## BEAUM@NT TEXAS

# City of Beaumont, Texas 

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report 

For the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2018

Prepared by the<br>Finance Department<br>Todd Simoneaux, CPA<br>Chief Financial Officer<br>Kristin Ferguson, CPA, Controller<br>Janice Ridley, Grants Manager<br>Lynnsey McClusky, Senior Accountant<br>Angie Breeden, Accountant<br>Melissa McDaniel, Grants Accountant<br>Victoria Sledz, Fiscal Assistant

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

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## BEAUM@NT <br> TEXAS

March 19, 2019
To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Beaumont:

It is our pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Beaumont as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018. This report was prepared by the Finance Department, in accordance with the City Charter, and in compliance with State law, to provide citizens, investors, grantor agencies and other interested parties with reliable financial information about the City.

The report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Beaumont. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Beaumont has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Beaumont's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Beaumont's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Beaumont's financial statements have been audited by BKD, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Beaumont for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Beaumont's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, and that those statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Beaumont was a part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City of Beaumont's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD\&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD\&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Beaumont’s MD\&A can be found immediately after the report of the independent auditors.

## PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Beaumont, Texas, incorporated in 1838, is located in the southeast corner of the state and is the seat of Jefferson County. With a population of an estimated 120,300, the City occupies a land area of 84.01 square miles. The City has a major interstate highway dividing it and is serviced by a major port, a regional airport and three railroad lines. This City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries and collects sales tax revenues on taxable sales and purchases. The City is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City has a Council-Manager form of government. It is governed by an elected Council composed of a Mayor and six council members, who each serve two-year terms. Four council members serve a separate ward district, and two serve at-large. They are charged with formulating public policy, enacting local legislation, adopting budgets, and appointing the City Manager, City Attorney, City Clerk and City Magistrates. The City Manager is the chief administrative and executive officer of the City, and implements Council directives and policies, administers the fiscal affairs, and is responsible for the administration of the municipal operations.

The City of Beaumont provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; recreational activities; health and welfare services; and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Beaumont's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager on or before May 15 of each year. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget which is presented to the Council for review by August 15. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 27, in the last month of the City of Beaumont's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund,
function, (e.g. public safety), and department (e.g. police). Transfers between expenditure accounts within a department may occur with the approval of the Department Director and review of the Budget Officer. Transfers between operating departments may occur within the same fund with the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented on page 73 of the required supplementary information section of the report. For governmental funds, other than the General Fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 100 .

## History

In 1835, Henry Millard, Joseph Pulsifer and Thomas Huling visited two small communities located on the banks of the Neches River with the hopes of starting a mercantile business. Given a tour of the riverfront property, Millard and his partners recognized its potential and purchased the property for $\$ 500$, naming the town "Beaumont" after his late wife "Mary Beaumont." However, plans for the development of the new town were abruptly halted by the onset of the Texas Revolution.

Returning from war, Millard continued his quest to establish the settlement. On December 16, 1838, by an act of the Third Congress of the Republic of Texas, the City of Beaumont received its charter. By August 1840, the first elected officials were sworn in. Order of business was promptly addressed with passage of the first ordinance establishing a liability for removing carcasses of cattle that drowned while being driven across the Neches. By the early 1900's Beaumont came of age when the first great oil well of the world, the Anthony F. Lucas Gusher, blew in at Spindletop. With the discovery of oil at Spindletop, Beaumont's population exploded.

The early 1920's were hard and the citizens of Beaumont were met with many adversities. They fought an epidemic of the bubonic plague brought on by one of the ships docked in the port and had to replace the wooden streets with asphalt and concrete after the town was destroyed by a flood. By the latter part of the decade, the City enjoyed an economic growth spurred by the growing oil economy. Good times were short-lived, however, because in 1929 the stock market crashed and started the Great Depression. During World War II, wartime changes again brought prosperity to Beaumont. Local industries such as oil refining and manufacturing and shipbuilding experienced increased production which caused an expanded population.

The 1960's and 1970's were years of both torment and triumph. The area, now referred to as the Golden Triangle, had become the petrochemical complex of Southeast Texas. In 1971, Beaumont approved its first bond issue since 1921, totaling $\$ 12$ Million. By 1975, the economy had progressed so far that the nationwide recession had little effect on the area. In 1978, Beaumont was named by Money magazine as the town with the most potential for growth in the entire country.

During 1982, the local economy began to slide into the deepest recession since the Great Depression. Tens of thousands of jobs in the chemical, petroleum, shipbuilding, and oil drilling industries were lost. By 1987, the recession reached its deepest point, and a steady sustainable recovery had begun and continued through the early 2000's.

In the summer of 2005, as Beaumont was assisting with the housing of evacuees from Hurricane Katrina, the City was dealt a major blow of its own when it took a direct hit from Hurricane Rita. Many homes and businesses suffered major damage or were completely destroyed by winds and downed trees. Most of the electrical utility grid and telecommunications throughout the area were destroyed and had to be rebuilt. Thousands of workers from other parts of the country descended on the area to help rebuild. Residential and commercial construction was soon at an all-time high for hotels and new and remodeled homes, with a need not only to accommodate the increasing labor force, but to replace those structures that had been destroyed. Businesses flourished with renewed activity. As the area attempted to return to a normal life, we were soon forced to deal with the arrival of Hurricanes Humberto in 2007 and Gustav and Ike in 2008. While Humberto was a relatively minor storm, and Gustav skirted the eastern edge of the area, Ike was a completely different story. As one of the largest and most devastating storms in history, encompassing the entire Gulf of Mexico at one point, the storm surge completely obliterated some areas around Beaumont. While the damage in the City itself was not as severe as with Rita, many residents had to relocate, businesses were closed and the rebuilding began again. Nine years later in August 2017, Hurricane Harvey, a category 4 hurricane made landfall on the Texas gulf coast. After striking land, Harvey weakened to a tropical storm and for about two days stalled over Southeast Texas dropping very heavy rainfall and causing widespread flooding.

While striving to return to pre-storm conditions, the City of Beaumont is committed to future development city-wide.

## Factors Affecting Financial Conditions

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates. The City, its area residents, and local businesses continue their recovery efforts from the impact of Hurricane Harvey in August 2017. This restoration has been a combination of repairs to return structures to pre-storm conditions and major renovations. As a result of this activity, Beaumont has experienced an increase in sales tax revenue resulting in a major financial boost.

Although Beaumont's economy continues to be dominated by the petrochemical industry, employment trends show a shift to service-oriented jobs. This shift from manufacturing is consistent with national trends. Area chemical plants continue to upgrade and expand their facilities to meet increased product demand and stricter environmental controls. Multibillion-dollar investments in local energy projects have provided employment for thousands of temporary workers for several years, as well as adding hundreds of permanent positions. New multibillion-dollar expansion projects are also being planned for the area. This will have a direct impact on the housing, retail, and service markets as well.

Lamar University and Lamar Institute of Technology, both a part of the Texas State University System, are dedicated to providing a quality education for all who seek it. Satisfying the demand for qualified labor has become a top priority for both, and enrollment has steadily increased over the past several years. With workers needed for construction and the ensuing permanent positions, many of the specialized fields of education are tailored to meet the needs of area businesses. Lamar University has some of the best MBA and chemical engineering programs in the county, with plans for a new degree program in energy engineering.

Beaumont has much to offer. City officials and the Greater Beaumont Chamber of Commerce continue to aggressively market our community to business and industry. A four-year university and one of the fastest-growing technical colleges in Texas provide the basis for an educated and skilled workforce to meet the requirements of companies competing in a global economy.

## Long-term financial planning

By charter, the City of Beaumont maintains a five-year Capital Program which serves as its planning document to ensure that its facilities, streets and water and sewer infrastructure are well maintained. The Capital Program is prepared annually to provide for both short and long range physical development within the City. As included in the 2019 Capital Program, there are approximately $\$ 118.5$ million of street/drainage, water/sewer and facility improvements in the design or construction phase.

## Relevant financial policies

The City of Beaumont has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies. During the current year, two of these policies were particularly relevant. The City of Beaumont has a policy that requires any budget amendments calling for new fund appropriations that exceed unencumbered fund balances to be approved by the City Council. In August 2018, due to unforeseen expenditures, council approved budget amendments in the following funds: Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund; \$185,000, Water Utilities Fund; \$140,000, Solid Waste Fund; \$400,000, Municipal Airport Fund; \$500,000, Capital Reserve Fund; \$100,000, Employee Benefits Fund; \$200,000, Fleet Fund; \$500,000 and General Liability Fund; \$100,000.

In addition, the City of Beaumont has a policy that requires transfers between funds must be accomplished by budget amendments approved by the City Council. In August 2018 in order to strengthen the fund balance for FY 2019, transfers were approved by City Council in the following funds: General Liability Fund; \$700,000, Capital Reserve Fund; \$1.8 million, General Improvements Fund; $\$ 2.1$ million and Henry Homberg Golf Course Fund; $\$ 300,000$.

## AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS


#### Abstract

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Beaumont for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. This was the thirty-second consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.


A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

## Acknowledgments

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service and hard work of the entire staff of the Finance Department. The professional expertise and commitment of Kristin Ferguson, Controller; Janice Ridley, Grants Manager; Staff Accountants, Lynnsey McClusky, Angie Breeden \& Melissa McDaniel; and Victoria Sledz, Fiscal Assistant made this presentation possible.

Appreciation is also expressed to the staff of the operating departments for their cooperation and contribution, to the firm of BKD for their professional assistance and to City Council for their interest and support.

Respectfully submitted,


Kyle Hayes
City Manager


Todd Simoneaux, CPA
Chief Financial Officer

Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of <br> Achievement <br> for Excellence in Financial Reporting 

Presented to<br>City of Beaumont<br>Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2017 .
Chicitophas P. Mowill
Executive Director/CEO

## City of

## Beaumont, Texas

## BEAUM*NT

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# List of Principal Officials 

Becky Ames, Mayor
Robin Mouton, Ward IV, Mayor Pro-Tem
Bill Sam, At Large
W. L. Pate, Jr., At Large

Virginia Jordan, Ward I
Mike Getz, Ward II
Audwin M. Samuel, Ward III

Kyle Hayes, City Manager


## BEAUM $\otimes N T$

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# Independent Auditor's Report 

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Beaumont, Texas

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beaumont, Texas (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund, which represent 56 percent, 68 percent and 25 percent, respectively, of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, fund balance and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund, a pension trust fund included in the financial statements of the aggregate remaining fund information, were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

The Honorable Mayor and<br>Members of the City Council<br>City of Beaumont, Texas<br>Page 2

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Beaumont, Texas, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 4 to the financial statements, in 2018 the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, and the City's other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) adopted GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary, and pension and other postemployment benefits information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Honorable Mayor and
Members of the City Council
City of Beaumont, Texas
Page 3

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory section, combining and individual fund statements, schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual, and statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the procedures performed as described above, the accompanying combining and individual fund statements and schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual as listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.' That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Houston, Texas
March 18, 2019

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Beaumont (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

## Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2018 by $\$ 305$ million. Of this amount, a negative $\$ 108.5$ million is considered unrestricted. The unrestricted net position of the City's governmental activities is a negative $\$ 109.8$ million. The unrestricted net position of the City’s business-type activities is a positive $\$ 1.3$ million.
- The net position increased by $\$ 16.8$ million in 2018 prior to restatement for adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The key factors for the increase were due to increased sales taxes and operating grants.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of $\$ 111$ million. Approximately $\$ 39$ million of the $\$ 111$ million fund balance is considered unassigned at September 30, 2018.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of $\$ 46.1$ million at the end of the current fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was $\$ 45.5$ million or 38.7 percent of total General Fund expenditures (excluding transfers out).
- The City's total liabilities decreased by $\$ 12.5$ million during the current fiscal. The key factor for the decrease was due to decreases in the net pension liabilities.


## Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1 ) governmentwide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (businesstype activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public works, public safety, housing, economic development, health and welfare, and culture and recreation. The businesstype activities of the City include two enterprise activities: a water and sewer system, and a solid waste system.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages $13-15$ of this report.
Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 33 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Municipal Health Care Provider Participation Program Fund. Data from the other 30 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Beaumont adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 17 of this report.
Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and solid waste operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions including employee benefits, self-insurance, fleet management, capital reserve and general liability. The services provided by these funds predominantly benefit the governmental rather than the business-type functions. They have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and solid waste operations. The Water Fund and the Solid Waste Fund are considered to be major funds of the City. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages $19-21$ of this report.
Fiduciary funds. The Beaumont Firemen’s Relief and Retirement Fund is being reported as a blended component unit. The Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund is being reported to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 23 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages $24-72$ of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Beaumont's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees, other post-employment benefits and the General Fund's budgetary information. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 73-80 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 84-125 of this report.

## Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$305 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City's deferred outflows and inflows of resources changed significantly from the prior year mainly due to investment experience as well as additions related to implementation of GASB 75.

Net Position

|  | Governmental Activities |  |  | Business-Type Activities |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Current and other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| assets | \$ | 150,649,714 | 139,233,569 | 49,591,853 | 54,846,091 | 200,241,567 | 194,079,660 |
| Capital assets |  | 461,359,802 | 456,957,887 | 254,569,021 | 254,033,197 | 715,928,823 | 710,991,084 |
| Total assets |  | 612,009,516 | 596,191,456 | 304,160,874 | 308,879,288 | 916,170,390 | 905,070,744 |
| Total deferred outflows |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-term liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| outstanding |  | 394,777,186 | 398,220,122 | 187,149,224 | 197,705,172 | 581,926,410 | 595,925,294 |
| Other liabilities |  | 37,412,621 | 36,534,775 | 22,424,156 | 21,783,851 | 59,836,777 | 58,318,626 |
| Total liabilities |  | 432,189,807 | 434,754,897 | 209,573,380 | 219,489,023 | 641,763,187 | 654,243,920 |
| Total deferred inflows |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of resources |  | 20,350,935 | 4,689,992 | 2,499,322 | 933,811 | 22,850,257 | 5,623,803 |
| Net position |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Investment in |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| assets |  | 267,238,064 | 263,388,476 | 93,046,448 | 87,910,685 | 360,284,512 | 351,299,161 |
| Restricted |  | 47,756,593 | 42,331,445 | 5,239,210 | 5,890,461 | 52,995,803 | 48,221,906 |
| Unrestricted |  | $(109,835,933)$ | $(81,195,151)$ | 1,295,667 | 4,599,116 | $(108,540,266)$ | $(76,596,035)$ |
| Total net position | \$ | 205,158,724 | 224,524,770 | 99,581,325 | 98,400,262 | 304,740,049 | 322,925,032 |

An additional portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to restrictions as to how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.

The government's net position increased by $\$ 16.8$ million during the current fiscal year. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by $\$ 9.2$ million and the Business-Type activities increased by $\$ 7.6$ million. The underlying reason for the increase in net position related to Governmental activities was due to a $\$ 6.8$ million increase in sales tax revenues over the prior year. The increase can mostly be attributable to Hurricane Harvey recovery. Operating grants and contributions increased by $\$ 20.9$ million as a result of increases in federal funding related to Hurricane Harvey and also increases in the Municipal Health Care Participation Fund revenues. The underlying reason for the increase in net position related to Business-Type activities was due to increases in charges for services and decreases in other nonoperating expenses. Due to implementation of GASB 75, beginning net position previously reported was decreased by $\$ 28.6$ million in the Governmental activities and $\$ 6.4$ million in the Business-Type activities.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

|  | Governmental Activities |  |  | Business-Type Activities |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Program revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 10,540,997 | 9,333,095 | 61,502,228 | 59,484,249 | 72,043,225 | 68,817,344 |
| Operating grants and contributions |  | 42,787,076 | 21,895,140 | - | - | 42,787,076 | 21,895,140 |
| Capital grants and contributions |  | 5,916,746 | 7,115,597 | 75,000 | - | 5,991,746 | 7,115,597 |
| General revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property taxes |  | 52,305,185 | 49,679,296 | - | - | 52,305,185 | 49,679,296 |
| Industrial payments |  | 19,825,025 | 17,935,064 | - | - | 19,825,025 | 17,935,064 |
| Sales taxes |  | 45,789,127 | 38,954,160 | - | - | 45,789,127 | 38,954,160 |
| Franchise taxes |  | 12,954,394 | 11,262,669 | - | - | 12,954,394 | 11,262,669 |
| Investment earnings |  | 1,386,222 | 2,042,426 | 594,362 | 335,318 | 1,980,584 | 2,377,744 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 1,584,395 | 1,811,004 | 946,914 | 884,855 | 2,531,309 | 2,695,859 |
| Oil and gas royalties |  | 9,204 | 13,496 | - | - | 9,204 | 13,496 |
| Gain (loss) on disposal of assets |  | 374,852 | 1,960,253 | $(18,259)$ | 365,924 | 356,593 | 2,326,177 |
| Total revenues |  | 193,473,223 | 162,002,200 | 63,100,245 | 61,070,346 | 256,573,468 | 223,072,546 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | 17,139,599 | 16,461,499 | - | - | 17,139,599 | 16,461,499 |
| Public safety |  | 77,644,390 | 84,386,432 | - | - | 77,644,390 | 84,386,432 |
| Public works |  | 43,586,324 | 45,915,421 | - | - | 43,586,324 | 45,915,421 |
| Health and welfare |  | 29,359,243 | 21,332,145 | - | - | 29,359,243 | 21,332,145 |
| Culture and recreation |  | 13,582,993 | 13,157,491 | - | - | 13,582,993 | 13,157,491 |
| Housing and economic development |  | 4,354,208 | 4,188,246 | - | - | 4,354,208 | 4,188,246 |
| Interest on long-term debt |  | 8,408,091 | 9,518,134 | - | - | 8,408,091 | 9,518,134 |
| Water |  | - | - | 36,224,336 | 41,213,605 | 36,224,336 | 41,213,605 |
| Solid waste |  | - | - | 9,435,562 | 8,968,234 | 9,435,562 | 8,968,234 |
| Total expenses |  | 194,074,848 | 194,959,368 | 45,659,898 | 50,181,839 | 239,734,746 | 245,141,207 |
| Increase (decrease) in net position |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| before transfers |  | $(601,625)$ | $(32,957,168)$ | 17,440,347 | 10,888,507 | 16,838,722 | $(22,068,661)$ |
| Transfers |  | 9,840,000 | 9,130,000 | (9,840,000) | $(9,130,000)$ | - | - |
| Increase (decrease) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| in net position |  | 9,238,375 | $(23,827,168)$ | 7,600,347 | 1,758,507 | 16,838,722 | (22,068,661) |
| Net position, beginning, as previously reported |  | 224,524,770 | 248,351,938 | 98,400,262 | 96,641,755 | 322,925,032 | 344,993,693 |
| Adoption of GASB 75 cumulative effect adjustment |  | $(28,604,421)$ | - | $(6,419,284)$ | - | $(35,023,705)$ | - |
| Net position, beginning, as restated |  | 195,920,349 | 248,351,938 | 91,980,978 | 96,641,755 | 287,901,327 | 344,993,693 |
| Net position, ending | \$ | 205,158,724 | 224,524,770 | 99,581,325 | 98,400,262 | 304,740,049 | 322,925,032 |

## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of $\$ 111$ million, an increase of $\$ 14.8$ million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately $\$ 39.1$ million of this amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At September 30, 2018 unassigned fund balance of the general fund was $\$ 45.5$ million, while total fund balance was $\$ 46.1$ million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures (excluding transfers out). Unassigned fund balance represents 38.7 percent of total general fund expenditures (excluding transfers out), while total fund balance represents 39.3 percent of that same amount.

The budget basis fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by $\$ 9.7$ million during 2018. It was budgeted to incur a decrease of $\$ 2.8$ million in fund balance this year, therefore producing a $\$ 12.5$ million favorable variance. This change in fund balance is attributable to lower workforce and increased sales taxes. The City's General Fund actual fund balance increased by \$10.2 million during 2018.

The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of $\$ 3$ million. The net decrease in fund balance during 2018 in this fund was approximately $\$ 227$ thousand. The Debt Service Fund is funded with property tax revenue at the level necessary to meet debt service requirements.

The Municipal Health Care Provider Participation Program Fund has a total fund balance of $\$ 24.9$ million. The net increase in fund balance during 2018 in this fund was approximately $\$ 14$ million. Fund balance increased due to mandatory collections received exceeded the payments for the year.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same information found in the governmentwide financial statements, but in more detail.

The implementation of GASB 75 resulted in a prior period adjustment to the Water Fund and the Solid Waste Fund reducing the beginning net position of the funds by $\$ 4,568,680$ and $\$ 1,850,604$, respectively. The unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to $\$ 5.5$ million for the Water Fund and a negative $\$ 3.4$ million for the Solid Waste Fund. The net position in the Water Fund increased by $\$ 6.7$ million during 2018 while the Solid Waste Fund increase by $\$ 999$ thousand. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, there were no changes in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Actual expenditures in the General Fund came in under budgeted amounts by $\$ 2.9$ million.

## Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounted to $\$ 715.9$ million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, streets and drainage systems and infrastructure.

CAPITAL ASSETS
(net of depreciation)

|  | Governmental Activities |  |  | Business-Type Activities |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Land | \$ | 55,087,140 | 55,087,140 | 3,390,348 | 3,496,212 | 58,477,488 | 58,583,352 |
| Buildings |  | 59,161,850 | 61,120,683 | 1,808,898 | 1,901,543 | 60,970,748 | 63,022,226 |
| Improvements other than buildings |  | 21,238,719 | 17,875,616 | 232,388,672 | 229,741,671 | 253,627,391 | 247,617,287 |
| Infrastructure |  | 254,074,303 | 263,138,924 | 2,734,542 | 2,815,171 | 256,808,845 | 265,954,095 |
| Machinery and equipment |  | 16,197,466 | 15,887,241 | 6,854,774 | 7,033,793 | 23,052,240 | 22,921,034 |
| Construction in progress |  | 55,600,324 | 43,848,283 | 7,391,787 | 9,044,808 | 62,992,111 | 52,893,091 |
| Total | \$ | 461,359,802 | 456,957,887 | 254,569,021 | 254,033,198 | 715,928,823 | 710,991,085 |

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 1 on page 29 and Note 4 on pages 42-44 of this report.

Long-term debt. At September 30, 2018, the City, the primary government, had $\$ 361.6$ million of longterm bonds and certificates outstanding. Of this amount, $\$ 207.2$ million comprises bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the City and $\$ 154.4$ million secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

General Obligation \& Revenue Bonds Outstanding

|  | Governmental Activities |  |  | Business-Type Activities |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 105,351,550 | 110,801,150 | 968,450 | 1,053,850 | 106,320,000 | 111,855,000 |
| Certificates of obligation |  | 100,850,000 | 93,005,000 | - | - | 100,850,000 | 93,005,000 |
| Revenue bonds |  | - | - | 154,460,000 | 162,045,000 | 154,460,000 | 162,045,000 |
| Total | \$ | 206,201,550 | 203,806,150 | 155,428,450 | 163,098,850 | 361,630,000 | 366,905,000 |

Total long-term bonds and certificates outstanding at September 30, 2018 decreased by $\$ 5.3$ million, a 1.4\% decrease, compared to September 30, 2017.

The City's most recent bond ratings are shown in the following table.
Standard \& Poor's Moody's Investor Services

| General Obligation Debt | AA- | Aa2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Bonds | AA | A2 |

Additional information regarding the City’s long-term debt can be found in Note 2 on pages $34-35$ and in Note 4 on pages 46-51 of this report.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Sales tax is the largest single source of revenue for the General Fund representing 37.4\% of total General Fund revenues for FY 2018. In FY 2018, sales tax revenues increased $16.8 \%$ compared to the prior year, FY 2017. With the significant increase attributable to Hurricane Harvey recovery, the FY 2019 Budget only anticipates 4\% growth in sales tax revenue over the FY 2018 Budget.

The tax rate for FY 2019 is $\$ 0.71$ per $\$ 100$ of assessed valuation, the same as FY 2018. The General Fund is allocated $\$ 0.491$ of the tax rate and $\$ 0.219$ to the Debt Service Fund. Property tax revenues account for $28.8 \%$ or $\$ 36.1$ million of the revenues in the General Fund’s FY 2019 Budget. Assessed values for tax year 2018 are $0.75 \%$ higher than the previous year.

Industrial payments account for $15.1 \%$ of the General Fund's overall revenue in the FY 2019 Budget. The City has more than 20 negotiated contracts with FY 2018 being the third payment of a seven year agreement. The new contracts call for payments based on $80 \%$ of the appraised value for the first three years and $75 \%$ of the value the last four years. Industrial payments are expected to be approximately \$912K less in FY 2019 than in FY 2018.

Expenditures for FY 2019, including transfers, are expected to total $\$ 126.7$ million. The budget allows for a $3 \%$ wage increase for civilian employees and pursuant to the current labor agreements, sworn employees will receive $2 \%$ and $3 \%$ increases in the Fire Department and Police Department, respectively. Overall budgeted expenditures, not including transfers, are expected to grow $4.4 \%$ over FY 2018 mostly attributable to salary increases. The General Fund's Budget contemplates using \$1.4 million of prior years' excess funds in the fund balance, however still leaving a healthy ending balance of $29 \%$ of total expenditures.

The City is confident in its financial sustainability. The stable outlook reflects management's historical commitment to maintaining sound reserves, which, provides stability during the time of economic uncertainty and downturn and allows the City to continue to provide service to all citizens and to enhance quality of life through new and renovated public facilities, improved city streets and beautification of the City.

## Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Beaumont, Finance Department, P.O. Box 3827, Beaumont, Texas, 77704.

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Primary Government |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Governmental Activities |  | Business-Type Activities |  |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | 41,456,709 | 13,630,049 | 55,086,758 |
| Investments |  | 52,182,436 | 2,622,826 | 54,805,262 |
| Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): |  |  |  |  |
| Taxes - Property |  | 6,248,849 | - | 6,248,849 |
| Taxes - Other |  | 8,031,415 | - | 8,031,415 |
| Notes |  | 617,215 | - | 617,215 |
| Intergovernmental |  | 14,088,821 | - | 14,088,821 |
| Utilities |  | , - | 8,323,699 | 8,323,699 |
| Other |  | 24,622,496 | 390,520 | 25,013,016 |
| Internal balances |  | 841,728 | $(841,728)$ | -1,066, |
| Prepaid items |  | 1,066,699 | - | 1,066,699 |
| Inventories |  | 632,161 | 1,966,176 | 2,598,337 |
| Restricted assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Temporarily restricted |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and investments |  | - | 23,500,311 | 23,500,311 |
| Permanently restricted |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents |  | 861,185 | - | 861,185 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: |  |  |  |  |
| Land |  | 55,087,140 | 3,390,348 | 58,477,488 |
| Construction work in progress |  | 55,600,324 | 7,391,787 | 62,992,111 |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  | 59,161,850 | 1,808,898 | 60,970,748 |
| Improvements other than buildings |  | 21,238,719 | 232,388,672 | 253,627,391 |
| Infrastructure |  | 254,074,303 | 2,734,542 | 256,808,845 |
| Equipment |  | 16,197,466 | 6,854,774 | 23,052,240 |
| Total assets |  | 612,009,516 | 304,160,874 | 916,170,390 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  |  |  |  |
| Deferred charge on refunding |  | 6,677,758 | 5,022,458 | 11,700,216 |
| Pensions |  | 34,579,987 | 1,551,935 | 36,131,922 |
| Other post retirement benefits |  | 4,432,205 | 918,760 | 5,350,965 |
|  |  | 45,689,950 | 7,493,153 | 53,183,103 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 5,696,944 | 1,268,522 | 6,965,466 |
| Accrued liabilities |  | 1,895,497 | 247,805 | 2,143,302 |
| Unearned revenue |  | 8,934,883 | - | 8,934,883 |
| Other liabilities |  | 2,478,807 | 1,223,273 | 3,702,080 |
| Estimated claims liability |  | 3,620,779 | - | 3,620,779 |
| Accrued interest payable |  | 790,944 | 711,310 | 1,502,254 |
| Customer deposits |  | - | 5,374,508 | 5,374,508 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Due within one year |  | 13,994,767 | 13,598,738 | 27,593,505 |
| Due in more than one year |  | 394,777,186 | 187,149,224 | 581,926,410 |
| Total liabilities |  | 432,189,807 | 209,573,380 | 641,763,187 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  |  |  |  |
| Pensions |  | 20,329,640 | 2,494,907 | 22,824,547 |
| Other post retirement benefits |  | 21,295 | 4,415 | 25,710 |
|  |  | 20,350,935 | 2,499,322 | 22,850,257 |
| NET POSITION |  |  |  |  |
| Net investment in capital assets |  | 267,238,064 | 93,046,448 | 360,284,512 |
| Restricted for: |  |  |  |  |
| Debt service |  | 5,015,040 | 5,239,210 | 10,254,250 |
| General government |  | 926,833 | - | 926,833 |
| Housing and economic development |  | 1,131,690 | - | 1,131,690 |
| Health and welfare |  | 24,915,656 | - | 24,915,656 |
| Public safety |  | 1,029,960 | - | 1,029,960 |
| Public works |  | 13,211,052 | - | 13,211,052 |
| Culture and recreation |  |  |  |  |
| Expendable |  | 665,177 | - | 665,177 |
| Nonexpendable |  | 861,185 | - | 861,185 |
| Unrestricted |  | $(109,835,933)$ | 1,295,667 | $(108,540,266)$ |
| Total net position | \$ | 205,158,724 | 99,581,325 | 304,740,049 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  |  |  |  | Program Revenues |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

| Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(16,947,588)$ | - | $(16,947,588)$ |
| $(72,196,223)$ | - | $(72,196,223)$ |
| $(33,607,315)$ | - | $(33,607,315)$ |
| 10,614,887 | - | 10,614,887 |
| $(11,732,331)$ | - | $(11,732,331)$ |
| $(2,553,368)$ | - | $(2,553,368)$ |
| $(8,408,091)$ | - | $(8,408,091)$ |
| $(134,830,029)$ | - | $(134,830,029)$ |
| - | 13,217,896 | 13,217,896 |
| - | 2,699,434 | 2,699,434 |
| - | 15,917,330 | 15,917,330 |
| $(134,830,029)$ | 15,917,330 | $(118,912,699)$ |
| 52,305,185 | - | 52,305,185 |
| 19,825,025 | - | 19,825,025 |
| 45,789,127 | - | 45,789,127 |
| 12,954,394 | - | 12,954,394 |
| 1,386,222 | 594,362 | 1,980,584 |
| 1,584,395 | 946,914 | 2,531,309 |
| 374,852 | $(18,259)$ | 356,593 |
| 9,204 | - | 9,204 |
| 9,840,000 | $(9,840,000)$ | - |
| 144,068,404 | $(8,316,983)$ | 135,751,421 |
| 9,238,375 | 7,600,347 | 16,838,722 |
| 224,524,770 | 98,400,262 | 322,925,032 |
| (28,604,421) | $(6,419,284)$ | $(35,023,705)$ |
| 195,920,349 | 91,980,978 | 287,901,327 |
| 205,158,724 | 99,581,325 | 304,740,049 |

# CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> balance sheet <br> GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS <br> SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 

|  |  | General | Debt Service | Municipal Health Care Provider Participation Program | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | 10,892,433 | 842,815 | 6,946,188 | 14,480,361 | 33,161,797 |
| Investments |  | 17,771,865 | 2,098,452 |  | 32,312,119 | 52,182,436 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxes - Property |  | 4,179,369 | 2,069,480 |  | - | 6,248,849 |
| Taxes - Other |  | 8,031,415 | - |  | - | 8,031,415 |
| Notes |  | - |  |  | 617,215 | 617,215 |
| Intergovernmental |  | 1,011,997 | - |  | 13,076,824 | 14,088,821 |
| Other |  | 5,786,352 | 4,293 | 17,969,468 | 692,776 | 24,452,889 |
| Due from other funds |  | 9,863,858 | - |  | - | 9,863,858 |
| Inventories |  | - | - |  | 338,854 | 338,854 |
| Prepaid items |  | 640,199 | - |  | 426,500 | 1,066,699 |
| Total Assets |  | 58,177,488 | 5,015,040 | 24,915,656 | 61,944,649 | 150,052,833 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 1,028,028 | - |  | 4,024,163 | 5,052,191 |
| Accrued liabilities |  | 1,581,437 | - |  | 281,062 | 1,862,499 |
| Due to other funds |  | - | - |  | 9,863,858 | 9,863,858 |
| Other liabilities |  | 1,719,068 | - |  | 652,689 | 2,371,757 |
| Unearned revenue |  | 475 | - |  | 8,934,408 | 8,934,883 |
| Total Liabilities |  | 4,329,008 | - |  | 23,756,180 | 28,085,188 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unavailable revenue - property tax |  | 4,002,320 | 1,987,780 |  | - | 5,990,100 |
| Unavailable revenue - EMS fees |  | 2,699,689 | - |  | - | 2,699,689 |
| Unavailable revenue - gift cards |  | 41 | - |  | - | 41 |
| Unavailable revenue - demolition fees |  | 811,260 | - |  | - | 811,260 |
| Unavailable revenue - forfeitures |  | 191,776 | - |  | - ${ }^{-}$ | 191,776 |
| Unavailable revenue - notes |  | - | - |  | 1,131,690 | 1,131,690 |
| Unavailable revenue - grants |  | - | - |  | 102,565 | 102,565 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources |  | 7,705,086 | 1,987,780 |  | 1,234,255 | 10,927,121 |
| FUND BALANCES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonspendable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories |  | - | - |  | 338,854 | 338,854 |
| Prepaid items |  | 640,199 | - |  | 426,500 | 1,066,699 |
| Permanent fund principal |  | - | - |  | 861,185 | 861,185 |
| Restricted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt service |  | - | 3,027,260 |  | - | 3,027,260 |
| Culture and recreation |  | - | - |  | 6,386,686 | 6,386,686 |
| General government |  | - | - |  | 926,833 | 926,833 |
| Health and welfare |  | - | - | 24,915,656 | - | 24,915,656 |
| Public safety |  | - | - |  | 2,039,638 | 2,039,638 |
| Public works |  | - | - |  | 29,175,876 | 29,175,876 |
| Assigned: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | - | - |  | 1,249,935 | 1,249,935 |
| Public safety |  | - | - |  | - | - |
| Public works |  | - | - |  | 1,993,206 | 1,993,206 |
| Unassigned: |  | 45,503,195 | - |  | $(6,444,499)$ | 39,058,696 |
| Total Fund Balances |  | 46,143,394 | 3,027,260 | 24,915,656 | 36,954,214 | 111,040,524 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances | \$ | 58,177,488 | 5,015,040 | 24,915,656 | 61,944,649 |  |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities | fi | ncial resourc | therefore, a | eported in the fun |  | 443,916,918 |
| Other long-term assets are not available to in the funds. | urr | -period expe | s and, theref | deferred |  | 10,927,121 |
| The majority of assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. |  |  |  |  |  | 17,851,310 |
| Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current and therefore, are not reported in the funds. |  |  |  |  |  | $(378,577,149)$ |
| Net position of governmental activities |  |  |  |  |  | 205,158,724 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  |  | General | Debt <br> Service | Municipal Health Care Provider Participation Program | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES $\quad$ - Program |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property | \$ | 35,961,592 | 16,084,051 | - | - ${ }^{-}$ | 52,045,643 |
| Gross receipts |  | 8,719,686 | - | - | 4,234,708 | 12,954,394 |
| Sales |  | 45,789,127 | - | - | - | 45,789,127 |
| Industrial payments |  | 19,825,025 | - | - | - | 19,825,025 |
| Licenses and permits |  | 2,009,325 | - | - | - | 2,009,325 |
| Charges for services |  | 4,133,247 | - | - | 1,300,909 | 5,434,156 |
| Fines and forfeitures |  | 1,975,379 | - | - | 260,186 | 2,235,565 |
| Recreational activities |  | 873,361 | - | - | - | 873,361 |
| Intergovernmental |  | - | - | 34,556,669 | 14,003,894 | 48,560,563 |
| Investment earnings |  | 542,517 | 99,970 | - | 640,101 | 1,282,588 |
| Contributions |  | - | - | - | 284,765 | 284,765 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 1,755,171 | 121,541 | - | 303,856 | 2,180,568 |
| Oil and gas royalties |  | - | - | - | 9,204 | 9,204 |
| Total Revenues |  | 121,584,430 | 16,305,562 | 34,556,669 | 21,037,623 | 193,484,284 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | 14,593,840 | - | - | 247,044 | 14,840,884 |
| Public safety |  | 65,654,282 | - | - | 1,998,311 | 67,652,593 |
| Public works |  | 18,474,578 | - | - | 8,394,754 | 26,869,332 |
| Health and welfare |  | 7,098,710 | - | 20,538,095 | 1,319,228 | 28,956,033 |
| Culture and recreational |  | 8,399,907 | - | - | 3,162,023 | 11,561,930 |
| Housing and economic development |  | 3,304,548 | - | - | 1,058,980 | 4,363,528 |
| Capital outlay |  | 16,955 | - | - | 24,191,999 | 24,208,954 |
| Debt service: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | - | 8,234,600 | - | - | 8,234,600 |
| Interest and charges |  | - | 9,300,119 | - | 6- | 9,300,119 |
| Issuance cost - debt |  | - | - | - | 151,678 | 151,678 |
| Total Expenditures |  | 117,542,820 | 17,534,719 | 20,538,095 | 40,524,017 | 196,139,651 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES |  | 4,041,610 | $(1,229,157)$ | 14,018,574 | $(19,486,394)$ | $(2,655,367)$ |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bond proceeds |  | - | - | - | 9,260,000 | 9,260,000 |
| Bond premium |  | - | 12,437 | - | 891,678 | 904,115 |
| Transfers in |  | 10,200,000 | 989,966 | - | 4,975,000 | 16,164,966 |
| Transfers (out) |  | $(4,065,000)$ | - | - | $(4,799,966)$ | $(8,864,966)$ |
| Total Other Financing Sources |  | 6,135,000 | 1,002,403 | - | 10,326,712 | 17,464,115 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | 10,176,610 | $(226,754)$ | 14,018,574 | $(9,159,682)$ | 14,808,748 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 35,966,784 | 3,254,014 | 10,897,082 | 46,113,896 | 96,231,776 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | 46,143,394 | 3,027,260 | 24,915,656 | 36,954,214 | 111,040,524 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 17)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays were more than depreciation in the current period.

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, the governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain capital assets and employee benefits to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental activities.
\$ 14,808,748
$(859,579)$
$(747,843)$
\$
9,238,375

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018


CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds |  |  |  | Governmental <br> Activities Internal Service Funds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Water | Solid Waste | Total |  |
| OPERATING REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 49,367,232 | 12,134,996 | 61,502,228 | 32,407,035 |
| Intergovernmental |  | 75,000 | - | 75,000 | - |
| Miscellaneous |  | 946,914 | - | 946,914 | 86,128 |
| Total Operating Revenues |  | 50,389,146 | 12,134,996 | 62,524,142 | 32,493,163 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personnel services |  | 10,724,569 | 4,450,249 | 15,174,818 | 2,204,759 |
| Other operating expenses |  | 10,441,747 | 3,365,044 | 13,806,791 | 7,751,298 |
| Landfill closure costs |  | - | 93,091 | 93,091 | - |
| Health and life insurance premiums |  | - | - | - | 20,660,959 |
| Other insurance premiums |  | - | - | - | 1,238,727 |
| Damage claims |  | - | - | - | 851,755 |
| Depreciation |  | 7,667,802 | 1,441,152 | 9,108,954 | 3,942,706 |
| Total Operating Expenses |  | 28,834,118 | 9,349,536 | 38,183,654 | 36,650,204 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) |  | 21,555,028 | 2,785,460 | 24,340,488 | $(4,157,041)$ |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings |  | 539,703 | 54,659 | 594,362 | 103,634 |
| Interest expense |  | $(6,678,524)$ | $(66,348)$ | $(6,744,872)$ | $(26,230)$ |
| Gain/loss on sale of equipment |  | $(23,864)$ | 5,605 | $(18,259)$ | 713,082 |
| Other nonoperating expenses |  | $(652,660)$ | - | $(652,660)$ | - |
| Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) |  | $(6,815,345)$ | $(6,084)$ | $(6,821,429)$ | 790,486 |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONSI |  |  |  |  |  |
| TRANSFERS |  | 14,739,683 | 2,779,376 | 17,519,059 | $(3,366,555)$ |
| TRANSFERS IN |  | - | - | - | 2,540,000 |
| TRANSFERS OUT |  | (8,060,000) | $(1,780,000)$ | $(9,840,000)$ | - |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION |  | 6,679,683 | 999,376 | 7,679,059 | $(826,555)$ |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS |  | 96,070,088 | 3,093,190 |  | 16,427,350 |
| PREVIOUSLY REPORTED |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADOPTION OF GASB75-CUMMALATIVE EFFECT |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADJUSTMENT |  | $(4,568,680)$ | $(1,850,604)$ |  | 1,408,787 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED |  | 91,501,408 | 1,242,586 |  | 17,836,137 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING | \$ | 98,181,091 | 2,241,962 |  | 17,009,582 |

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net position are different because the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities.
$(78,712)$
Change in net position of business-type activities (pages 14-15)
7,600,347

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
Cash received from customers
Cashed received from interfund charges for services
Cash payments for goods and services
Payments to other funds for services provided
Cash payments to employees
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities
CASH FLOwS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Transfers in
Transfers (out)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital
Financing Activities
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED
FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Proceeds from sale of capital assets
Proceeds from capital debt
Payments for capital acquisitions
Principal payments on capital debt
Interest paid and fiscal charges
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related
Financing Activities
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
(Purchase) sale of investments
Receipt of interest
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR
Restricted
Unrestricted
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:
Operating income (loss)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash
provided by operating activities:
Depreciation
Landfill closure costs
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pensions
Change in assets and liabilities:
(Increase) decrease in accounts and other receivable
(Increase) decrease in inventory
(Increase) decrease in deferred outlows related to pensions
(Increase) decrease in deferred outlows related to OPEB
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability

| Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds |  |  |  | Activities <br> Internal Service Funds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Water | Solid Waste | Total |  |
| \$ | 50,840,604 | 12,468,460 | 63,309,064 | 4,590,379 |
|  |  | - |  | 27,902,784 |
|  | $(9,677,191)$ | $(1,049,503)$ | $(10,726,694)$ | $(29,967,499)$ |
|  | $(3,553,017)$ | $(3,277,048)$ | $(6,830,065)$ | - |
|  | $(8,779,480)$ | $(3,602,569)$ | $(12,382,049)$ | $(2,264,537)$ |
|  | 28,830,916 | 4,539,340 | 33,370,256 | 261,127 |
|  | - - |  |  | 2,540,000 |
|  | $(8,060,000)$ | $(1,780,000)$ | $(9,840,000)$ |  |
|  | $(8,060,000)$ | $(1,780,000)$ | $(9,840,000)$ | 2,540,000 |
| 82,000 |  | 5,605 | 87,605 | 740,691 |
|  |  |  |  | 691,000 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} (8,660,776) \\ (10,260,289) \end{array}$ | $(1,089,865)$ | $(9,750,641)$ | $(4,664,747)$ |
|  |  | $(1,457,532)$ | $(11,717,821)$ | $(470,291)$ |
|  | $(7,679,774)$ | $(68,736)$ | $(7,748,510)$ | $(28,428)$ |
|  | $(26,518,839)$ | $(2,610,528)$ | $(29,129,367)$ | $(3,731,775)$ |
|  | 3,377,597 | $(206,690)$ | 3,170,907 |  |
|  | 539,703 | 54,659 | 594,362 | 91,895 |
|  | 3,917,300 | $(152,031)$ | 3,765,269 | 91,895 |
|  | $(1,830,623)$ | $(3,219)$ | $(1,833,842)$ | $(838,753)$ |
|  | 15,329,295 | 1,610,758 | 16,940,053 | 9,994,850 |
|  | 13,498,672 | 1,607,539 | 15,106,211 | 9,156,097 |
|  | 1,476,162 | - | 1,476,162 | - |
|  | 12,022,510 | 1,607,539 | 13,630,049 | 9,156,097 |
|  | 21,555,028 | 2,785,460 | 24,340,488 | $(4,157,041)$ |
|  | 7,667,802 | 1,441,152 | 9,108,954 | 3,942,706 |
|  |  | 93,091 | 93,091 | - |
|  | $(170,551)$ | 333,464 | 162,913 | $(25,362)$ |
|  | 7,864 | - | 7,864 | $(11,662)$ |
|  | 2,073,778 | 642,977 | 2,716,755 | 527,054 |
|  | $(460,715)$ | $(186,619)$ | $(647,334)$ | $(96,225)$ |
|  | 45,604 | $(6,410)$ | 39,194 | 1,119 |
|  | 33,927 | 96,739 | 130,666 | $(7,484)$ |
|  | $(348,424)$ | $(25,288)$ | $(373,712)$ | 106,659 |
|  | $(314,901)$ | $(72,219)$ | $(387,120)$ | 465,605 |
|  | $(3,378,157)$ | $(1,350,729)$ | $(4,728,886)$ | $(679,926)$ |
|  | 512,335 | 207,528 | 719,863 | 107,007 |
|  | 982,175 | 578,921 | 1,561,096 | 88,021 |
|  | 3,142 | 1,273 | 4,415 | 656 |
|  | 622,009 | - | 622,009 | - |
| \$ | 28,830,916 | 4,539,340 | 33,370,256 | 261,127 |

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

## ASSETS

Cash
Receivables - interest and dividends Investments at fair value:

Common stocks
Equity mutual funds
International equity funds
International fixed funds
Bond and note funds
Government and agency bonds
Alternative funds
Private equity funds
Corporate bonds and notes
Real Estate
Total investments at fair value
Property and equipment, net
Total Assets

## LIABILITIES

Current liabilities
Accrued expenses
Current portion of long-term debt
Total current liabilities
Long-term liabilities
Total Liabilities

## NET POSITION

Restricted for pensions
Held in trust for other postemployment benefits

Beaumont Firemen's
Relief and Retirement Fund
\$
1,900,210
125,974

19,114,125
40,033,463
16,778,090
5,509,419
4,686,758
3,668,952
7,900,855
32,817
9,530,295
5,542,282
112,797,056
1,048,946

115,872,186
478,768
Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund
\$
$+$

| $1,048,946$ | - |
| ---: | ---: |
|  |  |

Other
$\qquad$ 478,768

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 112,149 \\
& 139,327 \\
& \hline 251,476
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
- \\
- \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

$\qquad$
251,476 $\qquad$
$\$ \begin{array}{r}115,620,710 \\ \hline\end{array}$


The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION <br> FIDUCIARY FUNDS <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED <br> SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 

|  | Beaumont <br> Firemen's <br> Relief and <br> Retirement Fund |  | Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADDITIONS |  |  |  |
| Contributions |  |  |  |
| Employer | \$ | 2,935,156 | 2,846,127 |
| Plan members |  | 2,935,156 | - |
| Total Contributions |  | 5,870,312 | 2,846,127 |
| Investment Income |  |  |  |
| Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments |  | 15,211,879 | 65,351 |
| Interest |  | 593,416 | - |
| Dividends |  | 1,115,848 | - |
| Other |  | 430,338 | - |
| Total Investment Income |  | 17,351,481 | 65,351 |
| Less investment expense |  | $(409,811)$ | - |
| Net Investment Income |  | 16,941,670 | 65,351 |
| Total Additions |  | 22,811,982 | 2,911,478 |
| DEDUCTIONS |  |  |  |
| Benefits paid |  | 9,306,499 | 2,430,945 |
| Administrative expenses |  | 313,054 | 1,765 |
| Total Deductions |  | 9,619,553 | 2,432,710 |
| NET INCREASE IN NET POSITION |  | 13,192,429 | 478,768 |
| NET POSITION |  |  |  |
| BEGINNING OF YEAR |  | 102,438,832 | - |
| Prior period adjustment |  | $(10,551)$ | - |
| END OF YEAR | \$ | 115,620,710 | 478,768 |

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Beaumont, Texas (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following represents the significant accounting policies and practices used by the City.

## Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation operating under a Council-Manager form of government. It is governed by an elected board composed of a Mayor and six (6) Council members.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations.

## Blended Component Units Reported with the Primary Government

Blended component units provide services exclusively or almost exclusively for the City, or their board of directors are substantially the same as the City Council. The following blended component units are reported:

## Beaumont Firemen’s Relief and Retirement Fund - Presented as a Fiduciary Fund

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. They report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City of Beaumont, the primary government. While government-wide and fund financial statements are presented separately, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column of the government wide statements incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. However, data from the fiduciary funds is not incorporated in the government-wide financial statements. The component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the primary government or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the primary government even though it does not provide services directly to it. The fiduciary fund's fiscal year end is December 31, 2017.

Beaumont Municipal Transit Corporation - Presented as a Blended Component Unit due to the following criteria having been met:

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Reporting Entity (continued)

## Blended Component Units Reported with the Primary Government (continued)

The component unit's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the primary government and there is a financial burden relationship between the primary government and the component unit. The management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit.

## Excluded From the Financial Reporting Entity

The following agencies were considered in the determination of component units of the City's financial reporting entity:

Beaumont Multi-Family Housing Corporation
Beaumont Industrial Development Corporation
Beaumont Health Facilities Development Corporation
Beaumont Housing Financing Corporation

The agencies were excluded due to the following criteria: separate corporate powers make them legally separate entities; the governing bodies are not appointed by the City; the City is not legally entitled to access the resources of the agencies; the City is not legally obligated and has not assumed the obligation to fund the deficits or provide financial support to the agencies and is not obligated for the debt of the agencies.

## Related Organization

The Beaumont Housing Authority (Authority) is a legally separate organization formed to administer housing programs funded by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), which has a scope of public service within the geographic boundaries of the City. The City governing authority appoints a majority of the Authority members; however, the City's accountability does not extend beyond making the appointments, as the administration of the Authority is vested solely with its board, and there is no financial relationship between the Authority and the primary government.

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental, special revenue and capital project funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, industrial payments, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City has the following major governmental funds:
The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The Municipal Health Care Provider Participation Program Fund accounts for the mandatory payments as authorized under Subtitle D of Title 4 of the Texas Health \& Safety Code.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:
The Water Fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to residents and commercial businesses in the City and proximate area.

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for trash and brush collection, disposal services and the operations of the City landfill.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:
Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the City or its citizenry.

Internal Service Funds account for employee benefits, risk management, fleet and other capital asset management services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an asset for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and other funds. The fiduciary fund statements have a year end of December 31 .

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2 ) operating grants and contributions, and 3 ) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods regarding a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenue of the Water Fund, of the Solid Waste Fund, and of the City's Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

## Deposit and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes and policies mandated by City Council authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certificates of deposit, and certain investment pools.

Government agency securities are stated at fair value; TexasTERM is stated at net asset value; and certificates of deposit and TexPool are stated at amortized cost.

## Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances, outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

## Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the purchase method in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

## Restricted Assets

Funds set aside for payment of enterprise fund revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets since their use is limited by applicable bond indentures. Additionally, cash received for utility deposits is restricted on the Water Fund statement of net position. Also, unspent bond proceeds are restricted in the Water Fund for construction projects.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

## Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or businesstype activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than $\$ 10,000$ and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| Assets | Years |
| :--- | ---: |
| Buildings | $15-50$ |
| Improvements other than buildings | $10-50$ |
| Machinery and equipment | $3-12$ |
| Infrastructure | $12-50$ |

## Compensated Absences

The City's employees earn paid time off (PTO), sick leave, personal leave and short-term disability, all of which may either be taken or accumulated, up to certain amounts, until paid on termination or retirement. For all funds, this liability reflects amounts attributable to cumulative employee services already rendered. Amounts liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund receiving the benefit only when those absences have matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement). Amounts for compensated absences that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are not reported in the Governmental Fund financial statements. In proprietary fund types, this liability is recorded as a current liability in the individual proprietary fund since payment of this liability will be made from resources of these funds.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Compensated Absences (continued)
Policies relating to the accrual and payment of these benefits are as follows:
Paid time off - Employees may earn from 4.62 to 12.92 hours of paid time off per pay period and may accrue up to 120 days ( 960 hours) to be used in future periods. Upon separation, employees are paid for accumulated leave if they have completed 12 consecutive months of service with the City. Fire Department employees are paid for this accumulation without a service waiting period.

Sick Leave - Police and Fire Department employees earn 1.25 days of sick leave for each month of service. Payment for accrued sick leave is limited to 90 days upon separation. Unlike Fire Department employees, who have no waiting period, Police Department employees must have two years of employment before qualifying to receive accumulated sick leave upon separation.

Personal Leave - Police Department personnel earn one day of personal leave per quarter up to a maximum of 32 hours. Fire Department personnel earn one day of personal leave per year for 10 years of service and 2 days per year for 20 years of service.

Short-term Disability (STD) - Employees other than Police and Fire earn 3.69 hours of short-term disability per pay period. Short-term disability leave may only be used after an employee has been absent five consecutive working days. Accrual of short-term disability leave is limited to 720 hours. Upon termination, employees are paid for up to 720 unused STD hours accumulated prior to October 1, 1991, at the employee's rate of pay as of September 30, 1991. Upon termination, employees are not paid for accumulated STD leave earned on or after October 1, 1991.

## Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

## Long-term Obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures

## Fund Balance Policies

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the City of Beaumont, Texas implemented GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in spendable form or are required to be maintained intact. As such, the inventory, prepaid, and permanent fund principal items have been properly classified in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

Restricted fund balance - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of local, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. the City Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the City takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint. The City establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution.

Assigned fund balance - amounts the City intends to use for a specific purpose. City Council authorized that the assignment of fund balance can be expressed by the City Manager through its fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

## Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has a deferred charge on refunding, which results from the difference in carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The City also has deferred outflows for pensions and OPEB. Deferred pension amounts are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. Deferred OPEB amounts are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City's deferred inflows include property taxes, EMS fees, demolition fees, forfeitures, notes and grants in the governmental funds, pensions and OPEB. Unavailable revenues are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred pension amounts are amortized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. Deferred OPEB amounts are amortized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. For additional information on deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions and OPEB, reference note 4 Employee Retirement Systems or Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits.

## Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

## Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

## Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (BFRRF) and additions to/deductions from BFRRF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by BFRRF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Copies of the BFRRF's financial statements can be obtained by writing to 1515 Cornerstone Ct., Beaumont, TX 77706.

## Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan and additions to/deduction from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the City. For this purpose, the City recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The OPEB Plan's investments are reported at fair value.

## New pronouncements

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), such as retiree health insurance. This statement addressed accounting and financial reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees or employees of other governments. This statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

Also, in FY 2018, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. For defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts, this statement requires two financial statements - a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

Also, in FY 2018, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The City chose to early implement this statement in the current fiscal year as encouraged by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Use of Estimates
The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains, "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Bonds Payable
Plus: Unamortized premiums
Accrued Interest payable
Compensated absences
Net pension liability
Net OPEB liability
Deferred inflows pensions
Deferred inflows OPEB
Less: Deferred loss on refunding bonds
Less: Deferred outflows pensions
Less: Deferred outflows OPEB

Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position governmental activites
\$ 206,201,550
15,632,431
784,456
22,842,912
123,655,797
34,647,955
20,071,033
20,639
$(6,677,758)$
$(34,306,233)$
$(4,295,633)$
\$ 378,577,149

## 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

## Capital outlay

Contributed capital assets
Depreciation expense
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities
\$ 24,208,954
(20,163,242)
\$ $\xlongequal{4,045,712}$

Another element of that reconciliation states, "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

| Debt issued or incurred | $\$$ | $(9,260,000)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Bond premium | $(904,115)$ |  |
| Accrued interest | $(6,530)$ |  |
| Current year premium amortization | $\underline{8,076,466}$ |  |
| Principal repayments: General obligation debt |  |  |
| Net adjustment to decrease net charges in fund balances - |  |  |
| $\quad$total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net <br> position of governmental activities | $\$$ | $\underline{(859,579)}$ |

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

> Compensated absences
> Amortized deferred loss on refunding bonds
> Pension costs
> OPEB costs
> Loss on disposal of capital assets
> $\quad$ Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities
\$ $(526,000)$
$(5,618,358)$
$(338,230)$
\$
(7,519,116)

## 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## Budgetary Information

The City uses the following procedures for establishing the budget reported in the financial statements:

1. At least 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year, City Council is presented with a proposed budget for the next fiscal year which begins October 1st. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizens' comments.
3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance no later than September 27th.
4. The City Manager may transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, transfers between funds must be approved by the City Council.
5. Budgets are considered a management control and planning tool and, as such, are incorporated into the accounting system of the City.
6. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for capital projects funds and certain special revenue funds where funds are designated for a specific purpose as identified in the grant award document, which adopts grant year or project length financial plans. These funds include the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Fund, EDA Small Business Loan Fund, Health Grant Fund, HOME Fund, HUD Community Development Fund, Library Grants Fund, Miscellaneous Grant Fund, Municipal Health Care Fund, Police Grant Fund, and Shelter Plus Care Fund.
7. Annual budgets are adopted and reported on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for budgeted governmental funds except for the General Fund, which adopts a budget which does not include all of the accruals required by GAAP.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

## Deposits and Investments

Deposits - State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. The City's deposits were fully insured or collateralized as required by state statutes and the City's investment policy as of September 30, 2018.

Investments - The City has a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds. The investments of the City are in compliance with the investment policy, the City Charter, the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256 of the Government Code, as amended) and all other state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. The City is authorized to invest in U.S. government obligations and its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized certificates of deposit, fully collateralized repurchase agreements, no load money market mutual funds and approved government investment pools.

The City follows GASB Statement 31 (Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools), Statement 40 (Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures), Statement 72 (Fair Value Measurement and Application), and Statement 79 (Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants). These statements require, with limited exception, that governmental entities report investments at fair value and that all investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, be reported as revenue in the statement of activities. The City reports the change in fair value as part of investment earnings (loss). In addition, Statement 79 requires the disclosure of the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

The City's cash and investments are as follows:

|  | As of <br> $09 / 30 / 2018$ | Percentage <br> $\underline{\text { of Total }}$ | Weighted Average <br> Maturity (Days) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agencies | $\$ ~ 17,133,600$ | $12.8 \%$ | 492 |
| Money Market Account/Petty Cash | $29,918,691$ | $22.3 \%$ | 1 |
| Government Investment Pools | $43,438,295$ | $32.3 \%$ | 1 |
| Certificates of Deposit | $\underline{43,762,930}$ | $\underline{32.6 \%}$ | $\underline{434}$ |
| Total Cash and Investments | $\$ \underline{\underline{334,253,516}}$ | $\underline{\underline{100.00 \%}}$ |  |

Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity
Interest Rate Risk - Fair value fluctuates with interest rates and increasing rates may cause fair value to decline below original cost. In compliance with the City’s Investment policy, the City minimized interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of the portfolio to 365 days with a stated final maturity date not to exceed 3 years from the date of purchase. In addition, the portfolio is structured so that securities mature to meet cash flow requirements, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities prior to maturity and below the original cost.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Deposits and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk - The City's investment policy requires approved investment pools to be continuously rated no lower than AAA, AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized agency. In compliance with the City's investment policy, as of September 30, 2018, all of the City's purchased investments in investment pools, TexPool, and TexasTERM were rated AAAm by Standard \& Poors. The agency investments held at year end include Federal Home Loan Bank and Freddie Mac agency notes and are both rated AA+ by Standards \& Poor's and AAA by Moody's.

Concentration Risk - The City's investment policy allows no more than $30 \%$ par of the portfolio to be invested with any one U.S. Agency. In compliance with the policy, as of September 30, 2018 the City has $12.8 \%$ invested in U.S. Agency investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City requires that deposits and repurchase agreements be held in an institution that has a minimum collateral level of 102.0 percent of the market value. FNMA, GNMA, FFCB, FHLMC, FHLB and Municipal Bond investments are held in the City's name in third party safekeeping by a Federal Reserve member financial institution designated as a city depository.

Local Government Investment Pools are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA), Chapter 2236 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the PFIA designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the PFIA requires pools to (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The City participates in TexPool, and TexasTERM which are external investment pools. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts maintains oversight responsibility for TexPool. This responsibility includes the ability to influence operations, designation of management and accountability for fiscal matters. TexasTERM is a public funds investment pool organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code and is privately managed. TexPool reports investments in compliance with GASB 79 which permits the pools to use amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than fair value when computing their net position and share price. Investments in TexasDAILY, a portfolio established by TexasTERM, are measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Deposits and Investments (continued)

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2018:

- U.S. Agency securities of $\$ 17.1$ million are valued at the market closing price reported on the Interactive Date Pricing and Reference Data (IDC) using significant other observable inputs (Level 2 inputs)

Interest income on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly based on the percentage of a fund's pooled cash and investments monthly balance compared to the total city-wide monthly balance in pooled cash and investments. Bond funds and other separate non-pooled cash are distributed to the fund where the cash and investment is recorded.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table:

|  | Redemption <br> Frequency |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fair Value | Unfunded | (If Currently | Redemption |
| $09 / 30 / 2018$ | Commitements | Eligible) | Notice Period |

TexasDAILY \$ 43,437,800 - Daily Same Day

## Investment in State Investment Pools

During the year, the City invested in multiple public fund investment pools, including TexPool, and TexasTERM. Investments in the pools are not categorized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 disclosure requirements since the City has not been issued certificates, but rather it owns an individual beneficial interest in the net position of the related investment pool. The fair value of the position of the pools is measured at net asset value and is designed to approximate the share value. Each pool's governing body is comprised of individuals who are employees, officers, or elected officials of participants in the funds or who do not have a business relationship with the fund and are qualified to advise. Investment objective and strategies of the pools are to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. Pools offer same day access to investment funds.

Interest Income on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly based on the percentage of a fund's pooled cash and investments monthly balance compared to the total city-wide monthly balance in pooled cash and investments. Bond funds and other separate non-pooled cash are distributed to the fund where the cash and investment is recorded.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Deposits and Investments (continued)

## OPEB Trust Fund Investments

The City has contracted with ICMA-RC for trust administration, and the City's OPEB plan investments are held in a VantageCare Retirement Health Savings Plan Trust. This is an employer investment program designed to help meet public sector employers' retiree health obligations and ease administrative responsibilities. As of December 31, 2017, 100\% of the City's OPEB plan investment assets were in a balanced mutual fund valued at $\$ 478,768$. The City may change the allocation or transfer assets between investment funds at any time.

## Property Taxes

Property appraisal within the City is the responsibility of the Jefferson County Appraisal District (Appraisal District). The Appraisal District is required under the Property Tax Code to appraise all property within the county on the basis of $100 \%$ of its market value. The value of real property within the Appraisal District must be reviewed every five years; however, the City may, at its own expense, require annual reviews of appraised values. The City can appeal classes of appraised values established by the Appraisal District through various appeals and legal action. Under the Property Tax Code legislation, the City establishes tax rates for property within the city's corporate limits. However, if the new tax rate exceeds the effective tax rate after certain adjustments for the previous year by more than eight percent (8\%), qualified voters of the City may petition for an election to determine whether to limit the tax rate to no more than eight percent (8\%) above the effective tax rate.

The City's property taxes are levied annually in October on the basis of the Appraisal District's assessed values as of January 1 of that calendar year. Taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are levied. They become delinquent, with an enforceable lien on property, on February 1 of the subsequent calendar year. The City has contracted with the Jefferson County Tax AssessorCollector to bill and collect its taxes.

In the fund financial statements, property taxes that are measurable and available (receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or within 60 days thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period) are recognized as revenue in the year of levy. Property taxes that are measurable, but not available, are recorded, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as unavailable revenues in the year of levy. Such unavailable revenues are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which they become available.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Property Taxes (continued)

The balance of property taxes receivable and property tax assessments included in unavailable revenues as of September 30, 2018 are as follows:

## Property Taxes

|  |  | General Fund | Debt Service | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property taxes receivable | \$ | 4,308,628 | 2,133,484 | 6,442,112 |
| Less: allowance for doubtful accounts |  | $(129,259)$ | $(64,004)$ | $(193,263)$ |
| Net property taxes receivable | \$ | 4,179,369 | 2,069,480 | 6,248,849 |
| Unavailable property taxes | \$ | 4,002,320 | 1,987,780 | 5,990,100 |

## Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds, nonmajor and internal service funds, in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

|  |  |  |  | Receiv | es - All Funds |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | General | Debt Service | Municipal Health Care Provider Participation Program | Nonmajor Governmental | Water | Solid <br> Waste | Internal Service | Total |
| Receivables: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest | \$ | 72,171 | 4,293 | - | 56,696 | 65,613 | 7,922 | 17,638 | 224,333 |
| Taxes - Property |  | 4,308,628 | 2,133,484 | - | - | - | - |  | 6,442,112 |
| Taxes - Other |  | 8,031,415 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,031,415 |
| Utilities |  | - | - | - |  | 7,405,450 | 1,288,735 | - | 8,694,185 |
| Notes |  | - | - | - | 617,215 | - | - | - | 617,215 |
| Intergovernmental |  | 1,011,997 | - | - | 13,076,824 | - | - | - | 14,088,821 |
| Other |  | 21,053,374 | - | 17,969,468 | 738,799 | 79,502 | 237,609 | 151,969 | 40,230,721 |
| Gross receivables |  | 34,477,585 | 2,137,777 | 17,969,468 | 14,489,534 | 7,550,565 | 1,534,266 | 169,607 | 78,328,802 |
| Less: allowance for uncollectibles |  | (15,468,452) | $(64,004)$ | - | $(102,719)$ | $(289,723)$ | $(80,889)$ | - | $(16,005,787)$ |
| Net Total Receivables | \$ | 19,009,133 | 2,073,773 | 17,969,468 | 14,386,815 | 7,260,842 | 1,453,377 | 169,607 | 62,323,015 |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

|  |  | Capi | sets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Beginning Balance |  | Current Year |  | Ending <br> Balance |
|  |  |  | Additions | Deletions |  |
| Governmental Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Land | \$ | 55,087,140 | - | - | 55,087,140 |
| Construction in progress |  | 43,848,283 | 19,035,268 | 7,283,227 | 55,600,324 |
| Total Capital Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not Being Depreciated |  | 98,935,423 | 19,035,268 | 7,283,227 | 110,687,464 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  | 96,981,475 | 492,453 | 754,460 | 96,719,468 |
| Improvements other than buildings |  | 48,052,461 | 5,336,139 | 244,928 | 53,143,672 |
| Infrastructure |  | 438,463,043 | 5,692,091 | - | 444,155,134 |
| Machinery and equipment |  | 89,582,687 | 5,367,429 | 1,166,384 | 93,783,732 |
| Total Capital Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Being Depreciated |  | 673,079,666 | 16,888,112 | 2,165,772 | 687,802,006 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings |  | $(35,860,792)$ | $(2,346,606)$ | $(649,780)$ | $(37,557,618)$ |
| Improvements other than buildings |  | $(30,176,845)$ | $(1,973,036)$ | $(244,928)$ | $(31,904,953)$ |
| Infrastructure |  | $(175,324,119)$ | $(14,756,712)$ | - | $(190,080,831)$ |
| Machinery and equipment |  | $(73,695,446)$ | $(5,029,594)$ | (1,138,774) | $(77,586,266)$ |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation |  | $(315,057,202)$ | (24,105,948) | $(2,033,482)$ | $(337,129,668)$ |
| Total Capital Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Being Depreciated, Net |  | 358,022,464 | $(7,217,836)$ | 132,290 | 350,672,338 |
| Governmental Activities Capital |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets, Net | \$ | 456,957,887 | 11,817,432 | 7,415,517 | 461,359,802 |
| Business-type Activities: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Land | \$ | 3,496,212 | - | 105,864 | 3,390,348 |
| Construction in progress |  | 9,044,807 | 2,670,439 | 4,323,459 | 7,391,787 |
| Total Capital Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not Being Depreciated |  | 12,541,019 | 2,670,439 | 4,429,323 | 10,782,135 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings and system |  | 3,914,671 | - | - | 3,914,671 |
| Improvements other than buildings |  | 381,309,724 | 9,477,043 | - | 390,786,767 |
| Infrastructure |  | 3,902,943 | - | - | 3,902,943 |
| Machinery and equipment |  | 32,089,064 | 1,926,619 | 68,456 | 33,947,227 |
| Total Capital Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Being Depreciated |  | 421,216,402 | 11,403,662 | 68,456 | 432,551,608 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Buildings and system |  | $(2,013,128)$ | $(92,645)$ | - | $(2,105,773)$ |
| Improvements other than buildings |  | $(151,568,053)$ | $(6,830,042)$ | - | $(158,398,095)$ |
| Infrastructure |  | $(1,087,772)$ | $(80,629)$ | - | $(1,168,401)$ |
| Machinery and equipment |  | $(25,055,271)$ | $(2,105,638)$ | $(68,456)$ | $(27,092,453)$ |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation |  | (179,724,224) | (9,108,954) | $(68,456)$ | (188,764,722) |
| Total Capital Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Being Depreciated, Net |  | 241,492,178 | 2,294,708 | - | 243,786,886 |
| Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$ | 254,033,197 | 4,965,147 | 4,429,323 | 254,569,021 |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:
$\begin{array}{lrr}\text { General government } & \text { 748,508 } \\ \text { Public safety } & 1,435,060\end{array}$
Public works $15,884,383$
Health and welfare
187,030
Culture and recreation
1,908,261
Capital assets held by the City's Internal
Service Funds are charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets

3,942,706
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities
Business-type Activities:
Water

Solid waste $\quad \$$| $7,667,802$ |
| :--- |
| $1,441,152$ |

## Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of September 30, 2018. At year-end, the City's commitments are as follows on the next two pages:

| Project |  | Expenditures to Date | Remaining Commitments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental Activities: |  |  |  |
| Lakeside Center | \$ | 7,065,345 | 314,100 |
| Fire Station No. 1 Relocation |  | 7,741,174 | 328,500 |
| Riverfront Development |  | 162,412 | 119,000 |
| Dowlen Road Overlay |  | 2,781,337 | 978,000 |
| Washington Blvd - MLK to IH10 |  | 20,943,176 | 10,391,000 |
| Northwest Parkway |  | 11,610,980 | 127,000 |
| Storm Water Master Plan |  | 1,703,647 | 50,000 |
| Airport Fence |  | 246,000 | 64,000 |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ | 52,254,071 | 12,371,600 |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Capital Assets (continued)

Construction Commitments (continued)

| Project | Expenditures to Date |  | Remaining Commitments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business-type Activities: |  |  |  |
| 36" Diameter Water Transmission Line | \$ | 398,452 | 9,100 |
| Florida Avenue \& Fannett Rd Interceptors |  | 1,040,697 | 20,000 |
| Primer Sanitary Sewer Lift Station |  | 71,574 | 77,900 |
| Wall \& Ave C Lift Stations |  | 237,639 | 100,000 |
| Washington - Langham to Major |  | 84,076 | 81,900 |
| Washington - IH10 to MLK |  | 1,949,882 | 1,174,000 |
| Keith Road Water Line - Phelan to Dishman Rd |  | 614,552 | 323,000 |
| Northwest Parkway |  | 1,395,549 | 5,000 |
| WWTP Chlorine Disinfection System |  | 157,346 | 103,000 |
| WWTP Sludge Thickener |  | 73,890 | 839,500 |
| WWTP Sludge Improvements |  | 210,645 | 758,400 |
| Reahb West Elevated Storage Tank |  | 21,470 | 47,930 |
| Drinking Water Quality Assessment |  | 405,871 | 47,000 |
| Assessment of Sewer Collection System - City Wide |  | 411,701 | 280,000 |
| Total Business-type Activities | \$ | 7,073,344 | 3,866,730 |

Due to a change in management priorities and budget constraints, the City determined that certain construction projects as previously recorded as construction in progress will not be completed in the foreseeable future. As a result, the City removed these assets from construction in progress in 2018 resulting in $\$ 233,545$ reported in government type activities as public works expense.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2018, is as follows:
Due to/from other funds:

| Receivable Fund | Payable Fund |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| General |  | Amount |
|  | Governmental Funds <br> Nonmajor Governmental | $\underline{9,863,858}$ |
|  | Total Governmental Funds | $\$$ |
|  |  | $9,863,858$ |
|  |  |  |

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system; and (3) payments between funds are made.

## Interfund transfers:

Interfund transfers during the year ended September 30, 2018, were as follows:

|  | Transfers In |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | General | Debt Service | Nonmajor Governmental | Internal <br> Service | Total |
| Transfers Out: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General | \$ | - | - | 2,875,000 | 1,190,000 | 4,065,000 |
| Nonmajor |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental |  | 600,000 | 989,966 | 2,100,000 | 1,110,000 | 4,799,966 |
| Water |  | 7,900,000 | - | - | 160,000 | 8,060,000 |
| Solid Waste |  | 1,700,000 | - | - | 80,000 | 1,780,000 |
| Total Transfers Out | \$ | 10,200,000 | 989,966 | 4,975,000 | 2,540,000 | 18,704,966 |

Transfers are primarily used to move funds from:

- The Proprietary Funds and Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund to the General Fund for payments in lieu of taxes.
- HUD Community Development Fund to the Debt Service Fund to cover a debt payment.
- The General Fund to finance various programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations.


## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Long-term Liabilities

The City issues general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, revenue bonds, notes and capital leases to finance various long-term projects of the City. These debt instruments are reported in the Proprietary Funds only if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary revenues. The general obligation bonds and certificates of obligation are paid through the Debt Service fund from property tax revenues. During the year $\$ 9,260,000$ of certificate of obligation were issued to finance the City's ongoing street rehabilitation program.

The following is a summary of changes in the City's governmental and business-type activity total long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2018:

| Changes in Long-Term Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Beginning <br> Balance <br> (Restated) | Additions | Reductions | Ending <br> Balance | Due Within One Year |
| Governmental Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds payable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 110,801,150 | - | 5,449,600 | 105,351,550 | 5,375,000 |
| Certificates of obligation |  | 93,005,000 | 9,260,000 | 1,415,000 | 100,850,000 | 2,355,000 |
| Issuance premiums |  | 15,804,781 | 904,115 | 1,076,465 | 15,632,431 | 1,127,835 |
| Total Bonds Payable |  | 219,610,931 | 10,164,115 | 7,941,065 | 221,833,981 | 8,857,835 |
| Net OPEB liability |  | 32,276,816 | 3,472,711 | - | 35,749,527 | 3,079,554 |
| Net pension liability BFRRF |  | 91,720,148 | - | 12,776,754 | 78,943,394 | - |
| Net pension liability TMRS |  | 69,706,613 | - | 23,153,070 | 46,553,543 | - |
| U. S. Government Note |  | 1,370,000 | - | 1,370,000 | - | - |
| Notes |  | 788,817 | - | 313,652 | 475,165 | 272,997 |
| Capital leases |  | 652,000 | 691,000 | 156,639 | 1,186,361 | 334,167 |
| Claims payable |  | 694,257 | 736,713 | 412,136 | 1,018,834 | - |
| Compensated absences |  | 22,492,633 | 2,059,134 | 1,540,619 | 23,011,148 | 1,450,214 |
| Governmental Activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-term Liabilities | \$ | 439,312,215 | 17,123,673 | 47,663,935 | 408,771,953 | 13,994,767 |
| Business-type Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds payable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue and refunding bonds | \$ | 162,045,000 | - | 7,585,000 | 154,460,000 | 8,015,000 |
| General obligation bonds |  | 1,053,850 | - | 85,400 | 968,450 | - |
| Issuance premiums |  | 14,470,880 | - | 951,837 | 13,519,043 | 904,042 |
| Total Bonds Payable |  | 177,569,730 | - | 8,622,237 | 168,947,493 | 8,919,042 |
| Capital leases |  | 8,048,518 | - | 2,001,862 | 6,046,656 | 2,101,216 |
| Notes/Loans |  | 5,685,303 | - | 2,045,559 | 3,639,744 | 1,850,134 |
| Net OPEB liability |  | 6,690,710 | 719,863 | - | 7,410,573 | 638,365 |
| Net pension liability TMRS |  | 14,064,705 | - | 4,728,886 | 9,335,819 | - |
| Compensated absences |  | 1,383,047 | 242,990 | 112,324 | 1,513,713 | 89,981 |
| Accrued landfill closure costs |  | 3,760,873 | 93,091 | - | 3,853,964 | - |
| Business-type Activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-term Liabilities | \$ | 217,202,886 | 1,055,944 | 17,510,868 | 200,747,962 | 13,598,738 |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. In general, the City uses the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities. Compensated absences are typically liquidated by the General Fund.

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's proprietary funds are reported in the appropriate proprietary funds' financial statements and are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

## Bonds and Certificates of Obligation Payable

A summary of the terms of general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation and revenue bonds payable, as of September 30, 2018, follows:

| Series |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Original } \\ \text { Iccue } \end{gathered}$ Issue | Matures | Interest <br> Rate (\%) |  | Debt Outstanding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Governmental Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General Obligation Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2011 Refunding | \$ | 17,785,000 | 2025 | 5.00 | \$ | 9,650,000 |
| Series 2012 Refunding |  | 24,130,000 | 2033 | 4.10 |  | 19,000,000 |
| Series 2015 Refunding |  | 41,935,000 | 2030 | 4.41 |  | 40,420,000 |
| Series 2016 Refunding |  | 41,658,000 | 2034 | 2.04 |  | 36,281,550 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds |  |  |  |  | \$ | 105,351,550 |
| Certificates of Obligation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 2009 | \$ | 29,950,000 | 2034 | 4.70 |  | 2,945,000 |
| Series 2011 |  | 35,380,000 | 2040 | 4.88 |  | 27,205,000 |
| Series 2012 |  | 22,400,000 | 2038 | 2.56 |  | 21,705,000 |
| Series 2013 |  | 41,080,000 | 2037 | 4.41 |  | 39,735,000 |
| Series 2018 |  | 9,260,000 | 2033 | 4.27 |  | 9,260,000 |
| Total Certificates of Obligation |  |  |  |  | \$ | 100,850,000 |

## Business-type Activities

General Obligation Bonds Series 2016 Refunding
Total General Obligation Bonds

Revenue \& Refunding Bonds Series 2010 Refunding Series 2010A Series 2010B Series 2012 Series 2014A Refunding Series 2015A Refunding Series 2017
Total Revenue \& Refunding Bonds

| $6,540,000$ | 2020 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $5,980,000$ | 2020 |
| $19,040,000$ | 2036 |
| $19,890,000$ | 2032 |
| $69,300,000$ | 2034 |
| $31,055,000$ | 2036 |
| $18,550,000$ | 2037 |4.9


| $\$$ | $6,540,000$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $1,675,000$ |  |
| $19,040,000$ |  |
| $15,060,000$ |  |
| $63,520,000$ |  |
| $30,670,000$ |  |
|  | $17,955,000$ |
| $154,460,000$ |  |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Bonds and Certificates of Obligation Payable (continued)
The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

| Year Ending |
| :---: |
| September 30 |
| 2019 |
| 2020 |
| 2021 |
| 2022 |
| 2023 |
| $2024-2028$ |
| $2029-2033$ |
| 2034 |
| Total |


| Governmental Activities |  |  | Business-type Activities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| \$ | 5,375,000 | 4,764,334 | - | 43,334 |
|  | 5,710,000 | 4,497,209 | - | 43,334 |
|  | 7,413,200 | 4,176,020 | 36,800 | 42,598 |
|  | 7,772,500 | 3,803,268 | 87,500 | 39,675 |
|  | 8,363,500 | 3,399,866 | 96,500 | 35,077 |
|  | 37,304,950 | 11,037,326 | 420,050 | 107,716 |
|  | 31,712,600 | 3,677,939 | 282,400 | 33,140 |
|  | 1,699,800 | 33,993 | 45,200 | 907 |
| \$ | 105,351,550 | 35,389,955 | 968,450 | 345,781 |

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activity certificates of obligation outstanding at September 30, 2018, are as follows:

| Year Ending September 30 | Governmental Activities |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Principal | Interest |
| 2019 | \$ | 2,355,000 | 4,649,136 |
| 2020 |  | 2,385,000 | 4,552,314 |
| 2021 |  | 875,000 | 4,498,176 |
| 2022 |  | 880,000 | 4,466,770 |
| 2023 |  | 750,000 | 4,434,288 |
| 2024-2028 |  | 15,105,000 | 20,879,535 |
| 2029-2033 |  | 33,620,000 | 15,190,823 |
| 2034-2038 |  | 39,430,000 | 5,788,377 |
| 2039-2040 |  | 5,450,000 | 276,000 |
| Total | \$ | 100,850,000 | 64,735,419 |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Long-term Liabilities (continued)

## Bonds and Certificates of Obligation Payable (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize business-type activity revenue bonds outstanding as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

| Year Ending September 30 | Principal |  | Interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | \$ | 8,015,000 | 7,272,081 |
| 2020 |  | 8,310,000 | 6,979,431 |
| 2021 |  | 8,680,000 | 6,610,431 |
| 2022 |  | 9,080,000 | 6,218,420 |
| 2023 |  | 9,495,000 | 5,796,199 |
| 2024-2028 |  | 54,900,000 | 21,626,147 |
| 2029-2033 |  | 38,935,000 | 9,509,378 |
| 2034-2037 |  | 17,045,000 | 1,714,235 |
| Total | \$ | 154,460,000 | 65,726,322 |

## Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are used to finance the acquisition and construction of major capital improvements for the water and sewer system and related facilities. These revenue bonds constitute special obligations of the City solely secured by a lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the water and sewer system.

The revenue bonds are collateralized by the revenue of the water and sewer system and the various special funds established by the bond ordinances. The ordinances provide that the revenue of the system is to be used first to pay operating and maintenance expenses of the system and second to establish and maintain the revenue bond funds. Remaining revenues may then be used for any lawful purpose. For fiscal year 2018, net revenue available for debt service was 1.87 times the average annual debt service requirement. The ordinances also contain provisions which, among other items, restrict the issuance of additional revenue bonds unless the special funds noted above contain the required amounts and certain financial ratios are met. Management of the City believes that it is in compliance with all significant financial requirements as of September 30, 2018.

## Prior year defeasance of debt

In prior years, the government defeased bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust account to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At September 30, 2018, \$39,325,000 of defeased bonds remain outstanding.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Long-term Liabilities (continued)

## Capital Lease Obligations

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements in order to purchase various pieces of equipment. During the current year, the City entered into a 4 -year lease purchase agreement in the amount of $\$ 691,000$ to fund a Fire Pumper truck. These capital lease obligations are paid out of the Capital Reserve Fund.

Following is a summary of future lease payments outstanding as of September 30, 2018:

| Year Ending September 30 | Governmental Activities |  | Business-type Activities | Totals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | \$ | 357,405 | 2,208,001 | 2,565,406 |
| 2020 |  | 357,404 | 2,275,000 | 2,632,404 |
| 2021 |  | 357,405 | 1,770,847 | 2,128,252 |
| 2022 |  | 183,423 | - | 183,423 |
| Total minimum lease payments |  | 1,255,637 | 6,253,848 | 7,509,485 |
| Less: amount representing interest |  | 69,276 | 207,192 | 276,468 |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | \$ | 1,186,361 | 6,046,656 | 7,233,017 |

The net book value of capital assets under capital lease are $\$ 16,250,456$ as of September 30, 2018.

## Notes Payable

The City entered into a note payable with Wells Fargo in 2016 in order to pay for various equipment. The note obligations for this agreement are paid out of the Capital Reserve Fund $(\$ 349,274)$, the Water Fund $(\$ 181,465)$ and the Solid Waste Fund $(\$ 1,927,315)$ with an interest rate of $1.80 \%$ per annum.

The City entered into a note payable with Wells Fargo in 2014 in order to pay for various equipment. The note obligations outstanding for this agreement are paid out of the Capital Reserve Fund $(\$ 125,890)$, the Water Fund $(\$ 381,729)$ and the Solid Waste Fund $(\$ 250,236)$ with an interest rate on $1.46 \%$ per annum.

The City entered into a tax note payable in the amount of $\$ 1,600,000$ with Wells Fargo in order to pay for a landfill cell. The note obligations for this agreement are paid out of the Solid Waste Fund with an interest rate of $1.84 \%$ per annum.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Long-term Liabilities (continued)

## Notes Payable (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize note payable outstanding at September 30, 2018, are as follows:
Year Ending
September 30
2019
2020
2021
Total


## Conduit Debt Obligations

The City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds, Housing Finance Corporation Bonds, Multi-Family Housing Finance Corporation Bonds, Housing Corporation Mortgage Bonds and Health Facilities Development Corporation Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

There is one issue currently outstanding. The Beaumont Multi-Family Housing Development Corporation - Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 1998, had an original issue amount of $\$ 8,280,000$ and had an outstanding balance at September 30, 2018 of $\$ 5,295,000$.

## Segment Information

The City only reports two enterprise funds, the Water Fund and the Solid Waste Fund. Each of these funds is presented individually in the basic financial statements. Therefore, segment information is not presented in the notes to the financial statements.

## Endowment

David E. Dickenson willed the residuary of his estate "absolutely and in fee simple to the City to be credited to the Beaumont Public Library System Endowment Trust, the income only therefrom to be used for the purchase of books, not computer software, selected by the Director of Public Libraries of the Beaumont Public Library System with the approval of the Beaumont Library Commission." Earnings from investments available for expenditure were $\$ 11,358$ for the year ended September 30, 2018. Accumulated earnings available for expenditure are reported as assigned net assets.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Other Information

## Risk Management/Insurance Funds

Transactions related to the City's risk management program are recorded in two separate internal service funds - the Employee Benefits Fund and the General Liability Fund. The City's General, Water, Solid Waste, Hotel Occupancy Tax, Fleet and certain Grant Funds participate in the program and make contributions based on amounts needed to fund prior and current claims and to establish a reserve for unexpected and unusual claims. Employees of the City also participate in the form of contributions for coverage of dependents.

The Employee Benefits Fund records all transactions related to employee health claims, workers' compensation claims, dental insurance premiums and the administration of these programs. The program is managed by a benefit coordinator with necessary support staff. The City offers employees an indemnity health plan. Under the indemnity health plan, the City retains all risks associated with the employee health program up to $\$ 200,000$ per person. Risks associated with workers' compensation liabilities are also retained by the City, up to $\$ 1,000,000$ per incident. The City purchases commercial insurance to cover losses beyond coverage provided by the fund. The City has not incurred losses in excess of insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are calculated considering recent claim settlement trends. Changes in the Employee Benefits Fund's claims liability (including an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported) were:

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year Ended } \\ 09 / 30 / 18 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year Ended } \\ 09 / 30 / 17 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liability for claims, beginning of fiscal year | \$ | 3,631,792 | 3,269,811 |
| Incurred claims and changes in estimated Claim payments |  | $\begin{gathered} 15,137,065 \\ (14,763,194) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14,489,421 \\ (14,127,440) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Liability for claims, end of fiscal year |  | 4,005,663 | 3,631,792 |
| Long-term portion |  | 1,018,834 | 694,257 |
| Short-term portion | \$ | 2,986,829 | 2,937,535 |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Other Information (continued)

## Risk Management/Insurance Funds (continued)

The General Liability Fund accounts for the City's risk management activity related to torts and other statutory causes of action. The City retains all risks associated with torts and other statutory causes of action, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Under the laws of the State of Texas, claims for torts are limited to $\$ 250,000$ per person and $\$ 500,000$ per incident. This limit does not apply to claims arising from other causes of action. The General Liability Fund records a claim as payable when information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the General Liability Fund's claims liability were:

|  | Year Ended 09/30/18 |  | Year Ended 09/30/17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liability for claims, beginning of fiscal year | \$ | 521,150 | 586,100 |
| Incurred claims and changes in estimated Claim payments |  | $\begin{array}{r} 964,555 \\ (851,755) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 565,044 \\ (629,994) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Liability for claims, end of fiscal year | \$ | 633,950 | 521,150 |

## Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. Those judgments which are considered "probable" and estimable are accrued, while those claims and judgments which are considered "reasonably possible" are disclosed but not accrued. In the opinion of the City Attorney, the potential loss resulting from all significant claims which are considered reasonably possible, excluding condemnation proceedings, is approximately $\$ 1.2$ million as of September 30, 2018. At September 30, 2018, approximately $\$ 380,000$ has been recorded in the risk funds for claims and lawsuits considered to be probable. In the opinion of the City Attorney, this is the total of all such claims which represent probable loss to the City.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Employee Retirement Systems

The City of Beaumont participates in two defined benefit pension plans; Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan and the Beaumont Firefighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (BFRRF), a single employer defined benefit pension plan, both of which are described in detail below. Aggregate amounts for the two pension plans are as follows:

Net pension liability
Deferred outflows of resources
Deferred inflows of resources
Pension expense

| TMRS | BFRRF | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ 55,889,362 | 78,943,394 | 134,832,756 |
| 9,185,093 | 26,946,829 | 36,131,922 |
| 14,016,237 | 8,808,310 | 22,824,547 |
| 8,867,821 | 10,648,395 | 19,516,216 |

## Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS)

## Plan Description

The City of Beaumont participates as one of 883 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

## Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12 , 24 , or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed $75 \%$ of the member's deposits and interest.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) (continued)

## Benefits Provided (continued)

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes. Plan provisions for the City are as follows:

|  | Plan Year <br> December 31, 2017 |
| :--- | :---: |
|  |  |
| Employee deposit rate | $7 \%$ |
| Matching ratio (City to employee) | 2 to 1 |
| Years required for vesting | 5 |
| Service retirement eligibility | 20 years at any age, 5 |
|  | years at age 60 and above |
| Updated Service Credit | $100 \%$ Repeating, |
| Annuity Increase (to retirees) | Transfers |
| Supplement death benefit | $70 \%$ of CPI Repeating |
| $\quad$ for active employees |  |
| for retirees | No |
|  | No |

## Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

|  | As of December 31, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 | 2017 |
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 832 | 863 |
| Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | 343 | 375 |
| Active employees | 1003 | 992 |
|  | 2178 | 2230 |

## Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each City is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Beaumont were required to contribute 7\% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Beaumont were $200 \%$ of employee contributions in calendar years 2016 and 2017, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2018 were $\$ 11,527,171$, and were equal to the required contributions.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) (continued)

## Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

## Actuarial assumptions:

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Inflation } & \text { 2.5\% per year } \\
\text { Overall payroll growth } & 3.0 \% \text { per year } \\
\text { Investment Rate of Return } & \text { 6.75\%, net of pension plan investment expense, including } \\
& \text { inflation }
\end{array}
$$

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment, with male rates multiplied by $109 \%$ and female rates multiplied by $103 \%$. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables with Blue Collar Adjustment are used with males rates multiplied by $109 \%$ and female rates multiplied by $103 \%$ with a 3 -year set-forward for both males and females. In addition, a $3 \%$ minimum mortality rate is applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the $3 \%$ floor.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study of TMRS was for the period December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. They were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) (continued)

## Net Pension Liability (continued)

## Actuarial assumptions: (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, the actuary focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class |  | Target Allocation |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Long-Term Expected <br> Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic) |
|  |  |  |
| Domestic Equity | $17.5 \%$ | $4.55 \%$ |
| International Equity | $17.5 \%$ | $6.35 \%$ |
| Core Fixed Income | $10.0 \%$ | $1.00 \%$ |
| Non-Core Fixed Income | $20.0 \%$ | $3.90 \%$ |
| Real Return | $10.0 \%$ | $3.80 \%$ |
| Real Estate | $10.0 \%$ | $4.50 \%$ |
| Absolute Return | $10.0 \%$ | $3.75 \%$ |
| Private Equity | $5.0 \%$ | $7.50 \%$ |
| $\quad$ Total |  |  |

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was $6.75 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) (continued)

## Net Pension Liability (continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total Pension Liability <br> (a) | Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position <br> (b) | Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) |
| Balance at beginning of year | \$ | 453,814,357 | 370,043,039 | 83,771,318 |
| Changes for the year: |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost |  | 9,973,531 | - | 9,973,531 |
| Interest |  | 30,259,951 | - | 30,259,951 |
| Change of benefit terms |  | - | - | - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience |  | $(1,224,859)$ | - | $(1,224,859)$ |
| Changes of assumptions |  | - | - | - |
| Contributions - employer |  | - | 11,723,067 | $(11,723,067)$ |
| Contributions - employee |  | - | 4,165,556 | $(4,165,556)$ |
| Net investment income |  | - | 51,281,215 | $(51,281,215)$ |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions |  | $(21,011,114)$ | $(21,011,114)$ | - |
| Administrative expense |  | - | $(265,789)$ | 265,789 |
| Other changes |  | - | $(13,470)$ | 13,470 |
| Net changes |  | 17,997,509 | 45,879,465 | $(27,881,956)$ |
| Balance at end of year | \$ | 471,811,866 | 415,922,504 | 55,889,362 |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) (continued)

## Net Pension Liability (continued)

## Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of $6.75 \%$, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75\%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75\%) than the current rate:

|  | Discount Rate <br> $(5.75 \%)$ | Discount Rate <br> $(6.75 \%)$ | Discount Rate <br> $(7.75 \%)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City's net pension liability | $\$ 118,634,507$ | $\$ 55,889,362$ | $\$ 4,123,253$ |

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tmrs.com.

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of $\$ 8,867,821$.

At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

|  |  | Deferred <br> Outflows of Resources |  | Deferred <br> Inflows of <br> Resources |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Change of assumptions | \$ | 133,285 | \$ | - |
| Differences between expected and actual economic experience |  | - |  | 3,687,028 |
| Differences between projected and actual investment earnings |  | - |  | 10,329,209 |
| Contribution subsequent to the measurement date |  | 9,051,808 |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 9,185,093 | \$ | 14,016,237 |

$\$ 9,051,808$ reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) (continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Year ended September 30:

| 2019 | $\$$ | $(1,696,675)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 2020 |  | $(1,337,938)$ |
| 2021 |  | $(5,587,677)$ |
| 2022 |  | $(5,260,662)$ |
| $\quad$ Total | $\$(13,882,952)$ |  |

## Basis for allocations

The City allocates pension items between governmental activities and business type activities on the basis of covered payroll of the respective activities.

## Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (BFRRF)

## Plan Description

The Board of Trustees of the BFRRF is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. This pension fund is a trust fund. Firefighters in the Beaumont Fire Department are covered by the Beaumont Firemen’s Relief and Retirement Fund.

The Fund is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") consisting of three firefighter members (elected by the membership), one member representing the Mayor of the City of Beaumont, one member representing the City's Finance Officer and two residents of the City of Beaumont (non-employees of the City) who are elected by the previously defined five members of the Board. The Board has general powers and duties to administer the Fund, including appointing an administrator to carry out the business of the Board, investing the assets of the Fund, making expenditures from the Fund, and determining employees’ eligibility for benefits.

Plan Membership as of the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date:
Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits 217
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits 4
Active Plan Members $\underline{\underline{232}}$
$\frac{232}{453}$
Benefits Provided
The benefit provisions of this plan are authorized by the Texas Local Fire Fighter's Retirement Act (TLFFRA). TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to amend benefit provisions. Amending the plan requires approval of any proposed change by: a) an eligible actuary and b) a majority of the participating members of the fund.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (BFRRF) (continued)

## Benefits Provided (continued)

The plan provides retirement, termination, disability and death benefits.

## Service Retirement:

Date: Attainment of age 50 and 20 years of service.
Benefit: $63.15 \%$ of highest 60 -month average salary plus a longevity benefit equal to $\$ 123$ per month for each year of service in excess of 20 years.

## Early Retirement:

Date: Attainment of 20 years of service.
Benefit: Equal to the service retirement as shown above multiplied by an actuarial reduction factor based on age at time of commencement.

Vesting:
Schedule: $100 \%$ after 20 years of service.
Benefit: Member will receive his (her) accrued benefit payable at age 50. Non-vested members receive a refund of accumulated member contributions without interest.

## Death Benefits:

Surviving Spouse of Member (eligible for service retirement): Accrued benefit, as shown under the service retirement benefit provision on the previous page; reduced to be equivalent to the 100JS optional form of benefit.

Surviving Spouse of Member (not eligible for service retirement): $47.36 \%$ of the member's highest 60 -month average salary plus a longevity benefit equal to $\$ 92.25$ per month for each year of service in excess of 20 years.

Dependent Children of Member (with surviving spouse): Each child is entitled to $9.47 \%$ of the member's highest 60 -month average salary, payable until age 18 or until age 25 as along as the child remains a full-time student.

Dependent Children of Member (with no surviving spouse): Each child is entitled to 18.94\% of the member's highest 60 -month average salary, payable until age 18 or until age 25 as long as the child remains a full-time student.

Maximum Death Benefit Payable: For a retired member or member who was not retired but was eligible for service retirement at time of death, the sum of death benefits being paid shall not exceed the benefit the member was receiving or would have received had the member retired on the date of death. For a member who was not retired and was not eligible for service retirement at time of death, the sum of death benefits being paid shall not exceed the disability retirement benefit that the member would have received had the member become disabled on the date of death.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (BFRRF) (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)
Disability Retirement:
Eligibility: For first $21 / 2$ years, disabled to extent of being unable to perform the duties of a position offered in fire department providing the member with pay that is greater than or equal to the pay the disabled member would have been received had disability not occurred. Thereafter, the member must be unable to perform the duties of any occupation for which the member is reasonably suited by education, training, and experience.

Benefit: Accrued benefit, as shown under the service retirement benefit provision
Deferred Retirement Option Program
5-Year Retro Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP):
Eligibility: Attainment of age 50 and 20 years of Service.
Participation Period: Not to Exceed 60 Months.
Accumulation: Sum of the monthly Service Retirement benefit the Member would have received if had retired on the Retro DROP determination date plus an amount equal to the Member contributions deposited into the fund subsequent to the Retro DROP determination date.

7-Year Retro Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP):
Eligibility: Attainment of age 55 and 25 years of Service.
Participation Period: Not to Exceed 84 Months.
Accumulation: Sum of the monthly Service Retirement benefit the Member would have received if had retired on the Retro DROP determination date plus an amount equal to the Member contributions deposited into the fund subsequent to the Retro DROP determination date.

## Post Retirement Option Plan (PROP)

## Eligibility: Retro DROP Retiree.

Rate of Return: Members hired on or after January 1, 2017 will receive interest crediting in the PROP based on the actual investment return of the Fund, subject to a maximum of $6 \%$ and a minimum of $2 \%$.

The PROP balance as December 31, 2017 is $\$ 34,030,102$.

## Contributions

The contribution provisions of this plan are authorized by TLFFRA. TLFFRA provides the authority and procedure to change the amount of contributions determined as a percentage of pay by each firefighter and a percentage of payroll by the City. While the actual contribution rates are not actuarially determined, state law requires that each plan of benefits adopted by BFRRF be approved by an eligible actuary. The actuary certifies that the contribution commitment by the firefighters and the City provides an adequate financing arrangement. Member contributions can be changed by a vote of the firefighters in accordance with section 29 of the TLFFRA. The City's contribution rate is determined periodically as a part of collective bargaining agreement between the City and the firefighters.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (BFRRF) (continued)

## Contributions (continued)

Employees were required to contribute $15.5 \%$ of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were $15.5 \%$ in fiscal year 2018 and $15.0 \%$ in fiscal year 2017. The City's contributions to BFRRF for the year ended September 30, 2018 were $\$ 2,886,573$ and were equal to the required contributions.

## Net Pension Liability

The BFRRF's net pension liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The components of the NPL on December 31, 2017 were as follows:

| Total Pension Liability | \$ | 194,564,104 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Pension |  | (115,620,710) |
| Sponsor's Net Pension Liability | \$ | 78,943,394 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as a percentage of Total Pension Liability |  | 59.43\% |
| Actuarial Assumptions: |  |  |

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions:

| Inflation | $2.50 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Salary Increases | $4.00 \%-10.00 \%$ |
| Discount Rate | $6.37 \%$ |
| Investment Rate of Return | $8.00 \%$ |

Mortality Rates - Healthy Lives: RP2000 Combined Health Male Mortality Table without projection.
Mortality Rates - Disables Lives: RP2000 Combined Healthy Male Mortality Table without projection.
Mortality Rates - Spouses: RP2000 Combined Healthy Female Mortality Table without projection.
The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed on August 20, 2013, for the period 2004-2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. For 2017, the inflation rate assumption of the investment advisor was $2.50 \%$.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (BFRRF) (continued)
Net Pension Liability (continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions: (continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic Equity | 47.5\% | 7.50\% |
| International Equity | 15.0\% | 8.50\% |
| Fixed Income (Non-Core) | 2.5\% | 2.50\% |
| Domestic Fixed Income | 20.0\% | 2.50\% |
| Global Fixed Income | 5.0\% | 3.50\% |
| Real Estate | 5.0\% | 4.50\% |
| Alternative | 5.0\% | 6.00\% |
| Total | 100\% |  |

## Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the Discount Rate assumed that current Plan Member and Sponsor contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Future Member's contributions in excess of their normal cost were also included. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to provide future benefit payments for 40 years. These payments were discounted using a discount rate of $8.00 \%$. Future benefits payments beyond 40 years were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of $3.44 \%$. The highquality municipal bond rate was based on the week closest to, but not later than, the measurement date of the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index as published by the Bond Buyer. The single equivalent discount rate was $6.37 \%$.

## Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the BFRRF, calculated using the discount rate of $6.37 \%$, as well as what the BFRRF's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.37\%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.37\%) than the current rate:


## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (BFRRF) (continued)

## Changes in Net Pension Liability

|  | Increase (Decrease) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total Pension Liability <br> (a) | Plan Fiduciary <br> Net Position <br> (b) | Net Pension Liability (a)-(b) |
| Balance at beginning of year | \$ | 194,155,812 | 102,435,664 | 91,720,148 |
| Changes for the year: |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost |  | 5,379,111 | - | 5,379,111 |
| Interest |  | 11,576,094 | - | 11,576,094 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience |  | - | - | - |
| Changes of assumptions |  | $(7,244,545)$ | - | $(7,244,545)$ |
| Changes of benefit terms |  | - | - | - |
| Contributions - employer |  | - | 2,935,156 | $(2,935,156)$ |
| Contributions - employee |  | - | 2,935,156 | $(2,935,156)$ |
| Net investment income |  | - | 17,013,405 | $(17,013,405)$ |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions |  | $(9,302,368)$ | $(9,302,368)$ | - |
| Administrative expense |  | - | $(396,303)$ | 396,303 |
| Net changes |  | 408,292 | 13,185,046 | (12,776,754) |
| Balance at end of year | \$ | 194,564,104 | 115,620,710 | 78,943,394 |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Beaumont Firemen's Relief and Retirement Fund (BFRRF) (continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of $\$ 10,648,395$.

As of September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to BFFRF from the following sources:

|  | Deferred <br> Outflows of <br> Resources |  | Deferred <br> Inflows of <br> Resources |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Differences between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | 5,364,770 | - |
| Changes of assumptions |  | 19,311,969 | 6,439,592 |
| Net difference between Projected and |  | - | 2,368,718 |
| Actual Earnings on Pension Plan investments |  |  |  |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date |  | 2,270,090 | - |
| Total | \$ | 26,946,829 | 8,808,310 |

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:

| 2019 | $\$$ | $4,273,766$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2020 |  | $3,234,938$ |
| 2021 |  | $1,261,158$ |
| 2022 |  | $1,320,411$ |
| 2023 |  | $3,114,748$ |
| Thereafter | $2,663,408$ |  |
|  |  | $15,868,429$ |

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Information about the pension plan fiduciary net position can be found at www.beaumontfirepension.com

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

## Plan Description

All City of Beaumont employees retiring under TMRS or BFRRF will be provided the opportunity to elect employer-subsidized health insurance until age 65 if retired and/or hired by the City on or before December 31, 2016. Civilian employees and their dependents who retire and were hired by the City of Beaumont January 1, 2017 or later will be offered insurance at unsubsidized rates. The retiree plans are the same as the active plans. The medical and prescription drug coverages are selfinsured by the City. The City's Retiree Health Insurance OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan, defined by City policy. The OPEB Plan does not issue a separate report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB Plan.

As of the December 31, 2017 valuation date, the number of plan members split between active and inactive (retirees) consisted of the following:

| Inactive (does not include spouses) | 208 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Active | 1055 |
|  | 1263 |

## Contributions

Benefit provisions, as well as retiree premium contributions, are established by City management. The City determines the employer and participant contribution rates annually, based on recommendations of City staff and the City's benefit consultant. For the year ended September 30 2018, the City's average contribution rate was 3.08 percent of covered-employee payroll.

## Investments

The City participates in the ICMA-RC's employer investment program which is designed to help meet public sector employer's retiree health obligations. The goal is to generate adequate long term returns that, when combined with contributions, will result in enough assets to pay the present and future obligations of the City's OPEB plan. The City's OPEB plan investments are $100 \%$ invested in the American Balanced Fund. This fund has a traditional balanced approach with a diversified portfolio of quality stocks and bonds. This fund seeks three goals: capital conservation, current income and long-term growth of capital and income.

Concentration: Assets of the OPEB plan are held in trust by ICMA-RC which is fully discussed in Note 4 of this report.

Rate of return: For the year ended December 31, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 15.77 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (continued)

## Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The components of the net OPEB liability on December 31, 2017 were as follows:

| Total OPEB liability | $\$$ | $43,638,868$ <br> Plan fiduciary net position |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 478,768 |  |  |
| Net OPEB liability <br> Plan fiduciary net position as a \% of total OPEB liability | $\$$$43,160,100$ <br> $1.1 \%$ |  |

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:
Actuarial cost method:
Asset valuation method:
Inflation:
Salary increases:
Discount rate:
Return on assets:
Healthcare cost trend rates:

Withdrawal (termination) Mortality:

Entry Age Normal (level percent of salary)
Market Value
2.50\%
3.00\%
3.31\% (3.81\% for the previous valuation)
8.00\%

| Year | Rate | Year | Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2018-2019 | 10.0\% | 2024-2025 | 7.0\% |
| 2019-2020 | 9.5\% | 2025-2026 | 6.5\% |
| 2020-2021 | 9.0\% | 2026-2027 | 6.0\% |
| 2021-2022 | 8.5\% | 2027-2028 | 5.5\% |
| 2022-2023 | 8.0\% | 2028-2029 | 5.0\% |
| 2023-2024 | 7.5\% | 2029+ | 4.5\% |

TMRS low turnover table adjusted to match the City's experience RP-2014 Combined Dynamic Table projected using MP-2017 2017 representative rates per thousand are as follows:

|  | Non-Annuitant |  | Annuitant |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Age | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 20 | 0.39 | 0.159 | 0.390 | 0.159 |
| 30 | 0.467 | 0.226 | 0.467 | 0.226 |
| 40 | 0.643 | 0.405 | 0.643 | 0.405 |
| 50 | 1.623 | 1.08 | 3.913 | 2.714 |
| 60 | 4.733 | 2.489 | 7.845 | 5.290 |
| 70 | 13.602 | 6.115 | 16.464 | 12.473 |
| 80 | 37.753 | 18.017 | 43.503 | 34.155 |
| 90 | 133.101 | 105.676 | 133.101 | 105.676 |


| Age |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $40-44$ | Retirement Rates |
| $45-49$ | $0.50 \%$ |
| $50-54$ | $2.00 \%$ |
| $55-59$ | $5.00 \%$ |
| 60 | $20.00 \%$ |
| $61-64$ | $10.00 \%$ |
| $65-69$ | $50.00 \%$ |
| $70+$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $45 \%$ |  |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (continued)

## Net OPEB Liability (continued)

## Discount Rate

Funds available in the OPEB trust fund are not enough to cover future benefits payable under the plan. Therefore, a single discount rate of $3.31 \%$, based on the Fidelity Municipal GO AA 20-year index, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2017.

## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage point lower or 1percentage point higher than the current discount rate.


## Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate.

| Current Trend |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1\% Decrease | Rate | 1\% Increase |
| 9\% --> 3.5\% | 10\% --> 4.5\% | 11\% -->5.5\% |
| 39,006,703 | \$ 43,160,100 | \$ 48,023,546 |

## Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

|  |  | Total OPEB Liability <br> (a) | Plan Fiduciary <br> Net Position <br> (b) | Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance at beginning of year | \$ | 39,382,708 | 415,182 | 38,967,526 |
| Changes for the year: |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost |  | 1,608,135 | - | 1,608,135 |
| Interest |  | 1,458,304 | - | 1,458,304 |
| Change of benefit terms |  | - | - | - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience |  | 1,367,405 | - | 1,367,405 |
| Changes of assumptions |  | 2,253,261 | - | 2,253,261 |
| Contributions - employer |  | - | 2,430,945 | $(2,430,945)$ |
| Net investment income |  | - | 65,351 | $(65,351)$ |
| Benefit payments |  | $(2,430,945)$ | $(2,430,945)$ | - |
| Administrative expense |  | - | $(1,765)$ | 1,765 |
| Net changes |  | 4,256,160 | 63,586 | 4,192,574 |
| Balance at end of year | \$ | 43,638,868 | 478,768 | 43,160,100 |

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (continued)

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of $\$ 3,481,145$. At September 30,2018, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

|  |  | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Change of assumptions | \$ | 1,971,604 | \$ | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience |  | 1,196,480 |  |  |
| Differences between expected and actual investment earnings |  | - |  | 25,710 |
| Contribution subsequent to the measurement date |  | 2,182,881 |  | - |
| Total | \$ | 5,350,965 | \$ | 25,710 |

Deferred outflows of resources of $\$ 2,182,881$ related to employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in the following fiscal years:

Year ended September 30:

| 2019 | $\$$ | 446,156 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 2021 |  | 446,156 |
| 2021 |  | 446,156 |
| 2022 |  | 446,156 |
| 2023 |  | 452,583 |
| Thereafter | 905,167 |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

The Net OPEB liability increased $\$ 4.2$ million from the prior year. The main cause for the increase would be attributable to the changes in assumptions. Specifically, the discount rate for the December 31, 2017 measurement decreased from $3.81 \%$ to $3.31 \%$ which caused an actuarial loss.

## Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

The City owns and operates a landfill site located on Lafin Road. State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on the landfill when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Closure and Postclosure Care Cost (continued)

The $\$ 3.85$ million reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at September 30, 2018 represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of estimated capacity of the landfill that had previously been in existence. The City has obtained approval to expand the landfill vertically, and therefore, the revised capacity estimates greatly exceed that which previously had been considered. The remaining estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care, estimated at $\$ 3.57$ million, will be recognized as the remaining capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2018. The City expects to close the landfill in the year 2065. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. As of September 30, 2018, 25\% of the landfill's total capacity has been used.

The City is required by state and federal laws and regulations to demonstrate financial assurance for closure and postclosure care costs. The City has complied with the financial test criteria as specified in Subchapter K of 31 Texas Administrative Code, Chapter 330.285.

## Tax Abatements

The City enters into economic development agreements to provide financial incentives for the purposes of stimulating the local economic development and business and commercial activity in the City. These agreements are authorized under Chapter 380 and Chapter 312 of the Texas Local Government Code. The City has entered into one (1) Chapter 380 agreement that calls for rebates of property taxes of $100 \%$ on assessed values for 10 years. In exchange for the ten-year tax abatement, the agreement calls for payments to the City in the amount of $\$ 1,000,000$ for fiscal years 2017 \& 2018 and $\$ 139,000$ for the next 8 years. Also, The City has entered into one (1) Chapter 312 agreement that calls for rebates of property taxes of $100 \%$ on assessed values for 9 years. In exchange for the nine-year tax abatement, the agreement calls for payments to the City in the amount of $\$ 850,000$ for fiscal years $2018 \& 2019$ and $\$ 161,000$ for the next 7 years. The City abated no taxes under the Chapter 380 or 312 agreements during fiscal year 2018.

The City enters into industrial agreements to collect payments in lieu of taxes with companies located outside the city limits in our Extra Territorial Jurisdiction or ETJ. These agreements are made under the authority of Section 42.044 of the Texas Local Government Code. The City’s practice is to have seven-year agreements with these companies whereby they make payments based on $80 \%$ of the appraised value for the first three years of the agreement and $75 \%$ of the appraised value during the last four years. In return, the companies provide for significant construction projects within the City's ETJ per the terms of the agreement. If the payments made by the companies under the agreements are not made timely to the city, the tax abatements may be recaptured immediately and paid to the City within 60 days. For fiscal year 2018, the City abated property taxes of $\$ 1.5$ million or $20 \%$ of the $\$ 7.5$ million total levy.

## Operating Leases

The City is a party to numerous operating leases both as a lessor and as a lessee. Many of these leases are on a month-to-month basis while others terminate up to 82 years in the future. Most leases extending more than six years in the future are de minimum in amount. No material early cancellation penalties exist.

## 4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

## Negative Fund Balances

Several funds ended the fiscal year with a negative fund balance or Net Position as follows:
The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Fund had a negative fund balance in the amount of $\$ 92,949$ due to the timing of reimbursements related to current year expenditures.

The Harvey Recovery Fund had a negative fund balance in the amount of $\$ 6,351,550$ due to timing of reimbursements related to expenditures.

The Fleet Fund had a negative Net Position of $\$ 2,092,912$ due to pension costs accrued due to GASB 68 as well as OPEB costs accrued due to GASB 75.

The Employee Benefits Fund had a negative Net Position of $\$ 475,069$ due to higher claim payments than anticipated.

## Change in Accounting Principle

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. This statement required recognition of the entire OPEB liability and a more comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. The City has reported the cumulative effect of applying GASB 75 as a restatement of net position as of October 1, 2017. This restatement affected previously reported net position as follows:

|  | Governmental Activities |  | Business-Type Activities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Position, beginning | \$ | 224,524,770 | 98,400,262 |
| Prior Period Adjustment to: |  |  |  |
| Remove OPEB obligation recorded under GASB 45 |  | 2,363,005 | - |
| Record net OPEB liability |  | $(32,276,816)$ | (6,690,710) |
| Record deferred outflows - benefit contributions |  | 1,309,390 | 271,426 |
| Prior Period Adjustment |  | $(28,604,421)$ | (6,419,284) |
| Net Position, beginning as restated | \$ | 195,920,349 | 91,980,978 |


|  |  |  | Governmental <br> Activities Internal <br> Service Funds |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net Position, beginning |  | Water Fund |  |

Adoption of GASB No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans had no effect on net position of the financial statements or on net increase (decrease) in net position. It did however, change the requirements for information disclosed in the footnotes to the financial statements and information required to be presented as required supplementary information.

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGETARY BASIS (NON-GAAP) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Budgeted Amounts |  |  | Actual Amounts | Variance With Final Budget Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | iginal | Final |  |  |
| REVENUES $\quad$ — - - - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales taxes | \$ | 39,107,500 | 39,107,500 | 45,348,315 | 6,240,815 |
| Property taxes |  | 35,750,000 | 35,750,000 | 35,961,592 | 211,592 |
| Industrial payments |  | 18,466,000 | 18,466,000 | 19,825,025 | 1,359,025 |
| Gross receipts tax |  | 7,980,000 | 7,980,000 | 8,719,686 | 739,686 |
| Other |  | 10,238,700 | 10,238,700 | 11,300,451 | 1,061,751 |
| Total Revenues |  | 111,542,200 | 111,542,200 | 121,155,069 | 9,612,869 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | 14,968,200 | 14,968,200 | 14,593,840 | $(374,360)$ |
| Public safety |  | 66,429,000 | 66,429,000 | 65,654,282 | $(774,718)$ |
| Public works |  | 19,272,700 | 19,272,700 | 18,491,533 | $(781,167)$ |
| Health and welfare |  | 7,740,900 | 7,740,900 | 7,098,710 | $(642,190)$ |
| Cultural and recreational |  | 8,526,200 | 8,526,200 | 8,399,907 | $(126,293)$ |
| Community development |  | 3,526,500 | 3,526,500 | 3,304,548 | $(221,952)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 120,463,500 | 120,463,500 | 117,542,820 | $(2,920,680)$ |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES |  | (8,921,300) | (8,921,300) | 3,612,249 | 12,533,549 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfers in |  | 10,200,000 | 10,200,000 | 10,200,000 |  |
| Transfers (out) |  | $(2,575,000)$ | $(4,065,000)$ | $(4,065,000)$ |  |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) |  | 7,625,000 | 6,135,000 | 6,135,000 | - |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(1,296,300)$ | $(2,786,300)$ | 9,747,249 | 12,533,549 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR |  | 30,673,330 | 30,673,330 | 32,117,826 | 1,444,496 |
| FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR | \$ | 29,377,030 | 27,887,030 | 41,865,075 | 13,978,045 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE |  |  |  |  |  |
| BUDGET BASIS |  |  |  | 9,747,249 |  |
| Accrual of sales taxes |  |  |  | 440,812 |  |
| Unbilled revenue |  |  |  | $(11,451)$ |  |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GAAP BASIS |  |  |  | 10,176,610 |  |

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TMRS



For 2017, the inflation rate used was $2.5 \%$, the investment rate of return was $6.75 \%$, and the experience study was last updated to use the period of December 31, 2010-2014.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years which information is available under GASB68. Information presented in this schedule has been determined as of the City's measurement date (December 31) of the net pension liability in accordance with GASB 68.

Fiduciary Net Position may be off a dollar due to rounding

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

## SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS <br> TMRS

| Year Ending September 30, | Actuarially Determined Contribution |  | Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution |  | Contribution Deficiency (Excess) |  | Covered <br> Payroll (1) |  | Contributions as a \% of Covered Payroll |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2015 | \$ | 10,860,092 | \$ | 10,860,092 | \$ |  | \$ | 54,750,093 | 19.8\% |
| 2016 |  | 10,659,821 |  | 10,659,821 |  |  |  | 55,262,847 | 19.3\% |
| 2017 |  | 11,640,816 |  | 11,640,816 |  |  |  | 59,426,287 | 19.6\% |
| 2018 |  | 11,527,181 |  | 11,527,181 |  |  |  | 58,420,452 | 19.7\% |

## Notes to Schedule:

(1) Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TMRS

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, and become

## Valuation Date:

effective in January 13 months later.
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
| :--- | :--- |
| Amortization Method |  |
| Remaining Amortization <br> Period | Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed <br> Asset Valuation Method |
|  | 28 Years |
| Inflation | 10 Year Smoothed Market; 15\% Soft Corridor |
| Salary Increases | $2.50 \%$ |
| Investment Rate of Return | $3.50 \%$ to 10.50\% Including Inflation |
|  | $6.75 \%$ |

Retirement Age
Experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated
for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2010-2014
RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by $109 \%$ and female rates multiplied by 103\% and projected on a fully generational basis with
Mortality
scale BB
Other Information:
Notes:
There were no benefit changes during the year

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years which information is available under GASB68. Information presented in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent fiscal year end (September 30) in accordance with GASB 68.

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018
## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS BFRRF

|  |  | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Pension Liability |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service Cost | \$ | 3,073,795 | 3,297,539 | 5,066,507 | 5,379,111 |
| Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) |  | 10,966,384 | 11,527,058 | 10,932,945 | 11,576,094 |
| Changes of benefit terms |  |  |  | 103,039 |  |
| Difference between expected and actual experience |  |  | 401,716 | 6,553,232 | - |
| Change of assumptions |  | - | 24,448,566 | 3,873,763 | $(7,244,545)$ |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions |  | $(6,842,087)$ | $(7,668,911)$ | (9,004,781) | $(9,302,368)$ |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability |  | 7,198,092 | 32,005,968 | 17,524,705 | 408,292 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning |  | 137,427,047 | 144,625,139 | 176,631,107 | 194,155,812 |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) |  | 144,625,139 | 176,631,107 | 194,155,812 | 194,564,104 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions - Employer |  | 2,606,467 | 2,631,981 | 2,702,543 | 2,935,156 |
| Contributions - Employee |  | 2,606,467 | 2,631,981 | 2,702,543 | 2,935,156 |
| Net Investment Income |  | 2,874,510 | $(1,751,709)$ | 8,008,456 | 17,013,405 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions |  | $(6,842,087)$ | $(7,668,911)$ | $(9,004,781)$ | $(9,302,368)$ |
| Administrative Expense |  | $(234,937)$ | $(266,365)$ | $(350,646)$ | $(396,303)$ |
| Other |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position |  | 1,010,420 | $(4,423,023)$ | 4,058,115 | 13,185,046 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position-Beginning |  | 101,790,152 | 102,800,572 | 98,377,549 | 102,435,664 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) |  | 102,800,572 | 98,377,549 | 102,435,664 | 115,620,710 |
| City's Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 41,824,567 | 78,253,558 | 91,720,148 | 78,943,394 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City's Covered Payroll | \$ | 17,376,446 | 17,546,539 | 18,016,950 | 19,424,704 |
| Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |  | 240.70\% | 445.98\% | 509.08\% | 406.41\% |

Notes to Schedule:
Changes of assumptions:
For purposes of determining GASB Discount Rate at the 12/31/2017 measurement date, a depletion date projection as of that date have been performed. The results of this projection showed a single Discount Rate of $6.37 \%$. The Discount Rate was increased from $5.94 \%$ to $6.37 \%$.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years which information is available under GASB68. Information presented in this schedule has been determined as of the City's measurement date (December 31) of the net pension liability in accordance with GASB 68.

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018
## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

BFRRF

|  |  | Contributions <br> in Relation to <br> the |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Ending September 30, |  |  |
| Contractually |  |  |
| Required |  |  |
| Contribution |  |  | | Contractually |
| :---: |
| Determined |
| Contribution |$\quad$| Contribution |
| :---: |
| Deficiency |
| (Excess) |$\quad$| Covered |
| :---: |
| Payroll | | Contributions as |
| :---: |
| a \% of Covered |
| Payroll |

Notes to Schedule:
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:
Funding Method: Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method: Level Percentage of Compensation
Remaining Amortization Period: 104.0 Years (as of 12/31/2016 Valuation)
Asset Valuation Method:
All assets are valued at market value with an adjustment made to uniformly spread actuarial investment gains and losses (as measured by actual market value investment return against expected market value investment return) over a five year period
Inflation (Payroll Growth): $\quad 3.5 \%$ per year for amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

| Salary Increases: | Years of |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Service | Salary Increase |
|  | $1-8$ | $10.0 \%$ |
|  | $9-16$ | $7.0 \%$ |
|  | $17-26$ | $5.5 \%$ |
|  | $27+$ | $4.0 \%$ |

Interest Rate:
Payroll Adjustment:
8.0\% per year, compounded annually, net of investment related and administrative expenses. Actual pay received is increased by expected individual salary increase for first year following valuation date, based on the salary increase assumption table.

| Retirement Rates: | Age | \% Retiring During the Year | Termination Rates: | Years of Service | \% Terminating During the Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 50-54 | 5\% |  | 0 | 2.25\% |
|  | 55-62 | 20\% |  | 5 | 1.20\% |
|  | 63 | 50\% |  | 10 | 0.60\% |
|  | 64 | 75\% |  | 15 | 0.38\% |
|  | 65+ | 100\% |  | 20+ | 0.00\% |

Disability Rates: \begin{tabular}{ccc}

Age \& | \% Becoming |
| :---: |
| Disabled During |
| the Year | <br>

\cline { 2 - 3 } \& 20 \& $0.0047 \%$ <br>
25 \& $0.0063 \%$ <br>
\& 30 \& $0.0103 \%$ <br>
\& 35 \& $0.0173 \%$ <br>
\& 40 \& $0.0307 \%$ <br>
45 \& $0.0697 \%$ <br>
\& 50 \& $0.1263 \%$ <br>
\& $55+$ \& $0.0000 \%$
\end{tabular}

PROP Investments Accounts: $80 \%$ of Retirees will elect to participate in PROP until age 65 . Average annual rate credited to the PROP accounts will be 6.0\%
Retro Drop Participation: $\quad 90 \%$ of Retirees eligible for at least a 12 -month lump sum will elect a Retro DROP benefit. The number of months assumed in order to determine the Retro DROP lump sum is the maximum the Retiree is eligible for, up to 84 months.
Marital Status: $\quad 85 \%$ of actives are assumed to be married at time of benefit commencement with husbands being two years older than their spouse.
Mortality Rates - Healthy Lives: RP2000 Combined Healthy Male Mortality Table without projection.
Mortality Rates - Disabled Lives: RP2000 Combined Healthy Male Mortality Table without projection.
Mortality Rates - Spouses: RP2000 Combined Healthy Female Mortality Table without projection.
This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years which information is available under GASB68. Information presented in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent fiscal year end (September 30) in accordance with GASB 68.

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 <br> SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS <br> BFRRF

| Fiscal Year Ended | Actual money-weighted rate of <br> return, net of invesment expense |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $12 / 31 / 2014$ | $2.85 \%$ |
|  | $-1.73 \%$ |
| $12 / 31 / 2016$ | $8.30 \%$ |
| $12 / 31 / 2017$ | $16.89 \%$ |

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years.
However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years which information is available under GASB 68.

# CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND RELATED RATIOS

|  |  | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total OPEB Liability |  |  |
| Service Cost | \$ | 1,608,135 |
| Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability) |  | 1,458,304 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience |  | 1,367,405 |
| Change of assumptions |  | 2,253,261 |
| Benefit payments |  | $(2,430,945)$ |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability |  | 4,256,160 |
| Total OPEB Liability - Beginning |  | 39,382,708 |
| Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a) | \$ | 43,638,868 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position |  |  |
| Contributions - Employer | \$ | 2,430,945 |
| Net Investment Income |  | 65,351 |
| Benefit payments |  | $(2,430,945)$ |
| Administrative Expense |  | $(1,765)$ |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position |  | 63,586 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning |  | 415,182 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b) | \$ | 478,768 |
| City's Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 43,160,100 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability |  |  |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 78,932,648 |
| City's Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |  | 54.68\% |

For 2017, the intial discount rate for the 12/31/2016 measurement was $3.81 \%$
The discount rate for the $12 / 31 / 2017$ measurement was $3.31 \%$ which caused an actuarial loss

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years which information is available under GASB75. Information presented in this schedule has been determined as of the City's measurement date (December 31) of the net OPEB liability in accordance with GASB 75.

Fiduciary Net Position may be off a dollar due to rounding

# CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 <br> SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUST FUND 



This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years which information is available under GASB 74.

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Fund - to account for funds used to develop, promote, implement and manage energy efficiency and conservation projects and programs designed to reduce fossil fuel emissions, reduce total energy use and improve energy efficiency.

Confiscated Goods Fund - to account for resources received resulting from seized and forfeited properties to be used for enhanced law enforcement.

EDA Small Business Loan Fund - to account for Economic Development Administration funds used to establish a revolving loan fund to promote business development.

Harvery Recovery Fund - to account for activities related to Hurricane Harvey.
Health Grant Fund - to account for grant awarded funds received for the purpose of various health related programs such as immunizations and nutritional assistance.

Henry Homberg Golf Course Fund - to account for activities related to the Henry Homberg Golf Course.

Historical Fire Museum Trust Fund - to account for contributions related to the Texas State Fire Museum.

HOME Fund - to account for the Department of Housing and Urban Development program to provide home ownership for low and moderate income families.

Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund - to account for hotel occupancy tax revenues used to promote tourism and the arts.

HUD Community Development Fund - to account for funds received under the Community Development Act of 1974, as amended.

Ike Recovery Fund - to account for activities related to Hurricane Ike.
Library Grants - to account for funds received for the purpose of enhancing public library programs.

Library Trust Fund - to account for contributions to be used for public library needs.

Miscellaneous Grant Fund - to account for other miscellaneous grant awarded funds received from state and federal agencies to be used for various programs.

Miscellaneous Trust Fund - to account for miscellaneous nonmajor contributions.
Municipal Airport Fund - to account for operations of the Beaumont Municipal Airport.

Municipal Court Juvenile Case Manager Fund - to account for fees charged to finance the Juvenile Case Manager at Municipal Court.

Municipal Court Security Fund - to account for fees charged to finance security at the Municipal Court.

Municipal Court Technology Fund - to account for resources received from misdemeanor offenses to be used to purchase technological enhancements for Municipal Court.

Municipal Transit Fund - to account for operations and capital improvements of the Beaumont Municipal Transit System.

Police Grants Fund - to account for grant awarded funds to be used for various police-related activities.

Public Education Government Programming (PEG) Fund - to account for activities related to programming on governmental access channels.

Shelter Plus Care Fund - to account for funds received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide transitional housing to homeless HIV positive residents of Hardin, Jefferson and Orange Counties.

Texas Motor Carrier Violations Fund - to account for fines received to be used in the enforcement of TxDOT regulations.

Tyrrell Historical Trust Fund - to account for activities related to the Tyrrell Historical Library.

## CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Project Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds. The three funds consist of Airport Royalties for Street Improvement, General Improvement and Street Improvement.

## PERMANENT FUNDS

Permanent Funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Julie Rogers Trust Fund - to account for endowments received for the Julie Rogers Theatre.

Library Endowment Trust Fund - to account for resources placed under a trust agreement between the City and private organizations where only the revenue earned on the principal can be expended for the public library.

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  |  | Special Revenue |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | American <br> Recovery and <br> Reinvestment <br> Act <br> (ARRA) | Confiscated Goods | EDA Small <br> Business Loan |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | - | 410,860 | 750,216 |
| Investments |  | - | - | - |
| Receivables: |  |  |  |  |
| Notes |  | - |  | 15,903 |
| Intergovernmental |  | 168,590 | - | - |
| Other |  | - | - | - |
| Inventories |  | - | - | - |
| Prepaid items |  | - | - | - |
| Total Assets |  | 168,590 | 410,860 | 766,119 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | - | - | 1,225 |
| Accrued liabilities |  | - | - | - |
| Due to other funds |  | 168,574 | - | - |
| Other liabilities |  | - | - | - |
| Unearned revenue |  | - | 36,305 | 748,991 |
| Total Liabilities |  | 168,574 | 36,305 | 750,216 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  |  |  |  |
| Unavailable revenue - grants |  | 92,965 | - | - |
| Unavailable revenue - notes |  | - | - | 15,903 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources |  | 92,965 | - | 15,903 |
| FUND BALANCES |  |  |  |  |
| Nonspendable: |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories |  | - | - | - |
| Prepaids |  | - | - | - |
| Permanent fund principal |  | - | - | - |
| Restricted: |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | - | - | - |
| General government |  | - | - | - |
| Public safety |  | - | 374,555 | - |
| Public works |  | - | - | - |
| Assigned: |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | - | - | - |
| Public works |  | - | - | - |
| Unassigned: |  | $(92,949)$ | - | - |
| Total Fund Balances |  | $(92,949)$ | 374,555 | - |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance | \$ | 168,590 | 410,860 | 766,119 |


| Harvey <br> Recovery | Health Grants | Henry Homberg Golf Course | Historical Fire Museum Trust | HOME |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | 298,760 | 855 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | 442,360 |
| 6,116,047 | 305,787 | - | - | 86,209 |
| - | 416 | 17,374 | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 6,116,047 | 306,203 | 316,134 | 855 | 528,569 |
| 81,463 | 6,632 | 7,194 | - | 10,949 |
| - | 14,236 | 6,717 | - | - |
| 6,291,461 | 285,335 | - | - | 75,260 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 6,094,673 | - | 5,142 | - | - |
| 12,467,597 | 306,203 | 19,053 | - | 86,209 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | 442,360 |
| - | - | - | - | 442,360 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | 297,081 | 855 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| $(6,351,550)$ | - | - | - | - |
| $(6,351,550)$ | - | 297,081 | 855 | - |
| 6,116,047 | 306,203 | 316,134 | 855 | 528,569 |

(continued)

# CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> COMBINING BALANCE SHEET <br> NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS <br> SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 

|  | Special Revenue |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hotel Occupancy Tax | HUD <br> Community Development | Ike Recovery |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | 641,542 | - | 632,268 |
| Investments |  | - | - | 1,031,595 |
| Receivables: |  |  |  |  |
| Notes |  | - | 158,952 | - |
| Intergovernmental |  | - | 1,000,152 | - |
| Other |  | 14,109 | 514,475 | 3,221 |
| Inventories |  | - | - | - |
| Prepaid items |  | - | - | - |
| Total Assets |  | 655,651 | 1,673,579 | 1,667,084 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 17,405 | 15,321 | - |
| Accrued liabilities |  | 13,965 | 4,724 | - |
| Due to other funds |  | - | 519,599 | - |
| Other liabilities |  | - | - | - |
| Unearned revenue |  | - | 460,508 | 1,529,104 |
| Total Liabilities |  | 31,370 | 1,000,152 | 1,529,104 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  |  |  |  |
| Unavailable revenue - grants |  | - | - | - |
| Unavailable revenue - notes |  | - | 673,427 | - |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources |  | - | 673,427 | - |
| FUND BALANCES |  |  |  |  |
| Nonspendable: |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories |  | - | - | - |
| Prepaids |  | - | - | - |
| Permanent fund principal |  | - | - | - |
| Restricted: |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | 624,281 | - | - |
| General government |  | - | - | - |
| Public safety |  | - | - | - |
| Public works |  | - | - | - |
| Assigned: |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | - | - | - |
| Public works |  | - | - | 137,980 |
| Unassigned: |  | - | - | - |
| Total Fund Balances |  | 624,281 | - | 137,980 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance | \$ | 655,651 | 1,673,579 | 1,667,084 |


| Library Grants | Library Trust | Miscellaneous $\qquad$ Grant | $\begin{gathered} \text { Miscellaneous } \\ \text { Trust } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Municipal Airport |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10,340 | 322,207 | 2,009 | 454,081 | - |
| - | - | - | - | 1,978,304 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | 879 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 10,340 | 322,207 | 2,009 | 454,960 | 1,978,304 |
| - | 177 | - | 2,680 | 248,583 |
| - | - | - | - | 2,670 |
| - | - | - | - | 3,356 |
| - | - | - | - | 9,440 |
| - | - | - | - | 8,687 |
| - | 177 | - | 2,680 | 272,736 |
| 9,600 | - | - | - | - |
|  | - | - | - - | - - |
| 9,600 | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 740 | 322,030 | 2,009 | 452,280 | - |
| - | - | - | - | 1,705,568 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 740 | 322,030 | 2,009 | 452,280 | 1,705,568 |
| 10,340 | 322,207 | 2,009 | 454,960 | 1,978,304 |

(continued)

# CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> COMBINING BALANCE SHEET <br> NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS <br> SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 

|  | Special Revenue |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Municipal <br> Court <br> Juvenile <br> Case <br> Manager | Municipal Court Security | Municipal <br> Court Technology |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | 295,845 | 87,012 | 150,730 |
| Investments |  | - | - | - |
| Receivables: |  |  |  |  |
| Notes |  | - | - | - |
| Intergovernmental |  | - | - | - |
| Other |  | 9,324 | 5,626 | 7,493 |
| Inventories |  | - | - | - |
| Prepaid items |  | - | - | - |
| Total Assets |  | 305,169 | 92,638 | 158,223 |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 5,411 | - | - |
| Accrued liabilities |  | 998 | 1,098 | - |
| Due to other funds |  | - | - | - |
| Other liabilities |  | - | - | - |
| Unearned revenue |  | - | - | - |
| Total Liabilities |  | 6,409 | 1,098 | - |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  |  |  |  |
| Unavailable revenue - grants |  | - | - | - |
| Unavailable revenue - notes |  | - | - | - |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources |  | - | - | - |
| FUND BALANCES |  |  |  |  |
| Nonspendable: |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories |  | - | - | - |
| Prepaids |  | - | - | - |
| Permanent fund principal |  | - | - | - |
| Restricted: |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | - | - | - |
| General government |  | - | - | - |
| Public safety |  | 298,760 | 91,540 | 158,223 |
| Public works |  | - | - | - |
| Assigned: |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | - | - | - |
| Public works |  | - | - | - |
| Unassigned: |  | - | - | - |
| Total Fund Balances |  | 298,760 | 91,540 | 158,223 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance | \$ | 305,169 | 92,638 | 158,223 |


| Municipal Transit | Police Grants | Public Education Government Programming | Shelter Plus Care | Texas <br> Motor <br> Carrier <br> Violations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 291 | - | 423,278 | - | 89,489 |
| - | - | 690,611 | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 2,139,995 | 1,592,057 | - | 31,436 | - |
| 66,408 | 800 | 2,156 | - | 1,296 |
| 338,854 | - | - | - | - |
| 426,500 | - | - | - | - |
| 2,972,048 | 1,592,857 | 1,116,045 | 31,436 | 90,785 |
| 55,801 | 128,362 | 189,212 | 31,436 | 690 |
| 232,008 | 4,646 | - | - | - |
| 1,211,100 | 1,309,173 | - | - | - |
| 558,127 | 85,122 | - | - | - |
| - | 50,998 | - | - | - |
| 2,057,036 | 1,578,301 | 189,212 | 31,436 | 690 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 338,854 | - | - | - | - |
| 426,500 | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | 926,833 | - | - |
| - | 14,556 | - | - | 90,095 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 149,658 | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 915,012 | 14,556 | 926,833 | - | 90,095 |
| 2,972,048 | 1,592,857 | 1,116,045 | 31,436 | 90,785 |

(continued)

# CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS <br> SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 



| Capital Project | Permanent |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Street Improvement | Julie Rogers Trust | Library Endowment Trust | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
| 6,361,582 | 28,255 | 159,186 | 14,480,361 |
| 10,379,422 | 100,000 | 761,185 | 32,312,119 |
| - | - | - | 617,215 |
| 1,636,551 | - | - | 13,076,824 |
| 32,545 | - | 1,782 | 692,776 |
| - | - | - | 338,854 |
| - | - | - | 426,500 |
| 18,410,100 | 128,255 | 922,153 | 61,944,649 |
| 776,180 | - | - | 4,024,163 |
| - | - | - | 281,062 |
| - | - | - | 9,863,858 |
| - | - | - | 652,689 |
| - | - | - | 8,934,408 |
| 776,180 | - | - | 23,756,180 |
| - | - | - | $102,565$ |
| - | - | - | 1,131,690 |
| - | - | - | 1,234,255 |
| - | - | - | 338,854 |
| - | - | - | 426,500 |
| - | 100,000 | 761,185 | 861,185 |
| - | 28,255 |  | 6,386,686 |
| - | - | - | 926,833 |
| - | - | - | 2,039,638 |
| 17,633,920 | - | - | 29,175,876 |
| - | - | 160,968 | 1,249,935 |
| - | - | - | 1,993,206 |
| - | - | - | $(6,444,499)$ |
| 17,633,920 | 128,255 | 922,153 | 36,954,214 |
| 18,410,100 | 128,255 | 922,153 | 61,944,649 |


|  | American <br> Recovery and <br> Reinvestment <br> Act | Confiscated <br> Goods |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Harvey Recovery |  | ecial Revenu |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Health Grants | Henry Homberg Golf Course | Historical Fire Museum Trust | HOME |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 14,664 | 461,908 | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 274,131 | 1,138,978 | - | - | 545,630 |
| - | - | 2,328 | 14 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 64,750 | - | - | - | - |
| 338,881 | 1,153,642 | 464,236 | 14 | 545,630 |
| 54,902 | - | - | - | - |
| 84,363 | - | - | - | - |
| 2,392,509 | - | - | - | - |
| 1,155 | 1,153,642 | - | - | - |
| 161,090 | - | 718,424 | 521 | - |
| - | - | - | - | 545,630 |
| 105,804 | - | 37,261 | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 2,799,823 | 1,153,642 | 755,685 | 521 | 545,630 |
| $(2,460,942)$ | - | $(291,449)$ | (507) | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | 300,000 | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | 300,000 | - | - |
| $(2,460,942)$ | - | 8,551 | (507) | - |
| $(3,890,608)$ | - | 288,530 | 1,362 | - |
| $\underline{(6,351,550)}$ | - | 297,081 | 855 | - |


|  |  | Hotel Occupancy Tax | HUD <br> Community Development | Ike Recovery |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Gross receipts taxes | \$ | 3,987,487 | - | - |
| Charges for services |  | - | - | - |
| Fines and forfeitures |  | - | - | - |
| Intergovernmental |  | - | 1,403,632 | 1,000,000 |
| Investment earnings |  | 22,595 | - | 28,320 |
| Contributions |  | - | - | - |
| Royalties |  | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous |  | 28,333 | - | - |
| Total Revenues |  | 4,038,415 | 1,403,632 | 1,028,320 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current: |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | - | - | - |
| Public safety |  | - | - | - |
| Public works |  | - | - | - |
| Health and welfare |  | - | - | - |
| Culture and recreational |  | 2,019,302 | - | - |
| Housing and economic development |  | - | 510,666 | - |
| Capital outlay |  | 45,030 | - | - |
| Debt Service: |  |  |  |  |
| Issuance cost - debt |  | - | - | - |
| Total Expenditures |  | 2,064,332 | 510,666 | - |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES |  | 1,974,083 | 892,966 | 1,028,320 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) |  |  |  |  |
| Bond proceeds |  | - | - | - |
| Bond premium |  | - | - | - |
| Transfers in |  | - | - | - |
| Transfers (out) |  | $(2,907,000)$ | $(892,966)$ | (1,000,000) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) |  | $(2,907,000)$ | $(892,966)$ | $(1,000,000)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(932,917)$ | - | 28,320 |
| FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING |  | 1,557,198 | - | 109,660 |
| FUND BALANCES - ENDING | \$ | 624,281 | - | 137,980 |


| Special Revenue |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Library Grants | Library Trust | Miscellaneous Grant | Miscellaneous Trust | Municipal Airport |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | 354,324 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 4,627 | - | 58,804 | - | - |
| 62 | 3,858 | - | 5,127 | 297,778 |
| - | 33,613 | - | 231,134 | - |
| - | - | - | - | 9,204 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 4,689 | 37,471 | 58,804 | 236,261 | 661,306 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | 533,086 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 4,627 | 34,353 | 58,804 | 139,919 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | 431,059 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 4,627 | 34,353 | 58,804 | 139,919 | 964,145 |
| 62 | 3,118 | - | 96,342 | $(302,839)$ |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 62 | 3,118 | - | 96,342 | $(302,839)$ |
| 678 | 318,912 | 2,009 | 355,938 | 2,008,407 |
| 740 | 322,030 | 2,009 | 452,280 | 1,705,568 |

(continued)

Special Revenue

|  |  | Municipal Court Juvenile Case Manager | Municipal Court Security | Municipal Court Technology |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Gross receipts taxes | \$ | - | - | - |
| Charges for services |  | - | - | - |
| Fines and forfeitures |  | 106,183 | 53,318 | 71,007 |
| Intergovernmental |  | - | - | - |
| Investment earnings |  | 3,174 | 1,002 | 1,797 |
| Contributions |  | - | - | - |
| Royalties |  | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous |  | - | - | - |
| Total Revenues |  | 109,357 | 54,320 | 72,804 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current: |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | - | - | - |
| Public safety |  | 51,330 | 51,325 | 73,794 |
| Public works |  | - | - | - |
| Health and welfare |  | - | - | - |
| Culture and recreational |  | - | - | - |
| Housing and economic development |  | - | - | - |
| Capital outlay |  | - | - | - |
| Debt Service: |  |  |  |  |
| Issuance cost - debt |  | - | - | - |
| Total Expenditures |  | 51,330 | 51,325 | 73,794 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES |  | 58,027 | 2,995 | (990) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) |  |  |  |  |
| Bond proceeds |  | - | - | - |
| Bond premium |  | - | - | - |
| Transfers in |  | - | - | - |
| Transfers (out) |  | - | - | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) |  | - | - | - |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | 58,027 | 2,995 | (990) |
| FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING |  | 240,733 | 88,545 | 159,213 |
| FUND BALANCES - ENDING | \$ | 298,760 | 91,540 | 158,223 |


| Municipal Transit | Police Grants | Public Education Government Programming | Shelter Plus Care | Texas <br> Motor <br> Carrier <br> Violations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | 247,221 | - | - |
| 470,013 | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | 29,678 |
| 2,857,382 | 1,875,045 | - | 164,431 | - |
| 305 | - | 12,519 | - | 1,011 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 210,773 | - | - | - | - |
| 3,538,473 | 1,875,045 | 259,740 | 164,431 | 30,689 |
| - | - | 192,142 | - | - |
| - | 1,571,944 | - | - | 21,880 |
| 5,469,159 | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | 164,431 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 213,602 | 303,101 | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 5,682,761 | 1,875,045 | 192,142 | 164,431 | 21,880 |
| $(2,144,288)$ | - | 67,598 | - | 8,809 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 2,575,000 | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 2,575,000 | - | - | - | - |
| 430,712 | - | 67,598 | - | 8,809 |
| 484,300 | 14,556 | 859,235 | - | 81,286 |
| 915,012 | 14,556 | 926,833 | - | 90,095 |


|  |  | Special Revenue | Capital Project |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tyrrell Historical Trust | Airport Royalties for Street Improvement | General Improvement |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Gross receipts taxes | \$ | - | - | - |
| Charges for services |  | - | - | - |
| Fines and forfeitures |  | - | - | - |
| Intergovernmental |  | - | - | - |
| Investment earnings |  | 184 | - | 109,302 |
| Contributions |  | 18,075 | - | - |
| Royalties |  | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous |  | - | - | - |
| Total Revenues |  | 18,259 | - | 109,302 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current: |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | - | - | - |
| Public safety |  | - | - | - |
| Public works |  | - | - | - |
| Health and welfare |  | - | - | - |
| Culture and recreational |  | 18,441 | - | - |
| Housing and economic development |  | - | - | - |
| Capital outlay |  | - | 9,061,068 | 6,674,962 |
| Debt Service: |  |  |  |  |
| Issuance cost - debt |  | - | - | - |
| Total Expenditures |  | 18,441 | 9,061,068 | 6,674,962 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES |  | (182) | $(9,061,068)$ | $(6,565,660)$ |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) |  |  |  |  |
| Bond proceeds |  | - | - | - |
| Bond premium |  | - | - | - |
| Transfers in |  | - | - | 2,100,000 |
| Transfers (out) |  | - | - | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) |  | - | - | 2,100,000 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | (182) | $(9,061,068)$ | $(4,465,660)$ |
| FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING |  | 14,154 | 20,603,024 | 11,211,719 |
| FUND BALANCES - ENDING | \$ | 13,972 | 11,541,956 | 6,746,059 |


| Capital Project | Permanent |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Street Improvement | Julie <br> Rogers Trust | Library Endowment Trust | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
| - | - | - | 4,234,708 |
| - | - | - | 1,300,909 |
| - | - | - | 260,186 |
| 4,400,043 | - | - | 14,003,894 |
| 134,851 | 1,513 | 11,358 | 640,101 |
| - | - | 1,943 | 284,765 |
| - | - | - | 9,204 |
| - | - | - | 303,856 |
| 4,534,894 | 1,513 | 13,301 | 21,037,623 |
| - | - | - | 247,044 |
| - | - | - | 1,998,311 |
| - | - | - | 8,394,754 |
| - | - | - | 1,319,228 |
| - | - | 6,542 | 3,162,023 |
| - | - | - | 1,058,980 |
| 7,320,112 | - | - | 24,191,999 |
| 151,678 | - | - | 151,678 |
| 7,471,790 | - | 6,542 | 40,524,017 |
| $(2,936,896)$ | 1,513 | 6,759 | $(19,486,394)$ |
| 9,260,000 | - | - | 9,260,000 |
| 891,678 | - | - | 891,678 |
| - | - | - | 4,975,000 |
| - | - | - | $(4,799,966)$ |
| 10,151,678 | - | - | 10,326,712 |
| 7,214,782 | 1,513 | 6,759 | $(9,159,682)$ |
| 10,419,138 | 126,742 | 915,394 | 46,113,896 |
| 17,633,920 | 128,255 | 922,153 | 36,954,214 |

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS

DEBT SERVICE FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018


CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
CONFISCATED GOODS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Original and Final Budget |  | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 40,000 | 278,507 | 238,507 |
| Investment earnings |  | 500 | 3,003 | 2,503 |
| Total Revenues |  | 40,500 | 281,510 | 241,010 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| Public safety |  | 198,142 | 143,675 | $(54,467)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 198,142 | 143,675 | $(54,467)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(157,642)$ | 137,835 | 295,477 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 157,642 | 236,720 | 79,078 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | - | 374,555 | 374,555 |

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
HENRY HOMBERG GOLF COURSE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Original Budget |  | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 553,000 | 553,000 | 461,908 | $(91,092)$ |
| Investment earnings |  | 500 | 500 | 2,328 | 1,828 |
| Total Revenues |  | 553,500 | 553,500 | 464,236 | $(89,264)$ |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | 700,500 | 700,500 | 718,424 | 17,924 |
| Capital outlay |  | 95,900 | 95,900 | 37,261 | $(58,639)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 796,400 | 796,400 | 755,685 | $(40,715)$ |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES |  | $(242,900)$ | $(242,900)$ | $(291,449)$ | $(48,549)$ |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfers in |  | - | 300,000 | 300,000 | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources |  | - | 300,000 | 300,000 | - |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(242,900)$ | 57,100 | 8,551 | $(48,549)$ |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 263,633 | 263,633 | 288,530 | 24,897 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | 20,733 | 320,733 | 297,081 | $(23,652)$ |

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> HISTORICAL FIRE MUSEUM TRUST FUND <br> SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES <br> AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL <br> YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Original and Final Budget |  | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | - | 14 | 14 |
| Contributions |  | 300 | - | (300) |
| Total Revenues |  | 300 | 14 | (286) |
| EXPENDITURESCurrent |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreational |  | 1,074 | 521 | (553) |
| Total Expenditures |  | 1,074 | 521 | (553) |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | (774) | (507) | 267 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 774 | 1,362 | 588 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | - | 855 | 855 |

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Original Budget |  | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross receipts taxes | \$ | 2,800,000 | 2,800,000 | 3,987,487 | 1,187,487 |
| Investment earnings |  | 8,000 | 8,000 | 22,595 | 14,595 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 12,400 | 12,400 | 28,333 | 15,933 |
| Total Revenues |  | 2,820,400 | 2,820,400 | 4,038,415 | 1,218,015 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreational |  | 1,994,700 | 2,024,700 | 2,019,302 | 5,398 |
| Capital outlay |  | - | 45,000 | 45,030 | (30) |
| Total Expenditures |  | 1,994,700 | 2,069,700 | 2,064,332 | 5,368 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES |  | 825,700 | 750,700 | 1,974,083 | 1,223,383 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfers out |  | $(697,000)$ | $(2,907,000)$ | $(2,907,000)$ | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) |  | $(697,000)$ | (2,907,000) | $(2,907,000)$ | - |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | 128,700 | $(2,156,300)$ | $(932,917)$ | 1,223,383 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 1,396,188 | 1,396,188 | 1,557,198 | 161,010 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | 1,524,888 | $(760,112)$ | 624,281 | 1,384,393 |

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS

IKE RECOVERY FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018
$\left.\begin{array}{lrlrl} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Original } \\ \text { and Final } \\ \text { Budget }\end{array} & & \text { Actual } & \end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Variance } \\ \text { Over } \\ \text { (Under) }\end{array}\right)$

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
LIBRARY TRUST FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018
$\left.\begin{array}{lrlrl} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Original } \\ \text { and Final } \\ \text { Budget }\end{array} & & \text { Actual } & \end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Variance } \\ \text { Over } \\ \text { (Under) }\end{array}\right)$
$\left.\begin{array}{lrlrl} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Original } \\ \text { and Final } \\ \text { Budget }\end{array} & & \text { Actual } & \end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Variance } \\ \text { Over } \\ \text { (Under) }\end{array}\right)$

|  | Original Budget |  | Final Budget | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 119,000 | 119,000 | 354,324 | 235,324 |
| Royalties |  |  | - | 9,204 | 9,204 |
| Investment earnings |  | 85,500 | 85,500 | 297,778 | 212,278 |
| Total Revenues |  | 204,500 | 204,500 | 661,306 | 456,806 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public works |  | 239,700 | 669,700 | 533,086 | $(136,614)$ |
| Capital outlay |  | 550,000 | 620,000 | 431,059 | $(188,941)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 789,700 | 1,289,700 | 964,145 | $(325,555)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(585,200)$ | $(1,085,200)$ | $(302,839)$ | 782,361 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 1,911,067 | 1,911,067 | 2,008,407 | 97,340 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | 1,325,867 | 825,867 | 1,705,568 | 879,701 |

$\left.\begin{array}{lllll} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Original } \\ \text { and Final } \\ \text { Budget }\end{array} & & \text { Actual } & \end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Variance } \\ \text { Over } \\ \text { (Under) }\end{array}\right]$

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
MUNICIPAL COURT SECURITY FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018
$\left.\begin{array}{lrlrl} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Original } \\ \text { and Final } \\ \text { Budget }\end{array} & & \text { Actual } & \end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Variance } \\ \text { Over } \\ \text { (Under) }\end{array}\right)$

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
MUNICIPAL COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Original and Final Budget |  | Actual | Variance Over <br> (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures | \$ | 75,000 | 71,007 | $(3,993)$ |
| Investment earnings |  | 1,000 | 1,797 | 797 |
| Total Revenues |  | 76,000 | 72,804 | $(3,196)$ |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| Public safety |  | 212,104 | 73,794 | $(138,310)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 212,104 | 73,794 | $(138,310)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(136,104)$ | (990) | 135,114 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 136,104 | 159,213 | 23,109 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | - | 158,223 | 158,223 |


|  | Original And Final Budget |  | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 465,000 | 470,013 | 5,013 |
| Intergovernmental |  | 3,191,000 | 2,857,382 | $(333,618)$ |
| Investment earnings |  | - | 305 | 305 |
| Miscellaneous |  |  | 210,773 | 210,773 |
| Total Revenues |  | 3,656,000 | 3,538,473 | $(117,527)$ |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| Public works |  | 5,620,000 | 5,469,159 | $(150,841)$ |
| Capital outlay |  | 836,000 | 213,602 | $(622,398)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 6,456,000 | 5,682,761 | $(773,239)$ |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES |  | $(2,800,000)$ | $(2,144,288)$ | 655,712 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES |  |  |  |  |
| Transfers in |  | 2,575,000 | 2,575,000 | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources |  | 2,575,000 | 2,575,000 | - |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(225,000)$ | 430,712 | 655,712 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 233,864 | 484,300 | 250,436 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | 8,864 | 915,012 | 906,148 |

CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS PUBLIC EDUCATION GOVERNMENT PROGRAMMING FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Original and Final Budget |  | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Gross receipts taxes | \$ | 220,000 | 247,221 | 27,221 |
| Investment earnings |  | 2,000 | 12,519 | 10,519 |
| Total Revenues |  | 222,000 | 259,740 | 37,740 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| General Government |  | 1,064,190 | 192,142 | $(872,048)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 1,064,190 | 192,142 | $(872,048)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(842,190)$ | 67,598 | 909,788 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 842,190 | 859,235 | 17,045 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | - | 926,833 | 926,833 |


|  | Original and Final Budget |  | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Fines and forfeitures | \$ | 35,000 | 29,678 | $(5,322)$ |
| Investment earnings |  | 200 | 1,011 | 811 |
| Total Revenues |  | 35,200 | 30,689 | $(4,511)$ |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| Public safety |  | 109,490 | 21,880 | $(87,610)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 109,490 | 21,880 | $(87,610)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(74,290)$ | 8,809 | 83,099 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 74,290 | 81,286 | 6,996 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | - | 90,095 | 90,095 |


|  | Original and Final Budget |  | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions |  | 15,300 | 18,075 | 2,775 |
| Investment earnings | \$ | - | 184 | 184 |
| Total Revenues |  | 15,300 | 18,259 | 2,959 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | 15,300 | 18,441 | 3,141 |
| Capital |  | 25,537 | - | $(25,537)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 40,837 | 18,441 | $(22,396)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(25,537)$ | (182) | 25,355 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 25,537 | 14,154 | 11,554 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | - | 13,972 | 13,972 |


|  | Original and Final Budget |  | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 700 | 1,513 | 813 |
| Total Revenues |  | 700 | 1,513 | 813 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | 27,341 | - | $(27,341)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 27,341 | - | $(27,341)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(26,641)$ | 1,513 | 28,154 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 126,641 | 126,742 | 101 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | 100,000 | 128,255 | 28,255 |

# CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS LIBRARY ENDOWMENT TRUST <br> SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES <br> AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL <br> YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 

|  | Original and Final Budget |  | Actual | Variance Over (Under) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUES |  |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 5,000 | 1,943 | $(3,057)$ |
| Contributions |  | - | 11,358 | 11,358 |
| Total Revenues |  | 5,000 | 13,301 | 8,301 |
| EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | 144,722 | 6,542 | $(138,180)$ |
| Total Expenditures |  | 144,722 | 6,542 | $(138,180)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES |  | $(139,722)$ | 6,759 | 146,481 |
| FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING |  | 914,622 | 915,394 | 772 |
| FUND BALANCES, ENDING | \$ | 774,900 | 922,153 | 147,253 |

## BEAUM $\otimes N T$

Finance

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fleet Fund - to account for the revenues and cost of operations to provide for maintenance of City vehicles.

Employee Benefits Fund - to account for employee health claims, workers’ compensation, dental insurance premiums and the administration of these programs.

General Liability Fund - to account for the City's risk management activity related to torts and other statutory causes of action.

Capital Reserve Fund - to account for the revenues and costs associated with replacement of City vehicles, equipment and building improvements.

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION <br> SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Fleet |  | Employee Benefits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |
| Current Assets: |  |  |  |
| Cash | \$ | 45,003 | 3,624,267 |
| Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) |  |  |  |
| Other |  | - | 8,103 |
| Inventories |  | 293,307 | - |
| Total Current Assets |  | 338,310 | 3,632,370 |
| Noncurrent Assets: |  |  |  |
| Capital Assets: |  |  |  |
| Land |  | 242,850 | - |
| Construction in progress |  | - | - |
| Buildings |  | 1,265,756 | - |
| Improvements other than buildings |  | 967,907 | - |
| Equipment |  | 694,609 | - |
| Infrastructure |  | - | - |
| Accumulated depreciation |  | $(2,407,006)$ | - |
| Total Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation |  | 764,116 | - |
| Total Assets |  | 1,102,426 | 3,632,370 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  |  |  |
| Pensions |  | 273,754 | - |
| Other post employment benefits |  | 136,572 | - |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources |  | 410,326 | - |
| LIABILITIES |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable |  | 133,632 | 63,549 |
| Accrued payroll |  | 32,998 | - |
| Accrued interest payable |  | - | - |
| Estimated claims liability |  | - | 2,986,829 |
| Compensated absences |  | 7,873 | - |
| Obligations under capital leases |  | - | - |
| Other liabilities |  | 68,823 | 38,227 |
| Loan payable |  | - | - |
| Net OPEB liability |  | 94,892 | - |
| Total Current Liabilities |  | 338,218 | 3,088,605 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: |  |  |  |
| Compensated absences |  | 160,364 | - |
| Estimated claims liability |  | - | 1,018,834 |
| Obligations under capital leases |  | - | - |
| Net OPEB liability |  | 1,006,680 | - |
| Net pension |  | 1,841,139 | - |
| Loan payable |  | - | - |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities |  | 3,008,183 | 1,018,834 |
| Total Liabilities |  | 3,346,401 | 4,107,439 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES |  |  |  |
| Pensions |  | 258,607 | - |
| Other post employment benefits |  | 656 | - |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources |  | 259,263 | - |
| NET POSITION |  |  |  |
| Net investment in capital assets |  | 764,116 | - ${ }^{-}$ |
| Unrestricted |  | $(2,857,028)$ | $(475,069)$ |
| Total Net Position | \$ | $(2,092,912)$ | $(475,069)$ |


| General <br> Liability | Capital Reserve | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,326,217 | 4,160,610 | 9,156,097 |
| 2,567 | 158,937 | 169,607 |
| - | - | 293,307 |
| 1,328,784 | 4,319,547 | 9,619,011 |
| - | 194,935 | 437,785 |
| - | 60,202 | 60,202 |
| - | 6,781,307 | 8,047,063 |
| - | 4,102,913 | 5,070,820 |
| - | 50,493,707 | 51,188,316 |
| - | 217,991 | 217,991 |
| - | $(45,172,287)$ | $(47,579,293)$ |
| - | 16,678,768 | 17,442,884 |
| 1,328,784 | 20,998,315 | 27,061,895 |
| - | - | 273,754 |
| - | - | 136,572 |
| - | - | 410,326 |
| - | 447,572 | 644,753 |
| - | - | 32,998 |
| - | 6,488 | 6,488 |
| 633,950 | - | 3,620,779 |
| - | - | 7,873 |
| - | 334,167 | 334,167 |
| - | - | 107,050 |
| - | 272,997 | 272,997 |
| - | - | 94,892 |
| 633,950 | 1,061,224 | 5,121,997 |
| - | - | 160,364 |
| - | - | 1,018,834 |
| - | 852,194 | 852,194 |
| - | - | 1,006,680 |
| - | - | 1,841,139 |
| - | 202,168 | 202,168 |
| - | 1,054,362 | 5,081,379 |
| 633,950 | 2,115,586 | 10,203,376 |
| - | - | 258,607 |
| - | - | 656 |
| - | - | 259,263 |
| - | 15,017,242 | 15,781,358 |
| 694,834 | 3,865,487 | 1,228,224 |
| 694,834 | 18,882,729 | 17,009,582 |

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS <br> INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Fleet |  | Employee Benefits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPERATING REVENUES |  |  |  |
| Charges for services | \$ | 8,225,997 | 21,972,638 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 13,487 | - |
| Total Operating Revenues |  | 8,239,484 | 21,972,638 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES |  |  |  |
| Personnel services |  | 2,204,759 | - |
| Other operating expenses |  | 6,397,313 | - |
| Health and life insurance |  |  | 20,660,959 |
| Other insurance premiums |  |  | 1,234,877 |
| Damage claims |  | - | - |
| Depreciation |  | 42,691 |  |
| Total Operating Expenses |  | 8,644,763 | 21,895,836 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) |  | $(405,279)$ | 76,802 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) |  |  |  |
| Investment earnings |  | 1,636 | 37,566 |
| Interest (expense) |  | - | - |
| Gain (loss) on sale of equipment |  |  |  |
| Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) |  | 1,636 | 37,566 |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS |  | $(403,643)$ | 114,368 |
| TRANSFERS |  |  |  |
| Transfers In |  | - | 30,000 |
| Total Transfers |  | - | 30,000 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION |  | $(403,643)$ | 144,368 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED |  | $(735,051)$ | $(2,982,442)$ |
| ADOPTION OF GASB75 - CUMULATIVE EFFECT ADJUSTMENT |  | $(954,218)$ | 2,363,005 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED |  | $(1,689,269)$ | $(619,437)$ |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING | \$ | $(2,092,912)$ | $(475,069)$ |


| General Liability | Capital Reserve | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2,208,400 | 32,407,035 |
| - | 72,641 | 86,128 |
| - | 2,281,041 | 32,493,163 |
| - | - | 2,204,759 |
| - | 1,353,985 | 7,751,298 |
| - | - | 20,660,959 |
| 3,850 | - | 1,238,727 |
| 851,755 | - | 851,755 |
| - | 3,900,015 | 3,942,706 |
| 855,605 | 5,254,000 | 36,650,204 |
| $(855,605)$ | $(2,972,959)$ | $(4,157,041)$ |
| 14,248 | 50,184 | 103,634 |
| - | $(26,230)$ | $(26,230)$ |
| - | 713,082 | 713,082 |
| 14,248 | 737,036 | 790,486 |
| $(841,357)$ | $(2,235,923)$ | $(3,366,555)$ |
| 700,000 | 1,810,000 | 2,540,000 |
| 700,000 | 1,810,000 | 2,540,000 |
| $(141,357)$ | $(425,923)$ | $(826,555)$ |
| 836,191 | 19,308,652 | 16,427,350 |
| - | - | 1,408,787 |
| 836,191 | 19,308,652 | 17,836,137 |
| 694,834 | 18,882,729 | 17,009,582 |

## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

|  | Fleet Fund |  | Employee Benefits Fund |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |
| Cash received from customers | \$ | - | 4,517,738 |
| Cash received from interfund charges for services |  | 8,239,484 | 17,454,900 |
| Cash payments for goods and services |  | $(6,511,259)$ | $(21,531,423)$ |
| Cash payments to employees |  | $(2,264,537)$ |  |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities |  | $(536,312)$ | 441,215 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |
| Transfers in (out) |  | - | 30,000 |
| Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities |  | - | 30,000 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED |  |  |  |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets |  | - |  |
| Proceeds from capital debt |  | - | - |
| Payments for capital acquisitions |  | - |  |
| Principal payments |  | - |  |
| Interest paid and fiscal charges |  | - | - |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related |  |  |  |
| Financing Activities |  | - | - |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |
| Receipt of interest |  | 1,894 | 32,416 |
| Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities |  | 1,894 | 32,416 |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH |  | $(534,418)$ | 503,631 |
| CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR |  | 579,421 | 3,120,636 |
| CASH, END OF YEAR |  | 45,003 | 3,624,267 |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET |  |  |  |
| CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: |  |  |  |
| Operating income (loss) |  | $(405,279)$ | 76,802 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: |  |  |  |
| Depreciation |  | 42,691 | - |
| Change in assets and liabilities: |  |  |  |
| (Increase) decrease in accounts and other receivable |  | - | - |
| (Increase) decrease in inventory |  | $(11,662)$ | - |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred outlows related to pensions |  | 527,054 | - |
| (Increase) decrease in deferred outlows related to OPEB |  | $(96,225)$ | - |
| Increase (decrease) in net pension liability |  | $(679,926)$ | - |
| Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability |  | 107,007 | - |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pensions |  | 88,021 | - |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to OPEB |  | 656 | - |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll |  | 1,119 | - |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences |  | $(7,484)$ | - |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable |  | $(56,722)$ | $(33,954)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in other liabilities |  | $(45,562)$ | 398,367 |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | \$ | $(536,312)$ | 441,215 |


| General Liability Fund | Capital Reserve Fund | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | 72,641 | 4,590,379 |
| - | 2,208,400 | 27,902,784 |
| $(742,805)$ | $(1,182,012)$ | $(29,967,499)$ |
| - |  | $(2,264,537)$ |
| $(742,805)$ | 1,099,029 | 261,127 |
| 700,000 | 1,810,000 | 2,540,000 |
| 700,000 | 1,810,000 | 2,540,000 |
| - | 740,691 | 740,691 |
| - | 691,000 | 691,000 |
| - | $(4,664,747)$ | $(4,664,747)$ |
| - | $(470,291)$ | $(470,291)$ |
| - | $(28,428)$ | $(28,428)$ |
| - | $(3,731,775)$ | $(3,731,775)$ |
| 12,452 | 45,133 | 91,895 |
| 12,452 | 45,133 | 91,895 |
| $(30,353)$ | $(777,613)$ | $(838,753)$ |
| 1,356,570 | 4,938,223 | 9,994,850 |
| 1,326,217 | 4,160,610 | 9,156,097 |
| $(855,605)$ | $(2,972,959)$ | $(4,157,041)$ |
| - | 3,900,015 | 3,942,706 |
| - | $(25,362)$ | $(25,362)$ |
| - | - | $(11,662)$ |
| - |  | 527,054 |
| - |  | $(96,225)$ |
| - |  | $(679,926)$ |
| - |  | 107,007 |
| - |  | 88,021 |
| - |  | 656 |
| - |  | 1,119 |
| - |  | $(7,484)$ |
| - | 197,335 | 106,659 |
| 112,800 | - | 465,605 |
| $(742,805)$ | 1,099,029 | 261,127 |

## BEAUM $\otimes N T$

Finance

## STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Beaumont's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

## Contents <br> Page

Financial Trends
129
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

## Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information
147
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

## BEAUM $\otimes N T$

Finance


[^0]Governmental activities
Net investment in capital assets
Governmental activities
Net investment in capital assets
Restricted
Unrestricted
Total governmental activities
Business-type activities
Net investment in capital assets
Restricted
Unrestricted
Total business-type activities
Total business-type activities
net position
Primary government
Net investment in capital assets
Restricted
Unrestricted
Total primary government
net position

[^1]CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(accrual basis of accounting) CHANGES IN NET PGOAL basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

|  | Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government | \$ | 14,879,737 | 13,994,339 | 13,611,409 | 13,749,521 | 15,055,091 | 16,758,992 | 16,218,480 | 19,920,494 | 16,461,499 | 17,139,599 |
| Public safety |  | 73,758,247 | 57,676,156 | 58,527,385 | 60,448,548 | 62,441,823 | 63,728,559 | 63,938,715 | 73,799,214 | 84,386,432 | 77,644,390 |
| Public works |  | 35,561,966 | 33,999,134 | 35,705,525 | 37,758,251 | 37,752,021 | 39,336,043 | 37,493,075 | 38,722,894 | 45,915,421 | 43,586,324 |
| Health and welfare |  | 9,374,347 | 9,658,981 | 9,706,501 | 9,122,310 | 9,439,464 | 9,223,008 | 14,203,424 | 25,100,329 | 21,332,145 | 29,359,243 |
| Culture and recreation |  | 13,037,623 | 13,071,169 | 12,853,055 | 12,931,197 | 13,983,104 | 12,578,727 | 12,080,780 | 12,752,150 | 13,157,491 | 13,582,993 |
| Housing and economic development |  | 5,158,671 | 4,005,377 | 3,101,564 | 3,895,517 | 5,072,471 | 5,011,603 | 4,618,583 | 4,372,302 | 4,188,246 | 4,354,208 |
| Interest on long term debt |  | 6,411,126 | 6,971,319 | 7,293,752 | 7,892,941 | 8,687,154 | 10,569,603 | 9,822,437 | 9,737,521 | 9,518,134 | 8,408,091 |
| Total governmental activities expenses |  | 158,181,717 | 139,376,475 | 140,799,191 | 145,798,285 | 152,431,128 | 157,206,535 | 158,375,494 | 184,404,904 | 194,959,368 | 194,074,848 |
| Business-type activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water |  | 29,257,032 | 29,489,721 | 32,914,864 | 36,345,709 | 36,626,050 | 37,568,455 | 36,130,805 | 36,497,264 | 41,213,605 | 36,224,336 |
| Solid Waste |  | 7,742,028 | 7,700,271 | 7,718,434 | 7,664,085 | 7,926,998 | 8,135,678 | 8,319,961 | 7,700,249 | 8,968,234 | 9,435,562 |
| Total business-type activities expenses |  | 36,999,060 | 37,189,992 | 40,633,298 | 44,009,794 | 44,553,048 | 45,704,133 | 44,450,766 | 44,197,513 | 50,181,839 | 45,659,898 |
| Total primary governmental expenses |  | 195,180,777 | 176,566,467 | 181,432,489 | 189,808,079 | 196,984,176 | 202,910,668 | 202,826,260 | 228,602,417 | 245,141,207 | 239,734,746 |
| Program Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | 453,769 | 480,946 | 71,072 | 249,701 | 285,784 | 302,057 | 290,761 | 299,865 | 57,828 | 80,776 |
| Public safety |  | 3,630,155 | 3,847,567 | 2,379,384 | 2,004,181 | 2,079,686 | 2,652,451 | 2,549,703 | 2,873,370 | 2,265,655 | 2,687,988 |
| Public works |  | 2,609,174 | 2,765,439 | 2,407,533 | 2,501,285 | 1,908,910 | 2,154,157 | 2,131,795 | 2,102,381 | 1,774,826 | 2,307,391 |
| Health and welfare |  | 3,289,828 | 3,486,857 | 4,524,753 | 4,698,857 | 3,498,188 | 4,392,148 | 4,518,104 | 4,658,135 | 3,872,963 | 4,055,248 |
| Culture and recreation |  | 1,361,308 | 1,442,838 | 1,193,488 | 1,272,246 | 1,519,261 | 1,461,387 | 1,481,128 | 1,373,088 | 1,361,823 | 1,409,594 |
| Operating grants and contributions |  | 35,770,353 | 11,954,137 | 9,051,687 | 11,334,916 | 7,308,115 | 8,103,028 | 14,109,691 | 36,119,172 | 21,895,140 | 42,787,076 |
| Capital grants and contributions |  | 25,264,204 | 17,470,998 | 23,601,693 | 5,489,714 | 12,016,231 | 9,533,129 | 16,088,612 | 7,202,017 | 7,115,597 | 5,916,746 |
| Total governmental activities program revenues |  | 72,378,791 | 41,448,782 | 43,229,609 | 27,550,899 | 28,616,175 | 28,598,357 | 41,169,794 | 54,628,028 | 38,343,832 | 59,244,819 |
| Business-type activities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charges for services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water |  | 33,904,140 | 36,350,431 | 41,079,187 | 42,126,438 | 43,072,796 | 45,240,682 | 47,294,889 | 48,301,240 | 48,483,261 | 49,367,232 |
| Solid Waste |  | 9,719,378 | 9,025,813 | 8,326,121 | 8,596,617 | 8,717,900 | 9,898,103 | 10,327,642 | 10,598,305 | 11,000,988 | 12,134,996 |
| Operating grants and contributions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |
| Capital grants and contributions |  | 1,025,119 | 743,285 | 625,348 | 39,156 | 435,245 | 192,304 | 1,051,085 | 2,338,891 | - | 75,000 |
| Total business-type activities program revenues |  | 44,648,637 | 46,119,529 | 50,030,656 | 50,762,211 | 52,225,941 | 55,331,089 | 58,673,616 | 61,238,436 | 59,484,249 | 61,577,228 |
| Total primary government program revenues |  | 117,027,428 | 87,568,311 | 93,260,265 | 78,313,110 | 80,842,116 | 83,929,446 | 99,843,410 | 115,866,464 | 97,828,081 | 120,822,047 |
| Net (Expense) Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Governmental Activities |  | (85,802,926) | (97,927,693) | $(97,569,582)$ | $(118,247,386)$ | (123,814,953) | $(128,608,178)$ | $(117,205,700)$ | (129,776,876) | $(156,615,536)$ | $(134,830,029)$ |
| Business-type Activities |  | 7,649,577 | 8,929,537 | 9,397,358 | 6,752,417 | 7,672,893 | 9,626,956 | 14,222,850 | 17,040,923 | 9,302,410 | 15,917,330 |
| Total Primary government net expense |  | $(78,153,349)$ | (88,998,156) | (88,172,224) | (111,494,969) | (116,142,060) | (118,981,222) | (102,982,850) | (112,735,953) | $(147,313,126)$ | $(118,912,699)$ |

General Revenues
and Other Changes in Net Assets












CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
CHANGES IN NET PSITION, LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)
Total Primary Government
Change in Net Position
Governmental Activities
Business-type Activities
Total Primary Government
Tolal
Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports
CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

|  | Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2009 |  | 2010 | 2011* | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| General Fund |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reserved for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories | \$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Prepaid items |  | 777,163 | 765,720 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| Unreserved |  | 30,064,159 | 30,614,757 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonspendable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prepaid items |  | - | - | 758,242 | 839,219 | 896,794 | 758,478 | 739,837 | 607,910 | 584,449 | 640,199 |
| Unassigned |  | - | - | 31,106,453 | 30,663,868 | 31,126,945 | 31,101,468 | 32,752,343 | 34,512,553 | 35,382,335 | 45,503,195 |
| Total general fund |  | 30,841,322 | 31,380,477 | - | - | 32,023,739 | 31,859,946 | 33,492,180 | 35,120,463 | 35,966,784 | 46,143,394 |
| All Other Governmental Funds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reserved for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories |  | 97,646 | 108,541 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Prepaid Items |  | 54,563 | 54,609 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| Debt Service |  | 2,488,333 | 2,211,163 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Culture and recreation |  | 1,483,465 | 1,343,069 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital projects |  | 5,629,641 | 7,104,162 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Unreserved, reported in: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Special revenue funds |  | $(483,176)$ | 340,636 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital projects funds |  | $(3,847,121)$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonspendable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories |  | - | - | 191,640 | 224,396 | 249,162 | 237,832 | 355,625 | 419,439 | 237,273 | 338,854 |
| Prepaid Items |  | - | - | 43,571 | 46,685 | 335,074 | 516,908 | 517,085 | 31,699 | 35,223 | 426,500 |
| Permanent fund principal |  | - | - | 874,900 | 874,900 | 874,900 | 874,900 | 874,900 | 874,900 | 861,185 | 861,185 |
| Restricted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Airport |  | - | - | 46,473,413 | 52,349,058 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Debt service |  | - | - | 4,196,626 | 5,630,657 | 5,176,401 | 4,485,183 | 4,125,410 | 3,689,919 | 3,254,014 | 3,027,260 |
| Culture and recreation |  | - | - | 1,321,068 | 2,499,257 | 11,126,638 | 8,537,937 | 7,727,721 | 7,345,946 | 5,844,393 | 6,386,686 |
| General government |  | - | - |  | 172,019 | 396,181 | 616,021 | 666,781 | 631,589 | 859,235 | 926,833 |
| Health and welfare |  | - | - | - | - | 2,375 | 4,180,071 | 2,077,992 | 13,825,422 | 10,897,082 | 24,915,656 |
| Public safety |  | - | - | 484,993 | 605,204 | 7,079,415 | 7,056,698 | 5,492,261 | 6,619,052 | 4,408,803 | 2,039,638 |
| Public works |  | - | - | 19,083,936 | 27,594,060 | 94,897,019 | 74,618,687 | 62,653,112 | 49,509,317 | 34,385,678 | 29,175,876 |
| Assigned |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Culture and recreation |  | - | - | 336,208 | 338,601 | 1,331,606 | 881,363 | 779,462 | 867,414 | 1,135,792 | 1,249,935 |
| Public safety |  | - | - | 114,971 | 910 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public works |  | - | - | 720,186 | 552,069 | 6,533,382 | 6,529,289 | 6,300,721 | 3,952,229 | 2,329,871 | 1,993,206 |
| Unassigned |  | - | - | $(969,874)$ | $(149,854)$ | $(143,862)$ | $(598,888)$ | $(523,202)$ | $(15,914)$ | $(3,983,557)$ | $(6,444,499)$ |
| Total all other governmental funds | \$ | 5,423,351 | 11,162,180 | - | - | 127,858,291 | 107,936,001 | 91,047,868 | 87,751,012 | 60,264,992 | 64,897,130 |

[^2]CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

|  | Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| REVENUES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property | \$ | 40,409,738 | 41,888,211 | 44,084,576 | 43,749,171 | 43,641,174 | 46,367,711 | 47,670,102 | 48,357,914 | 49,278,672 | 52,045,643 |
| Gross receipts |  | 12,019,462 | 11,367,860 | 11,067,081 | 11,060,202 | 10,663,902 | 11,065,911 | 11,318,013 | 10,706,995 | 11,262,669 | 12,954,394 |
| Sales |  | 40,597,703 | 33,779,627 | 34,619,069 | 35,399,926 | 40,448,273 | 38,306,699 | 38,035,367 | 39,590,496 | 38,954,160 | 45,789,127 |
| Industrial payments |  | 16,102,794 | 14,745,496 | 13,220,777 | 13,434,606 | 14,926,084 | 16,095,254 | 16,496,988 | 16,690,939 | 17,935,064 | 19,825,025 |
| Licenses and permits |  | 1,793,578 | 1,983,123 | 1,961,700 | 2,122,127 | 1,617,747 | 2,000,446 | 1,974,833 | 2,024,439 | 1,690,014 | 2,009,325 |
| Charges for services |  | 5,061,523 | 5,308,792 | 5,564,204 | 5,248,525 | 5,824,322 | 5,850,125 | 5,930,957 | 5,540,636 | 5,141,507 | 5,434,156 |
| Fines and forfeitures |  | 2,506,248 | 2,268,847 | 2,160,843 | 1,787,194 | 1,780,719 | 2,234,389 | 2,060,595 | 2,385,875 | 1,811,036 | 2,235,565 |
| Recreational activities |  | 558,776 | 703,635 | 731,680 | 858,997 | 881,388 | 840,118 | 891,816 | 851,544 | 786,191 | 873,361 |
| Intergovernmental |  | 58,170,620 | 27,596,309 | 28,705,705 | 17,169,713 | 17,300,969 | 18,804,037 | 29,052,453 | 41,044,036 | 24,870,094 | 48,560,563 |
| Investment earnings |  | 622,599 | 344,306 | 779,717 | 626,155 | 458,103 | 415,333 | 580,715 | 845,981 | 901,475 | 1,282,588 |
| Contributions |  | 68,343 | 71,743 | 292,956 | 867,735 | 230,726 | 172,983 | 260,725 | 483,155 | 485,763 | 284,765 |
| Oil and gas royalties |  |  |  | 47,022,314 | 5,536,704 | 2,423,682 | 179,001 | 28,949 | 3,724 | 13,496 | 9,204 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 1,630,492 | 2,151,473 | 1,728,176 | 2,072,867 | 1,415,437 | 1,367,511 | 1,477,510 | 1,340,369 | 1,706,706 | 2,180,568 |
| Total Revenues |  | 179,541,876 | 142,209,422 | 191,938,798 | 139,933,922 | 141,612,526 | 143,699,518 | 155,779,023 | 169,866,103 | 154,836,847 | 193,484,284 |
| EXPENDITURES: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government |  | 12,954,839 | 12,503,264 | 12,104,942 | 12,194,688 | 13,022,201 | 15,082,293 | 15,247,593 | 15,482,295 | 13,712,938 | 14,840,884 |
| Public safety |  | 69,730,267 | 54,412,742 | 54,961,280 | 57,211,703 | 58,609,854 | 59,952,278 | 60,327,233 | 62,661,615 | 70,220,585 | 67,652,593 |
| Public works |  | 27,224,804 | 25,069,157 | 25,479,631 | 27,278,480 | 24,473,117 | 24,842,966 | 23,869,391 | 23,743,129 | 28,306,335 | 26,869,332 |
| Health and welfare |  | 8,874,226 | 9,353,961 | 9,312,448 | 8,790,819 | 8,957,653 | 8,872,969 | 14,160,955 | 24,504,836 | 20,553,991 | 28,956,033 |
| Culture and recreational |  | 11,403,755 | 11,373,144 | 11,044,808 | 11,027,275 | 11,923,676 | 10,368,210 | 10,088,699 | 10,395,973 | 10,724,054 | 11,561,930 |
| Housing and economic development |  | 5,102,849 | 3,976,142 | 3,063,841 | 3,863,570 | 5,023,865 | 4,978,196 | 4,651,768 | 4,265,066 | 4,078,001 | 4,363,528 |
| Capital outlay |  | 62,011,429 | 40,212,127 | 42,123,890 | 19,465,540 | 14,798,645 | 30,408,945 | 33,862,481 | 22,150,809 | 24,305,520 | 24,208,954 |
| Debt Service: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Principal |  | 8,125,139 | 7,887,848 | 5,545,431 | 4,929,371 | 5,417,450 | 6,313,900 | 7,404,800 | 7,131,900 | 7,168,100 | 8,234,600 |
| Interest and fiscal charges |  | 6,415,269 | 6,974,926 | 7,302,359 | 7,922,791 | 8,581,591 | 10,489,478 | 9,354,487 | 9,301,270 | 9,507,022 | 9,300,119 |
| Bond issuance costs |  |  |  | 574,874 | 534,663 | 449,158 | 52,358 | 467,243 | 461,352 | - | 151,678 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 50,193 | 284,318 |  |  |  | 67,950 |  |  |  |  |
| Total expenditures |  | 211,892,770 | 172,047,629 | 171,513,504 | 153,218,900 | 151,257,210 | 171,429,543 | 179,434,650 | 180,098,245 | 188,576,546 | 196,139,651 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES |  | (32,350,894) | $(29,838,207)$ | 20,425,294 | (13,284,978) | (9,644,684) | (27,730,025) | (23,655,627) | (10,232,142) | (33,739,699) | $(2,655,367)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bond proceeds |  | - | 29,950,000 | 53,165,000 | 46,530,000 | 41,080,000 | 5,010,000 | 41,935,000 | 41,658,000 | - | 9,260,000 |
| Proceeds of refunding bonds |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |
| Bond premium |  | - | $(138,726)$ | 1,609,347 | 3,771,973 | 1,374,532 | $(4,949,858)$ | 5,329,186 | 6,734,631 | - | 904,115 |
| Payment of escrow for refunding |  | - |  | $(19,167,492)$ | $(26,740,390)$ | - |  | $(46,794,458)$ | $(47,929,062)$ | - | - |
| Transfers in |  | 11,206,522 | 11,078,419 | 13,432,227 | 12,900,570 | 65,431,906 | 12,662,000 | 13,597,000 | 13,322,000 | 16,289,966 | 16,164,966 |
| Transfers out |  | (9,301,722) | $(3,942,419)$ | (7,270,700) | $(5,672,459)$ | (60,600,773) | $(5,078,200)$ | $(5,667,000)$ | $(5,222,000)$ | $(9,189,966)$ | $(8,864,966)$ |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) |  | 1,904,800 | 36,947,274 | 41,768,382 | 30,789,694 | 47,285,665 | 7,643,942 | 8,399,728 | 8,563,569 | 7,100,000 | 17,464,115 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | \$ | $(30,446,094)$ | 7,109,067 | 62,193,676 | 17,504,716 | 37,640,981 | $(20,086,083)$ | (15,255,899) | $(1,668,573)$ | $(26,639,699)$ | 14,808,748 |
| Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures |  | 9.7\% | 11.3\% | 9.9\% | 9.6\% | 10.3\% | 11.9\% | 11.5\% | 10.4\% | 10.2\% | 10.3\% |



[^3][^4]
$\leftrightarrow$

Source：Jefferson County Appraisal District City Report of Property Values
CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (per \$100 of assessed value) Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)


Table 8

Source: Jefferson County Appraisal District
(a) Total taxable value including real and personal property for tax year 2017 (fiscal year 2018) is $\$ 7,426,450,851$
(b) Total taxable value including real and personal property for tax year 2008 (fiscal year 2009) is $\$ 6,332,199,832$


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |


| Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amount | Percentage of Levy |
| 39,063,289 | 97.29 \% |
| 40,495,321 | 97.72 |
| 42,849,710 | 97.14 |
| 41,968,481 | 98.54 |
| 42,312,864 | 98.13 |
| 45,351,010 | 97.41 |
| 46,076,417 | 97.35 |
| 46,651,392 | 97.45 |
| 48,372,192 | 97.47 |
| 51,373,351 | 97.57 |



CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
Last Ten Fiscal Years
-
Business-Type Activities
$\leftrightarrow$



|  |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| Other |  |
| Obligations |  |
| 628,674 | $\$$ |
| $2,515,899$ |  |
| $2,012,957$ |  |
| $1,901,550$ |  |
| 667,821 |  |
| $25,863,900$ |  |
| $23,300,021$ |  |
| $29,514,768$ |  |
| $28,204,702$ |  |
| $23,205,443$ |  |

$\oplus$


|  |  <br>  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $\theta$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | $\theta$ |
|  |  |

[^5][^6]| $\overline{ \pm} \stackrel{\stackrel{n}{0}}{\substack{0}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { - } \end{aligned}$ | - | $$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hat{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N} \\ & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{i} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\top} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { م } \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \cdots \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\oplus$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of September 30, 2018
(Unaudited)
Table 12
CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Includes operating and non-operating revenues.
${ }^{\text {b }}$ Includes operating expenses minus depreciation plus transfers out.
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
Note:
Source:
CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
Table 14


## CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

| 2018 |  |  | 2009 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employer | Employees | Percentage of Total City Employment | Employer | Employees | Percentage of Total City Employment |
| Lamar University | 2,546 | 5.04 \% | Conn Appliances Inc | 3,419 | 6.30 \% |
| Beaumont Independent School District | 2,317 | 4.59 | Beaumont Independent School District | 2,909 | 5.36 |
| ExxonMobil Corporation | 2,189 | 4.34 | Christus St Elizabeth Hospital | 1,783 | 3.28 |
| Christus St Elizabeth Hospital | 2,136 | 4.23 | Memorial Hermann Baptist Hospital | 1,880 | 3.46 |
| Memorial Hermann Baptist Hospital | 1,653 | 3.28 | City of Beaumont | 1,343 | 2.47 |
| City of Beaumont | 1,293 | 2.57 | Lamar University | 1,203 | 2.22 |
| Jefferson County | 1,155 | 2.29 | Jefferson County | 1,193 | 2.20 |
| Burrow Global Services | 785 | 1.56 | CB\&I Matrix Engineering | 752 | 1.39 |
| Conn Appliances Inc | 617 | 1.22 | ENGlobal Corporation | 468 | 0.86 |
| Alorica | 372 | 0.74 | Wal-Mart SuperCenter | 450 | 0.83 |
| Total | 15,066 | 29.85\% |  | 15,400 | 28.37\% |

[^7]

| 2018 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Company | Water Consumption (gallons) |  | Revenue |
| TDCJ / Utilities \& Energy | 322,374,000 | \$ | 2,723,436 |
| Federal Correctional Complex | 223,235,000 |  | 1,693,202 |
| Lamar University | 152,665,800 |  | 802,831 |
| Chemtrade Refinery | 85,665,000 |  | 613,443 |
| Mobil Oil Company | 76,691,600 |  | 490,209 |
| Christus St. Elizabeth Hospital | 63,918,400 |  | 593,639 |
| Memorial Herman Baptist Hospital | 49,366,900 |  | 224,159 |
| G E Betz Chemical | 48,793,500 |  | 210,599 |
| Lucite International Inc | 43,094,000 |  | 260,604 |
| BISD | 38,582,500 |  | 326,230 |
| Total | 1,104,386,700 | \$ | 7,938,352 |

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years
CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAN
Last Ten Fiscal Years
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

| Function/Program | Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| Public Safety |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Police |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of Sworn Employees | 265 | 264 | 262 | 259 | 260 | 260 | 260 | 260 | 260 | 260 |
| Number of Civilian Employees | 34 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 42 | 75 | 65 |
| Number of Calls for Service | 163,389 | 164,949 | 151,380 | 154,216 | 163,177 | 154,855 | 147,258 | 149,972 | 159,392 | 152,140 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of Sworn Employees | 234 | 234 | 234 | 234 | 234 | 234 | 234 | 234 | 234 | 234 |
| Number of Civilian Employees | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Number of Fire runs | 15,908 | 16,121 | 16,312 | 16,332 | 15,645 | 16,194 | 16,947 | 18,588 | 19,938 | 20,095 |
| EMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of Employees | 45 | 45 | 45 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 46 | 46 |
| Number of EMS runs | 16,859 | 16,233 | 16,134 | 16,585 | 16,919 | 17,754 | 19,107 | 19,458 | 19,492 | 19,593 |
| Cultural and Recreational |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parks and Recreation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Participants in Leisure Service Programs | 37,382 | 44,468 | 82,204 | 90,358 | 98,542 | 58,447 | 65,750 | 124,042 | 82,183 | 69,268 |
| Participants in Athletic Programs | 21,491 | 81,058 | 84,928 | 46,743 | 58,724 | 54,844 | 39,170 | 37,892 | 54,276 | 63,406 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of Paid Rounds Played | 28,876 | 22,068 | 24,141 | 20,871 | 30,611 | 25,974 | 24,299 | 22,501 | 25,484 | 24,735 |
| Library |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volumes in Collection | 376,348 | 366,975 | 326,187 | 309,665 | 295,878 | 294,454 | 303,127 | 309,694 | 315,331 | 327,678 |
| Water and Sewer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of Water Connections | 42,364 | 42,389 | 42,431 | 42,472 | 42,411 | 42,516 | 42,603 | 42,652 | 44,861 | 51,213 |
| Average Daily Water Consumption (gallons) | 25.95 MGD | 27.35 MGD | 29.42 MGD | 27.35 MGD | 25.729 MGD | 24.807 MGD | 22.618 MGD | 22.658 MGD | 20.666 MGD | 22.069 MGD |
| Maximum Storage Capacity (gallons) | 24.4 MG | 24.4 MG | 24.4 MG | 24.4 MGD | 24.4 MGD | 24.4 MGD | 24.4 MGD | 24.4 MG | 24.4 MG | 24.4 MG |
| Sanitation (residential) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refuse Collected (tons) | 52,384 | 48,699 | 48,192 | 50,140 | 46,927 | 44,464 | 44,085 | 41,930 | 37,417 | 38,725 |
| Bulky/Brush Pickups (tons) | 80,763 | 66,478 | 60,031 | 47,333 | 52,325 | 53,688 | 45,873 | 44,937 | 68,631 | 57,373 |
| Tires (tons) | 1,331 | 2,572 | 4,546 | 2,191 | 3,415 | 416 | 441 | 196 | 339 | 291 |
| White Goods (tons) | 376 | 788 | 290 | 89 | 65 | 2 | 20 | 19 | 11 | 3 |
| Compost (tons) | 24,033 | 13,636 | 15,976 | 12,999 | 21,525 | 2,954 | 4,074 | 3,200 | 3,141 | 2,852 |

Source: City of Beaumont Annual Operating Budget; City Departments

| Function/Program | Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| Public Safety |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Police Stations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Police Substations | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| Police Patrol Units | 91 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 117 | 126 | 127 |
| Police Motorcycle Units | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Fire Stations | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Public Works |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Streets- Paved (miles) | 726 | 726 | 726 | 726 | 726 | 660 | 660 | 660 | 660 | 660 |
| Streets - Unpaved (miles) | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 |
| Cultural and Recreational |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parks and Recreation Area: | 37 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 37 | 37 | 37 |
| Parks (acres) | 2,198 | 2,145 | 2,145 | 2,198 | 2,198 | 2,198 | 2,198 | 2,198 | 2,198 | 2,198 |
| Swimming Pools | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Water Playgrounds | 11 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Softball Fields | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Community Centers | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Show Mobile | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Tennis Courts | 27 | 24 | 24 | 32 | 32 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 34 |
| Golf Courses | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Activity Center | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Senior Center | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Water and Sewer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water Mains (miles) | 768 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 844 | 760 | 760 |
| Fire Hydrants | 4,036 | 4,145 | 4,211 | 4,292 | 4,370 | 4,426 | 4,481 | 4,554 | 4,587 | 4,607 |
| Sanitary Sewers (miles) | 768 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 770 | 760 | 760 |

[^8]


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[^9]ACTIVE AND RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE COSTS
Last Ten Fiscal Years


Average

## BEAUM $\otimes N T$

Finance


[^0]:    CITY OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS Last Ten Fiscal Years
    (accrual basis of accounting)
    (Unaudited)

[^1]:    Significant change to net position related to implementation of GASB 68 in FY 2015 and GASB 75 in FY 2018
    Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

[^2]:    * Fund balance classifications were changed in FY2011 per GASB 54
    Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

[^3]:    

[^4]:    ${ }^{(b)}$ Represents the first three quarters of the fiscal year. The fourth quarter is not currently available.

[^5]:    Source: Debt Service Report

[^6]:    

[^7]:    Source: Local companies

    * Estimate

[^8]:    Source: City Departments

[^9]:    CITY OF BEAUMONT，TEXAS

