OMRON

Machine Automation Controller

NX-series

EtherNet/IP[™] Coupler Unit

User's Manual

NX-EIC202

EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit



W536-E1-09

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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing an NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

This manual contains information that is necessary to use the NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Please read this manual and make sure you understand the functionality and performance of the NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit before you attempt to use it in a control system.

Keep this manual in a safe place where it will be available for reference during operation.

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of electrical systems (an electrical engineer or the equivalent).

- · Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of designing FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities.

For programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard IEC 61131-3 or Japanese standard JIS B 3503.

Applicable Products

This manual covers the following product.

 NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit NX-EIC202

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Relevant Manuals

The table below provides the relevant manuals for the NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Units.

Read all of the manuals that are relevant to your system configuration and application to make the most of the NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Units.

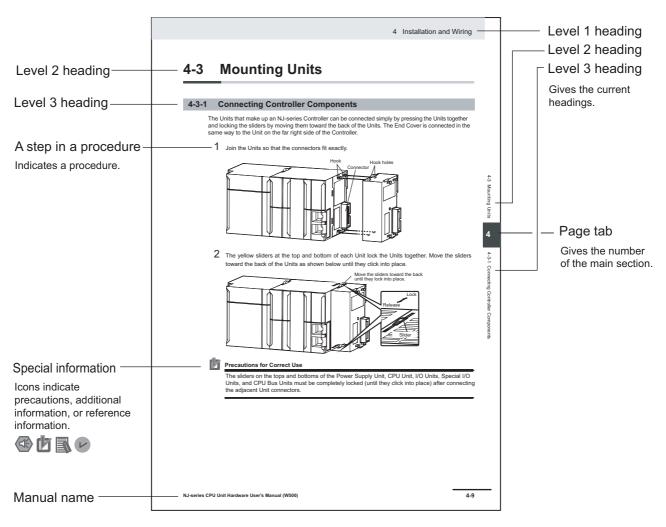
Other manuals, such as related product manuals, are necessary for specific system configurations and applications. Refer to *Related Manuals* on page 29 for the related manuals.

Manual name	Application
NX-series EtherNet/IP TM Coupler Unit User's Manual	Leaning how to use an NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler
'	Unit and EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals
NX-series Data Reference Manual	Referencing lists of the data that is required to config-
	ure systems with NX-series Units

Manual Structure

Page Structure and Icons

The following page structure and icons are used in this manual.



Note This illustration is provided only as a sample. It may not literally appear in this manual.

Special Information

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:



Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.



Precautions for Correct Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.



Additional Information

Additional information to read as required.

This information is provided to increase understanding or make operation easier.



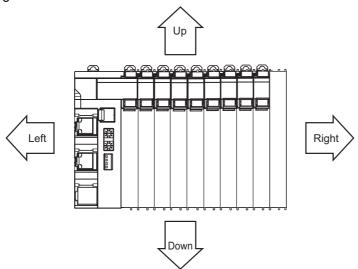
Version Information

Information on differences in specifications and functionality for CPU Units, Industrial PCs, and Communications Coupler Units with different unit versions and for different versions of the Support Software is given.

Note References are provided to more detailed or related information.

Precaution on Terminology

- In this manual, "download" refers to transferring data from the Support Software to a physical device and "upload" refers to transferring data from a physical device to the Support Software.
- In this manual, the directions in relation to the Units are given in the following figure, which shows upright installation.



- This user's manual refers to the NY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PCs and Industrial Box PCs as simply *Industrial PCs* or as *NY-series Industrial PCs*.
- This user's manual refers to the built-in EtherNet/IP port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or NY-series Industrial PC as simply a *built-in EtherNet/IP port*.

• This user's manual may omit manual names and manual numbers in places that refer to the user's manuals for CPU Units and Industrial PCs. The following table gives some examples. When necessary, refer to *Related Manuals* on page 29 to determine the appropriate manual based on the common text for the omitted contents.

Examples:

Manual name	Omitted contents	Common text
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software	Software user's manual	Software User's Manual
User's Manual	for the connected CPU	
NY-series	Unit or Industrial PC	
IPC Machine Controller Industrial		
Panel PC / Industrial Box PC		
Software User's Manual		
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP™	User's manual for built-in	Built-in EtherNet/IP port
Port User's Manual	EtherNet/IP port on the	
NY-series	connected CPU Unit or	
IPC Machine Controller Industrial	Industrial PC	
Panel PC / Industrial Box PC		
Built-in EtherNet/IP™ Port		
User's Manual		

Manual Structure

Terms and Conditions Agreement

Warranty, Limitations of Liability

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NEVER USE THE PRODUCT FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY OR IN LARGE QUANTITIES WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCT(S) IS PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

Programmable Products

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Disclaimers

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Change in Specifications

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. It is our practice to change part numbers when published ratings or features are changed, or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the Product may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special part numbers may be assigned to fix or establish key specifications for your application. Please consult with your Omron's representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased Product.

Errors and Omissions

Information presented by Omron Companies has been checked and is believed to be accurate; however, no responsibility is assumed for clerical, typographical or proofreading errors or omissions.

Safety Precautions

Definition of Precautionary Information

The following notation is used in this manual to provide precautions required to ensure safe usage of an NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

The safety precautions that are provided are extremely important to safety. Always read and heed the information provided in all safety precautions.

The following notation is used.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. Additionally, there may be severe property damage.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage.

Symbols



The circle and slash symbol indicates operations that you must not do.

The specific operation is shown in the circle and explained in text.

This example indicates prohibiting disassembly.



The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings).

The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text.

This example indicates a precaution for electric shock.



The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings).

The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text.

This example indicates a general precaution.



The filled circle symbol indicates operations that you must do.

The specific operation is shown in the circle and explained in text.

This example shows a general precaution for something that you must do.

Warnings

⚠ WARNING

During Power Supply

Do not touch the terminal section while power is ON.

Electric shock may occur.



Do not attempt to take any Unit apart.

In particular, high-voltage parts are present in Units that supply power while power is supplied or immediately after power is turned OFF. Touching any of these parts may result in electric shock. There are sharp parts inside the Unit that may cause injury.



Fail-safe Measures

Provide safety measures in external circuits to ensure safety in the system if an abnormality occurs due to malfunction of the CPU Unit, Industrial PCs, other Units, or slaves or due to other external factors affecting operation.



Not doing so may result in serious accidents due to incorrect operation.

Emergency stop circuits, interlock circuits, limit circuits, and similar safety measures must be provided in external control circuits.



The CPU Unit or Industrial PCs will turn OFF all outputs from Output Units in the following cases. The remote I/O slaves will operate according to the settings in the slaves.

- · If a power supply error occurs.
- · If the power supply connection becomes faulty.
- · If a CPU watchdog timer error or CPU reset occurs.



- If a Controller error in the major fault level occurs.
- While the CPU Unit is on standby until RUN mode is entered after the power is turned ON External safety measures must be provided to ensure safe operation of the system in such cases.

The outputs may remain ON or OFF due to deposition or burning of the output relays or destruction of the output transistors. As a countermeasure for such problems, external safety measures must be provided to ensure safe operation of the system.



If external power supplies for slaves or other devices are overloaded or short-circuited, the voltage will drop, outputs will turn OFF, and the system may be unable to read inputs. Provide external safety measures in control with monitoring of external power supply voltage as required so that the system operates safely in such a case.



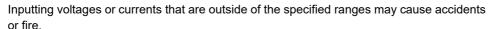
You must take fail-safe measures to ensure safety in the event of incorrect, missing, or abnormal signals caused by broken signal lines, momentary power interruptions, or other causes



Not doing so may result in serious accidents due to incorrect operation.

Voltage and Current Inputs

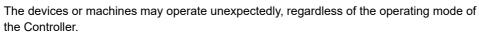
Make sure that the voltages and currents that are input to the Units and slaves are within the specified ranges.





Transferring

Always confirm safety at the destination node before you transfer Unit configuration information, parameters, settings, or other data from tools such as the Sysmac Studio.





Cautions

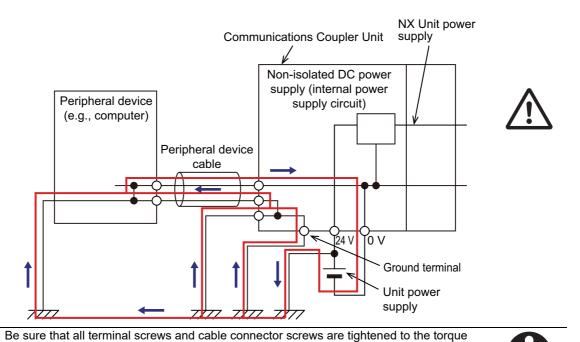
Wiring

When you connect a computer or other peripheral device to a Communications Coupler Unit that has a non-isolated DC power supply, either ground the 0-V side of the external power supply (i.e. Unit power supply) or do not ground it at all.

If the peripheral devices are grounded incorrectly, the external power supply (i.e. Unit power supply) may be short-circuited.

specified in the relevant manuals. The loose screws may result in fire or malfunction.

Never ground the 24-V side of the power supply, as shown in the following figure.



Precautions for Safe Use

Transporting

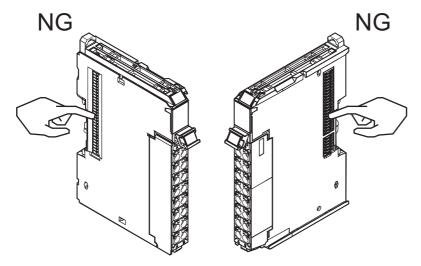
- When transporting any Unit, use the special packing box for it.
 Also, do not subject the Unit to excessive vibration or shock during transportation.
- Do not drop any Unit or subject it to abnormal vibration or shock. Doing so may result in Unit malfunction or burning.

Mounting

- · Mount terminal blocks and connectors only after checking the mounting location carefully.
- Be sure that the terminal blocks, expansion cables, and other items with locking devices are properly locked into place.

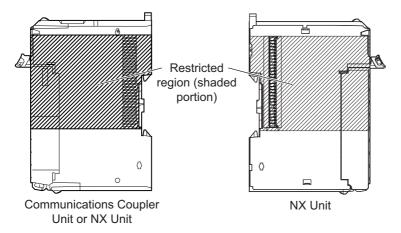
Installation

- Always turn OFF the power supply before installing the Unit. If the power supply is not OFF, the Unit may malfunction or may be damaged.
- Always turn OFF the Unit power supply and I/O power supply before you remove the NX Unit.
- Do not apply labels or tape to the Unit. When the Unit is installed or removed, adhesive or scraps may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.
- Do not touch the pins in the NX bus connector on the Unit. Dirt may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.

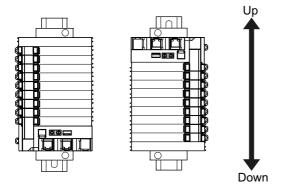


Example: NX Unit (12 mm width)

• Do not write on the Communications Coupler Unit or an NX Unit with ink within the restricted region that is shown in the following figure. Also do not get this area dirty. When the Unit is installed or removed, ink or dirt may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions in the Slave Terminal.

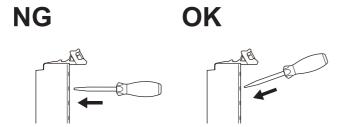


• For the installation orientations in the following figure, support the cables, e.g., with a duct, so that the End Plate on the bottom is not subjected to the weight of the cables. The weight of the cables may cause the bottom End Plate to slide downward so that the Slave Terminal is no longer secured to the DIN Track, which may result in malfunctions.



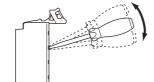
Wiring

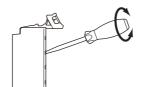
- Double-check all switches and other settings and double-check all wiring to make sure that they are correct before turning ON the power supply.
 Use the correct wiring parts and tools when you wire the system.
- Do not pull on the cables or bend the cables beyond their natural limit. Also, do not place heavy objects on top of the cables or other wiring lines. Doing so may break the cable.
- When wiring or installing the Units, do not allow metal fragments to enter the Units.
- Do not press the flat-blade screwdriver straight into the release holes on a screwless clamping terminal block. Doing so may damage the terminal block.



 When you insert a flat-blade screwdriver into a release hole on a screwless clamping terminal block, press it down with a force of 30N or less. Applying excessive force may damage the terminal block. • Do not incline or twist the flat-blade screwdriver while it is in a release hole on a screwless clamping terminal block. Doing so may damage the terminal block.







Power Supply Design

- Use all Units within the I/O power supply ranges that are given in the specifications.
- · Supply sufficient power according to the contents of this manual.
- Use the power supply voltage that is specified in this manual.
- Do not apply voltages that exceed the rated value to any Input Unit.
- Do not apply voltages or connect loads to the Output Units or slaves in excess of the maximum ratings.
- Inrush current occurs when the power supply is turned ON. When selecting fuses or breakers for
 external circuits, consider their fusing and detection characteristics as well as the above precautions
 and allow sufficient margin in shut-off performance.
- Install external breakers and take other safety measures against short-circuiting and overcurrents in external wiring.

Turning ON the Power Supply

• When you set the Operating Mode at Startup, confirm that no adverse effect will occur in the system.

Actual Operation

- Before you start operation, always register the NX Units that are connected to the Communications Coupler Unit in the host communications master as the Unit configuration information.
- Check the user program, data, and parameter settings for proper execution before you use them for actual operation.
- If you change the fail-soft operation setting, the output status when the error occurs may also change. Confirm safety before you change the fail-soft operation setting.
- If you use fail-soft operation, write programming to determine whether Unit I/O data is valid. Without such programming, the user program cannot distinguish between Units for which I/O refreshing is continued and Units for which I/O refreshing is stopped.

Turning OFF the Power Supply

- Do not disconnect the cable or turn OFF the power supply to the Controller or a Slave Terminal when downloading data or the user program from the Support Software.
- Always turn OFF the external power supply to the Units before attempting any of the following.

Mounting or removing an NX Unit, Communications Coupler Unit, CPU Unit, or Industrial PC Assembling Units

Setting DIP switches or rotary switches

Connecting or wiring cables

Attaching or removing terminal blocks or connectors

Units that supply power continue to supply power to the Units for up to several seconds after the power supply is turned OFF. The PWR indicator remains lit as long as power is supplied. Confirm that the PWR indicator is not lit before you perform any of the above.

Operation

 Confirm that the controlled system will not be adversely affected before you perform any of the following operations.

Changing the operating mode of the CPU Unit or Industrial PC (including changing the setting of the Operating Mode at Startup)

Changing the user program or settings

Changing set values or present values

Forced refreshing

 Always sufficiently check the safety at the connected devices before you change the settings of a slave or Unit.

EtherNet/IP Communications

- Make sure that the communications distance, number of nodes connected, and method of connection for EtherNet/IP are within specifications.
 - Do not connect EtherNet/IP Coupler Units to an EtherCAT network.
- Malfunctions or unexpected operation may occur for some combinations of EtherNet/IP revisions of
 the master and slaves. If you disable the revision check in the network settings, check the slave revision settings in the master and the actual slave revisions, and then make sure that functionality is
 compatible in the manuals or other references. You can check the slave versions in the settings from
 the Support Software and you can check the actual slave revisions from the Support Software or on
 slave nameplates.
- After you transfer the user program, the CPU Unit is restarted and communications with the Ether-Net/IP slaves are cut off. During that period, the slave outputs behave according to the slave settings.
 The time that communications are cut off depends on the EtherNet/IP network configuration.
 Before you transfer the user program, confirm that the system will not be adversely affected.
- EtherNet/IP communications are not always established immediately after the power supply is turned ON. Use the slave terminal status bits in the user program to confirm that communications are established before attempting control operations.
- If frames sent to EtherNet/IP slaves are lost due to noise or other causes, slave I/O data is not communicated, and the intended operation is sometimes not achieved. Perform the following processing if noise countermeasures are necessary.
 - Program the Slave Terminal Status (refer to 9-2-3 I/O Allocation Information on page 9-12) and/or Unit status CIO bits as an interlock condition in the user program.
 - Refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465) for details.
- When an EtherNet/IP slave is disconnected, communications will stop and control of the outputs will be lost not only for the disconnected slave, but for all slaves connected after it. Confirm that the system will not be adversely affected before you disconnect a slave.
- If you disconnect the cable from an EtherNet/IP slave to disconnect it from the network, any current
 communications frames will be lost. If frames are lost, slave I/O data is not communicated, and the
 intended operation is sometimes not achieved. Perform the following processing for a slave that
 needs to be replaced.
 - Program the Slave Terminal Status (refer to 9-2-3 I/O Allocation Information on page 9-12) and/or Unit status CIO bits as an interlock condition in the user program.
 - Refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465) for details.
- Separate the EtherNet/IP communications from the office network to avoid EtherNet/IP communication failures.

Unit Replacement

• When you replace a Unit, start operation only after you transfer the settings and variables that are required for operation to the new Unit.

Disposal

• Dispose of the product according to local ordinances as they apply.

Precautions for Correct Use

Storage, Mounting and Wiring

- Follow the instructions in this manual to correctly perform installation and wiring.
- Do not operate or store the Units in the following locations. Doing so may result in malfunction, in operation stopping, or in burning.

Locations subject to direct sunlight

Locations subject to temperatures or humidity outside the range specified in the specifications

Locations subject to condensation as the result of severe changes in temperature

Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases

Locations subject to dust (especially iron dust) or salts

Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals

Locations subject to shock or vibration

• Take appropriate and sufficient countermeasures during installation in the following locations.

Locations subject to strong, high-frequency noise

Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise

Locations subject to strong electromagnetic fields

Locations subject to possible exposure to radioactivity

Locations close to power lines

- Before touching a Unit, be sure to first touch a grounded metallic object in order to discharge any static build-up.
- Use the rated power supply voltage for the Units that supply power. Take appropriate measures to
 ensure that the specified power with the rated voltage and frequency is supplied in places where the
 power supply is unstable.
- Install the Units away from sources of heat and ensure proper ventilation. Not doing so may result in malfunction, in operation stopping, or in burning.
- Do not allow foreign matter to enter the openings in the Unit. Doing so may result in Unit burning, electric shock, or failure.
- Use the EtherNet/IP connection methods and applicable cables that are specified in this manual and in the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465). Otherwise, communications may be faulty.

Actual Operation

• If you change the event level of an error, the output status when the error occurs may also change. Confirm safety before you change an event level.

Turning OFF the Power Supply

- · Do not turn OFF the power supply while data is being transferred.
- Do not turn OFF the power supply while parameters are being written to the Communications Coupler Unit or NX Units.

EtherNet/IP Communications

Do not disconnect the EtherNet/IP communications cables during operation. The outputs will become unstable.

Regulations and Standards

Conformance to EU Directives

Applicable Directives

- · EMC Directives
- · Low Voltage Directive

Concepts

EMC Directives

OMRON devices that comply with EC Directives also conform to the related EMC standards so that they can be more easily built into other devices or the overall machine. The actual products have been checked for conformity to EMC standards.*1

Whether the products conform to the standards in the system used by the customer, however, must be checked by the customer. EMC-related performance of the OMRON devices that comply with EU Directives will vary depending on the configuration, wiring, and other conditions of the equipment or control panel on which the OMRON devices are installed. The customer must, therefore, perform the final check to confirm that devices and the overall machine conform to EMC standards.

*1. Applicable EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) standards are as follows: EMS (Electromagnetic Susceptibility): EN 61131-2 EMI (Electromagnetic Interference): EN 61131-2 (Radiated emission: 10-m regulations).

Low Voltage Directive

Always ensure that devices operating at voltages of 50 to 1,000 VAC and 75 to 1,500 VDC meet the required safety standards. The applicable directive is EN 61131-2.

Conformance to EU Directives

The NX-series Units comply with EU Directives. To ensure that the machine or device in which the NX-series Units are used complies with EU Directives, the following precautions must be observed.

- The NX-series Units must be installed within a control panel.
- You must use SELV power supply for the DC power supplies that are connected as the Unit power supplies and I/O power supplies for the NX-series Units.
 - We recommend that you use the OMRON S8JX-series Power Supplies. EMC standard compliance was confirmed for the recommended Power Supplies.
- NX-series Units that comply with EU Directives also conform to the Common Emission Standard (EN 61131-2). Radiated emission characteristics (10-m regulations) may vary depending on the configuration of the control panel used, other devices connected to the control panel, wiring, and other conditions.
 - You must therefore confirm that the overall machine or equipment in which the NX-series Units are used complies with EU Directives.
- You must use power supplies with an output hold time of 10 ms or longer for the DC power supplies that are connected as the Unit power supplies and I/O power supplies for the NX-series Units.
- This is a Class A product (for industrial environments). In a residential environment, it may cause radio interference. If radio interference occurs, the user may be required to take appropriate measures.

Conformance to UL and CSA Standards

Some NX-series products comply with UL and CSA standards. If you use an NX-series product that complies with UL or CSA standards and the machinery or system in which you use the NX-series product must also comply with the standards, refer to the *Instruction Sheet* that is provided with the product. The *Instruction Sheet* provides the application conditions for complying with the standards.

Conformance to Shipbuilding Standards

Some NX-series products comply with shipbuilding standards. If you use an NX-series product that complies with shipbuilding standards and the machinery or system in which you use the NX-series product must also comply with the standards, consult with your OMRON representative. Application conditions are defined according to the installation location. Application may not be possible for some installation locations.

Usage Conditions for NK and LR Shipbuilding Standards

- The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit must be installed within a control panel.
- Gaps in the door to the control panel must be completely filled or covered with gaskets or other material.
- The following noise filter must be connected to the power supply line.

Name	Manufacturer	Model
Noise filter	Cosel Co., Ltd.	TAH-06-683

Conformance to KC Certification

Observe the following precaution if you use NX-series Units in Korea.

A급 기기 (업무용 방송통신기자재) 이 기기는 업무용(A급) 전자파적합기기로서 판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주의하시기 바라며, 가정외의 지역에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 합니다.

Class A Device (Broadcasting Communications Device for Office Use)

This device obtained EMC registration for office use (Class A), and it is intended to be used in places other than homes.

Sellers and/or users need to take note of this.

Software Licenses and Copyrights

This product incorporates certain third party software. The license and copyright information associated with this software is available at http://www.fa.omron.co.jp/nj_info_e/ and http://www.fa.omron.co.jp/nx_info_e/.

Unit Versions

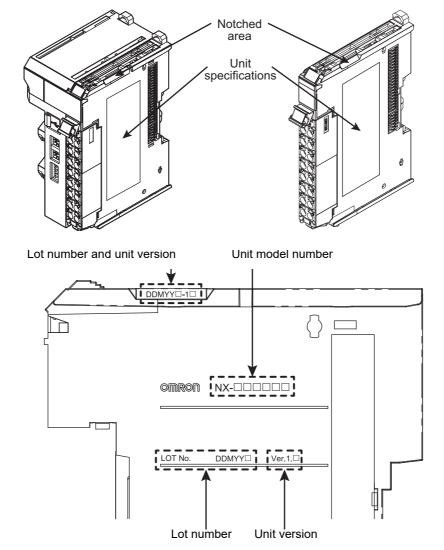
This section describes the notation that is used for unit versions, the confirmation method for unit versions, and the relationship between unit versions and Support Software versions.

Unit Versions

A "unit version" has been introduced to manage the Units in the NX Series according to differences in functionality accompanying Unit upgrades.

Notation of Unit Versions on Products

The unit version is given with the Unit specifications on the side of the Unit or in the notched area.



The following information is provided in the Unit specifications on the Unit.

Name	Function
Unit model number	Gives the model of the Unit.
Unit version	Gives the unit version of the Unit.
Lot number	Gives the lot number of the Unit.
	DDMYY□: Lot number, □: Used by OMRON.
	"M" gives the month (1 to 9: January to September, X: October, Y: November, Z: December)

The following information is provided in the notched area on the Unit.

Name	Function
Lot number and	Gives the lot number and unit version of the Unit.
unit version	• DDMYY□: Lot number, □: Used by OMRON. "M" gives the month (1 to 9: January to September, X: October, Y: November, Z: December)
	• 1□: Unit version
	The decimal portion of the unit version is omitted. (It is provided in the Unit specifications.)

Confirming Unit Versions with the Support Software

You can use Support Software to check unit versions. The confirmation method depends on the Support Software.

Checking Unit Versions with the Sysmac Studio

You can use the Production Information on the Sysmac Studio to check the unit versions of Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units.

1 Select *Configurations and Setup* in the Multiview Explorer and then select *EtherNet/IP*. Double-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit under **EtherNet/IP**. Or, right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and select *Edit* from the menu.

The Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page is displayed.

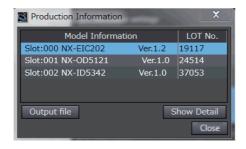
You can also display the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page with any of the following operations.

Double-click **EtherNet/IP** under **Configurations and Setup** in the Multiview Explorer, right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the EtherNet/IP Configuration Edit Tab Page, and select **Edit Slave Terminal Configuration**.

Or, select the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit on the EtherNet/IP Configuration Edit Tab Page, and then click the **Edit Slave Terminal Configuration** button.

- **2** Go online.
- **3** Right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and select *Display Production Information* from the menu.

The Production Information Dialog Box is displayed.



Simple Display



Detailed Display

The unit version is displayed on the right of the Unit model. The unit version is 1.2 in the example above.

The following items are displayed except the unit version.

- Slot number
- Unit model number
- Serial number
- · Lot number
- Hardware version
- · Software version
- · Total power-ON time

The software version is displayed only for Units that contain software.

Checking Unit Versions with Support Software Other Than the Sysmac Studio

You can use Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio to check the unit versions of the Communications Coupler Unit and NX Units.

Refer to the operation manual for each type of Support Software for the methods to check unit versions.

Unit Versions and Support Software Versions

The functions that are supported depend on the unit version of the Unit. The version of Support Software that supports the functions that were added for an upgrade is required to use those functions. Refer to *A-10 Version Information* on page A-67 for the functions that are supported by each unit version.

Related Manuals

The following manuals are related. Use these manuals for reference.

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NX-series EtherNet/IP [™] Coupler Unit User's Manual	W536	NX-EIC	Learning how to use an NX-series EtherNet/IP Cou- pler Unit and Eth- erNet/IP Slave Terminals	The following items are described: the overall system and configuration methods of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal (which consists of an NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units), and information on hardware, setup, and functions to set up, control, and monitor NX Units.
EtherNet/IP™ Units Operation Manual	W465	CS1W-EIP21 CJ1W-EIP21 CJ2H-CPU6□-EIP CJ2M-CPU3□	Learning how to use an EtherNet/IP Unit	Information on using an EtherNet/IP Unit that is connected to a CS/CJ-series CPU Unit is provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and FINS communications. Refer to the Communications Commands Reference Manual (Cat. No. W342) for details on FINS commands that can be sent to CS/CJ-series CPU Units when using the FINS communications service. Refer to the Ethernet Units Operation Manual Construction of Applications (Cat. No. W421) for details on constructing host applications that use FINS communications.
Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual	W504	SYSMAC- SE2□□□	Learning about the operating procedures and functions of the Sysmac Studio.	Describes the operating procedures of the Sysmac Studio.
NX-IO Configurator Operation Manual	W585	CXONE-AL□□ D-V4	Learning about the operating procedures and functions of the NX-IO Configurator.	Describes the operating procedures of the NX-IO Configurator.
NJ/NX-series Trouble- shooting Manual	W503	NX701-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□	Learning about the errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Con- troller.	Concepts on managing errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Controller and information on individual errors are described.
NY-series Troubleshoot- ing Manual	W564	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Learning about the errors that may be detected in an NY-series Industrial PC.	Concepts on managing errors that may be detected in an NY-series Controller and information on individual errors are described.

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NX-series Data Reference Manual	W525	NX-00000	Referencing lists of the data that is required to config- ure systems with	Lists of the power consumptions, weights, and other NX Unit data that is required to configure systems with NX-series Units are provided.
NX-series Digital I/O Units User's Manual	W521	NX-ID□□□□ NX-IA□□□□ NX-OC□□□□ NX-OD□□□□	NX-series Units Learning how to use NX-series Dig- ital I/O Units	The hardware, setup methods, and functions of the NX-series Digital I/O Units are described.
NX-series Analog I/O Units User's Manual	W522	NX-AD	Learning how to use NX-series Analog I/O Units and Temperature Input Units	The hardware, setup methods, and functions of the NX-series Analog I/O Units and Temperature Input Units are described.
NX-series Analog I/O Units User's Manual for Analog Input Units and Analog Output Units ^{*1}	W522	NX-AD	Learning how to use NX-series Analog Input Units and Analog Out- put Units	The hardware, setup methods, and functions of the NX-series Analog Input Units and Analog Output Units are described.
NX-series System Units User's Manual	W523	NX-PD1 □ □ □ NX-PF0 □ □ □ NX-PC0 □ □ □ NX-TBX01	Learning how to use NX-series System Units	The hardware and functions of the NX-series System Units are described.
NX-series Position Inter- face Units User's Man- ual	W524	NX-EC0□□□ NX-ECS□□□ NX-PG0□□□	Learning how to use NX-series Position Interface Units	The hardware, setup methods, and functions of the NX-series Incremental Encoder Input Units, SSI Input Units, and Pulse Output Unit are described.
NX-series Load Cell Input Unit User's Manual	W565	NX-RS□□□□	Learning how to use NX-series Load Cell Input Unit	The hardware, setup methods, and functions of the NX-series Load Cell Input Unit are described.
NX-series Analog I/O Units User's Manual for Temperature Input Units and Heater Burnout Detection Units ^{*2}	W566	NX-TS	Learning how to use NX-series Temperature Input Units and Heater Burnout Detection Units	The hardware, setup methods, and functions of the NX-series Temperature Input Units and Heater Burnout Detection Units are described.
IO-Link System User's Manual	W570	NX-ILM400 GX-ILM08C	Learning every- thing from an intro- duction to details about IO-Link Sys- tems, including mainly software information com- mon to all IO-Link masters, Support Software operat- ing methods, and troubleshooting.	Provides an overview of IO-Link Systems and explains the system configuration, communications specifications, communications methods, I/O data, parameters, models, Support Software, and troubleshooting. Refer to the following manuals for the individual IO-Link Master Units for hardware information and specifications specific to each Master Unit and a list of the objects for each Master Unit. NX-series IO-Link Master Unit: W568 GX-series IO-Link Master Unit: W488-E1-05 or later

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NX-series IO-Link Mas-	W567	NX-ILM□□□	Learning how to	The names and functions of the parts,
ter Unit User's Manual			use an NX-series	installation, wiring and a list of NX
			IO-Link Master Unit	objects of the NX-series IO-Link Master Unit are described.
NX-series Communica-	W540	NX-CIF	Learning how to	The hardware, setup methods, and
tions Interface Units	77040		use NX-series	functions of the NX-series Communica-
User's Manual			Communications	tions Interface Units are described.
			Interface Units	
NX-series Temperature	H228	NX-TC 🗆 🗆 🗆	Learning how to	The hardware, setup methods, and
Control Units User's			use NX-series	functions of the NX-series Temperature
Manual			Temperature Con-	Control Units are described.
NX-series Safety Con-	Z930	NX-SL□□□□	trol Units. Learning how to	The hardware, setup methods, and
trol Unit User's Manual	2930		use NX-series	functions of the NX-series Safety Con-
tioi offit osci s Maridai		NX-SI□□□□	Safety Control	trol Units are described.
		NX-SO□□□□	Units	
NX-series Safety Con-	Z931	NX-SL	Learning about the	The instructions for the Safety CPU
trol Unit Instructions			specifications of	Unit are described.
Reference Manual			instructions for the	When programming, use this manual
			Safety CPU Unit.	together with the NX-series Safety
				Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No.
NV : ODITIE	14/505	NV704 EEEE		Z930).
NX-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Man-	W535	NX701-□□□□	Learning the basic specifications of	An introduction to the entire NX701 CPU Unit system is provided along with
ual			the NX-series	the following information on the CPU
uai			NX701 CPU Units,	Unit.
			including introduc-	Features and system configuration
			tory information,	Introduction
			designing, installa-	Part names and functions
			tion, and mainte-	General specifications
			nance. Mainly hardware informa-	Installation and wiring
			tion is provided.	Maintenance and inspection
NX-series NX102 CPU	W593	NX102-□□□□	Learning the basic	An introduction to the entire NX102
Unit Hardware User's	VV333	14/(102-000	specifications of	CPU Unit system is provided along with
Manual			the NX-series	the following information on the CPU
			NX102 CPU Units,	Unit.
			including introduc-	Features and system configuration
			tory information,	Overview
			designing, installa-	Part names and functions
			tion, and mainte- nance. Mainly	General specifications
			hardware informa-	Installation and wiring
			tion is provided.	Maintenance and inspection
NX-series NX1P2 CPU	W578	NX1P2-□□□□	Learning the basic	An introduction to the entire NX1P2
Unit Hardware User's			specifications of	CPU Unit system is provided along with
Manual			the NX-series	the following information on the CPU
			NX1P2 CPU Units,	Unit.
			including introduc-	Features and system configuration
			tory information, designing, installa-	Introduction
			tion, and mainte-	Part names and functions
			nance. Mainly	General specifications
			hardware informa-	Installation and wiring
			tion is provided.	Maintenance and inspection

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NJ-series CPU Unit	W500	NJ501-□□□□	Learning the basic	An introduction to the entire NJ-series
Hardware User's Man-		NJ301-□□□□	specifications of	system is provided along with the fol-
ual		NJ101-□□□□	the NJ-series CPU	lowing information on the CPU Unit.
			Units, including	Features and system configuration
			introductory infor- mation, designing,	Overview
			installation, and	Part names and functions
			maintenance.	General specifications
			Mainly hardware	Installation and wiring
			information is pro-	Maintenance and Inspection
			vided.	Maintenance and mepesion
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit	W501	NX701-□□□□	Learning how to	The following information is provided
Software User's Manual		NJ501-□□□□	program and set	on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.
		NJ301-□□□□	up an NJ/NX-series CPU	CPU Unit operation
		NJ101-□□□□	Unit.	CPU Unit features
		NX102-□□□□	Mainly software	Initial settings
		NX1P2-□□□□	information is pro-	Programming based on IEC 61131-3
			vided.	language specifications
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit	W506	NX701-□□□□	Using the built-in	Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP
Built-in EtherNet/IP™		NJ501-□□□□	EtherNet/IP port	port is provided.
Port User's Manual		NJ301-□□□□	on an	Information is provided on the basic
		NJ101-□□□□	NJ/NX-series CPU	setup, tag data links, and other func-
		NX102-□□□	Unit.	tions.
		NX1P2-□□□□		
NJ/NX-series Instruc-	W502	NX701-	Learning detailed	The instructions in the instruction set
tions Reference Manual	VV302	NJ501-□□□□	specifications on	(IEC 61131-3 specifications) are
		NJ301-□□□□	the basic instruc-	described.
		NJ101-□□□□	tions of an	
			NJ/NX-series CPU	
		NX102-□□□□	Unit.	
NI I/NIV i ODI I I I - it	14/507	NX1P2-□□□□	1	The setting of the ODI.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's	W507	NX701-□□□□	Learning about motion control set-	The settings and operation of the CPU Unit and programming concepts for
Manual		NJ501-□□□□	tings and program-	motion control are described.
		NJ301-□□□□	ming concepts.	
		NJ101-□□□□		
		NX102-□□□□		
		NX1P2-□□□□		
NY-series IPC Machine	W557	NY532-□□□□	Learning the basic	An introduction to the entire NY-series
Controller Industrial			specifications of	system is provided along with the fol-
Panel PC Hardware User's Manual			the NY-series Industrial Panel	lowing information on the Industrial Panel PC.
Osei s Maridai			PCs, including	
			introductory infor-	Features and system configuration
			mation, designing,	• Introduction
			installation, and	Part names and functions
			maintenance.	General specifications
			Mainly hardware	Installation and wiring
			information is pro-	Maintenance and inspection
			vided.	

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual	W556	NY512-□□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the NY-series Industrial Box PCs, including introductory information, designing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware information is provided.	An introduction to the entire NY-series system is provided along with the following information on the Industrial Box PC. • Features and system configuration • Introduction • Part names and functions • General specifications • Installation and wiring • Maintenance and inspection
NY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual	W558	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Learning how to program and set up the Controller functions of an NY-series Indus- trial PC.	The following information is provided on NY-series Machine Automation Control Software. Controller operation Controller features Controller settings Programming based on IEC 61131-3 language specifications
NY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in Ether- Net/IP™ Port User's Manual	W563	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Using the built-in EtherNet/IP port on an NY-series Industrial PC.	Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP port is provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other functions.
NY-series Instructions Reference Manual	W560	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Learning detailed specifications on the basic instruc- tions of an NY-series Indus- trial PC	The instructions in the instruction set (IEC 61131-3 specifications) are described.
NY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual	W559	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Learning about motion control set- tings and program- ming concepts of an NY-series Industrial PC.	The settings and operation of the Controller and programming concepts for motion control are described.

^{*1.} From revision 05 of this manual, information on the NX-series Temperature Input Units (NX-TS□□□□) that were included in previous revisions was moved to the following manual: NX-series Analog I/O Units User's Manual for Temperature Input Units and Heater Burnout Detection Units (Cat. No. W566). Accompanying that change, the name of this manual was changed from the NX-series Analog I/O Units User's Manual (Cat. No. W522) to the NX-series Analog I/O Units User's Manual for Analog Input Units and Analog Output Units (Cat. No. W522).

^{*2.} The NX-series Temperature Input Units (NX-TS□□□□) that were included in the NX-series Analog I/O Units User's Manual (Cat No. W522) in revision 04 and earlier revisions were moved to this manual. For revision 05 of the NX-series Analog I/O Units User's Manual (Cat No. W522), the manual name was changed to NX-series Analog I/O Units User's Manual for Analog Input Units and Analog Output Units (Cat No. W522-E1-05).

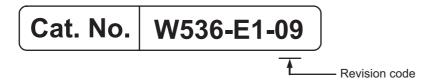
Terminology

Common Industrial Protocol CIP The CIP (Common Industrial Protocol) is a shared industrial protocol used in networks such as EtherNet/IP and DeviceNet.	Term	Abbre- viation	Description
The generic name of an interface unit for remote I/O communications on a network between NX Units and a host network master.	Common Industrial Protocol	CIP	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
a network between NX Units and a host network master.			
EtherNet/IP slave	Communications Coupler Units		T =
ter through the EtherNet/IP network to a connected external device, and sends the data that is input from a connected external device, and sends the data that is input from a connected external device to the EtherNet/IP master through the EtherNet/IP network. An EtherNet/IP slave is also called an "adapter." Furthermore, it refers to the "target" when opening a connection. EtherNet/IP master	Electronic Data Sheet	EDS	A text file that contains setting information for an EtherNet/IP slave.
sends the data that is input from a connected external device to the EtherNet/IP master through the EtherNet/IP nature is also called an "adapter." Furthermore, it refers to the "target" when opening a connection. A device that monitors the status of the connections with EtherNet/IP slaves and exchanges I/O data with EtherNet/IP slaves through the EtherNet/IP network. OMRON EtherNet/IP masters include EtherNet/IP Units such as CJITVE-IP21 and CSITVE-IP21 and SITVE-IP21 and SITVE-I	EtherNet/IP slave		A device that outputs the data that is received from the EtherNet/IP mas-
erNet/IP master through the EtherNet/IP network. An EtherNet/IP slave is also called an "adapter." Furthermore, it refers to the "target" when opening a connection. EtherNet/IP master			ter through the EtherNet/IP network to a connected external device, and
is also called an "adapter." Furthermore, it refers to the "target" when opening a connection. A device that monitors the status of the connections with EtherNet/IP slaves through the EtherNet/IP network. OMRON EtherNet/IP alaves through the EtherNet/IP per Network. OMRON EtherNet/IP master is nictude EtherNet/IP Units such as CJTW-EIP21 and CS1W-EIP21 as well as the built-in EtherNet/IP ports of CPU Units. An EtherNet/IP master is also called a "scanner" or "controller." Furthermore, it refers to the "originator" when opening a connection. I/O port			sends the data that is input from a connected external device to the Eth-
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EtherNet/IP master			
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Opening a connection.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
I/O port			_
NY-series Industrial PC to exchange data with an external device (slave or Unit).	I/O port		· · · ·
or Unit). I/O refreshing	ι/Ο μοιτ		
Cyclic data exchange with external devices that is performed with predetermined memory addresses.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Index	I/O refreshing		,
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Master from another manufacturer	Index		-
NX Bus The NX-series internal bus. NX Unit An I/O or System Unit connected to the bus of an NX Communication Coupler Unit. NX Unit message communications One form of NX bus communications that uses message communications to execute the functions of NX Units and access NX objects whenever required. Object An abstract representation of a particular component within a device, which consists of data, parameters, and methods. Operational Op A state in which I/O refresh communications and NX message communications are possible between the communications master and the Communications Coupler Unit or NX Units. Originator The node that sends a request to open a connection at the time of opening a tag data link connection. PDO Communications An acronym for process data communications are possible between the communications are possible between the communications are not possible. Pre-Operational A state in which NX message communications Coupler Unit or NX Units, but I/O refresh communications are not possible. Process Data Collection of application objects designated to be downloaded cyclically or acyclically for the purpose of measurement and control. Process Data Communications One type of NX bus communications in which process data objects (PDOs) are used to exchange information cyclically and in realtime. Process Data Object PDO A structure that describes the mappings of parameters that have one or	Master from another manufacturer		•
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NX Unit	•		<u> </u>
Coupler Unit. NX Unit message communications	NX Bus		The NX-series internal bus.
NX Unit message communications One form of NX bus communications that uses message communications to execute the functions of NX Units and access NX objects whenever required. Object An abstract representation of a particular component within a device, which consists of data, parameters, and methods. Operational Op A state in which I/O refresh communications and NX message communications are possible between the communications master and the Communications Coupler Unit or NX Units. Originator The node that sends a request to open a connection at the time of opening a tag data link connection. PDO Communications An acronym for process data communications are possible between the communications master and the Communications are possible between the communications master and the Communications Coupler Unit or NX Units, but I/O refresh communications are not possible. Process Data Collection of application objects designated to be downloaded cyclically or acyclically for the purpose of measurement and control. Process Data Communications One type of NX bus communications in which process data objects (PDOs) are used to exchange information cyclically and in realtime. Process Data Object PDO A structure that describes the mappings of parameters that have one or	NX Unit		An I/O or System Unit connected to the bus of an NX Communication
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Process Data Object PDO A structure that describes the mappings of parameters that have one or	Process Data Communications		
Process Data Object PDO A structure that describes the mappings of parameters that have one or			
	Process Data Object	PDO	
	- ,		more process data entities.

Term	Abbre- viation	Description
Safe-Operational		A state in which input refresh communications and NX message communications are possible between the communications master and the Communications Coupler Unit or NX Units, but output refresh communications are not possible.
Slave Terminal		A building-block remote I/O terminal, which consists of a Communications Coupler Unit connected with NX Units.
Subindex		The sub-address of an NX object.
Target		The node that receives a request to open a connection at the time of opening a tag data link connection.

Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front and back covers of the manual.



Revision code	Date	Revised content
01	December 2014	Original production
02	April 2015	Corrected mistakes.
03	June 2016	Updated the EtherNet/IP logo.
		Corrected mistakes.
04	June 2017	Made changes accompanying the upgrade of the NX-EIC202 unit ver-
		sion to version 1.2.
		Corrected mistakes.
05	October 2017	Corrected mistakes.
06	April 2018	Made changes accompanying the addition of the NX-series NX102
		CPU Unit.
		Corrected mistakes.
07	October 2018	Made revisions accompanying the appearance change of the indica-
		tors.
		Corrected mistakes.
08	December 2018	Corrected mistakes.
09	November 2020	Corrected mistakes.

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Sections in this Manual



EtherNet/IP Networks

This section provides an introduction to EtherNet/IP networks.

1-1	Introduction to EtherNet/IP			
	1-1-1	EtherNet/IP Features	1-2	
1-2	EtherNet/IP Network Configuration Elements		1-5	
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Introduction to EtherNet/IP

1-1-1 **EtherNet/IP Features**

EtherNet/IP is an industrial multi-vendor network that uses Ethernet. The EtherNet/IP specifications are open standards managed by the ODVA (Open DeviceNet Vendor Association), just like DeviceNet. EtherNet/IP is not just a network between Controllers. It is also used as a field network. Because Ether-Net/IP uses standard Ethernet technology, various general-purpose Ethernet devices can be used in the network.

High-speed, High-capacity Data Exchange through Tag Data Links

The EtherNet/IP protocol supports implicit communications (class 1 connections), which enable cyclic communications with EtherNet/IP devices. Data can be exchanged at high speed between Controllers and devices.

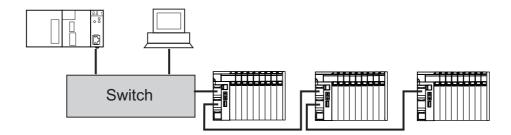
Tag Data Link (Cyclic Communications) Cycle Time

Tag data links (cyclic communications) operate at the cyclic period specified for each connection, regardless of the number of nodes. Data is exchanged over the network at the refresh cycle set for each connection, so the communications refresh cycle does not increase even if the number of nodes is increased. Also, the concurrency of the connection's data is maintained. Since the refresh cycle can be set for each connection, each application can communicate at its ideal refresh cycle. For example, inter-process interlocks can be transferred at high speed, while the production commands and the status monitor information are transferred at low speed.

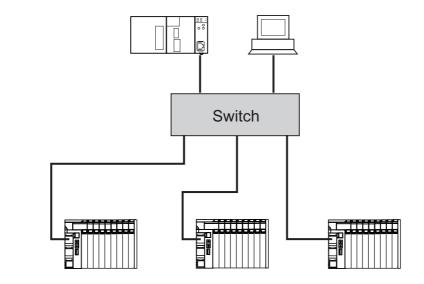
Flexible Network Topology

Line, star and tree topologies are possible with the dual communication port configuration of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

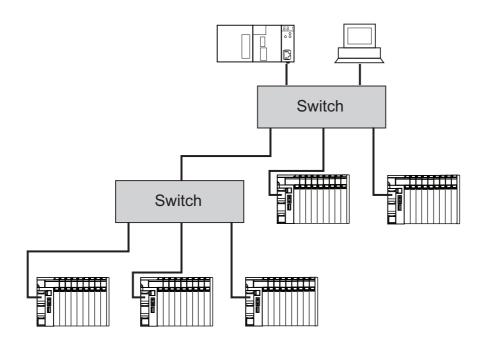
Line



• Star

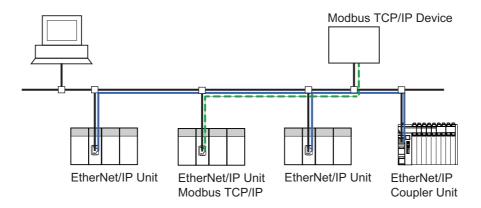


• Tree



Parallel Protocols

Various, general-purpose Ethernet devices can be used within the same EtherNet/IP network because EtherNet/IP uses standard Ethernet technology. Additional protocols such as Modbus/TCP can be used in parallel to EtherNet/IP when communicating with other devices.

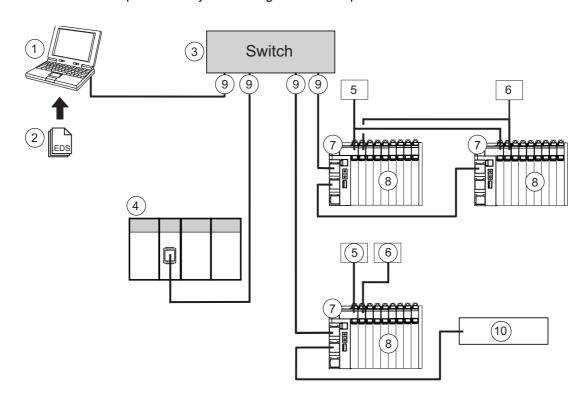


1-2 EtherNet/IP Network Configuration Elements

This section describes the devices that configure EtherNet/IP networks and the usage of those devices.

1-2-1 System Configuration Example of an EtherNet/IP Network

This section provides a system configuration example of an EtherNet/IP network.



Item Number	Item
1	Support Software
2	EDS File
3	Ethernet Switch
4	EtherNet/IP master
5	NX Unit Power Supply
6	NX I/O Power Supply
7	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit
8	NX Units
9	Communication Cables
10	EtherNet/IP slaves

1-2-2 Introduction to Configuration Devices

This section introduces the configuration devices.

EtherNet/IP Master

The EtherNet/IP master monitors the status of the connections with EtherNet/IP slaves and exchanges I/O data with EtherNet/IP slaves through the EtherNet/IP network. The OMRON EtherNet/IP masters include EtherNet/IP Units, such as the CJ1W-EIP21 and CS1W-EIP21, as well as EtherNet/IP ports built into CPU Units. Furthermore, you can use an EtherNet/IP master from another manufacturer. An EtherNet/IP master from another manufacturer is referred to as a master from another manufacturer.

EtherNet/IP Slaves

The EtherNet/IP slaves output the data that is received from the EtherNet/IP master through the EtherNet/IP network to connected external devices. They also send data that is input from connected external devices to the EtherNet/IP master through the EtherNet/IP network.

EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals

An EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is a building-block EtherNet/IP slave that is created by mounting a group of NX Units to an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

An EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is a Communications Coupler Unit that connects NX Units to an EtherNet/IP network.

NX Units

The NX I/O Units perform I/O refresh communications with the EtherNet/IP master through the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Refer to Section 2 Features and System Configuration for details on the features and system configuration of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Ethernet Switch

A relay device that connects multiple nodes in a star-shaped LAN.

Communications Cables

This cable is used to connect the built-in EtherNet/IP port or EtherNet/IP Unit to an Ethernet switch. Use an STP (shielded twisted-pair) cable of category 5 (100BASE-TX) or higher.

EDS (Electronic Data Sheet) Files

The files contain information that is unique to the EtherNet/IP slaves.

You can load the EDS files into the Support Software to set up connections with the slaves, edit parameters in the slaves, and easily make other settings.

The EDS files for OMRON EtherNet/IP slaves are already installed in the Sysmac Studio and Network Configurator.

You can update the Sysmac Studio, CX-One, or from OMRON websites to get the ESI files for the most recent models.

NX Unit Power Supplies

Unit power supplies provide power for communications and the internal operation of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

NX I/O Power Supplies

I/O power supplies provide power for the I/O operation of the external devices that are connected to EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

1-2-3 **Support Software Used to Construct a Network**

There are several types of Support Software for network configuration. They are used as follows depending on the purpose.

Purpose	Description	Applicable Support Software
EtherNet/IP Unit settings	Basic settings of an EtherNet/IP Unit when using an	Sysmac Studio
	EtherNet/IP Unit as the EtherNet/IP master	CX-Programmer
EtherNet/IP network configu-	Tag data link settings of an EtherNet/IP master	Network Configurator
rations		
EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit con-	Settings of an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Sysmac Studio
figurations		
I/O mapping	I/O allocations of NX Units that are connected to the	
	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	

EtherNet/IP Unit Settings: Sysmac Studio or CX-Programmer

When using an EtherNet/IP Unit as the EtherNet/IP master, use the CPU Unit configuration software (such as the Sysmac Studio or CX-Programmer) to set the basic settings, such as the IP address and subnet mask of the EtherNet/IP Unit.

You can also use the CPU Unit configuration software to check data I/O for tag data links to see if they are performed normally.



Additional Information

- Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for detailed information on the Sysmac Studio.
- Refer to the CX-Programmer Operation Manual (Cat. No. W446) for information on the CX-Programmer.

EtherNet/IP Network Configuration: Network Configurator

The Network Configurator is used to set the tag data links for the EtherNet/IP Unit or built-in Ether-Net/IP port. The Network Configurator is included in Sysmac Studio or CX-One version 3.0 or higher. The main functions are described below.

Setting and Monitoring Tag Data Links (Connections)

The network device configuration and tag data links (connections) can be created and edited. You can connect to the network to read the device configuration and tag data links settings and perform monitoring.

Setting the IP Address of an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

You can set the IP address of an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with rotary switches, with software settings from the Network Configurator, or with getting the IP address from the BOOTP server. Refer to 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31 for the IP address setting procedure for EtherNet/IP Coupler

Automatic Clock Adjustment Setting

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit includes an internal clock to provide time information to register with events that may occur. The time information can be adjusted based on the NTP server or it can be set from the EtherNet/IP master. Refer to 11-3-3 Automatic Clock Adjustment on page 11-11 for details on setting automatic adjustment of the time information.

Multivendor Device Connections

EDS files can be installed and deleted to enable constructing, setting, and managing networks that contain EtherNet/IP devices from other companies. You can also change the IP addresses of Ether-Net/IP devices.



Additional Information

With NJ/NX-series CPU Units and NY-series Industrial PCs, you can use the Sysmac Studio to set up tag data links. For details on how to set up tag data links with the Sysmac Studio, refer to the user's manual for the built-in EtherNet/IP port on the connected CPU Unit or Industrial PC.

EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Configuration and I/O Mapping: Sysmac Studio or NX-IO Configurator

The Sysmac Studio or NX-IO Configurator is connected to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to configure an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. The Sysmac Studio and NX-IO Configurator are used according to the system configuration, as described below.

System configuration	Support Software
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit connection	Sysmac Studio
 NY-series Industrial PC connection 	
CS/CJ/CP-series CPU Unit connection	NX-IO Configurator
 Sysmac Gateway connection 	
Connection to PLC from another company	

However, if you use an NX-series Safety Control Unit, the Sysmac Studio is required even if the Ether-Net/IP master is a CS/CJ/CP-series CPU Unit, Sysmac Gateway, or PLC from another company.

The main functions of the Sysmac Studio and NX-IO Configurator are described below.

Upload and Download

NX Unit configuration information, I/O allocation information, Unit operation settings, and Unit application data are transferred to and from the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Unit Operation Settings

Make the Unit operation settings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units.

Creating the I/O Mapping

You must create the I/O mappings of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units.

Troubleshooting

You can read current error information, clear current errors, read event logs, clear all memory, restart Units, and use other functions to troubleshoot EtherNet/IP Coupler Units and NX Units.



Precautions for Correct Use

- In addition to the Standard Edition, the Sysmac Studio is also available in an NX-IO Edition.
 The Standard Edition provides all of the functionality of the Sysmac Studio. The NX-IO Edition provides only the functionality required to set up EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.
- The NX-IO Configurator does not support setting up the NX-series safety control system. To set up the NX-series safety control system, the Sysmac Studio Standard Edition or NX-IO Edition is required even if the configuration connects to a CS/CJ/CP-series CPU Unit, Sysmac Gateway, or PLC from another company.



Additional Information

When you use an NX-series IO-Link Master Unit to connect IO-Link devices, use CX-ConfiguratorFDT to set the IO-Link devices. For details on CX-ConfiguratorFDT, refer to the *IO-Link System User's Manual* (Cat No. W570) or *NX-series IO-Link Master Unit User's Manual* (Cat No. W567).



Features and System Configuration

This section describes the features and system configurations of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

2-1	1 Features of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals				
2-2					
	2-2-1	System Configuration	. 2-5		
	2-2-2	Types of NX Units	. 2-7		
	2-2-3	Safety Control System	. 2-8		
2-3	2-3 Support Software		. 2-9		
	2-3-1	Applicable Support Software	. 2-9		
	2-3-2	Connection Method and Procedures	. 2-9		

Features of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals

An EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is a building-block EtherNet/IP slave that is created by mounting a group of NX Units to an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

The NX Units can be flexibly combined with an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to achieve the optimum Ether-Net/IP slave for the application with less wiring, less work, and less space.

The features of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals are described below.

Connection to Omron PLC

High-speed, High-capacity Data Exchange through Tag Data Links

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit supports implicit communications and can perform cyclic communications with the EtherNet/IP master. In this manual, these cyclic communications are called tag data links. Large volumes of data can be sent to and from the EtherNet/IP master at high speed.

Tag Data Link (Cyclic Communications) Cycle Time

Tag data links (cyclic communications) can operate at the cyclic period specified on connections for each application, regardless of the number of nodes. Data is exchanged over the network at the refresh cycle set for each connection, so the communications refresh cycle will not increase even if the number of nodes is increased, i.e., the synchronicity of the connection's data is preserved. Also, the concurrency of the connection's data is maintained. Since the refresh cycle can be set for each connection, each application can communicate at its ideal refresh cycle. For example, processes interlocks can be transferred at high speed while the production commands and the status monitor information are transferred at low speed.

Note The communications load to the nodes must be within the Units' allowed communications bandwidth.

Parallel EtherNet/IP Based Networking

Various, general-purpose Ethernet devices can be used within the same EtherNet/IP network because EtherNet/IP uses standard Ethernet technology.

Refer to 1-1-1 EtherNet/IP Features on page 1-2 for more details.

Flexible Network Structures

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is equipped with two Ethernet ports that support the layer 2 Ethernet switch functions.

This enables you to configure, in addition to star and tree topologies, a line topology without using Ethernet switches.

Refer to 1-1-1 EtherNet/IP Features on page 1-2 for more details.

Features That Reduce Equipment Design Work and Commissioning Work, and Encourage Modular Equipment Design

Registering NX Units in the Unit Configuration Information as Unmounted Units for Future Expansion (Designing, Commissioning, and Modularity)

You can register any NX Units as unmounted Units in the Unit configuration information. This allows the following possibilities.

- NX Units for future expansion can be registered in advance. This eliminates the need to change the user program when the NX Units are actually added. (Designing)
- If certain NX Units are temporarily unavailable, you can still debug the system in advance with the NX Units that are available. (Commissioning)
- Even if the number of NX Units changes depending on the type of equipment, the user program does not have to be changed. (Designing and Modularity)

Exporting/importing NX Unit Settings (Designing)

You can use the Support Software to export and import the NX Unit settings as files. This allows you to reuse settings from NX Units for other EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals or NX Units.

Simplified I/O Wiring with Screwless Clamping Terminal Blocks (Commissioning)

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units use screwless clamping terminal blocks. The use of ferrules makes wiring an easy matter of inserting them. The screwless design greatly reduces wiring work.

Fail-soft Operation

Fail-soft operation is provided so that the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit can start or continue I/O refreshing only with the NX Units that can operate normally when an error occurs for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

You can use fail-soft operation in the following cases.

- · When it is dangerous to stop the entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal all at once
- To continue the operation of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal until the system can be stopped safely through the user program or user operation
- · To not stop all devices, i.e., to continue operation for only some devices

TCP/UDP Message Service

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit supports a TCP/UDP message service. Message services can be used to send/receive data between general-purpose applications and Slave Terminals with this interface. You can use these communications services to send and receive any data to and from remote nodes, i.e., between host computers and Slave Terminals.

Refer to A-2 TCP/UDP Message Service on page A-34 for more information.

Connection with NX-series Safety Control Units

Easy Setup of a Stand-alone Safety Control System

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit enables you to build a modular stand-alone safety control system that uses the NX-series Safety Control Units.

Moreover, setup of the safety control system is integrated into the Sysmac Studio software. Using Sysmac Studio brings consistent operating procedures together with various types of debugging, including monitoring, changing present values, and forced refreshing.

Easy Creation of an Interface with the Standard Controls

You can exchange data between the safety controls that are based on the Safety CPU Unit and the standard controls that are based on the EtherNet/IP Unit.

This allows you to maintain the independent nature of the previously separate safety controls and standard controls while easily interfacing monitoring and commands between them.

Excellent Connectability with OMRON Safety I/O and Standard I/O Devices

You can directly connect OMRON's wide lineup of Safety I/O Devices to Safety I/O Units without using any special Units. Additionally, you can connect an extensive range of NX I/O Units such as Digital I/O, Analog I/O, Temperature Input, Position Interface, and IO-Link Master Units.

Integrating Setting and Debugging Operations for Safety Controls into the Sysmac Studio

Setting and debugging operations for safety controls are integrated into the Sysmac Studio software. The shared concepts, such as IEC 61131-3, consistent operating procedures, one-project management, integrated debugging, and integrated troubleshooting, reduce the software workload.

You can connect the Sysmac Studio to perform various types of debugging, including monitoring, changing present values, and forced refreshing.



Additional Information

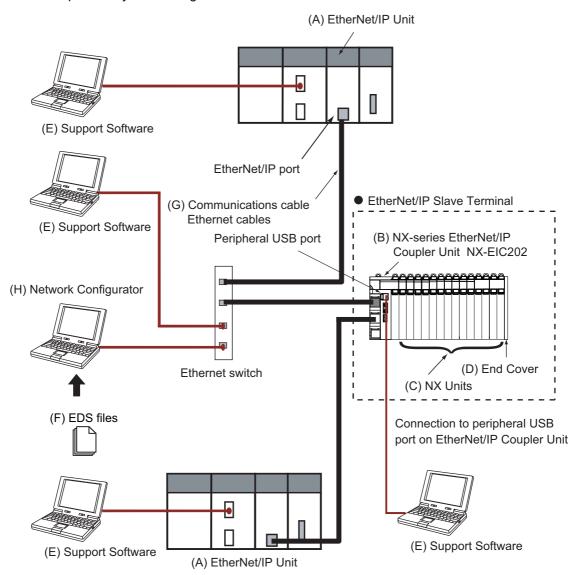
Refer to the NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930) for details on safety control systems built with Safety Control Units.

2-2 System Configurations of Ether-Net/IP Slave Terminals

This section describes the system configuration of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

2-2-1 System Configuration

An example of a system configuration for an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is shown below.

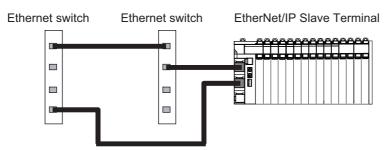




Precautions for Correct Use

Do not make a loop connection in the communications path between Ethernet switches. If a loop connection is made, the broadcast frame will continue to loop around the path, creating a broadcast stream. This will place a high load on the network and may cause unstable commu-

An example of a loop connection in the communications path is shown below.





Additional Information

You can use an alternative configuration that uses the TCP/UDP message service. Refer to A-2 TCP/UDP Message Service on page A-34 for more information.

Let- ter	Item	Description
(A)	EtherNet/IP Unit	The EtherNet/IP master manages the EtherNet/IP network, monitors the status of the slaves, and exchanges I/O data with the slaves.
		The types of EtherNet/IP Units are listed below.
		A Unit such as CJ1W-EIP21 or CS1W-EIP21
		Built-in EtherNet/IP port on a CPU Unit
		SYSMAC Gateway
(B)	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is an interface that performs I/O refresh communications between a group of NX Units and the EtherNet/IP Unit over an EtherNet/IP network.
		The I/O data for the NX Units is first accumulated in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and then all of the data is exchanged with the EtherNet/IP Unit at the same time.
		You can connect up to 63 NX Units.
(C)	NX Units*1	The NX Units perform I/O processing with connected external devices. The NX I/O Units perform I/O refresh communications with the EtherNet/IP master through the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
		Refer to 2-2-2 Types of NX Units on page 2-7 for the types of NX Units.
(D)	End Cover	The End Cover is attached to the end of the Slave Terminal.
(E)	Support Software*2	The Support Software runs on a personal computer and it is used to configure EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals and to perform programming, monitoring, and troubleshooting.
(F)	EDS (Electronic Data Sheet) file	The EDS file contains all information that is unique to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. You can load the EDS files into the Network Configurator or other EtherNet/IP network setup software to easily allocate data and view or change settings.
		The EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal supports EDS files with a CIP revision number of 1.2 or later.
(G)	Communications	Use a double-shielded cable with aluminum tape and braiding of category 5
(H)	cable Network Configurator	(100BASE-TX) or higher, and use straight wiring. The software tool to configure the EtherNet/IP network.
(' ')	145tWork Cornigulator	The definate test to definigate the Euleriveen Hetwork.

- *1. For whether an NX Unit can be connected to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, refer to the version information in the user's manual for the NX Unit.
- *2. The term Support Software indicates software that is provided by OMRON. If you connect to a master from another company, use the software tool corresponding to that master.

2-2-2 Types of NX Units

The following table lists some examples of the types of NX Units that are available.

	Unit type	Overview	
Digital I/O Units		These Units process I/O with digital signals.	
	Digital Input Units	These Units process inputs with digital signals.	
	Digital Output Units	These Units process outputs with digital signals.	
Analog I/O Units		These Units process I/O with analog signals.	
· ·	Analog Input Units	These Units process inputs with analog signals.	
	Analog Output Units	These Units process outputs with analog signals.	
	Temperature Input Units	These Units process inputs from temperature sensors.	
	Heater Burnout Detection	Heater Burnout Detection Units have the following functions.	
	Units	Monitoring of CT currents to provide alarms for heater burnouts and SSR failures	
		Time-proportional control output processing to operate heaters with SSRs	
System Units		System Units are used as required to build a Slave Terminal.	
	Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit	This Unit is used when the NX Unit power supply is not sufficient.	
	Additional I/O Power Supply Unit	This Unit is used when the I/O power supply is not sufficient or to separate the power supply in the Slave Terminal.	
	I/O Power Supply Connection Unit	This Unit is used when the I/O power supply terminals for connections to external I/O devices are not sufficient.	
	Shield Connection Unit	This Unit is used to ground more than one shield wire from external I/O connections to the same ground.	
Load Cell Input Units	5	These Units perform input processing of the output signal from a load cell to measure the weight or force.	
IO-Link Master Units		These Units use IO-Link communications to perform I/O processing for IO-Link devices. They also support I/O processing of digital signals from non-IO-Link-devices.	
Communications Into	erface Units	These Units support serial communications. Both RS-232C and RS-422A/485 are supported as the serial interface.	
Temperature Control	Unit	This Unit receives signals from the temperature sensor and controls the heater temperature to match the set temperature.	
Position Interface Ur	nits	These Units perform I/O processing of position data for positioning.	
	Incremental Encoder Input Units	These Units count pulses from incremental encoders.	
	SSI Input Units	These Units process serial signal inputs from absolute encoders or linear scales that have an SSI interface.	
Safety Control Units		The NX-series Safety Control Units constitute a programmable safety controller that complies with IEC 61131-3 and	
		PLCopen [®] Safety. They include Safety CPU Units and Safety I/O Units.	
	Safety CPU Unit	This Unit controls the Safety I/O Units through the NX bus and EtherNet/IP.	
	Safety Input Units	These Units process safety inputs with digital signals.	
	Safety Output Units	These Units process safety outputs with digital signals.	

Refer to the user's manual for the specific Units for details.

For information on the most recent lineup of NX Units, refer to NX-series catalogs or OMRON websites, or ask your OMRON representative.

Safety Control System 2-2-3

Refer to the NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930) for details on safety control systems built with Safety Control Units.

2-3 Support Software

This section describes the Support Software that is used to set up the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

2-3-1 Applicable Support Software

The following Support Software can be used to set up the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

System configuration	Support Software name	Version
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit connection	Sysmac Studio	Version 1.10 or higher
NY-series Industrial PC connection		
CS/CJ/CP-series CPU Unit connection	NX-IO Configurator	Version 1.0 or higher
Sysmac Gateway connection		
Connection to PLC from another company		

However, if you use an NX-series Safety Control Unit, the Sysmac Studio is required even if the Ether-Net/IP master is a CS/CJ/CP-series CPU Unit, Sysmac Gateway, or PLC from another company.

2-3-2 Connection Method and Procedures

This section describes the method and procedures that are used to connect the Support Software to an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. The Sysmac Studio is connected to a USB port of an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit as an example. For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

Going Online through the USB Port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

Connection Methods

You can place the Support Software online with the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. Connect the Support Software to the USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Connection Procedure

Use the following procedure to place the Support Software online.

- 1 Connect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to a computer in which the Support Software is installed through a USB cable.
- **2** Create a new project with the following settings.

Category: Slave terminal

Device: EtherNet/IP coupler

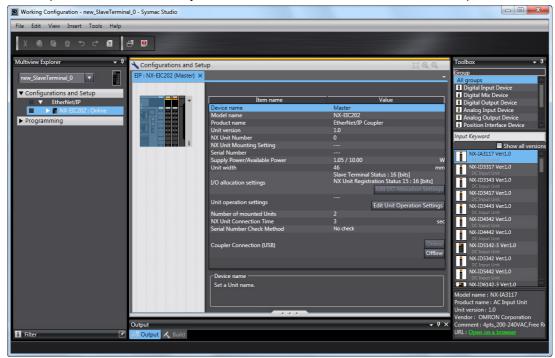
Refer to 9-2-2 Setting the NX Unit Configuration Information on page 9-7 for the procedures to create the Unit configuration information.

Right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the Edit EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, and select *Coupler Connection (USB) – Online*. Or, right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the Multiview Explorer and select *Coupler Connection (USB) – Online*.

A confirmation dialog box is displayed.

4 Click the **OK** button.

The Sysmac Studio goes online with the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.



The scope of access from the Sysmac Studio when it is connected to the USB port on the EtherNet/IP

The scope of access from the Support Software when it is connected to the USB port on the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit is limited to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal at the connection. Support Software cannot access any Units that are not at the connection (such as other EtherNet/IP slaves, or other EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals).



Specifications and Application Procedures

This section provides the general specifications of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, the specifications of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and End Cover, and the applications procedures for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

3-1	Specifications				
	3-1-1	General Specifications of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals	3-2		
	3-1-2	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Specifications	3-3		
	3-1-3	End Cover Specifications	3-6		
3-2	Proce	dures	3-7		
	3-2-1	EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Application Procedures	3-7		
	3-2-2	Details	3-9		

Specifications

This section provides the general specifications of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and the specifications of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and End Cover.

General Specifications of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals 3-1-1

Item		Specification		
Enclosure		Mounted in a panel		
Grounding method		Ground to 100 Ω or less.		
	Ambient operating	0 to 55°C		
	temperature			
	Ambient operating humidity	10% to 95% (with no condensation or icing)		
	Atmosphere	Must be free from corrosive gases.		
	Ambient storage	−25 to 70°C (with no condensation or icing)		
	temperature			
	Altitude	2,000 m max.		
	Pollution degree	2 or less: Conforms to JIS B3502 and IEC 61131-2.		
Operat-	Noise immunity	2 kV on power supply line (Conforms to IEC61000-4-4.)		
ing envi-	Overvoltage cate-	Category II: Conforms to JIS B3502 and IEC 61131-2.		
ronment	gory			
	EMC immunity level	Zone B		
		Conforms to IEC 60068-2-6.		
	Vibration resis- tance	5 to 8.4 Hz with 3.5-mm amplitude, 8.4 to 150 Hz, acceleration of 9.8 m/s ² , 100 min each in X, Y, and Z directions (10 sweeps of 10 min each = 100 min total)*1		
	Shock resistance	Conforms to IEC 60068-2-27. 147 m/s ² , 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions ^{*1}		
		cULus: Listed UL508 and ANSI/ISA 12.12.01		
Applicable	standards ^{*2}	EC: EN 61131-2		
		C-Tick or RCM, KC: KC Registration, and NK		

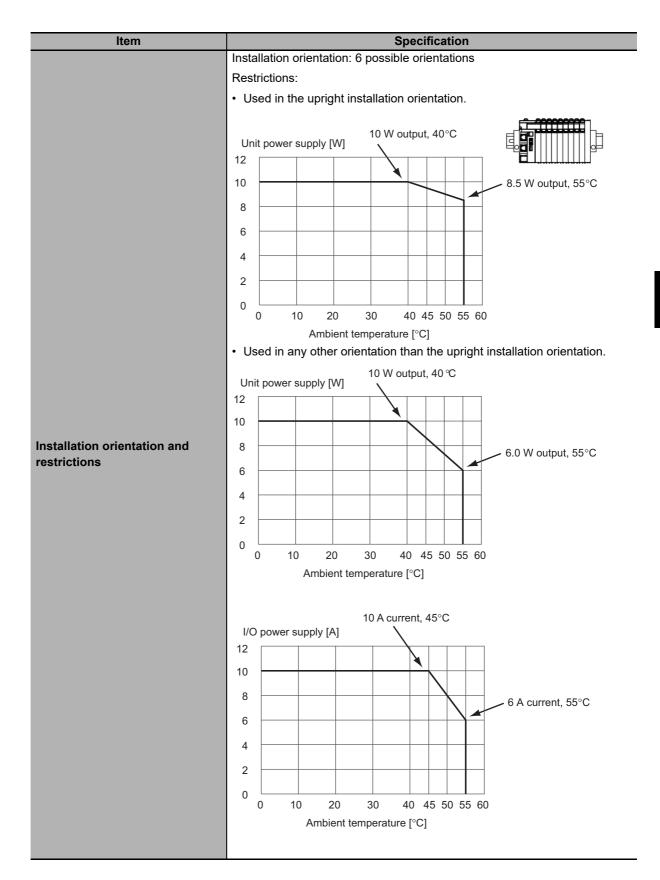
^{*1.} Refer to the NX-series Digital I/O Units User's Manual (Cat. No. W521) for the vibration and shock resistance specifications of the Relay Output Unit.

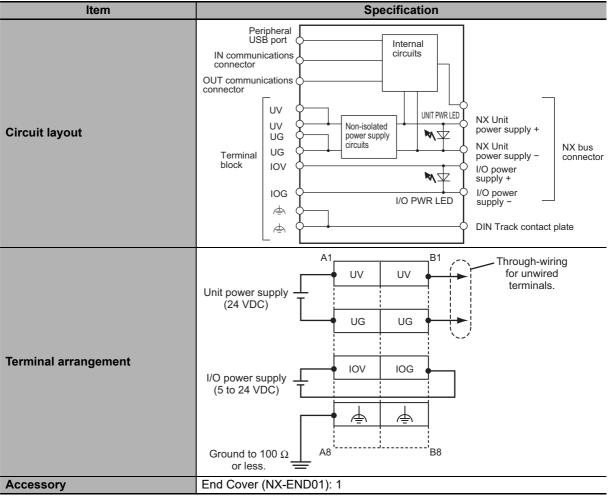
^{*2.} Refer to the OMRON website (http://www.ia.omron.com/) or consult your OMRON representative for the most recent applicable standards for each model.

3-1-2 EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Specifications

Item		Specification
Model		NX-EIC202
Number of connectable NX Units		63 Units max.*1
		EtherNet/IP protocol
Communicati	iana nuataaala	Implicit messages (class 1)
Communicati	ions protocols	Explicit messages (class 3, UCMM)
		TCP/UDP message services
Modulation		Baseband
Link speed		100 Mbps
Ethernet phy	·	100BASE-TX (IEEE 802.3)
Ethernet swit	tch	Layer 2 Ethernet switch
Transmission	n media	Category 5 or higher twisted-pair cable (Recommended cable:
		double-shielded cable with aluminum tape and braiding)
Transmission	n distance	Distance between nodes: 100 m or less
Topology	I	Line, Tree, Star
	Number of con-	8
E41N - 4/1D	nections	A 4- 4 000
EtherNet/IP tag data	Packet interval (RPI)	4 to 1,000 ms
links	Unit allowable	1,000 pps
IIIKS	communications	1,000 pps
	band width	
	Maximum num-	8
	ber of simultane-	
	ously	
TCP/UDP	connectable cli-	
message	ents	
service	Maximum mes-	Request: 492 bytes
	sage size	Response: 496 bytes
	Maximum control-	Output data: 490 bytes
	lable NX bus I/O	Input data: 496 bytes
	data size	Input: 512 bytes max. (including input data, status, and unused areas)
	I/O data size	
NX bus		Output: 512 bytes max. (including output data and unused areas)
	Refreshing	Free-Run refreshing
Number of connections		8
Received Packet Interval (RPI,		4 to 1,000 ms
refresh cycle)		פווו סטט,ו טו ד ין
Allowed communications band-		1,000 pps
width for Unit		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Input: 504 bytes max. (including input data, status, and unused areas)
EtherNet/IP I/O connection size		Output: 504 bytes max. (including output data and unused areas)

Item		Specification	
	Power supply	24 VDC (20.4 to 28.8 VDC)	
	voltage		
	NX Unit power	10 W max.	
	supply capacity	Refer to Installation orientation and restrictions for details.	
Unit power	NX Unit power	70%	
supply	supply efficiency		
	Isolation method	No isolation between NX Unit power supply and Unit power supply terminals	
	Current capacity	4 A max.	
	of power supply		
	terminals	*0	
	Power supply voltage	5 to 24 VDC (4.5 to 28.8 VDC) *2	
	Maximum I/O	10 A	
I/O power supply	power supply cur- rent	Refer to Installation orientation and restrictions for details.	
	Current capacity	10 A max.	
	of power supply		
	terminals		
<u> </u>	er consumption	1.60 W max.	
	umption from I/O	10 mA max. (for 24 VDC)	
Dielectric str		510 VAC for 1 min, leakage current: 5 mA max. (between isolated circuits)	
Insulation res		100 VDC, 20 MΩ min. (between isolated circuits)	
modiation re-		Communications Connector	
		For EtherNet/IP communications.	
		• RJ45 × 2 (shielded)	
External connection terminals		Screwless Clamping Terminal Block	
		For Unit power supply, I/O power supply, and grounding. Removable.	
		Peripheral USB Port	
		To connect Support Software	
		Physical layer: USB 2.0-compliant, B-type connector	
		Transmission distance: 5 m max.	
Dimensions		46 × 100 × 71 mm (W×H×D)	
Weight		150 g max.	





^{*1.} Refer to the NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930) for the number of Safety Control Units that can be connected.

End Cover Specifications 3-1-3

Item	Specification
Model	NX-END01
Dimensions	12 × 100 × 71 (W×H×D)
Weight	35 g max.

^{*2.} Use a voltage that is appropriate for the I/O circuits of the NX Units and the connected external devices.

3-2 Procedures

This section describes how to use EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals on an EtherNet/IP network.

Refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual* (Cat. No. Z930) for the procedures to use Safety Control Units.

Refer to *A-6 Connecting to Masters from Other Manufacturers* on page A-54 for application procedures for a connection to a PLC from another company.

3-2-1 EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Application Procedures

Procedure	Sections
1. Preparing for Work	 2-2-2 Types of NX Units on page 2-7 3-1 Specifications on page 3-2 Section 5 Designing the Power Supply System 6-1-3 Installation Orientation on page 6-8 Manuals for the specific NX Units
2. Making Hardware Settings and Wiring the Slave Terminal	 4-3 Hardware Switch Settings on page 4-9 6-1 Installing Units on page 6-2 Section 7 Wiring
Setting the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit's IP Address and Automatic Clock.	9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31 11-3-3 Automatic Clock Adjustment on page 11-11
•	
4. Configuring the Slave Terminal and Making the Operation Settings	9-2 Setting Slave Terminal Parameters on page 9-7
5. Transferring and Comparing EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Parameter Settings	9-3 Transferring and Comparing Settings on page 9-28
6. IO-Link Device Settings (when using an IO-Link device)	IO-Link System User's Manual (Cat. No. W570) NX-series IO-Link Master Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W567)
•	
7. Setting Tag Data Links	9-5 Setting Tag Data Links on page 9-36

11. Creating the User Program

pler Unit

· Instructions reference manual

· Operation manual for the Support Soft-

3-2-2 Details

	Procedure	Item	Description	Reference
	Preparing for	Selecting NX	Select the NX Units and the quantity and types of I/O	2-2-2 Types of NX
	Work	Units	that are required.	Units on page 2-7
				Manuals for the spe-
		Confirming Suit-	Confirm that the following specific restrictions for the	cific NX Units • 3-1 Specifications on
4		ability of Slave	Slave Terminal are met.	page 3-2
1		Terminal Speci-	Number of NX Units	Section 5 Designing
		fications	EtherNet/IP maximum I/O connection size	the Power Supply
			Design conditions for the NX Unit power supply and	System
			I/O power supply	6-1-3 Installation Ori-
			Installation orientation	entation on page 6-8
	Making Hard-	Switch Settings	Set the network interface type and enable tag data links	• 4-3-2 DIP Switch on
	ware Settings		with the hardware switches on the EtherNet/IP Coupler	page 4-10
	and Wiring the		Unit.	
	Slave Terminal	Installation	Connect the NX Units and End Cover to the EtherNet/IP	6-1 Installing Units on
			Coupler Unit and secure the Slave Terminal to a DIN Track to install it.	page 6-2
2		Wiring	Wire the Slave Terminal.	Section 7 Wiring
		9	Connect the communications cables.	l comen i iiiiiiig
			Connect the Unit power supply.	
			Connect the I/O power supply.	
			Connect the ground wire.	
			Connect the external I/O devices.	
	Setting the Ethe	rNet/IP Cou-	Set the IP address of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with	9-4 Setting IP
	•	s and Automatic	the Network Configurator.	Address on page 9-31
3	Clock		You can also use the switch settings to set the IP	• 11-3-3 Automatic
			address. Refer to 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31.	Clock Adjustment on
			Set the automatic clock with the Network Configurator.	page 11-11
	Configuring the		Set up the Slave Terminal (create the configuration and	9-2 Setting Slave Termi-
	and Making the Operation Set- tings		set the parameters) with the Support Software.	nal Parameters on page 9-7
	95	Creating the	Create the Slave Terminal configuration information	9-2-2 Setting the NX
		Unit Configura-	such as number and order of NX Units, individual NX	Unit Configuration Infor-
		tion Information	Unit information and information about the EtherNet/IP	mation on page 9-7
4		0 111 11 110	Coupler Unit.	0.001/0.4/
		Setting the I/O Allocation Infor-	Make the I/O allocations for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units as required.	9-2-3 I/O Allocation
		mation	Officialid NA Offics as required.	<i>Information</i> on page 9-12
		Unit Operation	Make the Unit operation settings for the EtherNet/IP	9-2-4 Unit Operation
		Settings	Coupler Unit and NX Units as required.	Settings on page 9-22
		Setting Unit	Create the Unit application data. This step applies only	9-2-5 Unit Application
		Application Data	to Units that have Unit application data.	Data on page 9-23
_	-	Comparing Eth-	Transfer and compare Slave Terminal settings with the	9-3 Transferring and
5	erNet/IP Coupler Unit Parameter		Support Software.	Comparing Settings on page 9-28
	Settings			paye 3-20

	Procedure Item		Description	Reference
	IO-Link Device S (when using an I	-	Use the CX-ConfiguratorFDT to set up IO-Link devices.	IO-Link System User's Manual (Cat. No. W570)
6				NX-series IO-Link Master Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W567)
7	Setting Tag Data	a Links	Use the Network Configurator to set the tag data links.	9-5 Setting Tag Data Links on page 9-36
8	Assigning Netwo	ork Variables	Network variables are assigned in the PLC according to the I/O allocations created in the Support Software.	9-6 Assigning Network Variables on page 9-71
9	Checking Indicat		Check operation with the indicators on the CPU Unit, Industrial PC, EtherNet/IP Units, and EtherNet/IP Coupler Units.	Software user's manual for the CPU Unit User's manual for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit 4-2 Indicators on page 4-5 12-2 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators on page 12-3
10	Confirming Oper ing the Wiring	ration by Check-	Check the wiring by monitoring inputs or using forced refreshing of outputs from Watch Window of the Support Software.	 Operation manual for the Support Software Manuals for the spe- cific NX Units
11	Creating the Use	er Program	Write the user program with network variables.	Software user's manual for the CPU Unit User's manual for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Instructions reference manual Operation manual for the Support Software



Part Names and Functions

This section gives the names of the parts of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, NX Units, and End Cover and describes the functions of the parts.

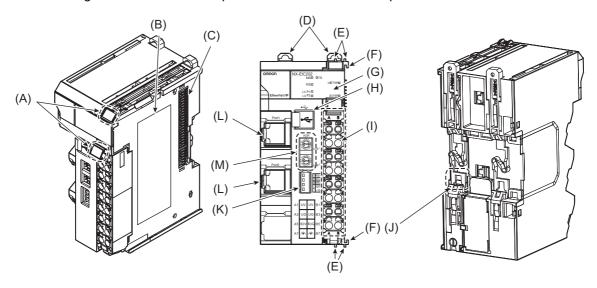
4-1	Parts	and Names	4-2
	4-1-1	EtherNet/IP Coupler Units	4-2
	4-1-2	NX Units	4-3
	4-1-3	End Cover	4-4
4-2	Indica	tors	4-5
4-3		vare Switch Settings	
		Rotary Switches	
	4-3-2	DIP Switch	4-10
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4-5	Termi	nal Blocks	1-12
4-6	DIN Track Contact Plate		1-14

Parts and Names

This section gives the names of the parts of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, NX Units, and End Plates and describes the functions of the parts.

4-1-1 **EtherNet/IP Coupler Units**

This section gives the names of the parts of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

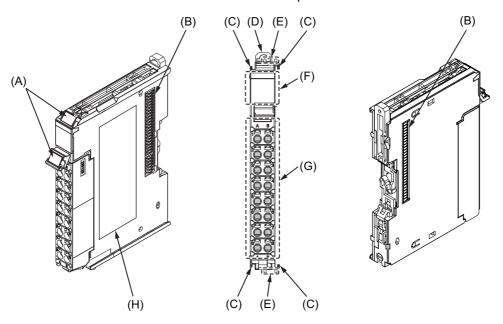


Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Marker attachment locations	The locations where markers are attached. The markers made by OMRON are installed for the factory setting. Commercially available markers can also be installed.
		For details, refer to 6-1-8 Attaching Markers on page 6-18.
(B)	Unit specifications	The specifications of the Unit are engraved in the side of the casing.
(C)	NX bus connector	This connector is used to connect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to the NX Unit on the right of the Coupler Unit.
(D)	DIN Track mounting hooks	These hooks are used to mount the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to a DIN Track.
(E)	Protrusions for removing the Unit	The protrusions to hold when removing the Unit.
(F)	Unit hookup guides	These guides are used to connect two Units.
(G)	Indicators	The indicators show the current operating status of the Unit and the status of the power supply.
(H)	Peripheral USB port	This port is used to connect to the Support Software.
(1)	Terminal block	The terminal block is used to connect to the power supply cables and ground wire.
(J)	DIN Track contact plate	This plate is connected internally to the functional ground terminal on the terminal block.
(K)	DIP switch	The DIP switch is used to set the default node address of the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit as an EtherNet/IP slave.
(L)	Communications connectors	These connectors are connected to the communications cables of the EtherNet/IP network.
(M)	Rotary switches	The rotary switches are used to set the last octet of the IP address of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit as an EtherNet/IP Slave. The address is set in hexadecimal.

4-1-2 NX Units

This section provides an example of an NX Unit.

Refer to the user's manual for each NX Unit for specific information.

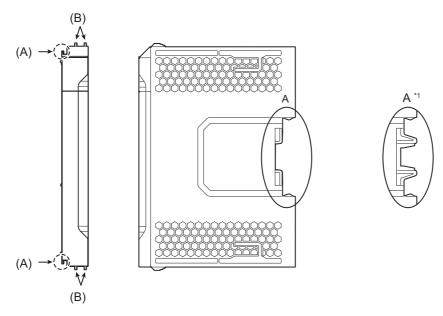


Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Marker attachment locations	The locations where markers are attached. The markers made by OMRON are installed for the factory setting. Commercially available markers can also be installed.
(B)	NX bus connector	This connector is used to connect each Unit.
(C)	Unit hookup guides	These guides are used to connect two Units.
(D)	DIN Track mounting hooks	These hooks are used to mount the NX Unit to a DIN Track.
(E)	Protrusions for removing the Unit	The protrusions to hold when removing the Unit.
(F)	Indicators	The indicators show the current operating status of the Unit.
(G)	Terminal block	The terminal block is used to connect external devices.
		The number of terminals depends on the type of Unit.
(H)	Unit specifications	The specifications of the Unit are given.

4-1-3 **End Cover**

An NX-END01 End Cover is connected to the end of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

One End Cover is provided together with the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.



*1. This is the shape for Units with lot numbers through December 2014.

Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Unit hookup guides	These guides are used to connect the End Cover to the NX Unit on the left of the End Cover.
(B)	Protrusions for removing the Unit	The protrusions to hold when removing the End Cover.



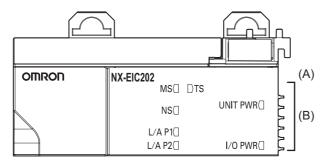
Precautions for Correct Use

Always mount an End Cover to the end of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal to protect the last NX Unit in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. Not attaching the End Cover may result in malfunction or failure of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

4-2 Indicators

There are indicators to show the current operating status of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

The appearance of the indicators has been changed for models released in or before September 2018 with lot numbers that represent the date of or after September 20, 2018. In this manual, those models are shown with the indicators after the change. For details on the applicable models and the changes, refer to *Appearance Change of the Indicators* on page 4-8.



Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Model number	The model number of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is shown.
(B)	Indicators	The current operating status of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is shown.

MS Indicator

The Module Status (MS) indicator indicates the status of the Unit.

Color		Status	Meaning
Green		Lit	The Unit is operating normally.
		Flashing	The Unit is starting or restarting.
Red		Lit	One of the following unrecoverable errors was detected.
			Bus Controller Error
			Non-volatile Memory Hardware Error
			Memory Corruption Detected
		Flashing	One of the following nonfatal errors was detected.
			Unit Configuration Verification Error
			Non-volatile Memory Control Parameter Error
			Unit Configuration Error
			Unit Configuration Error, Too Many Units
			Unit Configuration Error, Unsupported Configuration
			TCP/IP Setting Error (Local IP Address)
			NTP Client Setting Error
			NX Unit Communications Timeout
			NX Unit Initialization Error
			NX Unit Startup Error
		Not lit	No Unit power supply

NS Indicator

The Network Status (NS) indicator indicates the status of the network.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green		Lit	Tag data link communications have been estab-
			lished and normal communications are in progress.
		Flashing	Normal communications are in progress, but tag
			data link communications have not been estab-
			lished.
Red		Flashing	Tag Data Link Timeout detected
			BOOTP Server Connection Error
		Lit	IP Address Duplication Error detected
		Not lit	No Unit power supply

TS Indicator

The TS indicator shows the status of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the communications status between the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units.

Color	Status	Meaning
Green	Lit	Unit operates normally.
		Communication with all connected NX Units.
		A correct NX Unit configuration is downloaded in the Unit
		from the Support Software.
	Flashing at 1.0 sec	EtherNet/IP communication not available for the NX Units
	intervals	based on the stored configuration.
	Flashing at 0.5 sec	Unit is operating in automatic configuration mode (the unit
	intervals	configuration was automatically created).
Red	Lit	Non-volatile Memory Hardware Error
		Bus Controller Error
		Non-volatile Memory Control Parameter Error
		Unit Configuration Error
		Unit Configuration Information Error
		Unit Configuration Verification Error
		Memory Corruption Detected
		NX Unit Startup Error
		Any other error that requires replacement of the EtherNet/IP
		Coupler Unit
	Flashing at 1.0 sec	NX Unit Communications Timeout
	intervals	NX Unit Initialization Error
		BOOTP Server Connection Error
		TCP/IP Setting Error (Local IP Address)
		IP Address Duplication Error
	Not lit	No Unit power supply
		Restarting is in progress for the Slave Terminal
		Waiting for initialization to start.

UNIT PWR Indicator

The UNIT PWR indicator shows the status of the Unit power supply.

Color	Status	Meaning
Green	Lit	Unit power supplied
	Not lit	No Unit power supply

I/O PWR Indicator

The I/O PWR indicator shows the status of the I/O power supply.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green		Lit	I/O power supplied
		Not lit	No I/O power supply

L/A P1 Indicator

The Port 1 Link/Activity (L/A) indicator shows the linked status and the EtherNet/IP communication status for Port 1.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green		Lit	Link established
		Flickering	Link established
			Communications are active
		Not lit	No link established

L/A P2 Indicator

The Port 2 Link/Activity (L/A) indicator shows the linked status and the EtherNet/IP communication status for Port 2.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green		Lit.	Link established
		Flickering	Link established
			Communications are active
		Not lit.	No link established

Appearance Change of the Indicators

The appearance of the indicators has been changed for models released in or before September 2018 with lot numbers that represent the date of or after September 20, 2018. See below for details on the applicable models and the changes. Models that are not listed here have the appearance after the change.

Applicable Models

NX-EIC202

Change Details

The shape of the light emitting part of each indicator has been changed from a square to a pentagon.

Below is an example of the TS indicator.







Before change

After change

4-3 Hardware Switch Settings

This section describes the functions of the hardware switches (i.e., the rotary switches and the DIP switch) on the front panel of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

4-3-1 Rotary Switches

The two rotary switches show a two-digit hexadecimal number. The setting range is 0x00 to 0xFF with the default setting 0x00.



x16¹



x16⁰

Use the rotary switches to specify how to set the IP address of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. The meanings of the set values are as follows:

Set value (hex)	IP address setting method
00	Set the IP address with the Network Configurator.
01 to FE	Set the IP address with the DIP switch (pin 4) and rotary switches.
FF	Get the IP address from the BOOTP server.*1

^{*1.} This function is supported for NX-EIC202 version 1.2 or later. An error will occur for earlier versions.

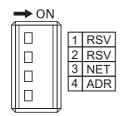
Refer to 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31 for the IP address setting procedure.

4-3-2 **DIP Switch**

Use DIP switch pin 3 to set the network interface type.

Use DIP switch pin 4 to set the base of the IP address for the EtherNet/IP network.

The other pins are reserved by the system.



Pin	Name	Setting	Description
Pin 1	Reserved by the	Keep turned OFF.	
Pin 2	system		
Pin 3	Network interface setting	ON	Enable TCP/UDP message service (disable tag data links).*1*2
		OFF (factory setting)	Enable tag data links (disable TCP/UDP message service).
Pin 4	IP address base	ON	192.168.1.□ (with □ set by rotary switches)
	setting*3	OFF (factory setting)	192.168.250. ☐ (with ☐ set by rotary switches)

^{*1.} The following CIP service is unavailable when the TCP/UDP message service is enabled:

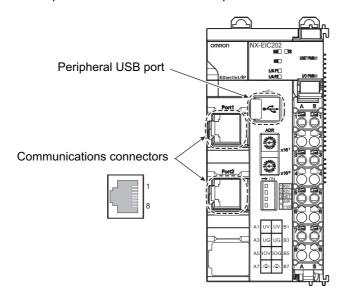
Tag data link (Class 1 connection)

While the TCP/UDP message service is enabled, the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit will return a Device State Conflict (0x10) CIP general error for a Forward_Open request.

- *2. Network Configurator uses the UCMM type of explicit messages.
- *3. Refer to 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31 for information on setting the node address by combining the rotary switches that are described above and pin 4 of the DIP switch.

4-4 Communications Connector and Peripheral USB Port

This section provides the specifications of the communications connectors and peripheral USB port on the front panel of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.



Communications Connectors

Connect Ethernet cables to the communications connectors. The specifications of the Ethernet communications connectors are given below.

- Electrical specifications: Conform to IEEE 802.3 standards.
- Connector structure: RJ45 8-pin Modular Connector (Conforms to ISO 8877).



Additional Information

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual (W506).

Peripheral USB Port

This port is used to connect to the Support Software. You can use a USB cable (connector type: B) to directly connect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to the Support Software to enable setting up the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

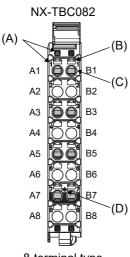
Terminal Blocks

The terminal block on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is a removable screwless clamping terminal block that allows you to easily connect and remove the wiring.

The Unit power supply, I/O power supply, and ground wire are connected to this screwless clamping terminal block.

For details, refer to 7-2 Connecting the Power Supply and Ground Wires on page 7-6.

Terminal Block Part Names and Functions



8-terminal type

Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Terminal num-	The terminal numbers (A1 to A8 and B1 to B8) are displayed.
	ber indications	The terminal number indications are the same regardless of the number of terminals on the terminal block.
(B)	Release holes	Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into these holes to connect and remove the wires.
(C)	Terminal holes	The wires are inserted into these holes.
(D)	Ground termi- nal mark	This mark indicates the ground terminals.

Terminal blocks come in three types depending on the number of terminals that can be used. There are 8-terminal type, 12-terminal type, and 16-terminal type. Only an 8-terminal type can be mounted to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. To prevent incorrect wire insertion, other terminal blocks cannot be mounted.



Additional Information

On 8-terminal type of terminal blocks, the following terminals do not have terminal holes and release holes: A2, A4, A6, A8, B2, B4, B6, and B8.

Applicable Terminal Blocks for Each Model

The terminal blocks that you can use with each model of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit are given in the following table.

	Terminal block					
Unit model number	Terminal block	Number of	Ground terminal	Terminal current		
	model number	terminals	mark	capacity		
NX-EIC202	NX-TBC082	8	Present	10 A		



Precautions for Correct Use

Do not use the NX-TBA081 Terminal Block. The terminal current capacity of 4 A for that type is not sufficient for the NX-EIC202.

To differentiate between the two models of terminal blocks, use the terminal number column indications. The terminal block with white letters on a dark background is the NX-TBC082.



Additional Information

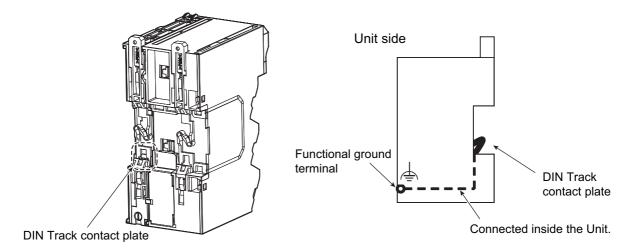
Refer to A-9 Terminal Block Model Numbers on page A-65 for the screwless clamping terminal blocks for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

DIN Track Contact Plate 4-6

There is a DIN Track contact plate in the section on the back of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit that comes into contact with the DIN Track.

This plate is connected internally to the functional ground terminal on EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. This means that the functional ground terminal will be electrically connected to the DIN Track.

For details, refer to 7-2-3 Grounding the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal on page 7-7.





Designing the Power Supply System

This section describes how to design the power supply system for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

5-1	Power	Supply System and Design Concepts	5-2
	5-1-1	Power Supply System and Types of Power Supplies	5-2
	5-1-2	NX-series Power Supply-related Units	5-3
	5-1-3	Design Concepts for Power Supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	5-5
5-2	Design	ning the NX Unit Power Supply System	5-6
	5-2-1	Procedure for Designing the NX Unit Power Supply System	5-6
	5-2-2	Calculation Example for the NX Unit Power Supply	5-7
5-3	Desigr	ning the I/O Power Supply System	5-9
	5-3-1	I/O Power Supply Method	5-9
	5-3-2	Designing the I/O Power Supply from the NX Bus	5-10
	5-3-3	Designing the I/O Power Supply from External Sources	5-14
	5-3-4	Restrictions on Inrush Current for ON/OFF Operation	5-14
5-4	Select	ing External Power Supplies and Protective Devices	5-16
	5-4-1	Selecting the Unit Power Supply	5-16
	5-4-2	Selecting the I/O Power Supplies	5-18
	5-4-3	Selecting Protective Devices	5-18

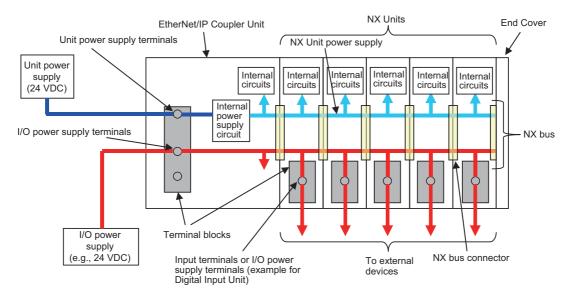
Power Supply System and Design Concepts

This section describes the power supply system for an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and the design concepts.

5-1-1 **Power Supply System and Types of Power Supplies**

Power Supply System Configuration Diagram

An example of a power supply system configuration diagram for an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is shown below.



Power Supply Types

There are the following two types of power supplies that supply power to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Power supply type	Description
Unit power sup- ply	This power supply is required to generate the NX Unit power, which is necessary for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal to operate. This power supply is connected to the Unit power supply terminals on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
	The internal power supply circuit in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit generates the NX Unit power supply from the Unit power supply. The internal circuits of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and of the NX Units operate on the NX Unit power supply.
	The NX Unit power is supplied to the NX Units in the Slave Terminal through the NX bus connectors.
I/O power supply	This power supply drives the internal I/O circuits of the NX Units and it is used for the connected external devices. This power supply is connected to the I/O power supply terminals on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. The I/O power is supplied to the NX Units from the I/O power supply terminals and through the NX bus connectors.



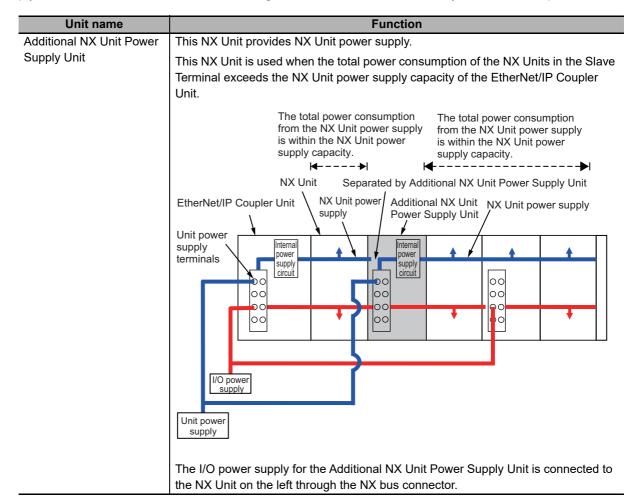
Precautions for Correct Use

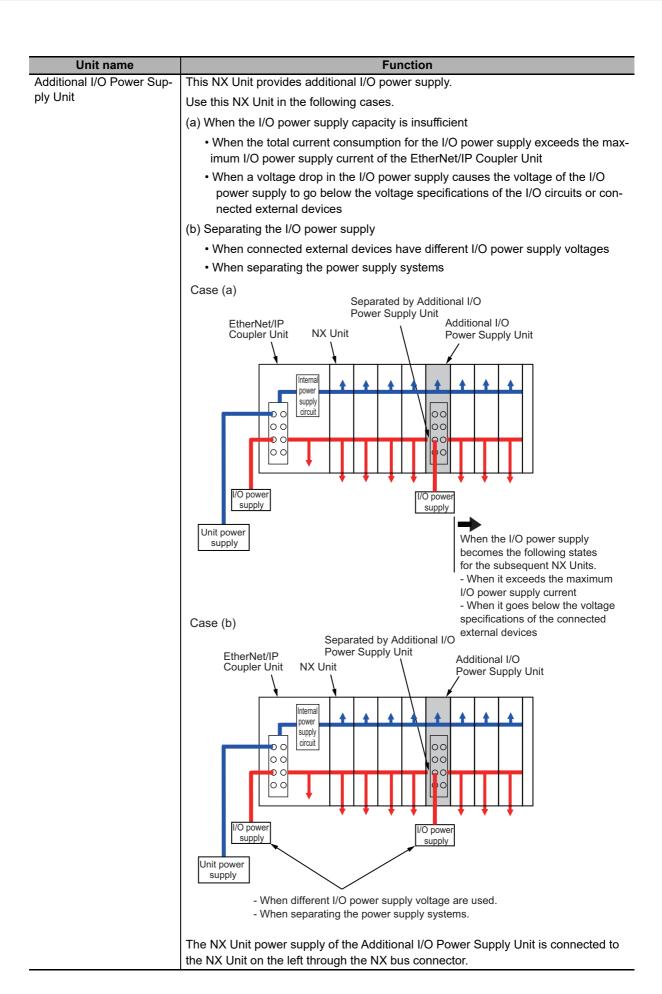
Always use separate power supplies for the Unit power supply and the I/O power supply. If you supply power from the same power supply, noise may cause malfunctions.

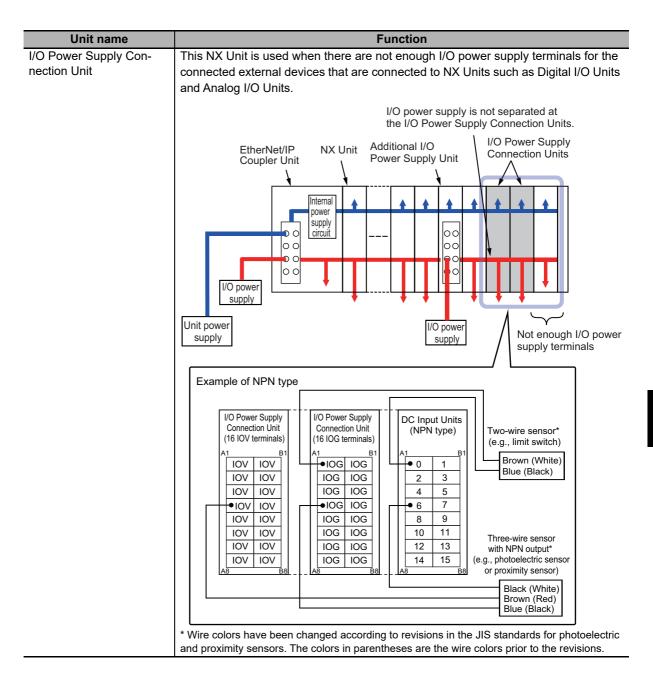
5-1-2 NX-series Power Supply-related Units

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit supplies the NX Unit power and I/O power to the NX Units in the Slave Terminal. The Units that are related to power supply for the NX Series other than the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit are listed in the following table.

For the specifications of NX-series power supply-related Units, refer to the *NX-series System Units User's Manual* (Cat. No. W523). For information on the most recent lineup of NX Series power supply-related Units, refer to NX-series catalogs or OMRON websites, or ask your OMRON representative.







5-1-3 Design Concepts for Power Supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

The following must be studied when designing the power supply system to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

- The NX Unit power supply and I/O power supply systems must be designed and then the design conditions for both must be confirmed.
- The external power supplies (i.e., Unit power supply and I/O power supplies) must be selected.

Designing the NX Unit Power Supply 5-2 System

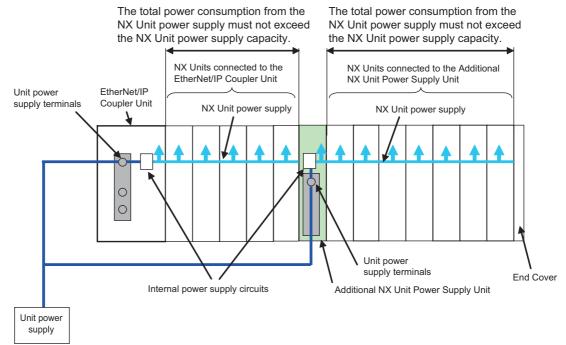
This section describes how to design the NX Unit power supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

5-2-1 Procedure for Designing the NX Unit Power Supply System

The total power consumption from the NX Unit power supply must not exceed the NX Unit power supply capacity of the Unit that supplies the NX Unit power.

Use the following procedure to design the NX Unit power supply.

- Calculate the total power consumption from the NX Unit power supply that is required by the NX Units that are connected to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
- If the total power consumption from the NX Unit power supply exceeds the NX Unit power supply capacity of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, add an Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit to the right of an NX Unit before the capacity is exceeded.
- Calculate the total power consumption from the NX Unit power supply that is required by the NX Units that are connected after the Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit. If the total power consumption of those NX Units exceeds the NX Unit power supply capacity of the Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit, add another Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit to the right of an NX Unit before the capacity is exceeded.
- Repeat step 3 until the design conditions for the NX Unit power supply are met.



NX Unit Power Supply Capacity and Restrictions

The internal power supply circuits of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit supply the NX Unit power to the NX Units.

The NX Unit power supply capacity does not include the NX Unit power consumption of the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit or Additional NX Unit Power Supply Units.

The NX Unit power supply capacity of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is restricted by the following application conditions.

- · Ambient operating temperature
- · Installation orientation

Consider these conditions and determine the required NX Unit power supply capacity, and then design the NX Unit power supply system.

Refer to 3-1-2 EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Specifications on page 3-3 for restrictions on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

For restrictions on the Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit, refer to the *NX-series System Units User's Manual* (Cat. No. W523).



Precautions for Correct Use

- Do not exceed the NX Unit power supply capacity. If you exceed the NX Unit power supply capacity, malfunction may occur.
- Use the same Unit power supply to supply the Unit power to the entire Slave Terminal. If you
 supply power from different Unit power supplies, differences in electrical potential may cause
 unexpected currents in the NX Unit power supply, which may result in failure or malfunction.

5-2-2 Calculation Example for the NX Unit Power Supply

This section provides a calculation example for the NX Unit power supply.

Unit Configuration Example

Name	Model	Quantity	Power consumption/Unit
EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	NX-EIC202	1	1.60 W
Digital Input Unit	NX-ID3317	5	0.5 W
Relay Output Unit	NX-OC2633	5	0.8 W

Application Conditions

The ambient operating temperature is 55°C and an upright installation orientation is used.

Calculating the Total Power Consumption from the NX Unit Power Supply

Calculate the total power consumption from the NX Unit power supply that is required by the NX Units that are connected to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. The NX Unit power consumption of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is not included in this calculation.

Total power consumption from NX Unit power supply [W] = $(0.5 \text{ W} \times 5) + (0.8 \text{ W} \times 5) = 6.5 \text{ W}$

Confirming the NX Unit Power Supply Capacity of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

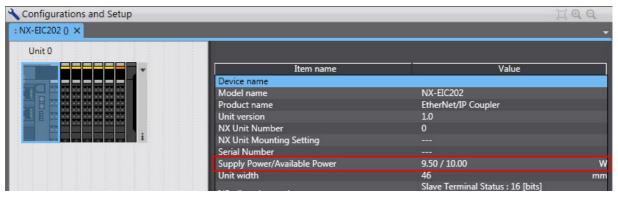
According to the graph in *Installation orientation and restrictions* on page 3-5 in 3-1-2 EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Specifications on page 3-3, the NX Unit power supply capacity is 8.5 W max. Therefore, in this example, the total power consumption from the NX Unit power supply is 6.5 W, and the NX Unit power supply capacity is 8.5 W max., so the design conditions are met.



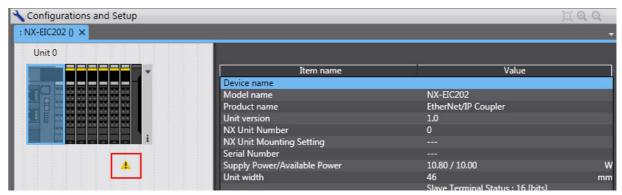
Additional Information

Excess or insufficiency in the NX Unit power supply capacity can be easily checked when the Unit configuration is created on the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page on the Support Software. Use the following procedure to check the power supply capacity.

On the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page on the Support Software, select the Unit to supply NX Unit power. The power that is supplied by the NX Unit power supply (i.e., the total power consumption) and the power supply capacity are displayed for the Supply Power/Available Power parameter. The following example is for when the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is selected.



If the power to supply exceeds the NX Unit power supply capacity of the Unit that is selected to supply the NX Unit power, a yellow warning icon is displayed by the first NX Unit for which there is not sufficient capacity and also by all the remaining NX Units.



However, the Support Software determines excess and insufficiency in the supplied power for an NX Unit power supply capacity of 10 W max. It does not consider the power supply restrictions of the NX Unit power supply in actual application conditions and I/O power supply design conditions. When actually designing the power supply, refer to 5-2-1 Procedure for Designing the NX Unit Power Supply System on page 5-6 and 5-3-2 Designing the I/O Power Supply from the NX Bus on page 5-10.

5-3 Designing the I/O Power Supply System

This section describes how to design the I/O power supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

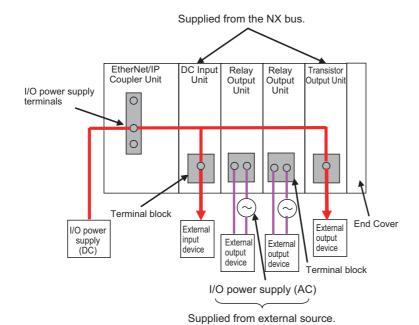
5-3-1 I/O Power Supply Method

There are the following two methods to supply the I/O power supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal depending on the type and model of the NX Units.

Supply method	Description
Supply from the NX bus	Power is supplied through the NX bus connectors by connecting an I/O power supply
	to the I/O power supply terminals on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or Additional I/O
	Power Supply Units.
Supply from external	Power is supplied to the Units from an external source.
source	I/O power is supplied by connecting an I/O power supply to the terminal blocks on the Units.

Refer to the user's manuals for individual NX Units or to the *NX-series Data Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W525) for the power supply method for specific NX Units.

An example is shown below.



5-3-2 Designing the I/O Power Supply from the NX Bus

Procedure for Designing the I/O Power Supply

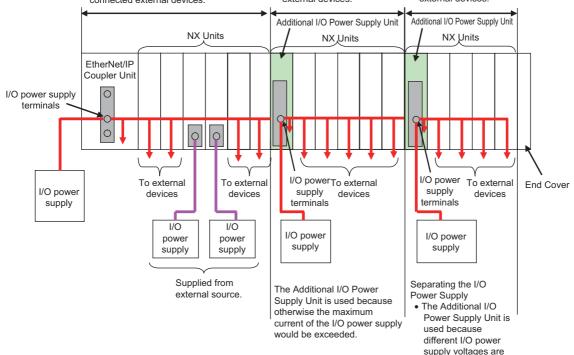
Make sure that the following design conditions are met when you design the I/O power supply from the NX bus.

- The total current consumption from the I/O power supply must not exceed the maximum I/O power supply current of the Unit that supplies the I/O power.
- The voltage drop in the I/O power supply must be within the voltage specifications of the I/O circuits of the NX Units and the connected external devices.

Use the following procedure to design the I/O power supply.

- Calculate the total current consumption from the I/O power supply of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units that are connected to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, and calculate the voltage drop in the I/O power supply.
- If either of the following items (a) and (b) is true, add an Additional I/O Power Supply Unit to the right of an NX Unit for which (a) and (b) are not true.
 - (a) The total current consumption for the I/O power supply exceeds the I/O power supply capacity of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
 - (b) Voltage drop in the I/O power supply causes the voltage of the I/O power supply to go below the voltage specifications of the I/O circuits of the NX Units or the connected external devices.
- Calculate the voltage drop in the I/O power supply after the Additional I/O Power Supply Unit and the total current consumption from the I/O power supply that is required by the Additional I/O Power Supply Unit and by the NX Units that are connected after the Additional I/O Power Supply Unit.
 - If either of the following items (a) and (b) is true, add another Additional I/O Power Supply Unit to the right of an NX Unit for which (a) and (b) are not true.
 - (a) The total current consumption for the I/O power supply exceeds the I/O power supply capacity of the Additional I/O Power Supply Unit.
 - (b) Voltage drop in the I/O power supply causes the voltage of the I/O power supply to go below the voltage specifications of the I/O circuits of the NX Units or the connected external devices.
- Repeat step 3 until the design conditions for the I/O power supply are met.

- •The total current consumption from the I/O power supply must not exceed the maximum current of the I/O power supply. (NX Units that are supplied power from external sources are not included in the calculation.)
- •The voltage drop in the I/O power supply must be within the voltage specifications of the I/O circuits of the NX Units and the connected external devices
- from the I/O power supply must not exceed the maximum current of the I/O power supply
- •The voltage drop in the I/O power supply must be within the voltage specifications of the I/O circuits of the NX Units and the connected external devices
- •The total current consumption •The total current consumption from the I/O power supply must not exceed the maximum current of the I/O power supply
 - •The voltage drop in the I/O power supply must be within the voltage specifications of the I/O circuits of the NX Units and the connected external devices



Maximum I/O Power Supply Current

The maximum I/O power supply current is the maximum current that the I/O power supply that is connected to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or Additional I/O Power Supply Unit can supply through the NX bus connectors to the NX Units. For the maximum I/O power supply current of the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit, refer to 3-1-2 EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Specifications on page 3-3. For the maximum I/O power supply current of the Additional I/O Power Supply Unit, refer to the NX-series System Units User's Manual (Cat. No. W523).

used.

Calculating the Total Current Consumption from the I/O Power Sup-

The total current consumption from the I/O power supply from the NX bus is the total of the following current consumptions.

- The current consumption from the I/O power supply that is required for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or the Additional I/O Power Supply Unit, and for the NX Units that are connected to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or Additional I/O Power Supply Unit
- The current consumption between the NX Units and the connected external devices

Current consumption item	Description
Current consumption from I/O	This is the current that is consumed by the internal circuits that operate on
power supply	the I/O power supply.
	Specific values are given in the user's manuals for individual Units.

Current consumption item	Description
Current consumption between the NX Units and the connected	This is the current that is consumed between the NX Units and the connected external devices.
external devices	For example, this is the current consumed by a Digital Input Unit to supply power to photoelectric sensors or to turn ON the input circuits in the Digital Input Unit.
	The current consumption depends on the type of I/O circuit in the NX Unit, the number of I/O points that are used, and the current consumption of the connected external device. It must be calculated for each NX Unit.

Calculation Examples

Examples of calculating the current consumption from the I/O power supply are given below for a Digital Input Unit and Digital Output Unit.

Current consumption of Digital Input Unit	=	Current consumption from I/O power supply + (Input current × Number of inputs used) + Total current consumption of connected input devices
Current consumption of Digital Output Unit	=	Current consumption from I/O power supply + Total load current of connected loads + Total current consumption of connected output devices

Calculating the Voltage Drop in the I/O Power Supply

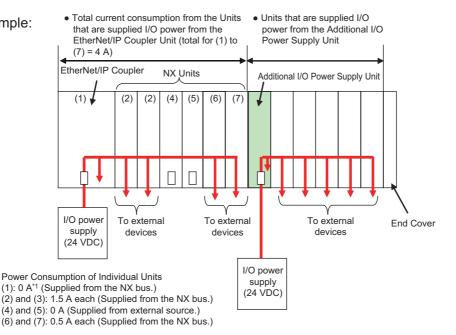
Voltage drop occurs in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal due to the contact resistance at the points where Units are connected to each other. Design the I/O power supply system to maintain the voltage specifications of the NX Unit I/O circuits and connected external devices even if the voltage of the I/O power supply drops.

As shown in the following table, the voltage drop per Unit depends on the total current consumption from the I/O power supply. However, the total current consumption from the I/O power supply must not exceed the maximum I/O power supply current of the Unit that supplies the I/O power.

Total current consumption from the I/O power supply	Voltage drop per Unit
10 A	0.20 V
8 A	0.16 V
6 A	0.12 V
4 A	0.08 V
3 A	0.06 V
2 A	0.04 V
1A	0.02 V

Here, the following Unit configuration example is used to show how to calculate the I/O power that is supplied by the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. The same method can be used to calculate the I/O power supply from an Additional I/O Power Supply Unit.

Example:



*1. The current consumption of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is not actually 0 A. However, a value of 0 A is used in this calculation example.

In actual calculations, use the current consumption from the I/O power supply that is given elsewhere in this manual.

Outline

Find the I/O power supply voltage of the NX Unit that is the farthest from the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. In this example, the I/O power supply voltage of Unit (7) is found.

Conditions

Assume that an I/O power supply voltage of 24.00 VDC is supplied to the I/O power supply terminals on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Procedure

Use the following formula to calculate the total current consumption from the I/O power supply.

```
Total current consumption from the I/O power supply
                                                          =(1) + (2) + (3) + (4) + (5) + (6) + (7)
                                                          = 0 A + 1.5 A + 1.5 A + 0 A + 0 A + 0.5 A + 0.5 A
```

Find the I/O power supply voltage and make sure that it is within the voltage specifications of the I/O circuits of the NX Units and the connected external devices.

```
I/O power supply voltage at (7) = I/O power supply voltage on I/O power supply terminals - (Voltage drop per Unit ×
                                   Number of Units passed through)
                                = 24.00 V - 0.08 V × (7 - 1 Units)
                                = 23.52 V
```

Design to Separate the I/O Power Supply

If the I/O power supply voltages of the connected external devices are different, connect an Additional I/O Power Supply Unit at the point where the I/O power supply voltage changes and then perform similar calculations to design a system that meets the power supply conditions. The same method is used to separate the power supply systems. Connect an Additional I/O Power Supply Unit at the point where

the power supply systems are to be separated and then perform similar calculations to design the overall system to meet the power supply conditions.

5-3-3 Designing the I/O Power Supply from External Sources

Unlike supplying power from the NX bus, there is no specific design method for supplying I/O power from external sources.

Calculate the total current consumption from the I/O power supply for the NX Units to be supplied power from an external source.

Refer to the user's manuals of the NX Units for the total current consumption from the I/O power supply.

5-3-4 Restrictions on Inrush Current for ON/OFF Operation

This section describes the restrictions on inrush current from the I/O power supply that occurs when connected external devices turn ON and OFF.

Inrush Current Restrictions

If inrush current to the I/O power supply occurs when a connected external device turns ON or OFF, do not allow the effective value of the I/O power supply current to exceed the following rated values when the inrush current is added to the current consumption from the I/O power supply.

- Maximum I/O power supply current
- Current capacity of power supply terminals for the I/O power supply

Do not allow the inrush current to exceed the values given in the following table.

Unit	Model	Peak value	Pulse width
EtherNet/IP	NX-EIC202	50 A	1 s
Coupler Unit			

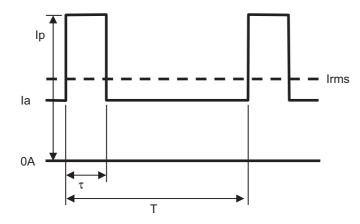
Calculating the Effective Value of the I/O Power Supply Current

The formula to calculate the effective value of the I/O power supply current, Irms, is given below.

Irms=
$$\sqrt{Ip^2 \times D + Ia^2 \times (1-D)}$$

(D= τ/T)

- · Ip: Peak inrush current (A)
- Irms: Effective value of I/O power supply current (A)
- Ia: Total current consumption from the I/O power supply (A)
- · D: Inrush current duty
- τ: Inrush current pulse width (s)
- T: Inrush current period (s)



Selecting External Power Supplies and Protective Devices

This section describes how to select the external power supplies and protective devices for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, i.e., the Unit power supply and the I/O power supplies.

5-4-1 **Selecting the Unit Power Supply**

This section describes how to select the Unit power supply for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Recommended Power Supplies

Use an SELV power supply that meets the following conditions for the Unit power supply.

- · Has overcurrent protection.
- · Has double or reinforced insulation between the input and output.
- Has an output voltage of 24 VDC (20.4 to 28.8 VDC).

Recommended Power Supplies: S8JX Series (manufactured by OMRON)

Calculating the Required Power Supply Capacity of the Unit Power

Formula

This section describes how to calculate the required capacity of the Unit power supply for the Ether-Net/IP Slave Terminal.

Required capacity of the Unit power supply	_	Total of required Unit power supply capacity
for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	_	for each block

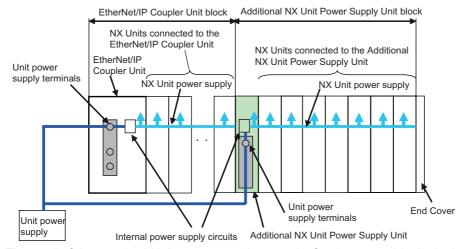
Use the following formula to calculate the required Unit power supply capacity for each block in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Required Unit power supply capacity of each block = (A + B)/C

Α	NX Unit power consumption of the Unit that supplies the NX Unit power
В	Total power consumption from the NX Unit power supply that is required by the NX Units that
	are connected to the Unit that supplies NX Unit power
С	NX Unit power supply efficiency of the Unit that supplies the NX Unit power

Blocks

A block consists of the Unit that supplies the NX Unit power and the range of Units to which that Unit supplies the NX Unit power. For example, in the configuration in the following figure there are two blocks in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal: the block with the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the block with the Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit.



The total of the required Unit power supply capacity for these two blocks is the required power supply capacity of the Unit power supply for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.



Precautions for Correct Use

Use the same Unit power supply to supply the Unit power to the entire Slave Terminal. If you supply power from different Unit power supplies, differences in electrical potential may cause unexpected currents in the NX Unit power supply, which may result in failure or malfunction.

Calculation Example

This section provides a calculation example for the configuration example that is given in 5-2-2 Calculation Example for the NX Unit Power Supply on page 5-7.

Name	Model	Quantity	Power consumption/Unit
EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	NX-EIC202	1	1.6 W
Digital Input Unit	NX-ID3317	5	0.5 W
Relay Output Unit	NX-OC2633	5	0.8 W

• The NX Unit power supply efficiency of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is 70%.

In this configuration example, there is only one block, the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit block.

Required power supply capacity of Unit power supply to EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

- = Required Unit power supply capacity of EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit block
- = (Power consumption from NX Unit power supply of EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit + Total power consumption from NX Unit power supply of NX Units connected to EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit)/NX Unit power supply efficiency of EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit
- $= (1.6 \text{ W} + (0.5 \text{ W} \times 5) + (0.8 \text{ W} \times 5))/0.7$
- = Approximately. 11.6 W



Precautions for Correct Use

Consider the inrush current when the power supply is turned ON and select a Unit power supply with sufficient extra capacity. The inrush current when power is turned ON may prevent the Unit power supply from operating correctly.

5-4-2 Selecting the I/O Power Supplies

This section describes how to select the I/O power supplies for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Recommended Power Supplies

Use an SELV power supply that meets the following conditions for the I/O power supply.

- Has overcurrent protection.
- Has double or reinforced insulation between the input and output.
- Has an output voltage of 5 to 24 VDC (4.5 to 28.8 VDC).
- *1. Use an output voltage that is appropriate for the I/O circuits of the NX Units and the connected external devices.

Recommended Power Supplies: S8JX Series (manufactured by OMRON)

Calculating the Required Power Supply Capacity of the I/O Power Supply

Use the calculation method that is described in 5-3 Designing the I/O Power Supply System on page 5-9 and calculate the total current consumption from the I/O power supply and the required power supply capacity of the I/O power supply.

Unlike the Unit power supply, it is not necessary to use only one I/O power supply to supply power to the entire Slave Terminal.



Precautions for Correct Use

Consider the inrush current when the power supply is turned ON and select an I/O power supply with sufficient extra capacity. The inrush current when power is turned ON may prevent the I/O power supply from operating correctly.

5-4-3 **Selecting Protective Devices**

This section describes how to select protective devices (e.g., breakers and fuses) to protect against short circuits and overcurrents in external circuits.

Overcurrent is the current that flows when an excessive load is connected and one of the following ratings is exceeded.

- · For the Unit power supply, the rating of the NX Unit power supply capacity or of the current capacity of the power supply terminals
- For the I/O power supply, the rating of the maximum I/O power supply current or of the current capacity of the power supply terminals

For the above ratings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, refer to 3-1-2 EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Specifications on page 3-3. For the ratings of NX-series power supply-related Units, refer to the NX-series System Units User's Manual (Cat. No. W523).

Selecting Protective Devices

Consider the following items when you select protective devices.

- Protective device specifications (breaking/fusing, detection characteristics, steady current value, etc.)
- · Inrush current when power is turned ON
- Inrush current when connected external devices turn ON and OFF*1
- *1. Refer to 5-3-4 Restrictions on Inrush Current for ON/OFF Operation on page 5-14 for information on the inrush current when connected external devices are turned ON and OFF.

For the breaking/fusing time, use protective devices that meet the conditions in the following table.

For Unit Power Supply

Current	Breaking/fusing time
6 A	1 min max.
12 A	15 s max.
21 A	5 s max.
30 A	2.5 s max.

For I/O Power Supply

The following values apply for a Unit which has 10 A of current capacity of the power supply terminals.

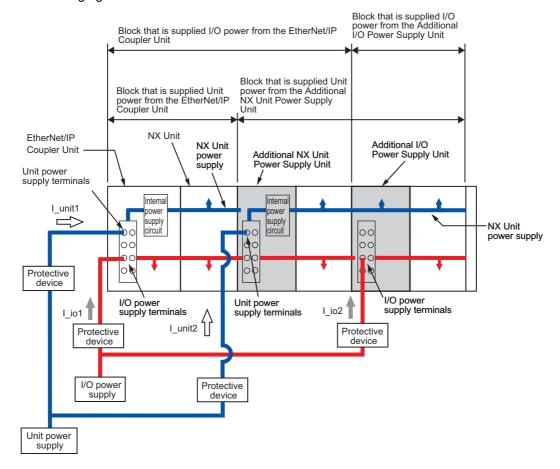
Current	Breaking/fusing time
14 A	1 min max.
28 A	9 s max.
56A	1.5 s max.
70 A	0.8 s max.

The following values apply for a Unit which has 4 A of current capacity of the power supply terminals.

Current	Breaking/fusing time
6 A	1 min max.
12 A	15 s max.
21 A	5 s max.
30 A	2.5 s max.

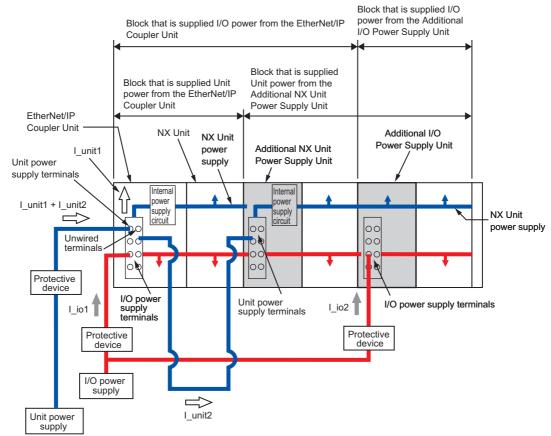
Installation Locations for Protective Devices

Install protective devices for the Unit power supply and I/O power supply in the locations that are shown in the following figure.



However, fewer protective devices may be required when the current consumption of each block does not exceed the rated current. An example of this is provided below.

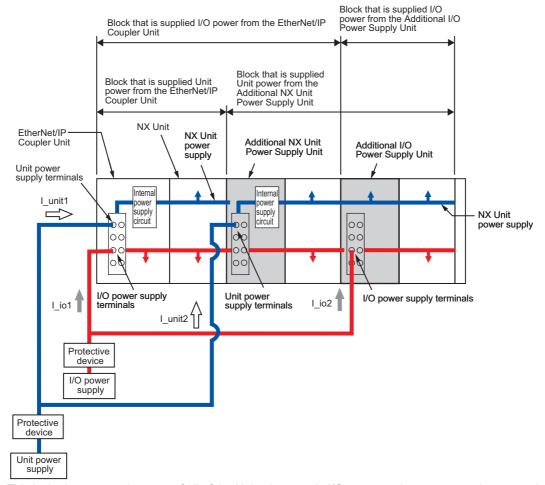
Using Unwired Unit Power Supply Terminals
 In this example, the current consumption from each power supply is as follows:
 Current consumption from Unit power supply: I_unit1 + I_unit2 ≤ Lowest rated current
 Current consumption from I/O power supply: I_io1 + I_io2 ≥ Lowest rated current
 *1



*1. This is the lowest rated current of all of the Units that supply I/O power and are connected to protective devices. For example, if terminals with both a 10-A and 4-A capacities are connected, the value is 4 A.

· When Total Current Consumption for All Blocks Does Not Exceed the Rated Current In this example, the current consumption from each power supply is as follows:

Current consumption from Unit power supply: I unit1 + I unit2 ≤ Lowest rated current Current consumption from I/O power supply: I_io1 + I_io2 ≤ Lowest rated current*1



*1. This is the lowest rated current of all of the Units that supply I/O power and are connected to protective devices. For example, if terminals with both a 10-A and 4-A capacities are connected, the value is 4 A.



Installation

This section describes how to install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

6-1	Install	ing Units	6-2
	6-1-1	Installation Precautions	6-2
	6-1-2	Preparations for Installation	6-6
	6-1-3	Installation Orientation	6-8
	6-1-4	Installing the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	6-9
	6-1-5	Installing and Connecting NX Units	3-12
	6-1-6	Mounting the End Cover	3-15
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	6-2-4	Atmosphere	3-26
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Installing Units 6-1

This section describes how to mount Units to an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

6-1-1 **Installation Precautions**

To increase the reliability of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and take complete advantage of its functionality, observe the following precautions.

Installation Location

Do not install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal in the following locations.

- Locations subject to ambient temperatures outside the range of 0 to 55°C
- · Locations subject to condensation as the result of severe changes in temperature
- Locations subject to a relative humidity outside the range of 10% to 95%
- · Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases
- · Locations subject to excessive dust, salt, and metal powder
- · Locations subject to shock or vibration
- · Locations subject to direct sunlight
- · Locations subject to splashing of water, oils, or chemicals

Take appropriate and sufficient countermeasures when installing the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal in the following locations.

- · Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise
- Locations subject to strong electromagnetic fields
- Locations subject to possible exposure to radioactivity
- Locations close to power lines

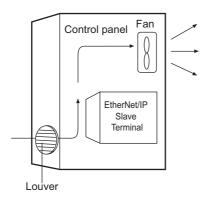
Installation in Cabinets or Control Panels

Consider the ambient temperature, accessibility for operation, accessibility for maintenance, noise immunity, and installation orientation when you install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal in a cabinet or control panel.

Temperature Control

The ambient operating temperature of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal must be between 0 and 55°C. When necessary, take the following steps to maintain the proper temperature.

- · Provide enough space for good air flow.
- Do not install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal directly above equipment that generates a large amount of heat such as heaters, transformers, or high-capacity resistors.
- If the ambient temperature exceeds 55°C, install a cooling fan or air conditioner.

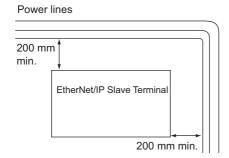


Accessibility for Operation and Maintenance

- To ensure safe access for operation and maintenance, separate the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal as much as possible from high-voltage equipment and power machinery.
- If will be easy to operate the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal if it is mounted at a height of 1.0 to 1.6 m above the floor.

Improving Noise Immunity

- Do not mount the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal in a cabinet or control panel containing high-voltage equipment.
- Install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal at least 200 mm away from power lines.



• Ground the mounting plate between the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and the mounting surface.

Installation Orientation

Refer to 6-1-3 Installation Orientation on page 6-8.

Installation Method in Control Panels

Mount the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal on DIN Track if you install it in a cabinet or control panel. Consider the width of wiring ducts, wiring, ventilation, and Unit replacement when determining the space between EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.



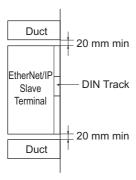
Additional Information

The EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal must be mounted on DIN Track. It cannot be mounted with screws.

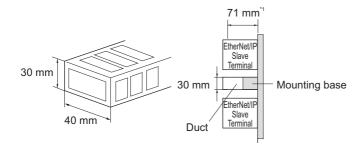
Wiring Ducts

Whenever possible, route I/O wiring through wiring ducts.

Install mounting bases so that it is easy to wire the I/O Units through ducts. It is handy to have the ducts at the same height as the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.



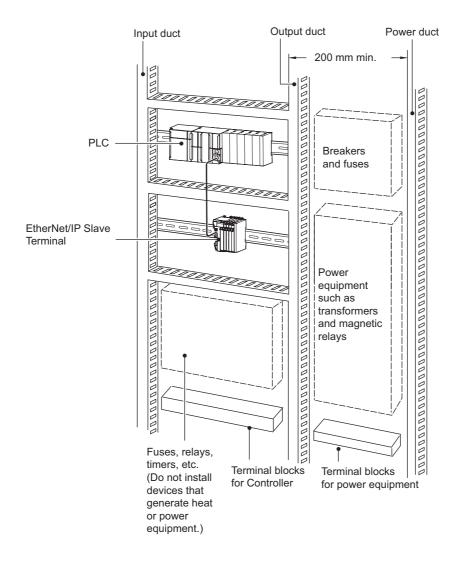
Wiring Duct Example



*1. The height of the DIN Track is not considered in this figure.

Routing Wiring Ducts

Install the wiring ducts at least 20 mm away from the tops of the devices and any other objects (e.g., top of the panel, other wiring ducts, structural supports, and components) to provide enough space for air circulation and replacement of Units.



Preparations for Installation 6-1-2

You must install the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units on a DIN Track.

The following products are recommended.

Name	Model	Manufacturer	Remarks
35-mm DIN	PFP-50N	OMRON Corporation	Length: 50 cm
Track			Material: Aluminum
			Surface treatment: Insulated
	PFP-100N	OMRON Corporation	Length: 100 cm
			Material: Aluminum
			Surface treatment: Insulated
	NS 35/7,5 PERF	Phoenix Contact	• Length: 75.5, 95.5, 115.5, or 200 cm
			Material: Steel
			Surface treatment: Conductive
	NS 35/15 PERF	Phoenix Contact	• Length: 75.5, 95.5, 115.5, or 200 cm
			Material: Steel
			Surface treatment: Conductive
End Plate	PFP-M	OMRON Corporation	Two End Plates are required for each
			EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.
	CLIPFIX 35	Phoenix Contact	Two End Plates are required for each
			EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Not all of the combinations of the DIN Tracks and End Plates listed above are possible.

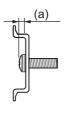
Confirm applicability of the combinations in the following table.

DIN Track model	PFP-M (OMRON)	CLIPFIX 35 (Phoenix Contact)
PFP-50N	Possible.	Possible.
PFP-100N	Possible.	Possible.
NS 35/7,5 PERF	Possible.	Possible.
NS 35/15 PERF	Not possible.	Possible.

Also, use screws and washers of the following sizes to fix the DIN Tracks.

(a): Dimensions from the screw head to the fastening surface

DIN Track model	Applicable screw size	(a)*1
PFP-50N	M4	4.9 mm max.
		(4.1 mm max.)
NS35/7,5PERF	M6	5.4 mm max.
		(4.6 mm max.)
NS35/15PERF	M6	10 mm max.

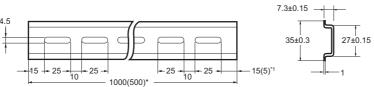


^{*1.} Dimensions in parentheses are for Communications Coupler Units with lot numbers through December 2014 or for NX Units with 12-mm widths with lot numbers through December 2014.

If you use any DIN Track other than those listed in the table above, refer to the dimensions shown in 6-1-10 Assembled Appearance and Dimensions on page 6-21 and use proper screws and washers.

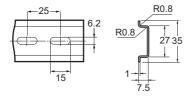
DIN Tracks

PFP-100N/50N DIN Track

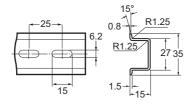


*1 PFP-50N dimensions are given in parentheses.

NS 35/7,5 PERF



NS 35/15 PERF

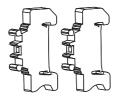


End Plate

PFP-M (Two)



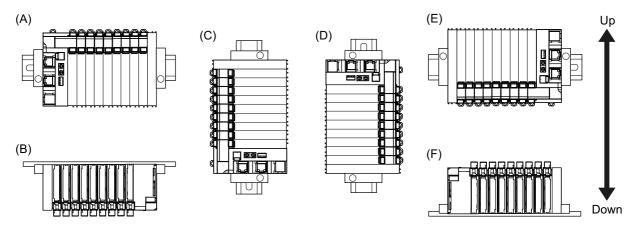
CLIPFIX 35 (Two)



6-1-3 Installation Orientation

An EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal can be installed in any of the following six orientations.

(A) is the upright installation direction and (B) to (F) are installation directions other than upright.



However, there are restrictions on the installation orientation of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit due to the ambient operating temperature and the NX Unit power supply capacity.

There are also installation orientation restrictions on the DIN Track of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and restrictions to specifications that can result from the NX Units that are used.

For restrictions on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, refer to 3-1-2 EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Specifications on page 3-3.

Refer to the user's manual for the NX Units that you will use for specific NX Unit restrictions.



Precautions for Safe Use

For installation orientations (C) and (D) in the above figure, support the cables, e.g., with a duct, so that the End Plate on the bottom is not subjected to the weight of the cables. The weight of the cables may cause the bottom End Plate to slide downward so that the Slave Terminal is no longer secured to the DIN Track, which may result in malfunctions.

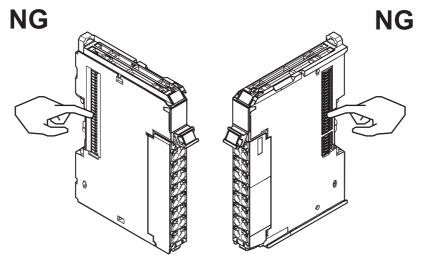
6-1-4 Installing the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

This section describes how to install the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.



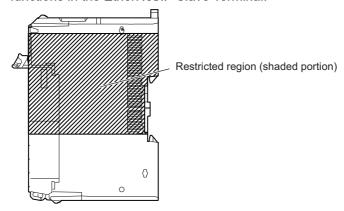
Precautions for Safe Use

- Always turn OFF the power supply before installing the Unit.
 If the power supply is not OFF, the Unit may malfunction or may be damaged.
- Do not apply labels or tape to the Unit. When the Unit is installed or removed, adhesive or scraps may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.
- Do not touch the pins in the NX bus connector on the Unit. Dirt may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.



Example: NX Unit (12 mm width)

• Do not write on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with ink within the restricted region that is shown in the following figure. Also do not get this area dirty. When the Unit is installed or removed, ink or dirt may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.





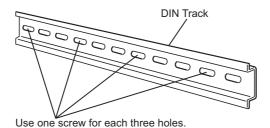
Precautions for Correct Use

- When you handle the Unit, be careful not to touch or bump the pins in the NX bus connector.
- When you handle the Unit, be careful not to apply stress to the pins in the NX bus connector. If the Unit is installed and the power supply is turned ON when the pins in the NX bus connector are deformed, contact failure may cause malfunctions.

Install the DIN Track.

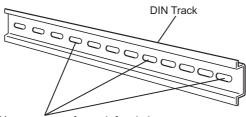
• Using a PFP-50N/100N DIN Track

Use one M4 screw for each three holes in the DIN Track. Ensure the head of each screw is at least 2 mm below the top of the DIN Track to prevent damage to units. There must be a screw for each interval of 105 mm or less. The screw tightening torque is 1.2 N·m.



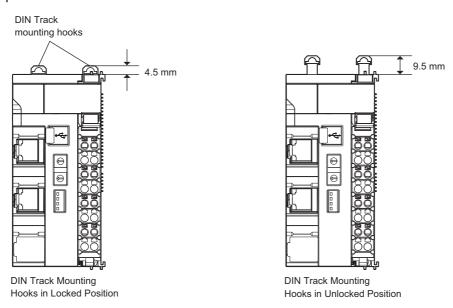
• Using an NS 35/7,5 PERF or NS 35/15 PERF DIN Track

Use one M6 screw for each four holes in the DIN Track. There must be a screw for each interval of 100 mm or less. The screw tightening torque is 5.2 N·m.



Use one screw for each four holes.

Make sure that the two DIN Track mounting hooks on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit are in the locked position.



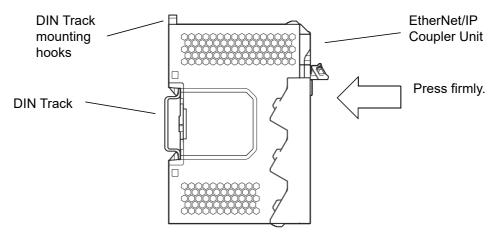
If the DIN Track mounting hooks are pressed down, they are in the locked position.

If the DIN Track mounting hooks are up, they are in the unlocked position.

If the DIN Track mounting hooks are unlocked, press them down into the locked position.

3 Press the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit firmly against the DIN Track until you hear the DIN Track mounting hook lock into place.

After you mount the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, check to be sure that it is securely mounted on the DIN Track.

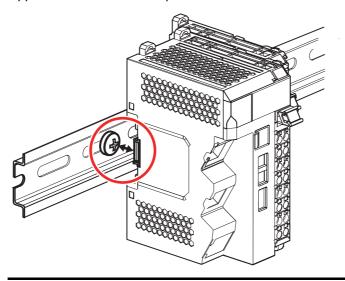




Precautions for Correct Use

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit may not be mounted properly to the DIN Track if the protrusions on the left back of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit interfere with the screw that fixes the DIN Track as shown in the following figure.

When you mount the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to the DIN Track, avoid interference of the protrusions on the left back of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with the screw on the DIN Track. (This applies to Ethernet/IP Coupler Units with lot numbers through December 2014.)





Additional Information

It is not normally necessary to unlock the DIN Track mounting hooks when you mount the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. However, if you mount the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit on a DIN Track that is not one of the recommended DIN Tracks, the DIN Track mounting hooks may not lock properly. If that happens, unlock the DIN Track mounting hooks at the start of the procedure, mount the Unit to the DIN Track, and then lock the DIN Track mounting hooks.

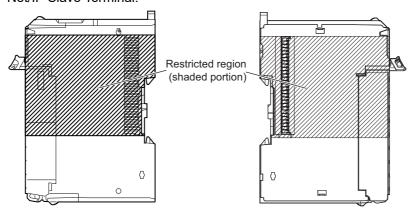
6-1-5 Installing and Connecting NX Units

This section describes how to mount NX Units to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and how to connect NX Units to each other.



Precautions for Safe Use

- · Always turn OFF the power supply before mounting the NX Units. If the power supply is not OFF, the Unit may malfunction or may be damaged.
- Do not apply labels or tape to the Units. When the Units are installed or removed, adhesive or scraps may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.
- Do not write on an NX Unit with ink within the restricted region that is shown in the following figure. Also do not get this area dirty. When the Unit is installed or removed, ink or dirt may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions in the Ether-Net/IP Slave Terminal.



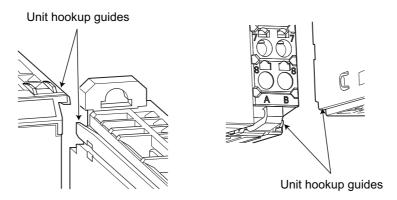


Precautions for Correct Use

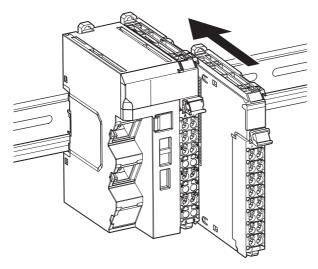
- When you mount an NX Unit to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or when you connect NX Units to each other, always mount the Units one at a time on the DIN Track. If you connect NX Units to each other and attempt to mount them together to the DIN Track at the same time, the Units may separate from each other and fall.
- When you handle a Unit, be careful not to apply stress to the pins in the NX bus connector. If the Unit is installed and the power supply is turned ON when the pins in the NX bus connector are deformed, contact failure may cause malfunctions.
- When you handle a Unit, be careful not to touch or bump the pins in the NX bus connector.

Mounting an NX Unit to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

From the front of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, engage the Unit hookup guides on the NX Unit with the Unit hookup guides on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.



2 Slide the NX Unit in on the hookup guides.



3 Press the NX Unit with a certain amount of force against the DIN Track until you hear the DIN Track mounting hook lock into place.

When you mount the NX Unit, it is not necessary to release the DIN track mounting hook on the NX Unit.

After you mount the NX Unit, make sure that it is locked to the DIN Track.



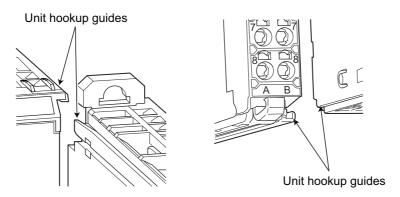
Additional Information

It is not normally necessary to unlock the DIN Track mounting hook when you mount the NX Unit. However, if you mount the NX Unit on a DIN Track that is not one of the recommended DIN Tracks, the DIN Track mounting hook may not lock properly. If that happens, unlock the DIN Track mounting hook at the start of the procedure, mount the NX Unit to the DIN Track, and then lock the DIN Track mounting hook.

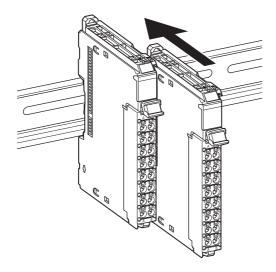
Mounting NX Units to Each Other

Use the following procedure to mount NX Units to each other.

1 From the front of the previously mounted NX Unit, engage the Unit hookup guides on a new Unit with the Unit hookup guides on the previously mounted NX Unit.



Slide the NX Unit in on the hookup guides.



Press the NX Unit with a certain amount of force against the DIN Track until you hear the DIN Track mounting hook lock into place.

When you mount the NX Unit, it is not necessary to release the DIN track mounting hook on the NX Unit.

After you mount the NX Unit, make sure that it is locked to the DIN Track.



Additional Information

It is not normally necessary to unlock the DIN Track mounting hook when you mount the NX Unit. However, if you mount the NX Unit on a DIN Track that is not one of the recommended DIN Tracks, the DIN Track mounting hook may not lock properly. If that happens, unlock the DIN Track mounting hook at the start of the procedure, mount the NX Unit to the DIN Track, and then lock the DIN Track mounting hook.

6-1-6 Mounting the End Cover

Always mount an End Cover to the end of the Slave Terminal.



Precautions for Safe Use

- Always turn OFF the power supply before mounting the End Cover. If the power supply is not OFF, the Unit may malfunction or may be damaged.
- Do not apply labels or tape to the Units. When the Units are installed or removed, adhesive or scraps may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.

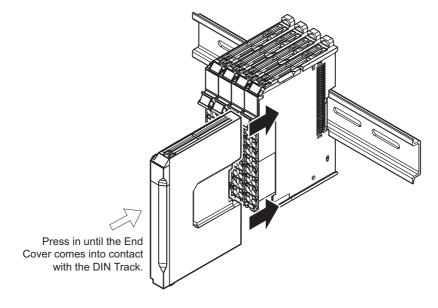


Precautions for Correct Use

Always mount an End Cover to the end of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal to protect the last NX Unit in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. Not mounting the End Cover may result in malfunction or failure of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

- 1 From the front of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, slide the End Cover in on the Unit hookup guides on the NX Unit on the right end of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.
- Press the End Cover firmly against the DIN Track until you hear it lock into place on the DIN Track.

After you mount the End Cover, check to be sure that it is securely mounted on the DIN Track.

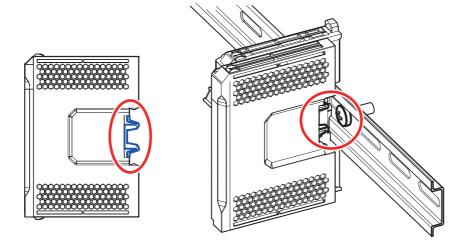




Precautions for Correct Use

The End Cover may not be mounted properly to the DIN Track if the protrusions on the back of the End Cover that are marked in the left below figure interfere with the screw that fixes the DIN Track as shown in the right below figure. When you mount the End Cover to the DIN Track, avoid interference of the protrusions on the back of the End Cover with the screw on the DIN Track. (This applies to End Covers provided with EtherNet/IP Coupler Units with lot numbers through December 2014.)

Protrusions on the back Interference of the protrusions with of End Cover the screw



6-1-7 Mounting the End Plates

After you mount the End Cover, always secure the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal with End Plates.



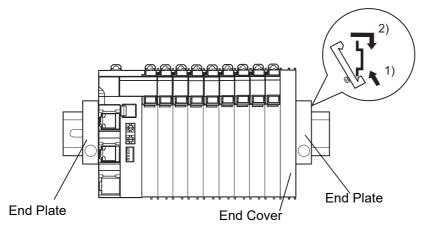
Precautions for Correct Use

After you mount the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, always install an End Plate on each side of the Slave Terminal to secure the Slave Terminal. If you do not secure it, the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal may be damaged or malfunction.

Using PFP-M (OMRON)

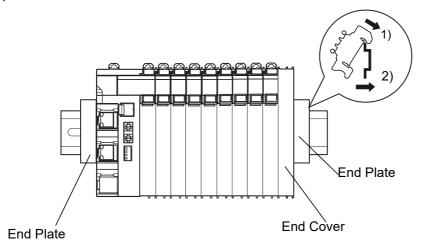
To mount an End Plate, 1) hook the bottom of it on the bottom of the DIN Track and 2) rotate the End Plate to hook the top of it on the top of the DIN Track.

Then tighten the screw to lock the End Plate in place.

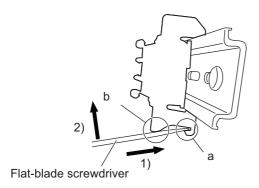


Using CLIPFIX 35 (Phoenix Contact)

To mount an End Plate, 1) hook the top of it on the top of the DIN Track and 2) rotate the End Plate to hook the bottom of it on the bottom of the DIN Track. Press in until you hear the End Plate lock into place.



To remove an End Plate 1) insert the tip of a flat-blade screwdriver into groove "a" and 2) use "b" as a fulcrum and lift the end of the screwdriver, as shown in the following diagram.



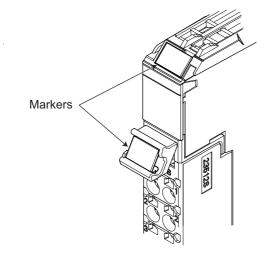
Attaching Markers 6-1-8

Markers can be attached to EtherNet/IP Coupler Units, NX Units, and terminal blocks on NX Units to identify them.

The plastic markers made by OMRON are installed for the factory setting. The ID information can be written on them.

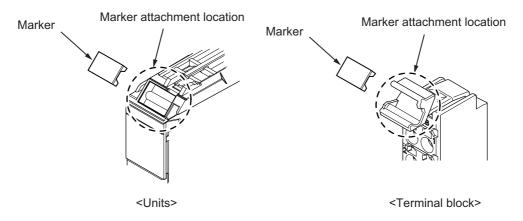
Commercially available markers can also be installed.

Replace the markers made by OMRON if you use commercially available markers now.



Installation Method

Insert the protrusions on the markers into the marker attachment locations on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units, NX Units, and terminal blocks on NX Units.



Commercially Available Markers

Commercially available markers are made of plastic and can be printed on with a special printer. To use commercially available markers, purchase the following products.

Product name	Model number		
Froduct name	Manufactured by Phoenix Contact	Manufactured by Weidmuller	
Markers	UC1-TMF8	DEK 5/8	
Special marker printer	UM EN BLUEMARK X1	PrintJet PRO	

The markers made by OMRON cannot be printed on with commercially available special printers.

6-1-9 Removing Units



Precautions for Safe Use

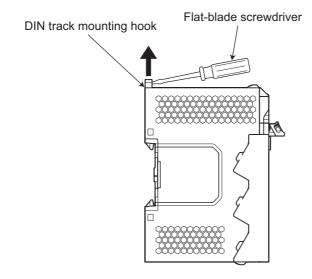
Always turn OFF the power supply before removing any Unit.

If the power supply is not OFF, the Unit may malfunction or may be damaged.

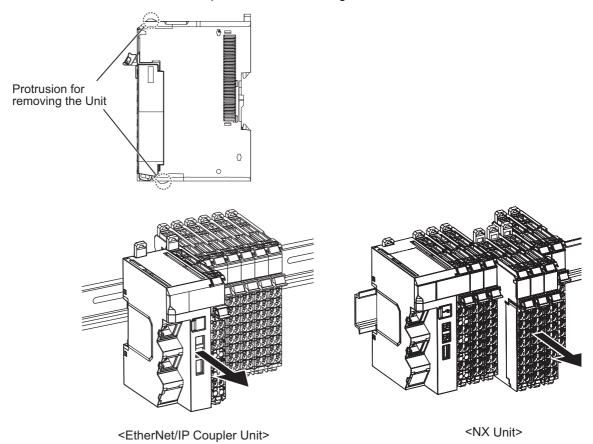


Precautions for Correct Use

- When removing an NX Unit, remove multiple Units together which include the one you want
 to remove. If you attempt to remove only one Unit, it is stuck and hard to pull out. Do not
 unlock the DIN track mounting hooks on all of the NX Units at the same time. If you unlock
 the DIN Track mounting hooks on all of the NX Units at the same time, all of the Units may
 come off.
- When you remove a Unit, be careful not to touch or bump the pins in the NX bus connector.
- 1 Use a flat-blade screwdriver to pull up the DIN Track mounting hook on the Unit to remove.

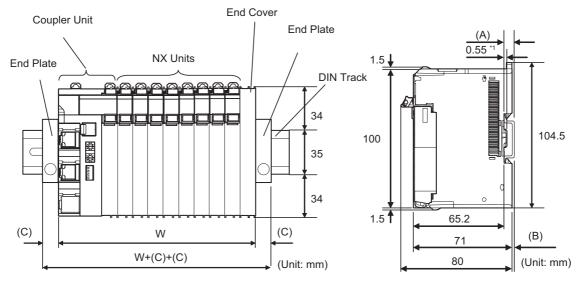


- Remove the Unit with either (a) or (b) below.
 - (a) For an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, place your fingers on the protrusions on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and pull it straight forward.
 - (b) For an NX Unit, place your fingers on the protrusions on more than one NX Unit, including the NX Unit to remove, and pull the NX Units straight forward.



6-1-10 Assembled Appearance and Dimensions

Installation Dimensions



^{*1.} The dimension is 1.35 mm for Communications Coupler Units with lot numbers through December 2014 or for NX Units with 12-mm widths with lot numbers through December 2014.

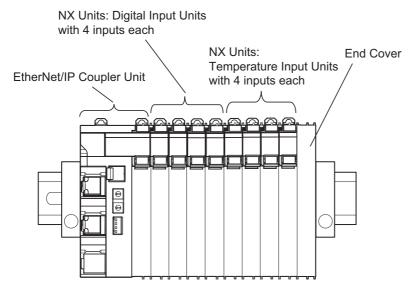
W: Width of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

W + (C) + (C): Width of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal including the End Plates

DIN Track model	(A) DIN Track dimension	(B) Dimension from the back of the Unit to the back of the DIN Track
PFP-100N	7.3 mm	1.5 mm
PFP-50N	7.3 mm	1.5 mm
NS 35/7,5 PERF	7.5 mm	1.7 mm
NS 35/15 PERF	15 mm	9.2 mm

End Plate model	(C) End Plate dimension
PFP-M	10 mm
CLIPFIX 35	9.5 mm

• Calculation Example for the Configuration Width of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal



The widths of the Units in the example EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal configuration and the total configuration width are given below.

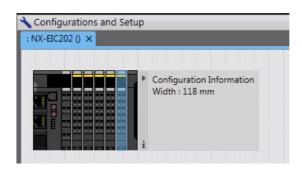
Name	Model	Unit width
EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	NX-EIC202	46 mm
NX Units: Digital Input Units	NX-ID3317	12 mm × 4 Units
NX Units: Temperature Input Units	NX-TS3101	24 mm × 2 Units
End Cover	NX-END01	12 mm

Total: $W = 46 + (12 \times 4) + (24 \times 2) + 12 = 154 \text{ mm}$



Additional Information

You can check the width of a Slave Terminal when you create the Unit configuration on the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page on the Support Software. You can display the width on the right of the Slave Terminal on Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page on the Support Software. Click w to display the width.



Installation Height

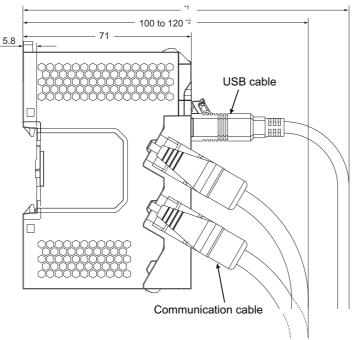
The installation height of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal depends on the model of DIN Track and on the models of NX Units that are mounted.

Also, additional space is required for the cables that are connected to the Unit. Allow sufficient depth in the control panel and allow extra space when you mount the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

The following figure shows the dimensions from the cables connected to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to the back of the Unit.

This is the installation height without the DIN Track of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Refer to *Installation Dimensions* on page 6-21 for the influence on the installation height on the DIN Track.



- *1. This dimension depends on the specifications of the commercially available USB certified cable. Check the specifications of the USB cable that is used.
- *2. Dimension from Back of Unit to Communications Cables
 - 100 mm: When an MPS588-C Connector is used.
 - 120 mm: When an XS6G-T421-1 Connector is used.

As shown above, the installation height depends on the USB cable specifications when a USB cable is used to connect the Support Software to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Check the specifications of the USB cable that is used.

Refer to the manuals for the specific NX Units for the dimensions of NX Units.

Control Panel Installation 6-2

To ensure system reliability and safety, the system must be designed and configured according to the installation environment (temperature, humidity, vibration, shock, corrosive gases, overcurrent, noise, etc.).

6-2-1 **Temperature**

Panels have been reduced in size due to space-saving and miniaturization in devices and systems, and the temperature inside the panel may be at least 10 to 15°C higher than outside the panel. Implement the following measures against overheating at the installation site and in the panel, and allow a sufficient margin for the temperature.

High Temperatures

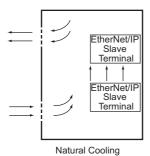
Use the following cooling methods as required, taking into account the ambient temperature and the amount of heating inside the panel.

Natural Cooling

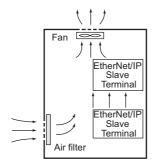
Natural cooling relies on natural ventilation through slits in the panel, rather than using cooling devices such as fans or coolers.

When using this method, observe the following points.

- Do not install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal at the top of the panel, where hot air tends to stagnate.
- To provide ventilation space above and below the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, leave sufficient distance from other devices, wiring ducts, etc.
- Do not install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal directly above heat-generating equipment, such as heaters, transformers, and devices with high resistance.
- Do not install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal in a location exposed to direct sunlight.

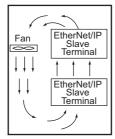


Forced Ventilation by Fan at Top of Panel



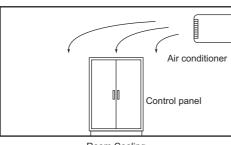
Forced Ventilation Method

Forced Air Circulation by Fan in Closed Panel



Forced Circulation Method

• Room Cooling (Cooling the Entire Room Where the Control Panel Is Located)



Room Cooling

Low Temperatures

The EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal may not start normally if the temperature is below 0°C when the power

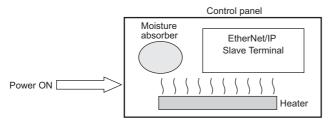
Maintain an air temperature of at least approximately 5°C inside the panel, by implementing measures such as installing a low-capacity space heater in the panel.

Alternatively, leave the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal power ON to keep the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal warm.

6-2-2 **Humidity**

Rapid temperature changes can cause condensation to occur, resulting in malfunctioning due to short-circuiting.

When there is a possibility of this occurring, take measures against condensation, such as leaving the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal power ON at night or installing a heater in the control panel to keep it warmer.



Examples of Measures against Condensation

6-2-3 Vibration and Shock

The EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is tested for conformity with the sine wave vibration test method (IEC 60068-2-6) and the shock test method (IEC 60068-2-27) of the Environmental Testing for Electrotechnical Products. It is designed so that malfunctioning will not occur within the specifications for vibration and shock. If, however, the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is to be used in a location in which it will be directly subjected to regular vibration or shock, then implement the following countermeasures:

- · Separate the control panel from the source of the vibration or shock. Or secure the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and the panel with rubber padding to prevent vibration.
- · Make the building or the floor vibration-resistant.
- To prevent shock when other devices in the panel such as electromagnetic contactors operate, secure either the source of the shock or the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal with rubber padding.

6-2-4 **Atmosphere**

Using the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal in any of the following locations can cause defective contact with connectors and corrosion of components. Implement countermeasures such as purging the air as required.

- · In locations exposed to dust, dirt, salt, metal powder, soot, or organic solvents, use a panel with an airtight structure. Be careful of temperature increases inside the panel.
- In locations exposed to corrosive gas, purge the air inside the panel to clear the gas and then pressurize the inside of the panel to prevent gas from entering from outside.
- · In locations where flammable gas is present, either use an explosion-protected construction or do not use the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

6-2-5 **Electrical Environment**

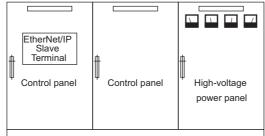
When installing or wiring devices, make sure that there will be no danger to people and that noise will not interfere with electrical signals.

Installation Location of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals

Install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal as far away as possible from high-voltage (600 V or higher) and power devices to ensure safe operation and maintenance.

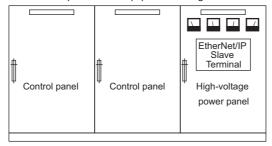


OK



Example of Poor Equipment Arrangement

NG

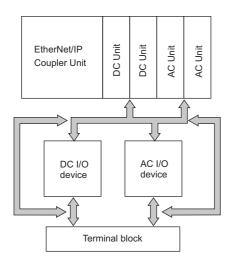


Examples of Equipment Arrangement in Panel with High-voltage Devices

Arrangement of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and Cables

Observe the following points.

 The coils and contacts in electromagnetic contactors and relays in an external circuit are sources of noise. Do not install them close to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. Locate them at least 100 mm away from the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.



Example of Arrangement in Panel

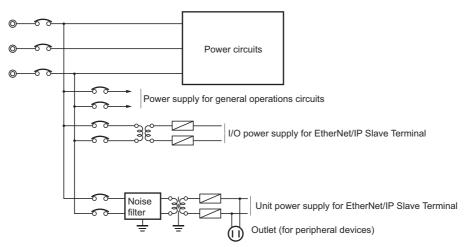
Wire Layout for the Power Supply System

Observe the following points when wiring the power supply system.

- Separate the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal power supply from the I/O device power supply and install a noise filter near the power supply feed section.
- Use an isolating transformer to significantly reduce noise between the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal
 and the ground. Install the isolating transformer between a power supply and the noise filter, and do
 not ground the secondary coil of the transformer.

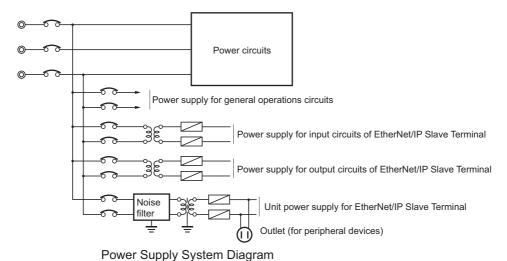
• Keep the wiring between the transformer and the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal as short as possible, twist the wires well, and keep the wiring separate from high-voltage and power lines.

Supplying I/O Power from the NX Bus



Power Supply System Diagram

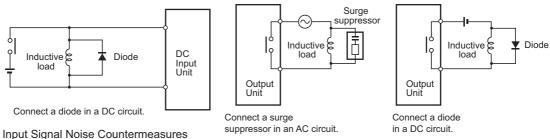
Supplying I/O Power from External Sources



Wiring External I/O Signal Lines

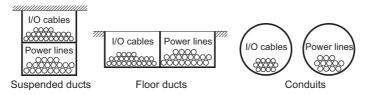
Observe the following points when wiring external I/O signal lines.

· To absorb reverse electromotive force when an inductive load is connected to an output signal, connect a surge suppressor near the inductive load in an AC circuit, or connect a diode near the inductive load in a DC circuit.



Output Signal Noise Countermeasures

• Never bundle I/O cables with high-voltage or power lines, and do not route them in close proximity or parallel to such lines. If output signal lines must be routed in close proximity to such lines, place them in separate ducts or conduits. Be sure to ground the ducts or conduits.



I/O Cable Arrangement

- If the signal lines and power lines cannot be routed in separate ducts, use shielded cable. Connect
 the shield to the ground terminal at the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, and leave it unconnected at the
 input device.
- Wire the lines so that common impedance does not occur. Such wiring will increase the number of
 wires, so use common return circuits. Use thick wires with sufficient allowance for the return circuits,
 and bundle them with lines of the same signal level.
- For long I/O lines, wire the input and output signal lines separately.
- · Use twisted-pair wires for pilot lamps (and particularly lamps with filaments).
- If noise causes malfunctions, use countermeasures, such as CR surge absorbers and diodes, for noise sources of input devices and output load devices, as required.

External Wiring

Wiring, and noise countermeasures in particular, are based on experience, and it is necessary to closely manage wiring based on experience and information in the manuals.

Wiring Routes

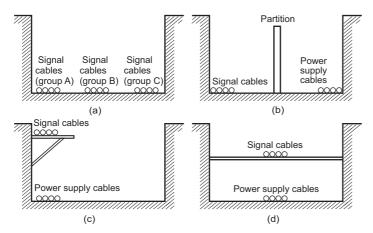
Each of the following combinations includes different signal types, properties, or levels. They will cause the signal-to-noise ratio to drop due to factors such as electrical induction. As a general rule when wiring, either use separate cables or separate wiring routes for these items. Future maintenance operations and changes to the system will also be made easier by carefully organizing the wiring from the start.

- · Power lines and signal lines
- · Input signals and output signals
- · Analog signals and digital signals
- · High-level signals and low-level signals
- · Communications lines and power lines
- · DC signals and AC signals
- High-frequency devices (such as Inverters) and signal lines (communications)

Wiring

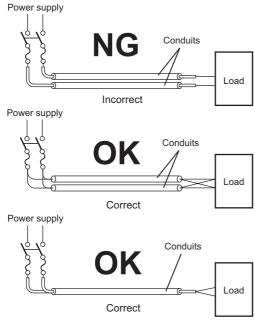
Observe the following points when wiring power supply and signal cables.

- When routing signal cables with differing characteristics through the same duct, always keep them separated.
- As much as possible, avoid routing multiple power supply lines through the same duct. If it cannot be avoided, then construct a partition between them in the duct and ground the partition.



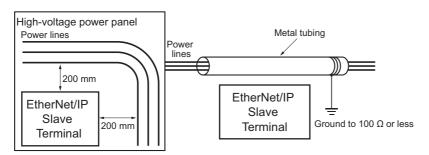
Partitioning Methods for Signal and Power Supply Cables

· To avoid overheating the conduits when using conduits for wiring, do not place wires for a single circuit in separate conduits.



Parallel Wiring (Single Phase)

- Power cables and signal cables adversely affect each other. Do not wire them in parallel.
- · Noise induction may occur if the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is installed in a panel that includes high-voltage devices. Whenever possible, wire and install them separately.
- Either install the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal a minimum of 200 mm away from high-voltage lines or power lines, or place the high-voltage lines or power lines in metal tubing and completely ground the metal tubing to 100 Ω or less.



Example: Separating EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal from Power Lines

Other Precautions

Some models of Digital Input Units and Digital Output Units have polarity. Make sure that you wire the polarity correctly.

6-2-6 Grounding

Grounding has the following two purposes.

- Protective Grounding
 Protective grounding is done to ensure safety. It is intended to prevent electrical shock by grounding the electrical potential that is generated by factors such as leakage, induction, or failure.
- Functional Grounding
 Functional grounding is done to protect device and system functions, including prevention of noise
 from external sources, or prevention of noise from devices or equipment that could have harmful
 effects on other devices or equipment.

Grounding requirements sometimes depend on the situation, and they may be found based on experimentation. It is important to sufficiently check the particular circumstances before grounding.

Wire Layout for the Power Supply System

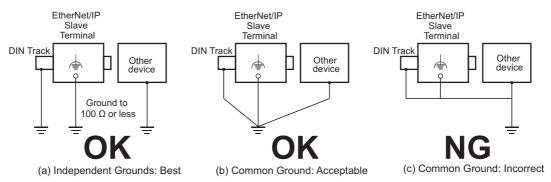
Principles of One-point Grounding

For devices to operate properly, the reference potential between the devices must be stabilized. Use one-point grounding so that noise current does not flow to ground lines between the devices.

Whenever possible, use an independent ground (with the ground pole separated by a minimum of 10 m from any other ground pole).

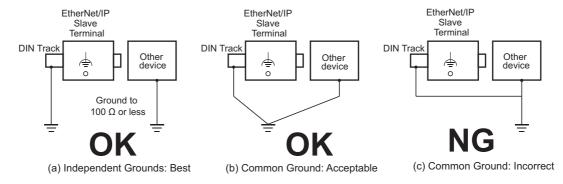
- Ground to 100 Ω or less, and if possible use a separate ground from those of other devices. (See following figure (a).)
- If using an independent ground is not possible, then use a common ground as shown in figure (b). Connect to the ground pole of the other device.
- Never connect to the same ground as a device that draws a large amount of power, such as a motor or inverter. Ground the devices separately to avoid mutually adverse influences.
- To prevent electrical shock, do not connect to ground poles to which multiple devices are connected.
- Use a ground pole as close to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal as possible and keep the ground line as short as possible.

Grounding Methods



If the DIN Track is made of steel and the surface is not treated to produce an insulating material, you can omit grounding the functional ground terminal on any Unit that has one, as shown in the following figures.

· DIN Track Made of Steel and Surface Not Insulated



Precautions when Grounding

- To prevent influence from leakage current from other electrical devices, electrically isolate the panel in which the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is housed from other devices.
- If high-frequency equipment is present, then ground not only the high-frequency equipment but also the panel itself in which the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is housed.
- To ground the shield wire when using shielded cables for I/O wiring, wire the ground according the shield treatment specifications for the NX Unit that is used.
 Wire communications cables according to the shield treatment specifications for the Unit.



Wiring

This section describes how to wire the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

7-1	Ether	Net/IP Network Wiring	7-2
	7-1-1	Installation Precautions	7-2
	7-1-2	Preparations for Installation	7-2
	7-1-3	Pin Arrangement of Communications Connectors on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	7-3
	7-1-4	Connecting Communications Cables and Connectors	7-4
	7-1-5	Connecting Communications Cables	7-4
7-2	Connecting the Power Supply and Ground Wires		
	7-2-1	Wiring the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	7-6
	7-2-2	Wiring the Power Supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	7-7
	7-2-3	Grounding the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	7-7
	7-2-4	Precautions for Wiring the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Together with	
		Computers and other Peripheral Devices	7-11
	7-2-5	Wiring to the Screwless Clamping Terminal Block	7-11
7-3	Conn	ecting USB Cable	7-26
7-4	Wiring	g External Signal Lines	7-28

EtherNet/IP Network Wiring 7-1

This section describes how to install the EtherNet/IP network.

7-1-1 **Installation Precautions**

Basic precautions for the installation of EtherNet/IP networks are provided below.

Precautions when Installing a Network

- · When you install an EtherNet/IP network, take sufficient safety precautions and perform the installation according to all applicable standards and specifications. An expert well versed in safety measures and the standards and specifications should be asked to perform the installation.
- Do not install EtherNet/IP network equipment near sources of noise. If the network must be installed in an area with noise, take steps to address the noise, such as placing equipment in metal cases.

Precautions when Installing Communications Cables

Check the following items on the communications cables that are used in the network.

Are there any breaks?

Are there any shorts?

Are there any connector problems?

- · When you connect the cable to the communications connectors on devices, firmly insert the communications cable connector until it locks in place.
- Do not lay the communications cables together with high-voltage lines.
- Do not lay the communications cable near devices that generate noise.
- · Do not lay the communications cables in locations subject to high temperatures or high humidity.
- · Do not lay the communications cables in locations subject to excessive dust, oil mist, or other contaminants.
- · There are limitations on the bending radius of communications cables. Check the specifications of the communications cable for the bending radius.

7-1-2 **Preparations for Installation**

Prepare the following devices.

Product	Remarks
Twisted-pair cable	The twisted-pair cable connects EtherNet/IP Units or built-in Ether-Net/IP ports to the Ethernet switch, with an RJ45 Modular Connector at each end.
	Use an STP (shielded twisted-pair) cable of category 5 or higher.



Precautions for Safe Use

- Double-check all switches and other settings and double-check all wiring to make sure that
 they are correct before turning ON the power supply. Use the correct wiring parts and tools
 when you wire the system.
- Do not exceed the ranges that are given in the specifications for the communications distance and number of connected Units.

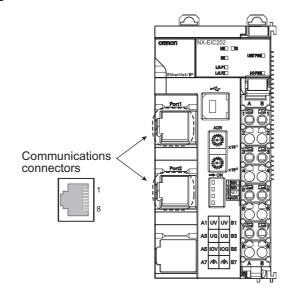


Precautions for Correct Use

• The maximum length between nodes is 100 m. However, some cables are specified for less than 100 m. Generally speaking, if the conductors are twisted wire rather than solid wire, transmission performance will be lower, and reliable communications may not be possible at 100 m. Confirm details with the cable manufacturer.

7-1-3 Pin Arrangement of Communications Connectors on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

The pin arrangement of the Ethernet communications connectors is given below.



Pin No.	Signal name	Abbreviation
1	Send data +	TD+
2	Send data –	TD-
3	Receive data +	RD+
4	Not used –	
5	Not used –	
6	Receive data –	RD-
7	Not used –	
8	Not used –	



Additional Information

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual (W506).

7-1-4 **Connecting Communications Cables and Connectors**

Use straight connections for the communications cables and connectors, as shown below.



Pin No.	Wire color	Wire color	Pin No
1	White-Green	White-Green	1
2	Green	Green	2
3	White-Orange		3
4	Blue	Blue	4
5	White-Blue	White-Blue	5
6	Orange	Orange	6
7	White-Brown		7
8	Brown	Brown	8
Hood	Shield*1	Shield*1	Hood

^{*1.} Connect the cable shield wire to the connector hood at both ends of the cable.



Precautions for Correct Use

Do not exceed the ranges that are given in the specifications for the communications distance and number of connected Units.



Additional Information

There are two connection methods for Ethernet cables: T568A and T568B.

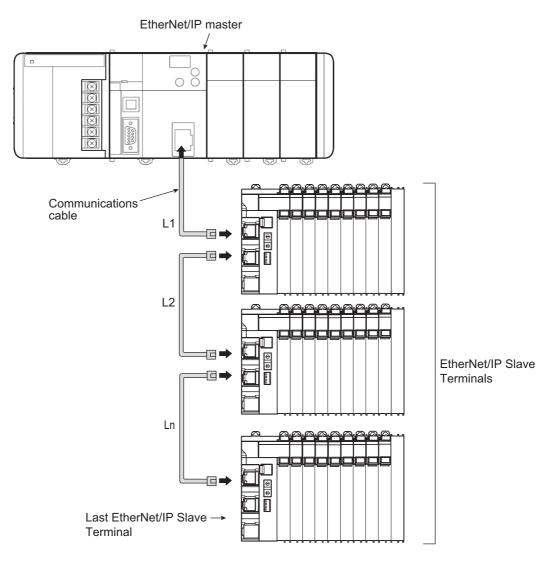
The T568A connection method is shown in the above figure, but the T568B connection method can also be used.

Connecting Communications Cables 7-1-5

Cable connections can be made freely in EtherNet/IP networks.

The following example shows line topology.

Connect the communications cable from the EtherNet/IP master to one of the ports on the first Ether-Net/IP Slave Terminal, and then connect another communications cable from the second port on the first EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal to one of the port on the next EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.





Precautions for Correct Use

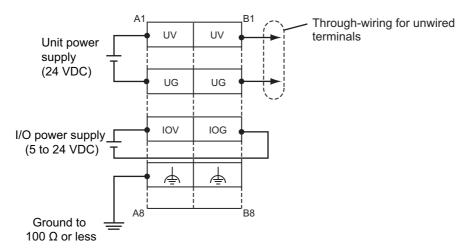
- The cable between any two nodes (L1, L2 ... Ln) must be 100 m or less.
- Do not exceed the ranges that are given in the specifications for the communications distance and number of connected Units.
- Firmly connect the communications cable connector until it clicks into place.
- When you install the communications cables, observe the cable specifications (e.g., bending radius) of the cable manufacturer.
- Do not disconnect the communications cables from the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals during operation. The outputs from the EtherNet/IP master may become unstable. However, for the EtherNet/IP master, it is OK to disconnect the communications cable from an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal that has been disconnected from communications in the software.

Connecting the Power Supply and 7-2 **Ground Wires**

This section describes how to wire the power supplies and ground the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Wiring the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit 7-2-1

The wiring of the power supply and ground to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is shown in the following fig-



Unit Power Supply Terminals

These terminals are connected to the Unit power supply. The details are given in the following table.

Terminal number indication	Terminal name	Description
A1 or B1	UV	Connect the 24-VDC wire (positive side) from the Unit power supply to either the A1 or B1 terminal.
A3 or B3	UG	Connect the 0-VDC wire (negative side) from the Unit power supply to either the A3 or B3 terminal.

You can use the unwired terminals for through-wiring to an Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit or to the Unit power supply terminals on another EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Make the current supplied from the unwired terminals meet the following conditions.

Current supplied from unwired terminals ≤ Current capacity of power supply terminals – Current consumption of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit block

Refer to 5-4-1 Selecting the Unit Power Supply on page 5-16 for details on blocks.

I/O Power Supply Terminals

These terminals are connected to the I/O power supply. The details are given in the following table.

Terminal number indication	Terminal name	Description
A5	IOV	Connect the 5 to 24-VDC wire (positive side) from the I/O power supply.
B5	IOG	Connect the 0-VDC wire (negative side) from the I/O power supply.

Provide a power supply voltage that is within the power supply voltage specifications of the NX Unit I/O circuits and connected external devices.

Functional Ground Terminals

These are the functional ground terminals. Connect the ground wire to one of these terminals. The details are given in the following table.

Terminal number indication	Terminal symbol	Description
A7 or B7		Connect the ground wire to either the A7 or B7 terminal.



Precautions for Correct Use

Do not connect the through-wiring terminals on the Unit power supply terminals to the I/O power supply terminals. Always use separate power supplies for the Unit power supply and the I/O power supply. Otherwise, noise may cause malfunctions.

Refer to 7-2-5 Wiring to the Screwless Clamping Terminal Block on page 7-11 for the procedure to connect wires to the terminals on the screwless clamping terminal block.

7-2-2 Wiring the Power Supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

Refer to Section 5 Designing the Power Supply System for information on wiring the power supplies to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

7-2-3 Grounding the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

This section describes how to ground the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Units with Ground Terminals and Type of Ground Terminals

Some of the Units in an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal have ground terminals.

Units with Ground Terminals

- · EtherNet/IP Coupler Units
- · Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit
- · Shield Connection Unit

When connecting NX Units to external devices, the Shield Connection Unit is used to connect the shield wire when the shield is used. You can ground more than one shield wire to the same ground pole to reduce the amount of wiring work for grounding. For the specifications of the Shield Connection Unit, refer to the *NX-series System Units User's Manual* (Cat. No. W523).

Type of Ground Terminals

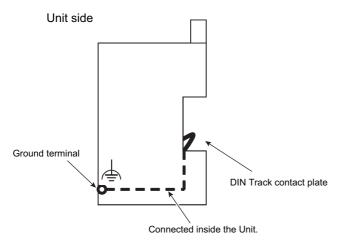
The ground terminals are functional ground terminals.



Functional grounding is done to protect device and system functions, including prevention of noise from external sources, or prevention of noise from devices or equipment that could have harmful effects on other devices or equipment.

DIN Track Contact Plates

A Unit that has a ground terminal also has a DIN Track contact plate on the back of the Unit.



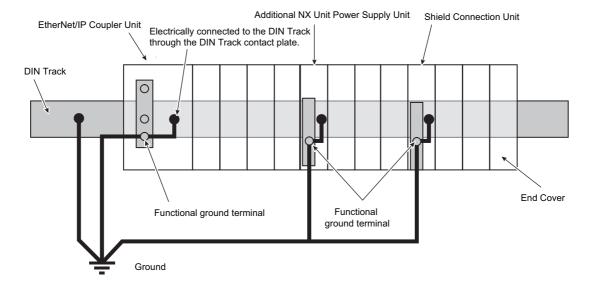
The DIN Track contact plate is connected internally to the ground terminal on the Unit.

This means that the ground terminal will be electrically connected to the DIN Track.

For information on the DIN Track contact plate on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, refer to 4-6 DIN Track Contact Plate on page 4-14. For information on the NX Units that have a ground terminal, refer to the NX-series System Units User's Manual (Cat. No. W523).

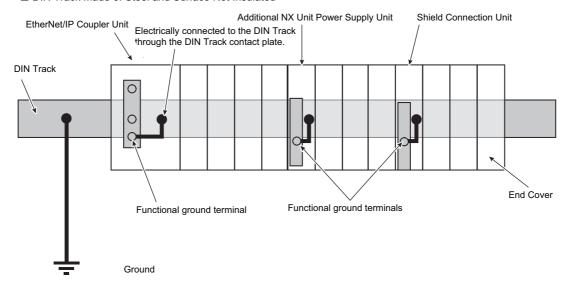
Grounding the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

This section describes how to ground the ground terminals on the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. The functional ground terminals that are provided on some Units and the DIN Track are grounded.



If the DIN Track is made of steel and the surface is not treated to produce an insulating material, you can omit grounding the functional ground terminal on any Unit that has one, as shown in the following figures.

■ DIN Track Made of Steel and Surface Not Insulated





Precautions for Correct Use

- Ground the ground terminals and DIN Track through dedicated ground wires to a ground resistance of 100 Ω or less. The ground wire should not be more than 20 m long. Use a ground wire that is 2.0 mm² or larger. Refer to *Applicable Wires* on page 7-12 for the applicable ground wires for screwless clamping terminal blocks.
- If the DIN Track is not made of steel or if the surface is treated to produce an insulating material^{*1}, always connect ground wires to the ground terminals. Otherwise, noise may cause malfunctions.
- *1. If the surface of the DIN Track is treated to produce an insulating material (e.g., anodized aluminum), the DIN Track contact plate will not be electrically connected to the DIN Track even if they are in physical contact.

Grounding the DIN Track

Attach a crimped terminal to the ground wire and then connect it to mounting hole on the DIN Track with a screw to ground the DIN Track.

Grounding the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal with Peripheral Devices and in Control Panels

Refer to 6-2-6 *Grounding* on page 6-31 for the grounding procedures for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal with peripheral devices and in control panels.

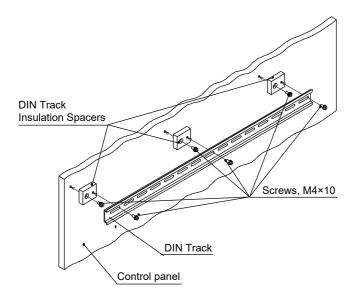
Isolating the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal from the Control Panel

If the ground wire for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or an NX Unit with a ground terminal is shared with power equipment, noise will adversely affect the Units.

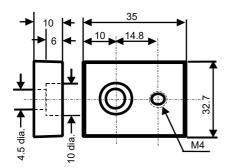
You can use OMRON NX-AUX01 DIN Track Insulation Spacers with PFP-50N or PFP-100N DIN Tracks to isolate an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal from the control panel.

• Installing DIN Track Insulation Spacers and DIN Track

Secure the DIN Track Insulation Spacers to the control panel with screws, and then secure the DIN Track to the DIN Track Insulation Spacers. The recommended tightening torque for M4 screws is 1.2



· DIN Track Insulation Spacers NX-AUX01 (OMRON Corporation)





Precautions for Correct Use

If you use DIN Track Insulation Spacers to install an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, the height will be increased by approximately 10 mm. Make sure that the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and connecting cables do not come into contact with other devices.

7-2-4 Precautions for Wiring the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Together with Computers and other Peripheral Devices

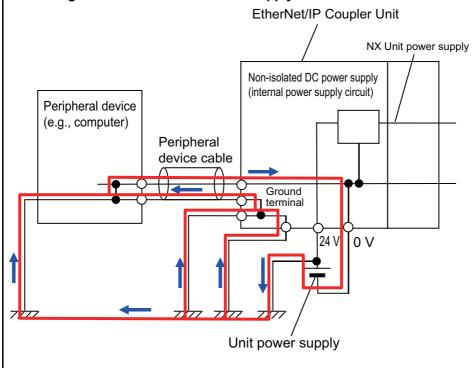
∕ Caution

When you connect a computer or other peripheral device to the following Unit, either ground the 0-V side of the external power supply (i.e. Unit power supply) or do not ground it at all.

EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with a non-isolated DC power supply (internal power supply circuits)

Depending on how the peripheral device is grounded, the external power supply (i.e. Unit power supply) may be shorted. Never ground the 24-V side of the power supply, as shown in the following figure.

Grounding That Causes a 24-V Power Supply to Short



7-2-5 Wiring to the Screwless Clamping Terminal Block

This section describes how to connect wires to the screwless clamping terminal block on the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit, the installation and removing methods, and functions for preventing incorrect attachment.

You can connect ferrules that are attached to the twisted wires to the screwless clamping terminal block. You can also connect the twisted wires or the solid wires to the screwless clamping terminal block. If you connect the ferrules, all you need to do to connect the wires is to insert the ferrules into the terminal holes.

MARNING MARNING

Make sure that the voltages and currents that are input to the Units and slaves are within the specified ranges. Inputting voltages or currents that are outside of the specified ranges may cause failure or fire.

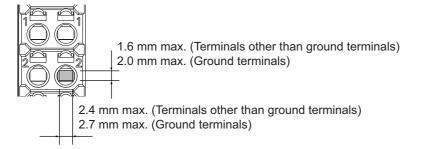
Applicable Wires

The wires that you can connect to the screwless clamping terminal block are twisted wires, solid wires, and ferrules that are attached to the twisted wires. The following section describes the dimensions and processed methods for applicable wires.

Dimensions of Wires Connected to the Terminal Block

The dimensions of wires that you can connect into the terminal holes of the screwless clamping terminal block are as in the figure below.

Process the applicable wires that are specified in the following description to apply the dimensions.



Using Ferrules

If you use ferrules, attach the twisted wires to them.

Observe the application instructions for your ferrules for the wire stripping length when attaching ferrules.

Always use plated one-pin ferrules. Do not use unplated ferrules or two-pin ferrules.

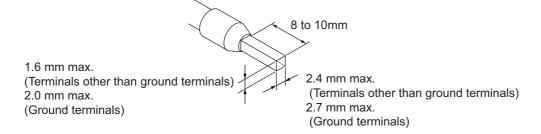
The applicable ferrules, wires, and crimping tools are listed in the following table.

Terminal types	Manufac- turer	Ferrule model	Applica- ble wire (mm ² (AWG))	Crimping tool
Terminals	Phoenix	AI0,34-8	0.34 (#22)	Phoenix Contact (The figure in parentheses is the
other than	Contact	AI0,5-8	0.5 (#20)	applicable wire size.)
ground ter-		AI0,5-10		CRIMPFOX 6 (0.25 to 6 mm ² , AWG24 to 10)
minals		AI0,75-8	0.75 (#18)	
		AI0,75-10		
		AI1,0-8	1.0 (#18)	
		AI1,0-10]	
		Al1,5-8	1.5 (#16)	
		AI1,5-10	1	
Ground ter- minals		Al2,5-10	2.0 *1	

Terminal types	Manufac- turer	Ferrule model	Applica- ble wire (mm ² (AWG))	Crimping tool
Terminals	Weidmuller	H0.14/12	0.14 (#26)	Weidmuller (The figure in parentheses is the appli-
other than		H0.25/12	0.25 (#24)	cable wire size.)
ground ter-		H0.34/12	0.34 (#22)	PZ6 Roto (0.14 to 6 mm ² , AWG26 to 10)
minals		H0.5/14	0.5 (#20)	
		H0.5/16		
		H0.75/14	0.75 (#18)	
		H0.75/16		
		H1.0/14	1.0 (#18)	
		H1.0/16	1	
		H1.5/14	1.5 (#16)	
		H1.5/16		

^{*1.} Some AWG14 wires exceed 2.0 mm² and cannot be used in the screwless clamping terminal block.

When you use any ferrules other than those in the above table, crimp them to the twisted wires so that the following processed dimensions are achieved.



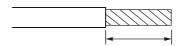
Using Twisted or Solid Wires

If you use twisted wires or solid wires, use the following table to determine the correct wire specifications.

Termir	nals		Wire	type		Conductor		
Classifica-	Current	Twisted	d wires	Solid	l wire	Wire size	length	
tion	capacity	Plated	Plated Unplated Plated		Unplated		(stripping length)	
All terminals	2 A max.	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	0.08 to 1.5 mm ²	8 to 10 mm	
except ground terminals	Greater than 2 A and 4 A or less		Not possible	Possible*1	Not possi- ble	(AWG 28 to 16)		
	Greater than 4 A	Possible*1		Not possi- ble				
Ground terminals		Possible	Possible	Possible*2	Possible*2	2.0 mm ²	9 to 10 mm	

^{*1.} Secure wires to the screwless clamping terminal block. Refer to Securing Wires for how to secure wires.

^{*2.} With the NX-TB□□□1 Terminal Block, use twisted wires to connect the ground terminal. Do not use a solid wire.

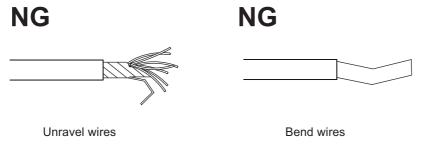


Conductor length (stripping length)



Precautions for Correct Use

- · Use cables with suitable wire sizes for the carrying current. There are also restrictions on the current due to the ambient temperature. Refer to the manuals for the cables and use the cables correctly for the operating environment.
- · Double-check all switches and other settings and double-check all wiring to make sure that they are correct before turning ON the power supply. Use the correct wiring parts and tools when you wire the system.
- · For twisted wires, strip the sheath and twist the conductor portion. Do not unravel or bend the conductor portion of twisted wires or solid wires.





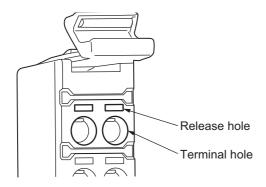
Additional Information

If more than 2 A will flow on the wires, use plated wires or use ferrules.

Connecting/Removing Wires

This section describes how to connect and remove wires.

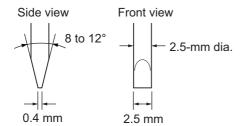
Terminal Block Parts and Names



Required Tools

Use a flat-blade screwdriver to connect and remove wires.

Use the following flat-blade screwdriver.



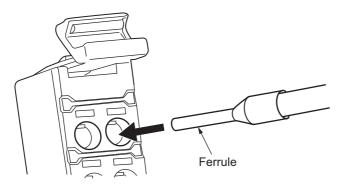
Recommended screwdriver

Model	Manufacturer			
SZF 0-0,4X2,5	Phoenix Contact			

Connecting Ferrules

Insert the ferrule straight into the terminal hole.

It is not necessary to press a flat-blade screwdriver into the release hole.



After you make a connection, make sure that the ferrule is securely connected to the terminal block.

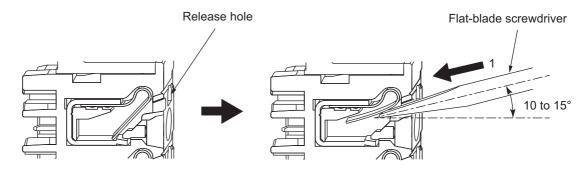
Connecting Twisted Wires/Solid Wires

Use the following procedure to connect the twisted wires or solid wires to the terminal block.

1 Press the a flat-blade screwdriver diagonally into the release hole.

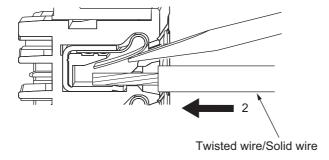
Press at an angle of 10° to 15°.

If you press in the screwdriver correctly, you will feel the spring in the release hole.

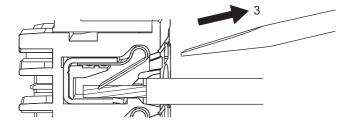


2 Leave the flat-blade screwdriver pressed into the release hole and insert the twisted wire or the solid wire into the terminal hole.

Insert the twisted wire or the solid wire until the stripped portion is no longer visible to prevent shorting.



Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.

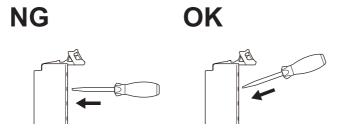


After you make a connection, make sure that the twisted wire or the solid wire is securely connected to the terminal block.



Precautions for Safe Use

Do not press the flat-blade screwdriver straight into the release hole. Doing so may break the terminal block.



- When you insert a flat-blade screwdriver into a release hole, press it down with a force of 30 N max. Applying excessive force may damage the terminal block.
- · Do not tilt or twist the flat-blade screwdriver while it is pressed into the release hole. Doing so may break the terminal block.



- · Make sure that all wiring is correct.
- Do not bend the cable forcibly. Doing so may sever the cable.

Securing Wires

It is necessary to secure wires to the screwless clamping terminal block depending on the wire types that are used or the current flows on the wires.

The following table gives the necessity for securing wires.

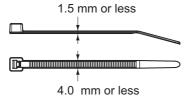
Terr	Wire type						
Classification	Current capacity	Ferrule	Twist	ed wires	Solid wire		
Ciassification	Current capacity	remule	Plated	Unplated	Plated	Unplated	
All terminals	2 A max.	No	No	No	No	No	
except ground terminals	Greater than 2 A and 4 A or less			Not Possible	Yes	Not Possible	
	Greater than 4 A		Yes		Not Possible	1	
Ground terminals			No	No	No	No	

Use the following procedure to secure the wires.

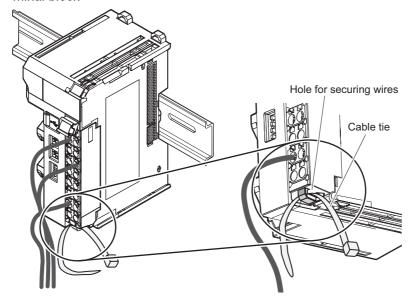
1 Prepare a cable tie.

A cable tie can be used with a width of 4 mm or less and a thickness of 1.5 mm or less.

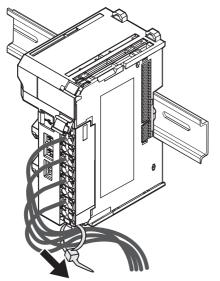
Select a cable tie correctly for the operating environment.



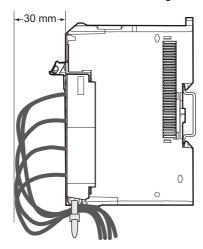
Pass a cable tie through the hole for securing wires on the bottom of the screwless clamping terminal block



Bundle the wires with a cable tie and secure them to the screwless clamping terminal block.



Secure wires within the range of 30 mm from the screwless clamping terminal block.



Removing Wires

Use the following procedure to remove the wires from the terminal block.

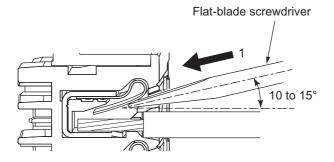
The removal method is the same for ferrules, twisted wires, and solid wires.

If wires are secured firmly to the terminal block, release them first.

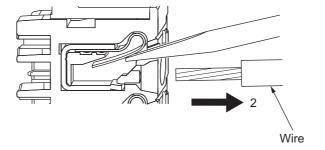
1 Press the flat-blade screwdriver diagonally into the release hole.

Press at an angle of 10° to 15°.

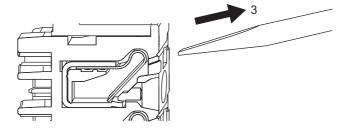
If you press in the screwdriver correctly, you will feel the spring in the release hole.



2 Leave the flat-blade screwdriver pressed into the release hole and pull out the wire.



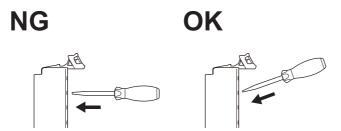
Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.



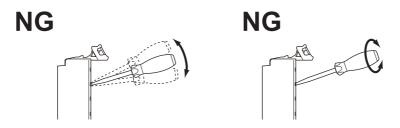


Precautions for Safe Use

• Do not press the flat-blade screwdriver straight into the release hole. Doing so may break the terminal block.



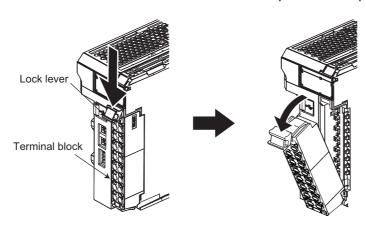
- · When you insert a flat-blade screwdriver into a release hole, press it down with a force of 30 N max. Applying excessive force may damage the terminal block.
- · Do not tilt or twist the flat-blade screwdriver while it is pressed into the release hole. Doing so may break the terminal block.



- · Make sure that all wiring is correct.
- Do not bend the cable forcibly. Doing so may sever the cable.

Removing a Terminal Block

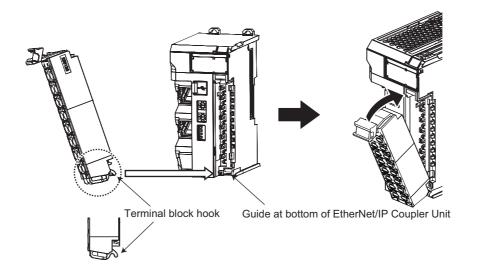
Press the lock lever on the terminal block and pull out the top of the terminal block to remove it.



Attaching a Terminal Block

Mount the terminal block hook on the guide at the bottom of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, lift up the terminal block, and press in on the top of the terminal block until you hear it engage. The terminal block will click into place on the Unit.

After you mount the terminal block, make sure that it is locked to the Unit.



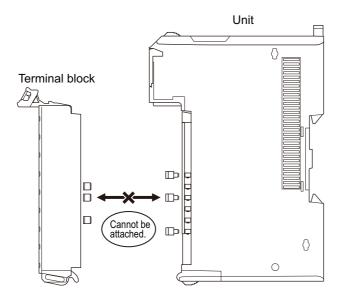
Mount a Terminal Block that is applicable to the model of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Refer to *4-5 Terminal Blocks* on page 4-12 for the applicable Terminal Blocks.

Preventing Incorrect Attachment of Terminal Blocks

In order to prevent unintentionally installing the wrong terminal block, you can limit the combination of a Unit and a terminal block.

Insert three Coding Pins (NX-AUX02) into three of the six incorrect attachment prevention holes on the Unit and on the terminal block. Insert these pins into positions so that they do not interfere with each other when the Unit and terminal block are connected to each other.

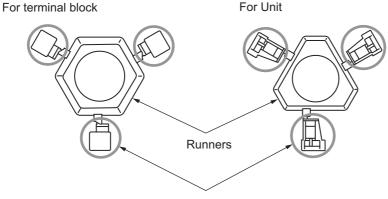
You can use these pins to create a combination in which the wrong terminal block cannot be attached because the pin patterns do not match.



Types of Coding Pins

There are two types of Coding Pins, both with their own unique shape: one for terminal blocks and one for Units.

Three pins come with each runner.



Coding Pins (Use this part.)

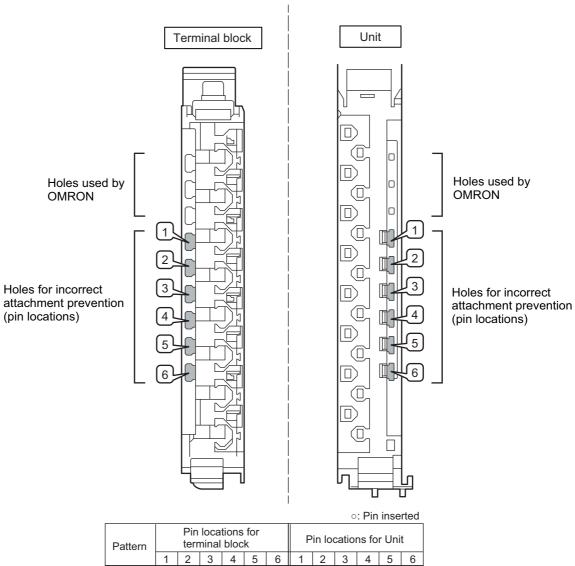
Use the following Coding Pins.

Name	Model	Specification
Coding Pin	NX-AUX02	For 10 Units
		(Terminal Block: 30 pins, Unit: 30 pins)

• Insertion Locations and Patterns of Coding Pins

Insert three Coding Pins of each on the terminal block and on the Unit at the positions designated by the numbers 1 through 6 in the figure below.

As shown in the following table, there are 20 unique pin patterns that can be used.



Pattern	Pin locations for terminal block					Pin locations for Unit					t	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
No.1	0	0	0							0	0	0
No.2	0	0		0					0		0	0
No.3	0	0			0				0	0		0
No.4	0	0				0			0	0	0	
No.5	0		0	0				0			0	0
No.6	0		0		0			0		0		0
No.7	0		0			0		0		0	0	
No.8	0			0	0			0	0			0
No.9	0			0		0		0	0		0	
No.10	0				0	0		0	0	0		
No.11		0	0	0			0				0	0
No.12		0	0		0		0			0		0
No.13		0	0			0	0			0	0	
No.14		0		0	0		0		0			0
No.15		0		0		0	0		0		0	
No.16		0			0	0	0		0	0		
No.17			0	0	0		0	0				0
No.18			0	0		0	0	0			0	
No.19			0		0	0	0	0		0		
No.20				0	0	0	0	0	0			

To make the maximum of 20 patterns, purchase two sets of NX-AUX02 Pins. (One set for 10 Units.)

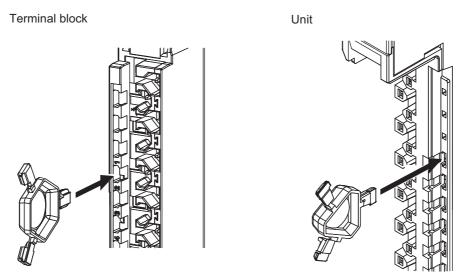


Precautions for Correct Use

- OMRON uses the holes other than No. 1 to 6 in the figure on the previous page. If you insert a Coding Pin into one of the holes used by OMRON on the terminal block side, it would be impossible to mount the terminal block on a Unit.
- Do not use Coding Pins that have been attached and then removed. If you use them again, they may fall off.

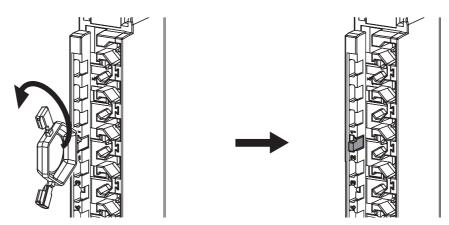
Inserting the Coding Pins

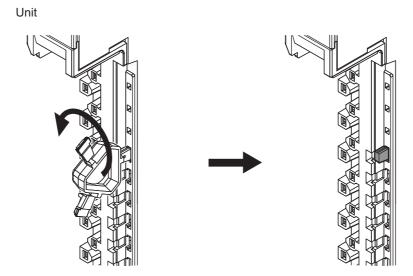
Hold the pins by the runner and insert a pin into one of the incorrect attachment prevention holes on the terminal block or on the Unit.



Rotate the runner to break off the Coding Pin.

Terminal block



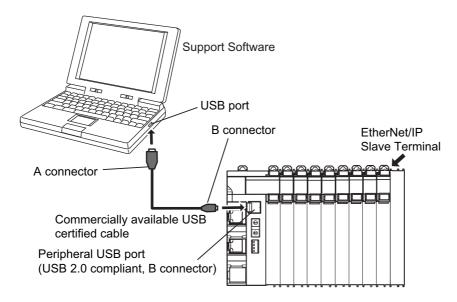


Connecting USB Cable

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit can be connected directly to a computer in which the Support Software is installed through a USB cable.

Connection Method

Use a commercially available USB certified cable to connect the computer in which the Support Software is installed to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.



Connecting Cable

Use the following cable to connect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the computer in which the Support Software is installed.

Unit port	Computer port	Network type (com- munications mode)	Model	Length
Peripheral USB port (USB 2.0 compliant, B connector)	USB port	USB 2.0	Commercially available USB certified cable (A connector and B connec- tor)	5 m max.

Preparations

To connect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to a computer with USB, you must first install a USB driver in the computer.

When you install the Support Software, a USB driver for a USB connection will be automatically installed in the computer.

When you turn ON the Unit power supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and connect the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit and computer with a USB cable, the computer will automatically recognize the device and start installing the USB driver.

Making Settings with the Support Software

The connection between the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and computer is set up with the Support Software.

Refer to 2-3-2 Connection Method and Procedures on page 2-9 for the procedure to connect to the Support Software.

Restrictions for USB Connections

When you connect the computer to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, the USB specifications impose the following restrictions.

- You can connect only one computer to only one EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with a USB connection. You cannot connect more than one of each at the same time.
- You cannot use more than one software tool simultaneously with the USB connection.
- Do not disconnect the USB cable while the Support Software is online with the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Always place the Support Software offline before you disconnect the USB cable.

Wiring External Signal Lines

Refer to the sections on wiring in the user's manuals for individual NX Units for information on wiring the external I/O signal lines between the external devices and the NX Units.

For precautions on wiring in control panels, refer to 6-2 Control Panel Installation on page 6-24.



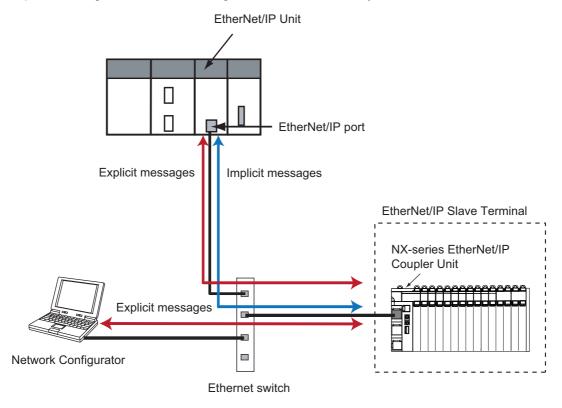
EtherNet/IP Communications

This section provides an introduction to EtherNet/IP communications.

8-1	Ether	EtherNet/IP Functions							
	8-1-1	Implicit Message Communications	. 8-2						
	8-1-2	Explicit Message Communications	8-3						
8-2	Tag D	ata Links	8-4						
	8-2-1	Tag Data Link Data Areas	8-5						
	8-2-2	Creating Tag Data Links	. 8-7						

EtherNet/IP Functions

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit uses implicit and explicit message functions to exchange I/O data and perform configuration settings. Connection-based cyclic, class 1, implicit messages are used to exchange I/O information. Connection-based, class 3 explicit messages and connectionless UCMM explicit messages are used for configuration and other non-cyclic communications.



8-1-1 **Implicit Message Communications**

Implicit communications allow cyclic communications (called tag data links in this manual) with Ether-Net/IP devices. Data can be exchanged at high speed between EtherNet/IP Coupler Units and controllers using high-volume tag sets. Tag data links can operate at the cyclic period (cyclic communications) specified for each application, regardless of the number of nodes. Data is exchanged over the network at the refresh cycle set for each connection, so the communication's refresh cycle will not increase even if the number of nodes is increased, i.e., the synchronicity of the connection's data is preserved.

Since the refresh cycle can be set for each connection, each application can communicate at its ideal refresh cycle. For example, an application's critical interlock information can be transferred at higher speed while the less critical production commands and the status monitor information are transferred at lower speed.

The communications load to the nodes must be within the Units' allowed communication bandwidth.

There are 3 common types of implicit message connections classified as exclusive owner, input only connection and listen only.

Exclusive Owner Connection

An exclusive owner connection uses a bidirectional connection with an EtherNet/IP slave that has I/O data, to control output data to the EtherNet/IP slave where the data is controlled by only one EtherNet/IP master, such as an EtherNet/IP Unit. You cannot make exclusive owner connections from

more than one EtherNet/IP master. For an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, a connection I/O type of input/output is equivalent to an exclusive owner connection.

Input Only Connection

An input only connection is used to connect to an EtherNet/IP slave that has input data so that the input data can be received from the EtherNet/IP slave. You can create input only connections from more than one EtherNet/IP master. With an input only connection, the master device produces only a heartbeat signal to the EtherNet/IP slave and no output data is present.

Listen Only Connection

A listen only connection is like an input only connection in that it is used to receive input data from an EtherNet/IP slave. A listen only connection can be attached to an existing exclusive owner or input only connection opened by another EtherNet/IP master, but only when multicasting is specified for sending the input data to EtherNet/IP masters. A listen only connection cannot be created if there is no existing connection or if the input data send specification to the EtherNet/IP master is not for multicasting. If the existing connection closes, then the listen only connection will also be closed or timed out.

8-1-2 Explicit Message Communications

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit supports explicit message server functions to access CIP objects from a device such as an EtherNet/IP master or configuration tool. You can use explicit messages to access CIP objects to read current error information, clear current errors, read event logs, and use other troubleshooting functions and to set the Unit operation settings, the IP address setting, or other communications parameters. Also, if the EtherNet/IP master does not support tag data links (i.e., implicit messages), you can use explicit messages as an alternative message means to control I/O for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals. Refer to A-1 Supported CIP Objects on page A-3 for details on CIP objects that are supported by the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Refer to A-3 Examples of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Settings and I/O Data Control Procedure Using Messages on page A-45 for specific procedures.

Tag Data Links 8-2

Tag data links enable cyclic data exchanges on an EtherNet/IP network between PLCs and EtherNet/IP Coupler Units.

The settings for tag data links are made using the Network Configurator or other Support Software that can edit settings for EtherNet/IP. Refer to 9-5 Setting Tag Data Links on page 9-36 for information on how to make the settings.



Additional Information

For details on the tag data link setting procedure when connecting a master from another manufacturer, refer to the manual for the master from the another manufacturer.

Tag Sets

The output data and input data for each node for which data is exchanged are set in the connection information. These data are called the output tag set and input tag set. A tag set must specify at least one tag. The size of the data for data exchange is the total size of the tags included in the tag set. The size of the output tag set and the size of the input tag set must match.



Additional Information

If an I/O device is used, the Network Configurator must have an EDS file installed that includes connection information for the I/O device.



Precautions for Correct Use

The EtherNet/IP Coupler supports one tag for the tag set. Multiple tags within a tag set are not supported.

Originator and Target Devices

With a tag data link, one node requests the connection of a communications line to exchange data with another node. The node that requests the connection is called the originator, and the node that receives the request is called the target.

Variables in the EtherNet/IP Master

I/O memory addresses (e.g., in the CIO or DM Area) and symbols can be assigned to tags in the Ether-Net/IP master.

Starting and Stopping Tag Data Links

Tag data links are automatically started when the data link parameters are downloaded from the Network Configurator. Thereafter, tag data links can be stopped and started for the entire network or individual devices from the Network Configurator. Starting and stopping tag data links for individual devices must be performed for the originator. Refer to *9-5-10 Starting and Stopping Tag Data Links* on page 9-69 for details.

8-2-1 Tag Data Link Data Areas

Tags

A tag is a data link between the local I/O memory and a remote I/O memory. A tag can be set using a network variable or an I/O memory address.

Tag Sets

Each tag set represents the data that is linked for a tag data link connection. Tag data links are therefore created through a connection between one tag set and another tag set. A tag set name must be set for each tag set. Data exchange for the tags are exchanged in the order that the tags are registered in the tag sets. Register the tags in the same order in the input and output tag sets.

Note A connection is used to exchange data as a unit within which data concurrency is maintained. Thus, data concurrency is maintained for all the data exchanged for the tags in one data set.

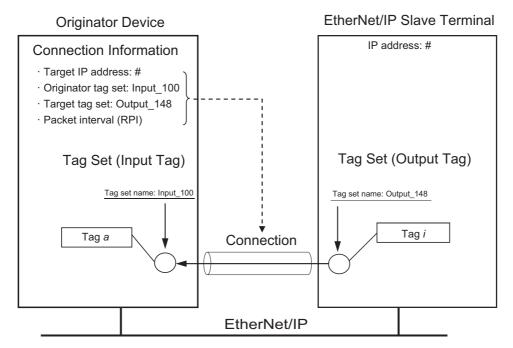


Precautions for Correct Use

Data exchange for the tags are exchanged with the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal in the order that the tags are registered in the tag sets in the EtherNet/IP master. Therefore, register the input tag sets in the EtherNet/IP master and the output tag sets in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal with the same sizes and in the same order, and register the output tag sets in the EtherNet/IP master and the input tag sets in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal with the same sizes and in the same order.

Example

In the following example, input tag a at the originator is a tag set named Input_100 and output tag i is a tag set named Output_148. A connection is set between these two tag sets.



There are both input (consume) and output (produce) tag sets. Each tag set can contain only input tags or only output tags. The same input tag cannot be included in more than one input tag set.

8-2-2 Creating Tag Data Links

Use the following procedure with the Network Configurator if tag data link functionality is used with an EtherNet/IP Unit. Refer to 9-5 Setting Tag Data Links on page 9-36 for detailed steps on creating tag data links.

- 1 Create input (reception) tags for addresses in the CPU Unit's I/O memory area or for network variables.
- 2 Create output (send) tags for addresses in the CPU Unit's I/O memory area or for network variables.
- **3** Create input and output tag sets that include previously created tags.
- 4 Set and create a connection by associating the target device output tag set and the originator device input tag set.

Using Multicast and Unicast Communications

A multicast connection or unicast (point-to-point) connection can be selected as the connection type in the tag data link connection settings. With a multicast connection, you can send an output tag set in one package to multiple nodes and make allocations to the input tag sets. If multicast connections are used, however, use an Ethernet switch that has multicast filtering, otherwise the tag set is received by all nodes in the network.

A unicast connection separately sends one output tag set to each node, and so it sends the same number of packets as the number of input tag sets. Therefore, using multicast connections can decrease the communications load if one output tag set is sent to multiple nodes.

If an Ethernet switch that does not have multicast filtering is used, the multicast packets will be broadcast to the entire network and packets will be sent to nodes that do not require them, which will cause the communications load on those nodes to increase. This applies only if one output tag set is sent to multiple nodes using a multicast connection with one packet, the connection type of the connections that receive the output tag set is multicast, and the connection I/O types, packet intervals (RPI), and timeout values are all the same.

5 Set RPI (Packet Interval).

The packet interval is the data I/O refresh cycle in the Ethernet circuit when performing tag data links, and can be set separately for each connection.

With EtherNet/IP, data is exchanged on the communications line at the packet interval that is set for each connection, regardless of the number of nodes.

The timeout value is set as a multiple of the packet interval (RPI) and can be set to 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, or 512 times the packet interval. The default setting is 4 times the packet interval (RPI).

The performance of communications devices is limited to some extent by the limitations of each product's specifications. Consequently, there are limits to the packet interval (RPI) settings.

Refer to 9-5-6 Connection Settings on page 9-56 for packet interval setting specifications.



Precautions for Correct Use

If you set a tag data link with a short packet interval (RPI) when many NX Units are mounted to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, a Tag Data Link Timeout may occur depending on the load conditions on the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. If that occurs, increase the length of the packet interval (RPI) or reduce the number of NX Units that are mounted.

Setting Up Slave Terminals

This section describes the procedures used to set up Slave Terminals.

	0.44	and the Breather	
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	9-1-2	Slave Terminal Parameters	
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9-1 Settings and Setting Procedures

As examples, this section describes EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal setting items and procedure and the settings that are required to access I/O data in EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals from a CJ-series EtherNet/IP Unit. For other settings and setting procedures, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you will use.



Additional Information

- Refer to A-2 TCP/UDP Message Service on page A-34 for details on the TCP/UDP message service.
- If you do not use a Safety Control Unit, you do not need any Support Software to use the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal with the default settings. Refer to A-5 Application Procedure for the Default Settings on page A-52 for information on using an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal with the default settings.

9-1-1 Items to Set

The settings that are used to access I/O data in the Slave Terminals from a CJ EtherNet/IP Unit can be divided into two areas:

- · NX-I/O Units data
- EtherNet/IP data

NX-I/O Units Data

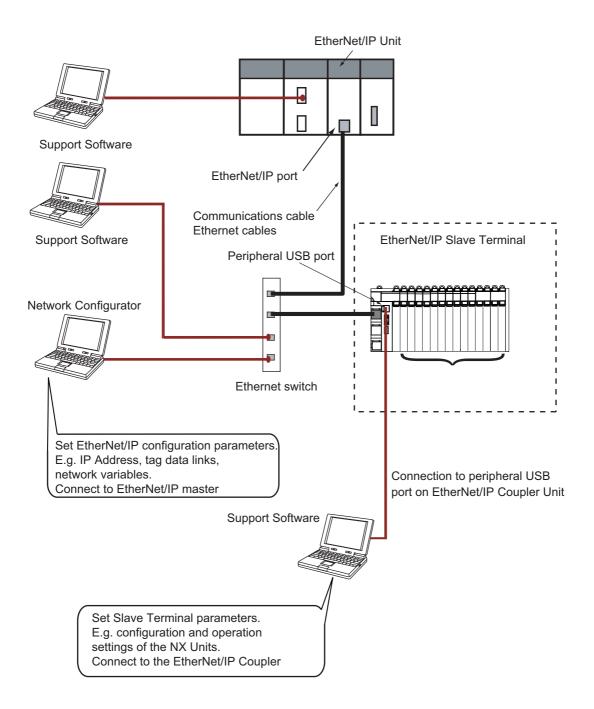
This data is set using Support Software.

Setting	Description		
Setting Slave Terminal Config-	Adjust the settings of the Slave Terminal with the configuration and operation		
uration and Operation Settings	settings of the NX Units and EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit using Support Software.		

EtherNet/IP Data

This data is set using a configuration tool such as the OMRON Network Configurator.

Setting	Description		
Setting IP Address	Set the IP address of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		
Setting the Clock Time	Set the clock of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		
Setting Tag Data Links	Set the tag data links for the EtherNet/IP Unit.		
Assigning Network Variables	Assign and register the network variables that are required to access the I/O data from the user program.		



9-1-2 Slave Terminal Parameters

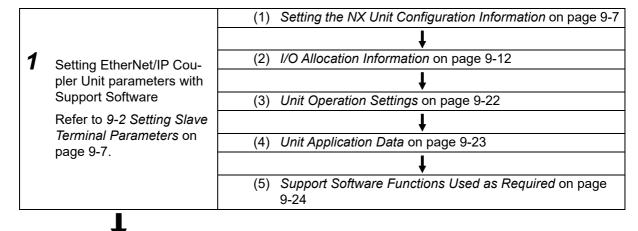
Parameters must be set to ensure that the Slave Terminal operates as intended and performs data exchange with other EtherNet/IP devices. The settings are listed in the following table.

Setting			Description
Slave Terminal configuration and operation settings	Configuration information	NX Unit configuration information I/O allocation information	This information describes the configuration of the Slave Terminal. This information specifies what I/O data in
		70 allocation information	the NX Units of the Slave Terminal to exchange with process data communications.
NX Unit operation settings		These are the operation settings for each NX Unit in the Slave Terminal.	
	NX Unit application data settings		These data settings enable the functionality that is specific to each NX Unit.

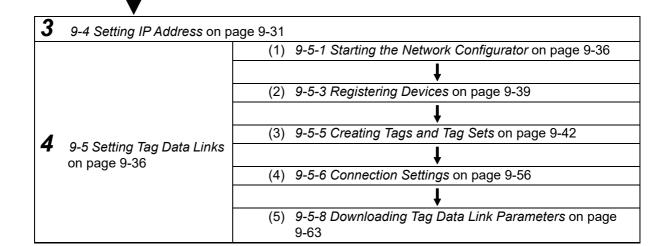
Refer to 9-2 Setting Slave Terminal Parameters on page 9-7 for details on the settings.

9-1-3 Setting Procedures

Use the following procedures to set up a Slave Terminal for connection to a CJ EtherNet/IP Unit.



2 9-3 *Transferring and Comparing Settings* on page 9-28





9-6 Assigning Network Variables on page 9-71



Additional Information

You can use the NX Units for EtherNet/IP Coupler Units and EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals with the default settings. Refer to A-5 Application Procedure for the Default Settings on page A-52 for the application procedures for the default settings.

9-2 Setting Slave Terminal Parameters

This section describes how to set the Slave Terminal parameters with Support Software. The Sysmac Studio is used as an example.

For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

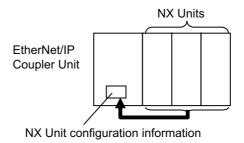
9-2-1 Items to Set

The following settings must be adjusted in the Slave Terminal.

	Name	Description
Configura- tion infor- mation	Slave Terminal configuration information	This information describes the configuration of the Slave Terminal: the number and order of NX Units mounted after the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, individual NX Unit information, and information about the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
	I/O allocation information	This information defines the I/O data in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units.
Slave Terminal operation settings		The Slave Terminal operation settings are for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units.
NX Unit application data		This data controls the functionality that is specific to each NX Unit. Not all NX Units have Unit application data.

9-2-2 Setting the NX Unit Configuration Information

Specify the NX Unit configuration information for the Slave Terminal, which consists of an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units.



Settings in the NX Unit Configuration Information

EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit settings are listed below.

You can set only the items that have "Yes" in the Settable column.

Setting Settable		Description	Data range	Default
Device name		This is the name of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Use the EtherNet/IP Configuration Edit Tab Page to change this setting.		E *** (* is a serial number from 001). The default value is automatically generated based on the node address.
Model name		This is the model of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		The model number of the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit is shown.
Product name		This is the product name.		EtherNet/IP Cou- pler
Unit version		This is the Unit version of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		
NX Unit Number		This number represents the logical position of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		0
NX Unit Mounting Setting		This setting enables or disables the mounting of an NX Unit. You cannot directly edit these settings in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		
Serial Number	Serial Number This is the serial number of the Etherl Unit. You can get the serial number to number of the actual EtherNet/IP Cou			
Supply Power/Available Power [W]		The power that is currently drawn by the NX Units and the maximum available power supply capacity are given.		-/10.00
Unit width [mm]		This is the width of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		46
I/O allocation set- tings	Yes	These are the I/O allocation settings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Click the Edit I/O Allocation Settings button to edit these settings.		Refer to 9-2-3 I/O Allocation Infor- mation on page 9-12.
Unit operation set- tings	Yes	These are the Unit operation settings for the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit. Click the Edit Unit Operation Settings button to edit these settings.		Refer to 9-2-4 Unit Operation Settings on page 9-22.
Number of mounted Units		This is the number of mounted NX Units.		
NX Unit Connection Yes This is the wait time for the Slave Terminal.		This is the wait time for the NX Units to connect to the Slave Terminal.	3 to 200 s	3 s
Serial Number Check Method	Yes	Set this setting to Setting = Actual device to compare the serial numbers of the NX Units at these times: when the power is turned ON and after the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is restarted. The serial numbers of the NX Units saved in the Unit configuration information are compared with the actual serial numbers of the NX Units.*1 If differences are found, a Unit Configuration Verification Error will occur.	No check. Setting = Actual device	No check.

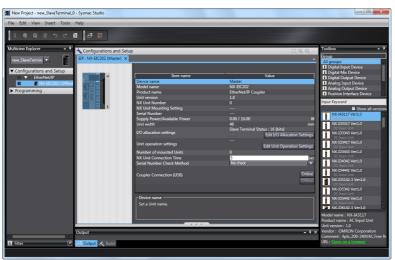
^{*1.} If this setting is set to Setting = Actual device and you replace an NX Unit in the Slave Terminal, a Unit Configuration Verification Error will occur. A Unit Configuration Verification Error will also occur if you swap the mounting position of two Units of the same model. If it becomes necessary to replace an NX Unit, or swap the mounting positions of two Units of the same model while this setting is set to Setting = Actual device, you must correct the Unit configuration information and download it to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Set this parameter to Setting = Actual device if strict management of the equipment configuration is required.

NX Units

Name	Name Settable Description		Data range	Default
Device name	Yes	The name of the NX Unit.		N* (Where * is a serial number from 1)
Model name		This is the model number of the NX Unit.		
Product name		This is the product name.		
Unit version		This is the Unit version of the NX Unit.		
NX Unit Number		This number represents the logical position of the NX Unit. Numbers are automatically assigned from the left-most mounting position.		
NX Unit Mounting Setting	Yes	This setting enables or disables the mounting of an NX Unit. Refer to 11-2 NX Unit Mounting Settings on page 11-4 for details on this setting.	Enabled or Disabled	Enabled
Serial Number	This is the serial number of the NX Unit. You can get the serial number to set the serial number of the actual EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.			0
Supply Power/Available Power [W]		The power that is currently drawn by the NX Units and the maximum available power supply capacity are given. This item is for an Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit.		-/10.00
Power consumption [W]		This is the power consumption of the NX Units from the NX bus. This setting applies to Units other than an Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit.		Refer to the manual for the specific NX Unit.
Unit width [mm] This is the width		This is the width of the NX Unit.		Refer to the manual for the specific NX Unit.
I/O allocation set- tings	Yes	These are the I/O allocation settings for the NX Unit. Click the Edit I/O Allocation Settings button to edit these settings. You cannot change this setting for System Units.		Refer to the manual for the specific NX Unit.
Unit operation set- tings	Peration set- Yes These are the Unit operation settings for the NX Unit. Click the Edit Unit Operation Settings button to edit these settings. You cannot change this setting for System Units.			Refer to the manual for the specific NX Unit.

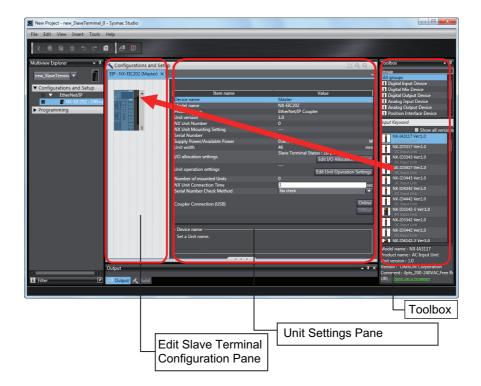
Setting the NX Unit Configuration Information

- Creating the Unit Configuration Information with the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page
 - **1** Create a new Support Software project.
 - 2 Double-click **NX-EIC202** under **Configurations and Setup** in the Multiview Explorer or right-click **NX-EIC202** under **Configurations and Setup** and select *Edit*.



The Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page is displayed.

Drag the NX Unit from the Toolbox to the Edit Configuration Pane and drop it on the Slave Terminal.



Item	Description
Edit Slave Terminal Configura-	You can edit the Unit configuration information for the Slave Terminal
tion Pane	here.
Unit Settings Pane	This list displays the setting information for the currently selected Unit.
	Edit I/O Allocation Settings button: Click this button to change the I/O allocation information.
	Edit Unit Operation Settings button: Click this button to edit the Unit operation settings.
Toolbox	This area shows the NX Units by groups and individual Units.



Set the Unit configuration information in the Unit Settings Pane.



Precautions for Correct Use

If you turn ON the power to an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal before you create or transfer the Unit configuration information to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, the TS indicator on the front panel of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit will flash green at 0.5-second intervals. This means that the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is operating without any Unit configuration information.

In this state, the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal will start and operate based on the physical Unit configuration when the power is turned ON. The Unit configuration is not checked.

- I/O data of Standard NX Units will be mapped to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal's I/O data blocks by their physical order. Refer to 9-6-1 Basic I/O Mapping on page 9-71 for more information.
- You cannot use a Safety Control Unit without NX Unit configuration information. To use a Safety Control Unit, set the NX Unit configuration information in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. For the Unit configuration information setting procedure, refer to 9-2-2 Setting the NX Unit Configuration Information on page 9-7.

Creating Unit Configuration Information Based on the Actual Configuration

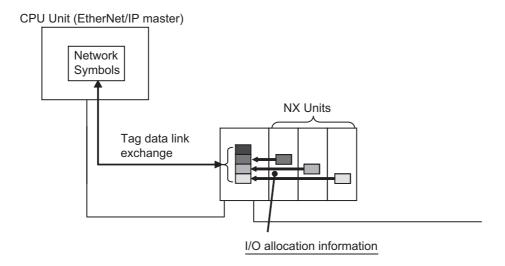
This method uses the physical Unit configuration for the Unit configuration information.

Connect the Support Software to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Compare and merge with the actual Unit configuration to read the Unit configuration of the Slave Terminal. Set the settings as an EtherNet/IP device on the EtherNet/IP Configuration Edit Tab Page. Finally, create the Slave Terminal configuration and operation settings on the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page.

Refer to 9-2-6 Support Software Functions Used as Required on page 9-24 for details on the comparing and merging with the actual Unit configuration of the Slave Terminal.

9-2-3 I/O Allocation Information

The I/O allocation information maps the I/O data in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to exchange with the tag data link. The Slave Terminal performs tag data link exchange with the CJ EtherNet/IP Units based on the I/O allocation information.



The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units contain default values for the I/O allocation information. These default values are sufficient for a standard exchange of I/O data. Change the settings as necessary.

Specifications for I/O Data Allocations in Slave Terminals

The following limitations apply to I/O data allocations for the entire Slave Terminal.

Item	Input data	Output data
Number of I/O entry mappings	255	255
EtherNet/IP maximum I/O connection size	504 bytes	504 bytes
Allocatable I/O data points	Maximum of 4,000 points total for both inputs and outputs	

Note The NX bus I/O data size is for Input 512 bytes max. and for Output 512 bytes max.

I/O Allocation Settings

To allocate I/O, select an I/O entry mapping and register an I/O entry to the I/O entry mapping.

Selecting I/O Entry Mappings

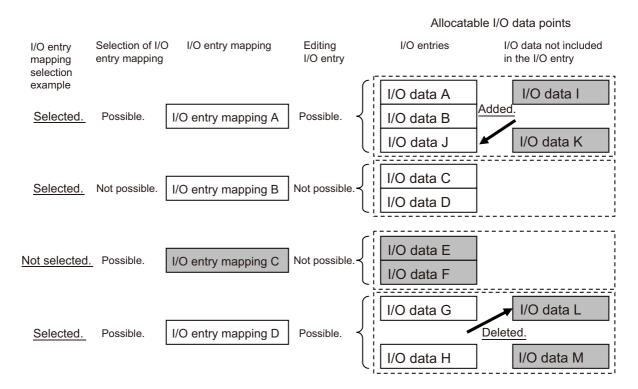
An I/O entry mapping defines a set of I/O data. Each Unit has its own I/O entry mapping.

The data for each I/O entry included in the selected I/O entry mappings are exchanged using process data communications. Default values are assigned to the I/O entry mapping selections. Change the I/O entry mapping selections as necessary. If an I/O entry mapping must be selected, the option to deselect it will not be available.

Registering I/O Entries

The I/O data assigned to an I/O entry mapping is called an I/O entry.

Default values are assigned to the I/O entries in each I/O entry mapping. Some I/O entry mappings allow you to add or delete I/O entries. Also, the I/O data that you can assign to an I/O entry mapping is predetermined. Change the I/O entries as necessary.



*The shaded I/O data is not exchanged with process data communications.

Allocatable I/O Data in an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

This section gives the I/O data in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit that you can assign as I/O for network variables.

To access I/O data as NX objects, use the index numbers.

I/O Entry Mappings for EtherNet/IP Coupler Units

The following I/O entry mappings are available.

		I/O entry mapping		I/O entry	
I/O	I/O entry mapping name	Selecting	Default	Editing	Maximum entries
Inputs	505th Transmit PDO Mapping	Possible	Selected	Possible	5

I/O Data Allocatable to I/O Entry Mappings

The following I/O data can be registered as I/O entries for the I/O entry mappings.

If you use a status that has a number as the suffix to the data name, select a status according to the number of used NX Units. Doing so will reduce the I/O data size and improve communications per-

formance. For example, if you use 10 NX Units, we recommend that you use the status that has "Status 15" in the data name.

I/O entry					Regis-	NX object	
mapping name	Data name	Function	Data type	Default	tered by default	Index number	Subin- dex number
505th Transmit PDO Mapping	NX Unit Registration Status 15	This is the registration status for 15 NX Units.	ARRAY[015] OF BOOL	FALSE	No	2003 hex	01 hex
	NX Unit Registration Status 31	This is the registration status for 31 NX Units.	ARRAY[031] OF BOOL	FALSE		2003 hex	02 hex
	NX Unit Registration Status 63	This is the registration status for 63 NX Units.	ARRAY[063] OF BOOL	FALSE		2003 hex	03 hex
	NX Unit Message Enabled Status 15	This tells whether message communications are enabled for 15 NX Units.	ARRAY[015] OF BOOL	FALSE		2004 hex	01 hex
	NX Unit Message Enabled Status 31	This tells whether message communications are enabled for 31 NX Units.	ARRAY[031] OF BOOL	FALSE		2004 hex	02 hex
	NX Unit Message Enabled Status 63	This tells whether message communications are enabled for 63 NX Units.	ARRAY[063] OF BOOL	FALSE		2004 hex	03 hex
	NX Unit I/O Data Active Status 15	This tells whether I/O data is usable for 15 NX Units.	ARRAY[015] OF BOOL	FALSE		2005 hex	01 hex
	NX Unit I/O Data Active Status 31	This tells whether I/O data is usable for 31 NX Units.	ARRAY[031] OF BOOL	FALSE		2005 hex	02 hex
	NX Unit I/O Data Active Status 63	This tells whether I/O data is usable for 63 NX Units.	ARRAY[063] OF BOOL	FALSE		2005 hex	03 hex
	NX Unit Error Status 15	This gives the error status for 15 NX Units.	ARRAY[015] OF BOOL	FALSE		2006 hex	01 hex
	NX Unit Error Status 31	This gives the error status for 31 NX Units.	ARRAY[031] OF BOOL	FALSE		2006 hex	02 hex
	NX Unit Error Status 63	This gives the error status for 63 NX Units.	ARRAY[063] OF BOOL	FALSE		2006 hex	03 hex
-	Slave Terminal Status	This gives the Slave Terminal's Status.	ARRAY[015] OF BOOL	FALSE	Yes	2008 hex	02 hex

The next section describes each data item in detail.

Details of I/O Data in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

This section describes the I/O data in detail.

• NX Unit Registration Status

D-4	December 1 and 1 a
Data name	Description Control of the Control o
NX Unit Registration Status	This status tells whether the NX Units are registered in the Unit Configuration.
NX Unit Registration Status 31	The status is acquired for as many NX Units as the numeric suffix at the end of the data name. Select the I/O data with the appropriate numeric value based on the number of NX Units that are mounted.
NX Unit Registration Status 63	This status is given as an array of BOOL data. The subscript of the array corresponds to the NX Unit number. A subscript of 0 indicates the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
	Each bit has the following meaning.
	TRUE: Registered
	FALSE: Not registered
	If the Unit configuration information is registered, the status is TRUE for each Unit that is registered.
	If the Unit configuration information was automatically created (with only the actual Unit configuration information and no registered information), the status is FALSE for all Units.
	The status is TRUE for NX Units that are set as unmounted Units.
	Each bit is updated at the following times.
	 If the Unit Configuration Information Is Registered: The status changes to TRUE when the system is started. The status changes to FALSE when the configuration information is cleared. If the Unit Configuration Information Is Automatically Created: The status changes to TRUE when the configuration information is confirmed. The status is always FALSE if the Unit configuration information is automatically created.

• NX Unit Message Enabled Status

Data name	Description
NX Unit Message Enabled	This status tells whether the NX Units can process message communications.
Status 15	The status is acquired for as many NX Units as the numeric suffix at the end of
NX Unit Message Enabled	the data name. Select the I/O data with the appropriate numeric value based on
Status 31	the number of NX Units that are mounted.
NX Unit Message Enabled Status 63	This status is given as an array of BOOL data. The subscript of the array corresponds to the NX Unit number. A subscript of 0 indicates the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
	Each bit has the following meaning.
	TRUE: Message communications possible.
	FALSE: Message communications not possible.
	The status says that message communications are enabled for NX Units that meet the following conditions.
	The comparison shows no differences (only if the Unit configuration information is registered).
	The NX Unit does not have a WDT error.
	The status is FALSE for NX Units that are set as unmounted Units.
	Each bit is updated when the message communications status changes on the corresponding NX Unit.

• NX Unit I/O Data Active Status

Data name	Description
NX Unit I/O Data Active Sta-	This status tells whether the NX Units can process I/O data communications.
tus 15	The status is acquired for as many NX Units as the numeric suffix at the end of
NX Unit I/O Data Active Sta-	the data name. Select the I/O data with the appropriate numeric value based on
tus 31	the number of NX Units that are mounted.
NX Unit I/O Data Active Sta- tus 63	This status is given as an array of BOOL data. The subscript of the array corre-
tus 03	sponds to the NX Unit number. A subscript of 0 indicates the EtherNet/IP Coupler
	Unit.
	Each bit has the following meaning.
	TRUE: The I/O data in the NX Unit can be used for control.
	FALSE: The I/O data in the NX Unit cannot be used for control.
	The status is FALSE for NX Units that are set as unmounted Units.
	Each bit is updated when the operating status changes on the corresponding NX Unit.

• NX Unit Error Status

Data name	Description
NX Unit Error Status 15	This status tells whether an error exists on the NX Units.
NX Unit Error Status 31 NX Unit Error Status 63	The status is acquired for as many NX Units as the numeric suffix at the end of the data name. Select the I/O data with the appropriate numeric value based on the number of NX Units that are mounted.
	This status is given as an array of BOOL data. The subscript of the array corresponds to the NX Unit number. A subscript of 0 indicates the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
	Each bit has the following meaning.
	TRUE: Error
	FALSE: No error
	If the Unit configuration information is registered, the status is reported for only the NX Units for which the NX Unit Registration Status is TRUE (registered). This status is FALSE for all NX Units for which the NX Unit Registration Status is FALSE (not registered). If automatic generation* ¹ is used for the Unit configura-
	tion information, the status is given for all NX Units.
	Each bit is set to TRUE when the level of the error is as follows:
	Minor fault
	Observation
	The status is FALSE for NX Units that are set as unmounted Units.
	Each bit is updated at the following times.
	The status changes to TRUE when an error occurs.
	The status changes to FALSE when the error is reset. Even if the cause of the error has been removed, you must reset the error for the status to change to FALSE.

^{*1.} This applies when only the physical Unit configuration information is used and the Unit configuration information is not registered.

• Slave Terminal Status

Data name	Description
Slave Terminal Status	This indicates the status conditions of the Slave Terminal.

The following table shows the structure of the bits in the Slave Terminal status.

Bit	Description
0	Reserved
1	
2	
3	
4	Observation
	ON: Observation status for one or more of the NX Units
	OFF: No observation status
5	Minor Fault
	ON: Minor fault status for one or more of the NX Units
	OFF: No minor fault
6	Partial Fault
	ON: Partial fault status for one or more of the NX Units
	OFF: No partial fault
7	Major Fault
	ON: Major fault status for one or more of the NX Units
	OFF: No major fault
8	Reserved
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	Error Detection Flag
	ON: Any of the bits 0 to 13 ON
	OFF: None of the bits 0 to 13 ON
15	I/O Refresh Flag
	ON: Normal I/O communications for all NX Units
	OFF: I/O communications stopped in one or more NX Units



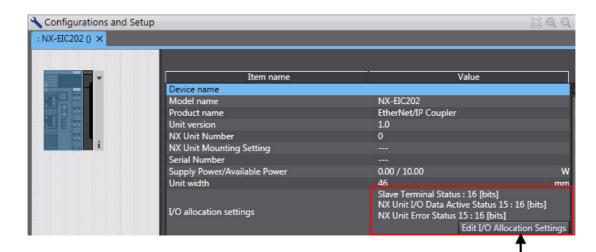
Additional Information

Refer to 12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures on page 12-22 for more information on observation status and faults.

Viewing I/O Allocation Information

Select the Unit in the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page.

The Unit Settings Pane is displayed for the selected Unit. The I/O entry name and data size are displayed in the I/O allocation settings.



I/O entry name: Size



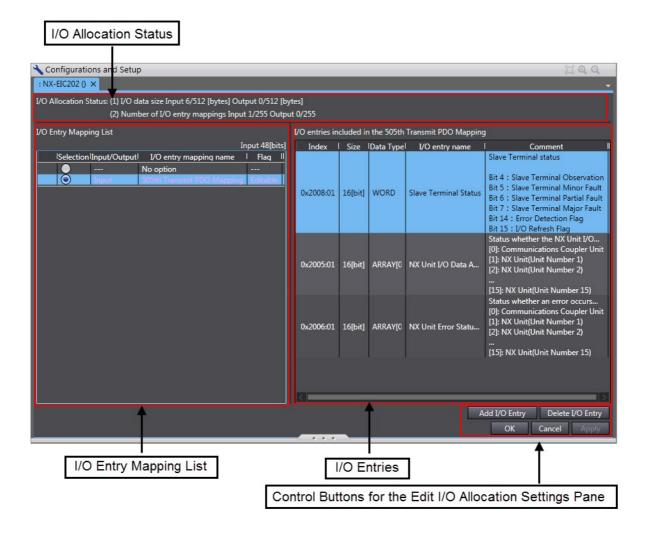
Additional Information

A detailed display of I/O Allocation can be found by right-clicking the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and selecting **Display I/O Allocation** from the menu. Refer to 9-6-2 Support Software I/O Allocation Functions on page 9-73 for more details.

Editing the I/O Allocation Settings

You can edit the I/O allocations for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units as necessary.

1 In the Unit Settings Pane, click the Edit I/O Allocation Settings button. The Edit I/O Allocation Settings Pane is displayed over the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page.



Edit I/O Allocation Settings Pane

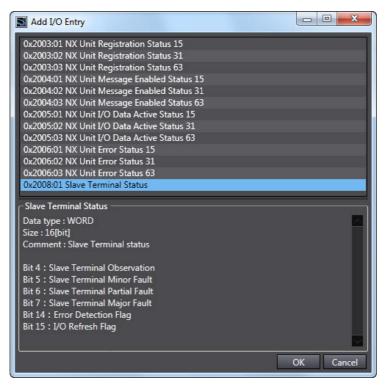
Name/Label	Description
I/O Allocation	The usage of I/O allocation for the entire Slave Terminal is displayed here.
Status	
	(1) I/O data size: The size of the I/O data that is allocated for the entire Slave Terminal is given. The denominator is the maximum allocatable size.
	The I/O data size gives the amount of memory that is used by the I/O data. This value will not necessarily be the same as the total sum of all I/O entry sizes.
	(2) Number of I/O entry mappings: The number of I/O entry mappings that are allocated to the entire Slave Terminal is given. The denominator is the maximum number of allocatable I/O data.

Name/Label		Description		
I/O Entry Map-	This is a mapping list of the I/O entries in the corresponding Unit.			
ping List	The I/O entry mapping list shows up to four inputs and outputs respectively.			
	The I/O entry mapping list shows the following items.			
	Selection: This column	is used to select the I/O entry mappings that you wish to		
	allocate.			
	Select the I/O entry mapping that you wish to allocate.			
	If you do not want to allocate the I/O entry mapping as part of the I/O allocation information, select <i>No option</i> .			
	 Input/Output: This column shows whether the data is an input or an output in terms of the CPU Unit. 			
	I/O entry mapping name: This column gives the name of the I/O entry mapping.			
	Flag: If the I/O entry is editable, this column indicates "Editable."			
	If the I/O entry is not editable, this column indicates ""			
I/O entries	•	iew and edit the I/O entries for the I/O entry mappings that		
	are selected in the I/O Entry Mapping List.			
	Each I/O entry contains the following information.			
		s the index number for the NX object.		
		ndex is displayed after "0x" lex_number:subindex_number.		
		column gives the size of the I/O entry data.		
	Data Type: This column gives the data type of the I/O entry.			
	I/O entry name: This column gives the name of the I/O entry.			
	, and the second	column gives a description of the I/O entry.		
Control buttons for the Edit I/O	Add I/O Entry button:	This button adds an I/O entry to the selected I/O entry mapping.		
Allocation Set- tings Pane	Delete I/O Entry button:	This button deletes the selected I/O entry from the selected I/O entry mapping.		
	OK button:	This button confirms the settings in the Edit I/O Allocation Settings Pane, and returns the display to the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page.		
	Cancel button:	This button cancels the settings in the Edit I/O Allocation Settings Pane, and returns the display to the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page.		
	Apply button:	This button confirms the settings in the Edit I/O Allocation Settings Pane, and allows you to edit other I/O entries.		

- 2 Select the option button next to the I/O entry mapping that you wish to edit. You can select only I/O entry mappings that have the "Editable" in the *Flag* column.
- **3** Click the **Add I/O Entry** button.

The Add I/O Entry Dialog Box is displayed.

A list similar to the one that is shown below is displayed. This list shows the I/O data that you can add to the selected I/O entry mapping list.



Select the I/O data to add.

Note The sequence of your selection determines the order in the I/O allocation table.

- Click the **OK** button. The selected I/O entry is added to the I/O allocation table.
- Click the **Apply** button or **OK** button to confirm the current settings.

You can also delete I/O entries. In step 3, select the I/O entry to delete, and then click the Delete I/O Entry button.

9-2-4 **Unit Operation Settings**

Unit Operation Settings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

The operation settings of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit are listed below.

Setting	Setting range	Default	Description
Fail-soft Operation Set- ting/Fail-soft Operation	Stop or Fail-soft operation	Stop	Set whether to use fail-soft operation for the Slave Terminal.
Setting			Select Fail-soft operation to perform fail-soft operation.
			Refer to 11-7 Fail-soft Operation on page 11-27 for details on fail-soft operation.

Unit Operation Settings for the NX Unit

The settings that are available depend on the type of the NX Unit.

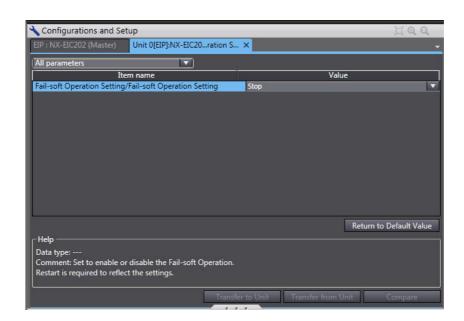
For example, Digital Input Units have a setting for the input filter value, and Digital Output Units have a setting for the output value at load rejection.

Refer to the manual for the specific NX Unit for the settings and their meanings.

Editing the Unit Operation Settings

You can edit the Unit operation settings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units as necessary.

1 In the Unit Settings Pane, click the **Edit Unit Operation Settings** button. The Edit Unit Operation Settings Tab Page is displayed.



2 Change the set value of each setting.

9-2-5 Unit Application Data

The Unit application data is the data that enables the functionality that is specific to each NX Unit. Not all NX Units have Unit application data.

Refer to the manual for NX Units that have Unit application data for the method to set and transfer Unit application data.

9-2-6 Support Software Functions Used as Required

You can use the following functions on the Support Software.

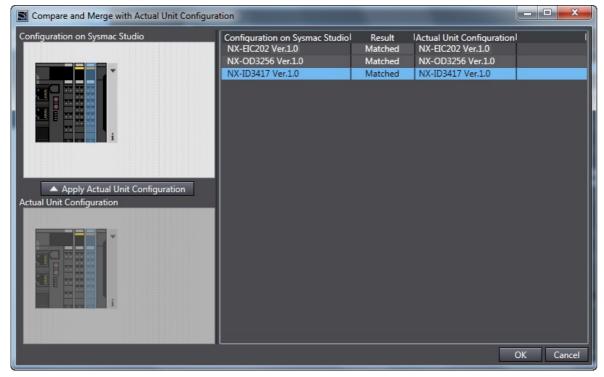
- · Getting NX Unit serial numbers
- Comparing and merging with actual Unit configuration of the Slave Terminal
- Exporting/importing NX Unit settings
- · Uploading Slave Terminal settings through the USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit
- · Adding additional Slave Terminals

Comparing and Merging with Actual Unit Configuration of the Slave **Terminal**

You can compare the Unit configuration information in an Slave Terminal that was created offline with the actual Unit configuration. You can also use this command to merge a configuration that was created offline with the actual configuration.

Go online, right-click anywhere in the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, and select Compare and Merge with Actual Unit Configuration.

The actual Unit configuration is read and compared with the Unit configuration on the Support Software. The results are displayed in the Compare and Merge with Actual Unit Configuration Dialog Box.



- To merge with actual Unit configuration, click the Apply Actual Unit Configuration button. The configuration information on the Support Software will now match the actual Unit configuration.
- Click the **OK** button.

The display returns to the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page.



Precautions for Correct Use

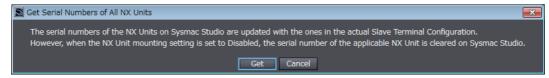
You can read only the Unit configuration in the Slave Terminal by comparing and merging with the actual Unit configuration. You cannot read the I/O allocation information, Unit operation settings, and Unit application data.

Getting NX Unit Serial Numbers

If the serial number check method that is set in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is set to *Setting = Actual device*, you must download the Unit configuration information in which the serial numbers for the NX Units are set to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Use the following procedure to apply the serial numbers of the actual devices to the serial numbers of the NX Units in the Unit configuration information on the Support Software. Refer to *9-2-2 Setting the NX Unit Configuration Information* on page 9-7 for information on checking serial numbers.

Go online, right-click anywhere in the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, and select Get Serial Numbers of All NX Units.

An execution confirmation dialog box is displayed.



2 Click the Get button.

The serial numbers are read from the actual Unit configuration, and applied to the Units in the configuration information for the Slave Terminal on the Support Software.

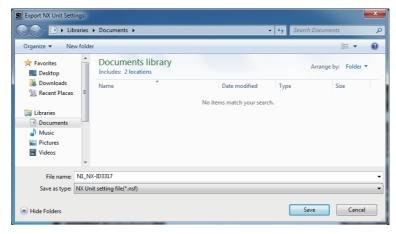
Exporting/Importing NX Unit Settings

On the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, you can export the NX Unit operating settings and NX Unit application data for each NX Unit into a single file (extension .nsf).

The exported NX Unit setting file can be imported to add other NX Units with the same settings. To do this, go into the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page in a new project or the same project on the Support Software.

On the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, right-click the NX Unit to export and select Export NX Unit Settings.

The Export NX Unit Settings Dialog Box is displayed.



Enter a file name, and then click the Save button. An NX Unit setting file with an .nsf extension is saved.

To import a file, select Import NX Unit Settings and Insert New Unit in step 1, and specify the file to import.

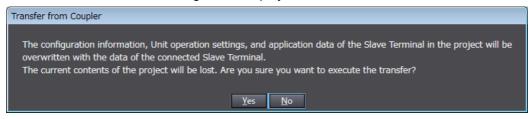
Uploading Slave Terminal Settings through the USB Port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

You can connect the Support Software to the USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and transfer the settings information to the Support Software from the Slave Terminal. With some Support Software, you can connect through Ethernet or with any other method except for a USB port. Refer to the operation manual for the Support Software for details.

Use the following procedure to upload the settings.

- Connect the Support Software to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and place it online.
- Right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, and select Coupler Connection (USB) - Transfer from Coupler.

An execution confirmation dialog box is displayed.



Click the Yes button.

The configuration information, Unit operation settings, and Unit application data of the Slave Terminal setting information are transferred.

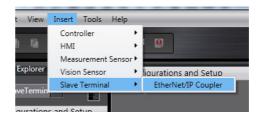
Adding Additional Slave Terminals

A Support Software project can include multiple Slave Terminal device configurations.

Use the following procedure to add additional Slave Terminal configurations to a project when necessary.

1 Right-click the Slave Terminal icon and select Add Device or select Insert - Slave Terminal -EtherNet/IP Coupler.





2 Additional Slave Terminal configurations can be accessed with the drop down selection menu.



Transferring and Comparing Settings

This section describes how to transfer and compare Slave Terminal settings that you set on the Support Software. The Sysmac Studio is used as an example.

For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

9-3-1 Transferring Slave Terminal Setting Information through the USB Port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

WARNING



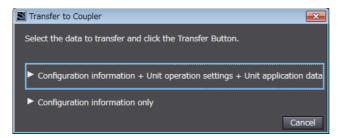
Always confirm safety at the destination before you transfer the Unit configuration information, parameters, set values, or other data from the Support Software. The devices or machines may operate unexpectedly, regardless of the operating mode of the Controller.

You can connect the Support Software to the USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to transfer the Slave Terminal settings information to the Slave Terminal. With some Support Software, you can connect through Ethernet any other method except for a USB port. Refer to the operation manual for the Support Software for details.

Use the following procedure to transfer the settings.

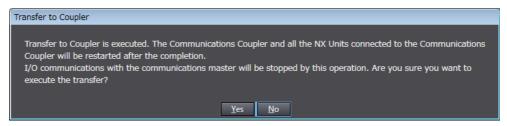
- Connect the Support Software to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and place it online.
- Right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, and select Coupler Connection (USB) - Transfer to Coupler.

The Transfer to Coupler Dialog Box is displayed.



- Select the data to transfer.
 - To transfer the configuration information, Unit operation settings, and Unit application data, select Configuration Information + Unit Operation Settings + Unit Application Data.
 - To transfer only the configuration information, select Configuration information only.

An execution confirmation dialog box is displayed.



4

Click the **Yes** button

The specified data is transferred.



Precautions for Correct Use

- The EtherNet/IP master may detect an error when the Slave Terminal is restarted after the Slave Terminal setting information is transferred with a direct USB connection between the Support Software and EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. If an error is detected, you need to reset the error in the EtherNet/IP master.
 - Refer to 9-3 *Transferring and Comparing Settings* on page 9-28 for a transfer method that does not produce an error on the EtherNet/IP master.
- When the Slave Terminal is restarted, all of the Units on the Slave Terminal perform the same operation as when the power supply is cycled. Refer to the manuals for the specific Units for the operation that is performed when the power supply is turned ON.
- The Slave Terminal setting information must be the same between the EtherNet/IP master and the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. When you transfer the Slave Terminal setting information, always use the synchronization function from the Sysmac Studio that is connected to the CPU Unit.

9-3-2 Comparing Settings

To compare the Slave Terminal settings, connect the Support Software to the USB port of the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit to compare. Use the following procedure.

Refer to 9-2-6 Support Software Functions Used as Required on page 9-24 to compare the Unit configuration.

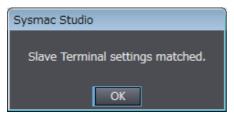
- 1 Connect the Support Software to the USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
- 2 In the Unit Settings Pane on the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, click the **Online** button next to **Coupler Connection (USB)** for the target EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
 - An execution confirmation dialog box is displayed.
- **3** Click the **OK** button.

The Support Software will go online.

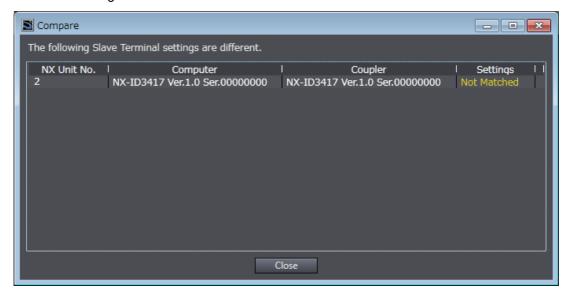
Right-click the target EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and select Coupler Connection (USB) - Compare from the pop-up menu.

The results of the comparison are displayed as shown below.

When the Settings Are the Same:



When the Settings Are Different:



9-4 Setting IP Address

There are several ways to set the IP address of the Slave Terminal. Specify the IP address setting method as follows with the rotary switches.

Set value (hex)	IP address setting method	
00	Directly set the IP address with the Network Configurator.	
	Specify getting the IP address from the BOOTP server with the Network Configurator.	
01 to FE	Directly set the IP address using hardware switches.	
FF	Specify getting the IP address from the BOOTP server.	



Precautions for Correct Use

Use the following methods to check the IP address of the Slave Terminal.

- Check with a combination of the DIP switch (pin 4) and rotary switches.
- · Use attached information 1 for IP Address Fixed in the event log.



Version Information

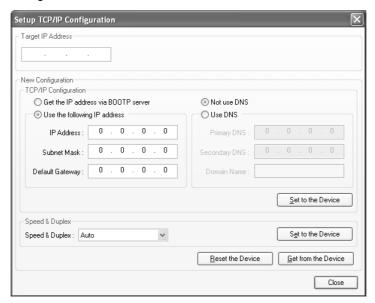
Getting an IP address from the BOOTP server is supported from NX-EIC202 version 1.2 or later.

9-4-1 Directly Setting the IP Address with the Network Configurator

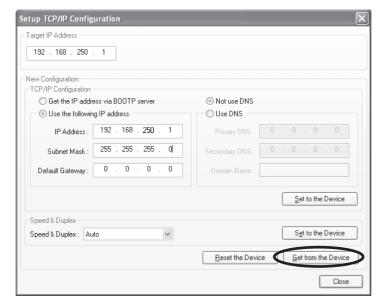
Use the Network Configurator to directly set the IP address. The setting procedure is as follows.

- 1 Set both rotary switches to 0x0 and power on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. The EtherNet/IP Unit will have the default IP address 192.168.250.1 (DIP switch 4 is OFF) or 192.168.1.1 (DIP switch 4 is ON).
 - Refer to 4-3 Hardware Switch Settings on page 4-9 for more information.
- **2** Connect the Network Configurator online.

Select Tools - Setup TCP/IP Configuration to display the following Setup TCP/IP Configuration Dialog Box, and set the TCP/IP Configuration for the target device. In the following example, the settings are all at their default values.



Enter the IP address to set and press the Get from the Device button. The present setting will be obtained. Change the IP address in the New Configuration Box if required.



- Press the **Set to the Device** button. The IP address will be transferred to the device. The applicable device is the device specified in the Target IP Address Box.
- The device must be reset to enable the transferred setting. Power the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit OFF and back ON or click Reset the Device button.

TCP/IP Parameters

The following TCP/IP parameters can be set from the Network Configurator:

- IP address
- Subnet mask
- · Default gateway

The following TCP/IP parameters are not used:

- · Preferred DNS server
- · Alternate DNS server
- Domain name

The following TCP/IP parameters are preset:

- · Link parameter Link speed preset to 100 Mbps
- · Link parameter Duplex preset to Full duplex



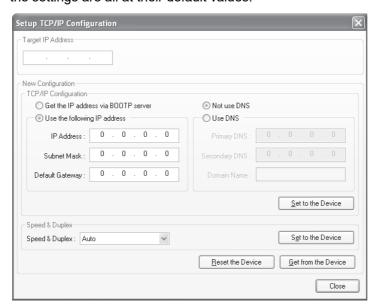
Precautions for Correct Use

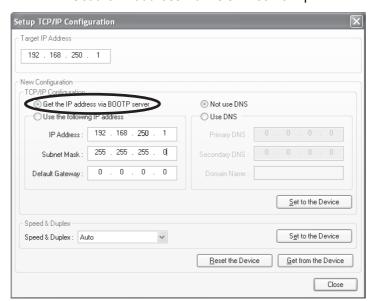
- The transfer function for IP address settings is defined by ODVA specifications. When setting the IP address of the target device with the Network Configurator, connect the devices one at a time, and download the TCP/IP Configuration's IP address parameters. If TCP/IP parameters are set for the EtherNet/IP Unit or built-in EtherNet/IP port from the Network Configurator, the EtherNet/IP Unit may automatically be reset and restarted. Before setting the TCP/IP parameters, make sure that no system problems will occur when the Unit is restarted. If the Unit does not restart automatically, click the Reset the Device button.
- If the target node address (IP address) is not set correctly, invalid device parameters may be set in the wrong device, so check the connected device before downloading parameters.
- An error will occur if the same IP address is set for another device.
- An error will occur if the IP address is not within the setting range.

9-4-2 Getting the IP Address from the BOOTP Server with the Network Configurator

Use the Network Configurator to specify getting the IP address from the BOOTP server. The specifying procedure is as follows.

- **1** Set the rotary switches to 00 hex and turn ON the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
- **2** Place the Network Configurator online.
- 3 Select *Tools Setup TCP/IP Configuration* to display the following Setup TCP/IP Configuration Dialog Box, and set the TCP/IP configuration for the target device. In the following example, the settings are all at their default values.





Select the Get the IP address via BOOTP server option.

- In the New Configuration area, click the Set to the Device button to send the new setting to the applicable device. The applicable device is the device specified in the Target IP Address Box.
- The device must be reset to enable the transferred setting. Cycle the power supply to the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit or click Reset the Device button.



Precautions for Correct Use

The IP address will be gotten from the BOOTP server only once the first time the device is restarted after the setting to get the IP address from the BOOTP server is enabled. An IP address is not gotten from the BOOTP server after than even if the device is restarted.

To get an IP address from the BOOTP server every time the device is reset, set the rotary switches to FF hex.

9-4-3 **Directly Setting the IP Address Using Hardware Switches**

Use the DIP switch pin 4 and rotary switches to directly set the IP address.

The following table shows the relationship between the switch settings and the set IP address.

DIP switch pin 4 setting	Rotary switch setting (hex)	Set IP address
ON	01 to FE	192.168.1.□
		☐ is the setting on the rotary switches converted to decimal.*1
OFF	01 to FE	192.168.250.□
		\Box is the setting on the rotary switches converted to decimal. *2

^{*1.} For example, if the rotary switches are set to 11 hex, IP address 192.168.1.17 is set.

^{*2.} For example, if the rotary switches are set to 11 hex, IP address 192.168.250.17 is set.



Precautions for Correct Use

The IP address that is set is read only once when the Unit power supply is turned ON or the Unit is restarted. Even if the IP address setting is changed after the Unit power supply is turned ON or after the Unit is restarted, the new IP address will not be used until the next time that power is turned ON or the Unit is restarted.

- · An error will occur if the same IP address is set for another device.
- An error will occur if the IP address is not within the setting range.

9-4-4 Getting an IP Address from the BOOTP Server

If the rotary switches are set to FF hex, the IP address gotten from the BOOTP server is enabled.

Every time the Unit power supply is turned ON or the Unit is restarted, an IP address for the Unit is gotten from the BOOTP server and it is automatically saved and applied as the IP address of the Unit.



Precautions for Correct Use

- To get an IP address from the BOOTP server, you must register the IP address and MAC address of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the BOOTP server in advance.
- An error occurs if an IP address is not gotten from the BOOTP server within 60 seconds of
 restarting the Unit. The Unit will continue to try to get an IP address from the BOOTP server
 even after this error occurs. To cancel getting an IP address from the BOOTP server, change
 the rotary switches to any setting except for FF hex and cycle the Unit power supply or restart
 the Unit.
- If an illegal address is gotten from the BOOTP server, an TCP/IP Setting Error (Local IP Address) is detected. The Unit will continue to try to get an IP address from the BOOTP server even after this error occurs.
- You can specify getting an IP address from the BOOTP server with the Network Configurator as well. However, the timing of getting the IP address from the BOOTP server depends on whether you set the rotary switches to FF hex or specify using the BOOTP server from the Network Configurator.

Setting method	Timing of getting the IP address from the BOOTP server
Setting the rotary switches to	An IP address is gotten every time the Unit power supply is turned ON
FF hex	or the Unit is restarted.
Setting with the Network	An IP address is gotten from the BOOTP server only once after the
Configurator	setting is made, either when the Unit power supply is turned ON or the
	Unit is restarted.

Setting Tag Data Links 9-5

Starting the Network Configurator 9-5-1

Procedure

Tag data links are set by using the Network Configurator. Use the following procedure to start the Network Configurator.

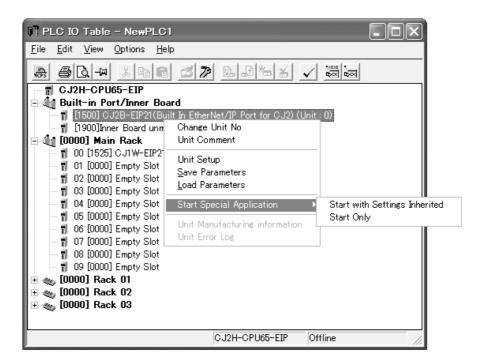


Additional Information

- Refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465) for more details on the use of Network Configurator.
- With NJ/NX-series CPU Units and NY-series Industrial PCs, you can use the Sysmac Studio to set up tag data links. For details on how to set up tag data links with the Sysmac Studio, refer to the user's manual for the built-in EtherNet/IP port on the connected CPU Unit or Industrial PC.

Starting from the I/O Table Dialog Box in CX-Programmer

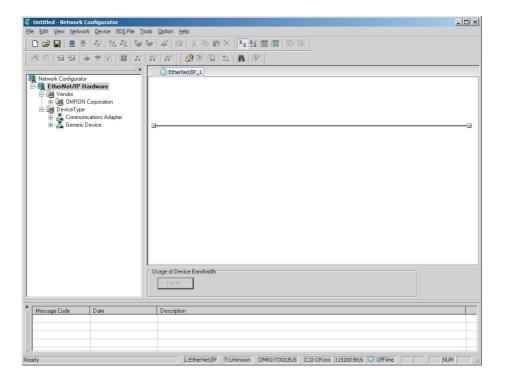
To start the Network Configurator, select the Unit in the PLC I/O Table Dialog Box and select either of the options for Start Special Application from the pop-up menu. Only operation will be started even if Start with Settings Inherited is selected.



Starting from the Windows Start Menu

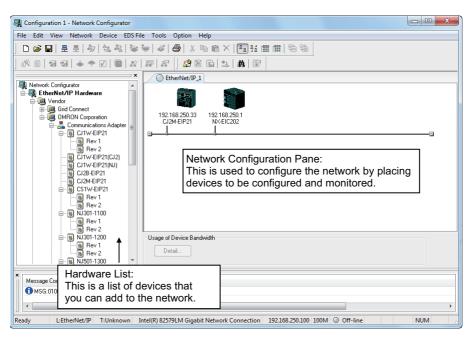
To start the Network Configurator, select OMRON - CX-One - Network Configurator for Ether-NetIP - Network Configurator from the Windows Start Menu.

When the Network Configurator starts, the following window is displayed.

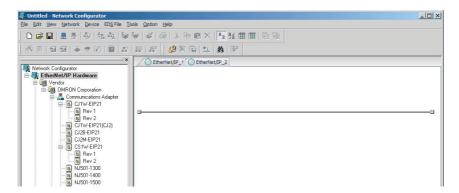


Main Window

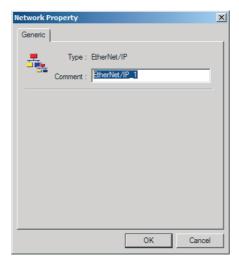
The Main Window consists of a Hardware List and a Network Configuration Pane, as shown in the following diagram.



To manage two or more networks, you can select **Network - Add** to add a new Network Configuration Pane.



To change the name displayed in the Network Tab Page, select **Network - Property**. You can change the name set in the Comment Field of the Network Property Dialog Box.



9-5-2 Tag Data Link Setting Procedure

This section describes the procedure to set tag data links (i.e., connection information). The connection information is set only in the originator for data links, i.e., the node that receives data.

- 1 Create the network configuration.
 - (1) Register all EtherNet/IP Units for which to create connections in the EtherNet/IP Network Configuration Pane. Refer to 9-5-3 Registering Devices on page 9-39 for more information.
 - If a system has already been installed, connect online to the EtherNet/IP network and upload the network configuration. Refer to 9-5-9 Uploading Tag Data Link Parameters on page 9-66 for more information.
- Create the tag and tag set connections.

Set the connections with one of the following methods.

- (1) Basic Operation:
 - Create tags and tag sets for all registered devices. Refer to 9-5-5 Creating Tags and Tag Sets on page 9-42 for more information.
 - 2) Create a connection for the originator device (i.e., the registered device that receives data as input data). Refer to 9-5-6 Connection Settings on page 9-56.
- (2) Create the connections by dragging registered devices. Refer to 9-5-9 Uploading Tag Data Link Parameters on page 9-66.

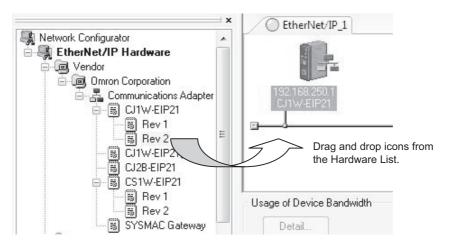
- **3** Download the tag data link parameters. Refer to 9-5-8 Downloading Tag Data Link Parameters on page 9-63.
- 4 Make sure that the tag data links are operating normally by using the indicators for the Ether-Net/IP Unit (refer to 12-2-1 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit on page 12-3) and the Network Configurator monitor functions (refer to 12-3-1 Checking Status with the Network Configurator on page 12-10).
- **5** Make sure that the output tag data is updated in the input tag by using the CX-Programmer's Watch Window or PLC memory function.

9-5-3 Registering Devices

Register all of the devices required in the equipment (such as EtherNet/IP Units and EtherNet/IP Coupler Units that perform tag data links) in the network configuration.

1 Register the devices that will participate in the tag data links by dragging the devices from the Hardware List and dropping them in the Network Configuration Pane on the right. (To drag and drop an icon, click and hold the left mouse button over the icon, move the icon to the destination, and release the mouse button.)

You can also select a device in the Hardware List and press the Enter Key to register it. The icon of the device is displayed in the Network Configuration Pane, as shown in the following diagram.



Hardware List

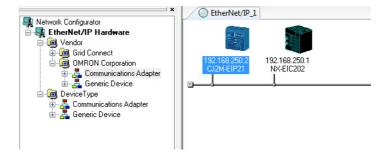
The device names and major CIP revisions (Rev \square) are displayed in the hardware list. This is shown in the following table.

- Note 1. Select the correct device name. If you select the wrong device name, an Invalid Device Type error will be displayed when you attempt to download the data and the download will fail.
 - Select devices with the correct major and minor CIP revisions for the unit version. If you select the
 wrong revision, a Wrong Unit Revision error will be displayed when you attempt to download the data
 and the download will fail. If either of these errors occurs, refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP
 Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465) for more information.
 - If the revision is unknown, select the newest revision (i.e., the revision with the highest number).
 Refer to the user's manuals for the specific Units for the relation between CIP versions and unit versions.
 - 4. When mounting the CJ1W-EIP21 to a CJ2 CPU Unit, select CJ1W-EIP21 (CJ2) from the Hardware List.
 - 5. When mounting the CJ1W-EIP21 to an NJ-series CPU Unit, select CJ1W-EIP21 (NJ) from the Hardware List.

Right-click the registered device's icon to display the pop-up menu, and select Change Node Address.



- Set the IP address to match the node address (IP address) actually used in the device and click the **OK** button.
- Repeat steps 1 to 3, and register all of the devices that participate in the tag data links. If the device is not listed in the hardware list, an EDS file may need to be installed.



9-5-4 **Determine Tag Sizes**

Before tags can be created, the size of data to exchange must be determined. This tag size is directly related to the Slave Terminal hardware configuration.

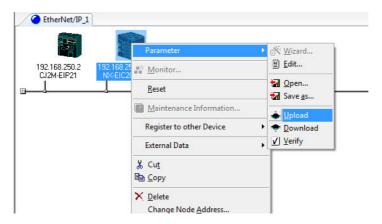
The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit will automatically generate I/O allocations based on the connected NX Units when power is turned ON. This I/O allocation is translated to appropriate input and output tag sizes that can be viewed with the following methods.

- (1) Use the Network Configurator to upload the Slave Terminal parameter.
- (2) Use the Support Software to examine the I/O allocation.

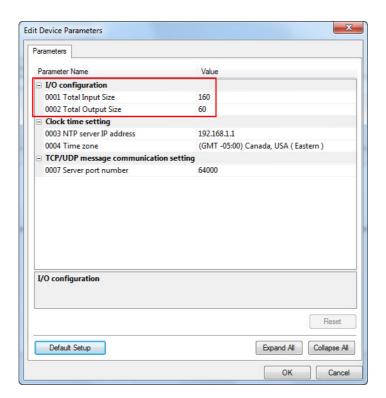
Use the Network Configurator to Upload the Slave Terminal Parameter

Use the following steps to view the input and output tag sizes that are configured in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

- 1 Connect the Network Configurator to the network.
- Right-click the EtherNet/IP network and click Upload.



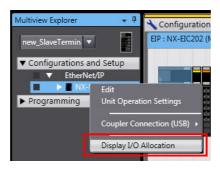
3 Confirm the upload success and check the updated sizes. Right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, select *Parameter - Edit*. The Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box should appear and indicate the Input and Output sizes.



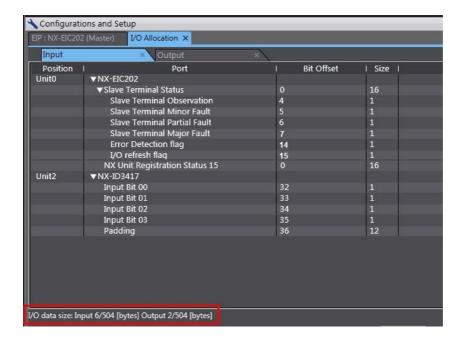
Using the Support Software to Examine I/O Allocations

Use the following steps to view the input and output tag sizes that are configured in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

In the **Multiview Explorer**, right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler and select **Display I/O Allocation** from the menu.



The I/O allocation indicates the input and output tag sizes (bytes) for the present configuration.





Additional Information

Refer to 9-6-2 Support Software I/O Allocation Functions on page 9-73 for more details.

9-5-5 **Creating Tags and Tag Sets**

The tag sets and set member tags required to create connections for a registered EtherNet/IP Unit must be created. The I/O memory addresses or network symbols that are used in the control programs can be set for the tags (using network symbols is supported only by the CJ2H-CPU6□-EIP21 and

CJ2M-CPU3

). This section first describes the basic procedure for creating tags and tag sets for using the Network Configurator's device parameter editing function.

(1) Creating tags and tag sets with the Network Configurator's Device Parameter Editing Func-

Next, the following two procedures, which can be used to effectively use network symbols in tags, are described.

- (2) Importing Network Symbols Created with the CX-Programmer to the Network Configurator
- (3) Importing Network Symbols That Were Registered to tags with the Network Configurator to the CX-Programmer

1) Creating Tags and Tag Sets with the Network Configurator's Device Parameter Editing Function

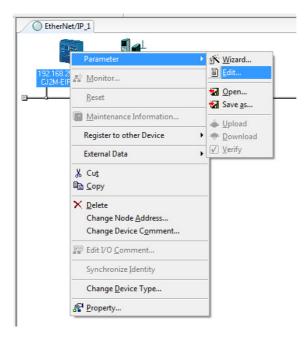


Precautions for Correct Use

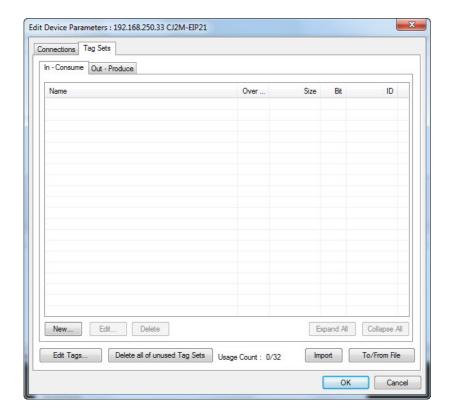
The network variables described in this section can be used only if you are using a CJ2H-CPU6□-EIP21 or CJ2M-CPU3□ CPU Unit.

Creating a Tag Set

Double-click the icon of the device for which to create a tag set to display the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box. Right-click the icon to display the pop-up menu, and select *Parameter* - Edit.



Click the Tag Sets Tab at the top of the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box. There are two kinds of tag sets: input (consume) and output (produce).



Creating and Adding Tags

3 Click the Edit Tags button.

The Edit Tags Dialog Box is displayed.

Register the input (consume) tags and output (produce) tags separately.



4 Click the In - Consume Tab, and then click the New button. The Edit Tag Dialog Box is displayed.



5 In the *Name* Field, enter the character string for the CPU Unit's I/O memory address or a network variable (e.g., 100, W100, D0, Inputs).



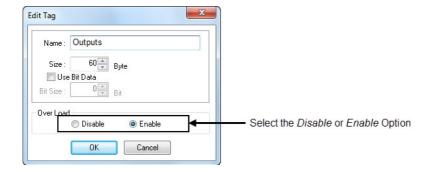
Precautions for Correct Use

When using PLCs that support network variables, avoid using a name that is similar to an address in CX-Programmer, such as W100. If a name is chosen that is similar to an address, importing network variables into CX-Programmer will result in error.

CPU Unit's data area		Address (Text to input in Name Field.)
CIO Area		0000 to 6143
Holding Area		H000 to H511
Work Area		W000 to W511
DM Area		D00000 to D32767
EM Area	Bank 0 hex	E0_00000 to E0_32767
	Bank 18 hex	E18_00000 to E18_32767

Note 1. The H, W, D, and E characters can also be input in lower case as h, w, d, and e.

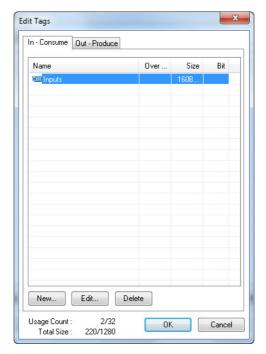
- 2. Be sure to directly enter the CPU Unit's I/O memory address (e.g., 100, W100, D0) or a network variable as a character string.
- Input the size of the tag in the Size Field, in bytes. The input size should match the actual size (refer to section 9-5-4 Determine Tag Sizes on page 9-40 for more information).
- Click the **Regist** button to register the tag. If an I/O memory address is specified for a tag name, the Edit Tags Dialog Box will be displayed with the next consecutive address as the tag name for editing the next tag. Once you have registered the tags, click the Cancel button.
- Click the Out Produce Tab, and then click the New button. The Edit Tag Dialog Box is displayed. Input the output tag in the same way. Use the Fault Action setting of the output (produce) tag to specify whether to clear the output data or continue to send it when a major fault occurs in the CPU Unit. The Fault Action setting is not required for input (consume) tag sets.
 - Retain output for major fault: Hold (default) Output data maintains its previous status even after a major fault occurs.
 - Clear output at major fault: Clear Output data is cleared to 0 when a major fault occurs.



Note When any of the following errors occurs in the originator PLC while tag data links are in progress, the connection will be forcibly disconnected.

- · Fatal CPU Unit error
- I/O refreshing error
- CPU Unit WDT error
- I/O bus error

9 When you are finished registering the required tags, click the **OK** button at the bottom of the Edit Tags Dialog Box.



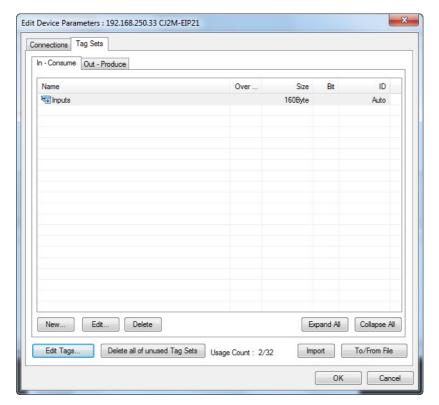
10 At this point, a confirmation dialog box is displayed to check whether the registered tag names are used as the tag set names. A tag set can contain up to eight tags, but tag sets are registered with one tag per tag set if the tag names are registered as tag set names. In this case, click the Yes button.



If the **No** button is clicked, more tags can be registered at the end of the tag set. Refer to step 20 for details on adding tags to the end of the tag set.

Changing and Registering Tag Sets

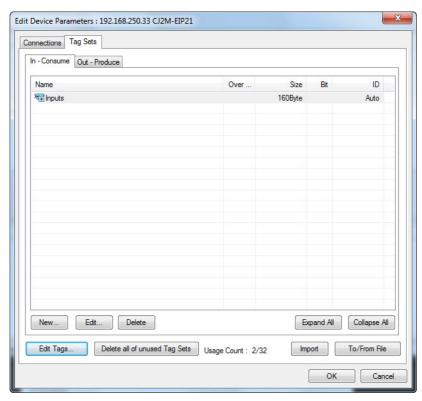
11 The following dialog box will be displayed when the tags in the Edit Tags Dialog Box are registered directly as tag sets.



12 If an input tag has already been registered in an input tag set, and you want to change its registration to a different input tag set, it is necessary to delete the tag from the tag set in which it was originally registered.

Open the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box, select the tag set containing the tag that you want to delete, and click the Delete button in the Edit Tag Dialog Box. (If there are other tags registered in that tag set, it is possible to delete just one tag by selecting the tag that you want to

delete in the Edit Tag Set Dialog Box and clicking the [2] button.)

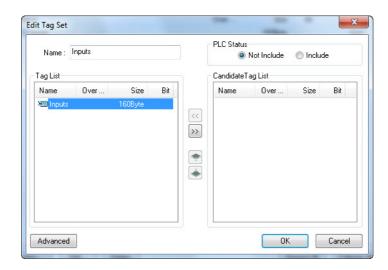


At this point, a confirmation dialog box will be displayed to confirm that you want to delete the selected tag set and the tags contained in that tag set.



If the No button is clicked, only the tag set will be deleted. Click the No button.

13 To edit a registered tag set and add tags, either double-click the tag set, or select the tag set and click the Edit button. The Edit Tag Set Dialog Box is displayed.



The Tag List on the left side of the dialog box shows the tags that are already registered, and the Candidate Tag List on the right side of the dialog box shows the other tags that are not registered yet. To add a tag, select it in the Candidate Tag List and click the select it is selected to the select it in the Candidate Tag List and click the select it is selected to the selected the sel

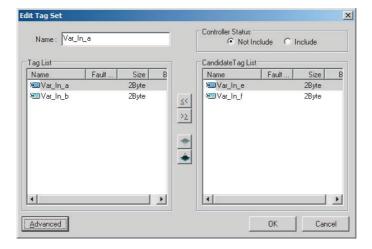
14 For the tag sets used for tag data communications with the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, select the Not Include option in the Controller Status area at the upper-right corner of the Edit Tag Set Dialog Box.



- ${f 15}$ To confirm a change, click the ${f OK}$ button in the Edit Tag Set Dialog Box.
- ${\bf 16}$ Click the ${\bf OK}$ button in the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box.
- 17 After you register all of the required tags, click the **OK** button at the bottom of the Edit Tags Dialog Box.
- **18** At this point, a confirmation dialog box is displayed to check whether the registered tag names are used as the tag set names. Tags are just added in this case, so click the No button. Just the tags are registered. The tags are not registered as tag sets.

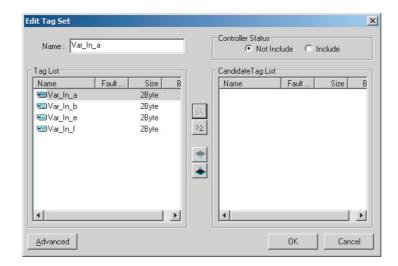


19 To register the newly added tags in a tag set, either double-click the desired tag set, or select the tag set and click the Edit button.



The Tag List on the left side of the dialog box shows the tags that are already registered, and the Candidate Tag List on the right side of the dialog box shows the other tags that are not registered yet.

20 Select the tags that you want to add from the Candidate Tag List and click the $\[\]$ button.



If you include the Controller status in the tag set, you can register up to only seven tags, and two bytes are added to the size. Data is sent and received in the order it is displayed in the tag list. To change the order of a tag, select the tag and click the Up and Down buttons ().

- ${\bf 21}\,$ To confirm the changes, click the ${\bf OK}$ button at the bottom of the Edit Tag Set Dialog Box.
- 22 Click the **OK** button in the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box.

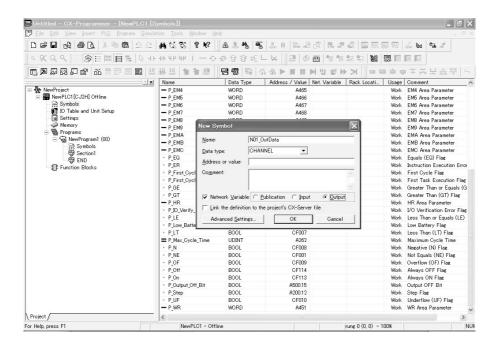
2) Importing Network Symbols/Variables Created with the CX-Programmer to the Network Configurator

If the CJ2H-CPU6□-EIP or CJ2M-CPU3□ is used, you can create network symbols/variables using the CX-Programmer, import them into the Network Configurator, and then create tags and tag sets. Use the following procedure.

Creating Global Symbols

Create global symbol with the Global Symbol Editor of the CX-Programmer and select *Input* or *Output* for the network variable properties. Save the project when you are finished.

Any global symbols with *Input* or *Output* set for the network variable property will be imported when the import procedure is performed from the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box.



Importing Symbols to the Network Configurator

Start the CX-Programmer and open the project that was saved.

Note When multiple copies of the CX-Programmer are running at the same time, it is possible to import only from the CX-Programmer project that was started first. If the global symbols that are to be imported are stored in multiple CX-Programmer project files, the projects must be started one by one to import the symbols.

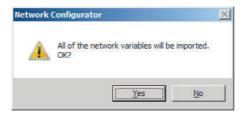
From the devices registered in the Network Configurator, double-click the icon of the device for which to import the network symbols. The Edit Device Parameter Dialog Box will be displayed. You can also right-click the icon and select **Device - Parameters - Edit** from the pop-up menu.

3 Click the **Import** button on the Tag Sets Tab Page of the Edit Device Parameter Dialog Box.



A confirmation dialog box is displayed that asks you how you want to import the variables as shown below.

To import all symbols with a Network Publish attribute, click the **Yes** button. To import only some of these variables, click the **No** button.



After you import the variables to the tags, click the **Yes** button to automatically create tag sets, or click the **No** button to set up tag sets manually.



The symbols will be imported as shown below on the Tag Sets Tab Page. Each symbol will be imported into a different tag set and the device parameters will be automatically edited. (The symbol name will be used for the tag set name.)

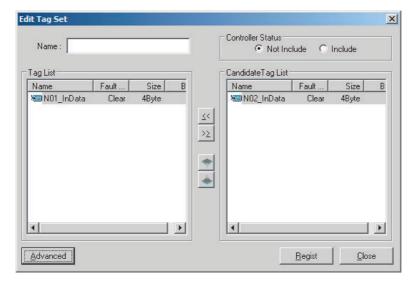
To place more than one input symbol (input tag) imported from the CX-Programmer into one tag set, you must delete the input tags that were registered to separate input tag sets.

Select the tag sets for the symbols that are included in the one tag set and click the Delete button. A confirmation message will be displayed. Click the **No** button to delete only the tag sets.



To create a new tag set for more than one tag, click the New button. To place more than one tag in an existing tag set, double-click the tab set, or select it and click the Edit button.

The Edit Tag Set Dialog Box will be displayed. Imported tags that are not registered in another tag set will be displayed in the Candidate Tag List area on the right. Click the Right Arrow button to add tags individually.



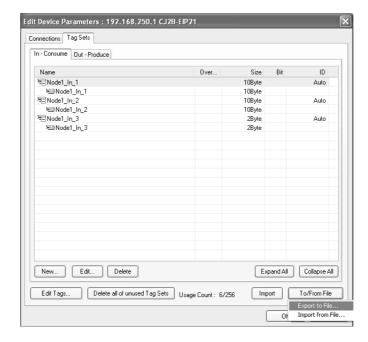
- You can change tag set names in this dialog box. To confirm a change, click the Regist button in the Edit Tag Set Dialog Box.
- Perform steps 1 to 3 for all the devices that will perform tag data links.

3) Importing Network Symbols That Were Registered to Tags with the Network Configurator to the CX-Programmer

If the CJ2H-CPU6□-EIP or CJ2M-CPU3□ is used, you can specify network symbols for tags using the Network Configurator. The procedure to import network symbols that were created using the Network Configurator into the CX-Programmer is described below.

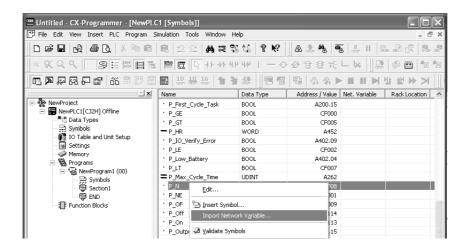
Exporting Tags and Tag Sets with the Network Configurator

Select To/From File - Export to file on the Tag Sets Tab Page in the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box to export the tag and tag set information to a CSV file.

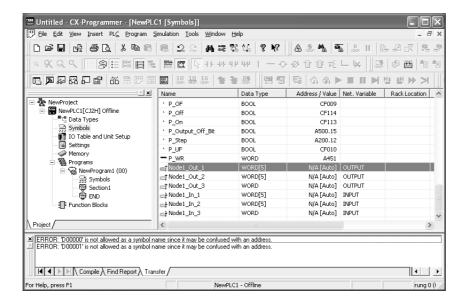


Importing the Tag and Tag Set CSV File with the CX-Programmer

1 In the project global symbol table for the CJ2H-CPU6□-EIP or CJ2MCPU3□, right-click and select *Import Network Variable* from the pop-up menu.



You can add a tag as a network symbol by selecting and executing the CSV file exported using the Network Configurator.





Precautions for Correct Use

The following precautions apply when importing.

- Tags that have a specified I/O memory address cannot be imported.
- Tags are imported as network symbols in a one-dimensional WORD array. To change the data type, use the Symbol Editor of the CX-Programmer.

9-5-6 Connection Settings

After you create the tag sets, click the **Connections** Tab at the top of the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box, and set the following connection information.

- · The target devices with which connections are opened
- The connection type (multi-cast or unicast)
- The length of the packet intervals (RPI)
- Connection name (optional)

Make the connections settings in the originator only. The connections settings are not necessary in the target device.



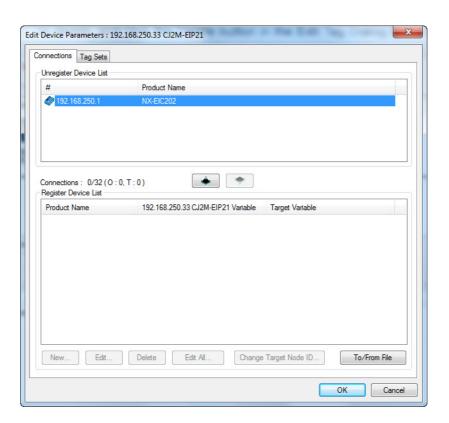
Precautions for Correct Use

Make the connections settings after you create tag sets for all of the devices involved in tag data links.

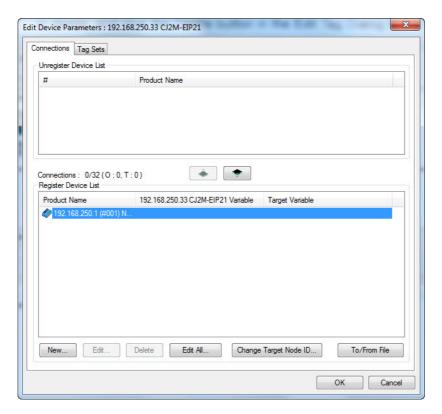
Connection Settings (Connections Tab Page)

Registering Devices in the Register Device List

- Double-click the icon of the device for which to make originator settings in the Network Configuration Pane of the Network Configurator. The Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box is displayed. Right-click the icon to display the pop-up menu, and select **Parameter Edit**.
- Click the Connections Tab in the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box. All of the devices registered in the network (except the local node) are displayed.

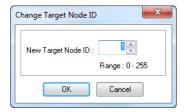


In the Unregister Device List, select the target device that requires connection settings by clicking the device so its color changes to gray, and click the button. The selected target device will be displayed in the Register Device List, as shown in the following diagram.



Target node IDs are assigned to devices registered in the Register Device List.

This target node ID determines the location in the originator node PLC of the Target Node PLC Operating Flag, Target Node PLC Error Flag, Registered Target Node Flag, and Normal Target Node Flag. By default, the target ID is automatically set to the rightmost 8 bits of the IP address. In the example above, the target device's IP address is 192.168.250.1, so the device number is #1. If a target node ID is duplicated and you want to change the device number, click the Change Target Node ID button and change the target ID.

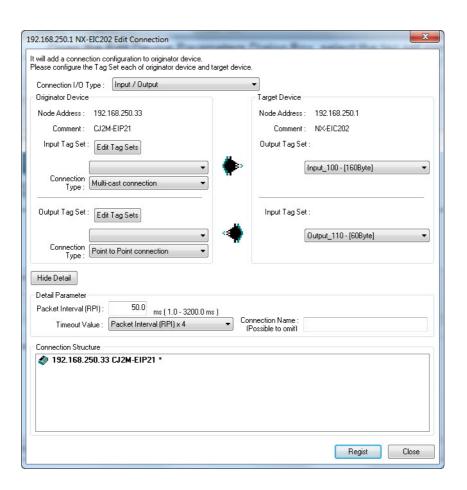


Editing Settings for Individual Connections

You can edit each connection separately.

Click the Connections Tab and then click the New button. The following Edit Connection Dialog Box is displayed according to the type of device that is selected.

Using Other EtherNet/IP Devices as Targets (for Settings Other Than Input Only)



Setting	Description
Connection I/O Type	Select one of the following: Input/Output, Input Only, or Listen Only.
Connection Type	Selects whether the data is sent in multicast or unicast (point-to- point). The
Commoduent Type	default setting is multicast.
	Multicast connection
	Select this type when the same data is shared by multiple nodes. This setting is usually used.
	Point-to-Point connection
	Select this type when the same data is not shared by multiple nodes. In a unicast connection, other nodes are not burdened with an unnecessary load.
	Note: Refer to 8-2-2 Creating Tag Data Links on page 8-7 for details on using multicast and unicast connections.
The Connection Structure Fie	eld and the following items will not be displayed if the Hide Detail button is
pressed.	
Packet Interval (RPI)	Sets the data update cycle (i.e., the packet interval) of each connection between the originator and target.
	Minimum RPI for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is 4 ms.
	Default setting is 50 ms (i.e., data updated once every 50 ms).
	The interval can be set to an even number of ms (4, 6, 8,)
	The interval can be set to between 4 and 1000 ms for the CJ2M-EIP21 and 0.5 and 10,000 ms for other CPU Units in 0.5-ms increments.
Timeout Value	Sets the time until a connection times out. The timeout value is set as a multiple of the packet interval (RPI) and can be set to 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, or 512 times the packet interval.
	The default setting is 4 times the packet interval (RPI).

Setting	Description
Connection Name	Sets a name for the connection. (32 characters max.)



After you make all of the settings, click the **OK** button.



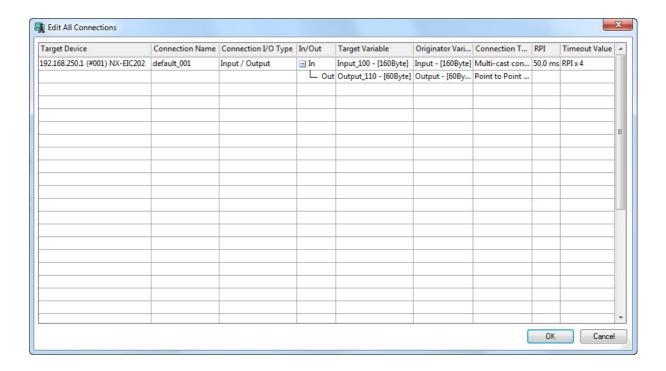
Precautions for Correct Use

If you set a tag data link with a short packet interval (RPI) when many NX Units are connected to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, a Tag Data Link Timeout may occur depending on the load conditions on the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. If that occurs, increase the length of the packet interval (RPI) or reduce the number of NX Units that are mounted.

Editing Settings for All Connections

You can edit the connection settings between the originator and all of the target devices selected in the Register Device List together in a table.

Click the Connections Tab, and then click the Edit All button. The following Edit All Connections Dialog Box is displayed.



Setting	Description
Target Device	Select the target device.
Connection Name	Any name can be given to the connection (32 single-byte characters max.). If
	this field is left blank, a default name is assigned. The connection name is used
	as a comment.
Connection I/O Type	Select one of the following: Input/Output, Input Only, or Listen Only.
In/Out	The connections I/O is automatically displayed based on the selected connec-
	tion.
	Input/Output: In and Out levels are displayed.
	Input Only or Listen Only: Just In is displayed.
Target Variable	Select and allocate the target node's tag set.
	In: Select the target's output (produce) tag set.
	Out: Select the target's input (consume) tag set.

Setting	Description
Originator Variable	Select and allocate the originator node's tag set.
	In: Select the originator's input (consume) tag set.
	Out: Select the originator's output (produce) tag set.
Connection Type	Select whether the data is sent in multi-cast or unicast (point-to-point) form.
	The default setting is multi-cast.
	Multi-cast connection:
	Select when the same data is shared by multiple nodes. This setting is usually used.
	Point-to-point connection:
	Select when the same data is not shared by
	multiple nodes. In a unicast connection, other
	nodes are not burdened with an unnecessary
	load.
	Note: Refer to 8-2-2 Creating Tag Data Links on page 8-7 for details on using multi-cast and unicast connections.
RPI	Set the data update cycle (i.e., the packet interval) of each connection between the originator and target.
	Minimum RPI for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is 4 ms.
	The default setting is 50 ms (i.e., data is updated once every 50 ms).
	The interval can be set to an even number of ms (4, 6, 8,)
	The interval can be set to between 4 and 1000 ms for the CJ2M-EIP21 and 0.5 and 10,000 ms for other CPU Units in 0.5-ms increments.
Timeout Value	Set the time until a connection timeout is detected. The timeout value is set as a multiple of the packet interval (RPI) and can be set to 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, or 512 times the packet interval. The default setting is 4 times the packet interval (RPI).

2

After you make all of the settings, click the **OK** button.

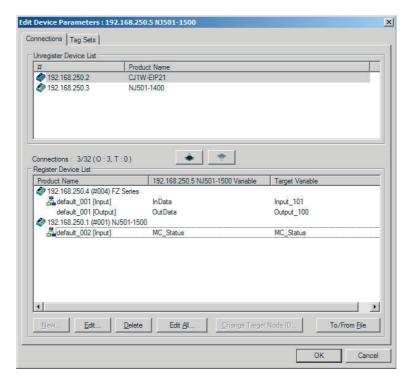


Precautions for Correct Use

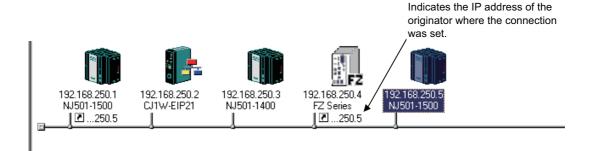
If you set a tag data link with a short packet interval (RPI) when many NX Units are connected to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, a Tag Data Link Timeout may occur depending on the load conditions on the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. If that occurs, increase the length of the packet interval (RPI) or reduce the number of NX Units that are mounted.

Confirming the Connections Settings

An overview of the connections that were set in the Register Device List is displayed in the Connections Tab Page.



Click the **OK** button. The following diagram is displayed.



Repeat the Connections setting procedure until all of the connections have been set.



Precautions for Correct Use

After completing the settings, always click the OK button before closing the Edit Device Parameters Dialog Box and performing another operation. If the Cancel button is clicked and the dialog box is closed, the new settings will be discarded.

4 If the tag set's size is changed in either the originator or target after the connection was set, the size will not match the other node and a parameter data mismatch will occur. In this case, if the connection settings have been changed, be sure to check the connections.

9-5-7 Tag Data Parameters and Specifications

Item	Specification
Communications type	Standard EtherNet/IP implicit communications (connection-type cyclic communications)
Setting method	After you have set the tags, tag sets, and connections with the Network Configurator, you must download the tag data link parameters to all devices on the EtherNet/IP network.
	After the parameters are downloaded, the EtherNet/IP Units are restarted to start the tag data links.
EtherNet/IP Coupler	Input tag size: 1 to 504 Bytes
tag size	Output tag size: 0 to 504 Bytes
Tag sets	Number of tags per tag set: 1 maximum
Connection type	Each connection can be set for 1-to-1 (unicast) or 1-to-N (multicast) communications.
	Default setting: Multicast
Packet interval (RPI)	The packet interval can be set separately for each connection.
Timeout Value	Sets the time until a connection times out. The timeout value is set as a multiple of the packet interval (RPI) and can be set to 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, or 512 times the packet interval. The default setting is 4 times the packet interval (RPI).

9-5-8 Downloading Tag Data Link Parameters

To make tag data links, you must download tag data link parameters, such as tag set settings and connection settings, to all devices in the EtherNet/IP network. When the download operation is executed, the tag data link parameters are transferred to the EtherNet/IP Units that require the settings.

The following procedure shows how to download the tag data link parameters.



Additional Information

Refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465) for more for information on how to connect the Network Configurator online.



Precautions for Correct Use

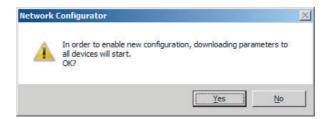
- If the node addresses (IP addresses) are not set correctly, you may connect to the wrong Controller and set incorrect device parameters. Download data only after you confirm that you are connected to the correct Controller.
- If incorrect tag data link parameters are set, it may cause equipment to operate unpredictably. Even when the correct tag data link parameters are set, make sure that there will be no effect on equipment before you transfer the data.
- When network variables are used in tag settings, a connection error will result if the variables
 are not also set in the CPU Unit. Before downloading the tag data link parameters, check to
 confirm that the network variables are set in the CPU Unit. Check whether the network variable, tag, and connection settings are correct.
- If a communications error occurs, the output status depends on the specifications of the device being used. When a communications error occurs for a device that is used along with output devices, check the operating specifications and implement safety countermeasures.
- The EtherNet/IP Unit is automatically restarted after the parameters are downloaded. This restart is required to enable the tag set and connection information. Before you download the parameters, check to confirm that problems will not occur with the equipment when the Unit is restarted.

- · Do not disconnect the Ethernet cable or reset or turn OFF the power to the EtherNet/IP Unit during the parameter download.
- Tag data links (data exchange) between relevant nodes is stopped during a download. Before you download data in RUN mode, make sure that it will not affect the controlled system. Also implement interlocks on data processing in ladder diagram programming that uses tag data links when the tag data links are stopped or a tag data link error occurs.
- · For EtherNet/IP Units with revision 1, you can download tag data link parameters only when the CPU Unit is in PROGRAM mode.
- Even for Units with revision 2 or later, all CPU Units must be in PROGRAM mode to download the parameters if any Units with revision 1 are included in the network.
- Connect the Network Configurator online.
- There are two ways to download the parameters.

Downloading to All Devices in the Network

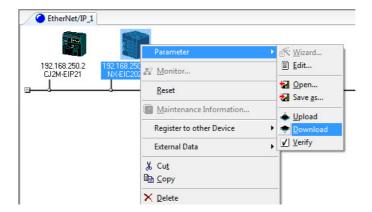
Select Network - Download.

The following dialog box is displayed:

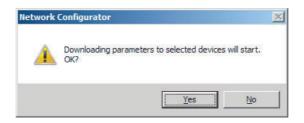


Downloading Individually to Particular Devices

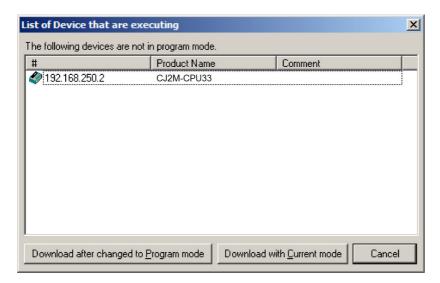
Select the icon of the EtherNet/IP Unit to which you want to download. To select multiple nodes, hold down the Shift Key while you click the icons. (In the following example, 2 nodes are selected: 192.168.250.2 and 192.168.250.1.) Right-click the icon to display the pop-up menu, and select Parameter - Download.



The following dialog box is displayed.



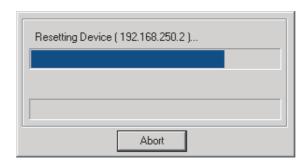
3 Click the Yes button to download the tag data link parameters to the EtherNet/IP Unit. The following dialog box is displayed if any of the CPU Units is not in PROGRAM mode.



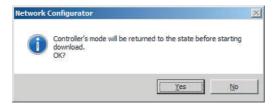
If the **Download after changed to Program mode** button is clicked, all CPU Units are changed to PROGRAM mode and the parameters are downloaded. Confirm safety for all controlled equipment before you change the CPU Units to PROGRAM mode. You can restore the operating modes after the parameters are downloaded.

You can click the **Download with Current mode** button to download the parameters even when one or more CPU Units is in RUN mode. The **Download with Current mode** button is disabled if the EtherNet/IP Unit does not support this function (e.g., revision 1 of CJ1W-EIP21).

During the download, the following progress monitor is displayed to show the progress of the download.



If the operating mode of one or more CPU Units was changed to download the parameters, you can return the CPU Units to the previous operating modes. If the **No** button is clicked, the CPU Units remain in PROGRAM mode.



The following dialog box is displayed to show that the download was completed.



Uploading Tag Data Link Parameters 9-5-9

Tag data link parameters (such as the tag set settings and connection settings) can be uploaded from devices in the EtherNet/IP network. The following procedure shows how to upload the parameters.



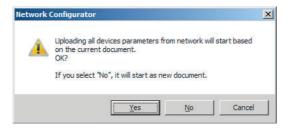
Additional Information

Refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465) for more for information on how to connect the Network Configurator online.

There are two ways to upload the parameters.

Uploading from All Devices in the Network

- Connect the Network Configurator online, and then select *Upload* from the Network Menu.
- The following dialog box will be displayed.



Clicking the Yes button:

Parameters will be uploaded only from the devices registered in the Network Configuration Pane. Parameters will not be uploaded from devices that are not registered in the Network Configuration Pane.

Clicking the No button:

- If parameters are being uploaded from all devices in the network, the parameters will be newly uploaded from all devices. The current network configuration information will be lost.
- If parameters are being uploaded from specified devices only, the upload operation will be cancelled and the upload will not be performed.

Clicking the Cancel button:

The upload operation will be cancelled and the upload will not be performed.

3 If you click the **Yes** button in step 2, the following dialog box is displayed.



Clicking the Yes button:

Parameters are uploaded only from the devices registered in the Network Configuration Pane. Parameters are not uploaded from devices that are not registered in the Network Configuration Pane.

Clicking the No button:

Performing a Batch Upload over the Network Parameters are uploaded from all devices on the network. The current Network Configuration Information will be lost.

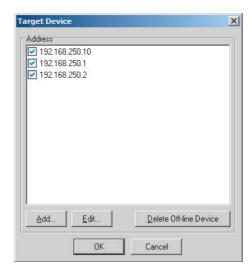
The following dialog box will be displayed. Select the devices for which to upload parameters and click the **OK** button.



Clicking the Cancel button:

The upload operation is cancelled. The upload is not performed.

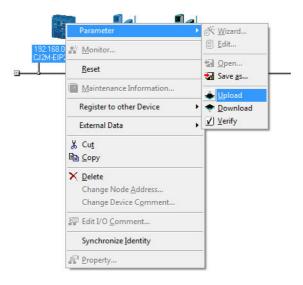
4 If you click the **No** button in step 2, the following dialog box is displayed.
Select the devices for which to upload parameters and click the **OK** button.



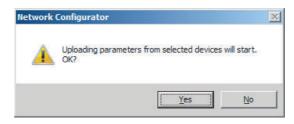
Uploading Individually from Particular Devices

Connect the Network Configurator online and select the icon of the EtherNet/IP Unit from which you want to upload the parameters. To select multiple nodes, press and hold the Shift Key while you select additional icons. (In the following example, 2 nodes are selected.)

Right-click the icon to display the pop-up menu, and select Parameter - Upload.

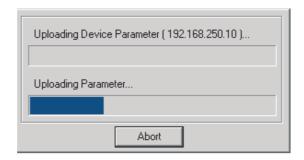


The following dialog box is displayed.



Click the Yes button or the No button.

7 During the upload, the following progress monitor is displayed to show the progress of the upload.



8 The following dialog box is displayed to show that the upload was completed.





Additional Information

Refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465) for more for information on how to verify tag data links.

9-5-10 Starting and Stopping Tag Data Links

Automatically Starting Tag Data Links

Tag data links are automatically started immediately after the data link parameters are downloaded from the Network Configurator (they are automatically started after the CPU Unit's power is turned ON or the Unit is restarted).



Additional Information

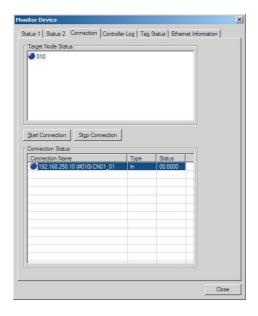
With CPU Units with unit version 1.04 or later, a Tag Data Link Connection Timeout error will occur if a connection is not established with the target device within 1 minute after the tag data links are started in operation as the originator device. Reconnection processing is continued periodically even after this error occurs to automatically recover. If the application environment allows this error to be ignored, such as when a target device is started later than the originator device, you can change the event level to the observation level.

Starting and Stopping Tag Data Links for the Entire Network

All tag data links on the network can be started and stopped by selecting *I/O Connection - Start/Stop* from the Network Menu.

Starting and Stopping Tag Data Links for the Individual Devices

You can start and stop tag data links for individual devices using the Connection Tab Page in the Monitor Device Dialog Box. This applies only to tag data links for which the device is the originator. Select *Monitor* from the Device Menu to access the **Monitor** Device Dialog Box.



Start Connection button:

Starts all connections for which the device is the originator.

Stop Connection button:

Stops all connections for which the device is the originator.



Precautions for Correct Use

Connections will be cut off if any of the following errors occurs in the CPU Unit that is the originator while tag data links are active.

- · Fatal CPU Unit error
- · I/O refresh error
- CPU Unit WDT error
- I/O bus error

9-5-11 Additional Tag Data Link Functions

The following additional functions are available with the Network Configurator. Refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465) for more for information.

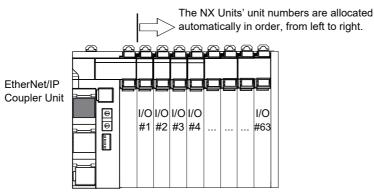
- · Clearing the Device Parameters
- · Saving the Network Configuration File
- Reading a Network Configuration File
- · Checking Connections
- · Changing Devices
- Displaying Device Status

9-6 Assigning Network Variables

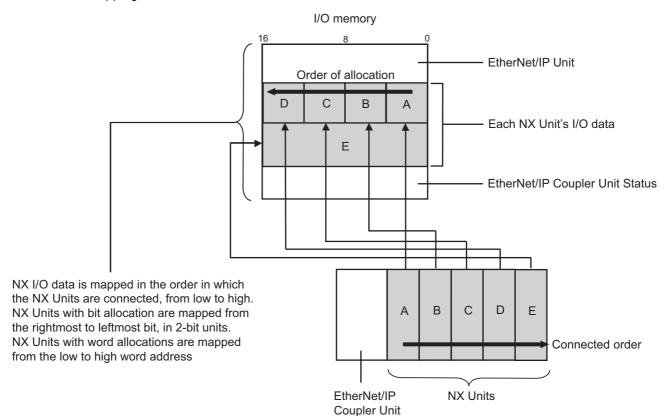
Network variables are assigned in the PLC according to the I/O mapping created in the Support Software. Use the following information to assign Network Variables in the PLC.

9-6-1 Basic I/O Mapping

The numbers used to identify NX Units in a Slave Terminal are called Unit Numbers. These numbers are allocated automatically from left to right starting with 1 when the power is turned ON. It is not necessary for the user to set these numbers. The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit will have a unit number of 0.



The type and order in which NX Units are mounted will determine the I/O allocation and will also affect the Network Variable address assignments in the PLC. Refer to 9-5-5 Creating Tags and Tag Sets on page 9-42 for more information about importing/exporting Network variables. The figure below shows this mapping.





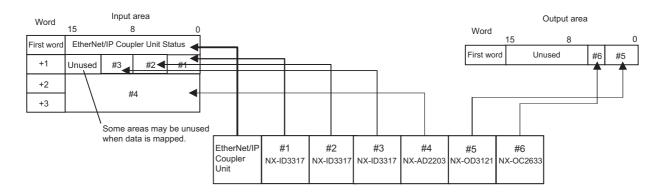
Additional Information

- · One block of mapped output data and one block of mapped input data are maintained in the EtherNet/IP Unit.
- Refer to 9-2-3 I/O Allocation Information on page 9-12 for details about I/O allocation and EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Status.
- Bit-sized NX Units (digital I/O types, up to 8 points), e.g. NX-ID3317, NX-OC2633 are grouped together in words. They are mapped from the right-most bit to the left-most bit.
- · Word-sized NX Units (analog I/O types) and 8 points or higher Bit-sized NX Units, e.g. NX-AD2203, NX-DA203, NX-ID4342 (8 points Input), NX-OD5121 (16 points output) are mapped in word units, from the low to the high word address.
 - It is strongly recommended to add any NX Safety Units to the end of a configuration when using the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit without any stored Unit configuration information. If this recommendation is not followed, the layout of EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit's I/O data blocks will change when the configuration is downloaded. It that case, standard I/O data of the NX Safety Units will be inserted in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit's I/O data blocks according to their physical location in the configuration.
- The combined total size of mapped input data can be up to 512 bytes.
- The combined total size of mapped output data can be up to 512 bytes.

I/O Mapping Example

I/O data is mapped to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit's I/O data blocks in the same order the NX Units are connected to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, regardless of the NX Units' models.

The example below shows the I/O data mapping to the Input / Output blocks.

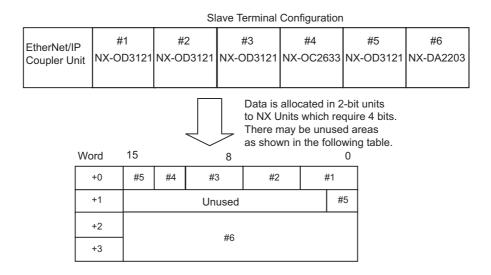


The following example shows the mapping of NX Output Units.



Additional Information

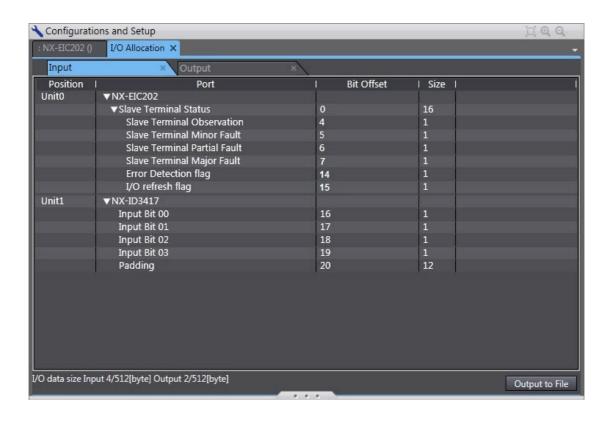
- · Refer to the appropriate NX-series User's Manual for more information on NX Unit data allocation sizes.
- Refer to 9-2 Setting Slave Terminal Parameters on page 9-7 for more information about status data configuration.



9-6-2 Support Software I/O Allocation Functions

The Support Software provides a display of the I/O allocation for the Slave Terminal configuration. This display shows the bit offset and size of the data allocated for a specific configuration as well as other important information. Use this display to understand the mapping of I/O data within the Slave Terminal for accurate network variable assignment in the PLC.

In the **Multiview Explorer**, right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler and select **Display I/O Allocation** from the menu.



I/O Allocation Display

The I/O allocation display area includes the following information.

Item	Description
Input Tab	The overview of the input I/O allocation.
Output Tab	The overview of the output I/O allocation.
Position	The Slave Terminal Unit mounting location with corresponding Unit number. Refer to 9-6-1
	Basic I/O Mapping on page 9-71 for more information.
Port	I/O entries previously defined with the <i>Edit I/O Allocation Settings</i> button. Refer to 9-2-3 I/O
	Allocation Information on page 9-12 for more information.
Bit Offset	The consecutive order of bits assigned based on the size of each port accounting for any
	necessary padding (see below for padding details).
Size	Each item in the port area has a specific data size and this determines the bit offset and the
	data input/output total size.
I/O Data Size	The summary of the input/output bytes required to accommodate all port items previously
	configured.
Output to File	Clicking Output to File will generate a zip file that includes an .xsl and .xml file. Opening the
	.xml file in a browser will display a table overview of the I/O allocation.

Padding

Padding is sometimes required in the I/O allocation to fill remaining bits within an incomplete byte of data. This is done automatically to ensure whole bytes are used for data exchange.



I/O Refreshing

This section describes I/O refreshing for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

10-1 Introduction to I/O Refreshing for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals		
10-2 Communications Performance	10-5	
10-2-1 I/O Response Time	10-5	

10-1 Introduction to I/O Refreshing for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals

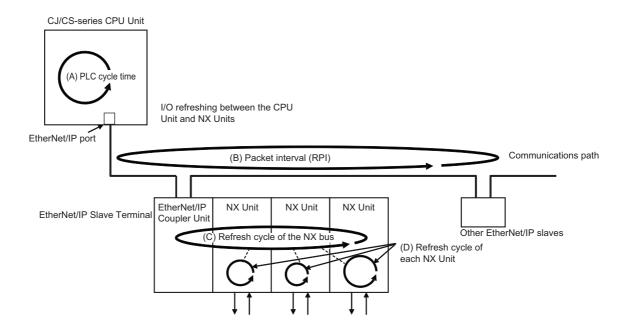
This section introduces I/O refreshing for NX-series EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

The CJ/CS-series CPU Unit performs I/O refreshing cyclically with the NX Units in an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal through EtherNet/IP communications and the NX bus. The following four cycles affect the operation of I/O refreshing between the CJ/CS-series CPU Unit and the NX Units in an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

- (A) Cycle Time in the CPU Unit
- (B) Packet Interval (RPI)
- (C) Refresh Cycle of the NX bus = 1.5 ms
- (D) Refresh Cycle of each NX Unit

I/O refreshing operates asynchronously between the CJ/CS-series CPU Unit and Slave Terminals. This is an important function when calculating the I/O response time (refer to 10-2-1 I/O Response Time on page 10-5 for more information).

The following figure shows the operation of I/O refreshing with an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.





Additional Information

Refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465) for more information about CJ-series built-in EtherNet/IP port and EtherNet/IP Unit communication performance.

Requested Packet Interval (RPI) Settings

In tag data links for the EtherNet/IP port, the data transmission period is set for each connection as the requested packet interval (RPI).

The target device will send data (i.e., output tags) once each RPI, regardless of the number of nodes.

Also, the heartbeat frame is sent from the originator to the target for each connection. The target uses the heartbeat to check to see if errors have occurred in the connection with the originator. The data transmission period of the heartbeat frame depends on the RPI settings.

Heartbeat Frame Transmission Period

- If packet interval < 100 ms, the heartbeat frame transmission period is 100 ms.
- If packet interval ≥ 100 ms, the heartbeat frame transmission period is the same as the RPI.

Example:

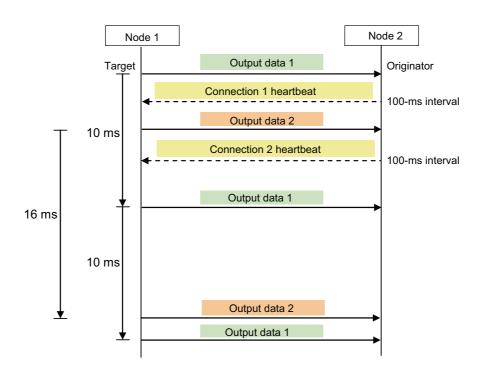
In this example, 2 tag data link connections are set for node 2 (the originator) and node 1 (the target).

The RPI for output data 1 is set to 10 ms.

The RPI for output data 2 is set to 16 ms.

In this case, output data 1 is sent from node 1 to node 2 every 10 ms, and output data 2 is sent from node 1 to node 2 every 16 ms, as shown in the following diagram.

Also, data is sent from node 2 (the originator) to node 1 (the target) with a heartbeat of 100 ms for connection 1 and a heartbeat of 100 ms for connection 2.



Requested Packet Interval (RPI) and Bandwidth Usage (PPS)

The number of packets transferred each second is called the used bandwidth or PPS (packets per second).

The PPS is calculated from the RPI and heartbeat as follows for each connection:

PPS used in a connection (pps) = (1,000 ÷ RPI (ms)) + (1,000 ÷ Heartbeat transmission period (ms))

Use the following equation to calculate the total number of packets transferred by each Ether- Net/IP port (Unit) in 1 second.

EtherNet/IP port's total PPS = Total PPS of target connections

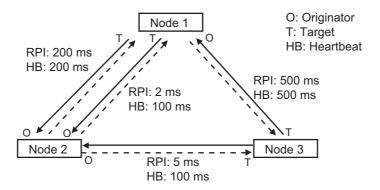
The maximum number of packets that the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit can transfer in 1 second (called the allowed Unit bandwidth) is 1,000 pps, so set the connection below this maximum value.

Example:

Node 1 has both originator and target connections, with send RPI of 200 ms and 2 ms, and receive RPI of 500 ms.

Node 2 has originator connections only, with receive RPIs of 200 ms, 2 ms, and 5 ms.

Node 3 has target connections only, with send RPIs of 5 ms and 1 ms.



Each node's total PPS is calculated as follows:

- Total PPS of node 1's Unit
- = 1000 / 200 ms + 1000 / 2 ms + 1000 / 500 ms (for data)
- + 1000 / 200 ms + 1000 / 100 ms + 1000 / 500 ms (for heartbeat)
- = 524 pps
- · Total PPS of node 2's Unit
- = 1000 / 200ms + 1000 / 2 ms + 1000 / 5 ms (for data)
- + 1000 / 200ms + 1000 / 100 ms + 1000 / 100 ms (for heartbeat)
- = 730 pps
- Total PPS of node 3's Unit
- = 1000 / 5 ms + 1000 / 500 ms (for data)
- + 1000 / 100 ms + 1000 / 500 ms (for heartbeat)
- = 214pps

All of the Units are within the allowed Unit bandwidth (refer to appropriate EtherNet/IP Unit specification), so they can transfer data.

10-2 Communications Performance

This section describes the characteristics of EtherNet/IP communications with a Slave Terminal connected to a CJ/CS-series EtherNet/IP Unit. Use this section for reference when planning operations that require precise I/O timing.

The equations provided here are valid under the following conditions:

- · All of the required Slave Terminals are participating in communications.
- No errors are being indicated at the EtherNet/IP Unit.
- Messages are not being produced in the network (from another company's configurator, for example).

10-2-1 I/O Response Time

The I/O response time is the time it takes from the reception of an input signal at an NX Unit to the output of the corresponding output signal at an NX Unit after being processed by the PLC's user program.

This section describes the characteristics of EtherNet/IP communications with a Slave Terminal connected to a CJ/CS-series EtherNet/IP Unit. Use this section for reference when planning operations that require precise I/O timing.

- The equations provided here are valid under the following conditions:
- All of the required Slave Terminals are participating in communications.
- No errors are being indicated at the EtherNet/IP Unit.
- Messages are not being produced in the network (from another company's configurator, for example).



Precautions for Correct Use

The values provided by these equations may not be accurate if another company's EtherNet/IP Unit or Slave device is being used in the network.



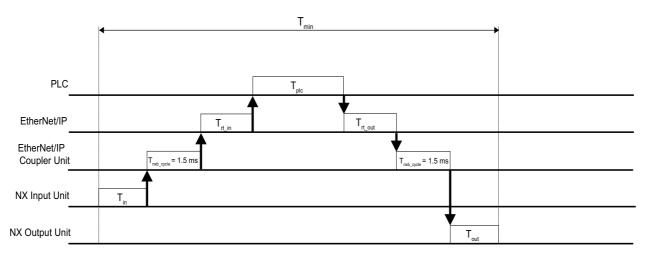
Additional Information

This manual describes the communications with the Slave Terminal only. For details on the CJ/CS-series EtherNet/IP Unit or overall EtherNet/IP network, refer to the *CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual* (Cat. No. W465) for more information about CJ-series built-in EtherNet/IP port and EtherNet/IP Unit communication performance.

Minimum I/O Response Time

The minimum I/O response time (T_{\min}) can be calculated with the following formula.

$$\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{min}} = \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{in}} + \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{nxb_cycle}} + \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{rt_in}} + \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{plc}} + \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{rt_out}} + \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{nxb_cycle}} + \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{out}}$$



T_{in}: NX Input Unit switching response time

 $T_{nxb\ cycle}$: NX bus communication time = 1.5 ms

 $T_{\rm rt\ in}$: EtherNet/IP Coupler's communication time (input)

T_{plc}: PLC cycle time

 $\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{rt_out}}\!\!:\mathsf{EtherNet/IP}\;\mathsf{Coupler's}\;\mathsf{communication}\;\mathsf{time}\;\mathsf{(output)}$

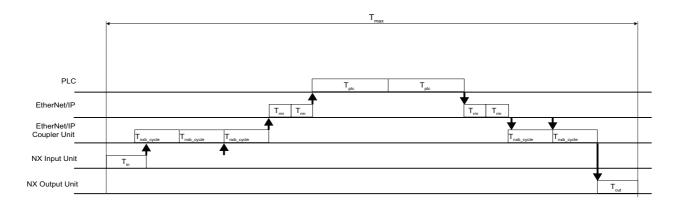
 T_{nxb_cycle} : NX bus communication time = 1.5 ms

T_{out}: NX Output Unit switching response time

Maximum I/O Response Time

The maximum I/O response time (T_{max}) can be calculated with the following formula.

$$T_{max} = T_{in} + (T_{nxb_cycle} \times 5) + (T_{rm} \times 4) + (T_{plc} \times 2) + T_{out}$$



 T_{in} : NX Input Unit switching response time

- 3 x $T_{\text{nxb_cycle}}$: NX bus communication time
- $2 \times T_{rm}$: EtherNet/IP communication period (RPI)
- $2 \times T_{plc}$: PLC cycle time
- 2 x T_{rm} : EtherNet/IP communication period (RPI)
- $2\ x\ T_{nxb_cycle} \cdot NX$ bus communication time
- T_{out}: NX Output Unit switching response time



EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Functions

This section describes the functions of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit when it is used in an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

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	11-2-2	Applications	11-5
	11-2-3	Operating Specifications for NX Units That Are Set as Unmounted Unit	ts11-5
	11-2-4	Setting NX Units as Unmounted Units	11-6
11-3	Event l	Logs	11-8
	11-3-1	Introduction	11-8
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	11-6-2	Details on Changing Event Levels	11-25
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11-1 Functions

The functions of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit when it is used in an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal are listed below.

Function	Overview	Reference
Setting the Slave Terminal	This function is used to read and set the Slave Terminal parameters from the Support Software. You can make settings offline, or go online and read and set the Unit configuration of the actual Slave Terminal.	Section 9 Setting Up Slave Terminals
Cyclic I/O Refreshing	The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit exchanges I/O data with the mounted NX Units.	Section 10 I/O Refreshing
Free-Run Refreshing	With this I/O refreshing method, the refresh cycle of the NX bus and the I/O refresh cycles of the NX Units are asynchronous.	
NX Unit Mounting Settings	This function is used to register NX Units that are not connected to the actual configuration but will be added at a later time in the Unit configuration information as unmounted Units. If you use this function, you do not have to modify the user program after the NX Units are added.	11-2 NX Unit Mount- ing Settings on page 11-4
Event Logs	This function records events, such as errors and status changes, that occur in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.	11-3 Event Logs on page 11-8
Clear All Memory	This function initializes the entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal or specified Units from the Support Software.	11-4 Clearing All Memory on page 11-18
Restarting	This function allows you to apply changes to settings with the Support Software or through special instructions, without cycling the Unit power supply.	11-5 Restarting on page 11-23
Changing Event Levels	This function allows you to change the level of errors that occur in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.	11-6 Changing Event Levels on page 11-25
Resetting Errors	This function allows you to use the Support Software to reset errors that occur in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.	12-4 Resetting Errors on page 12-51
Fail-soft Operation	This function allows the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to start or continue I/O refreshing only with the NX Units that can operate normally when an error occurs for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.	11-7 Fail-soft Opera- tion on page 11-27
Monitoring Total Power-ON Time	Each of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units and NX Units records the total time that the Unit power supply is ON to it and the total times can be displayed on the Support Software.	11-8 Monitoring Total Power-ON Time on page 11-30

11-2 NX Unit Mounting Settings

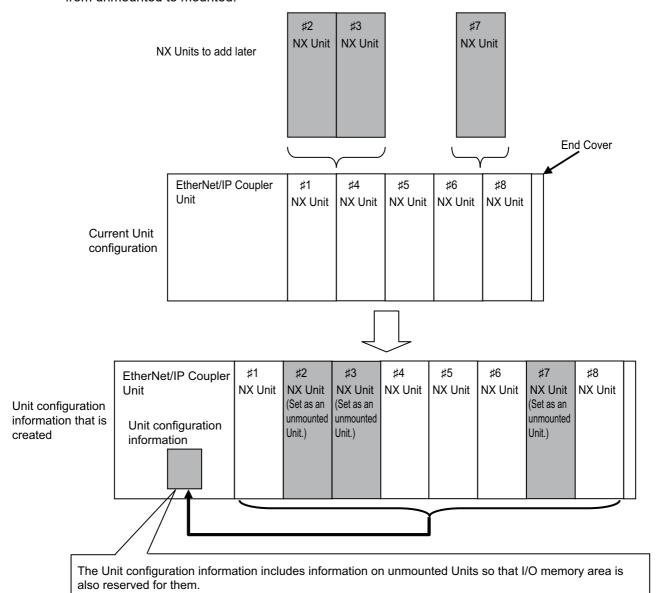
This section describes the NX Unit mounting function when the disabled setting is used.

Introduction 11-2-1

The disabled setting is used to register NX Units that are not connected to the actual configuration but will be added at a later time in the Unit configuration information as unmounted Units.

If you use this function, you do not have to modify the user program after the NX Units are added because of the following reasons.

- · I/O memory area is reserved for these unmounted NX Units in the same way that it is reserved for mounted NX Units.
- Unmounted NX Units are also assigned NX Unit numbers. This prevents the NX Unit numbers of other NX Units in the same Slave Terminal from changing when you change the setting of an NX Unit from unmounted to mounted.



11-2-2 Applications

For example, if you use this function in the following cases, you do not have to modify the user program.

- · When you plan to add Units in the future
- · When a specific Unit is temporarily unavailable, such as when commissioning the system
- When the number of NX Units depends on the type of equipment

11-2-3 Operating Specifications for NX Units That Are Set as Unmounted Units

The operating specifications for NX Units that are set as unmounted Units are given in the following table.

Item	Operation
Bandwidth reservation for I/O refresh	Bandwidth is reserved.
data with the EtherNet/IP master	
I/O refreshing with the EtherNet/IP mas-	The I/O is not refreshed.
ter	
Detection of events	Events are not detected.
Assignment of NX Unit numbers to NX	Unit numbers are not assigned because the Units do not exist.
Units	
Message communications	Not possible because the Units do not exist.
Transfers for the synchronization func-	Not applicable.
tion of the Sysmac Studio	
Transfer of the Unit operation settings	Not applicable.
Sysmac Studio Controller backup func-	Not applicable.
tion	
SD Memory Card backup function	Not applicable.
Instructions	Parameters cannot be read or written. An instruction error will occur.
Clearing all memory	Not applicable.
Reading/writing Slave Terminal setting	Not applicable.
information through backup/restore	
operations	
Reading event logs	Not applicable.
Notification of status information	Not applicable.

NX Units that are set as unmounted Units are included in the calculations for total power consumption and total Unit width when the Unit configuration is created on the Support Software.



Precautions for Safe Use

Check the user program, data, and parameter settings for proper execution before you use them for actual operation.



Precautions for Correct Use

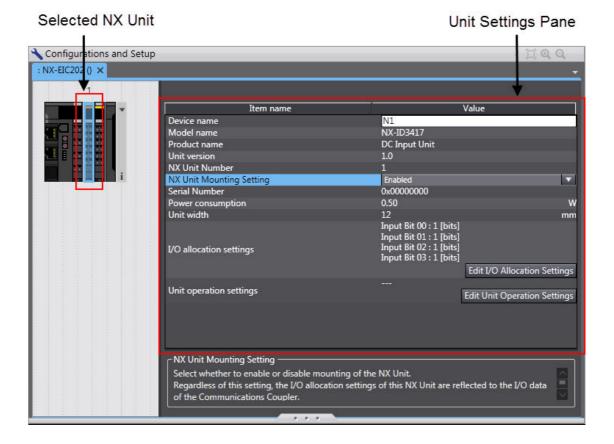
When you mount an NX Unit that was set as an unmounted Unit, a Unit Configuration Verification Error will occur.

11-2-4 Setting NX Units as Unmounted Units

You use the Support Software to set NX Units as unmounted Units. The operations are described by using the Sysmac Studio as an example. For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using. After you change the settings for any NX Units, always transfer the Unit configuration information to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Select the NX Units to set as unmounted Units from those that are registered to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit on the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page.

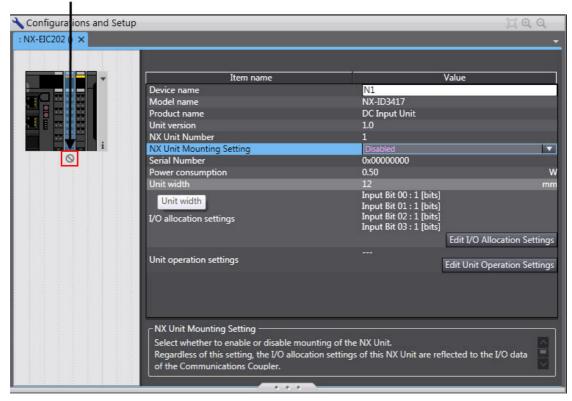
The Unit Settings Pane is displayed.



2 In the *Unit Setting* pane, set the *NX Unit Mounting Setting to Disabled*.

The selected NX Unit is set as an unmounted Unit.

This shows that the NX Unit is set as an unmounted Unit.



To change an NX Unit that is set as an unmounted Unit to a mounted NX Unit, set the NX Unit Mounting Setting to Enabled in step 2.

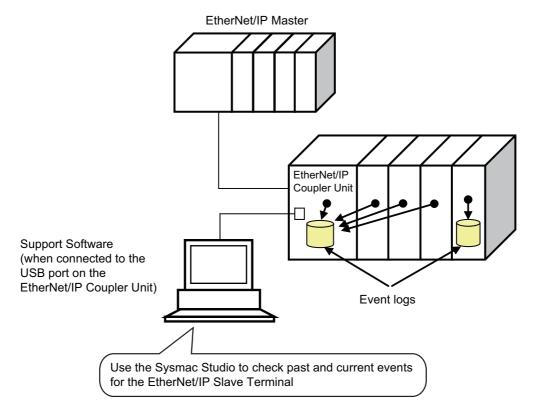
11-3 Event Logs

The EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal supports the event logs to perform troubleshooting.

This section describes event logging for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

11-3-1 Introduction

The EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal records events, such as errors and status changes, that occur in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. You can use the Support Software to check the meaning of the events in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.



"Event" for an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is a generic term for an unexpected error or for information that does not indicate an error but for which the user must be notified.

Features

Event logging in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal offer following benefits:

- · In addition to error logs, various logs are recorded, such as execution of restarting.
- · This allows you to check events based on time, which can help you isolate the causes of errors when problems occur.

Displaying Event Logs

You can use the troubleshooting functions on the Support Software to check current and past events in an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

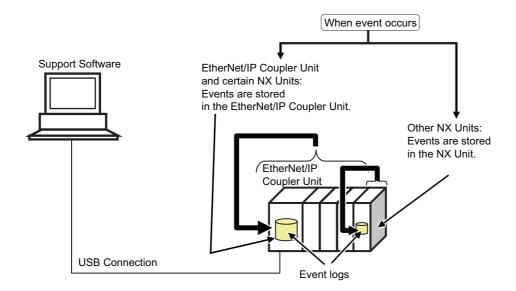
11-3-2 Detailed Information on Event Logs

This section describes the event logs in detail.

Where Events Are Stored

Events that occur in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal are stored as described below.

Unit where event occurred	Where events are stored	
EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	In the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	
NX Units	In the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or in the NX Unit	
	Refer to the manual for the specific Unit for the location where events are stored.	



Event Sources

The sources of events that occur in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal are listed below.

Item	Description	
Event source	EtherNet/IP Master Function Module	
Source details	EtherNet/IP node address, slot position, NX Unit number, and model number	

Event Log Categories

This information gives the category of the event log.

You view each of these logs separately on the Support Software.

Event type	Event log category	Description	
Controller event	nt System log This is a log of the events that are detected by each Unit.		
	Access log	This is a log of the events that affect the Slave Terminal opera-	
		tion due to user actions.	

Number of Records

Each event log can contain the following number of records. If the number of events exceeds this number, the oldest events are overwritten.

	Unit type		
Event log	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	NX Unit	
category		Units that store events in the	Units that store their own
		EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	events
System event log	Total: 128 events		Check the specifications in the
Access event log	Total: 32 events		manual for each Unit.

Retaining Event Logs during Power Interruptions

The EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal retains event logs even if the Unit power supply is interrupted.

Event Codes

Event codes are pre-assigned to the events based on the type of event. Event codes are displayed as 8-digit hexadecimal numbers.

Refer to 12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures on page 12-22 for details on event codes and error meanings.



Additional Information

When the power supply is turned ON, the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit resets any current errors and detects errors again. Therefore, the same error may be recorded more than once in the event log of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. This applies to the following errors.

- Errors that occurred before the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal was cycled for which the causes of the errors remain.
- Errors that occur after the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is turned ON but before it moves to the Pre-Operational state.

Event Levels

Each event has an event level.

Events are classified into the following five levels according to the level of impact the events have on control.

No.	Event level	Classification
1	High	Major fault
2	A	Partial fault level
3		Minor fault level
4	▼	Observation level
5	Low	Information level

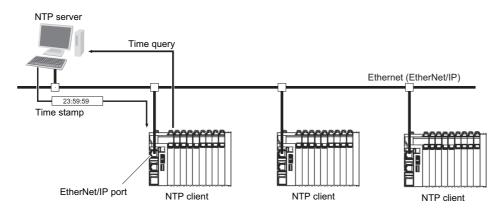
Errors with a higher level have a greater affect on the functions that the complete system provides, and it is more urgent to recover from them. These classifications are displayed on the Support Software when an error occurs.

You can change the level assigned to some events. Refer to 11-6 Changing Event Levels on page 11-25.

11-3-3 Automatic Clock Adjustment

With the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, clock information can be read from the NTP* server after the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is turned ON. The internal clock time in the EtherNet/IP Unit is updated with the read time.

* The NTP (Network Time Protocol) server is used to control the time on the LAN.



The time at which an event occurs in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is recorded based on the time information from the clock built in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, which is obtained from the NTP server.

If the clock information cannot be obtained from the NTP server, the time on the Support Software is displayed as ----/--/-- --:--. The time of events that occur before the time is obtained from the NTP server are also displayed as ----/--/-- --:--:--.



Version Information

If the clock information cannot be obtained from the NTP server or if an event occurs before the time is obtained from the NTP server, the time of event occurrence is displayed as 1970/1/1 0:00:00 for Sysmac Studio version 1.14 or lower.

Specifications

Item	Specification		
Protocol	NTP		
Port No.	123 (UDP)		
Access to NTP server	Obtains clock information from the NTP server and applies the time stamp to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		
NTP Operation Timing	Clock information is automatically updated when the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is turned ON. The interval to check the NTP server will vary between 1 and 128 s.		

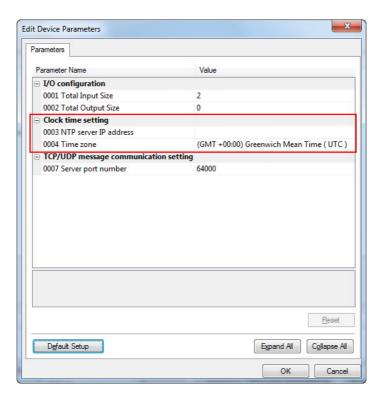
Procedure

- Open the Network Configurator file that contains the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
- 2 Display the Edit Device Parameters area with either of the following methods.
 - Double-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the network.
 - Right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the network and select Parameter Edit.
- Enter the values for NTP server IP address and Time Zone and click **OK**.
- Go online and download the parameters to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Settings Required for Automatic Clock Adjustment

The following EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit settings are made from Network Configurator to use automatic clock adjustment.

Setting	Setting conditions	
NTP server IP address	Enter the NTP server IP address in the format of \(\subseteq \sub	
Time Zone	Select a local time zone from the list. Default: (GMT +00:00) Greenwich Mean Time (UTC)	





Additional Information

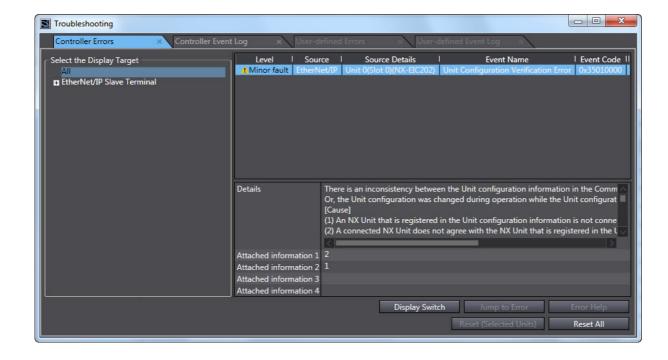
Daylight Savings Time is not supported.

11-3-4 Reading Event Logs

Use the following procedure to read the event log. The operations are described by using the Sysmac Studio as an example. For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

Select *Troubleshooting* from the Tools Menu while online. You can also click the **Trouble-shooting** button in the toolbar.

The following Troubleshooting Dialog Box is displayed.

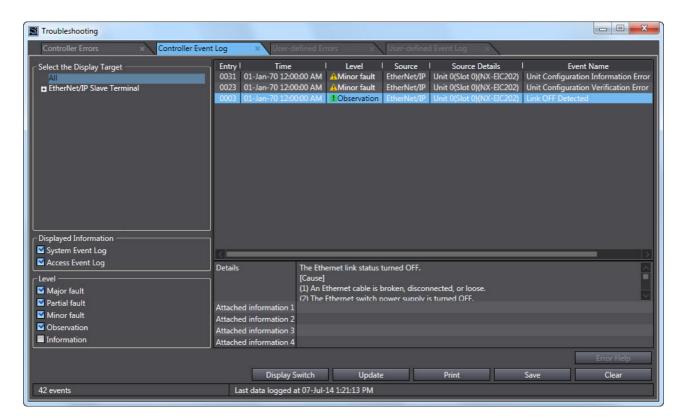


Click the **Controller Event Log** Tab.

The event log for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is displayed.

Click the **Update** button to display the latest event log.

If an event is for a Slave Terminal, the node number of the Slave Terminal and the NX Unit number are displayed as the source details.





Additional Information

- The NX Unit numbers that are displayed as the source in the event log are the NX Unit numbers in the current Unit configuration. They are not necessarily the NX Unit numbers at the time that the event occurred.
- You can check the NX Unit event log that is stored in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit for NX Units that are no longer mounted under the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. To check them, select everything or select the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal in the Select the Display Target from the Controller Event Log Tab Page. The event log display will also include NX Units that were previously mounted to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. For these NX Units, the NX Unit number is the number when the error occurred.
 - To display the event log for only the currently mounted NX Units, select the NX Units in the Select the Display Target.
- If the most recent version of the Support Software is not used, the Support Software may not support some events. The event code and attached information are displayed correctly. Use the most recent version of the Support Software to check events.

11-3-5 Clearing Event Logs

You can clear the event logs in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. This section describes how to clear the event logs.

Specifying the Scope of Event Logs to Clear

You can specify whether to clear events from the entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, or the NX Units.

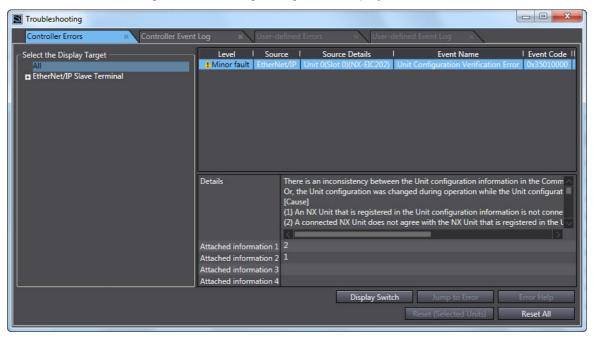
	Unit to clear log from		
Support Software connection	Clearing event logs in the entire Ether- Net/IP Slave Terminal at once	Clearing events for specific Units	
Peripheral USB port on Ether- Net/IP Coupler Unit	EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit NX Units	

Procedure for Clearing Event Logs

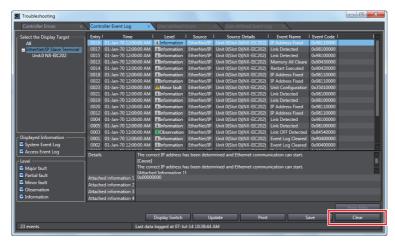
From the Controller Event Log Tab Page, you can clear the events for an entire Slave Terminal or the events for a specified EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or NX Unit. The operations are described by using the Sysmac Studio as an example. For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

Select *Troubleshooting* from the Tools Menu while online. You can also click the **Trouble-shooting** button in the toolbar.

The following Troubleshooting Dialog Box is displayed.



In the Select the Display Target Area of the Controller Event Log Tab Page, select the Units to clear and click the Clear button.



A confirmation dialog box is displayed.

Click the Yes button.

The selected events are cleared.

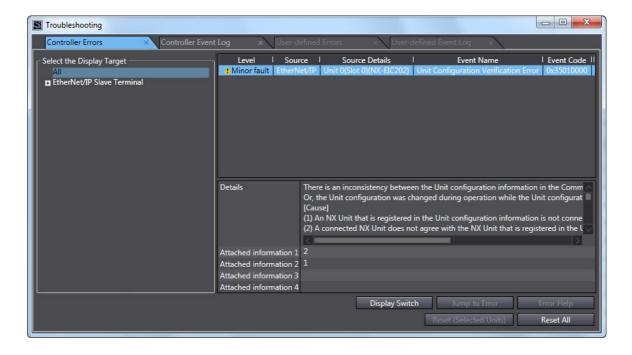
11-3-6 **Exporting the Event Log**

You can export the contents of the event log to a CSV file.

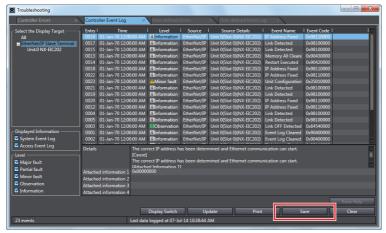
The event log for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units is displayed as part of the Controller event log. Use the Support Software. The operations are described by using the Sysmac Studio as an example. For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

Select Troubleshooting from the Tools Menu while online. You can also click the Troubleshooting button in the toolbar.

The following Troubleshooting Dialog Box is displayed.



2 In the Select the Display Target Area of the Controller Event Log Tab Page, select the Unit for which to export the events and click the **Save** button.



The Save Dialog Box is displayed.

3 Input the file name, and then click the **Save** button. The Controller event logs are saved in CSV format.

11-4 Clearing All Memory

This section describes how to clear all memory in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

This procedure is not used to clear all memory in the Safety Control Units. Refer to the NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930) for the procedure for the Clear All Memory operation for the Safety Control Units.

11-4-1 Introduction

The clear all memory function of the Support Software initializes various setting information in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal to the default settings, such as the Unit configuration information and the I/O allocation information.

You can use this function on the Sysmac Studio to initialize various setting information.

11-4-2 Details on Clearing All Memory

Specifying the Scope of Memory to Clear

You can specify the scope of the memory to clear from the following.

- EtherNet/IP Coupler and NX Units
- · EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit only
- · NX Units only
- · Event Logs



Additional Information

- Use the Support Software to clear the parameters of the connected NX Units.
- The Support Software can not clear all EtherNet/IP parameters. Use the Network Configurator to clear all EtherNet/IP related parameters.

Scope of Data to Clear and State of Memory After it is Cleared

The function clears the following data in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

	Status after Clear All Memory operation for each specification		
Data	Entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	NX Unit
Unit configuration information	This data is set to the default settings.	The data is not cleared.	The data is not cleared.
	If you turn ON the Unit power supply immediately after the Clear All Memory operation is completed, the Slave Terminal starts based on the actual Unit configuration information.		
I/O allocation information	This data is set to the default settings.	The data is not cleared.	The data is not cleared.

	Status after Clear All Memory operation for each specification						
Data	Entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	NX Unit				
Unit operation	This data is set to the default	This data is set to the default	This data is set to the default				
settings	settings.	settings.	settings.				
		EtherNet/IP settings stay in					
		memory, only TCP/IP set-					
		tings and SNTP settings are					
		cleared.					
Unit application	Refer to the manual for each		Refer to the manual for each				
data	NX Unit for the operating		NX Unit for the operating				
	specifications when the Clear		specifications when the Clear				
	All Memory operation is used		All Memory operation is used				
	on NX Units that have Unit		on NX Units that have Unit				
	application data.		application data.				
Event logs	Event logs are cleared if you	Event logs are cleared if you	Event logs are cleared if you				
	select the Clear event log	select the Clear event log	select the Clear event log				
	Option when you execute the	Option when you execute the	Option when you execute the				
	Clear All Memory operation.	Clear All Memory operation.	Clear All Memory operation.				



Additional Information

- IP address information is not altered when memory is cleared. Use the Network Configurator to clear all EtherNet/IP related parameters.
- NTP server setting information is not altered when memory is cleared. Use the Network Configurator to clear all NTP server related parameters.

Restarting After Clear All Memory Operation

Restarting is automatically performed after the Clear All Memory operation.

The following table gives the target of the Clear All Memory operation and the type of restart that is performed after the Clear All Memory operation.

Target of Clear All Memory operation	Type of restart
Entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	Restarting the Slave Terminal.
EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Restarting the Slave Terminal.
NX Unit	Restarting the Slave Terminal or the NX Unit.*1

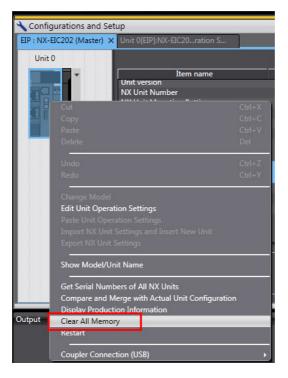
^{*1.} The function to restart individual NX Units was added for a version upgrade. The NX Unit is restarted if the unit versions of the NX Unit support restarting individual NX Units. The Slave Terminal is restarted if the unit version of the NX Unit does not support restarting individual NX Units.

11-4-3 Procedure for Clearing All Memory

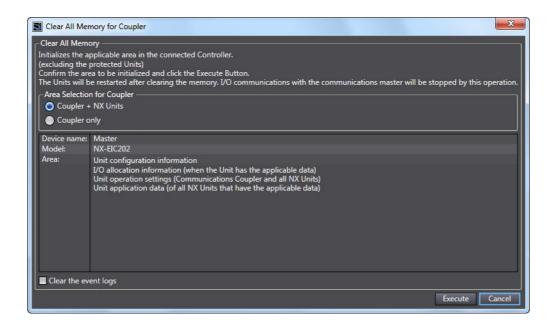
This section provides the procedure for the Clear All Memory operation. The operations are described by using the Sysmac Studio as an example. For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

Clearing All Memory for EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

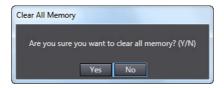
Go online, right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, and select Clear All Memory.



A Clear All Memory Dialog Box is displayed.



Make an area selection for coupler and click *Execute*. An execution confirmation dialog box is displayed.



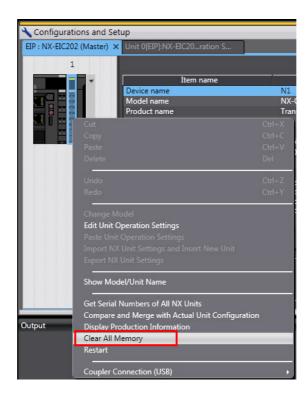
3 Click the **Yes** button.

After the memory is cleared, an automatic restart occurs and the memory all cleared dialog box is displayed.

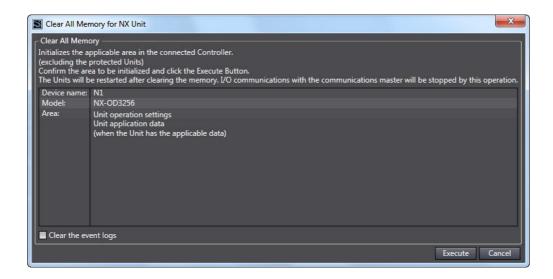


Clearing All Memory for NX Unit

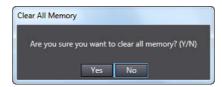
1 Go online, right-click the NX Unit in the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, and select *Clear All Memory*.



A Clear All Memory Dialog Box is displayed.

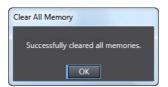


Make an area selection for coupler and click *Execute*. An execution confirmation dialog box is displayed.



Click the Yes button.

After the memory is cleared, an automatic restart occurs and the memory all cleared dialog box is displayed.



11-5 Restarting

This section describes restarting an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

11-5-1 Introduction

The restart function is used to apply changes to settings with the Support Software or by executing instructions without cycling the Unit power supply to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

11-5-2 Details on Restarting

This section describes the types of restarts: Restarting the Slave Terminal and restarting individual NX Units.

Types of Restarts

The following table provides functions for the types of restarts.

Туре	Function		
Restarting Slave Terminal	The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and all NX Units mounted to the Slave Termi-		
	nal are restarted.		
Restarting individual NX Units	The specified NX Unit is restarted.		

Restarting Slave Terminals

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and all NX Units mounted to the Slave Terminal are restarted.

Use the Support Software to restart the Slave Terminal. Select the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit of the Slave Terminal to restart and then execute the restart.



Precautions for Correct Use

- The EtherNet/IP master may detect an error when the Slave Terminal is restarted after a
 restart operation is performed with a direct USB connection between the Support Software
 and EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. If an error is detected, you need to reset the error in the EtherNet/IP master.
- When the Slave Terminal is restarted, all of the Units on the Slave Terminal perform the same operation as when the power supply is cycled. Refer to the manuals for the specific Units for the operation that is performed when the power supply is turned ON.

Restarting Individual NX Units

One specified NX Unit is restarted. The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and all NX Units that were not specified for restarting continue to operate.

Use the Support Software to restart the NX Unit. Select the NX Unit of the Slave Terminal to restart and then execute the restart.

11-5-3 **Procedure for Restarting**

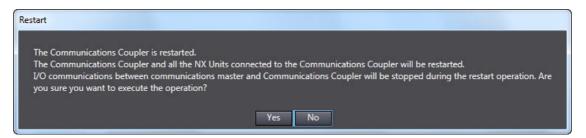
The Sysmac Studio is used as an example to describe the operation to restart a Unit with Support Software. For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

Restarting the Slave Terminal

Use the following procedure to restart all of the Units in the Slave Terminal.

Go online, right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, and select Restart.

A Restart Confirmation Dialog Box is displayed.



Click the Yes button.

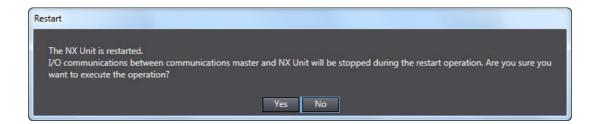
After the Units are restarted, a Restart Completion Dialog Box is displayed.

Restarting an NX Unit

Use the following procedure to restart an NX Unit.

Go online, right-click the NX Unit to restart in the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, and select Restart.

A Restart Confirmation Dialog Box is displayed.



Click the Yes button.

After the Unit is restarted, a Restart Completion Dialog Box is displayed.

11-6 Changing Event Levels

This section describes changing event levels for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

11-6-1 Introduction

You can change the event levels that are assigned to each Controller event.

11-6-2 Details on Changing Event Levels

Unit of Event Level Settings

Levels are set for each event in each Unit. If the same event code occurs in more than one Unit, you can set a different event level for each Unit.

Events with Changeable Levels

EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit does not have events for which you can change the event level.

NX Units

Refer to *Error Event Codes and Troubleshooting* in the *Troubleshooting* section of the manual for the NX Unit for the events for which you can change the event level in each NX Unit.

When Changes Take Effect

Changes to the event levels take effect only after they are downloaded and the Unit power supply is cycled or the Units are restarted.



Additional Information

Changing the Event Levels for Current Errors

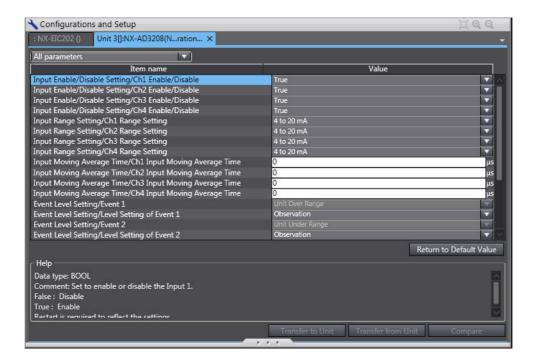
The event levels of current errors do not change when the event level settings are changed and downloaded. You must restart the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or cycle the Unit power supply to enable the changes.

11-6-3 Procedure to Change an Event Level

Use the Support Software to change an event level. The operations are described by using the Sysmac Studio as an example. For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

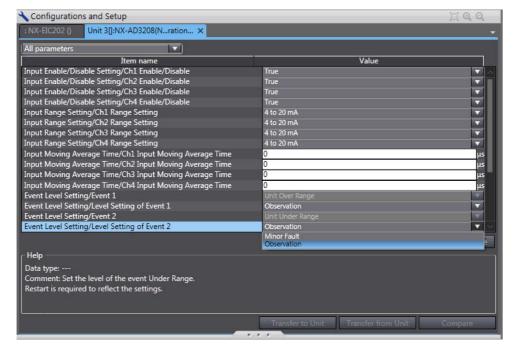
After you change an event level, always transfer the operation settings to the Controller.

1 On the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page, select the Unit for which to change the event level and click the **Unit Operation Settings** button.



The Edit Unit Operation Settings Tab Page is displayed.

From the events for which Level setting is displayed, select the event for which you want to change the level, and then select a level from the list in the Value field.



After you make the change, go online and click the Transfer to Unit button to transfer the change to the Controller.

The specified event level is changed.

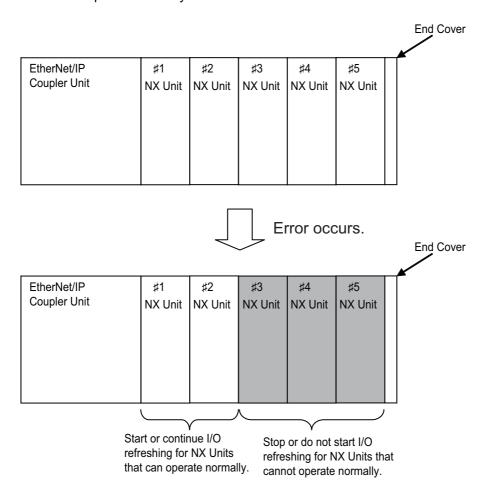
There are no events for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit for which you can change the event level.

11-7 Fail-soft Operation

This section describes the fail-soft operation for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

11-7-1 Overview

This function allows the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to start or continue I/O refreshing only with the NX Units that can operate normally when an error occurs for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.





Precautions for Safe Use

- If you change the fail-soft operation setting, the output status when the error occurs may also change. Confirm safety before you change the setting.
- If you use fail-soft operation, write programming to determine whether Unit I/O data is valid. Without such programming, the user program cannot distinguish between Units for which I/O refreshing is continued and Units for which I/O refreshing is stopped.

To determine whether Unit I/O data is valid, you must assign the NX Unit I/O Data Active Status and the NX Unit Error Status from the I/O data that is assignable to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

The NX Unit Error Status is not assigned by default. Add it to the I/O entry mapping.

11-7-2 Application

You can use this function in the following cases.

- When it is dangerous to stop the entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal all at once
- · To continue the operation of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal until the system can be stopped safely through the user program or user operation
- To not stop all devices, i.e., to continue operation for only some devices

11-7-3 Details on Fail-soft Operation

This section describes fail-soft operation in detail.

Operation for Errors with and without Fail-soft Operation

The following table describes the operation of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal when the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is used with and without fail-soft operation.

Operating status	Operation when an error occurs while starting the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	Operation when an error occurs during normal operation of the Ether-Net/IP Slave Terminal
With fail-soft operation	The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit starts I/O refreshing for the NX Units that can operate normally.	The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit continues I/O refreshing for the NX Units that can operate normally.
	It does not start I/O refreshing for NX Units that cannot operate normally.	It stops I/O refreshing for NX Units that cannot operate normally.
Without fail-soft operation *1	The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit does not start I/O refreshing for any of the NX Units.	The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit stops I/O refreshing for all of the NX Units.

^{*1.} When fail-soft operation is not used, all I/O refreshing is stopped.

Except for the I/O refreshing, the operation when an error occurs for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is the same regardless of whether fail-soft operation is used. Specifically, error notification is provided and errors are recorded in the event log. Also, the indicators will show the error.

Setting Fail-soft Operation

Using Fail-soft Operation

To enable fail-soft operation, use the Support Software to set the Fail-soft Operation Setting in the Unit operation settings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to Fail-soft operation. After you change the setting, always transfer the Unit operation settings to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. For the Unit operation settings of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and editing procedures, refer to 9-2-4 Unit Operation Settings on page 9-22. Refer to 9-3 Transferring and Comparing Settings on page 9-28 for the procedure to transfer the settings.

Not Using Fail-soft Operation

To disable fail-soft operation, use the Support Software to set the Fail-soft Operation Setting in the Unit operation settings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to Stop. The default setting is Stop.

After you change the setting, always transfer the Unit operation settings to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. For the Unit operation settings of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and editing procedures, refer to 9-2-4 Unit Operation Settings on page 9-22. Refer to 9-3 Transferring and Comparing Settings on page 9-28 for the procedure to transfer the settings.

Errors to Which Fail-soft Operation Applies

The following errors are examples of the errors to which fail-soft operation applies.

- Unit Configuration Verification Error^{*1}
- · NX Unit Communications Timeout
- NX Unit Initialization Error
- · NX Unit Startup Error
- *1. Even if you enable fail-soft operation, the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit may not start refreshing I/O for any of the NX Units when the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is started, depending on the cause of the error. Refer to Causes of Unit Configuration Verification Errors and Error Operation on page 11-29 for details on the operation for different error causes.

Refer to *Error Descriptions* on page 12-26 for the errors to which fail-soft operation applies. If an error occurs to which fail-soft operation does not apply, the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit will stop I/O refreshing for all of the NX Units even if you enable fail-soft operation.

Causes of Unit Configuration Verification Errors and Error Operation

Depending on the cause of a Unit Configuration Verification Error, I/O refreshing may not start when the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal starts even if fail-soft operation is enabled.

Examples are provided below.

Example of Unit configuration information and actual configuration NX Unit numbers						d actual	Description of configuration	Operation when Ether- Net/IP Slave Terminal starts
		1 2 3 4 5						
Unit coni	iiguration on	Α	В	С	D	E (unmounted)	The following models of Units are mounted after the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit in the order given on the left: A, B, C, D, and E. Unit E, however, has the NX Unit Mounting Setting set to Disable.	
Actual config- uration	Case 1	A	В	С			Unit D is not mounted.	I/O refreshing is started for NX Unit numbers 1, 2, and 3 because fail-soft operation is enabled.
	Case 2	Α	С	D			Unit B is not mounted.	I/O refreshing does not start for any of the NX Units.
	Case 3	Α	В	D	С		Units C and D are mounted in reverse order.	I/O refreshing does not start for any of the NX Units.
	Case 4	Α	В	С	D	D	An extra Unit D is mounted for NX Unit number 5.	I/O refreshing does not start for any of the NX Units.
	Case 5	A	В	С	F		Unit F is mounted for NX Unit number 4, but it does not exist in the Unit configuration information.	I/O refreshing does not start for any of the NX Units.
	Case 6	A	В	С	D	E	Unit E is mounted for NX Unit number 5 even though its NX Unit Mounting Setting is set to Disable.	I/O refreshing does not start for any of the NX Units.

11-8 Monitoring Total Power-ON Time

This section describes how to monitor the total power-ON time for EtherNet/IP Coupler Units and NX Units.

11-8-1 Overview

Each of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units and NX Units records the total time that the Unit power supply is ON to it and the total times can be displayed on the Support Software.

11-8-2 **Details on Monitoring Total Power-ON Times**

The specifications of monitoring the total power-ON times are given in the following table.

Item	Specification	
Display unit	When total power-ON time is less than 1 hour:	Minutes
	When total power-ON time is 1 hour or longer:	Hours
Update interval	When total power-ON time is less than 1 hour:	10 minutes
	When total power-ON time is 1 hour or longer:	1 hour
Measurement error	1 hour/month max.	
Default setting	0 minutes	

11-8-3 Checking Total Power-ON Times

You can use the Production Information on the Support Software to check the total power-ON times of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units.

For the procedure to check the Production Information on the Support Software, refer to Confirming Unit Versions with the Support Software on page 27.

Display When Times Cannot Be Recorded

If the total power-ON time cannot be recorded because of a non-volatile memory hardware error, the total power-ON time is displayed as Invalid record on the Support Software.

Display for Units That Do Not Support Monitoring the Total Power-ON Time

If a Unit does not support monitoring the total power-ON time, the total power-ON time for the Unit is displayed as "---" on the Support Software.

Display When Reading the Time Failed

If reading the time failed, the total power-ON time is displayed as "---" on the Support Software.

11-9 Ethernet Switch Functions

This section describes the Ethernet switch functions of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

The Ethernet ports of an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit support the layer 2 Ethernet switch functions.

The supported functions are given below.

Item	
Packet buffer size	64 KB
Number of MAC address tables	1,000
Broadcast storm detection	Supported
QoS for EtherNet/IP	Not supported
SNMP	Not supported
VLAN	Not supported
STP	Not supported
IGMP snooping	Not supported
Port mirroring	Not supported



Precautions for Correct Use

The communications path will be cut off when the Ethernet/IP Coupler Unit is restarted.

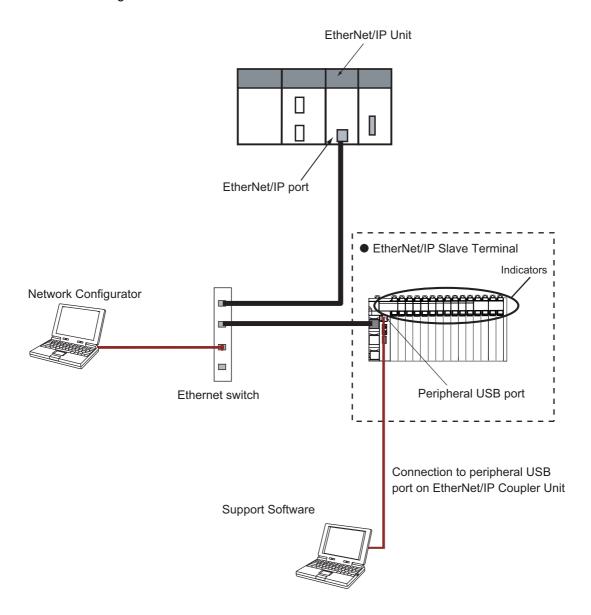
Troubleshooting

There are several ways to check errors on an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. If an error occurs, refer to this section to troubleshoot the error.

12-1	How to	Check for Errors12-2			
12-2	Check	ing for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators 12-3			
	12-2-1	Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit			
	12-2-2	Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators on the NX Units			
12-3	Check	ing for Errors and Troubleshooting with Support Software 12-10			
	12-3-1	Checking Status with the Network Configurator			
	12-3-2	Connection Status Codes and Troubleshooting			
	12-3-3	Checking for Errors from the Sysmac Studio 12-21			
	12-3-4	Checking for Errors from Support Software			
		Other Than the Sysmac Studio			
	12-3-5	Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures			
12-4	Resett	ing Errors			
		Procedure to Reset Errors			
12-5	12-5 Troubleshooting Other Errors				

12-1 How to Check for Errors

Use the following methods to check the status of errors on the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.



Checking method	What you can check
Checking the indicators	The indicators tell you the status of each Unit, and the level of the error.
Troubleshooting with the Support	You can check for current errors, a log of past errors, error sources, error
Software	causes, and corrections.



Precautions for Correct Use

You cannot use the HMI Troubleshooter for an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

12-2 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators

You can check for errors in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal with the indicators on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units. This section tells you about the errors that the indicators show and the troubleshooting procedures for them.

12-2-1 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

Indicators

Name	Function		
L/A P1	The L/A P1 indicator shows the status of the port 1 EtherNet/IP communications.		
L/A P2	The L/A P2 indicator shows the status of the port 2 EtherNet/IP communications.		
MS	The MS indicator shows the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit operating status.		
NS	The NS indicator shows the operating status of the EtherNet/IP communications.		
TS	The TS indicator gives the status of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the communications status		
between the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units.			
UNIT PWR	The UNIT PWR indicator shows the status of the Unit power supply.		
I/O PWR	The I/O PWR indicator shows the status of the I/O power supply.		

Primary Errors That the Indicators Show and Troubleshooting Procedures

 Troubleshooting the Primary Errors That are Displayed with the MS and NS Indicators

The MS indicator represents the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit module status.

The NS indicator represents the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Error status.

MS		NS			
Green	Red	Green Red		Cause	Corrective action
Not Lit	Not Lit	Not Lit	Not Lit	 No power is supplied by the Unit power supply. Restarting is in progress for the Unit. Waiting for initialization to start. 	Check the following items and make sure that power is correctly supplied from the Unit power supply. Checks Related to the Power Supply Make sure that the power supply cable is wired properly. Make sure that there are no breaks in the power supply cable. Make sure that the power supply voltage is within the specified range. Make sure that the power supply has enough capacity. Make sure that the power supply has not failed. Wait for the Unit to finish initializing. Check the UNIT PWR indicator for additional information.
Flashes at 0.5-s inter- vals.				Restarting or initialization is in progress for the Slave Terminal.	(This is the normal status. Wait until processing is completed.)
Lit		Flashes at 0.5-s inter- vals.		No tag data links or connection-based message (class 3) connection with an EtherNet/IP master has been established.	If there is no connection even though connections, e.g., for tag data links, are set in the EtherNet/IP master, there may be mistakes in the connection settings in the EtherNet/IP master. Check for errors related to connections that were detected by the EtherNet/IP master and review the connection settings in the EtherNet/IP master.
Lit		Lit		Normal operation and online communication connection is established.	(This is the normal status.)
	Lit		1	 Bus Controller Error Non-volatile Memory Hardware Error Memory Corruption Detected 	Cycle power to the Slave Unit. If cycling the power does not clear the error, replace the Slave Unit.

MS		NS		Cause	Corrective action	
Green	Red	Green	Red	Cause	Corrective action	
	Flashes at 0.5-s inter- vals.			 Unit Configuration Verification Error Non-volatile Memory Control Parameter Error Unit Configuration Error Unit Configuration Error, Too 	Refer to 12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures on page 12-22 for troubleshooting information.	
				Many Units Unit Configuration Error, Unsupported Configuration TCP/IP Setting Error (Local IP Address) NTP Client Setting Error NX Unit Communications Timeout NX Unit Initialization Error NX Unit Startup Error		
Lit			Lit	Fatal communication error. The Unit detects that it cannot communicate on the network.	Check the following items. • IP address duplication	
Lit			Flashes at 0.5-s inter- vals.	A timeout occurred in tag data link communications. BOOTP Server Connection Error	Check the following items. Communication cable connections Refer to 12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures on page 12-22 for troubleshooting information.	

• Troubleshooting the Primary Errors That Are Displayed with the TS Indicators

The TS indicator shows the status of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the communications status between the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units.

TS		Cause	Corrective action
Green	Red	Cause	Corrective action
Lit		Communication estab- lished with all con- nected NX Units	(This is the normal status.)
Flashes at 2.0-s intervals.		Initializing	(This status is normal. Wait until processing is completed)
Flashes at 0.5-s intervals.		Unit configuration information is not set. The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is operating according to the actual Unit configuration.	Promptly check whether the configuration is the intended configuration and then register the Unit configuration information on the Support Software.

T	S		O amount from a setting
Green	Red	Cause	Corrective action
	Lit	Non-volatile Memory Control Parameter Error	If you turn OFF the power supply to the NX Unit or disconnect the Support Software communications while writing the control parameters is in progress, write the control parameters again.
		Memory Corruption Detected	Cycle the power supply to the Slave Terminal. If this error occurs again even after you cycle the power supply, replace the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
		Unit Configuration Error, Too Many Units	Make sure that the number of NX Units that are connected does not exceed the upper limit of the specifications.
		Unit Configuration Error, Unsupported Configuration	Make sure that the total byte size of all I/O data in the Ether-Net/IP Slave Terminal does not exceed the upper size limit of 512 bytes for input data or 512 bytes for output data.
		Unit Configuration Information Error	If you turn OFF the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or disconnect communications with the Support Software while a download of Unit configuration information is in progress, clear all memory on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, and then download the Unit configuration information again.
		Unit Configuration Verification Error	There is an inconsistency between the Unit configuration information in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the Units that are actually connected.
			 Make sure that the Unit that is connected is registered. Make sure that the Unit that is registered is connected.
		NX Unit Startup Error	Cycle the power supply to the Slave Terminal. If this error occurs again even after you cycle the power supply, replace the NX Unit.
		Non-volatile Memory Hardware Error	Replace the Communications Coupler Unit.
		Bus Controller Error	Mount the NX Units and End Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.
			Cycle the power supply to the Communication Coupler Unit.
			If the error occurs again even after you make the above correction, replace the Communication Coupler Unit.
			ed above. If this error occurs again even after you cycle the e EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

TS		Course	Compating action
Green	Red	Cause	Corrective action
	Flashes at	NX Unit Communica-	Check the following items.
	1.0-s inter-	tions Timeout	Make sure that the NX Unit is mounted correctly.
	vals.		If the error occurs again even after you make the above correction, replace the NX Unit.
		NX Unit Initialization Error	Connect the Support Software, and then set and save the Unit configuration information in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit again. If this error occurs again, check that there are no errors in the NX Unit settings and I/O data mapping information, and correct any errors that are found.
			For an Analog I/O Unit, set the Channel Enable/Disable Setting to Enable for at least one channel.
			If the error occurs again even after you check the items above, cycle the power supply to the NX Unit in question. If this error persists, replace the NX Unit.
		BOOTP Server Connection Error TCP/IP Setting Error (Local IP Address) IP Address Duplication Error	Refer to 12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures on page 12-22 for troubleshooting information.
Not Lit	Not Lit	No power is supplied by the Unit power sup-	Check the following items and make sure that power is correctly supplied from the Unit power supply.
		ply.	Checks Related to the Power Supply
			 Make sure that the power supply cable is wired properly. Make sure that there are no breaks in the power supply cable.
			Make sure that the power supply voltage is within the specified range.
			Make sure that the power supply has enough capacity.
			Make sure that the power supply has not failed.
			Wait for the Unit to finish initializing.
			Check the MS and NS indicators for additional information.
			Check the UNIT PWR indicator for additional information.

Troubleshooting the Primary Errors That Are Displayed with the UNIT PWR Indicators

The UNIT PWR indicator shows the status of the Unit power supply.

UNIT		
PWR	Cause	Corrective action
Green		
Lit		(This is the normal status.)

UNIT PWR Green	Cause	Corrective action
Not Lit	No power is supplied by the Unit power	Check the following items and make sure that power is cor-
	supply.	rectly supplied from the Unit power supply.
		Checks related to the Power Supply
		Make sure that the power supply cable is wired properly.
		Make sure that there are no breaks in the power supply cable.
		Make sure that the power supply voltage is within the specified range.
		Make sure that the power supply has enough capacity.
		Make sure that the power supply has not failed.

• Troubleshooting the Primary Errors That Are Displayed with the I/O PWR Indi-

The I/O PWR indicator shows the status of the I/O power supply.

I/O PWR Green	Cause	Corrective action
Lit		(This is the normal status.)
Not Lit	No power is supplied by the I/O power supply.	Check the following items and make sure that power is correctly supplied from the I/O power supply.
		Checks related to the I/O Supply
		Make sure that the power supply cable is wired properly.
		Make sure that there are no breaks in the power supply cable.
		Make sure that the power supply voltage is within the specified range.
		Make sure that the power supply has enough capacity.
		Make sure that the power supply has not failed.

• Troubleshooting the Primary Errors That Are Displayed with the L/A P1 and L/A P2 Indicators

The L/A P1 and L/A P2 indicators show the status of the port activity.

L/A P1 L/A P2 Green	Cause	Corrective action
Lit	A link was established in the physical layer.	(The Coupler Unit is in standby status after the link was established in the physical layer. Wait until processing is completed.)
Blink- ing	Link present and communicating.	(This is the normal status.)

L/A P1 L/A P2	Cause	Corrective action			
Green					
Not Lit	A link was not established in the physical layer.	Check the following items, and then restart the Slave Terminal based on the specifications of the connected Ether-Net/IP master.			
		Items Related to the Communications Cable			
		Make sure that the communications cable is wired properly.			
		Make sure that there are no breaks in the communications cable or loosening in the mating parts.			
		Make sure that the cable is of the appropriate length.			
		Make sure that the communications cable meets the recommended specifications.			
	The host master is not operating.	Make sure that the operation of the EtherNet/IP master is			
		correct.			
	If you cannot resolve the problem after you check the above items and cycle the Unit power supply, there may be a hardware failure. In that case, replace the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.				

12-2-2 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators on the NX Units

The TS indicator on an NX Unit tells you the status and level of any errors in the NX Unit.

Refer to the manuals for the individual NX Units for details on the other indicators on the NX Units.

12-3 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with Support Software

Support Software can be used to check the status and errors for troubleshooting hardware and network

The following table provides a general description of the troubleshooting functions of each Support Software.

Applicable Support Software	Troubleshooting Function
Network Configurator	The following troubleshooting functions are available with Network Configurator Software. These are functions of the EtherNet/IP Unit.
	Ethernet Status
	Data Link Status
	Configuration Error Status
	Target Node Status
	Target Controller Status
	Connection Status
	Controller Log
	Tag Status
	Ethernet Information
Sysmac Studio and NX-IO Configurator	The following troubleshooting functions are available with the Sysmac Studio and NX-IO Configurator.
	Check errors managed by the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit*1
	Check errors in the NX Units that are connected to the Ether-
	Net/IP Coupler Unit ^{*2}

^{*1.} You cannot check errors if there is a fatal error in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Checking Status with the Network Configurator

The EtherNet/IP Unit provides status information with the Network Configurator.



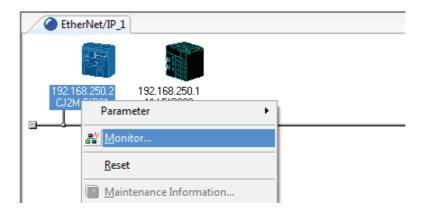
Precautions for Correct Use

To check the status of communications with the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, check the status information provided by the EtherNet/IP Unit. You cannot check the status information provided by the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with the Network Configurator. To check the status information provided by the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, you must allocate the status information to tag data links. Refer to 9-2-3 I/O Allocation Information on page 9-12 for details on allocating the status information to tag data links.

The Network Configurator's Device Monitor Function

Connect the Network Configurator online, select the device to be checked, right-click to display the pop-up menu, and select *Monitor*.

^{*2.} On NX Units that manage their own errors, current errors cannot be checked after a fatal error occurs in that NX Unit. On NX Units that record their own event logs, the error log cannot be checked after a fatal error occurs in that NX Unit.



The Monitor Device Dialog Box will be displayed.



Additional Information

If a communications error occurs during monitoring, the dialog box will continue to show the last information that was collected. To start monitoring again, close the Monitor Device Dialog Box, and then open the dialog box again.

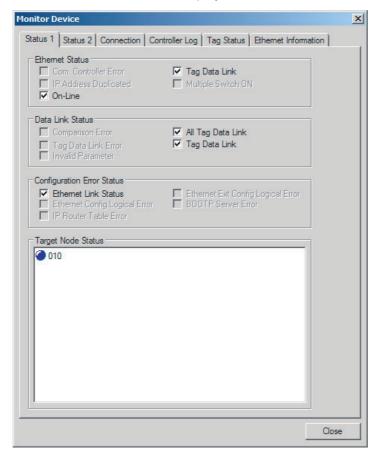
Status 1 Tab Page

The following check boxes are displayed for the status. If a check box is selected, the status is TRUE.

Classification	Item	Description
Ethernet Status	Com. Controller Error	An error occurred in the communications controller.
	IP Address Duplicated	The same IP address is assigned to more than one node.
	On-Line	Indicates that the Unit is online. (The EtherNet/IP Unit can perform communications processing.)
	Tag Data Link	Indicates that the tag data link is in operation. This is TRUE in the following cases:
		The originator is set up and the power supply is turned ON.
		The originator is set up and the start data link switch is changed to TRUE.
	Multiple Switch ON	Indicates that more than one data link start/stop switch changed to TRUE at the same time.
Data Link Status	Comparison Error	The remote node information in the tag data link parameters was different from the actual node information.
		Main causes: •The specified target does not exist. •The variable name does not match. •The connection size is different. •Connection resources are not sufficient.
	Tag Data Link Error	There were two or more errors in a connection as an originator.
	Invalid Parameter	An error was found in the validation check of the parameters for tag data links that are saved in non-volatile memory.
	All Tag Data Links	Tag data links are communicating in all connections as the originator.
	Tag Data Link	Tag data links are communicating in one or more connections as the originator.

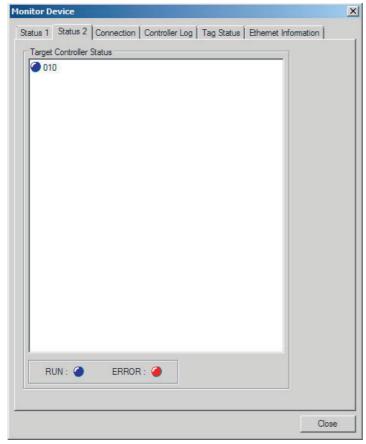
Classification	Item	Description				
Configuration Error	Ethernet Link Status	TRUE when a link is established with the Ethernet switch.				
Status	Ethernet Basic Settings Logic	TRUE when the following settings are incorrect:				
	Error	TCP/IP settings (IP address, subnet mask, or link settings)				
	IP Router Table Error	TRUE when there is a mistake in the IP router table information.				
	Ethernet Ext Config Logical Error	Always FALSE.				
	BOOTP Server Error	TRUE when one of the following errors occurs when using the BOOTP server.				
		The IP address received from the BOOTP server is incorrect.				
		A communications timeout occurred with the server.				

Information about the target node that acts as the originator is displayed. If all tag data link connections to the node are established and normal, this information is displayed in blue. However, if any connection is broken it is displayed in red.



Status 2 Tab Page

The Status 2 Tab Page's Target PLC Status Field shows the status of the target node PLCs that are connected with the EtherNet/IP Unit as the tag data link originator. The icon will be blue if the CPU Unit is in RUN mode or MONITOR mode, gray if it is in PROGRAM mode, or red if an error occurred.



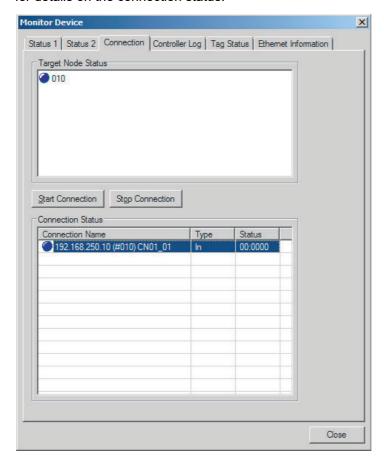


Additional Information

The target Controller status can be used when the Controller status is selected for all the target sets for both originator and target connections. If it is not selected, it is grayed out on the display.

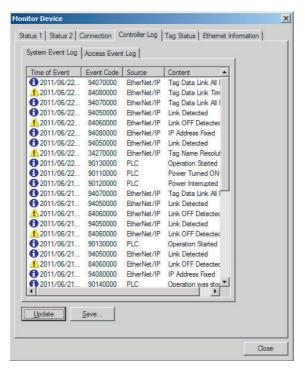
Connection Tab Page

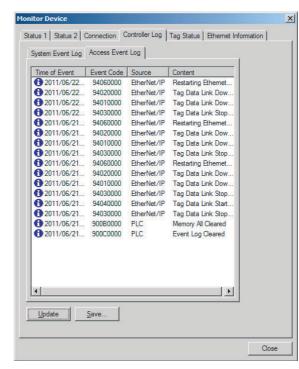
Information about the target node that acts as the originator is displayed. If all tag data link connections to the node are established and normal, this information is displayed in blue. However, if any connection is broken it is displayed in red. However, this information is displayed in gray if the connection to the node is stopped. In addition, the Connection Status Area shows the current status of each connection that is set as the originator. This information can be used to identify the cause of tag data link errors. Refer to 12-3-2 Connection Status Codes and Troubleshooting on page 12-17 for details on the connection status.



Controller Event Log Tab Page

This tab page displays the Controller event log that is stored in the CPU Unit. The error history shows errors that have occurred. It can be saved in a file in the computer. Refer to the operation manual of the CPU Unit for details on error information.





Tag Status Tab Page

This tab page displays if the tag settings for each tag for tag data links are set so that data can be exchanged with the CPU Unit. The following status is displayed depending on the status that is set.

• Normal resolution completed: Normal data exchange is possible.

• Resolving: The variables with tags are being resolved. When the

resolution is completed normally, a connection will be

established and the data exchange will start.

• Size does not match error: Different sizes are set for the network variables and the

tag settings. A connection will not be established for a

tag for which this error occurs.

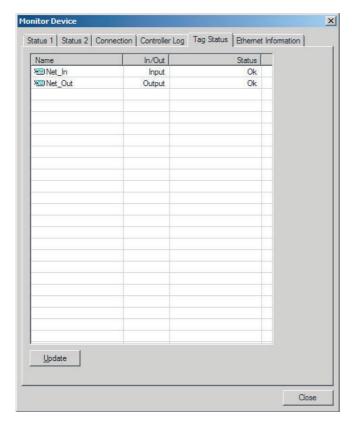
No tag: A network variable is not set in the variable table in the

CPU Unit for the specified tag setting. A connection will not be established for a tag for which this error occurs.

Attribute error: Writing is not possible for Read Only and Constant attri-

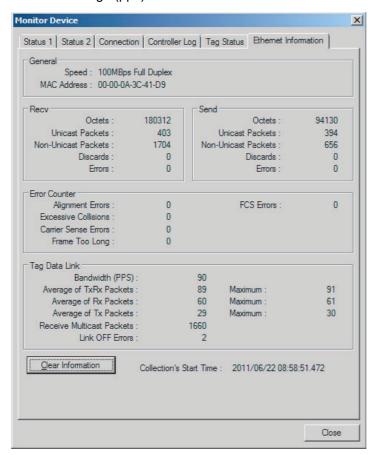
butes.

If the status is not "Normal resolution completed," check the tag data link settings or the network variable settings in the symbol table in the CJ2-series CPU Unit.



EtherNet/IP Information Tab Page

This tab page displays the communications status at the communications driver level of the Ether-Net/IP port. The error counter information can be used to confirm whether communications problems have occurred. The tag data link information can be used to confirm characteristics such as the bandwidth usage (pps).



12-3-2 Connection Status Codes and Troubleshooting

This section explains how to identify and correct errors based on the tag data link's connection status. The connection status can be read using the Connection Tab Page of the Network Configurator's Monitor Device Window. Refer to 12-3-1 Checking Status with the Network Configurator on page 12-10 for details.



Additional Information

The connection status has the same meaning as the Connection Manager's General and Additional error response codes, as defined in the CIP specifications.

The following table shows the likely causes of the errors for each configuration and connection status (code).

	Originator	Target
Configuration 1	CJ1W-EIP21, CJ2H-CPU□□-EIP, CJ2M-CPU3□, or other OMRON EtherNet/IP master devices	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit
Configuration 2	EtherNet/IP master device from another manufacturer	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

	tion status		Handling				
General Status (hex)	Additional Status (hex)	Status Configuration 1		Configuration 2			
00	0000	Normal status code: The connection has been opened and the tag data link is communicating normally.					
01	0100	Error code returned from target: Attempted to open multiple connections for the same connection.	This error does not occur.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (This error should not occur. If is does, contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
01	0103	Error code returned from target: Attempted to open a connection with an unsupported transport class.	This error does not occur.	Confirm that the originator supports Class 1.			
01	0106	Duplicate consumers: Attempted to open multiple connections for single-consumer data.	If the tag data link is stopped or started, this error may occur according to the timing, but the system will recover automatically.	If the tag data link is stopped or started, this error may occur according to the timing, but the system will recover automatically.			
01	0107	Error code returned from target: Attempted to close a connection, but that connection was already closed.	This error does not occur.	This is not an error because the connection is already closed.			
01	0108	Error code returned from target: Attempted to open a connection with an unsupported connection type.	This error does not occur.	Check which connection types can be used by the originator. (An error will occur if a connection other than a multicast or point-to-point connec- tion is set.)			
01	0109	Error code returned from target: The connection size settings are dif- ferent in the originator and target.	Check the connection sizes set in the originator and target. Please update tag size as described in 9-5-4 Determine Tag Sizes on page 1				
01 0110 Error code returned from target: Connection, because of its operating to		Check whether the tag data link is stopped at the target. (Restart the tag data link communications with the software switch.)	Check whether the tag data link is stopped at the target. (Restart the tag data link communications with the software switch.)				

Connec	tion status		Handling				
General Status (hex)	Additional Status (hex)	Source of error	Configuration 1	Configuration 2			
01	0111	Error code returned from target: The RPI was set to a value that exceeds the specifications.	This error does not occur.	Set the originator's RPI setting to 10 seconds or less.			
01	0113	Error code generated by originator or returned from target: Attempted to open more connections than allowed by the specifications (32).	Check the connection settings (number of connections) at the originator and target.	Check the connection settings (number of connections) at the originator and target. Check the connection specifications for devices from other manufacturers.			
01	0114	Error code returned from target: The Vendor ID and Product Code did not match when opening con- nection.	This error does not occur.	Check the originator's connection settings.			
01	0115	Error code returned from target: The Product Type did not match when opening connection.	This error does not occur.	Check the originator's connection settings.			
01	0116	Error code returned from target: The Major/Minor Revisions did not match when opening connection.	Check the major and minor revisions set for the target device and connection. If necessary, obtain the most recent EDS file and set it again.	Implement one of the following measures. • Enable the Compatibility bit by the Support Software of the originator. The Compatibility bit is used as an ODVA term. However, the term used may vary depending on the Support Software used. • Match the major and minor revisions set for the target device in the originator to the major and minor revisions of the actual target device.			
01	0117	Error code returned from target: The tag set specified in the connection's target variables does not exist.	Check whether the originator and target tag sets and tags are set correctly.	Check the originator's connection settings. Check whether the target tag sets and tags are set correctly.			
01	0118	Error code returned from the target: There is a mistake in the size speci- fied with the data segment included in the connection path.	This error does not occur.	Check the originator's connection settings.			
01	0119	Error code returned from the target: An attempt was made to open a listen only connection when there was no connection other than a listen only connection open.	Check the connection settings of a Input/Output or Input Only connect	•			
01	011A	Error code generated by originator: Connection could not be established because the buffer was full due to high traffic.	Unexpected network traffic may have been received. Use the Network Configurator Device Monitor or the Ethernet Tab Page to check the bandwidth usage, and correct the load. If there are places where broadcast storms occur, such as loop connections in the network connection format, then correct them.	Depends on the target's specifications. (Contact the target device's manufacturer.)			
01	011B	Error code returned from target: The RPI was set to a value that is below the specifications.	This error does not occur.	Set the originator's RPI setting to 1 ms or greater.			
01	0123	Error code returned from the target: A request was received to open a type of connection that is not sup- ported (a connection type going from the originator to the target).	This error does not occur.	Check the originator's connection type. An error will occur if any type other than multicast or point-to-point is specified.			

Connec	tion status		Handling				
General Status (hex)	Additional Status (hex)	Source of error	Configuration 1	Configuration 2			
01	0124	Error code returned from the target: A request was received to open a type of connection that is not sup- ported (a connection type going from the target to the originator).	This error does not occur.	Check the originator's connection type. An error will occur if any type other than multicast or point-to-point is specified.			
01	O127 Error code returned from the target: A different data size is set for the connection in the originator and target (data from the originator to the target).		Check the connection sizes set in the originator and target (data from the originator to the target). • Enable the Compatibility bit by the Support Software of the originator The Compatibility bit is used as a ODVA term. However, the term used may vary depending on the Support Software used. • Match the connection size by the Support Software of the originator For example, when this Unit is replaced from the Unit version 1.1 to the Unit version 1.2 without changing the Unit configuration information and this error occurs there is a four bytes difference of connection size due to the origin tor setting, and a connection may fail be opened. • Match the major and minor revisions set for the target device in the originator to the major and minor revisions of the actual targed device.				
01	0128	Error code returned from the target: A different data size is set for the connection in the originator and tar- get (data from the target to the origi- nator).	Check the connection sizes set in target to the originator).	the originator and target (data from the			
01	0203	Error code generated by originator: The connection timed out.	supply and cable wiring of the dev including the target and switches.	the target timed out. Check the power ices in the communications path, If performance has dropped due to nce settings. For example, increase			
01	0204	Error code generated by originator: The connection open process timed out.	-	arget. Check the power supply and communications path, including the tar-			
01	0205	Error code returned from target: There was a parameter error in the frame used to open the connection.	This error does not occur.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
01	0302	Error code generated by originator or returned from target: The tag data link's allowable bandwidth (pps) was exceeded.	Check the connection settings (number of connections and RPI) at the originator and target.	Check the connection settings (number of connections and RPI) at the originator and target.			
01	0311	Error code returned from target: There was a parameter error in the frame used to open the connection.	This error does not occur.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
01	0312	Error code returned from target: There was a parameter error in the frame used to open the connection.	This error does not occur.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
01	0315	Error code returned from target: There was a parameter error in the frame used to open the connection.	This error does not occur.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
01	0316	Error code returned from target: There was a parameter error in the frame used to close the connection.	This error does not occur.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			

Connec	tion status		Handling				
General Status (hex)	Additional Status (hex)	Source of error	Configuration 1	Configuration 2			
01	031C	Error code generated by originator: Some other error occurred.	This error does not occur.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
08		Error code returned from target: There is no Forward Open or Large Forward Open service in the target device.	This error does not occur.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
D0	The connection operation is stopped.		The connection was stopped because the Tag Data Link Stop Bit was turned ON, or the settings data is being downloaded. Either turn ON the Tag Data Link Start Switch, or wait until the settings data has been downloaded. This code includes fatal Controller errors and Unit failure. To handle these errors, refer to 12-1 How to Check for Errors.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
D0	0002	Error code generated by originator: The connection is being opened (opening processing in progress).	Wait until the opening processing is completed.	Depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
OMRON e	rror code						
01	0810	Error code returned from target: New data could not be obtained from the CPU Unit when opening connec- tion. (The Unit will automatically recover, and attempt to open the connection again.)	This error may occur if the CPU Unit's task period was long when opening the connection or some problem in the Controller caused the Controller to stop. If the task period was too long, operation recovers automatically. If the Controller has stopped, identify the error from the error information in the CPU Unit.	The meaning of this error code is defined by each vendor, so it depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			
01	0811	Error code generated by originator: New data could not be obtained from the CPU Unit when opening connec- tion. (The Unit will automatically recover, and attempt to open the connection again.)	This error may occur if the CPU Unit's task period was long when opening the connection. If the task period was too long, operation recovers automatically.	The meaning of this error code is defined by each vendor, so it depends on the originator's specifications. (Contact the originator device's manufacturer.)			



Additional Information

For details, refer to the CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465), the user's manual for the built-in EtherNet/IP port of the connected CPU Unit or Industrial PC, or the manual for the connected EtherNet/IP master from another company.

12-3-3 Checking for Errors from the Sysmac Studio

When an error occurs, you can place the Sysmac Studio online to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to check current errors and the log of past errors.

If you cannot check the error on the Sysmac Studio, check the errors using the indicators as outlined in 12-2 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators on page 12-3.

Current Errors

Open the Sysmac Studio's Controller Errors Tab Page to check the current error's level, source, source details, event name, event codes, details, attached information 1 to 4, and correction. Refer to 11-3-4 Reading Event Logs on page 11-13 for more information on checking controller errors.

Errors in the observation level are not displayed.



Additional Information

Number of Current Errors

The following table gives the number of errors that are reported simultaneously as current errors in each Unit.

Unit	Number of simultaneous error notifications		
EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	128 errors		
NX Units	For NX Units that manage their own current errors, the number of current errors depends on the specifications of the individual Units.		
	For NX Units that do not manage their own current errors, current errors are managed in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, so the number of current errors is limited by the number of errors for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		
	Refer to the manual for each NX Unit to find out if the NX Unit manages its own current errors.		

If the number of errors exceeds the maximum number of reportable current errors, errors are reported with a priority given to the oldest and highest-level errors. Errors that exceed the limit on simultaneous error notifications are not reported.

Errors that are not reported are still reflected in the error status.

Log of Past Errors

Open the Sysmac Studio's Event Log Tab Page to check the times, levels, sources, source details, event names, event codes, details, attached information 1 to 4, and corrections for previous errors.

Refer to 12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures on page 12-22 for details on event codes.

12-3-4 Checking for Errors from Support Software Other Than the Sysmac Studio

You can check the error descriptions and logs with Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio.

Refer to the operation manual for the Support Software for the methods to check for errors. Refer to 12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures on page 12-22 for information on event codes.

12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures

This section describes the errors (events) that can occur and how to troubleshoot them.

Error Table

The errors (i.e., events) that can occur in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit are given on the following pages. The following abbreviations are used in the Level column.

Abbreviation	Meaning
Maj	Major fault level
Prt	Partial fault level
Min	Minor fault level
Obs	Observation level
Info	Information level

Event code	Event	Meaning	Assumed cause		Level				Reference
Lveiit code	name		Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Kelefelice
00210000 hex	Bus Con- troller Error	An internal bus error occurred.	A Unit failed or an I/O com- munications error occurred between the Communica- tion Coupler Unit and the NX Unit.			√			P. 12-27
00220000 hex	Non-vola- tile Memory Hardware Error	An error occurred in non-volatile memory.	Non-volatile memory failure			V			P. 12-28
10420000 hex	Non-vola- tile Memory Control Parameter Error	An error occurred in the control parameters.	The power supply to the Communications Coupler Unit was turned OFF or Support Software communications were disconnected while writing the Unit operation settings was in progress.			√ 			P. 12-28
10430000 hex	Memory Corruption Detected	Memory corruption was detected.	Memory corruption was detected.			√			P. 12-29
24A0 0000 hex	Unit Config- uration Error, Too Many Units	The number of connected NX Units exceeds the maximum value for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	More than the maximum number of NX Units is con- nected to the Communica- tion Coupler Unit.			√ 			P. 12-30
24A10000 hex	Unit Configuration Error, Unsupported Configuration	An unsupported NX Unit is mounted. Or, the total byte size of all I/O data for the connected NX Units exceeds the predetermined maximum value for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	An unsupported NX Unit was detected. The total byte size of all I/O data for the connected NX Units exceeds the predetermined maximum value for the Communications Coupler Unit.			٧			P. 12-31

Event code	Event	Meaning	Assumed cause			Leve	I		Reference
	name	wieaning	Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Kelelelice
35000000 hex	Unit Config- uration Information Error	An error occurred in the Unit configuration information in the Communication Coupler Unit.	The power supply to the Communications Coupler Unit was turned OFF or Support Software communications were disconnected while downloading the Unit configuration information.			V			P. 12-32
35010000 hex	Unit Configuration Verification Error	There is an inconsistency between the Unit configuration information in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and the Units that are actually connected. Or, the Unit configuration was changed during operation while the Unit configuration information was not set in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	 An NX Unit that is registered in the Unit configuration information is not connected. A connected NX Unit does not agree with the NX Unit that is registered in the Unit configuration information. An NX Unit that is not registered in the Unit configuration information is connected. A mounted Unit is disabled in the NX Unit Mounting Setting for the Unit configuration information. An NX Unit became disconnected during operation. An NX Unit was connected during operation. The serial number of a Unit that is registered in the Unit configuration information does not agree with the serial number of the Unit that is connected. (The Serial Number Check Method is set to Setting = Actual device.) The version of a Unit that is registered in the Unit configuration information is newer than the version of the Unit that is connected. The power supply to an Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit is not turned ON. 						P. 12-33
35500000 hex	TCP/IP Setting Error (Local IP Address)	An error was detected in the IP address settings.	 TCP/IP setting error Power was interrupted when a download was in progress for TCP/IP set- tings. The IP address delivered from the BOOTP server is incorrect. 			√			P. 12-36
40200000 hex	NX Unit Processing Error	A fatal error occurred in an NX Unit.	An error occurred in the software.			V			P. 12-37

Event code	Event	Meaning	Assumed cause			Leve	I		Reference
Event code	name		Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
84500000 hex	IP Address Duplication Error	The same IP address is used more than once.	The IP address of the Eth- erNet/IP port is also used as the IP address of another node.			√			P. 12-38
84510000 hex (Ver. 1.2 or later)	BOOTP Server Con- nection Error	The connection with the BOOTP server failed.	 BOOTP server is stopped. An error occurred in communications with the BOOTP server. 			V			P. 12-39
84C00000 hex	NX Unit Communi- cations Tim- eout	An error occurred in I/O data communications with the NX Units.	An NX Unit is not mounted properly. An NX Unit has failed.			√			P. 12-40
84C10000 hex	NX Unit Initialization Error	Initializing an NX Unit failed.	 An error occurred in processing the Communication Coupler Unit. An initialization error occurred in an NX Unit. The Channel Enable/Disable Setting for all channels of the Analog Input Unit are set to <i>Disable</i>. The Enabled Channel Settings for all channels of the Analog Output Unit are set to <i>Disable</i>. 			V			P. 12-41
84C50000 hex	NX Unit Startup Error	Starting an NX Unit failed.	A startup error occurred in an NX Unit.			V			P. 12-42
350E0000 hex	NX Bus Cycle Delay Detected	Exceeding the NX bus cycle was detected.	The NX bus cycle was exceeded.				V		P. 12-43
35510000 hex	NTP Client Setting Error	An error was detected in the NTP client set- tings.	 The IP address set in the NTP client settings is invalid. Power was interrupted when a download was in progress for the NTP client settings. 				V		P. 12-43
80220000 hex	NX Mes- sage Com- munications Error	An error was detected in message communications and the message frame was discarded.	 For the NX bus of CPU Units The message communications load is high. For Communications Coupler Units The message communications load is high. The communications cable is disconnected or broken. Message communications were cutoff in communications. 				V		P. 12-44

Front code	Event	Magning	Accument cours			Leve	ı		Reference
Event code	name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Maj	Prt	Min	Obs	Info	Reference
84530000 hex	NTP Server Connection Error	Connection with NTP server failed.	 The IP address setting error of the NTP server NTP server is stopped. An error occurred in communications with the NTP server. 				√		P. 12-45
84540000 hex	Link OFF Detected	Disconnection of an Ethernet link was detected.	 An Ethernet cable is broken, disconnected, or loose. The Ethernet switch power supply is turned OFF. Link speed mismatch. Noise. 				√		P. 12-46
90400000 hex	Event Log Cleared	The event log was cleared.	The event log was cleared by the user.					1	P. 12-47
90420000 hex	Restart Executed	A restart was executed.	A restart command was received.					1	P. 12-47
90430000 hex	Memory All Cleared	The Unit settings were cleared.	The Clear All Memory operation was executed.					1	P. 12-48
98100000 hex	Link Detected	Establishment of an Ethernet link was detected.	Establishment of an Ether- net link was detected.					1	P. 12-49
98110000 hex	IP Address Fixed	The correct IP address has been determined and Ethernet communication can start	The correct IP address has been determined and Ethernet communication can start					V	P. 12-49
98120000 hex (Ver. 1.2 or later)	BOOTP Cli- ent Started	The BOOTP client was started.	The BOOTP client was started.					√	P. 12-50

Error Descriptions

This section describes the information that is given for individual errors.

Slave Terminal Error Descriptions

The items that are used to describe individual errors (events) are described in the following copy of an error table.

Event name	Gives the nam	e of the error.		Event code	Gives the code of	of the error.	
Meaning	Gives a short of	description of the e	rror.			_	
Source	Gives the sour	ce of the error.	Source details	Gives details on the source of the error.	Detection timing	Tells when the error is detected.	
Error attributes	Level	Tells the level of influence on control.*1	Recovery	Gives the recovery method.*2	Log category	Tells which log the error is saved in.*3	
Effects	User program	Tells what will happen to exe- cution of the user program.*4	Operation	Provides special results from the	s special information on the operation that rom the error.		
Indicators	Gives the statu	us of the EtherNet/	/IP Coupler Unit indicators.				
System-defined	Variable		Data type		Name		
variables	Lists the variable names, data types, and meanings for system-defined variables that provide direct error notification, that are directly affected by the error, or that contain settings that cause the error.						
Cause and	Assumed cau	se	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Lists the possi	ble causes, correct	tions, and preve	ntive measures for	the error.		
Attached information	This is the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed	by the Support So	ftware or an HMI.		
Precautions/ Remarks		autions, restrictions s that can be set, t led.					

*1. One of the following:

Major fault: Major fault level Partial fault: Partial fault level Minor fault: Minor fault level

Observation Information

*2. One of the following:

Automatic recovery: Normal status is restored automatically when the cause of the error is removed.

Error reset: Normal status is restored when the error is reset after the cause of the error is removed.

Cycle the power supply: Normal status is restored when the power supply to the Slave Terminal is turned OFF and then back ON after the cause of the error is removed.

Slave Terminal reset: Normal status is restored when the Slave Terminal is reset after the cause of the error is removed. Depends on cause: The recovery method depends on the cause of the error.

*3. One of the following:

System: System event log Access: Access event log

*4. One of the following:

Continues: Execution of the user program will continue.

Stops: Execution of the user program stops. Starts: Execution of the user program starts.

• Error Descriptions

Event name	Bus Controller Er	ror		Event code	00210000 hex		
Meaning	An internal bus e	rror occurred.					
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or during NX bus communica- tions	
Error attributes			Recovery	Cycle the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Log category	System	
Effects	User program Continues.		Operation	I/O refreshing for stops.	r the NX Units in the Slave Termin		
Sys-	Variable		Data type	Data type			
tem-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A Unit failed or an I/O communications error occurred between the Communication Coupler Unit and the NX Unit.		Cover securely a with End Plates. Cycle the power Communication (If the error occurs you make the ab	Cycle the power supply to the Communication Coupler Unit. If the error occurs again even after you make the above correction, replace the Communication Cou-			
Attached	None		•		•		
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Non-volatile Men	nory Hardware Er	ror	Event code	00220000 hex		
Meaning	An error occurred	d in non-volatile m	nemory.				
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Log category	System	
Effects	User program			Writing to non-volatile memory will not be possible. I/O refreshing for the NX Units in the Slave Terminal stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX Units in the Slave Terminal.			
Sys-	Variable		Data type				
tem-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Non-volatile memory failure		Replace the Communication Coupler Unit.		None		
Attached information	None						
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Non-volatile Men	nory Control Paran	meter Error	Event code	10420000 hex			
Meaning	An error occurred	d in the control par	ameters.					
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IF Coupler Unit		
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.			the NX Units in the Slave Terminal cannot be sent to the NX Units in al.			
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name			
tem-defined variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	The power supply to the Communications Coupler Unit was turned OFF or Support Software communications were disconnected while writing the Unit operation settings was in progress.			Download the Unit operation setings of the Communications Couler Unit again.				
Attached information	None		l			-		
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

	1				1		
Event name	Memory Corrupti			Event code	1043 0000 hex		
Meaning	Memory corruption	on was detected.					
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP	Detection	Continuously	
				Coupler Unit	timing		
Error	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the power	Log category	System	
attributes				supply to the			
				EtherNet/IP			
				Coupler Unit			
Effects	User program Continues.		Operation	I/O refreshing for	the NX Units in the	ne Slave Terminal	
				stops. Messages	cannot be sent to	the NX Units in	
	the		the Slave Termin	al.			
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name		
tem-defined	None						
variables							
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Memory corruption	on was detected.	Cycle the power	supply to the	None		
			Communication (Coupler Unit. If			
			this error occurs	again even after			
			you cycle the power supply,				
			replace the Com	munication Cou-			
			pler Unit.				
Attached	None		•		•		
information							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Unit Configuratio	n Error, Too Many	Units	Event code	24A00000 hex	
Meaning			s exceeds the maxi		Communication (Coupler Unit.
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or the Slave Ter- minal is restarted
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle power to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the Slave Terminal. Log category System System System System System System System System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	cations Ethernet comm • EtherNet/IP Co	s the Slave Termi-	
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	More than the maximum number of NX Units is connected to the Communication Coupler Unit.		Reduce the number of NX Units that are connected to the maximum number or fewer.		Configure the Unit within the maximum number of NX Units.	
Attached information	None		•			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Unit Configuratio	n Error, Unsupport	ted Configuration	Event code	24A10000 hex		
Meaning	An unsupported	NX Unit is mounte	d. Or, the total byte			d NX Units	
	exceeds the pred	determined maximi	um value for the C	ommunication Cou	ıpler Unit.		
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or the Slave Ter- minal is restarted	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle power to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the Slave Terminal.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program Continues.		Operation	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops. EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, NX Bus I/O refreshing for the NX Units in the Slave Terminal stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX Units in the Slave Terminal.			
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name		
tem-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	An unsupported detected.	NX Unit was		supported NX Unit Connect only support to the Communication Unit.		•	
	The total byte size of all I/O data for the connected NX Units exceeds the predetermined maximum value for the Communications Coupler Unit.		Configure the NX Units so that the total byte size of all I/O for the connected NX Units does not exceed the predetermined maximum value for the Communications Coupler Unit.		e Configure the NX Units so that the total byte size of all I/O for the connected NX Units does not exceed the predetermined maximum value for the Communications Coupler Unit.		
Attached information	Attached informa	tion 1: Unit numbe	er of the NX Unit w	here the error was			
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Unit Configuration	n Information Erro	r	Event code	35000000 hex		
Meaning	An error occurred	d in the Unit config	uration information	in the Communic	ations Coupler Un	it.	
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or the Slave Ter- minal is restarted	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle power to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the Slave Terminal.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	cations Ethernet comm • EtherNet/IP Co I/O refreshing f nal stops.	Ethernet communication stops. • EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, NX Bus I/O refreshing for the NX Units in the snal stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX U		
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name		
tem-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The power supply to the Communications Coupler Unit was turned OFF or Support Software communications were disconnected while downloading the Unit configuration information.		munication Coup download the Un	Clear all of memory in the Communication Coupler Unit, and then download the Unit configuration information again.		the power supply rations Coupler of Support Soft- tions while down- configuration	
Attached information	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Unit Configuration	n Verification Erro	<u> </u>	Event code	35010000 hex		
Meaning			the Unit configura			n Counter Unit	
Wearing		•	ected. Or, the Unit			•	
		-	not set in the Com	-			
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP	Detection	When power is	
				Coupler Unit	timing	turned ON to	
						the EtherNet/IP	
						Coupler Unit,	
						when the Slave	
						Terminal is	
						restarted, or during NX bus	
						communica-	
						tions	
Error	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle power to	Log category	System	
attributes				the EtherNet/IP			
				Coupler Unit or			
				restart the Slave Terminal.			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		peration Is Set to I	Eail-soft and	
Lifects	Oser program	Continues.	Operation	When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to <i>Fail-soft</i> and Fail-soft Operation Is Possible			
				EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, NX Bus			
					for the NX Units the		
				-	Slave Terminal st		
				-	not be sent to the I		
					tion error in the Sla		
					peration Is Set to I	<i>Fail-soft</i> and	
				·	on Is Not Possible		
					is the same as whe	en fail-soft opera-	
				tion is set to St	ορ. peration Is Set to 3	Ston	
					•	•	
				cations	oupler Unit, EtherN	evir Communi-	
					nunications stops.		
					oupler Unit, NX Bus	5	
					or the NX Units in		
				nal stops.			
					not ha cont to tha I	VIV I I ! L ! L	
				Messages can		NX Units in the	
Core	Variable		Data trus	Messages can Slave Terminal		NX Units in the	
Sys- tem-defined	Variable None		Data type	_		VX Units in the	

Cause and	Assumed cause	Correction	Prevention
correction	An NX Unit that is registered in the	Connect the NX Units that are	Download the Unit configuration
	Unit configuration information is	registered in the Unit configuration	information that contains the actu-
	not connected.	information.	ally connected configuration to the
		Or, connect the Support Software,	Communication Coupler Unit.
		unregister the unconnected NX	
		Unit from the Unit configuration	
		information, and download the	
		Unit configuration information to	
		the Communications Coupler Unit.	
	A connected NX Unit does not	Connect the NX Units that are	
	agree with the NX Unit that is reg-	registered in the Unit configuration	
	istered in the Unit configuration	information.	
	information.	Or, connect the Support Software,	
		change the Unit configuration	
		information to reflect the actually	
		connected NX Units, and	
		download the Unit configuration	
		information to the	
		Communications Coupler Unit.	
	An NX Unit that is not registered in	Remove the NX Unit that is not	
	the Unit configuration information	registered in the Unit configuration	
	is connected.	information.	
		Or, connect the Support Software,	
		add the unregistered NX Unit to	
		the Unit configuration information,	
		and download the Unit	
		configuration information to the	
		Communications Coupler Unit.	

Cause and correction	A mounted Unit is disabled in the NX Unit Mounting Setting for the Unit configuration information. An NX Unit became disconnected during operation.	Remove the Unit that is disabled in the NX Unit Mounting Setting for the Unit configuration information. Or, connect the Support Software, enable the disabled Unit in the NX Unit Mounting Setting, download the Unit configuration information to the Communications Coupler Unit, and mount the enabled Unit. Turn OFF the power supply to the Slave Terminal, mount the NX Units securely, and turn the power supply to the Slave Terminal back	Remove the Unit that is disabled in the NX Unit Mounting Setting for the Unit configuration information. Or, connect the Support Software, enable the disabled Unit in the NX Unit Mounting Setting, download the Unit configuration information to the Communications Coupler Unit, and mount the enabled Unit. Do not connect or disconnect NX Units during operation.				
	An NX Unit was connected during operation.	ON. Cycle the power supply to the Slave Terminal.					
	The serial number of a Unit that is registered in the Unit configuration information does not agree with the serial number of the Unit that is connected. (The Serial Number Check Method is set to Setting = Actual device.)	Download the Unit configuration information in which the serial number of the connected Unit is set to the Communications Coupler Unit.	If the Serial Number Check Method is set to Setting = Actual device, read the serial numbers of the actually connected Units to the Support Software and use them.				
	The version of a Unit that is registered in the Unit configuration information is newer than the version of the Unit that is connected.	Create a Unit configuration information with the version of the actually connected Unit, and download it to the Communications Coupler Unit.	Make sure that the results of the compare and merge operation for the Unit configuration of the Slave Terminal do not indicate any incompatibilities before you download the Unit configuration information to the Communications Coupler Unit.				
	The power supply to an Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit is not turned ON.	Turn ON the power supply to the Additional NX Unit Power Supply Units before the NX Unit wait time expires.	Increase the length of the NX Unit wait time. Turn ON the power supply to the Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit before you turn ON the power supply to the Communication Coupler Unit.				
Attached	Attached information 1: Unit number of the NX Unit where the error was detected						
information	Attached Information 2: Error details						
	0: A connected Unit has the same model number as the Unit that is registered in the Unit						
	configuration information, but the Unit is not compatible.						
	1: A Unit that is registered in the Unit configuration information is not connected.						
	2: A Unit that is not registered in the Unit configuration information is connected.						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	TCP/IP Setting E	rror (Local IP Addr	ress)	Event code	35500000 hex		
Meaning	An error was dete	ected in the IP add					
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or the Slave Ter- minal is restarted	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle power to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the Slave Terminal.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	 When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Fail-soft EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops. NX Bus (1) NX Safety Standalone mode I/O refreshing to the NX Units continues. (2) Remote I/O mode. I/O refreshing to the NX Units stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX Units in the Slave Terminal. When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Stop EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops. NX Bus (1) NX Safety Standalone mode I/O refreshing to the NX Units stops. (2) Remote I/O mode. I/O refreshing to the NX Units stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX Units in the 			
Sys-	Variable		Data type	Slave Terminal	Name		
tem-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	TCP/IP setting error		Identify the error from the attached information, correct the setting, and then download the settings again. Then, cycle the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		Set the TCP/IP settings correctly.		
	Power was interrupted when a download was in progress for TCP/IP settings.		Download the TCP/IP settings again. Then, cycle the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		Do not turn OFF the power supply while a download is in progress for the TCP/IP settings.		
	The IP address d		Set the IP address correctly in the settings of the BOOTP server.		Set the IP address correctly in the settings of the BOOTP server.		
Attached information	BOOTP server is incorrect. settings of the BOOTP server. settings of the BOOTP server. Attached information 1: When settings are inconsistent (11 hex: Illegal IP address, 12 hex: Illegal subnet mask, 13 hex: Illegal default gateway, 14 hex: invalid primary name server, 15 hex: invalid secondary name server, 16 hex: invalid domain name, 17 hex: invalid host name)						

Precautions/ Remarks

If the IP address that was set in the TCP/IP settings is not correct, the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is started by the following IP addresses.

- · Setting with switches: IP address according to the switch settings
- Setting from the Network Configurator: Default IP address of the settings with the Network Configurator

If the power supply of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal is cycled in the status that the IP address delivered from the BOOTP server is not correct, the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is started by the following IP addresses.

- The TCP/IP settings are made: IP address that is set in the TCP/IP settings
- The TCP/IP settings are not made: Default IP address of the settings with the Network Configurator

Event name	NX Unit Processing Error			Event code	40200000 hex	
Meaning	A fatal error occu	rred in an NX Unit				
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP	Detection	Continuously
				Coupler Unit	timing	
Error	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the power	Log category	System
attributes				supply to the		
				EtherNet/IP		
				Coupler Unit		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	I/O refreshing for	the NX Units in th	e Slave Terminal
					cannot be sent to the NX Units in	
				the Slave Termin	al.	
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined	None					
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	An error occurred	d in the software.	Contact your OM	RON representa-	None	
			tive.			
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: System info	ormation			
information	Attached informa	tion 2: System info	ormation			
	Attached information 3: System information					
	Attached informa	tion 4: System info	ormation			
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	IP Address Duplic	cation Error	Event code		84500000 hex	
Meaning	The same IP add	ress is used more	than once		•	
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	After link is established
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle power to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the Slave Terminal.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	When Fail-soft O	peration Is Set to	Fail-soft
	User program Continues.			 When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Fail-soft EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops. NX Bus (1) NX Safety Standalone mode I/O refreshing to the NX Units continues. (2) Remote I/O mode. I/O refreshing to the NX Units stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX Units in the Slave Terminal. When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Stop EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops. NX Bus (1) NX Safety Standalone mode I/O refreshing to the NX Units stops. (2) Remote I/O mode. I/O refreshing to the NX Units stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX Units in the Slave Terminal. 		
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The IP address of the EtherNet/IP port is also used as the IP address of another node		Perform either of the following and then cycle the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Check the IP addresses of other nodes and correct the IP address settings so that the same address is not used by more than one node. Remove the node that has the duplicate IP address from the network.		Set the IP addres Net/IP Coupler U same address is another node.	Init so that the
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: Duplicated	IP address (exam	ple: C0A8FA01 he	x = address 192.1	68.250.1)
information					-	
Precautions/		•		nk of the EtherNet	•	
Remarks		asted with the set other node for this	-	licated address en	for occurs if there	is an AKP
	response nom ar	ioulei node ioi tilis	request.			

Event name	BOOTP Server C	Connection Error		Event code 84510000 hex*1		
Meaning	The connection v	with the BOOTP se	erver failed.			
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	During BOOTP operation
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Reset error in EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	Log category	System
Effects	User program Continues.		Operation	 When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Fail-soft EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops. NX Bus (1) NX Safety Standalone mode I/O refreshing to the NX Units continues. (2) Remote I/O mode I/O refreshing to the NX Units stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX Units in the Slave Terminal. When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Stop EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops. NX Bus (1) NX Safety Standalone mode I/O refreshing to the NX Units stops. (2) Remote I/O mode 		
					to the NX Units sto not be sent to the I.	
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	BOOTP server is	stopped.	Check if the BOO operating norma operate normally	lly and set it to	Set the BOOTP normally.	server to operate
	An error occurred in communications with the BOOTP server.		Check the communications path with the BOOTP server and take corrective measures if there are any problems.		Keep the commu	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

^{*1.} This event code occurs for unit version 1.2 or later of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Event name	NX Unit Commu	nications Timeout		Event code	84C00000 hex	_	
Meaning	An error occurre	d in I/O data comr	munications with the	NX Units.			
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	Continuously	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Reset error in EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	Log category	System log	
Effects	User program Continues.			Not affected.	peration Is Set to		
				EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops.			
				EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, NX Bus I/O refreshing for the NX Units in the Slave Terminal stops.			
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name		
tem-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	е	Correction		Prevention		
correction	An NX Unit is no	t mounted prop-	Mount the NX Ur	nits and End	Mount the NX U	nits and End	
	erly.	-		Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.		Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.	
	An NX Unit has failed.		you make the ab	If the error occurs again even after you make the above correction, replace the NX Unit.			
Attached information	Attached information 1: Unit number of the NX Unit			here the error was	detected		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	NX Unit Initialization Error			Event code	84C10000 hex		
Meaning	Initializing an NX	Unit failed.			-		
Source			Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, the Slave Terminal is restarted, an NX Unit is restarted, or an error is reset in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Reset error in EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program Continues.		S User program Continues. Operation	Operation	 When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Fail-soft EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, NX Bus I/O refreshing for all of the NX Units that have an initialization error in the Slave Terminal stops. When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Stop EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops. 		
					oupler Unit, NX Bu		
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name		
	None						
tem-defined variables	None						
	None Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
variables		d in processing		n the Communi- nit again. s again, check errors in the NX I/O data map- and correct any	Correctly set NX data mapping info	ormation, and set	
variables Cause and	Assumed cause An error occurred	d in processing on Coupler Unit.	Correction Set and save the tion information in cation Coupler U If this error occur that there are no Unit settings and ping information, errors that are fo Cycle the power evant NX Unit. If the error occur.	n the Communi- nit again. s again, check errors in the NX I/O data map- and correct any und. supply to the rel-	Correctly set NX data mapping info and save the Uninformation in the	ormation, and set it configuration	
variables Cause and	Assumed cause An error occurred the Communicati An initialization e	d in processing on Coupler Unit. Tror occurred in able/Disable Setels of the Analog	Correction Set and save the tion information is cation Coupler U If this error occur that there are no Unit settings and ping information, errors that are for Cycle the power evant NX Unit. If the error occurs the NX Unit. Set the Enabled	n the Communi- nit again. s again, check errors in the NX I/O data map- and correct any und. supply to the rel- s again, replace	Correctly set NX data mapping information in the Coupler Unit.	ormation, and set it configuration e Communication	
variables Cause and correction	An error occurred the Communication the Communication and NX Unit. The Channel Enating for all channel Input Unit are set The Enabled Chall channels of the Unit are set to Difference to the Channels of the Unit are set to Difference the Channels of the Unit are set to Difference the Communication of the Channels of the Unit are set to Difference the Communication of the Channels of the Unit are set to Difference the Channels of the Channels	d in processing on Coupler Unit. Tror occurred in able/Disable Setels of the Analog to Disable. Tannel Settings for e Analog Output sable.	Correction Set and save the tion information is cation Coupler U If this error occur that there are no Unit settings and ping information, errors that are for Cycle the power evant NX Unit. If the error occur the NX Unit. Set the Enabled to Enable for at least the Enable for at least the Enable to Enable the Information is the Enable of the Enable for at least the Enable of the Enable for at least the Enable of the E	n the Communi- nit again. s again, check errors in the NX I/O data map- and correct any und. supply to the rel- s again, replace Channel Setting east one channel.	Correctly set NX data mapping information in the Coupler Unit. None Set the Enabled to Disabled for or channels.	ormation, and set it configuration e Communication	
variables Cause and	An error occurred the Communication the Communication and NX Unit. The Channel Enating for all channel Input Unit are set The Enabled Chall channels of the Unit are set to Difference to the Channels of the Unit are set to Difference the Channels of the Unit are set to Difference the Communication of the Channels of the Unit are set to Difference the Communication of the Channels of the Unit are set to Difference the Channels of the Channels	d in processing on Coupler Unit. Tror occurred in able/Disable Setels of the Analog to Disable. Tannel Settings for e Analog Output sable.	Correction Set and save the tion information is cation Coupler U If this error occur that there are no Unit settings and ping information, errors that are for Cycle the power evant NX Unit. If the error occurs the NX Unit. Set the Enabled	n the Communi- nit again. s again, check errors in the NX I/O data map- and correct any und. supply to the rel- s again, replace Channel Setting east one channel.	Correctly set NX data mapping information in the Coupler Unit. None Set the Enabled to Disabled for or channels.	ormation, and set it configuration e Communication	

Event name	NX Unit Startup F	Error		Event code	84C50000 hex		
Meaning	Starting an NX U						
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, the Slave Ter- minal is restarted, or an error is reset in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	
Error attributes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle power to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the Slave Terminal.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	 When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Fail-soft EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, NX Bus I/O refreshing for all of the NX Units that have a startup error in the Slave Terminal stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX Units that have an initialization error in the Slave Terminal. When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Stop EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, EtherNet/IP Communications Ethernet communication stops. EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, NX Bus I/O refreshing for the NX Units in the Slave Terminal stops. Messages cannot be sent to the NX Units that 			
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name		
tem-defined variables	None						
	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A startup error occurred in an NX Unit.		Cycle the power supply to the Communication Coupler Unit. If this error occurs again even after you cycle the power supply, replace the NX Unit.		None		
Attached information	Attached informa	tion 1: Slot numbe	er of the NX Unit w		urred		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	NX Bus Cycle Delay Detected			Event code	350E0000 hex	
Meaning	Exceeding the N	X bus cycle was d	etected.			
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	Safe-Opera- tional or Opera- tional state
Error attributes	Level Observation Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Sys-	Variable		Data type	Name		
tem-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	,	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The NX bus cycle	e was exceeded.	Use the Support Software and download the configuration information.		None	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	NTP Client Settir	ng Frror		Event code	35510000 hex	
Meaning		ected in the NTP o	lient settinas		10000 110X	
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or the Slave Ter- minal is restarted
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Cycle power to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the Slave Terminal.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Time cannot be a	acquired from NTP.	
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The IP address s ent settings is inv		Correct the IP address of the NTP server in the NTP client settings and then download it again. Then, cycle the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Download the NTP client settings again. Then, cycle the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.		Set the IP address of the BOOTP server correctly in the NTP client settings.	
	Power was interr download was in NTP client setting	progress for the			Do not turn OFF the power supply while a download is in progress for the NTP client settings.	
Attached information	None		1		1	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	NX Message Co	mmunications Erro	or	Event code	80220000 hex			
Meaning	-				rame was discarde	ed.		
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	During message communications		
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program Continues.		Operation	Not affected.				
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name			
tem-defined variables	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	For the NX bus o		•					
	The message co load is high.	mmunications	Reduce the number instructions are unmessages.		Reduce the num instructions are unessages.	ber of times that used to send NX		
	For Communications Coupler Units							
	The message co load is high.	mmunications	Reduce the number of times instructions are used to send NX messages.		Reduce the number of times instructions are used to send NX messages.			
	The communications cable is disconnected or broken. This cause does not apply if attached information 2 is 0 (NX		Connect the comcable securely.	munications	Connect the con cable securely.	nmunications		
	bus). Message commucutoff by executir in message communication.	ng the followings						
	Transfer of par Support Software	•						
	Restoration of (if this error occurrence of the ercat Slave Tellor)	curred in the Eth-						
	slave (if this er	of an EtherCAT ror occurred in Slave Terminal)						
Attached		ation 1: System inf						
information	Attached Informa	* *	mmunications whe	re error occurred				
		0: NX bus						
		1: EtherCAT						
		2: Serial commu	nications (USB)					
		3: EtherNet/IP						
		65535: Internal l	Init communication	ns (routing)				
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	NTP Server Con	nection Error		Event code	84530000 hex		
Meaning	The connection v	vith the NTP serve	r failed.				
Source	EtherNet/IP				Detection timing	At NTP opera- tion	
Error attributes			Recovery	Reset error in EtherNet/IP	Log category	System	
				Coupler Unit.*1			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Time cannot be a	acquired from NTF).	
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name		
tem-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The IP address s NTP server			Correct the IP address of the NTP server at the remote connection in the NTP client settings and then download it again. Then, cycle the power supply to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Check if the NTP server at the		Set the IP address of the NTP server at the remote connection correctly. Set the NTP server at the remote	
	An error occurred in communications with the NTP server.		remote connection is operating normally and set it to operate normally if it is not. Check the communications path with the NTP server at the remote connection and take corrective measures if there are any prob-		Keep the communications status with the NTP server at the remote connection correctly.		
Attached information	None		lems.	, ج			
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

^{*1.} If you correct the NTP server settings, cycle the power to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or restart the Slave Terminal.

Event name	Link OFF Detecte	ed		Event code	84540000 hex	
Meaning	Disconnection of	an Ethernet link w	as detected.			
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	After link is established
Error attributes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Reset error in EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	An Ethernet cabl connected, or loc	,	securely. If the cable is broken, replace it.		Connect the Ethernet cable securely. Check the cable to make sure that it is not disconnected. Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Ethernet switch. Make the port settings at the remote node to the auto negotiation setting.	
	The Ethernet swi is turned OFF.	tch power supply				
	Link speed mism	atch.				
	Noise				Implement noise countermeasures.	
Attached information	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Event Log Cleare	ed		Event code	90400000 hex	9040 0000 hex	
Meaning	The event log was cleared.						
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When com- manded from user	
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name		
tem-defined variables	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The event log wa	s cleared by the					
	user.	user.					
Attached	Attached informa	ition 1: Events that	were cleared				
information		1: The system ev	ent log was cleare	ed.			
		2: The access ev	ent log was cleare	ed.			
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

- ,	ID (- , ,	004000001	
Event name	Restart Executed	1		Event code	90420000 hex	
Meaning	A restart was exe	ecuted.				
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP	Detection	When the Slave
				Coupler Unit	timing	Terminal or an
						NX Unit is
						restarted
Error	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access
attributes						
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation starts	after the restart is executed.	
Sys-	Variable		Data type	Name 		
tem-defined	None					
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction	Prevention		
correction	A restart comma	nd was received.				
Attached	Attached informa	ition 1: Type of res	tart			
information		0: The Slave Terr	minal was restarted	d.		
		1: An NX Unit wa	s restarted.			
	Attached informa	Attached information 2: Unit number of the NX Unit where the restart was executed				
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Memory All Cleared			Event code	9043 0000 hex	
Meaning	The Unit settings	were cleared.				
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP	Detection	When
				Coupler Unit	timing	commanded
						from user
Error	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access
attributes						
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit settings	were cleared.	
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined	None					
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The Clear All Me	mory operation				
	was executed.					
Attached		ition 1 and 3: Unit			• •	-
information		ar All Memory ope	ration was perform	ned for the entire S	lave Terminal, the	information given
	will be 255.					
	Attached informa	ition 2 and 4: Exec	ution results			
		0: Successful				
		1: Hardware erro	r			
		2: Initialization fa	iled			
	3: Initialization not possible					
Precautions/	Refer to the attac	ched information fo	or the results of the	Clear All Memory	operation.	
Remarks						

Event name	Link Detected			Event code	98100000 hex	
Meaning	Establishment of	an Ethernet link w	as detected			
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When establishing link
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined variables	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Establishment of an Ethernet link was detected.					
Attached	None					
information						
Precautions/	None			_		
Remarks						

Event name	IP Address Fixed			Event code	98110000 hex	
Meaning			etermined and Eth			
Source	FtherNet/IP	urcoo nao been de	Source details	FtherNet/IP	Detection	Mhan nawar ia
Source	Emerinetrip		Source details		2010011011	When power is
				Coupler Unit	timing	turned ON to
						the EtherNet/IP
						Coupler Unit or
						the Slave Ter-
						minal is
						restarted
Error	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
attributes						ļ ·
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined	None					
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The correct IP ad	dress has been				
	determined and E	Ethernet commu-				
	nication can start					
Attached	Attached informa	tion 1: IP address	(example: C0A8FA	A01 hex = address	s 192.168.250.1)	
information						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	BOOTP Client St	BOOTP Client Started		Event code	98120000 hex*1	
Meaning	The BOOTP clier	nt was started.				_
Source	EtherNet/IP		Source details	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Detection timing	When power is turned ON to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or the Slave Ter- minal is restarted
Error attributes	Level	Information	Recovery	Automatic recovery	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
Sys-	Variable		Data type		Name	
tem-defined	None					
variables						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The BOOTP clier	nt was started.				
Attached	None					
information						
Precautions/	None					_
Remarks						

^{*1.} This event code occurs for unit version 1.2 or later of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

12-4 Resetting Errors

Current errors in a Slave Terminal are retained, unless you reset them, until you cycle the power supply or restart the Slave Terminal.

To reset errors, you must remove the cause of the current error. If you reset an error without removing the cause, the same error will occur again.



Precautions for Correct Use

- · Resetting the errors does not remove the cause of the error.
- Always remove the cause of the error and then reset the error.

You can use the following methods to reset errors in a Slave Terminal.

Method	Operation	Scope of error reset	Description
Commands from	Resetting errors	All errors in the	Reset the error from the Troubleshooting
Support Software		Slave Terminal	Dialog Box on the Support Software.
		Errors for individu-	
		ally specified NX	
		Units	
	Clearing all memory	All errors in the	If the causes for the Slave Terminal errors
	for the Slave Termi-	Slave Terminal	are removed, all errors in the Slave Termi-
	nal		nal are reset.
	Restarting Slave		
	Terminals		
CIP Command	Clear Error	All errors in the	Use a CIP command to send an explicit
		Slave Terminal	message to the Slave Terminal.
			Refer to A-1 Supported CIP Objects on
			page A-3 for more information.
Cycling the Unit		All errors in the	If the causes for the Slave Terminal errors
power supply to the		Slave Terminal	are removed, all errors in the Slave Termi-
Slave Terminal			nal are reset when the Slave Terminal is
			restarted.



Additional Information

With Safety Control Units, it is sometimes necessary to reset errors from a safety program. Refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual* (Cat. No. Z930) for information on resetting errors for Safety Control Units.

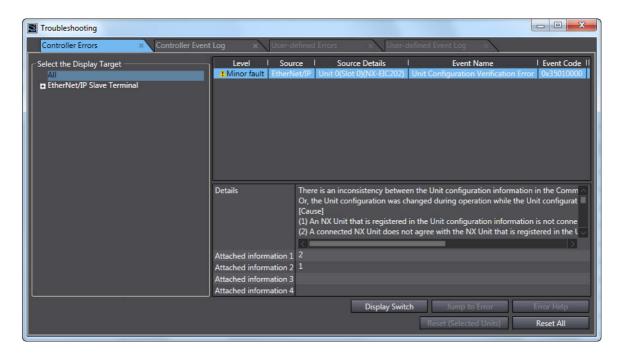
12-4-1 Procedure to Reset Errors

The current errors and the contents of the event logs in the online Controller are read and reset in the Troubleshooting Dialog Box. Use the Support Software. The operations are described by using the Sysmac Studio as an example. For Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio, refer to the operation manual for the Support Software that you are using.

Resetting Errors Individually in Units in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

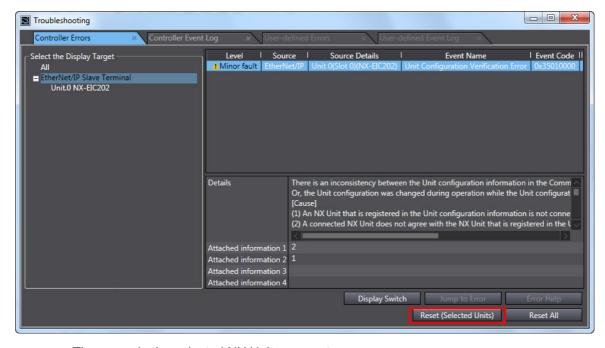
- Connect the computer on which the Support Software is installed to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and go online.
- Select Troubleshooting from the Tools Menu while online. You can also click the Troubleshooting button in the toolbar.

The following Troubleshooting Dialog Box is displayed.



The current Controller errors are displayed on the Controller Errors Tab Page (observations and information are not displayed).

In the Select the Display Target of the Controller Errors Tab Page, select the Unit for which to reset the errors and click the Reset (Selected Units) button.



The errors in the selected NX Unit are reset.



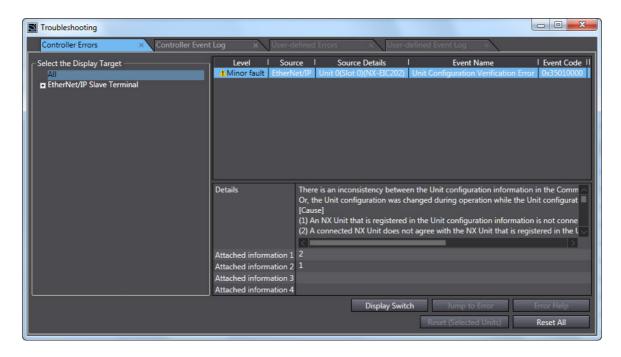
Additional Information

If you select the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal or EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, errors are reset for the entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

Resetting the Errors in All Units in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal at the Same Time

- 1 Connect the computer on which the Support Software is installed to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and go online.
- 2 Select *Troubleshooting* from the Tools Menu while online. You can also click the **Troubleshooting** button in the toolbar.

The following Troubleshooting Dialog Box is displayed.



The current Controller errors are displayed on the Controller Errors Tab Page (observations and information are not displayed).

3 Click the Reset All button.

The errors are reset. Any errors for which the causes remain are displayed again.

12-5 Troubleshooting Other Errors

This section describes error symptoms that cannot be resolved with the methods for checking for errors and troubleshooting that were described earlier.

Status	Possible cause and correction
When the Unit configuration was registered, the TS indicator on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit flashed green, and the TS indicators on the	The NX bus connector on the left side of the Units where the TS indicators are not lit is not connected properly. Connect it properly and cycle the power supply.
first few NX Units near the Ether- Net/IP Coupler Unit flash green and the TS indicators on the other NX Units are not lit.	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit NX Units TS indicator status
	Flashing. Not lit. Faulty connection
 All TS indicators on the Ether-Net/IP Slave Terminal (EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units) are lit green. When the output of the Ether-Net/IP Coupler is active, the OUT indicator on the Digital I/O Unit is lit yellow but the actual output is OFF. A device (e.g., sensor) that is connected to the Digital I/O Unit is ON, but a signal is not input, and the IN and OUT indicators are both not lit. 	 The power supply to the Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit is not turned ON. Check the wiring and turn ON the power supply. The NX bus connectors between the Units are not connected properly. Make sure that the Unit hookup guides are properly engaged. The wiring for the I/O power supply is disconnected. Check the wiring.



Maintenance and Inspection

This section describes the procedures for cleaning, inspecting, and replacing Ether-Net/IP Coupler Units.

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13	3-1-2	Periodic Inspections	13-2
13-2 M	lainte	nance Procedures	13-4
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13-1 Cleaning and Maintenance

This section describes daily maintenance and the cleaning and inspection methods.

Inspect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit daily or periodically in order to keep it in optimal operating condition.

13-1-1 Cleaning

Clean the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit regularly as described below in order to keep it in optimal operating condition.

- · Wipe the network over with a soft, dry cloth when doing daily cleaning.
- · If dirt remains even after wiping with a soft, dry cloth, wipe over with a cloth that has been wet with a sufficiently diluted detergent (2%) and wrung dry.
- A smudge may remain on the Unit from gum, vinyl, or tape that was left on for a long time. Remove the smudge when cleaning.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Never use volatile solvents, such as paint thinner, benzene, or chemical wipes.
- · Do not touch the NX bus connector.

13-1-2 Periodic Inspections

Although the major components in EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit have an extremely long life time, they can deteriorate under improper environmental conditions. Periodic inspections are thus required.

Inspection is recommended at least once every six months to a year, but more frequent inspections will be necessary in adverse environments.

Take immediate steps to correct the situation if any of the conditions in the following table are not met.

Periodic Inspection Points

No.	Item	Inspection	Criteria	Action
1	External power supplies	Measure the power supply voltage at the terminal blocks, and make sure that they are within the criteria voltage.	The voltage must be within the power supply voltage range.	Use a voltage tester to check the power supply at the terminals. Take necessary steps to bring voltage of the supplied power to within the power supply voltage range.
2	I/O power supplies	Measure the power supply voltages at the input and output terminal blocks, and make sure that they are within the criteria voltage.	The voltages must be within the I/O specifications for each NX Unit.	Use a voltage tester to check the power supply at the terminals. Take necessary steps to bring voltage of the I/O power supplies to within the I/O specifications of each Unit.

No.	Item	Inspection	Criteria	Action
3	Ambient environ- ment	Check that the ambient operating temperature is within the criteria.	0 to 55°C	Use a thermometer to check the temperature and ensure that the ambient temperature remains within the allowed range of 0 to 55°C.
		Check that the ambient operating humidity is within the criteria.	10 to 95% With no condensation.	Use a hygrometer to check the humidity and ensure that the ambient humidity remains between 10% and 95%.
				Check that condensation does not occur due to rapid changes in temperature.
		Check that the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is not in direct sunlight.	Not in direct sunlight	Protect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit if necessary.
		Check for accumulation of dirt, dust, salt, or metal powder.	No accumulation	Clean and protect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit if necessary.
		Check for water, oil, or chemical sprays hitting the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	No spray	Clean and protect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit if necessary.
		Check for corrosive or flamma- ble gases in the area of the Eth- erNet/IP Coupler Unit.	No corrosive or flammable gases	Check by smell or use a gas sensor.
		Check that the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is not subject to direct vibration or shock.	Vibration and shock must be within specifications.	Install cushioning or shock absorbing equipment if necessary.
		Check for noise sources nearby the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	No significant noise sources	Either separate the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and noise source or protect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
4	Installa- tion and wiring	Check that the DIN Track mounting hooks on all Units are securely locked.	No looseness	Securely lock all DIN Track mounting hooks.
		Check that cable connectors are fully inserted and locked.	No looseness	Correct any improperly installed connectors.
		Check that the screws on the End Plates (PFP-M) are tight.	No looseness	Tighten loose screws with a Phillips screwdriver.
		Check that each Unit is con- nected along the hookup guides, and fully inserted until it contacts the DIN Track.	The Units must be con- nected and securely in place on the DIN Track.	Connect each Unit along the hookup guides, and insert each Units until it contacts the DIN Track.
		Check for damaged external wiring cables.	No visible damage	Check visually and replace cables if necessary.

Tools Required for Inspections

Required Tools

- · Flat-blade screwdriver
- · Phillips screwdriver
- Voltage tester or voltmeter
- · Industrial alcohol and clean cotton cloth

Tools Required Occasionally

- Oscilloscope
- Thermometer and hygrometer

13-2 Maintenance Procedures

This section describes the procedures to replace the Slave Terminal components.

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit stores NX Unit setting data. If you replace the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, you must restore the settings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler and the NX Units using the Support Software.

Replacing an NX Unit on a previously configured EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit will cause that NX Unit to inherit settings from the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

13-2-1 Importing and Exporting Data

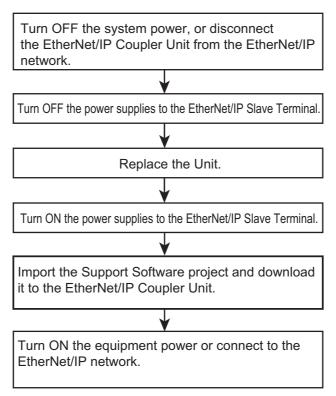
You can use the Support Software to export and import the Slave Terminal settings and NX Unit settings as files. This allows you to reuse settings from an Slave Terminal or NX Units for other Slave Terminals or NX Units such as:

- · Unit configuration information
- I/O allocation information
- · Unit operation settings
- · Hardware switch information

Refer to 9-2-6 Support Software Functions Used as Required on page 9-24 for more information about importing and exporting Slave Terminal settings.

13-2-2 Replacement Procedure for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

This section describes how to replace the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.



- Turn OFF the power supply to all of the equipment or disconnect the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal that includes the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit from the EtherNet/IP network.
- Turn OFF the Unit power supplies and I/O power supplies for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

- **3** Replace the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Make sure that the hardware switches are set to the same settings as the original Unit.
- **4** Turn ON the Unit power supplies and I/O power supplies to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.
- 5 Import a Support Software project, download and verify data for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit using the Support Software.
- **6** Turn ON the power supply to all of the equipment, or connect the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal to the EtherNet/IP network.



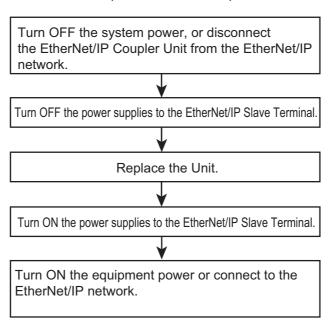
Additional Information

- Refer to 6-1 Installing Units on page 6-2 for the procedures to mount and remove the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit.
- Refer to *Precautions for Safe Use* on page 18 for the procedures to disconnect and connect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit from and to the EtherNet/IP network.

13-2-3 Basic Replacement Procedure for NX Units

This section describes the basic replacement procedures for the NX Units that are mounted after the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

The procedure may differ from the one that is described below depending on the model number of the NX Unit. Refer to the manual for the specific NX Unit to replace, in addition to this manual.



- 1 Turn OFF the power supply to all of the equipment or disconnect the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal that includes the NX Unit to replace from the EtherNet/IP network.
- **2** Turn OFF the Unit power supplies and I/O power supplies for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.
- **3** Replace the NX Unit. If the NX Unit has hardware switches, set the hardware switches to the same settings as on the original NX Unit.
- **4** Turn ON the Unit power supplies and I/O power supplies to the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.
- **5** Turn ON the power supply to all of the equipment, or connect the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal to the EtherNet/IP network.



Precautions for Correct Use

Checking the Serial Numbers of NX Units

If the Serial Number Check Method setting on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is set to Setting = Actual device, temporarily change this setting to None, and then replace the NX Unit. Get the serial number of the new NX Unit, and then set the Serial Number Check Method setting on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to Setting = Actual device again.

If you replace the NX Unit with the Serial Number Check Method setting set to Setting = Actual device, a Unit Configuration Verification Error will occur.

Refer to 9-2-2 Setting the NX Unit Configuration Information on page 9-7 for details on the Serial Number Check Method setting for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, and to 9-2-6 Support Software Functions Used as Required on page 9-24 for details on getting the serial numbers of NX Units.



Additional Information

- Refer to the manual for the specific NX Unit for the procedures to mount and remove the NX Unit.
- Refer to *Precautions for Safe Use* on page 18 for the procedures to disconnect and connect the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit from and to the EtherNet/IP network.

Using Settings from NX Units on Other Slave Terminals 13-2-4

To mount and use NX Units that were set for one Slave Terminal under a different EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, you must export and import NX Unit settings.

To use the NX Unit settings on a different Slave Terminal, you must export the NX Unit settings from the Unit configuration of the set Slave Terminal and then import the settings to the Unit configuration of the newly mounted Slave Terminal.



Additional Information

- Refer to 9-2-6 Support Software Functions Used as Required on page 9-24 for information on exporting and importing NX Unit settings.
- · Some of the NX Unit settings are saved in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Therefore, even if you upload the NX Unit settings to an NX Unit that was set on a different Slave Terminal, the original NX Unit settings are not correctly applied to the newly mounted Slave Terminal. If you want to use the set NX Unit by mounting it to another Slave Terminal, transfer the Unit operation settings to the relevant NX Unit.



Appendices

The appendices provide information on CIP objects, TCP/UDP message service functions, and other supplemental information.

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A-1 Supported CIP Objects

This appendix lists the supported CIP objects and describes CIP message examples and response codes.

The following CIP objects are supported.

Object name	Function	Reference
Identity object	Read product information from an Eth-	A-1-1 Identity Object (Class ID: 01
	erNet/IP Coupler Unit.	Hex) on page A-3
Assembly object	Concatenates the I/O data for an Ether-	A-1-2 Assembly Object (Class ID:
	Net/IP Coupler Unit and the NX Units.	04 Hex) on page A-5
NX Configuration object	Controls NX Units.	A-1-3 NX Configuration Object
		(Class ID: 74 Hex) on page A-6
TCP/IP Interface object	Sets the TCP/IP interface.	A-1-4 TCP/IP Interface Object
		(Class ID: F5 Hex) on page A-22
Ethernet Link object	Gets Ethernet Link information.	A-1-5 Ethernet Link Object (Class
		ID: F6 Hex) on page A-25



Precautions for Correct Use

The parameter data type for CIP objects is one of INT, UINT, UDINT, ULINT, WORD, and DWORD. Write data is stored little endian. Read data is also stored little endian.

Attributes values in this manual are written big endian.

A-1-1 Identity Object (Class ID: 01 Hex)

The Identity object is used to get product information from an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Service Codes

The following service codes are supported.

Service code	Parameter name	Description	Supported service range	
(hex)	Parameter name	Description	Class	Instance
01	Get_Attribute_All	Reads the values of all attributes.	Yes	Yes
05	Reset	0: Restart	No	Yes
		1: Restart with default settings		
0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Reads the value of a specified	Yes	Yes
		attribute.		

Class IDs and Instance IDs

The class ID and instance ID are given in the following table.

ID type	Value (hex)
Class ID	01
Instance ID	01

Attribute IDs

The instance attribute IDs are given in the following table.

Attribute ID (hex)	Parameter name	Description	Attribute	Data type	Value (hex)
01	Vender ID	Vendor ID	Read	UINT	002F (fixed)
02	Device Type	Device type	Read	UINT	000C (fixed)
03	Product Code	Product code	Read	UINT	See below.
04	Revision	Device CIP revision	Read	STRUCT	See below.
	Major Revision	Major revision	Read	USINT	
	Minor Revision	Minor revision	Read	USINT	
05	Status	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit status	Read	WORD	See below.
06	Serial Number	Serial number	Read	UDINT	9D461D01*1
07	Product Name	Product name	Read	SHORT STRING	094E582D45 4943323032 (fixed)*2

^{*1.} The value of Serial Number is different for each Unit.

Value of Product Code

Model	Value of Product Code (hex)
NX-EIC202	067C (fixed)

Values of Revision

Unit version of NX-EIC202	Value of Major Revision (hex)	Value of Minor Revision (hex)
Ver.1.0	01	02
Ver.1.2	01	03

Values of Status

Bit	Name	Description
0	Owned	Indicates that the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit opened a connection as the target
		of a tag data link.
		TRUE: Open.
		FALSE: Not open.
1	Reserved	Always FALSE.
2	Configured	Indicates that the NX Unit configuration information has been confirmed.
		TRUE: Confirmed.
		FALSE: Not confirmed.
3	Reserved	Always FALSE.
4-7	Extended Device	Gives the status of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
	Status	02 hex: A timeout occurred in one or more target connections.
		03 hex: A tag data link is not set.
		05 hex: There is a Major Fault.
		06 hex: One or more connections are communicating normally.

^{*2.} This indicates "NX-EIC202".

Bit	Name	Description
8	Minor Recoverable	Indicates that the following error has occurred. The value changes to TRUE
	Fault	when the error occurs.
		Tag Data Link Timeout
9	Minor Unrecover-	Indicates that the following error has occurred. The value changes to TRUE
	able Fault	when the error occurs.
		IP Address Duplication Error
10	Major Recoverable	Indicates that one of the following errors has occurred. The value changes to
	Fault	TRUE when one of these errors occurs.
		Unit Configuration Verification Error
		Non-volatile Memory Control Parameter Error
		Unit Configuration Information Error
		Unit Configuration Error, Too Many Units
		Unit Configuration Error, Unsupported Configuration
		TCP/IP Setting Error (Local IP Address)
		NTP Client Setting Error
		NX Unit Communications Timeout
		NX Unit Initialization Error
		NX Unit Startup Error
11	Major Unrecover-	Indicates that one of the following errors has occurred. The value changes to
	able Fault	TRUE when one of these errors occurs.
		Bus Controller Error
		Non-volatile Memory Hardware Error
		Memory Corruption Detected
12	Reserved	Always FALSE.

A-1-2 Assembly Object (Class ID: 04 Hex)

The Assembly object is used to concatenate I/O data from the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units.

Service Codes

The following service codes are supported.

Service code	Parameter name	Description	Supported service range	
(hex)	rafailleter flaille	Description	Class	Instance
0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Reads the value of a specified attribute.	Yes	Yes
10	Set_Attribute_Single	Writes the value of a specified attribute.	No	Yes

Class IDs and Instance IDs

The class ID and instance ID are given in the following table.

ID type	Value (hex)	Description
Class ID	04	
Instance ID	64	Input data instance (Data direction: Originator to Target)
	94	Output data instance (Data direction: Target to Originator)
	C5	Heart beat instance for input only connection
	C6	Heart beat instance for listen only connection
	C7	Configuration instance

If you use a master from another company, set the following instance IDs according to the connection form of the tag data link communications (implicit message). These settings are not required if you import the EDS file into the support software of the other company.

Connection form	Input data instance (hex)	Output data instance (hex)	Configuration instance (hex)
Input or Output	64	94	C7
InputOnly	64	C5	C7
ListenOnly	64	C6	C7

Attribute IDs

The instance attribute IDs are given in the following tables.

• Attribute ID for Instance ID 64 Hex (Input Data Instance)

Attribute ID (hex)	Parameter name	Description	Attribute	Data type	Value (hex)
03	Data	Input data	Read or Write	ARRAY OF BYTE	0 to 504 bytes of data

• Attribute ID for Instance ID 94 Hex (Output Data Instance)

Attribute ID (hex)	Parameter name	Description	Attribute	Data type	Value (hex)
03	Data	Output data	Read or	ARRAY	0 to 504 bytes of
			Write	OF BYTE	data

A-1-3 NX Configuration Object (Class ID: 74 Hex)

The NX Configuration object is used to control NX Units.

Service Codes

The following service codes are supported.

Service code	Parameter name	Description	Supported service range	
(hex)	Parameter name	Description	Class	Instance
0E*1	Get_Attribute_Single	Reads the value of a specified attribute.	No	Yes
10 ^{*1}	Set_Attribute_Single	Writes the value of an attribute.	No	Yes
32	Clear error	Clears NX Unit errors.	No	Yes
33 ^{*1}	Read NX object	Reads the value of an NX object.	No	Yes
34 ^{*1}	Write NX object	Writes the value of an NX object.	No	Yes
35 ^{*1}	Restart NX unit	Restarts an NX Unit.	No	Yes
36 ^{*1}	Save parameter	Saves the settings of an NX Unit.	No	Yes
37 ^{*1}	Switch parameter write mode	Changes an NX Unit to NX Unit Write Mode.	No	Yes
38 ^{*1}	Read total power on time	Reads the total power-ON time of an NX Unit.	No	Yes

Service code	Parameter name	Description	Supported service range	
(hex)	Parameter name	Description	Class	Instance
39 ^{*1}	Change NX state	Changes the status of an NX Unit.	No	Yes
3A*1	Get current error	Reads current errors from an NX Unit.	No	Yes
3B ^{*1}	Get event log	Reads the event log from an NX Unit.	No	Yes
3C*1	Clear event log	Clears the event log from an NX Unit.	No	Yes
3D*1	Initialize unit operation parameter	Initializes the setting parameters in an NX Unit.	No	Yes

^{*1.} These service codes can be used with NX-EIC202 version 1.2 or later.

Clear Error (Service Code: 32 Hex)

The request format and format for normal responses for Clear error are given below. A normal reply is always returned for this service.

Request Format

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	32
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401

Format for Normal Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Clear error service	USINT	B2
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00

Read NX Object (Service Code: 33 Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Read NX object are given below.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	33
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler Unit
			0001 to 003F: NX Unit
			0040 or higher: Not supported.
Index	Object dictionary index	UINT	Object dictionary index
Sub index	Object dictionary subin-	USINT	Object dictionary subindex
	dex		
Control Field	Complete access speci-	USINT	00: Not specified.
	fication		01: Specified.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Read NX object service	USINT	B3
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00
Length	Read data size	UINT	Read data size in
			bytes
Read data	Read data	Depends on the	Read data
		type of data.	

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Read NX object service	USINT	B3
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00 ^{*1}
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}
02	Resource unavailable
10	Device state conflict
11	Reply data too large
13	Not enough data
15	Too much data
1F	Vendor specific error
20	Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

• Write NX Object (Service Code: 34 Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Write NX object are given below.

Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service code	USINT	34
Request path size	USINT	02
Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401
Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler Unit
		0001 to 003F: NX Unit
		0040 or higher: Not supported.
Object dictionary index	UINT	Object dictionary index
Object dictionary subindex	USINT	Object dictionary subindex
	Service code Request path size Request path Unit number Object dictionary index Object dictionary subin-	Service code Request path size Request path Padded EPATH Unit number UINT Object dictionary index Object dictionary subin- USINT

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Control Field	Complete access speci-	USINT	00: Not specified.
	fication		01: Specified.
Length	Write data size	UINT	Data size in bytes
Write data	Write data	Depends on the	Write data
		type of data.	

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Write NX object service	USINT	B4
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Write NX object service	USINT	B4
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00 ^{*1}
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}
-	Resource unavailable
	Attribute not settable
	Device state conflict
	Not enough data
15 1F	Too much data
	Vendor specific error
20	Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to *General Status Code* on page A-30 for error descriptions.

Restart NX Unit (Service Code: 35 Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Restart NX unit object are given below.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	35
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler Unit
			0001 to 003F: NX Unit
			0040 or higher: Not supported.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Restart NX unit service	USINT	B5
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Restart NX unit service	USINT	B5
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00*1
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

	General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}
02		Resource unavailable
10		Device state conflict
13		Not enough data
15 1F		Too much data
1F		Vendor specific error*2
20		Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

Save Parameter (Service Code: 36 Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Save parameter object are given below.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	36
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

^{*2.} A vendor specific error will occur if you execute this service for an NX Unit that does not support restarting.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler Unit
			0001 to 003F: NX Unit
			0040 or higher: Not supported.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Save parameter service	USINT	B6
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Save parameter service	USINT	B6
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00 ^{*1}
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}
02	Resource unavailable
13	Not enough data
15	Too much data
19	Store operation failure
1F	Vendor specific error
20	Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

Switch Parameter Write Mode (Service Code: 37 Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Switch parameter write mode object are given below.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	37
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: All Units in the Slave Terminal
			0001 to 003F: NX Unit
			0040 or higher: Not supported.

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Switch parameter write mode service	USINT	B7
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Switch parameter write mode service	USINT	B7
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00 ^{*1}
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

General status co	ode (hex) Error code ^{*1}
02	Resource unavailable
10	Device state conflict
13	Not enough data
15	Too much data
1F	Vendor specific error
20	Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

• Read Total Power ON Time (Service Code: 38 Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Read total power on time object are given below.

Request Format

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	38
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler Unit
			0001 to 003F: NX Unit
			0040 or higher: Not supported.

Format for Normal Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Read total power on time service	USINT	B8

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00
Total power on time	Total power-ON time	ULINT	Total
			power-ON time

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Switch parameter write mode service	USINT	B8
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00 ^{*1}
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}
02	Resource unavailable
13	Not enough data
15	Too much data
1F	Vendor specific error
20	Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

Change NX State (Service Code: 39 Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Change NX state object are given below.

Request Format

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	39
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler Unit
			0001 or higher: Not supported.
State	State of NX Unit	BYTE	04: Safe-Operational
			08: Operational
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
Output data access	Monitoring timeout time for	UDINT	0000000A to 0036EE80: Time-
watch dog timeout time (ms)	output data access*1		out time ^{*2}

^{*1.} If the communications master does not write the output data within the access monitor timeout time, the outputs from the NX Unit are stopped.

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

*2. The address is set in increments of 10 ms. If you set 0000000A hex (10 decimal), the time will be 10 ms. If you set 0036EE80 hex (3,600,000 decimal), the time will be 1 hour.

Format for Normal Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Change NX state service	USINT	B9
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Change NX state service	USINT	B9
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00 ^{*1}
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}
02	Resource unavailable
10	Device state conflict*2*3
13	Not enough data
15	Too much data
20	Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

^{*3.} A device state conflict error will occur if you execute this service for an NX Unit for which writing is enabled by an execution of the Switch parameter write mode object.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If you do not use tag data link communications but want to input and output data with an NX Unit, use this service and set the NX Unit to Operational state in advance.
- NX-series Safety Units do not support Change NX state.
- If you execute Change NX Unit state when tag data link communications are established, a
 Device state conflict error occurs and the state of the NX Unit does not change. Restart the
 EtherNet/IP Unit to enable any changes made with Change NX state.
- You cannot establish tag data link communications during execution of Change NX state.
- To confirm from the user program that I/O data communications for an NX Unit are possible, use NX Unit Message Enabled Status in the I/O data. To check the Slave Terminal status, use Slave Terminal Status in the I/O data. For details, refer to *Details of I/O Data in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit* on page 9-15.

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

^{*2.} A drive state conflict error will occur if you execute this service when tag data link communications are established.

• Get Current Error (Service Code: 3A Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Get current error object are given below.

Request Format

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	3A
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler Unit 0001 to 003F: NX Unit 0040 or higher: Not supported.
Start number of read record	Number of first record to read	UINT	Number of first record to read
Number of request read record	Requested number of records to read	UINT	Requested number of records to read*1

^{*1.} The range of values is 0 to 9.

Format for Normal Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Get current error	USINT	BA
	service		
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00
Error update count	Total number of errors	UINT	Total number of errors
Record size	Size of one record (bytes)	UINT	0032 (fixed)
Number of registered	Number of registered	UINT	Number of registered
record	records		records
Number of readout record	Number of records that were	UINT	Number of records that
	read ^{*1}		were read
Current error record[0]	Current error 0	ARRAY OF	Current error 0
		STRUCT*2	
:	:	:	:
Current error record[8]	Current error 8	ARRAY OF	Current error 8
		STRUCT*2	

^{*1.} The number of current records specified by Number of readout record are stored in the Current error record array. The remaining elements in the Current error record array are not included in the response data.

Structure Specifications for Current Error Record

Member name	Description	Data type
Index	Index of current error*1	UDINT
Unit number	Unit number	USINT
	0: Communications Coupler Unit	
	1 to 63: NX Unit	
Event priority	Event level	USINT

^{*2.} The structure specifications are given below.

Member name	Description	Data type
Event occurred time	Time of error occurrence	UDINT
Product code	Product code of Unit where error occurred	UDINT
Event code	Event code*2	UDINT
Additional information[0]	Event additional information [0]*1	ARRAY OF BYTE
:	:	:
Additional information[31]	Event additional information [8]*1	ARRAY OF BYTE

^{*1.} These numbers are attached in the order that the errors occurred.

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Get current error service	USINT	BA
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00*1
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

	General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}
02		Resource unavailable
13		Not enough data
15		Too much data
1F		Vendor specific error
20		Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

• Get Event Log (Service Code: 3B Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Get event log object are given below.

Request Format

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	3B
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler
			Unit
			0001 to 003F: NX Unit
			0040 or higher: Not supported.
Event log type	Type of event log	UINT	0000: System event log
			0001: Access event log

^{*2.} Refer to 12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures on page 12-22 for details.

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Start index of read	Index number of first record	UDINT	Index number of first record to
record	to read		read
Number of read record	Number of records to read	UINT	Number of records to read ^{*1}

^{*1.} The range of values is 0 to 9.

Format for Normal Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service Reply to Get event log service		USINT	ВВ
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00
Record size	Size of one record (bytes)	UINT	0032 (fixed)
Number of registerd record	Number of registered records	UINT	Number of registered records
Latest index of registered record	Index number of most recently registered record	UDINT	Index number of most recently registered record
Last index of readout record	Index number of record that was read last	UDINT	Index number of record that was read last
Number of readout record	Number of records that were read*1	UINT	Number of records that were read
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
Event log record[0]	Event log record 0	ARRAY OF STRUCT*2	Event log record 0
:	:	:	:
Event log record[8]	Event log record 8	ARRAY OF STRUCT*1	Event log record 8

^{*1.} The number of event log records specified by Number of readout record are stored in the Event log record array. The remaining elements in the Event log record array are not included in the response data.

Structure Specifications for Event Log Record

Member name	Description	Data type
Index	Index of the event log record*1	UDINT
Unit number	Unit number	USINT
	0: Communications Coupler Unit	
	1 to 63: NX Unit	
Event priority	Event level	USINT
Event occurred time	Event time of occurrence	UDINT
Product code	Product code of Unit where event occurred	UDINT
Event code	Event code ^{*2}	UDINT
Additional information[0]	Event additional information [0]*1	ARRAY OF BYTE
:	:	:
Additional information[31]	Event additional information [8] ^{*1}	ARRAY OF BYTE

^{*1.} These numbers are attached in the order that the events occurred.

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Get event log service	USINT	BB
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00

^{*2.} The structure specifications are given below.

^{*2.} Refer to 12-3-5 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures on page 12-22 for details.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00*1
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}	
02	Resource unavailable	
13	Not enough data	
15	Too much data	
1F	Vendor specific error	
20	Invalid parameter	

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

Clear Event Log (Service Code: 3C Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Clear event log object are given below.

Request Format

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code	USINT	3C
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler Unit
			0001 to 003F: NX Unit
			0040 or higher: Not supported.
Event log type	Type of event log	UINT	0000: System event log
			0001: Access event log
			0002: Both system event log and access
			event log

Format for Normal Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Clear event log service	USINT	BC
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Clear event log service	USINT	BC
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00*1
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}
02	Resource unavailable
13	Not enough data
15	Too much data
1F	Vendor specific error
20	Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

Initialize Unit Operation Parameter (Service Code: 3D Hex)

The request format, format for normal responses, format for error responses, and CIP error codes for the Initialize unit operation parameter object are given below.

Request Format

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Service	Service code*1*2*3	USINT	3D
Request Path Size	Request path size	USINT	02
Request Path	Request path	Padded EPATH	20742401
Unit No	Unit number	UINT	0000: Communications Coupler Unit*4
			0001 to 003F: NX Unit
			0040 or higher: Not supported.

^{*1.} The initialized parameters are enabled after the Unit is restarted.

Format for Normal Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Initialize unit operation parameter service	USINT	BD
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Code that indicates normal	USINT	00
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

^{*2.} A Memory All Cleared event (event code 90430000 hex) will be registered after this service is executed.

^{*3.} The NX-series Safety CPU Units do not support this service. An error will occur if you execute this service for an NX-series Safety Control Unit.

^{*4.} Settings related to TCP/IP, NTP, and other parts of the Ethernet configuration are not initialized.

Format for Error Response

Parameter name	Description	Data type	Value (hex)
Reply Service	Reply to Initialize unit operation parameter	USINT	BD
	service		
Reserved	Reserved	USINT	00
General Status	Current error code defined by CIP	USINT	Current error code
Size of Additional Status	Size of Additional status	USINT	00*1
Additional status	Additional status	UINT	Additional status*2

^{*1.} If the general status code in the response code is 0x1F (Vendor specific error), the value is 0x01.

CIP error code

	General status code (hex)	Error code ^{*1}
02		Resource unavailable
10		Device state conflict
13		Not enough data
15		Too much data
1F		Vendor specific error
20		Invalid parameter

^{*1.} Refer to General Status Code on page A-30 for error descriptions.

Class IDs and Instance IDs

The class ID and instance ID are given in the following table.

ID type	Value (hex)
Class ID	74
Instance ID	01

Attribute IDs

The instance attribute IDs are given in the following table.

Attribute ID (hex)	Parameter name	Description	Attribute	Data type	Value (hex)
01	NX PDO total output size	EtherNet/IP maximum I/O connection output size*1	Read	UINT	0000 to 01F8 ^{*2}
02	NX PDO total input size	EtherNet/IP maximum I/O connection input size*3	Read	UINT	0000 to 01F8 ^{*1}

^{*2.} This is stored only when the value of Size of Additional Status is 0x01.

Attribute ID (hex)	Parameter name	Description	Attribute	Data type	Value (hex)
03	NX unit configuration mode	NX Unit configuration information mode	Read or Write	UINT	0000: Clear NX Unit configuration information and change to NX Unit self-configuration mode. 0001: Set the NX Unit configuration information with the current Unit configuration.
04	Clock time for event log	Time setting for event logs	Read or Write	ARRAY OF UINT	Default: 0000 UINT[0]: Year UINT[1]: Month UINT[2]: Day of month UINT[3]: Hour UINT[4]: Minutes
					UINT[4]: Minutes UINT[5]: Seconds

^{*1.} The size is unified to the output data size in the Assembly object.

A-1-4 TCP/IP Interface Object (Class ID: F5 Hex)

The TCP/IP Interface object is used to set up the TCP/IP interface.

Service Codes

Specify the service to execute with the service code.

Service code (hex)	Parameter name	Description	Supported service range		
Service code (Hex)	Farameter name	Description	Class	Instance	
0E	Get_Attribute_Single		Yes	Yes	
10	Set_Attribute_Single		No	Yes	

Class IDs and Instance IDs

The class ID and instance ID are given in the following table.

ID type	Value (hex)
Class ID	F5
Instance ID	01

Attribute IDs

The instance attribute IDs are given in the following table.

^{*2.} Specify the value in bytes.

^{*3.} The size is unified to the input data size in the Assembly object.

Attribute ID (hex)	Parameter name	Description	Attribute	Data type	Value (hex)
01	Interface Configuration Status	Interface IP address setting condition	Read	DWORD	See below.
02	Configuration Capability	Controller configuration and settings that are possible for the interface	Read	DWORD	See below.
03 ^{*1}	Configuration Control	IP address setting method when interface started	Read or Write	DWORD	See below.
04	Physical Link Object	Path to physical link object	Read	STRUCT	
	Path size	Path size in words	Read	UINT	0002 (fixed)
	Path	Fixed path to physical link object	Read	Padded EPATH	20F62401 (fixed)
05 ^{*1}	Interface Configu- ration	Interface settings	Read or Write	STRUCT	*2
	IP Address	IP address		UDINT	C0A8FA01 (fixed)
	Network Mask	Subnet mask		UDINT	FFFFFF00 (fixed)
	Gateway Address	Default gateway		UDINT	00000000 (fixed)
	Name Server	Primary name server		UDINT	00000000 (fixed)
	Name Server 2	Secondary name server		UDINT	00000000 (fixed)
	Domain Name	Domain name	1	STRING	0000 (fixed)
06	Host Name	Host name	Read or Write	STRING	0000 (fixed)
0D	Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout	Encapsulation inactivity timeout time	Read or Write	UINT	0000: Disabled 0000 to 0E10: Timeout time (s)
					Default: 0078
64	NTP server IP address	NTP server IP address	Read or Write	SHORT_S TRING*3	0: NTP client disabled.
					Not 0: IP address of NTP server
					Default: "0"
66	Time zone	Time zone	Read or Write	UINT	See below.
					Default: 000F
69	TCP/UDP Mes-	TCP/UDP message service	Read or	UINT	0400 to FFFF*4
	sage Service Server Port No.	server port number	Write		Default: FA00

^{*1.} The new settings are enabled after the power supply is cycled.

^{*2.} This indicates the following: 192.168.250.1, 255.255.255.0, 0.0.0.0, 0.0.0.0, 0.0.0.0, "".

^{*3.} The maximum number of characters is 64.

 $^{^{*}4}$. This is 1,024 to 65,535 decimal. You cannot set 8AE or AF12.

• Values of Interface Configuration Status

Bit	Name	Value
0 to 3	Interface Configuration Status	0: IP address not set.
		Includes when the IP address is not yet set during
		BOOTP startup.
		1: IP address set.*1
4 and 5	Reserved	Always FALSE.
6	AcdStatus	Always FALSE.
7 to 31	Reserved	Always FALSE.

^{*1.} Interface Configuration Status can be read only when the IP address is set. Therefore, the value of Interface Configuration Status is always 1 when read.

Values of Configuration Capability

Bit	Name	Value
0	BOOTP Client	Always TRUE.*1
1	DNS Client	Always FALSE.
2	DHCP Client	Always FALSE.
3	DHCP-DNS Update	Always FALSE.
4	Configuration Settable	Always TRUE.
5	Hardware Configurable	Always TRUE.
6	Interface Configuration Change Requires Reset	Always TRUE.
7	ACD Capable	Always FALSE.
8 to 31	Reserved	Always FALSE.

^{*1.} The value is always FALSE for NX-EIC202 version 1.0.

Values of Configuration Control

Bit	Name	Value
0 to 3	IP address setting	0: Fixed IP address
	method	1: Set from BOOTP.
		2 to 15: Reserved
4	DNS Enable	Always FALSE.
5 to 31	Reserved	Always FALSE.

Values of Time Zone

Time zone	Value
(GMT -12:00) Kwajalein	0
(GMT -11:00) Midway Island	1
(GMT -10:00) USA (Hawaii)	2
(GMT -09:00) USA (Alaska)	3
(GMT -08:00) Canada, USA (Pacific)	4
(GMT -07:00) Canada, USA (Mountain)	5
(GMT -06:00) Canada, USA (Central)	6
(GMT -05:00) Canada, USA (Eastern)	7
(GMT -04:00) Canada (Atlantic)	8
(GMT -03:30) Canada (Newfoundland)	9
(GMT -03:00) Argentina	10
(GMT -02:00) Antarctica	11
(GMT -01:00) Azores	12
(GMT +00:00) England	13

Time zone	Value			
(GMT +00:00) United Kingdom, Portugal	14			
(GMT +00:00) Greenwich Mean Time (UTC)	15			
(GMT +01:00) France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Switzerland	16			
(GMT +01:00) Sweden				
(GMT +02:00) Bulgaria, Finland, Greece	18			
(GMT +03:00) Russia (Moscow, St.Petersburg)	19			
(GMT +03:30) Iran	20			
(GMT +04:00) Russia (Samara, Izhevsk)	21			
(GMT +04:30) Afghanistan	22			
(GMT +05:00) Russia (Yekaterinburg, Perm)	23			
(GMT +05:30) India	24			
(GMT +05:45) Nepal	25			
(GMT +06:00) Russia (Novosibirsk, Omsk)	26			
(GMT +06:30) Myanmar	27			
(GMT +07:00) Thailand	28			
(GMT +07:00) Vietnam	29			
(GMT +08:00) Australia (Western)	30			
(GMT +08:00) China	31			
(GMT +08:00) Taiwan	32			
(GMT +09:00) Japan	33			
(GMT +09:00) Republic of Korea	34			
(GMT +09:30) Australia (Northern Territory), Australia (South)	35			
(GMT +10:00) Australia (New South Wales/Queensland/Victoria)	36			
(GMT +10:30) Australia (Lord Howe Island)	37			
(GMT +11:00) New Caledonia	38			
(GMT +11:30) Norfolk Island	39			
(GMT +12:00) New Zealand	40			
(GMT +12:45) Chatham Island	41			
(GMT +13:00) Tonga	42			

A-1-5 Ethernet Link Object (Class ID: F6 Hex)

The Ethernet Link object is used to get Ethernet Link information.

Service Codes

Specify the service to execute with the service code.

Service code (hex)	Parameter name	Description	Supported	service range
Service code (nex)	Farailleter Haille	Class		Instance
0E	Get_Attribute_Single		Yes	Yes

Class IDs and Instance IDs

The class ID and instance ID are given in the following table.

ID type	Value (hex)
Class ID	F6
Instance ID	01

Attribute IDs

The instance attribute IDs are given in the following table.

Attribute ID (hex)		Pa	arameter name	Description	Attribute		D	ata	type	Value (hex)
01	Interface Speed		face Speed	Interface communi-	Read	U	UDINT			00000064 (fixed)
				cations speed						
02	lr	nter	face Flags	Interface status	Read	D	DWORD)	000000F (fixed)
03	P	hys	ical Address	Interface MAC	Read	Α	RF	RAY	OF	MAC address
				address		U	USINT*1		1	
0B	Ir	nter	face Capability	Interface communi-	Read	S	TR	UC	Т	
				cations perfor-						
				mance						
		Ca	pability Bits	Communications			D	DWORD		See below.
				performance set-						
				ting						
	Speed/Duplex Options		eed/Duplex	Communications			STRUCT		UCT	
			tions	speed/bidirectional						
				options						
			Speed/Duplex	Communications				U	SINT	01
			Array Count	speed/bidirectional						
				array size						
			Speed/Duplex	Communications				Al	RRAY	
	Interface Speed Interface Duplex Mode		Array	speed/bidirectional				0	F	
				array				S	TRUCT	
			Interface Speed	Interface communi-					UINT	0064 (fixed)
				cations speed						
			Interface	Interface bidirec-					USINT	01: Full duplex
			Duplex Mode	tional mode						(fixed)

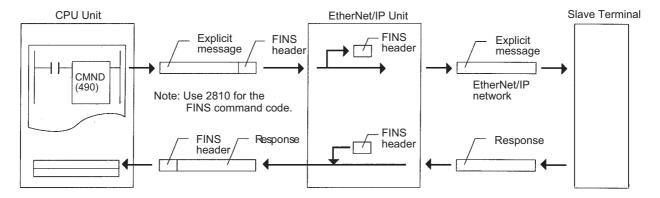
^{*1.} The array size is 6.

Values of Capability Bits

Bit	Name	Value
0	Manual Setting Requirement Reset	Always FALSE.
1	Auto-negotiate	Always TRUE.
2	Auto-MDIX	Always TRUE.
3	Manual Speed/Duplex	Always FALSE.
4 to 31	Reserved	Always FALSE.

A-1-6 Clear Error Explicit Message Example Using CMND(490)

With an EtherNet/IP Unit, a CMND(490) instruction in the PLC CPU Unit's ladder diagram program can send explicit messages to a Slave Terminal.



The clear error service code (0x32 hex) is sent to the Slave Terminal at IP address 192.168.250.1, using the CIP UCMM MESSAGE SEND command, 2810. The network number assigned to the Ether-Net/IP network is 1. The IP address and node number of the EtherNet/IP Unit is 33.

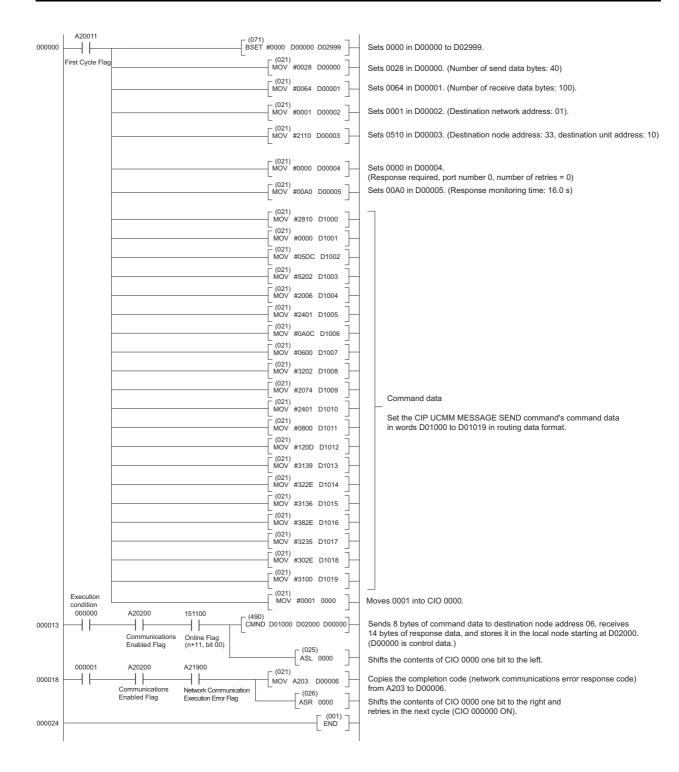
The command data is stored in the DM Area starting at DM01000, and the response data is stored in the DM Area starting at D02000. If the command ends with an error, the end code is stored in D00006 and command transmission is retried.

Command Details

CMND Word	Address	Value (hex)	Description
S	D01000 (first command word)	2810	Command Code
	D01001	0000	Transport ID: 0000 hex
	D01002	05DC	Message monitoring time: 15.00 s
	D01003	5202	Slave code: 52 hex (Unconnected)
			Send)
			Request path size: 2 words
	D01004	2006	Request path: 20 06 24 01 hex (Con-
	D01005	nection Manager)	
			Class ID: 06 hex
			Instance ID: 01 hex
	D01006	0A0C	Priority/Time_Tick: 0A hex
			Timeout Ticks: 0C hex
	D01007	0600	Message request size: 6 bytes
	D01008	3202	Service: 32 hex (Clear Error)
			Request path size: 2 words
	D01009	2074	8-bit class ID: 20 hex
	20.000	2011	Class ID: 74 hex
	D01010	2401	8-bit instance ID: 24 hex
	101010	2401	Instance ID: 01 hex (Identity Object)
	D01011	0800	Route path size: 8 words
	D01011	120D	Extended link address size: 1 hex
	D01012	1200	
			 Route path size: 13 bytes (characters) = 0D hex
	D01013	3139	IP address: "19"
	D01013	322E	IP address: "2."
	D01014	3136	IP address: "16"
	D01013	382E	IP address: "8."
	D01010	3235	IP address: "25"
	D01017	302E	IP address: "0."
	D01018	3100	• IP address: "1"
	D01019	3100	
	D0000 (5:1		Padding data: 00 hex
D	D2000 (first response word at le		Niveshan of agreement but and 40 but
С	D0000 (first control word)	0028	Number of command bytes: 40 bytes
	D0001	0064	Number of response bytes: 100 bytes
	D0002	0001	Destination network address: 1
	D0003	2110	Destination node address: 33
			Destination unit address: FE hex (or 10 hex)
	D0004	0000	Response, communications port 0, no retries
	D0005	00A0	Response monitoring time: 16.0 s
	D0003	UUAU	Tresponse monitoring time. 10.0 S

Words C+6 to C+18 contain the service response data. The service code 32 returns 0000s as response data for normal execution. Other service codes return response data such as assembly object input/output data and size.

Program Example



A-1-7 Response Codes

General Status Code

The General Status Code is stored in the response data after execution of the CMND instruction has been completed.

General status code (hex)	Status name	Description
00	Success	Service was successfully performed by the object specified.
01	Connection failure	A connection related service failed along the connection path.
02	Resource unavailable	Resources needed for the object to perform the requested service were unavailable.
03	Invalid parameter value	See Status Code 20 hex, which is the preferred value to use for this condition.
04	Path segment error	The path segment identifier or the segment syntax was not understood by the processing node. Path processing shall stop when a path segment error is encountered.
05	Path destination unknown	The path is referencing an object class, instance or structure element that is not known or is not contained in the processing node. Path processing shall stop when a path destination unknown error is encountered.
06	Partial transfer	Only part of the expected data was transferred.
07	Connection lost	The messaging connection was lost.
08	Service not supported	The requested service was not implemented or was not defined for this Object Class/Instance.
09	Invalid attribute value	Invalid attribute data detected.
0A	Attribute list error	An attribute in the Get_Attribute_List or Set_Attribute_List response has a non-zero status.
0B	Already in requested mode/state	The object is already in the mode/state being requested by the service.
0C	Object state conflict	The object cannot perform the requested service in its current mode/state.
0D	Object already exists	The requested instance of object to be created already exists.
0E	Attribute not settable	A request to modify a non-modifiable attribute was received.
0F	Privilege violation	A permission/privilege check failed.
10	Device state conflict	The device's current mode/state prohibits the execution of the requested service.
11	Reply data too large	The data to be transmitted in the response buffer is larger than the allocated response buffer
12	Fragmentation of a primitive value	The service specified an operation that is going to fragment a primitive data value, i.e. half a REAL data type.
13	Not enough data	The service did not supply enough data to perform the specified operation.

General status code (hex)	Status name	Description
14	Attribute not supported	The attribute specified in the request is not sup-
		ported.
15	Too much data	The service supplied more data than was expected.
16	Object does not exist	The object specified does not exist in the device.
17	Service fragmentation sequence not in progress	The fragmentation sequence for this service is not currently active for this data.
18	No stored attribute data	The attribute data of this object was not saved prior to the requested service.
19	Store operation failure	The attribute data of this object was not saved due to a failure during the attempt.
1A	Routing failure (request packet too large)	The service request packet was too large for transmission on a network in the path to the destination. The routing device was forced to abort the service.
1B	Routing failure (response packet too	The service response packet was too large for
	large)	transmission on a network in the path from the destination. The routing device was forced to abort the service.
1C	Missing attribute list entry data	The service did not supply an attribute in a list of attributes that was needed by the service to perform the requested behavior.
1D	Invalid attribute value list	The service is returning the list of attributes supplied with status information for those attributes that were invalid.
1E	Embedded service error	An embedded service resulted in an error.
1F	Vendor specific error	A vendor specific error has been encountered. The Additional Code Field of the Error Response defines the particular error encountered. Use of this General Error Code should only be performed when none of the Error Codes presented in this table or within an Object Class definition accurately reflect the error.
20	Invalid parameter	A parameter associated with the request was invalid. This code is used when a parameter does not meet the requirements of this specification and/or the requirements defined in an Application Object Specification.
21	Write-once value or medium already written	An attempt was made to write to a write-once medium (e.g. WORM drive, PROM) that has already been written, or to modify a value that cannot be changed once established.
22	Invalid Reply Received	An invalid reply is received (e.g. reply service code does not match the request service code, or reply message is shorter than the minimum expected reply size). This status code can serve for other causes of invalid replies.
23-24		Reserved by CIP for future extensions
25	Key Failure in path	The Key Segment that was included as the first segment in the path does not match the destination module. The object specific status shall indicate which part of the key check failed.
26	Path Size Invalid	The size of the path which was sent with the Service Request is either not large enough to allow the Request to be routed to an object or too much routing data was included.

General status code (hex)	Status name	Description
27	Unexpected attribute in list	An attempt was made to set an attribute that is not able to be set at this time.
28	Invalid Member ID	The Member ID specified in the request does not exist in the specified Class/Instance/Attribute.
29	Member not settable	A request to modify a non-modifiable member was received.
2A	Group 2 only server general failure	This error code may only be reported by DeviceNet group 2 only servers with 4K or less code space and only in place of Service not supported, Attribute not supported and Attribute not settable.
2B-CF		Reserved by CIP for future extensions
D0-FF	Reserved for Object Class and service errors	This range of error codes is to be used to indicate Object Class specific errors. Use of this range should only be performed when none of the Error Codes presented in this table accurately reflect the error that was encountered.

Example of Additional Status in Case That General Status is 01 Hex (Status of Connection Manager Object)

General status code (hex)	Additional status code (hex)	Description
01	0100	Connection in Use or Duplicate Forward Open.
01	0103	Transport Class and Trigger combination not supported
01	0106	Ownership Conflict
01	0107	Connection not found at target application.
01	0108	Invalid Connection Type. Indicates a problem with either the Connection Type or Priority of the Connection.
01	0109	Invalid Connection Size
01	0110	Device not configured
01	0111	RPI not supported. May also indicate problem with connection time-out multiplier, or production inhibit time.
01	0113	Connection Manager cannot support any more connections
01	0114	Either the Vendor Id or the Product Code in the key segment did not match the device
01	0115	Product Type in the key segment did not match the device
01	0116	Major or Minor Revision information in the key seg- ment did not match the device
01	0117	Invalid Connection Point
01	0118	Invalid Configuration Format
01	0119	Connection request fails since there is no controlling connection currently open.
01	011A	Target Application cannot support any more connections
01	011B	RPI is smaller than the Production Inhibit Time.
01	0203	Connection cannot be closed since the connection has timed out

General status code (hex)	Additional status code (hex)	Description
01	0204	Unconnected Send timed out waiting for a
		response.
01	0205	Parameter Error in Unconnected Send Service
01	0206	Message too large for Unconnected message ser-
		vice
01	0207	Unconnected acknowledge without reply
01	0301	No buffer memory available
01	0302	Network Bandwidth not available for data
01	0303	No Tag filters available
01	0304	Not Configured to send real-time data
01	0311	Port specified in Port Segment Not Available
01	0312	Link Address specified in Port Segment Not Avail-
		able
01	0315	Invalid Segment Type or Segment Value in Path
01	0316	Path and Connection not equal in close
01	0317	Either Segment not present or Encoded Value in
		Network Segment is invalid.
01	0318	Link Address to Self Invalid
01	0319	Resources on Secondary Unavailable
01	031A	Connection already established
01	031B	Direct connection already established
01	031C	Miscellaneous
01	031D	Redundant connection mismatch
01	031F	No connection resources exist for target path
01	0320-07FF	Vendor specific

A-2 TCP/UDP Message Service

The EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit supports a TCP/UDP message service.

You can use the TCP/UDP message service from a PLC or general-purpose PC that does not support the EtherNet/IP protocol to make settings in EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals, control I/O, and perform troubleshooting.

You can send TCP/UDP commands from a device that supports the TCP/IP protocol or UDP/IP protocol (socket communications) to access CIP objects in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and thereby control the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. For details on request commands, refer to *A-1 Supported CIP Objects* on page A-3.

You can use DIP switch pin 3 to enable and disable the TCP/UDP message service. For details, refer to 4-3-2 DIP Switch on page 4-10.

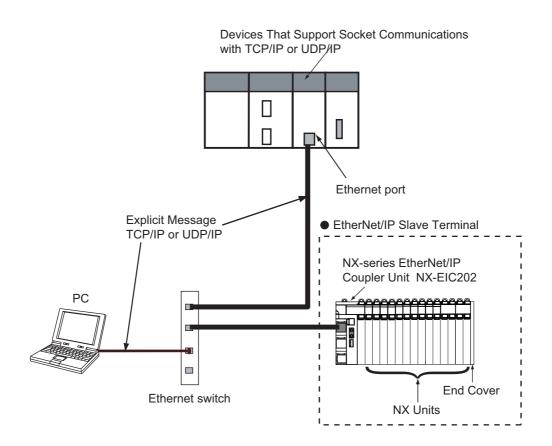


Precautions for Correct Use

- With NX-EIC202 version 1.1 or earlier, reading input data and writing output data are only
 possible when a Safety Control Unit is included in the Slave Terminal. Refer to the NX-series
 Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z930) for more information.
- For NX-EIC202 version 1.2 or later, you can use the Change NX Unit service to access I/O data in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit or NX Units. Refer to A-3-6 Reading and Writing I/O Data for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals on page A-49 for detailed procedures to read and write I/O data.

A-2-1 System Configuration for Using the TCP/UDP Message Service

For a device that does not support EtherNet/IP, you can use the TCP/UDP message service as an alternative to EtherNet/IP communications. Devices such as PCs or other controllers can send and receive Omron specific TCP/IP commands and UDP/IP commands to access CIP objects (refer to *A-1 Supported CIP Objects* on page A-3 for details on CIP objects) as shown in the image below.



A-2-2 Setup Procedure for TCP/UDP Message Service

This section describes how to use EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals with the TCP/UDP message service. Refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual* (Cat. No. Z930) for the procedures to use Safety Control Units.

Procedure	Sections
1. Preparing for Work	 2-2-2 Types of NX Units on page 2-7 3-1 Specifications on page 3-2 Section 5 Designing the Power Supply System 6-1-3 Installation Orientation on page 6-8 Manuals for the specific NX Units
•	
2. Making Hardware Settings and Wiring the Slave Terminal	 4-3 Hardware Switch Settings on page 4-9 6-1 Installing Units on page 6-2 Section 7 Wiring
•	
Configuring the Slave Terminal and Making the Operation Settings	9-2 Setting Slave Terminal Parameters on page 9-7
Transferring and Comparing EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Parameter Settings	9-3 Transferring and Comparing Settings on page 9-28
•	
5. Setting the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit's IP Address, Automatic Clock and Port Number.	 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31 11-3-3 Automatic Clock Adjustment on page 11-11 A-2-5 TCP/IP and UDP/IP Port Number Setting on page A-41
•	
6. Checking Indicators	4-2 Indicators on page 4-5
1	,
7. Confirming Operation by Checking the Wiring	Manual for the specific NX Units
•	'
Creating and Confirming Operation of TCP/UDP Socket Communications Program with the TCP/UDP Message Service	Manual for the Controller

A-2-3 Detailed Setup Procedure for TCP/UDP Message Service

	Procedure	Item	Description	Reference
	Preparing for Work	Selecting NX Units	Select the NX Units and the quantity and types of I/O that are required.	 2-2-2 Types of NX Units on page 2-7 Manuals for the spe-
1		Confirming Suit- ability of Slave Terminal Speci- fications	Confirm that the following specific restrictions for the Slave Terminal are met. Number of NX Units Message service maximum message size Design conditions for the NX Unit power supply and I/O power supply Installation orientation	cific NX Units • 3-1 Specifications on page 3-2 • Section 5 Designing the Power Supply System • 6-1-3 Installation Orientation on page 6-8 • A-2-4 TCP/UDP Message Service Specifications on page A-38
2	Making Hard- ware Settings and Wiring the Slave Terminal	Switch Settings Installation	Set the IP address of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with the hardware switches. You can also use the Network Configurator to set the IP address. Refer to 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31. Set the network interface type of the EtherNet/IP Coupler with the hardware switches to enable UDP/IP communications and TCP/IP communications. Connect the NX Units and End Cover to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and secure the Slave Terminal to a DIN Track to install it.	• 4-3 Hardware Switch Settings on page 4-9 • 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31 4-3-2 DIP Switch on page 4-10 6-1 Installing Units on page 6-2
		Wiring	Wire the Slave Terminal. Connect the communications cables. Connect the Unit power supply. Connect the I/O power supply. Connect the ground wire. Connect the external I/O devices.	Section 7 Wiring
_	Configuring the and Making the tings		Set up the Slave Terminal (create the configuration and set the parameters) with the Support Software. Create the Slave Terminal configuration information such as number and order of NX Units, individual NX Unit information and information about the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	9-2 Setting Slave Terminal Parameters on page 9-7 9-2-2 Setting the NX Unit Configuration Information on page 9-7
3		Setting the I/O Allocation Information Unit Operation Settings Setting Unit Application Data	Make the I/O allocations for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units as required. Make the Unit operation settings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and NX Units as required. Create the Unit application data. This step applies only to Units that have Unit application data.	9-2-3 I/O Allocation Information on page 9-12 9-2-4 Unit Operation Settings on page 9-22 9-2-5 Unit Application Data on page 9-23
4	Transferring and Comparing Eth-		Transfer and compare Slave Terminal settings with the Support Software.	9-3 Transferring and Comparing Settings on page 9-28

	Procedure	Item	Description	Reference
5	Setting the EtherNet/IP Coupler's IP Address, Automatic Clock and Port Number.		Set the IP address of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with the Network Configurator. You can also use the switch settings to set the IP address. Refer to 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31. Set the Automatic Clock with the Network Configurator. Set the Port Number with the Network Configurator.	 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31 11-3-3 Automatic Clock Adjustment on page 11-11 A-2-5 TCP/IP and UDP/IP Port Number Setting on page A-41
6	Checking Indicators	Ethernet Unit	Check the following indicators on the Ethernet Unit. The following example is for a CJ-series Ethernet Unit. RUN 100M ERC ERH SD RD LNK TCP FTP HOST	Ethernet Units Operation Manual Construction of Networks (Cat. No. W420).
		EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Check the following indicators on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. MS NS TS L/A P1 L/A P2 UNIT PWR I/O PWR	 4-2 Indicators on page 4-5 12-2 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators on page 12-3
7	Confirming Ope ing the Wiring	ration by Check-	Check the wiring by monitoring inputs or using forced outputs.	Manual for the Controller Manual for the specific NX Units
8	Creating and Confirming Operation of TCP/UDP Socket Communications Program with the TCP/UDP Message Service		Write the user program for TCP/IP or UDP/IP communications with message services.	Manual for the Control- ler

A-2-4 TCP/UDP Message Service Specifications

The EtherNet/IP Couple Unit supports a TCP/UDP message service based on the following specifications.

Item	Specification
Maximum number of	8
simultaneously con-	
nectable clients	
Maximum message	Request: 492 bytes
size	Response: 496 bytes

Item Specification		
Maximum NX out-	490 bytes	
put data size	Note: 2 bytes are used for the attribute field in the explicit message UDP/IP command and TCP/IP command.	
Maximum NX input	496 bytes	
data size	Note: 2 bytes are used for the attribute field in the explicit message UDP/IP command and TCP/IP command.	
	Default: 64000 decimal	
Port number	The port number can be changed by Network Configurator (restart required). Acceptable port number ranges are shown below in decimal format.	
Port number	• 1024 to 2221	
	• 2223 to 44817	
	• 44819 to 65535	
	Keep Alive can be used for TCP/IP and UDP/IP communications with an EtherNet/IP	
14	Coupler Unit. The keep alive function checks whether a connection is normally established when no data is sent or received for a certain period on the communications line	
Keep-alive	where the connection was established.	
	The keep-alive timeout is 5.5 minutes.	

UDP/IP and TCP/IP Message Formats

Command Format

The following format is used to send commands (TCP/IP messages or UDP/IP messages) from a device on Ethernet. The least-significant byte for multi-byte parameters is in the lower address.

The command format is shown below.

The examples of values in the table are the parameter values in little endian when the Vendor ID (instance attribute ID 01 hex) in the Identity object (class ID 01 hex) is read.

Message sequence number	2 bytes
Reserved 1	2 bytes
Data size	2 bytes
Reserved 2	1 byte
Service code	1 byte
Class ID	2 bytes
Instance ID	2 bytes
Attribute ID	2 bytes
Data	490 bytes max.
	Reserved 1 Data size Reserved 2 Service code Class ID Instance ID Attribute ID

Parameter*1	Address offset	Size (bytes)	Description	
Message sequence	0	2	Numbers are set to differentiate frames when there is more than one send frame.	0000
number			An arbitrary value is assigned by the device that sends the message. The same value is stored in the corresponding response.	
			Setting range: 0 to 65535	
Reserved 1	2	2	Always set to 0.	0000
Data size	4	2	The data size from Reserved 2 to the end of the data is set. The unit is bytes.	
			Setting range: 6 to 498	
Reserved 2	6	1	Always set to 0.	00
Service code	7	1	The service code for the destination object is set. The service code that is set here is sent to the destination node as is.	
Class ID	8	2	The class ID of the destination object is set. The class ID that is set here is sent to the destination node as is.	
Instance ID	10	2	The instance ID of the destination object is set. The instance ID that is set here is sent to the destination node as is.	
Attribute ID*2	12	2	Set the attribute ID of the destination object.	
Data	14 ^{*3}	490 max.*4	Set the data. The contents of the data depends on the service code.	

^{*1.} Parameters in the command are in little endian order.

Response Format

When a response is returned from the destination device on the network, the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit sends the response (a TCP/IP message or UDP/IP message) to the device on Ethernet that sent the command.

The response format is shown below.

The examples of values in the table are the parameter values in little endian when the Vendor ID (instance attribute ID 01 hex) in the Identity object (class ID 01 hex) is read.

+0	Message sequence number	2 bytes
+2	Data size	2 bytes
+4	Reserved	1 byte
+5	Service code	1 byte
+6	General status	1 byte
+7	Size of additional status	1 byte
+8	Data	496 bytes max.

^{*2.} This parameter exists only when the command service requires specification of an attribute ID.

^{*3.} If there is no attribute ID, the address offset is 12.

^{*4.} If there is no attribute ID, the maximum size is 492 bytes.

Parameter*1	Address offset	Size (bytes)	Description	
Message sequence number	0	2	The sequence number that was set when the command was sent is returned.	0000
Data size	2	2	The data size from the next parameter to the end of the data is stored. The unit is bytes. Size range: 4 to 500	
Reserved	4	1	Always set to 0.	00
Service code	5	1	The service code for the destination object that was set when the command was sent is stored. For a normal response, the most-significant bit in the requested service code is turned ON.	8E
General Sta- tus	6	1	General status code.	00
Size of additional status	7	1	The number of 16 bit words in additional status array.	00
Data	8	496 max.	The response data. If there is no error, the response data is returned here. If there is an error (general status > 0x00), this parameter contains the data for the additional status array.	2F00

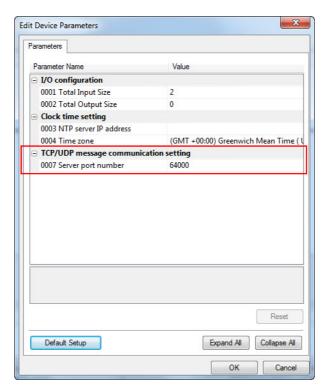
^{*1.} Parameters in the command are in little endian order.

A-2-5 TCP/IP and UDP/IP Port Number Setting

The TCP/IP port number or UDP/IP port number can be set with Network Configurator.

Procedure

- **1** Open the Network Configurator file that contains the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
- **2** Display the Edit Device Parameters area with either of the following methods.
 - Double-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the network.
 - Right-click the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit in the network and select Parameter Edit.
- **3** Enter the value for Server port number and click **OK** (refer to A-2-4 TCP/UDP Message Service Specifications on page A-38 for port number ranges).



- **4** Go online and download the parameters to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
- **5** Restart the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to enable the setting.



Additional Information

Refer to *A-2-4 TCP/UDP Message Service Specifications* on page A-38 for information on TCP/IP port number and UDP/IP port number setting ranges.

A-2-6 Troubleshooting Errors Related to the TCP/UDP Message Service

Use the following information to determine the cause and corrective actions of problems in the TCP/UDP message service.

Observation	General status	Cause	Corrective action
Reading or writing data	NOT_ENOUGH_DATA	The total frame size is	Ensure the frame size field is
is not possible.	(0x13)	larger than 504 bytes.	correctly calculated.
An error response is		The data-field size value	Refer to A-2-4 TCP/UDP
returned by the Ether-		does not match the actual	Message Service Specifica-
Net/IP Coupler Unit.		received frame size.	tions on page A-38 for more
	TOO_MUCH_DATA	The data field size value	information.
	(0x15)	does not match the actual	
		received frame size.	
	Other error codes		Refer to A-1 Supported CIP Objects on page A-3 and General Status Code on page A-30.
Reading or writing data		The frame length is	Ensure the size of the frame
is not possible.		smaller than the minimum	is within specifications.
No error response is		frame length of 12 bytes.	
returned by the Ether- Net/IP Coupler Unit.		The data field size value does not match the actual transmitted number of bytes.	Ensure the size of the frame is the same as the specified number of bytes in the data field.
		Unstable network communications.	Check network connections and other sources of interference. Refer to Section 7 Ether-Net/IP Network Wiring for
			more information.
		The TCP/UDP message service has not been enabled in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. (Tag data links are enabled.)	Check the position of DIP switch pin 3. Refer to 4-3-2 DIP Switch on page 4-10 for more information.
		The frame is sent to an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with an incorrect port number setting.	Check the port number setting. Refer to A-2-5 TCP/IP and UDP/IP Port Number Setting on page A-41.
An unexpected frame size restriction violation occurred during usage of the TCP/UDP message service.		The MTU/maximum datagram size is less than the required frame length.	Ensure the maximum frame size is the same or less than the maximum allowed datagram size on the client.

Observation	General status	Cause	Corrective action
Cannot establish a TCP/IP connection.	Standard TCP error	A total of 8 active TCP clients are already connected with the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	Ensure there are less than 8 active connections when trying to establish a new TCP/IP connection.
		The TCP/UDP message service has not been enabled in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. (Tag data links are enabled.)	Check the position of DIP switch pin 3. Refer to 4-3-2 DIP Switch on page 4-10.
A TCP/IP connection is lost and the client must reconnect.		The TCP/IP connection was idle for more than 30 seconds and a 9th client attempted a connection. In this condition, an idle active client will be automatically closed.	Ensure the client connection remains active by setting the idle time to less than 30 seconds.

A-3 Examples of EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Settings and I/O Data Control Procedure Using Messages

You can use messages to access CIP objects to set up EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals and control I/O data even if you do not use tag data links (implicit messages).

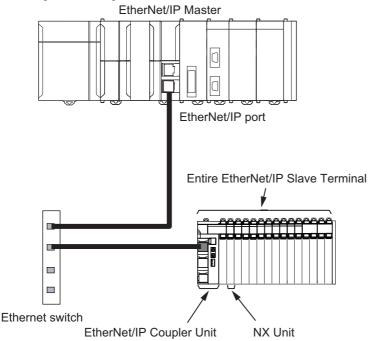
This section shows examples of setting up EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and controlling I/O data with messages.

Refer to A-1 Supported CIP Objects on page A-3 for details on CIP objects.

When you use devices that do not support explicit messages, access CIP objects by using the TCP/UDP message service. For details on accessing CIP objects by using the TCP/UDP message service, refer to *A-2 TCP/UDP Message Service* on page A-34.

The following six types are shown as procedure examples.

- · Changing the Unit operation settings of an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit
- · Changing the Unit operation settings of one NX Unit
- · Changing the Unit operation settings of multiple NX Units
- Changing the Unit operation settings of the entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal
- · Initializing the Unit operation settings of one NX Unit
- · Reading and writing I/O data of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal





Precautions for Correct Use

For details on checking for errors and troubleshooting during various settings with messages, refer to 12-3 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with Support Software on page 12-10.



Version Information

Using messages to set up EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal and control I/O data is supported for NX-EIC202 version 1.2 or later.

A-3-1 Changing the Unit Operation Settings for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

This procedure changes the Unit operation settings of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. The unit number of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is 0.

The setting procedure is given in the following table.

	Description	CIP objects to use				
Step		Class ID	Instance ID	Service code	Unit number	
1	Change the write mode of the Eth-	0x74	0x01	0x37	0x00	
	erNet/IP Coupler Unit to enable writing.	NX Configuration object		Switch parameter write mode		
2	Write the values to the NX object	0x74	0x01	0x34	0x00	
	in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	NX Configuration object		Write NX object		
3	Save the set values in the Ether-	0x74	0x01	0x36	0x00	
Net/IP Coupler Unit	Net/IP Coupler Unit.	NX Configuration object		Save parameter		
4	Restart the Slave Terminal.	0x01	0x01	0x05	Setting	
		Identity object		Reset	not required.	
5 ^{*1}	Write the initial values of the out-	0x04	0x94	0x10	Setting	
	put data to the EtherNet/IP Cou-	Assembly object		Set_Attribute	not	
	pler Unit.*2			_Single	required.	
6 ^{*1}	Change the EtherNet/IP Coupler	0x74	0x01	0x39	0x00	
	Unit to the Operational state.	NX Configuration object		Change NX state		

^{*1.} This process is not necessary when you use an EtherNet/IP master that supports explicit messages.

A-3-2 Changing the Unit Operation Settings of One NX Unit

This procedure changes the Unit operation settings of one NX Unit in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. The unit number of the relevant NX Unit is 1.

The setting procedure is given in the following table.

	Description	CIP objects to use				
Step		Class ID	Instance ID	Service code	Unit number	
1	Change the write mode of the NX	0x74	0x01	0x37	0x01	
	Unit to enable writing.	NX Configuration object		Switch parameter write mode		
2	Write the values to the NX object	0x74	0x01	0x34	0x01	
in th	n the NX Unit.	NX Configuration object		Write NX object		
3	Save the set values in the NX	0x74	0x01	0x36	0x01	
Unit.	nit.	NX Configuration object		Save parameter		
4	Restart the NX Unit.	0x74	0x01	0x35	0x01	
		NX Configuration object		Restart NX unit		

^{*2.} This is necessary to prevent invalid data from being output as soon as the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit enters the Operational state.

A-3-3 Changing the Unit Operation Settings of Multiple NX Units

This procedure changes the Unit operation settings of multiple NX Units in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. The unit numbers of the relevant NX Units are 1 and 2.

The setting procedure is given in the following table.

		CIP objects to use			
Step	Description	Class ID	Instance ID	Service code	Unit number
1	Change the write mode of the NX	0x74	0x01	0x37	0x01
	Unit with unit number 1 to enable writing.	NX Configuration object		Switch parameter write mode	
2	Change the write mode of the NX	0x74	0x01	0x37	0x02
	Unit with unit number 2 to enable writing.	NX Configuration object		Switch parameter write mode	
3	Write the values to the NX object	0x74	0x01	0x34	0x01
	in the NX Unit with unit number 1.	NX Configuration object		Write NX object	
4	Write the values to the NX object	0x74	0x01	0x34	0x02
	in the NX Unit with unit number 2.	NX Configuration object		Write NX object	
5	Save the set values in the NX Unit	0x74	0x01	0x36	0x01
	with unit number 1.	NX Configuration object		Save parameter	
6	Save the set values in the NX Unit	0x74	0x01	0x36	0x02
	with unit number 2.	NX Configuration object		Save parameter	
7	Restart the NX Unit with unit num-	0x74	0x01	0x35	0x01
	ber 1.	NX Configuration object		Restart NX unit	
8	Restart the NX Unit with unit num-	0x74	0x01	0x35	0x02
	ber 2.	NX Configuration object		Restart NX unit	

A-3-4 Changing the Unit Operation Settings of the Entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

This procedure changes the Unit operation settings of all of the NX Units in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. The unit numbers of the relevant NX Units are 0 to 63.

The setting procedure is given in the following table.

	Description	CIP objects to use				
Step		Class ID	Instance ID	Service code	Unit number	
1	Change the write mode of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to enable writing.	0x74 NX Configuration object	0x01	0x37 Switch parameter write mode	0x00	
2	Write the values to the NX object in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	0x74 NX Configuration object	0x01	0x34 Write NX object	0x00	
3	Write the values to the NX object in the NX Unit with unit number 1.	0x74 NX Configuration object	0x01	0x34 Write NX object	0x01	

		CIP objects to use			
Step	Description	Class ID	Instance ID	Service code	Unit number
4	Write the values to the NX object	0x74	0x01	0x34	0x02
	in the NX Unit with unit number 2.	NX Configuration object		Write NX object	
:	:	:	:	:	:
5	Write the values to the NX object in the NX Unit with unit number 63.	0x74 NX Configuration object	0x01	0x34 Write NX object	0x3F
6	Save the set values in the Ether-	0x74	0x01	0x36	0x00
	Net/IP Coupler Unit.	NX Configuration object		Save parameter	
7	Save the set values in the NX Unit	0x74	0x01	0x36	0x01
	with unit number 1.	NX Configuration object		Save parameter	
8	Save the set values in the NX Unit	0x74	0x01	0x36	0x02
	with unit number 2.	NX Configuration object		Save parameter	
:	:	:	:	:	:
9	Save the set values in the NX Unit	0x74	0x01	0x36	0x3F
	with unit number 63.	NX Configuration object		Save parameter	
10	Restart the Slave Terminal.	0x01	0x01	0x05	Setting
		Identity object		Reset	not required.
11*1	If tag data link communications are set in the EtherNet/IP master, the tag data links will recover automatically.*2				
11 ^{*3}	Write the initial values of the out-	0x04	0x94	0x10	Setting
	put data to the Units in the Ether- Net/IP Slave Terminal.*4	Assembly object		Set_Attribute _Single	not required.
12 ^{*3}	Change the Units in the Ether-	0x74	0x01	0x39	0x00
	Net/IP Slave Terminal to the Operational state.	NX Configuration object		Change NX state	

^{*1.} This process occurs when you use an EtherNet/IP master that supports explicit messages.

^{*2.} If tag data link communications are not set in the EtherNet/IP master, refer to A-3-6 Reading and Writing I/O Data for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals A-49 on page A-1 for the method to restart I/O communications.

^{*3.} This process is not necessary when you use an EtherNet/IP master that supports explicit messages.

^{*4.} This is necessary to prevent invalid data from being output as soon as the Units in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal enter the Operational state.

₽-3

A-3-5 Initializing the Unit Operation Settings of One NX Unit

This procedure initializes the Unit operation settings of one NX Unit in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. The unit number of the relevant NX Unit is 1.

The setting procedure is given in the following table.

		CIP objects to use						
Step	Description	Class ID	Instance ID	Service code	Unit number			
1	Change the write mode of the NX Unit to enable writing.	0x74 NX Configuration object	0x01	0x37 Switch parameter write mode	0x01			
2	Initialize the Unit operation settings of the NX Unit with unit number 1.*1	0x74 NX Configuration object	0x01	0x3D Initialize unit operation parameter	0x01			
3	Restart the NX Unit with unit number 1.*2	0x74 NX Configuration object	0x01	0x35 Restart NX unit	0x01			

^{*1.} The NX-series Safety CPU Units do not support the Initialize unit operation parameter object (service code 3D hex). An error will occur if you execute the Initialize unit operation parameter object (service code 3D hex) for an NX-series Safety Control Unit.

A-3-6 Reading and Writing I/O Data for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals

You can read and write the I/O data of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal using explicit messages from a device that does not support tag data link (implicit message) communications.

When you use an EtherNet/IP master that does not support explicit messages, you can use the TCP/UDP message service to read and write the I/O data of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal.

The procedure is given in the following table.

			CIP objects	to use	
Step	Description	Class ID	Instance ID	Service code	Unit number
1	Write the initial values of the output data to the Units in the Ether-Net/IP Slave Terminal.*1	0x04 Assembly object	0x94	0x10 Set_Attribute _Single	Setting not required.
2	Change the Units in the Ether- Net/IP Slave Terminal to the Oper- ational state.	0x74 NX Configuration object	0x01	0x39 Change NX state	0x00
3	Read the input data.	0x04 Assembly object	0x64	0x0E Get_Attribute _Single	Setting not required.
	Write the output data.*2	0x04 Assembly object	0x94	0x10 Set_Attribute _Single	Setting not required.

^{*2.} An error will occur if you execute the Restart NX unit object (service code 35 hex) for an NX Unit that does not support restarting. If this error occurs, restart the entire EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal (Identity object: 01 hex, Reset: 05 hex).

			CIP objects	to use	
Step	Description	Class ID	Instance ID	Service code	Unit number
	If a Output Data Write Timeout Occurs (Error)				
	If the output data from the Ether-Net/IP master is not written within the output data access monitor timeout time, an output data write timeout occurs and the outputs from the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal stop. The NX Units will enter the Safe-Operational state.				
	Recovery Method	0x74	0x01	0x39	0x00
	Change the Units in the Ether- Net/IP Slave Terminal to the Oper- ational state again.	NX Configuration object		Change NX state	

^{*1.} This is necessary to prevent invalid data from being output as soon as the Units in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal enter the Operational state.

^{*2.} It is not necessary to write data if there is no data to output. In this case, the output data access monitor timer does not operate.

A-4 Programming Example To Detect Valid I/O Data

The following programming example can be used to confirm that normal communications are being performed for a Slave Terminal.

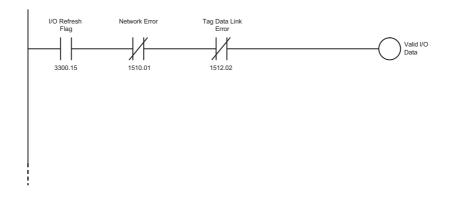
This example requires that the Slave Terminal Status is included in the I/O allocation for the Slave Terminal configuration. For details on the I/O allocation information of the Slave Terminal configuration, refer to 9-2-3 I/O Allocation Information on page 9-12.

Program Example Using Network Variables for Status

The following example uses Slave Terminal Status bits and PLC CIO areas to confirm that normal communications are being performed for a Slave Terminal.

The example below monitors the following bits to determine the validity of the I/O data.

- I/O Refresh Flag from the Slave Terminal I/O Allocation (bit 15 of the Slave Terminal Status)
- · Network Error (bit 1 of the Unit Status 1 allocated CIO area for the EtherNet/IP Unit)
- Tag Data Link Error (bit 2 of the Communications Status 1 allocated CIO area for the EtherNet/IP Unit)





Additional Information

For details on the memory allocation of the EtherNet/IP master, refer to the *CS and CJ Series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual* (Cat No. W465) or the user's manual for the built-in Ether-Net/IP port on the connected CPU Unit or Industrial PC.

A-5 Application Procedure for the Default Settings

The NX Units for EtherNet/IP Coupler Units and EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals can be used without configuring the Unit operation settings or NX Unit configuration information with the Support Software. In that case, the NX Units will operate with their default settings.

This section describes the procedure to configure the Slave Terminal with the default settings. If other non-default settings are required, Support Software may be required.



Precautions for Correct Use

- NX Unit operation settings are stored in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. If the Unit operation
 settings of each Unit and NX Unit configuration information have not been cleared, the memory of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit must be set to the factory state using the clear all memory function of the Support Software before performing the procedure described in this
 section. If all memory is not cleared, stored settings for NX Units that were previously
 mounted may be automatically transferred to mounted NX Units. For details on the clear all
 memory function of the Sysmac Studio, refer to 11-4 Clearing All Memory on page 11-18.
- · The Sysmac Studio is required if you use a Safety Control Unit.

A-5-1 Basic Procedure

	Procedure	Item	Description					
	Making Hardware Set- tings and Wiring the Slave Terminal	Switch Settings	Set the IP address of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with the hardware switches. Refer to 4-3 Hardware Switch Settings on page 4-9.					
			You can also use the Network Configurator to set the IP address. Refer to 9-4 Setting IP Address on page 9-31.					
1		Installation	Connect the NX Units and End Cover to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit and secure the Slave Terminal to a DIN Track to install it. Refer to 6-1 Installing Units on page 6-2.					
		Wiring	Wire the Slave Terminal. Refer to Section 7 Wiring.					
			Connect the communications cables.					
			Connect the Unit power supply.					
			Connect the I/O power supply.					
			Connect the ground wire.					
			Connect the external I/O devices.					
	Apply power to the	Apply Power	During power up and initialization, the EtherNet/IP coupler					
2	Slave Terminal		automatically detects connected NX Units and applies a default configuration.					
	Upload EtherNet/IP Unit Parameters with Network Configurator	Upload	Examine the LED indicators to determine when initialization is complete. Refer to 12-2 Checking for Errors and Troubleshooting with the Indicators on page 12-3.					
3			Connect to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit with Network Configurator and upload the parameters.					
			Examine the I/O configuration that was automatically established during initialization. Refer to 9-5-4 Determine Tag Sizes on page 9-40.					

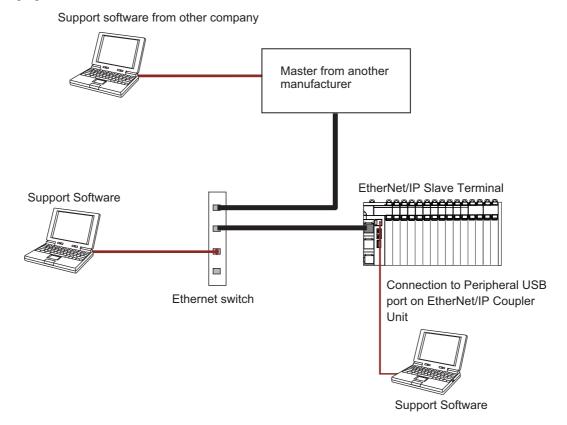
	Procedure	Item	Description				
	Configure the Ether-	EtherNet/IP Unit Config-	Configure the EtherNet/IP Unit using the I/O configuration				
4	4 Net/IP Unit uration		parameters determined in step 3. Refer to 9-5 Setting Tag Data				
			Links on page 9-36.				

A-6 Connecting to Masters from Other Manufacturers

This appendix provides the procedure to connect an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal to a master from another manufacturer through EtherNet/IP.

A-6-1 System Configuration

A system configuration for a connection to a master from another manufacturer is shown in the following figure.



A-6-2 Application Procedure

The following table gives the application procedure and support software.

Step	Item	Description	Support Software
1	Preparing for Work	Selecting NX Units	
		Checking the Specifications of the EtherNet/IP	
		Coupler Unit and NX Units	
		Checking the Mounting Direction	
		Designing the Power Supplies for the Ether-	
		Net/IP Slave Terminal	
2	Making Hardware Set-	Switch Settings	
	tings and Wiring the Slave Terminal	Installing NX Units	
		Wiring	
3	Setting the IP Address	Setting IP Address	Support software from other
	and Clock of the Ether- Net/IP Coupler Unit	Setting NTP Server	company
4	Setting Slave Terminal	Creating the Unit Configuration Information	NX-IO Configurator *2*3
	Configuration and	Setting the I/O Allocation Information	14X 10 Comigurator
	Operation Settings *1	Unit Operation Settings	
		Setting Unit Application Data	
5	Transferring and Com-	Transferring the Unit Configuration Information	NX-IO Configurator *2*3
	paring EtherNet/IP Cou-	Transferring the I/O Allocation Information	The second second
	pler Unit Parameter	Transferring the Unit Operation Settings	
	Settings *4	Transferring Unit Application Data	
		Verifying Settings	
6	IO-Link Settings *5	IO-Link Device Settings	CX-ConfiguratorFDT *6
7	Setting Tag Data Links	Creating Tag Data Links	Support software from other
		Determining RPIs and Timout Values	company
		Adjusting Network Load	
8	Assigning Network Variables *7	Creating the I/O Mapping	NX-IO Configurator *2*3
9	Checking Indicators *8	Checking EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Indicators	NX-IO Configurator *2*3
		Checking NX Units Indicators	Support software from
		Troubleshooting	other company
10	Confirming Operation	Checking Wiring with Input Monitoring and	Support software from other
	by Checking the Wiring	Forced Outputs	company
11	Programming	Creating the User Program	Support software from other
			company

^{*1.} For details on the settings, refer to 9-2 Setting Slave Terminal Parameters on page 9-7.

^{*2.} The NX-IO Configurator can be used with NX-EIC202 version 1.2 or later. Otherwise, the Sysmac Studio must be connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

^{*3.} If a Safety Control Unit is connected, the Sysmac Studio Standard Edition must be connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

^{*4.} For details on the settings, refer to 9-3 Transferring and Comparing Settings on page 9-28.

^{*5.} This setting is required only when an IO-Link Master Unit is connected.

^{*6.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT can be connected via Ethernet if NX-EIC202 version 1.2 or later is connected. Otherwise, it must be connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

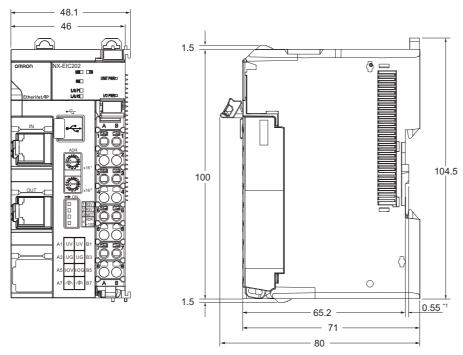
^{*7.} For details on the settings, refer to 9-6 Assigning Network Variables on page 9-71.

^{*8.} For details on the specifications, refer to 4-2 Indicators on page 4-5.

A-7 Dimensions

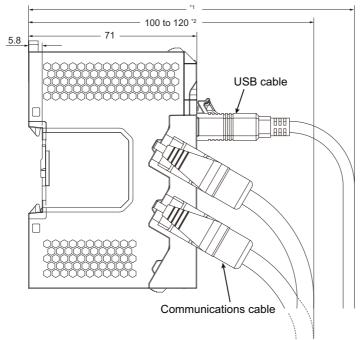
A-7-1 EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

• EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Only



*1. The dimension is 1.35 mm for Units with lot numbers through December 2014.

• With Cables Connected



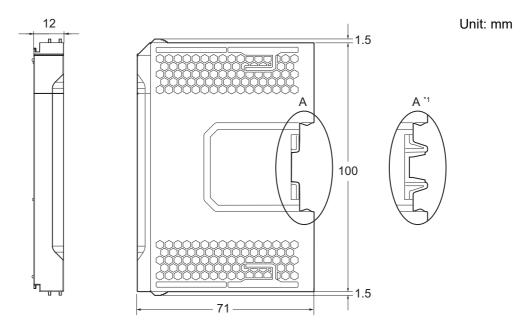
Unit: mm

Unit: mm

*1. This dimension depends on the specifications of the commercially available USB certified cable. Check the specifications of the USB cable that is used.

- *2. This is the dimension from the back of the Unit to the communications cables.
 - · 100 mm: When an MPS588-C Connector is used.
 - · 120 mm: When an XS6G-T421-1 Connector is used.

A-7-2 End Cover



*1. This is the shape for Units with lot numbers through December 2014.

A-8 NX Objects

This section describes the NX objects that are implemented in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

A-8-1 NX Objects

These NX objects are exclusively for EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

You can read or write these objects with special instructions that are supported by the NJ/NX-series CPU Units and NY-series Industrial PCs. The Read NX Unit Object (NX_ReadObj) instruction reads NX objects, and the Write NX Unit Object (NX_WriteObj) writes NX objects. Refer to the instructions reference manual for the connected CPU Unit or Industrial PC for information on the instructions.

Refer to the manuals for the individual NX Units for details on the NX objects that are implemented by each NX Unit.

A-8-2 Format of Object Descriptions

This manual describes NX objects with the following format.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Access	I/O alloca- tion	Data attri- bute
<index></index>	<subin-< td=""><td><object name=""></object></td><td><default></default></td><td><data range=""></data></td><td><unit></unit></td><td><data< td=""><td><access></access></td><td><i o<="" td=""><td><data< td=""></data<></td></i></td></data<></td></subin-<>	<object name=""></object>	<default></default>	<data range=""></data>	<unit></unit>	<data< td=""><td><access></access></td><td><i o<="" td=""><td><data< td=""></data<></td></i></td></data<>	<access></access>	<i o<="" td=""><td><data< td=""></data<></td></i>	<data< td=""></data<>
	dex>					type>		alloca-	attri-
								tion>	bute>

Items within the <> brackets are replaced with data. Each item has the following meaning.

Item	Description
Index	This is the index of the object that is expressed as a four-digit hexadecimal number.
Subindex	This is the subindex of the object that is expressed as a two-digit hexadecimal num-
	ber.
Object name	Object name. For a subindex, this is the name of the subindex.
Default	This is the value that is set by default.
Data range	For a read-only (RO) object, this is the range of the data that you can read. For a
	read/write (RW) object, this is the setting range of the data.
Unit	The unit is the physical units.
Data type	The data type of the object.
Access	This data tells if the object is read-only or read/write.
	RO: Read-only
	RW: Read and write
I/O allocation	This tells whether I/O allocation is allowed.
Data attribute	This is the timing when changes to writable objects are enabled.
	Y: Effective after restart
	N: Effective immediately
	: Write-prohibited

A-8-3 Unit Information Objects

These objects are related to product information.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Access	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
1000		NX Bus Identity							
	00	Number of Entries	7	7		USINT	RO	Not pos-sible.	
	02	Model				ARRAY [011] OF BYTE	RO	Not pos-sible.	
	04	Product Code				UDINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	05	Vendor Code	00000001 hex			UDINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	06	Unit version				UDINT	RO	Not pos-sible.	
	07	Serial Number		00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	

- Subindex 02 hex returns the Unit model number in ASCII. If all 12 bytes are not required, the remaining bytes are filled with spaces (\$20).
- For subindex 04 hex, 00640202 hex is returned.
- Subindex 06 hex gives the Unit version of the product.
 - Bits 24 to 31: Integer part of the Unit version.
 - Bits 16 to 23: Fractional part of the Unit version.
 - Bits 0 to 15: Reserved
- Subindex 07 hex gives the serial number of the product.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Access	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
1001		Production Info							
	00	Number of Entries	5	5		USINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	01	Lot Number		00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	02	Hardware Version	"V1.0" (padded with 16 spaces (character 20 hex))			ARRAY [019]OF BYTE	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	03	Software Version				ARRAY [019]OF BYTE	RO	Not pos- sible.	

- Subindex 01 hex gives the lot number of the product.
- Subindex 02 hex gives the hardware version as a text string.
- Subindex 03 hex gives the software version as a text string.

A-8-4 Objects That Accept I/O Allocations

These objects accept I/O allocations.

Refer to Allocatable I/O Data in an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit on page 9-13 under 9-2-3 I/O Allocation Information on page 9-12 for details on the data for objects that allow I/O allocations.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Access	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
2003		NX Unit Registration Status							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	01	NX Unit Registration Status 15	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [015] OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	
	02	NX Unit Registration Status 31	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [031]OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	
	03	NX Unit Registration Status 63	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [063] OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	

• Subindexes 01 to 03 hex tell whether the NX Unit is registered in the Unit configuration information.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Access	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
2004		NX Unit Message Enabled Status							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	01	NX Unit Message Enabled Status 15	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [015] OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	
	02	NX Unit Message Enabled Status 31	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [031] OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	
	03	NX Unit Message Enabled Status 63	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [063] OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	

[•] Subindexes 01 to 03 tell whether the message communications are enabled in the NX Units.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Acc ess	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
2005		NX Unit I/O Data Active Status							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	01	NX Unit I/O Data Active Status 15	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [015]OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	
	02	NX Unit I/O Data Active Status 31	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [031]OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	
	03	NX Unit I/O Data Active Status 63	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [063]OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	

[•] Subindexes 01 to 03 tell whether the NX Units can perform I/O data communications.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Acc ess	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
2006		NX Unit Error Status							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	01	NX Unit Error Status 15	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [015] OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	
	02	NX Unit Error Status 31	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [031]OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	
	03	NX Unit Error Status 63	FALSE	FALSE or TRUE		ARRAY [063] OF BOOL	RO	Pos- sible.	

[•] Subindexes 01 to 03 tell whether errors exist in the NX Units.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Acc ess	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
2008		Slave Terminal Status							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not	
								pos-	
								sible.	
	01	Slave Terminal Status	0000 hex			WORD	RO	Pos-	
								sible.	
		Reserved				BIT4	RO	Not	
								pos-	
								sible.	
		Slave Terminal Observa-	FALSE	FALSE or		BOOL	RO	Pos-	
		tion		TRUE				sible.	
		Slave Terminal Minor	FALSE	FALSE or		BOOL	RO	Pos-	
		Fault		TRUE				sible.	
		Slave Terminal Partial	FALSE	FALSE or		BOOL	RO	Pos-	
		Fault		TRUE				sible.	
		Slave Terminal Major	FALSE	FALSE or		BOOL	RO	Pos-	
		Fault		TRUE				sible.	
		Reserved				BIT6	RO	Not	
								pos-	
								sible.	
		Error Detection Flag	FALSE	FALSE or		BOOL	RO	Pos-	
				TRUE				sible.	
		I/O Refresh Flag	FALSE	FALSE or		BOOL	RO	Pos-	
				TRUE				sible.	

- Subindex 01 hex gives the Slave Terminal error status, Error Detection Flag, and I/O Refresh Flag.
- The assignments of bits for subindex 01 hex are listed below.

Bit 15: I/O Refresh Flag

Bit 14: Error Detection Flag

Bits 8 to 13: Reserved

Bit 7: Slave Terminal Major Fault

Bit 6: Slave Terminal Partial Fault

Bit 5: Slave Terminal Minor Fault

Bit 4: Slave Terminal Observation

Bits 0 to 3: Reserved

- Bits 4 to 7 are 0 (FALSE) if no error exists or 1 (TRUE) if an error exists.
- The Error Detection Flag in bit 14 is 1 (TRUE) if any of bits 4 to 7 are 1 (TRUE). Otherwise, it is 0 (FALSE).
- The I/O Refresh Flag in bit 15 is 1 (TRUE) if I/O communications are active for all of the NX Units in the Slave Terminal. Otherwise, it is 0 (FALSE).

A-8-5 Other Objects

This section lists other objects.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Acc ess	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
4000		NX Unit Configuration							
	00	Number of Entries	4	4		USINT	RO	Not	
								pos-	
								sible.	
	04	NX Unit Serial Number	0	0 or 1		USINT	RW	Not	Υ
		Verification Setting						pos-	
								sible.	

[•] Subindex 04 tells whether the serial number verification is enabled.

Serial numbers are verified only for NX Units (not for EtherNet/IP Coupler Units).

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Acc ess	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
4007		Error Detection Setting of NX Unit							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not pos- sible.	
	02	NX Unit Connection Wait Time	3	3 to 200	S	UINT	RW	Not pos- sible.	Y

[•] Subindex 02 hex gives the wait time to monitor for connection of the NX Units.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default	Data range	Unit	Data type	Acc ess	I/O allo- cat- ion	Data attri- bute
400D		Fail-soft Operation Set-							
		ting							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not	
								pos-	
								sible.	
	01	Fail-soft Operation Set-	1	0 or 1		USINT	RW	Not	Υ
		ting						pos-	
								sible.	

[•] Subindex 01 hex specifies whether to use fail-soft operation for the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. Set subindex 01 to *Fail-soft operation* to use fail-soft operation.

Refer to 11-7 Fail-soft Operation on page 11-27 for details on fail-soft operation.

^{0:} Not checked.

^{1:} Checked.

^{0:} Fail-soft operation

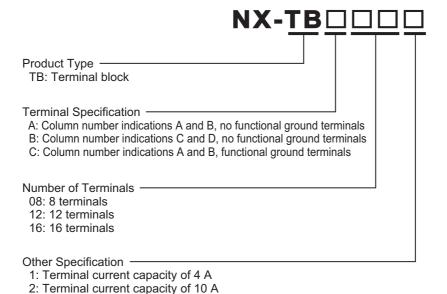
^{1:} Stop

A-9 Terminal Block Model Numbers

This section describes the models of screwless clamping terminal blocks for the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units and NX Units.

A-9-1 Model Number Notation

The terminal block model numbers are assigned based on the following rules.



A-9-2 Models

The following table lists the terminal blocks.



Precautions for Correct Use

Do not use terminal blocks with a terminal current capacity of 4 A because this is not sufficient for the NX-EIC202.

Refer to 4-5 Terminal Blocks on page 4-12 for the terminal blocks that are applicable to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Terminal block model number	Number of terminals	Ground termi- nal mark	Terminal cur- rent capacity
NX-TBA081	8	None	4 A
NX-TBA121	12	None	4 A
NX-TBA161	16	None	4 A
NX-TBB121	12	None	4 A
NX-TBB161	16	None	4 A
NX-TBA082	8	None	10 A
NX-TBA122	12	None	10 A
NX-TBA162	16	None	10 A
NX-TBB122	12	None	10 A
NX-TBB162	16	None	10 A

Terminal block model number	Number of terminals	Ground termi- nal mark	Terminal cur- rent capacity
NX-TBC082	8	Provided	10 A
NX-TBC162	16	Provided	10 A

Note When you purchase a terminal block, purchase an NX-TB $\square \square \square 2.$

A-10 Version Information

This section describes the relationship between the unit versions of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units, CPU Units, and Industrial PCs and the versions of the Support Software.

A-10-1 Relationship between Unit Versions

This section describes the relationship between the unit versions of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units, CPU Units, and Industrial PCs and the versions of the Support Software for different system configurations.

If you use any of the combinations of versions/unit versions that are the same or that are later or higher than the corresponding versions given in the following table, you can use all of the functions that are supported by that unit version of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. Refer to A-10-2 Functions That Were Added or Changed for Each Unit Version on page A-70 for the functions that are supported for each unit version of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Refer to version-related information given in the user's manuals of the CPU Unit or Industrial PC for corresponding versions when using CPU Unit versions, Industrial PC unit versions, and Support Software versions that are the same or that are later or higher than the corresponding versions.

Depending on the type and model of the Unit, some Units do not have all of the versions given in the corresponding versions. If a Unit does not have the specified version, support is provided by the oldest available version after the specified version. Refer to the user's manuals for the specific Units for the relation between models and versions.

Connection to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or NY-series Industrial PC

The following describes the relationship between the unit versions of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units, the unit versions of the NJ/NX-series CPU Units, the unit versions of the NY-series Industrial PCs, and the versions of the Support Software.

NX-series CPU Unit or NY-series Industrial PC

EtherNet/IP Co	oupler Unit	Corresponding unit version/version					
Model	Unit ver- sion	Unit version of CPU Unit or Industrial PC	Sysmac Studio version	Network Config- urator for Ether- Net/IP version	CX-Configura- torFDT version		
NX-EIC202	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.14	Ver.1.19	Ver.3.21	Ver.2.4*1		
	Ver.1.0	Not possible.	Not possible.	Not possible.	Not possible.		

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

NJ-series CPU Unit

EtherNet/IP Co	upler Unit	Corresponding unit version/version						
Model	Unit ver- sion	Unit version of CPU Unit	Unit version of CJ1W-EIP21	Sysmac Stu- dio version	Network Configura- tor for Eth- erNet/IP version	CX-Configu- ratorFDT version		
NX-EIC202	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.14	Ver.2.1	Ver.1.19	Ver.3.21	Ver.2.4*1		
	Ver.1.0	Not possible.	Not possible.	Not possible.	Not possible.	Not possible.		

*1. The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Connection to CS/CJ/CP-series CPU Unit

The following describes the relationship between the unit versions of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units, the unit versions of the CS/CJ/CP-series CPU Units, and the versions of the Support Software.

CS1G/CS1H/CJ1H/CJ1M CPU Units

EtherNet/IP Co	oupler Unit	Corresponding unit version/version						
Model	Unit ver- sion	Unit version of CPU Unit	Unit version of CS1W-EIP21 /CJ1W-EIP2 1	Network Configura- tor for Eth- erNet/IP version	NX-IO Con- figurator version	CX-Configu- ratorFDT version		
NX-EIC202	Ver.1.2	Ver.3.0	Ver.2.1	Ver.3.00	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1		
	Ver.1.0]			Ver.1.00*2	Ver.2.2		

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

CJ2H-CPU6□/CJ2M-CPU1□/CP1H CPU Unit

EtherNet/IP Co	EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit		Corresponding unit version/version						
Model	Unit ver- sion	Unit version of CPU Unit	Unit version of CJ1W-EIP21	Network Configura- tor for Eth- erNet/IP version	NX-IO Con- figurator version	CX-Configu- ratorFDT version			
NX-EIC202	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.0	Ver.2.1	Ver.3.00	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1			
	Ver.1.0				Ver.1.00*2	Ver.2.2			

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

● CJ2H-CPU6 - EIP CPU Unit

EtherNet/IP Co	upler Unit	Corresponding unit version/version						
Model	Unit ver- sion	Unit version of CPU Unit	Unit version of CJ1W-EIP21	Network Configura- tor for Eth- erNet/IP version	NX-IO Con- figurator version	CX-Configu- ratorFDT version		
NX-EIC202	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.5	Ver.2.1	Ver.3.00	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1		
	Ver.1.0				Ver.1.00*2	Ver.2.2		

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

^{*2.} You can connect only to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. You cannot connect with any other path.

^{*2.} You can connect only to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. You cannot connect with any other path.

^{*2.} You can connect only to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. You cannot connect with any other path.

● CJ2M-CPU3□ CPU Unit

EtherNet/IP Co	oupler Unit	Corresponding unit version/version						
Model	Unit ver- sion	Unit version of CPU Unit	Unit version of CJ1W-EIP21	Network Configura- tor for Eth- erNet/IP version	NX-IO Con- figurator version	CX-Configu- ratorFDT version		
NX-EIC202	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.0	Ver.2.1	Ver.3.21	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1		
	Ver.1.0				Ver.1.00*2	Ver.2.2		

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Connection to the Sysmac Gateway

The following describes the relationship between the unit versions of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units, the unit versions of the Sysmac Gateway, and the versions of the Support Software.

Sysmac Gateway

EtherNet/IP C	oupler Unit	Corresponding unit version/version					
Model	Unit version	Sysmac Gate- way version	Network Con- figurator for EtherNet/IP version	NX-IO Configu- rator version	CX-Configura- torFDT version		
NX-EIC202	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.31	Ver.3.50	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1		
	Ver.1.0			Ver.1.00*2	Ver.2.2		

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

^{*2.} You can connect only to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. You cannot connect with any other path.

^{*2.} You can connect only to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. You cannot connect with any other path.

A-10-2 Functions That Were Added or Changed for Each Unit Version

This section gives the functions that were added or changed for each unit version of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Changes in and Additions to Functions

The following table shows the unit version of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, the unit version of the CPU Unit, the unit version of the Industrial PC, and the version of the Support Software for changes in or additions to the functions. You can use the added or changed functions with the versions/unit versions given in the table or with later/higher versions.

Refer to version-related information given in the user's manuals of the CPU Unit or Industrial PC for corresponding versions when using CPU Unit versions, Industrial PC unit versions, and Support Software versions that are the same or that are later or higher than the corresponding versions.

Depending on the type and model of the Unit, some Units do not have all of the versions given in the corresponding versions. If a Unit does not have the specified version, support is provided by the oldest available version after the specified version. Refer to the user's manuals for the specific Units for the relation between models and versions.

NX-EIC202

The following table shows the relationship when the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit is connected.

		Ether-	Corre	sponding u	nit version/v	ersion	NX
Function	Change or addi-	Net/IP Coupler	_	NX-series Unit	•	NJ-series Unit	Unit restric-
	tion	Unit	CPU Unit	Sysmac Studio	CPU Unit	Sysmac Studio	tions
NX Unit control with CIP objects	Addition	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.14	Ver.1.19	Ver.1.14	Ver.1.19	None
Setting IO-Link devices from Support Software other than the Sysmac Stu- dio connected to peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Addition		Not possible.	Not possible.	Not possible.	Not possible.	Yes
Communications Interface Unit control	Addition		Ver.1.14	Ver.1.19	Ver.1.14	Ver.1.19	Yes
BOOTP client	Addition						None

The following table shows the relationship when the NY-series Industrial PC is connected.

	Change	Ether-	Corresponding unit version/version				
Function	or addi-	Net/IP Coupler Unit	Using an NY-ser	NX Unit			
	tion		Industrial PC	Sysmac Studio	restrictions		
NX Unit control with CIP objects	Addition	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.14	Ver.1.19	None		
Setting IO-Link devices from Support Software other than the Sysmac Stu- dio connected to peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Addition		Not possible.	Not possible.	Yes		
Communications Interface Unit control	Addition		Ver.1.14	Ver.1.19	Yes		
BOOTP client	Addition				None		

The following table shows the relationship when the CS1G/CS1H/CJ1H/CJ1M CPU Unit is connected.

		Ether-		Correspond	ding unit versi	ion/version		NX
Function	Change or addi- tion	Net/IP Coupler Unit	CPU Unit	CS1W-EIP2 1/CJ1W-EIP 21	Nwtwork Configura- tor for Eth- erNet/IP	NX-IO Con- figurator	CX-Config- uratorFDT	Unit restric tions
NX Unit control with CIP objects	Addition	Ver.1.2	Ver.3.0	Ver.2.1	Ver.3.00	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1	None
Setting IO-Link devices from Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio connected to peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Addition							Yes
Communica- tions Interface Unit control	Addition							Yes
BOOTP client	Addition							None

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit.

The following table shows the relationship when the CJ2H-CPU6□/CJ2M-CPU1□/CP1H CPU Unit is connected.

		Ether-		Correspon	ding unit vers	ion/version		
Function	Change or addi- tion	Net/IP Coupler Unit	CPU Unit	CJ1W-EIP21	Nwtwork Configura- tor for Eth- erNet/IP	NX-IO Con- figurator	CX-Config- uratorFDT	NX Unit restric- tions
NX Unit control with CIP objects	Addition	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.0	Ver.2.1	Ver.3.00	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1	None
Setting IO-Link devices from Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio connected to peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Addition							Yes
Communica- tions Interface Unit control	Addition							Yes
BOOTP client	Addition							None

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit.

The following table shows the relationship when the CJ2H-CPU6□-EIP CPU Unit is connected.

		Ether-		Correspond	ling unit versi	ion/version		
Function	Change or addi- tion	Net/IP Coupler Unit	CPU Unit	CJ1W-EIP21	Nwtwork Configura- tor for Eth- erNet/IP	NX-IO Configurator	CX-Config- uratorFDT	NX Unit restric- tions
NX Unit control with CIP objects	Addition	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.5	Ver.2.1	Ver.3.00	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1	None
Setting IO-Link devices from Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio connected to peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Addition							Yes
Communications Interface Unit control	Addition							Yes
BOOTP client	Addition							None

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit.

The following table shows the relationship when the CJ2M-CPU3□ CPU Unit is connected.

		Ether-		Correspon	ding unit vers	ion/version		
Function	Change or addi- tion	Net/IP Coupler Unit	CPU Unit	CJ1W-EIP21	Nwtwork Configura- tor for Eth- erNet/IP	NX-IO Con- figurator	CX-Config- uratorFDT	NX Unit restric- tions
NX Unit control with CIP objects	Addition	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.0	Ver.2.1	Ver.3.00	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1	None
Setting IO-Link devices from Support Software other than the Sysmac Studio connected to peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Addition							Yes
Communica- tions Interface Unit control	Addition							Yes
BOOTP client	Addition							None

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit.

The following table shows the relationship when the Sysmac Gateway is connected.

			Co	rresponding ur	nit version/vers	ion	
Function	Change or addi- tion	Ether- Net/IP Cou- pler Unit	Sysmac Gateway	Nwtwork Configura- tor for Ether- Net/IP	NX-IO Con- figurator	CX-Configu- ratorFDT	NX Unit restric- tions
NX Unit control with CIP objects	Addition	Ver.1.2	Ver.1.31	Ver.3.00	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1	None
Setting IO-Link devices from Sup- port Software other than the Sysmac Studio connected to peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	Addition		Not possible.	Not possible.	Not possible.	Not possible.	Yes
Communications Interface Unit con- trol	Addition		Ver.1.31	Ver.3.00	Ver.1.00	Ver.2.4*1	Yes
BOOTP client	Addition						None

^{*1.} The CX-ConfiguratorFDT with version 2.2 or later can be used if it is connected to the peripheral USB port on the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit.

Refer to the *NX-series Data Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W525-E1-03 or later) for the restrictions on NX Units.

Addition of Connectable NX Units

Additions are sometimes made to the NX Units that you can connect when the unit version of the Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit is upgraded.

Refer to the *NX-series Data Reference Manual* (Cat. No. W525-E1-05 or later) for the addition of connectable NX Units.

A-10-3 Unit Versions and Support Software

The following tables give the relationship between the unit version of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, the Support Software that you can use, and the Support Software connection methods.

• NX-EIC202 Ver.1.2

	NJ/NX/NY-ser	ies Controller	CS/CJ/CP-ser	ries Controller		ther manufac-
Purpose	Support	Connection	Support	Connection	Support	rer Connection
	Software	Method	Software	Method	Software	Method
Programming	Sysmac Stu- dio Standard Edition	Connection to CPU Unit Industrial PC Ethernet connection	CX-Program- mer	Connection to CPU Unit Ethernet connection	Support soft- ware from other com- pany	Depends on support soft- ware from other com- pany.
EtherNet/IP Network Con- figuration	Sysmac Stu- dio Standard Edition and Network Con- figurator	Connection to CPU Unit Industrial PC Ethernet connection	Network Configurator	Connection to CPU Unit Ethernet connection	Support soft- ware from other com- pany	Depends on support soft- ware from other com- pany.
EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Configura- tion and I/O Mapping	NX-IO Configurator*1	Connection to CPU Unit Industrial PC Ethernet connection Connection to peripheral USB port on EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	NX-IO Configurator*2	Connection to CPU Unit Ethernet connection Connection to peripheral USB port on EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	NX-IO Configurator* ²	Ethernet connection Connection to peripheral USB port on Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit
IO-Link Settings	CX-ConfiguratorFDT	Connection to CPU Unit Industrial PC Ethernet connection Connection to peripheral USB port on EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	CX-ConfiguratorFDT	Connection to CPU Unit Ethernet connection Connection to peripheral USB port on EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	CX-ConfiguratorFDT	Ethernet connection Connection to peripheral USB port on Ether-Net/IP Coupler Unit

Purpose	NJ/NX/NY-sei	ries Controller	CS/CJ/CP-sei	ries Controller	PLC from another manufac- turer		
ruipose	Support Software	Connection Method	Support Software	Connection Method	Support Software	Connection Method	
Safety Con-	Sysmac Stu-	Connection	Sysmac Stu-	Connection	Sysmac Stu-	Connection	
trol Unit Set-	dio Standard	to peripheral	dio	to peripheral	dio	to peripheral	
tings	Edition	USB port on		USB port on		USB port on	
		EtherNet/IP		EtherNet/IP		EtherNet/IP	
		Coupler Unit		Coupler Unit		Coupler Unit	

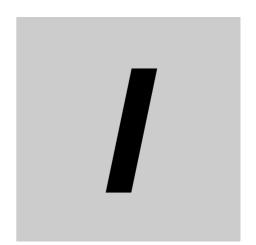
^{*1.} If a Safety Control Unit is connected, the Sysmac Studio Standard Edition must be connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

• NX-EIC202 Ver.1.0

Purpose	NJ/NX/NY-series Controller		CS/CJ/CP-series Controller		PLC from another manufacturer	
i dipose	Support Software	Connection Method	Support Software	Connection Method	Support Software	Connection Method
Programming	Cannot be con		CX-Program-	Connec-	Support soft-	Depends on
i rogramming	Carmot be con	ncolca.	mer	tion to CPU	ware from	support soft-
				Unit	other com-	ware from
				Ethernet	pany	other com-
				connection	'	pany.
EtherNet/IP			Network Con-	Connec-	Support soft-	Depends on
Network Con-			figurator	tion to CPU	ware from	support soft-
figuration				Unit	other com-	ware from
· ·				Ethernet	pany	other com-
				connection		pany.
EtherNet/IP			Sysmac Stu-	Connection	Sysmac Stu-	Connection
Coupler Unit			dio	to peripheral	dio	to peripheral
Configura-				USB port on		USB port on
tion and I/O				EtherNet/IP		EtherNet/IP
Mapping				Coupler Unit		Coupler Unit
IO-Link Set-			CX-Configu-	Connection	CX-Configu-	Connection
tings			ratorFDT	to peripheral	ratorFDT	to peripheral
				USB port on		USB port on
				EtherNet/IP		EtherNet/IP
				Coupler Unit		Coupler Unit
Safety Con-			Sysmac Stu-	Connection	Sysmac Stu-	Connection
trol Unit Set-			dio	to peripheral	dio	to peripheral
tings				USB port on		USB port on
				EtherNet/IP		EtherNet/IP
				Coupler Unit		Coupler Unit

^{*2.} If a Safety Control Unit is connected, the Sysmac Studio Standard Edition or NX-IO Edition must be connected to the peripheral USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

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