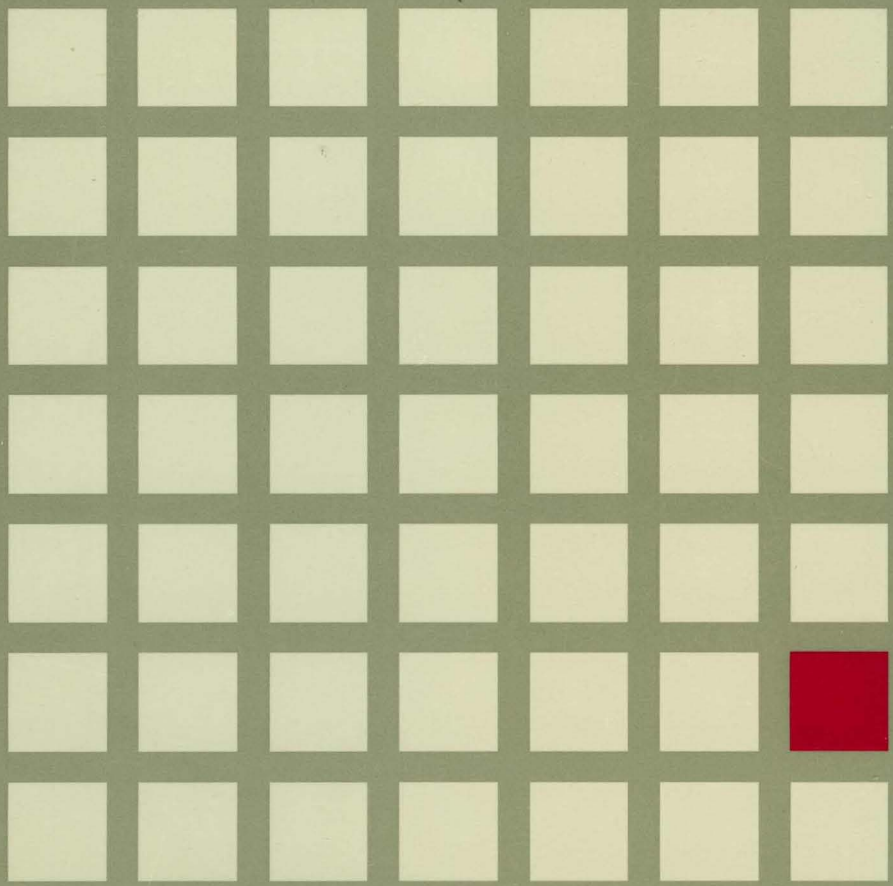
IBM

Virtual Machine/System Product

SX20-4400-05

Quick Reference

Release 6



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SX20-4400-05

Quick Reference

Release 6

Sixth Edition (July 1988)

This edition, SX20-4400-05, is a major revision of SX20-4400-04. It applies to Release 6 of the Virtual Machine/System Product, and to all subsequent releases unless otherwise indicated in new editions or Technical Newsletters. Changes are made periodically to the information herein; before using this publication in connection with the operation of IBM systems, consult the latest *IBM System/370, 30xx, 4300, and 9370 Processors Bibliography* GC20-0001, for the editions that are applicable and current.

Summary of Changes

For a detailed list of the changes, refer to the "Summary of Changes" on page 363.

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Preface

This publication is a quick reference for all users of VM/SP, from general users to experienced system programmers. It contains all the CP, CMS, GCS, TSAF, AVS, IPCS, and RSCS commands that are documented in the rest of the VM/SP library.

As its name suggests, this book is for quick reference. If you need in-depth explanation of commands, please refer to the pertinent books in the VM/SP Library listed in the bibliography at the end of this book. If you are a new user of VM/SP and need more help, you will find that the *VM/SP CMS Primer* and the *VM/SP CMS Primer for Line-Oriented Terminals* give detailed, easy-to-follow guidance on learning to use the VM/SP system.

The first section of the book is a collection of reference information about communicating with VM/SP and interpreting its responses, and working with two of its components, CP and CMS. The rest of the book consists of VM/SP commands and service aids. The complete format of each command (identical to those found in VM/SP reference manuals) is given, plus a brief description of its function. This section also explains the syntax used in the command formats, both in this book and in the rest of the VM/SP library.

This publication is part of a set of reference summaries that may be ordered as a group using order number SBOF-3255.

Note: The user privilege classes referred to throughout this book are IBM-defined classes. If your installation restructures the classes, see your installation administrator.

Contents

Chapter 1. VM/SP Reference Information

Command Format Notation

The command formats in this book (and in the entire VM/SP library) are shown using certain standard notational conventions.

Use of Symbols

When entering commands, enter the following exactly as they appear in the command format:

,	comma	.	period
-	hyphen	*	asterisk
=	equal sign	:	colon
( )	parenthesis		

The following symbols distinguish operands and command syntax only. Do **not** enter them when entering commands:

braces { }

enclose a stack of choices, one of which **must** be selected. If a stack of choices is enclosed by neither brackets or braces, braces are assumed.

brackets [ ]

enclose a stack of choices, one of which **may** be selected. If brackets are nested, the outermost operand (surrounded by one pair of brackets) is the highest level of nesting. It must be selected in order to select the next lower-level operand nested within it, and so forth.

underscore _____

indicates a default option. The system chooses this option when the user does not specify one.

vertical bar |

separates operand alternatives within brackets and braces.

ellipsis . . .

means that the preceding item may be repeated.

Use of Case

Uppercase

The uppercase letters in a command, keyword operand or option represents the minimum truncation that the system accepts.

Lowercase

Lowercase letters, words, and symbols appearing in *italics* are user- or system-supplied variables. The following table gives the meaning of selected variables used in this book.

Table 1 (Page 1 of 3). **Selected Variables Used in Command Formats**

Variable	Meaning
a...	alphabetic or numeric information
applid	application identifier
arg	argument
bbcchh	bin, cylinder, and head
cc	cylinder number
cchhr	cylinder, head, record
char	character
col	column
compid	component identifier
cm	command code, in hexadecimal
convid	VTAM conversation identifier
cpuid	central processing unit identification

Table 1 (Page 2 of 3). **Selected Variables Used in Command Formats**	
Variable	**Meaning**
csw	channel status word
cuu	virtual device address. Also: *vdev*
cyl	cylinder
date	system date
ddname	data definition name
devclass	class of IBM device
devname	mnemonic name for an IBM device type
devtype	IBM device type
dirid	SFS directory identifier
dsname	dataset name
dumpid	dump identifier
execname	file name of an exec
exectype	file type of an exec
ext	extension
fileid	file identifier
filepoolid	file pool identifier
fm	file mode
fn	file name
ft	file type
hexloc	hexadecimal location
imagelib	3800 printer image library
langid	language identifier
libname	library name
linkid	link identifier
lprt	logical printer
lrecl	logical record length
luname	logical unit name
membername	library member name
mode	mode letter, or mode letter and mode number
mmm	module name code

Table 1 (Page 3 of 3). **Selected Variables Used in Command Formats**	
Variable	**Meaning**
n...	decimal information
nodeid	node of a user
prefix	prefix subcommand or macro
psw	Program Status Word
qual	qualifier
range	range (of addresses or registers)
rdev	real device address (formerly 'raddr' or 'cuu')
recfm	record format
reg	register
rid	resource identifier (formerly 'resid')
spoolid	spool file identification
svc	supervisor call number
sysname	system name
vdev	virtual device address (formerly 'vaddr' or 'cuu')
vname	virtual screen name
volid	volume serial number
wname	window name
x...	hexadecimal information
yyyy	reason code (GCS abend)

Messages and Return Codes

Message Format:

Messages from VM consist of a message identifier (for example, DMKCQG020E) and text. The identifier distinguishes each message, and the text describes a condition that has occurred or requests a response from the user.

The **message identifier** consists of four fields: a prefix, a module code, a message number, and a severity code. Its format is:

XXXMMM###S

where:

xxx is the prefix. Messages are prefixed as follows:

- CP messages — DMK
- CMS messages — DMS
- IPCS messages — DMM
- GCS messages — CSI
- TSAF messages — ATS
- AVS messages — AGW.

mmm is the module code, three characters that indicate which module generated the message. This field is usually an abbreviation of the name of the module in which the error occurred.

or #### is the message number, three or four digits that are associated with the condition that caused the message to be generated.

S is the severity code, a letter that indicates what kind of condition caused the message. The definition of the severity codes depends on the nature of the routine producing the message.

The following table summarizes the message severity codes for each of the six VM/SP components. More complete information can be found in *VM/SP System Messages and Codes*. The *VM/SP System Messages Cross-Reference* lists messages grouped by command, module code, number and text.

Table 2. **Types and Meanings of Severity Codes by Component**

Prefix	Codes	Meaning
DMK (CP Commands)	A	Immediate action required
	I	Information only
	W	Warning *or* System Wait
	E	Error
DMS (CMS Commands)	R	Response awaited from user
	I	Information only
	W	Warning *or* System Wait
	E	Error
	S	Severe Error
	T	Termination error
DMM (IPCS Commands)	R	Response awaited from user
	I	Information only
	E	Error
	S	Severe error
CSI (GCS Commands)	R	Response awaited from user
	I	Information only
	E	Warning
	W	Error
	S	Severe error
	T	Terminating error
ATS (TSAF Commands)	R	Response awaited from user
	I	Information only
	W	Warning
	E	Error
	S	Severe error
	T	Terminating error
AGW (AVS Commands)	I	Information only
	W	Warning
	E	Error
	S	Severe error

Return Codes

If a condition arises during execution of a command that results in the display of an error message, the command causes a nonzero return code to be displayed.

CMS Return Codes

The following table shows the codes which may be returned by CMS commands.

Note: Commands that call program products produce return codes set by that program. They may have the same numbers as CMS codes, but they have been redefined by the program product in operation.

Table 3 (Page 1 of 3). **Return Codes Produced by CMS**

Return Code	Meanings
-0001	• No CP command with this name was found. (The CP error code of +1 is converted by CMS to -0001 for commands entered from the virtual console.)
-0002	• An attempt was made to execute a CMS command while in CMS subset mode, which would have caused the module to be loaded in the user area (LOADMOD error code 32).
-0003	• No CMS command with this name was found.
-0004	• The LOADMOD failed (for example, there was an error on the module).
-0005	• A LOADMOD was attempted with the wrong environment (for example, the module was generated by the GENMOD command with the OS option and LOADMOD was attempted with DOS=ON specified).
-0006	• An attempt was made to invoke a CMS function or macro from the command line (or from a REXX EXEC via and ADDRESS CMS command, or from and EXEC 2 EXEC via an &PRESUME &SUBCOMMAND CMS.
0	• Normal.
1	• Device disconnected.

Table 3 (Page 2 of 3). **Return Codes Produced by CMS**	
Return Code	**Meanings**
1	• Top or bottom of virtual screen reached.
3	• Virtual screen, window, or queue already exists.
3	• Data, field, or scroll amount is truncated.
4	• List or queue is empty.
4	• The user did not specify all the conditions necessary to execute the command as intended. Execution of the command continues; however, the result may or may not be as the user intended.
8	• Device errors occurred for which a warning message is issued, or errors have been introduced into the output file.
12	• Errors were found in the input file.
13	• No space available.
14	• No reserved or data area.
20	• An invalid character is in the file identifier. Valid characters are: 0-9, A-Z, a-z, $, @, #, +, -(hyphen), :(colon), _(underscore). • Window name of "*" or "=" not allowed.
24	• The user did not specify the command line correctly. • CMS virtual screen or window cannot be deleted.
28	• An error occurred while trying to access, or manipulate, a user's files. • Virtual screen, window, or queue not defined.
32	• The user's file is not in the expected format, or does not contain the expected information, or an attempt was made to execute a LOADMOD command while in CMS subset mode. • Invalid position specified.
36	• An error for which the user is responsible occurred on one of the user's devices. For example, a disk is in read-only status, and needs to be in write status so that a file can be written on it. • Window not connected or displaying virtual screen **or**. • No field to write data/color/exthi/PSset.

Table 3 (Page 3 of 3). **Return Codes Produced by CMS**	
Return Code	**Meanings**
40	• A functional error for which the user is responsible occurred during execution of the command. • User failed to supply all the necessary conditions for executing the command. • End-of-file, end-of-tape (where applicable).
41	• Insufficient storage was available to execute the command.
88	• A CMS system restriction prevented execution of the command. • Function requested is an unsupported feature. • Device requested is an unsupported device. • TTY device.
100	• Input/output or input/output device error.
104	• A functional error for which the system is responsible occurred during execution of the command. • Insufficient storage.
256	• All unexpected errors for which the system is responsible; that is, terminal error messages. • Request rejected by IUCV.

The CMS **DASD Dump Restore (DDR) command** produces several return codes of its own:

Table 4. **Return Codes Produced by the CMS DDR Command**	
1	Invalid file name, or file not found.
2	Error in executing the program.
3	Flagged DASD (Direct Access Storage Device) track.
4	Permanent tape or DASD I/O error.
1*xx*[1]	Error in the PRINTIO routine.
2*xx*[1]	Error in the CONREAD routine.
3*xx*[1]	Error in the RDBUF routine.
4*xx*[1]	Error in the TYPLIN routine.

[1] *xx* is the CMS routine return code.

CP Return Codes and Error Message Numbers

The result of entering a CP command may be either:

Ready; (or Ready(0);)
which indicates successful execution.

or

Ready(*nnnnn*);
which indicates an error. If the contents of *nnnnn* is a CMS return code, then the error occurred in CMS; If *nnnnn* contains a CP message number, the error occurred in CP.

Return Codes from CP commands correspond directly to the message numbers. CP error messages are divided into several categories according to this message number. The following table shows the function related to each group of error numbers and the category of users that receives each one.

Table 5. **CP Error Message Numbers**

Numbers	Related Function	Received By
001-349	CP commands and console functions	General Users
350-399	Nucleus loading	Primary System Operators
400-424	Paging	
425-449	Spooling	
450-474	Dispatching and service routines	
475-499	Directory routine	
500-549	Input/output error recovery	
550-599	Input/output error recording	
600-649	Machine check recovery	
650-699	Reserved for IBM use only	
700-729	DDR (dump restore) service program	System Support Personnel
730-749	FMT (format) service program	
750-799	DIR (directory) service program	
800-849	Reserved for IBM use only	
850-899	DMM (VMFDUMP) service routine	
900-999	Checkpoint, warm start, dump initialization	

IPCS Command Return Codes

The following table following figure shows the return codes produced by IPCS commands.

Table 6. **Return Codes Produced by IPCS Commands**

Code	Meaning
4	An incorrectly entered parameter.
8	System failure; a read/write error or an invalid internal parameter.
100	CMS error reading a file.
200	CMS error writing a file.
500	CMS error writing to the printer.
12	IPCS processing error.

XEDIT Command Return Codes

The following table shows the return codes produced by the XEDIT command.

Table 7 (Page 1 of 5). **Return Codes Produced by the XEDIT Command**

Code	Meaning(s)
-3	• Unknown command. • Invalid from environment other than EXEC 2 or REXX.
-2	• Invalid subset command.
-1	• Incorrect operands specified in the PARSE macro.
0	• Normal; Parsing was successful. • "N" lines were inserted.

Table 7 (Page 2 of 5). **Return Codes Produced by the XEDIT Command**

Code	Meaning(s)
1	• TOF or EOF reached (and displayed) during execution or change. • No change (SPLTJOIN issued at TOF or EOF). • Duplicate name defined. • Valid only in display mode. • Column pointer outside restored zone settings. • Only one file edited. • Parsing incomplete - scanned line does not match PARSE macro format. • No action taken - cursor will be set outside screen. • Out of zone definition during execution. • Partial delete because EOF or TOF reached reached during execution. • File has been filed, and was the only one edited. • Overlapping groups of lines. • Target line within lines to move. • No line(s) changed or cursor not on valid data field. • Total number of lines or columns exceeds physical screen size.
2	• Target line not found. • Name does not exist for OFF function.

Table 7 (Page 3 of 5). **Return Codes Produced by the XEDIT Command**	
Code	**Meaning(s)**
3	• Terminal is not a display terminal. • Truncated or spilled. • Invalid placement of cursor or subcommand. • SORT cannot be used when a file is edited in UPDATE or extended mode. • Operand or subcommand is valid only for display terminal. • File already exists. • RGTLEFT valid in display mode only. • No PRESERVE has been issued. • Pool of deleted lines is empty. • "QUERY POINT *" issued, but no symbolic names defined. • Macro not currently in storage. • LOAD has already been issued. • Subcommand is not valid in extended mode, or records truncated.
4	• Insufficient storage available. • No lines changed. • Each logical screen must contain at least 5 lines and 20 columns. • Line is not reserved. • Lrecl must be lower than 65536 for recfm V. • File already in storage. • Too many control characters defined. • Invalid when issued from prefix macro. • Macro is in use - do not purge. • No change occurred (string1 not found).
5	• Invalid or missing operand, string, or (line) number.
6	• Subcommand rejected in the profile because of LOAD error. • QUIT issued in macro.
7	• Error building the update file.

Table 7 (Page 4 of 5). **Return Codes Produced by the XEDIT Command**

Code	Meaning(s)
8	• Prefix area contains pending subcommand or macro. • I/O error. • Modifications lost because PA key pressed while message pending.
12	• Disk defined in file mode is read-only. • File has been changed (use QQUIT to QUIT anyway).
13	• Disk is full.
16	• EXEC 2 variable greater than 256 characters.
20	• Invalid character in file name or file type.
24	• Invalid file mode. • Invalid parameters or options. • Invalid columns defined.
28	• Source file not found (UPDATE MODE). • Library not found (MEMBER option). • Specified profile macro does not exist. • File XEDTEMP CMSUTI already exists. • File name already exists.
32	• Error during updating process. • Record "firstrec" is beyond end of file. • File is not a library. • Library has no entries. • File is not fixed, with 80 character records.
36	• Disk not accessed yet.
40	• No list given.
80	• Unsupported OS data set.
81	• Unsupported OS data set.
82	• Unsupported OS data set.
83	• Unsupported OS data set.
88	• File is too large, cannot fit into storage. • Previous MACLIB function not found.

Table 7 (Page 5 of 5). **Return Codes Produced by the XEDIT Command**	
Code	**Meaning(s)**
100	• Error reading/writing file to disk. • Error from rdbuf. • Error occurred while creating the file.
104	• No storage is available.
nn	• Command's return code specified as operand. • Same as repeated subcommand's return codes. • Return code of CMS or CP command. • Return code of subcommand or macro or from subcommand following LOCATE command.
any number >10	• Standard CMS HELP command return codes.

Online HELP Facility

The VM/SP online HELP facility contains information about:

- Commands
  - AVS, CMS, CP, IPCS, GCS and TSAF
- Subcommands
  - EDIT, XEDIT, SRPI, and IPCS
- Macros
  - CMS assembler language
- Routines
  - From the VMLIB callable services library (CSL)
- Messages
  - CMS, CP, TSAF, AVS, GCS, IPCS

Note: The following program products provide command and message HELP:

- RSCS
- PVM
- SQL/DS

- Control Statements and Instructions
  - EXEC and EXEC2, REXX

Entering

```
help
```

shows you the various general subjects covered by HELP, and how to use it to perform some specific system tasks. Entering

```
help task
```

shows you a listing of all the subjects for which HELP is available.

Note: If in XEDIT you will immediately be shown HELP for XEDIT. You can also directly access HELP for a command by entering:

HELP.[*component*] [*command*]

HELP can contain three layers of information (*brief*, *detailed*, and *related* layers) about commands, each more complete and detailed than the one before. Access a specific layer directly by adding it as an option to the above command.

Understanding Command Formats in HELP

Online, braces appear as less than (<) and greater than (>) characters while brackets appear as parentheses, bars, and plus signs.

The command format in a reference manual:

Help

[**TASKs** / **Help** / *taskname* **TASKs** / *menuname* **MENU** / *component-name cmd-name*] [([optionA] [optionB] [optionC] [ )]]]

[**MESSAGE** / **MSG**] *message-id*

OptionA: [**BRIef** / **DETail** / **RELated**]

OptionB: [**ALL**] [**DESCript**] [**FORMat**] [**PARMs**] [**OPTions**] [**NOTEs**] [**ERRors**]

OptionC: [**SCReen** / **NOScreen**] [**TYPe** / **NOType**] [**EXTend**]

The command format in online Help:

Note: To get the following example on your screen, type

```
help cms help (format
```

```
+---------+-------------------------------------------------------+
|         | +                         +                           |
|Help     | |TASKs                    |                           |
|         | |Help                     |                           |
|         | |taskname TASKs           | +                       + |
|         | |menuname MENU            | |((optionA)(optionB)(optionC)())| |
|         | |component-name cmd-name  | +                       + |
|         | +                         +                           |
|         | +       +                                             |
|         | |MESSAGE| message-id                                  |
|         | |MSG    |                                             |
|         | +                                                     |
|         |           +       +                                   |
|         | OptionA:  |BRIef  |                                   |
|         |           |DETail |                                   |
|         |           |RELated|                                   |
|         |           +       +                                   |
|         | OptionB:  (ALL)  (DESCript)  (FORMat)  (PARMs)        |
|         |           (OPTions)  (NOTEs)  (ERRors)                |
|         |           +       +    +     +                      |
|         | OptionC:  |SCReen |    |TYPe |   (EXTend)            |
|         |           |NOScreen|   |NOType|                      |
|         |           +       +    +     +                      |
+---------+-------------------------------------------------------+
```

Getting Help for System Messages

You can find out what a VM/SP message means directly by entering:

`HELP [message identifier]`

For example, to get Help on system message DMSACC059E, enter:

`====> help dms059e`

or

`====> help dmsacc059e`

CMS File Identifiers

File Names

CMS files can have any file name and file type you wish, subject to the following rules:

- The file name and file type can each be from one to eight characters.
- The valid characters are A-Z, a-z, 0-9, $, #, @, +, - (hyphen), : (colon), and _ (underscore).

Note: Lowercase letters within a file ID are valid for use within the CMS file system. However, some CMS commands do not support file IDs that contain lowercase letters.

Specifying Subsets of Files with Special Characters

Some CMS commands allow you to use two special characters in the *fn* and *ft* operands, if you want to specify a subset of your files rather than just one file. These commands are:

- CREATE ALIAS
- CREATE LOCK
- DELETE LOCK
- FILELIST
- GRANT AUTHORITY
- LISTFILE
- QUERY ALIAS
- QUERY AUTHORITY
- QUERY LOCK
- RELOCATE
- REVOKE AUTHORITY

The special characters are * (asterisk) and % (percent), where:

* represents any number of character(s). As many asterisks as required can appear *anywhere* in a file name or file type. However, the total number of characters, including the asterisks, may not exceed eight.

For example, if you enter:

```
filelist *d* *file*
```

you are requesting that the list contain all files on your disk or directory accessed as A whose file name contains "d" and whose file type contains "file."

% is a place-holding character for any single character. As many percent symbols as necessary may appear anywhere in a file name or file type.

Reserved File Types

The following file types are reserved for use by both CMS commands and the language processors:

In addition, there are special file types reserved for use by the language processors, which are IBM program products. For details, consult the appropriate program product manuals.

Table 8 (Page 1 of 9). **Reserved File types**

File type	Command	Usage	File name	Format RECFM | LRECL	Contents
AMSERV	AMSERV	Input	fn	F 80	Input control statements for Access Method Services
ASM3705	ASM3705 GEN3705	Input Output	fn fn(nn)	F 80 F 80	3704/3705 assembler source statements
ASSEMBLE	ASSEMBLE	Input	fn	F 80	Assembler language source statements
AUXxxxx	UPDATE XEDIT	Input	fn	F 80	Auxiliary update file
BASDATA	BASIC execution	Execution time files	fn	V 255	User input and output files
BASIC	BASIC	Input	fn	V 156	BASIC language source statements
CMSUT1	READCARD COPYFILE RECEIVE SENDFILE DISK LOAD TAPE LOAD UPDATE INCLUDE LOAD MACLIB EDIT TAPPDS XEDIT	Intermediate work files	READCARD COPYFILE RECEIVE SENDFILE DISK TAPE fn DMSLDR DMSLDR DMSLBM EDIT TAPPDS XEDIT	F 80	
CNTRL	UPDATE XEDIT	Input	fn	F 80	Control file update
COBOL	COBOL	Input	fn	F 80	COBOL source statements

Table 8 (Page 2 of 9). **Reserved File types**

File type	Command	Usage	File name	Format RECFM | LRECL	Contents
COPY	MACLIB SSERV	Input Output	fn fn	F 80	COPY control cards and macro definitions A book from a DOS/VS source library
CSLCNTRL	CSLGEN	Input	fn	F 80	Routine names, TEXT files, template files, and other CSL control files that are to be used in building the library.
CSLLIB	CSLGEN CSLLIST RTNLOAD	Output Input/Output Input	fn fn fn	F 80	Callable services library (CSL), generated by CSLGEN, for use on DASD.
CSLSEG	CSLGEN CSLLIST RTNLOAD	Output Input/Output Input	fn fn fn	F 80	Callable services library (CSL), generated by CSLGEN, for use in a logical saved segment.
DIRECT	DIRECT	Input	fn	F 80	User directory entries
DOSLIB	DOSLIB DOSLKED FETCH GLOBAL	Input Input Output Input	fn fn fn fn	V 1024	CMS/DOS phase library
DOSLNK	DOSLKED	Input	fn	F 80	Linkage editor control statements for input to CMS/DOS linkage editor

Table 8 (Page 3 of 9). **Reserved File types**

File type	Command	Usage	File name	Format RECFM | LRECL	Contents
ESERV	ESERV	Input	fn	F 80	Input control statements for ESERV program
EXEC	EXEC EXEC2 REXX LISTFILE GEN3705 LISTIO	Input Input Input Output Output Output	fn fn fn CMS fn $LISTIO	V 130 V 256 V none	EXEC statements
EXPAND	EXPAND	Input	fn		Control records that expand object files
FORTRAN	FORTGI FORTHX GOFORT TESTFORT	Input	fn	V 80	FORTRAN source statements
FREEFORT	GOFORT	Input	fn	V ≤81	FREEFORM FORTRAN source statements
FTnnF001	FORTRAN execution	Input/Output	fn		User input and output files
GCS	EXEC	Input	fn	V 130	EXEC statements
GLOBALV	GLOBALV DEFAULTS	Input/Output	fn Initial Session Lasting	F/V ≤5201 V ≤520 V ≤520	Collection of named variables
GROUP	GROUP	Output	fn	F 80	Group Control System (GCS) data block entries used to describe a GCS virtual machine group
HELPAVS	HELP	Input	fn	F/V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPCMS	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility

Table 8 (Page 4 of 9). **Reserved File types**

File type	Command	Usage	File name	Format RECFM | LRECL	Contents
HELPCMSQ	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPCMSS	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPCP	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPCPOT	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPCPQU	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPCPSE	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPEDIT	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPEXEC	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPEXC2	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPGROU	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPHELP	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPIPCS	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPMACR	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPMENU	HELP	Input	fn	V 77	Input files for HELP facility
HELPMSG	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPPREF	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPPVM	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility

Table 8 (Page 5 of 9). **Reserved File types**

File type	Command	Usage	File name	Format RECFM | LRECL	Contents
HELPQUER	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPREXX	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPROUT	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPRSCS	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPSET	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPSQLD	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPSRPI	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPTASK	HELP	Input	fn	V 105	Input files for HELP facility
HELPTSAF	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
HELPXEDI	HELP	Input	fn	V 79	Input files for HELP facility
LISTING	ASSEMBLE ASM3705 ESERV GOFORT FORTGI FORTHX COBOL PLIC PLICR PLIOPT TESTCOB	Output Output Output Output Output Input	fn fn fn fn fn fn	F 121 V 121	COBOL processor output used as input to SOURCE subcommand of TESTCOB
LKEDIT	LKED	Output	fn	F 121	Listing
LOGFILE	SET LOGFILE	Output	fn vscreen name	V none	Log of data written to virtual screen.

Table 8 (Page 6 of 9). **Reserved File types**

File type	Command	Usage	File name	Format RECFM | LRECL	Contents
LOADLIB	LKED ZAP	Output Input	fn fn	F ≤260	3704/3705 control program load modules
MACLIB	GLOBAL MACLIB MACLIST	Library Input/Output Input/Output	fn fn fn		Macro definitions (dictionary and members)
MACRO	ESERV MACLIB	Input Output	fn fn	F 80	Macro definitions
MAP	DOSLIB DOSLKED DSERV INCLUDE LOAD MACLIB TXTLIB TAPE	Output Output Output Output Output Output Output Output	libname fn DSERV LOAD LOAD fn fn fn	F 80	Library map DOS/VS linkage editor map Directory information from DOS/VS libraries Module map Module map Library Map Library Map Library Map
MEMO				F 80	
MODULE	GENMOD LOADMOD MODMAP	Output Input Input	fn fn fn	V	Nonrelocatable object file
NAMES	NAMEFIND NAMES	Input/Output	userid	V 255	Information about users in communication
NETLOG	RECEIVE SENDFILE	Logging	userid	V 255	Records logging transmission of files sent or received
NOTE	NOTE	Input/Output	userid	V 132	Creates a note to be sent to others.

Table 8 (Page 7 of 9). **Reserved File types**

File type	Command	Usage	File name	Format RECFM | LRECL	Contents
NOTEBOOK	RECEIVE SENDFILE	Input	userid	V 132	Notes sent to or received by you
PLI or PLIOPT	PLIOPT PLIC PLICR	Input Input Input	fn fn fn	F	PL/I source statements
PROC	PSERV	Output	fn	F 80	A procedure from the DOS/VS procedure library
REPOS	GENMSG	Input	DMKMES DMSMES	F 80	Source statements for message repositories.
RTABLE	PROP	Input	fn	V 72	Routing table for Programmable Operating Facility.
SCRIPT	SCRIPT	Input	fn	V 132	Input to SCRIPT processor
SYMDMP	FCOBOL	Output	fn	V 512	DOS/VS COBOL DEBUG file for SYMDMP option
SYNONYM	SYNONYM	Reference	fn	F 80	Command name synonyms
SYSUT1	ASM3705	Work	fn		
SYSUT2	ASSEMBLE	Work	fn		
SYSUT3	COBOL LKED PLIOPT	Work Work Work	fn fn fn		

Table 8 (Page 8 of 9). **Reserved File types**

File type	Command	Usage	File name	Format RECFM | LRECL	Contents
SYSUT4	COBOL LKED PLIC PLICR TESTCOB	Work Input	fn	F 80 512	Used as input to TESTCOB
TEMPLATE	CSLGEN	Input	fn	F 80	Template information for parameters of CSL routines
TESTFORT	TESTFORT	Output	fn	VB 125	Processor printed output
TEXT	ASSEMBLE ASM3705 COBOL DOSLKED GEN3705 INCLUDE LKED LOAD PLIOPT TXTLIB GOFORT FORTGI FORTHX RSERV TEXTFORT	Output Output Output Input Output Input Input Input Output Input Output Output Output Output Input	fn fn fn fn fn (Ln) fn fn fn fn fn fn fn fn	F 80	Object code 3704/3705 source code and JCL statements Object code Object code Linkage editor control statements for 3704/3705 control programs Object code Object code and LKED control cards Object code Object code Object code Object file
TXTlangid	GENMSG	Output	fn	F 80	Object code for language files.
TXTLIB	GLOBAL TXTLIB	Library Output	fn fn		Object decks (dictionary and members)

Table 8 (Page 9 of 9). **Reserved File types**					
File type	**Command**	**Usage**	**File name**	**Format RECFM | LRECL**	**Contents**
UPDATE	UPDATE	Input	fn	F 80	UPDATE control cards
UPDLOG	UPDATE	Input	fn	F	UPDATE log
VSBASIC	VSBASIC	Input	fn	F ≤256	VSBASIC language source statements
VSBDATA	VSBDATA	Execution time files	fn	V ≤140	VSBASIC user input/output files
UPDTxxxx	UPDATE	Input	fn	F 80	UPDATE control statements
XEDIT	XEDIT	Input	fn	V 255	EXEC/XEDIT statements
ZAP	ZAP ZAPTEXT	Input	fn	F 80	Control records that modify or dump files

File Modes

The file mode *letter* indicates the CMS shared file system directory on the CMS minidisk on which the file resides. The file mode *number* indicates the access mode of the directory or minidisk. The following table summarizes the uses of each file mode.

For more information see the *VM/SP CMS User's Guide*.

Table 9 (Page 1 of 2) **CMS File Modes**	
File Mode Number	**Description**
0	No users may access unless they have read/write access to minidisk.
1	For reading and writing; the default file mode.

Table 9 (Page 2 of 2). **CMS File Modes**

File Mode Number	Description
2	Similar to 1; usually assigned to files shared by users linked to a common minidisk.
3	Erased after being read. Should not be used with execs (which may be erased before execution).
4	OS simulated data set format, created by OS macros in programs running in CMS.
5	Similar to 1; can be used as a label, to maintain logical groups.
6	File written back to previous location on minidisk (update-in place attribute of a CMS file) rather than a new one; only applies to files located on 512-. 1K-, 2K-, or 4K-byte block formatted minidisks.

Naming Shared File System (SFS) Directories

The Shared File System, an extension of the CMS file system, provides a means of organizing files into a "tree" structure of multi-level directories. A Shared File System directory name (also called *dirname*) has the following format:

filepoolid:userid.[dir1.dir2.dir3.dir4.dir5.dir6.dir7.dir8]

where:

filepoolid
: is the name of the file pool, which must be followed by a colon.

userid
: is your user ID and also the name of the top directory. It must be followed by a period.

dir1 through *dir8*
: are the names of the subdirectories (maximum eight) under that top directory. Subdirectory names can be up to 16 characters long; the first character must be alphabetic, but the rest can be A-Z or 0-9. Two or more subdirectories may have the same name as long as each

of the subdirectories has a different parent directory. Subdirectory names must be separated by periods.

Specifying Directory Identifiers

SFS commands that accept a directory identifier (*dirid*) will accept a full directory name, a file mode, or plus (+) and minus (-) file mode letter notation to specify a directory. A file mode consists of a letter and number in commands that refer to a file or set of files; it consists of a letter only in commands that refer to an entire directory or minidisk.

Instead of using the entire directory name, plus and minus file mode letter notation lets you use a plus sign (+) before the file mode letter of a specific directory to move down one level lower in the hierarchy, or a minus (-) sign to move up one level.

In the above example, if *dir1,dir2 and dir3* are accessed as file mode letters B, C and E respectively, specifying file mode −C in a command would refer to *dir1*, +C would refer to *dir3*, and so forth. See the *VM/SP CMS Command Reference* or the *VM/SP CMS User's Guide* for more information.

Full-Screen CMS Default Settings

Full-screen CMS allows you to customize your session by tailoring virtual screens and the windows used to look at them. The following tables describe the default virtual screens and windows available in full-screen CMS. The route definition table shows how VM/SP messages are routed through virtual screens. For information about overriding these defaults, see the *VM/SP CMS User's Guide*.

Virtual Screen Default Settings

Default virtual screens are SYSTEM and TYPE virtual screens. This means that data is moved to the virtual screen when it is updated, and that it is retained when the system abnormally terminates (abends) or when an HX (halt execution) command is entered.

Table 10. **Default Virtual Screens**

Virtual Screen	Number of Lines	Number of Columns	Reserved Top Lines	Reserved Bottom Lines	Default Color	Options
WM	1	Physical screen size	0	5	White	NOPROTECT
STATUS	1	Physical screen size	0	0	White	PROTECT
NETWORK	16	70	2	0	Blue	PROTECT
WARNING	4	70	2	0	Red	PROTECT
MESSAGE	20	70	2	0	White	PROTECT
CMS	120	Physical screen size	2	5	Green	NOPROTECT

NOTES:

PROTECT You cannot type into the window(s) connected to the virtual screen because the data is protected.

NOPROTECT You can type into the window(s) connected to virtual screen; the data is not protected.

Message Routing with Full-Screen CMS

When SET FULLSCREEN is ON, the various message classes are routed to virtual screens according to the following table. For information on overriding these defaults, see the ROUTE command in the *VM/SP CMS Command Reference*.

Table 11. **Default Settings for Message Routing**

Message Class	Virtual Screen	Options
CMS	CMS	NOALARM NONOTIFY
CP	CMS	NOALARM NONOTIFY
MESSAGE	MESSAGE	ALARM NOTIFY
WARNING	WARNING	ALARM NOTIFY
SCIF	MESSAGE	NOALARM NONOTIFY
NETWORK	NETWORK	NOALARM NOTIFY

Window Default Settings

Default windows are SYSTEM windows. This means they are retained when the system abnormally terminates (abends) or when an HX (halt execution) command is entered.

Although the WM window is a default window is a default window, it is not defined when you enter full-screen CMS. It is defined when you enter the POP WINDOW WM command, press the PA1 key, or when it is automatically displayed on your screen.

Table 12. **Default Windows**

Window	Lines	Columns	Psline	Pscol	Options
STATUS	1	Physical screen size	-1	1	FIXED NOBORDER NOPOP NOTOP
CMS	Physical screen size	Physical screen size	1	1	FIXED BORDER NOPOP TOP
NETWORK	8 (max.)	71	-12	7	VARIABLE BORDER NOPOP TOP
WARNING	6 (max.)	71	3	3	VARIABLE BORDER POP TOP
MESSAGE	8 (max.)	71	11	3	VARIABLE BORDER POP TOP
WM	5	Physical screen size	-1	1	FIXED BORDER NOPOP NOTOP
CMSOUT	8	75	9	3	VARIABLE BORDER POP TOP

NOTES:

Pscr Size of the physical screen.

Psline Line on the physical screen where the upper (when psline is positive)
or lower (when psline is negative) corner of the window will be placed.

Pscol Column on the physical screen where the upper left corner of the window will be placed.

FIXED	Window has constant number of lines.
VARIABLE	Number of lines in window may vary from zero to the maximum, depending on how much scrollable data is to be displayed.
BORDER	Window borders are displayed when possible.
NOBORDER	Window borders not displayed.
POP	Window is displayed on top of all other windows when the virtual screen that the window is showing is updated.
NOPOP	Window stays in same position (in ordered list of windows) when the virtual screen that the window is showing is updated.
TOP	Window may qualify as the topmost window.
NOTOP	Window cannot qualify as a topmost window.

CP Command Privilege Classes

Each CP command has one or more user privilege classes associated with it. The privilege classes govern access to the commands. There are seven user classes (plus "class ANY"), whose commands perform seven general types of functions.

The following table shows the eight privilege classes, their associated function codes, and major tasks that each class of user can perform.

Table 13. **CP Privilege Classes**

IBM-Defined Class	Function Type	Function, Primary User, and Use
A	O	**Operations** - *Primary system operator* The system assigns class A to the user at the VM/SP console during IPL. The class A user is responsible for VM/SP's availability and its communication lines and resources. These commands control system accounting, broadcast messages, run virtual machine performance options, and affect VM/SP performance. Note: The Class A system operator who is automatically logged on during CP initialization is designated as the primary system operator.
B	R	**Resource** - *System Resource Operator* These commands control allocation and deallocation of real resources of the VM/SP system, except those that the primary system operator and the spooling operator control.
C	P	**Programming** - *System programmer* These commands update functions of the VM/SP system and change real storage in the real machine.
D	S	**Spooling** - *Spooling operator* These commands control spool data files and specific functions of the system's unit record equipment.
E	A	**Analyzing** - *System analyst* These commands examine and save certain data in the VM/SP storage area.
F	C	**CE** -*Service Representative* (Customer Engineer) These commands get and examine data about input and output devices connected to the VM/SP system.
G	G	**General** - *General User* These commands control functions to run users' virtual machines.
Any	None	These CP commands are available to any user. These are to gain and take away access to the VM/SP system.

Chapter 2. CMS, CP, RSCS, TSAF, AVS, IPCS and GCS Commands

The rest of this book contains CMS, CP, RSCS, TSAF, AVS, IPCS and GCS commands, and VM/SP service aids. Each command is briefly described and its format shown. For detailed explanations of commands, refer to the VM/SP reference manuals pertaining to the command type. (The command type, underlined and in bold print, is located directly beneath each command name.)

AVS	*Connectivity Planning, Administration, and Operation,* SC24-5378
CMS	*CMS Command Reference,* SC19-6209 *Application Development Guide for CMS,* SC24-5286 *Administration,* SC24-5285 *EXEC 2 Reference,* SC24-5219 *Installation Guide,* SC24-5237 *System Facilities for Programming,* SC24-5288 *CMS Shared File System Administration,* SC24-5367
REXX	*System Product Interpreter User's Guide,* SC24-5238 *System Product Interpreter Reference,* SC24-5239
XEDIT	*System Product Editor Command and Macro Reference,* SC24-5221
CP	*CP General User Command Reference,* SC19-6211 *CP System Command Reference,* SC24-5402
GCS	*Group Control System Command and Macro Reference,* SC24-5250
IPCS	*Interactive Problem Control System Guide and Reference,* SC24-5260

RSCS *Operation and Use, SH24-5058*

Note: RSCS commands must be preceded by RSCS if entered by the console operator, or by SMSG RSCSvmid if entered by a system-authorized alternative operator.

TSAF *Connectivity Planning, Administration, and Operation, SC24-5378*

Note: TSAF commands are either entered by the TSAF virtual console or by the secondary user of the TSAF virtual machine. If entered by the secondary user, commands must be preceded by SEND USERID,. where USERID is that of the disconnected TSAF virtual machine.

---

* **CMS,CP Class Any, GCS, RSCS**

Permits comments.

***** *anycomment*

#CP **CP Class Any**

Executes a CP command while in a virtual machine command environment without first signaling attention to get to the CP command environment.

#CP [*commandline1* [*# commandline2* *#...*]]

ACCESS

CMS

Allows you to access minidisks or SFS directories with a file mode letter.

ACcess [*dirid fm* [*/ext*] [(optionsA...[)]]
vdev fm [*/ ext* [*fn* [*ft* [*fm*]]]] [(optionsB...[)]]]

OptionsA: [NOPROF] [NODISK]

OptionsB: [NOPROF] [ERASE | SAVEONLY | NOSAVE] [NODISK]

ACCESS

GCS

Identifies CMS or VSAM disks that an application will use.

Unlike the CMS ACCESS command, you cannot specify options, and you cannot have an 800 byte blocksize.

ACcess [*cuu mode* [*/ext* [*fn* [*ft* [*fm*]]]]
191 A]

ACNT

CP Class A

Creates accounting records.

ACNT $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \textit{userid1} \ [\textit{userid2} \ ...] \\ \textbf{ALL} \ [\textbf{CLOSE}] \\ \textbf{CLOSE} \end{array}\right\}$

ADD LINK

TSAF

Identifies a communication link to TSAF when the TSAF virtual machine is running. Only the TSAF virtual console or the secondary user of the TSAF virtual machine can issue this command.

ADD **LINK** *vdev*

ADSTOP

CP Class G

Halts the execution of the virtual machine.

ADSTOP $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \textit{hexloc} \\ \textbf{OFF} \end{array}\right\}$

AGW ACTIVATE GATEWAY **AVS**

Defines a gateway LU in the TSAF collection to VTAM and VM.

AGW ACTIVATE GATEWAY *gateway* {**GLOBAL** / **PRIVATE** [**USERID** *userid*]}

AGW CNOS **AVS**

Sets the session limit and contention winner polarity values for communications between a gateway (local LU) and a remote LU.

AGW CNOS *gateway remotelu modename seslimit conwin conlose* [**DRAIN** / **NODRAIN**]

AGW DEACTIVATE CONV **AVS**

Deactivates a conversation on a gateway.

AGW DEACTIVE CONV *gateway convid*

AGW DEACTIVATE GATEWAY **AVS**

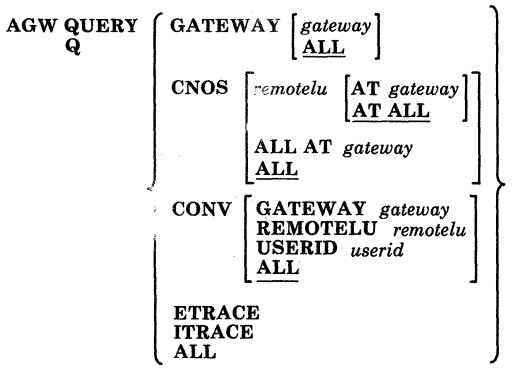
Deactivates an activated gateway.

AGW DEACTIVE GATEWAY *gateway* [**FORCE**]

AGW QUERY

AVS

Displays information about various settings and conditions of the AVS application.



AGW QUIESCE

AVS

Ends AVS when the last existing conversations have completed.

```
AGW QUIESCE
```

AGW SET ETRACE

AVS

Enables and disables external tracing.

Note: External tracing will only be in effect if internal tracing is set on.

```
AGW SET    ETRACE {ON  }
                  {OFF }
```

AGW SET ITRACE

AVS

Enables and disables internal tracing.

Note: Must be set on to enable external tracing.

```
AGW SET    ITRACE {GATEWAY gateway} {ON  }
                  {ALL           } {OFF }
```

AGW START

AVS

Calls an AVS application.

```
AGW START  [nnnn][ETRACE ]
           [40  ]
```

AGW STOP — AVS

Ends an AVS application immediately. All existing conversations through AVS will be deactivated.

AGW STOP

ALARM VSCREEN — CMS

Sounds the terminal alarm the next time the display is refreshed.

ALARM VSCreen *vname*

AMSERV — CMS

Uses access method services utility functions to create, alter, list, copy, delete, import, or export VSAM catalogs and data sets.

AMserv *fn1* [*fn2* / *fn1*] [(**options...**[)]]

Options: [**PRINT**] [**TAPIN** {18*n* / TAP*n*}] [**TAPOUT** {18*n* / TAP*n*}]

APAR

IPCS

Generates APAR documentation for submission to IBM. The documentation can either be printed or dumped to tape.

APAR

ASMGEND

CMS

Regenerates the VM/SP assembler command modules (system programmers only).

ASMGEND

ASM3705

CMS

Assembles 370x source code.

Note: All of the options of the 3705 XF assembler are supported and may be used with the ASM3705 command, with the exception of ALIGN | NOALIGN and TEST | NOTEST.

ASM3705 *fn* [(*options* ...)]

Options:

[XREF (FULL) / XREF (SHORT) / NOXREF] [RENT / NORENT] [DECK / NODECK] [LOAD / NOLOAD]

[LIST / NOLIST] [LINECOUN (55) / LINECOUN (nn)] [PRINT / DISK / NOPRINT]

ASSEMBLE

CMS

Assembles assembler language source code.

Assemble *fn* [(options... [)]]

Listing Control Options:

[ALOGIC / NOALOGIC] [ESD / NOESD] [FLAG (*nnn*) / FLAG (0)] [LINECOUN (*nn*) / LINECOUN (55)]

[LIST / NOLIST] [MCALL / NOMCALL] [MLOGIC / NOMLOGIC] [RLD / NORLD] [LIBMAC / NOLIBMAC]

[XREF (FULL) / XREF (SHORT) / NOXREF] [PRINT / NOPRINT / DISK]

Output Control Options:

[DECK / NODECK] [OBJECT / NOOBJECT] [TEST / NOTEST]

SYSTERM Options:

[NUMBER / NONUM] [STMT / NOSTMT] [TERMINAL / NOTERM]

Other Assembler Options:

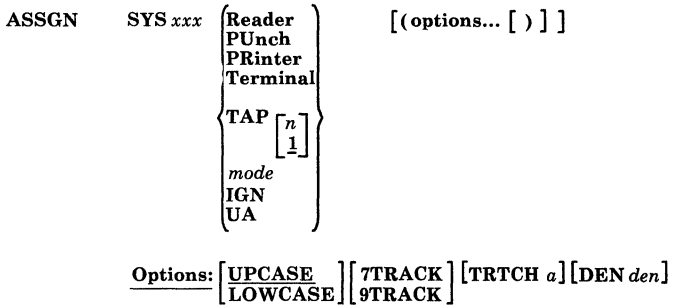
[ALIGN / NOALIGN] [BUFSIZE (MIN) / BUFSIZE (STD) / BUFSIZE (MAX)] [RENT / NORENT]

[YFLAG / NOYFLAG] [SYSPARM (*string*) / SYSPARM () / SYSPARM (?)] [WORKSIZE (2048K) / WORKSIZE (*nnnnn*K)]

ASSGN

CMS

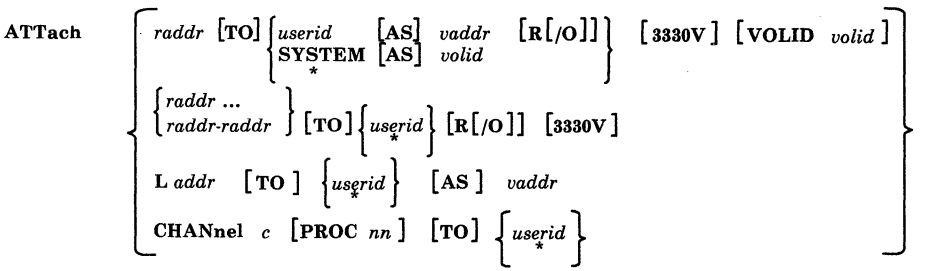
Assigns or unassigns a CMS/DOS system or programmer logical unit for a virtual I/O device.



ATTACH

CP Class B

Attaches a real device to a specified user or to the system.



ATTN

CP Class G

Makes attention interruption pending.

ATTN

AUDIT

CMS

Starts or stops file pool server security audit trace processing. (File pool server operator only.)

AUDIT { **ON** { **PARTIAL** / **ALL** } | **OFF** [**CLOSE** / **NOCLOSE**] }

AUTOLOG

CP Class A and B

Logs on any virtual machine defined in the VM/370 directory.

AUTOLOg *userid password* [*variable data*]

B

CMS Border Command

Scrolls the window backward.

B

BACKSPAC

CP Class D

Restarts or repositions a current spool file.

Printer Format:

BAckspac { *raddr* / *lprt* } [**File** / *pages* / **1**] [**EOF**]

Punch Format:

BAckspac *raddr* [**File**]

BACKSPAC

RSCS

Restarts or repositions in a backward direction the file currently being transmitted. This command is for RJE, 3270P, SNA3270P, and MRJE type links.

BAckspac [*linkid*] [**File** / *nnn*]

BACKUP

CMS

Starts a backup of the control data while multiple user mode processing continues. (File pool server operator only.)

BACKUP

BEGIN

CP Class G

Starts the execution of a virtual machine.

Begin [*hexloc*]

C

CMS Border Command

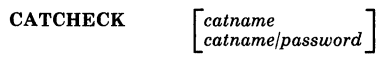
Clears the window of scrollable data.

C

CATCHECK

CMS

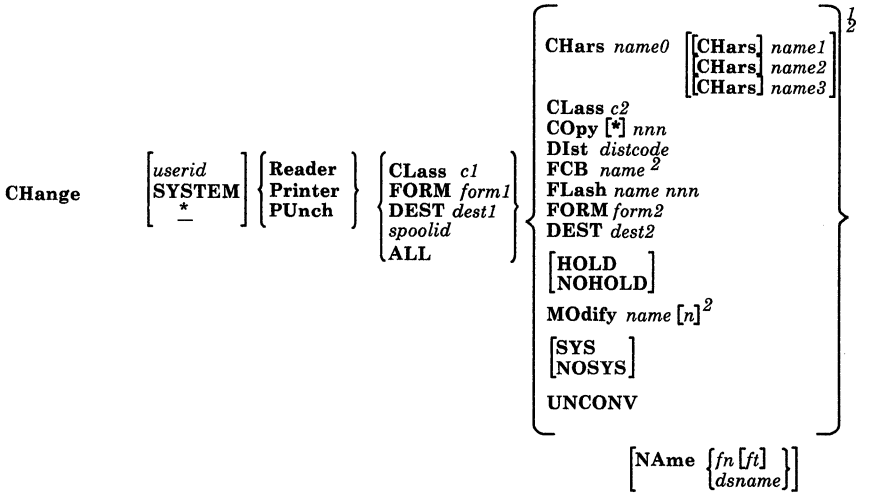
Allows a CMS VSAM user (with or without DOS set ON) to use the VSE/VSAM Catalog Check Service Aid to verify a complete catalog structure.



CHANGE

CP Class D

Alters the attributes of a closed spool file.



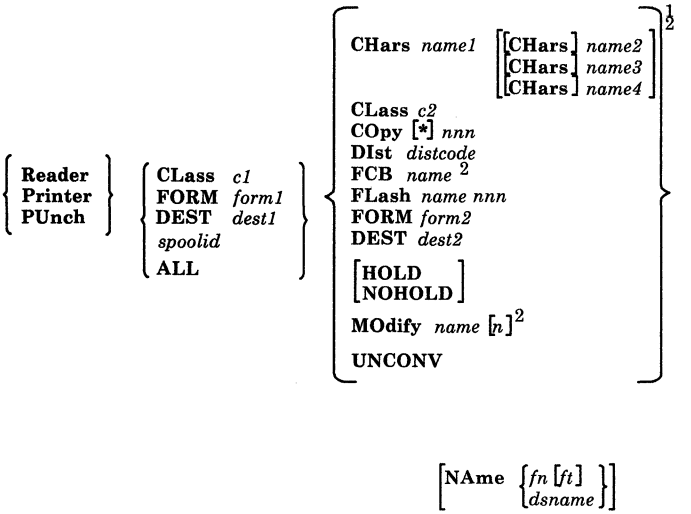
[1] One of these options must be chosen; however, more than one may be specified and they may be in any sequence.

[2] The CHars, FCB, and MOdify options are valid for only the 3800 printer.

CHANGE

CP Class G

Alters the attributes of a closed spool file.



[1] One of these options must be chosen; however, more than one may be specified. They may be combined in any sequence on the command line, except for NAME which, if specified, must be the last entry in the command line.
(This is contrary to the notation usually used in this publication.)

[2] The CHars, FCB, and MOdify options are valid for only the 3800 printer.

CHANGE

RSCS

Alters one or more attributes of an inactive spool file.

General User Format:

CHange [*] *spoolid* *options ...*

Operator Format:

CHange [*linkid*] *spoolid* *options ...*

[**PRIority** *nn*]
[**CLass** *c*]
[**COpy** [*] *nnn*]
[**DIst** *distcode*]

[**HOld**]
[**NOHold**]

[**FLash** *name nnn*]
[**MOdify** *name* [*trc*]]
[**CHars** *name1* [.. **CHars** *name4*]]
[**FCB** *name*]
[**FOrm** *cccccccc*]

[**DEST** { *cccccccc* / **OFF** }]

NAme { *fn* [*ft*] / *dsname* }

CLEAR VSCREEN

CMS

Erases data in the virtual screen by overwriting the data buffer with nulls.

CLEAR VSCreen *vname*

CLEAR WINDOW

CMS

Scrolls past all data in the virtual screen to which the window is connected so that no data is displayed in the data area of the window.

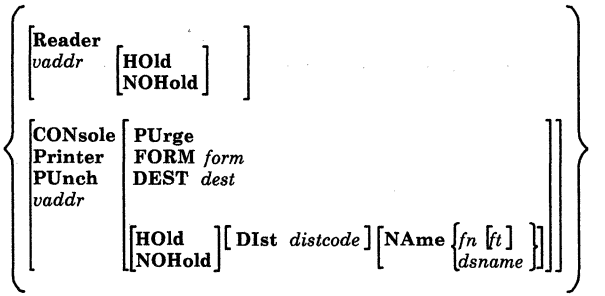
CLEAR WINdow [*wname* | =]

CLOSE

CP Class G

Terminates spooling operations on a virtual reader, printer, or punch.

Close



CMD

RSCS

Forwards a command line to a remote system for execution.

CMD *nodeid* [*command text*]

CMDCALL

CMS

Converts EXEC 2 extended plist function calls to CMS extended plist command calls.

CMDCALL [*cmd* [*operand1* [*operand2 ... operandn*]]]

CMSBATCH

CMS

Calls the CMS batch facility, creating a virtual machine running in batch mode.

CMSBATCH [*sysname*]

CMSGEND

CMS

Generates a new CMS module from updated TEXT files.

CMSGEND *fn* [**CTLCMS** / **CTLALL** / **NOCLEAR** / **MAP** / **NOINV**] [**MODE** *fm* / **A**]

CMSSERV — CMS

Starts IBM Enhanced Connectivity Facilities communications between your VM/SP host system and your work station (IBM Personal Computer).

CMSSERV [(**options...** [ )]]

options: [**CUT** / **DFT**]

COMMANDS — CP Class Any

Lists the commands and diagnose codes you are authorized to use.

COMMands

COMPARE — CMS

Compares records in CMS disk files.

COMpare *fileid1* *fileid2* [**(option...** [ )]]

Option: [**COL** *mmm* [*nnn*] / **COL** *mmm-nnn*]

CONVERT

IPCS

Converts VM/370 Symptom Summary files and PRBnnnnn to the format required by VM/SP IPCS.

CONVERT *fn* [*ft* [*fm*]]

CONVERT COMMANDS

CMS

Converts a CMS file containing Definition Language for Command Syntax (DLCS) statements into an internal form for the parsing facility.

CONVert COMmands [*fn* [*ft* | **DLCS**] [*fm* | *]]] [(options... [)]]

Options: [**SYStem** | **USER** | **ALL**] [**CHeck** | **OUTmode** [*fm* | *]]

[**STACK** [**FIFO** | **LIFO**] | **FIFO** | **LIFO**]

CONVIPCS

IPCS

Converts PVM Release 2 or RSCS Release 3 help files to format required for VM/SP IPCS usage.

CONVIPCS

CONWAIT — CMS

Causes the program to wait until all pending terminal I/O is complete.

CONWAIT

COPYFILE — CMS

Copies CMS files from one minidisk to another, one SFS directory to another, or between minidisks and directories.

COPYfile *fileidi1* [*fileidi2...*] [*fileido*] [(**options...** [)]]

Options:

[**Type** / **NOType**] [**NEWDate** / **OLDDate**] [**NEWFile** / **REPlace**] [**PRompt** / **NOPRompt**]

[**FRom** *recno* / **FRLabel** *xxxxxxxx*] [**FOR** *numrec* / **TOLabel** *xxxxxxxx*] [**SPecs** / **NOSPecs**]

[**OVly** / **APpend**] [**RECfm** {**F** / **V**}] [**Lrecl** *nnnn*] [**TRUnc** / **NOTRunc**]

[**PAck** / **UNPack**] [**FIll** *c* / **FIll** *hh* / **FIll 40**] [**EBcdic**] [**UPcase** / **LOwcase**] [**TRAns**]

[**SIngle**]

COUPLE

CP Class G

Connects virtual channel-to-channel adapters.

COUPLE *vaddr1* [**To**] *userid* *vaddr2*

CP

CMS

Enters CP commands from the CMS environment.

CP [*commandline*]

CP

CP Class Any

Permits execution of CP commands within your privilege class.

CP [*commandline1* [*# commandline2 #...*]]

CP

RSCS

Executes a command line as a VM/370 Control Program (CP) console function without leaving the RSCS command environment (for RSCS operator only).

CP *command text*

CPQUERY

RSCS

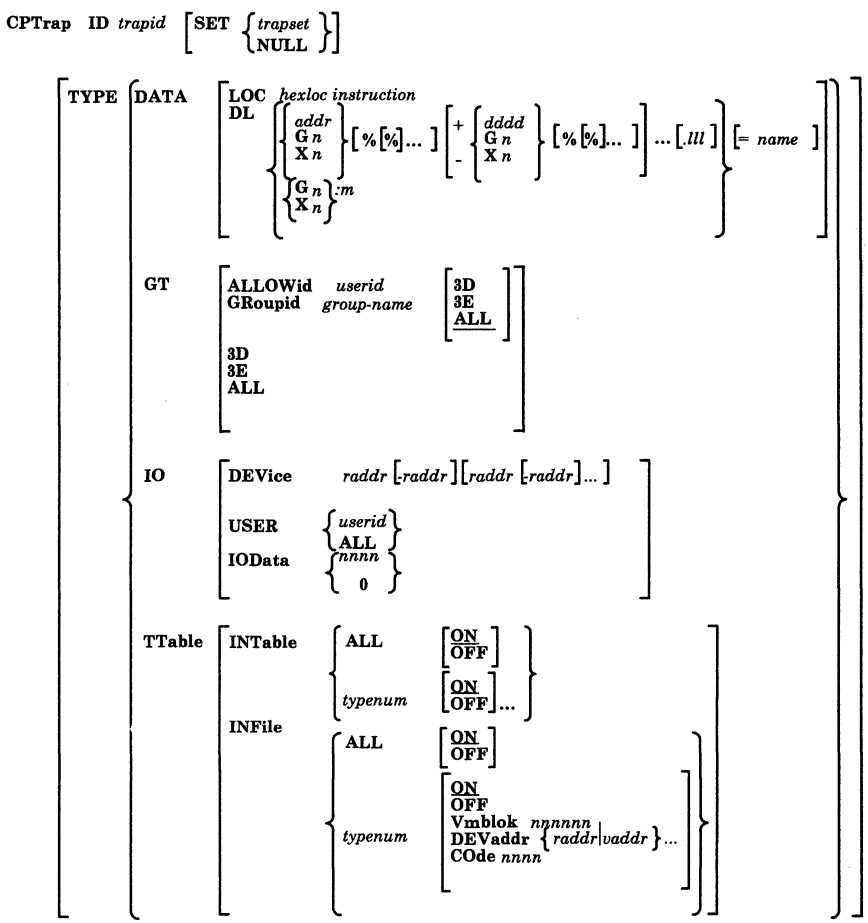
Requests status information from CP, similar to a VM/370 CP QUERY command.

CPQuery { **CPUid** | **CPLEVEL** | **INDicate** | **LOGmsg** | **Names** | **Time** | **Users** [*userid*] }

CPTRAP

CP Class C

Creates a file of trace table and CP and virtual machine interface records in the order they happen for problem determination.



(format continued on the next page)

CPTRAP

(format continued from the previous page)

TO { *userid* | * } [**WRAP** *nnnnn*]

CLOSE

ENable | **DISAble** | **DROp** { [**ID** [*t1*[*t2...tx*]] [**SET** *s1* [*s2...sy*]]] | **ALL** }

STOP

[*other operands*] **DISPlay**

CREATE ALIAS

CMS

Places an additional name for a file in a specified directory.

CREate ALIas { *fn1* | * } { *ft1* | * } *dirid1* { *fn2* | = } { *ft2* | = } { *dirid2* | = } [**(options...[)**]]

Options: [**TYPe** | **NOType** | **STACK** [**FIFO** | **LIFO**] | **LIFO** | **FIFO**]

CREATE DIRECTORY

CMS

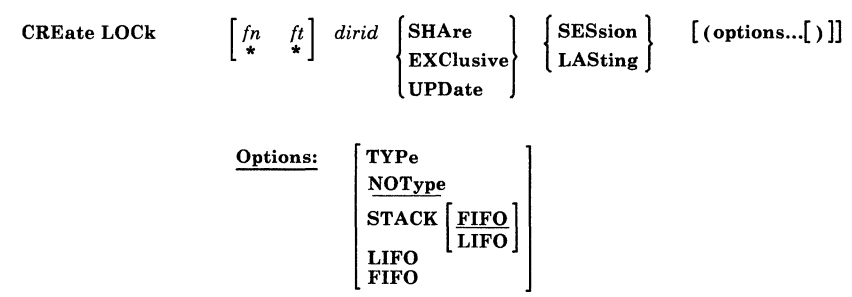
Creates an SFS directory.

CREate DIRectory *dirid*

CREATE LOCK

CMS

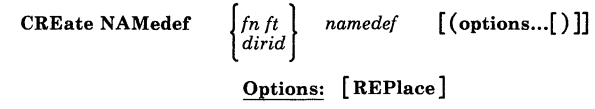
Creates an explicit lock on a file or a directory.



CREATE NAMEDEF

CMS

Assigns a temporary name for a user which can be used by a program, instead of a file name and file type or a fully-qualified directory name.



CSLGEN — CMS

Builds a callable services library from control files, text files and template files.

```
CSLGEN  { DASD }  library FROM fn [ ft          [ dirid ]] [(options... [)]]
        { SEG  }                  [ CSLCNTRL    [ *     ]]

        options:

        [ TO   dirid ]   [ REPlace   ]
        [ TO   A     ]   [ NOREPlace ]
```

CSLLIST — CMS

Lists information about all members of a specified callable services library, with the ability to issue certain commands (RTNLOAD, RTNMAP, RTNSTATE, or RTNDROP) from the list's command area.

```
CSLList  libname  [(options... [)]]

         Options: [ IN fm      ]
                  [ IN dirid   ]
                  [ SEGment segid ]
                  [ Append ]
                  [ PROFile fn ]
```

A **Special command** that can be used in the CSLLIST environment, followed by it's description, is:

EXECUTE [**Cursor** / *lines*] [*command*]

Issues CP/CMS commands (or EXECs) that make use of files displayed by CSLLIST.

CURSOR VSCREEN

CMS

Positions the cursor on a specified line and column in a virtual screen.

CURsor VSCreen *vname line col* [**(options** [**)**]]

Options: [**Reserved** / **Data**]

D

CMS Border Command

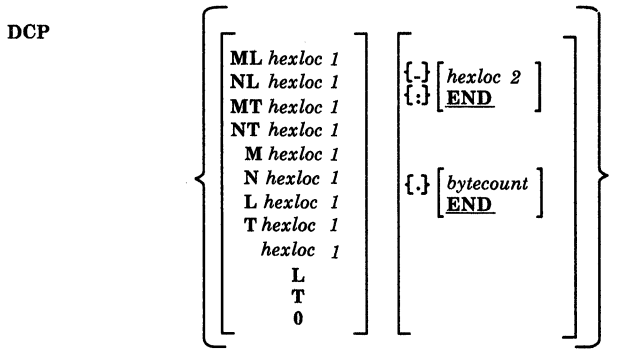
Drops the window.

D

DCP

CP Class C and E

Displays real processor storage on the terminal.



DCSSGEN

CMS

Builds the CMS installation saved segment (CMSINST).

DCSSGEN *fn ft fm* [*segname* | **CMSINST**]

DDR

CMS

Performs backup, restores, and copies operations for entire DASD volumes or minidisks.

DDR [*fn ft* [*fm* | *]]

I/O Definition Statements:

INput | **OUTput** *cuu type* [*volser* | *altape* | **SCRATCH**] [(options...)]

Options:

[**SKip** *nn* | **SKip** *0*] [**MOde 6250** | **MOde 1600** | **MOde 800** | **MOde 38K**] [**REWIND** | **UNload** | **LEave**] **COmpact**

SYSPRINT Control Statement:

SY*sprint* [*cuu* | **CONS** | **00E**]

Function Control Statements:

DUmp [**FTr** | **OLDFORM**] [*block1* | *cyl1* [**TO**] [*block2* | *cyl2* [**Reorder**] [**To**] [**block3** | **cyl3**]] | **CPvol** | **ALL** | **NUcleus**]

COpy
REstore
[*block1* [TO] [*block2* [Reorder] [To] [**block3** / **cyl3**]]]
cyl1
CPvol
ALL
NUcleus

Note: The FTr option is valid only with the DUMP control statement.

PRINT/TYPE Function Statements:

PRint
TYpe
cyl1 [*hh1* [*rr1*]] [To *cyl2* [*hh2* [*rr2*]]] [(options...)]]

block1 [To *block2*] [(options...)]

Options:

[Hex][Graphic][Count]

DEBUG

CMS

Displays state of virtual machine at time of abend.

DEBUG

DEFAULTS

CMS

Sets or displays default options for various commands.

DEFAULTS [Set *command options...* / List [*command*]]

DEFINE

CP Class A and B

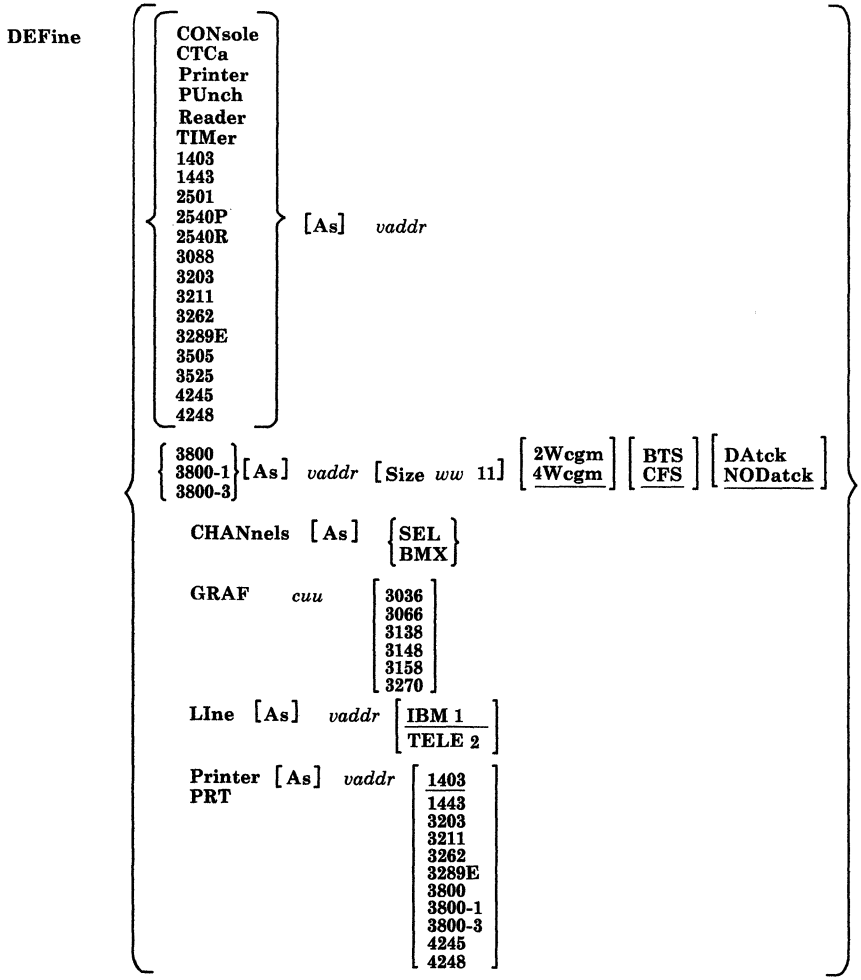
Redefines the status of a 3330V volume.

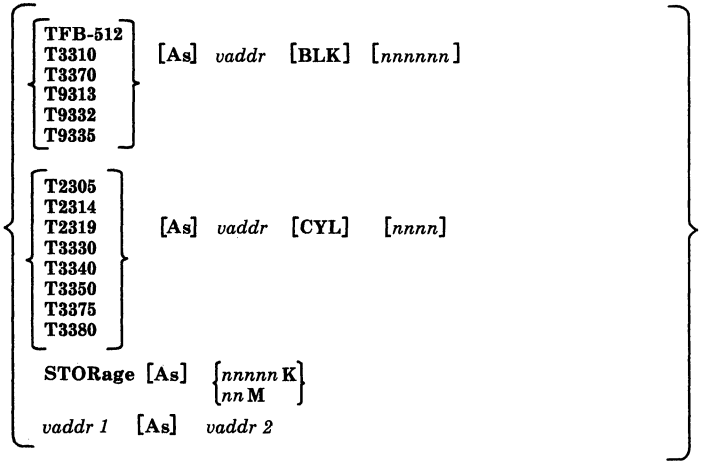
DEFine {Sysvirt / Virtual} *raddr1* [-*raddr2*]

DEFINE

CP Class G

Reconfigures the user's virtual machine or channel operating mode.

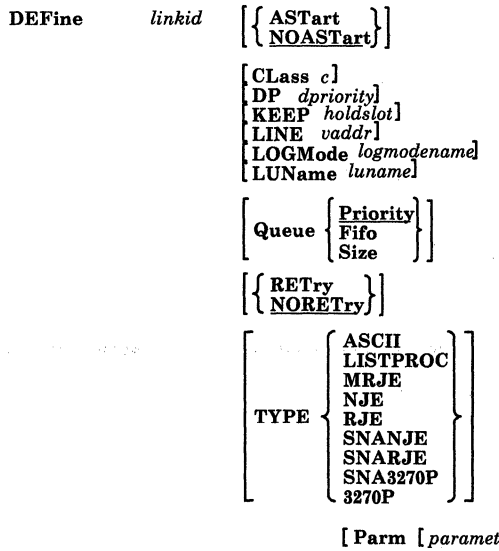



TFB-512
T3310
T3370
T9313
T9332
T9335
[As] vaddr [BLK] [nnnnnn]
T2305
T2314
T2319
T3330
T3340
T3350
T3375
T3380
[As] vaddr [CYL] [nnnn]
STORage [As] nnnnnK
nnM
vaddr 1 [As] vaddr 2

DEFINE

RSCS

Temporarily adds a new link definition to the RSCS link table, or temporarily alters an existing link definition (for RSCS operator only).



DEFINE VSCREEN

CMS

Creates a virtual screen.

DEFine VSCreen *vname lines cols rtop rbot* **[(optionA optionB optionC optionD[)]]**

OptionA: [**TYPe** | **NOType**]

OptionB: [**PRotect** | **NOProtect**] [**High** | **NOHigh**]

OptionC: [*color*] [*exthi*] [*psset*]

OptionD: [**USer** | **SYstem**]

DEFINE WINDOW

CMS

Creates a window.

DEFine WINdow *wname lines cols psline pscol* **[(options [)]]**

Options: [**VARiable** | **FIXed**] [**BORder** | **NOBorder**] [**POP** | **NOPop**]

[**TOP** | **NOTop**] [**USer** | **SYstem**]

DELETE — RSCS

Temporarily deletes a link definition from the RSCS link table. (For RSCS operator only.)

DELete *linkid*

DELETE ADMINISTRATOR — CMS

Removes administrator authority for the specified Shared File System file pool, from the specified user ID. (For use by file pool administrator only.)

DELete ADMinistrator { *userid* / *nickname* } [*filepoolid:*] [**(options... [ )]**]

Options:

- **TYPe**
- **NOType**
- **STACK** [**FIFO** / **LIFO**]
- **LIFO**
- **FIFO**

DELETE LINK — TSAF

Removes a communication link from the TSAF table of communication links when the TSAF virtual machine is running. Only the TSAF virtual console or the secondary user of the TSAF virtual machine can issue this command.

DELETE LINK *vdev*

DELETE LOCK

CMS

Releases the explicit lock placed on a file or directory by the CREATE LOCK command.

DELete LOCk [*fn* *ft*] *dirid* [(**options...**[)]]
[* *]

Options: [**FROM** *userid*]

[**TYPe**]
[**NOType**]
[**STACK** [**FIFO**]]
[[**LIFO**]]
[**LIFO**]
[**FIFO**]

DELETE NAMEDEF

CMS

Deletes the temporary name given to a user by the CREATE NAMEDEF command, and makes it no longer usable by a program.

DELete NAMedef { *namedef* }
{ * }

DELETE PUBLIC

CMS

Removes the connect authority given to public on the ENROLL PUBLIC command. (For use by file pool administrator only.)

DELete PUBlic [*filepoolid:*]

DELETE USER — CMS

Removes a user from the specified file pool. (For use by file pool administrator only.)

DELete USEr { *userid* / *nickname* } [*filepoolid:*] [(options... [ )]]

Options:

[**TYPe** / **NOType** / **STACK** [**FIFO** / **LIFO**] / **LIFO** / **FIFO**]

[**CONFirm** / **NOCONFirm**]

DELETE VSCREEN — CMS

Removes a virtual screen definition.

DELete VSCreen *vname*

DELETE WINDOW — CMS

Removes a window definition.

DELete WINdow *wname*

DESBUF

CMS

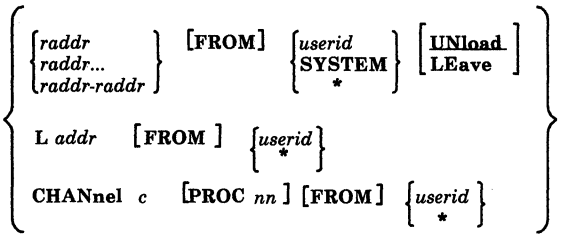
Clears the program stack and the terminal input buffers.

DESBUF

DETACH

CP Class B

Removes a real device from the system or from a specific user.

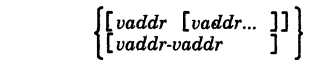


UNLoad and LEave can be used with tape devices only.

DETACH

CP Class G

Removes a virtual device from the virtual machine.



DIAL

CP Class Any

Attaches a terminal device to a multiple access system.

Dial *userid* [*vaddr*]

DIRECT

CMS

Sets up VM/SP directory entries.

DIRECT [*fn* <u>USER</u> [*ft* <u>DIRECT</u> [*fm* <u>*</u>]]] [(EDIT)]

Control Statements:

Account number [*distribution*]

Defines an account number and a distribution identification.

ACIgroup *groupname*

Defines a user as a member of an access control group. If used, must precede first device statement (CONSOLE, MDISK, DEDICATE, LINK or SPOOL).

CLass *classes*

Defines up to 32 user classes assigned to a user. If used, must immediately follow USER control statement and USER control statement must have an asterisk (*) in its class field.

Console *vaddr devtype* [*class*] [*userid*]

Specifies the virtual console.

Dedicate { **NETwork** *vaddr* *resource* | *vaddr* { *rdev* [**VOLID**] [*volser*] [**3330V**] [**R/O**] | [**VOLID**] *volser* [**3330V**] [**R/O**] } }

Specifies that a real device is to be dedicated to this user.

DIRectory *cuu* *devtype* *volser* [*alt-cuu*]

Defines the device on which the directory is allocated. Must be the first statement.

INclude *profilename*

Specifies the name of a PROFILE entry to be used as part of this USER entry. If used, must directly follow USER control statement.

Ipl *iplsys* [**PARM** *data*]

Contains the name of the system to be loaded for the user when they log on. If used, must follow USER control statement, and precede first device statement (CONSOLE, MDISK, DEDICATE, LINK or SPOOL).

IUCV [*userid* | *resource id* | *** CRM** | *** IDENT** [**RESANY** | *resid*] [**LOCAL** | **GLOBAL**] [**REVOKE**] | ***CCS** | ***SIGNAL** | ***LOGREC** | ***SPL** | **ALLOW** | **ANY**] **PRIORITY** [**MSGLIMIT** *limit*]

Defines an authorization for establishment of a communication path with another virtual machine or a CP system service. If used, must follow USER control statement or another OPTION control statement, and precede first device statement (CONSOLE, MDISK, DEDICATE, LINK or SPOOL).

Link *userid* *vaddr1* [*vaddr2* [*mode*]]

Makes a device belonging to another user ID available to this virtual machine at logon.

Mdisk *cuu* *devtype* { *cylr* *cyls* *volid* [*mode* [*pr* [*pw* [*pm*]]]] | **T-DISK** *cyls* | *blkr* *blks* }

Assigns DASD area which becomes the user's minidisk.

DIRECT

Option [Realtimer] [Ecmode] [CONceal] [Isam] [Virt=real]
[Acct] [Svcoff] [BMX] [CPUID *bbbbbb*]
[Affinity *nn*] [VMsave] [STFirst] [370E]
[Maxconn] [MIH] [DIAG98] [COMSRV]
[Lang *langid*] [VCUNOSHR]

Selects specific options. If used, must follow USER control statement or another OPTION control statement, and precede the first device statement (CONSOLE, MDISK, DEDICATE, LINK or SPOOL).

Profile *profilename*

Specifies the start of a PROFILE entry in the source directory. If used, must follow DIRECTORY control statements and precede USER control statements.

SCReen *area* { *color* [*hilight* | NONe] *hilight* [*color* | DEFault] } .....

Defines the color and extended-highlight options for the user terminal. If used, must follow USER control statement, and precede first device statement (CONSOLE, MDISK, DEDICATE, LINK or SPOOL).

SPEcial *vaddr* *devtype* [IBM | TELE]

Specifies the I/O units available to the user (may or may not be connected to real or virtual devices). If used, must follow USER control statement, and precede first device statement (CONSOLE, MDISK, DEDICATE, LINK or SPOOL).

Spool *cuu* *devtype* [*class* [*ww* [*ll* [2WCGM | 4WCGM] [CFS | BTS] [DATCK | NODATCK]]]]

Specifies the unit record device to be spooled.

User *userid* *pass* [*stor* [*mstor* [*cl* [*pri* [*le* ON | OFF] [*ld* ON | OFF] [*cd* ON | OFF] [*es* ON | OFF]]]]]]]]

Defines a virtual machine and creates a VM/SP directory entry. If * is used, the USER control statement should be followed immediately by the CLASS control statement.

DIRLIST

CMS

Lists directories of a specified directory structure in a fullscreen environment.

DIRList [*dirid*] [(**options...**[)]]

Options: [**ACCessed** / **ALL**] [**PROFile** *fn*]
[**APPend**] [**DIRlist** *fn* / **NODirlist**]

Special Commands which can be used in the DIRLIST environment, followed by their descriptions, are:

AUThlist [*fn ft*] *dirid* [(**options...**[)]]

Options: [**REFresh**]

Displays the authority that the issuer has for the specified file or directory, and also shows a list of all the users authorized for that file or directory if the issuer is the owner.

DISCARD [*fn ft* [*fm* / *dirid*] / *dirid*]

Erases a file displayed in the list.

EXECUTE [**Cursor** / *lines*] [*command*]

Issues CP/CMS commands (or EXECs) that make use of files displayed by DIRLIST.

DISABLE

DISABLE — CMS

Disables a storage group or file space for write access (SHARE) or all access (EXCLUSIVE). When all access is prohibited (EXCLUSIVE), the storage group minidisks may also be detached. DISABLE may be done on behalf of another user by specifying the *userid*. (File pool server operator only.)

DISABLE { **GROUP** *group-num* { **SHARE** / **EXCLUSIVE** } { **DETACH** / **NODETACH** } | **FILESPACE** *userid* { **SHARE** / **EXCLUSIVE** } } [**FOR** *owner*]

DISABLE — CP Class A and B

Prevents communication lines from accessing VM/SP.

DISAble { *raddr...* / **L** *addr...* / **SNA** [*userid*] / **ALL** }

DISABLE — RSCS

Deactivates a switched telecommunications port (a dialed telephone line).

DISAble { *cuu* / **ALL** }

DISCONN

CP Class Any

Disconnects the terminal from the VM/SP system while the virtual machine continues operation.

DISConn [**HOld**]

DISCONN

RSCS

Places RSCS in disconnect mode and optionally directs RSCS operator console output to another virtual machine (for RSCS operator only).

DISConn [{ **LOG** / **NOLog** } [*userid*]]

DISK

CMS

Performs disk-to-card and card-to-disk operations for CMS files. Can be used with files residing on minidisk or in directories.

DISK {**DUMP** / **LOAD**} *fn ft* [*fm*] [(**options...** [)]]

Options: [**Fullprompt** / **Minprompt** / **NOPrompt**] [**Replace** / **NOReplace**] [**OLDDate**]

DISKMAP

CMS

Summarizes the MDISK statements in the CP directory in order to show gaps and overlaps in minidisk assignments.

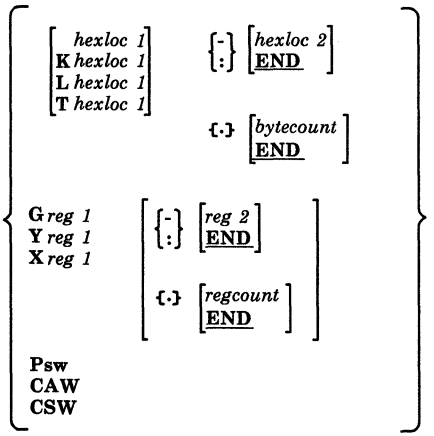
DISKMAP *fn* [*ft* | **DIRECT**]

DISPLAY

CP Class G

Displays storage locations (second-level only), registers, program status word, channel address word, and channel status word.

Display



DLBL

CMS

In CMS/DOS, defines DOS and CMS sequential disk files for program I/O; identifies DOS files and libraries; defines and identifies VSAM catalogs, clusters, and data spaces; identifies VSAM, DOS, or CMS files uses for VSAM program I/O and access method service functions.

In CMS, defines a VSE file name or VSAM *ddname* and relates that name to a CMS file.

```
DLBL  [ ddname {fm   } [CMS fn   ft    ] [(option A  option B[)]]  ]
      [        {DUMMY} [CMS FILE ddname]                            ]
      [                                                             ]
      [ ddname {fm   } [DSN qual1 [.qual2...qualn]]                 ]
      [        {DUMMY} [DSN qual1 [qual2...qualn ]]                 ]
      [                [DSN  ?                    ]                 ]
      [                           [(optionA optionB optionC[)]]     ]
      [                                                             ]
      [ {ddname} CLEAR                                              ]
      [ {  *   }                                                    ]

Option A:   [SYS xxx]

Option B:   [PERM]   [CHANGE  ]
                     [NOCHANGE]

Option C:   [VSAM]   [EXTENT]   [CAT catdd]   [BUFSP nnnnn]
                     [MULT  ]
```

(In the diagram, the second CMS, FILE, *ddname* and CHANGE are underlined as defaults.)

DLBL

GCS

Defines VSAM files used for program I/O.

```
DLBL   [ddname  mode   [DSN qual1 [[.] qual2....qualn]] [optionB  optionC[)]] ]
                       [DSN ?                        ]                        
       [                                                                      ]
       [ddname  CLEAR                                                         ]
       [  *                                                                   ]

                        optionB:           optionC:
                        [PERM]             [VSAM]

                        [ CHANGE   ]       [MULT]
                        [ NOCHANGE ]       [CAT catdd]
                                           [BUFSP nnnnnn]
```

(CHANGE and VSAM are underlined as defaults.)

DMCP

CP Class C or E

Dumps any area of System/370 real storage to a spool device.

```
DMCP   { [ML hexloc 1]  [ {-}  [hexloc 2]    ] }
       { [NL hexloc 1]  [ {:}  [END     ]    ] }
       { [MT hexloc 1]  [                    ] }  [* dumpid ]
       { [NT hexloc 1]  [                    ] }
       { [ M hexloc 1]  [                    ] }
       { [ N hexloc 1]  [                    ] }
       { [ L hexloc 1]  [ {.}  [bytecount]   ] }
       { [ T hexloc 1]  [      [END      ]   ] }
       { [   hexloc 1]  [                    ] }
       { [       0   ]  [                    ] }
```

DOSGEN

CMS

Builds the CMSDOS physical saved segment.

DOSGEN *vstor* *segname*

DOSLIB

CMS

Deletes, compacts, or lists information about the phases of a CMS/DOS phase library.

DOSLIB { **DEL** *libname phasename1* [*...phasenamen*] | **COMP** *libname* | **MAP** *libname* [**(options...** [**)**]] }

Options: [**TERM** | **DISK** | **PRINT**]

DOSLKED

CMS

Link-edits CMS TEXT decks or object modules from a VSE relocatable library and places them in executable form in a CMS/DOS phase library.

DOSLKED *fn* [*libname* | *fn*] [**(options...** [**)**]]

Options: [**DISK** | **PRINT** | **TERM**]

DRAIN

CP Class D

Stops spooling activity on the specific device after the current file is finished spooling.

DRain [**Reader** | **Printer** | **PUnch** | *raddr* ... | *lprt* | **ALL**]

DRAIN

RSCS

Deactivates an active communication link after the current file has finished being transmitted.

DRain [*linkid*]

DROP WINDOW

CMS

Moves a window down in the order of displayed windows.

DROP WINdow { *wname* | = | **WM** } [*n* | *]

DROPBUF

CMS

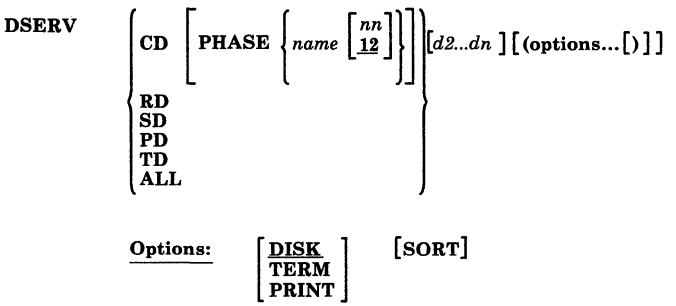
Eliminates a program stack buffer.

DROPBUF *n*

DSERV

CMS

Displays information contained in the VSE core image, relocatable, source, procedure, and transient directories.



DUMP

DUMP

CP Class G

Dumps virtual machine registers, program status word, and storage to the virtual printer.

DUmp [**L** *hexloc 1* | **T** *hexloc 1* | *hexloc 1*] { [- | :] [*hexloc 2* | **END**] | [.] [*bytecount* | **END**] } [***** *dumpid*]

ECHO

CP Class G

Returns data directly to the terminal a specified number of times.

ECho [*nn* | **1**]

EDIT

CMS

Calls the VM/SP System Product Editor in CMS editor (EDIT) compatibility mode to create or modify a file residing on a minidisk or in an SFS directory.

Edit *fn ft* [*fm* | *****] [**(options...** [**)**]]

Options: [**LRECL** *nn*] [**NODISP**]

ENABLE — CMS

Reinstates use of a storage group or file space. (File pool server operator only.)

```
ENABLE   {GROUP group-num  }  [FOR owner]
         {FILESPACE userid }
```

ENABLE — CP Class A and B

Activates communication lines.

```
ENable   { raddr...          }
         { L addr...         }
         { SNA [userid ]     }
         { ALL               }
```

ENABLE — RSCS

Activates a switched telecommunications port.

```
ENable   {cuu}  [ TRace { ALL }  ]  [TO userid [nodeid ]]
         {All}  [       { LOG }  ]
                        { OFF }
```

ENROLL ADMINISTRATOR

CMS

Adds a file system administrator to the specified file system file pool. (This authority is temporary, and may only be used by a file pool administrator.)

ENRoll ADMinistrator { *userid* / *nickname* } [*filepoolid:*] [(options... [ )]]

Options:

- **NOType** / **TYPe**
- **STACK** [**FIFO** / **LIFO**]
- **LIFO** / **FIFO**

ENROLL PUBLIC

CMS

Gives connect authority for an SFS file pool to all users.
(For use by file pool administrator only.)

ENRoll PUBlic [*filepoolid:*]

ENROLL USER

CMS

Enrolls a user in the specified SFS file pool. (For use by file pool administrator only.)

ENRoll USEr $\left\{ \begin{matrix} userid \\ nickname \end{matrix} \right\}$ [*filepoolid:*] [(options... [ )]]

Options:

[**BLOcks** *nnnnnnnnnn*]

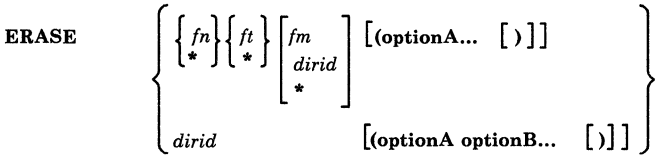
[**STOrgroup** *nnnnn*]

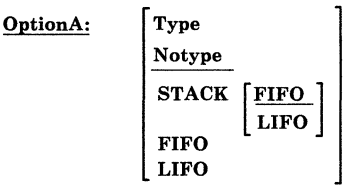
$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \underline{\text{NOType}} \\ \text{TYPe} \\ \text{STACK} \left[\begin{matrix} \underline{\text{FIFO}} \\ \text{LIFO} \end{matrix} \right] \\ \text{LIFO} \\ \text{FIFO} \end{array} \right]$$

ERASE

CMS

Deletes CMS files from a user's minidisk or SFS directory.





ESERV

CMS

Displays, punches or prints an edited (compressed) macro from a VSE source statement library (E sublibrary).

ESERV *fn*

ESTATE, ESTATEW **CMS**

ESTATE verifies the existence of a CMS file on a minidisk or in an SFS file pool. ESTATEW verifies the existence of a file on a read/write file mode.

STATE
STATEW
ESTATE
ESTATEW
{*fn* | *} {*ft* | *} [*fm* | * | =]

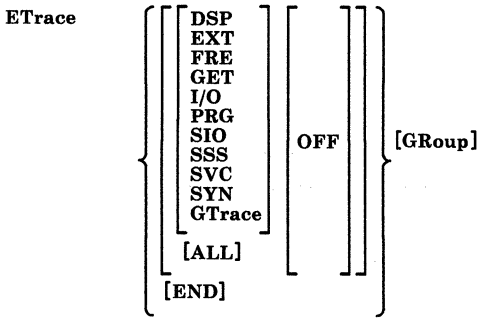
ETRACE **CMS**

Starts or stops file pool server external trace processing. (File pool server operator only.)

ETRACE {**ON** | **OFF**}

ETRACE — GCS

Enables or disables the recording of events in a spool file for a virtual machine or virtual machine group.



EXEC — CMS

Executes special procedures made up of frequently used sequences of commands.

[EXec] *fn* [*args...*]

EXEC — RSCS

Executes a sequence of commands contained in a CMS exec file that is accessible to the RSCS virtual machine.

EXec *filename* [*arguments*]

EXEC 2

CMS

Calls EXEC 2 files.

[EXec] *fn* [*args...*]

EXEC 2 Predefined Variables:

&

Initializes to its own name. This variable is automatically initialized or maintained.

&0

Initializes to the first word of the command string passed to the EXEC 2 interpreter. This variable is automatically initialized or maintained.

&1 &2 ...

Initializes to the arguments arg1 arg2 ... since they themselves are arguments and then are passed to the EXEC 2 file.

&ARGSTRING

Initializes to the argument string passed to the EXEC 2 file. This variable is treated as a single literal string.

&BLANK

Assigns the value of a blank.

&CMDSTRING

Initializes to the untranslated command string passed to the EXEC 2 file.

&COMLINE

Initializes to zero and keeps the line number of the last EXEC 2 file issued command or subcommand.

&DATE

Evaluates true date (primary meridian -- GMT) in the form: YY/MM/DD. **See also** &TIME, below.)

&DEPTH

Keeps number of user-defined function and subroutine invocations to which return has not yet been made.

&FILEMODE

Initializes to third qualifier of EXEC 2 file.

&FILENAME

Initializes to first qualifier of EXEC 2 file.

&FILETYPE

Initializes to second qualifier EXEC 2 file.

&FROM

Initializes to zero and keeps line number of last executed &GOTO statement of EXEC 2 file.

&LINE, &LINENUM

Keeps current line number of EXEC 2 file.

&LINK

Keeps line number from which the currently executing user-defined function or subroutine was called, or is zero.

&N, &INDEX

Keeps the number of EXEC 2 arguments set. (See &1, &2, ... &n)

&RC, &RETCODE

Initializes to zero, and keeps return code from last EXEC 2 issued command or subcommand.

&TIME

Evaluates true time-of-day (primary meridian -- GMT) in the form: HH:MM:SS. (**See also** &DATE, above.)

Note: An asterisk (*), a hyphen (-), or an ampersand (&) starting a command must be given as an argument.

EXEC 2 Control Statements:

&ARGS [*word1* [*word2* ...]]

Assigns word1, word2, ...wordn to arguments &1, &2, ... &n and discards previously set arguments.

&BEGPRINT
&BEGTYPE [*n* | *label* [*k* | * | -] | *l* | *]

line1
line2
...

Prints line1, line2, ... linen, truncated at column k if necessary. Does not remove surplus blanks or replace any EXEC 2 variables.

&BEGSTACK [n [k [FIFO / LIFO]] / * [* / -] / label / l]

line1
line2
...

Places line1, line2, ... linen, in the program stack, truncated at column k if necessary. Does not remove surplus blanks or replace any EXEC 2 variables.

&BUFFER *n* / * [*comment*]

Discards lookaside buffer and its contents, then creates a new lookaside buffer for either designation.

&CALL *line-number* / *label* [*arg1* [*arg2* ...]]

Calls the routine located at the specified label or line number and creates a new generation of the EXEC 2 arguments &1, &2, ..., &n initialized to arg1, arg2, ..., argn. Control is returned via the &RETURN statement.

&CASE [*U* / *M* [*comment*]]

Translates any lowercase alphabetic character to uppercase or allows mixed cases. If U or M is not specified, the current setting is not changed.

EXEC 2

&COMMAND *word1* [*word2 ...*]

Issues the command made up of word1, word2,..., each with one space between.

&DUMP *ARGS*
[*VAR* [*S*] [*var1* *var2 ...*]]

Prints a line for each &1, &2, ..., &n argument or variables var1, var2, ..., varn.

&ERROR *action*

Sets the action to be automatically taken on return from any command(s) or subcommand(s) that has a nonzero return code.

&EXIT [*return-code* [*comment*]]
[*0*]

Stops execution of the EXEC 2 file and yields the given numeric return code within the host system acceptable range.

&GOTO *line-number* [*comment*]
label

Transfers control to the designated line number or to the line with the label. The first character of label must be a hyphen.

&IF *word1* = | *EQ*
X = | *NE*
< = | *LT*
< = | *X* > | *LE* | *NG*
> | *GT*
> = | *X* < | *GE* | *NL*
[*word2 executable statement*]

Executes the given executable statement if the condition is satisfied; otherwise, proceeds to next statement.

&LOOP *n* *m*
label *
WHILE condition
UNTIL condition

Loops through the designated operands until specified condition is satisfied.

Note: When condition is given, the operands are the same as given in the &IF statement.

&PRESUME [*&COMMAND*
&SUBCOMMAND environment]

Presumes that any statement without a beginning ampersand is to be issued to CMS or to the designated subcommand environment.

&PRINT
&TYPE [*word1* [*word2 ...*]]

Prints or types a line containing the operand(s) each separated by one blank, or prints or types a blank line if no operand appears.

&READ

```
[ n                                          ]
[ 1                                          ]
[ *                                          ]
[ ARGS                                       ]
[ VAR[S] [var1   [var2 ...] ]                ]
[        [ *     [* ...]    ]                ]
[ STRING var                                 ]
```

Reads from the console stack (if stack is not empty); otherwise, reads from the console the number of lines indicated, or assigns values as designated.

&RETURN [*word*] [*comment*]

Returns control to the most recently called subroutine to which no return has as yet been made.

&SKIP

```
[ n  [comment] ]
[ 1            ]
```

Skips the designated number of lines dependent on whether it is a positive or negative number. If it is equal to zero, control goes to the next line. If it is negative, control goes to the statement that precedes the &SKIP statement.

&STACK

```
[ [ FIFO ] [word1  [word2 ...] ] ]
[ [ LIFO ]                       ]
```

Places a line in the program stack that contains word(s) that are separated by one space or stacks a null line if no words are given.

&SUBCOMMAND *environment* [*word1* [*word2* ...]]

Issues the designated subcommand comprised of word1, word2, ..., separated by one space, to the appropriate environment.

&TRACE [*ON* / *ERR* / *ALL* / *OFF* / * / -] [*output - action*]

Traces commands and subcommands as indicated by the trace setting. Information obtained is passed to the destination determined by output action.

Note: Initial trace setting is OFF. Default is asterisk (*), which means current setting remains in effect. Initially, output action is set to &PRINT.

&TRUNC [*k* / *] [*comment*]

Sets the truncation column to k or the maximum value (*). If no argument is shown, the previous setting stays in effect.

&UPPER *ARGS*
VAR [*S*] [*var1* [*var2* ...]]

Translates any lowercase alphabetic characters to uppercase in the values of &1, &2, ... &n or the values of var1, var2, ..., varn.

EXEC 2 Predefined Functions:

&CONCATENATION OF
&CONCAT OF [*word1* [*word2* ...]]

Concatenates the word(s) with no intervening space into a single word. If no word(s) appear, a null line results.

&DATATYPE OF [*word*]
&TYPE OF

Yields the value NUM if word represents a valid signed or unsigned number; otherwise, the value is CHAR.

&DIVISION OF *dividend divisor*
&DIV OF

Yields a numeric value representing the integral part of the division of the dividend by the divisor.

&LEFT OF *word j*

Left justifies word of length j. Truncates or pads with blanks on the right-hand side.

&LENGTH OF [*word*]

Gives either the number of characters in word or zero if word is not given.

&LITERAL OF [*string*]

Gives the literal string beginning with character after blank following OF and ending with the last nonblank character.

Note: Any leading or embedded blanks are retained and search for replacement variables is suppressed.

&LOCATION OF *needle* [*haystack*]

Searches haystack for first occurrence of needle and gives the starting position number, or gives a zero when there is no matching string, or needle exceeds length of haystack, or a word is not given.

&MULTIPLICATION OF *i j* [*k* ...]
&MULT OF

Yields numeric value that results from the multiplying of given numeric signed or unsigned words.

Note: There must be at least two of these.

&PIECE OF *word i* [*j* | * | -]
&SUBSTR OF

Extracts part of word starting at character i for length j or to end of word.

Note: Value of i must be numeric positive and j must not be negative.

&POSITION OF *word* [*word1* [*word2* ...]]

Compares and tries to match word with word1, word2, ... If match occurs, gives numeric value of position of matching word. If no match is made or if there is no word(s) with which to compare, the result is zero.

&RANGE OF *stem i j*

Yields a string made up of words made by appending numbers to the stem ranging from i to j with one blank between each or, if i is greater than j, yields a null string.

Note: Appended numbers are stripped of any plus sign or redundant leading zeros.

&RIGHT OF *word j*

Right-justifies word of length j. Truncates or pads with blanks on left-hand side.

&STRING OF [*string*]

Gives the string beginning with character after blank following OF and ending with last nonblank character.

&TRANSLATION OF
&TRANS OF *word1* [*word2* [*word3*]]

Compares each character in word1 with word2. If a match is found, the position of that matching character in word1 is replaced with the character in the same position from word3.

&TRIM OF [*word*]

Removes trailing blanks in a word. If word is not given, result is a null line.

&WORD OF [*word1* [*word2* ...]] *i*

Gives the ith word in the list of words unless the number given is zero, or exceeds the number of words in the list.

The format of the **EXEC 2 User-Defined Function**, followed by its description, is:

line-number OF
label OF [*arg1* [*arg2* ...]]

Calls the given function by transferring control to the given line number or label and creates a new generation of EXEC 2 arguments &1, &2, ... &n initialized to arg1, arg2, ... argn. Control is returned via the &RETURN statement.

EXECDROP **CMS**

Purges storage-resident execs.

EXECDrop
EXDrop { *execname* | * } [*exectype* | *] [(options...[)]]

Options: [**User** | **SYstem** | **SHared**]

EXECIO

CMS

Does I/O operations between a device and the program stack or a variable.

Note: Parsing of the EXECIO command differs from that of other CMS commands in that it involves handling of strings that may contain embedded blanks, parenthesis, other special characters, and words of more than eight characters. Therefore, if a right parentheses is used to mark the end of an EXECIO option, it must be preceded by at least one blank character. A right parenthesis cannot be used to mark the end of the STRING option.

```
EXECIO  {lines}  { DISKR fn ft [fm [linenum]]   [([FINIs]  options [a] [b]]          [)]
        {  *  }  { CARD [(                                 options [a] [b]]          [)]
                 { CP    [(                                 options [a] [b]  [d]] [e]] [)]
                 { DISKW fn ft fm [linenum
                         [recfm [lrecl ]]]   [([FINIs]      options [b] [c]  [d]]     [)]
                 { PUNCH[(                                  options [b] [c]  [d]]     [)]
                 { PRINT [([CC{code}]                       options [b] [c]  [d]]     [)]
                 {       [    {DATA}]
                 { EMSG  [(                                 options [b] [c]  [d]]     [)]
```

Option formats:

(a)

```
[FInd /chars/ ]   [Zone { n1  n2 }]   [LIFO]   [SKip]
[LOcate /chars/ ]      {  1   *  }    [FIFO]
[Avoid /chars/ ]
```

(b)

```
[Margins { n1  n2 }]   [STRIP]   [NOTYPE]   [STEm xxxxn]
         {  1   *  }                        [VAR  xxxx ]
```

(c)

```
[CAse { U }]
      { M }
```

(d)

```
[STring xxx... ]
```

(e)

```
[BUFfer length]
```

EXECLOAD

CMS

Loads execs into storage.

EXECLoad [*fn ft*][*fm* [*execname*[*exectype*]]] [(**options...**[)]]
EXLoad

Options: [**User**] [**Push**]
[**SYstem**]

EXECMAP

CMS

Lists storage-resident execs and displays execs in saved segments.

EXECMap [*execname* [*exectype*]] [(**options...**[ )]]
EXMap [***] [***]

Options: [**User**] [**SYstem**] [**SHared**]

[**SEGment** {*segname* }]
[{*** }]
[**NOSEGment**]

[**STACK** [**FIFO**]]
[**LIFO**]
[**FIFO**]
[**LIFO**]

EXECOS

CMS

Resets the OS and VSAM environments under CMS without returning to the interactive environment.

EXECOS [*cmd* [*operand1* [*operand2..operandn*]]]

EXECSTAT

CMS

Obtains the status of the specified exec. The status is returned in the form of a return code in register 15 as follows:

EXECStat
EXStat { *execname* | * } { *exectype* | * }

EXECUPDT

CMS

Produces an updated version of a System Product Interpreter source program.

EXECUPDT *fn* [*ft* | **EXEC** [*fm* | *]] [(**options...**[)]]

Options:

[**CTL** *fn1*] [**HISTory** | **NOHISTory**] [**COMPress** | **NOCOMPress**] [**COMMents** | **NOCOMMents**]

[**ETMODE**] [**SID** | **NOSID**] [**NOUPdate**]

EXIT

RSCS

Enables or disables one or more specified user exits.

EXIT $\left\{\begin{matrix} nnn \\ \underline{\text{ALL}} \end{matrix}\right\}$ $\left[\begin{matrix} \underline{\text{ON}} \\ \text{OFF} \end{matrix}\right]$

EXPAND

CMS

Adds space to a program in object deck form.

EXPAND *fn1* [*ft1* [*fm1* [*fn2* [*ft2* [*fm2*]]]]] [*(options: ... [ )*]]

Options:

$\left[\begin{matrix} \underline{\text{INPUT}} \\ \text{CSECT} \end{matrix}\right.$ $\begin{matrix} \textit{filename} \\ \textit{csect} \end{matrix}$ $\left.\begin{matrix} \\ \text{SIZE} \end{matrix}\right.$ $\left.\begin{matrix} \\ \textit{size} \end{matrix}\right]$ $\left[\begin{matrix} \underline{\text{PRINT}} \\ \text{NOPRINT} \end{matrix}\right]$

EXTERNAL

CP Class G

Simulates an external interruption condition on the virtual machine and returns control to that machine.

EXTernal $\left[\begin{matrix} code \\ \underline{40} \end{matrix}\right]$

F

CMS Border Command

Scrolls the window forward.

F

FETCH

CMS

Fetches a CMS/DOS or VSE executable phase.

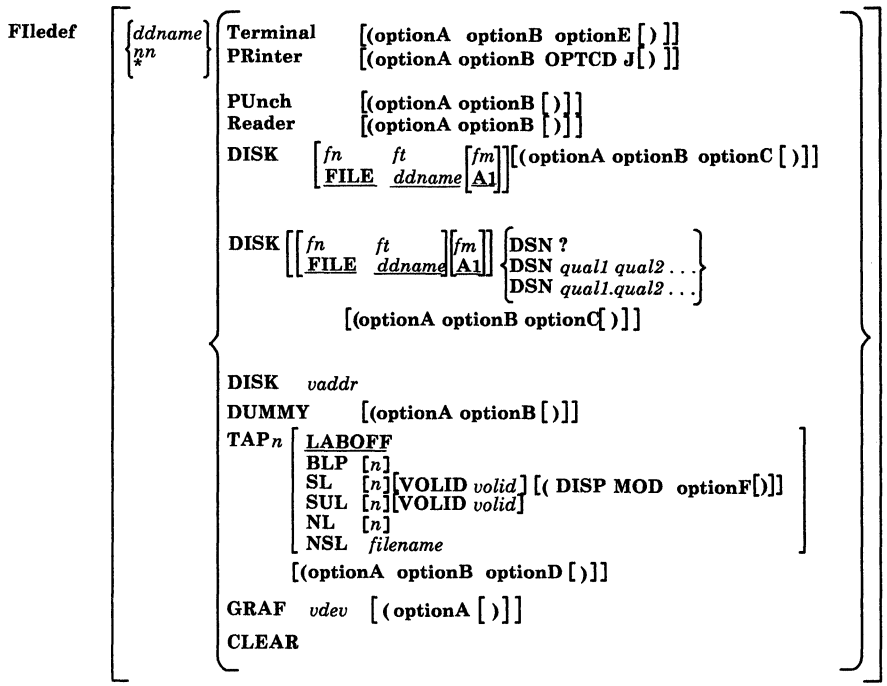
FETch *phasename* **[(options...[)]]**

Options: [START] [COMP] [ORIGIN *hexloc*]

FILEDEF

CMS

Defines an OS *ddname* and relates that *ddname* to any device supported by CMS or to a file residing in an SFS directory.



FILEDEF

CMS

FIledef

OptionA:

[PERM] [CHANGE / NOCHANGE]

OptionB:

[RECFM *a*] [LRECL *nnnnn*] [BLOCK *nnnnn* / BLKSIZE *nnnnn*]

OptionC:

[KEYLEN *nnn*] [XTENT *nnnnn* / 50] [LIMCT *nnn*] [OPTCD *a*] [DISP MOD]

[MEMBER *membername*] [CONCAT] [DSORG {PS / PO / DA}]

OptionD:

[7TRACK / 9TRACK / 18TRACK] [TRTCH *a*] [DEN *den*] [LEAVE] [NOEOV]

[ALT {TAP*n* / *vdev*}]

OptionE:

[UPCASE / LOWCASE]

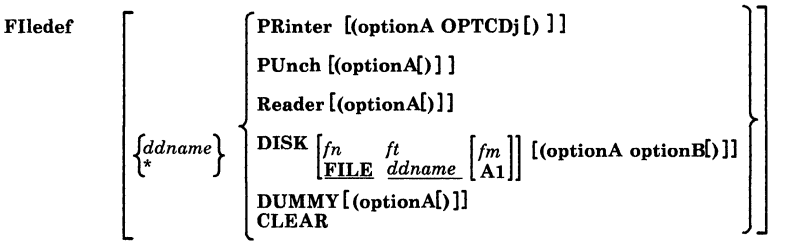
OptionF:

[SYSPARM{(*string*) / (?)}]

FILEDEF

GCS

Defines CMS format files and spool files.



option A:
[PERM]
[CHANGE]
[NOCHANGE]
[RECFM *a*]
[LRECL *nnnnn*]
[BLOCK *nnnnn*]
[BLKSIZE *nnnnn*]

option B:
[DISP MOD]
[DSORG PS]

Note: These operands work in the same manner as in the CMS FILEDEF command. However, only the operands and options shown are allowed. (For RECFM only F, FA, FB, FBA, U, UA, V, VA, and VBA are allowed.)

FILELIST

CMS

Lists information about CMS files in an SFS directory or a minidisk, with the ability to edit and issue commands from the list.

FILEList [*fn* [*ft* [*fm*]]] [(**options...** [ )]]

Options: [**Append**] [**Filelist** / **Nofilelist**] [**PROFile** *fn*]

[**ALLfile** / **AUThfile**] [**STAts** / **SHAre** / **SEArch**]

Special Commands that can be used in the FILELIST environment, followed by their descriptions, are:

ALIalist *fn ft dirid* [(**options...** [ )]]

Options: [**REFresh**]

Displays a list of users that have an alias to a specified file and lists the number of aliases each user has to the file.

AUThlist [*fn ft*] *dirid* [(**options...** [ )]]

Options: [**REFresh**]

Displays the authority that the issuer has for the specified file or directory, and also shows a list of all the users authorized for that file or directory if the issuer is the owner.

EXECUTE [**Cursor** / *lines*] [*command*]

Issues CP/CMS commands (or EXECs) that make use of files displayed by FILELIST.

DISCARD [*fn ft* [*fm* / *dirid*] / *dirid*]

Erases from disk a file displayed in the list.

FILEPOOL BACKUP **CMS**

Backs up all data in a storage group and all associated file pool catalog data. The resultant file can be used as input to the FILEPOOL RESTORE command in case of data loss.

FILEPOOL BACKUP *group-number* [*filepoolid:*] [(**ACK** | **NOACK**)]

FILEPOOL CLEANUP **CMS**

Corrects any storage group or administration machine problems caused by a catastrophic failure of a FILEPOOL BACKUP or FILEPOOL RESTORE command.

FILEPOOL CLEANUP *group-number* [*filepoolid:*]

FILEPOOL FORMAT AUDIT **CMS**

Formats the security audit data created by file pool server processing, and puts it in a file that may be printed or displayed.

FILEPOOL FORMAT AUDIT

FILEPOOL RESTORE **CMS**

Loads the copy of a specified file pool storage group created by FILEPOOL BACKUP, thereby restoring the storage group (and the assoc information for all user IDs) to the status they had when that restore file was created.

FILEPOOL RESTORE *group-number* [*filepoolid:*] [**(ACK | NOACK)**]

FILESERV BACKUP **CMS**

Starts a file pool server in dedicated maintenance mode to back up the *control data*. This includes the contents of the POOLDEF file, the control minidisk, and the catalog storage group.

FILESERV BACKUP

FILESERV DEFAUDIT **CMS**

Adds, changes or deletes the assignment of the security audit output file for a file pool.

FILESERV DEFAUDIT { **TAPE** *vadr* | **DISK** *filename filetype* [*filemode*] | **DELETE** }

FILESERV DEFBACKUP **CMS**

Adds, deletes or changes the assignment of the control data backup file for the file pool.

FILESERV DEFBACKUP { **TAPE** *vadr* | **DISK** *filename filetype* [*filemode*] | **DELETE** }

FILESERV GENERATE **CMS**

Defines and initializes a new CMS Shared File System file pool.

FILESERV GENerate [*filename filetype* [*filemode*]]

FILESERV LIST **CMS**

Displays the contents of the file pool catalogs.

FILESERV LIST

FILESERV LOG **CMS**

Formats and updates the file pool log minidisks. Allows you to reformat the logs, change their sizes and/or locations.

FILESERV LOG *vadr1 vadr2*

FILESERV MINIDISK **CMS**

Adds one or more minidisks to one or more storage groups in a file pool.

FILESERV MINIDISK *filename filetype* [*filemode*]

FILESERV MOVEUSER **CMS**

Moves all the file pool data for a user to a different storage group within the same file pool.

FILESERV MOVEUSER *userid groupnumber*

FILESERV REGENERATE **CMS**

Expands the file pool control minidisk without affecting the user storage group data.

FILESERV REGENERATE *vadr* [**MAXDISKS** *nnnnn* | **MAXUSERS** *nnnnn*]

FILESERV REORG **CMS**

Deletes unused file pool catalog entries for each user and reorganizes the file pool catalogs to insure optimum use of catalog index space.

FILESERV REORG

FILESERV START

CMS

Calls file pool server processing to support access to a file pool from other virtual machines (referred to as *multiple user mode*).

FILESERV START

FINIS

CMS

Closes an open file on a minidisk or in a file pool.

FINIS *fn* * *ft* * [*fm*]

FLUSH

CP Class D

Halts and immediately purges or holds the current spool file.

Flush {*raddr* / *lprt*} [**ALL**] [**HOld**]

FLUSH

RSCS

Halts processing of a file currently being transmitted on a link. The file is either purged or held.

General User Format:

Flush [*] *spoolid* [ALL / HOld]

Operator Format:

Flush [*linkid*] {*spoolid* / *} [ALL / HOld]

FORCE

CMS

Rolls back any uncommitted file pool changes made by a user ID and severs the user ID's connection to the file pool server. (File pool server operator only.)

FORCE USER *userid* [ALL]

FORCE

CP Class A

Forces logoff of the named user.

FORCE *userid*

FORCE

RSCS

Immediately deactivates an active link, without quiescing file transfer. (For RSCS operator only).

FORCE *linkid*

FORMAT

CMS

Prepares minidisks in CMS fixed block format.

FORMAT *vdev* *fm* [*nocyl*] [*noblk*] [**(options...[ )]**]

Options:

[**Blksize** [**512** **800** **1024** **2048** **4096** **1K** **2K** **4K**]] [**Noerase**] [**Label**] [**Recomp**]

FORMAT/ALLOCATE

Service Aid

Formats, allocates, and labels direct access volumes for paging, spooling, and CP file residence.

Format Service Aid Control Statements:

- Format Function

FORMAT , *devadr* , *devtype* , *volser* , *startadr* , *endadr* , *wrtver*

- Allocate Function

ALLOCATE , *devadr* , *devtype* , *volser*
TEMP , *startadr* , *endadr*
PERM , *startadr* , *endadr*
TDSK , *startadr* , *endadr*
DRCT , *startadr* , *endadr*
OVRD , *startadr* , *endadr*
PAGE , *startadr* , *endadr*
DUMP , *startadr* , *endadr*
END

- Label Function

FORMAT , *devadr* , *devtype* , *volser* , **LABEL**

FREE

CP Class D

Releases previously held user spool files.

FRee *userid* [**Printer** | **PUnch** | **ALL**]

FREE

RSCS

Resumes transmission on a communication link previously in HOLD status.

FRee [*linkid*]

FWDSPACE

RSCS

Causes the file currently being processed to be repositioned in a forward direction. This command is for RJE, 3270P, SNA3270P, and MRJE type links.

FWdspace [*linkid*] [*nnn*]

GDUMP

GCS

Produces a copy of the contents of your virtual machine's storage.

GDUMP [*hexlocl1* / *0*] [{ **-** / **:** } [*hexloc2* / **END**] / *bytecount*] [**TO** * / **TO** *userid*] [**DSS**] [**FORMAT** *type* / **GCS**]

GENDIRT

CMS

Fills in auxiliary module directories.

GENDIRT *directoryname* [*targetmode* [*sourcemode*]]

GENIMAGE

CMS

Presents input control file to the OS utility program IEBIMAGE. Creates text files used by the 3800 printer.

GENIMAGE [*fn* **SYSIN**] [*ft* **FILE**][*fm* *****] [*sfn* **SYSPRINT**] [*sft* **LISTING**] [*sfm* **A1**]

GENMOD — CMS

Generates nonrelocatable CMS files (MODULE files).

Genmod [*fn* [MODULE [*fm*|A1]]] [(options...[)]]

Options: [FROM *entry 1*][TO *entry 2*]

[MAP|NOMAP] [STR|NOSTR] [OS|DOS|ALL]

[CLEAN|NOCLEAN] [SYSTEM]

[AMODE 24|AMODE 31|AMODE ANY] [RMODE 24|RMODE ANY]

[370] [XA]

GENMSG — CMS

Converts a message repository file, made via XEDIT, into an internal form. Each record is read from the input file, its syntax is checked, and it is placed in an output file in a form the message processor can use.

GENMSG *fn ft fm applid* [*langid*] [(options ... [)]]

Options:

[CP] [Dbcs|NODbcs] [List|NOList] [Xref|NOXref]

[Object|NOObject] [Margin *nn*|Margin 72]

GENSERVE — CMS

Builds CMS Shared File System (SFS) file pool server load modules.

GENSERVE [*module1 module2...* [(*ctlfile*]]

GENTSAF — CMS

Builds the RUNTSAF module and creates a TSAF load map.

GENTSAF [*loadlist* / **ATSLOAD** [*ctlfile* / **ATSSP**]]

GEN3705 — CMS

Generates and EXEC file that assembles and link-edits the 370x control program.

GEN3705 *fn ft* [*fm*] [**(options...)**]

Options:

[**RUN** / **NORUN**] [**SAVE** / **NOSAVE**]

GET VSCREEN — CMS

Writes data from a CMS file to the specified virtual screen.

GET VSCreen *vname fn ft* [*fm* | *****] [*fromrec* | **1**] [*numrec* | *****]

GIVE — CP Class B

Transfers control of a dedicated tape drive to another virtual machine. (Tape drive must be dedicated to the virtual machine that gives the command.)

GIVE *vaddr1* [**TO**] *userid* [**AS**] *vaddr2* [**RETurn** | **NORETurn** | **R/O**]

GLOBAL — CMS

Identifies specific CMS libraries to be searched for macros, copy files, missing subroutines, LOADLIB modules, or DOS executable phases.

GLobal {**MACLIB** | **TXTLIB** | **DOSLIB** | **LOADLIB** | **CSLLIB**} [*libname1...libname63*]

GLOBAL

GCS

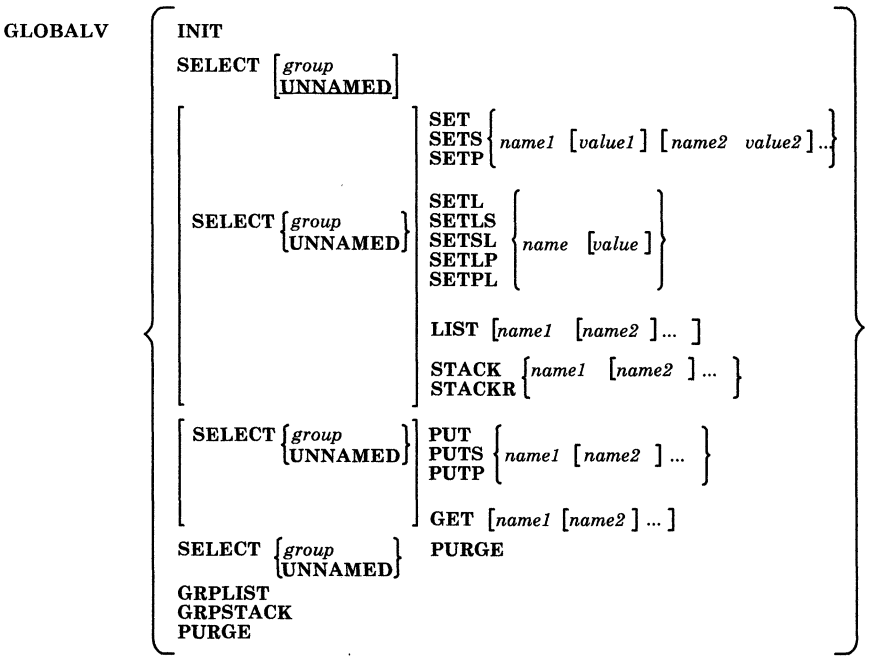
Defines the CMS load libraries you want searched for modules.

GLobal **LOADLIB** [*libname1... libname63*]

GLOBALV

CMS

Sets, maintains, and retrieves a collection of named variables.



Note: Although this command may be used in CMS EXECs, it is designed for use with EXEC 2 or REXX EXECs. For restrictions and precautions on its use, see the *CMS Command Reference*.

GRANT AUTHORITY

CMS

Authorized other users to read and/or modify one or more of your SFS directories or the files within those directories.

GRAnt AUThority [*fn* * | *ft* *] *dirid* **TO** { *userid* | *nickname* | **PUBlic** } [(**options...**[ )]]

Options: [**REAd** | **WRIte**] [**TYPe** | **NOType** | **STACK** [**FIFO** | **LIFO**] | **LIFO** | **FIFO**]

GRANT ADMIN

CMS

Gives a user file pool administration authority. It will remain in effect until it is explicitly removed or the file pool server processing ends. (File pool server operator only.)

GRANT ADMIN *userid*

GROUP

CMS

Builds a GCS configuration file.

GROUP *systemname*

GTRACE

RSCS

Provides additional tracing through VM/GCS.

GTRace [ON / OFF]

H

CMS Border Command

Hides the window.

H

HALT

CP Class A

Stops any active channel program on the real device specified.

HALT *raddr*

HB

CMS Immediate Command

Halts the execution of CMS batch virtual machine at the end of the current job.

HB

HELP

CMS

Displays information about VM/SP, including:

- Commands: AVS, CMS, CP, IPCS, TSAF
- Subcommands: EDIT, XEDIT, SRPI, IPCS
- Macros: CMS assembler language
- Routines: CSL
- Messages: CMS, CP, TSAF, AVS, GCS, IPCS
- Control Statements and Instructions: EXEC, EXEC2, REXX

Note: The following program products available for installation also provide command and message HELP:

- RSCS, PVM and SQL/DS

```
Help    [ TASKs                          ]
        [ Help                           ]
        [ taskname  TASKs                ]  [([optionA] [optionB ] [optionC ][ )]]]
        [ menuname  MENU                 ]
        [ component-name  cmd-name       ]

        [ MESSAGE ] message-id
        [ MSG     ]

        OptionA:  [ BRIef   ]
                  [ DETail  ]
                  [ RELated ]

        OptionB:  [ALL] [DESCript] [FORMat] [PARMs]
                  [OPTions] [NOTEs] [ERRors]

        OptionC:  [ SCReen   ]  [ TYPe   ]   [EXTend]
                  [ NOScreen ]  [ NOType ]
```

Defaults (underlined): TASKs, BRIef, ALL, SCReen, TYPe.

HELPCONV

CMS

Converts a script file into an acceptable form to be used by the HELP facility.

HELPCONV *filename filetype* [*filemode* *]

HI

CMS Immediate Command

Causes all currently executing System Product Interpreter or EXEC 2 programs or macros to terminate execution without destroying the environment (as HX would).

HI

HIDE WINDOW

CMS

Prevents the specified window from being displayed and connects the window to a virtual screen.

HIDE WINdow [*wname* [**ON** *vname* [*line col*]]]
=

HO

CMS Immediate Command

Halts the current CMS tracing operation.

HO

HOLD

CP Class D

Defers processing of specified spool output.

HOLD *userid* [**Printer** | **PUnch** | **ALL**]

HOLD

RSCS

Suspends file transmission on an active link without deactivating the link.

HOld [*linkid*] [**IMMED**]

HT

CMS Immediate Command

Halts displaying at the terminal.

HT

HX

CMS Immediate Command

Halts execution of the current CMS command or program.

HX

HX

GCS

Halts execution of all programs and commands active in a virtual machine.

HX

IDENTIFY

CMS

Displays or stacks userid, nodeid, rscsid, date, time, time zone, and day of the week.

IDentify [(**options...**[)]]

Options:

- **STACK** [**FIFO** | **LIFO**]
- **FIFO**
- **LIFO**
- **TYPE**

IMAGELIB — CMS

Reads the control file created by GENIMAGE and loads files into the specified named system.

IMAGELIB *namesys*

IMAGEMOD — CMS

Allows changes to the 3800 named systems.

IMAGEMOD { **GEN** / **ADD** } *libname* [*modname* [*modname* ...]]
{ **REP** / **DEL** } *libname* [*modname* [*modname* ...]]
MAP *libname* [**(options)**]

Options: [**TERM** / **PRINT** / **DISK**]

IMMCMD — CMS

Establishes or cancels Immediate commands from within an exec.

IMMCMD { **SET** / **CLEAR** / **QUERY** / **STATUS** } *name*

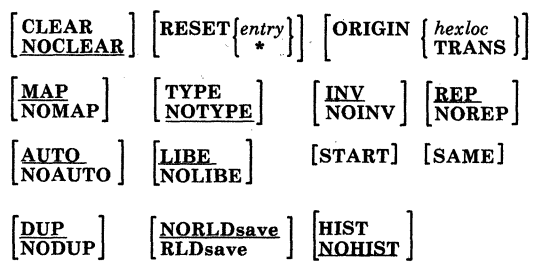
INCLUDE

CMS

Brings additional TEXT files into virtual storage and establishes linkages.

INclude *fn...* **[(options...[)]]**

Options:



INDICATE

CP Class A

Displays the use of and contention for major system resources.

INDicate **FAVORed**

INDICATE

CP Class E

Displays the use of and contention for major system resources.

```
INDicate  [ FAVORed                    ]
          [ I/O                        ]
          [ LOAD                       ]
          [ PAGing   [ WAIT ]          ]
          [          [ ALL  ]          ]
          [ Queues                     ]
          [ USER     [ *    ]          ]
          [          [ userid ]        ]
```

INDICATE

CP Class G

Displays the use of and contention for major system resources.

```
INDicate  [ LOAD ]
          [ USER ]
```

INIT

RSCS

Initiates RSCS operations. It must be the first RSCS command issued after the RSCS module is loaded into storage. No other RSCS commands will be accepted until INIT is completed.

INIT

IPCSDUMP

IPCS

Moves a dump file from the virtual reader to a CMS file, associates the map with the dump file, collects information to include in the problem report, renames unassigned CPTRAP files using the IPCS problem number for the dump being processed, and creates a symptom record.

IPCSDUMP

IPCSPRT

IPCS

Formats and prints dumps and CPTRAP files.

IPCSPRT { **HELP** | [**PRB**] *nnnnn* [*fm* | **A**] [**DUMP** | **CPTRAP** [*options...*]] | **TRP** *nnnnn* [**CPTRAP**] [*options...*] | **SPOOL** *spoolid* [**CPTRAP**] [*options...*] }

options:

[**SUMMARY** | **NOSUM**] [**ENTRY** | **NOENTRY**] [**PROMPT** | **NOPROMPT**]

[**HEX** | **FORMAT**] [**NOFORM** | **NOREAL** | **NOVIRT** | **NOHEX** | **NOMAP**]

IPCSPRT subcommands:

Note: IPCS subcommands can fall into the following functional categories:

- **COMMON** - All dumps and CPTRAP files
- **DUMP** - All dumps
- **CPTRAP** - CPTRAP files
- **CP** - CP dump
- **CMS** - CMS dump
- **GCS** - GCS dump
- **TSAF** - TSAF dump
- **AVS** - AVS dump
- **SFS** - SFS dump
- **PVM** - PVM dump
- **RSCSNET** - RSCS Version 1 dump
- **RSCSV2** - RSCS Version 2 dump
- **CICSVM** - CICS/VM dump.

The functional category of each subcommand is shown in brackets after the subcommand's description.

END

Ends the IPCSPRT session and returns to CMS. [CPTRAP]

FORMat

Enables trace entries to be printed in their long format, usually multiple lines per trace entry. [CPTRAP]

IPCSPRT

HELP [**IPCS** *subcommand* | **IPCS** **MENU** | **DUMP** **MENU** | **CPTRAP** **MENU** | **MESSAGE** *message-id* | **MSG** *message-id*]

Calls the CMS HELP facility to display information about IPCSPRT and its subcommands. [CPTRAP]

HEX

Enables trace entries to be printed in their short format, usually one line per trace entry. [CPTRAP]

HX

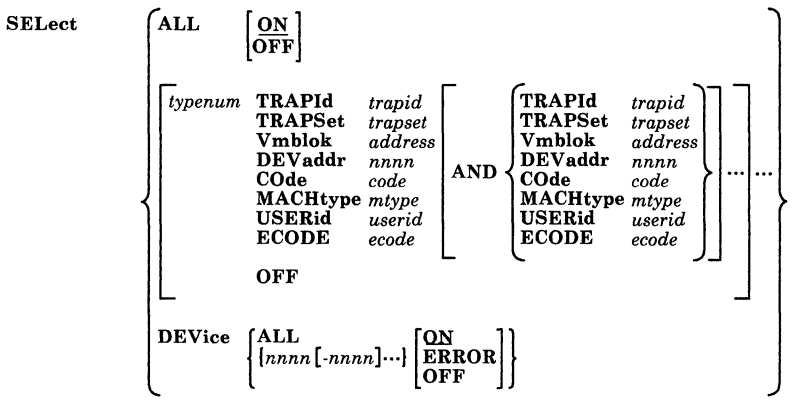
Ends the IPCSPRT session and returns to CMS. [CPTRAP]

PROCESS

Exits the IPCSPRT subcommand environment and begins creating the output. [CPTRAP]

QUIT

Ends the IPCSPRT session and returns to CMS. [CPTRAP]



Specifies which trace entry types to print. [CPTRAP]

TIMESPAN *starttime endtime*

Designates a range of entries in the CPTRAP file using time stamp as an index value. [CPTRAP]

IPCSSCAN

IPCS

Allows interactive viewing of dumps and CPTRAP files.

IPCSSCAN [**HELP** | [**PRB**]*nnnnn* [*fm* | **A**] [**DUMP** | **CPTRAP**] | **TRP***nnnnn* [**CPTRAP**] | **SPOOL** *spoolid* [**CPTRAP**]]

IPCSSCAN

IPCSSCAN subcommands:

Note: IPCS subcommands can fall into the following functional categories:

- **COMMON** - All dumps and CPTRAP files
- **DUMP** - All dumps
- **CPTRAP** - CPTRAP files
- **CP** - CP dump
- **CMS** - CMS dump
- **GCS** - GCS dump
- **TSAF** - TSAF dump
- **AVS** - AVS dump
- **SFS** - SFS dump
- **PVM** - PVM dump
- **RSCSNET** - RSCS Version 1 dump
- **RSCSV2** - RSCS Version 2 dump
- **CICSVM** - CICS/VM dump.

The functional category of each subcommand is shown in brackets after the subcommand's description.

(null line)

Reissues the previous CHAIN, LOCATE, or SCROLL subcommand. [COMMON]

?

Displays last subcommand entered. [COMMON]

+
− *number*

Adjusts the address pointer and reissues the DISPLAY command. [DUMP]

&name [*subcommand*]
&

Creates a table of frequently used subcommands which may be called by another name, or to call a subcommand by its other name. [COMMON]

Aregs

Displays the registers, clocks, PSW, CSW, and CAW for the attached non-IPL processor. [CP]

ARIoblok *raddr*

Displays the RCHBLOK, RCUBLOK, and RDEVBLOK for the specified device attached to the non-IPL processor in an MP configuration. [CP]

BOTtom

Positions the user at the bottom of the CPTRAP file. [CPTRAP]

C

Displays the control registers for the failing processor. [CP]

CHain *fromhexloc increment endval*

Verifies the chain of homogeneous control blocks that start at the specified location. [DUMP]

CMS

Enters the CMS subset environment. [COMMON]

CMSPoint

Displays the formatted contents of pointers from CMS NUCON. [CMS]

CORtable *hexloc*

Displays page status and the formatted contents of the CORTABLE entry for the hexadecimal location specified. [CP]

Display { *hexloc* | *hexloc%* | *Thexloc* | *Thexloc%* } [*nnnn*]

Displays areas in the dump. The actual address or an indirect address may be specified. [DUMP]

DOSPoint

Displays the formatted contents of five pointers used by DOS simulation. [CMS]

DOWN [$\frac{1}{n}$]

Moves a specified number of entries toward the bottom of the CPTRAP file and displays the current entry. [CPTRAP]

DUMPID

Displays identification information concerning the data type being viewed and , when viewing dumps, the dump ID information associated with the dump. [COMMON]

END

Ends the IPCSSCAN session and returns to CMS. [COMMON]

IPCSSCAN

FDISPlay { **ALL** | **COLLect** | **LINKCtl** { **BSC** | **CTCa** | **ELAN** | **TLAN** } | **LINKDef** | **NEIGhbor** | **PATH** | **RESOurce** | **ROUTing** | **SERVice** }

Displays data control blocks, tables, and arrays important to the TSAF virtual machine. [TSAF]

FORMat

Displays trace entries in their long format, usually multiple lines per trace entry. [CPTRAP]

G

Displays the set of general purpose registers (GPRs) in the failing processor or virtual machine. [DUMP]

```
GDISPLAY  { SGB
          {        { TASK    }
          { GCB    { TRANS   }
          {        { STATUS  }
          {        { STORAGE }
          {        { ALL     }
          { CVB   caddr
          { RLU   caddr
          { GWB   caddr
          { SCB   caddr
          { MAPN  mname
          { MAPA  maddr
          { GWBPTRS
          {        { *                    }
          {        { gateway-name [ CVB ] }
          {        {              [ RLU ] }
```

Displays control blocks important to the AVS virtual machine and displays the MAPN and MAPA information for APPC/VM VTAM Support. [AVS]

```
HELP      [ IPCS      subcommand  ]
          [ IPCS      MENU        ]
          [ DUMP      MENU        ]
          [ CPTRAP    MENU        ]
          [ MESSAGE   message-id  ]
          [ MSG       message-id  ]
```

Calls the CMS HELP facility to display information about IPCSSCAN and its subcommands. [COMMON]

HEX

Displays trace entries in their short format, usually one line per trace entry. [CPTRAP]

HX

Ends the IPCSSCAN session and returns to CMS. [COMMON]

IPCSSCAN

IDENTIFY

Displays identification information about the dump or CPTRAP file being viewed and, when viewing dumps, the dump ID information associated with the dump. [COMMON]

IPCSMAP

Adds an IPCS map to the dump being viewed. [DUMP]

IUcv

Displays all entries in the IUCV path table. [GCS, AVS, RSCSV2]

Locate
Locate Up { *string* / *X'string* } *start* *end* [*increment* / *1*]

Searches the dump for a particular string of data. [DUMP]

Locate
Locate Up { *string* / *X'string* } *start* [*end* [*increment* / *1*]] [*options*]

options:

[**DATA** / **HEADer** / **BOTH**] [**ALL** / **SELECT**]

Searches the CPTRAP file for a particular string of data and displays the entry in which a match was found. [CPTRAP]

LUName *luname* [*userid* | **VTAM**]

Displays the RDEVBLOK and SNARBLOK information for a VM/VTAM logical unit. [CP]

MAPA **hexloc**

Locates the module that contains the address specified. [DUMP]

MAPN *entrypointname*

Searches the load map for an entry point. [DUMP]

Mregs

Displays the registers, clocks, PSW, CSW, CAW and timers for the main (IPL) processor. [CP]

MRIoblok *raddr*

Displays the RCHBLOK, RCUBLOK, and RDEVBLOK for the specified device attached to the IPL processor in an MP configuration. [CP]

OSPoint

Displays the formatted contents of three pointers used in OS simulation. [CMS]

IPCSSCAN

Print
PRT [*subcommand* | **ON** | **OFF** | **CLOSE** | **?**]

Prints the displayed data. [COMMON]

QUIT

Ends the IPCSSCAN session and returns to CMS. [COMMON]

Regs

Displays the registers, clocks, PSWs, timers, CSW, and CAW. [DUMP]

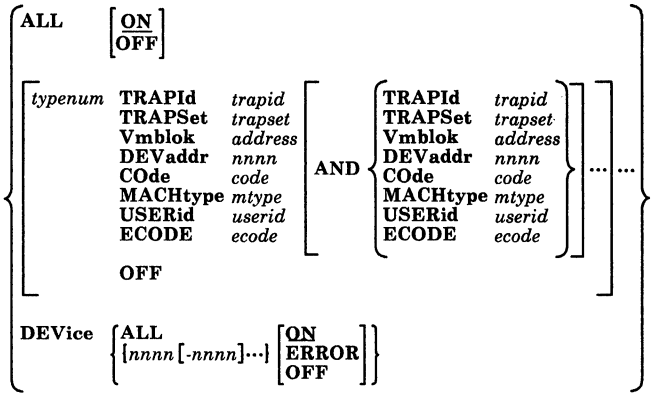
RIOblok *raddr*

Displays the RCHBLOK, RCUBLOK, and RDEVBLOK for the specified *raddr*. [CP]

Scroll U
ScrollU [**HEX** | **FORMat**]

Repeats the most recent DISPLAY or TRACE subcommand with an adjusted address. SCROLLU displays the preceding screen of data. SCROLL displays the next full screen of data. [COMMON]

SELect



Specifies which trace entry types to process. [CP, CPTRAP]

SYMPtom

Formats and displays the summary of the symptom record. [DUMP]

TACtive [*taskid* | **ALL**]

Displays the task's active program list. [GCS, AVS, RSCSV2]

TIME { **POSition** *timestamp* | **DATE** *datespec* }

Moves to a particular area in a CPTRAP file using the time stamp as an index value, or changes the default date for subsequent time stamp specifications. [CPTRAP]

TLoadl [*taskid* / **ALL**]

Displays the task load list. [GCS, AVS, RSCSV2]

TOP

Moves to the top of a CPTRAP file. [CPTRAP]

Trace [[[**FOR**] *count*] [**FROM** *fromloc*] / [**Scroll** [**U**] / **ScrollU**]] [**HEX** / **FORMat**]

Displays trace table entries in short or fully-formatted versions. [CP, TSAF, AVS, SFS]

Trace [[[**FOR**] *count*] / [**Scroll** [**U**] / **ScrollU**]] [**HEX** / **FORMat**]

Displays CPTRAP file entries in short or fully-formatted versions. [CPTRAP]

TSab [*taskid* / **ALL**]

Displays the subpool map and chain header of a task. [GCS, AVS, RSCSV2]

UP $\left[\frac{1}{n}\right]$

Moves a specified number of entries toward the top of the CPTRAP file and displays the new current entry. [CPTRAP]

USERMAP

Adds a user load map to the dump being viewed. [CMS]

VIOblok *cuu* $\left[\begin{array}{l} \textit{userid} \\ \underline{\textbf{OPERATOR}} \end{array}\right]$

Displays the VCHBLOK, VCUBLOK, and VDEVBLOK for the specified device address and user ID. [CP]

Vmblok [*userid*]

Displays information relating to VMBLOKs. [CP]

VMLoadl

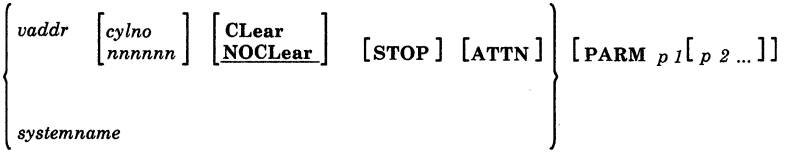
Displays information about all programs currently loaded in this virtual machine. [GCS,AVS, RSCSV2]

IPL

CP Class G

Simulates an initial program load function for a virtual machine.

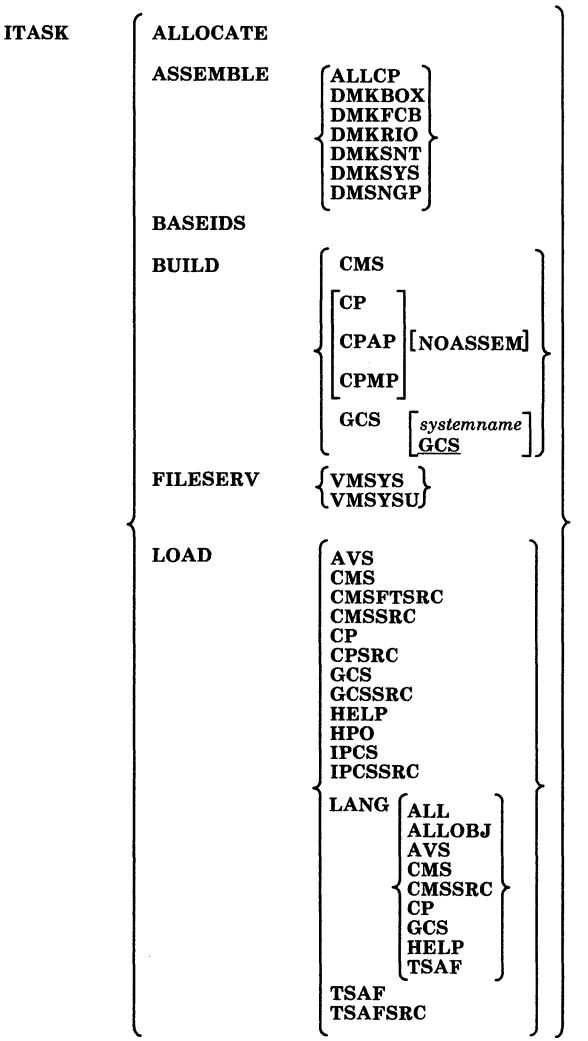
Ipl



ITASK

CMS

Performs most of the installation procedure by invoking other execs and commands.



ITRACE

ITRACE — CMS

Starts file pool server internal trace processing of APPC/VM communication related activities. (File pool server operator only.)

ITRACE { **ON** [*buffersize*] | **OFF** }

ITRACE — GCS

Enables or disables recording of internal trace events within a virtual machine or virtual machine group.

ITrace { [[**GTrace** | **SUP**]] | [**ALL**] [**OFF**] | [**END**] } [**GRoup**]

L — CMS Border Command

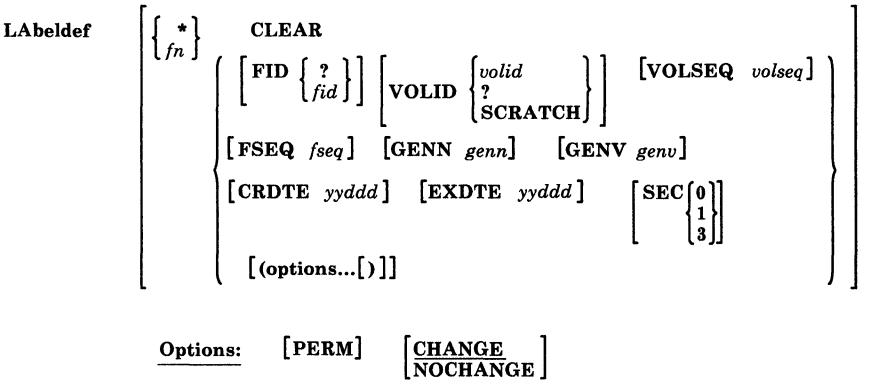
Scrolls the window to the left.

L

LABELDEF

CMS

Specifies standard HDR1 and EOF1 tape label description information for CMS, CMS/DOS, and OS simulation.



LANGGEN

CMS

Combines all the text files created by LANGMERG for a language and saves them in a Saved Segment named NLS*xy*, where x is the *levelid* and y is the *langid*. LANGGEN also saves CP's message repository for CP to use.

LANGGEN *langid* [*levelid*] [(*CTL* *filename* [)]]

LANGMERG — CMS

Combines all the language-related files for an application into one text file. (The LANGGEN command can then load this single text file into a Saved Segment as a language segment.)

LANGMERG *langid applid* [(*CTL filename* [)]]

LINK — CP Class G

Permits one user to access minidisks belonging to another user.

LINK [**To**] *userid vaddr1* [**As**] *vaddr2* [*mode*] [[**PASS=**] *password* [1]]

[1]If password suppression is in effect, the DASD password (access mode password) cannot be entered on the LINK command line. The password must be entered after the prompting message: ENTER PASSWORD.

LISTDIR — CMS

Lists directories in a specified directory structure.

LISTDIR [*dirid*] [(**options...**[)]]

Options: [**ACCessed** / **ALL**] [**SUBdirectory** / **NOSubdirectory**] [**STACK** [**FIFO** / **LIFO**] / **LIFO** / **FIFO** / **XEDIT**]

LISTDS

CMS

Lists information about data sets and space allocation on OS, DOS, and VSAM minidisks.

```
LISTDS   [ ?      ]   {fm}  [(options...[ )]]
         [ dsname ]   { * }

   Options:  [EXTENT]  [FORMAT ]  [PDS ]
             [FREE  ]
```

LISTFILE

CMS

Lists information about CMS files stored on a minidisk or in an SFS directory.

```
Listfile   [fn [ft [fm]]]          [ ( options... [ )] ]
           [*  [*  [* ]]]

   Options:  [ALLFile ]  [SHAre ]  [Header  ]
             [AUThfile]  [SEArch]  [NOHeader]

             [ Exec    [Trace] [ARGS]     ]  [ FName  ]  [Blocks ]
             [ Trace   [ARGS ]            ]  [ FType  ]
             [ APpend  [ARGS ]            ]  [ FMode  ]  [ % x ]
             [ STACK [FIFO |LIFO]         ]  [ FOrmat ]
             [ FIFO                       ]  [ ALloc  ]
             [ LIFO                       ]  [ Date   ]
             [ XEDIT                      ]  [ Label  ]
```

LISTIO — CMS

Displays information concerning CMS/DOS system and programmer logical units.

```
LISTIO  [ SYS     ]   [(options...[)]]
        [ PROG    ]
        [ SYSxxx  ]
        [ A       ]
        [ UA      ]
        [ ALL     ]

        Options:  [ EXEC   ]   [STAT]
                  [ APPEND ]
```

LKED — CMS

Link-edit a CMS TEXT file or OS object module into a CMS LOADLIB.

```
LKED    fname   [(options...[)]]
        Options:
        [NCAL] [LET] [ALIGN2] [NE] [OL] [RENT]
        [REUS] [REFR] [OVLY] [XCAL]
        [NAME membername] [LIBE libraryname]
        [ XREF  ]   [ TERM   ]   [ PRINT   ]
        [ MAP   ]   [ NOTERM ]   [ DISK    ]
        [ LIST  ]                [ NOPRINT ]
        [ SIZE { value1       value2 } ]
               { value1,              }
               { value1,value2        }
               {,                     }
        [ AMODE { 24  } ]   [ RMODE { 24  } ]
                { 31  }             { ANY }
                { ANY }
```

LOAD

CMS

Brings TEXT files into storage for execution.

```
LOAD   fn ...      [(options...[)]]

Options:

[CLEAR  ] [RESET {entry}] [MAP  ]
[NOCLEAR]        {  *  }  [NOMAP]

[TYPE  ] [INV  ] [REP  ] [AUTO  ]
[NOTYPE] [NOINV] [NOREP] [NOAUTO]

[LIBE  ] [START] [DUP  ] [NORLDsave]
[NOLIBE]         [NODUP] [RLDsave  ]

[NOPRES] [HIST  ]
[PRES  ] [NOHIST]

[RMODE  {24 }  ]          [AMODE {24 }]
[       {ANY}  ]                 {31 }
[ORIGIN {hexloc}  ]              {ANY}
[       {TRANS }  ]
```

LOADBUF

CP Class D

Loads UCS (Universal Character Set) buffer or FCB (forms control buffer) on real printer.

```
LOADBUF  { raddr UCS name [Fold ] [Ver ]  }
         { raddr FCB name [Index] [nn ]]  }
```

LOADCMD

GCS

Defines a program to be executed as a command.

LOADCmd *name member*

LOADLIB

CMS

Maintains CMS LOADLIB libraries.

LOADLIB [**LIST** *fileid1* / **COMPRESS** *fileid1* / **COPY** *fileid1*] [*fileid2* [*fileid3*]] [(**options...**[)]]

Options: [**TERM** / **PRINT** / **DISK**] [**REPLACE** / **MODIFY**]

SYSIN Control Statements (**COPY** *function only*) [**SELECT** / **EXCLUDE**]

LOADMOD

CMS

Brings a single MODULE file into storage.

LOADMod *fn* [**MODULE** [*fm* / *]] [(**options...**[)]]

Options: [**NOPRES** / **PRES**]

LOADVFCB

CP Class G

Specifies the forms control buffer image for a virtual spooled 3203, 3211, 3262, 4245, 4248, or 3289E printer.

LOADVFCB *vaddr* **Fcb** *name* [**Index** [*nn*]]

LOCATE

CP Class C and E

Provides the addresses of CP control blocks related to a specified user, virtual device, or real device.

LOCate {*userid* [*vaddr*] / *raddr*}

LOCK

CP Class A

Locks specified pages in processor storage.

LOCK {*userid* / **SYSTEM**} *firstpage* *lastpage* [**MAP**]

LOGOFF

CP Class Any

Terminates a terminal session.

LOGoff [**HOld**]
LOGout

LOGON

CP Class Any

Initiates all virtual machine operation.

Logon *userid* [*password*] [**Noipl**]
Login

M

CMS Border Command

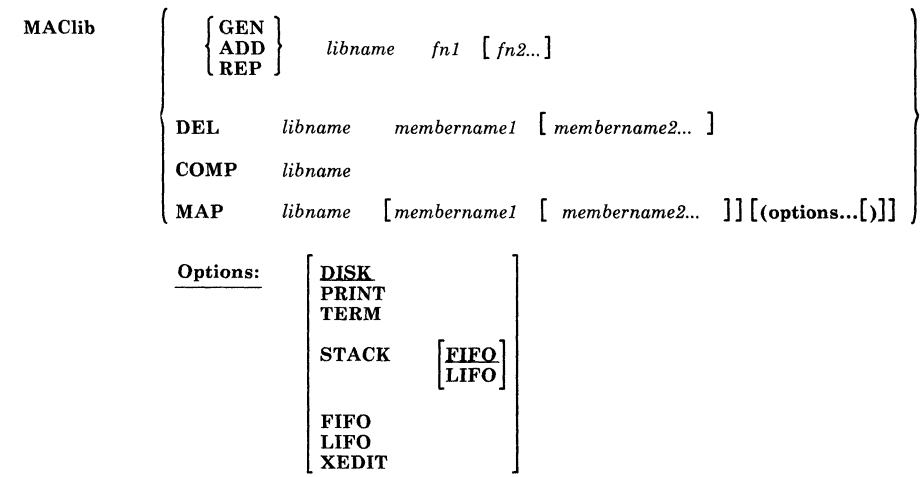
Changes the location of the window.

M

MACLIB

CMS

Creates or modifies CMS macro libraries.



MACLIST — CMS

Displays a list of information about all members in the specified maclib, with the ability to edit and issue commands from the list.

MACLIST
MList *libname* [(**options** [)]]

Options: [**Append**] [**Compact** | **NOCompact**] [**PROFile** *fn*]

Special commands that can be used in the MACLIST environment, followed by their descriptions, are:

EXECUTE [**Cursor** *lines*] [*command*]

Issues CP/CMS commands (or EXECs) that make use of files displayed by MACLIST.

DISCARD [*libname libtype libmode* (**MEMBER** *membername*]

Removes a member from the named library.

MAKEBUF — CMS

Creates a new program stack buffer.

MAKEBUF

MAP

IPCS

Converts various types of load maps into the proper format for IPCS.

MAP *type* [**Prompt**]

MAXIMIZE WINDOW

CMS

Expands a window to the physical screen size.

MAXimize WINdow [*wname* =]

MESSAGE

CP Class A and B

Sends text messages to other users, system operator, or self.

Message
Msg
{ **ALL** | *userid* | * | **OPerator** } *msgtext*

MESSAGE

CP Class Any

Sends text messages to other users, system operator or self.

Message
Msg
{ *userid* | ***** | **OPerator** }
msgtext

MIGRATE

CP Class A

Activates usual page/swap table migration routines or forces the pages of the specified user to a secondary device when the user is currently active.

MIGrate [*userid*]

MINIMIZE WINDOW

CMS

Reduces the size of the window to one line.

MINimize WINdow [*wname* | =]

MODIFY USER

CMS

Modifies a user's filespace allocation in the Shared File System. (For use by the file pool administrator only.)

MODIfy USEr $\left\{\begin{matrix}+\ nnnnnnnnnn \\ -\ nnnnnnnnnn\end{matrix}\right\}$ **FOR** $\left\{\begin{matrix}userid \\ nickname\end{matrix}\right\}$ [*filepoolid:*][(options... [)]]

Options:

$$\left[\begin{matrix}\textbf{NOType} \\ \textbf{TYPe} \\ \\ \textbf{STACK}\ \left[\begin{matrix}\underline{\textbf{FIFO}} \\ \textbf{LIFO}\end{matrix}\right] \\ \\ \textbf{LIFO} \\ \textbf{FIFO}\end{matrix}\right]$$

MODMAP

CMS

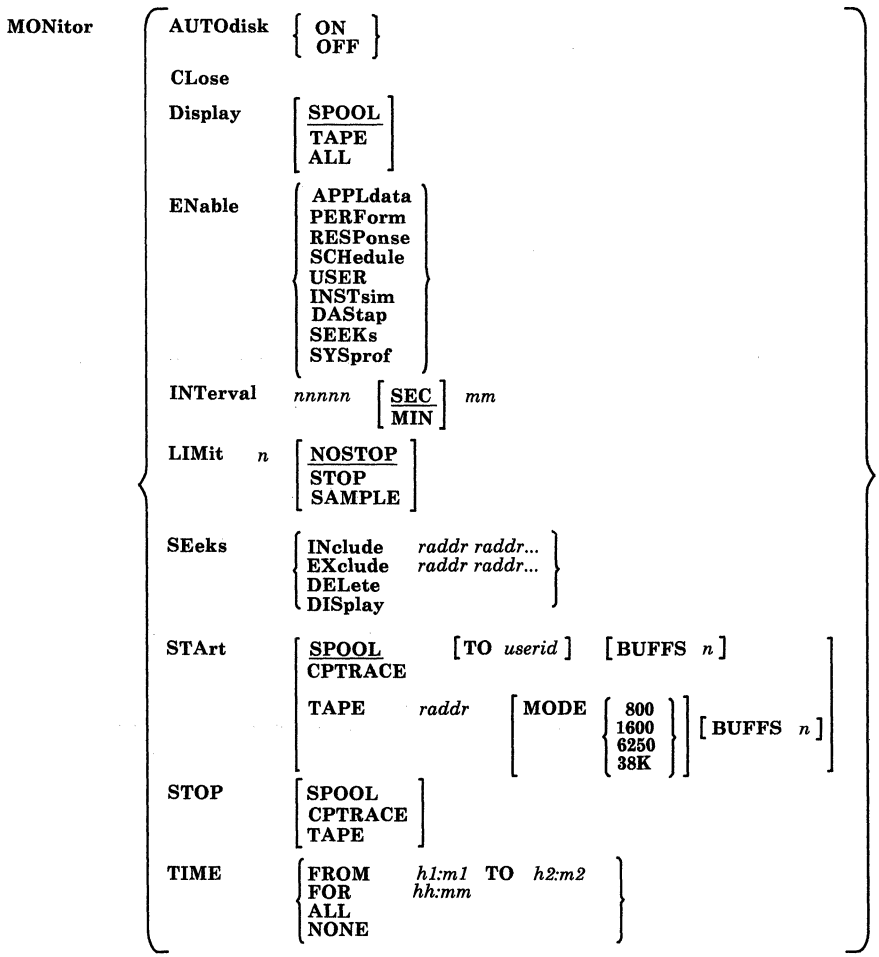
Displays a MODULE file load map.

MODmap *fn*

MONITOR

CP Class A and E

Starts or stops the recording of interruptions and other events that occur in the real machine.



MOREHELP

CMS

Displays additional or related information about the latest valid HELP command you issued.

MOREhelp [([optionA] [optionB] [)]]

OptionA: [DETail | BRIef | RELated]

OptionB: [ALL] [DESCript] [FORMat] [PARMs] [OPTions] [NOTEs] [ERRors]

MOVEFILE

CMS

Moves data from one device to another device of the same or different type.

MOVEfile [*inddname* [*outddname*] | INMOVE [OUTMOVE]] [(PDS [)]]

MSG

RSCS

Sends a message line to a local or remote operator or user.

Msg *nodeid* { *userid* | SYSTEM } [*msgtext*]

MSGNOH

CP Class A and B

Lets a virtual machine send messages without the standard header associated with the MESSAGE command.

MSGNOH { *userid* | **ALL** | ***** | **OPerator** } *msgtext*

N

CMS Border Command

Minimizes the window.

N

NAMEFIND CMS

Displays/stacks information from a NAMES file (default 'userid NAMES').

NAMEFind *:tag value* [*:tag* [*value*]...] [**(options...** [**)**]]

Options:

[**STACK** [*n* |*|**1**] [**FIFO**|**LIFO**]]
[**FIFO** [*n* |*|**1**]]
[**LIFO** [*n* |*|**1**]]
[**TYPE** [*n* |*|**1**]]

[**FILe** *fn*] [**LINenum**] [**STARt** *recnum*]

[**SIze** [*n* |*|**8**]] [**XEDIT**]

NAMES CMS

Displays a menu to create, display, or modify entries in a 'userid NAMES' file. (The menu is available only on display terminals.)

NAMES [*nickname*]

NCPDUMP CMS

Processes CP spool reader files created by 3705x dumping operations.

NCPDUMP [**DUMP** *xx*][([**ERASE**][**NOFORM**][**NCPBUFF**][**)**]]

NETDATA

CMS

Queries, receives or sends files to users at a network node or on your system. Normally called from an exec.

```
NETDATA { QUERY                                   [(optionA...[)]]                    }
        { RECEIVE fn ft fm                        [(optionA optionB optionD...[)]]    }
        { SEND fn ft fm TO userid AT node [(optionA optionC optionD..[)]]             }

OptionA:  [ TYPe                  ]   [ MSGSubs ]
          [ NOType                ]   [ MSGAll  ]
          [ STACK [ FIFO ]        ]
          [       [ LIFO ]        ]
          [ LIFO                  ]
          [ FIFO                  ]

OptionB:  [ Fullprompt ]  [ NEwdate ]  [ Replace   ]
          [ Minprompt  ]  [ Olddate ]  [ NOReplace ]
          [ NOPrompt   ]

          [NOTE]  [NOTEBook fn]  [PURGE]

OptionC:  [ Ack   ]  [NOTE]
          [ NOAck ]

OptionD:  [ Log   ]  [NOSpool]  [Xedit]
          [ NOLog ]
```

Defaults (underlined): TYPe, FIFO (under STACK), Minprompt, Olddate, NOReplace, NOLog.

NETWORK

CP Class A

Controls communications to 370x controllers or resources or 3270 remote equipment.

```
NETWORK   ATTach   resid  [To]  userid  [As]  cuu
          DETach   resid  [From]  userid
          DISAble  [ ALL | resid [resid...] ]
          { DISPlay raddr hexloc1  [ { - | : } [ hexloc2 | END ] | { . } [ bytecount | END ] ] }
          DUMP raddr [ IMMED | OFF | AUTO ]
          ENable [ ALL | resid [resid...] ]
          LOAD raddr ncpname
          POLLdlay nnnn [ ALL | raddr ]
          Query [ ACTive | OFFline | FREe | ALL | resid [resid...] ]
          SHUTDOWN [ raddr | ALL ]
          VARY { ONline | OFFline } resid [resid...]
```

NETWORK

CP Class B

Controls the 370x control program and its resources. Also provides a means of altering binary synchronous line poll delay interval.

NETWORK

ATTach *resid* [**To**] *userid* [**As**] *vaddr*

DETach *resid* [**From**] *userid*

DISAble [**ALL** | *resid* [*resid...*]]

{ **DISPlay** *raddr hexloc1* [{ **-** | **:** } [*hexloc2* | **END**] | { **.** } [*bytecount* | **END**]] }

DUMP *raddr* [**IMMED** | **OFF** | **AUTO**]

ENable [**ALL** | *resid* [*resid...*]]

LOAD *raddr ncpname*

POLLdlay *nnnn* [**ALL** | *raddr*]

Query [**ACTive** | **OFFline** | **FREe** | **ALL** | *resid* [*resid...*]]

VARY { **ONline** | **OFFline** } *resid* [*resid...*]

NETWORK

RSCS

Starts or ends communications with ACF/VTAM (for RSCS operator only).

```
                 [APPLid name  ]
NETwork   { STArt [Pass password]
                 [RETry nn     ]
                 [RPLs nnn     ]
            HALT  [QUICK]         }
```

NOTE

CMS

Prepares a 'note' for one or more computer users, to be sent by way of the SENDFILE command.

```
NOTE      [name... [CC: name...]]   [(options... [)]]
```

Options:

```
[ACk  ]   [ADd]   [Cancel]   [NOTebook fn]
[NOAck]                      [NOTebook * ]
                             [NONotebook ]

[LOG  ]   [LONg ]   [Replace]   [PROFile fn]
[NOLog]   [Short]
```

(Defaults, underlined on the page: NOAck, LOG, Short.)

NOTREADY

CP Class G

Simulates loss of ready status on virtual device.

NOTReady *vaddr*

NUCXDROP **CMS**

Deletes specified nucleus extensions.

NUCXDROP { *name1* [*name2...*] | * }

NUCXLOAD **CMS**

Loads a nucleus extension.

NUCXLOAD { *name* [*fn*] | *name member ddname* } [([**SYstem**] [**SErvice**] [**ENdcmd**] [**IMmcmd**] [**Push**] [)]]]

NUCXMAP **CMS**

Identifies existing nucleus extensions, including those residing in saved segments.

NUCXMAP [*name* | * | **ALL**] [(options...[)]]

Options:

[**NOSEGMent** | **SEGMent** { *segname* | * }] [**ATTRibutes**] [**SEGInfo**]

[**STACK** [**FIFO** | **LIFO**] | **FIFO** | **LIFO**] [**ALL**]

O

CMS Border Command

Restores the window.

O

OPTION

CMS

Changes the specified DOS/VS COBOL compiler (FCOBOL) options that are in effect for the current terminal session.

OPtion [options...]

Options:

[DUMP / NODUMP] [DECK / NODECK] [LIST / NOLIST] [LISTX / NOLISTX] [SYM / NOSYM]

[XREF / NOXREF] [ERRS / NOERRS] [48C / 60C] [TERM / NOTERM]

ORDER

ORDER

CP Class D

Places closed spool files in a specified order by device type. (A combination of CLASS and spoolid specifications may be entered.)

ORDer

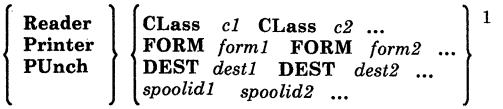
Sequencing may be done with the ORDER command using a combination of "CLASS c" FORM, and spoolid specifications.

ORDER

CP Class G

Places closed spool files in a specified order by device type.

ORDer



Sequencing may be done with the ORDER command using a combination of "CLASS c" FORM, and spoolid specifications.

ORDER

RSCS

Reorders files enqueued on a specific link.

ORDer [*linkid*] *spoolid* [*spoolid ...*]

OSRUN — CMS

Loads, relocates and executes a load module from a CMS LOADLIB or an OS module library.

OSRUN *member* [**PARM** =*parameters*]

OSRUN — GCS

Starts a GCS application program.

OSRUN *member* [**PARM** = *parameters*]

OVERRIDE — CMS

Implements changes to the class structure.

OVERRIDE *fn ft fm* [**(** **EDIT** / **(** **FREE**]

DESTINATION control statement:

DESTination *cuu devtype volser altcuu*

Override file control statement:

command [**Type**= *c*] **Class**= {*classes* / * }

P

CMS Border Command

Pops the window.

P

PARSECMD

CMS

Calls the parsing facility from within an exec.

PARSECMD *uniqueid* [**(options...[)**]]

Options: [**TYPE** / **NOTYPE**] [**APPLID** *applid*] [**STRING** *cmdstring*]

PEEK

CMS

Displays a file that is in your virtual reader without reading it onto disk or directory.

PEEK [*spoolid*] [(**options...**[)]]

Options:

[**FRom** *recno*] [**FOr** *numrec*] [**PROFile** *fn*]

A Special Command which can be used in the PEEK environment, followed by its description, is:

DISCARD $\left[\begin{array}{l} fn\ ft\ \left[\begin{array}{l} fm \\ dirid \end{array}\right] \\ dirid \end{array}\right]$

Erases a file displayed on the PEEK screen.

PER

CP Class A,B,C,D,E,F, and G

Monitors certain events as they occur during program execution in the user's virtual machine, such as: the fetching and execution of an instruction, the execution of a successful branch instruction, the execution of an instruction that alters a specific general-purpose register, and the execution of an instruction in the virtual machine that alters storage.

```
PER     EVENT TYPES:
        [ Instruct [[ DATA ] hex-data ]                                  [ options ] ]
        [ BRanch   [[ INTO ] into-addr-range ]                           [         ] ]
        [ STore    [[ INTO ] storage-addr-range ]                        [         ] ]
        [          [[ INTO ] addr [ DATA ] hex-data ]                    [         ] ]
        [ Mask       [ INTO ] addr [ DATA ] mask-field                   [         ] ]
        [ G [reg1]   [ { - } [reg2 ]  ] [[ DATA hexword ]]               [         ] ]
        [            [ { : }          ]                                  [         ] ]
        [            [ { . } [regcount] ]                                [         ] ]

        OPTIONS:
          Range instruction-addr-range
          FRom  instruction-addr-range
          PAss [ 0 ]
               [ n ]
          CMd { text }
          [ Printer  [ RUN ]                                             ]
          [ [TErminal] [ NORun ]                                         ]
          [ [BOth    ] [ RUN   ]                                         ]
          [                    [ STEp [ 1 ] ]                            ]
          [                    [      [ n ] ]                            ]
          GUESTR
          GUESTV
          DATOFF
          DAT

        SUB-COMMANDS:
          COunt
          TAble
          SAve    traceset-name [ APpend ]
          GET     traceset-name [ APpend ]
          ENd   { ALL            }
                { COunt          }
                { CUrrent        }
                { element-number }
                { event-type     }
                { traceset-name  }
```

POP WINDOW

CMS

Moves a window up in the order of displayed windows.

POP WINdow $\left\{\begin{matrix} wname \\ \mathbf{WM} \end{matrix}\right\} \left[\begin{matrix} n \\ \underline{\mathbf{*}} \end{matrix}\right]$

PORT

RSCS

Specifies that a port is to be connected to the public switched telephone network and that the port may be used for an auto-dial or auto-answer link. Reserves a virtual address for a BSC telecommunications line to be dynamically allocated to a link that is started without explicit port specification.

PORT *cuu* $\left\{\begin{matrix} \mathbf{DIAL} \\ \mathbf{NODial} \\ \mathbf{OFF} \end{matrix}\right\}$

POSITION WINDOW

CMS

Changes the location of a window on the physical screen.

POSition WINdow $\left\{\begin{matrix} wname \\ \underline{=} \end{matrix}\right\}$ *psline* *pscol*

PRB

IPCS

Updates the STATUS, FUNCTN, SEV or DUP/APAR/PTF fields in a symptom summary record or displays a specific problem report.

PRB { *nnnnn* { **APAR** *aparnumber* | **CLOSE** | **DSPLY** | **DUPOF** { *nnnnn* | *aparnumber* } | **IBM** | **NEEDINFO** | **PTFIS** [*filename*] *filetype* | **PTFON** | **SEV** [*1 2 3 4*] | **USER** } | **HELP** }

PRELOAD

CMS

Collects multiple text files and reformats them into a single text file.

PRELOAD *loadlist* [*ctlfile*]

PRINT

CMS

Spools a specified CMS file to the virtual printer.

PRint *fn ft* [*fm* | *] [(**options...** [)]]

Options:

[**OVersize**] [**CC** [**HEADer**] | **NOCC**] [**UPCASE**] [**TRC** | **NOTRC**]

[**LINECOUN** {*nnn* | **55**}] [**MEMBER** {* | *membername*}] [**HEX**]

PROB

IPCS

Enters or appends a problem report in IPCS.

PROB

PROGMAP

CMS

Displays or places on the program stack information on programs currently loaded in storage or in a saved segment.

```
PROGMAP   [progname]   [(options...[)]]
          [  *     ]

          Options: [PROGRAM                ] [STACK [FIFO]]
                   [NUCX                   ] [      [LIFO]]
                   [ALL                    ] [FIFO        ]
                   [NOSEGment              ] [LIFO        ]
                   [SEGment {segname}      ]
                   [        {  *    }      ]
```

PROGRAMMABLE OPERATOR

CMS

Anyone, authorized by the active routing table, can execute the programmable operator commands. To execute a programmable operator command you must send a message to the programmable operator facility virtual machine. The text of the message is the command to be entered. Use the CMS EXEC, PROPST EXEC, to call the programmable operator facility.

The format of the invocation exec is:

PROPST [*rtable-name* / **PROP**] [**DISConn**]

The local format of the message sent to the programmable operator facility is:

Message *userid propcmd* [*parameters*]
MSG

The distributed (network) format of the message sent to the programmable operator facility is:

SMsg *netid* **Msg** *nodeid userid propcmd* [*parameters*]

The CMS TELL EXEC may be used by the logical operator instead of either the local or the distributed format.

The format of the TELL EXEC is:

TELL *name message*

PROGRAMMABLE OPERATOR

Programmable operator commands:

CMD *vmcmd*

Executes selected CP or CMS commands in the programmable operator's virtual machine.

FEEDBACK
FB *text...*

Places comments about the operation of the system and the programmable operator in the feedback file.

GET { **FEEDBACK** | **FB** | **LOG** [**yymmdd**] }

Retrieves one of the programmable operator files: the feedback file (FB) or the log file (LOG).

LOADTBL [*filename*] [(**RPL** [)]]

Loads a new routing table to control the operation of the programmable operator facility.

LGLOPR { **ASN** | **RLS** | **RPL** }

Changes the assignment of logical operator of the programmable operator facility.

LOG *text...*

Writes a message to the current day's log file.

QUERY { **HOSTCHK** | **LGLOPR** | **PROPCHK** [*nodeid*] | **RTABLE** | **LOGGING** }

Indicates node-checking status, the user ID and node ID of the currently assigned logical operator, the logging status, the node-checking status, and the name of the programmable operator's active routing table, respectively.

SET { **DEBUG** {ON | OFF} | **HOSTCHK** {ON | OFF} | **PROPCHK** {ON | OFF} [*nodeid*] | **LOGGING** {ON | OFF | ALL} }

SET DEBUG enters into and exits from programmable operator DEBUG mode.
SET HOSTCHK starts or halts checking of the host system by the distributed system.
SET LOGGING causes the programmable operator facility to stop writing any messages to the log file.
SET PROPCHK restarts or halts checking of the programmable operators on the distributed systems.

STOP

Stops operation of the programmable operator.

Note: The SET DEBUG command may be entered only at the programmable operator virtual console. The SET LOGGING, SET HOSTCHK, and SET PROPCHK commands may be entered at the programmable operator virtual console, and also from the logical operator's console.

PSERV

PSERV — CMS

Copies a procedure from the VSE procedure library onto a CMS minidisk or an SFS directory, displays it at the terminal, or spools it to the virtual punch or printer.

PSERV *procedure* [*ft* / **PROC**] [(**options...** [ )]]

Options: [**DISK**] [**PRINT**] [**PUNCH**] [**TERM**]

PUNCH — CMS

Spools a specified CMS file to the virtual punch.

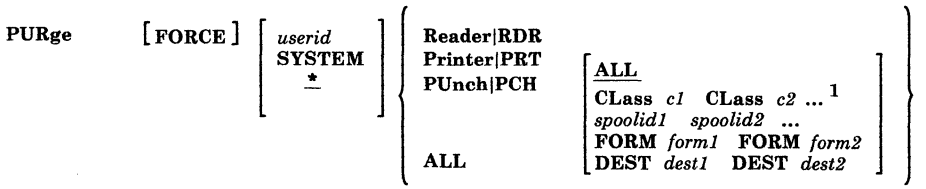
PUnch *fn ft* [*fm* / *] [(**options...** [ )]]

Options: [**Header** / **NOHeader**] [**MEMber** { * / *membername* }]

PURGE

CP Class D

Deletes a closed spool file before reading, printing, or punching occurs.

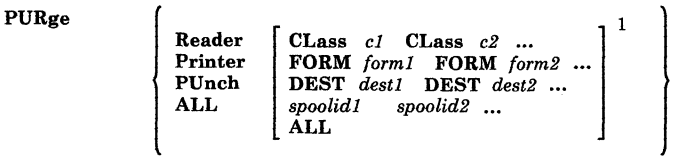


[1] A combination of CLASS and spoolid specifications may be entered.

PURGE

CP Class G

Deletes a closed file before reading, printing, or punching occurs.



[1] A combination of CLASS and spoolid specifications may be entered.

PURGE — RSCS

Removes and discards all or specified inactive files from a link.

General User Format:

PURge [*] *spoolid*

Operator Format:

PURge [*linkid*] { *spoolid* [*spoolid ...*] / **ALL** }

PUT SCREEN — CMS

Makes a copy of the physical screen and writes the image to a CMS file.

PUT SCREEN *fn ft* [*fm* / ***** / **A1**]

PUT VSCREEN — CMS

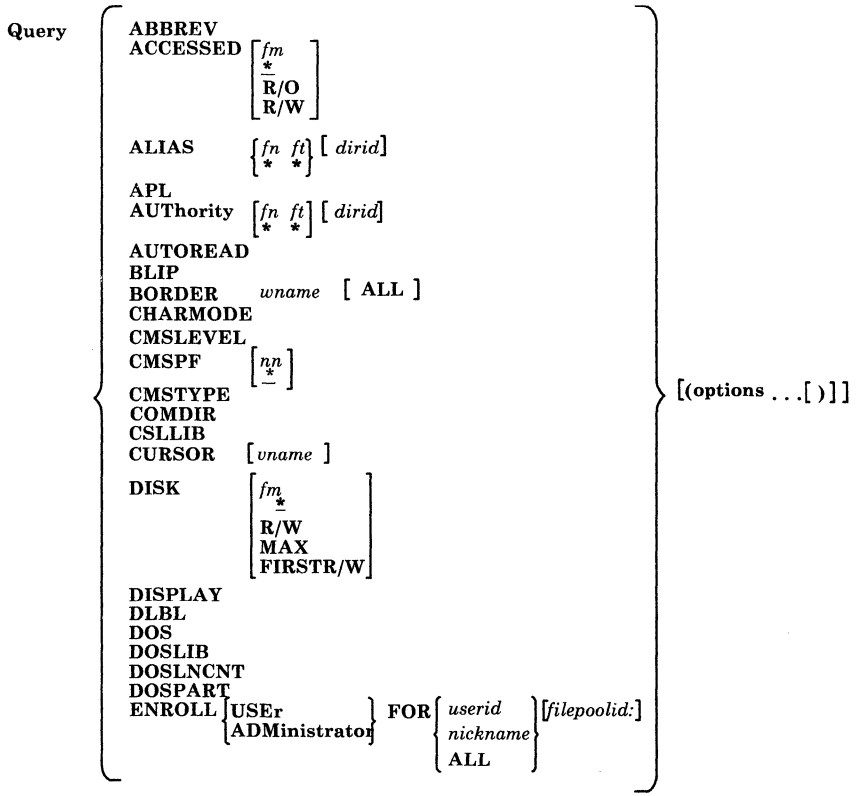
Writes the data from the data area of a virtual screen to a CMS file.

PUT VSCreen *vname fn ft* [*fm* / ***** / **A1** [*fromlin* / **1** [*numlin* / *****]]]

QUERY

CMS

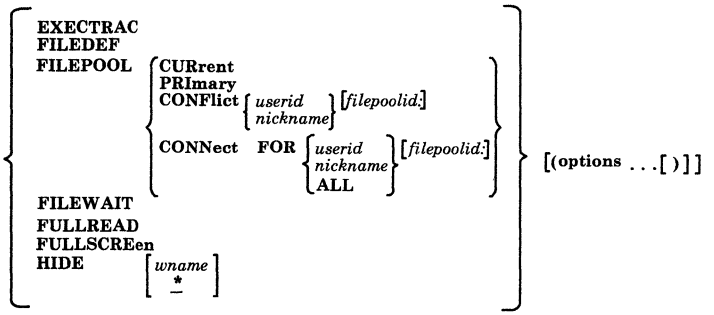
Requests information about CMS files, minidisks or SFS directories.

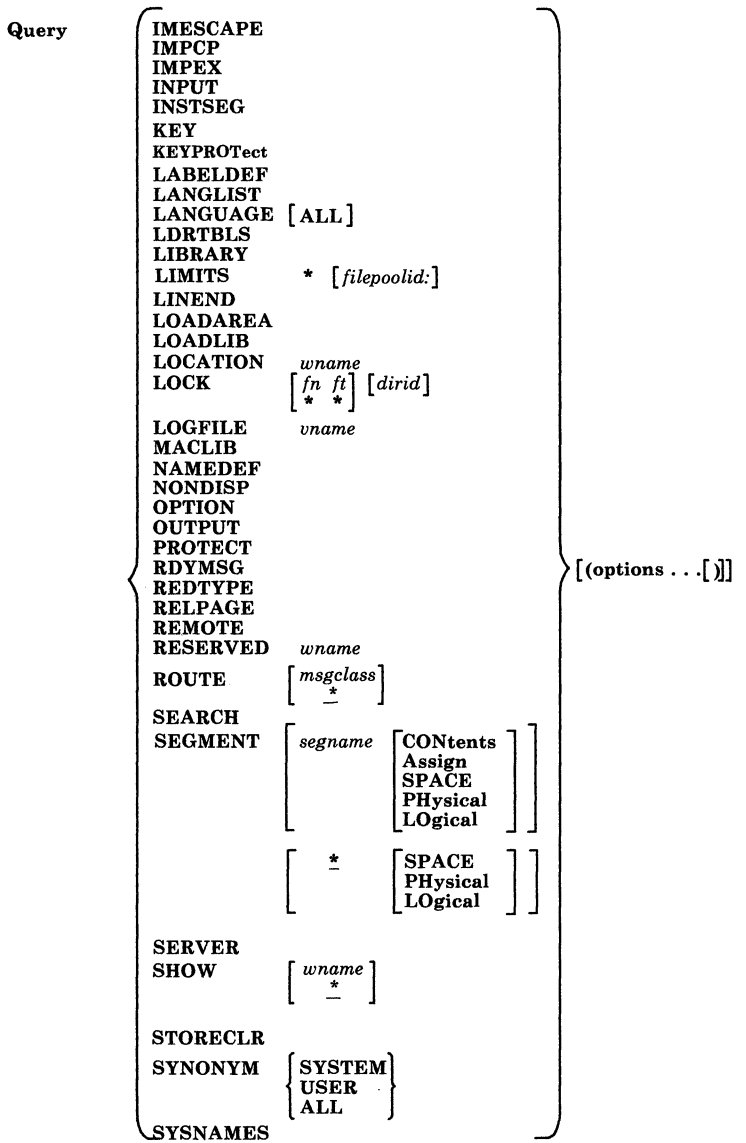


(format continued on the next page)

QUERY

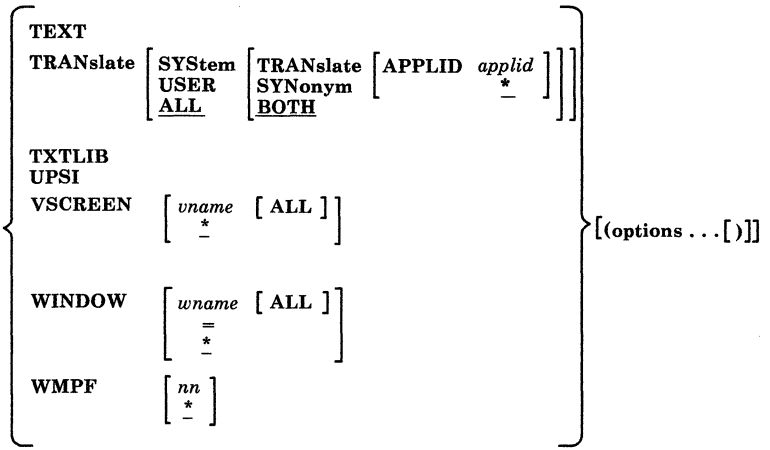
(continued from previous page)



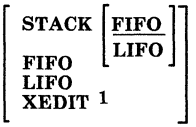

Query
IMESCAPE
IMPCP
IMPEX
INPUT
INSTSEG
KEY
KEYPROTect
LABELDEF
LANGLIST
LANGUAGE [ALL]
LDRTBLS
LIBRARY
LIMITS * [filepoolid:]
LINEND
LOADAREA
LOADLIB
LOCATION wname
LOCK [fn ft] [dirid]
* *
LOGFILE vname
MACLIB
NAMEDEF
NONDISP
OPTION
OUTPUT
PROTECT
RDYMSG
REDTYPE
RELPAGE
REMOTE
RESERVED wname
ROUTE [msgclass]
*
SEARCH
SEGMENT segname [CONtents]
Assign
SPACE
PHysical
LOgical
* [SPACE]
PHysical
LOgical
SERVER
SHOW [wname]
*
STORECLR
SYNONYM {SYSTEM}
USER
ALL
SYSNAMES
[(options . . .[)]]

QUERY

Query



Options:

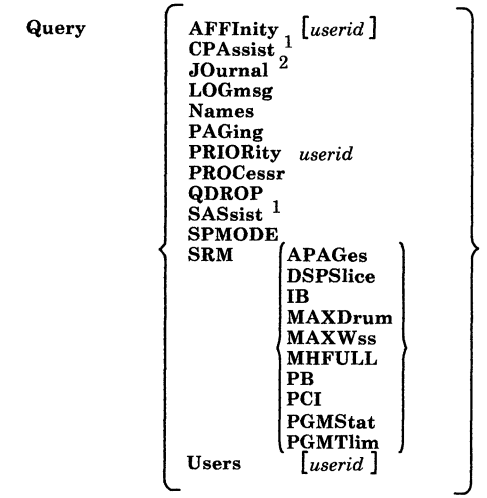


[1] XEDIT option is only for QUERY ALIAS and QUERY AUTHORITY.

Query

CP Class A

Displays system software maintenance information, log messages, the number of logged-on users; lists logged-on users. Provides the paging activity index or specified user priority or status of the Virtual Machine Assist feature.



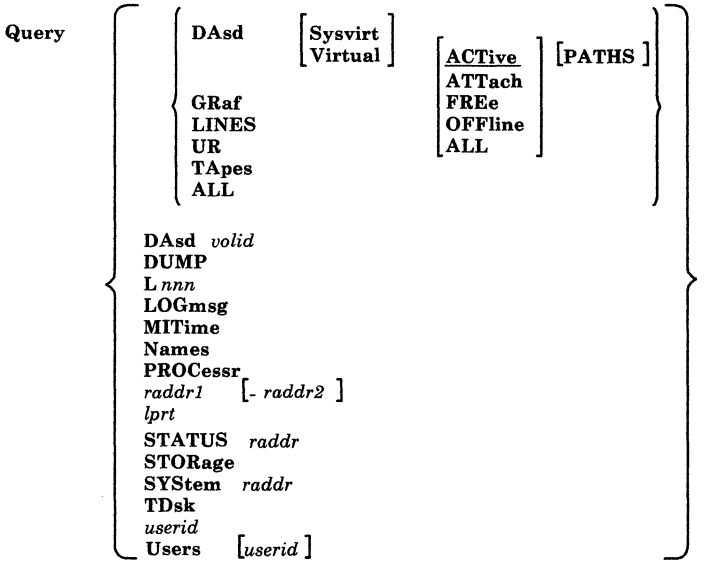
[1] The collective use of both QUERY CPASSIST and QUERY SASSIST determines the current status of the expanded Virtual Machine Assist portion of the Extended Control-Program Support: VM/370

[2] The JOURNAL operand is valid only if STQUERY=YES is specified in the SYSJRL macro instruction in DMKSYS.

QUERY

CP Class B

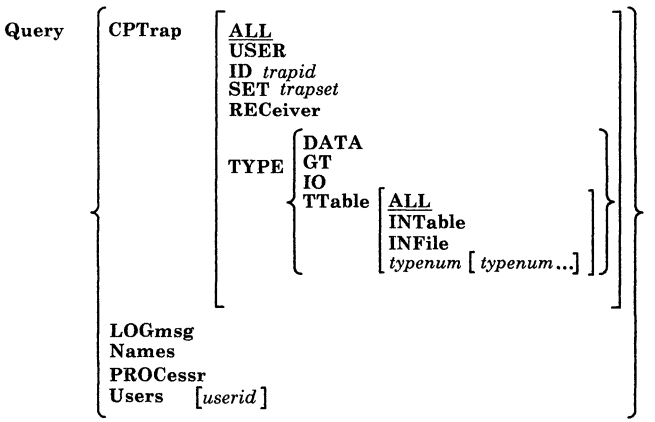
Displays system status, paging, scheduling, machine configuration information, system software maintenance information, log messages, the number of logged-on users; lists logged-on users.



QUERY

CP Class C

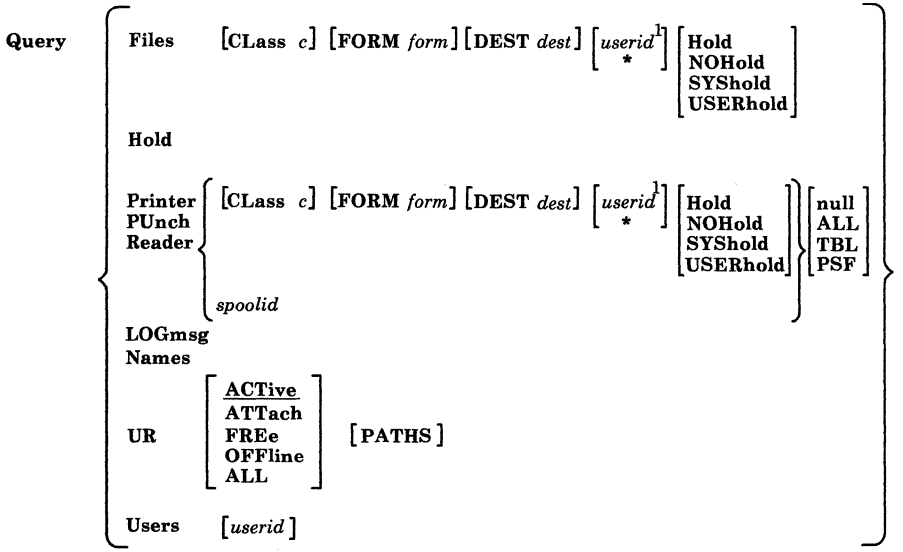
Displays log message, number of logged-on users,the status of CPTRAP, CPLEVEL, specific user ID, and the online processors in the system; lists logged-on users.



QUERY

CP Class D

Provides data on spooling operations.

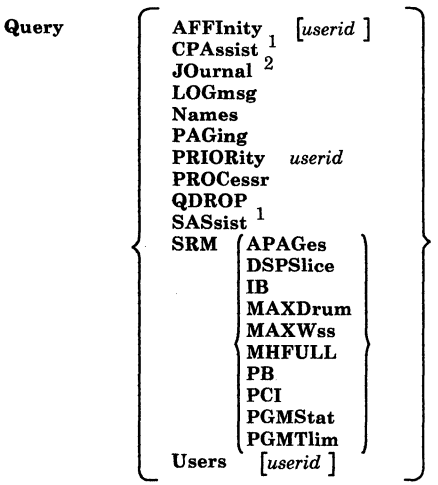


[1] Using a one- to four-digit all-numeric *userid* causes unpredictable results for the QUERY command, which also has a one- to four-digit all numeric *spoolid* parameter.

QUERY

CP Class E

Provides the paging activity index or specified user priority or status of the Virtual Machine Assist feature.



[1] The collective use of both QUERY CPASSIST and QUERY SASSIST determines the current status of the expanded Virtual Machine Assist portion of the Extended Control-Program Support:VM/370.

[2] The JOURNAL operand is valid only if STQUERY=YES is specified in the SYSJRL macro instruction in DMKSYS.

QUERY

CP Class F

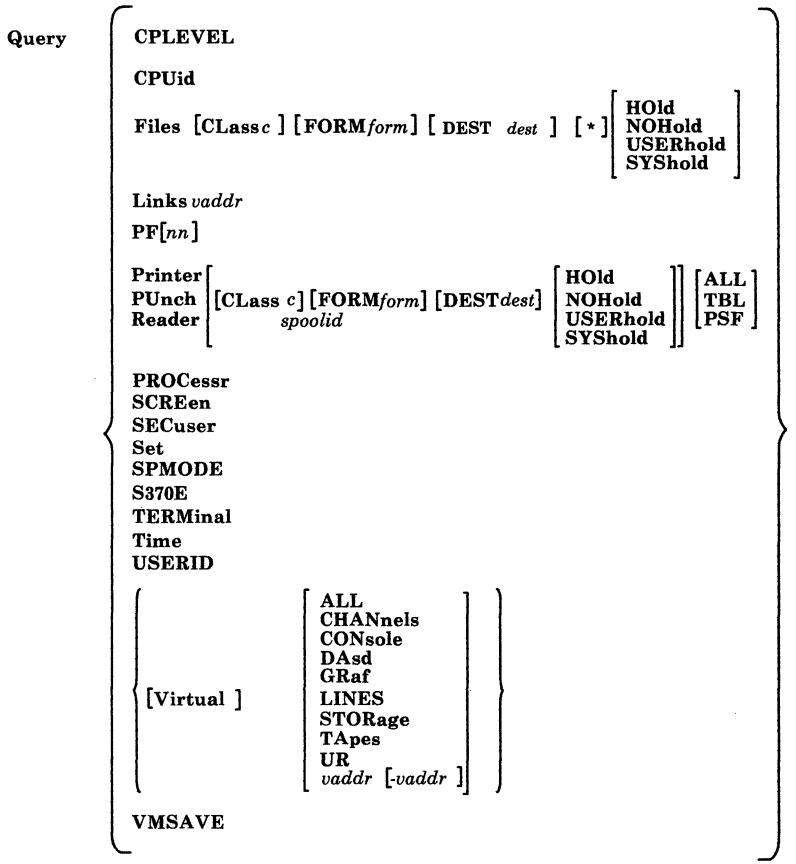
Displays log messages and number of logged-on users, and lists logged-on users.

Query { **LOGmsg** | **Names** | **Users** [*userid*] }

QUERY

CP Class G

Provides system status and machine configuration information.

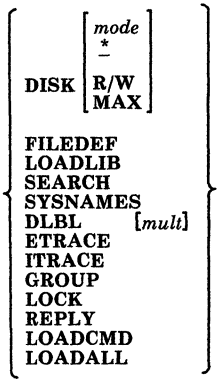


QUERY

GCS

Requests information about your GCS virtual machine.

Query

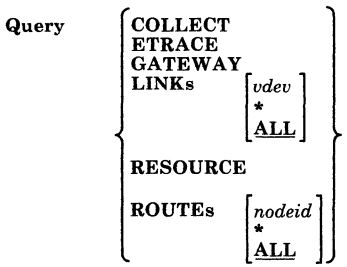


The DISK, DLBL, LOADLIB, FILEDEF, SEARCH, and SYSNAMES operands work the same as for the CMS QUERY command with the exception that no options are allowed.

QUERY

TSAF

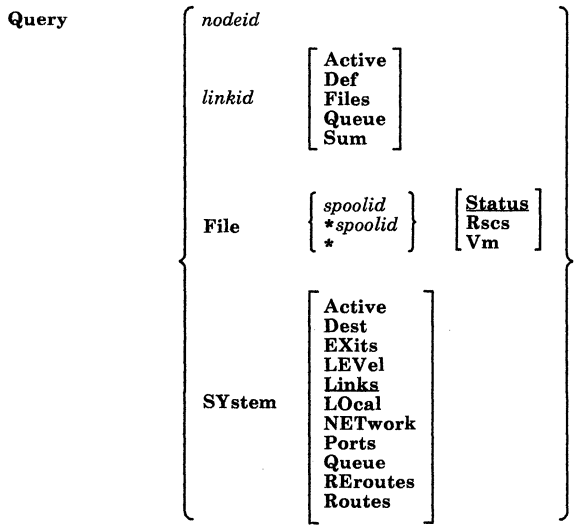
Requests information about the TSAF configuration when the TSAF virtual machine is running. Only the TSAF virtual console or the secondary user of the TSAF virtual machine can issue this command.



QUERY

RSCS

Requests system information for a link, a file, or for the system in general.



QUERY DISABLE

CMS

Allows an operator to determine if a storage group or filespace has been previously disabled, and the user ID of the disabler. (File pool server operator only.)

QUERY FILEPOOL CONFLICT

CMS

Displays information about lock conflicts in the specified file pool.

Query FILEPOOL CONFlict { *userid* / *nickname* } [*filepoolid:*] [(**options...** [ )]]

Options:

[**STACK** [**FIFO** / **LIFO**]]
[**LIFO**]
[**FIFO**]

QUERY FILEPOOL STATUS

CMS

Displays information about a specified file pool and file pool server processing against it. (File pool server operator only.)

Query FILEPOOL STAtus [*filepoolid:*] [(options... [ )]]

Options:

[**STACK** [**FIFO** / **LIFO**]]
[**LIFO**]
[**FIFO**]
[**XEDIT**]

[**CATalog**]

QUERY LIMITS

CMS

Displays limits information (assigned storage group, 4K file block allocation and usage, file block warning threshold value) about selected users in a particular file pool.

Query LIMITS { **FOR** { *userid* / *nickname* } / ***** / **ALL** } [*filepoolid:*] [[(options...)]]

Options: [STACK [FIFO / LIFO] / LIFO / FIFO]

QVM

CP Class A

Requests the transition from VM/370 to a particular virtual machine, running in native mode.

QVM *userid* [**NORETURN**]

R

CMS Border Command

Scrolls the window to the right.

R

RDR

CMS

Generates a return code and either displays or stacks a message that identifies the characteristics of the next file in your virtual reader.

RDR [*spool-class* | =] [(*options*...[)]]

Options:

- **NOTYPE**
- **STACK** [**FIFO** | **LIFO**]
- **FIFO**
- **LIFO**

[**MSGSUBS** | **MSGALL**]

RDRLIST **CMS**

Displays information about files in your virtual reader with the ability to issue commands from a list.

RDRList
RList [(options...[)]]

Options: [PROFile *fn*] [Append]

Special Commands which can be used in the RDRLIST environment, followed by their descriptions, are:

EXECUTE [**Cursor** / *lines*] [*command*]

Issues CP/CMS commands (or EXECs) which make use of the reader spool files displayed by RDRLIST.

DISCARD [*fn ft* [*fm* / *dirid*] / *dirid*]

Purges a file displayed in RDRLIST.

READCARD

CMS

Reads data from the spooled card input device.

READcard { *fn ft* [*fm*] | * [* [*fm*]] } [(options...)]

Options: [**Fullprompt** | **Minprompt** | **NOPrompt**] [**Replace** | **NOReplace**]

READY

CP Class G

Makes a device-end interruption pending for the specified device.

READY *vaddr*

READY

RSCS

Notifies RSCS that a forms mount has been satisfied, or that a setup page is wanted. This command is for RJE, 3270P, SNA3270P, and MRJE type links.

Ready [*linkid*]

RECEIVE

RECEIVE — CMS

Reads to your SFS directory or minidisk a file or note that is in your virtual reader.

RECEIVE [*spoolid* [*fn* [*ft* [*fm*]]]] [(**options...** [)]]

Options:

[**NOTebook** *fn* / **NOTebook** *] [**Log** / **NOLog**] [**Purge**] [**Fullprompt** / **Minprompt** / **NOPrompt**] [**Replace** / **NOReplace**]

[**Olddate** / **NEwdate**] [**STack**]

RECONN — RSCS

Reconnects the RSCS operator console after being disconnected and resets the user ID, if any, that was used on the DISCONN command (for RSCS operator only).

REConn

REFRESH — CMS

Updates virtual screens and their associated windows, and refreshes the screen.

REFresh

RELEASE — CMS

Frees a previously accessed SFS directory or minidisk.

RELease { *vdev* / *dirid* / *fm* } [(**DET**[)]]

RELEASE — GCS

Releases a disk.

RELease { *cuu* / *mode* } [(**DET**[)]]

RELOCATE — CMS

Moves a file or subtree from one directory to another, within the same user ID or file pool.

RELOcate [*fn ft* / * *] *dirid1* **TO** *dirid2* [(**options...**[)]]

Options:

- **TYPe**
- **NOType**
- **STACK** [**FIFO** / **LIFO**]
- **FIFO**
- **LIFO**

RENAME

CMS

Changes the name of a CMS file or directory.

Rename { *fileid1* *fileid2* } [(**options...**[)]]
{ *dirid1* *dirid2* }

Options: [**Type**] [**UPdirt**]
[**NOType**] [**NOUPdirt**]
[**STACK** [**FIFO**]]
[**LIFO**]
[**FIFO**]
[**LIFO**]

REORDER

RSCS

Causes all inactive spool files which are owned by the RSCS virtual machine to be re-enqueued for transmission on the appropriate links, based on the files' TAG information and the RSCS link and route tables. No other commands will be accepted until the REORDER is completed.

REORDer

REPEAT

CP Class D

Holds or increases the copies of an output spool file.

REPeat { *raddr* } [[*nnn*]]
{ *lprt* } [[1]]
[{ *nnn* } **HOld**]

REPLY

GCS

Replies to messages sent to the GCS operator.

Reply *id* [*text*]

REQUEST

CP Class G

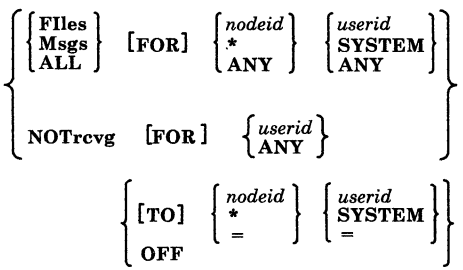
Makes an attention interruption pending.

REQuest

REROUTE

RSCS

Modifies the original routing (the destination system and user ID of files and messages for specific systems and user IDs (for RSCS operator only).



RESERVE

CMS

Allocates all available blocks of a 512-, 1K-, 2K-, or 4K-byte block-formatted minidisk to a unique CMS file.

RESERVE *fn ft fm*

RESET

CP Class G

Clears all pending interruptions; resets error conditions on the device specified.

RESET *vaddr*

RESTORE WINDOW

CMS

Returns a maximized or minimized window to its size and location prior to a maximize or minimize command.

REStore WINdow $\left[\begin{array}{c} wname \\ \underline{=} \end{array}\right]$

REVOKE ADMIN

CMS

Deletes file pool administration authority from a user ID. (File pool server operator only.)

REVOKE ADMIN *userid*

REVOKE AUTHORITY

CMS

Unauthorizes specified users from one or more of your files or directories.

REVoke AUThority [*fn* *ft*] *dirid* **FROM** { *userid* / *nickname* / **PUBlic** / **ALL** } [**(options...[)]**]

Options: [**KEEpread**] [**TYPe** / **NOType** / **STACK** [**FIFO** / **LIFO**] / **LIFO** / **FIFO**]

REWIND

CP Class G

Rewinds a real tape drive.

REWind *vaddr*

REXX

CMS

The Restructured Extended Executor (REXX) language is a command programming language that lets you combine useful sequences of commands to create new commands. The System Product Interpreter processes programs written in REXX. This language is not only suitable for writing execs or editor macros, but is also a useful tool for algorithm development.

Instructions:

The formats of the REXX instructions, followed by their descriptions, are:

ADDRESS $\left[\begin{array}{l} \textit{environment}\ [\textit{expression}\ ] \\ [\textbf{VALUE}\ ]\ \textit{expression} \end{array}\right]$;

Effects a temporary or permanent change to the destination of command(s).

ARG [*template*] ;

Retrieves the argument strings provided to a program or internal routine and assigns them to variables. It is a short form of the instruction PARSE UPPER ARG [template];.

CALL *name* [*expression*][,[*expression*]]... ;

Calls an internal routine, an external routine, or a built-in function. The called routine may optionally return a result upon its completion.

```
DO [ name=expri  [TO exprt ] [BY exprb] [FOR exprf ] ] [WHILE exprw ]
   [ ;                                               ] [UNTIL exprw ]
   [ FOREVER                                         ]
   [ exprr                                           ]

   [ instruction ]
   [     .       ]
   [     .       ]

END [ symbol ] ;
```

Or, to present the instruction more generally:

```
DO [repetitor ] [ conditional ] ;

   [ instruction ]
   [     .       ]
   [     .       ]

END [ symbol ] ;
```

Groups instructions together and optionally executes them repetitively.

DROP *name* [*name*] [*name*]... ;

"Unassigns" variables; that is, restores them to their original uninitialized state.

EXIT [*expression*] ;

Unconditionally leaves a program, and optionally returns a data string to the caller. The program is immediately terminated.

IF *expression* [;] **THEN** [;] *instruction*
[**ELSE** [;] *instruction*]

Conditionally executes an instruction or group of instructions.

INTERPRET *expression* ;

Executes instructions that have been built dynamically by evaluating an expression (rather than that exist permanently in the program).

ITERATE [*name*] ;

Alters the flow within a repetitive DO loop (that is, any DO construct other than that with a simple DO).

LEAVE [*name*] ;

Causes an immediate exit from one or more repetitive DO loops (that is, any DO construct other than that with a simple DO).

NOP ;

NOP is a dummy instruction that has no effect. It can be useful as the target of a THEN or ELSE clause.

```
NUMERIC  { DIGITS [expression]                          }  ;
         { FORM   [SCIENTIFIC                           ]
         {        [ENGINEERING                          ]
         {        [[VALUE] expression                   ]
         { FUZZ   [expression]                           }
```

Changes the way in which arithmetic operations are carried out.
NUMERIC DIGITS controls the precision to which arithmetic operations will be carried out.
NUMERIC FORM sets the form of exponential notation to be used.
NUMERIC FUZZ controls how many digits, at full precision, will be ignored during a comparison operation.

```
OPTIONS  [expression] ;
```

Passes special requests or parameters to the language processor. *Expression* is evaluated, and if the result is one of the following words recognizable to the language processors, it is obeyed. Words not recognized are ignored.

ETMODE	DBCS strings can be used in the program.
NOETMODE	DBCS strings cannot be used in the program (this is the default).
EXMODE	DBCS data operations capability is enabled.
NOEXMODE	DBCS data operations capability is disabled.

```
PARSE  [UPPER] { ARG                          }  [template]  ;
               { EXTERNAL                     }
               { NUMERIC                      }
               { PULL                         }
               { SOURCE                       }
               { VALUE [expression] WITH      }
               { VAR name                     }
               { VERSION                      }
```

Assigns data (from various sources) to one or more variables according to the rules of parsing.

PROCEDURE [**EXPOSE** *name* [*name*][*name*]...];

Used within an internal routine (subroutine or function), PROCEDURE protects all the existing variables by making them unknown to following instructions.

PULL [*template*];

Reads a string from the head of the queue. It is just a short form of the instruction. PARSE UPPER PULL [template];.

PUSH [*expression*];

The string resulting from expression will be stacked LIFO onto the queue, limited to 255 characters per entry. If no expression is specified, a null string is stacked.

QUEUE [*expression*];

The string resulting from expression will be appended to the most recently created buffer of the program stack (system-provided data queue) limited to 255 characters per entry. That is, it will be stacked FIFO. If no expression is specified, a null string is stacked.

RETURN [*expression*];

Returns control (and possibly a result) from a REXX program or internal routine to the point of its invocation.

```
SAY  [expression] ;
```

The result of evaluating the expression is written to the output stream (usually displayed to the user). The result of the expression may be of any length.

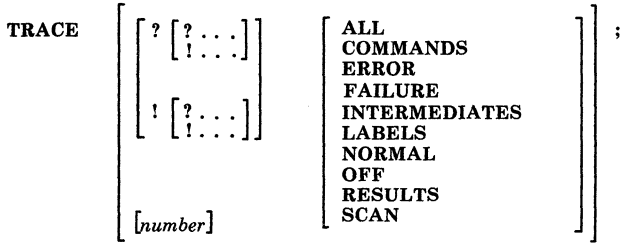
```
SELECT
     WHEN expression [;] THEN [;] instruction
    [WHEN expression [;] THEN [;] instruction]
    [  :       :              :        :     ]
    [  :       :              :        :     ]

    [OTHERWISE [;]   [instruction]]
    [                [     :     ]]
    [                [     :     ]]
END ;
```

Conditionally executes one of several alternative instructions.

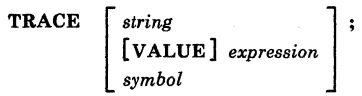
```
SIGNAL  { labelname                    }  ;
        { [VALUE] expression           }
        {            { ERROR    }      }
        {  [ON ]     { FAILURE  }      }
        {  [OFF]     { HALT     }      }
        {            { NOVALUE  }      }
        {            { SYNTAX   }      }
```

(OFF is underlined as the default.)

Causes an **abnormal** change in the flow of control, or (if ON or OFF is specified) controls the trapping of exceptions.



Or, alternatively:



Controls the tracing action taken (that is, how much will be displayed to the user) during execution of a REXX program; primarily used for debugging.

UPPER *variable* [*variable*] [*variable*]... ;

Translates the contents of one or more variables to uppercase. The variables are translated in sequence from left to right.

Built-in Functions:

REXX has many built-in functions and also various functions that are supplied externally.

ABBREV(*information,info* [*,length*]**)**

Returns 1 if *info* is a true abbreviation of *information*, with minimum *length*, or 0 if either condition is not met.

ABS(*number*)

Returns the absolute value of *number*.

ADDRESS( )

Returns the name of the current environment for commands.

ARG([*n*[,*option*]])

Returns the number of arguments, the *n*th argument, or tests if the nth argument exists or not.

BITAND(*string1* [, [*string2*][,*pad*]])

Returns a string composed of the two input strings logically ANDed together, bit by bit.

BITOR(*string1* [, [*string2*] [,*pad*]])

Returns a string composed of the two input strings logically ORed together, bit by bit.

BITXOR(*string1* [, [*string2*][,*pad*]])

Returns a string composed of the two input strings logically exclusive ORed together, bit by bit.

CENTER(*string, length* [, *pad*])
CENTRE(*string, length* [, *pad*])

Returns a string of length *length* with *string* centered in it and *pad* characters added as necessary to make up length.

COMPARE(*string1,string2*[,*pad*])

Returns 0 if the strings are identical. If they are not, returns a nonzero number which is the position of the first character that does not match.

COPIES (*string,n*)

Returns *n* concatenated copies of *string*.

C2D (*string* [*n* ,])

Character to Decimal. Returns the decimal value of the binary representation of *string*.

C2X(*string*)

Character to Hexadecimal. Returns the hexadecimal representation of *string*.

DATATYPE (*string* [,*type*])

If only *string* is specified, returns *NUM* if *string* is a valid REXX number (any format); otherwise *CHAR* is returned. If *type* is specified, returns 1 if *string* matches *type*; otherwise 0 is returned.

DATE ([*option*])

Returns the local date in the format: dd mon yyyy or in the format according to *option*.

DELSTR(*string*,*n* [,*length*])

Deletes the substring of *string* that begins at the *n*th character, and is of length *length*. Returns the changed string.

DELWORD(*string*,*n* [,*length*])

Deletes the substring of *string* that starts at the *n*th word, and is of length *length* blank-delimited words. Returns the changed string.

D2C (*wholenumber* [,*n*])

Decimal to Character. Returns a character string which is the binary representation of *wholenumber*. The length of the returned string may be specified by *n*

D2X(*wholenumber* [,*n*])

Decimal to Hexadecimal. Returns a string which is the hexadecimal representation of *wholenumber* The length of the returned string may be specified by *n*.

ERRORTEXT(*n***)**

Returns the error message associated with error number *n*.

EXTERNALS( )

Returns the number of lines in the terminal input buffer (system external queue).

FIND(*string , phrase***)**

Returns the word number of the first word of *phrase* in *string*. If *phrase* is not found, then 0 is returned.

FORM( )

Returns the current setting of NUMERIC FORM.

FORMAT(*number*[,[*before*][,[*after*][,[*expp*][,[*expt*]]]]])

Rounds and formats *number* to specified integer (before) and (after) decimal places. Exponential places and trigger point may be controlled with *expp* and *expt*, respectively. Returns the formatted number.

FUZZ( )

Returns the current setting of NUMERIC FUZZ.

INDEX (*haystack,needle*[,*start*])

Returns the character position of one string, *needle*, in another, *haystack*, beginning at *start*.

INSERT (*new,target*[,[*n*][,[*length*][,*pad*]]])

Inserts the string *new*, padded with *pad* to length *length*, into the string *target* after the *n*th character. Returns the changed target.

JUSTIFY (*string,length* [,*pad*])

Formats blank-delimited words in *string*, by adding *pad* characters between words to justify to both margins. Returns the formatted string.

LASTPOS (*needle,haystack* [,*start*])

Returns the position of the last occurrence of one string, *needle*, in another, *haystack*, beginning at *start*.

LEFT(*string,length* [,*pad*])

Returns a string of length *length* with *string* left-justified in it. The returned string is padded with *pad* characters on the right, as needed.

LENGTH(*string*)

Returns the length of *string*.

LINESIZE ( )

Returns the current terminal line width (the point at which the interpreter will break lines displayed using the SAY instruction).

MAX(*number* [,*number*]. . .)

Returns the largest number out of the list specified.

MIN (*number* [,*number*]. . .)

Returns the smallest number out of the list specified.

OVERLAY (*new,target*[,[*n*][,[*length*][,*pad*]]])

Overlays the string *new*, padded with *pad* or truncated to length *length*, onto the string *target* starting at the *n*th character. Returns the overlaid target.

POS (*needle,haystack*[,*start*])

Returns the position of one string, *needle*, in another, *haystack*, beginning at start.

QUEUED()

Returns the number of lines in the program stack (system-provided data queue).

RANDOM([*min*][,[*max*][,*seed*]])

Returns a pseudo-random nonnegative whole number in the range of 0-999 or *min* to *max* inclusive. The generator *seed* may be specified.

REVERSE(*string*)

Returns *string*, inverted.

RIGHT(*string,length*[,*pad*])

Returns a string of length *length* with *string* right-justified in it. Returned string is padded with *pad* characters on the left, as needed.

SIGN (*number*)

Returns the sign of *number* (-1, 0, or 1), after rounding to the current setting of NUMERIC DIGITS.

SOURCELINE ([*n*])

Returns the line number of the final line in the source file or the *n*th line.

SPACE (*string* [, [*n*] [,*pad*]])

Formats the blank-delimited words in *string* with *n pad* characters between each word. If *n* is 0, all blanks are removed. Returns the formatted string.

STRIP (*string* [, [*option*] [,*char*]])

Removes Leading, Trailing, or Both blanks or *chars* from *string* when the first character of *option* is L, T, or B respectively (the default is B). Returns the changed string.

SUBSTR (*string,n* [, [*length*] [,*pad*]])

Returns the substring of *string* that begins at the *n*th character. The length of the returned string may be specified with *length* and padded with *pad*, if necessary.

SUBWORD (*string,n* [,*length*])

Returns the substring of *string* that starts at the *n*th word, and is of length *length* blank-delimited words.

SYMBOL (*name*)

If *name* is not a valid REXX symbol, BAD is returned. If it is the name of a variable, VAR is returned. Otherwise LIT is returned.

TIME ([*option*])

Returns the local time in the 24-hour clock format: hh:mm:ss (hours, minutes, and seconds). All calls in one expression are synchronized.

TRACE([*option*])

Returns current trace setting, or sets new trace *option*.

TRANSLATE (*string* [, [*tableo*][, [*tablei*][,*pad*]]])

Translates characters in *string* to be other characters, or may be used to reorder characters in a string. If neither translate table is given, *string* is simply translated to uppercase. The output table is padded with *pad*, or truncated as necessary. Returns the translated string.

TRUNC *number* [,*n*]

Returns the integer part of the number, and *n* decimal places. The default *n* is zero.

USERID ( )

Returns the system-defined user identifier.

VALUE (*name*)

Returns the value of the symbol *name*.

VERIFY(*string , reference* [, [*Nomatch* | *Match*][, *start*]])

If *Nomatch* (the default) is given, then the index of the first character is *string* that is not in *ref* is returned. If *Match* is given, then the index of the first character in *string* that is in *ref* is returned. *Start* may be used to specify the starting point of the search.

WORD (*string,n*)

Returns the *n*th blank-delimited word in *string*.

WORDINDEX(*string,n*)

Returns the position of the *n*th blank-delimited word in *string*.

WORDLENGTH(*string,n*)

Returns the length of the *n*th blank-delimited word in *string*.

WORDPOS (*phrase*, *string*[,*start*])

Returns the word number of the first word of *phrase* in *string*. Returns '0' if *phrase* is not found. *Start* may be used to specify the starting point of the search.

WORDS *(string)*

Returns the number of blank-delimited words in *string*.

XRANGE([*start*][, *end*])

Returns a string of all one-byte codes between and including the values *start* and *end*.

X2C (*hexstring*)

Hexadecimal to Character. Converts hexadecimal *hexstring* to character(s) and returns those character(s).

X2D(*hexstring*[,*n*])

Hexadecimal to Decimal. Converts *hextring* to a decimal number (unsigned unless the length *n* is specified) and returns that number.

RXSYSFN PACKAGE OF CP/CMS FUNCTIONS

These all provide useful CP or CMS functions. The package is automatically loaded when needed. The formats are followed by their descriptions.

CMSFLAG(*flag* **)**

Returns the setting of one of the specified CMS flags (the entire name of the flag must be given):

ABBREV	AUTOREAD	CMSTYPE	DOS	EXECTRAC
IMPCP	IMPEX	PROTECT	RELPAGE	SUBSET

CSL(*rtnname retcode* **[** *parms* **])**

Calls routine *rtnname*, with parameters *parms*, that resides in a callable services library (CSL). *Retcode* receives the CSL routine's return code.

DIAG(*n* **[** *?* **][** *,data* **][** *,data* **]...)**

Communicates with CP via a dummy DIAGNOSE instruction and returns data as a character string. The following hexadecimal diagnose codes (specified with *n*) are supported by DIAG:

DIAG (00)	DIAG (14)	DIAG (60)	DIAG (C8)
DIAG (08)	DIAG (24)	DIAG (64)	DIAG (CC)
DIAG (0C)	DIAG (5C)	DIAG (8C)	

DIAGRC(*n* **[** *?* **][** *,data* **][** *,data* **]...])**

Is identical to the DIAG function, except that CP return code and condition code are prefixed to the result. Has the same diagnose codes as DIAG.

STORAGE ([*address* [,[*length*][,*data*]]])

Returns the current virtual machine size if no arguments are specified; else returns *length* bytes from user's memory starting at address *address*. If *data* is specified, it is stored at *address*.

RO

CMS

Resumes recording of trace information previously suspended by the SO Immediate command.

RO

ROUTE

CMS

Directs data of a particular message class to a virtual screen.

ROUTE *msgclass* **TO** *vname* [(**options . . .** [)]]

Options: [**ALARM** / **NOALARM**] [**NOTify** / **NONotify**]

ROUTE

RSCS

Temporarily adds, deletes, or alters an RSCS routing table entry (for RSCS operator only).

ROUte *nodeid* { **TO** *linkid* / **OFF** }

RSERV

CMS

Copies a VSE relocatable module onto a CMS minidisk or SFS directory, displays it at the terminal, or spools a copy to the virtual punch or printer.

RSERV *modname* [*ft* | **TEXT**] [(options...[)]]

Options: [**DISK**] [**PRINT**] [**PUNCH**] [**TERM**]

RTNDROP

CMS

Undoes the binding of a callable services library routine.

RTNDrop { *namelist* | * } [(options... [)]]

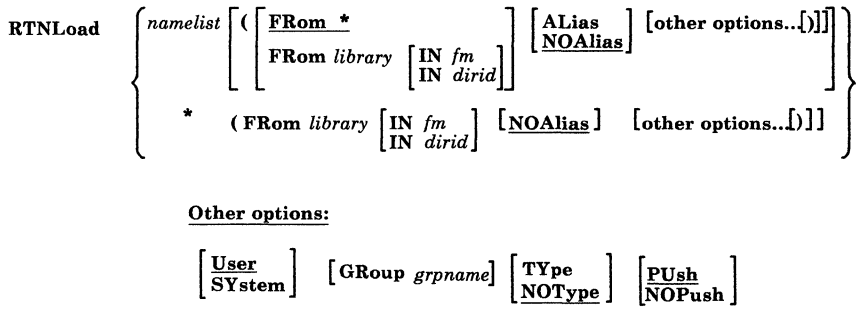
options:

[**User** | **SYstem** | **GRoup** *grpname*] [**TYpe** | **NOType**]

RTNLOAD

CMS

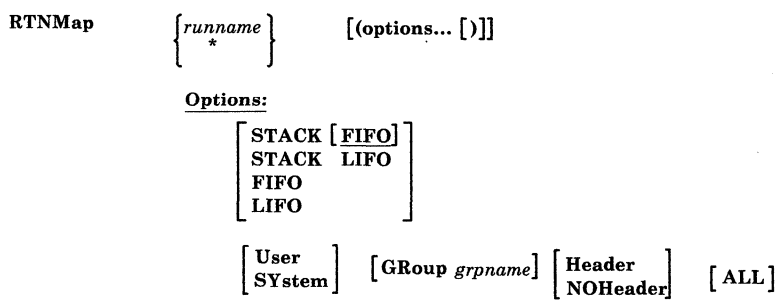
Searches for, loads, and binds a callable services library routine to a fixed location in storage, and makes it available for invocation.



RTNMAP

CMS

Displays information about the callable services library routines that are currently loaded and bound to an address.



RTNSTATE — CMS

Obtains the status of one or more specific callable services library routines.

RTNState { *runname* | * } [(options... [)]]

Options:

[User | SYstem] [GRoup *grpname*]

RT — CMS

Resumes terminal displaying.

RT

RUN — CMS

Initiates a series of functions to be performed on a source, MODULE, TEXT, or EXEC file.

RUN *fn* [*ft* [*fm*]] [(*args*...[ )]]

RUNTSAF

TSAF

Starts the TSAF virtual machine. Only the TSAF virtual console or the secondary user of the TSAF virtual machine can issue this command.

RUNTSAF [*nnn*] [**ETRACE**]
[**40**]

S

CMS Border Command

Changes the size of the window.

S

SAMGEN

CMS

Builds the CMSBAM physical saved segment.

SAMGEN

SAVEFD — CMS

Places file directory information for a shared, extended data format (EDF) R/O minidisk into a discontiguous shared segment (DCSS). The DCSS is then available to users who access the disk R/O.

SAVEFD { **INIT** *vdev label segname* | **SAVE** *vdev label segname* | **NOSAVE** *vdev label* }

SAVENCP — CMS

Reads 370x control program load into virtual storage and saves an image on a CP-owned disk.

Note: CP command privilege class A, B, or C is required to use SAVENCP.

SAVENCP *fn* [(*options* ...)]

Options:

[**ENTRY** *symbol* | **CXFINIT**] [**NAME** *ncpname* | *fn*]

[**LIBE** *libraryname* | *fn*] [**CAMOD** { **0** | **1** }]

SAVESYS — CP Class E

Creates a copy of virtual machine storage, registers, and PSW.

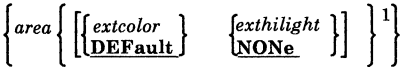
SAVESYS *systemname*

SCREEN

CP Class G

Alters or changes color and extended highlighting for the virtual machine display area, as well as the color in the input area and the status area.

SCREen

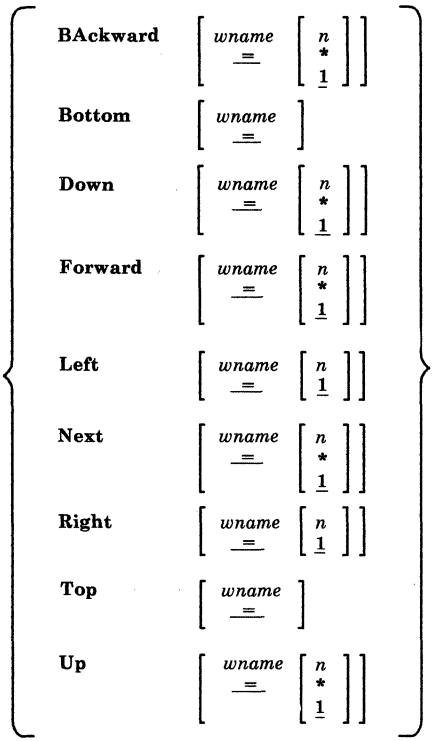


[1] Each time you enter the command, you must specify at least one screen *area* operand with at least one *extcolor* and/or *exthilight* value. You may specify more than one *area* operand on the same command line.

SCROLL

CMS

Moves a window to a new location on the virtual screen to which it is connected.



SEGGEN

CMS

Builds and saves a physical saved segment that is composed of one or more logical saved segments.

SEGGEN *fn* [*ft* | **PSEG**] [*fm* | *****] [*fn2* | **SYSTEM**] [*ft2* | **SEGID**] [*fm2* | ***2**] [**(options [ )]**

Options: [**MAP** | **NOMAP**] [**GEN** | **NOGEN**]

SEGMENT ASSIGN

CMS

Indicates the logical segment to be associated with the physical segment.

SEGMENT ASSIGN *lsegname* *psegname*

SEGMENT LOAD

CMS

Loads a saved segment.

SEGMENT LOAD *segname* [(options...[ )]]

Options: [**SYSTEM** | **USER**] [**SHare** | **NOSHare**]

SEGMENT PURGE — CMS

Purges a saved segment.

SEGMENT PURGE *segname*

SEGMENT RELEASE — CMS

Releases the storage held by a segment space.

SEGMENT RELEASE *name*

SEGMENT RESERVE — CMS

Creates a segment space for subsequent loading.

SEGMENT RESERVE *name* [(options...[)]]

Options: [**SYSTEM** / **USER**]

SEND

CP Class G

Passes commands and message replies to the designated disconnected virtual machines for execution.

SEND [CP] {*userid* / *lprt*} [*text*]

SENDFILE

CMS

Sends files or notes to one or more computer users, locally or remotely attached, by entering the command or by using a menu (display terminal only).

SENDFile
SFile [*fn ft* [*fm*] [[TO] *name...*] [(**options...**)]]

Options:

[Ack / NOAck] [Filelist / NOFilelist] [Log / NOLog] [NEw / Old] [NOTE]

[Type / NOType]

SENTRIES

CMS

Determines the number of lines currently in the program stack.

SENTRIES

SET

CMS

Establishes, sets or resets CMS virtual machine characteristics.

Options available with SET are listed here; a complete description of each option follows this section.

ABBREV	**EXECTRAC**	**LDRTBLS**	**REMOTE**
APL	**FILEPOOL**	**LINEND**	**RESERVED**
AUTOREAD	**FILEWAIT**	**LOADAREA**	**SERVER**
BLIP	**FULLREAD**	**LOCATION**	**STORECLR**
BORDER	**FULLSCREEN**	**LOGFILE**	**SYSNAME**
CHARMODE	**IMESCAPE**	**NONDISP**	**TEXT**
CMSPF	**IMPCP**	**NONSHARE**	**THRESHOLD**
CMSTYPE	**IMPEX**	**OUTPUT**	**TRANSLATE**
COMDIR	**INPUT**	**PROTECT**	**UPSI**
DOS	**INSTSEG**	**RDYMSG**	**VSCREEN**
DOSLNCNT	**KEYPROTECT**	**REDTYPE**	**WINDOW**
DOSPART	**LANGUAGE**	**RELPAGE**	**WMPF**

SET ABBREV

CMS

Controls whether the system ignores user abbreviations of system commands and execs or accepts only the full system command name or the full user synonym (if one is available) for system commands.

SET **ABBREV** {**ON** / **OFF**}

SET APL

CMS

Activates character code conversion to APL characters for windows.

SET **APL** {**ON** / **OFF**}

SET AUTOREAD

CMS

Specifies whether a console read is to be issued immediately after command execution, or not until the ENTER key (or its equivalent) is pressed.

SET **AUTOREAD** {**ON** / **OFF**}

SET BLIP — CMS

Turns ON or OFF the BLIP character string displayed at the terminal to indicate every two seconds of virtual interval timer time.

```
SET     BLIP { string [(count )] }
             { ON               }
             { OFF              }
```

SET BORDER — CMS

Defines borders around windows.

```
SET     BORDER  wname { ON  } [([optionA] [optionB] [)]]
                      { OFF }

        OptionA: [TOP char ]  [BOTTOM char ]
                 [LEFT char]  [RIGHT char]  [ALL char]

        OptionB: [ High   ]  [color][exthi ] [psset ]
                 [ NOHigh ]
```

SET CHARMODE — CMS

Specifies whether character attributes should be used when displaying virtual screen data on the physicai screen.

```
SET     CHARMODE { ON  }
                 { OFF }
```

SET CMSPF

CMS

Defines a command that should be executed when a specified PF key is pressed in CMS full-screen mode.

```
SET     CMSPF   nn   [ {pseudonym} [keyword ]  string ]
                     [ {NOWRITE  } [DELAYED ]         ]
```

SET CMSTYPE

CMS

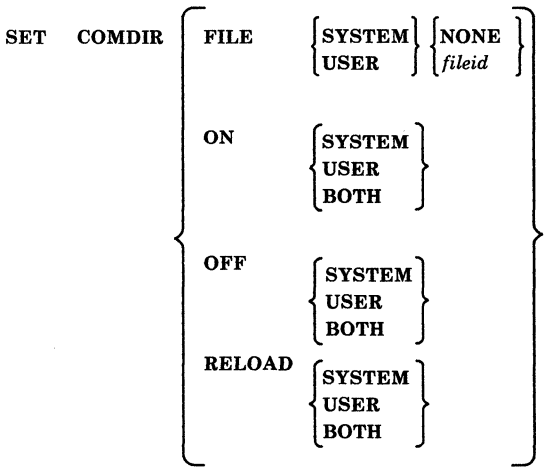
Specifies suppression of a CMS terminal display within an EXEC.

```
SET          CMSTYPE  {HT}
                      {RT}
```

SET COMDIR

CMS

Sets up and controls the CMS communications directory.



SET DOS

CMS

Indicates whether your CMS virtual machine is in CMS/DOS environment, specifies the mode letter at which the VSE system residence is accessed, and specifies that you are going to use the AMSERV command or you are going to execute programs to access VSAM data sets.

SET DOSLNCNT

CMS

Specifies the number of SYSLST lines per page.

SET **DOSLNCNT** *nn*

SET DOSPART

CMS

Specifies control regarding the size of the virtual partition in which you want a program to execute.

SET **DOSPART** { *nnnnn*K | OFF }

SET EXECTRAC

CMS

Specifies whether you want tracing turned ON or OFF for your System Product Interpreter or EXEC2 program.

SET **EXECTRAC** { ON | OFF }

SET FILEPOOL

SET FILEPOOL — CMS

Sets the default file pool for the user.

SET FILEPool [*filepoolid:* | **NONe** | **PRImary**]

SET FILEWAIT — CMS

Determines whether or not the user wants a request to wait for control of a user file.

SET FILEWait { **ON** | **OFF** }

SET FULLREAD — CMS

Lets 3270 null characters be recognized in the middle of the physical screen.

SET FULLREAD { **ON** | **OFF** }

SET FULLSCREEN

CMS

Runs CMS in full-screen mode.

```
SET    FULLSCREen  { ON      }  [(options . . . [ )]]
                   { OFF     }
                   { SUSPEND }
                   { RESUME  }

       Options:    [ CLear   ]
                   [ NOCLear ]
```

A **special command** that can only be used in the CMS virtual screen in full-screen CMS, followed by its description, is:

#WM *wmcommand*

Executes any of the following commands immediately from the CMS virtual screen:

CLEAR WINDOW	**QUERY BORDER**	**SET BORDER**
CP	**QUERY HIDE**	**SET LOCATION**
DROP WINDOW	**QUERY LOCATION**	**SET RESERVED**
HIDE WINDOW	**QUERY RESERVED**	**SET WINDOW**
MAXIMIZE WINDOW	**QUERY SHOW**	**SET WMPF**
MINIMIZE WINDOW	**QUERY WINDOW**	**SHOW WINDOW**
POP WINDOW	**QUERY WMPF**	**SIZE WINDOW**
POSITION WINDOW	**RESTORE WINDOW**	
PUT SCREEN	**SCROLL**	

SET IMESCAPE

CMS

Indicates whether an escape character is required to execute immediate commands.

```
SET    IMESCAPE  { ON   }
                 { OFF  }
                 { char }
```

SET IMPCP

CMS

Specifies whether command names unrecognized by CMS are considered CP commands and are passed on to CP.

SET **IMPCP** {**ON** / **OFF**}

SET IMPEX

CMS

Controls whether exec files are treated as commands.

SET **IMPEX** {**ON** / **OFF**}

SET INPUT

CMS

Controls the translation of a specified character *a* to hexadecimal code xx for characters entered from the terminal and the reset of the hexadecimal code xx to the specified hexadecimal code yy in your translate table.

SET **INPUT** [*a xx* / *xx yy*]

SET INSTSEG

CMS

Specifies whether the system should search the Installation Saved Segment to locate an exec or editor macro.

```
SET    INSTSEG  { ON   [fm | LAST] }
                { OFF              }
```

SET KEYPROTECT

CMS

Resets the user keys.

```
SET    KEYPROTect  { ON  }
                   { OFF }
```

SET LANGUAGE

CMS

Changes the current language of your CMS session and any application running on CMS that uses National Language Support.

```
SET    LANGUAGE  [langid]  [(options ... [)]]

       Options:

       [ADD    applid]  [USER  ]  [TYPE  ]
       [DELETE applid]  [SYSTEM]  [NOTYPE]
                        [ALL   ]
```

SET LDRTBLS — CMS

Defines the number (nn) of pages of storage to be used for loader tables.

SET **LDRTBLS** [*nn*]

SET LINEND — CMS

Activates and defines the logical line end for full-screen CMS.

SET **LINEND** {**ON** / **OFF**} [*char*]

SET LOCATION — CMS

Specifies whether the location indicator should be displayed in the window when the data in the virtual screen exceeds the size of the window.

SET **LOCATION** *wname* {**ON** / **OFF**}

SET LOADAREA

CMS

Defines the ORIGIN default for the load process. (Only affects where TEXT files are to be loaded; does not influence the RMODE that may be propagated to the GENMOD process.)

```
SET   LOADAREA  { 20000   }
                { RESPECT }
```

SET LOGFILE

CMS

Indicates whether a log file should be updated with the data being written to the virtual screen.

```
SET   LOGFILE vname { ON  }  [ fn [ LOGFILE [ fm  ]]]
                    { OFF }   [           [ *   ]]
                                [           [ A1  ]]
```

SET NONDISP

CMS

Defines a character used in place of nondisplayable characters.

```
SET   NONDISP [ char ]
```

SET NONSHARE

CMS

Specifies a nonshared copy of a typical shared, named system.

```
SET      NONSHARE {CMSDOS  }
                  {CMSVSAM }
                  {CMSAMS  }
                  {CMSBAM  }
```

SET OUTPUT

CMS

Controls the translation and reset of the specified hexadecimal representation xx to the specified character *a* for all xx characters displayed at the terminal.

```
SET      OUTPUT [xx  a]
```

SET PROTECT

CMS

Specifies whether the CMS nucleus is protected against writing in its storage area.

```
SET      PROTECT {ON  }
                 {OFF }
```

SET RDYMSG

CMS

Indicates whether the standard CMS ready message or a shortened form of the CMS ready message is used.

```
SET      RDYMSG  {LMSG}
                 {SMSG}
```

SET REDTYPE

CMS

Controls whether CMS error messages are typed in red for certain terminals equipped with the appropriate terminal feature and a two-color ribbon.

```
SET      REDTYPE  {ON }
                  {OFF}
```

SET RELPAGE

CMS

Releases or holds the page frames of storage and sets them to binary zeros, after the following commands complete execution: ASSEMBLE, COPYFILE, COMPARE, EDIT, MACLIB, SORT, TXTLIB, UPDATE, HELP, and the program product language processors supported by VM/SP.

```
SET      RELPAGE  {ON }
                  {OFF}
```

SET REMOTE

CMS

Controls the display of data transmissions.

SET **REMOTE** {**ON** / **OFF**}

SET RESERVED

CMS

Specifies the number of lines in a window used to display virtual screen reserved lines.

SET **RESERVED** *wname* {*rtop* / *} {*rbot* / *}

SET SERVER

CMS

Enables private resource processing.

SET **SERVER** {**ON** / **OFF**}

SET STORECLR

CMS

Sets point of automatic GETMAIN storage cleanup and determines the action for user invocation of STRINIT.

```
SET   STORECLR   { ENDCMD }
                 { ENDSVC }
```

SET SYSNAME

CMS

Allows for the replacement of a saved system name entry in the SYSNAMES table with the name of an alternative, or backup system.

```
SET        SYSNAME  { CMSDOS  }
                    { CMSVSAM } entryname
                    { CMSAMS  }
                    { CMSBAM  }
```

SET TEXT

CMS

Activates character code conversion of TEXT characters for windows.

```
SET        TEXT  { ON  }
                 { OFF }
```

SET THRESHOLD — CMS

Changes the warning threshold for the usage of space allocated to the user in the file pool.

SET **THReshold** *nn* [*filepoolid:*]

SET TRANSLATE — CMS

Suppresses translations and translation synonyms of command names for a language.

SET **TRANslate** {**ON** | **OFF**} [**SYStem** | **USER** | **ALL**] [**TRANslate** | **SYNonym** | **BOTH**] [**APPLID** *applid* | *****]

SET UPSI — CMS

Controls the setting of the UPSI (User Program Switch Indicator) byte to the specified bit string of 0's and 1's or to binary zeros.

SET **UPSI** {*nnnnnnnn* | **OFF**}

SET VSCREEN

CMS

Indicates what action should take place when the virtual screen is updated with data.

```
SET     VSCREEN vname { [TYPe  ] [PRotect  ] [High  ] }
                      [NOType] [NOPRotect] [NOHigh]
                      [color ]   [exthi ]   [psset ]
```

SET WINDOW

CMS

Specifies whether the window is to be variable or fixed size.

```
SET     WINDOW wname { [VARiable] [POP  ] [TOP  ] }
                     [FIXed   ] [NOPop] [NOTop]
```

SET WMPF

CMS

Defines a WMPF key to execute a windowing command.

```
SET     WMPF nn [ {pseudonym} [ keyword  ] string ]
                [{NOWRITE  }] [DELAYED ]
```

SET

CP Class A

Sets special CP preferred options.

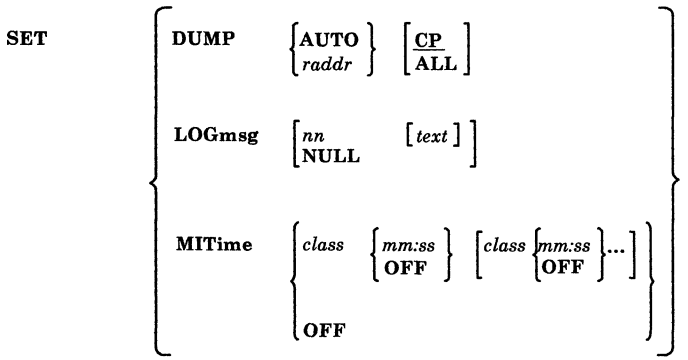
```
SET  AFFInity  [userid ]  [ON  ]
                          [OFF ]
                          [nn  ]

     CPAssist             {ON  } [PROC [nn ]]
                          {OFF }

     FAVORed   userid     [nnn ]
                          [OFF ]

     JOurnal [1] {LOgon} [ON  ]
                 {LInk } [OFF ]

     PRIORity  userid  nn

     QDROP     userid  {ON  } [USERS ] [NOQ3 ]
                       {OFF }

     REServe   userid  {nnnn}
                       {OFF }

     SASsist           {ON  } [PROC [nn ]]
                       {OFF }

     S370E        {ON  } [[PROC ] [addr ]]
                  {OFF }
```

[1] The JOURNAL operand is valid only if STQUERY=YES is specified in the SYSJRL macro instruction DMKSYS.

SET

CP Class B

Establishes disposition for log messages and dumps.



SET

CP Class E

Sets SRM function and the number used in the working set size estimate control algorithm.

```
SET  { PAGing nn
     { SRM  { APAGES nnnn
            { DSPSlice nnn
            { IB n
            { MAXDrum  { nnnn }
                       { OFF  }
            { MAXWss   { nnnn }
                       { OFF  }
            { MHFULL   { nnn  }
                       { OFF  }
            { PB nn
            { PCI      { DRUM }
                       { DISK }
            { PGMTlim
```

SET

CP Class F

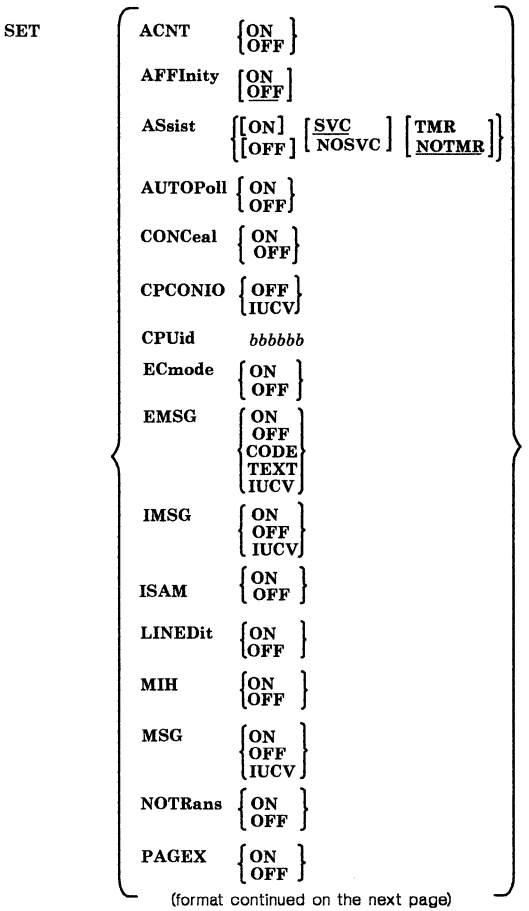
Sets recording mode for a device, and enables or disables soft machine check interrupts.

```
SET  RECord { OFF
            { ON raddr LIMIT nn BYTE nn BIT n [ { AND } BYTE nn BIT n ] }
                                              { OR  }

     MODE  { RETRY } { Quiet  }  [cpuid]
           { MAIN  } { Record }
```

SET

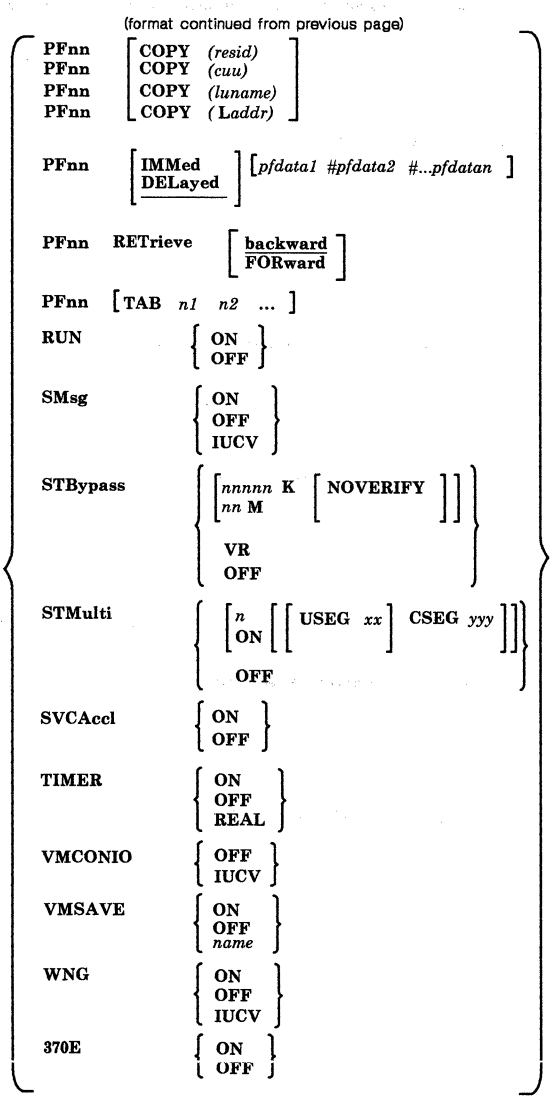
CP Class G

Controls various functions within your virtual machine.



(format continued on the next page)

SET


(format continued from previous page)
PFnn [COPY (resid) | COPY (cuu) | COPY (luname) | COPY (Laddr)]
PFnn [IMMed | DELayed] [pfdata1 #pfdata2 #...pfdatan]
PFnn RETrieve [backward | FORward]
PFnn [TAB n1 n2 ...]
RUN { ON | OFF }
SMsg { ON | OFF | IUCV }
STBypass { [nnnnn K | nn M [NOVERIFY]] | VR | OFF }
STMulti { [n | ON [[USEG xx] CSEG yyy]] | OFF }
SVCAccl { ON | OFF }
TIMER { ON | OFF | REAL }
VMCONIO { OFF | IUCV }
VMSAVE { ON | OFF | name }
WNG { ON | OFF | IUCV }
370E { ON | OFF }

SET

GCS

Replaces a saved system name entry for VSAM in the SYSNAMES table.

```
SET     SYSNAME  {GCSVSAM}  entry name
                 {GCSBAM }
```

SET

RSCS

Requests or disables console message routing (for authorized alternative operator only).

```
SET     {linkid}  {MSG  }
        {*     }  {NOMsg}
```

SET ETRACE

TSAF

Enables or disables external tracing. Only TSAF virtual console or the secondary user of the TSAF virtual machine can issue this command.

```
SET     ETRACE {ON }
               {OFF}
```

SETKEY — CMS

Assigns storage protect keys to storage assigned to named systems.

SETKEY *key systemname* [*startadr*]

SETPRT — CMS

Loads a virtual 3800 printer. Command is valid only for the 3800.

SETPRT [**Chars** [(]*cccc...*[)]
COpies [(]*nnn*[)]
COPYnr [(]*nnn*[)]
Fcb [(]*ffff*[)]
FLash [(]*id nnn*[)]
Init
Modify [(]*nnmmm* [*n*][)]]

SHOW WINDOW — CMS

Places a window on top of all other displayed windows and connects a window to a virtual screen.

SHOW **WINdow** *wname* [**ON** *vname* [*line col*]]

SHUTDOWN

CP Class A

Checkpoints and terminates the current VM/370 operation.

SHUTDOWN [**REIPL** [*raddr*] | **POWEROFF**]

SHUTDOWN

CMS

Stops RSCS operations in an orderly fashion. Issues DRAIN to all active links, unless faster termination is requested by the QUICK command. Deactivates the RSCS/VTAM interface if active. (For RSCS operator only).

SHUTDOWN [**QUICK**]

SIZE WINDOW

CMS

Changes the number of lines and columns for a specified window.

SIZE WINdow { *wname* | = } *lines* [*cols*]

SLEEP

CP Class Any

Places the virtual machine in a dormant state with the terminal keyboard entry blocked. Allows message display.

SLeep [*nn* [**SEC** / **MIN** / **HRs**]]

SMSG

CP Class G

Sends a special message to a virtual machine that is running with SET SMSG ON.

SMsg *userid msgtext*

SMSG

RSCS

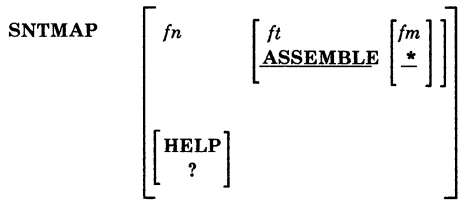
Delivers the command text to the RSCS virtual machine to be executed. All RSCS commands entered by a virtual machine user (including authorized alternative operators) must be included as text in an SMSG command. (The exception is when a local installation has provided an exec for each command that automatically puts the *SMSG rscsid* characters in front of the RSCS command expression).

SMsg *rscsid* { *command-text* / **CMD** *nodeidc* [*command-text*] / **Msg** *nodeidm userid message-text* }

SNTMAP

CMS

Processes DMKSNT macro definitions and produces a saved segment DASD map and a virtual memory map.



SO

CMS

Suspends the recording of trace information during the execution command or program.

SO

SORT

CMS

Arranges a specified file in ascending order according to sort fields in the data records.

SORT *fileid1* *fileid2*

SPACE

CMS

Forces single spacing on the printer.

SPAce $\left\{\begin{matrix} raddr \\ lprt \end{matrix}\right\}$

SPLOAD

CMS

Loads the VM/SP product tapes to the appropriate minidisks during initial installation.

SPLOAD *group* *element* $\left[\begin{matrix} fn \\ * \end{matrix}\right] \left[\left[\begin{matrix} ft \\ * \end{matrix}\right]\right]$

SPMODE

CP Class A

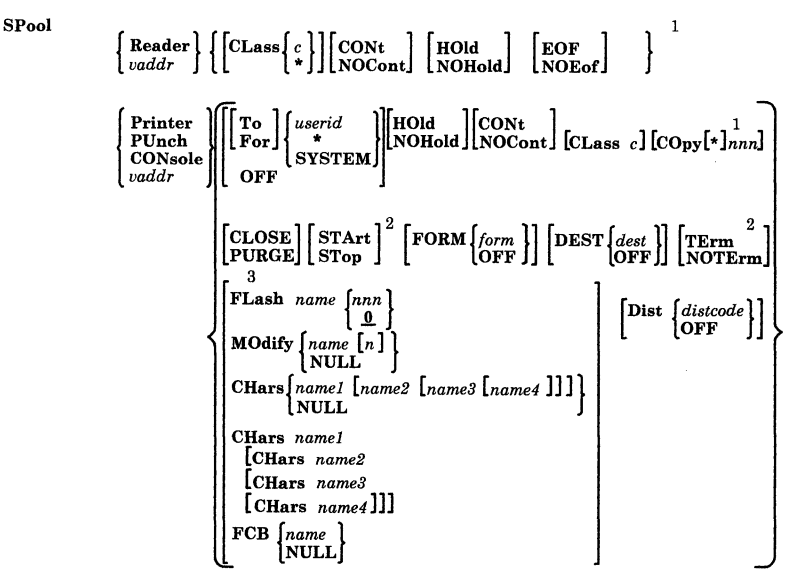
Establishes or resets the single processor mode.

SPMode $\left\{\begin{matrix} \mathbf{ON} \\ \mathbf{OFF} \end{matrix}\right\}$

SPOOL

CP Class G

Changes spooling control options.



[1] At least one of the options within braces must be selected; however, more than one may be specified, and they may be entered in any order on the command line.

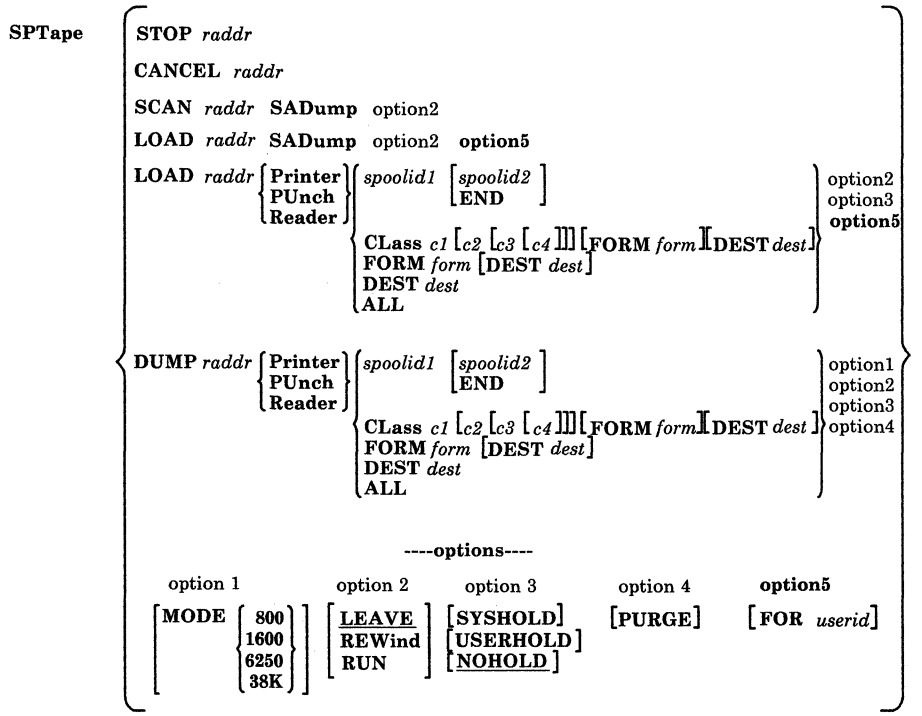
[2] These options apply only to a virtual spooled console.

[3] These options can only be used to modify a virtual spooling printer. These options apply only to a device type 3800 as a virtual spooling device.

SPTAPE

CP Class D

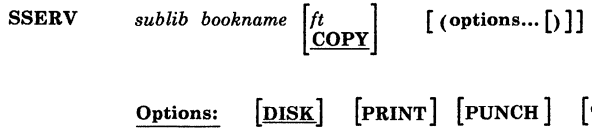
Dumps output spool files to tape or loads output spool files from tape.



SSERV

CMS

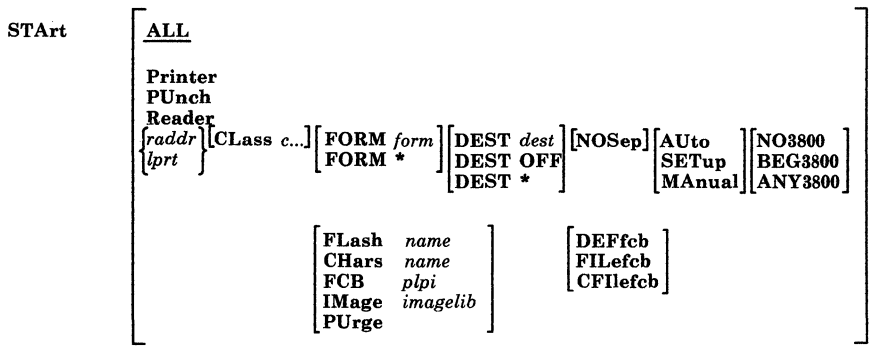
Copies a VSE source statement book onto a CMS minidisk or SFS directory, displays it at the terminal, or spools it to the virtual punch or printer.



START

CP Class D

Restarts a drained device or changes its output spooling class.



START

CMS

Begins execution of programs previously loaded (OS and CMS) or fetched (CMS/DOS).

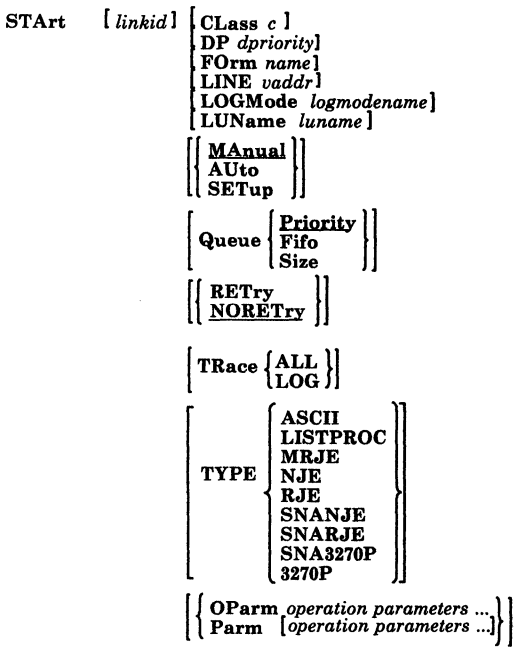
START [*entry* [*args...*]]
[*]
[**(option** [**)**]]

Option: [NO]

START

RSCS

Activates a specified communication link.

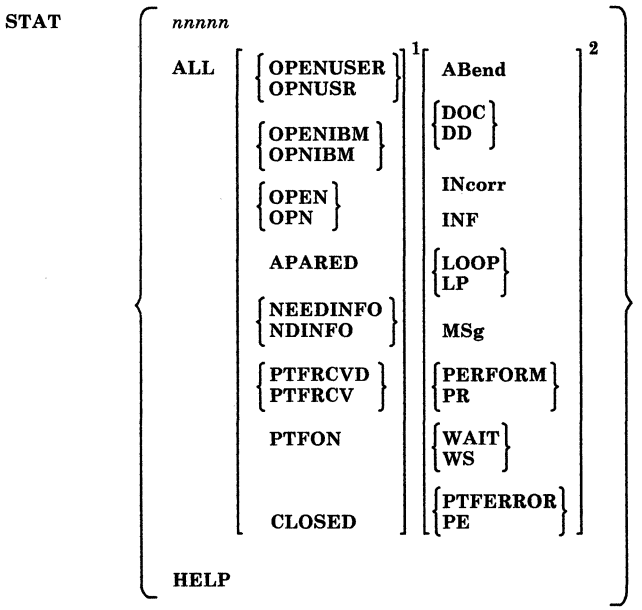


Note: Any combination of keywords with associated options may be entered in any order, except that the Parm keyword must be the rightmost keyword.

STAT

IPCS

Lists current status (as found in the SYMPTOM SUMMARY file) of a problem, a specific subset of problems, or all problems.



[1] One of these status keywords may be specified with the ALL operand.

[2] One of these failure keywords may be specified with the ALL operand.

STATE/STATEW

CMS

STATE verifies the existence of a CMS file on a minidisk or in an SFS file pool. STATEW verifies the existence of a file on a read/write file mode.

```
STATE      {fn}  {ft}  [fm]
STATEW     { * }  { * }  [ * ]
ESTATE                   [ - ]
ESTATEW
```

STCP

CP Class C

Alters contents of real storage. The real PSW or registers cannot be altered. Shared pages in a system running in AP mode cannot be altered.

```
STCP   { {ML hexloc}                              }
       { {NL hexloc}                              }
       { { M hexloc}  hexword1  [hexword2 ...]    }
       { { N hexloc}                              }
       { { L hexloc}                              }
       { {   hexloc}                              }
       {                                          }
       { {MS hexloc}                              }
       { {NS hexloc}  hexdata                     }
       { { S hexloc}                              }
```

STOP

STOP — CMS

Stops multiple user mode processing for a file pool. (File pool server operator only.)

STOP [**BACKUP** | **NOBACKUP** | **IMMEDIATE**]

STOP — RSCS

Quickly deactivates a specified link without completing transmission of a file.

STOP [*linkid*]

STOP TSAF — TSAF

Stops the TSAF virtual machine. Only the TSAF virtual console or the secondary user of the TSAF virtual machine can enter this command.

STOP TSAF

STORE

CP Class G

Alters virtual machine storage, PSW, and registers.

```
STore  { hexloc                                          }
       { L hexloc      hexword1     [hexword2 ... ]      }
       { S hexloc      hexdata...                        }
       { {G reg}                                         }
       { {X reg}       hexword1     [hexword2 ... ]      }
       { {Y reg}       hexword1     [hexword2 ... ]      }
       { Psw           [hexword1 ]  hexword2             }
       { STATUS                                          }
```

SVCTRACE

CMS

Records information about supervisor calls.

```
SVCTrace  {ON }
          {OFF}
```

SYNONYM

CMS

Uses a table containing synonyms you have created for CMS and user-written commands.

```
SYNonym  [ fn [ SYNONYM [ fm ]  ] ]  [ (options...[)]]
                        [ A1 ]
                        [ *  ]

         Options:  [ STD   ]  [CLEAR]
                   [ NOSTD ]
```

SYSTEM

CP Class G

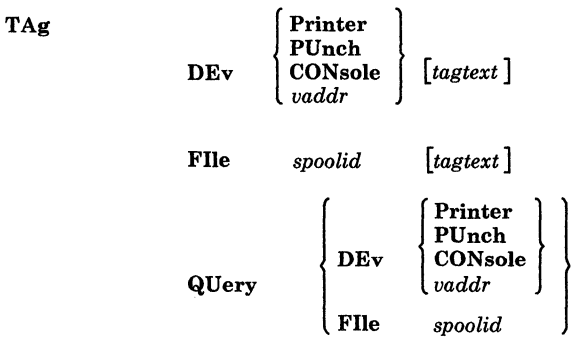
Simulates virtual machine console functions and clears virtual storage and storage keys to binary zeros.

```
SYStem  { CLEAR   }
        { RESET   }
        { RESTART }
```

TAG

CP Class G

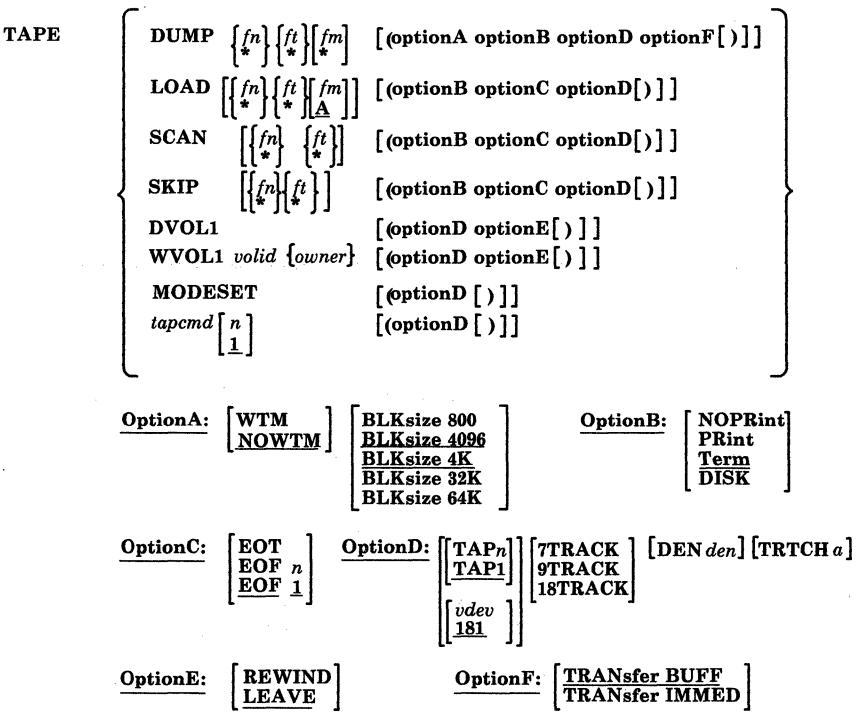
Appends or queries the TAG text to a VM/SP spool file utilized by subsystems (such as RSCS).



TAPE

CMS

Performs tape-to-directory or minidisk and directory- or minidisk-to-tape operations for CMS files, positions tapes, and displays or writes VOL1 labels.



TAPEMAC

CMS

Creates CMS MACLIB libraries directly from an IEHMOVE-created partitioned data set on tape.

TAPEMAC *fn* [**SL** [*labeldefid*] / **NSL** **filename** [**ID** = *identifier*]] [(**options...** [)]]

Options: [**TAP***n* / **TAP1**] [**ITEMCT** *yyyyy* / **ITEMCT** **50000**]

TAPPDS

CMS

Loads OS partitioned data set (PDS) files or card image files from tape to minidisk or SFS directory.

TAPPDS [*fn* / * [*ft* / * [*fm* / **A1** / *]]] [**SL** [*labeldefid*] / **NSL** *filename* [**ID** = *identifier*]] [(**options...**[)]]

Options: [**PDS** / **NOPDS** / **UPDATE**] [**COL1** / **NOCOL1**] [**TAP***n* / **TAP1**] [**END** / **NOEND**] [**MAXTEN** / **NOMAXTEN**]

TE

CMS

Stops all tracing of your System Product Interpreter or EXEC 2 program or macro.

TE

TELL

CMS

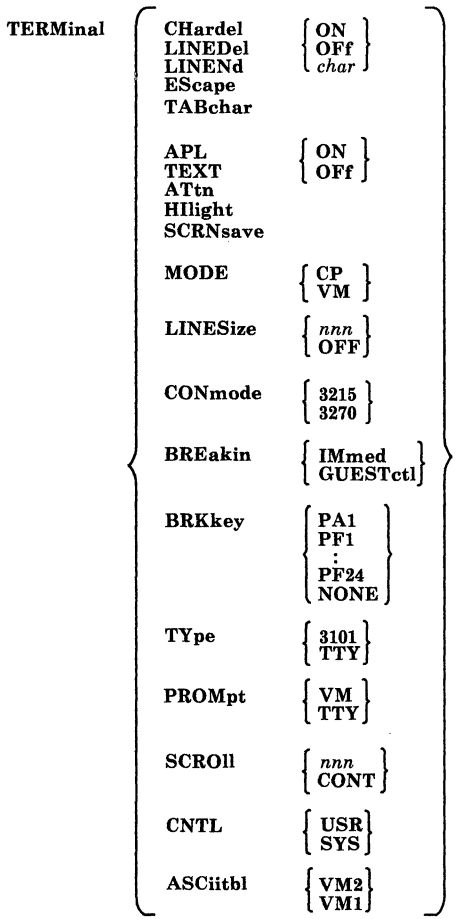
Sends a message to one or more computer users who are logged on to your computer or to one attached to yours by way of RSCS.

TELL *name message*

TERMINAL

CP (Class G)

Controls virtual console functions.



[1] More than one function can be specified in a single entry of the TERMINAL command. For example:

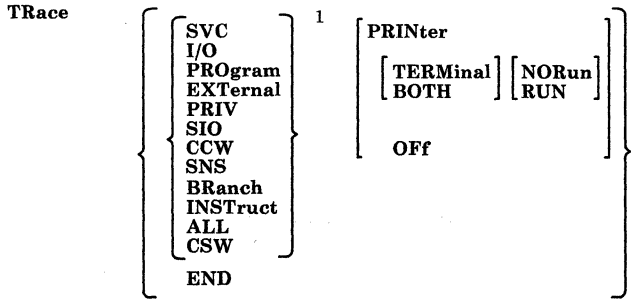
```
TERMINAL CHARDEL OFF MASK ON LINESIZE 90.
```

TRACE

TRACE

CP Class G

Traces and records program execution.



[1] More than one of these activities can be traced by using a single TRACE. For example:

```
TRACE SVC PROGRAM SIO PRINTER.
```

TRACE

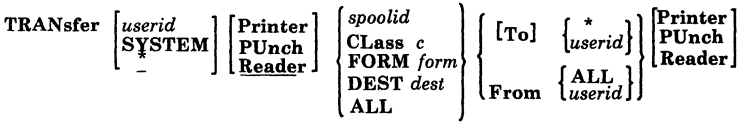
RSCS

Monitors line activity on a specified link.

TRANSFER

CP Class D

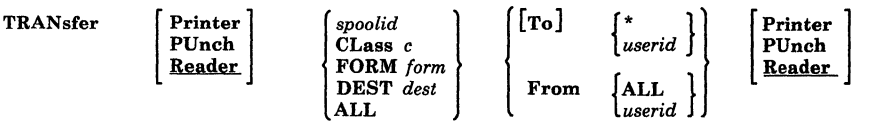
Transfers closed reader spool files.



TRANSFER

CP Class G

Transfers closed reader spool files.



TRANSFER

RSCS

Changes the destination address for specified files.

General User Format:

TRANsfer [*] *spoolid* **TO** *nodeid* [*userid*]

Operator Format:

TRANsfer [*linkid*] *spoolid* [*spoolid...*] **TO** *nodeid* [*userid*]

TRAPFILE

IPCS

Lists, dumps or prints the set of CPTRAP files for a specific problem number.

```
TRAPFILE  [LIST   [nnnnn]                ]
          [DUMP   [nnnnn    [tape]]      ]
          [PRINT  [nnnnn    [options...]]]
          [HELP                          ]

   options:

      [SUMMARY] [ENTRY  ] [PROMPT  ]
      [NOSUM  ] [NOENTRY] [NOPROMPT]

      [HEX   ]
      [FORMAT]
```

TS

CMS

Starts tracing your System Product Interpreter or EXEC 2 program or macro.

TS

TXTLIB

CMS

Generates and modifies text libraries.

```
         { GEN  libname fn1 [fn2... ] [(optionA [) ]]          }
TXTlib   { ADD  libname fn1 [fn2... ] [(optionA [) ]]          }
         { DEL  libname membername1 [membername2... ]          }
         { MAP  libname [(optionB [)]]                         }

         OptionA: [FILename ]    OptionB: [ TERM  ]
                                          [ DISK  ]  (default)
                                          [ PRINT ]
```

TYPE

CMS

Displays all or part of a CMS file at a terminal.

```
Type     fn ft [fm]    [rec1 [recn]]   [(options...])]]
               [* ]    [ *   [ * ]]
                       [ 1        ]
        options:
         [HEX] [COL {xxxxx} - [yyyyy]] [MEMber { *  }]
                    {    1}   [lrecl]]         {name}
```

UNLOCK

UNLOCK

CP Class A

Releases pages of storage.

UNLOCK { { *userid* / **SYSTEM** } *firstpage lastpage* / { **VIRT=REAL** / **V=R** } }

UPDATE

CMS

Makes changes in a program source file as defined by control cards in a control file.

Update *fn1* [*ft1* / **ASSEMBLE** [*fm1* [*fn2* [*ft2* [*fm2*]]] / **A1**]] [(**options...** [ )]]

Options:

[**REP** / **NOREP**] [**SEQ8** / **NOSEQ8**] [**INC** / **NOINC**] [**CTL** / **NOCTL**] [**OUTMODE** *fm*]

[**STK** / **NOSTK**] [**TERM** / **NOTERM**] [**DISK** / **PRINT**] [**STOR** / **NOSTOR**]

Control Statements:

./ S [*seqstrt* [*seqincr* [*label*]]]

Resequences the updated source output file.

./ I *seqno* [*$* [*seqstrt* [*seqincr*]]]

Inserts all records following it, up to the next control statement, into the output file.

Update *fn1* [*ft1* / **ASSEMBLE** [*fm1* [*fn2* [*ft2* [*fm2*]]] / **A1**]] [(**options...** [ )]]

Options:

[**REP** / **NOREP**] [**SEQ8** / **NOSEQ8**] [**INC** / **NOINC**] [**CTL** / **NOCTL**] [**OUTMODE** *fm*]

[**STK** / **NOSTK**] [**TERM** / **NOTERM**] [**DISK** / **PRINT**] [**STOR** / **NOSTOR**]

Deletes one or more records from the source file.

./ R *seqno1* [*seqno2*] [*$* [*seqstrt* [*seqincr*]]]

Replaces one or more input records with updated records from the update file.

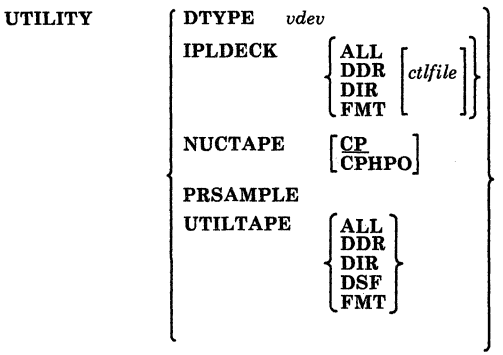
./ * [*comment*]

Allows the insertion of comments.

UTILITY

CMS

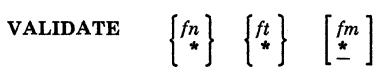
Provides installation functions such as printing system definition files, creating stand-alone service utility tape and service programs on disk, etc.



VALIDATE

CMS

Verifies the syntax of a file identifier and verifies whether or not a specified file mode is accessed.



VARY

CP Class B

Varies the availability of a device.

```
VARY    {ONLine }  {raddr-raddr          }
        {OFfline}  {raddr ... [lprt]     }
                   {lprt ... [raddr]     }
                   {PROCessr             }

        OFfline PROCessr nn [VPHY] [FORCE]
                            [VLOG]
```

VMDUMP

CP Class G

Dumps storage for virtual machine. It also enables the sending of dumps to other users; used in conjunction with VM/IPCS.

```
VMDump  [hexloc1]  [ {-} [hexloc2] ]
        [ 0     ]  [ {:} [END    ] ]
        [       ]  [               ]
        [       ]  [ {.} [bytecount] ]
        [       ]  [     [END      ] ]

        [TO *      ]
        [TO userid ]
        [SYSTEM    ]

        [FORMAT vmtype]

        [DSS]

        [*dumpid]
```

VMFAPPLY — CMS

Creates and/or updates auxiliary control files for the PTFs on the service tape.

VMFAPPLY *ppfname* [*compname* [*updateid*]] [(*options...*)]]

options:

[EXCLUDE | NOEXCLUDE] [CHECK | NOCHECK] [LOG | NOLOG]

[SETUP | NOSETUP] [PUT | COR]

VMFASM — CMS

Creates an updated source file using IBM updates, PTFs, and user updates, then assembles the source file.

VMFASM *fn* { *ctlfile* | *ppfname* [*compname*] } [(*options...*)]

Options:

[PPF | CTL] [SETUP | NOSETUP]

Assembler Options:

[DISK | PRINT] [TERM | NOTERM] [LIST | NOLIST]

[DECK | NODECK] [RENT | NORENT] [EXP] [XREF] [MAX | MIN | STD]

VMFBLD

CMS

Copies and renames PTF numbered text decks, applies patches, builds objects (nuclei, SFS load modules, RUNTSAF MODULE).

VMFBLD { *ppfname* [*compname* [*bldlistid*]] / *prodid* [*compname*] [*product-exec-parameters*] } [(*options*)]

options:

[CHECK / NOCHECK] [LOG / NOLOG] [IPL / NOIPL] [SETUP / NOSETUP]

VMFDOS

CMS

Creates CMS files for VSE modules for specific installation purposes. Uses either a VSE distribution library or SYSIN tape.

VMFDOS [LOAD / SCAN] [[181 / 182] [TAP1 / TAP2]] [PRIVate / SYSTem / SYSIN] [*fn*] [(*options* ...)]

PRIV or SYST options:

CSL { * / xxx* / *module name* }

RL { * / yyy* / *module name* }

SL { * / zzz* / *module name* }

SYSIN options:

{ ALL / SELECT }

VMFHASM — CMS

Updates an ASSEMBLE source file according to entries in a control file, then assembles the updated file with the H-Assembler to produce an object file.

VMFHASM *fn* { *ctlfile* / *ppfname* [*compname*] } [(*options...*)]

Options:

[PPF / CTL] [SETUP / NOSETUP]

Assembler Options:

[DISK / PRINT] [TERM / NOTERM] [LIST / NOLIST]

[DECK / NODECK] [RENT / NORENT] [EXP] [XREF] [MAX / MIN / STD]

VMFLKED — CMS

Calls the CMS LKED command to link-edit modules into a LOADLIB.

VMFLKED *fn* [*ft* / LKEDCTRL [*fm* / *]] [(*options...*)]

VMFLOAD

CMS

Generates a new CP, CMS or RSCS module.

VMFLOAD *loadlist ctlfile* [*langid*] [(**PTF** [)]]

VMFMAC

CMS

Updates macro libraries using IBM and user updates.

VMFMAC *libname* [*ctlfile*]

VMFMERGE

CMS

Applies PTFs to object code and maintains a record in the Merge log.

VMFMERGE *prodid* { **PTF** { *ptfnum* / * } / **PTFLIST** *applist* } [**EXCLUDE** *exclist*]

VMFNLS

CMS

Applies updates to national language source files and compiles the updated versions.

VMFNLS *fn ft ctlfile* [(*options* ... [)]]

VMFOVER **CMS**

Creates a temporary product parameter file containing parameters for a single component and applies component parameter overrides.

VMFOVER [*ppfname compname*]

VMFPLC2

CMS

Loads source code from product tape, dumps CMS-formatted files from disk to tape, loads previously dumped files from tape to disk, performs various control operations on a specified tape drive, and loads the service installation VMSERV EXEC from the PUT. (VMFPLC2 does not process multi-volume files. Files must also be CMS-formatted.)

```
VMFPLC2 { DUMP     {fn|*} {ft|*} [fm|*] [(optionA optionB optionD)]
        { LOAD     [{fn|*} {ft|*} [fm|A] [(optionB optionC optionD optionE optionF)]]
        { SCAN     [{fn|*} {ft|*}]       [(optionB optionC optionD optionF)]]
        { SKIP     [{fn|*} {ft|*}]       [(optionB optionC optionD)]]
        { MODESET                        [(optionD)]]
        { tapcmd   [n|1]                 [(optionD)]]

optionA:  [WTM|NOWTM] [BLKsize 4000|BLKsize 32K|BLKsize 64K]

optionB:  [NOPRint|PRint|Term|DISK|APPend]

optionC:  [EOT|EOF n|EOF 1]

optionD:  [[TAPn|TAP1|[vdev|181]]] [7TRACK|9TRACK|18TRACK] [DEN den] [TRTCH a]

optionE:  [SELect] [STOP]

optionF:  [DATE]
```

VMFREC

CMS

Receives program update service or corrective service from tape.

VMFREC { **INFO** | *ppfname* [*compname*] [(*options* [)]] | *prodid* [*compname*] [*product-exec-parameters*] [(*option* [)]] | **LIST** *fn ft* }

options:

[**LOG** | **NOLOG**] [**SETUP** | **NOSETUP**] [**PUT** | **COR**]

VMFREMOV

CMS

Removes PTFs applied using VMFMERGE.

VMFREMOV *prodid* [**PTF** { *ptfnum* | * } | **PTFLIST** *remlist* | **CONVERT** [*lastfilemode*]]

VMFSETUP — CMS

Defines a minidisk and SFS directory access order.

VMFSETUP *ppfname* [*compname* **[PPFTEMP]**] [(*options*...[)]]

options:

[**[ACCESS]** [**ASM**
REC
APP
BLD
ALL]] **[RESTORE]**

VMFTXT — CMS

Creates text libraries using IBM and user updates.

VMFTXT *libname* [*ctlfile*]

VMFZAP — CMS

Applies ZAPs to object code and maintains a record of them in the ZAP Log.

ZAP {**MODULE**
LOADLIB
TXTLIB} [*libname1 ... libname3*] [(*option* ...[)]]

Options:

[**TERM**
INPUT *filename*] [**PRINT**
NOPRINT]

VRSIZE

CMS

Builds a DMKSLC TEXT file used to generate a virtual = real (V = R) area when building the CP nucleus.

VRSIZE

VSAMGEN

CMS

Builds the CMSVSAM and CMSAMS physical saved segments.

VSAMGEN

VSEVSAM

CMS

Builds a VSE/VSAM maclib containing the supported VSE/VSAM macros as well as the following VSE macros: CDLOAD, CLOSE, CLOSER, GET, OPEN, OPENR, AND PUT.

VSEVSAM

WAITREAD VSCREEN

CMS

Used from an exec to update the virtual screen with data, refresh the physical screen, and wait for the next attention interrupt.

WAITREAD VSCreen *vname*

WAITT VSCREEN

CMS

Updates the virtual screen with data.

WAITT VSCreen [*vname* | *]

WARNING

CP Class A and B

Sends high-priority messages.

Warning
Wng { *userid* | **OPerator** | **ALL** } *msgtext*

WRITE VSCREEN

CMS

Enters information in a virtual screen.

WRITE VSCreen *vname line col length* [([**REServed**] [**optionA**] [**optionB**] [**optionC**][**optionD**][)]]

OptionA: [**BLANKs** | **NULls**]

OptionB: [**PROtect** | **NOPROtect**] [**High** | **NOHigh** | **Invisible**]

OptionC: [*color*] [*exthi*][*psset*]

OptionD: {**FIELD** | **DATA** | **COLOR** | **EXTHI** | **PSS**} *text*

Note: If option D is used, a right parenthesis should not be used to mark the end of the options.

X

CMS Border Command

Maximizes the window.

X

XEDIT

CMS

Uses the VM/SP System Product Editor to create or modify a file in an SFS directory or on a minidisk. XEDIT subcommands, the System Product Interpreter, and the EXEC 2 macro facility can all be used from within XEDIT.

Note: In all formats of the XEDIT subcommands and macros, use of the word "subcommand" means an XEDIT subcommand only.

Xedit [*fn* [*ft* [*fm*]]] [(**options...**[)]]

Options:

[**WINdow** *wname*] [**Width** *nn*] [**NOSCreen**]
[**PROFile** *macroname*] [**NOPROFil**] [**NOCLear**]
[**NOMsg**] [**MEMber** *membername*]
[**LOCk** | **NOLOCk**]

Options Valid Only in Update Mode:

[**Update** | **NOUpdate**] [**Seq8** | **NOSeq8**] [**Ctl** *fnl* | **NOCtl**]

[**Merge**] [**UNtil** *filetype*] [**Incr** *nn*]
[**SIDcode** *string*]

XEDIT subcommands and macros:

& [*subcommand*]

Redisplays the subcommand and allows reexecution by pressing the ENTER key.

?

Displays the last executed XEDIT subcommand except for the = (equal sign) or the ? (question mark) subcommands.

= [*subcommand*]

Reexecutes the last subcommand or macro that was entered. Also executes a specified subcommand and *then* reexecutes the last one entered.

Add [*n*|1]

Inserts blank lines immediately following the current line.

ALL [*rtarget*]

Displays a specified collection of lines for editing, while excluding others from the display. This is a macro.

ALter *char 1* *char 2* [*target* [*n* | * | 1 | G [*p* | 1]]]

Changes a single character to another character unavailable on a terminal keyboard by referencing its hexadecimal value. This is a macro.

BAckward [*n*|* |1]

Scrolls backward the number of screen displays specified.

Bottom

Makes the last line of the file or of the range (see SET RANGE) the new current line.

CANCEL

Terminates the editing session for all of the files. This is a macro.

CAppend [*text*]

Appends specified text to the end of the current line. This is a macro.

CDelete [*column-target* | 1]

Deletes one or more characters from the current line, starting at the column pointer.

CFirst

Moves the column pointer to the beginning of the zone (**see** SET ZONE).

Change / *string* **1** [/ *string* **2** / [*target* [*p* | * | 1] [*q* | 1]]]

Changes a specified group of characters on one or more lines at one time.

CInsert *text*

Inserts text into the current line immediately ahead of the column pointer.

CLAst

Moves the column pointer to the end of the zone (**see** SET ZONE).

CLocate *column-target*

Scans the file for a specified column-target starting at the column following (or preceding) the column pointer in the current line. Also finds successively **all** occurrences of a character string.

CMS [*commandline*]

Forces the editor to transmit a command to CMS for execution or causes the editor to enter CMS subset mode.

CMSG [*text*]

Displays a message in the command line; intended for issuance from a macro.

COMMAND [*commandline*]

Causes the editor to execute a specified XEDIT command without first checking for a synonym or macro with the same name.

COMPress [*target* |1]

Prepares one or more lines for automatic repositioning of data (**see** SET TABS).

COpy *target* 1 *target* 2

Copies one or more lines at a specified location in the file.

COUnt /*string* [/*target* |1]

Displays the number of times a specified character string appears in one or more lines, beginning at the current line.

COVerlay *text*

Selectively replaces one or more characters in the current line with the same number of characters keyed in.

CP [*commandline*]

Transmits commands to the VM/SP control program environment during an editing session.

CReplace *text*

Replaces one or more characters in the current line.

CURsor

CMdline	[*colno* |1]	[**Priority** *n*]
Column	[**Priority** *n*]	
File	*lineno* [*colno*]	[**Priority** *n*]
Home	[**Priority** *n*]	
Screen	*lineno* [*colno*]	[**Priority** *n*]

Moves the cursor to a specified position and assigns a priority to the specified position.

DELete [*target* | 1]

Deletes one or more lines from a file beginning with the current line.

Down [*n* | * |1]

Moves the line pointer down a specified number of lines toward the end of the file.

DUPlicat $\left[\begin{matrix} n \\ 1 \end{matrix}\left[\begin{matrix} target \\ 1 \end{matrix}\right]\right]$

Duplicates one or more lines beginning with the current line.

EMSG [*text*]
[*mmmnnn*[*n*]s]

Displays a message at the terminal; or used in macros and modules that interface with XEDIT and whose messages follow VM/SP message rules. The severity determines whether or not the alarm sounds.

EXPand [*target* | 1]

Repositions data in one or more lines that contain tab characters (X'05').

EXTract */operand[/operand[/operand . . .]]*

Operand may be any one of these keywords:

ACTion	FLscreen	NONDisp	SPILL
ALT	FMode	NULls	STAY
APL	FName	NUMber	STReam
ARBchar	FType	PA [n|*]	SYNonym [name|*]
AUTosave	FULLread	PACK	TABLine
BASEft	HEX	PENDing (see below)	TABS
BRKkey	IMage	PF [n|*]	TARGet
CASE	IMPcmscp	Point *	TERMinal
CMDline	INPmode	PREfix (see below)	TEXT
COLOR [field | *]	LASTLorc	RANge	TOF
COLPtr	LASTmsg	RECFm	TOFEOF
COLumn	LENgth	REMOte	TOL
CTLchar [char]	LIBName	RESERved [*]	TRANSLat
CURLIne	LIBType	RING	TRunc
CURSor	LIne	SCALe	UNIQueid
DISPlay	LINENd	SCOPE	UNTil
EDIRName	LOCk	SCReen	UPDate
EFMode	LRecl	SELect	VARblank
EFName	LScreen	Seq8	Verify
EFType	MACRO	SERial	VERShift
EOF	MASK	SHADow	WINdow
ESCape	MEMber	SIDcode	Width
ETARBCH	MSGLine	SIZe	WRap
ETMODE	MSGMode	SPAN	Zone
FILler	NBFile		=

PENDing [BLOCK][OLDNAME name |* [target1 [target2]]
PREfix [Synonym name| *]

Used within a macro to get information about internal XEDIT variables or about file data. The operand may be any one of the keywords listed below.

FILE $\left[fn \left[ft \left[fm\right]\right]\right]$

Writes the edited file onto disk and optionally overrides the file identifier originally supplied.

Find *text*

Searches forward, starting with the current line, for the first line that corresponds to the text specified in the operand.

FINDUp *text*
FUp

Searches backward, starting with the current line, for the first line that corresponds to the text specified in the operand.

FOrward [*n* |* |1]

Scrolls (toward the end of the file) the operand-specified number of screen displays.

GET [*fn* | = [*ft* | = [*fm* | =] [*firstrec* | 1 [*numrec* | *]]]]

Inserts all or part of a specified CMS file following the current line of the edit file.

Help [|MENU| |HELP| |TASK| *name*]

Displays a list of all XEDIT subcommands and macros and their descriptions, formats, and parameters, or calls the CMS HELP command.

HEXType [*target* | 1]

Displays a specified number of lines in both hexadecimal and EBCDIC. This is a macro.

Input [*line*]

Inserts a single line into a file. Also used to leave edit mode for entry into input mode.

Join [**ALigned**] **Column**
CURSOR

[**ALigned**] *colno* ...
/string/

Combines two or more lines into one replacement line. The first format lets you join two lines at the column pointer or at the cursor. The second format lets you join two or more lines at a specified column number(s) or inserts a specified character string(s) before appending the next line.

LEft [*n* |**1**]

Allows viewing of columns not currently visible on the screen that lie to the left of the first column on the screen.

LOAD [*fn* [*ft* [*fm*]]] [(*options...* [)]]

Options:

[**Width** *nn*] [**NOSCreen**] [**PROFile** *macroname*]
[**NOPROFil**] [**NOCLear**] [**NOMsg**]
[**MEMber** *membername*] [**WINdow** *wname*]
[**LOCk** / **NOLOCk**]

Options Valid Only in Update Mode:

[**Update** / **NOUpdate**] [**Seq8** / **NOSeq8**] [**Ctl** *fn1* / **NOCtl**]

[**Merge**] [**UNtil** *filetype*] [**Incr** *nn*]
[**SIDcode** *string*]

Reads a copy of the file being edited into virtual storage. This subcommand **can only be issued from the XEDIT profile**. Lets the macro prompt for edit options or assign default values to edit variables. The LOAD subcommand has the same format and editing options as in the XEDIT command; however, the options specified in the XEDIT command override those specified in the LOAD subcommand.

[**Locate**] *target* [*subcommand*]

Scans file for a specified target, which (when found) becomes the current line.

LOWercas [*target* 1]

Changes all uppercase letters to lowercase letters in one or more lines.

LPrefix [*text*]

Simulates writing in the prefix area of the current line.

MACRO [*macroline*]

Causes the specified operand to be executed as a macro.

MErge *target 1* *target 2* [*col*]

Combines two sets of lines. The first set of lines is deleted and the second set is modified in place.

MODify *keyword*

keyword operands:

ALT	**IMPCMSP**	**SIDcode**
APL	**LASTlorc**	**SPAN**
ARBchar	**LINENd**	**SPILL**
AUtosave	**LRecl**	**STAY**
BRKkey	**MACRO**	**STReam**
CASE	**MASK**	**SYNonym**
CMDline	**MSGline**	**TABLine**
COLOR field	**MSGMode**	**TABS**
COLPtr	**NONDisp**	**TERMinal**
COLumn	**NULls**	**TEXT**
CTLchar [**char**]	**NUMber**	**TOFEOF**
CURLine	**PAn**	**TRunc**
DISPlay	**PACK**	**VARblank**
ENTer	**PFn**	**Verify**
ESCape	**PREfix** [**synonym name**]	**VERShift**
ETARBCH	**RANge**	**WRap**
ETMODE	**RECFm**	**Zone**
FILler	**REMOte**	
FMode	**SCALe**	
FName	**SCOPE**	
FType	**SCReen**	
FULLread	**SELect**	
HEX	**SERial**	
IMage	**SHADow**	

Displays a subcommand and its current operand values so that new values can be typed over the current ones and the subcommand immediately reentered. This is a macro.

MOve *target 1 target 2*

Moves one or more lines, beginning with the current line, to a specified place in the file.

MSG [*text*]

Displays a message in the message area of the screen.

Next [*n* |* |1]

Advances the line pointer a specified number of lines toward the end of the file.

NFind *text*

Searches forward for the first line that does **not** start with the text specified in the operand.

NFINDUp
NFUp *text*

Searches backward for the first line that does **not** start with the text specified in the operand.

Overlay *text*

Replaces, selectively, one or more characters with nonblank characters starting at the first tab column of the current line.

PARSE *startcol* **Alphaword**
Number
String ...
Dblstring
Target
Word
Line

Helps in writing new macros by scanning the new macro(s) to see if the format-specified-operands match those in the macro. This is a macro.

POWerinp

Enters an input mode where data can be keyed in as though the screen were one long line.

PREServe

settings saved include :

ARBCHAR	IMPCMSCP	SPAN
AUTOSAVE	LASTLORC	SPILL
CASE	LINEND	STAY
CMDLINE	LRECL	STREAM
COLOR	MACRO	SYNONYM
COLPTR	MASK	TABLINE
CURLINE	MSGMODE	TABS
DISPLAY	NULLS	TOFEOF
ESCAPE	NUMBER	TRUNC
ETARBCH	PACK	VARBLANK
FILLER	PREFIX	VERIFY
FMODE	RECFM	WRAP
FNAME	SCALE	ZONE
FTYPE	SCOPE	=
HEX	SERIAL	
IMAGE	SHADOW	

Saves the settings of various XEDIT variables until a subsequent RESTORE subcommand is issued.

PURge *macroname*

Removes a copy of a macro in virtual storage.

PUT $\left[\begin{matrix}target \\ \underline{1}\end{matrix}\right] \left[fn \left[\begin{matrix}ft \\ =\end{matrix} \left[\begin{matrix}fm \\ =\end{matrix}\right]\right]\right]$

Inserts one or more lines, starting at the current line, into the end of an existing file or into a new file or into a temporary file created by the editor.

PUTD $\left[\begin{matrix}target \\ \underline{1}\end{matrix}\right] \left[fn \left[\begin{matrix}ft \\ =\end{matrix} \left[\begin{matrix}fm \\ =\end{matrix}\right]\right]\right]$

Inserts one or more lines, starting with the current line, into the end of an existing file or into a new file or into a temporary file. This command deletes the specified lines from the original file.

Query

ACTion
ALT
APL
ARBchar
AUtosave
BASEft
BRKkey
CASE
CMDline
COLOR *|field*
COLPtr
COLumn
CTLchar [*char*]
CURLine
CURSor
DISPlay
EDIRName
EFMode
EFName
EFType
ENTer
EOF
EOL
ESCape
ETARBCH
ETMODE
FILler
FMode
FName
FType
FULLread
HEX
IMage
IMPcmscp
LASTLorc
LASTmsg
LENgth
LIBName
LIBType
LIne
LINENd
LRecl
LScreen
MACRO
MASK
MEMber
MSGLine
MSGMode
NBFile
NONDisp
NULls
NUMber
PA [*n* |*]
PACK
PENDing [**BLOCK**][**OLDNAME**] *name* |*
PF [*n* |*]
Point [*]
PREfix [**Synonym** *|*name*]
RANge
RECFm
REMOte
RESERved
RING
SCALe
SCOPE
SCReen
SELect
Seq8
SERial
SHADow
SIDcode
SIZe
SPAN
SPILL
STAY
STReam
SYNonym [*|*name*]
TABLine
TABS
TARGet
TERMinal
TEXT
TOF
TOFEOF
TOL
TRANSLat
TRunc
UNIQueid
UNTil
UPDate
VARblank
Verify
VERShift
Width
WRap
Zone
=

Displays the current setting of various editing options.

QUIT [*n*]

Terminates the editing session and leaves the previous copy intact.

READ [**Cmdline** | **All** [**Number**] | **Nochange** [**Number**]] [**Tag** | **Notag**]

Places data from the terminal into the console stack (LIFO). This subcommand generally is issued from a macro.

RECover [*n* | * | 1]

Replaces a specified number of lines removed by a DELETE or PUTD subcommand or a D (delete) prefix subcommand.

REFRESH

Displays the screen. Issued from a macro, it presents the screen as of that moment in processing, without waiting for input.

RENum [*startno* **10** [*incr*]]

Renumbers the line numbers of VSBASIC and FREEFORT files.

REPEat [*target* [1]]

Advances the line pointer and executes the last subcommand entered.

Replace [*text*]

Replaces the current line with a specified line or keyed in text, or deletes the current line and enters input mode.

RESet

Removes all prefix subcommands when the screen is in a *pending* or *incomplete* status.

RESTore

Restores the settings of the XEDIT variables to the values in effect when last the PRESERVE subcommand was issued.

RGTLEFT [*n*]

Allows viewing of columns of data not currently visible on the screen.

RIght [*n* |1]

Allows viewing of data in columns not currently visible on the screen. These columns are to the right of the right-most column on the screen.

SAVE [*fn* [*ft* [*fm*]]]
= = =

Enters the file that is currently being edited onto disk without returning control to CMS.

SCHANGE [*keynumber*]

Locates every occurrence of a string and changes the string only when specified to do so. This is a macro.

SET *option*

Options include:

ALT	**IMPcmscp**	**SCReen**
APL	**LASTLorc**	**SELect**
ARBchar	**LINENd**	**SERial**
AUtosave	**LRecl**	**SHADow**
BRKkey	**MACRO**	**SIDcode**
CASE	**MASK**	**SPAN**
CMDline	**MSGLine**	**SPILL**
COLOR	**MSGMode**	**STAY**
COLPtr	**NONDisp**	**STReam**
CTLchar	**NULls**	**SYNonym**
CURLine	**NUMber**	**TABLine**
DISPlay	**PAn**	**TABS**
ENTer	**PACK**	**TERMinal**
ESCape	**PENDing**	**TEXT**
ETARBCH	**PFn**	**TOFEOF**
ETMODE	**Point**	**TRANSLat**
FILler	**PREfix**	**TRunc**
FMode	**RANge**	**VARblank**
FName	**RECFm**	**Verify**
FType	**REMOte**	**WRap**
FULLread	**RESERved**	**Zone**
HEX	**SCALe**	**=**
IMage	**SCOPE**	

Changes the settings of various editing options while editing is in progress.

SET **ALT** *n* [*p*]

Changes the number of alterations that have been made to the file since the last SAVE or AUTOSAVE.

[**SET**] **APL** **ON**
OFF

Shows whether APL keys are available.

[SET] **ARBchar** **ON** [*char*]
OFF

Defines an arbitrary character used in a target definition. Note that the initial setting is OFF.

[SET] **AUtosave** *n* [*mode* **A**]
OFF

Sets or resets the automatic save function of the editor. Note that the initial setting is OFF.

[SET] **BRKkey** **ON** *key*
OFF

Specifies whether CP should break in when the "BRKKEY" (defined by CP TERMINAL BRKKEY) is pressed.

[SET] **CASE** **Uppercase** [**Respect**]
Mixed [**Ignore**]

Controls letters entered and specifies significance in target searches.

[SET] **CMDline** **On**
OFf
Top
Bottom

Specifies the position of the command line on the screen.

[SET] COLOR *field* [*color*][*exthi*] [High|Nohigh] [PSs]
*

Associates specific colors with certain areas of the XEDIT screen.

[SET] COLPtr ON
OFF

Determines (on typewriter terminals) whether or not the column pointer (underscore) is displayed.

[SET] CTLchar *char* Escape
OFF
Protect [*color*][*exthi*] [High|Nohigh |Invisible][PSs]
Noprotect [*color*][*exthi*] [High|Nohigh |Invisible][PSs]
OFF

Defines control character.

[SET] CURLine ON M[+*n* |-*n*] | [±|-]*n*

Defines the *n*th line of the screen as the current line. Note that, on initial setting, the n is the middle line of the screen.

[SET] DISPlay *n*1 [*n*2|*]

Specifies which selection level of lines (as displayed by SET SELECT) are displayed.

[SET] **ENTer** [**BEFORE** / **AFTER** / **ONLY** / **IGNORE**] [*string* / **NULLKEY** / **COPYKEY** / **TABKEY**]

Defines a meaning for the hardware ENTER key or removes the meaning associated with the ENTER key.

[SET] **ESCape** **ON** / **OFF** [*char*]

Allows entry of subcommand (on typewriter terminals) when in input mode without leaving input mode.

[SET] **ETARBCH** **ON** / **OFF** [*char*]

Defines an extended arbitrary character used in a target definition within a DBCS string. The initial setting is OFF.

[SET] **ETMODE** **ON** / **OFF**

Inform the editor that there are double-byte characters in the file. The initial setting is OFF.

[SET] **FILler** [*char*]

Defines a character to be used when expanding a line (see EXPAND subcommand).

[SET] **FMode** *fm*

Changes the file mode of the edited file.

[SET] **FName** *fn*

Changes the file name of the edited file.

[SET] **FType** *ft*

Changes the file type of the edited file.

[SET] **FULLread** **ON**
OFF

Lets 3270 null characters be recognized in the middle of screen lines.

[SET] **HEX** **ON**
OFF

Lets subcommand operands and targets be specified in hexadecimal. Note that the initial setting is OFF.

[SET] **IMage** **ON**
OFF
Canon

Determines how tab characters (X'05') and backspace characters (X'16') are handled.

[SET] **IMPcmscp** **ON**
OFF

Determines whether or not non-XEDIT recognized subcommands are implicitly transmitted to CMS, and later to CP, for execution.

[SET] **LASTLorc** *line*

Specifies the contents of the LASTLORC subcommand (used within a macro).

[SET] **LINENd** **ON** [*char*]
OFF

Determines whether or not # (pound sign) or other character is used as the line end character.

[SET] **LRecl** *n*
*

Defines a new logical record length for writing file to disk.

[SET] **MACRO** **ON** / **OFF**

Controls sequence of editor's search for subcommands and macros. Note that the initial setting is OFF.

[SET] **MASK** **Define** / **Immed** [*text*] / **Modify**

Changes contents of mask. Note that the initial setting is a blank line.

[SET] **MSGLine** **ON** / **OFF** **M** [+*n* | -*n*] | [±|-]*n* [*p* |1] [**Overlay**]

Defines the location of the message line on the screen, and the maximum number of lines that a message can occupy.

[SET] **MSGMode** **ON** / **OFF** [**Short**|**Long**]

Controls message display. Note that the initial setting is ON LONG.

[SET] **NONDisp** [*char*]

Defines a character to use in place of a nondisplayable character.

[SET] NULls ON
OFF

Specifies whether trailing blanks in each line are written to the screen as blanks (X'40') or nulls (X'00'). Note that the initial setting is OFF.

[SET] NUMber ON
OFF

Determines whether or not line numbers are displayed in the prefix area. Note that the initial setting is OFF.

[SET] PAn [BEFORE / AFTER / ONLY / IGNORE] [*string* / NULLKEY / COPYKEY / TABKEY]

Defines a meaning for a specified hardware attention (PA) key or removes the meaning associated with the specified PA key.

[SET] PACK ON
OFF

Specifies whether or not packed file is entered on disk.

[SET] **PENDing** **ON** *string*
BLOCK *string*
ERROR *string*
OFF

Controls the execution of a prefix macro and the status of the screen while the prefix macro is being executed.

[SET] **PFn** [**BEFORE** | **AFTER** | **ONLY** | **IGNORE**] [*string* | **NULLKEY** | **COPYKEY** | **TABKEY**]

Defines or removes a meaning for a specified program function (PF) key. Note that TABKEY is the initial setting of the PF4 dey.

[SET] **Point** *.symbol* [**OFF**]

Defines or redefines the symbolic name for the current line.

[SET] **PREfix** **ON** [**Left**|**Right**]
OFF
Nulls [**Left**|**Right**]

PREfix **Synonym** *newname* *oldname*

Controls display of the prefix area. Also defines a synonym for a prefix subcommand.

[SET] **RANge** *target 1* *target 2*

Defines new limits for line-pointer movement.

[SET] **RECFm** **F**
V
FP
VP

Defines the record format for the file.

[SET] **REMOte** **ON**
OFF

Controls the way XEDIT handles the display, in terms of data transmission.

[SET] **RESERved** **M** [+*n* | -*n*] [*color*] [*exthi*] [**PSs**] **High** [*text*]
[±|-] *n* **Nohigh**
Off

Reserves a specific line on the screen for displaying blank or specified information with or without any of the following features: color, extended highlighting, highlighting, and programmed symbol set.

[SET] **SCALe** **ON** [**M**[+*n* |-*n*] | [± | -]*n*]
OFF

Displays a scale line under the current line (the default) or on a specified line.

[SET] **SCOPE** **Display**
All

Specifies the set of lines on which the editor operates.

[SET] **SCReen** *n* [**Horizontal** |**Vertical**]
Size *s*1 [*s*2 [*s*3 ...[*sn*]]]
Width *w*1 [*w*2 [*w*3 ...[*wn*]]]
Define *sl*1 *sw*1 *sh*1 *sv*1 [*sl*2 *sw*2 *sh*2 *sv*2]...

Divides the screen into a specified number of logical screens to allow editing of multiple files or multiple views of the same file.

[SET] **SELect** [± | -]*n* [*target* |**1**]

Designates a "selection level" for specified lines. A selection level is a positive value assigned to a line in a file.

[SET] **SERial** **ON** [*incrno* **10** [*startno* **10**]]
ALL [*incrno* **1000** [*startno* **1000**]]
string [*incrno* **10** [*startno* **10**]]
OFF

Controls file serialization.

[SET] **SHADow** **ON**
OFF

Displays a notice (called a shadow line) that indicates how many lines have been excluded from the display.

[SET] **SIDcode** [*string*]

Inserts a character string in every line of an update file.

[SET] **SPAN** **ON** [**Blank** / **Noblank**] [*n* / *]

OFF

Specifies whether a target-search character string must be included in one line or span a certain number of lines. Note that the initial setting is OFF Blank 2.

[SET] **SPILL** **ON**
OFF
WORD

Specifies if data is spilled onto new lines or lines are truncated following these subcommands: CHANGE, CINSERT, COVERLAY, CREPLACE, EXPAND, GET, INPUT, MERGE, OVERLAY, REPLACE, SHIFT, (and macros that use these subcommands internally, including CAPPEND, JOIN and PRFSHIFT(>,>>)).

[SET] **STAY** **ON**
OFF

Specifies whether or not the line pointer moves when target-search object is not found. Note that the initial setting is OFF.

[SET] **STReam** **ON**

Specifies whether to search entire file or only the current line for a character string. Note that the initial setting is ON.

[SET] **SYNonym** **ON**
OFF

SYNonym [**LINEND** *char*] *newname* [*n*] *oldname*

SYNonym [**LINEND** *char*] *newname* [*n* [*format* 1... *format n*]]
oldname [&1...&*n*]

Specifies whether or not to look for synonyms. Also assigns a synonym to any existing subcommand or macro (except prefix subcommands or prefix macros) and defines an abbreviation for the synonym.

[SET] **TABLine** **ON** [**M**[+*n* |-*n*] | [±|-]*n*]
OFF

Displays a "T" in every tab column according to current tab settings.

[SET] **TABS** *n*1 [*n*2... *n*28]

Defines the logical tab stops for a file.

[SET] **TERMinal** **Typewriter**
Display

Specifies whether a terminal is to be used in line mode or in full- screen mode.

[SET] **TEXT** **ON**
OFF

Shows whether keys are available.

[SET] **TOFEOF** **ON**
OFF

Controls the display of Top of File, End of File, Top of Range, and End of Range null lines. Note that the initial setting is ON.

[SET] **TRANSLat** *char 1 char 2* [*char 1 char 2*] .....
OFF

Controls uppercase translation of specified characters. This option is designed for terminals whose keyboards support characters other than English.

[SET] **TRunc** *n*
*

Defines last column in which data may be entered.

[SET] **VARblank** **ON**
OFF

Controls whether or not the number of blanks between two words is significant in target search. Note that the initial setting is OFF.

[SET] **Verify** **ON** [[**Hex**] *startcol* *endcol*] ...
OFF [[**Hex**] *startcol* *endcol*] ...
[**Hex**] *startcol* *endcol* ...

Controls whether or not subcommand(s)-changed lines are to be displayed. Also defines columns to be displayed on screen. Data can also be displayed in hexadecimal.

[SET] **WRap** **ON**
OFF

Controls use of wraparound. The initial setting is OFF.

[SET] **Zone** *zone* 1 *zone* 2
*

Defines starting and ending column of each record for target search scanning.

[SET] = *string*

Inserts specified string into the equal buffer (see = subcommand).

SHift **Left** [*cols* [*target*]]
Right [1 [1]]

Moves data either to the left or to the right. Note that data loss is possible.

SI

Continually adds lines for indented text to a file. A line is added immediately following the line that contains the cursor. The cursor is positioned at the column where the text on the previous line begins.

SORT *target* [A] *col 1* *col 2* [*col 1* *col 2*] ...
[D]

Arranges a specified number of file lines in ascending or descending EBCDIC sequence according to specified sort columns.

SOS *option*

Options:

Alarm	**POP**
CLEAR	**PUsh**
LINEAdd	**TABB** [*n* 1]
LINEDel	**TABCmd**
NUlls	**TABCMDB** [*n* 1]
NUlls ON	**TABCMDF** [*n* 1]
NUlls OFF	**TABF** [*n* 1]
PFn	

Provides a set of functions used mainly in XEDIT macros or assigned to PF keys.

SPlit [ALigned] [Column / CURSOR]

[ALigned] [[colno / [Before / After]] /string /] ...

Splits a line into two or more lines at the column pointer or at the cursor. The second format splits a line into several lines. This is a macro.

SPLTJOIN

Either splits a line or joins two lines, depending on the position of the cursor on a file line. If the cursor is positioned before or at the last nonblank character, the line is split (at the cursor position). If the cursor is positioned after the last nonblank character on a line (that is, after the end of the data on a line), the next line is appended, starting at the cursor position. This is a macro.

STAck [*target* (1) [*startcol* (1) [*length* (*)]]]

Places part or all of a specified number of lines into the console stack, starting with the current line.

STATus [*filename*]

Displays the SET subcommand options and their current settings or creates an XEDIT macro that contains the SET subcommands with their current settings. This is a macro.

TOP

Moves the line pointer to the null line above the first line of the file or of the range (**see** SET RANGE).

TRAnsfer *keyword* ...

keywords: (more than one can be specified)

APL	IMage	Point	TARGet
ARBchar	IMPcmscp	PREfix	TERMinal
AUtosave	LASTmsg	RANge	TEXT
CASE	LENgth	RECFm	TOF
CMDline	LIne	RESERved	TOFFEO
COLPtr	LINENd	SCALe	Trunc
COLumn	LRecl	SCReen	UPDate
CTLchar [char]	LScreen	Seq8	VARblank
CURLine	MACRO	SERial	Verify
CURSor	MASK	SIDcode	VERShift
EOF	MSGMode	SIZe	Width
ESCape	NBFile	SPAN	WRap
FILler	NONDisp	STAY	Zone
FMode	NULls	STReam	=
FName	NUMber	SYNonym [name]	
FType	PACK	TABLine	
HEX	PFn	TABS	

Accesses, within a macro, specified editing variables and places their values in the console stack for subsequent reading by the EXEC 2 &READ control statements.

Type [*target* |1]

Displays a specified number of lines, starting with the current line.

Up [*n* |* |1]

Moves the line pointer a specified number of lines toward the top of the file.

UPPercas [*target* |1]

Translates all lowercase characters to uppercase ones, starting at the current line.

Xedit [*fn* [*ft* [*fm*]]] [(*options...* [)]]

When entered from the file being edited, enables the editing of multiple files in virtual storage.

Options: are the same as the command options (see XEDIT command).

XEDIT Prefix subcommands

A - **add one line**
n A - **add *n* lines**
A n - **add *n* lines**

Adds one or more lines immediately after the line in which the subcommand is entered.

C - **copy line**
C n - **copy *n* lines**
n C - **copy *n* lines**
CC - **copy block of lines**

Copies one or more lines to a location specified with the F or P prefix subcommand.

D - **Delete one line**
D*n* - **Delete *n* lines**
***n*D** - **Delete *n* lines**
DD - **Delete block of lines**

Deletes one or more lines starting at the line in which subcommand is entered.

E

Extend logical line by one more physical line.

F

Data is entered following this point (using the C or M prefix subcommand)

I - **Insert one line**
***n*I** - **Insert *n* lines**
I*n* - **Insert *n* lines**

Inserts one or more lines immediately following line in which subcommand is entered.

M - **move one line**
M*n* - **move *n* lines**
***n*M** - **move *n* lines**
MM - **move block of lines**

Moves one or more lines to a location specified with the F or P prefix subcommand.

P

Data is entered preceding this point (using the C or M prefix subcommands).

S - **show all lines**
S* - **show all lines**
S*n* - **show the first *n* lines**
S+*n* - **show the first *n* lines**
***n*S** - **show the first *n* lines**
S-*n* - **show the last *n* lines**

Redisplays one or more lines excluded by the X prefix subcommand.

SCALE

Displays the scale on this line.

SI

Continually add lines for indented text to a file. A line is added immediately following the line that contains the cursor. The cursor is positioned at the column where the text on the previous line begins.

TABL

Displays a "T" in every tab column in the line

X - **exclude one line from display**
X*n* - **exclude** *n* **lines from display**
*n***X** - **exclude** *n* **lines from display**
XX - **exclude a block of lines from display**

Excludes one or more lines from display (and the scope of editing subcommands) starting with the line in which the subcommand is entered.

.*xxxx*

Assigns xxxx as symbolic name to this line.

/[*n*] **or** [*n*]/

Make this line current and move the column pointer under the nth column.

> - **shift one line one column to the right**
> *n* - **shift one line** *n* **columns to the right**
n **>** - **shift one line** *n* **columns to the right**
> > - **shift a block of lines one column to the right**
> > *n* - **shift a block of lines** *n* **columns to the right**
n **> >** - **shift a block of lines** *n* **columns to the right**

Shifts one or a block of lines (starting with the line in which the subcommand is entered) one or more columns to the right.

```
<        -  shift one line one column to the left
< n      -  shift one line  n  columns to the left
n <      -  shift one line  n  columns to the left
< <      -  shift a block of lines one column to the left
< < n    -  shift a block of lines  n  columns to the left
n < <    -  shift a block of lines  n  columns to the left
```

Shifts one or a block of lines (starting with the line in which the subcommand is entered) one or more columns to the left.

```
"              -  duplicate one line
" n  or  n"    -  duplicate line  n  times
" "            -  duplicate block of lines
" "n  or  n " " -  duplicate block  n  times
```

Duplicates one or a block of lines, either one time or a specified number of times.

XMITMSG

CMS

Retrieves a message from a CMS message repository file or your own message repository file.

```
XMITMSG   msgnumber [sublist ]  [(options... [)]]

          Options:
          [FORmat nn] [LINE nn]  [LETter a]
                      [  *  ]

          [APPLID applid] [CALLER name]  [VAR]

          [COMPress  ] [HEADer  ] [DISPlay  ]
          [NOCOMPress] [NOHEADer] [NODISPlay]
                                  [ERRMSG   ]

          [SYSLANG]
```

ZAP — CMS

Modifies or dumps MODULE, LOADLIB, or TXTLIB files.

ZAP { **MODULE** / **LOADLIB** / **TXTLIB** } [*libname1 ... libname3*] [(*option ...*[)]]

Options:

[**TERM** / **INPUT** *filename*] [**PRINT** / **NOPRINT**]

ZAPTEXT — CMS

Modifies or dumps individual text files.

ZAPTEXT *fn* [*ft* [*fm*]] [(*options: ...* [)]]

Options:

[**INPUT** *filename*] [**PRINT** / **NOPRINT**]

Summary of Changes

New Commands for Release 6

CMS Commands

ALIALIST
AUDIT
AUTHLIST
BACKUP
CREATE ALIAS
CREATE DIRECTORY
CREATE LOCK
CREATE NAMEDEF
CSLGEN
CSLLIST
DELETE ADMINISTRATOR
DELETE LOCK
DELETE NAMEDEF
DELETE USER
DIRLIST
DISABLE
ENROLL ADMINISTRATOR
ENROLL PUBLIC
ENROLL USER
ETRACE
FILEPOOL BACKUP
FILEPOOL CLEANUP
FILEPOOL FORMAT AUDIT
FILEPOOL RESTORE
FILESERV BACKUP
FILESERV DEFAUDIT
FILESERV DEFBACKUP
FILESERV GENERATE
FILESERV LIST
FILESERV LOG
FILESERV MINIDISK
FILESERV MOVEUSER
FILESERV REGENERATE
FILESERV REORG
FILESERV START
FORCE
GRANT ADMIN
GRANT AUTHORITY
LISTDIR
MODIFY USER
NETDATA
PROGMAP
QUERY ACCESSED
QUERY ALIAS
QUERY AUTHORITY
QUERY COMDIR
QUERY CSLLIB
QUERY DISABLE
QUERY FILEPOOL CONFLICT
QUERY FILEPOOL STATUS
QUERY KEYPROTECT
QUERY LIMITS
QUERY LOADAREA
QUERY LOCK
QUERY NAMEDEF
QUERY SEGMENT
QUERY SERVER
QUERY STORECLR
RELOCATE
REVOKE ADMIN
REVOKE AUTHORITY
RTNDROP
RTNLOAD
RTNMAP
RTNSTATE
SEGGEN
SEGMENT ASSIGN
SEGMENT LOAD
SEGMENT PURGE
SEGMENT RELEASE
SEGMENT RESERVE
SET COMDIR
SET FILEPOOL
SET FILEWAIT
SET KEYPROTECT
SET LOADAREA
SET SERVER
SET STORECLR
SET THRESHOLD
SETKEY
STOP

CP Commands

GIVE

IPCS Commands

IPCSSCAN
IPCSSCAN Subcommands
BOTTOM
DOWN
FORMAT
GDISPLAY
HELP
IPCSPRT
IPCSPRT Subcommands
HEX
IDENTIFY
LOCATE (UP)
LUNAME
SELECT
TIME
TOP
TRACE
UP

END
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HELP
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QUIT
SELECT
TIMESPAN

REXX Built-in Functions

FORM
FUZZ
WORDPOS

AVS Commands

AGW ACTIVATE GATEWAY
AGW CNOS
AGW DEACTIVATE CONV
AGW DEACTIVATE GATEWAY
AGW QUERY
AGW QUIESCE
AGW SET ETRACE
AGW SET ITRACE
AGW START
AGW STOP

RSCS Commands

DISABLE
ENABLE
EXIT
PORT
REORDER

Changed Commands for Release 6

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CMSSERV
COPYFILE
DDR
DEFAULTS
DISK
ERASE
EXECMAP
FILELIST
FINIS
GLOBAL
HELP
HELPCONV
LISTFILE
NAMEFIND
NUCXMAP
QUERY
READCARD
RECEIVE
RELEASE
RENAME
SET
XEDIT

CP Commands

ATTACH (CLASS B)
CPTRAP (CLASS C)
DEFINE (CLASS A)
DETACH (CLASS B)
MONITOR (CLASS A, E)
NETWORK (CLASS A, B)
QUERY (CLASS G)
SET (CLASS A and G)
SPOOL (CLASS G)
SPTAPE (CLASS D)
TERMINAL (CLASS G)
TRACE (CLASS G)

RSCS Commands

DEFINE
ROUTE
START

GCS Commands

ACCESS
ETRACE
FILEDEF
QUERY

IPCS Commands

APAR
IPCSDUMP
MAP
PROB

TSAF Commands

ADD
DELETE
QUERY

REXX Instructions

NUMERIC
TRACE

XEDIT Subcommand

QUERY

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Special Characters

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