RESTART

REBOUND

REBUILD

A PLAYBOOK FOR RE-OPENING YOUR BUSINESS IN THE AGE OF COVID-19



# A Message From the Task Force

Dear Business Leaders,

These unprecedented times have been challenging, to say the least. However, we are proud of you for helping our community succeed, from donating meals to essential employees, to sewing masks, to simply sharing resources on social media. We are truly #AndoverKsStrong.

As we move forward, we know you are anxious to reopen your doors. To ensure the safety of our community and to help you navigate the new normal, we have created the RESTART.REBOUND. REBUILD playbook. This comprehensive guide includes many of the recommendations developed by the Andover Recovery Task Force, which was led by the Andover Area Chamber of Commerce, along with county and local government as well as local business leaders. This playbook also incorporates guidelines from the CDC and other federal, state, and local agencies. This resource will act as a living document and you will most likely change the list frequently.

Though we know we wish to return to our regular lives, we must take necessary precautions during this time. The last thing we want is for the virus to grow during this phase. This playbook is a <u>guideline</u> to help you safely serve your customers and accommodate your employees. If you have any questions, please contact the Andover Area Chamber of Commerce. We are here to help you.

Thank you, on behalf of the Chamber and the Andover Recovery Task Force for your support and courage as we continue to navigate through this pandemic together. We will continue to persevere the only way we know how: together.

Becky Wolfe

President-CEO

Becky S. Worfe

Andover Area Chamber of Commerce

# **DISCLAIMER**

Please be advised that some or all the information contained in this document may not be applicable to some businesses or places of work and may not include all information necessary for certain businesses and places of work. This document does not attempt to address any health, safety and other workplace requirements in place prior to the age of COVID 19. As COVID circumstances continue to evolve, so will the public health and safety recommendations and requirements, and as a result this document may not include all current governmental or health expert requirements and recommendations. We strongly advise that before implementing any of the practices and procedures contained herein, you carefully evaluate all and consult with your own legal counsel and other advisors regarding the legality, applicability and potential efficacy of this information in your place of business and to determine what if any other recommendations or requirements may apply to your business. As Kansas plans to re-open, we want to provide you with as many tools and resources we can.

The Andover Area Chamber of Commerce and the City of Andover bear no responsibility for any circumstances arising out of, or related to, the adoption, or decision not to adopt, any of the practices or procedures contained in this guide.

These are helpful tips and recommendations provided by the Andover Area Chamber of Commerce Recovery Task Force. Be sure to check with your industry associations or governing bodies to make sure you follow all of their guidelines and use this document as a resource.

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# GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS TO PROTECT EMPLOYEES & CUSTOMERS

Most of these recommendations come from the Kansas Department of Health. This playbook provides specific measures for business categories to aid in a safe, thoughtful reopening. The specific recommendations in each category support the overall goal of opening businesses in a way that protects employees and customers from exposure to COVID-19 and helps prevent the virus's spread. Individuals' temperature standards as used in this report will be in accordance with directions from KDHE Secretary Lee Norman M.D. It is also important that businesses take responsibility to insure they have adequate supplies for their employees and customers such as soap, disinfectant, hand sanitizer, paper towels, tissue, face masks, etc. Companies should always keep a minimum of a 15-day supply.

- Employees should wear PPE when possible.
- Customers should consider using face coverings while in public.
- Practice sensible social distancing, maintaining six feet between co-workers.
- All persons in the store should be required to maintain a social distance of at least six feet between each other. Sales registers must be at least six feet apart.
- When possible, open all non-essential doors to reduce the need for direct contact.
- Stores with higher traffic should mark spaces 6 feet apart at the sales registers and outside the entrance to the store.
- Employees who have a fever or are otherwise exhibiting COVID-19 symptoms should not be allowed to work.
- A sign should be posted on the store that individuals who have a fever, cough or any sign of sickness should not enter.
- Employees should avoid touching your eyes, nose and mouth Do NOT shake hands.
- Employees should be required to take reasonable steps to comply with guidelines on sanitation from the Center for Disease Control and Prevention and the Kansas Department of Health and Environment.
- Encourage workers to report any safety and health concerns to the employer.
- Provide a place to wash hands or alcohol-based hand rubs containing at least 60% alcohol.
- Train workers in proper hygiene practices.
- Sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Customers should be required to use hand sanitizer upon entering the store.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.
- Provide hand sanitizer and disinfectant wipes at register locations.

# **KEEPING THE WORKPLACE SAFE**



Practice Good Hygiene



Stop Handshaking & Avoid Touching Face



**Increase Ventilation** 



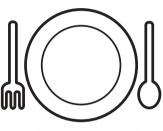
Use Video Conferencing



Adjust/Postpone Large Gatherings



Limit Business Travel



**Limit Food Sharing** 



Stay Home if You or Family Member is Sick



Use Booking System to Stagger Customers



Limit Cash Handling



Use Online Transactions



Practice Social Distancing



Hold meetings in Open Spaces



Remind staff of hand washing



Sanitize Areas Consistently



Communicate COVID-19 Plan with staff

# **COMMUNICATING WITH YOUR TEAM**

Communication during this time is incredibly important. Remain available to and transparent with your employees. Have conversations with employees about their concerns. Some employees may be at higher risk for severe illness, such as older adults and those with chronic medical conditions. Your team's health is of the upmost importance, so loop employees in on your COVID-19 strategy for reopening.

- Provide education and training materials in an easy to understand format and in the appropriate language and literacy level for all employees, like fact sheets and posters.
- Develop other flexible policies for scheduling and telework (if feasible) and create leave policies to allow employees to stay home to care for sick family members or care for children if schools and childcare close.
- Actively encourage sick employees to stay home. Develop policies that encourage sick
  employees to stay at home without fear of reprisal, and ensure employees are aware
  of these policies.
- Educate workers performing cleaning, laundry, and trash pick-up to recognize the symptoms of COVID-19. Develop policies for worker protection and provide training to all cleaning staff on site prior to providing cleaning tasks.
- Talk with companies that provide your business with contract or temporary employees about their plans. Discuss the importance of sick employees staying home and encourage them to develop non-punitive "emergency sick leave" policies.
- Plan to implement practices to minimize face-to-face contact between employees if social distancing is recommended by your state or local health department. Actively encourage flexible work arrangements such as teleworking or staggered shifts.
- The outbreak of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) may be stressful for people. Fear and anxiety about a disease can be overwhelming and cause strong emotions in adults and children. Coping with stress will make you, the people you care about, and your community stronger. Encourage employees to take breaks from watching, reading, or listening to news stories, including social media. Hearing about the pandemic repeatedly can be upsetting. Make sure employees are aware of mental health services your company provides, such as the Chamber's partnership with several qualified counselors and therapists in the Andover area. Encourage mindfulness, meditation and other healthy activities for your team. If an employee asks for help regarding their mental health, ask them to reach out to a healthcare provider and/or call the Disaster Distress Helpline: 1-800-985-5990

# PREPARING YOUR SPACE

Before reopening, you must sanitize your business to limit the spread of germs to your employees and customers. Keep this process limited to as few people as possible.

- Disinfect your business before anyone returns to work. Sanitize and disinfect all
  areas, giving special attention to tools, workstations and equipment, restrooms,
  food service areas, common surface areas, phones, computers and other
  electronics. If the facility has been unoccupied (where no one has been there) for
  seven days, it only requires normal cleaning.
- Replace or request replacement of HVAC air filters or clean/disinfect existing filters. Increase ventilation by opening windows or adjusting air conditioning.
- Put tight controls in place on who enters and exits the site during the cleaning shutdown. Limit the number of workers during this time.

Your business should be 100% disinfected prior to anyone returning to work (other than those assisting with the disinfection process).

## **DEEP CLEANING**

COVID-19 "deep-cleaning" is triggered when an active employee is identified as being COVID-19 positive by testing. Sites may opt to have a deep cleaning performed for presumed cases, at their discretion.

If you so choose, identify an approved external company that should carry out the deep cleaning activity; this company must have the minimum requirements of:

- Trained personnel to execute the process of cleaning, disinfection and disposal of hazardous waste
- Proper equipment and PPE to perform the task
- All necessary procedures and local authorizations or permits needed to perform disinfection services and manage any wastes generated
- Use of approved COVID-19 disinfectant chemicals to perform this activity

The Chamber can assist you in a search for qualified companies to assist in deep cleaning.

# **CLEANING + DISINFECTING AFTER OPENING**

#### **CLEAN**

Clean surfaces using soap and water. Practice routine cleaning of frequently touched surfaces. High touch surfaces include: Tables, doorknobs, light switches, counter-tops, handles, desks, phones, keyboards, toilets, faucets, sinks, etc.

#### DISINFECTING

We recommend use of EPA-registered household disinfectant. Follow the instructions on the label to ensure safe and effective use of the product. Many products recommend:

- Keeping surface wet for a period (see product label)
- Precautions such as wearing gloves and making sure you have good ventilation during use.
   Water-diluted household bleach solutions may also be used if appropriate for the surface.
- Check the label to see if your bleach is intended for disinfection, and ensure the product is not
  past its expiration date. Some bleaches, such as those designed for safe use on colored
  clothing or for whitening may not be suitable for disinfection. Unexpired household bleach will
  be effective against corona viruses when properly diluted. Follow manufacturer's instructions
  for application and proper ventilation. Never mix household bleach with ammonia or any other
  cleanser. Leave solution on the surface for at least 1 minute.

Alcohol solutions with at least 70% alcohol may also be used.

#### **SOFT SURFACES**

For soft surfaces such as carpeted floors, rugs, upholstery and drapes:

- Clean the surface using soap and water or with cleaners appropriate for use on these surfaces.
- Launder items (if possible) according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use the warmest
  appropriate water setting and dry items completely.
- Disinfect with an EPA-registered household disinfectant if laundry is not possible.

### **ELECTRONICS**

For electronics, such as tablets, touch screens, keyboards, remote controls, and ATMs:

- Consider putting a wipeable cover on electronics.
- Follow manufacturer's instruction for cleaning and disinfecting. If no guidance is available, use alcohol-based wipes or sprays containing at least 70% alcohol. Dry surface thoroughly.

### **LAUNDRY**

For clothing, towels, linens and other items:

- Launder items according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use the warmest appropriate water setting and dry items completely.
- · Wear disposable gloves when handling dirty laundry from a person who is sick.
- Dirty laundry from a person who is sick can be washed with other people's items.
- Do not shake dirty laundry.
- Clean and disinfect clothes hampers according to guidance above for surfaces.
- Remove gloves, and wash hands right away.

# PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT-PPE'S

Personal protective equipment is protective clothing, helmets, goggles, or other garments or equipment designed to protect the wearer's body from injury or infection. The hazards addressed by protective equipment include physical, electrical, heat, chemicals, biohazards, and airborne particulate matter. Businesses should keep a minimum quantity of 15-day supply of PPE. PPE can include masks, face shields and gloves.

### Who should wear masks?

Medical and isolation team members

Health screeners (i.e. a supervisor who takes employees' temperature)

Disinfection team members.

Those with broad exposure to customers or employees.

(It is advised everyone should wear masks when in public settings, especially if social distancing is difficult).

### Who should wear face shields?

Face shields are commonly used in healthcare and manufacturing. They can provide extra protection for those who must work within three feet of another person due to their job requirements. They are not necessary unless you work in healthcare/manufacturing, but they can help.

### Who should wear GLOVES?

Employees in isolation.

Those performing disinfection of common surfaces.

Employees handling trash.

Employees handling food.

Note: Gloves put employees at higher risk of exposure and are not recommended for general protective use for the following reasons:

- The COVID-19 Virus does not harm your hands, so gloves provide no protection, and touching your face with contaminated hands, whether gloved or not, poses a significant risk of infection.
- Gloves often create a false sense of security for the individuals wearing them; people
  are more likely to touch contaminated surfaces because they feel they are protected
  from the virus because of the gloves when, they are not.
- When wearing gloves, people are less inclined to wash their hands; this is counterproductive and puts others at higher risk; we want people to wash their hands because it is the number-one defense against any virus.
- Proper removal of gloves takes training; if contaminated gloves are not removed properly, our employees are exposed to greater risk.



### Remember:

PPE is only effective if it is worn correctly. Train your employees in correct PPE usage.

### STAY PREPARED

- Confirm operation has an adequate supply of soap, disinfectant, hand sanitizer, paper towels and tissues.
- Confirm stock of PPE.
- Have touch-less thermometers on-site for employee screening.
- Businesses should keep a minimum quantity of 30-day supply of disinfectant supplies.

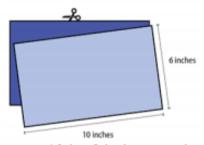
### Make your own mask

CDC recommends wearing cloth face coverings in public settings where other social distancing measures are difficult to maintain (e.g., grocery stores and pharmacies), especially in areas of significant community-based transmission.

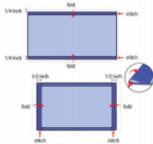
### Sewn Cloth Face Covering

Materials:

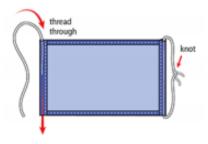
Two 10"x6" rectangles of cotton fabric Two 6" pieces of elastic (or rubber bands, string, cloth strips, or hair ties) Needle and thread (or bobby pin) Scissors Sewing machine



 Cut out two 10-by-6-inch rectangles of cotton fabric. Use tightly woven cotton, such as quilting fabric or cotton sheets. T-shirt fabric will work in a pinch. Stack the two rectangles; you will sew the mask as if it was a single piece of fabric.

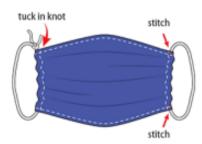


Fold over the long sides ¼ inch and hem.
 Then fold the double layer of fabric over ½ inch along the short sides and stitch down.



3. Run a 6-inch length of 1/8-inch wide elastic through the wider hem on each side of the mask. These will be the ear loops. Use a large needle or a bobby pin to thread it through. Tie the ends tight.

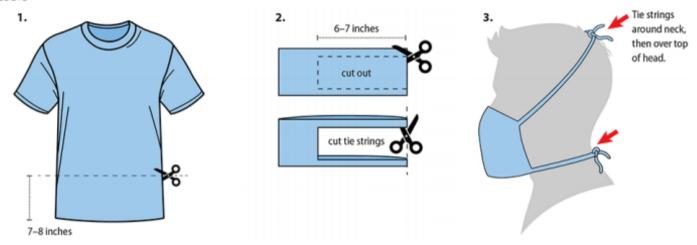
Don't have elastic? Use hair ties or elastic head bands. If you only have string, you can make the ties longer and tie the mask behind your head.



4. Gently pull on the elastic so that the knots are tucked inside the hem. Gather the sides of the mask on the elastic and adjust so the mask fits your face. Then securely stitch the elastic in place to keep it from slipping.

### **Quick Cut T-shirt Face Covering (no sew method)**

Materials: T-shirt Scissors

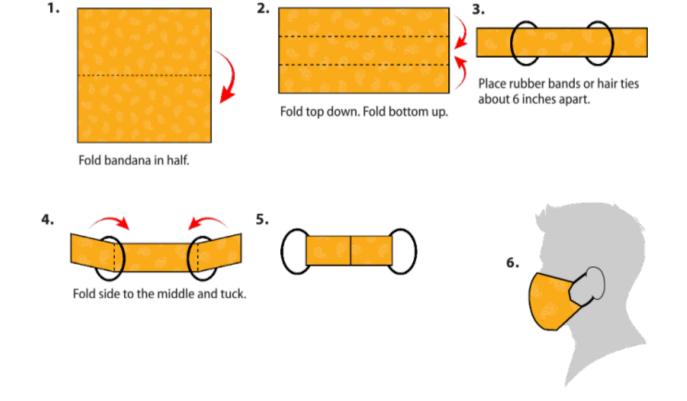


### **Bandana Face Covering (no sew method)**

Materials:

Bandana (or square cotton cloth approximately 20"x20") Rubber bands (or hair ties)

Scissors (if you are cutting your own cloth)



# **HOW LONG COVID-19 LIVES ON SURFACES**





















### Food

Corona virus does not seem to spread through exposure to food. Still, it is a good idea to wash fruits and vegetables under running water before you eat them. Scrub them with a brush or your hands to remove any germs that might be on their surface. Wash your hands after you visit the supermarket. If you have a weakened immune system, you may consider buying frozen or canned produce.

### Water

Corona virus has not been found in drinking water. If it does get into the water supply, your local water treatment plant filters and disinfects the water, which should kill any germs.

TO REDUCE YOUR CHANCE OF CATCHING OR SPREADING CORONA VIRUS, CLEAN AND DISINFECT ALL SURFACES AND OBJECTS IN YOUR HOME AND OFFICE DAILY.

# **ANIMAL SERVICES**

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires some contact with customers.

- Masks should be used for employees working in close proximity.
- If a customer or employee is sick, he or she should be sent home or to a healthcare facility
- At veterinary offices and groomers, owners should drop off their pets curbside while they receive services. Owners should wait for their pets in the car.
- Animal shelters should use virtual tours when possible and limit visits to appointment only.
- Only one customer should visit at a time.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.
- Provide hand sanitizer and disinfectant wipes at register locations.

# **CHILD CARE FACILITIES**

This section includes family childcare programs, also known as home-based childcare, Pre-K (Pre-kindergarten) programs at private and public schools, Head Start and Early Head Start programs. This also includes private child care centers, temporary child care centers operated by municipalities for the children of essential service providers, such as first responders, healthcare workers, transit workers, and other industries where a parent cannot stay home and child care centers that partner with healthcare facilities to support healthcare workers in need of child care.

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires direct physical contact with children

## **Employee + Child Protection**

- When feasible, staff members and older children should wear face coverings within the facility. Cloth
  face coverings should NOT be put on babies and children under age two because of the danger of
  suffocation.
- Employees who have a fever or are otherwise exhibiting COVID-19 symptoms should not be allowed to work.
- Persons who have a fever of 100.4°F (38.0°C) or above or other signs of illness should not be admitted to the facility. Encourage parents to be on the alert for signs of illness in their children and to keep them home when they are sick. Screen children upon arrival, if possible.
- Encourage workers to report any safety and health concerns to the employer.
- Facilities should develop a schedule for cleaning and disinfecting.
- Routinely clean, sanitize, and disinfect surfaces and objects that are frequently touched, especially toys
  and games. This may also include cleaning objects/surfaces not ordinarily cleaned daily such as
  doorknobs, light switches, classroom sink handles, countertops, nap pads, toilet training potties, desks,
  chairs, cubbies, and playground structures. Use the cleaners typically used at your facility.
- Use all cleaning products according to the directions on the label. For disinfection, most common EPA-registered, fragrance-free household disinfectants should be effective.
- If possible, provide EPA-registered disposable wipes to childcare providers and other staff members so
  that commonly used surfaces such as keyboards, desks, and remote controls can be wiped down before
  use.
- All cleaning materials should be kept secure and out of reach of children.
- Cleaning products should not be used near children, and staff should ensure that there is adequate
  ventilation when using these products to prevent children from inhaling toxic fumes. Toys that cannot be
  cleaned and sanitized should not be used.
- Machine washable cloth toys should be used by one individual at a time or should not be used at all.
   These toys should be laundered before being used by another child.
- Do not share toys with other groups of infants or toddlers, unless they are washed and sanitized before being moved from one group to the other.
- Bedding that touches a child's skin should be cleaned weekly or before use by another child.
- Consider staggering arrival and drop off times and plan to limit direct contact with parents as much as
  possible.

# **CHILD CARE FACILITIES**

- Ideally, the same parent or designated person should drop off and pick up the child every day. If possible, older people such as grandparents or those with serious underlying medical conditions should not pick up children, because they are more at risk for severe illness from COVID-19.
- Hand hygiene stations should be set up at the entrance of the facility, so that children can clean their hands before they enter.
- If possible, childcare classes should include the same group each day, and the same childcare providers should remain with the same group each day.
- Cancel or postpone special events such as festivals, holiday events, and special performances.
- Limit the mixing of children, staggering playground times and keeping groups separate for special
  activities such as art, music, and exercising.
- If possible, at nap time, ensure that children's nap time mats (or cribs) are spaced out as much as
  possible, ideally 6 feet apart. Consider placing children head to toe in order to further reduce the
  potential for viral spread.
- If possible, arrange for administrative staff to telework from their homes.
- Classes should be limited to 11 children per room, as per CDC recommendations.
- It is important to comfort crying, sad, and/or anxious infants and toddlers, and they often need to be held. To the extent possible, when washing, feeding, or holding very young children: Childcare providers can protect themselves by wearing an over-large button-down, long sleeved shirt and by wearing long hair up off the collar in a ponytail or other updo.
- Childcare providers should wash their hands, neck, and anywhere touched by a child's secretions.
- Childcare providers should change the child's clothes if secretions are on the child's clothes. They should change the button-down shirt, if there are secretions on it, and wash their hands again.
- Contaminated clothes should be placed in a plastic bag or washed in a washing machine.
- Childcare providers should wash their hands before and after handling infant bottles prepared at
  home or prepared in the facility. Bottles, bottle caps, nipples, and other equipment used for bottlefeeding should be thoroughly cleaned after each use by washing in a dishwasher or by washing
  with a bottle-brush, soap, and water.
- If a cafeteria or group dining room is typically used, serve meals in classrooms instead. If meals are typically served family-style, plate each child's meal to serve it so that multiple children are not using the same serving utensils.
- Food preparation should not be done by the same staff who diaper children.
- Sinks used for food preparation should not be used for any other purposes.
- · Caregivers should ensure children wash hands prior to and immediately after eating.
- Caregivers should wash their hands before preparing food and after helping children to eat.
- When diapering a child, wash your hands and wash the child's hands before you begin, and wear
  gloves. Follow safe diaper changing procedures. Procedures should be posted in all diaper
  changing areas. Steps include: Prepare (includes putting on gloves) Clean the child Remove
  trash (soiled diaper and wipes) Replace diaper Wash child's hands Clean up diapering station
   Wash hands
- After diapering, wash your hands (even if you were wearing gloves) and disinfect the diapering
  area with a fragrance-free bleach that is EPA-registered as a sanitizing or disinfecting solution. If
  other products are used for sanitizing or disinfecting, they should also be fragrance-free and EPAregistered. If the surface is dirty, it should be cleaned with detergent or soap and water prior to
  disinfection.

# CHILD HEALTH SCREENING OPTIONS

### Option 1: Reliance on Social Distancing

Ask parents/guardians to take their child's temperature either before coming to the facility or upon arrival at the facility. Upon their arrival, stand at least 6 feet away from the parent/guardian and child. Ask the parent/guardian to confirm that the child does not have fever, shortness of breath or cough. Make a visual inspection of the child for signs of illness which could include flushed cheeks, rapid breathing or difficulty breathing (without recent physical activity), fatigue, or extreme fussiness. You do not need to wear personal protective equipment (PPE) if you can maintain a distance of 6 feet.

### Option 2: Reliance on Barrier/Partition Controls

Stand behind a physical barrier, such as a glass or plastic window or partition that can serve to protect the staff member's face and mucous membranes from respiratory droplets that may be produced if the child being screened sneezes, coughs, or talks.

Make a visual inspection of the child for signs of illness, which could include flushed cheeks, rapid breathing or difficulty breathing (without recent physical activity), fatigue, or extreme fussiness.

- Conduct temperature screening (follow steps below)
- Perform hand hygiene

Wash your hands with soap and water for 20 seconds. If soap and water are not available, use a hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol. Put on disposable gloves. Check the child's temperature. Always make sure your face stays behind the barrier during the screening.

If performing a temperature check on multiple individuals, ensure that you use a clean pair of gloves for each child and that the thermometer has been thoroughly cleaned in between each check.

If you use disposable or non-contact (temporal) thermometers and you did not have physical contact with the child, you do not need to change gloves before the next check. If you use non-contact thermometers, clean them with an alcohol wipe (or isopropyl alcohol on a cotton swab) between each client. You can reuse the same wipe if it remains wet.

### Option 3: Reliance on Personal Protective Equipment

If social distancing or barrier/partition controls cannot be implemented during screening, personal protective equipment (PPE) can be used when within 6 feet of a child. However, reliance on PPE alone is a less effective control and more difficult to implement, given PPE shortages and training requirements.

# CHILD HEALTH SCREENING OPTIONS Option 3 Continued

Upon arrival, wash your hands and put on a facemask, eye protection (goggles or disposable face shield that fully covers the front and sides of the face), and a single pair of disposable gloves. A gown could be considered if extensive contact with a child is anticipated.

Wash your hands with soap and water for 20 seconds. If soap and water are not available, use a hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol. Put on disposable gloves. Check the child's temperature, reaching around the partition or through the window. Always make sure your face stays behind the barrier during the screening.

Make a visual inspection of the child for signs of illness, which could include flushed cheeks, rapid breathing or difficulty breathing (without recent physical activity), fatigue, or extreme fussiness, and confirm that the child is not experiencing coughing or shortness of breath.

Take the child's temperature. If performing a temperature check on multiple individuals, ensure that you use a clean pair of gloves for each child and that the thermometer has been thoroughly cleaned in between each check. If you use disposable or non-contact (temporal) thermometers and did not have physical contact with an individual, you do not need to change gloves before the next check. If you use non-contact thermometers, clean them with an alcohol wipe (or isopropyl alcohol on a cotton swab) between each client. You can reuse the same wipe if it remains wet.

After each screening, remove and discard PPE, and wash hands. Use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol or wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If hands are visibly soiled, soap and water should be used before using alcohol-based hand sanitizer.

If your staff does not have experience in using PPE, check to see if your facility has guidance on PPE. The procedure to take on and off PPE should be tailored to the specific type of PPE that you have available at your facility. You can also review PPE use in this booklet.

# **CLOSE CONTACT SERVICES-Massage, Spa, Tattoo**

## **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires direct physical contact with customer.

- Use all disposable materials & supplies according to Kansas Department of Health and Environment rules.
- All employees should wear face masks and gloves. One face mask can be used per day. Gloves will be disposed of and changed after each client.
- Employees should wear a disposable lab-coat or protective gown.
- Services should be provided by appointment only-- no walk-in customers.
- Suggest that no one be allowed to wait in the store; customers will wait in their vehicles until the service provider is ready.
- Add the following questions to your consent form: Have you been exposed? Have you traveled recently? Have you had a fever?
- All equipment, chairs, and tables used by an employee should be sanitized between clients.
- Provide hand sanitizer/sanitation wipes to customers upon arrival.
- Employees should have temperature taken upon beginning each workday.
- Post a sign outside the front door/window that states that any customer who has a fever or other COVID-19 symptoms must reschedule their appointment.
- No books/magazines will be provided to customers.
- Only one person should be admitted to each service room at any time.
- Only one client per service provider at a time.
- Limit the number of people in the building (only those receiving service and service providers allowed in the building).
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.

# **CLOSE CONTACT SERVICES-Hair Salon, Barber Shops**

## **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires direct physical contact with customer.

- Use all disposable materials & supplies according to Kansas Department of Health and Environment rules.
- All employees should wear face masks and gloves. One face mask can be used per day. Gloves should be disposed of and changed after each client.
- Services should be provided by appointment only-- no walk-in customers.
- No one should be allowed to wait in the store; customers will wait in their vehicles until
  the service provider is ready.
- Services should be limited to haircuts and neck shaves only at barber shops.
- All equipment, chairs, and tables used by an employee should be sanitized between clients.
- Customers should be required to sanitize their hands upon entering the building and before each treatment.
- No employees with COVID-19 symptoms should provide services to clients.
- Post a sign outside the front door/window that states that any customer who has a
  fever or other COVID-19 symptoms should reschedule their appointment.
- No books/magazines should be provided to customers.
- There should only be one client per service provider.
- Should limit the number of people in the building (only those receiving service and service providers allowed in the building).
- Barber shops/salons with three or fewer employees may resume operations so long as social distancing and other measures described herein are maintained. Barber shops/salons with four or more employees should stagger the work schedules so that social distancing is taken into consideration.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.

## **CLOSE CONTACT SERVICES-Nail Salons**

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires direct physical contact with customers.

- Any tools designed for one-time use will be discarded after use.
- All employees should wear face masks and gloves. One face mask can be used per day. Gloves will be disposed of and changed after each client.
- No technician who has a fever or exhibits symptoms of COVID-19 will provide services to customers. The temperature of each technician will be checked before the technician meets with the first customer of the day.
- Services should be provided by appointment only-- no walk-in customers.
- No one should be allowed to wait in the store; customers will wait in their vehicles until the service provider is ready.
- All equipment, chairs, and tables used by an employee should be sanitized between clients.
- Customers should be required to sanitize their hands upon entering the building and before each treatment.
- No employees with COVID-19 symptoms should provide services to clients.
- Post a sign at the entrance and eye-level at each workstation stating that any customer
  who has a fever or exhibits symptoms of COVID-19 must reschedule their appointment.
- No books/magazines should be provided to customers.
- There should only be one client per service provider.
- Should limit the number of people in the building (only those receiving service and service providers allowed in the building).
- Salons with three or fewer employees may resume operations so long as social distancing and other measures described herein are maintained. Salons with four or more employees should stagger the work schedules so that social distancing can be adhered to.
- Stations should be separated by at least six feet from other stations.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.

# **CLOSE CONTACT SERVICES-Tanning Salons**

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires minimal customer interaction.

- Avoid using other employees' phones, desks, keyboards, etc. and disinfect them before
  and after use.
- All employees should wear face masks and gloves. One face mask can be used per day. Gloves should be disposed of and changed after each client.
- Employees who display symptoms of COVID-19 will be sent home.
- Services should be provided by appointment only-- no walk-in customers.
- No one should be allowed to wait in the store; customers will wait in their vehicles until
  the service provider is ready.
- Retrain employees in proper hygiene practices.
- Recommend alcohol and gel-based hand sanitizers in salons for employees.
- No employees with COVID-19 symptoms should provide services to clients.
- Should provide workers and customers with tissues and trash receptacles.
- Post a sign at the entrance and eye-level at each workstation stating that any
  customer who has a fever or exhibits symptoms of COVID-19 should reschedule their
  appointment.
- No books/magazines should be provided to customers.
- Sanitize all tanning equipment and client contact surfaces with EPA- hospital-grade disinfectant.
- Should use laundry machines according to the manufacturer's instructions, using warmest appropriate water settings and dry items completely.
- Should limit the number of people in the building (only those receiving service and service providers allowed in the building).
- Should clearly mark six feet distances in lines at cash registers and in other high-traffic areas.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another formof contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.

# **CONSTRUCTION**

This includes residential, commercial and industrial construction.

## **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires face-to-face interactions and some work in close quarters.

- Masks should be used for employees working in proximity.
- Field fever tests should be administered before employees allowed to enter an active construction site.
- All equipment, materials and tools should be sanitized at the beginning of the workday and upon delivery by a third party.
- Provide required hand-washing stations.

# **ENTERTAINMENT VENUES - Gaming**

This section includes gaming facilities, such as racetracks, casinos and bingo halls. These measures also apply to arcades.

## **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires limited customer interaction.

- Staff should be educated and trained on the appropriate use and disposal of personal protective equipment (PPE) and will have appropriate PPE available to them.
- Gloves and masks may be required, and usage could vary based on the level of interaction with customers, namely the touching of physical bingo cards and/or cash.
- If a customer or employee is sick, he or she should be sent home or to a healthcare facility.
- Should limit the number of customers in the venue to better utilize best practices for social distancing.
- Should stagger machines (i.e. turning off every other machine in order to keep a 6-foot distance between patrons).
- Customers should be barred entrance once the safe social distancing capacity has been reached.
- Should limit capacity for food service seating to employ 6-foot distance between patrons.
- Barriers may be needed in some areas. Specifically, barriers could be used at bingo card purchasing stations, wager windows or stations and food service areas.
- Additional hand sanitizing stations should be available to patrons and employees.
- Any equipment used should be cleaned and disinfected after each use.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Follow restaurant guidelines for food service areas.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.

# **ENTERTAINMENT - Bowling Alleys + Others**

This section includes bowling alleys, axe throwing venues, escape rooms and other activity-based entertainment. This does not include exercise/fitness or other sports.

## **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires limited customer interaction.

- Staff should be educated and trained on the appropriate use and disposal of personal protective equipment (PPE) and should have appropriate PPE available to them.
- Gloves and masks may be required, and usage could vary based on the level of interaction with customers, namely handling point of sale interactions.
- If a customer or employee is sick, he or she should be sent home or to a healthcare facility.
- Should limit the number of customers in the venue to better utilize best practices for social distancing.
- Should stagger machines/lanes at appropriate facilities to encourage social distancing.
- Customers should be barred entrance once the safe social distancing capacity has been reached.
- Should limit capacity for food service seating to employ 6-foot distance between patrons.
- Barriers may be needed in some areas. Specifically, barriers could be used at food service areas or between lanes, if possible.
- Families or those who have quarantined together may play together. Groups should not intermingle.
- Additional hand sanitizing stations should be available to patrons and employees.
- Any equipment, including bowling balls, used should be cleaned and disinfected after each use.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Should sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Should follow restaurant guidelines for food service areas.
- Bowling shoes should be carefully handled by employees and sanitized.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.

# **ENTERTAINMENT VENUES-Museums**

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires limited customer interaction.

- Staff should be educated and trained on the appropriate use and disposal of personal protective equipment (PPE) and should have appropriate PPE available to them.
- Gloves and masks may be required, and usage could vary based on the level of interaction with customers.
- If a customer or employee is sick, he or she should be sent home or to a healthcare facility.
- Should limit the number of customers in the venue to better utilize best practices for social distancing.
- Should stagger payment areas and tables in food service areas.
- Customers should be barred entrance once the safe social distancing capacity has been reached.
- Space between customers in food service and retail areas, as well as the ticket booth, should be set at the recommended 6 feet. It may also be necessary to set the same requirement in high-traffic exhibit areas.
- Additional hand sanitizing stations should be available to patrons and employees.
- Any equipment used should be cleaned and disinfected after each use.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Should Sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Follow restaurant guidelines for food service areas.
- Interactive exhibits (touch and feel exhibits, play areas) may be closed or modified to help maintain best practices for health and safety.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.

# **ENTERTAINMENT VENUES: Movie Theaters-Concert Halls**

This section includes movie theaters. Other theaters hosting concerts, performers, etc. can also follow these guidelines, but may prefer to open when events can be filled at capacity.

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires limited customer interaction.

- Staff should be educated and trained on the appropriate use and disposal of personal protective equipment (PPE) and should have appropriate PPE available to them.
- Gloves and masks may be required, and usage could vary based on the level of interaction with customers.
- If a customer or employee is sick, he or she should be sent home or to a healthcare facility.
- Should limit the number of customers in the venue to better utilize best practices for social distancing. This applies per movie screen, too. For example, a theater may be at capacity, but if all attendees are in the same theater, social distancing is not in order.
- Should stagger payment areas and tables in food service areas.
- Customers should be barred entrance once the safe social distancing capacity has been reached.
- Space between customers in food service and retail areas, as well as the ticket booth, should be set at the recommended 6 feet.
- Should direct customers to seats that separate them from other customers by 6 feet.
- Additional hand sanitizing stations should be available to patrons and employees.
- Any equipment used should be cleaned and disinfected after each use.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Should sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Should follow restaurant guidelines for food service areas.
- Should sanitize theater seats following each movie. If this is not possible, install disposable material on seats and discard after each movie.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.

# **EXERCISE FACILITIES**

This section includes gyms, fitness centers and studios.

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires limited customer interaction

- Employees and customers should be encouraged to wear PPE where applicable. Do
  not use PPE if it affects breathing while exercising.
- If a customer or employee is sick, he or she should be sent home or to a healthcare facility.
- Some locations may require barriers to separate customers and/or employees.
- Should stagger/spread equipment to maintain a distance of 6 feet between machines.
- Customers should be barred entrance once the safe social distancing capacity has been reached.
- Space between customers in food service and retail areas, as well as the ticket booth, should be set at the recommended 6 feet. It may also be necessary to set the same requirement in high-traffic exhibit areas.
- Additional hand sanitizing stations should be available to patrons and employees.
- Employees should perform regular cleaning and encourage customer assistance with cleaning equipment after each use.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Should sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- There should be no food products consumed on premise by employees or customers.
- Customers and employees should bring their own water or other drinks.
- No towels should be offered by the gym. Customers should bring their own towels.
- Limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.

# **FINANCIAL SERVICES**

This includes banks, credit unions and financial planners.

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires some contact with customers and cash handling.

- Masks should be used for employees working in close proximity to other employees or customers.
- Employees handling cash should wear gloves.
- Should limit the number of individuals inside the lobby/public areas in banks/credit unions to adhere to social distancing.
- Should encourage drive-thru use.
- Should encourage virtual meetings regarding loans, financial planning, etc.
- Point of sale equipment should be frequently cleaned and sanitized.
- Protective screens may be installed at the discretion of each institution.
- Teller windows should be at least 6 feet apart.
- Pens should be sanitized after use.
- Additional hand sanitizing stations should be available to patrons and employees.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.

# **FOOD SERVICE: Restaurants-Bars-Coffee Shops**

This section includes restaurants, bars, coffee shops and catering companies.

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires some contact with customers.

- Employees can wear masks at their discretion based on the state's recommendation. However, the CDC and FDA recommends masks/face coverings for all employees.
- Gloves are already part of the supplies restaurants use on a daily basis. There should be no additional need for other supplies outside the normal course of business.
- Staff should limit the number of customers in the restaurant to those that can be adequately distanced 6 feet apart.
- Any indoor or outdoor waiting area should be marked so that social distancing standards are met. One member of a party may be allowed in waiting area while other members of their party wait in their car.
- Tables should be limited to no more than 6 guests per table.
- Tables/booths may alternatively be separated by a physical barrier.
- Tables and seating should be sanitized after each guest.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized frequently.
- High customer contact areas (e.g. door entrances) should be cleaned every two hours.
- Menus, if laminated, should be cleaned after each usage, or paper menus shall be designed for single use.
- Condiments should not to be left on tables. Provide by request and sanitize after usage, or disposable packets should be used.
- Employees are encouraged to take ServSafe Food Handler class to learn more about food safety as it relates to COVID-19.
- Should wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.
- If soap and water are not available, use a 60% alcohol-based handsanitizer per CDC.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
- Employees who have a fever or other symptoms of COVID-19 should not be allowed to work.
- A sign should be posted on the store that individuals who have a fever, cough or any sign of sickness should not enter.
- Should never touch Ready-to-Eat foods with bare hands.
- Should use single service gloves, deli tissue, or suitable utensils.
- Should wrap food containers to prevent cross contamination.
- Follow 4 steps to food safety: Clean, Separate, Cook, and Chill.

# **PICK UP + DELIVERY**

If offering delivery options:

- Ensure coolers and transport containers are cleaned and sanitized
- Maintain time and temperature controls
- Avoid cross contamination; for example, wrap food before transport
- Encourage customers to use no-touch deliveries
- Notify customers as the delivery is arriving by text message or phone call
- Establish designated pick-up zones for customers
- Offer curb-side pick-up
- Practice social distancing by offering to place orders in vehicle trunks

### **CREATING A BARRIER**

You can practice social distancing in your bar/restaurant by moving tables to ensure they are six feet apart. However, if your establishment has booths, you can install a 24-inch-tall barrier between booths to maintain social distancing.

24-inch-tall barrier attached to booths maintains social distancing without losing booth space. This can be made of plastic, plexi glass, etc. if it is solid.

# **MANUFACTURING**

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires some contact with other employees

- Should establish an adequate supply of PPE. This includes: Disposable surgical masks (1 per employee/day).
  - Nitrile gloves (2 pairs per employee/day).
  - Glasses/face-shields (1 per employee).
- Should establish a social distancing strategy based on the layout and workflow of the facility, including break areas.
- Should arrange staggered "day-of-return" meetings to discuss mitigation strategy.
- Should limit face-to-face interaction with customers.
- Barriers or screens may be installed in areas where workflow prohibits adherence to social distancing protocol.
- Should establish on-site health screening strategy.
- Should establish on-site screening checkpoints upon entrance to facility.
- Should establish isolation protocols in case an employee contracts COVID-19 and contaminates the facility.
- Should establish an adequate supply of preventative material inventory (soap, sanitizer, thermometers, etc.).
- Should establish a disinfection team to clean/disinfect entire facility and create a recurring disinfection schedule.
- Should establish an inbound parts/materials/packages disinfection strategy.
- Expedited shipments (transit time less than 48 hours) should be handled utilizing PPE and personal sanitation practices.
- Expedited shipment may be sanitized (only by appropriately trained personnel) with a 10% bleach solution or a hospital grade disinfectant.
- When possible, allow incoming materials to remain untouched for 48 hours when received.
- Should establish an internal pandemic response team who will design and implement a "return-to-work" plan.
- Should assign a COVID-19 protocol coordinator and training strategy.

# **MEDICAL SERVICES: General**

This section includes medical doctor's offices, urgent care facilities, chiropractic clinics and physical therapy offices.

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF PATIENT INTERACTION**

Physicians, allied health professionals and staff members interact with multiple patients each day, and patients interact with multiple staff members during each encounter.

- Staff should be educated and trained on the appropriate use and disposal of personal protective equipment (PPE) and will have appropriate PPE available to them.
- All employees should wear face masks and gloves. One face mask can be used per day. Gloves should be disposed of and changed after each client.
- Patients should be encouraged to wear face masks.
- All staff should be screened for symptoms of Covid-19 including the taking of temperatures each day upon arrival at the facility. Any staff with any signs or symptoms should be immediately sent home or referred to the appropriate health care facility.
- Patients should be screened upon arrival and those who are ill or possibly with symptoms of Covid-19 should be referred to the appropriate healthcare facility.
- Patients should be required to wait in their vehicles and should be notified via cell
  phone when an exam room is available. They should be escorted directly to the exam
  room.
- Persons accompanying patients should be required to wait in the car. Exceptions could include a parent/ guardian when a child is the patient and caregivers for elderly patients or patients with disabilities.
- Routine follow ups on stable conditions and the reporting of test results should be done
  via telemedicine or the patient portal.
- When possible, non-emergent conditions should be handled via telemedicine.
- When possible, some encounters may be completed in the parking lot to avoid the
  patient entering the office building.
- High-risk patients should use a separate entrance and exit.
- Office and exam rooms should be cleaned and disinfected between patients.
- Any equipment used should be cleaned and disinfected after each use.
- No books/magazines should be provided to patients.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Should sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Staff at checkout should be required to wear gloves.
- Credit card receipts should be emailed or mailed to the patient; no exchange of paper between staff and patient should take place.
- Should sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.
- Protective shields can also be installed at point of sale areas for added safety.

# **MEDICAL SERVICES: Dentistry**

This section includes maxillofacial & oral surgery offices and dentist offices.

## **AVERAGE LEVEL OF PATIENT INTERACTION**

Doctors, nurses, hygienists and support staff have close physical contact with patients

- Employees should wear masks, gloves, full face shields and/or protective eyewear, shoe covers and disposal gowns. One mask can be used per day. As N95 masks are again available to dentists commercially, they may be used as an option when high aerosolization is anticipated.
- Gloves, shoe covers, and gowns should be disposed of after each patient.
- All staff should be screened for symptoms of Covid-19 including the taking of temperatures each
  day upon arrival at the facility. Any staff with any signs or symptoms should be immediately sent
  home or referred to the appropriate health care facility.
- Patients should be screened upon arrival and those who are ill or possibly with symptoms of Covid-19 should be referred to the appropriate healthcare facility.
- Patients should be required to wait in their vehicles and will be notified via cell phone when an exam room is available. They should be escorted directly to the exam room.
- Persons accompanying patients should be required to wait in the car. Exceptions include a
  parent/ guardian when a child is the patient and caregivers for elderly patients or patients with
  disabilities.
- Routine follow ups on stable conditions and the reporting of test results should be done via telemedicine or the patient portal.
- When possible, non-emergent conditions should be handled via telemedicine.
- Services should be provided by appointment. If a walk-up patient arrives, that patient should be
  evaluated in the same manner as an appointed patient, provided that the schedule allows for
  the extra patient.
- High-risk patients should use a separate entrance and exit. Patients should always be separated from each other by at least 6 feet.
- Office and exam rooms should be cleaned and disinfected between patients.
- All instruments should be either disposed or sterilized in an autoclave after each use. Each
  instrument is individually sterilized and packaged for each patient.
- Chairs, trays, capes and face shields should be cleaned and sanitized after each patient is treated.
- No books/magazines should be provided to patients.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Should sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Offices should utilize powered air-purifying respirators with high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters.
- Staff at checkout should wear gloves.
- Credit card receipts should be emailed or mailed to the patient; no exchange of paper between staff and patient will take place.
- Should sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.
- Protective shields can also be installed at point of sale areas for added safety.

# **MEDICAL SERVICES: Optometry**

This section includes optometry and ophthalmology offices

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF PATIENT INTERACTION**

Work requires direct physical contact with patients

- Staff should be educated and trained on the appropriate use and disposal of personal protective equipment (PPE) and will have appropriate PPE available to them.
- All employees should wear face masks and gloves. One face mask can be used per day.
   Gloves should be disposed of and changed after each client.
- Patients should be encouraged to wear face masks.
- All staff should be screened for symptoms of Covid-19 including the taking of temperatures each day upon arrival at the facility. Any staff with any signs or symptoms should be immediately sent home or referred to the appropriate health care facility.
- Patients should be screened upon arrival and those who are ill or possibly with symptoms of Covid-19 should be referred to the appropriate healthcare facility.
- Patients should be required to wait in their vehicles and should be notified via cell phone
  when an exam room is available. They should be escorted directly to the exam room.
- Persons accompanying patients should be required to wait in the car. Exceptions include a
  parent/ guardian when a child is the patient and caregivers for elderly patients or
  patients with disabilities.
- Routine follow ups on stable conditions and the reporting of test results should be done via telemedicine or the patient portal.
- When possible, non-emergent conditions will be handled via telemedicine.
- Services should be provided by appointment only. There should not be walk-in patients.
- High-risk patients should use a separate entrance and exit. Patients should always be separated from each other by at least 6 feet.
- Optical stations should be separated by at least six (6) feet.
- Should limit the number of people in the office to one person per doctor, technician, or optician.
- Office and exam rooms should be cleaned and disinfected between patients.
- Any equipment used should be cleaned and disinfected after each use.
- No books/magazines should be provided to patients.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Should sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Staff at checkout should be required to wear gloves.
- Credit card receipts should be emailed or mailed to the patient; no exchange of paper between staff and patient will take place.
- Should sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.
- Protective shields can also be installed at point of sale areas for added safety.

# **MEDICAL SERVICES: Mental Health**

This section includes mental health and behavioral therapy offices

## **AVERAGE LEVEL OF PATIENT INTERACTION**

Therapists, social workers and other staff members have minimal contact with patients.

- Should provide therapy services to patients via phone call or video conference by appointment.
- Should update patients on policies amid COVID-19.
- Should allow staff to work from home.
- If an emergency arises, the patient should call 911 or report to their nearest emergency room.

# **OFFICE- Professional Services**

This includes offices not otherwise mentioned in this booklet, such as nonprofit agencies, law firms, accounting firms, consulting firms and other offices that interact with the public.

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires some contact with others.

- Masks should be used for employees working near other employees or customers/clients.
- Employees who are sick should not come to work. Customers/clients who are sick should not be permitted in the building.
- Should allow employees to work remotely if possible.
- Should hold large meetings via teleconference.
- Should limit number of individuals in the building and use social distancing.
- Encourage clients/customers to connect via phone call or video conference.
- Hand sanitizing stations should be available to customers and employees.
- Any equipment used should be cleaned and disinfected after each use.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Should sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Should not use another employee's phone, keyboard, computer, etc.
- Should sanitize keyboards, screens, phone, etc. daily.
- Point of sale equipment (if applicable) should be frequently cleaned and sanitized.
- Should limit cash handling. Encourage use of credit/debit cards, Venmo, PayPal, etc.
- Pens should be sanitized after use by client/customer.

# **PHARMACIES**

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires direct contact with others.

- Pharmacy personnel should wear protective face masks and gloves as appropriate.
- If an employee is sick, he or she should be sent home or to a healthcare facility.
- Should utilize plastic shields/screens at check-out and other counters.
- Encourage all prescribers to submit prescription orders via telephone or electronically.
   The pharmacy should have procedures to avoid handling paper prescriptions.
- Should limit the number of customers in the lobby/waiting area to better utilize best practices for social distancing.
- Drive through and curbside service should be used for prescription pick up.
- Should deliver pharmacy items to patients' homes where possible.
- Should utilize plastic shields/screens at check-out and other counters.
- Should widen check-out counters for social distancing.
- Strategies to limit direct contact with customers include:
  - Packaged medication can be placed on a counter for the patient to retrieve.
  - Avoid handling insurance or benefit cards.
  - Avoid touching objects that have been handled by patients.
- Should add markings and signs where appropriate to encourage social distancing.
- Should provide hand sanitizer on counters for use by customers and have enough and easy access to soap and water or hand sanitizer for staff.
- Should increase cleaning measures and supplies for the pharmacy area.
- Bathrooms should be sanitized after use.
- Should sanitize any high-traffic areas, such as doorknobs, counters, etc.
- Should close self-serve blood pressure units.
- Should limit cash handling.
- Encourage customers to use credit/debit cards, tap to pay, Venmo, PayPal or another form of contact-less payment.
- Should sanitize point of sale equipment after each use, including pens.
- Should promote the use of self-serve checkout registers and clean them frequently.
- Should provide hand sanitizer and disinfectant wipes at register locations.

# **REAL ESTATE**

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Work requires close contact with others.

- Clients and agents should wear masks and gloves for showings, closings and other face-to-face interactions.
- Clients and agents should wear shoe covers when entering a home
- Encourage virtual tours and open houses.
- Should use digital notary seal and remote signings.
- Should use electronic closing on home loans.
- Should limit number of people in office at one time.
- Should only be the decision maker(s) to attend showings. No children should attend. Sick individuals should not attend showings.
- Should provide sanitizing station in home, including soap, paper towels, garbage can and hand sanitizer.
- Should only be the realtor or sellers to turn lights on, open doors, cabinets, closets etc.
- Clients should not open cabinets to minimize germ spread.
- Should sanitize the home prior to and following showings.

# **RETAIL - General**

This section includes furniture & home furnishings, clothing, shoe stores, clothing accessories, luggage stores, leather goods, department stores, sporting goods stores, bookstores, craft stores, music stores and other mercantile stores.

## **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Requires close interaction between staff and customers, but not direct physical contact.

- Should post a sign to the storefront that informs individuals who have a fever or other symptoms of COVID-19 should not enter the store.
- Employees may be allowed to wear face masks or gloves.
- Customers should be encouraged to wear face masks in order prevent spreading of the virus.
- All persons in the store should practice sensible social distancing of at least 6 feet between another person.
- Signs and floor markings can be used to encourage social distancing.
- Avoid displays that lead to crowding.
- Encourage customers to use hand sanitizer upon entering the store.
- Should sanitize entrance/exit doors at least three times per day. Employees may be allowed to wear face masks or gloves.
- Employees should have access to hand sanitizer or a place to wash their hands.
- Workers and customers should be provided an adequate number of trash receptacles.
- Sanitation of incoming stock and merchandise is recommended.
- Point of sale equipment should be frequently cleaned and sanitized.
- The stores will encourage customers to make non-cash payments when possible.
- Protective screens may be installed at the discretion of each store.
- Sales registers should be at least 6 feet apart.
- Salesperson should encourage customers; either to insert payment card or to provide their own pen or sanitize store's pen before and after use to sign the receipt. Receipt should be left on counter.
- Employees who have a fever or are otherwise exhibiting COVID-19 symptoms shouldnot be allowed to work.
- Employees should be required to take reasonable steps to comply with guidelines on sanitation from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Kansas Department of Health and Environment.
- Encourage workers to report any safety and health concerns to the employer.

# **RETAIL - General**

This section includes furniture & home furnishings, clothing, shoe stores, clothing accessories, luggage stores, leather goods, department stores, sporting goods stores, bookstores, craft stores, music stores and other mercantile stores.

## **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Requires close interaction between staff and customers, but not direct physical contact.

## **Employee + Customer Protection**

- Should post a sign to the storefront that informs individuals who have a fever or other symptoms of COVID-19 should not enter the store.
- Employees may be allowed to wear face masks or gloves.
- Customers should be encouraged to wear face masks in order prevent spreading of the virus.
- All persons in the store should practice sensible social distancing of at least 6 feet between another person.
- Signs and floor markings can be used to encourage social distancing.
- Avoid displays that lead to crowding.
- Encourage customers to use hand sanitizer upon entering the store.
- Should sanitize entrance/exit doors at least three times per day. Employees may be allowed to wear face masks or gloves.
- Employees should have access to hand sanitizer or a place to wash their hands.
- Workers and customers should be provided an adequate number of trash receptacles.
- Sanitation of incoming stock and merchandise is recommended.
- Point of sale equipment should be frequently cleaned and sanitized.
- The stores should encourage customers to make non-cash payments.
- Protective screens may be installed at the discretion of each store.
- Sales registers should be at least 6 feet apart.
- Salesperson should encourage customers; either to insert payment card or to provide their own pen or sanitize store's pen before and after use to sign the receipt. Receipt should be left on counter.
- Employees who have a fever or are otherwise exhibiting COVID-19 symptoms should not be allowed to work.
- Employees should be required to take reasonable steps to comply with guidelines on sanitation from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Kansas Department of Health and Environment.
- Encourage workers to report any safety and health concerns to the employer.

A designated employee should be on duty to monitor all procedures.

# **RETAIL - Groceries-Gas Staions**

This section includes grocery stores, liquor stores, food retailers, gas stations and convenience stores.

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

Requires close interaction between staff and customers, but not direct physical contact.

- Should post a sign to the storefront that informs individuals who have a fever or other symptoms of COVID-19 should not enter the store.
- Employees may be allowed to wear face masks. Gloves should only be worn to handle food.
- Customers should be encouraged to wear face masks in order prevent spreading of the virus.
- All persons in the store should practice sensible social distancing of at least 6 feet between another person.
- Signs and floor markings can be used to encourage social distancing.
- Avoid displays that lead to crowding.
- Encourage guests to make shopping lists to decrease time in store.
- Encourage customers to use hand sanitizer upon entering the store.
- Should sanitize entrance/exit doors at least three times per day. Employees may be allowed to wear face masks or gloves.
- Employees should have access to hand sanitizer or a place to wash their hands.
- Workers and customers should be provided an adequate number of trash receptacles.
- Sanitation of incoming stock and merchandise is recommended.
- Should sanitize bathrooms often and limit bathroom occupancy.
- Should sanitize shopping carts and baskets often. Encourage customers to wipe down carts before
  use.
- Point of sale equipment should be frequently cleaned and sanitized.
- The stores should encourage customers to make non-cash payments.
- Should add clear shields to point of transaction to aid in distancing.
- Sales registers should be at least 6 feet apart.
- Salesperson should encourage customers; either to insert payment card or to provide their own pen or sanitize store's pen before and after use to sign the receipt. Receipt should be left on counter.
- Encourage curbside pick-up options or consider offering these services.
- At gas stations, should sanitize pumps and encourage patrons to use a secondary barrier when pumping gas (glove or paper towel).
- Employees who have a fever or are otherwise exhibiting COVID-19 symptoms should not be allowed to work.
- Employees should be required to take reasonable steps to comply with guidelines on sanitation from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Kansas Department of Health and Environment.
- Encourage workers to report any safety and health concerns to the employer.

# **RETAIL - Jewelry**

This section covers the jewelry retail industry

### **AVERAGE LEVEL OF CUSTOMER INTERACTION**

General practice (non-COVID) allows for consistent interaction with customers throughout operating hours.

## **Employee + Customer Protection**

- Showroom and common areas should be sanitized before opening and throughout the day.
- Gloves should be worn by employees to transfer all jewelry and equipment.
- Employees should wash hands before working.
- Stores use a combination of equipment that include a steamer, boiler, ultraviolet light, and alcohol or sanitizer to keep jewelry clean and germ free. Because metals and gemstones have individual characteristics and reactions, the jewelers should be allowed to determine the safest way to clean each item of jewelry. Jewelers should sanitize jewelry at intake.
- All customers should be asked to clean their hands and put on gloves if necessary. Trying on rings is an exception, but customers should wash their hands before and after.
- Masks should be provided/offered to customers in proximity situations.

A designated employee should be on duty to monitor all procedures.

# **SOURCES**

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC): https://www.cdc.gov/

Food and Drug Administration (FDA): <a href="https://www.fda.gov/">https://www.fda.gov/</a>

Kansas Department of Health & Environment-COVID-19: https://www.coronavirus.kdheks.gov/

U.S. Chamber of Commerce: <a href="https://www.uschamber.com/">https://www.uschamber.com/</a>

WebMD: <a href="https://www.webmd.com/">https://www.webmd.com/</a>

Testing - Check with Butler County Health Department on all available testing sites: <a href="https://www.bucoks.com/260/Health">https://www.bucoks.com/260/Health</a>

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### **ANDOVER RECOVERY TASK FORCE**

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David Alfaro - Butler County Community Development Director

Dr. Kim Krull - Butler Community College President

Brett White - USD 385 Superintendent

Daryl Thornton - Kansas Medical Center COO

Michelle Ruder, Chamber Board Chair, Butler Community College

Carmen Trissal, Owner Facial Expressions

Shane Loy, Andover YMCA Director

Samar Edenfield, Realtor ERA Great American Realty

Nicki Clem, Accountant-Owner Bookkeeping and Beyond

Kyle Fritzler, Vornado Air Channel Sales Manager

Becky Wolfe, Andover Area Chamber President-CEO

# **CLOSING**

We know this situation is difficult. Many of us are going through circumstances we never thought we would experience, from teaching our children at home to filing for unemployment. We will rise above this. We will emerge from this better than we were. We are #AndoverKsStrong. Remember your Chamber and City of Andover teams are here to help you and your business during this time. Do not hesitate to call or email us with your questions, concerns or ideas. We will continue to update our resources to serve you as this fluid situation develops. Thank you for your support. Thank you for your drive. Thank you for your grit. Thank you for making the Andover area what it is -- a place where amazing things happen.