Dell EMC Integrated Data Protection Appliance

Version 2.4.1

Product Guide

REV 01 November 2019



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Revision history

The following table presents the revision history of this document.

Table 1 IDPA Product Guide Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
01	November 2019	First release of this document for Integrated Data Protection Appliance 2.4.1.

Revision history

CHAPTER 1

Introduction

This chapter provides a general overview of the Integrated Data Protection Appliance 2.4.1 features and hardware configurations.

Topics include:

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Document scope and audience

This document describes the administrative details of Integrated Data Protection Appliance (IDPA).

The target audience for this document includes field personnel, partners, and customers responsible for managing and operating IDPA. This document is designed for people familiar with Data Protection solutions.

Product features

IDPA provides a simplified configuration and integration of data protection components in a consolidated solution.

Integrated solution

IDPA DP4400 model is a hyperconverged, 2U system that a user can install and configure onsite.

The DP4400 includes a virtual edition of Avamar server (AVE) as a Backup Server node with an optional NDMP Accelerator, a virtual edition of Data Domain system (DDVE) as the Protection Storage node, Cloud Disaster Recovery, IDPA System Manager as a centralized system management , an Appliance Configuration Manager(ACM) for simplified configuration and upgrades, Search, Reporting and Analytics, and a compute node that hosts the virtual components and the software.

The Search, Reporting and Analytics, and CDRA are optional. Also, you can also perform the Search, Reporting and Analytics, and CDRA functions in a central corporate implementation.

If your organization enables communication through the Internet, as part of the initial configuration of the system, you can register the IDPA Appliance, Avamar, Data Domain and Reporting and Analytics components with Secure Remote Services (formerly ESRS). The Secure Remote Services is a secure, IP-based, distributed customer service support system that provides Dell EMC customers with command, control, and visibility of support-related activities.

Centralized management

IDPA System Manager provides advanced monitoring and management capabilities of the IDPA from a single pane of glass and includes the following features.

- A comprehensive dashboard that includes information about Avamar, IDPA Appliance, Data Domain, Search, and Data Protection Advisor.
 - Backup activities
 - Replication activities
 - Assets
 - Capacity
 - Health
 - Alerts
- A comprehensive dashboard to manage Avamar, Data Domain, Data Protection Advisor, and Search components.
- Advanced search and recover operations through integration with Search.
- Comprehensive reporting capabilities
- Cloud backups.

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Appliance administration

The ACM provides a graphical, web-based interface for configuring, monitoring, and upgrading the appliance.

The ACM dashboard displays a summary of the configuration of the individual components. It also enables the administrators to monitor the appliance, change configuration details such as changing the Data Domain disk capacity, changing the common password for the appliance, change LDAP settings, update customer information, and change the values in the General Settings panel. The ACM dashboard enables you to upgrade the system and its components. It also displays the health information of the Appliance Server and VMware components.

Backup administration

The IDPA uses Avamar Virtual Edition (AVE) servers to perform backup operations, with the data being stored in a Data Domain system. Generally, when using the Avamar Administrator Management Console, all Avamar servers look and behave the same. The main differences among the Avamar server configurations are the number of nodes and disk drives that are reported in the server monitor.

You can also add an Avamar NDMP Accelerator (one NDMP Accelerator node is supported in DP4400) to enable backup and recovery of NAS systems. The Avamar NDMP Accelerator uses the network data management protocol (NDMP) to enable backup and recovery of network-attached storage (NAS) systems. The accelerator performs NDMP processing and then sends the data directly to the Data Domain Server (DDVE Storage).

Reporting and Analytics

The Reporting and Analytics feature offers a robust reporting functionality with dedicated sections for various features. These reports help you retrieve information about the Data Domain (DDVE) and Avamar (AVE). Using these reports, you can identify outages in the environment, diagnose problems, plan to mitigate risks, and forecast future trends. You can also run system and customized reports, dashboard templates, and schedule the reports generation as per your requirements.

Search

The Search feature provides a powerful way to search backup data within the IDPA and then restore the backup data based on the results of the Search. Scheduled collection activities are used to gather and index the metadata (such as keyword, name, type, location, size, and backup server/client, or indexed content) of the backup, which is then stored within the IDPA.

Disaster recovery

The CDRA is a solution, which enables disaster recovery of one or more on-premises virtual machines (VMs) to the cloud. CDRA integrates with the existing on-premises backup software and a Data Domain system to copy the VM backups to the cloud. It can then run a disaster recovery test or a failover, which converts a VM to an Amazon Web Services Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) instance, and then runs this instance in the cloud.

(i) Note:

Installing CDRA, Search, and Reporting and Analytics (based on Data Protection Advisor) is optional. Also, if these components are already configured in your environment, then the appliance can be configured to use the central implementation in your environment. You do not need to configure the optional components that are bundled in IDPA again.

However, the IDPA dashboard does not display any data that is associated with external CDRA, Search, and Data Protection Advisor. Moreover, you must manage and configure any such external instances. Also, IDPA does not support local Search and Analytics (not part of IDPA but are centrally implemented at the customer environment) when these functions are performed by external implementations.

Scalability

The DP4400 is designed to be scalable so it can scale up with ever-changing needs. See the *Expanding storage capacity* section in the *Dell EMC Integrated Data Protection Appliance Product Guide* for more information about how to add storage capacity.

- For the DP4400 model with a capacity from 8 TB to 24 TB, you can expand the storage capacity in multiples of 4 TB increments up to 24 TB. You can now expand the capacity beyond 24 TB in 12 TB increments.
- For the DP4400 model with a capacity from 24 TB to 96 TB, you can expand the storage capacity in 12 TB increments, and you can expand the capacity up to a maximum of 96 TB.

The following table details the configuration for the DP4400 models.

Table 2 Configuration for IDPA DP4400 Models

Model	Configuration Details
DP4400	From 8 TB up to 24 TB
	From 24 TB up to 96 TB

Unified support

The same Customer Support team supports both the hardware and the software that is used in the appliance.

System architecture and components

The IDPA integrates multiple data protection components into a single product.

Detailed configuration

The IDPA DP4400 is available in the following configurations:

 Table 3 Configuration options

Model	Protection Storage model	Protection Storage configuration options (usable TB)	Backup Server	Avamar Accelerator Node for NDMP/NAS Backup (optional)
DP4400	Data Domain Virtual	8, 12, 16, 20, or 24 TB	Avamar Virtual Edition 3	NDMP Accelerator (1)
	Edition	24, 36, 48, 60, 72, 84, or 96 TB	1 TB	(1) Note: The Avamar NDMP Accelerator is supported with IDPA but is not bundled with the product. You must contact Customer Support to set it up with IDPA.

Base hardware

The IDPA DP4400 includes a Dell PowerEdge R740 Server.

Embedded software

After the initial configuration, the following applications are deployed and configured:

- Data Domain Virtual Edition
- VMware vCenter Server
- Avamar Virtual Edition
- IDPA System Manager
- Data Protection Advisor (optional)
 - Datastore Server
 - Application Server
- Search (optional)
 - Search Index Master
- Cloud Disaster Recovery Add-on (optional)
- Appliance Configuration Manager

System self-protection

The IDPA is configured to protect itself from data loss with the backup and storage applications that are in the system.

It is protected with a predefined backup job policy that is scheduled daily and has a 30-day retention period. The metadata is protected through a backup to the Protection Storage (Data Domain) using checkpoints.

Virtual machine	Backup job
ACM	Management_VM_Backup
vCenter	vCenter_Backup
DP Advisor	DataProtectionAdvisor_Backup
Search	DataProtectionSearch_Backup
IDPA System Manager	DataProtectionCentral_Backup
CDRA	DataDomainCloudDisasterRecovery_Backup

Table 4 Component VM backup jobs

Network connectivity overview

During the initial configuration, IP addresses are assigned to various functional components of IDPA, typically by allocating a range of IP addresses. IDPA requires 13 IP addresses for the various components. Using a range is the preferred method as it simplifies the assignment and reduces the chance for errors while entering the IP addresses. When a range of IP addresses is used during the IDPA configuration, the IP addresses are assigned in a standard order. Optionally, discrete IP addresses can be assigned manually to each functional component.

Of these 13 IP addresses, two are required for the initial network configuration; one for the ACM and the other for the ESXi server. After the initial network configuration is successful, the IPs for

the other components can be configured using a range of 11 IP addresses. If a range of IPs is not available, users can also set random IPs of the same subnet to the components.

Use the following table to determine which IP address is allocated to a component. The *IP Range Allocation* (first column in the table) is the value that you should add to the first IP address in the range.

IP Range Allocation	Example	Component	Assigned Field
+0	192.0.2.1	vCenter	VMware vCenter Server VM
+1	192.0.2.2	Protection storage	Management IP
+2	192.0.2.3	Protection storage	Backup IP 1
+3	192.0.2.4	Protection storage	Backup IP 2
+4	192.0.2.5	Backup application	Avamar Virtual Edition Server IP
+5	192.0.2.6	Backup application	Avamar Proxy VM
+6	192.0.2.7	IDPA System Manager	IDPA System Manager VM
+7	192.0.2.8	Reporting and Analytics	Application Server Host VM
+8	192.0.2.9	Reporting and Analytics	Datastore Server Host VM
+9	192.0.2.10	Search	Index Master Node Host VM
+10	192.0.2.11	DD Cloud DR CDRA (optional)	Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery (DD Cloud DR) Cloud DR Add-on (CDRA) virtual appliance

Table 5 IP address range assignments for DP4400

(i) Note: IDPA is compatible with IPv4 enabled networks and does not support pure IPv6 or dualstack networks.

() Note: For more information on the network and firewall ports that are used in IDPA, see *Network ports* in the *IDPA Security Configuration Guide*.

Separate management network

DP4400 models support separating the backup network traffic from the management network traffic. For configuring separate management network you need two IP addresses one for the management network and one for the backup settings on the ACM, and one for the ESXi server.

Use the following table to determine which IP address is allocated to a component when you configure a separate management network. The *IP Range Allocation* (first column in the table) is the value that you should add to the first IP address in the range.

Table 6 Management IP address range assignments for the DP4400 with Dedicated Backup

 Network

Management IP Range Allocation	Component	Assigned Field
+0	vCenter	VMware vCenter Server VM
+1	Protection storage	Management IP
+2	Backup application	Avamar Virtual Edition Server IP

Table 6 Management IP address range assignments for the DP4400 with Dedicated Backup

 Network (continued)

Management IP Range Allocation	Component	Assigned Field
+3	Backup application	Avamar Proxy VM
+4	IDPA System Manager	IDPA System Manager VM
+5	Reporting and Analytics	Application Server Host VM
+6	Reporting and Analytics	Datastore Server Host VM
+7	Search	Index Master Node Host VM
+8	DD Cloud DR CDRA (optional)	Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery (DD Cloud DR) Cloud DR Add-on (CDRA) virtual appliance

Table 7 Backup IP address range assignments for the DP4400 with Dedicated Backup Network

Backup IP Range Allocation	Component	Assigned Field
+0	Protection storage	Backup IP 1
+1	Protection storage	Backup IP 2
+2	Backup application	Avamar Proxy VM

Customer Support tasks

This section describes IDPA components that require Customer Support for additional assistance.

|--|

Task	Description	
Licensing	 For obtaining the right license keys for any of the IDPA components. For obtaining licensing for increased storage capacity. 	
Secure Remote Services (SRS)	For issues when registering customer site IDs to the SRS gateway.	
Physical NDMP server	For fresh installation, configuration, and upgrade.	
Latest firmware, BIOS, and driver updates on the Dell Server	For upgrading IDPA models on Generation 14 servers.	

Introduction

CHAPTER 2

Monitor and manage the appliance

This chapter introduces the features and functionality of the ACM dashboard.

Topics include:

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About the ACM dashboard

The ACM dashboard enables you to manage settings for the appliance and individual components, update customer support information, and upgrade software for the appliance and its components. The ACM dashboard also performs system health monitoring for the appliance hardware.

To access the dashboard, type https://<ACM IP address>:8543/ in a web browser and log in. The dashboard requires Google Chrome version 64 and later or Mozilla Firefox 47.2 and later.

i Note: The dashboard is enabled only after configuring IDPA.

The initial view displays the **Home** page and tabs for **Health** and **Upgrade**.

Basic management tasks

The ACM Dashboard enables you to view system details, change the password of appliance components, and log out from the dashboard.

Changing the appliance password

The appliance password is common for all IDPA components.

- 1. Click the **Change Password** icon.
- 2. Type the Current Password.
- 3. Type and confirm the **New Password**.

The password must contain 9 through 20 characters and include at least one of each type of supported character. The following types of characters are supported:

- Uppercase letters (A-z)
- Lowercase letters (a-z)
- Numbers (0–9)
- Special characters: Period (.), hyphen (-), and underscore (_)
 - () Note: A password with a period (.) as the last character (for example, Idpa1234.) is not accepted as a valid password.
- Must not start with a hyphen (-)
- The password must not include common names or user names such as root or admin.
- 4. Click Change Password.

The password change process for ACM and all the other IDPA components is initiated. The **Password change progress** shows the progress bar with status descriptions.

(i) Note: The password change process takes approximately 40 minutes to complete.

The password gets changed for the users in the following sequence:

- 1. ACM internal LDAP user idpauser
- 2. Storage (DDVE) sysadmin user
- 3. Backup Server (Avamar) users:
 - a. Operating system admin and operating system root
 - b. Avamar server users root, mcuser, repulser, and viewuser
- 4. Backup server proxy operating system root user
- 5. IDPA System Manager(DPC) users: Operating system admin and operating system root

- 6. Reporting and analytics (DPA) users: Application Server operating system root, Datastore operating system root, Application server administrator
- 7. Search(DPS) operating system root and search default LDAP root and admin
- 8. Cloud disaster recovery(CDRA) admin password
- 9. VCenter and ESXi idpauser password.
- 10. ACM root password
- () Note: Once the password is changed, ACM users will be logged out and they need to log in again using the updated password.

Viewing version and build details

Click the **Information** (i) icon. The **About** page displays details about the IDPA software version, build number, and the hardware version.

Logging out

Click the Logout button.

Appliance Configuration Manager dashboard

The **Home** tab provides an overview of the status and settings for the IDPA components and also displays the general settings and customer information of the IDPA appliance.

On the dashboard **Home** tab, you can view the network configuration and product details, manage the password, time zone, SMTP, SNMP, and NTP settings, and modify customer support information.

You can also configure the LDAP settings, create and download log bundles, download the current appliance configuration, shutdown the appliance, register components with Secure Remote Services (formerly ESRS), and install optional components such as Reporting and Analytics, Search, Data Protection Advisor, and Cloud Disaster Recovery (CDRA) if not already installed.

(i) Note:

The Secure Remote Services (SRS) is a separate application that can be installed and deployed. For more information on SRS such as overview, documentation, and so on, see https://support.emc.com/products/31755?siteLocale=en_US.

You can configure the Secure Remote Services present under the **General Settings** panel. If the Secure Remote Services is not configured, you can configure it by clicking the **Edit** icon.

Downloading the configuration details

To download a PDF containing the current details of the IDPA configuration, click the Adobe PDF icon.

Managing system components

The Home tab contains panels for each of the following:

- IDPA System Manager
- Backup Server
- Protection Storage
- Reporting and Analytics
- Search
- Cloud Disaster Recovery
- Virtualization
- Customer Information

• General Settings

(i) Note: If a component cannot be reached on the network or has an incorrect stored credential, the corresponding panel prompts the user to resolve the issue.

IDPA System Manager panel

The **IDPA System Manager** panel displays the IDPA System Manager version and component IP address.

You can hover over the **Services** to view the status information for **IDPA System Manager** services.

To launch the web interface, click IDPA System Manager Web UI and log in.

() Note: If external LDAP has not been configured, then use the *idpauser* as the username. If external LDAP has been configured, then use the external LDAP username.

For more information about **IDPA System Manager** workflows and capabilities, refer to the *IDPA System Manager Administration Guide*.

Backup Server panel

The **Backup Server** panel displays the component IP address, Avamar version, metadata of the total and available backup storage, number of NDMP servers, license status of the Backup Server node, and whether the installation of agents is in progress.

You can hover over the Services to view the status information for Avamar services.

Click **Backup Server Web UI** to launch the Avamar Web Interface and log in. You can download the Avamar agents from the web interface.

For more information about the role of backup agents and how to install them, refer to the *Avamar Administration Guide*.

Protection Storage panel

The **Protection Storage** panel displays the DD OS version, component IP address, total and available backup storage, the file system and license status of the Protection Storage node, and any alerts that require your action.

To access additional functionality of the component, click the **Protection Storage System Manager** link.

() Note: Protection Storage (Data Domain) cannot be managed by the Data Domain Management Center (DDMC) instance.

Expanding storage capacity

You can expand the storage capacity by obtaining the required additional licenses through ELMS (an electronic license management system).

Before you begin

() Note: Adding licenses to expand the storage directly from the Data Domain user interface is not recommended, as it may result in loss of critical functionality.

About this task

Once the system detects the hardware, the **Expand storage** option is available in the gear icon menu under the **Protection Storage** panel. For more information on expanding storage capacity, see the Storage expansion section in the latest *Dell EMC Integrated Data Protection Appliance Installation Guide.*

Procedure

1. In the **Protection Storage** panel, mouse over the gear icon on the top right and click the **Expand storage**.

The Storage expansion and license upgrade wizard appears.

- 2. Click **Browse** and select the required license files for the additional storage.
- 3. Click Expand.

Results

After several minutes, the dashboard reflects the increased storage capacity.

Configuring cloud long-term retention feature on IDPA

DD Cloud Tier is configured through ACM configuration. Follow the below procedures to create DD cloud units and configure Avamar backup policies for cloud long-term retention (LTR).

Before you begin

(i) Note: For detailed information on creating DD cloud units, refer *Data Domain Operating System Administration Guide*.

This process refers to the procedures in the following documents:

- Data Domain Operating System Administration Guide for DD OS 6.0 or higher
- Avamar and Data Domain System Integration Guide for Avamar 7.4 or higher

Procedure

1. On the ACM home tab, click the Protection Storage System Manager link.

The Data Domain System Manager GUI is displayed.

2. Follow the "Importing CA certificates" procedure in the *Data Domain Operating System Administration Guide*.

After importing the certificate, close the **Data Domain System Manager**.

3. Connect to the Avamar user interface through IDPA System Manager.

The Avamar Administrator GUI is displayed.

- 4. Follow the "Adding or editing a Data Domain system with cloud tier support" procedure in the *Avamar and Data Domain System Integration Guide*.
 - Note: The ACM makes the step that refers to "Adding a Data Domain system" unnecessary. To learn how to access the Edit Data Domain System dialog box, refer to "Editing a Data Domain system."
- 5. Follow the "Creating a new tier group" procedure in the *Avamar and Data Domain System Integration Guide*.
- 6. To verify your configuration, click the **Activity** launcher button in **Avamar Administrator** and review the list of session on the **Activity Monitor** tab.

Reporting and Analytics panel

The **Reporting and Analytics** panel displays the Data Protection Advisor (DPA) version, IP addresses for the Application Server and the Datastore Server, the license status of the Reporting and Analytics node, and any alerts that require your action.

You can hover over the **Services** to view the status information for Data Protection Advisor services.

To load the Reporting and Analytics console, click the Reporting and Analytics Web UI link.

If Reporting and Analytics is not configured during the initial configuration process, the panel displays a message indicating Reporting and Analytics is not configured. To configure the Reporting and Analytics node, click the message. The Reporting and Analytics Configuration screen is displayed. On the **Reporting and Analytics Configuration** screen, provide the required license information and IP addresses and click **Configure**.

IDPA supports use of an external DPA implementation to analyze the system if you are running a corporate deployment of the DPA instance. However, IDPA dashboard (ACM) does not display any data that is associated with the external DPA separately. IDPA does not support local analytics and search functions when an external instance of DPA or Search is used. Moreover, if you are using an external DPA instance, you must configure and manage any such external DPA instances as external instances cannot be configured or managed through the ACM.

Search panel

The **Search** panel displays the Search version, IP address for the Index Master node, and any alerts that require your action. To load the Search console, click the **Search** link.

Hover over Services to view the status information for Search services.

If Search is not configured during the initial configuration process, the panel displays a message indicating Search is not configured. To configure the Search node, click the message. The Search Configuration screen appears. On the **Search Configuration** screen, provide the required IP address and click **Configure**.

IDPA supports the use of an external Search node if you are running a corporate deployment of the Search instance. However, the Search panel on the IDPA dashboard (ACM) does not display any data that is associated with the external Search separately. IDPA does not support local analytics and search functions when external instances of Search are used. Moreover, if you are using an external Search instance, you must configure and manage any such external instances as external instances cannot be configured and managed through the ACM.

Configuring clients in Search

To enable indexing for backup clients, additional configuration in Search is required.

Refer to the procedures in the "Collections" chapter of the *Data Protection Search Installation and Administration Guide*. In the **Sources** section of the **Collections** wizard, select the clients that are connected to the appliance.

All the domains under Avamar get indexed automatically. Only those client domains that are added post deployment of Search, are added manually.

Cloud Disaster Recovery panel

The **Cloud Disaster Recovery** panel displays the CDRA version, and alerts that require any action. To load the Cloud Disaster Recovery console, click the **Cloud Disaster Recovery Web UI** link.

IDPA supports the use of an external CDRA if you are running a corporate deployment of the CDRA instance. However, the Cloud Disaster Recovery panel on the IDPA dashboard (ACM) does not display any events or data that is associated with the external CDRA separately. Moreover, if you are using an external CDRA instance, you must configure and manage any such external CDRA instances as external instances cannot be configured and managed through the ACM.

If CDRA is not configured during the initial configuration process, the panel displays **Click here to configure Cloud Disaster Recovery**, indicating that Cloud Disaster Recovery is not configured. To configure the Cloud Disaster Recovery node, click the message. The Cloud Disaster Recovery Configuration screen is displayed. On the **Cloud Disaster Recovery Configuration** screen, provide the IP address and click **Configure**.



- Do not change the Avamar root user password before configuring CDRA from the dashboard.
- Do not change the Data Domain boost user password before configuring CDRA from the Dashboard.
- If a cloud account and email address are not configured during the CDRA configuration, the CDRA Login page does not work. You must configure a cloud account and email address manually in CDRA.

Connect to the cloud account and add Cloud DR targets

Connect the CDRA to the Amazon Web Services account and add targets to the account.

Before you begin

- You have logged in to CDRA as administrator.
- You have an AWS account that is already configured before connecting to the cloud account.

(i) Note: IDPA performs the CDRA configuration automatically.

Procedure

1. Click Cloud Account on the menu bar.

The Connect to Cloud Account page appears.

- 2. Click Add Cloud Account.
- In the Connecting to AWS Cloud account dialog box, enter the access key and the secret key for the AWS account. http://docs.aws.amazon.com/IAM/latest/UserGuide/ id_credentials_access-keys.html provides information about obtaining the access and secret keys.
- 4. To copy the IAM policy, click Copy IAM Policy.

This action copies to the buffer a JSON version of the minimum AWS user account permissions that are required for Cloud DR implementation, which can then be applied to AWS to set the permissions policy for the AWS user.

- 5. To view the Identity and Access Management (IAM) policy that represents the minimum AWS user account permissions that are required for Cloud DR implementation, click **Show IAM Policy**.
- 6. To save the AWS cloud account, click Verify & Save.

The CDRA verifies that the account exists before saving the cloud account information and closing the **Connecting to AWS Cloud account** dialog box.

() Note: After you have provided credentials to an AWS account, you cannot change to another AWS account.

Add cloud targets

You can add one or more cloud targets to the cloud account that includes selecting an Amazon S3 bucket and an encryption method.

Procedure

1. Click Cloud Account on the menu bar.

The Connect to Cloud Account page appears.

2. Click Add Cloud DR Target to set up one or more Cloud DR targets on the cloud account.

The Cloud DR target is the S3 bucket on AWS where data is written when VMs are backed up to the cloud. The Cloud DR Server is deployed on one of the targets.

The Add Cloud DR Target dialog box opens.

3. Enter a name for the Cloud DR target.

The name entered here appears in the Avamar Administrator when creating a Cloud DR backup policy.

- 4. Select an Amazon S3 bucket for the Cloud DR target.
- 5. Click **Advance security option** and select an encryption method:

Option	Description
SSE-S3	Default encryption (no cost)
SSE-KMS	Key management service encryption (incurs a cost)

() Note: If you select the SSE-KMS encryption method, only the default customer managed key is supported. Changing the encryption key might cause errors with the files in the Amazon S3 bucket.

For more information about these encryption methods, see:

- SSE-S3 https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/dev/ UsingServerSideEncryption.html
- SSE-KMS https://docs.aws.amazon.com/AmazonS3/latest/dev/ UsingKMSEncryption.html
- 6. Click Add.

Deploy the Cloud DR Server

Deploy the CDRS on a specific Cloud DR target.

Before you begin

- Cloud DR targets are required in the AWS account before performing this task. Connect to the cloud account and add Cloud DR targets on page 21 contains information about adding Cloud DR targets to the AWS account.
- AWS Marketplace terms must be accepted before deploying the Cloud DR Server.

Procedure

- 1. Click Cloud DR Server on the menu bar.
 - If no CDRS has been deployed, the Deploy Cloud DR Server page appears.
 - If the CDRS has already been deployed, the **Cloud DR Server** page appears. You cannot deploy additional CDRS instances.
- 2. In the **Cloud DR Server Configuration** section, select the Cloud DR target on which to deploy the **Cloud DR Server**.
- 3. To allocate IP addresses for the Cloud DR solution, provide the IPV4 CIDR Range.
- 4. In the **User Configuration** section, enter and confirm passwords for the CDRS Admin and CDRS Monitor users.

The passwords must:

- Be at least eight characters in length
- Contain characters of a minimum of three of the following types:

- English uppercase: A-Z
- English lowercase: a-z
- Numeric character: 0–9
- Special (non-alphanumeric) characters
- a. Enter and confirm passwords for the CDRS Admin and CDRS Monitor users.
- b. Enter an email address for DD Cloud DR password reset requests.

When the Cloud DR Server is successfully deployed, AWS sends an email to this address for verification. Follow the instructions in the email within 24 hours of deployment.

- 5. To confirm that you accept the marketplace terms, click the I have accepted the AWS Marketplace terms checkbox.
- 6. Click Deploy Cloud DR Server.

The CDRA begins deployment of the CDRS to the Cloud DR target. If an error occurs during deployment, click **Cleanup** to delete the cloud resources that CDRS creates, and then retry deployment.

Deploying the CDRS may take up to 30 minutes.

If the deployment is successful, the Cloud DR Server page appears, listing the hostname of the CDRS host, and the region. Also deployed are:

- A Virtual Private Cloud (VPC).
- An Amazon Relational Database Services (RDS) catalog, to maintain persistent data.
- A private subnet for communication between the RDS and CDRS.
- A public subnet (Standard Mode) or private subnet (Professional Mode) with internet access to be used by CDRS.
- The CDRS EC2 instance.

The M4.Large instance type is used for the CDRS instance. To reduce deployment costs, you may want to purchase reserved instances from AWS; otherwise an on-demand instance is used. An elastic IP address is automatically assigned to the CDRS instance. You cannot change this IP address.

(i) Note: Multiple Cloud DR Add-on appliances can connect to a single Cloud DR Server instance. However, one Cloud DR Add-on appliance cannot connect to multiple Cloud DR Server instances.

Results

When the CDRS is deployed, connect to the Cloud DR Server by clicking the CDRS hostname.

Create rapid recovery images for protected VMs

You can accelerate the recovery process ahead of time by creating rapid recovery images for protected VMs.

About this task

Creating a rapid recovery image starts the rehydration process and converts the VMDK files to an Amazon Machine Image (AMI). The recovery process then launches the recovered instance from the AMI.

Perform this procedure when a new backup copy is available in the Amazon S3 bucket.

Procedure

1. In the CDRS user interface, select **Protection > VM Protection** in the navigation pane.

The existing protected VMs appear in the right pane. The **Rapid recovery image** column indicates whether the VM is enabled for rapid recovery.

2. Select one or more VMs and click Create Rapid Recovery Image.

Results

- The CDRS creates the AMI and removes any previous AMI for an earlier copy.
- You can verify the results by reviewing the Rapid recovery image column.
- You can disable rapid recovery for a VM by selecting it and clicking **Disable Rapid Recovery** Image.
- You can monitor the protection status and its progress by reviewing the **Protection status** column.
- (i) Note: Ensure that when you set up Disaster Recovery for client VMs that need to be restored on the cloud using CDRA, the OS version on the client VMs must be supported by AWS at the time of restore. While performing a recovery to AWS, if the kernel version of the OS on the client VMs is not an AWS supported kernel version, then the recovery activities fail with an error message.

Perform a DR test or failover of a single VM

This procedure describes how to perform a DR test or failover on a single VM by using the Cloud DR Server interface.

Before you begin

To perform a DR test or failover of a VM by using the Cloud DR Server interface, you must have instances of virtual machines that are backed up by the on-premises backup software and copied to the cloud.

About this task

To ensure a successful failover, and better prepare for a disaster, best practices recommend testing various disaster recovery scenarios. After performing a DR test, you can promote the test to a failover.

When an operational error or disaster occurs on premises, you can fail over a VM to the public cloud. When the on-premise issue is resolved, you may fail the VM back to the on-premises environment.

() Note: When performing failovers, you must fail over VMs in the correct order to ensure the continued operation of servers and applications.

Procedure

1. In the Cloud DR Server user interface, select Recovery > VM Recovery

You can also open the **VM Recovery** page from the dashboard by clicking **See All** in the **Recovery** pane.

The VM Recovery page appears.

2. Select the VM you want to recover and click DR Test or Failover.

If you click **Failover** and the VM has never been tested, a message prompts you about this condition. Running a DR test is recommended before implementing a failover. The message also recommends that you shut down the production VM to avoid a possible data loss that is caused by accidental user access.

Click Select Copy to continue.

3. On the **Copy and Network** window, select the VM copy and the network where you want to launch the EC2 instance.

The **Advanced Options** section at the bottom of the window indicates the auto-selected EC2 instance type and security group to use for the recovery process.

- If you do not want to use the auto-selected EC2 instance type or security group, expand Advanced Options and select an alternate EC2 instance type and one or more security groups.
- 5. Click Start DR Test or Start Failover.

Results

The recovery process begins and you can monitor progress on the **DR Activities** page. During the recovery process:

- 1. If the VM is not enabled for rapid recovery, a temporary Restore Service instance is launched in each region where recovery is needed. This instance performs hydration during recovery, and is automatically terminated after 10 minutes of idle time.
- The Cloud DR Server then converts the VMDK to an AMI and launches an EC2 instance that is based on the AMI.
- 3. When the EC2 instance is running, the Cloud DR Server deletes the VMDK and AMI.

Virtualization panel

The **Virtualization** panel displays information about the internal virtual environment on the appliance, including the IP address and version of the vCenter server and ESXi host.

Customer information panel

The **Customer Information** panel displays the contact information of the administrator. It also displays the location or site information.

About this task

To view the full value of an item, hover over the item. Perform the following actions to change the customer information:

Procedure

- 1. In the **Customer Information** panel, click the corresponding **Edit** icon next to the value you want to modify.
- 2. Type a new value:
 - Admin Name—Type the name of the administrator and click Save.
 - Admin Number—Type the phone number of the administrator and click Save.
 - Admin Email—Type the email address of the administrator and click Save.
 - Company Name—Type the name of the company and click Save.
 - Location—Type the location of the IDPA and click Save.
 - Site ID—Type the Site ID of the IDPA and click Save.

You can verify your Site ID number on the Online Support website:

- a. Log in to the Online Support website with your credentials.
- b. Select Service Center.
- c. On the Service Center page, below the Sites and Contracts area, click **Administer a Site**.

- d. Ensure that the site where the storage system is installed is listed in the My Sites area.
- () Note: You can also search for a site and add it to the **My Sites** list. If a site ID is not available or the correct site ID is not listed, you must notify your local field representative to request one.

General Settings panel

The General Settings panel displays basic settings including time and network configuration.

About this task

To view the full value of an item, hover over the item. Perform the following actions to change the general settings information:

Procedure

- In the General Settings panel, click the corresponding Edit icon next to the value you want to change.
- 2. Select or type a new value:
 - **Time Zone**—Select the time zone from the list and click **Save**. The time zone is updated for the Avamar, Data Domain, DP Advisor nodes, and Search nodes, the ACM, and the vCenter host server.
 - () NOTICE If this setting is changed, the Data Domain node restarts automatically.
 - SMTP—Type the SMTP server IP address and click Save. The SMTP server IP address is updated for the Avamar and Data Domain nodes and the vCenter host server.
 NOTICE If this setting is changed, the Avamar MCS and Backup Scheduler services
 - restart automatically. Ensure that there is no backup running on the Avamar node before changing this setting.
 - **SNMP**—Type the SNMP server IP address and click **Save**. The SNMP server IP address is updated for the Avamar and Data Domain nodes and the vCenter host server.
 - NTP—Type the NTP server IP address and click Save. The NTP server IP address is updated for the Avamar, Data Domain, DP Advisor, and Search nodes, the ACM, and the vCenter host server.
 - () Note: The NTP server must be specified by IP address. Do not use a server name in this field.
- 3. To change ACM DNS, perform the following step:
 - a. Edit the etc/resolv.conf file, and then specify the IP address of the customer DNS server and the domain name.

For example, when the customer environment has a public DNS server with an IP address of 10.254.66.23 and the domain name is mycompany.com, the /etc/resolv.conf file contains the following entries:

() Note: The following output is an example, not the actual domain name and nameserver addresses. These values must be provided by the customer.

```
search mycompany.com
nameserver 10.254.66.23
nameserver 192.168.100.100
```

(i) Note: Ensure that the entry for the public DNS server appears before the private DNS server. If the private DNS server appears first, the DPA integration with the Data Domain system will fail.

Configure external LDAP environment

The **Configure LDAP settings** page on the ACM dashboard is used to configure the LDAP settings.

About this task

By default, IDPA is set to use internal LDAP configuration. However, using the **Configure LDAP settings** page, you can change this default configuration to an external LDAP configuration.

The LDAP username and password configured using the **Configure LDAP settings** page are used to log in to IDPA System Manager and Search components only. To configure LDAP settings for other components of IDPA, such as Avamar, Data Domain, DPA, Compute node, and ESXi, see the respective component's documentation. You can also see the *Product and subsystem security* chapter in the *Dell EMC Integrated Data Protection Appliance Security Configuration Guide* for more information.

Also, you cannot view the existing LDAP settings from the **Configure LDAP settings** page. If you want to view the LDAP settings, click the **Download current configuration** icon that is next to the **Shutdown appliance** icon on the ACM dashboard. IDPA generates a PDF file (as part of the current configuration of the appliance), detailing all your current LDAP settings.

To configure the LDAP settings, perform the following actions:

Procedure

- 1. Select LDAP type.
- 2. Check Secure LDAP to verify if the LDAP is secure.
- 3. Enter Server hostname.
- 4. Enter Domain name.
 - The domain to which the **Server hostname** belongs should be the same as the **Domain name** specified.
 - The domain name can be alphanumeric characters and special characters.

5. Enter Query username.

The query username can be alphanumeric characters and special characters $(-, _, ., ., and =)$.

6. Enter Query password.

The query password should consist a minimum of 9 to 20 characters, contains at least one lower case alphabet, one upper case alphabet, one digit, and any of the supported special characters (-, _, and .).

7. Enter Admin group name.

The **Admin group name** is case-sensitive and must be identical to the group name entered in the LDAP server. If there is a mismatch in the names, the configuration fails.

You must have already added the required users and provided the appropriate privileges to those users who need access to the IDPA System Manager (DPC) because IDPA System Manager is used to access or connect to the user interfaces of respective point products. For more information, see the *Configure LDAP or AD user access* section in the *Dell EMC IDPA System Manager Version 18.2 Getting Started Guide*, which is available on the Online Support website at https://www.dell.com/support/home.

- 8. Enter Port number.
- 9. Click Validate to check the validation of your LDAP details.

10. Click Submit, and then click Close.

The settings have been updated to external LDAP environment.

11. Click Close.

Revert to internal LDAP environment

By default, IDPA uses the internal LDAP configuration. However, if you have changed this default configuration to an external LDAP configuration and if you need to revert it to internal LDAP configuration, perform the following steps:

About this task

Consider a scenario where you have changed the common appliance password after configuring the external LDAP. In such cases, the internal LDAP account is still associated with the old common appliance password that was in use before the external LDAP was configured. To create or verify an internal LDAP password, see the Troubleshoot LDAP on page 59 section.

Procedure

- 1. Update the LDAP settings from the ACM dashboard using the following values:
 - LDAP type: OPENLDAP
 - Secure LDAP: Checked/selected
 - Server hostname: <ACM_HOSTNAME_FQDN>
 - Domain name: *dc=idpa,dc=com*
 - Query username: *uid=idpauser,ou=People,dc=idpa,dc=com*
 - Query password: <Internal LDAP user account password>
 - Admin groupname: *dp_admin*
 - Port number: 636
- 2. Connect to the ACM by using an SSH client.
- 3. Modify the following settings in the /usr/local/dataprotection/var/configmgr/ server data/config/commonconfig.xml file:

```
<useExternalLdapSettings>true</useExternalLdapSettings>to
<useExternalLdapSettings>false</useExternalLdapSettings>
```

Shut down the IDPA

You can shut down the IDPA appliance from the ACM console.

Before you begin

- Ensure that there are no backup jobs running on the Avamar Backup Server.
 (i) Note:
 - If there are backup jobs running on Avamar Backup Server when the IDPA appliance shutdown operation is in progress, the shutdown operation waits for the Avamar jobs to complete with the status Waiting for shutdown of Backup Server.
 - It is recommended that you wait for the backup jobs to complete. However, if you must shut down the appliance immediately, and then you must log in to the Avamar UI and cancel the backup jobs that are in progress.
- Shutting down the IDPA appliance requires physical intervention or the use of iDRAC to restart the system. If you are remotely shutting down the IDPA appliances, ensure that either you have physical access to the system or have configured iDRAC on the system.

About this task

To shut down IDPA, perform the following actions:

Procedure

- 1. On the ACM dashboard Home tab, click the Shutdown Appliance icon.
- 2. Enter the ACM root password, and click Yes.

The appliance shut down progress is displayed. The IDPA appliance shuts down the components in the following order:

- Backup Server
- Search
- Reporting and Analytics
- System Manager
- Cloud Disaster Recovery Agent
- Protection Storage
- Appliance Configuration Manager
- vCenter Server
- Compute Node

If the ACM-initiated shutdown fails to shut down the **Backup Server** and the **Protection Storage** or both, then the ACM displays a message listing the component(s) that failed to shut down. The ACM then continues to shut down the other components.

If any components fail to shut down, you must manually shut down the components. For more information about manual shut down of IDPA components, see Troubleshooting shut down.

Advanced backup configuration

The **Advanced backup configuration** tab is only displayed when you have NDMP Accelerators and configuring NAS systems. The **Advanced Backup Configuration** tab allows an administrator to add, delete, or edit a NAS system on the IDPA.

Configuring NAS servers with NDMP Accelerators

Before you begin

Adding a NAS system requires at least one NDMP Accelerator.

About this task

From the **Advanced Backup Configuration** tab of the dashboard, an administrator can add the following supported NAS systems:

- EMC Celerra, EMC Unity, or EMC VNX
- EMC Isilon
- NetApp filer
- Oracle ZFS

This view also allows an administrator to edit or delete an existing connected NAS system.

Procedure

- 1. From Advanced Backup Configuration > NAS page, click Add.
- 2. Select the NAS Type, Encoding Scheme, and NDMP Accelerator.

3. Type the NDMP Account Name, NDMP Account Password, and Avamar Account Name.

Note: Only the following characters may be used in the NDMP account name: a-z (lowercase), '.', '-', and '_'.

A green check mark indicates that the **NDMP Account Password** and **Confirm Password** field match.

4. Click Save.

Results

After adding a NAS system, you can create a protection job for the new system with the Avamar Administrator GUI.

Health

The **Health** tab displays status information and alerts for the server hardware and the virtual infrastructure components of IDPA including vSphere alerts from ESXi servers.

The IDPA uses Secure Remote Services to automatically send critical and fatal events to Customer Support for troubleshooting (events are sent only for the IDPA Appliance, Avamar, Data Domain, and Data Protection Advisor). A support ticket is opened based on the events that are received. Critical and fatal events are sent to Customer Support either after 30 min have elapsed, or when 30 events have accumulated, whichever occurs first.

By default, all events are deleted after 30 days. If no events have occurred in the selected time period, the **Event Summary** and **Event Details** panel indicate that there is no data available.

Event Summary

The **Event Summary** panel displays a summary of the status events on the appliance, which is grouped by **Device** and **Severity**.

To refresh the data displayed on the **Health** page, click the **Refresh** icon beside the **Event filter** list.

(i) Note: The application refreshes the data based on the filters that you have selected.

To change the time period for which events are displayed, select an option from the **Event filter** list. Selecting **Today** lists events that have occurred from midnight to the present.

To show only events for a specific device or of a specific severity in the **Event Details** panel, click the corresponding wedge in the chart.

Event Details

The **Event Details** panel displays a list of the status events on the appliance. Use the **Component**, **Component Name**, and **Severity** lists and click **Search** to filter the events and display the details of each event. To read more detailed information about an event, click its table entry. To export the list as a .CSV file, click the **CSV** icon.

To clear the options selected in the filters, click **Reset**.

Troubleshooting

If a critical component of the health monitoring function is not working, the panels indicate that the service is down and an error message is displayed at the top of the page. For more information about how to resolve issues with the **Health** tab, see **Troubleshooting health** monitoring on page 63.

Upgrade

The Upgrade tab allows an administrator to upgrade the IDPA software.

Install the IDPA post-installation patch on DataProtection-ACM

Perform the following steps to install a postinstallation patch:

Before you begin

You must go through the readme file available along with this postinstallation patch to verify if there are any preinstallation tasks that you must perform before applying this postinstallation patch.

Procedure

 Go to https://support.emc.com/downloads/41849_Integrated-Data-Protection-Appliance website to verify if any postinstallation patches are available for your version of IDPA. If any postinstallation patch is available, download it to your local folder.

Information similar to the following is displayed when you go to the https:// support.emc.com/downloads/41849_Integrated-Data-Protection-Appliance website to download the postinstallation patch:

```
Idpa_post_update_N.N.N.nnnnnn.tar.gz
Where:
```

- *N.N.N* is the latest postinstallation patch version.
- *nnnnnn* is the build number.
- Copy the Idpa_post_update_N.N.N.nnnnn.tar.gz file to /data01/upgrade location on the ACM.

(i) Note: Ensure that only the postinstallation patch file exists in this folder and no other packages exist. If there are any other install files in this folder, you must delete them before installing the patch.

- 3. Ensure that you have the executable permission for the install package that you copied to the /data01/upgrade directory. If you do not have the executable permission, run the chmod 644 Idpa_post_update_<*version.build number*>.tar.gz command to obtain the permission.
- 4. Log in to the ACM and click the **Upgrade** tab.

The latest upgrade package file is automatically detected and is displayed in **Upgrade Binary Location**.

5. Click Extract.

The browser redirects to *https://<acm_configured_public_ip>:9443* with a changed port number.

() Note: The validation process takes approximately 15 minutes, and the ACM can time out while waiting. To resume the session, you must login in once again.

The system validates the following:

VLAN status

- Validates if it can connect to all 3 ESXi servers (Applicable for DP5300, DP5800, DP8300, and DP8800 models only).
- Validates the number of vSAN clusters (Applicable for DP5300, DP5800, DP8300, and DP8800 models only).
- Validate if the vSAN datastore is greater than 16.2 TB (Applicable for DP5300, DP5800, DP8300, and DP8800 models only).
- Validates the connection to all components.
- Validates the license status.
- Validates if Avamar services are running.
- Validates to ensure that no backup jobs are running on Avamar.
- Validates if the DD capacity used is less than 85%.
- Avamar checkpoint validation
- vSAN requirements (Applicable for DP5300, DP5800, DP8300, and DP8800 models only):
 - Checks for inaccessible vSAN objects or virtual machines.
 - Checks if the vSAN cluster requires a disk data rebalance.
 - Checks if a component rebuilding task is currently in progress in the vSAN cluster.
 - Checks for sufficient disk space requirements (30%).
- ESX upgrade prerequisites:
 - Requires valid connection points to all the required ESXi servers.
 - Requires that the applicable ESXi servers are in maintenance mode.
 - Requires that the VCSA version is higher than ESXi version. In case, there is a major upgrade to VCSA, then the private IP address of the VCSA, 192.168.100.108 should not be in use.
 - () Note: The private IP address of the VCSA, *192.168.100.108*, is only required temporarily during the upgrade process.

A table displays the current version, new version, and type (for example, major, patch) of each component for which an upgrade is available.

If the validation is not successful, check the errors that are displayed when you hover over the exclamation mark. Resolve all the errors and then click **Extract**.

- 6. Click Upgrade, type the ACM password, and click Authenticate.
- 7. To start the upgrade, click Yes.

The upgrade process starts.

- () Note: The upgrade process can take five to six hours, during which all activity on the IDPA must be quiesced. The system is not accessible during parts of the upgrade.
- WARNING If the upgrade process is still running, do not shut down/reboot the ACM or restart the *dataprotection_webapp* service. For some reason, if you have shut down/ rebooted the ACM or restarted the *dataprotection_webapp* service while the upgrade process is still running, and if you are unable to see the progress of the upgrade after the ACM is rebooted, then contact a technical support professional.

The Upgrade Progress displays the following:

- The ACM upgrade progress bar with the progress percentage and description of the upgrade step in progress
- Individual component upgrade progress bar with progress percentage and description of the upgrade step in progress
- 8. After all the components are upgraded successfully and the overall IDPA upgrade progress bar shows 100%, click **Finish.**
- 9. Click OK on the Upgrade Finish window.
 - () Note: After the upgrade is complete, there can be a scenario where Avamar is in maintenance mode and the jobs cannot be executed at that time. After Avamar comes out of the maintenance mode, the jobs are executed.
 - () Note: After the upgrade is complete, acknowledge the notification Event ConnectEMC notification failed on the Avamar Administrator. This notification is generated during upgrade when the MC service is disconnected.
 - (i) Note: After the upgrade is complete, there is a warning on vCenter about a potential vulnerable issue that is described in CVE-2018-3646. IDPA uses the ESXi version which has the fix for this vulnerability, however this fix is not enabled by default as it has severe performance impact. Refer to the *IDPA Security Configuration Guide* for more information.
 - (i) Note: If you have NDMP Accelerator nodes added to IDPA, you must manually upgrade the NDMP accelerator nodes. To upgrade NDMP accelerator nodes, see the *Upgrading the accelerator software* section in the *Dell EMC Avamar NDMP Accelerator for Dell EMC NAS Systems User Guide*.

The dashboard with all the products and their upgraded versions are displayed along with the newly configured ACM. If the upgrade process does not complete as expected, see Troubleshooting component software upgrades on page 64.

If the upgrade for any component fails, then the upgrade process is stopped until you troubleshoot and resolve the failure. However, if there are any noncritical warnings, the upgrade process continues. These warnings must be resolved once the upgrade process is completed.

Start up the IDPA

IDPA DP4400 has only one ESXi Server, and switching on that ESXi Server ensures powering of all the IDPA point products in the required sequence.

About this task

After IDPA starts successfully, you can connect to the ACM dashboard and monitor the progress of the startup. If there is a failure in the startup, the application displays an error message with an option to access the ACM dashboard page.

Access components with a browser

In addition to clicking the links in the ACM panel, you can access the user interface for individual components by browsing to the corresponding network location and typing the username and password.

In each of the following sections, *<component_ip>* refers to the IP address of the component. The credentials for Search and IDPA System Manager are determined by your LDAP setup. The IDPA System Manager is used to access or connect to the user interfaces of respective point products.

The IDPA System Manager uses single sign-on when you are trying to access a particular point product's UI.

The LDAP references in the below table apply to IDPA System Manager and Search components only. The appliance and other components do not use the LDAP settings that are configured from the ACM.

() Note: Ensure you are using Flash version 27.0.0.183 or later to access the vCenter web client.

 Table 9 Access Components

Component	Location	SSO from IDPA System Manager	Username
Avamar client manager	https:// <component_ip> /aam</component_ip>	Yes	MCUser
Avamar user interface	https:// <component_ip> /mcui</component_ip>	Yes	MCUser
Data Domain user interface	https:// <component_ip></component_ip>	Yes	sysadmin
IDPA System Manager user interface	https:// <component_ip></component_ip>	Not applicable	<username>@<do main> Note: If external LDAP has not been configured, then the username is idpauser, by default.</do </username>
DP Advisor user interface	https:// <component_ip> :9002/ dpaui/jsp</component_ip>	Yes	administrator
Search user interface	https:// <component_ip> /admin/#/login</component_ip>	Yes	<username>@<do main> () Note: If external LDAP has not been configured, then the username is idpauser, by default.</do </username>
vCenter web client	https:// <component_ip></component_ip>	No	idpauser
Cloud Disaster Recovery	https:// <component_ip></component_ip>	No	User name is admin

User accounts for components

The IDPA configuration uses the user accounts in Table 10 on page 35. By default, these accounts use the common IDPA password that is set from the **General settings** page of the ACM UI.

The LDAP references in the below table apply to IDPA System Manager and Search components only. The appliance and other components do not use LDAP.

For information about how to change component passwords, see Change passwords and synchronize components on page 36.

Component	Username	Password
ACM	root	Common password provided during IDPA Appliance configuration.
IDPA System Manager (If external LDAP is not configured)	idpauser	Common password provided during IDPA Appliance configuration.
IDPA System Manager (If external LDAP is configured)	Respective LDAP credentials	External LDAP password as applicable.
Avamar	admin	Common password provided during the IDPA Appliance configuration
Data Domain	sysadmin	Common password provided during the IDPA Appliance configuration.
Data Protection Advisor	administrator	Common password provided during IDPA Appliance configuration.
Search	Respective LDAP credentials. If external LDAP is not configured, then idpauser	Common password provided during IDPA Appliance configuration.
CDRA	admin	Common password provided during IDPA Appliance configuration.
CDRS	admin or monitor	Password set during CDRS deployment.
vCenter	idpauser	Common password provided during IDPA Appliance configuration.
ESXi	idpauser	Common password provided during IDPA Appliance configuration.

Table 10 Component and user account mapping

Change passwords and synchronize components

Single-click user password change is one of the features, which simplifies the password maintenance of IDPA.

Change passwords for individual components

Some changes to component passwords and settings require updating the settings of other components.

- All passwords for the individual components must adhere to the IDPA requirements, even when they are changed on individual components.
- If you modify the password manually on the Avamar server, and do not use the change password option on the IDPA Appliance, the system displays an error message when you try to update the password using the ACM dashboard. For more information about resolving the Avamar password being out of sync, see the Credential mismatch section.
- Ensure that all the point product VMs should be up and running before changing the password.
- Make sure that the IDPA dashboard is all green before changing the password.
- WARNING Changing passwords of individual components is not recommended. Due to any unforeseen circumstances, if you have to change passwords of individual components, see the following sections:

Data Domain settings

Updating the Data Domain password

For information on how to change the Data Domain <code>sysadmin</code> account password, see the Data Domain Operating System Administration Guide. After changing the password for the <code>sysadmin</code> account, log in to DP Advisor and update the Data Domain SSH credentials with the same password that you used for the <code>sysadmin</code> account.

() NOTICE Update the Data Domain SSH credentials in DP Advisor immediately. Failure to do so can cause account lockout as DP Advisor repeatedly tries to connect with the old password.

After updating the password in DP Advisor, log in to the ACM and update the **Protection Storage** password with the same password that you used for the sysadmin account.

(i) Note: Update the DD Boost user password only after configuring CDRA from the Dashboard.

Avamar settings

Avamaruses multiple user accounts, including MCUser, viewuser, server root, OS admin, and OS root.

Updating Avamar passwords

IDPA requires that the OS admin and OS root accounts use the same password. The MCUser, viewuser, and server root accounts must also share a password, which can be different than the OS admin and OS root password. For more information about how to change an Avamar password, refer to the Avamar Administration Guide.

After changing the password for any Avamar account, log in to the ACM and update the **Backup Server** password with the same password that you used for the Avamar account.

If you change the MCUser account password, update it in the Search Admin UI. For more information about how to change the Avamar password for Search, refer to the *Data Protection Search Installation and Administration Guide*.
If you change the viewuser account password, update it in the DP Advisor UI. For more information about how to change the Avamar password in DP Advisor, refer to the *Data Protection Advisor Installation and Administration Guide*.

Updating the DD Boost user password

After changing the password for the Data Domain DDBoostUser account, log in to the Avamar Administrator GUI. Edit the Data Domain system settings and update the DD Boost user password with the same password that you used for Data Domain DDBoostUser account. For more information, see the "Editing a Data Domain system" procedure in the Avamar Administration Guide.

(i) Note: Update the DD boost user password only after configuring CDRA from the Dashboard.

DP Advisor settings

To change the DP Advisor administrator account password or root password, you must log in and change that password for each DP Advisor node.

Updating DP Advisor passwords

For more information about how to change a password in DP Advisor, refer to the *Data Protection Advisor Installation and Administration Guide*.

After changing the password on all nodes, log in to the ACM and update the **Reporting and Analytics** password with the same password that you used for DP Advisor administrator account or root.

Updating the Data Domain SNMP community string

If the community string is changed from its default value of *public*, DP Advisor must be updated to reflect the change.

1. Log in to Data Domain and change the community string with the following command, where *<community_string>* is the new string and *<Dpa_DC_Agent_IP>* is the IP address of the Data Collection Agent VM.

```
snmp add rw-community
<community_string> hosts
<Dpa_DC_Agent_IP>
```

- In the Reporting and Analytics panel of the ACM, click the Reporting and Analytics Web UI link.
- 3. Click Manage Credentials on the Admin > System page.
- Select the EMC Data Domain Credential and update the community string with the same password that you used for community string.

Search settings

To change the Search OS root password, you must log in and change the OS root password for each Search node.

Updating the Search password

For more information about how to change the OS root password, refer to the *Data Protection Search Installation and Administration Guide*.

After changing the password for the Search OS root account, log in to the ACM and update the **Search** password with the same password that you used for Search OS root account.

(i) Note: #, ?, /, and \ are illegal characters for new passwords.

Updating the LDAP configuration for Search

If the LDAP query user password is changed, it may not be possible to log in to the Search Admin UI. To update this password, refer to the referenced procedures in the *Data Protection Search Installation and Administration Guide*.

- 1. The first time you log in to a Search node with SSH, you must accept the EULA. For more information, refer to the "Initializing the Data Protection Search environment" procedure in the *Data Protection Search Installation and Administration Guide.*
- 2. After accepting the EULA, select the option [2] Configure Network Settings and then press F9 to quit.
- 3. When the system displays Do you want to reboot now? y(es) or n(o):, type no.
- 4. To update the LDAP configuration, complete the "Updating LDAP configuration in the Data Protection Search Admin installation script" procedure in the *Data Protection Search Installation* and Administration Guide.
- 5. Repeat steps 1–4 for each Search node.
- 6. Log in to each Search Index Data Node with SSH and run the command service unicorn restart.
- 7. Log in to the Search Index Master Node with SSH and run the command service unicorn restart.

vCenter settings

For information about how to change the vCenter root password, refer to the documentation on the vCenter Support website.

Updating the vCenter password for the ACM

After changing the password:

- () Note: If you are manually changing the password for the vCenter Server, the password you set for the vsphere.local\Administrator and the root user accounts must be the same.
 - 1. Log in to the ACM with SSH.
 - 2. Change directory to /usr/local/dataprotection/customscripts/tools
- 3. Run the script sync vcenter password.sh
- 4. Modify the permissions on the script by running the command <code>chmod +x</code> sync <code>vcenter password.sh</code>

For more information about the sync_vcenter_passwords.sh script, run
sync vcenter passwords.sh -h

If you need to log in to vCenter to troubleshoot an issue encountered during installation, use the user *idpauser@localos* and the common password for the IDPA. This user account has limited privileges, but has access to information that can help identify and address problems.

Updating the vCenter password for Avamar

- Connect to the Avamar user interface with an SSH client as a user with the Administrator role. The Avamar Administrator GUI is displayed.
- 2. Locate the vCenter client in the vCenter domain.
- 3. Edit the vCenter client and update the root password with the same password that you used for the root account.

Updating the vsphere.local\Administrator password

For information about how to change the vsphere.local\Administrator password, refer to the documentation on the vCenter Support website. The domain is vsphere.local.

Configure the root password expiry policy

While the vCenter root password is still valid/has not expired, and if you want that the vCenter root password should never expire for the vCenter root user, perform the following steps:

Procedure

- 1. Log in to the VMware vSphere Appliance Management UI by going to https://<VCSA hostname or IP>:5480 using the credentials as root/<common IDPA password>.
- 2. In the vCenter Server Appliance Management UI, click Administration.
- 3. In the Password Expiration Settings pane, select No for the Root password expires field.
- 4. Click Submit.

Change expired password of root user account

If the upgrade fails, you must perform the following steps to change the expired password of the root user account:

Procedure

- 1. Log in to the VMware vSphere Appliance Management UI by going to https://<VCSA hostname or IP>:5480 using the credentials as root/<common IDPA password>.
- 2. In the vCenter Server Appliance Management UI, click Administration.
- 3. In the Change root password pane, specify all the required fields and click Submit.
- 4. Cycle through a new password five times to clear the restriction and reset to the same password that was set before the password expiry.
- 5. Initiate the upgrade process using the **RETRY** option.

ESXi settings

For information about how to change the ESXi password, see the documentation on the ESXi Support website.

Updating the ESXi password

After changing the password:

- 1. Log in to the ACM with SSH.
- 2. Change directory to /usr/local/dataprotection/customscripts/tools
- 3. Run the script sync Switch Server ESX Passwords.sh
- 4. Modify the permissions on the script by running the command chmod +x sync Switch Server ESX Passwords.sh

For more information about the sync_Switch_Server_ESX_Passwords.sh script, run
sync Switch Server ESX Passwords.sh -h

LDAP settings

LDAP password requirements

The LDAP password must:

• Use only the following characters:

- Letters (A-Z, a-z)
- Numbers (0-9)
- Period (.)
- Hyphen (-)
- Underscore (_)
- Contain at least one supported special character
- Be no longer than 20 characters

Synchronize components

Changing a password for an IDPA component causes the ACM UI to display the <code>password out of sync error message</code>.

To enable the ACM to gather health information for the component, you must update the stored password (old password) in the ACM UI with the respective component's updated password. To update an unsynchronized password, click the error text.

If the vCenter and ESXi server passwords are out of sync, you can go the **Virtualization** panel on the ACM dashboard to resynchronize them once again. However, both the vCenter and ESXi server versions as well as the vCenter Web UI link are disabled until you resynchronize the passwords.

Configure IDPA to use specific interfaces for replication

A replication job copies the client backup data from the source IDPA to another IDPA, for example, a Data Domain system. The purpose of replication is to protect against data loss if the source IDPA system fails.

About this task

Perform the following steps to configure replication of the backup data:

After performing the following steps, you must continue to follow the steps mentioned in the:

- *Replication* section of the *Dell EMC Avamar Administration Guide* to configure replication.
- Fore more information about ifgroups for replication traffic, see the *Dell EMC Data Domain Boost for Partner Integration Administration Guide*.

(i) Note: The need for additional steps listed below are to configure the IDPA appliance to use 10G connections instead of the default 1G connection for the replication.

Procedure

- 1. Log in to the Data Domain system using SSH.
- 2. Run the following command to list the available *mtree* (Avamar mtree) on the Data Domain system:

sysadmin@ddhostname # mtree list

Output similar to the following is displayed:

Name	Pre-Comp (GiB)	Status
/data/col1/avamar-1542004352	3999.3	RW
/data/col1/backup	0.0	RW

/data/coll/esx1-logs 0.0 RW/Q

Note down the Avamar mtree details.

3. Run the following command to assign Avamar mtree to the *ifgroup*, and also to add the destination Data Domain server:

ifgroup replication assign <IFGROUP_NAME> mtree <MTREE_PATH> remote
<TARGET DD MANAGEMENT HOSTNAME>

Output similar to the following is displayed:

```
ifgroup replication assign vlan280 mtree /data/coll/avamar-1542004352 remote vdppunvm126.vdp.emc.com
```

4. Run the following command to see the summary of the *ifgroup*:

sysadmin@ddhostname # ifgroup show config <IFGROUP NAME> all

Output similar to the following is displayed:

Group-name	Status	Interface	Clients	Replication
vlan280	enabled	2	1	1
Group-name	Status	Interfa	aces	
vlan280	enabled	10.118.136	.110	
vlan280	enabled	10.118.136	.111	
Group-name	Status	DD Boost C	lients	
vlan280	enabled	10.118.136	.0/22	
Group-name	Status	Replication	n Mtree	Replication
Remote Host	000000	1.0911040101		109110001011
w1an280	onablod	/data/col1	/awamar=15/	12004352
viali200	enabred	/uata/coll,	avallar-134	12007552
vappunvmii20.vap.emc.com				

```
File replication is allowed on ifgroup.
```

5. Similarly, create the *ifgroup* on the destination Data Domain system, and add the interfaces, clients, and the Avamar *mtree* path as mentioned in the above steps.

Once you have successfully created the *ifgroup*, output similar to the following is displayed:

```
ifgroup replication assign <IFGROUP_NAME> mtree <MTREE_PATH> remote
<SOURCE_DD_MANAGEMENT_HOSTNAME>
```

6. Execute the replication from the Avamar UI, and from the Data Domain system, verify if the replication traffic is using the interfaces in the replication *ifgroup*, by running the following command:

ifgroup show connections

7. Once the above steps are successfully executed, you can continue to configure the replication policies. For more information, see the *Dell EMC Avamar Administration Guide*.

CHAPTER 3

Upgrade the IDPA software (DP4400)

This chapter describes how to upgrade the IDPA software on DP4400 models.

Topics include:

•	Upgrade components	44
•	Upgrade Prerequisites (DP4400)	44
•	Upgrade the appliance software (DP4400)	45
•	Upgrade Postreguisites	47
		••

Upgrade components

This topic describes the list of core components that are required for the upgrade process.

Upgrade of the software for various core components of IDPA happens in this sequence:

- 1. Backup Server (Avamar), IDPA System Manager, Reporting and Analytics (Data Protection Advisor), Search , CDRA, and ACM.
- 2. Protection Storage (Data Domain).
- 3. VCSA (vCenter Server Appliance) and Compute node (ESXi).

Upgrade components:

- Backup Server (Avamar).
- IDPA System Manager.
- Reporting and Analytics (Data Protection Advisor).
- Search.
- Protection Storage (Data Domain).
- CDRA.
- ACM.
- VCSA.
- Compute node (ESXi).

Upgrade Prerequisites (DP4400)

This section provides you information about the prerequisites that you need to complete before you begin the upgrade procedure.

(i) Note: All the existing Avamar packages and the snapshots are deleted before the upgrade.

- Review the Integrated Data Protection Appliance Release Notes for information specific to the current release.
- If you have NDMP Accelerator nodes added to IDPA, you must manually upgrade the NDMP accelerator nodes. To upgrade NDMP accelerator nodes, see the Upgrading the accelerator software section in the Dell EMC Avamar NDMP Accelerator for Dell EMC NAS Systems User Guide.
- An upgrade should be started only during a software upgrade maintenance window. Ensure
 that no other maintenance or backup activity is occurring on Avamar or Avamar Virtual Edition
 during the upgrade process (Avamar jobs should not be running and Avamar Server status
 should be idle). You can check the server status by running the following command on the
 Avamar server:

admin@vdppunvm140:~/>: opstatus.dpn

 Ensure that you note down the Search settings before starting the upgrade procedure because as part of the upgrade, Search is also upgraded. Search upgrade comprises of deleting the old Search VM and adding the new Search VM, which will delete all the Search settings such as the custom user permissions and email notifications after the upgrade. Similarly, the LDAP settings are stored on ACM, and ACM restores the previous LDAP settings on the new Search VM after the upgrade.

- Ensure that all the ESXi passwords are synchronized with ACM. If you have changed the ESXi passwords, see *ESXi settings* under *Change passwords and synchronize components* section in the *IDPA Product Guide* to synchronize them.
- Make sure that the ACM Dashboard is not displaying any Password out of sync for any of the components.
- Ensure that the VCenter passwords are synchronized with ACM. If you have changed the VCenter password, see under *Change passwords and synchronize components* section in the *IDPA Product Guide*.
- Ensure that the ESXi server is up and running, by verifying on the vCenter UI.
- Ensure that Avamar and Data Domain storage consumption is less than 85 percent. Refer to *Monitoring the system with the Avamar Administrator Dashboard* and *Monitoring Data Domain system capacity* sections in the *Dell EMC Avamar Data Domain System Integration Guide* for more information.
- Disable all the backup policies through the Avamar UI. Refer to the section *Enabling and disabling a backup policy* in the *Dell EMC Avamar Administration Guide*.
- Restart MCS on Avamar before starting the upgrade process to ensure Avamar is quiesced, so that the upgrade does not fail due to Avamar being busy. To restart MCS on Avamar , login to the Avamar Utility node with SSH (ssh login credential is admin and the password is the common appliance password that you would have provided) by using the Avamar IP address and run the dpnctl stop mcs command to stop and then run the dpnctl start mcs command to restart the Avamar server.
- Make sure that you check the health of the vCenter before the upgrade procedure. To check
 the health of the vCenter, login to the vCenter Web interface. If there are any critical alerts
 requiring user action, you must first fix those critical alerts before starting the IDPA upgrade
 procedure.

Upgrade the appliance software (DP4400)

Upgrade the software for the components of IDPA from the **Upgrade** tab of the ACM.

About this task

You can upgrade from IDPA version 2.4 to IDPA version 2.4.1 (on DP4400 models). However, before upgrading the IDPA software, the IDPA system must have its firmware updated to June 2019 Block release. See the *Dell EMC Integrated Data Protection Appliance Version 2.4.1 Installation Guide available* on the Online Support website for a detailed procedure on how to update the IDPA firmware on DP4400 models.

Procedure

1. Download the upgrade package file from Online Support and use the md5sum validation process to verify its integrity.

The name of the file is in the format IDPA Upgrade <version>.tar.gz.

2. Copy the file to /data01/upgrade on the ACM.

Note: Ensure that only the upgrade file exists in this folder and no other post or prepatch packages exist.

- 3. Ensure that you have the executable permission for the upgrade package that you copied to the /data01/upgrade directory. If you do not have the executable permission, type the chmod 644 Idpa Upgrade <version>.tar.gz command to obtain the permission.
- 4. Log in to the ACM and click the **Upgrade** tab.

The latest upgrade package file is automatically detected and is displayed in **Upgrade Binary Location**.

5. Click Extract.

The tar.gz file is extracted and the validations are performed.

() Note: The validation process takes approximately 15 minutes, and the ACM can time out while waiting. To resume the session, you must log in once again.

The system validates the following:

- VLAN status
- Validates the connection to all components.
- Validates the license status.
- Validates if Avamar services are running.
- Validates to ensure that no backup jobs are running on Avamar.
- Validates if the DD capacity used is less than 85%.
- Avamar Checkpoint validation
- Validates the DPA version on the component VM and the version being installed.
- ESX upgrade prerequisites:
 - Requires valid connection points to the ESXi server.
 - Verify that the ESXi Server can enter and exit maintenance mode successfully before the upgrade.
 - Requires that the VCSA version is higher than ESXi version.
 - In case, there is a major upgrade to VCSA, then the private IP address of the VCSA, 192.168.100.108 should not be in use in the customer environment as it will be temporarily used by IDPA.
 - (i) Note: The private IP address of the VCSA, *192.168.100.108*, is only required temporarily during the upgrade process.

A table displays the current version, new version, and type (for example, major, patch) of each component for which an upgrade is available.

If the validation is not successful, check the errors that are displayed when you hover on the exclamation mark. Resolve all the errors and then click **Revalidate**. If you want to cancel the upgrade and return to the ACM dashboard, click **Cancel**.

- 6. Click Upgrade, type the ACM password, and click Authenticate.
- 7. To start the upgrade, click Yes. To cancel the upgrade, click No.

The upgrade process starts. The ACM also undergoes an upgrade which results in users getting logged out of ACM.

- () Note: The upgrade process can take five to six hours, during which all jobs on the IDPA must be quiesced. The system is not accessible during parts of the upgrade.
- (i) Note: If the upgrade process is still running, do not shut down/reboot the ACM or restart the *dataprotection_webapp* service. For some reason, if you have shut down/ rebooted the ACM or restarted the *dataprotection_webapp* service while the upgrade process is still running, and if you are unable to see the progress of the upgrade after the ACM is rebooted, then contact Customer Support.

8. Relogin to the ACM.

The Upgrade Progress displays the following:

- The ACM upgrade progress bar with the progress percentage and description of the upgrade step in progress.
- Individual component upgrade progress bar with progress percentage and description of the upgrade step in progress.
- 9. After all the components are upgraded successfully and the overall IDPA upgrade progress bar shows 100%, click **Finish.**
- 10. Click **OK** on the **Upgrade Finish** window to reboot the IDPA system.
 - () Note: After the upgrade is complete, there can be a scenario where Avamar is in maintenance mode and the jobs cannot be executed at that time. After Avamar comes out of the maintenance mode, the jobs are executed.
 - () Note: After the upgrade is complete, acknowledge the notification Event ConnectEMC notification failed on the Avamar Administrator GUI. This notification is generated during upgrade when the Avamar service is disconnected.
 - (i) Note: After the upgrade is complete, there is a warning on vCenter about a potential vulnerability issue that is described in CVE-2018-3646. See https://kb.vmware.com/s/ article/57374 and https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/55806 for more information. IDPA uses the ESXi version which has the fix for this vulnerability, however this fix is not enabled by default as it has severe performance impact. See the *Security updates and patching* section on the *IDPA Security Configuration Guide* for more information.

Results

The following components are updated:

- Backup Server (Avamar)
- IDPA System Manager (Data Protection Central)
- Reporting and Analytics (Data Protection Advisor)
- Search
- Protection Storage (Data Domain)
- ACM
- VCSA (vCenter Server Appliance)
- Compute nodes (ESXi)

trouble-free operation of IDPA.

The dashboard with all the products and their upgraded versions are displayed along with the newly configured ACM. If the upgrade process does not complete as expected, see *Troubleshooting component software upgrades* in the *IDPA Product Guide*. If the upgrade for any component fails, then the upgrade process is stopped until you troubleshoot and resolve the failure. However, if there are any noncritical warnings, the upgrade process continues. These warnings must be resolved once the upgrade process is completed to ensure a

Upgrade Postrequisites

After you have successfully completed the upgrade procedure, ensure that you are aware/perform the following:

• To save the log files from the upgrade process, click **Download logs** when the upgrade is complete. When you have finished, click **Finish**.

- After the upgrade process is complete, you must close the browser and start a new browser session before you relogin to ACM.
- The Upgrading proxies section of the Avamar for VMware User Guide provides instructions for upgrading the Avamar proxies. The upgrade must be performed on each Avamar proxy in the environment.
 - Note: Verify if the old Avamar proxy VMs still exist in your vCenter, and if they do, delete them from your vCenter after they are successfully replaced by the upgraded Avamar proxy VMs. To completely delete the old Avamar proxy VMs, click the Delete from disk option.
- If the upgrade operation fails and if you attempt to upgrade again after two or three days using the Retry button, the upgrade operation fails with a message No validated checkpoint found. For more information on this, see the Knowledge Base article *535533*.

Upgrade CDRA manually

This section provides information on how to upgrade CDRA manually.

About this task

If your existing CDRA is not configured to communicate with CDRS, then your CDRA instance is replaced with the CDRA that is bundled within the IDPA release package. However, if your existing CDRA is configured to communicate with CDRS, then the IDPA release package does not upgrade your CDRA. You must manually upgrade it after the IDPA is upgraded from version 2.2 to version 2.3, using the IDPA user interface by first upgrading the CDRS, which in turn notifies you to upgrade the appropriate CDRA version.

For more information about Cloud Disaster Recovery Add-on (CDRA) compatibility for various IDPA versions, see the *Integrated Data Protection Appliance Software Compatibility Guide*.

IDPA version 2.2 is bundled with CDRA version 17.4. However, IDPA 2.3 is compatible with CDRA version 18.3 P2.

To upgrade from CDRA version 17.4 to 18.3 P2, first you must manually upgrade the CDRA from 17.4 to 18.1. Once you complete the upgrade from 17.4 to 18.1, then you must manually upgrade from 18.1 to 18.2. Once this upgrade is also complete, you must upgrade from 18.2 to 18.3 P2, which is compatible with IDPA 2.3.

(i) Note: For detailed information about how to upgrade CDRA/CDRS, see the *Upgrade the Cloud DR Add-on*, *Upload upgrade packages for the CDRS and CDRA*, and *Upgrade the Cloud DR Server* procedures in the *Dell EMC Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery Installation and Administration Guide*, which can be obtained from Online Support website.

To upgrade the CDRA/CDRS from IDPA 2.2 to IDPA 2.3:

Procedure

- 1. Download the following Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery Upgrade Packages from the Online Support website at https://support.emc.com:
 - Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery 18.1 Upgrade Package.
 - Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery 18.2 Upgrade Package.
 - Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery 18.3 P2 Upgrade Package.
- 2. Upload the Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery 18.1 Upgrade Package to CDRS and upgrade the CDRS to 18.1.
- 3. Upgrade the CDRA to 18.1.
- 4. Upload the Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery 18.2 Upgrade Package to CDRS and upgrade the CDRS to 18.2.

- 5. Upgrade CDRA to 18.2.
- 6. Upload the Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery 18.3 P2 Upgrade Package to CDRS and upgrade the CDRS to 18.3 P2.
- 7. Upgrade the CDRA to 18.3 P2.

Upgrade the IDPA software (DP4400)

CHAPTER 4

Troubleshooting

This chapter contains basic troubleshooting information to help resolve possible issues. Topics include:

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•	Adding a CA-signed certificate	57
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System log files

To help troubleshoot issues, download bundled log files for the IDPA from the **Home** tab page directly. Select the **Download log bundle** option from the log bundle icon available on the **Home** tab page to download the log files. The log files for the specified components are saved in the folder /Downloads/ on the system in a compressed format.

During an upgrade, additional log files are generated in a different location. For more information, refer to Upgrade log files on page 67.

() Note: The user should not create or copy their logs in /data01/log_bundle folder as this functionality deletes all existing log while creating log bundle.

Troubleshoot shutdown

During the shut down process, if the appliance or any of the components fail to shut down automatically, you can manually shut down the IDPA appliance and its individual components.

If the Avamar or Data Domain systems fail to shut down, aside from performing a manual shut down of these components, you must also shut down the infrastructure components, which include vCenter and ESX servers.

Avamar shutdown validation errors

The following is a comprehensive list of Avamar shutdown validation errors that you might encounter before shutting down the Avamar Server.

If you encounter any of these errors, you must take the suggested action for the error you encounter. After you take the suggestion action on the validation error, you can initiate the appliance shutdown once again.

Table 11 Avamar	shutdown	validation errors
-----------------	----------	-------------------

Validation error message	Suggested action
One of the Avamar OS user is out of sync	On the ACM dashboard, click the error message pop-up window and enter the password for that particular Avamar user which is out of sync.
Avamar MC user is out of sync	On the ACM dashboard, click the error message pop-up window and enter the password for that particular Avamar user which is out of sync.
Accelerators found to be out of sync	On the ACM dashboard, click the error message pop-up window and enter the password for the Accelerator node that is out of sync.
Failed to stop scheduler service of Avamar	To manually stop the scheduler services on Avamar:
	1. Login to Avamar Utility node.
	 Run the dpnctl stop scheduler command.

Table 11 Avamar shutdown validation errors (continued)

Validation error message	Suggested action
	3. Shut down the appliance.
One or more of the services are down/disabled so cannot	Ensure that <i>Avamar server, MCS</i> , and <i>EMT</i> services on Avamar are up and running.
shutdown	To check the status of the services, log in to Avamar Utility node and run the dpnctl status all command.
Found running jobs on Avamar, will not proceed for appliance shutdown	Ensure that there are no backup jobs running on Avamar Server. See Shut down the IDPA on page 28 for more information.
	Also see <i>Enabling and disabling a backup policy</i> section in the <i>Dell EMC Avamar Administration</i> <i>Guide</i> for disabling all the backup policies through the Avamar UI.
Backup Server MCS flush not done within last 12 hours	 Log in to the Avamar Utility node. Backup the MCS data by running the mcserver.sh -flush command. Shut down the appliance.

Shut down Avamar manually

You can shut down the Avamar component manually for the various IDPA Appliances.

DP4400

You can shut down the Avamar component manually for the DP4400 appliance.

About this task

To manually shut down the Avamar virtual edition component, perform the following actions:

Procedure

- 1. Log in to the Avamar Virtual Edition (AVE) server with SSH by using the Avamar IP address.
 - a. Create a checkpoint by running the following command:

mccli checkpoint create --override_maintenance_scheduler

b. Back up the MCS data by running the following command:

mcserver.sh --flush

c. Stop all Avamar services by running the following command:

dpnctl stop all

- d. Power off the AVE from vCenter.
- (i) Note: You must shut down the ESX. For more information about manual shut down of ESX, see Shut down ESX manually.

Shut down Data Domain manually

This section provides you information about how to shut down the Data Domain component manually.

About this task

To manually shut down the Data Domain Virtual Edition, perform the following actions:

Procedure

- 1. Open a new SSH session to log in to Data Domain Virtual Edition .
- 2. Shut down the Data Domain Virtual Edition by running the following command:

system poweroff

3. You must also shut down the ESX.

For more information about manual shut down of ESX, see Shut down ESX manually.

Shut down vCenter manually

This section provides you information about how to shut down the vCenter manually.

About this task

This procedure to shut down vCenter manually is applicable for all models of IDPA. To manually shut down the vCenter, perform the following actions.

Procedure

1. Open a browser and enter the IP address to access vCenter.

The login page is displayed.

- 2. Enter your username and password on the vCenter login page.
- 3. Shut down the Data Protection virtual application.

() Note: All virtual machines and virtual applications under Data Protection virtual application are automatically shut down.

4. Shut down the IDPA Virtual Machine Guest operating system and the virtual machine.

Shut down ESX manually

This section provides you information about how to shut down the ESX manually.

About this task

This procedure to shut down ESX manually is applicable for all models of IDPA. To manually shut down the ESX, perform the following actions.

Procedure

- 1. Login to the ESXi server on which the vCenter is installed.
- 2. Login to each ESXi host.
- 3. Set all ESXi hosts into maintenance mode by running the following command on each host esxcli system maintenanceMode set -e true -m noAction
- 4. Shut down all ESXi host using the vSphere client or the ESXi host.

Troubleshooting startup

If one part of the startup process fails to complete automatically, the problem can be resolved manually to enable startup to continue.

Avamar does not start

If Avamar does not complete startup, connect to the Avamar server. If Avamar reports that Avamar server did not shut down cleanly, select the option to roll back to the last checkpoint.

The ACM does not start

If the ACM Service does not start within 2 hours and 15 minutes of powering on the appliance, one or more of the following components are not powered on or are not accessible on the network:

- Data Domain
- AVE
 - 1. Verify that the components that are required for the configuration are powered on.
- Verify that the required components are accessible on the network. Resolve any connectivity issues that are encountered.
 - If the ACM loads successfully, skip the rest of this procedure. The Search nodes, DP Advisor nodes, IDPA System Manager, AVE, and Avamar Proxy start automatically.
 - If all required components are powered on and accessible, but the ACM does not load, restart the ACM Service:
- 3. Stop the dataprotection_webapp service: service dataprotection webapp stop
- 4. Start the dataprotection_webapp service: service dataprotection_webapp start

The Search nodes, DP Advisor nodes, IDPA System Manager, AVE, and Avamar Proxy start automatically.

The VMs do not start

Switch on the power button present on the Dell Server. The ACM internally starts local.sh (/etc/init.d/local.sh) and the VMs start automatically. To start the VMs manually:

- Move ESXi out of maintenance mode manually.
 Note: To do this, log in to ESX using idpauser and select Exit maintenance mode.
- 2. Start the DataProtection-VCSA by running the /etc/init.d/local.sh script on ESXi or power on the VM from the ESXi. DataProtection-ACM VM starts five minutes after the VCSA VM starts.
- 3. If DDVE VM is not up, click the **Power on** button to start the DDVE VM. The system waits until DDVE VM up and running.
- 4. If AVE is not started, start AVE VM from ESX UI.
- 5. Log in to AVE using admin credentials. ACM runs dpnctl status all, dpnctl start all, and dpnctl start maint commands.
- 6. If something goes wrong, run the following in sequence and click the **Power on** button:
 - DataProtectionSearch Vapp

- DPADatastoreServer VM
- DPAApplicationServer VM
- DataDomainCloudDR VApp
- DataProtectionCentral VApp
- AVProxy VM
- 7. If DPS vApp does not get started, start the vApp.
- Start the services of Search by logging in to index master IP using operating system root credentials and run the following commands:
 - a.service elasticsearch start
 - **b**.service search-cis-core start
 - c.service search-cis-schedule start
 - d.service search-networker-worker start
 - e.service search-networker-action start
 - f. service search-avamar-worker start
 - g.service search-avamar-action start
 - h.service search-worker start
 - i.service search-adminapi start
 - j.service search-api start
- 9. Log in to the DPA Application Server VM using SSH.
- 10. Stop all DPA Application Services by running the following command: /opt/emc/dpa/services/bin/dpa.sh service stop

If there are any errors, you may continue to ignore them.

- 11. Log in to the DPA Application Server VM using SSH.
- 12. Stop all DPA Datastore Server services by running the following command: /opt/emc/dpa/services/bin/dpa.sh service stop
- 13. Verify if all the services are stopped on the DPA Application Server and on the DPA Datastore Server by running the following command:

/opt/emc/dpa/services/bin/dpa.sh service status

14. Once all the services on both the DPA Application and the DPA Datastore servers are stopped, restart the services on the DPA Datastore Server by running the following command:

/opt/emc/dpa/services/bin/dpa.sh service start

15. Once all the services on the DPA Datastore servers are started, restart the services on the DPA Application Server by running the following command:

/opt/emc/dpa/services/bin/dpa.sh service start

- 16. You must wait for sometime until all the services are started on DPA Datastore Server. You can verify the status by running the following command: /opt/emc/dpa/services/bin/dpa.sh service status
- 17. You must wait for sometime until all the services are started on DPA Application Server. You can verify the status by running the following command:

/opt/emc/dpa/services/bin/dpa.sh service status

18. Log in to VCSA using idpauser credentials, select AVProxy VM and click the Power on button.

19. After IDPA starts, start two services of Avamar using dpnctl start emt.

Adding a CA-signed certificate

The ACM includes a self-signed certificate, which may cause the browser to report an unsecured connection. To resolve this issue, replace the default certificate with a CA-signed certificate.

Before you begin

- Access the IDPA command line using one of the following procedures:
 - Log in to vCenter, right-click the DataProtection-ACM VM, and select Open Console. Specify the ACM credentials.
 - Connect to the ACM by using an SSH client to access the ACM's IP address. Specify the ACM credentials.
- Change the directory to /home/idpauser

Procedure

1. Stop the Tomcat server.

service dataprotection_webapp stop

2. Back up the existing keystore file.

cp /home/idpauser/.keystore /home/idpauser/.keystore.bkp Use the backup if you encounter any errors in this process.

3. Delete the existing self-signed certificate from the keystore.

/usr/java/latest/bin/keytool -delete -alias tomcat -storepass changeit

4. Create a new certificate.

/usr/java/latest/bin/keytool -genkeypair -v -alias tomcat -keyalg RSA sigalg SHA256withRSA -keystore /home/idpauser/.keystore -storepass changeit -keypass changeit -validity 3650 -dname "CN=idpa.companyname, OU=Idpa, O=CompanyName, L=Hopkinton, S=Massachusetts, C=US"

5. Generate a CSR file for the keystore.

/usr/java/latest/bin/keytool -certreq -alias tomcat -keyalg RSA -file / home/idpauser/ACM_Host.csr -keystore /home/idpauser/.keystore

- 6. Get the CA-signed certificate in the *.p7b* format by using the CSR content and save the certificate.
- 7. Import the new certificate into the keystore.

/usr/java/latest/bin/keytool -import -alias tomcat -file /home/idpauser/ certnew.p7b -keystore /home/idpauser/.keystore

- To ensure that the /usr/local/dataprotection/tomcat/conf/server.xml is using the /home/idpauser/.keystore file, check the value of the keystoreFile attribute for the HTTP Connector.
- 9. Verify the certificates in the keystore.

/usr/java/latest/bin/keytool -list -keystore /home/idpauser/.keystore alias tomcat

10. Start the Tomcat server.

service dataprotection_webapp start

Enabling certificate verification

By default, vCenter certificate checking is disabled on the IDPA.

About this task

The IDPA uses a modified version of the Avamar MCServer.xml file. During configuration, this modification causes vCenter certificates to be ignored when adding vCenter servers. To enable certificate checking:

- In the MCServer.xml file, change the ignore_vc_cert value to false. The MCServer.xml file is located in /space/avamar/var/mc/server_data/prefs/ mcserver.xml.
- 2. Restart the MC service using dpnctl,
- 3. Stop mcs and dpctl, and
- 4. Start mcs commands on Avamar server.

Configure secure AD having self-signed Certificates on IDPA

If you are using secure AD with self-signed certificates, search fails to configure if the self-signed certificate is not present on search VM.

Procedure

1. Export root CA certificate.

Refer https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/555252 to know how to export the root CA certificate.

- 2. Log into the Root Certification Authority server or Active Directory Server with administrator account.
- 3. Go to Start > Run, type cmd, and press Enter.
- 4. To export the Root Certification Authority server into a new file name ca_name.cer, run certutil -ca.cert ca_name.cer.
- 5. Convert certificate as PEM format as follows:
 - a. Cy ca name.cer to Search Master.
 - b. Run openssl x509 -in ca_ name.cer -inform der -out ca_name.pem outform pem.
 - c. Copy this ca name.pem to /etc/pki/trust/anchors/ on Search Node.
- 6. Do LDAP Configuration from Dashboard.

Troubleshoot LDAP

This topic provides you information about how to troubleshoot LDAP configurations.

Troubleshoot secure LDAP configuration

While configuring secure LDAP, an error message Unable to connect to secure LDAP/AD. Please verify whether the LDAP/AD Server provided is present as alternate name in LDAPS Certificate may be displayed.

About this task

The recent changes to *Java SE Development Kit 8, Update 181* is causing this issue related to LDAP Endpoint Identification. For more information on this issue, see the *Java SE Development Kit 8, Update 181 Release Notes*.

Perform the following steps to disable the LDAP Endpoint Identification to work around this issue.

Procedure

- 1. Connect to the ACM by using an SSH client.
- 2. Using a text editor, open the *catalina.sh* file that is located in the /usr/local/ dataprotection/tomcat/bin/ directory.
- 3. In the *catalina.sh* file, locate the following line:

```
JAVA_OPTS = "$JAVA_OPTS -
Dorg.apache.catalina.security.SecurityListener.UMASK=`umask`"
```

4. Modify this line as per the values provided below:

```
JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -
Dcom.sun.jndi.ldap.object.disableEndpointIdentification=true -
Dorg.apache.catalina.security.SecurityListener.UMASK=`umask`"
```

- 5. Save the changes you made to the catalina.sh file.
- 6. Restart the data protection service on ACM using the below command:

service dataprotection webapp restart

Verify Internal LDAP password

If you already know internal LDAP password, then perform the following steps to verify the password:

Before you begin

If you know your internal LDAP password, note it down and keep it ready.

Procedure

1. Connect to the ACM by using an SSH client.

2. To validate your existing password, run the ldapsearch command with your password. An example is given below.

```
# ldapsearch -h ldaps:/<ACM_IP> -p 636 -D
uid=idpauser,ou=People,dc=idpa,dc=com -b dc=idpa,dc=com -w
<IDPAUSER_PWD>
```

Create internal LDAP password

If you do not remember the internal LDAP password, you must first set the internal LDAP password, by performing the following steps:

Procedure

- 1. Connect to the ACM by using an SSH client.
- 2. Generate a hash for the new password. An example input is given below.

#/etc/openldap/slappasswd -s <NEW PASSWORD>

3. Create a file with the modified hash file. An example is given below.

```
# vi /etc/openldap/update_idpauserpwd.ldif
dn: uid=idpauser,ou=People,dc=idpa,dc=com
changetype: modify
replace: userPassword
userPassword: <COMMAND OUPUT IN FIRSTSTEP>
```

4. Execute the following command to update the password using the LDAP root password.

```
# ldapmodify -x -D cn=Manager,dc=idpa,dc=com -w "<LDAP_ROOT_PASSWORD>" -
f /etc/openldap/update_idpauserpwd.ldif
```

Where the *<LDAP_ROOT_PASSWORD>* is the same as the common appliance password.

5. Execute the ldapsearch command on the ACM with the new password to validate. An example is given below.

```
# ldapsearch -h ldaps:/<ACM_IP> -p 636 -D
uid=idpauser,ou=People,dc=idpa,dc=com -b dc=idpa,dc=com -w
<NEW_IDPAUSER_PWD>
```

Change the expired root password

If your vCenter root password has already expired for the vCenter root user, perform the following steps to change the password:

Procedure

- Log in to the VMware vSphere Appliance Management UI by going to https://<VCSA hostname or IP>:5480 using the credentials as root/<common IDPA password>.
- 2. In the vCenter Server Appliance Management UI, click Administration.
- 3. In the Change root password pane, specify all the required fields and click Submit.

The new password that you are specifying must contain at least six characters and it should not be the same as your previous five passwords.

- () Note: To ensure that you are never logged out of the vCenter server, configure the password expiration settings for the root user account to never expire.
- 4. Synchronize the changed password with the ACM. For more information about changing passwords and synchronizing components, see Change passwords and synchronize components on page 36.

Change expired password of administrator@vsphere.local user account

This topic details on how to change the expired password for administrator@vsphere.local user account when the upgrade is not initiated or if the upgrade fails.

When the upgrade is not initiated

When the upgrade is still not initiated, you must perform the following steps to change the expired password of the administrator@vsphere.local user account:

Procedure

- Log in to the VMware vSphere Appliance Management UI by going to https://<VCSA hostname or IP>:5480 using the credentials as administrator@vsphere.local/<common IDPA password>.
- 2. In the vCenter Client UI, click Administrator@VSPHERE.LOCAL.
- 3. From the drop-down menu, select Change Password.
- 4. Specify the required fields.
- 5. Synchronize the changed password with the ACM.

For more information about changing passwords and synchronizing components, see Change passwords and synchronize components on page 36.

If the upgrade fails

If the upgrade fails, you must perform the following steps to change the expired password of the administrator@vsphere.local user account:

Procedure

- Log in to the VMware vSphere Appliance Management UI by going to https://<VCSA hostname or IP>:5480 using the credentials as administrator@vsphere.local/<common IDPA password>.
- 2. In the vCenter Client UI, click Administrator@VSPHERE.LOCAL.
- 3. From the drop-down menu, select Change Password.
- 4. Specify the required fields.
- 5. Cycle through a new password five times to clear the restriction and reset to the same password that was set before the password expiry.
- 6. Initiate the IDPA Upgrade process once again using the **RETRY** option.

Credential mismatch

This section provides information about how to resolve the password mismatch scenario for the IDPA point products. If you manually modify the password on the point products and do not use

the change password option on IDPA Appliance the system displays an error message when you try to update the password using the ACM dashboard.

About this task

Also, if you encounter the Failed to validate connection error message, there could be a credential mismatch between the point products or the VMs/services of those associated point points.

To resolve a password mismatch, perform the following actions:

Procedure

- 1. Click the warning message in the point products panel and enter a new password.
- 2. Click Update Password in the point products panel and enter a new password.
- 3. Click the Refresh button on the ACM dashboard.

The system updates the new password for all the relevant accounts.

Troubleshoot Avamar

there is a problem with Avamar, the **Backup Server** panel in the ACM dashboard displays the following status:

Backup Agents Installation in progress...

Possible causes for this issue include:

- The Avamar service, Avamar, or AVE is down.
- Avamar cannot be pinged.
- There is a mismatch between the Avamar administrator password and the password stored in the ACM.

The Avamar service is down

To start the Avamar service:

- 1. Using an SSH client, connect to the Avamar Utility node as the admin user.
- 2. Type the command dpnctl start all

Avamar or AVE is down

Power on the Avamar or AVE server.

Avamar cannot be pinged

If Avamar cannot be pinged, find and resolve the source of the issue. Possible causes include:

- The Avamar server is down.
- There is a network connectivity issue.
- The Avamar server has a hardware issue.

Troubleshooting health monitoring

If there is an issue with SNMP or one of the health monitor processes, the **Health** tab cannot display data.

SNMP validation errors

By default, the ACM validates the SNMP configuration of the Dell server every 4 hours. If the ACM detects that the SNMP configuration for a component is disabled or missing, it automatically corrects the configuration.

If the ACM cannot reach one of the components on its internal IP, the following message is displayed on the Health tab: Failed to validate SNMP configuration on component(s) <ur>

<unreachable-component>

To resolve this issue:

- 1. Verify that the internal IP addresses of IDPA Appliance server is reachable on the network.
- If the component is reachable on the network, verify SSH connectivity by attempting to connect with the default SSH password. If an SSH connection cannot be established, revert the SSH password on the component to the default password.
 - () Note: Refer Changing passwords and synchronizing components to know how to change passwords and synchronize components.

Health monitor processes errors

If the SNMP Receiver port, Message Broker service, or Database service is down, the following message is displayed on the Health tab: Health monitor processes are down : cprocess>

To resolve this issue, connect to the ACM using SSH and follow the procedure that corresponds to the error message:

 If the SNMP Receiver port is down, verify that port 161 is enabled. If the port is enabled and the problem persists, restart the Tomcat service with the following command:

```
service dataprotection_webapp restart
```

 If the Message Broker service is down, verify that the RabbitMQ service is running with the following command:

service rabbitmq-server status

If the service is not running, start it with the following command:

service rabbitmq-server start

 If the Database service is down, verify that the PostgreSQL service is running with the following command:

```
service dataprotection database status
```

If the service is not running, start it with the following command:

```
service dataprotection database start
```

Troubleshooting component software upgrades

You can troubleshoot the upgrade failures using the different options available.

Retry upgrade process

When there is an upgrade failure for a component, the progress bar is displayed in red and you can see the **RETRY** and **DOWNLOAD LOGS** buttons. To retry the upgrade again, click the **RETRY** button.

Alternatively, you can click DOWNLOAD LOGS to download the logfiles.

Avamar

If the Avamar upgrade fails while upgrading the IDPA appliance software, and if you are retrying the Avamar upgrade even after 24 hours of failure, then you must manually upgrade the Avamar server.

If the Avamar upgrade fails during the **RETRY** operation, with a message <code>Validated</code> checkpoint not found, you must manually resolve this issue by creating a checkpoint on the Avamar Server. To create a checkpoint on the Avamar Server, see the Upgrade prerequisites section. Once a valid checkpoint is created, you can go to Avamar UI and click the **Sync** button which is displayed for the failed component.

vCenter

In case if the vCenter is rebooted when any of the component product upgrade is in progress, then the upgrade process stops. You must wait until the services on the vCenter server are up and running, and then attempt a retry of the upgrade for that component.

To verify that the vCenter server services are up and running, try logging into the vSphere client console. A successful login indicates that the services on the vCenter server are started.

Advanced troubleshooting (support only)

When there is an upgrade failure even after using the Retry option, the technical support professional can use the Rollback and Sync options to troubleshoot the upgrade failure.

Using rollback

The Rollback option reverts the component to its previous state using the snapshots taken. The upgrade process uses vSphere snapshot technology to preserve the preupgrade configuration of the IDPA. Before a component is upgraded, a snapshot of the component VM is created. When the upgrade is completed successfully, the snapshots are deleted. If the upgrade fails, the snapshots are used to revert the components to their previous state. If the upgrade fails and any of the VMs are not restored, review the information in Upgrade log files on page 67 and contact Customer Support.

(i) Note: If upgrading DD OS is not successful, contact Customer Support.

- 1. In the **Upgrade progress** window, select **Troubleshooting (Support only)** checkbox at the top.
 - The ROLLBACK button is displayed for the component with upgrade failure.
- 2. Click ROLLBACK.

The component reverts to the previous version. Refer to the section Rollback is Successful on page 65.

If rollback is unsuccessful, see the section Rollback Failed on page 65.

Using Sync

If there is a mismatch between the versions of the upgraded component, for example, instead of upgrading to Avamar version 18.2.0-134, the component gets upgraded to Avamar version 7.5.1-101, this results in upgrade failure of that particular point product. Although the Support personnel can manually update the failed component/point product in the background using the **SYNC** functionality, the **SYNC** functionality does not verify the operating system version of the point product. The customer or Support personnel performing the manual upgrade must ensure that the appropriate operating system rollup is applied to the point product before manually upgrading it.

If there is no mismatch between the versions of the upgraded component, the SYNC operation is successful. Once the SYNC operation is completed successfully, the ROLLBACK, RETRY, and SYNC buttons are disabled.

For more information about the operating system rollup versions and their associated patches if applicable, see the *Integrated Data Protection Appliance Software Compatibility Guide*.

After the manual update, follow these steps:

1. In the **Upgrade progress** window, select **Troubleshooting (Support only)** checkbox at the top.

The SYNC and ROLLBACK buttons get enabled for the components that failed to upgrade.

Click SYNC. The SYNC validates the manually upgraded component version and reflects the upgrade progress bar in green and status to completed.

Rollback is Successful

IDPA is rolled back to its previous state.

No manual action is required from your side. You can login to dashboard to ensure that all the services are up and running.

Optionally, after analyzing the logs, if you find any issues with the upgrade, you can go to upgrade once again.

You can download the logs from the upgrade progress user interface. Alternatively, you can also retrieve the logs from /data01/upgradeLogs directory on the Appliance Configuration Manager.

Rollback Failed

If the IDPA rollback fails during the upgrade procedure, you need to perform the following manual steps.

About this task

Many of these steps are most likely completed by the IDPA upgrade workflow as IDPA upgrade does not stop operations if an error is encountered.

Procedure

- Check for all the products in VMware vCenter to ensure that there is no snapshot by the name *BeforeUpgrade*. If the *BeforeUpgrade* snapshot exists, you must delete that snapshot. To delete the *BeforeUpgrade* VMware vCenter snapshots from all the components, perform the following steps on each of the component where *BeforeUpgrade* snapshot exists:
 - Avamar Proxy:

- a. Revert to the snapshot and then delete the snapshot.
- AVE Server:
- a. Shut down the AVE VM.
- b. Revert to the snapshot and delete the snapshot.
- c. Change all the data disks to independent-persistent.
- d. Power on the AVE VM to verify if all the AVE services are up and running.
- DPA VMs:
- a. Revert to snapshots of all DPA VMs such as DPA Datastore Server, DPA Application Server, DPA Agent, DPA DD Processor Tool, and so on.
- b. Delete the snapshots.
- c. Log in using putty to the DPA Datastore Server and note down the datastore directory in /data01 with the name *datastore-xxxx*
- d. Execute following command:

```
/opt/emc/dpa/services/bin/dpa.sh datastore import /data01/
datastore-*/
```

e. Log in to the DPA Application Server using putty and run the following command:

/opt/emc/dpa/services/bin/dpa.sh service start

- f. Verify that the services are correctly starting by going to https://dpaAppServerlp:9002
- DPS VMs:
- a. Stop the DPS Services.
- b. Shutdown or power off the DPS Vapp.
- c. Revert to the snapshot *BeforeUpgrade*.
- d. Delete the snapshot BeforeUpgrade from all DPS VMs.
- e. Change hard disk 3 mode to independent-persistent for all the DPS VMs.
- f. Power on the DPS VApp.
- g. Ensure that all DPS Services are up and running.
- DPS Index Master Node Services:
- a. Log in to DPS Master Index Node using putty.
- b. Execute the following commands:
 - service dpworker status
 - service unicorn status
 - service elasticsearch status
- Data Domain: If there is a failure in the Data Domain upgrade, contact Customer Support.
- 2. Start the Avamar scheduler service by logging in to Avamar using putty and running the dpnctl start scheduler command:
- 3. Uninstall the dataprotection-upgrade RPM from ACM

To uninstall the dataprotection-upgrade RPM, on ACM, run the rpm -qa | grep dataprotection-upgrade command to check if any dataprotection-upgrade RPM is

present. If it is present, note down its name and uninstall it by using the -e dataprotection-upgrade-rpm-name command.

- 4. Use create tar command to create a tarball of /data01/tmp/patch/logs folder and save it to the /data01/upgradeLogs folder.
- 5. Restart the tomcat service on ACM using following commands:
 - service dataprotection webapp stop
 - service dataprotection webapp start

Upgrade log files

If both the upgrade process and the snapshot recovery fails, you can collect the log files in the following locations and contact Customer Support:

- Log files for the most recent upgrade process are located in /data01/tmp/patch/logs and include the following:
 - ACM—acm_upgrade.log
 - Data Domain—dd precheck.log, dd upgrade.log
 - DP Advisor—dpa_upgrade.log
 - Search—dps_upgrade.log
 - AVE—AvamarServerUpgrade.log, av upgrade.log
 - IDPA System Manager—dpc deploy config.log
 - Common logs for all components—appLevelUpgrade.log, detailed_upgrade_logs.log
 - Internal service call logs Upgrade-utility.log
 - Validation logs Validate.log
- Log files for past upgrades are archived in /data01/upgradeLogs, in the format idpa upgradeLogs<date> <time>.tgz.
- The logs of user interface messages for individual components are available in /data01/tmp/ patch/log/status/.

Log file details

The following log file content is extraneous and can be ignored:

In the log file /data01/tmp/patch/logs/appLevelUpgrade.log

```
RUNNING,26,Please Contact Dell/EMC Support to upgrade Physical Backup server
and NDMP
RUNNING,74,Performing post upgrade operations
RUNNING,74,Please login again to Appliance Management deployment and
configuration page
```

In the log file /data01/tmp/patch/logs/detailed upgrade logs.log

```
ERROR : Couldn't upgrade avi-cli to 0.2.1-44.
Performing post upgrade operations
Check if the dataprotection-upgrade package deployed successfully on tomcat.
Dataprotection-upgrade package deployed successfully.
```

```
Old Version , New Version
Updateing Appliance status for Old Version .., New Version ..
```

```
Input oldVersion .., newVersion ..
No implementation for given version ..
Appliance status updated Failed.
```

In the log file /data01/tmp/patch/logs/acm upgrade.log

```
Error: Could not open input file: /usr/java/jdk1.8.0 131/lib/tools.pack
   plugin.jar...
Error: Could not open input file: /usr/java/jdk1.8.0 131/jre/lib/plugin.pack
    javaws.jar...
Error: Could not open input file: /usr/java/jdk1.8.0 131/jre/lib/javaws.pack
   deploy.jar...
Error: Could not open input file: /usr/java/jdk1.8.0 131/jre/lib/deploy.pack
   rt.jar...
Error: Could not open input file: /usr/java/jdk1.8.0 131/jre/lib/rt.pack
   jsse.jar...
Error: Could not open input file: /usr/java/jdk1.8.0 131/jre/lib/jsse.pack
   charsets.jar...
Error: Could not open input file: /usr/java/jdk1.8.0 131/jre/lib/charsets.pack
    localedata.jar...
Error: Could not open input file: /usr/java/jdk1.8.0 131/jre/lib/ext/
localedata.pack
warning: file /usr/local/dataprotection/var/configmgr/server data/config/
InfrastructureComponents Template.xml: remove failed: No such file or
```

```
Resolve TLS Error After the Firmware Update for IDPA 2.4.1
```

After the *June 2019 Block* has been applied as part of the Firmware Update on a DP4400 model, you may encounter a TLS error on the iDRAC GUI (**iDRAC Settings** > **iDRAC Service Module**.

To resolve this error, perform the following steps:

1. Login to the ESXi host and run the following command: # /etc/init.d/dcism-netmon-watchdog stop

Wait for 30 seconds

directory

- 2. Run the following command:
 # /etc/init.d/dcism-netmon-watchdog start install
- 3. Wait for a few minutes and refresh the iDRAC GUI.

CHAPTER 5

Additional resources

This chapter provides references to other materials related to the IDPA and individual components. Topics include:

•	Document references for IDPA	70
•	Document references for individual components	.70
•	IDPA training resources	. 72

Document references for IDPA

The IDPA documentation set includes the following publications:

- Integrated Data Protection Appliance DP4400 Installation Guide Instruction for installing the IDPA DP4400 hardware.
- Integrated Data Protection Appliance Getting Started Guide Explains how to perform initial IDPA configuration tasks and how to get started with basic functionality like backup and restore.
- Integrated Data Protection Appliance Product Guide Provides the overview and administration information about the IDPA system.
- Integrated Data Protection Appliance Release Notes Product information about the current IDPA release.
- Integrated Data Protection Appliance DP4400 Service Procedure Guide
 Procedures for replacing or upgrading hardware components of the IDPA.
- Integrated Data Protection Appliance Security Configuration Guide Information about the security features that are used to control user and network access, monitor system access and use, and support the transmission of storage data.
- Integrated Data Protection Appliance Software Compatibility Guide Information about software components and versions that are used in the IDPA product.

Document references for individual components

The documentation for these components can be obtained from Online Support at the following location:

https://www.dell.com/support.

Protection Storage node

The following document contains information that is related to Data Domain:

• Data Domain Operating System Administration Guide This publication explains how to manage Data Domain systems with an emphasis on procedures using the Data Domain System Manager.

Backup Server node

The following documents contain information that is related to Avamar:

- Avamar Administration Guide This publication describes how to configure, administer, monitor, and maintain an Avamar server.
- Avamar and Data Domain System Integration Guide This guide includes procedures for configuring the Avamar server to perform cloud tier operations on the Data Domain system.
- Avamar for VMware User Guide This publication describes various methods and strategies for protecting VMware virtual machines.
- Avamar NDMP Accelerator for Oracle ZFS User Guide This publication describes how to install, configure, administer, and use the Avamar NDMP Accelerator (accelerator) to back up and restore supported Oracle ZFS storage appliances.
- Avamar NDMP Accelerator for NetApp Filers User Guide

This publication describes how to install, configure, administer, and use the Avamar NDMP Accelerator (accelerator) to back up and restore supported NetApp filers.

- Avamar NDMP Accelerator for EMC NAS Systems User Guide
 This publication describes how to install, configure, administer, and use the Avamar NDMP
 Accelerator (accelerator) to back up and restore supported EMC Isilon, Unity, VNX, VNXe, and
 Celerra systems.
- Avamar for VMware User Guide This publication describes various methods and strategies for protecting VMware virtual machines.

IDPA System Manager node

The following documents contain information that is related to Integrated Data Protection Appliance System Manager:

- *IDPA System Manager Release Notes* Contains the most up-to-date information about the current release.
- IDPA System Manager Getting Started Guide
 This document includes information about how to deploy Integrated Data Protection Appliance
 System Manager, and then get started with Integrated Data Protection Appliance System
 Manager administration.
- *IDPA System Manager Administration Guide* This document includes information about how to administer Integrated Data Protection Appliance System Manager.
- IDPA System Manager Security Configuration Guide This document includes information about security features and capabilities of Integrated Data Protection Appliance System Manager.

Reporting and Analytics node

The following documents contain information that is related to Data Protection Advisor:

- Data Protection Advisor Installation and Administration Guide This publication describes how to install, maintain and configure DP Advisor.
- Data Protection Advisor Product Guide This document provides information on how to use the DP Advisor web console to run and create reports, view alerts, and view the status of replication operations.

Search

The following document contains information that is related to Search:

• Data Protection Search Installation and Administration Guide This publication describes how to install, maintain and configure Search.

Cloud Disaster Recovery

The following documents contain information that is related to DD Cloud DR and CDRA.

- Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery Release Notes Contains supplemental information about DD Cloud DR and the most up-to-date information about the current release.
- Data Domain Cloud Disaster Recovery Installation and Administration Guide This document describes how to install, deploy, and use the DD Cloud DR product.

IDPA training resources

Video walkthroughs, demonstrations, and explanations of product features are available online. You can obtain additional IDPA training and information at https://education.emc.com.
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