

Please read this manual carefully before installation and keep it for future reference.

# Owner's Manual



# MRCOOL®

COMFORT MADE SIMPLE

Universal® Series  
DC Inverter / Condenser  
MDU018\*

Due to updates and constantly improving performance, the information and instructions within this manual are subject to change without notice. Please visit [www.mrcool.com/documentation](http://www.mrcool.com/documentation) to ensure you have the latest version of this manual.

Version Date: 5-11-21

Thank you for choosing MRCOOL Please read this manual carefully before installation and keep it for future reference.

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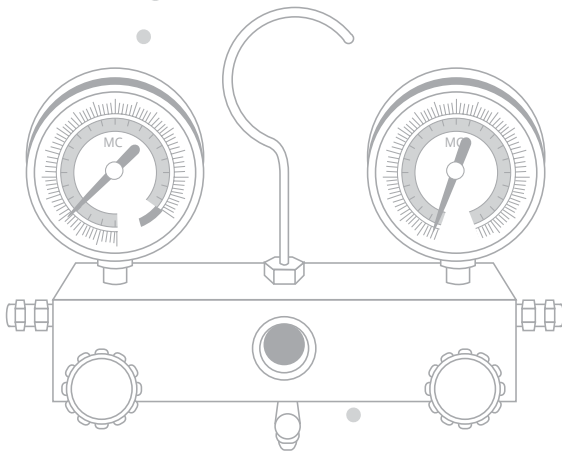
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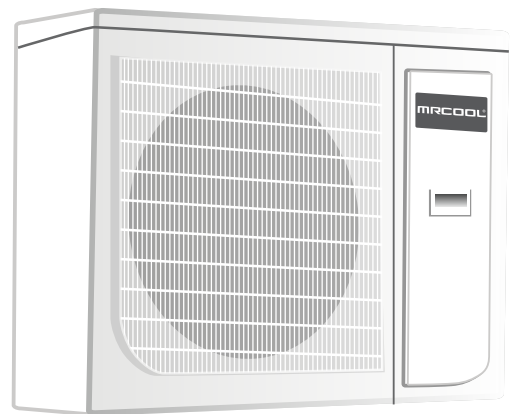


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# Safety Precautions



## Read Before Installation

**Incorrect installation may cause serious damage or injury.**

The seriousness of potential damage or injuries is classified as either a **WARNING** or **CAUTION**.



**WARNING**

This symbol indicates ignoring instructions may cause death or serious injury.



**CAUTION**

This symbol indicates that ignoring instructions may cause moderate injury to your person, damage to your unit, or other property.



This symbol indicates that you should ***never*** perform the indicated action.



## **WARNING**

***Please read the manual in its entirety before installing, operating or repairing.***

- ⊘ ***DO NOT*** share the electrical circuit with other appliances. Improper or insufficient power supply can cause fire or electrical shock.
  - ⊘ ***DO NOT*** let substances or gases, other than the refrigerant, enter the unit when connecting refrigerant piping. The presence of other gases or substances will lower the unit's capacity, and may cause abnormally high pressure in the operation cycle. This may cause explosion and injury.
  - ⊘ ***DO NOT*** connect the ground wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning arrester, or telephone wire.
  - ⊘ ***DO NOT*** allow children to play with the air conditioner. Children should be supervised around the unit at all times.
  - ⊘ ***DO NOT*** alter the settings of the pressure sensor or other protective devices; if short-circuited or modified, fire or even an explosion could occur.
1. Installation must be performed by an authorized technician. Improper installation may cause water leakage, electrical shock, or fire.
  2. Installation must be performed according to installation instructions. Improper installation may cause water leakage, electrical shock, or fire.
  3. In North America, installation must be performed in accordance with the requirement of NEC and CEC (by authorized personnel only). Contact an authorized service technician for repair or maintenance of the unit.
  4. Only use the included accessories and specified parts for installation. Using non-standard parts can cause water leakage, electrical shock, or fire and may cause the unit to fail.
  5. Before installing, modifying, or servicing the system, the main electrical disconnect switch must be in the **OFF** position. There may be more than one disconnect switch. If there is another disconnect switch, in addition to the main switch, lock-out and tag this switch with a suitable warning label.

## **WARNING**

6. Install the unit in a firm location that can support the unit's weight. If the installation location cannot support the weight, or the installation is performed improperly, the unit may fall and cause serious injury and/or damage.
7. For all electrical work, follow all appropriate wiring standards, regulations, and the Installation Manual.
8. You must use an independent circuit to supply power. Do not connect other appliances to the same circuit. Insufficient electrical capacity or defects in electrical work can cause electrical shock or fire.
9. Connect electrical cables tightly and firmly to the terminal board to prevent external forces from damaging the terminal.
10. All wiring must be properly arranged to ensure that the control board cover can close properly. If the control board cover is not closed properly, it can lead to corrosion and cause the connection points on the terminal to overheat, causing fire and/or electrical shock.
11. In certain functional environments, such as kitchens, server rooms, etc., the use of specially designed air-conditioning units is highly recommended. If the power or thermostat wires are damaged, it must be replaced by an authorized technician in order to avoid hazard.
12. This appliance can be used by children aged 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children should not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance should not be made by children without supervision.
13. The air conditioner unit can only be cleaned after it has been turned off and disconnected from power, otherwise electric shock may occur.
14. If installed in a compact space, ensure that there is adequate ventilation in case of leakage. Concentrations of refrigerant gas can lead to an explosion and/or other hazards.
15. The fixed wires connecting to this appliance must be configured with an all-pole disconnect under voltage class III.
16. Wear safety glasses, protective clothing, and work gloves during installation. Also, have a fire extinguisher available in case of an emergency.
17. Use a quenching cloth for brazing operations.

## **Note about Flourinated Gasses:**

1. This air-conditioning unit contains R410A flourinated gases.
2. The refrigerant gas may not have an odor, thus this should not be considered a means of leak detection.
3. Installation, service, maintenance, and repair of this unit must be performed by a certified technician.
4. Product uninstallation and recycling must be performed by a certified technician.
5. If the system has a leak-detection system installed, it should be checked for leaks at least every 12 months.
6. Keep a record of all leak checks for the lifetime of the unit.

## CAUTION

- ⊘ **DO NOT** install the unit within 3 feet (1 meter) of combustible materials if the unit is equipped with an auxiliary electric heater.
  - ⊘ **DO NOT** install the unit in a location that may be exposed to combustible gases. If combustible gas accumulates around the unit, it may cause fire.
  - ⊘ **DO NOT** operate your air conditioner in a wet room such as a bathroom or laundry room. Too much exposure to water may cause electrical components to short circuit.
  - ⊘ **DO NOT** put appendages or other objects into the air inlet or return grills.
  - ⊘ **DO NOT** stop the appliance by directly cutting off the power. Turn off the unit first.
  - ⊘ **DO NOT** install the appliance in areas with either of the following:
    - oil smoke or volatile liquid, as plastic parts may deteriorate, adversely affecting the integrity and functionality of the appliance.
    - corrosive gas; as this may corrode copper piping and welds, adversely affecting the integrity and functionality of the appliance.
  - ⊘ **DO NOT** force-dry the filter using open flame or blowers, as this could damage it.
  - ⊘ **DO NOT** operate the air conditioner with wet hands.
  - ⊘ **DO NOT** wash or sprinkle water on the air conditioner, otherwise malfunction or electric shock will occur.
1. This appliance must be properly grounded during installation, or electrical shock may occur.
  2. Install drainage piping according to the instructions in this manual. Improper drainage may cause water damage to your home and property.
  3. This appliance must be stored in a well ventilated area equal in size to the area specified for operation. It must also be without a continuously operating open flame (ex. an operating gas appliance) and ignition sources (ex. operating electric heater).
  4. Use proper measures to protect the outdoor unit from rodents and other small animals that may damage electrical components, causing the unit to malfunction.
  5. If wired control (ex: a wall-mount thermostat) is to be used, it should be connected first before powering up the unit, otherwise it may not function properly.
  6. Only use a soft dry cloth or, as necessary, a slightly wet cloth with neutral detergent to clean the casing of this appliance.
  7. Before operating the unit under low temperature, connect it to power for 8 hours. If it is deactivated for a short time (ex: for one night), do not cut off the power. This is done in order to protect the compressor.
  8. If the unit is to be installed in a small space, please adopt protective measures to prevent the concentration of refrigerant from exceeding the allowable safety limit; excessive refrigerant leakage may lead to an explosion.
  9. When installing or re-installing the air conditioner, please keep the refrigerant circuit away from substances other than the specified refrigerant, such as air. Any presence of foreign substances will cause an abnormal pressure change or even an explosion, resulting in injury.
  10. Please adopt safety protection measures before touching the refrigerant pipe; otherwise injury may occur.
  11. Please select the proper copper pipe according to the requirement for pipe thickness.

To Our Customers;

Thank you for choosing a MRCOOL® home HVAC product. Please read this manual carefully before installation and operation of the Univeral™ Series Central HVAC System to ensure correct use and handling. In addition to the safety precautions in the previous section, please adhere to the following guidelines and note our exceptions to liability.

1. This appliance can be used by children aged 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory, or mental capabilities or those who have a lack of experience and knowledge. However, they must be given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children should not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance should not be made by children without supervision.
2. To ensure product reliability, the unit may consume power under stand-by status to maintain normal communication, and for preheating refrigerant and lubricant. If the unit will not be used for an extended period, disconnect the power supply. Reconnect the power supply and preheat the unit prior to use.
3. Ensure you have selected the proper model for the operating environment. Improper selection may impact operating performance.
4. This product has undergone strict inspection and operational testing before leaving the factory. To avoid damage due to improper disassembly, which may impact the normal operation, please do not disassemble the unit without proper training and equipment.
5. For technical assistance, please contact MRCOOL® technical support at (270) 366-0457.
6. When the product is malfunctioning and/or is inoperable, please contact MRCOOL technical support at the aforementioned number, as soon as possible and provide the following information:
  - a. Product Nameplate Contents (model number, cooling / heating capacity, product serial number, factory date)
  - b. Nature of Malfunction (specify the circumstances before and after the error occurred)
7. All illustrations and information in the instruction manual are for reference only. In order to improve the product, we will continuously assess and innovate. We retain the right to make necessary revisions to the product from time to time. We reserve the right to revise the contents of this manual without notice.
8. If the power or thermostat wire is damaged, it must be replaced by an authorized technician in order to avoid damage to the product.
9. MRCOOL®, LLC assumes no responsibility for personal injury, property loss or equipment damage caused by improper installation and commissioning unnecessary maintenance, or failure to follow relevant federal and state regulations, industrial standards, and the requirements of this instruction manual.
10. MRCOOL®, LLC will bear no responsibilities for personal injury or property damage caused by the following:
  - a. Improper use of the appliance
  - b. Altering, maintaining, or operating the product with non-approved equipment.
  - c. Altering, maintaining, or operating the product outside of the guidelines of this manual.
  - d. Defects caused by corrosive gas.
  - e. Defects caused by shipping damage.
  - f. Failure to abide by this instruction manual or government regulations.
  - g. Products made by other manufacturers
  - h. Natural disasters, improper installation environment, or force majeure.

# Appliance Overview

Unless otherwise stated (as “OPTIONAL”) the air conditioning system includes the following accessories. Use all of the installation parts and accessories to install the air conditioner. Improper installation may result in water leakage, electrical shock, fire, or equipment failure.



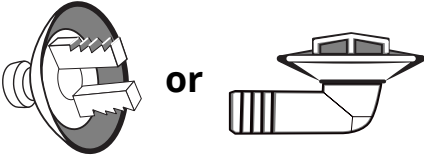
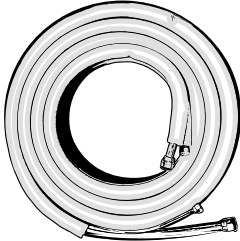
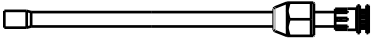
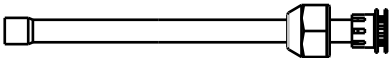
PART	LOOKS LIKE...	QUANTITY
<b>Owner's Manual</b>		1
<b>Drain Plug</b>		3 To plug the unused drain hole
<b>Drainage Connector</b>	 or	1 To connect with the PVC drain pipe
<b>OPTIONAL No-Vac® Quick Connect® Lineset Gas / Liquid Pipe Assembly</b>		1
<b>Liquid Side Stub Kit</b>		1 To connect the unit with the liquid pipe
<b>Gas Side Stub Kit</b>		1 To connect the unit with the gas pipe

Fig. 1.1

# Appliance Overview

Operating Range	COOLING	HEATING
Outdoor Temperature	5°F (-15°C) ~ 129.2°F (54°C)	-22°F (-30°C) ~ 75.2°F (24°C)

## Unit Dimensions of 2-3 Ton Condenser

MDUO18024036

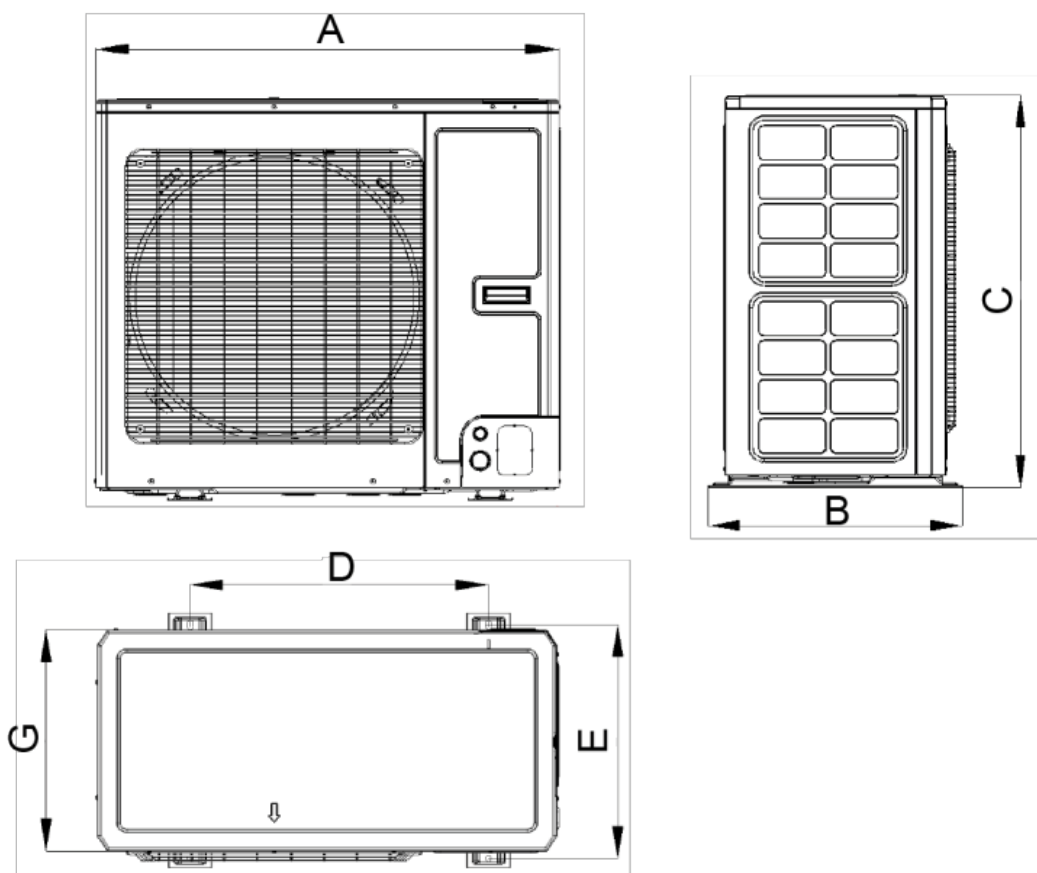


Fig. 1.2

Outdoor Unit Dimensions		Mounting Dimensions	
Width (A) x Height (C) x Depth (G)		Width (A / D)	Depth (B / E)
MDUO18024036	37 in x 32-1/4 in x 18-1/8 in. (940 mm x 820 mm x 460 mm)	37 in / 24 in (940 mm / 610 mm)	20-7/8 in / 19-1/8 in (530 mm / 486 mm)

# Appliance Overview

Operating Range	COOLING	HEATING
Outdoor Temperature	5°F (-15°C) ~ 129.2°F (54°C)	-22°F (-30°C) ~ 75°F (24°C)

## Unit Dimensions of 4-5 Ton Condenser

MDUO18048060

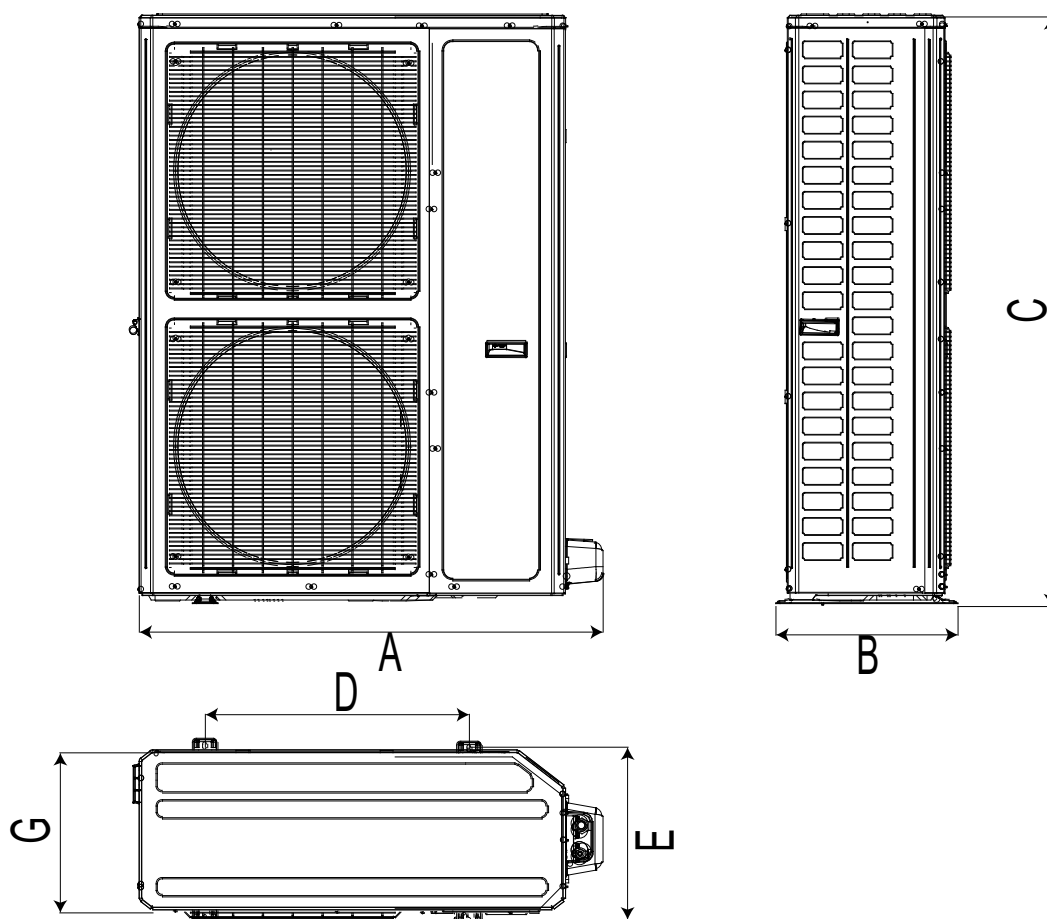


Fig. 1.3

	Outdoor Unit Dimensions	Mounting Dimensions	
	Width (A) x Height (C) x Depth (G)	Width (A / D)	Depth (B / E)
MDUO18048060	42-3/4 in x 53-3/4 in x 14-1/2 in (1085 mm x 1365 mm x 370 mm)	42-3/4 in / 24-1/2 in (1085 mm / 620 mm)	16-7/8 in / 15-1/2 in (427 mm / 395 mm)

## The Universal™ Series has 2 installation methods

### 1. The Conventional Weld Line Set Installation

Instructions can be found on **pages 15 - 23**  
OR  
View complete install video by scanning this QR code



### 2. No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set Installation

Instructions can be found on **page 24**  
OR  
View complete install video by scanning this QR code





MRCOOL®  
Preferred Method

## Installation Location



### WARNING

1. The unit must be installed in a location strong enough to support the weight of the unit and fixed securely, to avoid toppling.
2. Install the appliance in a location where there is an incline of less than 5°.
-  **DO NOT** install the unit in a location with direct sunlight to improve efficiency.
-  **DO NOT** install the unit where combustible or flammable gas leakage may occur.

### Select an installation location for the outdoor unit pursuant to the following conditions:

1. Noise and air flow produced by the outdoor unit will not disturb neighbors.
2. The location is away from animals and plants. If not, please add safety fences to protect the unit.
3. The area is well-ventilated with no nearby obstacles that could obstruct air flow.
4. The location is able to support the weight and withstand the operating vibration of the unit.
5. Installation is able to be performed safely.
6. The location area is free of combustible or corrosive gas, and oil smoke.
7. Unit is able to be shielded from strong wind. Strong wind may affect the outdoor fan and lead to insufficient air flow volume, thus affecting performance.
8. Unit is away from objects which can generate or amplify noise during operation.
9. Condensate can be safely drained from the unit.

## Installation Location

For best performance of the outdoor unit, make sure its installation space conforms to the following installation dimensions:

For installation of a single condenser refer to **Fig 2.1** below:

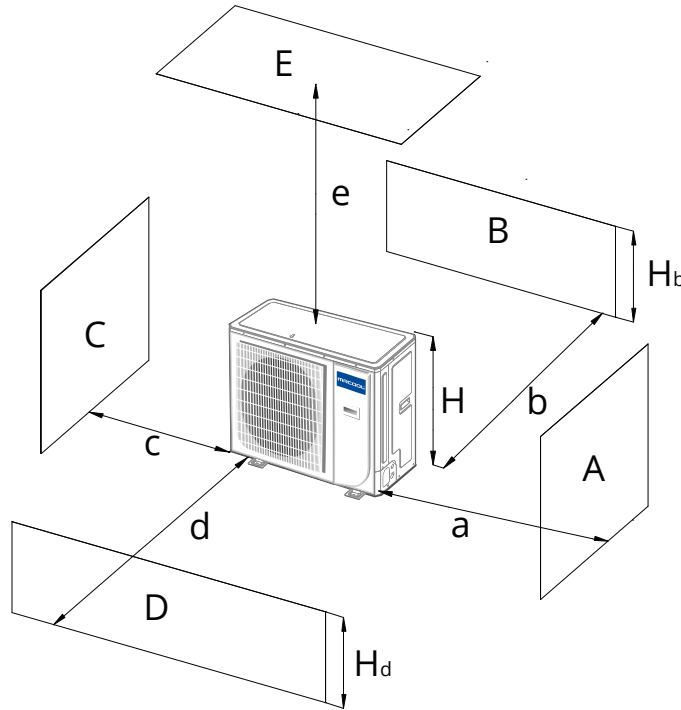


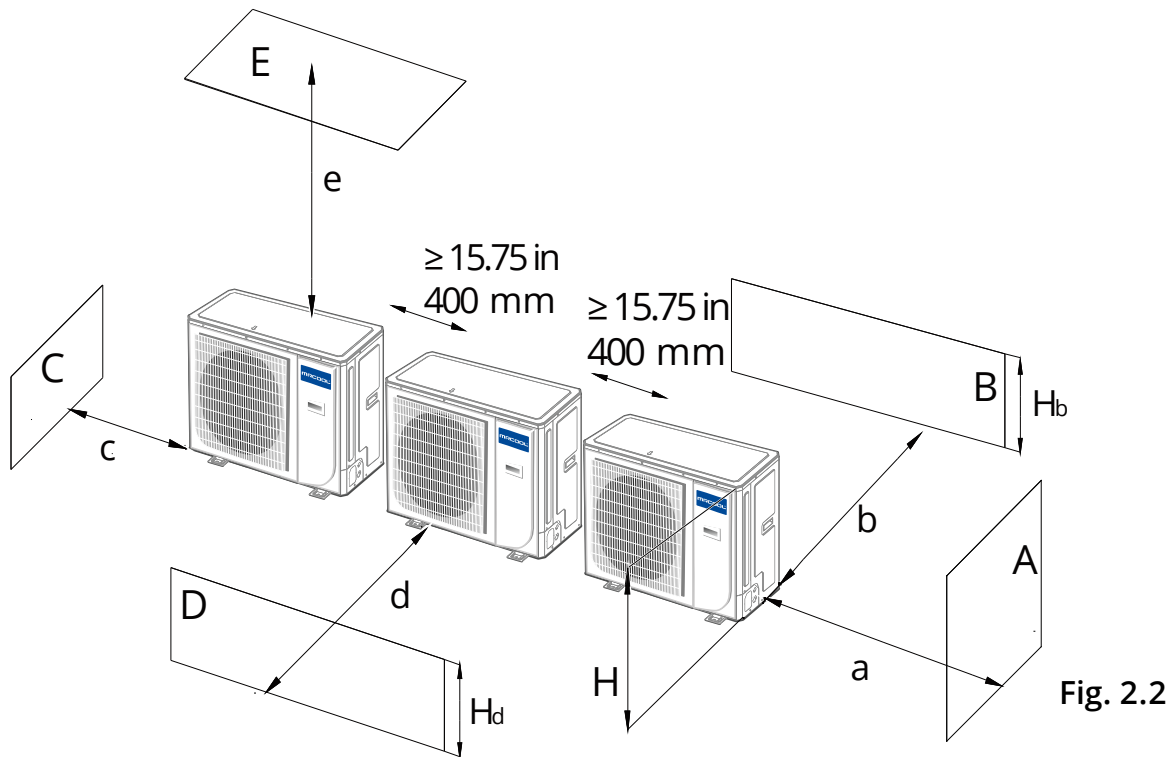
Fig. 2.1

A ~ E	H <sub>b</sub>	H <sub>d</sub>	H	inches (in) millimeters (mm)				
				a	b	c	d	e
B		—			≥ 3.94 in 100 mm			
A,B,C,		—		≥ 11.81 in 300 mm	≥ 3.94 in 100 mm	≥ 3.94 in 100 mm		
B,E		—			≥ 3.94 in 100 mm			≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
A,B,C,E		—		≥ 11.81 in 300 mm	≥ 5.9 in 150 mm	≥ 5.9 in 150 mm		≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
D		—					≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm	
D,E		—					≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
B,D	H <sub>b</sub> < H <sub>d</sub>	H <sub>d</sub> > H			≥ 3.94 in 100 mm		≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm	
	H <sub>b</sub> > H <sub>d</sub>	H <sub>d</sub> < H			≥ 3.94 in 100 mm		≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm	
B,D,E	H <sub>b</sub> < H <sub>d</sub>	H <sub>b</sub> ≤ 1/2H			≥ 9.84 in 250 mm		≥ 78.74 in 2000 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
		1/2H < H <sub>b</sub> ≤ H			≥ 9.84 in 250 mm		≥ 78.74 in 2000 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
		H <sub>b</sub> > H	Prohibited					
	H <sub>b</sub> > H <sub>d</sub>	H <sub>d</sub> ≤ 1/2H			≥ 3.94 in 100 mm		≥ 78.74 in 2000 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
		1/2H < H <sub>d</sub> ≤ H			≥ 7.87 in 200 mm		≥ 78.74 in 2000 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
		H <sub>d</sub> > H	Prohibited					

## Installation Location

For best performance of the outdoor unit, make sure its installation space conforms to the following installation dimensions:

For installation of multiple condensers side by side refer to **Fig 2.2** below:



A ~ E	H <sub>b</sub>	H <sub>d</sub>	H	inches (in) millimeters (mm)				
				a	b	c	d	e
A,B,C,		—		≥ 11.81 in 300 mm	≥ 11.81 in 300 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm		
A,B,C,E		—		≥ 11.81 in 300 mm	≥ 11.81 in 300 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm		≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
D		—					≥ 78.74 in 2000 mm	
D,E		—					≥ 78.74 in 2000 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
B,D	H <sub>b</sub> < H <sub>d</sub>	H <sub>d</sub> > H		≥ 11.81 in 300 mm			≥ 78.74 in 2000 mm	
	H <sub>b</sub> > H <sub>d</sub>	H <sub>d</sub> ≤ 1/2H		≥ 9.84 in 250 mm			≥ 78.74 in 2000 mm	
		H <sub>d</sub> < H		≥ 11.81 in 300 mm			≥ 98.43 in 2500 mm	
B,D,E	H <sub>b</sub> < H <sub>d</sub>	H <sub>b</sub> ≤ 1/2H		≥ 11.81 in 300 mm			≥ 78.74 in 2000 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
		1/2H < H <sub>b</sub> ≤ H		≥ 11.81 in 300 mm			≥ 98.43 in 2500 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
		H <sub>b</sub> > H		Prohibited				
	H <sub>b</sub> > H <sub>d</sub>	H <sub>d</sub> ≤ 1/2H			≥ 9.84 in 250 mm		≥ 98.43 in 2500 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
		1/2H < H <sub>d</sub> ≤ H			≥ 11.81 in 300 mm		≥ 98.43 in 2500 mm	≥ 39.37 in 1000 mm
		H <sub>d</sub> > H		Prohibited				

## Installation Location

For best performance of the outdoor unit, make sure its installation space conforms to the following installation dimensions:

For installation of multiple condensers in rows refer to **Fig 2.3** below:

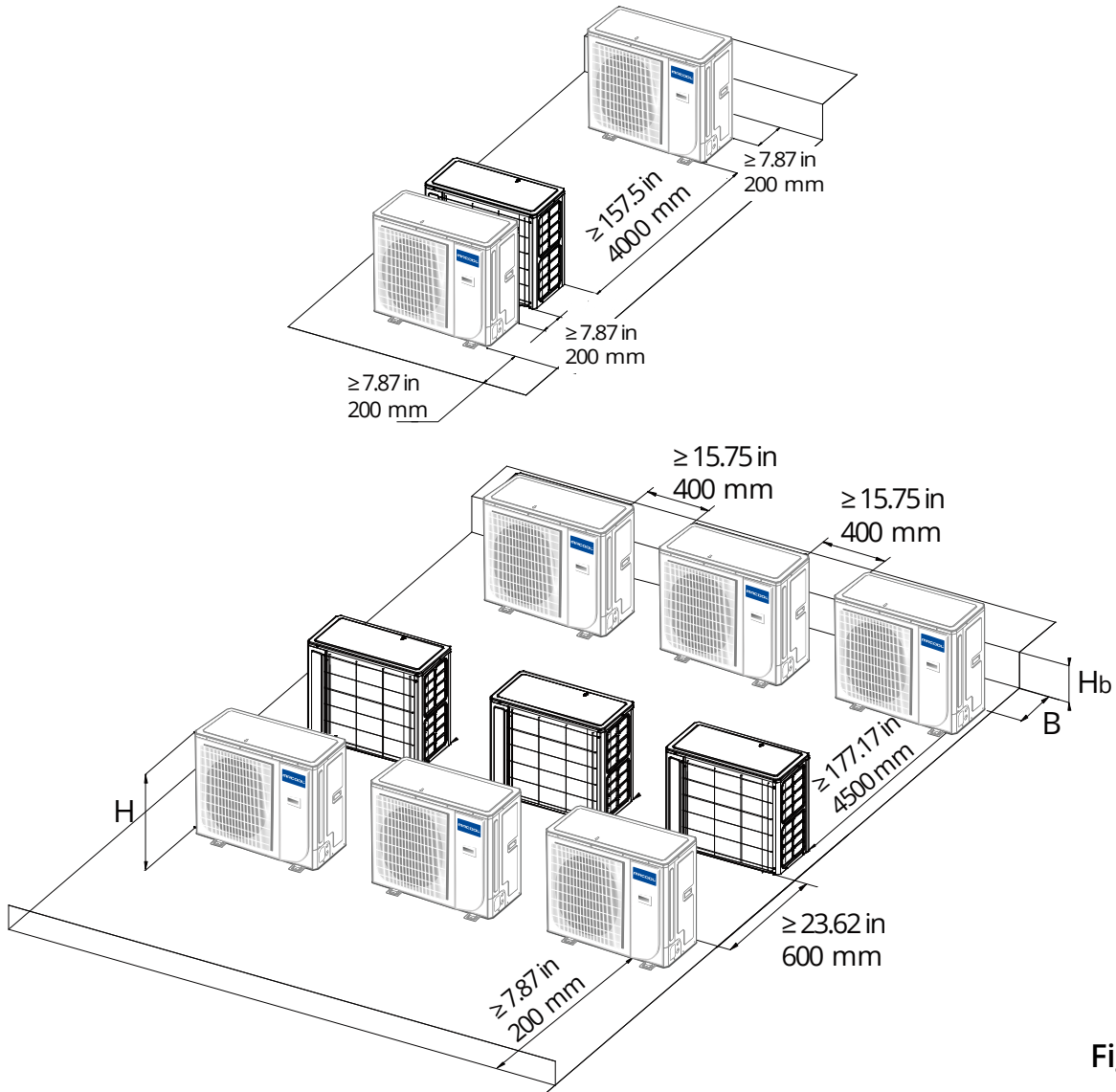


Fig. 2.3

H <sub>b</sub> H	inches (in) millimeters (mm)
$H_b \leq 1/2H$	$b \geq 9.84 \text{ in (250 mm)}$
$1/2H < H_b \leq H$	$b \geq 11.81 \text{ in (300 mm)}$
$H_b > H$	Prohibited

## Installation Location

For best performance of the outdoor unit, make sure its installation space conforms to the following installation dimensions:

For installation of multiple condensers on a vertical face refer to **Fig 2.4** below:

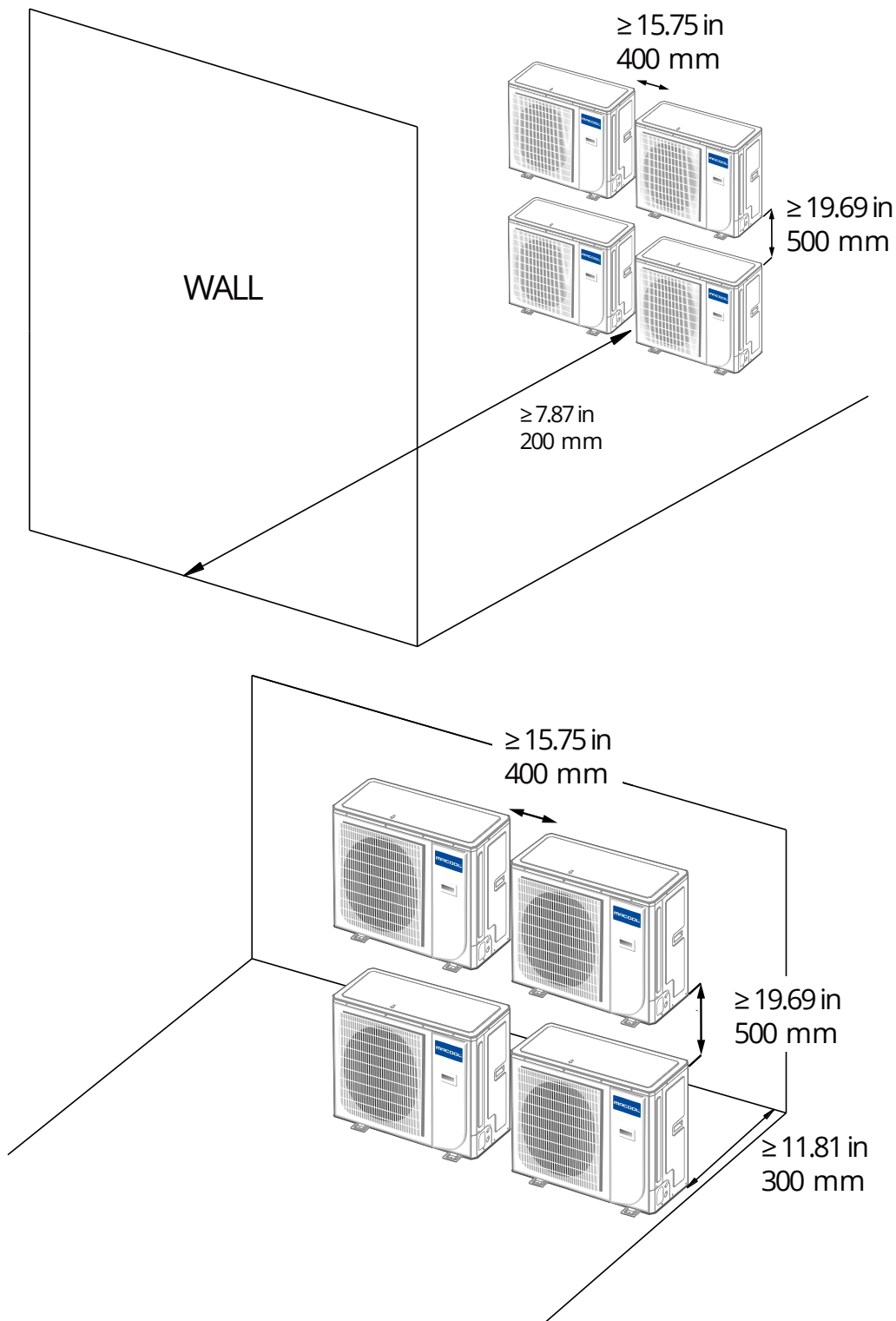
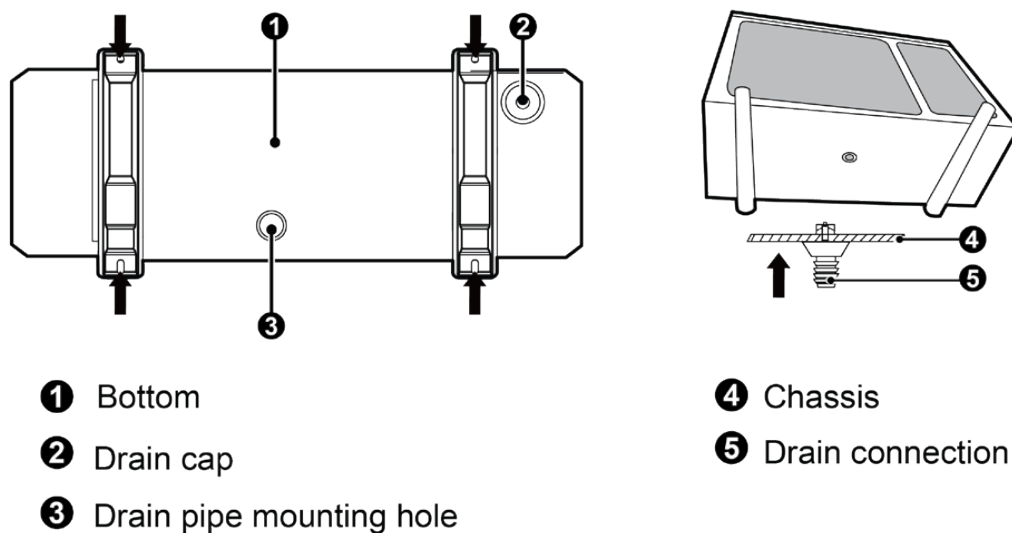


Fig. 2.4

## 2 Outdoor Installation

1. If the outdoor unit is installed on a solid surface, such as concrete, use M10 screw bolts and nuts to secure the unit. Make sure the unit stands erect and level.
2. ***DO NOT*** install it on top of a building.
3. If the unit vibrates and generates noise, add rubber cushions between the unit's feet and the installation surface.
4. When the outdoor unit is in heating or defrosting mode, it must drain water. When installing the drain pipe, plug the accompanied drainage connector to the drainage hole on the chassis of the outdoor unit. Then, connect the drain hose to the drainage connector. If the drainage connector is used, the outdoor unit should be at least 4 in (101.6 mm) from the ground.
5. Plugs and drainage connector are not recommended if there is an electrical heater on the chassis.

Refer to **Fig. 2.5** for details.



**Fig. 2.5**

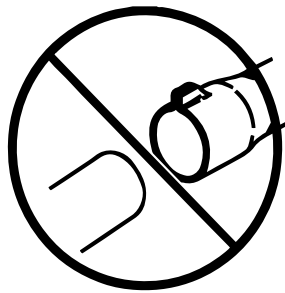
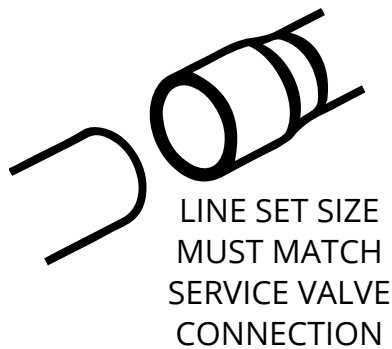
## 3 Conventional Line Set Installation

### INSTALLATION METHOD

Connect the refrigerant lines to the unit first. When bending a refrigerant pipe, be careful not to kink or crimp the pipe. ***DO NOT*** overtighten the screw nut, otherwise leakage may occur. The outside of the refrigerant pipe should have a layer of insulating cotton to protect it from mechanical damage during installation, maintenance and transportation.

Refrigerant lines should adopt water-proof insulating material. The pipe wall thickness should be 0.5-1.0 mm and able to withstand 6.0 MPa. Excessive length of the refrigerant lines will negatively affect cooling and heating performance. Attempt to minimize refrigerant line length when possible.

When the drop between indoor and outdoor units is larger than 32 ft (10 m), an oil return bend should be added every 19.69 ft (6 m).



DO NOT CRIMP SERVICE VALVE  
CONNECTOR IF PIPE IS  
SMALLER THAN CONNECTOR

Outdoor Unit Model	Size of Fitting Pipe		Maximum Pipe Length	Maximum Drop between indoor and outdoor units
	Liquid Pipe	Gas Pipe		
MDUO18024036	3/8 in	3/4 in	98.4 ft (30 m)	49.2 ft (15 m)
MDUO18048060				

### ! CAUTION

Be extremely careful not to dent or damage the piping while bending them away from the unit. Any dents in the piping will affect the unit's performance.

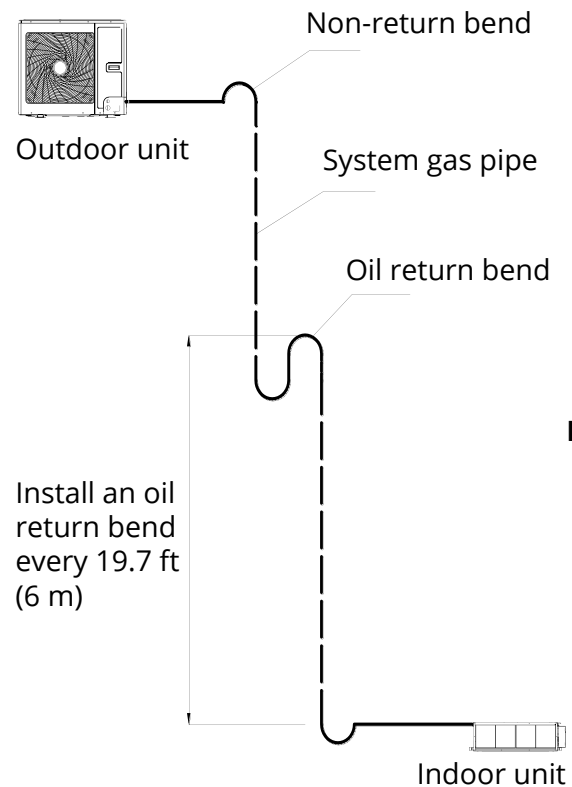
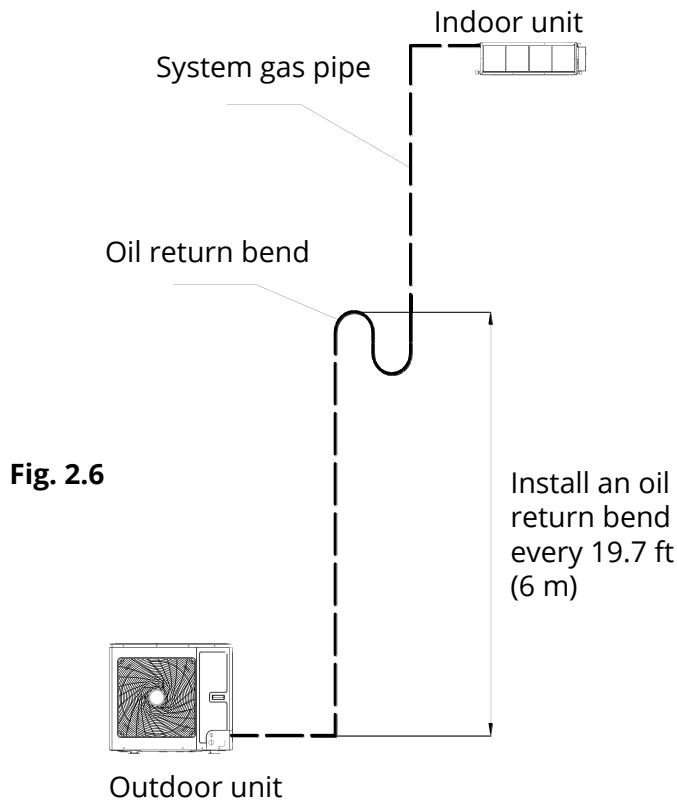
For installation with a **No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set**, refer to the next section starting on page 24

## OIL RETURN BENDS

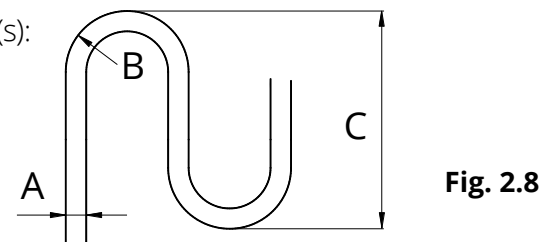
Add an oil return bend as described below:

**If outdoor unit is beneath the indoor unit**, there is no need to add a non-return bend at the lowest or highest position of the vertical pipe, as shown below in **Fig. 2.6**:

**If outdoor unit is above the indoor unit**, it is necessary to add an oil return bend and a non-return bend at the lowest and highest position of the vertical pipe, as shown below in **Fig. 2.7**:



Use the following dimensions in **Fig. 2.8** to form the oil return bend(s):



A (Pipe Diameter)		B		C	
Inches	mm	Inches	mm	Inches	mm
Φ1/2	Φ12	≥1	≥26	≥5.91	≤150
Φ5/8	Φ16	≥1.3	≥33	≥5.91	≤150
Φ3/4	Φ19	≥1.34	≥34	≥5.91	≤150

For installation with a **No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set**, refer to the next section starting on page 24

## Conventional Line Set Installation

### Pipe Cutting

#### Step 1: Cut Pipe

1. When preparing refrigerant pipes, take extra care to cut and flare them properly. This will ensure efficient operation and minimize the need for future maintenance.
2. Measure the distance between the indoor and outdoor units.
3. Using a pipe cutter, cut the pipe a little longer than the measured distance.
4. Make sure that the pipe is cut at a perfect 90° angle. Refer to **Fig. 2.9** for cut examples.

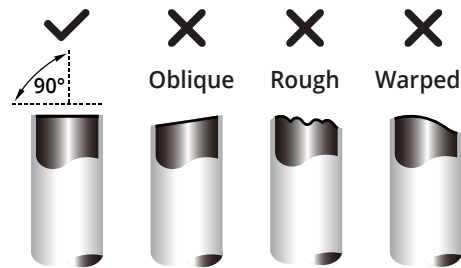


Fig. 2.9

#### ! CAUTION

- ⚠ **DO NOT** deform pipe while cutting. Be extra careful not to damage, dent, or deform the pipe while cutting. This will drastically reduce the heating efficiency of the unit.

#### Step 2: Remove burrs

Burrs can affect the airtight seal of refrigerant piping connection. They must be completely removed.

1. Hold the pipe at a downward angle to prevent burrs from falling into the pipe.
2. Using a reamer or deburring tool, remove all burrs from the cut section of the pipe. Refer to **Fig. 2.10**
3. After removing burrs from cut pipe, seal the ends with PVC tape to prevent foreign materials from entering the pipe.

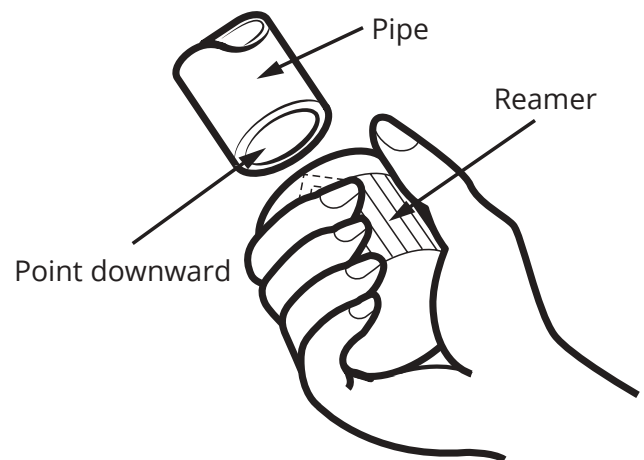


Fig. 2.10

For installation with a **No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set**, refer to the next section starting on page 24

## Conventional Line Set Installation

### Pipe Flaring

#### Step 3: Flare pipe ends

Proper flaring is essential to achieve an airtight seal.

1. After removing burrs from cut pipe, seal the ends with PVC tape to prevent foreign materials from entering the pipe.
2. Sheath the pipe with insulating material as necessary
3. Remove the cut-off valve of outdoor unit and take out the flare nut from the bag of indoor unit accessories. Fit the flare nut on the pipe, as shown in **Fig. 2.11**.
4. Make sure it is facing in the right direction, because you can not remove the nut or change its direction after flaring. See **Fig. 2.12**.
5. Remove PVC tape from ends of pipe when ready to perform flaring work.
6. Clamp flare form on the end of the pipe. The end of the pipe should extend ~ 1/16 in (1.6 mm) beyond the edge of the flare form as shown in **Fig. 2.13**
7. Place flaring tool onto the form, as shown in **Fig. 2.14**
8. Turn the handle of the flaring tool clockwise until the pipe is fully flared.
9. Remove the flaring tool and flare form, then inspect the end of the pipe for cracks and even flaring.

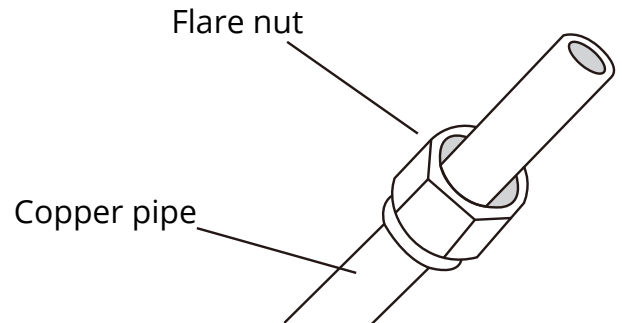


Fig. 2.11

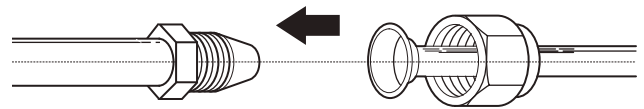


Fig. 2.12

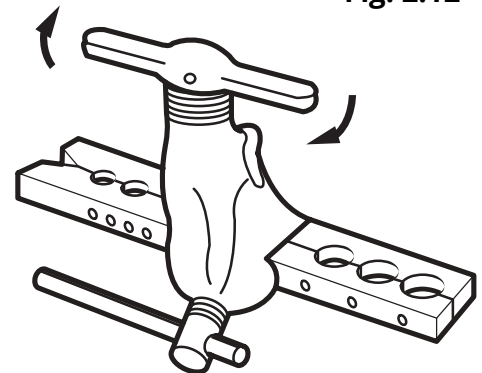


Fig. 2.13

#### PIPING EXTENSION BEYOND FLARE FORM

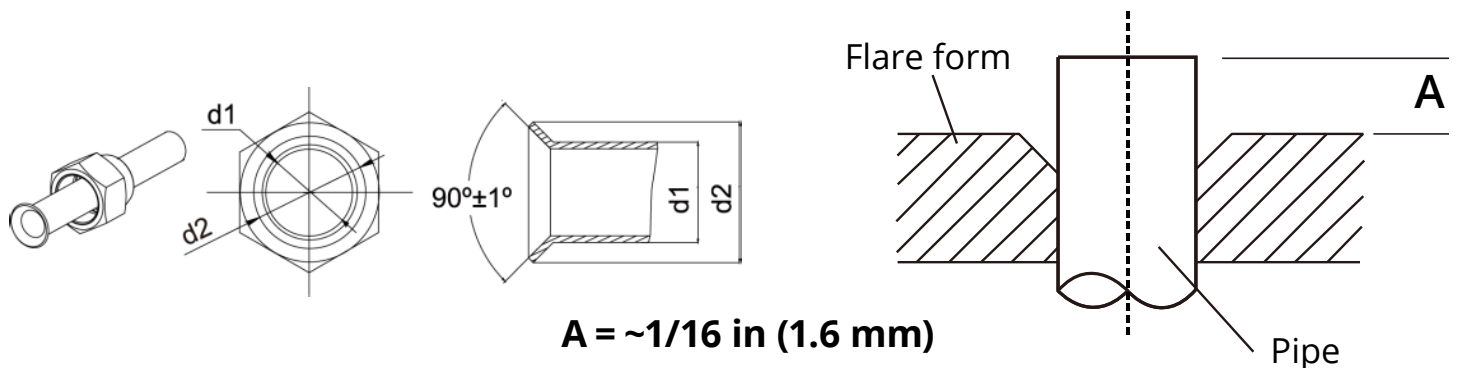


Fig. 2.14

For installation with a **No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set**, refer to the next section starting on page 24

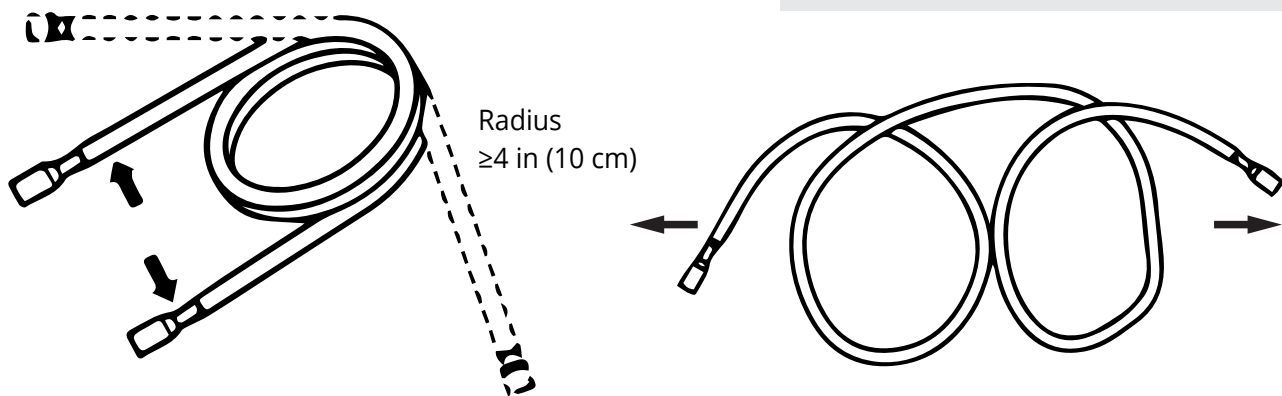
## Conventional Line Set Installation

### Pipe Bending

1. Use your hands to bend the pipes. Work carefully not to collapse them.
2. **DO NOT** bend the pipes in at an angle greater than 90°.
3. If the pipe is repeatedly bent or extended, it will become hard and difficult to manipulate. Avoid bending or extending the pipe more than 3 times.
4. **DO NOT** bend the pipe excessively, otherwise it will break. Please refer to **Fig. 2.15**

#### MINIMUM BEND RADIUS

When bending connective refrigerant piping, the minimum bending radius is 10 cm. Refer to Fig. 2.15



Extend the pipe by unwinding it



Fig. 2.15

5. As shown in **Fig. 2.16**, use a sharp cutter to cut the pipe insulation and bend the pipe after it is exposed. After bending, place the insulation back on the pipe and secure it with adhesive tape.

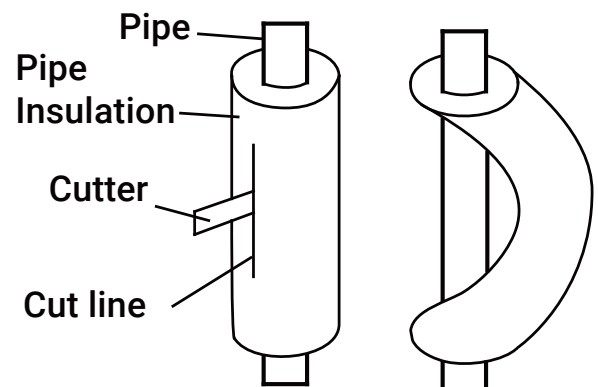


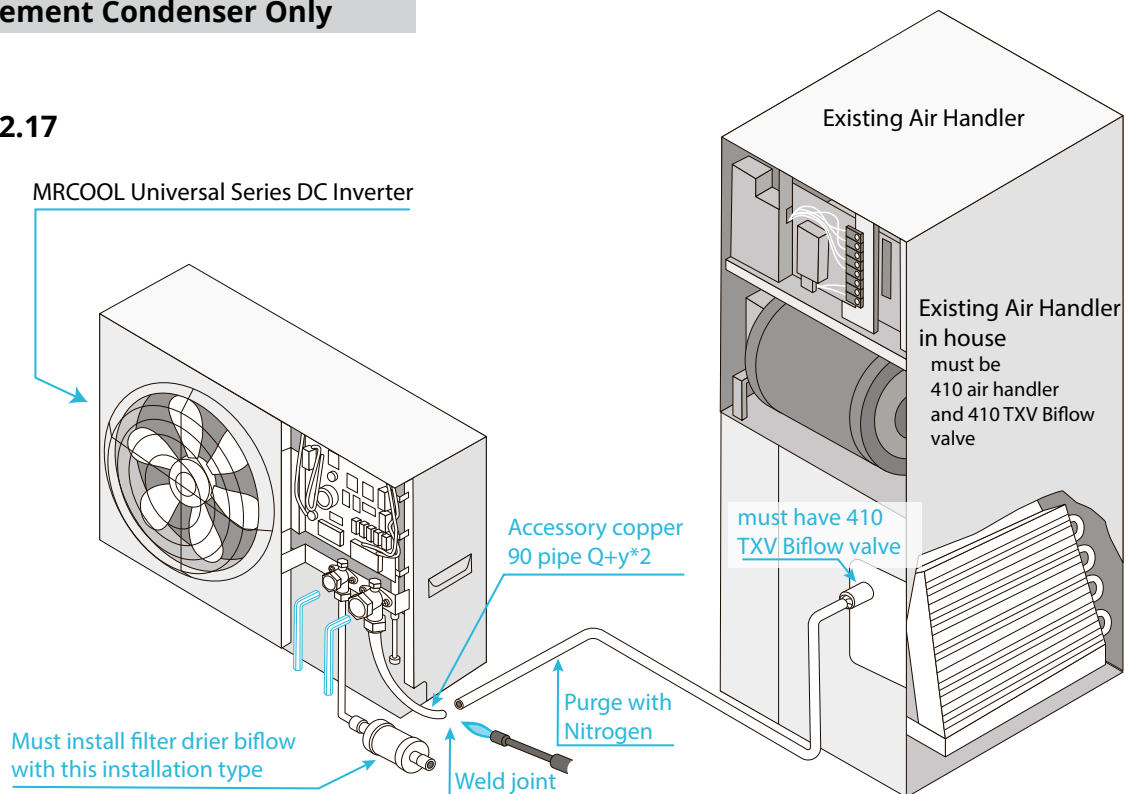
Fig. 2.16

For installation with a **No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set**, refer to the next section starting on page 24

## Conventional Line Set Installation

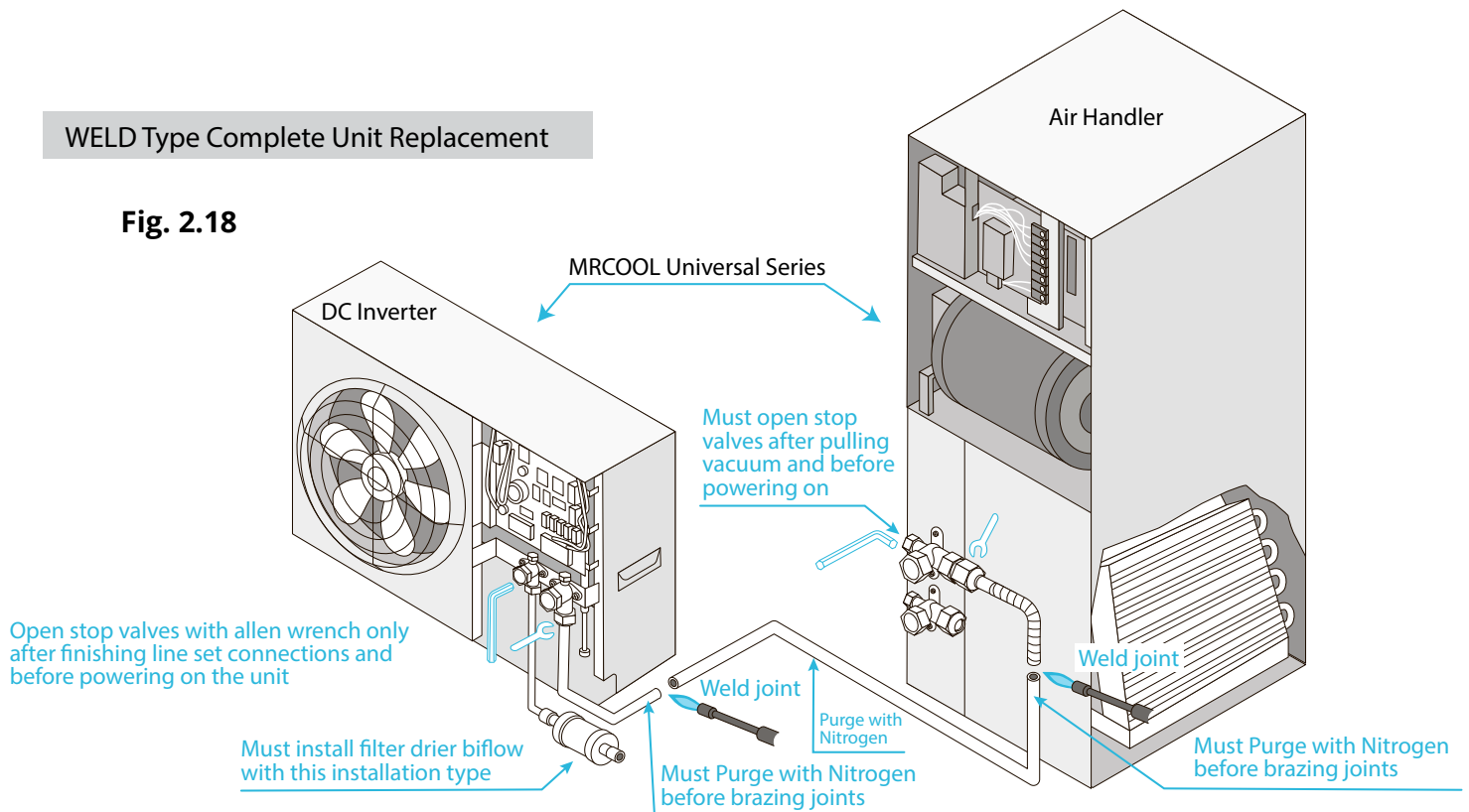
### Replacement Condenser Only

Fig. 2.17



### WELD Type Complete Unit Replacement

Fig. 2.18



## Conventional Line Set Installation

### Pipe Connection



#### WARNING

1. Connect the pipe to the unit. Follow all instructions below. Use both spanner and torque wrench.
2. When connecting the tapered screw nut, first apply Polyolester oil (POE oil) on its inner and outer surface and then screw it on 3 or 4 threads.
3. Confirm the tightening torque by referring to the following table. If the screw nut is overtightened, it may be damaged and cause leakage.
4. Check whether gas leakage is occurring and then apply thermal insulation.
5. Wind sponge around the joint of gas pipe and heat insulation sheath of gas collecting pipe.
6. Be sure to connect gas pipe after liquid pipe is connected.
7. Keep pipe connection joint exposed to perform the leak test (refer to **Post Installation Checks** section of this manual).

1. Screw on the flare nut of the flared connecting pipe onto the outdoor unit valve. Refer to **Fig. 2.19A** & **Fig. 2.19B**, using the torque values in the table below.

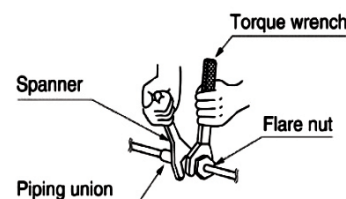
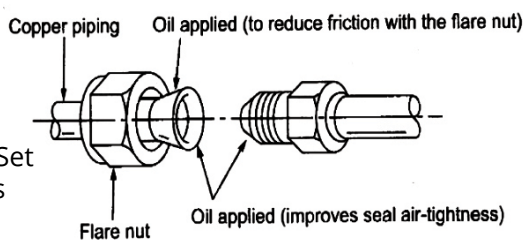
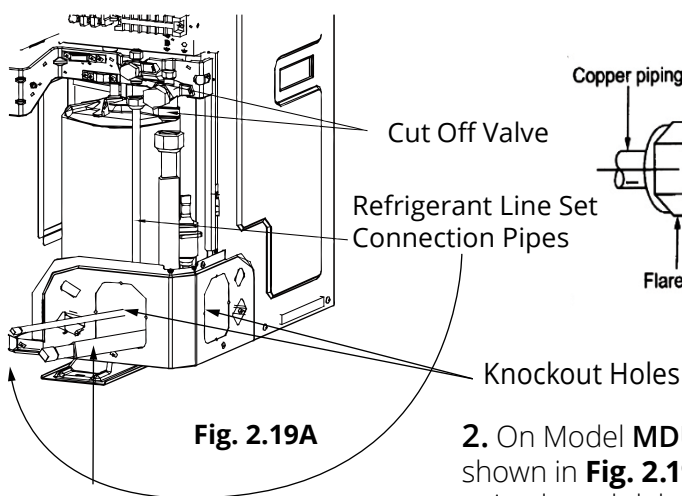


Fig. 2.19B

2. On Model **MDU018024036** & **MDU018048060** plug the knockout holes shown in **Fig. 2.19A** with material such as neoprene to prevent small animals and debris from entering the unit.

Pipe diameter (in.   mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)
1/4 in   6.4 mm	11-22 ft/lbs (15-30 Nm)
3/8 in   8.3 mm	26-30 ft/lbs (35-40 Nm)
1/2 in   12.7 mm	33-37 ft/lbs (45-50 Nm)
5/8 in   15.9 mm	44-48 ft/lbs (60-65 Nm)
3/4 in   19 mm	52-55 ft/lbs (70-75 Nm)
7/8 in   22.2 mm	59-63 ft/lbs (80-85 Nm)



#### DO NOT USE EXCESSIVE TORQUE

**Excessive force can break the nut or damage the refrigerant piping. You must not exceed torque requirements shown in the table.**

For installation with a **No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set**, refer to the next section starting on page 24

## Conventional Line Set Installation

### Vacuum Lines



#### WARNING

- **Make sure the outlet of the vacuum pump is away from any potential source of fire and is well-ventilated.**
- **Before vacuum pumping, make sure the unit cut-off valves are closed.**
- **When vacuum pumping, both the liquid pipe and the gas pipe must be pumped.**

1. Remove the caps on the liquid valve, gas valve, and also the service port.
2. Connect the hose at the low pressure and high pressure sides of the manifold valve assembly to the service port of the unit's gas and liquid valve. Meanwhile, the gas and liquid valves should be kept closed to avoid refrigerant leak.
3. Connect the hose used for evacuation hose to the vacuum pump.
4. Open the switch on the lower pressure side of the manifold valve assembly and start the vacuum pump. The switch at the high pressure side of the manifold valve assembly should be kept closed. If not, evacuation would fail.
5. The evacuation duration typically depends on the unit capacity: **for Model MDUO18024036 time is generally 30 minutes, for model MDUO18048060 time is generally 45 minutes.** Verify that the pressure gauge on the low pressure side of the manifold valve assembly reads -0.1 Mp (-30 in Hg). If it does not, there is leak somewhere. Close the switch fully and stop the vacuum pump.
6. Wait for 10 minutes to see if the system pressure remains unchanged. During this time, the reading of the pressure gauge at the low pressure side should not be larger than 0.005 Mp (0.15 in Hg).
7. Open the liquid valve slightly, and let some refrigerant go to the connection pipe to balance the pressure inside and outside of the connection pipe, so that air will not come into the connection pipe when removing the hose. Note that the gas and liquid valve can be opened fully only after the manifold valve assembly is removed.
8. Return the caps to the liquid valve, gas valve, and service port.
9. **For large-sized units,** there are maintenance ports for the liquid valve and gas valve. During evacuation, you may connect the two hoses of the branch valve assembly to the maintenance ports to speed up the evacuation.

Refer to **Fig. 2.20** on the following page.

For installation with a **No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set**, refer to the next section starting on page 24

## Conventional Line Set Installation

### Vacuum Lines

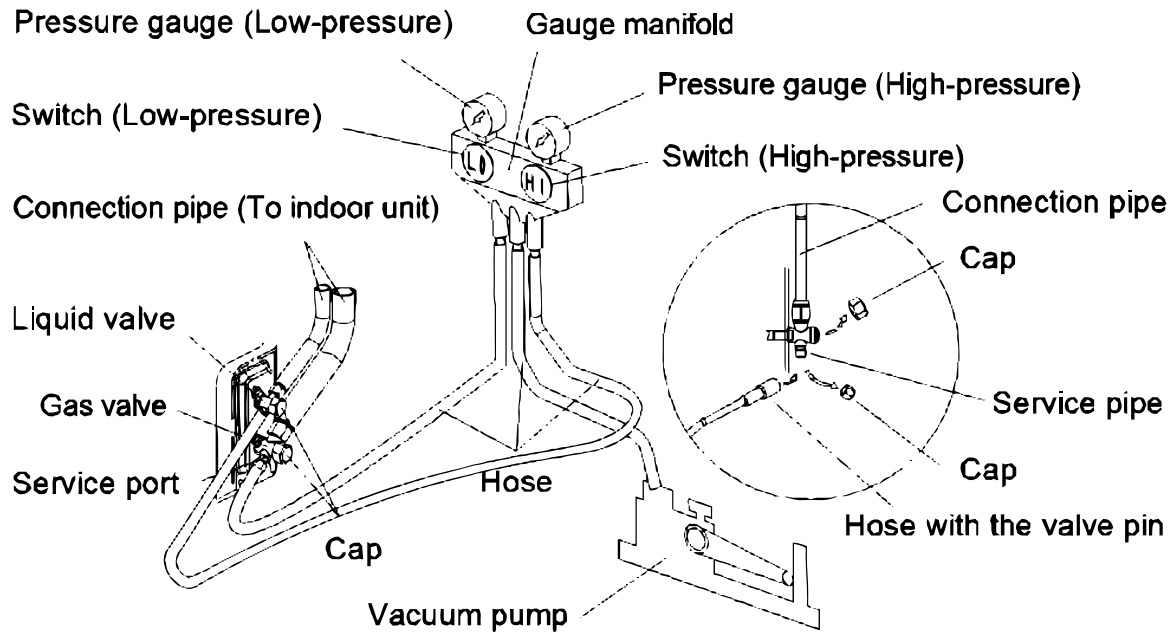


Fig. 2.20

## Adding Refrigerant

Outdoor Unit Model	Standard Pipe Length	Max Pipe Length Requiring No Added Charge (Not for No-Vac Quick Connect)	Additional Refrigerant per Line Length
MDUO18024036	24.6 ft   7.5 m	≤31.2 ft   ≤9.5 m	0.32 oz/ft 30 g/m
MDUO18048060			

For installation with a **No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set**, refer to the next section starting on page 24

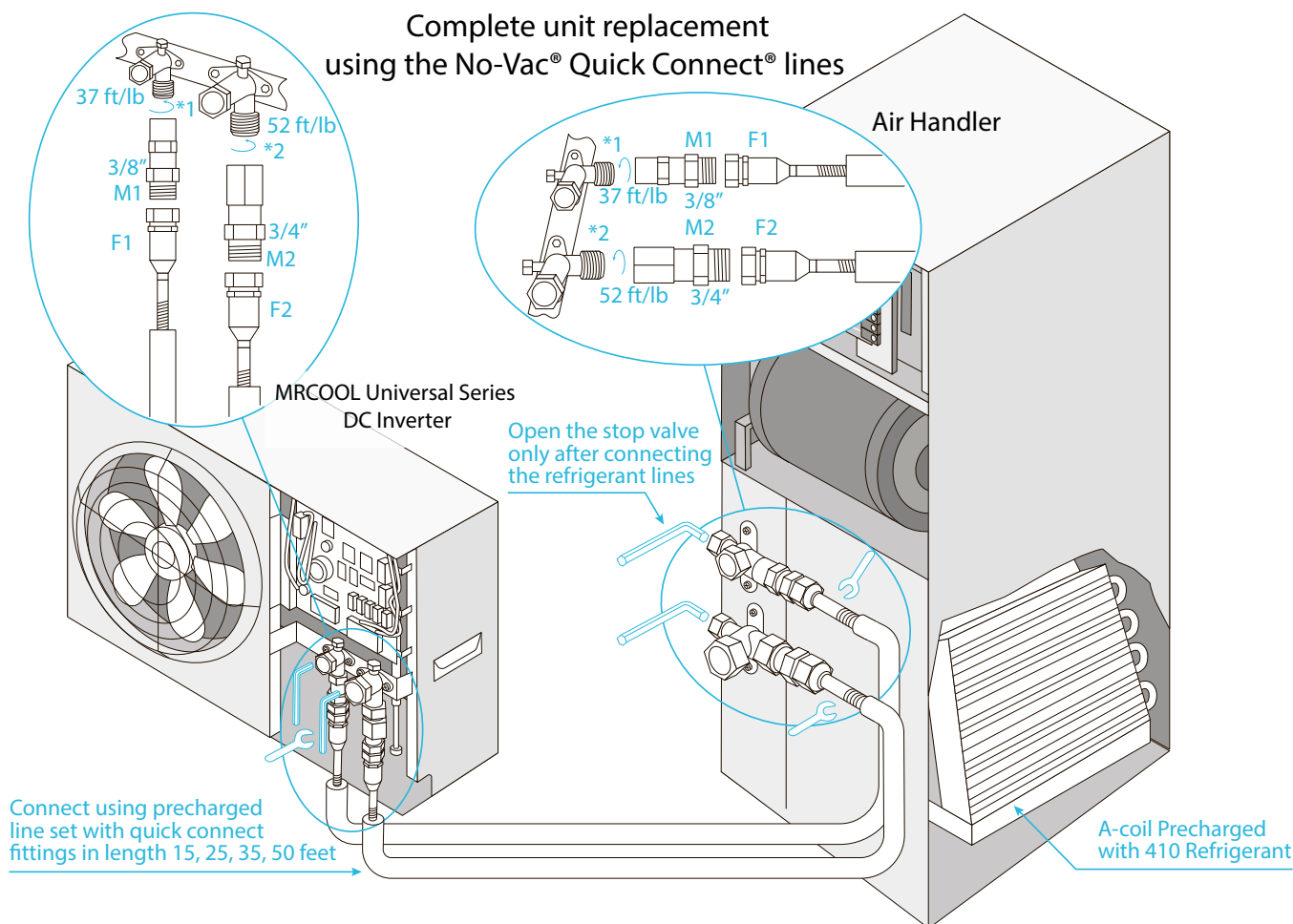
## 4 No-Vac® Quick Connect® Line Set Installation

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE WITH NO-VAC™ QUICK CONNECT® LINE SET SOLD SEPARATELY KINK RESISTANT, PRECHARGED, SIMPLE SECURE QUICK CONNECT, 100% CONNECTION GUARANTEE

Please read and follow the instructions and diagram below<sup>1</sup>:

Connections must be made exactly as specified to avoid system leaks and /or damage

1. Take out matching male connectors **M1** and **M2**.
2. **Remove** protective cap with the copper gasket at each stop valve on the **DC INVERTER** and ensure the threads are clean and complete.
3. **Tighten** the **M1** connector to the **cutoff valve \*1** with a tightening force of 37 ft/lb (50N).  
**Tighten** the **M2** connector to the **cutoff valve \*2** with a tightening force of 52 ft/lb (70N).
4. **Repeat** step 3 for **AIR HANDLER** at the other end of the **LINE SET**.
5. Unroll and route the **LINE SET** between the **AIR HANDLER** and the **DC INVERTER**.
6. **Remove** the protective caps of the valves at both ends of the **LINE SET**. Verify that all threads are clean and complete.
7. **Tighten** the **LINE SET F1** valve to the **M1 Connector** (connected to cutoff valve \*1 in step 3) with a force of 33 ft/lb (**45N**). **Tighten** the **LINE SET F2** valve to the **M2 Connector** (connected to cutoff valve \*2 in step 3) with a tightening force of 48 ft/lb (**65N**).
8. **Repeat** this process for the **AIR HANDLER** at the other end of the **LINE SET**.
9. At the **OUTDOOR UNIT** remove the **protective cap** at the **cutoff valve switch** and **open** the **cutoff valve** with a hex wrench to run the refrigeration circuit. **If** there is any fizz, grease, or other **leakage**, **close** the valve **immediately** and **check** that **steps 3 and 7** were done properly. **Otherwise**, immediately **apply soapy water** for micro-leakage detection. Soak the joints using a sponge or spray bottle. **If any bubbles form**, **close** the valve **immediately** and **check** that **steps 3 and 7** were done properly.
10. **After** the correct connection, **re-tighten** the cutoff valve's **protection cap** and **cover** the M1, M2 and F1, F2 connections with the grey **insulating sleeve** to help **prevent condensation**.



<sup>1</sup>Failure to follow the instructions provided could result in severe harm to you, this product, or other property. The manufacturer, distributor, and seller are not responsible for any harm resulting from the failure to follow instructions and the failure to follow these instructions will void any and all warranties express or implied.

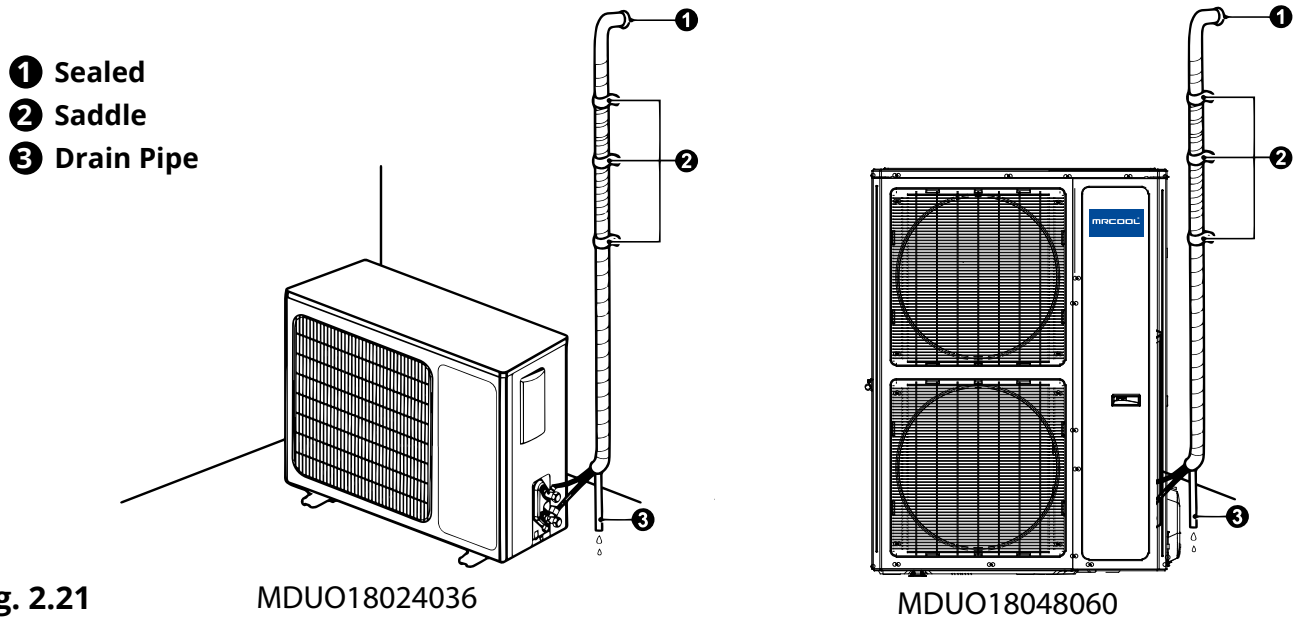
[www.mrcool.com](http://www.mrcool.com)

v01-28-2021

## 5 Installation of Drain Pipe

**If the outdoor unit is located on a level lower than the indoor unit,** arrange the condensate drain according to **Fig. 2.21**.

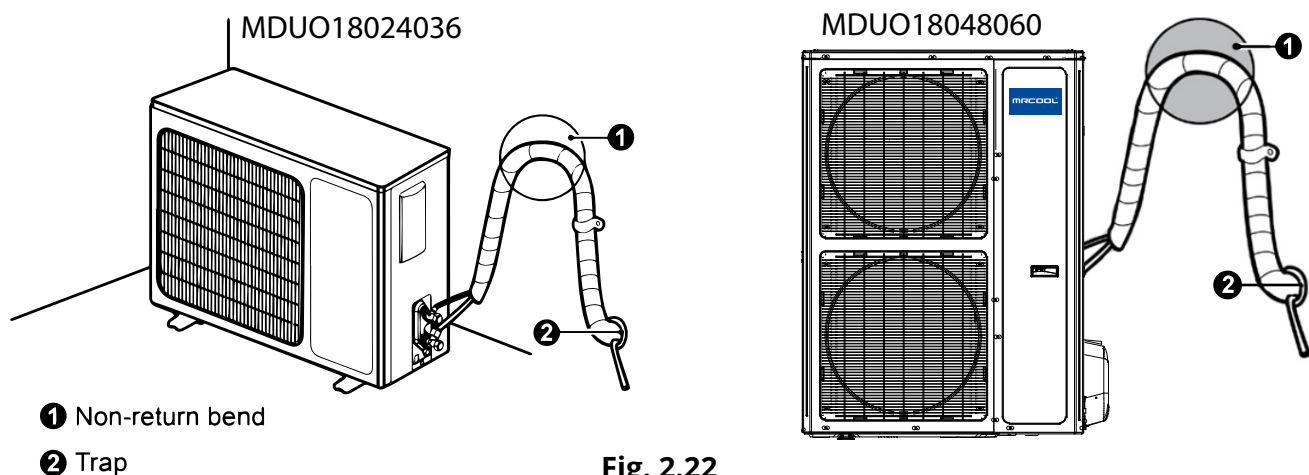
1. Drain hose should be placed on the ground and its end should not be immersed into water.
2. The entire line set, including drain pipe should be wound with insulating tape. Wrap the insulating tape from bottom to top, as this will ensure rain/moisture does not seep into the tape overlaps.
3. The entire line set, including drain pipe should be supported and fixed onto the wall with saddles.



**Fig. 2.21**

**If the outdoor unit is located on a level higher than the indoor unit,** arrange the condensate drain according to **Fig. 2.22**.

1. Drain hose should be placed on the ground utilizing a trap.
2. The entire line set, including drain pipe should be wrapped with insulating tape to avoid water returning to the interior. Wrap the insulating tape from bottom to top.
3. The entire line set, including drain pipe should be supported and fixed onto the wall with saddles.



**Fig. 2.22**

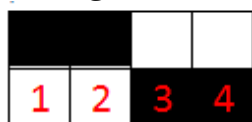
## 6 Condenser Field Conversion

### Converting Unit From 3 Ton to 2 Ton

Follow these instructions during unit installation in order to enable a Universal® Series 3 ton condenser and air handler split system to operate at 2 ton capacity.

1. Make sure the unit is powered off. **DO NOT** attempt this conversion while the unit is powered on.
2. Locate the capacity dip switch on the condenser main board. The capacity dip switch is circled on the photo below.
3. The default position of the capacity dip switch is 1 & 2 'Up' and 3 & 4 'Down'. Up being a switch push toward the letters (ON DIP). Down being a switch pushed toward the numbers (1 2 3 4).
4. The default position of the capacity dip switch is 36k.
5. To activate the 24k capacity, flip capacity dip switch 1 from the Up position to the Down position.

Fig. 2.24



DEFAULT 3 TON

Fig. 2.25



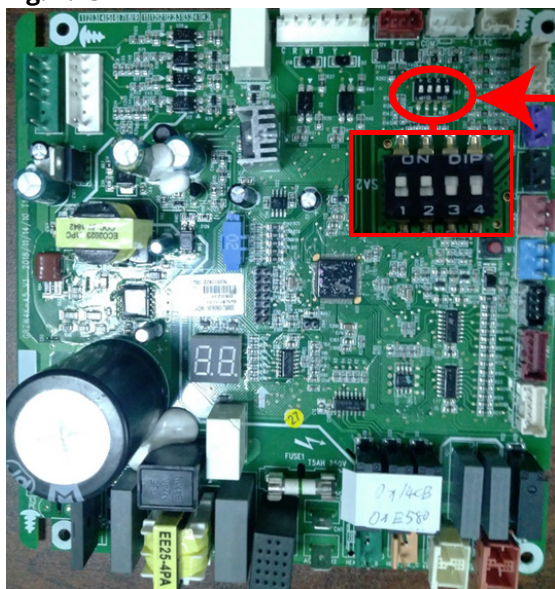
2 TON SETTING

### Converting Unit From 5 Ton to 4 Ton

Follow these instructions during unit installation in order to enable a Universal® Series 5 ton condenser and air handler split system to operate at 4 ton capacity.

1. Make sure the unit is powered off. **DO NOT** attempt this conversion while the unit is powered on.
2. Locate the capacity dip switch on the condenser main board. The capacity dip switch is circled on the photo below.
3. The default position of the capacity dip switch is 1 & 2 'Up' and 3 & 4 'Down'. Up being a switch pushed toward the letters (ON DIP). Down being a switch pushed toward the numbers (1 2 3 4).
4. The default position of the capacity dip switch is 60k.
5. To activate the 48k capacity, flip capacity dip switch 1 from the Up position to the Down position.

Fig. 2.23



Location of Dip Switch on Condenser Main Board

Fig. 2.26



DEFAULT 5 TON

Fig. 2.27



4 TON SETTING

### NOTE

Refer to the Universal Air Handler Installation Manual for Dip Switch Instructions and settings to convert the Universal Air Handler from 3 ton to 2 ton, or 5 ton to 4 ton.

## 7 Electrical Connection

### Electrical Regulations



#### **WARNING** Before performing electrical work, read the following regulations

1. Electrical installation must be conducted only by professionals in compliance with local laws, regulations and this installation manual. Never artificially extend the length of power cord. The electric circuit must be equipped with a circuit breaker and air switch. Both must have sufficient capacity.
2. Unit operating power must be within the nominal range stated in the instruction manual. Use a specialized power circuit for the air conditioner. **DO NOT** draw power from another power circuit.
3. The air conditioner circuit should be at least 5 ft (1.5 m) away from any flammable surface.
4. The external power cord and the thermostat wire must be effectively fixed.
5. The external power cord and the thermostat wire must **NOT** directly contact any hot objects. For example: they must not come into contact with chimney pipes, warm gas pipes or other hot objects.
6. The external power cord and the thermostat wire must **NOT** be squeezed. Never pull, stretch or bend the wires.
7. The external power cord and the thermostat wire must **NOT** collide with any metal beam or edge on the ceiling, or touch any metal burrs or sharp metal edge.
8. Connect wires correspondingly by referring to the circuit diagram labeled on the unit or electric box. Screws must be tightened. **NOTE: Slipped screws must be replaced by specialized flat-head screws.**
9. The wire gauge of the power cord should be sufficiently large. A damaged power cord, or other wires, must be replaced by specialized wires. Wiring work must be done according to national wiring rules and regulations.
10. Wiring terminals should be connected firmly to the terminal board.

## Electrical Connection

### Electrical Parameters

Outdoor Unit Model	Power Supply	Min. Circuit Ampacity	Max. Fuse Size
MDUO18024036	208/230V 1Ph - 60Hz	24 amps (3 Ton) 18 amps (2 Ton)	35 amps (3 Ton) 20 amps (2 Ton)
MDUO18048060		35 amps	45 amps

### Connecting the Power Cord & Thermostat Wire



### WARNING

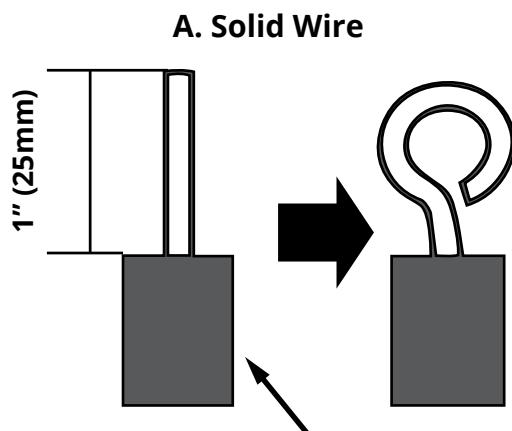
1. Before work begins, please check to ensure the unit is powered **OFF**.
2. Improper wire connection may cause electrical components to burn.
3. Connect the wires firmly to the wiring box. Incomplete installation may create a fire hazard.
4. Ground wire must be connected.

#### For solid wires (Refer to Fig. 2.28 A):

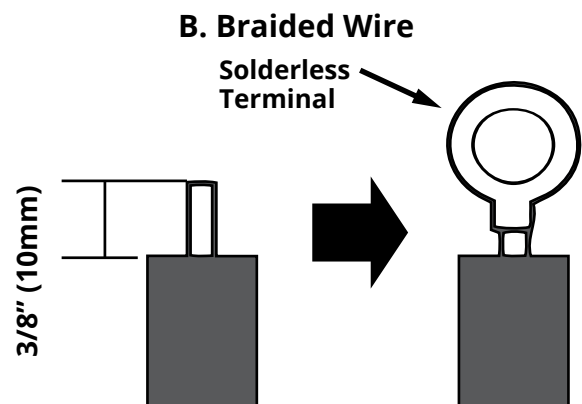
1. Use wire cutters to cut off the wire end and then peel away about 25 mm of the insulation layer.
2. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the terminal screw on the terminal board.
3. Use nippers to bend the solid wire into a ring that fits the terminal screw.
4. Form a proper ring and then put it on the terminal board. Use a screwdriver to tighten up the terminal screw.

#### For braided wires (Refer to Fig. 2.28 B & Fig. 2.29):

1. Use wire cutters to cut off the wire end and then peel away about 10 mm of the insulation layer.
2. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the terminal screw on the terminal board.
3. Use a round terminal fastener or clamp to fix the round terminal firmly on the peeled wire end.
4. Locate the round terminal conduit. Use a screwdriver to replace it and tighten up the terminal screw, as shown in **Fig. 2.29**.



**Fig. 2.28 A** Insulation Layer



**Fig. 2.28 B**

## Electrical Connection

### Connecting the Power Cord & Thermostat Wire

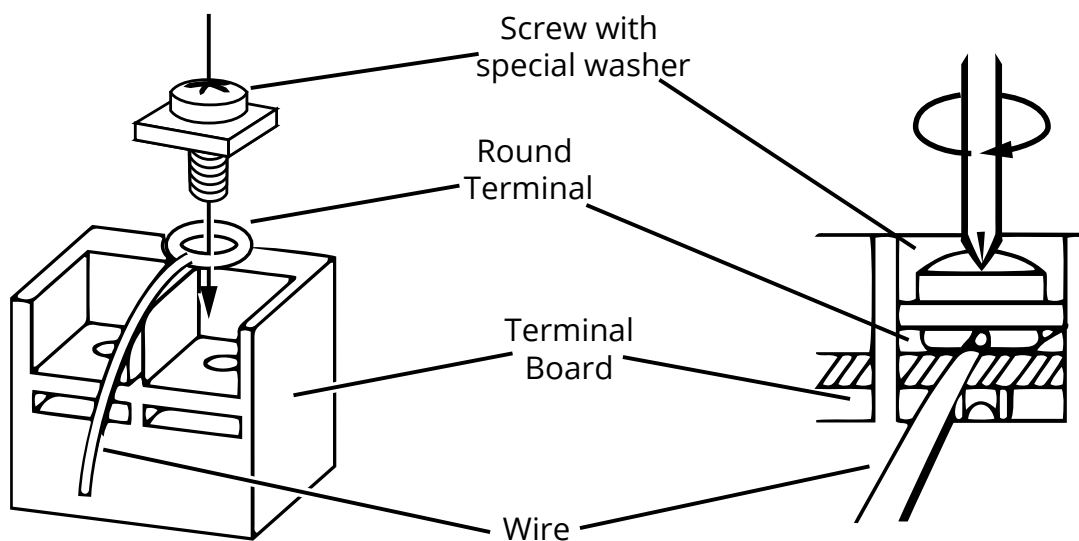


Fig. 2.29

For all terminal wiring (Refer to **Fig. 2.30**):

5. Lead the thermostat wire and power cord through the insulation tube, as shown in **Fig. 2.30**.

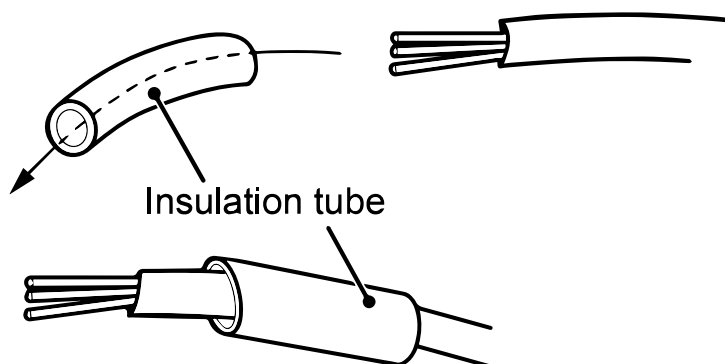


Fig. 2.30

## Electrical Connection

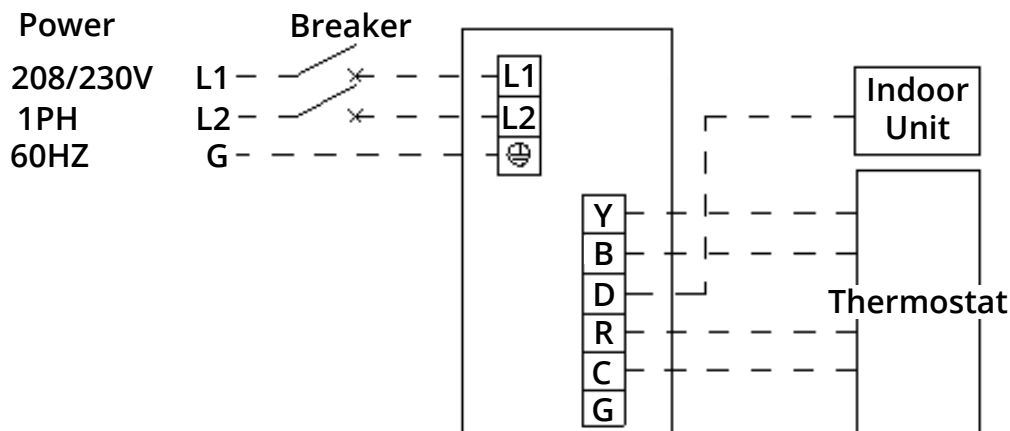
### Connecting the Power Cord & Thermostat Wire



#### WARNING

1. High and low voltage wires should be led through different rubber rings of the electric box cover.
2. **DO NOT** bundle up the temperature thermostat wire, or lay them side by side, otherwise errors will occur.
3. High and low voltage wires should be secured separately.
4. Use screws to tighten the power cord and thermostat wire of the units on the terminal board. Improper connection may create a fire hazard.
5. If the power cord and thermostat wire are not correctly connected, the air conditioner may suffer damage.
6. Ground the units through connecting the ground wire.
7. The units should comply with applicable local and national rules and regulations on power consumption.
8. When connecting the power cord, make sure the phase sequence of the power supply matches with the corresponding terminals, otherwise the compressor will get reversed and operate abnormally.

### Electrical wiring of Single-phase unit: MDUO18024036 & MDUO18048060



#### LEGEND:

Y- Compressor control signal

B- is energized under the heating mode, means 4-way valve control

D- defrosting signal

R- 24V AC power supply

C- 24V common

**NOTE:** When the outdoor unit defrosts, D will send an operation signal to the electric heater to avoid cold winds. However, the indoor fan should operate continuously, which is controlled by the wire controller.

**NOTE:** As for the indoor units, which do not include D, there is no need to connect the D terminals.

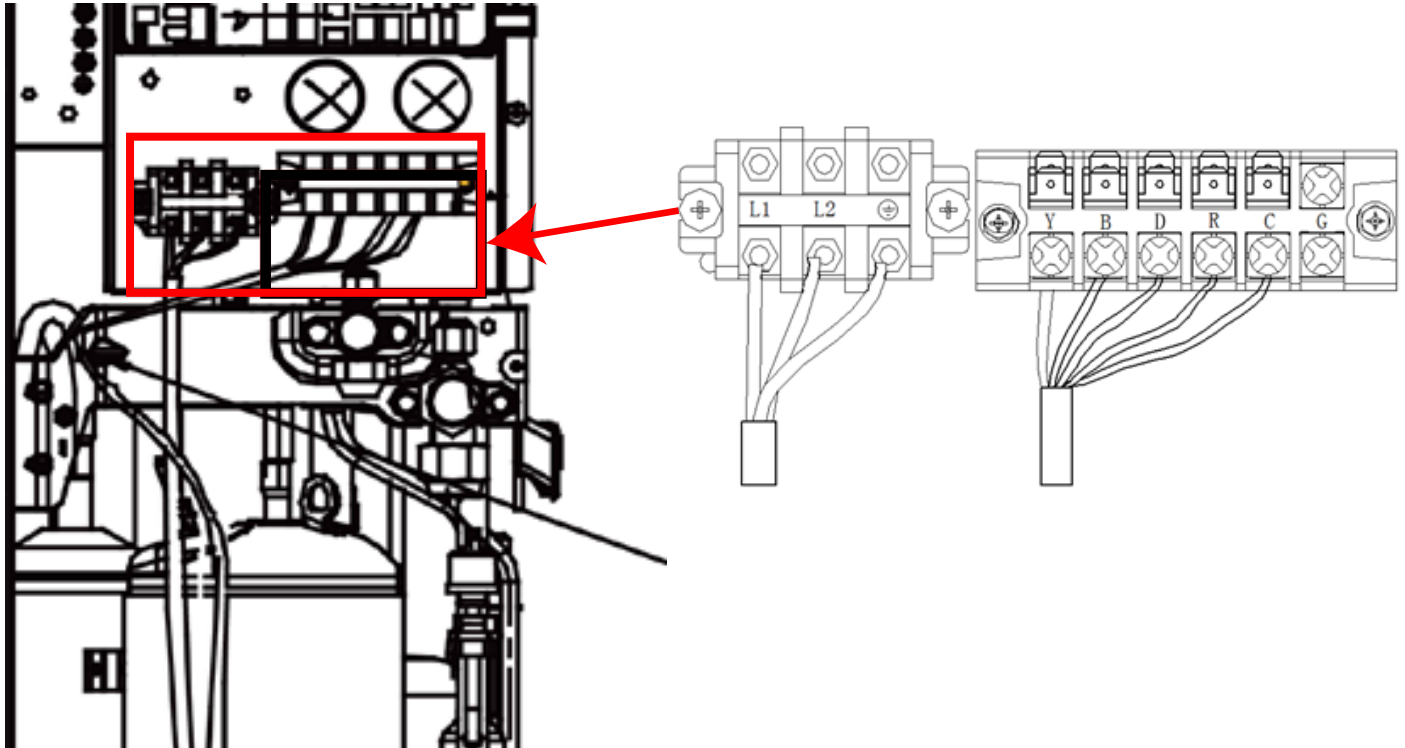
Fig. 2.31-A

## Electrical Connection

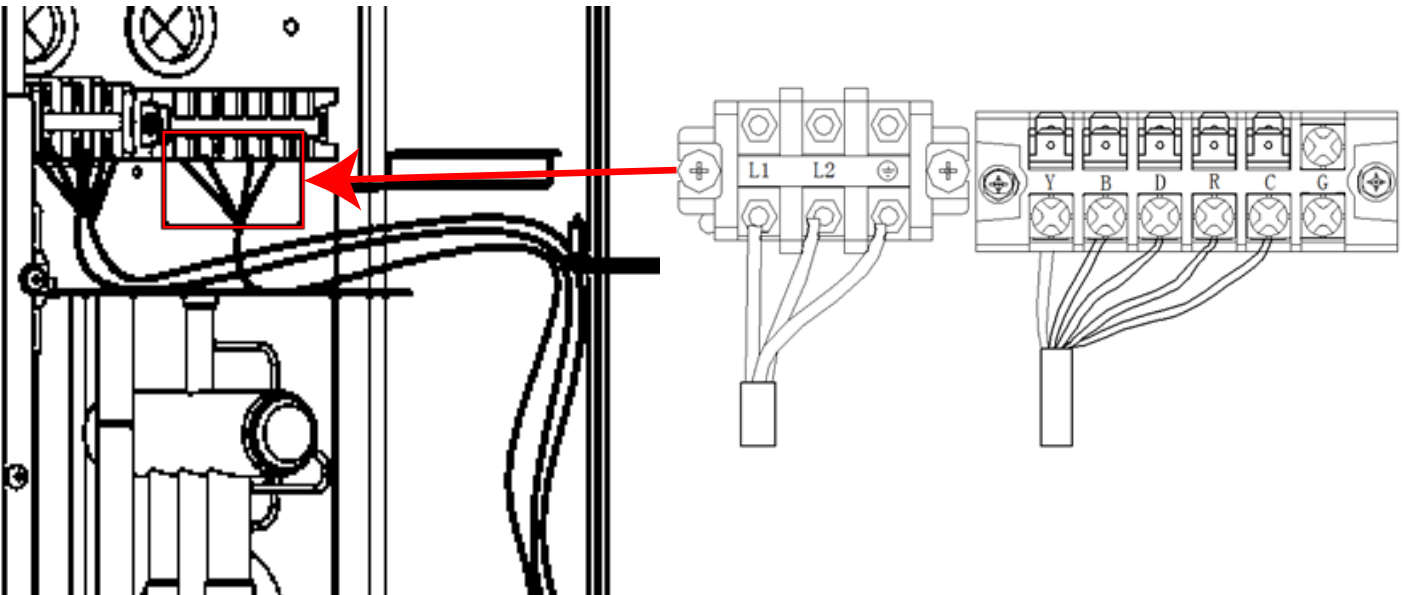
### Connecting the Power Cord & Thermostat Wire

1. Remove the big handle/front panel of the outdoor unit and insert one end of the thermostat wire and the power cord to the terminal board.
2. The power cord should be secured along with the right side plate and fixed to the hook with a wire clamp so as to avoid contacting the pipeline. The temperature thermostat wire should also be laid along with the right side plate but away from the power cord.

### Electrical wiring of Single-phase unit: MDUO18024036



### Electrical wiring of Single-phase unit: MDUO18048060



## Before Test Run

Only perform test run after you have completed the following steps:

- **Electrical Safety Checks** – Confirm that the electrical system is safe and operating properly.
- **Gas Leak Checks** – Check all flare nut connections and confirm that the system is not leaking.
- Confirm that gas and liquid (high and low pressure) valves are fully open.

List of Checks to Perform	Possible Malfunctions	PASS/FAIL	
Is the main body installed securely?	The unit may fall down, vibrate or produce noise.		
Did you conduct a water leakage test?	Cooling capacity may become inadequate if there is a leak.		
Is the unit well insulated from heat?	Condensate, water droplets may occur.		
Does water drain properly from drain hose?	Condensate, water droplets may occur.		
Is the voltage consistent with the specifications stated on the nameplate?	The unit may fail or its components may get burned.	Outdoor (2):	Indoor (2):
Are the wires, piping, and valves installed correctly?	The unit may fail or its components may ignite.		
Has the unit been safely grounded?	If not, there is a risk of electrical leakage.		
Do the wire specifications comply with the requirements?	The unit may fail or its components may ignite.		
Are there any obstacles blocking the air inlet or outlets of the units?	Cooling capacity could be affected if there is an obstruction.		
Have you recorded the length of refrigerant pipe and the refrigerant charge amount?	The refrigerant charging amount cannot be controlled.		

## Test Run

### DOUBLE-CHECK PIPE CONNECTIONS

**During operation, the pressure of the refrigerant circuit will increase. This may reveal leaks that were not present during your initial leak check. Take time during the Test Run to double-check that all refrigerant pipe connection points do not have leaks.**

### Test Run Instructions

#### Preparation before connecting the power:

1. **DO NOT** connect the power if the installation work is not completed.
2. Ensure control circuit is correct and all the wires are firmly connected.
3. Ensure cut-off valves of the gas pipe and liquid pipe are open.
4. The inside of the unit should be clean. Take irrelevant objects out if there are any.
5. After performing these checks, reinstall the front side plate.

#### Operation after connecting the power:

1. If all the above checks have been completed, power on the unit.
2. Make sure the unit runs normally.
3. If the outside temperature is more than 86°F (30°C), heating mode cannot be enabled.
4. If there are any loud and/or abnormal sounds contact MRCOOL® Tech Support immediately.

#### NOTICE:

1. If you use the thermostat to turn off the unit and then immediately turn the unit on again, the compressor will need 3 minutes to restart. Even if you press "ON/OFF" button on the thermostat, it will not start up right away.
2. If there is no display on the temperature thermostat, it is probably because the connection wires between the unit and the temperature thermostat are not connected. Connect the connection wires, and recheck the display.

## Troubleshooting

If your air conditioner fails to function normally, check the following items before conducting maintenance:

Problem	Cause	Corrective Measure
The air conditioner will not activate.	If you turn off the unit and then immediately turn it on, in order to protect the compressor and avoid system overload, compressor will delay running for 3 minutes.	Please wait for approx. 3 minutes.
	Wire connection is wrong.	Connect wires according to the wiring diagram.
	Fuse or circuit breaker is broken.	Replace the fuse or switch on the circuit breaker.
	Power failure.	Restart after power returns.
	Wired connection or power plug is loose.	Re-insert or adjust wires for proper connection to designated terminals.
Inadequate cooling	Air inlet and outlet of the units have been blocked.	Clear the obstacles and keep the area well ventilated.
	Improper temperature setting.	Reset to a proper temperature.
	Fan speed is too low.	Reset to a proper fan speed.
	Airflow direction is incorrect.	Change the direction of air louvers.
	Doors or windows are open.	Close them.
	Exposed to direct sunlight.	Close curtains or louvers in front of the windows.
	Too many heat sources in the room.	Remove unnecessary heat sources.
	Filter is blocked or dirty.	Replace with a new return filter.
	Air inlet and outlet of the units have been blocked.	Clear the obstacles and keep the area well ventilated.

# Maintenance

The following situations are not operation failures.

Problem	Time of Occurrence	Cause
Mist comes from the conditioner.	During operation.	If the unit is running under high humidity, the wet air in the room will be quickly cooled down.
	System switches to heating mode after defrosting.	Defrosting process will generate some water, which will turn to vapor.
The air conditioner generates noise.	The air conditioner is buzzing when operation begins.	Thermostat will be buzzing when it starts working. The noise will become weak 1 minute later.
	When the unit is turned on, it purrs.	When the system has just started, the refrigerant is not stable. About 30 seconds later, the purr of the unit becomes low.
	About 20 seconds after the unit first enables heating mode or when defrosting under heating mode.	It is the sound of the 4-way valve switching direction. The sound will disappear after the valve is in position.
	There is a hissing sound when the unit has started or stopped and a slight hissing sound during and after operation.	It's the sound of gaseous refrigerant that stops flowing and the sound of the drainage system.
	There is a crunching sound during and after operation.	Because of temperature change, the front panel and other components may swell and cause an abrasive sound.
	There is a hissing sound when the unit is turned on or suddenly stopped during operation or after defrosting.	Because refrigerant suddenly stops flowing or changes the flow direction.
Dust comes from the air conditioner.	The unit starts operation after being unused for a long time.	Dust inside the unit comes out together with the air.
The air conditioner generates smells.	During operation.	Smells from the operating environment may be pulled through the air handler.



## NOTICE

**Check the above items and take appropriate corrective measures. If the air conditioner continues to improperly function, please turn off the air conditioner immediately and contact MRCOOL®, or your installing dealer.**

## Error Code



### WARNING

- 1) When abnormalities occur, stop the unit immediately and disconnect the power. Contact MRCOOL®. If the unit continues to run abnormally, it may damage the unit and cause an electric shock or a fire hazard.
- 2) **DO NOT** attempt repairs to the appliance yourself. Improper repair and maintenance can create electric shock and fire hazards. Please contact MRCOOL® Tech Support for further guidance or a qualified professional for repairs.

If the display panel displays an error code, please refer to the following table:

Number	Error Code	Error
1	E1	Compressor high pressure protection
2	E3	Compressor low pressure protection
3	E4	Compressor air discharge high-temperature protection
4	F2	Condenser temperature sensor error
5	F3	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor error
6	F4	Discharge temperature sensor error
7	F6	Outdoor unit tube temperature sensor error
8	EE	Outdoor unit memory chip error
9	H4	Overload
10	H5	IPM protection
11	H6	DC fan error
12	H7	Driver out-of-step protection
13	HC	Pfc protection
14	Lc	Startup failure
15	P0	Drive reset protection
16	P5	Over-current protection
17	P6	Master control and driver communication error
18	P7	Driver module sensor error
19	P8	Driver module high temperature protection
20	PA	AC current protection
21	Pc	Driver current error

Number	Error Code	Error
22	PL	Bus low-voltage protection
23	PH	Bus high-voltage protection
24	PU	Charge loop error
25	ee	Driver memory chip error
26	e1	High pressure sensor error
27	C4	ODU jumper cap error

## Unit Maintenance



### Warning

- 1) Only professionals may carry out annual maintenance.
- 2) Before contacting any wire, make sure power is turned off.
- 3) Do not allow flammable objects near the unit.
- 4) Do not use organic solvent to clean the air conditioner.
- 5) If you need to replace a component, contact a professional to repair the unit with a component supplied by MRCOOL® to ensure the quality.
- 6) Improper operation may damage the unit, causing electric shock or fire.
- 7) Do not immerse the air conditioner in water or electric shock may occur.
- 8) Do not use water to rinse the unit during cleaning.



### Warning

- 1) Before cleaning, ensure the power is off. Turn off at circuit breaker and remove the disconnect to avoid electric shock.
- 2) Do not wash the air conditioner with water, otherwise fire or electric shock may occur.
- 3) When cleaning the filter, be careful. If you need to work from an elevated position, such as a ladder, please exercise caution.

## Unit Maintenance

### Outdoor Heat Exchanger

Clean the heat exchanger on the outdoor unit at least once every two months. Remove the dust and sundries on the surface of the heat exchanger with a dust collector and nylon brush. If there is a compressed air source; use the compressed air to gently blow the dust off the surface of the heat exchanger. **DO NOT** use tap water for cleaning.

### Condensate Drain

Periodically check if the condensate drain is blocked to avoid condensate water problems.

### Pre-Season Inspection Checklist

- 1) Check for blockages in the air inlet/outlet.
- 2) Check the ground connection and make sure it is still securely connected.
- 3) Check that the air filter screen is properly installed and clean.
- 4) If starting up the unit again after a long period of inactivity, present the power switch of the air conditioner to "ON" status at least 8 hours prior to operation to preheat the crankcase of the compressor.
- 5) Check that the outdoor unit is firmly secured;
- 6) If problems are detected, contact your local service professional or MRCOOL®.

### Post-Season Maintenance Checklist

- 1) Deactivate the main power to the air conditioner.
- 2) Remove dust and debris from the outdoor unit.
- 3) If the outdoor unit starts to develop rust, paint the rusty location to prevent the corrosion from continuing to grow.

### Component Replacement

Components are available from MRCOOL® and associated dealers.

## Notice on Maintenance

### Service Information

The manual contains specific information for service personnel who will perform maintenance on the product.

### General Work Area

Inform others working in the immediate vicinity about the nature of work being performed. Avoid work confined spaces. Section off the area around the workspace. Ensure conditions within the area are safe by removing potentially flammable material.

### Ventilated Area

Ensure the area is adequately ventilated before opening the system or conducting any refrigerant work. Maintain adequate ventilation while working. Effective ventilation will safely disperse any released refrigerant into the atmosphere.

### Refrigeration Equipment Checks

Ensure all electrical components are compatible with the product and built to the correct specifications. Follow manufacturer maintenance and service guidelines at all times. When in doubt, consult the MRCOOL® technical department for assistance.

If using flammable refrigerants, conduct the following checks:

- 1) Ensure ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
- 2) If an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, check the secondary circuit for the presence of refrigerant.
- 3) Check that equipment markings are visible and legible. If they are not, replace with markings that are legible.
- 4) Ensure refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded, or are suitably protected against being corroded.

### Electrical Device Checks

Electrical component repair and maintenance should include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, **DO NOT** connect the circuit to an electrical supply until the fault is corrected.

## Electrical Device Checks

Initial safety checks should include:

- 1) The safe discharge of capacitors to avoid the possibility of sparking.
- 2) Ensure that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system.
- 3) Ensure that the system is safely grounded.

## Sealed Component Repairs



### ELECTRICAL SAFETY

Ensure that this system is installed using a disconnect box that meets national, state, and local electrical and HVAC code requirements. The location of the disconnect box(es), number of disconnect box(es) needed, and distance from the unit(s) to the disconnect box(es) should be handled in accordance with national, state, and local electrical and HVAC code. Also ensure that there is a permanent form of leak detection, at the most critical point, to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.



### ATTENTION

- 1) Electrical component casings should not be altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This includes, damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
- 2) Ensure the apparatus is securely mounted.
- 3) Ensure the seals or sealing materials have not degraded in such a way that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.
- 4) Replacement parts should be in accordance with manufacturer specifications.



### NOTICE

The use of silicon sealant may inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

## Intrinsically Safe Component Repair

- 1) **DO NOT** apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without first ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.
- 2) Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus must be at the correct rating.
- 3) Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

## Notice on Maintenance

### Cabling

Check that the cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check should also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

### Charging Procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following parameters must be followed:

- 1) Ensure refrigerant contamination does not occur when charging equipment.
- 2) Hoses or lines should be as short as possible to minimize the refrigerant contained in them.
- 3) Cylinders must be kept upright.
- 4) Ensure that the system securely and properly grounded prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- 5) Take extreme care to avoid overfilling the refrigerant.
- 6) Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- 7) Prior to recharging the system, pressure test with OFN. The system must be leak tested when charging is complete and prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test must be carried out before leaving the site.

### Decommissioning

Before decommissioning, it is essential that the technician become completely familiar with all of the equipment in detail. It is recommended, and good practice, that all refrigerants be recovered safely. Before decommissioning, an oil and refrigerant sample should be taken. This is done in case an analysis is required prior to the re-use of the reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

#### **Before decommissioning procedure, ensure the following:**

- 1) You are familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- 2) The system has been isolated electrically.
- 3) Mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders.
- 4) All personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly.
- 5) The recovery process is supervised at all times by a qualified person.
- 6) Recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.

#### **Decommissioning procedure:**

- 1) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- 2) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- 3) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- 4) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- 5) ***DO NOT*** overfill cylinders. Cylinders should have no more than an 80% volume of liquid charge.

## Notice on Maintenance

### Decommissioning (cont.)

- 6) ***DO NOT*** exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, not even temporarily.
- 7) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, ensure the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed.
- 8) Recovered refrigerant must not be charged into another refrigeration system until it has been cleaned and checked.

### Labelling

Equipment should be labelled to state that it has been decommissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label must be dated and signed.

### Recovery

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is a recommended, and good practice, that all refrigerants are removed safely.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available. Ensure that all cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant. Cylinders should be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.

In addition to the cylinders, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order and has been properly maintained. Consult the manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant should be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Notice arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

### After-Sales Services

Any quality issues or other problems encountered with the purchased air conditioner, please contact the local MRCOOL® after-sales service department.

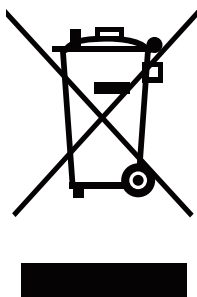
This appliance contains refrigerant and other potentially hazardous materials. When disposing of this appliance, the law requires special collection and treatment. **DO NOT** dispose of this product as household waste or unsorted municipal waste.

When disposing of this appliance, you have the following options:

- Dispose of the appliance at a designated municipal electronic waste collection facility.
- When buying a new appliance, the retailer will receive the old appliance free of charge.
- The manufacturer will receive the old appliance free of charge.
- Sell the appliance to certified scrap metal dealers.

## Special notice

**Disposing of this appliance in the forest or other natural surroundings endangers your health and is bad for the environment. Hazardous substances may leak into the ground water and enter the food chain.**





# **MRCOOL®**

**COMFORT MADE SIMPLE**

## Universal™ Series

**ELECTRICIAN and/or HVAC TECHNICIAN:**

**LICENSE #:**

**INSTALLATION DATE:**

**INSTALLATION LOCATION:**

**SERIAL NUMBER:**