



IRT5300-AW-5T2D Industrial 4G Router User Manual

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Preface

The Industrial 4G Router User Manual has introduced this series of routers:

- Product feature
- Network management method
- Network management relative principle overview

Readers

This manual mainly suits for engineers as follows:

- Network administrator responsible for network configuration and maintenance
- On-site technical support and maintenance staff
- Hardware engineer

Text Format Convention

Format	Description	
4479	Words with "" represent the interface words. e.g.: "The port	
	number".	
>	Multi-level path is separated by ">". Such as opening the	
	local connection path description: Open "Control Panel>	
	Network Connection> Local Area Connection".	
Light Blue Font	Represent the words click to achieve hyperlink. Font color as:	
	"Light blue".	
About This Chapter	The "About This Chapter" section provides links to each	
	section and corresponding principles / operating chapters in	
	this chapter.	

Icon Convention



Format	Description
Notice	Reminder the announcements in the operation, improper
	operation may result in data loss or equipment damage.
Warning	Pay attention to the notes on the mark, improper operation
	may cause personal injury.
Note	Make a necessary supplementary instruction for operation
	description.
Key	Configuration, operation, or tips for device usage.
	Pay attention to the operation or information to ensure
Tips	success device configuration or normal working.

Revision Record

Version NO.	Revision Date	Revision Description
01	2019-03-20	Product Release



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Log in the Web Interface

1.1 WEB Browsing System Requirements

While using the managed Industrial router, the system should meet the following conditions.

Hardware and Software	System Requirements
CPU	Above Pentium 586
Memory	Above 128MB
Resolution	Above 1024x768
Color	Above 256 color
Browser	Above Internet Explorer 6.0
Operating System	Windows XP
	Windows 7

1.2 Setting IP Address of PC

The router default management as follows:

IP Setting	Default Value
IP Address	192.168.1.254
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0

While configuring the router via Web:



- Before remote configuration, please make sure the route between computer and switch is reachable.
- Before local configuration, please make sure the computer IP address is on the same subnet as the one of switch.

Notes:

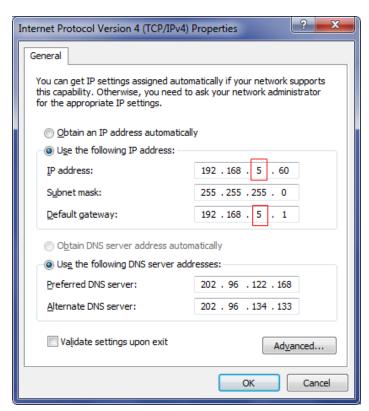
While first configuring the router, if it is a local configuration mode, please make sure that the network segment of current PC is 1.

E.g.: Assume that the IP address of current PC is 192.168.5.60, change the network segment "5" of the IP address to "1".

Operation Steps

Amendment steps as follows:

- **Step 1** Open "Control Panel > Network Connection > Local Area Connection > Properties > Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) > Properties".
- **Step 2** Change the selected "5" in red frame of the picture below to "1".



Step 3 Click "OK", IP address is modified successfully.

Step 4 End.

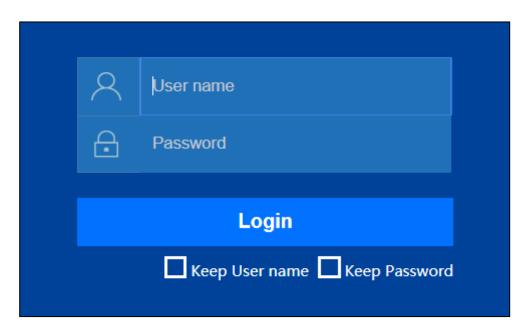


1.3 Log in the Web Configuration Interface

Operation Steps

Login in the web configuration interface as follows:

- Step 1 Run the computer browser.
- Step 2 On the browser's address bar, type in the switch addresses "http://192.168.1.254 ".
- Step 3 Click the "Enter" key.
- **Step 4** Pop-up a window as the figure below, enter the user name and password on the login window.



Notes:

- The default username and password are "admin"; please strictly distinguish capital and small letter while entering.
- Default username and password have the administrator privileges.

Step 5 Click "OK".

Step 6 End.

After login in successfully, user can configure relative parameters and information according to demands.

Notes:

After login in the device, modify the switch IP address for usage convenience.



2 System Status

Function Description

On "System Information" page, user can check the following Information:

- System information;
- Performance;
- LAN information;
- WAN information;
- VPN client information;
- VPN server information.

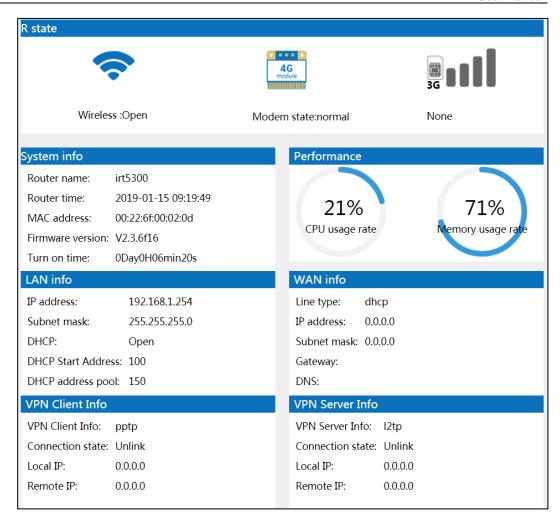
Operation Path

Choose "System Status" in the navigation bar.

Interface Description

System status interface as follows:





The main element configuration description of system status interface:

Interface Element	Description	
R state	The running state bar	
Wireless	The status of device wireless function is displayed as follows:	
	Open: the wireless WiFi function has been enabled;	
	Close: the wireless WiFi function hasn't been enabled.	
Modem state	The states of device 4G module Modem are displayed as	
	follows:	
	Normal;	
	Close.	
4G	Information including the existence state of SIM card used by	
	current device, operator's network, network operating mode	
	and signal strength etc.	



Interface Element	Description	
System info	The system information bar	
Router name	Device name	
Firmware version	The firmware version of the device	
Router time	The current time displayed by router. Its format is	
	Year-Month-Day Hour: Minute: Second	
Turn on time	The run time after turning on the device	
Performance	The performance bar	
CPU usage rate	The usage rate of device CPU.	
(%)		
Memory usage	The usage rate of device memory.	
rate (%)	Note:	
	The performance of the device would be affected if the application consumes too much memory.	
LAN info	The LAN information bar	
IP address	The IP address information of LAN	
Subnet mask	The subnet mask information of LAN	
DHCP	Whether the DHCP function is enabled:	
	Open	
	• Close	
DHCP start	The minimum host number of IP address assigned by DHCP	
address	address pool, which is 100 by default	
DHCP address	ess The maximum IP address number assigned by DHCP	
pool	address pool, which is 150 by default	
WAN info	The WAN information bar	
Line type	The line type of WAN, which is 3G/4G by default	
IP address	The IP address information of WAN	
Subnet mask	The subnet mask information of WAN	
Gateway	The gateway information of WAN	
DNS	The DNS information of WAN	
VPN Client Info	The VPN client information bar	
VPN client info	Related information about VPN client. It displays related	
	information when VPN client is enabled, otherwise it displays	
	pptp by default	



Interface Element	Description	
Connection state	The connection state of VPN client:	
	Unlink	
	Link	
Local IP	The IP address of local client	
Remote IP	The IP address of remote server	
VPN Server Info	The VPN server information bar	
VPN server info Related information about VPN server. It displays		
	information when VPN server is enabled, otherwise it displays	
	pptp by default	
Connection state	The connection state of VPN server:	
	Unlink	
	• Link	
Local IP	The IP address of local server	
Remote IP	The IP address of remote client	



3 Basic Network

3.1 WAN Network

Function Description

On the "WAN Network" page, user can set the line type and parameter of WAN. The line types are as follows:

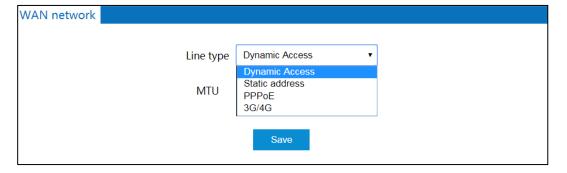
- Dynamic access: the WAN port of the device accesses network address information allocated by network provider or outer network automatically;
- Static address: configuring the network information of the device WAN port manually;
- PPPoE: implement PPPoE point-to-point protocol dial-up via wired network WAN port to access network;
- 3G/4G: connect to 3G/4G signal via SIM card to access Internet.

Operation Path

Click: "Basic Network > WAN Network".

Interface Description 1: Dynamic Access

Choose "Dynamic Access" in "Line Type". The dynamic access interface as follows:



3onedata proprietary and confidential

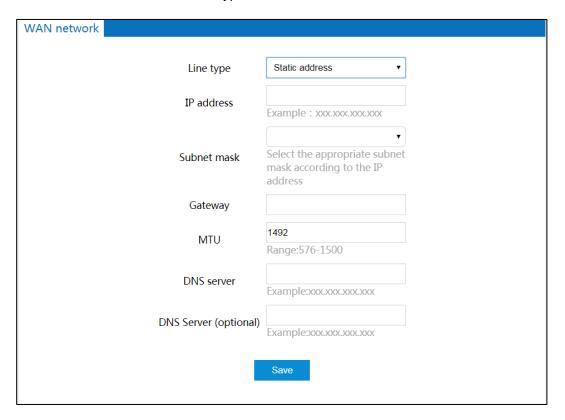


The main element configuration description of dynamic access interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Line type	Dynamic Access: the WAN port of the device accesses		
	network address information allocated by network provider or		
	outer network automatically.		
MTU	The maximal length of single message that can get through in		
	WAN network communication, the value range is 576-1500		
	bytes.		
	Notes:		
	MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit), the device will divide		
	the data packet into multiple small packets if the maximum		
	length of single message exceeds the given MTU value; so		
	reasonable setting can optimize network speed;		
	MTU value is recommended to be same to the one of superior		
	router.		

Interface Description 2: Static Address

Choose "Static address" in "Line type". The static address interface as follows:





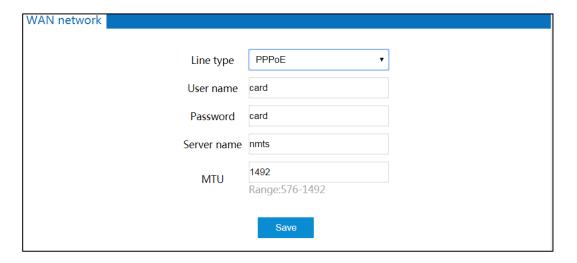
The main element configuration description of static address interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Line type	Static address: the network information configuration of		
	device WAN port.		
IP address	The fixed IP address distributed by network provider or outer		
	network.		
Subnet mask	Drop-down list of subnet mask.		
Gateway	The default gateway address automatically distributed by		
	network provider or outer network.		
MTU	The maximal length of single message that can get through in		
	WAN network communication, the value range is 576-1500		
	bytes.		
	Notes:		
	MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit), the device will divide		
	the data packet into multiple small packets if the maximum		
	length of single message exceeds given MTU value; so		
	reasonable setting can optimize network speed;		
	MTU value is recommended to be same to the one of superior router.		
DNS server	The DNS server address provided by network provider or		
	outer network.		
DNS Server	The backup DNS server address provided by network		
(optional)	provider or outer network. This item can be skipped.		

Interface Description 3: PPPoE

Choose "PPPoE" in "Line type". The PPPoE interface as follows:





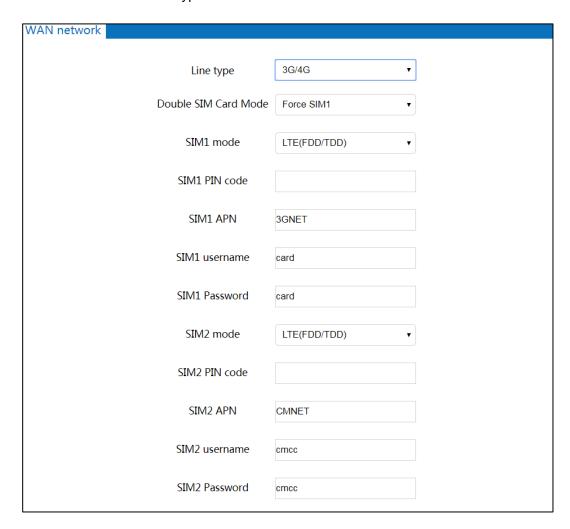
The main element configuration description of PPPoE interface:

Interface Element	Description				
Line type	PPPoE: achieve internet access via PPPoE point-to-point				
	protocol dial-up.				
User name	User name of PPPoE connection. Notes:				
	User name, password and server name are provided by network provider.				
Password	Password of PPPoE connection.				
	Notes: User name, password and server name are provided by network provider.				
Server name	Server name, not fill if network provider doesn't supply.				
	Notes: User name, password and server name are provided by network provider				
MTU	The maximal length of single message that can get through in				
	WAN network communication, the value range is 576-1492				
	bytes.				
	Notes:				
	MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit), the device will divide				
	the data packet into multiple small packets if the maximum				
	length of single message exceeds given MTU value; so				
	reasonable setting can optimize network speed;				
	• MTU value is recommended to be same to the one of superior				
	router.				



Interface Description 4: 3G/4G

Choose "3G/4G" in "Line type". The 3G/4G interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of 3G/4G interface:

Interface Element	Description			
Line type	3G/4G: achieve 3G/4G network access via SIM card dial-up.			
Double SIM card	In the drop-down list of double SIM card mode, user can			
mode	choose specified SIM card. The options are:			
	Force SIM1			
	Force SIM2			
	Switch failure: when SIM1 or SIM2 fails to connect, it will			
	switch to SIM2 or SIM1 automatically			
SIM1 mode	The drop-down list of SIM1 mode. The options are:			
	LTE(FDD/TDD)			



Interface Element	Description				
	3G(WCDMS/TD-SCDMA/HSPA)				
	3G(CDMA/EVDO)				
SIM1 PIN code	The Personal Identification Number (PIN) of SIM1. Please				
	enter 4 to 8 digits PIN code if the boot PIN code is enabled; I				
	is null by default if not enabled.				
	Notes:				
	When PIN code is enabled, user needs to enter it every time turning on the device. Please be cautious, it would be locked automatically if you enter wrong codes in three times.				
SIM1 APN	The SIM1 access point name. It defaults to 3gnet				
SIM1 username	The username of SIM1. It defaults to card				
SIM1 password	The password of SIM1. It defaults to card				
SIM2 mode	The drop-down list of SIM2 mode. The options are:				
	LTE(FDD/TDD)				
	3G(WCDMS/TD-SCDMA/HSPA)				
	3G(CDMA/EVDO)				
SIM2 PIN code	The Personal Identification Number(PIN) of SIM2. Please				
	enter 4 to 8 digits PIN code if the boot PIN code is enabled; It				
	is null by default if not enabled.				
	Notes:				
	When PIN code is enabled, user needs to enter it every time turning on the device. Please be cautious, it would be locked automatically				
	if you enter wrong codes in three times.				
SIM2 APN	The SIM2 access point name. It defaults to CMNET				
SIM2 username	The username of SIM2. It defaults to cmcc				
SIM2 password	The password of SIM2. It defaults to cmcc				

3.2 Mobile Detection

ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) belongs to network layer protocol, and is mainly used for delivering control message between hosts and routers: including whether the network is connected, the host is reachable and the router is usable, etc. when there are situations in which IP data cannot access the target or the IP router cannot forward data packet at current transmission rate, it would send ICMP message automatically.



Function Description

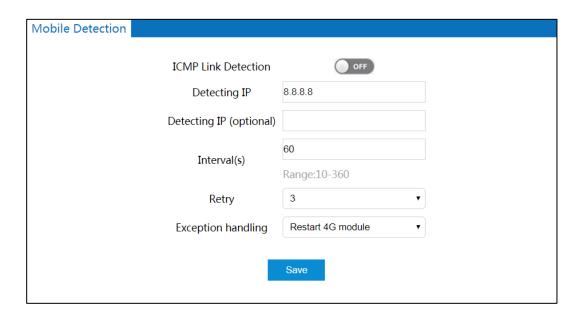
On the "Mobile Detection" page, user can detect the connection status of network and make corresponding operation.

Operation Path

Choose "Basic Network > Mobile Detection" in the navigation bar.

Interface Description

The mobile detection interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of mobile detection interface:

Interface Element	Description				
ICMP Link Detection	The enable switch of ICMP link detection. Click the right				
	button to switch between ON and OFF.				
	ON: turn on ICMP link detection function to detect				
	network connection.				
	OFF: turn off ICMP link detection function.				
Detecting IP	To detect whether the specified IP address could be				
	connected. It defaults to 8.8.8.8				
Detecting IP	To detect whether the backup IP address could be				
(optional)	connected				
Interval (s)	The time interval of detection, the unit is second and				
	defaults to 60. The value range is 60-360				



Interface Element	Description				
Retry	To detect the times of retry, the drop-down list of retry.				
	Options are: 1-5				
Exception handling	The corresponding way of handling detected exception.				
	The drop-down list of exception handling, options are:				
	Restart 4G module				
	Switch SIM card				
	Reboot the system				

3.3 Local Area Network

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is a network protocol of LAN; it adopts UDP protocol to automatically distribute IP address to LAN, improving the IP address utilization. The client in network environment can gain the dynamic IP address, Gateway address, DNS server address and other information from DHCP server.

Function Description

On the "Local Area Network" page, user can turn on DHCP server function and set relevant parameters of gateway.

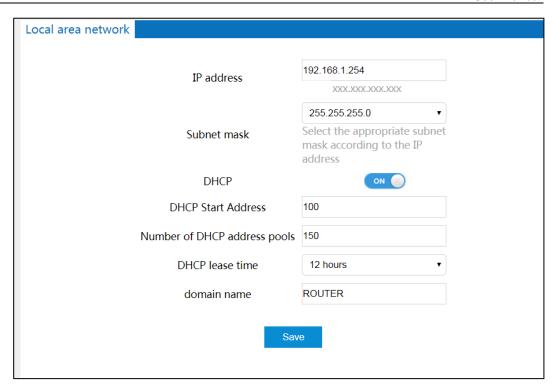
Operation Path

Please open in order: "Basic Network > Local Area Network".

Interface Description

The local area network interface as follows:





The main element configuration description of local area network interface:

Interface Element	Description				
IP address	IP address of the device LAN port.				
Subnet mask	Drop-down list of subnet mask.				
DHCP	The enable switch of DHCP function. Click the right button to				
	switch between ON and OFF.				
	ON: turn on DHCP server function.				
	OFF: turn off DHCP server function.				
DHCP start	Minimum IP address host number distributed by DHCP				
address	address pool, value range is 1-254.				
IP address pool	Maximum IP address number distributed by IP address pool,				
size	value range is 1-254.				
DHCP lease time	Valid time of IP address distributed by DHCP address pool, it				
	defaults to 12 hours. Drop-down list of time unit, options as				
	follows:				
	30 minutes;				
	• 1 hour;				
	6 hours;				
	• 12 hours;				



Interface Element	Description		
	• 1 day;		
	• 3 days;		
	• 7 days.		
Domain name	DHCP domain name is composed of letter, number and		
	underline; it supports 0-32 valid characters.		

3.4 Dynamic Domain Name

If the IP address that the router Internet obtained is dynamically allocated by operator, the IP address might be different each time. In this situation, user can use dynamic domain name service. The domain name provider allows registering a domain name, which always corresponds to current dynamic IP address of the router. Therefore, user can visit the latest Internet IP address via visiting domain name.

Function Description

On the "Dynamic Domain" page, user can set relevant information of dynamic domain name

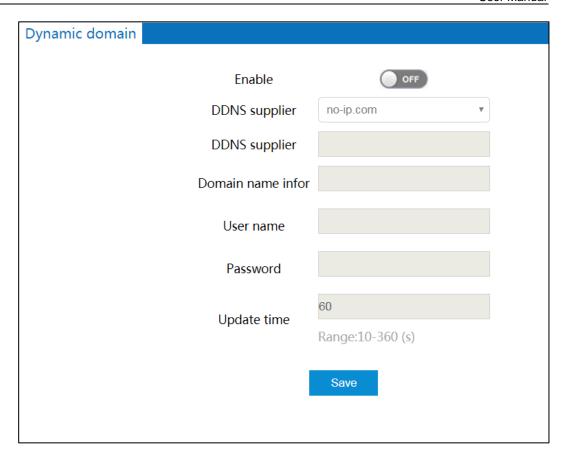
Operation Path

Choose "Basic Network > Dynamic Domain" in the navigation bar.

Interface Description

The dynamic domain interface as follows:





The main element configuration description of dynamic domain interface:

Interface Element	Description					
Enable	The enable switch of dynamic domain name function. Click					
	the right button to switch between ON and OFF					
	ON: turn on dynamic domain name function;					
	OFF: turn off dynamic domain name function.					
DDNS supplier	The router supports multiple DDNS suppliers. The options					
	in the DDNS supplier drop-down list are:					
	no-ip.com					
	• 3322.org					
	dyndns.org					
	oray.com					
	Custom: When user chooses this item, the					
	corresponding DDNS supplier name could be entered					
	in the input box of DDNS supplier.					
Domain name info	The relevant information of domain name it applied for					
	from DDNS supplier					



Interface Element	Description			
User name	The user name it applied for from DDNS supplier			
Password	The password it applied for from DDNS supplier			
Update time (s)	Update the time interval of dynamic DNS to server, the			
	unit is second, it defaults to 60, the value range is 10-360			

3.5 Routing Table

Routing table is a spreadsheet or database stored in router, which has saved the paths to specified network address. The routing table includes topological information of perimeter network, which mainly aims to implement selection between routing protocol and static routing.

Function Description

On the "Routing Table" page, user can set relevant information of routing table.

Operation Path

Choose "Basic Network > Routing Table" in the navigation bar.

Interface Description 1: Current Routing Table

The current routing table interface as follows:

Current routing table	Static Routing Table		
Destination address	Gateway	Subnet mask	Network interface
192.168.1.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	lan

The main element configuration description of current routing table interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Destination address	The destination IP address information of current routing		
Gateway	The destination gateway information of current routing		
Subnet mask	The subnet mask information of current routing		
Network interface	The network interface information of current routing		

Interface Description 2: Static Routing Table

The static routing table interface as follows:



Currer	nt routing table	Static Routing Table		Add	Delete select
All	Destination add	ress Gateway	Subnet mask Network	interface	Operation

The main element configuration description of static routing table interface:

Interface Element	Description
All	The check box of static routing entry. Click "All" to check all
	static routing entries.
Destination address	The destination IP address information of static routing
Gateway	The gateway information of static routing
Subnet mask	The subnet mask information of static routing:
	• 255.255.255.255
	• 255.255.255.254
	• 255.255.255.252
	• 255.255.255.248
	• 255.255.255.224
	• 255.255.255.192
	• 255.255.255.128
	• 255.255.255.0
	• 255.255.254.0
	• 255.255.252.0
	• 255.255.248.0
	• 255.255.240.0
	• 255.255.224.0
	• 255.255.192.0
	• 255.255.128.0
	• 255.255.0.0
	• 255.254.0.0
	• 255.252.0.0
	• 255.248.0.0
	• 255.224.0.0
	• 255.192.0.0
	• 255.128.0.0
	• 255.0.0.0
	• 254.0.0.0
	• 252.0.0.0
	• 248.0.0.0
	• 240.0.0.0



Interface Element	Description
	• 224.0.0.0
	• 192.0.0.0
	• 128.0.0.0
Network interface	The network interface of static routing:
	• WAN
	• LAN
Operation	Edit: modify static routing table information
Add	Click the "add" button at the top right corner to add static
	routing in the pop-up window of "static routing.
Delete select	Check the static routing information to be deleted, and then
	click the "delete select' button at the top right corner to
	delete them.



4 WLAN Settings

On the "WLAN Settings" page, user can create WiFi hotspot and manage WiFi user connection.

4.1 Basic Parameter Settings

Function Description

On the "Basic Parameter Settings" page of WLAN settings, user can implement 2.4G basic configuration and senior configuration.

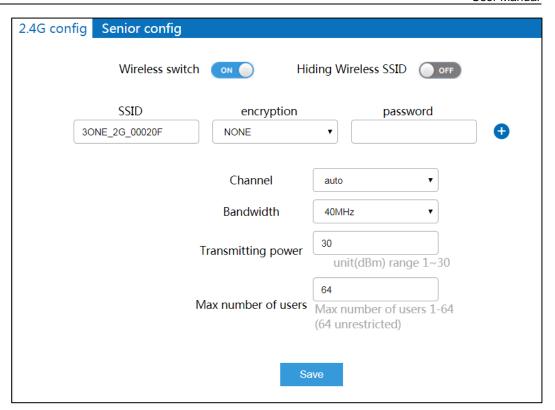
Operation Path

Please open in order: "WLAN Settings > Basic Parameter Settings".

Interface Description 1: 2.4G Configuration

The 2.4G configuration interface as follows:





The main element configuration description of 2.4G configuration interface:

Interface Element	Description
Wireless switch	Function enabling switch of wireless network; click the right
	button for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: enable wireless network function.
	OFF: disable wireless network function. When the
	wireless switch is in OFF state, wireless network will be
	unavailable, and the wireless connection will be
	disconnected.
Hiding Wireless	Function enabling switch of hidden SSID; click the right button
SSID	for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: enable hidden SSID function, SSID name of the
	device wireless signal will be hidden and displayed as
	unnamed network. Please enter the SSID name of
	wireless signal while connecting hidden wireless signal.
	OFF: disable hidden SSID function.
SSID	SSID name of wireless network, it supports 1-32 characters.
Encryption	Encryption mode of wireless network, options as follows:
	NONE: No encryption;



Interface Element	Description
	 WPA2-PSK(Recommended): Wi-Fi Protected Access II suits for the individual or average family network. It adopts pre-shared key mode and supports TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) and AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) encryption modes. WEP-SHARED: a kind of Wired Equivalent Privacy, it adopts shared key authentication encryption mode. Notes: WPA2-PSK is recommended, because it's stronger and safer than WEP-SHARED.
Password	 Password of wireless network, different encryption mode has different password requirements as follows: Under WPA2-PSK encryption mode, wireless password supports 8-32 valid characters; Under WEP-SHARED, wireless password supports 5, 13 ASSIC characters or 10, 26 hexadecimal characters.
Channel	 Working channel of wireless network, default "auto" self-adaptation, options as follows: Auto: channel self-adaptation; 1: main frequency band 2412Hz, frequency range 2401~2423Hz; 2: main frequency band 2417Hz, frequency range 2406~2428Hz; 3: main frequency band 2422Hz, frequency range 2411~2433Hz; 4: main frequency band 2427Hz, frequency range 2416~2438Hz; 5: main frequency band 2432Hz, frequency range 2421~2443Hz; 6: main frequency band 2437Hz, frequency range 2426~2448Hz; 7: main frequency band 2442Hz, frequency range 2431~2453Hz; 8: main frequency band 2447Hz, frequency range 2436~2458Hz; 9: main frequency band 2452Hz, frequency range 2441~2463Hz;



Interface Element	Description
	 10: main frequency band 2457Hz, frequency range 2446~2468Hz; 11: main frequency band 2462Hz, frequency range 2451~2473Hz; 12: main frequency band 2467Hz, frequency range 2456~2478Hz, this frequency band is not open in USA, so it's temporarily unavailable; 13: main frequency band 2472Hz, frequency range 2461~2483Hz, this frequency band is not open in USA, so it's temporarily unavailable; Notes: In order to improve the network performance, please choose unused channel in the device working environment.
Bandwidth	Channel bandwidth of wireless network, it defaults to 40MHz, options as follows: • 20MHz; • 40MHz. Notes: 40MHz bandwidth binds two 20MHz bandwidth channels together to gain the handling capacity more than twice of the 20MHz bandwidth.
Transmitting Power	Transmitted power of the device wireless signal, defaults to 20dBm, value range 1~20dBm. Notes: Greater the transmitted power, better the transmutability, longer the transmission range; Different device has different transmitted power range.
Max number of users	Maximum client number of the device wireless signal, value range 1-64, when the value is 64, it represents the unlimited connected clients number.



Interface Description 2: Senior Configuration

The senior configuration interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of senior configuration interface:

Interface Element	Description
Short protection	Short protection interval enabling switch, click the right button
interval	for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: enabling the function can reduce the gap between
	two data packets to 400ns, and improve the data
	transmission speed.
	OFF: after disabling the function, the transmission
	interval of data packet defaults to 800ns.
	Notes:
	Under high signal strength and low latency, this function can be enabled to improve nearly 10% handling capacity.
WDS	WDS (Wireless Distribution System), this function is used for
	bridging multiple WLAN.
	Notes:
	Please enable WDS function while bridging the device and other wireless devices.
WMM	WMM (WiFi Multimedia) function, defaults to enabled.
	Notes:
	After enabling WMM function, the device can process the data packet with priority level, improving the data transmission



Description
performance of WMM and ensuring the service quality of voice, video and other services with high real-time requirements.
Wireless user isolation, it's used for isolating the wireless
clients connected to the device wireless network with same
SSID, defaults to disabled.
Notes: After enabling the wireless isolation function, two wireless clients connected to the same SSID can't mutually access, and this function can further enhance the wireless network security.
Fragment threshold of data packet, value range 256-2346,
defaults to 2346.
Notes:
The data frame will be segmented when its length surpasses fragment threshold.
With large interference or high utilization ratio of wireless
network, user can adopt smaller fragmentation threshold to
increase the transmission reliability; but it is low efficiency.
• The wireless network is easy to be interfered while adopting
large fragment threshold; but it is high efficiency.
Data packet RTS (Request to Send) threshold, value range
0-2347, defaults to 2347.
 RTS threshold = 0: it needs to detect whether there exists collision only if the data packet is sent out; AP will send RTS signal;
0 < RTS threshold < 2347: when the length of data
 packet surpasses RTS threshold, the device wireless terminal will send RTS signal to avoid signal conflict; RTS threshold = 2347: the device wireless terminal won't send RTS signal.
Notes:
As for the wireless nodes in different wireless detection range
of AP range, collision will occur when the nodes send out
signals; RTS function can avoid the collision.The device will send RTS to destination station for negotiation
when the length of data packet surpasses RTS threshold. After
receiving RTS frame, the wireless station will send a CTS
(Clear to Send) frame to response the device, which represents
the two stations can conduct wireless communication.



Interface Element	Description
Country	Applied national region of wireless network, options as
	follows:
	China
	• USA
	Notes:
	Open channels are different in different countries.

4.2 Wireless Client Filtering

Function Description

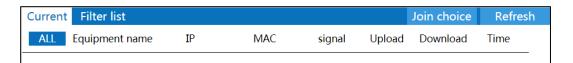
On the "Wireless Client Filtering" page, user can check current connecting devices and manage wireless user connection.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "WLAN Settings > Basic Parameter Settings".

Interface Description 1: Current

The current interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of current interface:

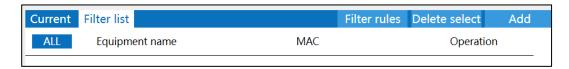
Interface Element	Description
Equipment name	The equipment name of wireless client connected to this
	device currently.
IP	The IP address of wireless client connected to this device
	currently.
MAC	The MAC address of wireless client connected to this device
	currently.
Signal	The signal strength of wireless client connected to this device
	currently. The unit is dBm, the larger the value, the stronger
	the signal.
Upload	The upload flow of wireless client connected to this device



Interface Element	Description
	currently.
Download	The download flow of wireless client connected to this device
	currently.
Time	The online time of wireless client connected to this device
	currently.

Interface Description 2: Filter List

The filter list interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of filter list interface:

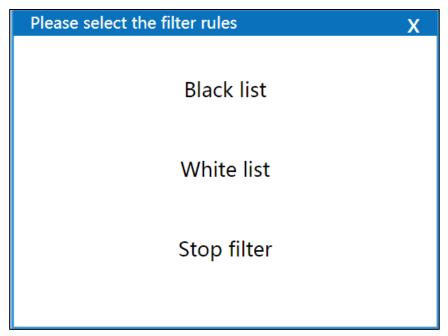
Interface Element	Description
Equipment name	The equipment name of wireless client banned from
	connecting this device.
MAC	The MAC address of wireless client banned from connecting
	this device.
Operation	Edit wireless client information.

Interface Description 3: Filter Rule

Click the "Filter Rule" button to switch lists.

The filter rule interface as follows:





The main element configuration description of filter rules interface:

Interface Element	Description
Black list	The list of wireless client banned from visiting wireless
	device.
White list	The list of wireless client allowed to visit wireless device.
Stop filter	The pending list of wireless client visiting wireless device.



Only the current list takes effect after switching the list via filter rules.

4.3 Wireless Search

Function Description

On the "Wireless Search" page, user can check the wireless WiFi information of device's environment.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "WLAN Settings > Wireless Search".



Interface Description

The wireless search interface as follows:

Wireless Search				Refresh
SSID	BSSID	signal intensity	encrypti	on

The main element configuration description of wireless search interface:

Interface Element	Description
SSID	The SSID name of wireless network in device's surroundings.
BSSID	The BSSID (Basic Service Set Identifier) name of wireless
	network in device's surroundings, which is the MAC address
	of wireless network device.
Signal intensity	The signal intensity of wireless network in device's
	surroundings. The unit is dbm, the greater the value, the
	stronger the signal.
Encryption	The encryption method of wireless network in device's
	surroundings.



5 Advanced Network

5.1 Port Forward

The Port Forward function enables user to set public service on his own network, such as Web server, FTP server, E-mail server or other applications that run only through internet. When user sends those types of requests to your network via internet, the router would forward them to the corresponding client via port forward function.

Function Description

On the "Port Forward" page, user can check or add port forward entry. It allows outer network client to visit specified device via specified port.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Advanced Network > Port Forward"

Interface Description

The port forward interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of port forward interface:

Interface Element	Description
All	The checkbox port forward entry. Click "All" to check all port
	forward entry.
Enable	Enable port forward or not:



Interface Element	Description
	• ON
	• OFF
Protocol	The protocol type used by port forward data package:
	• TCP
	• UDP
	TCP/UDP
External port	The external port number used by external network
Internal port	The internal port number used by internal network
Internal IP	The IP address of device specified by internal network
Describe	The remark information of port forward entry
Operation	Edit: modify port forward entry information
Add	Click the "Add" button at the top right corner to add new port
	forward in the pop-up window of "Port Forward"
Delete	Check the port forward information that needs to be deleted,
	then click "delete" button at the top right corner to delete it

5.2 Port Redirection

Function Description

On the "Port Redirection" page, user can check or add port redirection entry, which allows client in LAN to visit the specified port of device with IP address specified by external network via specified port.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Advanced Network > Port Redirection".

Interface Description

The port redirection interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of port redirection interface:



Interface Element	Description
All	The checkbox of port redirection entry. Click "All" to check all
	port redirection entries
Enable	Enable port redirection or not:
	• ON
	OFF
Protocol	The protocol type used by port redirection data package:
	• TCP
	UDP
	TCP/UDP
Internal port	The internal port number used by internal network
External port	The external port number used by external network
External IP	The device IP address specified by external network
Describe	The remark information of port redirection entry
Operation	Edit: modify port redirection entry information
Add	Click the "add" button at the top right corner to add new port
	redirection in the pop-up window of "Port Redirection"
Delete	Check the port redirection information that needs to be
	deleted, then click "delete" button at the top right corner to
	delete it

5.3 DMZ Settings

DMZ(Demilitarized Zone) is a buffer zone built between non-safety system and safety system for solving the problem that visitor from external network cannot visit internal network server.

Function Description

On the page of firewall "DMZ Settings", user can enable or disable DMZ function. The client can visit the specified LAN client via WAN.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Advanced Network > DMZ Setting".



Interface Description

The DMZ setting interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of DMZ setting interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable	The enable switch of DMZ setting. Click the right button to
	switch between ON and OFF.
	ON: enable DMZ setting function.
	OFF: disable DMZ setting function.
Internal IP address	The IP address of LAN client, for example: 192.168.1.123.

5.4 Serial Port Application

The device has integrated instant networking function for serial device, which can convert serial signal into Ethernet wired or wireless signal to achieve signal transmission of serial port on Ethernet.

Function Description

On the "Serial Port Application" page, user can configure basic parameter information of the corresponding serial port, including baud rate, data bit, stop bit and parity bit, as well as work mode.

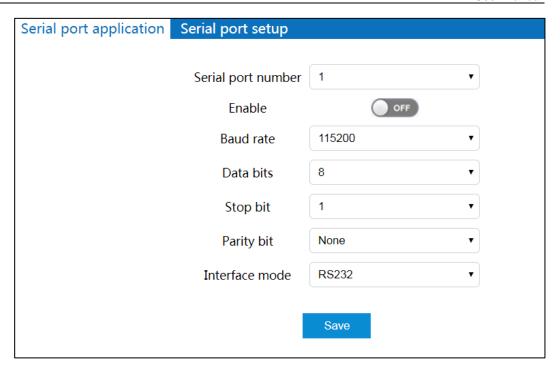
Operation Path

Please open in order: "Advanced Network > Serial Port Application".

Interface Description 1: Serial Port Application

The serial port application interface as follows:





The main element configuration description of serial port application interface:

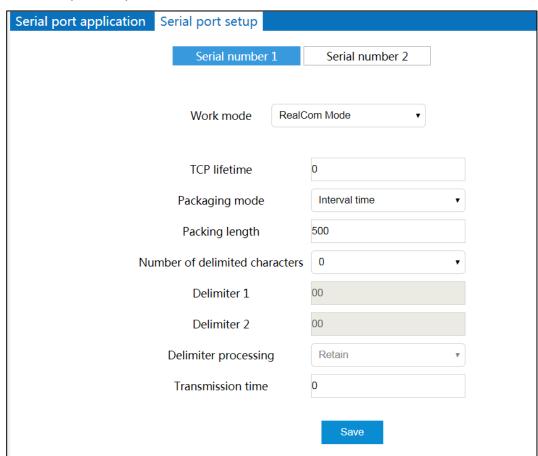
Introduce Element	Barrie de Carr
Interface Element	Description
Serial port number	The corresponding serial port number of device's serial port.
Enable	The enable switch of serial server. Click the right button to
	switch between ON and OFF.
	ON: enable serial server function of corresponding serial
	port;
	OFF.
Baud rate	Choose baud rate of corresponding serial port. Unit: bps.
	Options are:
	300/600/1200/2400/4800/9600/19200/38400/57600/115200.
Data bit	Choose data bit of corresponding serial port. Unit: bit. Options
	are:
	• 7;
	• 8.
Stop bit	Choose stop bit of corresponding serial port. Options are:
	• 0;
	• 1;
Parity bit	Choose parity bit of corresponding serial port. Options are:
	None



Interface Element	Description
	Odd
	Even
Interface mode	Serial port mode. Options are:
	• RS232;
	• RS485.

Interface Description 2: Serial Port Setup

The serial port setup interface:



The main element configuration description of serial port setup interface:

Interface Element	Description
Work mode	The work modes of serial port are as follows:
	RealCom Mode: Real serial port mode;
	TCP Server: TCP server mode;
	TCP Client: TCP client mode;
	UDP Server: UDP server mode;

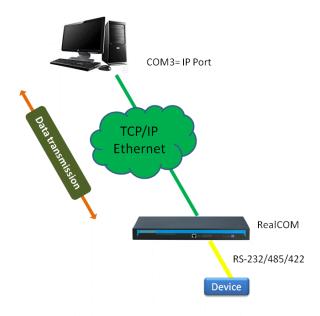


Interface Element	Description
	UDP Client: UDP client mode.
TCP lifetime	If no TCP activity occurs within the allotted time, the system
	would send contact-probing message to check the validity of
	TCP connection. If not receiving any reply packet from the
	other after sending probing packet three times in succession,
	it would consider the other as offline and take the initiative to
	close communication connection. If it's set to "0", it means this
	function is disabled. The valid time range 0~65535s.
Packaging mode	The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. The
	options are as follows:
	Mandatory time: system packages the serial data
	received within the specified time into Ethernet data
	packet to send;
	Interval time: after sending the last Ethernet data packet
	for a while, the system packages the received serial data
Dooking longth	into Ethernet data packet and sends it.
Packing length	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set
	time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or equals
	to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1460. It means
	no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0.
	Notes:
	There are some slight deviations between the actual package length value and the set value.
Number of	To select the number of delimited characters. Options are as
delimited	follows:
characters	0: disable the delimited character function;
	1: enable delimiter 1;
	2: enable delimiter 2.
	Notes: If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the
	number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would
	detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters),
	the system would send out all cached serial data via network.
Delimiter 1	Delimiter 1, represent in hexadecimal, the value range is
	00-FF.



Interface Element	Description
Delimiter 2	Delimiter 2, represent in hexadecimal, the value range is
	00-FF.
Delimiter	Select the method of delimiter processing. Options are:
processing	Retain: the system would send out the received delimiter
	and other data via network.
	Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of
	delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits
	data except delimiter.
Transmission time	The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time or
	interval time. The value range is 0-65535ms.
	Notes:
	Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data
	transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.

5.4.1 RealCom Mode



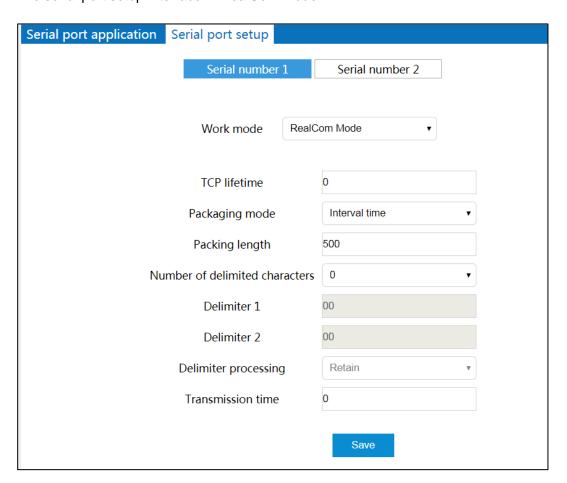
In RealCom mode, the serial port server and Windows / Linux operating system with the RealCOM drive work cooperatively. RealCom COM / TTY driver establishes a transparent network transmission connection between the host and the serial device



in the operating system. Map the serial port of the serial port server to the local COM/TTY device of the host according to the user configured serial server IP address and serial port number and other parameters. The original serial device software or communication module without modification can be used directly without modification. The RealCom driver gets the data be sent to the local COM / TTY device of the host, then sends it over Ethernet in the form of TCP / IP packet. At the other end of the transparent transmission, the serial server will receive the TCP / IP packet and analyse the packet, and after unpacking send the original data to the serial device through the corresponding serial port, and vice versa.

Interface Description

The serial port setup interface in RealCom Mode:





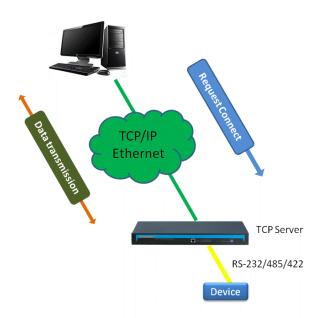
The main element configuration description of serial port setup interface in RealCom Mode:

Interface Element	Description
TCP lifetime	If no TCP activity occurs within the allotted time, the system
	would send contact-probing message to check the validity of
	TCP connection. If not receiving any reply packet from the
	other after sending probing packet three times in succession,
	it would consider the other as offline and take the initiative to
	close communication connection. If it's set to "0", it means this
	function is disabled. The valid time range 0~65535s.
Packaging mode	The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. The
	options are as follows:
	 Mandatory time: system packages the serial data received within the specified time into Ethernet data packet to send;
	Interval time: after sending the last Ethernet data packet
	for a while, the system packages the received serial data
	into Ethernet data packet and sends it.
Packing length	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set
	time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or equals
	to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1460. It means
	no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0.
	Notes:
	There are some slight deviations between the actual package length value and the set value.
Number of	To select the number of delimited characters. Options are as
delimited	follows:
characters	0: disable the delimited character function;
	1: enable delimiter 1;
	2: enable delimiter 2. Notes:
	Notes: If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters), the system would send out all cached serial data via network.
Delimiter 1	Delimiter 1, represent in hexadecimal, the value range is



Interface Element	Description
	00-FF.
Delimiter 2	Delimiter 2, represent in hexadecimal, the value range is
	00-FF.
Delimiter	Select the method of delimiter processing. Options are:
processing	Retain: the system would send out the received delimiter and other data via network.
	Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of
	delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits data except delimiter.
Transmission time	The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time or
	interval time. The value range is 0-65535ms.
	Notes: Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.

5.4.2TCP Server Mode



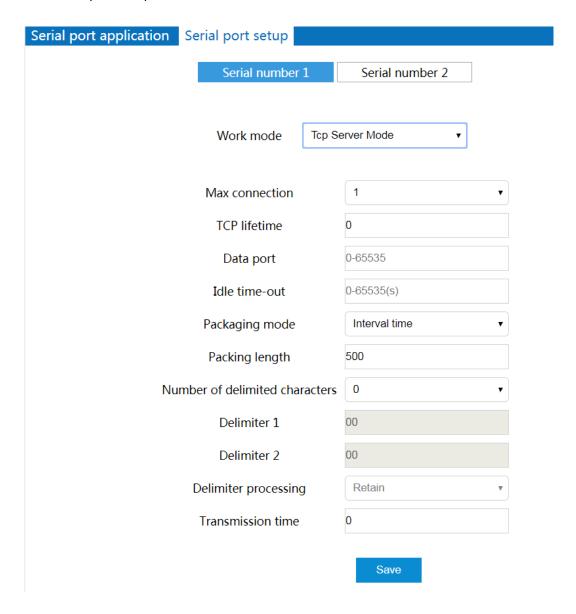
In the TCP server mode, the serial device server is assigned an IP port number, passive waiting for the host connection. When the host initiates a connection request



and establishes a connection with the serial device server, the host can realize bidirectional transparent data transmission through the network connection and the serial port. The TCP server mode supports up to four session connections simultaneously, allowing multiple hosts to simultaneously read or send Ethernet data to a serial device.

Interface Description

The serial port setup interface in TCP Server Mode:



The main element configuration description of serial port setup interface in TCP Server Mode:



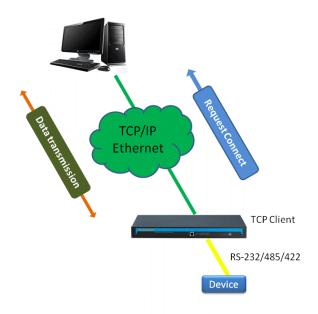
Interface Element	Description
Max connection	The number of host that one serial port connects to.
	Each host communicates with serial port in the order of first-in first-out;
	The system supports up to 4 connections.
TCP lifetime	If no TCP activity occurs within the allotted time, the system
	would send contact-probing message to check the validity of
	TCP connection. If not receiving any reply packet from the
	other after sending probing packet three times in succession,
	it would consider the other as offline and take the initiative to
	close communication connection. If it's set to "0", it means this
	function is disabled. The valid time range 0~65535s.
Data port	The destination connection port of TCP client.
Idle time-out	Set the idle time-out of current serial data communication link.
	If the idle time-out during communication is larger than 0,
	the system would close the TCP connection without any
	data transmission activity occurring in the specified time automatically;
	If the idle time-out is equal to 0, it means the free TCP
	connection would not be closed automatically.
Packaging mode	The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. The
	options are as follows:
	Mandatory time: system packages the serial data
	received within the specified time into Ethernet data packet to send;
	Interval time: after sending the last Ethernet data packet
	for a while, the system packages the received serial data
	into Ethernet data packet and sends it.
Packing length	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set
	time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or equals
	to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1460. It means
	no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0.
	Notes: There are some slight deviations between the actual package length value and the set value.
Number of	To select the number of delimited characters. Options are as
Tarribor Or	10 coloct the number of definition officials. Options are as



Interface Element	Description
delimited	follows:
characters	0: disable the delimited character function;
	1: enable delimiter 1;
	2: enable delimiter 2.
	Notes:
	If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters), the system would send out all cached serial data via network.
Delimiter 1	Delimiter 1, represent in hexadecimal, the value range is
	00-FF.
Delimiter 2	Delimiter 2, represent in hexadecimal, the value range is
	00-FF.
Delimiter	Select the method of delimiter processing. Options are:
processing	Retain: the system would send out the received delimiter
	and other data via network.
	Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of
	delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits
	data except delimiter.
Transmission time	The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time or
	interval time. The value range is 0-65535ms.
	Notes:
	Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.

5.4.3TCP Client Mode



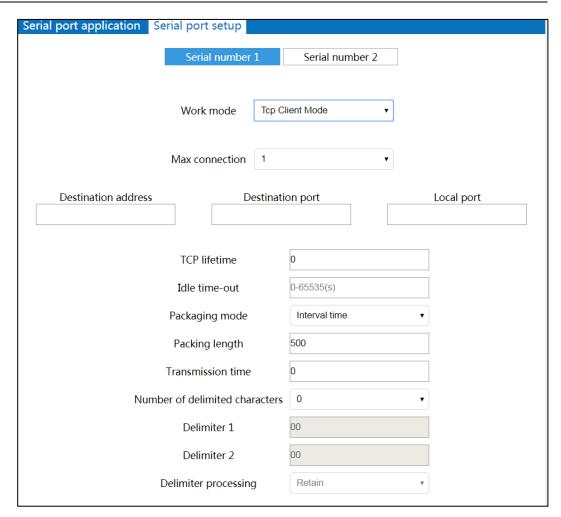


In the TCP client mode, the serial device server can automatically establish a network connection with the host specified by the user when the serial data arrives. When the data transmission is completed, the serial server will automatically shut down the network connection according to the parameters such as TCP alive time and TCP idle timeout time. Similarly, TCP client mode can support up to four session connections at the same time, so that multiple hosts can simultaneously read or send Ethernet data to a serial device.

Interface Description

The serial port setup interface in TCP Client Mode:





The main element configuration description of serial port setup interface in TCP Client Mode:

Interface Element	Description
Max connection	The number of host that one serial port connects to.
	Each host communicates with serial port in the order of
	first-in first-out;
	The system supports up to 4 connections.
Destination address	Enter the IP address of the server that would be connected
	to serial port.
Destination port	Enter the TCP port number of the server that would be
	connected to serial port.
Local port	The local port allocated for TCP connection by the system,
	which could offer service or connection for the outside world,



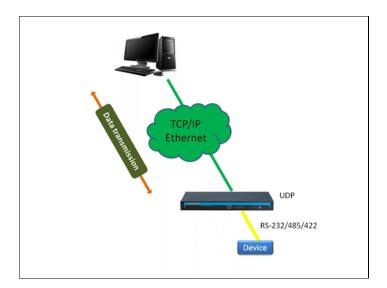
Interface Element	Description
	used for connecting and communicating with server.
TCP lifetime	If no TCP activity occurs within the allotted time, the system would send contact-probing message to check the validity of TCP connection. If not receiving any reply packet from the other after sending probing packet three times in succession, it would consider the other as offline and take the initiative to close communication connection. If it's set to "0", it means this function is disabled. The valid time range 0~65535s.
Idle time-out	 Set the idle time-out of current serial data communication link. If the idle time-out during communication is larger than 0, the system would close the TCP connection without any data transmission activity occurring in the specified time automatically; If the idle time-out is equal to 0, it means the free TCP connection would not be closed automatically.
Packaging mode	 The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. The options are as follows: Mandatory time: system packages the serial data received within the specified time into Ethernet data packet to send; Interval time: after sending the last Ethernet data packet for a while, the system packages the received serial data into Ethernet data packet and sends it.
Packing length Transmission time	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or equals to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1460. It means no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0. Notes: There are some slight deviations between the actual package length value and the set value. The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time
	or interval time. The value range is 0-65535ms. Notes: Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data



Interface Element	Description
	transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.
Number of delimited	To select the number of delimited characters. Options are as
characters	follows:
	0: disable the delimited character function;
	1: enable delimiter 1;
	2: enable delimiter 2.
	Notes: If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters), the system would send out all cached serial data via network.
Delimiter 1	Delimiter 1, represent in hexadecimal, the value range is
	00-FF.
Delimiter 2	Delimiter 2, represent in hexadecimal, the value range is
	00-FF.
Delimiter processing	Select the method of delimiter processing. Options are:
	Retain: the system would send out the received
	delimiter and other data via network.
	Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of
	delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits
	data except delimiter.

5.4.4UDP Server Mode



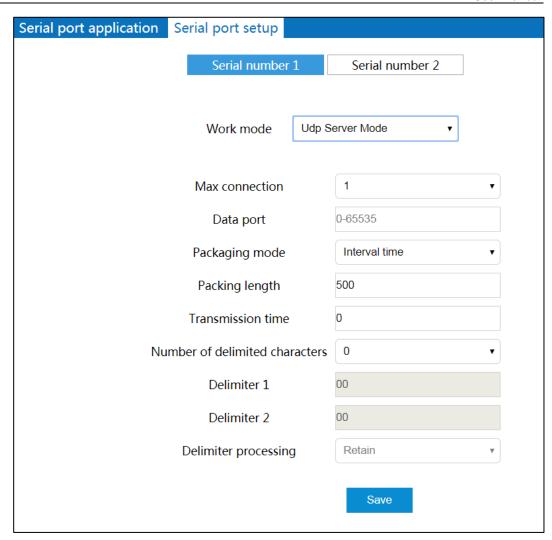


In UDP server mode, the serial server through the UDP protocol and user-specified host for serial data transmission. UDP mode serial device server can transfer data from the serial device to one or more hosts, and the serial device server can also receive data from one or more hosts. Compared with TCP mode, UDP protocol is faster and more efficient.

Interface Description

Screenshot of the serial port settings interface in UDP Server Mode:





The main elements configuration description of serial port settings interface under UDP Server Mode:

Interface Element	Description
Max connection	The number of hosts connected to a serial port at the same
	time.
	Each host communicates with the serial port in the order
	of "first-in, first-out".
	The system supports up to 4 connections.
Data port	The data port on which the network receives UDP data. The
	user must assign a unique data port to each serial port for the
	system to receive UDP data normally.
Packaging mode	The serial port data is packaged as an Ethernet data frame.

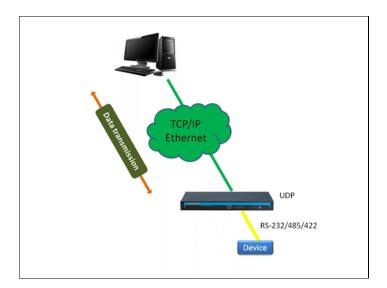


Interface Element	Description
	The options are as follows:
	 Mandatory time: The system packs the serial port data received within the specified time into Ethernet packets and sends them out. Interval time: After sending an Ethernet packet for a period of time, the system will package the received serial data into Ethernet packets for transmission.
Packing length	The frame length of the serial data to Ethernet data, the data
	frame is forwarded within the set time range when it is greater
	than or equal to the set frame length. The value ranges from 0
	to 1460. Set to 0 indicates that the data transfer length is not
	limited.
	Notes: The actual package length value has a small deviation from the set value.
Transmission time	The time parameter in the packaging mode of mandatory time
	or interval time, ranging from 0 to 65535ms. Notes: The transmission time is set to 0, which means that the data transmission interval is not limited or the mandatory time is
Number of	disabled. Select the number of delimited characters. The options are as
delimited	follows:
characters	0: Disable the delimiter;
Characters	1: Enable delimiter 1;
	2: Enable delimiter 2.
	Notes: If the package length or mandatory transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited characters is greater than 0, the system will detect the delimiter after receiving the serial data. Whenever a matching delimiter character (or combination of characters) is received, the system will immediately transfer all cached serial data over the network.
Delimiter 1	The delimiter 1 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is
	00-FF.
Delimiter 2	The delimiter 2 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is
	00-FF.
Delimiter	Select the character processing method. The options are:
	Retain: The system transmits the received delimiter



Interface Element	Description
processing	characters along with other data over the network.
	Delete: The matching delimiter character (or combination
	of characters) will be deleted, and the system will only
	transmit data other than the delimiter.

5.4.5UDP Client Mode

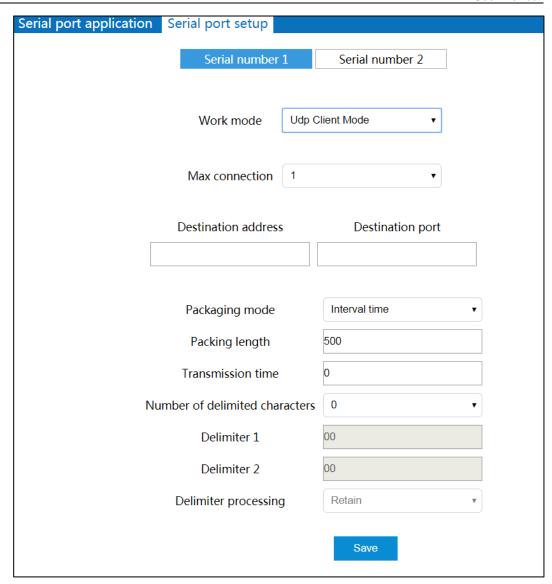


In UDP Client mode, the serial server through the UDP protocol and user-specified host for serial data transmission. UDP mode serial device server can transfer data from the serial device to one or more hosts, and the serial device server can also receive data from one or more hosts. Compared with TCP mode, UDP protocol is faster and more efficient.

Interface Description

Screenshot of the serial settings interface in UDP Client Mode:





The main elements configuration description of serial settings interface under UDP Client Mode:

Interface Element	Description
Max connection	The number of hosts connected to a serial port at the same
	time.
	Each host communicates with the serial port in the order
	of "first-in, first-out".
	The system supports up to 4 connections.
Destination	Enter the IP address of the opposite host that serial port
address	needs to be connected to.
Destination port	Enter the port number of the opposite host that serial port



Interface Element	Description
	needs to be connected to.
Packaging mode	 The serial port data is packaged as an Ethernet data frame. The options are as follows: Mandatory time: The system packs the serial port data received within the specified time into Ethernet packets and sends them out. Interval time: After sending an Ethernet packet for a period of time, the system will package the received serial data into Ethernet packets for transmission.
Packing length	The frame length of the serial data to Ethernet data, the data frame is forwarded within the set time range when it is greater than or equal to the set frame length. The value ranges from 0 to 1460. Set to 0 indicates that the data transfer length is not limited. Notes: The actual package length value has a small deviation from the set value.
Number of	Select the number of delimited characters. The options are as
delimited characters	 follows: 0: Disable the delimiter; 1: Enable delimiter 1; 2: Enable delimiter 2. Notes: If the package length or mandatory transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited characters is greater than 0, the system will detect the delimiter after receiving the serial data. Whenever a matching delimiter character (or combination of characters) is received, the system will immediately transfer all cached serial data over the network.
Transmission time	The time parameter in the packaging mode of mandatory time or interval time, ranging from 0 to 65535ms. Notes: The transmission time is set to 0, which means that the data transmission interval is not limited or the mandatory time is disabled.
Delimiter 1	The delimiter 1 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is 00-FF.
Delimiter 2	The delimiter 2 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is



Interface Element	Description
	00-FF.
Delimiter	Select the character processing method. The options are:
processing	 Retain: The system transmits the received delimiter characters along with other data over the network. Delete: The matching delimiter character (or combination
	of characters) will be deleted, and the system will only transmit data other than the delimiter.

5.5 UPnP Settings

Universal Plug and Play (UPP) is a network structure used for common peer-to-peer network connection (P2P) of computers and smart devices (or instruments). Based on Internet standards and technologies (such as TCP/IP, HTTP and XML), UPnP enables devices to automatically connect and work with each other.

When the router enables UPnP function, if the software on the user's computer also supports UPnP protocol, the router will open the corresponding virtual server port according to the requirements of user software. Based on the UPnP protocol, hosts on the LAN can request routers to perform specific ports translation, allowing external hosts to access resources on internal hosts when needed. Devices that support UPnP can be automatically discovered by the UPnP service application on the LAN. UPnP also allows supported devices to automatically leave the network without negatively impacting the device itself or other devices on the network.

Function Description

On the page of "UPnP Settings", user can view internal ports translation information and configure UPnP parameters.

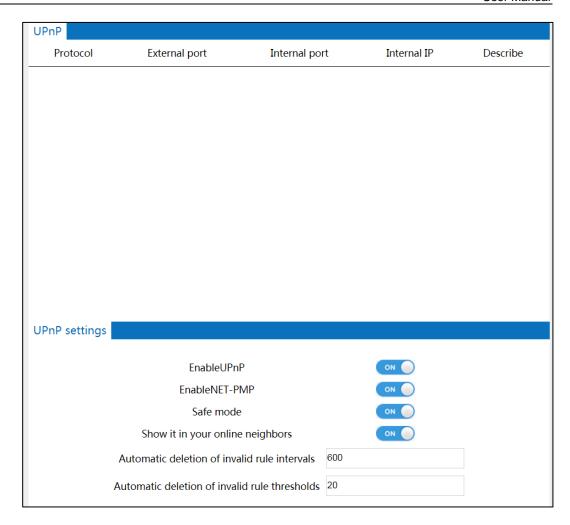
Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > UPnP Settings".

Interface Description

UPnP settings interface as follows:





The main element configuration description of UPnP settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
UPnP	UPnP list column
Protocol	The type of protocol that adopts UPnP port translation,
	such as TCP or DUP.
External port	The router port number used for port translation is the
	external port number.
Internal port	The port number of local LAN host that needs to be
	converted.
Internal IP	The IP address of local LAN host that needs to be
	converted.
Describe	The description of the application when it requests port
	translation from the router via UPnP.



Interface Element	Description
UPnP Settings	UPnP Settings Column
Enable UPnP	UPnP enablement switch, click the right button for ON
	and OFF switching.
	• ON;
	OFF.
Enable NAT-PMP	NAT-PMP enablement switch, click the right button for
	ON and OFF switching.
	ON: After the NAT-PMP function is enabled, the
	router allows the NAT LAN host to communicate with
	external devices to automate port conversion;
	OFF.
Safe mode	Enablement switch of safe mode, click the right button for
	ON and OFF switching.
	ON: After the safe mode is enabled, the client can
	only forward an input port to itself;
	• OFF.
Show it in your online	Show enablement switch in the online neighbor; click the
neighbors	right button for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: The device can be found in the PC online
	neighbor or network device;
Automotic deletion of	OFF. The system system of all the deletes the investigat LIDaD makes.
Automatic deletion of	The system automatically deletes the invalid UPnP rules
invalid rule intervals	list after the specified interval, unit: second.
Automatic deletion of	The system automatically deletes the invalid UPnP rules
invalid rule thresholds	list after the quantity of invalid UPnP rules reaches the
	threshold.

5.6 VRRP

VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) is a fault-tolerant protocol. In general, all hosts in a network will set a default route, when the destination address of the message sent by host isn't in the network segment; the message will be sent to the Router A via default router, achieving the communication between the host and



external network. When the Router A breaks down, all hosts that takes Router A as default router in the network segment will disconnect communication to the outside, generating single point of failure.VRRP is proposed to solve the problem above, and it's designed for the local area network (such as: Ethernet) with multicast or broadcast capability.

VRRP organizes a set of routers (including a Master, that is the active router and several Backup that is the standby router) in the local area network into a virtual router, which is called a backup team. The virtual router possesses its own IP address 10.100.10.1 (The IP address can be same to a router interface address in the backup team, it's called IP owner), routers in the backup team have their own IP address (such as IP address of Master is 10.100.10.2, IP address of Backup is 10.100.10.3). Hosts in the local area network only knows the virtual router IP address is 10.100.10.1, it doesn't know that the specific Master router IP address is 10.100.10.2 and Backup router IP address is 10.100.10.3. Hosts set their own default router next hop address to the virtual router IP address 10.100.10.1. Thereupon, hosts in the network start to communicate with other networks via the virtual router. If the Master router in backup team breaks down, Backup router will elect a new Master router via election strategy and provide router service for hosts in the network.

Principle of realization

A VRRP router has the only identification: VRID, range is 0-255. The router has only one virtual MAC address, and the address format is 00-00-5E-00-01-[VRID]. Master router is responsible for replying the ARP request by MAC address. Regardless of the switching, it's ensured to give the only consistent IP and MAC address to the terminal device, declining the switching influence to terminal device.

VRRP control message includes only one type: VRRP announce (advertisement). It's packaged by IP multicast data packet, the multicast address is 224.0.0.18, issue range can be only in the same local area network. It has ensured that VRID can be repeated used in different network. In order to decrease the network bandwidth consumption, only the master router can periodically send VRRP announce message. Backup router will start new VRRP election if it can't receive VRRP in three consecutive announce intervals or receive announce with 0 priority.



In the VRRP router group, master router is elected according to the priority, and the priority range in VRRP protocol is 0-255. If VRRP router IP address is the same to virtual router interface IP address, then the virtual router is called IP address owner in VRRP group; IP address owner automatically has the highest priority: 255. Priority 0 is usually used when IP address owner forwardly gives up the master role. Configurable priority range is 1-254. Priority configuration principle is set according to the link speed and cost, router performance and reliability, and other management strategies. In the election of master router, virtual router with high priority wins; therefore, if there exists IP address owner in VRRP group, it will appear as the master router. VRRP has also provided priority preemption strategy, if the strategy is configured, backup router with high priority will deprive current master router with low priority and become the new master router.

Function Description

On the page of VRRP, user can configure VRRP parameters.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > VRRP".

Interface Description

The VRRP interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of VRRP interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable	VRRP function status is displayed, options include:
	• ON
	• OFF
Vid	Identity of the virtual router is displayed.
Monitor port	Monitor ports of the device is displayed, options include:
	Br-lan
	• Eth1
Virtual IP	The IP address of the virtual router is displayed.
Notice interval	Interval at which Master device sends VRRP notice

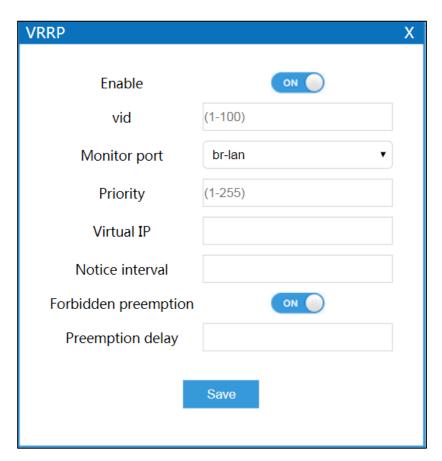


Interface Element	Description
	messages, unit: second.
Priority	Priority of the device. The priority is used for the election of
	Master device. The greater the value, the higher the priority.
Forbidden	Status display of forbidden preemption, options include:
preemption	• ON
	• OFF
Preemption delay	The delay time of switching from Backup device to Master
	device.
Operation	Edit the VRRP entry.

Interface Description: VRRP-Add

Click the "Add" button to add virtual route.

The VRRP-Add interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of VRRP-Add interface:



Interface Element	Description
Enable	VRRP enablement switch, click the right button for ON and
	OFF switching.
Vid	Identity of the virtual router, the valid range is 1-100. Virtual
	routers consisting of one master device and multiple backup
	devices have the same identity.
Monitor port	Drop-down list of VRRP monitor port, options as follows:
	Br-lan: LAN port as the monitor port;
	Eth1: WAN port as the monitor port.
Priority	Priority of the device. The priority is used for the election of
	Master device. The greater the value, the higher the priority.
	The more likely it is to become Master device; the valid
	range is 1-255.
Virtual IP	IP address of the virtual router, such as 192.168.1.1. A
	virtual router can have one or more IP addresses.
Notice interval	Notice interval, the valid range is 1-10 seconds. Master
	device periodically sends VRRP notice messages to
	announce its operating status.
Forbidden	VRRP enablement switch, click the right button for ON and
preemption	OFF switching.
	ON: Non-preemptive mode. When the priority of Backup
	device is higher than the one of Master device, Backup
	device won't become the Master device;
	OFF: Preemptive mode. When the priority of Backup
	device is higher than the one of Master device, Backup
	device will actively switch to Master device.
Preemption delay	The delay time of switching from Backup device to Master
	device, the valid range is 1-1000 seconds.
	Notes:
	If the preemption delay time is too short, the device status will be frequently switched; so increasing the preemption delay time can effectively solve this problem.



5.7 RIP

RIP (Routing Information Protocol) is a simple Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) and mainly used in small network, such as Campus Network and Local Area Network with simple structure. RIP isn't used in more complex environment and large network.

RIP is simple to achieve and easier in configuration and maintenance than OSPF or IS-IS, so it's widely used in actual networking.

Function Description

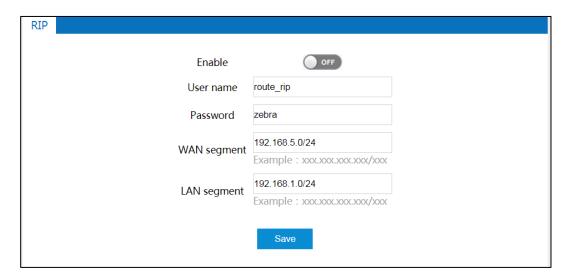
On the page of "RIP", user can configure the RI related parameters.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > RIP".

Interface Description

The RIP interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of RIP interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable	RIP enablement switch; click the right button for ON and OFF
	switching.
	ON: Enable RIP default configuration;
	OFF.
User name	User name used to log in to the RIP command line
	configuration.



Interface Element	Description
Password	Password used to log in to the RIP command line
	configuration.
WAN segment	WAN segment information.
LAN segment	LAN segment information.

5.8 OSPF

OSPF (Open Shortest Path First), its characteristics include:

- It's a kind of routing protocol of link status and adopts the metric value based on bandwidth;
- It adopts SPF algorithm to calculate the route, and the SPF algorithm can avoid routing loop.
- Maintain routes through neighbor relationship to avoid the consumption of bandwidth by regular updates;
- The routing update is efficient with fast network convergence, which is suitable for large and medium-sized networks.

Function Description

On the page of "OSPF", user can configure the OSPF parameters.

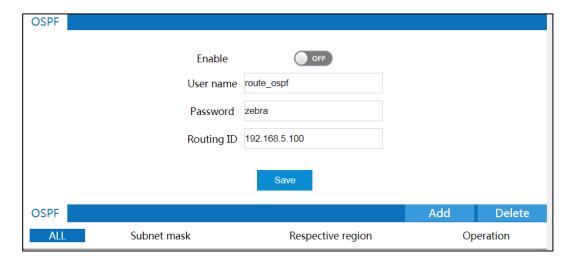
Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > OSPF".

Interface Description

The OSPF interface as follows:





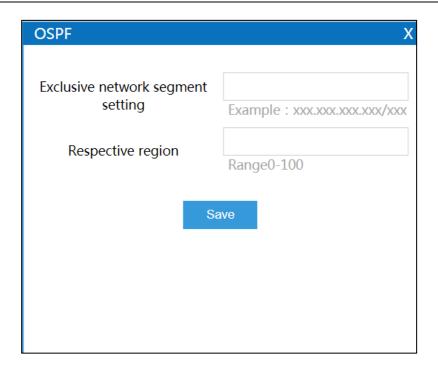
The main elements configuration description of OSPF interface:

Interface Element	Description
OSPF	OSPF Configuration Column
Enable	OSPF enablement switch, click the right button for ON and
	OFF switching.
	ON: Enable OSPF default configuration;
	OFF.
User name	User name used to log in to the OSPF command line
	configuration.
Password	Password used to log in to the OSPF command line
	configuration.
Routing ID	The router ID number, similar to the IP address format, is the
	unique identification of router in the autonomous system.
OSPF	OSPF Configuration Column
Subnet mask	The network segment where the IP address of interface
	running OSPF protocol is located. A network segment can
	only belong to one area.
Respective region	The area number of the device. OSPF protocol divides the
	autonomous system into different areas.
Operation	Edit the OSPF network segment and region information.

Interface Description: OSPF-Add

The OSPF-Add interface as follows:





The main elements configuration description of OSPF-Add interface:

Interface Element	Description
Dedicated network	The network segment where the IP address of interface
segment settings	running OSPF protocol is located. A network segment can
	only belong to one area, such as 10.1.1.1/24.
Respective region	The area number of the device. OSPF protocol divides the
	autonomous system into different areas, the valid range is
	0-4294967295.

5.9 Static DHCP

Function Description

On the page of "Static DHCP", user can add, delete, and view the configuration information of static clients. Bind the client's MAC address to the specified IP address to ensure that the address that the client obtains from the server each time is the binding IP address.



Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > Static DHCP".

Interface Description

Static DHCP interface as follows:

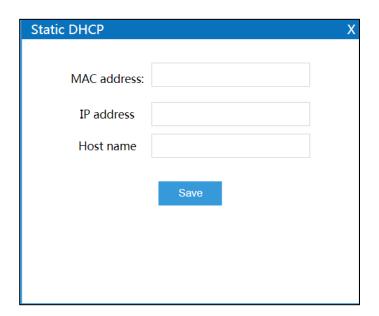


The main elements configuration description of static DHCP interface:

Interface Element	Description
MAC address	MAC address of the DHCP client.
IP address	IP address bound to the MAC address of DHCP client.
Host name	The name of DHCP client.
Operation	Edit the static DHCP list.

Interface Description: Static DHCP - Add

Static DHCP-Add interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of static DHCP-Add interface:

Interface Element	Description								
MAC address	MAC	address	of	the	DHCP	client,	the	format	is



Interface Element	Description
	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX.
IP address	IP address bound to the MAC address of DHCP client, such
	as 192.168.1.1.
Host name	Name or remarks of the DHCP client.



6 Firewall

Firewall is a network security system between internal network and external network. It's an information security protection system that allows or restricts the transmission of data in accordance with specific rules.

6.1 IP Filter

Function Description

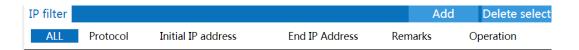
On the "IP filter" page of firewall, user can check or add IP filter to forbid the communication between the clients in LAN and WAN.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Firewall > IP filter".

Interface Description

IP filter interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of IP filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
ALL	IP filter check box, click "ALL" to check all IP filter entries.
Protocol	Protocols used by data packets.
IP start	Start IP address of LAN IP address range filtered by the

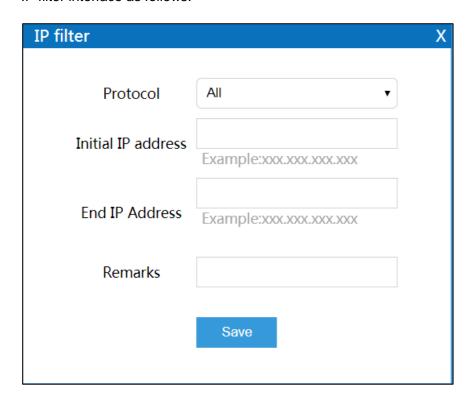


Interface Element	Description
	device.
IP end	End IP address of LAN IP address range filtered by the device.
Remarks	Remarks of IP filter entries.
Operation	Edit: modify the filter entries information.

Interface Description: Add IP Filter Entry

Click "Add" to increase IP filter entry.

IP filter interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of IP filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
Protocol	Drop-down list of data packet protocol, options as follows:
	• ALL;
	• TCP;
	• UDP.
Start IP address	Start IP address of LAN IP address range filtered by the
	device, such as: 192.168.1.123.



Interface Element	Description
End IP address	End IP address of LAN IP address range filtered by the
	device, such as: 192.168.1.123.
Remarks	Remarks of IP filter list support 10 Chinese characters or 32
	valid characters, optional.

6.2 MAC Filter

Function Description

On the "MAC filter" page of firewall, user can check or add MAC filter to forbid the communication between the clients in LAN and WAN; it can effectively control the WAN access rights of user in LAN.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Firewall > MAC filter".

Interface Description

MAC filter interface as follows:

MAC filter		Add	Delete select
ALL	MAC	Remarks	Operation

The main element configuration description of MAC filter interface:

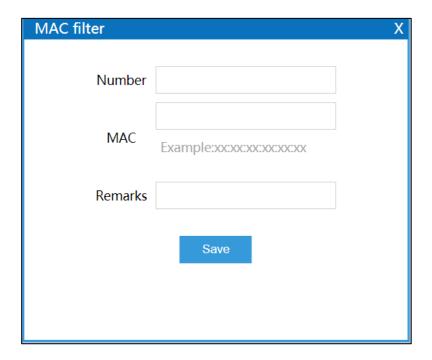
Interface Element	Description
ALL	MAC filter check box, click "ALL" to check all MAC filter
	entries.
MAC	MAC address of LAN client filtered by the device.
Remarks	Remarks of MAC filter entries.
Operation	Edit: modify the filter entries information.

Interface Description: Add MAC Filter Entry

Click "Add" to increase MAC filter entry.

MAC filter interface as follows:





The main element configuration description of MAC filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
MAC	MAC address of LAN client filtered by the device, such as:
	00:22:6F:00:00:01.
Remarks	Remarks of MAC filter entries support 32 valid characters or
	10 Chinese characters, optional.

6.3 URL Filter

URL (Uniform Resource Locator) is the brief expression of access method and location of resources gained from Internet; it's the address of standard Internet resources. Each Internet file has a unique URL, which refers to the network address.

Function Description

On the "URL filter" page of firewall, user can check or add URL filter to prohibit the client in LAN from accessing URL address in WAN and prevent user from accessing some of the websites.



Operation Path

Please open in order: "Firewall > URL filter".

Interface Description

URL filter interface as follows:



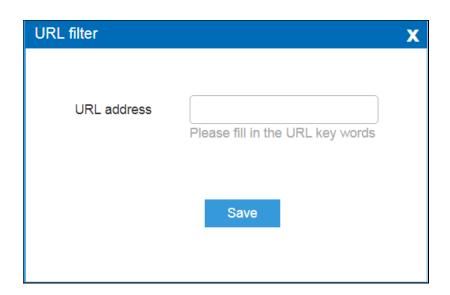
The main element configuration description of URL filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
ALL	URL filter check box, click "ALL" to check all URL filter
	entries.
URL	URL address in LAN filtered by the device.
Operation	Edit: modify the filter list.

Interface Description: Add URL Filter List

Click "Add" to increase URL filter list.

URL filter interface as follows:



The main element configuration description of URL filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
URL address	URL address in WAN filtered by the device, ending with
	".com", ".cn" and so on. Such as: sina.



Interface Element	Description
Remarks	Remarks of the URL filtering entry, it supports 32 valid
	characters or 10 Chinese characters, and can be left blank.

6.4 Keyword Filter

Keyword filtering refers to the pre-programming filtering of transmitted information in the network application, detecting the specified keywords and intelligently identifying whether there exists any violation of the specified policy in the network.

Function Description

On the page of "Keyword filter" of the firewall, user can view or add keyword filtering entries to prevent clients on the LAN from accessing to the network address corresponding to the keywords in the WAN.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Firewall > Keyword Filter".

Interface Description

Keyword filter interface as follows:

Keyword filter			Add	Delete select
ALL	Keyword	Remarks	Operat	ion

The main elements configuration description of keyword filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
ALL	Keyword filter entry check box and click "ALL" to select all
	keyword filter entries.
Keyword	Keywords in the WAN filtered by this device.
Remarks	Remarks for keyword filtering entries.
Operation	Edit: Modify the filtering entries information.

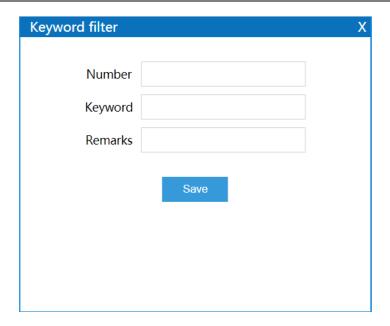
Interface Description: Add keyword filtering entry

Click the "Add" button to add the keyword filtering entry.

Keyword filter interface as follows:

3onedata proprietary and confidential





The main elements configuration description of keyword filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
Keyword	Keywords in the WAN filtered by this device.
Remarks	Remarks of the keyword filtering list; it supports 10 Chinese
	characters or 32 valid characters, and can be left blank.



7 VPN Tunne

VPN (Virtual Private Network) is a temporary, secure connection established through a public network (usually the Internet). It is a secure and stable tunnel passing through a chaotic public network. Adopting this tunnel to encrypt data can ensure the secure use of Internet.

7.1 GRE Settings

Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) protocol encapsulates data packets of certain network layer protocols (such as IP and IPX), so that these encapsulated data packets can be transmitted in another network layer protocol (such as IP). GRE adopts Tunnel technology and is the third layer tunneling protocol of Virtual Private Network (VPN).

Function Description

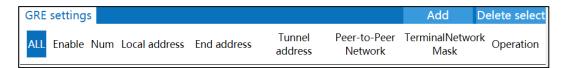
On the page of "GRE Settings", user can configure the relevant parameters of GRE.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > GRE Settings".

Interface Description

GRE settings interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of GRE settings interface:



Interface Element	Description
ALL	Check box of GRE settings entries, click "ALL" to select all
	GRE settings entries.
Enable	GRE settings is enabled or not:
	• ON
	OFF
Num	The serial number of GRE settings
Local address	Local IP address
End address	End IP address
Tunnel address	IP address of local GRE tunnel
Peer-to-Peer	Subnet IP of the end GRE, for example: 192.168.1.0
Network	
Terminal Network	Subnet mask of end GRE
Mask	
Operation	Edit: Modify the information of GRE settings entries.
Add	Click the "Add" button in the upper right corner to add GRE
	settings in the pop-up window of "GRE Settings".
Delete select	User can select the GRE settings information that needs to
	be deleted, and then click the "Delete Select" button in the
	upper right corner to delete the GRE settings.

7.2 PPTP Client Settings

Point to Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is an enhanced security protocol. It supports multi-protocol virtual private network (VPN), which can enhance security through password authentication protocol (PAP), extensible authentication protocol (EAP) and other methods, and provide encrypted communication between PPTP client and server.

Function Description

On the page of "PPTP Client Settings", user can configure the parameters related to PPTP client.

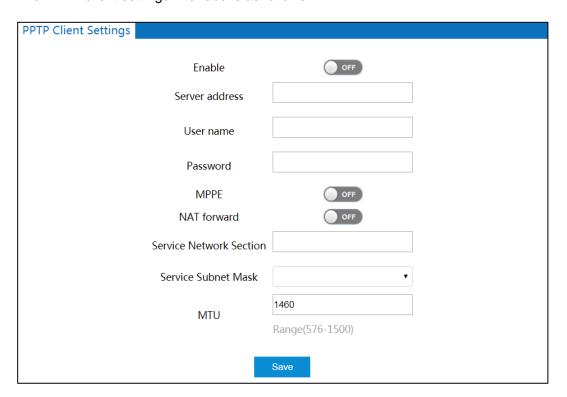


Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > PPTP Client Settings".

Interface Description

The PPTP client settings interface is as follows:



The main elements configuration description of PPTP client settings interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Enable	Functional enablement switch of PPTP client settings,	
	click the right button for ON and OFF switching.	
	ON: Enable the PPTP client settings function;	
	OFF: Disable the PPTP client settings function.	
Server address	IP address of PPTP server	
User name	User name allowed by PPTP server	
Password	Password corresponding to the user name allowed by	
	PPTP server	
MPPE	Functional enablement switch of MPPE (Microsoft	
	Point-to-Point Encryption) protocol, click the right button	
	for ON and OFF switching.	



Interface Element	Description	
	ON: Enable MPPE encryption;	
	OFF: Disable MPPE encryption.	
NAT forward	Functional enablement switch of Network Address	
	Translation (NAT) forwarding, click the right button for ON	
	and OFF switching.	
	ON: Enable NAT forwarding. All data flows of the	
	client are forwarded through the VPN server;	
	OFF: Disable NAT forwarding.	
Service Network	Subnet segment of the PPTP server	
Section		
Service Subnet Mask	Drop-down box of subnet mask of the PPTP server	
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) input box, unit is	
	byte, the default value is 1460, and the recommended	
	value range is 1400-1500.	

7.3 PPTP Server Settings

Function Description

On the page of "PPTP Server Settings", user can configure the parameters related to PPTP server.

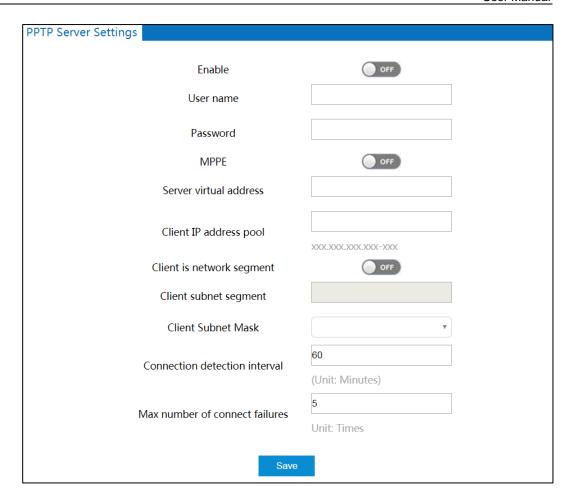
Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > PPTP Server Settings".

Interface Description

The PPTP server settings interface is as follows:





The main elements configuration description of PPTP server settings interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Enable	Functional enablement switch of PPTP server settings,	
	click the right button for ON and OFF switching.	
	ON: Enable the PPTP server settings function;	
	OFF: Disable the PPTP server settings function.	
User name	User name provided by PPTP to the client for connection	
Password	Password corresponding to the user name provided by	
	PPTP to the client for connection	
MPPE	Functional enablement switch of Microsoft Point-to-Point	
	Encryption (MPPE) protocol, click the right button for ON	
	and OFF switching.	
	ON: Enable MPPE encryption;	
	OFF: Disable MPPE encryption.	



Interface Element	Description
Server virtual address	Virtual IP address of PPTP server
Client IP address pool	IP address pool range assigned to the client, the format
	is: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Client is network	The client is network segment enablement switch, it
segment	allows the router whose subnet is the network segment to
	connect as a client and access the PPTP VPN server.
	Click the right button for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: Enable the function of the client as network
	segment, and input the subnet segment and mask of
	the client;
	OFF: Disable the function of client as network
	segment.
Client subnet segment	Set the network segment that allows the client to access,
	and use it with the client as the network segment.
	Notes:
	This input box can only be entered after enabling the function
	of client as the network segment.
Client Subnet Mask	Drop-down box of subnet mask of the PPTP client
	Notes:
	This input box can only be entered after enabling the function
	of client as the network segment.
Connection detection	Detect the interval of connection, the default value is 60,
interval	unit: second.
Max number of connect	Detect the maximum number of failed connections. The
failures	default value is 5.

7.4 L2TP Client Settings

Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is an industry-standard Internet tunneling protocol. Its functions are roughly similar to those of PPTP protocol. It can also encrypt the network data flow. There are some differences between the two protocols: For example, PPTP requires the network to be an IP network, L2TP requires a point-to-point connection for data packets; PPTP uses a single tunnel, L2TP uses



multiple tunnels; L2TP provides header compression and tunnel authentication, but PPTP does not support.

Function Description

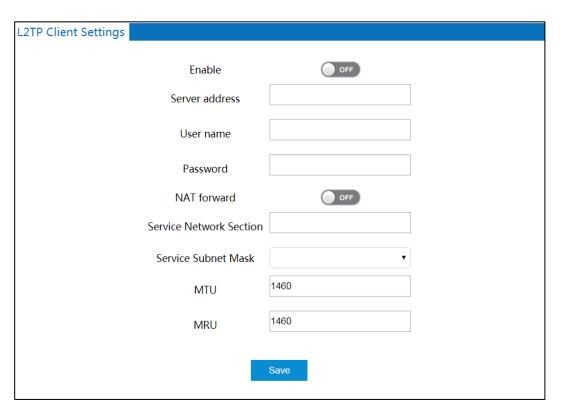
On the page of "L2TP Client Settings", user can configure the parameters related to L2TP client.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > L2TP Client Settings".

Interface Description

The L2TP client settings interface is as follows:



The main elements configuration description of L2TP client settings interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Enable	Functional enablement switch of L2TP client settings,	
	click the right button for ON and OFF switching.	
	ON: Enable the L2TP client settings function;	
	OFF: Disable the L2TP client settings function.	
Server address	IP address of L2TP server	



Interface Element	Description	
User name	User name allowed by L2TP server	
Password	Password corresponding to the user name allowed by	
	L2TP server	
NAT forward	Functional enablement switch of Network Address	
	Translation (NAT) forwarding, click the right button for ON	
	and OFF switching.	
	ON: Enable NAT forwarding. All data flows of the	
	client are forwarded through the VPN server;	
	OFF: Disable NAT forwarding.	
Service Network	User name provided by L2TP to the client for connection	
Section		
Service Subnet Mask	Password corresponding to the user name provided by	
	L2TP to the client for connection	
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) input box, unit is	
	byte, the default value is 1460, and the recommended	
	value range is 1400-1500.	
MRU	Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) input box, unit is	
	byte, the default value is 1460, and the recommended	
	value range is 1400-1500.	

7.5 L2TP Server Settings

Function Description

On the page of "L2TP Server Settings", user can configure the parameters related to L2TP server.

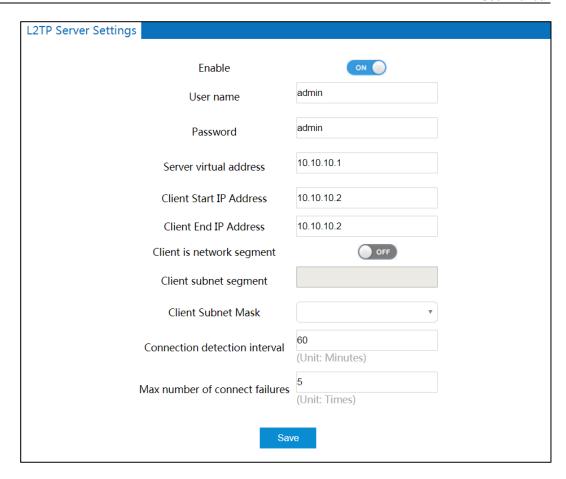
Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > L2TP Server Settings".

Interface Description

The L2TP server settings interface is as follows:





The main elements configuration description of L2TP server settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable	Functional enablement switch of L2TP server settings,
	click the right button for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: Enable the L2TP server settings function;
	OFF: Disable the L2TP server settings function.
User name	User name provided by L2TP to the client for connection
Password	Password corresponding to the user name provided by
	L2TP to the client for connection
Server virtual address	Virtual IP address of L2TP server
Client Start IP address	Minimum start IP address of L2TP client
Client End IP Address	Maximum end IP address of L2TP client
Client is network	Enablement switch of the client as network segment, it
segment	allows the router whose subnet is the network segment to
	connect as a client and access the L2TP VPN server.



Interface Element	Description
	Click the right button for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: Enable the function of the client as network
	segment, and input the subnet segment and mask of the client;
	OFF: Disable the function of client as network segment.
Client subnet segment	Set the network segment that allows the client to access,
	and use it with the client as the network segment.
	Notes:
	This input box can only be entered after enabling the function
	of client as the network segment.
Client Subnet Mask	Drop-down box of subnet mask of the L2TP client
	Notes:
	This input box can only be entered after enabling the function
	of client as the network segment.
Connection detection	Detect the interval of connection, the default value is 60,
interval	unit: second.
Max number of connect	Detect the maximum number of failed connections. The
failures	default value is 5.

7.6 IPsec

The Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) protocol suite is a series of protocols developed by the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) that provides high-quality, interoperable, cryptographic-based security for IP packets. The specific communication parties can ensure the privacy, integrity, authenticity and anti-replay of the datagram during transmission on the network through encryption and data source authentication at the IP layer.

- Confidentiality refers to the encryption and protection of user data and is transmitted in the form of cipher text.
- Data integrity refers to the authentication of received data, which can determine whether a message has been tampered with.
- Anti-replay refers to preventing an attack that malicious user repeatedly transmits



captured packet, that is, the receiver rejects old or duplicate packets.

Function Description

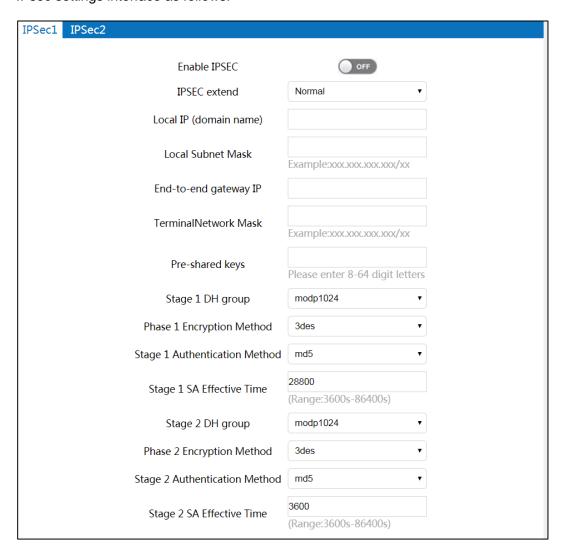
On the page of "IPsec", user can configure the relevant parameters of IPsec.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > IPsec".

Interface Description

IPsec settings interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of IPsec settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable IPSEC	Functional enablement switch of IPsec settings, click the
	right button for ON and OFF switching.



Interface Element	Description
	ON: Enable the IPsec settings function;
	OFF: Disable the IPsec settings function.
IPSEC extend	Drop-down box of IPSEC extension, options as follows:
	Normal: Regular IPSEC
	GRE: GRE over IPSEC, GRE encapsulation based
	on IPSEC encryption
	L2TP: GRE over L2TP, L2TP encapsulation based
	on IPSEC encryption
Local IP (domain	IP address/domain name of the local external network
name)	port
Local Subnet Mask	The local subnet and mask of the router, for example:
	192.168.4.0/24
End-to-end gateway IP	IP or domain name of the end-to-end external network
	port
Terminal Network	IPsec end-to-end subnet and subnet mask, for example:
Mask	192.168.4.0/24
Pre-shared keys	Unicode string that verifies the IPsec connection
	Stage 1 DH exchange algorithm, options as follows:
Stage 1 DH group	• mop 768
Otage 1 Di 1 group	• modp1024
	• modp1536
	Phase 1 encryption algorithm, options as follows:
Phase 1 Encryption	• 3des
Method	• aes128
Wicklind	• aes192
	• aes512
	Stage 1 Authentication Method, options as follows:
	• md5
Stage 1 Authentication	• she
Method	• sha256
	• sha384
	• sha512
Stage 1 SA Effective	Stage 1 SA Effective time, unit is second. The default is
Time	28800
Stage 2 DU group	Stage 2 DH exchange algorithm, options as follows:
Stage 2 DH group	• mop 768



Interface Element	Description
	• modp1024
	• modp1536
	Phase 2 encryption algorithm, options as follows:
Phase 2 Encryption	• 3des
Method	• aes128
INIEUTOG	• aes192
	• aes512
	Stage 2 Authentication Method, options as follows:
	• md5
Stage 2 Authentication	• sha
Method	• sha256
	• sha384
	• sha512
Stage 2 SA Effective	Stage 2 SA Effective time, unit is second. The default is
Time	3600



8 System Manage

8.1 Time Setting

Function Description

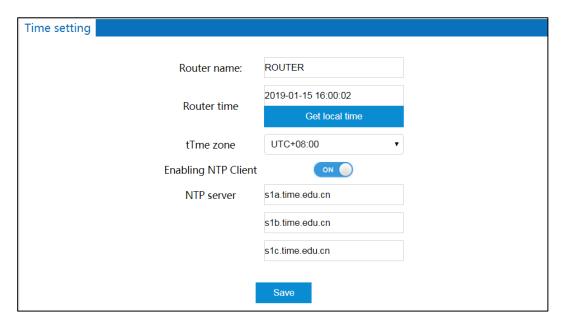
On the page of "Time Setting", user can configure time-related parameters information.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Time setting".

Interface Description:

Time setting interface as follows:





The main elements configuration description of time settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
Router name	The name of the router
Router time	The time of the router, the format is: year-month-day hour:
	minute: second
Get local time	Click the button of Get local time to synchronize the local
	time with the router
Time zone	Drop-down box of time zone, user can choose according to
	their demands
Enabling NTP	Functional enablement switch of NTP client settings, click the
Client	right button for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: Enable the NTP client function to synchronize the
	time of the server with the client.
	OFF: Disable the NTP client function.
NTP server	The address of the server that needs to be synchronized
	Notes:
	When there are multiple candidate NTP clients, the default is the
	first one. The higher the order, the higher the priority.
Save	Synchronize client and server time by clicking the button of
	"Save"

8.2 Access Settings

Function Description

On the page of "Access settings", user can enable remote access and modify the username and password for accessing the device.

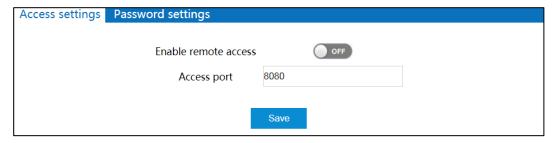
Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Access settings".

Interface Description 1: Access Settings

Access settings interface as follows:



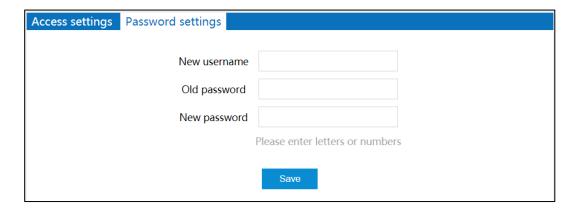


The main elements configuration description of access settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable remote	Enablement switch of remote access, click the right button for
access	ON and OFF switching.
	ON: Enable remote access, the user can access the
	device through the HTTP/HTTPS protocol on the external
	network;
	OFF: Disable remote access.
Access port	Port number of remote access, the port number defaults to
	8080.
	Notes:
	Ensure the consistency of access port when accessing the device through a browser.

Interface Description 2: Password Settings

Password settings interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of password settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
New username	New username settings of the device.
	Notes:
	Username and password are composed of capital and lower-case



Interface Element	Description
	letters and numbers.
Old password	The login password used by the current device.
	Notes: The username and password of the device are both admin by default.
New password	New password settings of the device.
	Notes: Username and password are composed of capital and lower-case letters and numbers.

8.3 Timed Restart

Function Description

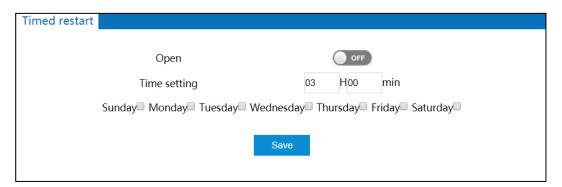
On the page of "Timed restart", user can configure the time for the device to automatically restart.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Timed restart".

Interface Description:

The timed restart interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of timed restart interface:

Interface Element	Description
Open	Enablement switch of timed restart, click the right button
	for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: Enable the timed restart function;
	OFF: The default is off.



Interface Element	Description
Time setting	Device restart time and date settings. When the set time is
	the same as the router time, the device will automatically
	restart.

8.4 Backup Recovery

Function Description

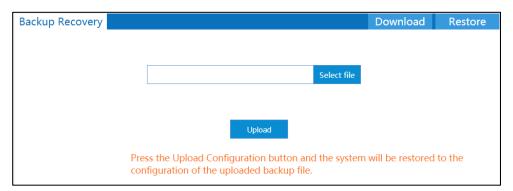
On the page of "Backup Recovery", user can select files for upload configuration, downloadable configuration, and restore factory defaults.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Backup Recovery".

Interface Description:

The backup recovery settings interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of backup recovery settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
Select file	The "Select file" button allows user to select the configuration
	file for the host backup.
Upload	Click the "Upload" button to upload the backup configuration
	file to the current device, so that the device can restore the
	configuration in the backup file.
Download	Click the "Download" button to download the configuration
	file of the current device and save it in the format of ".file".



Interface Element	Description
Restore	Click the button of "Restore" to restore factory defaults of the
	device.

8.5 Log Manage

Function Description

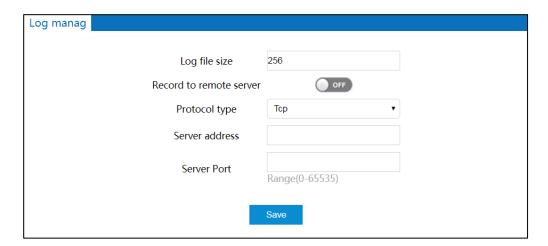
On the page of "Log manage", user can record the log files to the remote server.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Log manage".

Interface Description

The log management interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of log management interface:

Interface Element	Description
Log file size	Set the size of the log file, the default is 256
Record to remote	Enablement switch of record to remote server, click the
server	right button for ON and OFF switching.
	ON: Enable the function of record to remote server to
	record log files to the remote server;
	OFF: Disable the function of record to remote server.
Protocol type	Drop-down box of the protocol type used by the record to



Interface Element	Description
	remote server, options as follows:
	• TCP
	• UDP
Server address	IP address information of the remote server
Server Port	Port number of the remote server.

8.6 Firmware Upgrade

Function Description

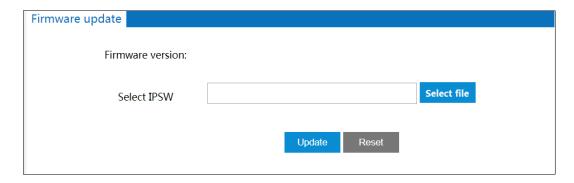
On the page of "Firmware upgrade", user can update the system program of the device via the upgrade file.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Firmware update".

Interface Description

The firmware update interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of firmware update interface:

Interface Element	Description
Firmware version	The software version used by the current device.
Select IPSW	Click the button of "Select IPSW" to select the local upgrade
	file of the host.
	Notes:
	Please select the program version that is compatible with the current hardware during upgrading.
Update	Click the button of "Update" to upgrade the device program.



Interface Element	Description
	Notes:
	• It takes a while during the upgrade process. Do not power off
	the device.
	After successful upgrade, the configuration of the device will
	remain unchanged and the firmware version information will
	change.

8.7 Firmware Restart

Function Description

On the page of "Firmware restart", user can restart the device.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Firmware restart".

Interface Description

The firmware restart interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of firmware restart interface:

Interface Element	Description
Reboot icon	Click this icon to reboot the device system. After the
	system restarts, it will jump back to the login interface.



9 Diagnostic Tools

9.1 System log

Function Description

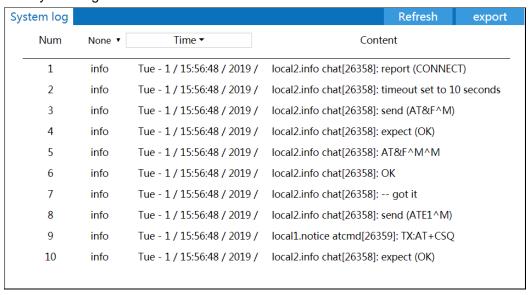
On the page of "System log", user can view the device system logs.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Diagnostic tools > System log".

Interface Description

The system log interface as follows:



The main elements configuration description of system log interface:

Interface Element Description



Interface Element	Description
Refresh	Click the "Refresh" button to regain the latest log information
	of the device.
Export	Click the "Export" button to export the log information in the
	format of ".txt".
Num	Log information shows sequence entries
None	User can select the category of log to display specific log
	information. Optional values:
	NONE: all messages;
	Info: general messages;
	Error: error messages;
	Warning: warning messages.
Time	The date and time filter button for log information.
	Notes:
_	Click the "Time" button to filter the start date and end date.
Content	A detailed description of the log contents.
Items display	"Items display" button, log information display mode, options
	as follows:
	10: Display 10 log messages per page;
	All: Single page displays all log information.

9.2 Ping Test

Ping belongs to a communication protocol and is part of the TCP/IP protocol. User can adopt the ping command to check whether the network is connected, which can help us analyze and determine network faults.

Function Description

On the page of "Ping test", user can detect whether the target host can be connected.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Diagnostic tools > Ping test".

Interface Description

The Ping test interface as follows:





The main elements configuration description of Ping test interface:

Interface Element	Description
IP address	Target IP address information to be detected
Ping	Click the "Ping" button to start the test, and the test result is
	displayed below.

9.3 Route Tracking

Tracert is a route-tracking utility that determines the path taken by an IP datagram to access a destination. The Tracert command uses the IP Time to Live (TTL) field and ICMP error messages to determine the route from one host to other hosts on the network.

Function Description

On the page of "Route Tracking", user can perform route tracking for the target host.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Diagnostic tools > Route tracking".

Interface Description

The route tracking interface is as follows:



The main elements configuration description of route tracking interface:



Interface Element	Description
IP address	Destination IP address or domain name that requires route
	tracking
Route Tracking	Click the "Route Tracking" button to start tracking, and the
	test results are displayed below.



10 Maintenance and Service

Since the date of product delivery, our company provides five-year product warranty. According to our company's product specification, during the warranty period, if the product exists any failure or functional operation fails, our company will be free to repair or replace the product .However, the commitments above do not cover damage caused by improper usage, accident, natural disaster, incorrect operation or improper installation.

In order to ensure that consumers benefit from our company's managed switch products, consumers can get help and solutions in the following ways:

- Internet service;
- Call technical support office;
- Product repair or replacement;

10.1 Internet Service

More useful information and tips are available via our company website. Website: http://www.3onedata.com

10.2 Service Hotline

Users using our company products can call technical support office. Our company has professional technical engineers to answer the questions and help solve the products or usage problems ASAP. Free service hotline: 86-400-880-4496



10.3 Product Repair or Replacement

As for the product repair, replacement or return, customers should firstly confirm with the company technical staff, and then contact the company salesmen and solve the problem. According to the company's handling procedure, customers should negotiate with our company's technical staff and salesmen to complete the product maintenance, replacement or return.







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Technology support: tech-support@3onedata.com

Service hotline: +86-400-880-4496

Official Website: http://www.3onedata.com

FCC Warning

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interferenceto radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- · Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body.