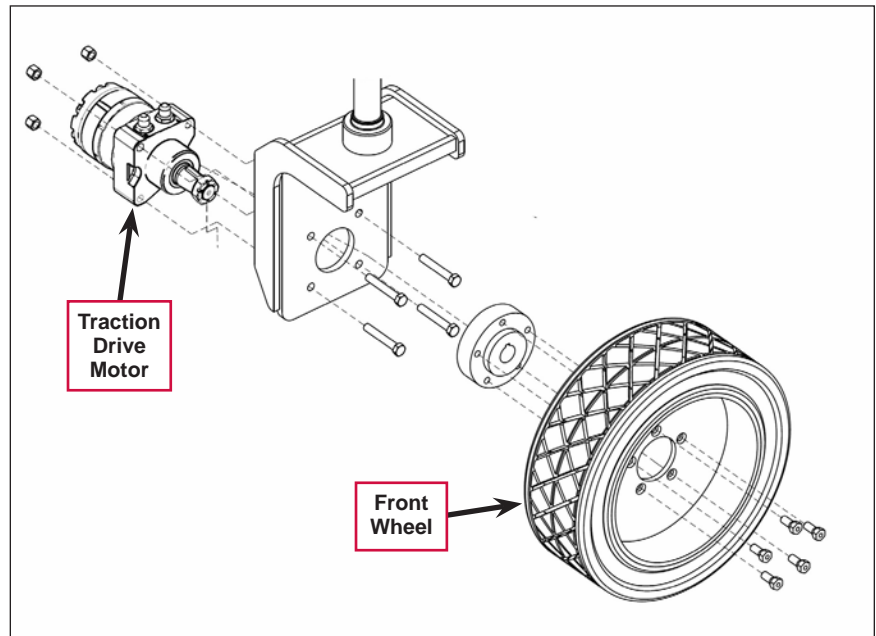
The **Rotary (Drive Pedal) Sensor** is a 0 to 5K ohm potentiometer that rotates with the **Piston Pump Lever Weldment**. The resistance through the **Rotary Sensor** will vary with the position of the **Piston Pump Lever Weldment**. The Driver Box monitors the voltage through **Rotary Sensor** to ensure that the foot pedal is in neutral before the engine can be started, and to actuate the scrub/sweep functions when the foot pedal is moved from the neutral position.



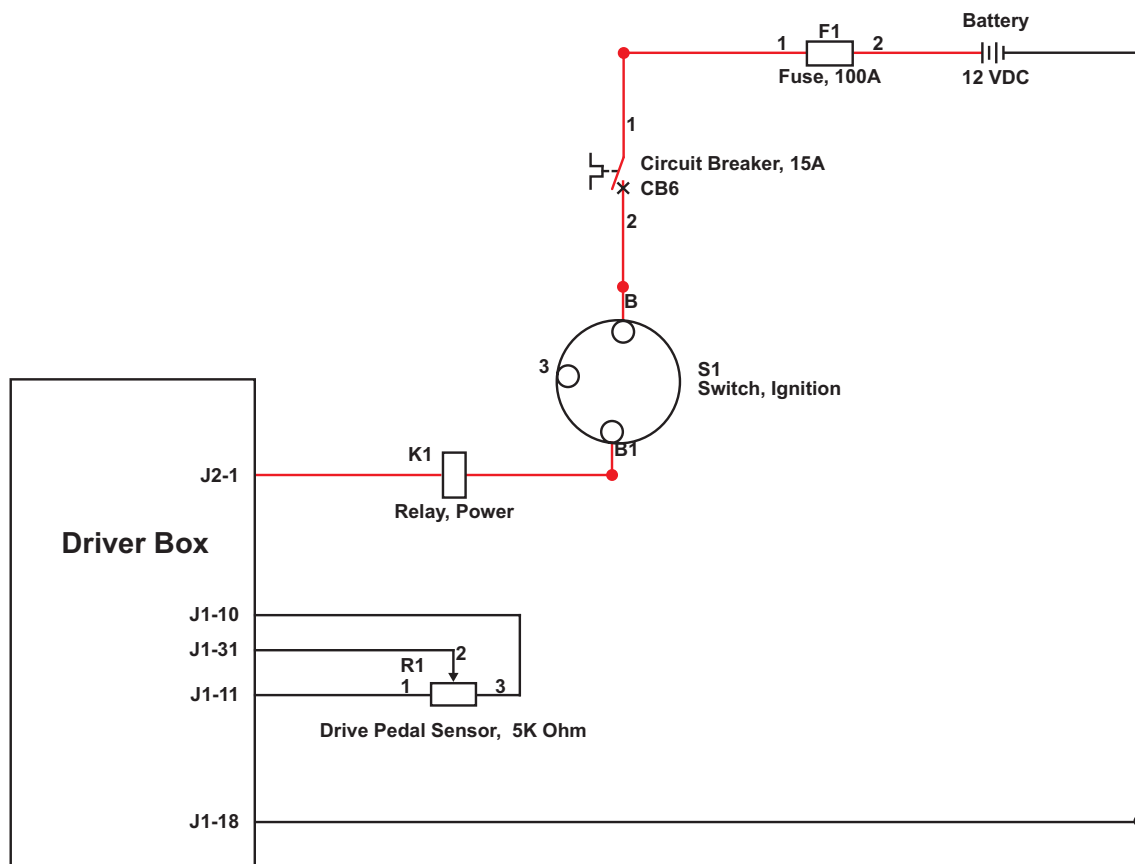
## Traction Drive Motor

The **Traction Drive Motor** is an 18.3 CIR hydraulic motor and drives the **Front Wheel**.

A tow valve, when actuated, bypasses the hydraulic circuit from the piston pump to the **Traction Drive Motor** to allow the **Front Wheel** to rotate freely when towing or pushing the machine.



## Electrical Schematic



## Electrical Circuit Description

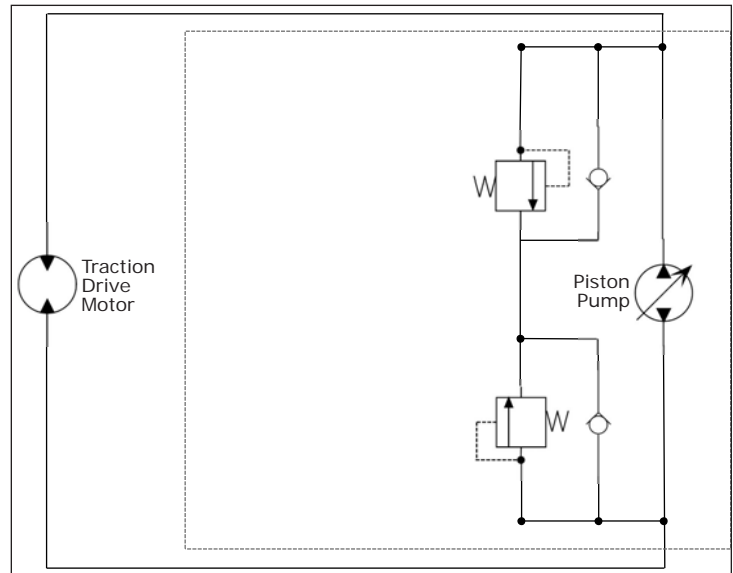
For the engine to start, the **Driver Box** must read a voltage through (rotary) **Drive Pedal Sensor** that's within the deadband range, indicating that the foot pedal is in the neutral position.

Once the engine is running, the **Driver Box** must read a voltage through **Drive Pedal Sensor** indicating that the foot pedal has moved from the neutral position in order to actuate the scrub/sweep functions.

## Hydraulic Diagrams

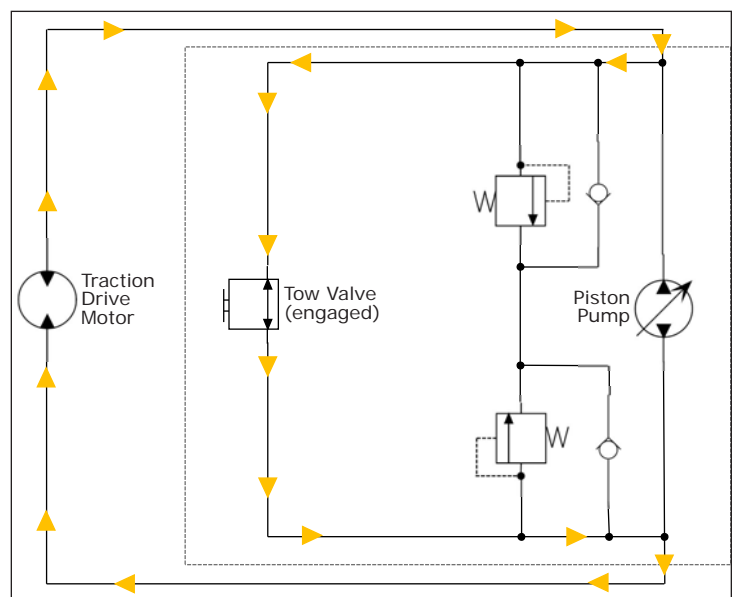
### Traction Drive Motor in Neutral

When the foot pedal is in the neutral position with the engine running, the **Piston Pump** is not sending any oil to the **Traction Drive Motor**.



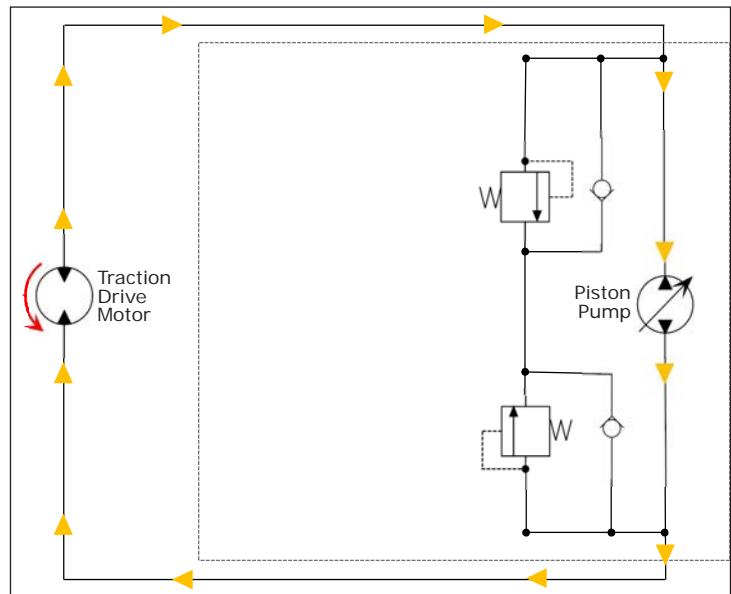
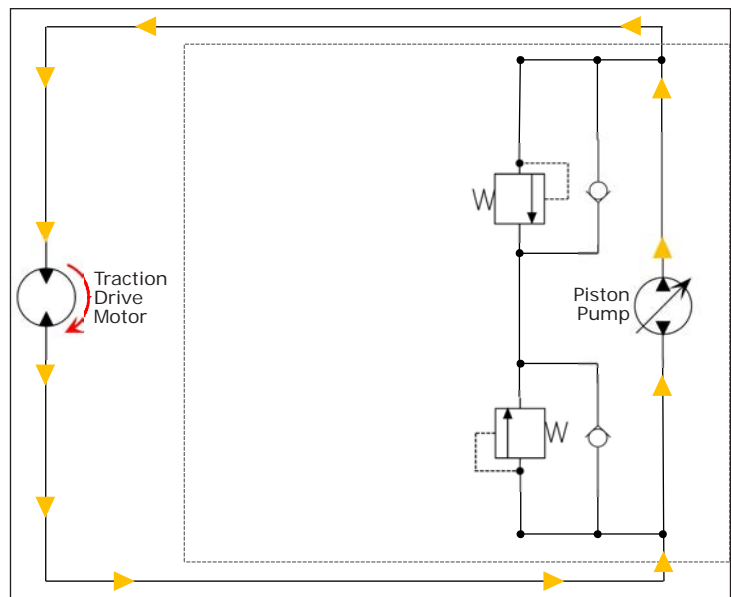
### Tow Valve Engaged

When the engine is off, the **Traction Drive Motor** acts like a hydraulic pump and makes it difficult to rotate the front wheel. The machine is equipped with a **Tow Valve** to eliminate this problem when towing or pushing the machine. When the **Tow Valve** is engaged, the oil is free to flow to and from the **Traction Drive Motor** through the **Tow Valve** when the front wheel is rotated, bypassing the **Piston Pump**.



### Traction Drive Motor in Forward or Reverse

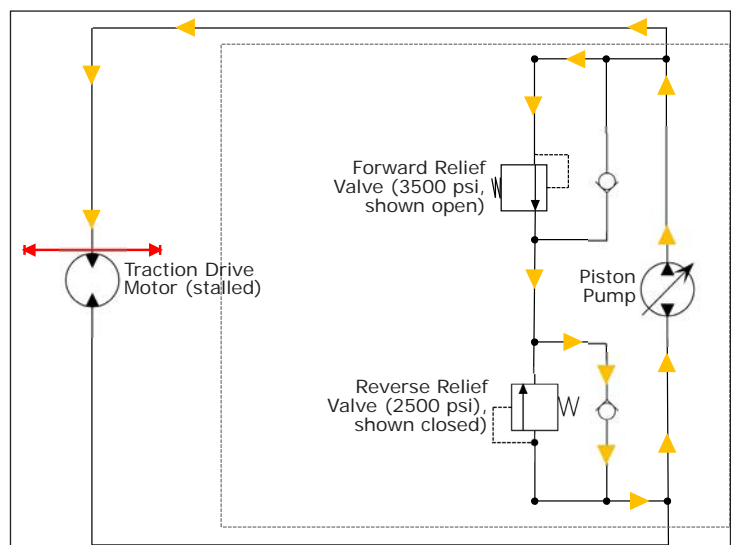
When the engine is running and the machine is moving either forward or in reverse, the **Piston Pump** is sending oil to the **Traction Drive Motor** to drive the front wheel in the appropriate direction.



### Traction Motor Stalling Out

If the **Traction Drive Motor** is unable to run in the forward direction for any reason (front wheel stalled, etc.), the **Forward Relief Valve** will open to allow oil to flow from and to the **Piston Pump**, bypassing the **Traction Drive Motor** to prevent damage to the hydraulic components.

If the **Traction Drive Motor** is unable to run in reverse, the **Reverse Relief Valve** will open to bypass the **Traction Drive Motor**.



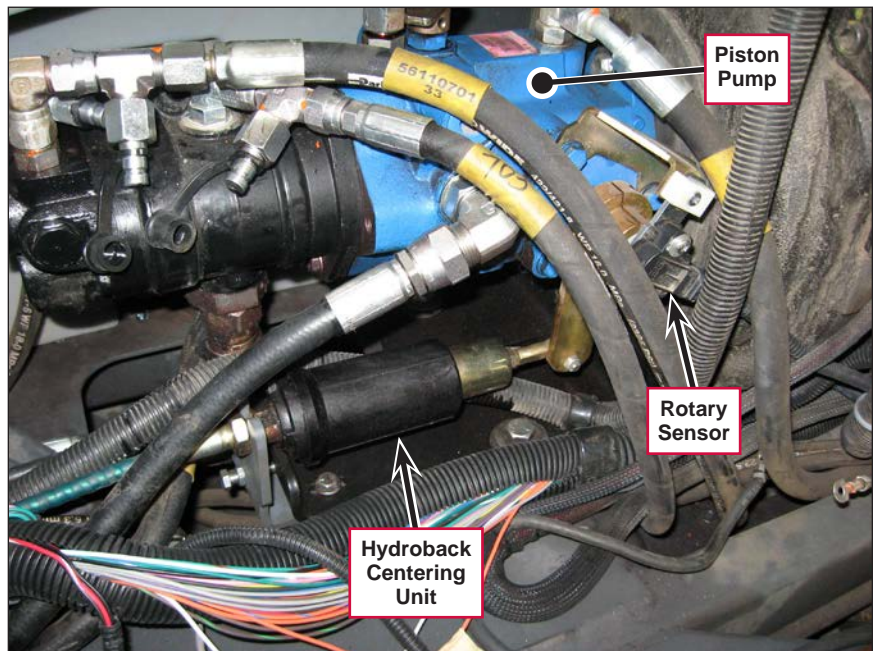
## Component Locations

### Piston Pump, Hydroback and Rotary Sensor

The **Piston Pump** is the blue pump mounted directly in front of the engine.

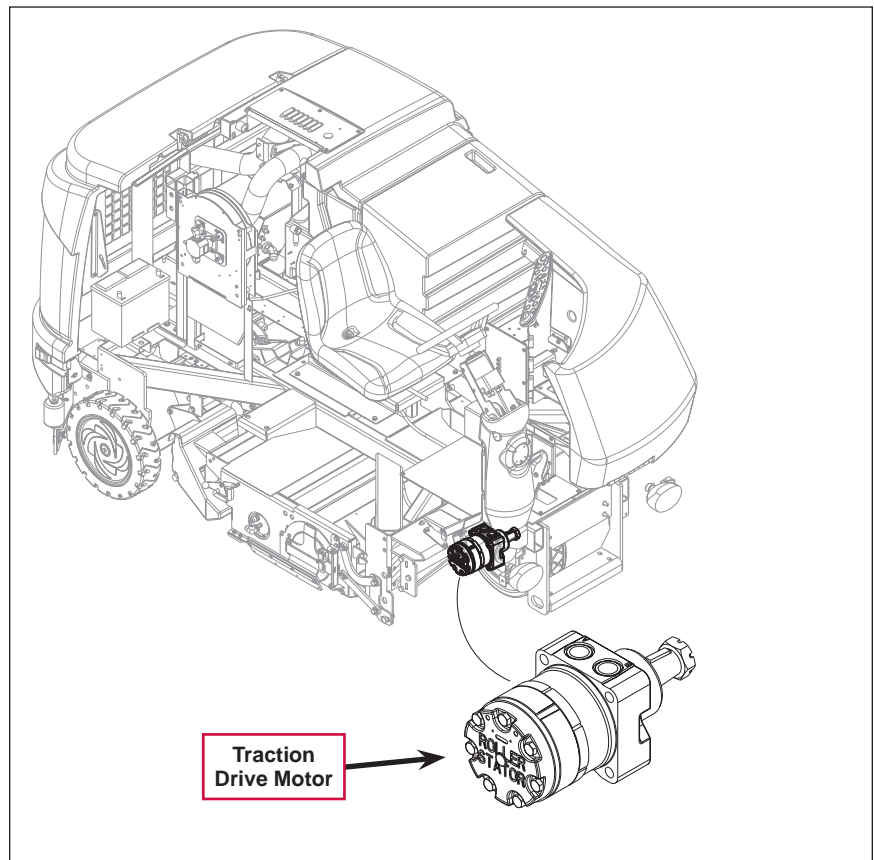
The **Hydroback Centering Unit** is mounted on the left side of the **Piston Pump**.

The **Rotary Sensor** (called the **Drive Pedal Sensor** on the electrical ladder diagram) is fastened to the piston pump lever weldment.



### Traction Drive Motor

The **Traction Drive Motor** is mounted to the drive wheel weldment underneath the front of the machine.





## Maintenance and Adjustments



**Warning!** Before performing any machine maintenance or adjustments, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

### Foot Pedal/Hydroback Neutral Adjustment



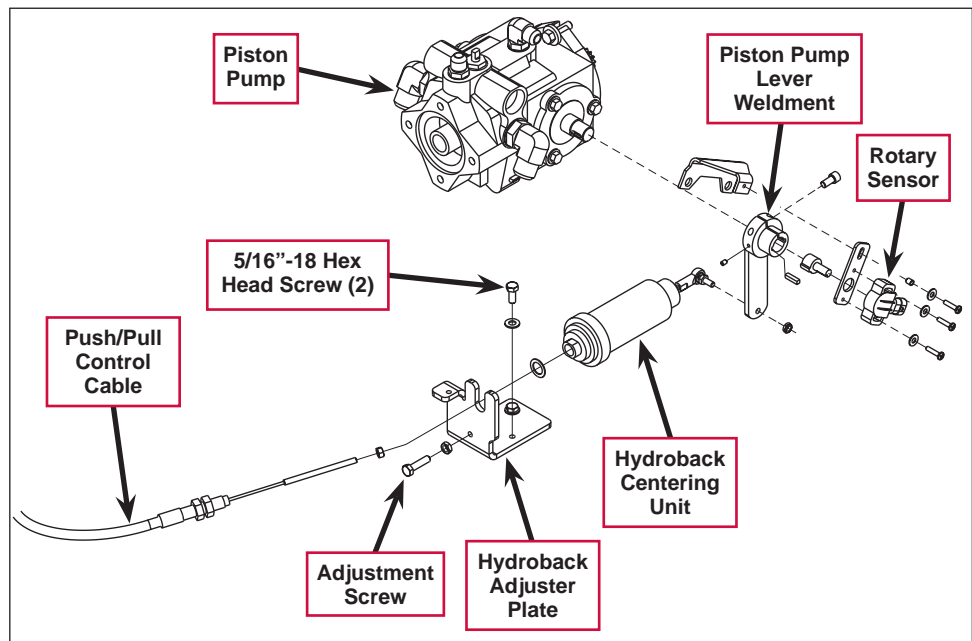
**Note:** When servicing the hydrostatic drive system, always check for any machine creeping (movement) when the machine is in neutral with the engine running. The machine must not move either forward or reverse after the foot pedal is released. If machine creeps in neutral, or if you replace the **Hydroback Centering Unit**, pedal cable or **Rotary Sensor**, you will need to set the hydrostatic drive neutral position, then recalibrate the neutral deadband setting.

1. Empty and remove the recovery tank to access the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate**.



**Caution!** Make sure to follow the instructions in the **General Information/Jacking the Machine** section. Jack the machine at the designated locations only.

2. Block the rear wheels.
3. Jack up the front of the machine until the front drive wheel is off the floor.
4. Place supports at the front corners of the machine.
5. Start the engine and observe the direction of the drive wheel rotation.
6. Loosen the two **5/16"-18 Hex Head Screws** holding the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate** to the chassis.



7. Loosen the jam nut and turn the **Adjustment Screw** clockwise or counterclockwise to move the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate** and **Hydroback Centering Unit** as required to stop any wheel movement. The **Piston Pump Lever Weldment** on the **Piston Pump** is now in the neutral position.
8. Tighten the two **5/16"-18 Hex Head Screws** to secure the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate** to the chassis.
9. Tighten the jam nut on the **Adjustment Screw**.
10. Test the neutral adjustment by activating the foot pedal in both forward and reverse, then letting the foot pedal return to the neutral position.
11. Readjust the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate** neutral position if the neutral setting is not repeatable. If you can't get a repeatable neutral position, replace the **Hydroback Centering Unit** and/or **Push/Pull Control Cable** as necessary.



12. Check the maximum forward and reverse wheel speeds and adjust the pedal stops as necessary. Refer to the **Specifications/Propulsion Pump Circuits** table in the **Hydraulic System** section for nominal wheel speeds.
13. Turn the engine off, then see if it will restart. If engine will not start, the **Rotary Sensor** is probably out of its neutral (deadband) range and needs to be recalibrated. See the **Foot Pedal Neutral/Deadband Adjustment** section for programming instructions.
14. Lower the machine and reinstall the recovery tank.

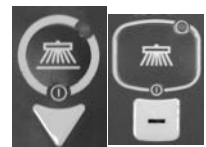
### Foot Pedal Neutral Deadband Adjustment

The resistance through the Rotary Sensor (rotary potentiometer) attached to the hydrostatic Piston Pump linkage will vary with the position of the linkage. The Driver Box must see the resistance through the Rotary Sensor within a particular range, called the neutral “deadband”, to confirm the Piston Pump is in neutral before the Driver Box will allow the engine to start.

Once the engine is started, depressing the foot pedal moves the Rotary Sensor out of the deadband range. When the Driver Box sees the resistance from the Rotary Sensor out of the deadband range, it activates the various scrub/sweep functions.

Whenever you change or repair the foot pedal linkage components or the hydrostatic unit, or if you replace the Rotary Sensor or Control Board (Driver Box), you will have to recalibrate the neutral deadband position and set the sensitivity as follows:

1. Depress the foot pedal to the full reverse position, then allow the pedal to slowly return to its neutral position. Do not move the pedal during the remainder of this procedure.
2. Press and hold the Engine Speed switch, then turn the ignition Key Switch to the run (on) position. Continue to hold the Engine Speed switch until all the display panel lights turn off (approximately three seconds), then release the switch.
  - The first line of the LCD will read **PEDAL CALIBRATION**.
  - The second line of the display will read **Place Pedal in Neutral** with an arrow to the left of the line.
  - The third line of the display will read **Neutral Deadband**.
3. Press the green Scrub On switch.
  - The first line of the LCD will read **Neutral Set**.
  - The second line of the display will show the resistance value, in ohms, that the control board is reading through the rotary sensor. Note that it's normal for this value to drift a little.
4. Press the green Scrub On switch to set the nominal deadband resistance value. The display will return to the previous menu.
5. Press the Side Broom Down (-) switch to move the arrow to the left of the **Neutral Deadband** line.
6. Press the green Scrub On switch to display the **Neutral Deadband** range menu. The percentages shown are the limits the resistance from the rotary sensor can vary from the **Neutral Set** (nominal) resistance and still be in the deadband range and allow the engine to start.



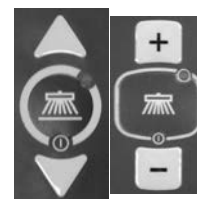
7. Press the Side Broom Up (+) and Down (-) switches to scroll through the available percentages.



**Note:** *The ideal neutral deadband percentage range is one that allows reliable starting, yet still actuates the scrub functions with minimal pedal travel.*

- *Increasing the percentage range will decrease the pedal neutral position sensitivity, but will increase the pedal travel required to start the scrub functions.*
- *Decreasing the percentage range will increase the pedal neutral position sensitivity, but will decrease the pedal travel required to start the scrub functions.*

*The factory default value is 3%.*



8. When the arrow is to the left of the desired percentage value:

- Press the green Scrub On switch to save the new percentage value. The display will return to the previous menu.
- Press the red Scrub Off switch to return to the previous menu without changing the percentage value.



9. Turn the Key Switch to the off position. The new settings will be saved and remain in effect until they are changed again.

## Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
The machine "creeps" forward or backward when the foot pedal is in the neutral position.	The Hydroback neutral position is out of adjustment.	Reset the Hydroback neutral position. Refer to the <b>Foot Pedal/Hydroback Neutral Adjustment</b> section.
The starter will not crank the engine.	The Driver Box is failing to see the Rotary Sensor resistance in the deadband and has sent a "start-inhibit" signal to the relay PCB.	Note that in this condition, moving the drive pedal out of the neutral position should allow the starter to crank the engine.  Recalibrate the neutral deadband position and set the sensitivity. Refer to the <b>Foot Pedal Neutral Deadband Adjustment</b> section.

## Removal and Installation



**Warning!** Before removing or reinstalling any machine components, make sure the key switch is off, the key is removed from the machine and the parking brake is engaged.

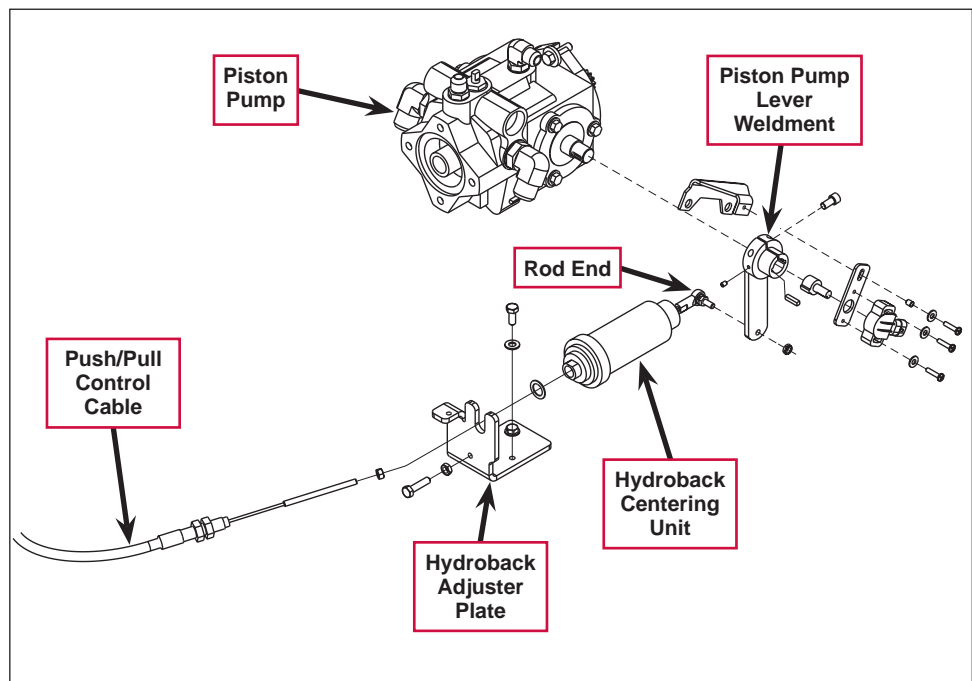
### Push/Pull Control Cable Replacement

1. Lower the side broom(s).
2. Empty and remove the recovery tank.



**Caution!** Make sure to follow the instructions in the **General Information/Jacking the Machine** section. Jack the machine at the designated locations only.

3. Block the rear wheels.
4. Jack up the front of the machine. This will make it easier to access the **Push/Pull Control Cable** and mounting hardware by the foot pedal assembly.
5. From underneath the machine, note the position and spacing of the two jam nuts and star washer holding the old **Push/Pull Control Cable** in the mounting fork by the foot pedal. Loosen the jam nuts and remove the **Push/Pull Control Cable** from the mounting fork.



6. Disconnect the rod end on the old **Push/Pull Control Cable** from the foot pedal assembly.
7. Loosen the locknut, then remove the rod end and locknut from the **Push/Pull Control Cable**.
8. Remove the two jam nuts and star washer from the old **Push/Pull Control Cable**. (This will make it easier to remove the old **Cable** from the machine.)
9. Loosen the jam nut holding the old **Push/Pull Control Cable** and **Hydroback Centering Unit** in the mounting fork by the **Piston Pump**.
10. Disconnect the **Rod End** from the **Piston Pump Lever Weldment**.
11. Loosen the locknut, then remove the **Rod End** and locknut from the old **Push/Pull Control Cable**.
12. Remove the four jam nuts and two star washers from the new **Push/Pull Control Cable**. (This will make it easier to pull the new **Cable** through the machine.)



**Service Note:** *To thread the new **Push/Pull Control Cable** from the foot pedal assembly to the Hydroback, we recommend that you **SECURELY** attach the new **Cable** to the old **Cable**, then carefully pull the new **Cable** through the old **Cable** routing path in the machine. This will eliminate a lot of disassembly and reassembly work.*

13. Once the new **Push/Pull Control Cable** has been threaded through the machine, disconnect it from the old **Cable**.
14. Reinstall the two jam nuts and star washer onto the pedal end of the **Push/Pull Control Cable**. Position the jam nuts and star washer in the same location as noted in step 5 above.
15. Remove the red plastic thread protector sleeve from the new **Push/Pull Control Cable**, then install the locknut and rod end onto the new **Cable**.
16. Reinstall the rod end into the foot pedal assembly.
17. Position the new **Push/Pull Control Cable** into the mounting fork by the foot pedal. Make sure the star washer is located on the rear side of the mounting fork, then tighten the two jam nuts.
18. Reinstall one jam nut and a star washer onto the Hydroback end of the new **Push/Pull Control Cable**. (Only one jam nut is needed to fasten the **Cable** and **Hydroback Centering Unit** to the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate**.)
19. Remove the red plastic thread protector sleeve from the new **Push/Pull Control Cable**, then install the **Cable** into the **Hydroback Centering Unit**. Note that the smaller end of the **Cable** will thread through the rear of the **Hydroback Centering Unit**, and the larger threads on the outside of the **Cable** will thread directly into the front of the **Hydroback Centering Unit**.
20. Install the locknut and **Rod End** onto the new **Push/Pull Control Cable**.
21. Reinstall the **Rod End** into the **Piston Pump Lever Weldment**.
22. Position the **Push/Pull Control Cable** and attached **Hydroback Centering Unit** into the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate** by the **Piston Pump**. Make sure the star washer is located on the rear side of the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate** and contacts the front of the **Hydroback Centering Unit**, then tighten the jam nut.
23. After installing a new **Push/Pull Control Cable**, set the foot pedal/Hydroback neutral position according to the instructions in the **Foot Pedal/ Hydroback Neutral Adjustment** section.

## Hydroback Replacement

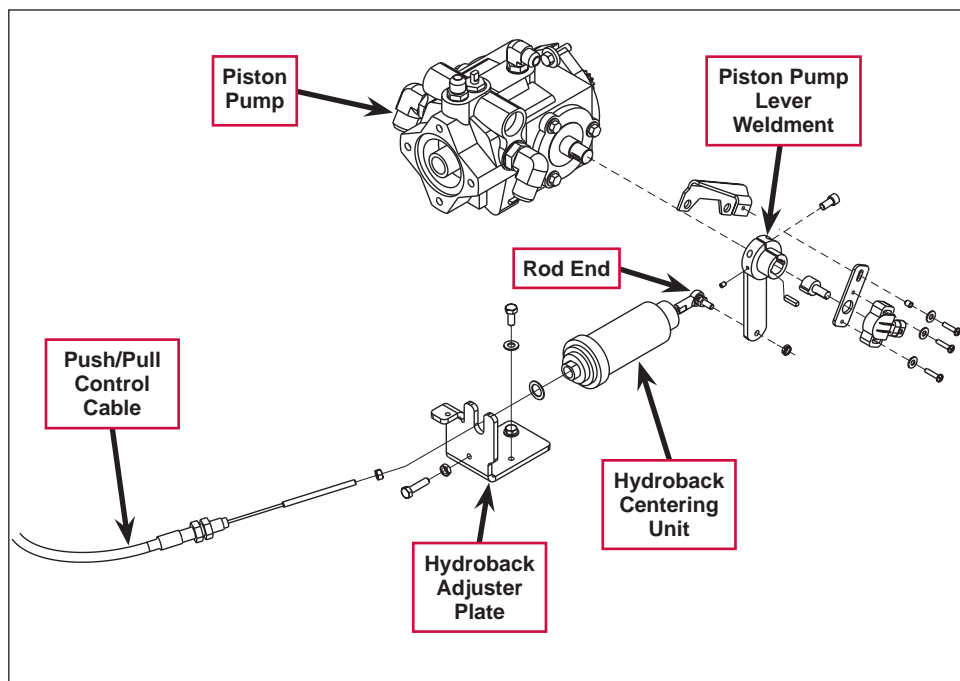
1. Empty and remove the recovery tank.

2. Loosen the jam nut holding the **Push/Pull Control Cable** and **Hydroback Centering Unit** in the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate** by the **Piston Pump**.

3. Disconnect the **Rod End** from the **Piston Pump Lever Weldment**.

4. Loosen the locknut and remove the **Rod End** and locknut from the **Push/Pull Control Cable**.

5. Remove (unscrew) the old **Hydroback Centering Unit** from the **Push/Pull Control Cable**.



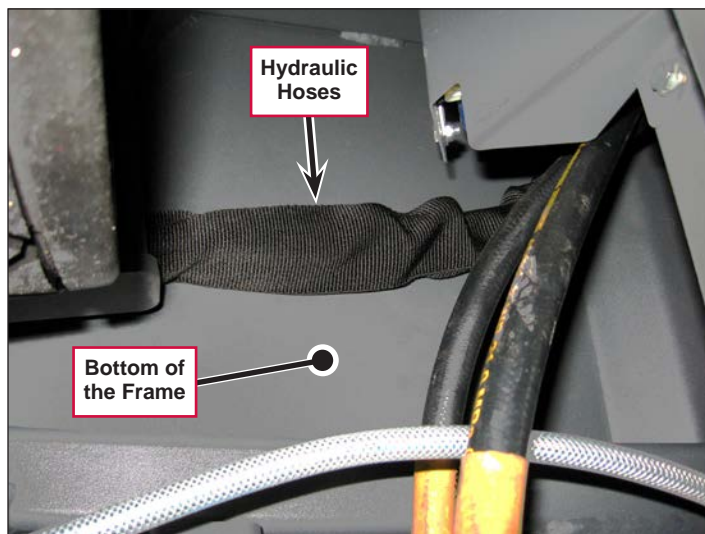
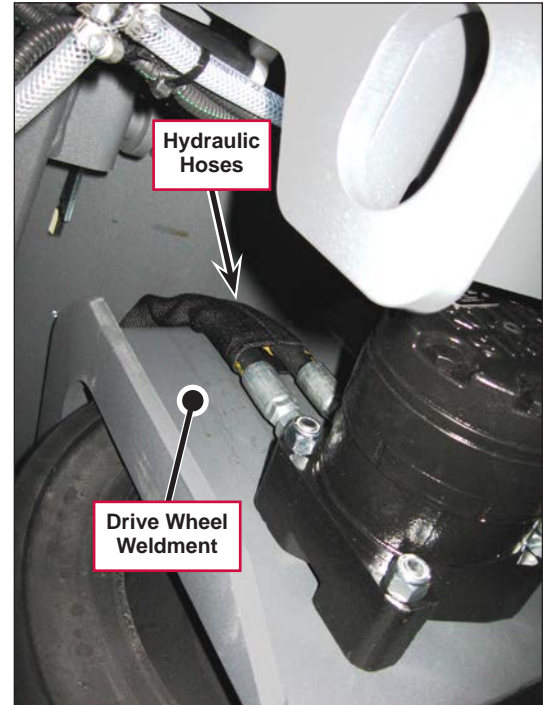
6. Install the new **Hydroback Centering Unit** unit onto the **Push/Pull Control Cable**. Note that the smaller end of the **Cable** will thread through the rear of the **Hydroback Centering Unit** and the larger threads on the outside of the **Cable** will thread directly into the front of the **Hydroback Centering Unit**.
7. Reinstall the locknut and **Rod End** onto the **Push/Pull Control Cable**.
8. Reinstall the **Rod End** into the **Piston Pump Lever Weldment**.
9. Position the **Push/Pull Control Cable** and attached **Hydroback Centering Unit** into the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate** by the **Piston Pump**. Make sure the star washer is located on the rear side of the **Hydroback Adjuster Plate** and contacts the front of the **Hydroback Centering Unit**, then tighten the jam nut.
10. After installing a new **Hydroback Centering Unit** unit, set the foot pedal/Hydroback neutral position according to the instructions in the **Foot Pedal/ Hydroback Neutral Adjustment** section.

## Traction Drive Motor Hose Routing

If the traction drive motor or the **Hydraulic Hoses** to the motor are replaced or repaired, it's important to route the **Hydraulic Hoses** correctly when reinstalled to prevent wear or damage to the **Hydraulic Hoses** and surrounding components.

When reinstalling the traction drive motor **Hydraulic Hoses**:

1. Install the **Hydraulic Hoses** but leave the fittings loose on both ends so the **Hydraulic Hoses** can pivot.
2. Turn the steering wheel all the way toward the left. The fittings should be on the front side of the motor.
3. Make sure the **Hydraulic Hoses** are routed up and inside the channel in the **Drive Wheel Weldment** as shown on the right, and lie flat against the **Bottom of the Frame** as shown below.
4. Make sure the **Hydraulic Hoses** are not twisted, then tighten the fittings on both ends to 45 ft-lbs. Note that the fittings must be tight to prevent loosening while steering.
5. Turn the steering wheel all the way toward the left and right several times to make sure the **Hydraulic Hoses** don't catch and are not rubbing against the surrounding components.



## Specifications

### Component Specifications

Component	Specifications
Tire (front 1) drive/steer	Size 18 in x 6 in [457 mm x 152 mm] P7 solid
Traction Drive Motor	Displacement – 18.3 CIR
	Shaft Rotation – Clockwise (as viewed from slot end)
Wheel Drive Piston Pump	Displacement – 1.44 CIR
	Speed – 3600 RPM Max.
	Continuous Pressure – 3000 psi
	Maximum Case Pressure – 25 psi
	Relief Setting – 2500 psi/3500 psi
	Charge Relief – 200-250 psi, high flow



## Wheel Drive System Torque Specifications

Description	Torque Specification
Steering Castle (Spindle) Nut	Torque to 40 ft.-lb., then loosen to align cotter pin.
$\frac{3}{4}$ "-16 Hex Jam Nut	Torque to 150 ft.-lb.
$\frac{1}{2}$ "-20 x 1.25 Hex Screw	Use Loctite® 242, torque to 90 ft.-lb.
$\frac{1}{2}$ "-13 Nyloc™ Hex Nut	Torque to 100 ft.-lb.
Drive Wheel Motor Spindle Nut	Torque to 375 ft.-lb. (lubed) or 475 ft.-lb. (dry), then tighten to align cross hole.
Wheel Studs	Torque to 100 ft.-lb.

