

RZ/A2M Group

DRP Driver User's Manual

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The following usage notes are applicable to all MPU/MCU products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this manual, refer to the relevant sections of the manual. If the descriptions under General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products and in the body of the manual differ from each other, the description in the body of the manual takes precedence.

1. Handling of Unused Pins

- Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.
- The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

 The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

- Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.
- The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access
 these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

— The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different part numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different part numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

How to Use This Manual

1. Purpose and Target Readers

This manual is intended to provide the user with an understanding of the functions of the DRP driver software and how to utilize them. It is aimed at users designing application systems making use of the software. In order to use this manual, you will need a basic knowledge of programming languages and microprocessors.

Particular attention should be paid to the precautionary notes when using the software. These notes occur within the body of the text, and at the end of each section.

The revision history summarizes the locations of revisions and additions. It does not list all revisions. Refer to the text of the manual for details.

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RZ/A2M Group DRP Driver User's Manual

1. Introduction

1.1 Summary

This manual describes the functions and usage of the DRP driver software, which controls the dynamic reconfigurable processor (DRP) of RZ/A2M Group microprocessors.

1.2 Functions

DRP can be implemented a variety of functions corresponding to user's setting. In this manual the function implemented by DRP is referred to as "circuit" and the data representing the circuit information is referred to as "configuration data."*¹ The configuration data consists of binary data allocated in the memory. As a device driver for the DRP, the DRP driver performs the following functions:

- Supplies a clock to the DRP and initializes the DRP driver.
- Stops supply of the clock to the DRP and terminates the DRP driver.
- Loads configuration data in the DRP.
- Erases configuration data loaded in the DRP. (Calls "unload" in this document.)
- Supplies a clock to and enables circuits written to the DRP.
- Stops supply of the clock to and disables circuits written to the DRP.
- Sets operation parameters of circuits written to the DRP and starts operation.
- Provides notification of operation completion by circuits written to the DRP.
- Gets the status (enabled or disabled, operating or not, etc.) of circuits written to the DRP.
- Gets information (version, etc.) from configuration data in the memory.
- Performs CRC checks on configuration data in the memory.
- Note 1. Configuration data provided as DRP library. For details of DRP library, refer to RZ/A2M Group DRP Library User's Manual (R01US0367).



1.3 Software Configuration

The software configuration of the DRP driver is shown below. The DRP driver comprises an interface portion and a core portion, and both are supplied as source code. The DRP driver supports FreeRTOS via an OS abstraction layer.

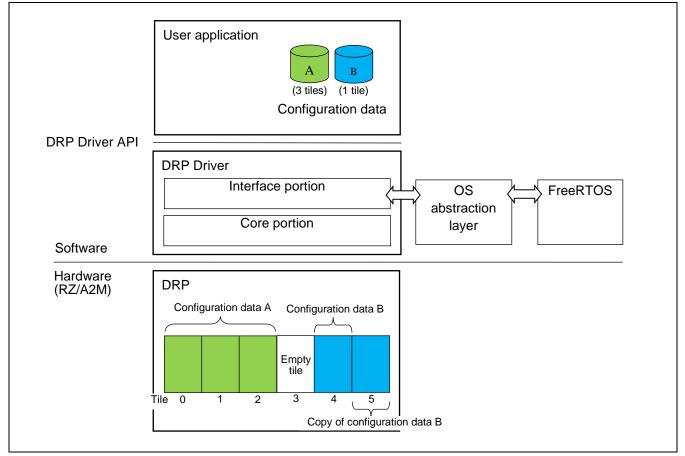


Figure 1.1 Software Configuration

- The DRP has six memory areas called "tiles" for loading configuration data.
- Configuration data is loaded in tile units.
- Each item of configuration data has its own tile count, represented as an integer value between 1 and 6. The tile count represents the number of tiles occupied by the configuration data.
- If the configuration data has a tile count of 3 or less, multiple copies can be loaded at the same time.
- In this manual the six tiles of the DRP are referred to as tile 0 to tile 5.
- In the figure above, one copy of configuration data A with tile count 3 is loaded in tile 0 through tile 2, and two copies of configuration data B with tile count 1 are loaded in tile 4 and tile 5, respectively.



2. Operation Conditions

The DRP driver operates under the conditions listed below.

Table 2.1Operation Conditions

ltem	Description				
Microprocessor	The DRP driver runs on the Cortex [™] -A9 processor of RZ/A2M Group microprocessors. The product numbers of compatible RZ/A2M Group microprocessors are as follows:* ¹				
	R7S921051VCBG				
	R7S921052VCBG				
	R7S921053VCBG				
Development environment	e ² studio V7.8.0				
	The following toolchain is compatible:				
	GNU Arm Embedded Toolchain 6-2017-q2-update				

Note 1. The DRP driver operates on RZ/A2M Group microprocessors equipped with a DRP function module. It will not operate on RZ/A2M Group microprocessors without a DRP function module.



3. File Structure

Figure 3.1 shows the file structure of the DRP driver.

```
src
    renesas
         drivers
             drp
                  inc
                      r_dk2_if.h
                                             Header file of DRP Driver interface part
                  src
                       drp_iodefine.h
                                             IO definition file of DRP
                      r_dk2_core.c
                                             Source file of DRP Driver core part
                      r_dk2_core.h
                                             Header file of DRP Driver core part
                      r_dk2_if.c
                                             Source file of DRP Driver interface part
```

Figure 3.1 The File Structure of The DRP Driver



API Specifications 4.

List of API Functions 4.1

Table 4.1 lists the API functions of the DRP driver.

API Function Name	Outline	Page
R_DK2_Initialize	Initializes DRP driver and initializes DRP.	7
R_DK2_Uninitialize	Stops DRP and terminates DRP driver.	8
R_DK2_Load	Loads configuration data in DRP.	9
R_DK2_Unload	Unloads configuration data from DRP.	15
R_DK2_Activate	Enables circuit in DRP.	16
R_DK2_Inactivate	Disables circuit in DRP.	17
R_DK2_Start	Starts operation of circuit in DRP.	18
R_DK2_GetStatus	Gets state of circuit in DRP.	20
R_DK2_GetInfo	Gets information from configuration data and checks CRC.	21
R_DK2_GetVersion	Gets DRP driver version information.	23

Table 4.1 API Functions of DRP Driver

None of the API functions may be called from an interrupt context. For information on the reentrancy of API functions, refer to section 8, OS-Dependent Portion.

4.2 **Error Codes**

A return value of 0 or a positive number from a DRP driver API function indicates a normal end, and a negative return value indicates an abnormal end. When an abnormal end occurs, an error code is returned. Table 4.2 lists the error codes. For the specific conditions under which errors are generated, refer to the descriptions of the return values of the various API functions in section 5, API Reference.

Macro Name	Value	Description
R_DK2_SUCCESS	0	Normal end
R_DK2_ERR_ARG	-1	Argument error
R_DK2_ERR_FORMAT	-2	Format error
R_DK2_ERR_CRC	-3	CRC error
R_DK2_ERR_DEVICE	-4	Device error
R_DK2_ERR_BUSY	-5	Busy
R_DK2_ERR_INTERNAL	-6	Internal error
R_DK2_ERR_OVERWRITE	-7	Data overwrite error
R_DK2_ERR_OS	-8	OS error
R_DK2_ERR_STATUS	-9	Status error
R_DK2_ERR_TILE_PATTERN	-10	Tile pattern error
R_DK2_ERR_STOPPED	-11	Transfer stopped error

Table 4.2 Function Error Codes



5. API Reference

5.1 How to Read the API Reference

API function name Category						
Function outline Synchronous/asynchronous func						
Format	Shows the format used to call the API function. The header file designated by #include "header file" is the standard header file required to run the API function. Do not fail to include this header file. The designations I and O indicate that the corresponding argument is input data or output data, respectively. The designation IO indicates input/output data.					
Return values	Lists the return values of the API function. Comments following the colon (:) after the return value provide a description of the return value (such as return conditions).					
Description	Describes the specifications of the API function.					
Note Any precautionary notes appear here.						



5.2 R_DK2_Initialize

R DK2	Initialize		DRP driver API
	RP driver and initializes DRP		Synchronous function
Format	<pre>#include "r_dk2_if.h"</pre>		
	int32_t R_DK2_Initialize(vo	oid);	
Return value	es R_DK2_SUCCESS	:	Normal end.
	R_DK2_ERR_DEVICE	:	Abnormal end.
			This error is generated when initialization of the DRP fails.
	R_DK2_ERR_OS	:	Abnormal end.
			This error is generated when securing of an OS resource fails.
	R_DK2_ERR_STATUS	:	Abnormal end.
			This error is generated when the DRP driver has already been initialized.
Description	This API function initializes internal variables and secures OS resources, putting the DRP driver into a usable state. Also, it restores the DRP from low-power mode, starts supply of the clock, and initializes the hardware.		
Note	with RZ/A2M Group microp	orocess itions, r	occurs, check the device used. The DRP driver is compatible ors equipped with a DRP function module. For details of the efer to section 2, Operation Conditions. If the value valuate the OS settings.



5.3 R_DK2_Uninitialize

R DK2	Uninitialize		DRP driver API		
	and terminates DRP driver		Synchronous function		
Format	#include "r_dk2_if.h"				
	int32_t R_DK2_Uninitalize	(void);			
Return value	es R_DK2_SUCCESS	:	Normal end.		
	R_DK2_ERR_OS	:	Abnormal end.		
			This error is generated when releasing of an OS resource		
			fails.		
	R_DK2_ERR_STATUS	:	Abnormal end.		
			This error is generated when the DRP driver has already		
			been terminated.		
Description	This API function stops supply of the clock to the DRP and transitions the DRP to low-power mode. It performs a forced stop if the DRP is operating. Also, it releases OS resources and transitions the DRP driver to the uninitialized state. After this API function runs, the DRP driver remains in an unusable state until the next time the R_DK2_Initialize function is called.				
Note	This API function performs a forced stop if the DRP is operating. Note that in this case the				
			2_Load function may not be called.		
	If the value R_DK2_ERR_0	OS is re	eturned, reevaluate the OS settings.		



5.4 R_DK2_Load

R_DK2	load	DRP driver API
	iguration data in DRP	Synchronous/asynchronous function
Format	#include "r_dk2_if.h"	
		nst void *const pconfig, const uint8_t top_tiles, const uint32_t
		comp_t pload, const process_comp_t pprocess, uint8_t *const
	pconfig	I Specifies the address of the configuration data to be loaded. The configuration data must be aligned with a 32-byte boundary. Also, the configuration data must exist in physical memory.
	top_tiles	 Specifies the start tile position where the configuration data is allocated using macros R_DK2_TILE_0 to R_DK2_TILE_5, which represent the six tiles of the DRP, tile 0 to tile 5. When loading multiple configuration data items, obtain the logical sum (logical OR) of each bit of the above macros. For example, to allocate configuration data A with tile count 3 to tile 0 through tile 2, specify "R_DK2_TILE0".
		Tile 0 1 2 3 4 5 For example, to allocate two copies of configuration data B with tile count 1 to tile 4 and tile 5, respectively, specify "R_DK2_TILE_4 R_DK2_TILE_5".
		Configuration data B Tile 0 1 2 3 4 5 Copy of configuration data B
	tile_pattern	I Specifies the tile pattern. For setting values, refer to 5.4.1, Tile Patterns. Once the tile pattern has been set, use the same tile pattern setting until the configuration data for all tiles has been unloaded using the R_DK2_Unload function. When an attempt is made to change the tile pattern when the DRP is in a state in which configuration data has already been loaded, the API function returns a value of R_DK2_ERR_TILE_PATTERN.



	pload	I	provide not completes. function sp Load Comp other than of configura R_DK2_Ur this argume loading of c	he address of the callback function used to tification when loading of configuration data For detailed specifications of the callback ecified by the argument pload, refer to 5.4.2, oletion Callback Function. When a value NULL is specified for this argument, loading ation data can be halted by the hload function. When NULL is specified for ent, the R_DK2_Unload function cannot halt configuration data, and this API function ly when loading is complete.	
	pprocess	1	provide not the R_DK2 specificatio argument p Completion	he address of the callback function used to dification when the processing started using Start function completes. For detailed ons of the callback function specified by the oprocess, refer to 5.8.1, Processing on Callback Function. This notification does NULL is specified.	
_	paid	0	perform no configuration represent the array element data items configuration ID is stored correspond number con 0 means the copies of a copy is assist is made by for all six till function, in	he address of the six-element array used to tification of the ID for identifying the loaded on data. Index 0 to index 5 of the array he six tiles of the DRP, tile 0 to tile 5, and the ents represent the IDs of the configuration loaded in the corresponding tiles. If a on data item occupies multiple tiles, the same d in all the array elements representing the ling tiles. Each ID is a unique positive rresponding to a single circuit, and a value of hat no configuration data is loaded. If multiple configuration data item are loaded, each signed a different ID. When notification of IDs this argument, the notification covers the IDs les following execution of the R_DK2_Load cluding all configuration data that has been nat point. This notification does not occur if ecified.	
			For example, if configuration data A with tile count 3 is allocated to tile 0 through tile 2, and two copies of configuration data B with tile count 1 are allocated to tile 4 and tile 5, respectively, the contents of the array are as shown below.		
			Index	Description	
			0	Circuit ID of configuration data A circuit information	
			1	Same as index 0	
			2	Same as index 0	
			3	0	
			4	Circuit ID of configuration data B circuit	
				information	
			5	Circuit ID of configuration data B circuit information (different from index 4)	



Return values R_DK2_SUCCESS	:	Normal end.
R_DK2_ERR_ARG	:	Abnormal end.
		This error is generated in the following cases:
		 NULL is specified for argument pconfig.
		 A value that is not aligned with a 32-byte boundary is specified for argument pconfig.
		 The argument top_tiles is not in the format of the logical sum (logical OR) of each bit of R_DK2_TILE_0 to R_DK2_TILE_5.
		 A macro other than those listed in Table 5.1 is specified for argument tile_pattern.
R_DK2_ERR_FORMAT	:	Abnormal end.
		This error is generated when a format error is detected in the configuration data.
R_DK2_ERR_DEVICE	:	Abnormal end.
		This error is generated when NULL is specified for argument pload and a transfer error occurs during loading of configuration data.
R_DK2_ERR_BUSY	:	Abnormal end.
		This error is generated when a value other than NULL is specified for argument pload and, during loading of configuration data, an attempt is made to load other configuration data.
R_DK2_ERR_OVERWRITE	:	Abnormal end.
		This error is generated when other configuration data has already been written to the load position of the specified configuration data.
R_DK2_ERR_OS	:	Abnormal end.
		This error is generated when exclusive control by the OS fails.
R_DK2_ERR_STATUS	:	Abnormal end.
		This error is generated when the DRP driver has not been initialized.
R_DK2_ERR_TILE_PATTERI	N:	Abnormal end.
		This error is generated in the following cases:
		• The tile pattern is changed when the DRP is in a
		state in which configuration data has already been loaded.
		The tile position or tile count in the configuration data do not match the tile pattern.



Description	 When a value other than NULL is specified for the argument pload, this API function starts loading the configuration data in the DRP and notifies when loading completes by means of a callback function. At this time, other configuration data cannot be loaded until loading completes. In such cases the value R_DK2_ERR_BUSY is returned, and this API function fails. Also, if a value other than NULL is specified for the argument pload, it is possible to halt loading of configuration data with the R_DK2_Unload function. When NULL is specified for the argument pload, loading of the configuration data continues until completion when this API function is run. In this case, loading of configuration data cannot be halted by the R_DK2_Unload function. It is also possible for this API function to load configuration data to multiple tile positions. For details of the callback function specified by the argument pload, refer to 5.4.2, Load Completion Callback Function, and for details of the callback function. This API function uses OS functionality to provide exclusive control so that multiple DRP driver API functions are not executed at the same time. If a failure occurs because resource acquisition times out during exclusive control, the value R_DK2_ERR_OS is returned and the API function fails.
Note	If the value R_DK2_ERR_FORMAT is returned, check to make sure the address specified for argument pconfig is the correct address of the configuration data. A return value of R_DK2_ERR_DEVICE indicates that an error occurred during transfer of the configuration data. Reevaluate the memory settings, etc., for the allocation of the configuration data. If the configuration data specified by the argument pconfig exists in the Cortex-A9 cache and the data in the physical memory does not match the configuration data, proper loading will not be possible. It may be necessary to clear the cache before calling this API function or to allocate the configuration data to a non-cached area.



5.4.1 Tile Patterns

The tile count and tile position combinations used when loading configuration data in the DRP are limited to the 11 patterns listed in Table 5.1. Set the appropriate macro value below in the argument tile_pattern of the R_DK2_Load function to match the combination to be used.

Table 5.1 T	ile Patterns
-------------	--------------

Tile Pattern	Macro Setting of Argument tile_pattern of R_DK2_Load Function	
1 1 1 1 1 1	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_1_1_1_1_1	
2 1 1 1 1	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_2_1_1_1	
2 2 1 1	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_2_2_1_1	
	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_2_2_2	
3 1 1 1	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_3_1_1_1	
3 2 1	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_3_2_1	
3 3	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_3_3	
4 1 1	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_4_1_1	
4 2	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_4_2	
5 1	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_5_1	
6	R_DK2_TILE_PATTERN_6	
L	1	

n : Configuration data with tile count n



Load co	mpletion call	back function	Callback functior
	of loading of configura		Synchronous functior
Format	#include "r_dk2_if.h)"	
	void load_comp(uir		
	Note: This function	can be given any name.	
	id	I ID of circuit that has finish	ned loading
	result	I R_DK2_SUCCESS:	
		Indicates that loading has	completed successfully.
		R_DK2_ERR_DEVICE:	
		Indicates that a transfer e	rror occurred while loading
		configuration data.	
		R_DK2_ERR_STOPPED	:
			ng configuration data the transfer e R_DK2_Unload function.
Return value	es None		
Description	provides notification	function specified by the argument pload when the loading of configuration data fin tems are loaded, this callback function is o	nishes. When multiple
	•	cuted in the interrupt context. This function	
Note		rgument result is R_DK2_ERR_DEVICE, on of the configuration data.	reevaluate the memory settings,

5.4.2 Load Completion Callback Function



5.5 R_DK2_Unload

R_DK2_	Unload		DRP driver API		
	figuration data from DRP		Synchronous function		
Format	#include "r_dk2_if.h"		· · ·		
	int32_t R_DK2_Unload(cons	st uint	8_t id, uint8_t *const paid);		
	id	I	Specifies the ID of the circuit to be unloaded. To unload multiple circuits, specify the logical sum (logical OR) of each bit of the IDs of each of the circuits. Specifying 0 causes all loaded circuits to be unloaded.		
	paid	0	To obtain notification of the DRP load status following execution of this function, specify the address of a six-element array prepared by the user. Index 0 to index 5 of the array represent the six tiles of the DRP, tile 0 to tile 5, and the array elements represent the IDs of the configuration data items loaded in the corresponding tiles. If a configuration data item occupies multiple tiles, the same ID is stored in all the array elements representing the corresponding tiles. This ID is a unique positive number corresponding to a single circuit, and a value of 0 means that no configuration data item are loaded, each copy is assigned a different ID. When notification of IDs is made by this argument, the notification covers the IDs for all six tiles following execution of the R_DK2_Unload function, including all configuration data that has been written to that point. This notification does not occur if NULL is specified.		
Return value	s R_DK2_SUCCESS	:	Normal end.		
	R_DK2_ERR_ARG	:	Abnormal end. This error is generated when the argument id does not correspond to a circuit currently loaded in the DRP.		
	R_DK2_ERR_OS	:	Abnormal end. This error is generated when exclusive control by the OS fails.		
	R_DK2_ERR_STATUS	:	Abnormal end. This error is generated in the following cases: The DRP driver has not been initialized.		
Description	circuit is unloaded, configura	ation c	uit corresponding to the specified ID from the DRP. After the lata can once again be loaded in the same tile position. This e circuit even if it is in the process of being loaded or if it is		
	If this API function is called during loading of configuration data, loading of data is canceled the callback function specified by the pload argument of the R_DK2_Load function is called this point, the value of the callback function's result argument is R_DK2_ERR_STOPPED. A if this API function is called during circuit operation, the circuit stops operating and the callbac function specified by the pprocess argument of the R_DK2_Load function is called. At this p the value of the callback function's result argument is R_DK2_ERR_STOPPED.				
	This API function uses OS f API functions are not execut	unctio ted at	le circuits or all currently loaded circuits. nality to provide exclusive control so that multiple DRP driver the same time. If a failure occurs because resource sive control, the value R_DK2_ERR_OS is returned and the		
Note	None.				

5.6 R_DK2_Activate

R DK2	Activate	DRP driver API			
Enables circ	—	Synchronous function			
Format	#include "r_dk2_if.h"				
		onst uint8_t id, const uint32_t freq);			
	id	I Specifies the ID of the circuit to be enabled. To enable multiple circuits, specify the logical sum (logical OR) of each bit of the IDs of each of the circuits. Specifying 0 causes all loaded circuits to be enabled.			
	freq	I Specifies 0.			
Return value	s R_DK2_SUCCESS	: Normal end.			
	R_DK2_ERR_ARG	: Abnormal end.			
		This error is generated when the value of the argument id does not correspond to a circuit currently loaded in the DRP.			
	R_DK2_ERR_OS	: Abnormal end.			
		This error is generated when exclusive control by the OS fails.			
	R_DK2_ERR_STATUS	: Abnormal end.			
		This error is generated in the following cases:			
		 The DRP driver has not been initialized. 			
		 The circuit specified by the argument id is not in the loaded state. 			
		 0 was specified for the argument id and no circuit is currently in the loaded state. 			
		(For information on circuit states, refer to 6.2, State Transitions of Individual Circuits.)			
Description		a circuit currently loaded in the DRP, supplies a clock to the state.			
	as the argument id in orde affected. (For information of This API function uses OS API functions are not exec	te multiple circuits or all currently loaded circuits. When 0 is specified r to enable all circuits, only circuits currently in the loaded state are on circuit states, refer to 6.2, State Transitions of Individual Circuits.) functionality to provide exclusive control so that multiple DRP driver uted at the same time. If a failure occurs because resource g exclusive control, the value R_DK2_ERR_OS is returned and the			
Note	None.				



5.7 R_DK2_Inactivate

R DK2	Inactivate		DRP driver API			
Disables circ	—		Synchronous function			
Format	#include "r_dk2_if.h"					
	int32_t R_DK2_Inactivate(const u	int8_t id);			
	id	I	Specifies the ID of the circuit to be disabled. To disable multiple circuits, specify the logical sum (logical OR) of each bit of the IDs of each of the circuits. Specifying 0 causes all loaded circuits to be disabled.			
Return value	es R_DK2_SUCCESS	:	Normal end.			
	R_DK2_ERR_ARG	:	Abnormal end.			
			This error is generated when the value of the argument id does not correspond to a circuit currently loaded in the DRP.			
	R_DK2_ERR_OS	:	Abnormal end. This error is generated when exclusive control by the OS fails.			
	R_DK2_ERR_STATUS	:	Abnormal end.			
			This error is generated in the following cases:			
			 The DRP driver has not been initialized. 			
			 The circuit specified by the argument id is not in the activated or started state. 			
			 0 was specified for the argument id and no circuit is currently in the activated or started state. 			
			(For information on circuit states, refer to 6.2, State Transitions of Individual Circuits.)			
Description			it currently loaded in the DRP, stops supply of the clock to the ircuit into the low-power state.			
			ble circuits or all currently loaded circuits. When 0 is specified able all circuits, only circuits currently in the activated or			
	This API function uses OS API functions are not exect	uted at	nality to provide exclusive control so that multiple DRP driver the same time. If a failure occurs because resource sive control, the value R_DK2_ERR_OS is returned and the			
Note	None					



5.8 R_DK2_Start

R_DK2_	_Start	DRP driver API
	tion of circuit in DRP	Asynchronous function
Format	#include "r_dk2_if.h"	
	int32_t R_DK2_Start(const	uint8_t id, const void *const pparam, const uint32_t size);
	id	I Specifies the ID of the circuit that will start operating.
	pparam	I Specifies the area for storing parameters for circuit operation. The area where parameters are stored must exist in physical memory. The parameter storage area for each circuit is read independently, so it is not possible for one area to be shared by multiple circuits.
		The parameter specifications are different for each configuration data. For the parameter specifications of each configuration data, refer to RZ/A2M Group DRP Library User's Manual (R01US0367).
	size	I Specifies the size of the parameter area specified by the argument pparam.
Return value	es R_DK2_SUCCESS	: Normal end.
	R_DK2_ERR_ARG R_DK2_ERR_OS R_DK2_ERR_STATUS	 Abnormal end. This error is generated in the following cases: The value of the argument id does not correspond to a circuit currently loaded in the DRP. NULL is specified for the argument pparam. 0 is specified for the argument size. Abnormal end. This error is generated when exclusive control by the OS fails. Abnormal end. This error is generated in the following cases: The DRP driver has not been initialized. The circuit specified by the argument id is not in the activated state.
		(For information on circuit states, refer to 6.2, State Transitions of Individual Circuits.)
Description	of processing is provided by argument pprocess of the R callback function, refer to 5. This API function uses OS f API functions are not execu	ration of a circuit loaded in the DRP. Notification of the completion the processing completion callback function specified by the _DK2_Load function. For details of the processing completion 8.1, Processing Completion Callback Function. unctionality to provide exclusive control so that multiple DRP driver ted at the same time. If a failure occurs because resource exclusive control, the value R_DK2_ERR_OS is returned and the
Note	If the DRP is in a state when the circuit's I/O data exists in in physical memory do not r	e the area set by the argument pparam for storing parameters or in the cache of the Cortex-A9, and the parameters or circuit I/O data natch, the circuit will not operate properly. It may be necessary to g this API function or to allocate the parameters and circuit I/O data

Process	sina completio	on callback function	Callback functior		
	of processing started b		Synchronous functior		
Format	#include "r_dk2_if.h		-		
	void process_comp(
		can be given any name.			
	id	I ID of circuit whose processi	ng has finished		
	result	I R_DK2_SUCCESS:	-		
		Indicates that processing ha	s completed successfully.		
		R_DK2_ERR_DEVICE:			
		Indicates that a transfer error	or occurred while transferring		
		parameters set by the R_Dk	32_Start function or while		
		transferring circuit I/O data.			
		R_DK2_ERR_STOPPED:			
		Indicates that while transfer			
			ile transferring circuit I/O data		
		the transfer was stopped by	v – –		
		function or the R_DK2_Inac	tivate function.		
Return value					
Description		function specified by the argument pprocess			
		when the processing started by R_DK2_St			
	number of times this callback function is called is the same as the number of times the				
	R_DK2_Start function is called, unless an event such as a forced unload by the R_DK2_Unloa				
	function occurs.				
	This function is executed in the interrupt context. This function must not call any DRP driver				
	function.				
Note		gument result is R_DK2_ERR_DEVICE, ree			
	etc., for the allocation	on of the parameters set by the R_DK2_Star	t function or circuit I/O data.		

5.8.1 Processing Completion Callback Function



5.9 R_DK2_GetStatus

R DK2	GetStatus	DRP driver API
	f circuit in DRP	Synchronous function
Format	#include "r_dk2_if.h"	
	int32_t R_DK2_GetStatus(const	uint8_t id);
	id I	Specifies the ID of the circuit to be whose state is to be acquired.
Return value	es R_DK2_STATUS_LOADED :	Normal end.
		Indicates that the specified circuit is in the loaded state.
	R_DK2_STATUS_ACTICATE :	Normal end.
	D	Indicates that the specified circuit is in the activated state
	R_DK2_STATUS_STARTED :	Normal end.
		Indicates that the specified circuit is in the started state.
	R_DK2_STATUS_LOADING :	Normal end.
		Indicates that the specified circuit is in the loading state.
	R_DK2_ERR_ARG :	Abnormal end.
		This error is generated when the value of the argument id does not correspond to a circuit currently loaded in the DRP.
	R DK2 ERR OS :	Abnormal end.
	<u>.</u>	This error is generated when exclusive control by the OS fails.
Description	means that the function complet the circuit. A negative return value represents an error code. For in Transitions of Individual Circuits This API function uses OS funct API functions are not executed a acquisition times out during excl	of a circuit currently loaded in the DRP. A positive return value ed successfully, and the value returned indicates the state of ue means that the function failed, and the value returned formation on circuit states in the DRP, refer to 6.2, State ionality to provide exclusive control so that multiple DRP driver at the same time. If a failure occurs because resource usive control, the value R_DK2_ERR_OS is returned and the
Noto	API function fails.	
Note	None	



5.10 R_DK2_GetInfo

Jets mion	mation from configuration data	and che	ecks CRC.			Synchronous function
ormat	#include "r_dk2_if.h"					
	int32_t R_DK2_GetInfo(const void *const pconfig, config_info_t *const pinfo, const bool					
	crc_check);					
	pconfig	I	•			f the configuration data from which
			information is obtained. The configuration data aligned with a 32-byte boundary.			
	pinfo	0	variable. Th	is AP	l functi	f the structure config_info_t type on stores the following information ata in the members of the structure
			Member Name	Ту	ре	Description
			type	uin	1t8_t	This area is reserved. The data stored here consists of zeros.
			pname	cha	ar *	Stores a pointer to a character string of up to 31 bytes representing the circuit name.
			ver	uin	t32_t	Stores the version of the configuration data.* ¹
			cid	uin	t32_t	Stores a unique ID
						representing the circuit stored
						in the configuration data.
			follows:		-	rmat of the member ver is as
			follows: Bit Positic	on	Descri	rmat of the member ver is as
			follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7	on	Descr Stores	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number.
			follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15	on 🗌	Descri Stores Stores	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version.
			follows: Bit Position 0 to 7 8 to 15 16 to 23	on	Descr Stores Stores Stores	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version. the major version.
			follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15	on 	Descr Stores Stores Stores This a	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version.
			follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15 16 to 23 24 to 31 For example 1.21.	e, a v	Descri Stores Stores Stores This an here co	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version. the major version. rea is reserved. The data stored onsists of zeros. e of 0x00010201 represents version
	crc_check		follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15 16 to 23 24 to 31 For example 1.21. Specifies as	on e, a ve	Descri Stores Stores Stores This an here co er value	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version. the major version. rea is reserved. The data stored onsists of zeros.
eturn val	crc_check		follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15 16 to 23 24 to 31 For example 1.21. Specifies as performed o	e, a vo	Descri Stores Stores Stores This an here co er value	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version. the major version. rea is reserved. The data stored onsists of zeros. e of 0x00010201 represents version the whether or not a CRC check is
eturn val		I 	follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15 16 to 23 24 to 31 For example 1.21. Specifies as performed of information.	e, a ve	Descri Stores Stores Stores This an here co er value	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version. the major version. rea is reserved. The data stored onsists of zeros. e of 0x00010201 represents version le whether or not a CRC check is
eturn val	lues R_DK2_SUCCESS		follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15 16 to 23 24 to 31 For example 1.21. Specifies as performed of information. Normal end Abnormal end This error is	e, a ve	Descri Stores Stores Stores This an here co er value ath value config	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version. the major version. rea is reserved. The data stored onsists of zeros. e of 0x00010201 represents version whether or not a CRC check is uration data when getting when pconfig has a value of NULL
eturn val	lues R_DK2_SUCCESS R_DK2_ERR_ARG	:	follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15 16 to 23 24 to 31 For example 1.21. Specifies as performed of information. Normal end Abnormal end This error is or pinfo has	e, a vo	Descri Stores Stores Stores This an here co er value ath value config	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version. the major version. rea is reserved. The data stored onsists of zeros. e of 0x00010201 represents version whether or not a CRC check is uration data when getting when pconfig has a value of NULL
eturn val	lues R_DK2_SUCCESS		follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15 16 to 23 24 to 31 For example 1.21. Specifies as performed of information. Normal end Abnormal end This error is or pinfo has Abnormal end This error is	e, a ve a true nd. gene a val nd. gene	Descri Stores Stores Stores This an here co rer value er value with value econfig	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version. the major version. rea is reserved. The data stored onsists of zeros. e of 0x00010201 represents version whether or not a CRC check is uration data when getting when pconfig has a value of NULL
eturn val	lues R_DK2_SUCCESS R_DK2_ERR_ARG	:	follows: Bit Positic 0 to 7 8 to 15 16 to 23 24 to 31 For example 1.21. Specifies as performed of information. Normal end Abnormal end This error is or pinfo has Abnormal end	e, a ve a true on the a val ad. gene ation	Descri Stores Stores Stores This an here co rer value er value with value econfig	rmat of the member ver is as iption the build number. the minor version. the major version. rea is reserved. The data stored onsists of zeros. e of 0x00010201 represents version le whether or not a CRC check is uration data when getting when pconfig has a value of NULL NULL.



Description	This API function gets information from the configuration data at the address specified by the
	argument pconfig. It writes the information obtained from the configuration data to the address
	specified by the argument pinfo.
	This API function also performs a CRC check on the configuration data. If the CRC check fails,
	the value R_DK2_ERR_CRC is returned and an abnormal end occurs.
Note	If a value of R_DK2_ERR_FORMAT is returned, confirm that the address specified by the
	argument pconfig is the correct address of the configuration data.



5.11 R_DK2_GetVersion

R DK2	GetVersion		DRP driver API		
	river version information		Synchronous function		
Format	<pre>#include "r_dk2_if.h" uint32_t R_DK2_GetVersion(voi</pre>	d);			
Return value	es DRP driver version :	The storage for	mat is as shown below.		
	information	Bit Position	Description		
		0 to 7	Stores the build number.		
		8 to 15	Stores the minor version.		
		16 to 23	Stores the major version.		
		24 to 31	This area is reserved. The data stored here consists of zeros.		
		For example, a version 1.21.	return value of 0x00010201 represents		
Description	This API function gets the versio	This API function gets the version number of the DRP driver.			
Note	None				



6. State Transitions

6.1 State Transitions of the DRP Driver Overall

Figure 6.1 shows state transitions and the clock supply status of the DRP driver overall.

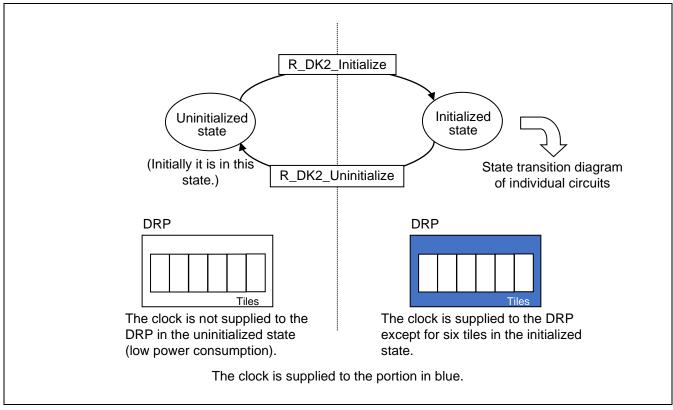


Figure 6.1 State Transitions and Clock Supply Status of DRP Driver Overall



6.2 State Transitions of Individual Circuits

Figure 6.2 shows state transitions and the clock supply status of individual circuits.

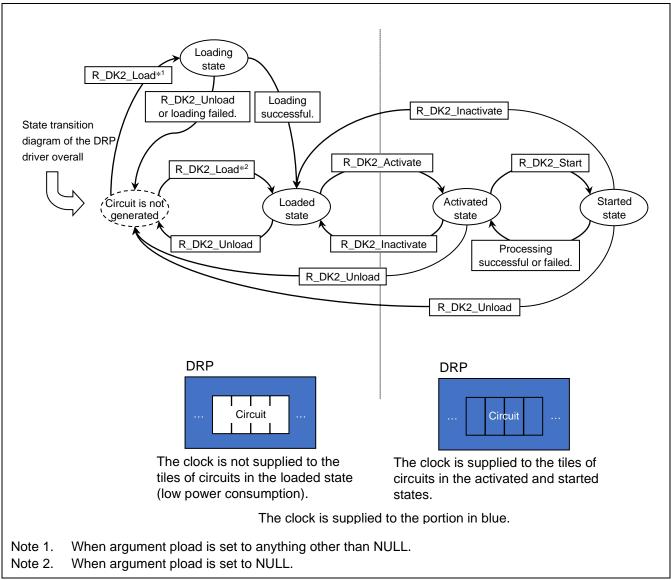


Figure 6.2 State Transitions and Clock Supply Status of Individual Circuits



7. Control Flowchart

Figure 7.1 is a flowchart of a DRP driver usage example.

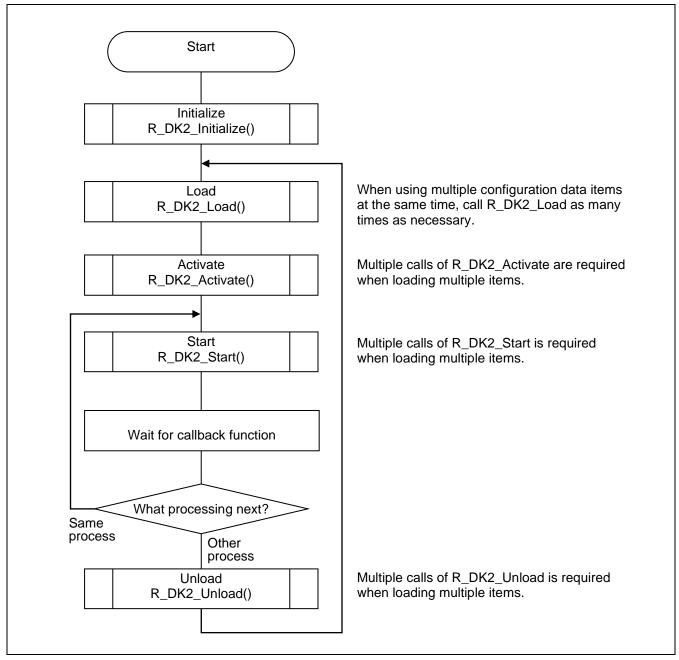


Figure 7.1 DRP Driver Usage Example



8. OS-Dependent Portion

8.1 Support for reentrancy of API functions

The OS-dependent portion of the DRP driver is separated from the rest as an OS abstraction layer. The DRP driver supports FreeRTOS via this OS abstraction layer.

The functionality provided by the DRP driver by means of the OS-dependent portion is support for reentrancy of API functions. Exclusive control employing the mutual exclusion (Mutex) capability of FreeRTOS is used to enable reentrancy for some of the API functions, as indicated in Table 8.1.

To implement reentrancy the DRP driver uses a single Mutex to provide exclusive control. When an API function supporting reentrancy is running and another API function supporting reentrancy is called, the second API function waits until the first API function finishes.

It is possible to use the macro MUTEX_WAIT defined in r_dk2_if.c to set the timeout duration during exclusive control. To specify the timeout duration, assign an integer between 0 and 0xFFFFFFFF to the macro MUTEX_WAIT. The setting value represents the timeout duration in millisecond units. A value of 0 means no wait. The default timeout duration setting is 100 milliseconds.

API Function Name	Reentrancy Support	Page
R_DK2_Initialize	Reentrancy not supported	7
R_DK2_Uninitialize	Reentrancy not supported	8
R_DK2_Load	Reentrancy supported	9
R_DK2_Unload	Reentrancy supported	15
R_DK2_Activate	Reentrancy supported	16
R_DK2_Inactivate	Reentrancy supported	17
R_DK2_Start	Reentrancy supported	18
R_DK2_GetStatus	Reentrancy supported	20
R_DK2_GetInfo	Reentrancy not supported	21
R_DK2_GetVersion	Reentrancy not supported	23

Table 8.1 Reentrancy Support of DRP Driver API Functions

8.2 DRP Driver Interrupt Priority

The DRP Driver interrupt priority levels are defined in the macros in Table 8.2.

FreeRTOS API functions cannot be called in interrupts that have a higher priority than the value of

configMAX_API_CALL_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY defined in FreeRTOSConfig.h. Be careful when using FreeRTOS service calls to wait for DRP to complete.

Table 8.2 DRP Driver Interrupt Priority Macro	Definition (r_dk2_if.h)
---	-------------------------

Macro Name	Value	Description
DRP_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY	26	DRP Driver interrupt priority level



9. Memory footprint

Table 9.1 lists the approximate sizes of memory used by the DRP Driver.

Table 9.1Memory Resources

Section name	Size (approx.)
Code	12k bytes
Constant Data	0.1 Kbytes or less
Data	0.5k bytes
Stack size	400 bytes



10. Reference Documents

User's Manual: Hardware

RZ/A2M Group User's Manual: Hardware (R01UH0746)

(Download the latest version of the manual from the Renesas Electronics website.)

User's Manual: Software

RZ/A2M Group DRP Library User's Manual (R01US0367)(Download the latest version of the manual from the Renesas Electronics website.)

User's Manual: Development Environment

For the Renesas Electronics integrated development environment (e2 studio), please visit the Renesas Electronics website to download the latest version.

Technical Update/Technical News

(Download the latest version of the update or news from the Renesas Electronics website.)



11. How to Import the Driver

11.1 e² studio

Please refer to the RZ/A2M Smart Configurator User's Guide: e² studio R20AN0583EJ for details on how to import drivers into projects in e² studio using the Smart Configurator tool.

11.2 For Projects created outside e² studio

This section describes how to import the driver into your project.

Generally, there are two steps in any IDE:

- 1) Copy the driver to the location in the source tree that you require for your project.
- 2) Add the link to where you copied your driver to the compiler.

Other required drivers, e.g. r_cbuffer, must be imported similarly.



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		Page	Page Summary	
1.00	Sep. 14, 2018	—	First Edition Issued	
1.01	May. 31, 2019	29	Added the chapter of "10. How to Import the Driver".	
1.02	Jun. 30, 2020	3	2 Operation Conditions, the version of RENESAS e2 studio was changed to 7.8.0.	
		25	6.2 State Transitions of Individual Circuits, updated State transition diagram.	
1.03	Mar. 31, 2021	—	Changed the DRP interrupt priority level from 8 to 26.	
		27	Added the chapter of "8.2 DRP Driver Interrupt Priority".	
		28	Added the chapter of "9. Memory footprint".	

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