AudioCodes One Voice for Skype For Business

One-Voice Resiliency with SIP Trunking

For Branch Sites in Microsoft[™] Skype for Business Environments

Version 7.2



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Notice

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Abbreviations and Terminology

Each abbreviation, unless widely used, is spelled out in full when first used.

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Document Revision Record

LTRT	Description
10720	Initial document release.
10721	HA support and corresponding configuration.
10723	Mediant 1000B and Mediant Virtual Edition SBC added; configuration updated for multiple Front End Servers (Enterprise Pool).
10724	SIP forking configuration added
10727	Added support for the Mediant 800C platform.
10729	Update to Section 'One-Voice Resiliency Constraints'.
10730	IP Phone Manager section updated to Device Manager.

Documentation Feedback

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1 Introduction

AudioCodes' One-Voice Resiliency (OVR) feature is a sophisticated and powerful VoIP application that runs on AudioCodes Mediant[™] 800C, Mediant[™] 800B, Mediant 1000B, or Mediant Virtual Edition SBC device, providing call survivability (branch-site resiliency) to AudioCodes IP Phone users at the branch site upon connectivity failure with the datacenter (central site or Enterprise headquarters) in a Microsoft® Lync[™] Server / Skype for Business environment. The OVR solution is offered per branch site containing an AudioCodes Mediant device co-located with AudioCodes Skype for Business-compatible IP Phones. The solution can also include AudioCodes Web-based management tool, *IP Phone Management Interface*, enabling initial, mass provisioning of the IP Phones. Once-Voice Resiliency is a cost-effective solution, eliminating the need for costly Microsoft licenses and server.

For the Mediant 800C, Mediant 800B and Mediant 1000B devices, in addition to branch-site resiliency, the OVR solution can also provide optional Gateway (Enhanced Gateway) and SBC functionalities, servicing all users in the Lync Server / Skype for Business environment in normal operation. If ordered with PSTN interfaces, the device can provide connectivity to the PSTN, enabling users (at branch and central sites) to make and receive PSTN calls during normal operation. In survivability mode, the device maintains PSTN services to the branch site users. The device can also provide direct connectivity to a SIP trunking service, enabling branch site users to make and receive calls during survivability mode.

A high-level illustration of a typical OVR deployment topology is shown below:

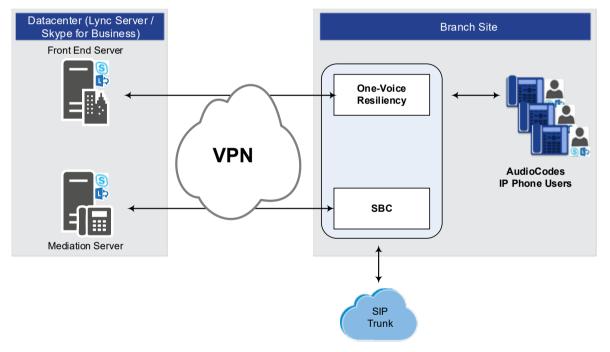


Figure 1-1: Typical OVR Deployment

OVR is also supported when the Mediant 800C, Mediant 800B or Mediant VE operate in High-Availability (HA) mode, in both Normal and Survivability (Limited Service) OVR modes. The only special configuration besides the usual HA and OVR configuration, is configuration for handling session expiry (see Section 3.8). For HA configuration, please refer to the *Mediant 1000B Gateway and E-SBC User's Manual, Mediant 800 Gateway & E-SBC User's Manual, Mediant VE SBC User's Manual or Mediant VE SBC User's Manual.*

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Notes:

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- OVR is a Feature-Key dependent feature. For more information, contact your AudioCodes sales representative.
- OVR supports Lync and Skype for Business environments.
- OVR supports Multiple Front End Servers (Enterprise Pool).
- Throughout this document, where Skype for Business is mentioned, it also applies to Lync Server.

1.1 Feature Comparison between SBA and OVR

The table below provides a comparative analysis between AudioCodes' Survivable Branch Appliance (SBA) and OVR in survivability mode.

Feature	SBA	OVR
Clients (e.g., computer-installed clients)	\checkmark	Only AudioCodes IP Phones 400HD Series
Inbound and outbound public switched telephone network (PSTN) calls	\checkmark	\checkmark
Calls between users at the same site	\checkmark	\checkmark
Basic call handling, including call hold, retrieval, and transfer	\checkmark	\checkmark
Contact search	√ (if connectivity with Active Directory at datacenter)	√ (if connectivity with Active Directory at datacenter)
Calls between users in two different sites (via PSTN)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Two-party instant messaging (IM)	\checkmark	×
Call forwarding, simultaneous ringing of endpoints, call delegation, and team call services	\checkmark	×
User authentication	\checkmark	\checkmark
Voice mail capabilities (via PSTN)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Voice mail to unanswered calls (via PSTN)	\checkmark	\checkmark
IM, Web, and A/V conferencing	×	×
Presence and Do Not Disturb (DND)-based routing	×	×
Response Group application and Call Park application	×	×
Inter-site data (Desktop Sharing, App Sharing, etc.)	×	×
Conferencing via Conference server	×	×
Enhanced 9-1-1 (E9-1-1)	×	×

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Table 1-1: Feature Comparison between SBA and OVR in Survivability Mode

1.2 Compatible Software Versions

The table below lists the software versions that are compatible with the OVR solution.

Table 1-2: Compatible Software Versions for OVR Solution

Device	Software Version
Mediant 800B Gateway & E-SBC Mediant 1000B Gateway & E-SBC Mediant VE SBC	SIP_ 7.20A.104 or later
Mediant 800C	SIP_ 7.2.202 or later
400HD Series IP Phones	UC_3.0.0.575.40 or later



Note: HA with OVR is supported only by Mediant 800B Gateway & E-SBC and Mediant VE SBC running Software Version 7.2.150 or later.

1.3 One-Voice Resiliency Constraints

OVR currently includes the following constraints:

- Supports only AudioCodes IP Phones; all other phones (Skype for Business clients or vendor phones) are not supported and operate according to Microsoft Front End Server or Edge Server.
- For security purposes, the OVR allows only IP Phone users who are currently registered with the Front End server ("approved") to receive service during survivability mode.
- OVR provides almost identical voice functionality in survivability mode as the SBA, with a few exceptions (see Section 1.3).
- For the maximum number of branch site users supported by OVR, refer to the <u>SBC-Gateway-MSBR Series Release Notes</u>.
- OVR supports 3PIP with Microsoft Teams (only AudioCodes IP Phones).

2 Overview

This chapter provides a description of the OVR operation in normal mode and survivability mode.

2.1 Normal Mode

In normal mode of operation, OVR acts as an outbound proxy server for the IP Phone users, by seamlessly and transparently forwarding calls between the IP Phone users at the branch site and the Skype for Business based datacenter, which handles the call routing process (SIP INVITE messages). OVR either forwards the calls to Skype for Business Front End Server or Edge Server, depending on network architecture.

During normal mode, OVR stores information of the IP Phone users (e.g., phone number). Thus, in effect, not only are the IP Phone users registered with the Front End Server at the datacenter, but also with OVR. OVR uses the information for classifying incoming calls from IP Phone users as well as for routing calls between IP Phone users during call survivability when connectivity with the datacenter is down.

Direct media is employed in Skype for Business environments, whereby media does not traverse OVR, but flows directly between the IP Phone users. No special OVR configuration is required for this support.

Call flow example scenarios in the OVR solution when in normal mode are listed below:

IP Phone-to-IP Phone Calls:

IP Phone \rightarrow OVR \rightarrow Front End Server \rightarrow OVR \rightarrow IP Phone

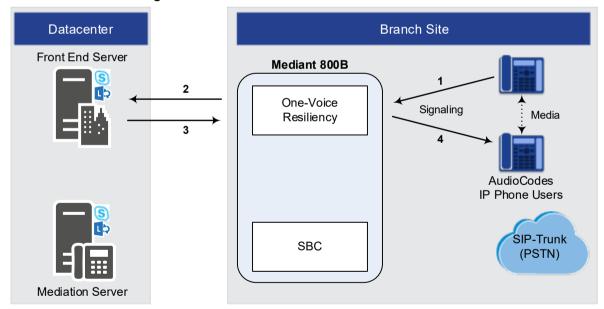


Figure 2-1: Normal Mode - Calls between IP Phones

IP Phone-to-PSTN Calls:

IP Phone \rightarrow OVR \rightarrow Front End Server \rightarrow Mediation Server \rightarrow SBC \rightarrow SIP-Trunk

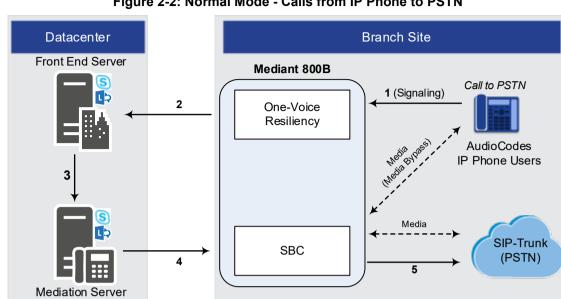
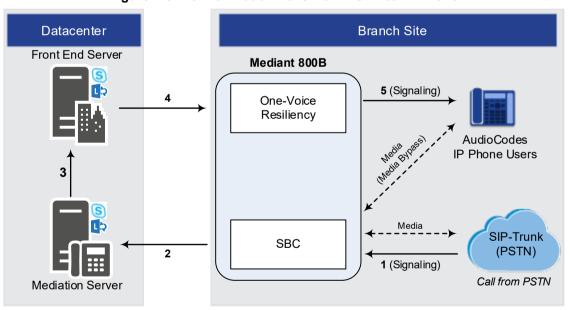


Figure 2-2: Normal Mode - Calls from IP Phone to PSTN

PSTN-to-IP Phone Calls:

SIP-Trunk \rightarrow SBC \rightarrow Mediation Server \rightarrow Front End Server \rightarrow OVR \rightarrow IP Phone Figure 2-3: Normal Mode - Calls from PSTN to IP Phone



- PC Client (Skype for Business) to IP Phone Calls: PC client \rightarrow Front End Server \rightarrow OVR \rightarrow IP Phone
- **IP Phone-to-PC Client Calls:** IP Phone \rightarrow OVR \rightarrow Front End Server \rightarrow PC client

PC Client-to-PSTN Calls: PC client \rightarrow Front End Server \rightarrow Mediation Server \rightarrow SBC \rightarrow SIP-Trunk

2.2 Survivability Mode

OVR enters *survivability* mode of operation upon detection of connectivity loss with the Skype for Business based datacenter. In survivability mode, OVR acts as an SBA, providing voice connectivity at branch level and takes over the handling of call routing for the IP Phone users at the branch site. It enables call routing between the IP Phone users themselves, and between the IP Phone users and other optionally deployed entities such as a SIP Trunk and/or a PSTN network, where users can make and receive calls through the SIP Trunk and/or PSTN respectively.

When OVR enters survivability mode, it notifies the IP Phones that they are now in Limited Services state (displayed on the LCD). During this mode, some advanced Microsoft unified communication features provided by Skype for Business (e.g., presence) become unavailable (see Section 1.3 for supported features during survivability). The OVR provides a mechanism to allow fast restoration of services, to the IP Phone users once connectivity to the Front End server is restored. In addition, the OVR provides immediate but gradual registration mechanism, eliminating an "avalanche" or surge of user registrations on the Front End server.

In survivability mode, the OVR maintains the connection and provides services only to users that have been authorized (registered) by the Front End Server. However, the OVR also provide services to IP Phone users that are no longer registered due to maintenance reasons (e.g., IP Phone reset or upgrade). This maintenance "grace" period is configurable (see Section 3.14).

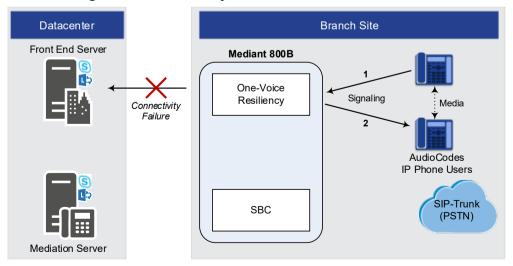
OVR handles call routing based on IP Phone user information that it accumulated during normal operation, as mentioned in Section 2.1. It identifies (classifies) incoming calls as received from IP Phone users based on the caller's IP address and routes the call to the destination based on the called telephone number. Only registered IP Phone users are processed; calls from unregistered IP Phone users are rejected. If the called telephone number is a branch site IP Phone user that is registered with OVR, the call is routed to the IP Phone user. If the called telephone number is not listed in OVR registration database, the call is routed to the PSTN if the setup includes PSTN connectivity; otherwise, the call is rejected. Upon connectivity loss with the Front End server, currently active calls are maintained by the OVR (but may disconnect after a certain period of time).

When OVR detects that connectivity with the datacenter has been restored, it exits survivability mode and begins normal operation mode, forwarding calls transparently between the IP Phones and the datacenter. Full unified communication features provided by Skype for Business are also restored to the IP Phones.

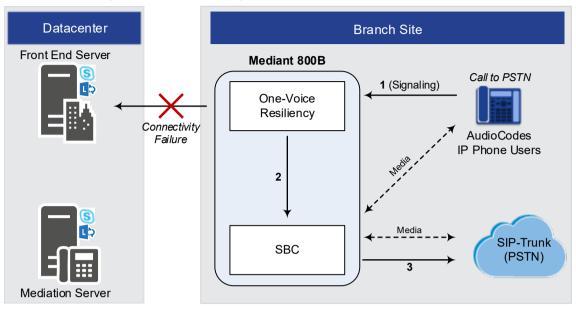
Call flow example scenarios in the OVR solution when in survivability mode are shown below:

IP Phone-to-IP Phone Calls: IP Phone \rightarrow OVR \rightarrow IP Phone

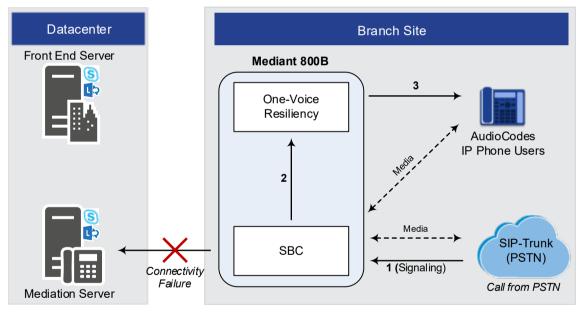
Figure 2-4: Survivability Mode - Calls between IP Phones







PSTN-to-IP Phone Calls: SIP-Trunk \rightarrow SBC \rightarrow OVR \rightarrow IP Phone



3 Configuring the Device for OVR

This chapter provides step-by-step instructions on how to configure AudioCodes' device for OVR. It is based on the following example network topology:

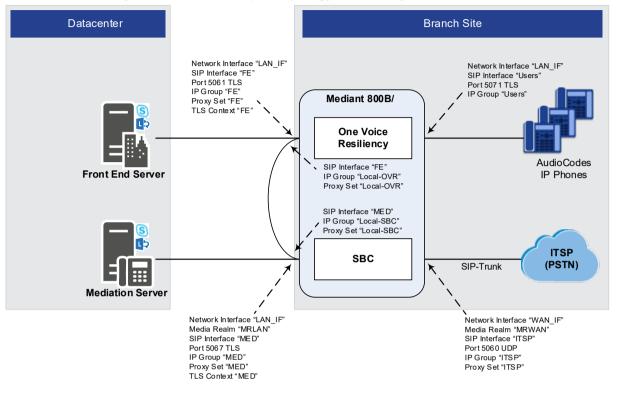


Figure 3-1: OVR Example Topology and Configuration Entities

Notes:

• Throughout this document, illustrations show only Mediant 800B as an example.



- Configuration described in this chapter is based on the example setup scenario. Configuration for your deployment may be different depending on your specific deployment topology and architecture.
- Once you have completed configuration, make sure that you **reset the device with a save configuration to flash memory ("burn")**; otherwise, configuration will be lost after any subsequent device reset or power shut down.

The table below provides a summary of the main entities that need to be configured:

Configuration Entity	Configuration Requirement
Network Interface	 2 Network Interfaces were configured with the following: LAN network interface of 10.15.44.112. runs SIP signaling, Media and OAMP. WAN network interface of 195.189.192.111 runs SIP signaling and Media.
TLS Contexts	 TLS certification (TLS Context) is required for the following: Traffic between SBC and Mediation Server. This TLS configuration uses the default TLS Context (ID 0). Traffic between OVR and Front End Server. This TLS configuration uses TLS Context ID 1.

Table 3-1: Summary of Required Configuration

Configuration Entity	Configuration Requirement					
Media Realm	2 Medi	a Realm were configured with the follo	wing:			
	• LAN Media Realm for media traffic for Mediation Server used with a port range of 6000-6999 on the LAN network interface.					
		N Media Realm for media traffic for S 9 on the WAN network interface.	IP Trunk used with a	a port range of 7000-		
SIP Interfaces	SIP Int	erfaces need to be configured for the f	following:			
		diation Server ("MED"): Interfaces wi				
	• Front End Server ("FE"): Interfaces with the Front End Server (port 5061). A TLS Context (TLS certificate) must be associated with the interface.					
	 Context (TLS certificate) must be associated with the interface. Skype users ("Users"): Interfaces with Skype for Business users (IP Phones) at 					
		nch site (port 5071).				
	 SIP 	Trunk Provider ("ITSP"): Interfaces	with SIP-Trunk at br	anch site (port 5060)		
Proxy Sets	Proxy \$	Sets need to be configured for the follo	owing:			
		diation Server ("MED"): Address and	•			
		ress can be an FQDN that is resolved				
	 Front End Server ("FE"): Address and port of the FE (for a single FE) or FQDN fo an Enterprise Pool. 					
	 SIP 	Trunk Provider ("ITSP"): Address an	nd port of the ITSP.			
	 Local SBC ("Local-SBC"): Internal device leg entity that represents the 					
	• Local OVR ("Local-OVR"): Internal device leg entity that represents the OVR leg.					
IP Groups	IP Groups need to be configured for the following:					
	 Mediation Server ("MED"): Server-type IP Group for the Mediation Server. A typical IP Profile for interoperating with Skype for Business must be associated. The IP Group's mode of operation must be set to default. 					
	 Front End Server ("FE"): Server-type IP Group for the FE. The IP Group's mode of operation must be set to Microsoft Server. It is recommended not associate an IP Profile. 					
	 Sky Pho 	r pe users ("Users"): User-type IP Gro ones). The IP Group's mode of operation en the device is in HA mode, an IP Pro	on must be set to Mi	crosoft Server.		
			("ITSP"): Server-type IP Group for the Sip Trunk. A typical IP			
	Profile for interoperating with ITSP need to be associated. The IP Group's mode of					
	 operation must be set to default. Local SBC ("Local-SBC"): Internal IP Group that represents the SBC leg. 					
		al OVR ("Local-OVR"): Internal IP Gr		-		
Classification Rules All Server-type IP Groups must be of The User-type IP Group must be classification Rules and the User-type IP Group must be classification Rules and the User-type IP Group must be classification Rules and the Rules and		ver-type IP Groups must be classified ser-type IP Group must be classified ad ssification table).	by Proxy Set (config	jured in the IP Group)		
SBC IP-to-IP	Rule	Call Scenario	From (Source)	To (Destination)		
Routing Rules	0	Terminate incoming OPTIONS from Mediation / ITSP	Any	Internal		
	1	Calls from users to Front End Server.	Users	Front End Server		
	2	Calls between users if unable to route to Front End Server (alternative route for 1).	Users	Users		

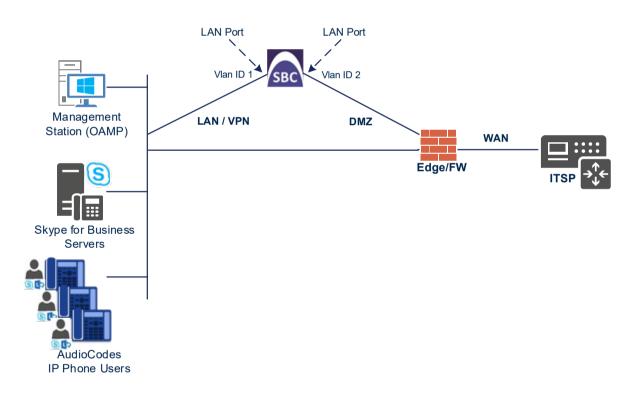
Configuration Entity	Configuration Requirement			
	3	Calls from users to Local-SBC if unable to route to Front End Server (alternative route for 1). This is for calls made to the PSTN.	Users	Local-SBC
	4	Calls from Local-SBC to PSTN	Local-SBC	ITSP
	5	Calls from Front End Server to users.	Front End Server	Users
	6	Calls from PSTN to Mediation Server	ITSP	MED
	7	Call Transfer from users in Resiliency mode (alternative route for 6)	ITSP	Local-OVR
	8	Calls from PSTN to Local-OVR if unable to route to Mediation Server (alternative route for 6) This is for calls made to the Users	ITSP	Local-OVR
	9	Calls from Local-OVR to Users	Local-OVR	Users
	10	Calls from Mediation to PSTN	MED	ITSP

3.1 Step 1: IP Network Interfaces Configuration

This step describes how to configure the E-SBC's IP network interfaces. There are several ways to deploy the E-SBC; however, this interoperability test topology employs the following deployment method:

- E-SBC interfaces with the following IP entities:
 - Skype for Business environment, located on the LAN
 - ITSP SIP Trunk, located on the WAN
- Physical connection: The type of physical connection to the LAN depends on the method used to connect to the Enterprise's network. In the interoperability test topology, E-SBC connects to the LAN and DMZ using dedicated LAN ports (i.e., two physical ports are used).
- E-SBC also uses two logical network interfaces:
 - LAN (VLAN ID 1)
 - DMZ (VLAN ID 2)

Figure 3-2: Network Interfaces in Interoperability Test Topology



3.1.1 Step 1a: Configure VLANs

This step describes how to define VLANs for each of the following interfaces:

- LAN VoIP (assigned the name "LAN_IF")
- WAN VoIP (assigned the name "WAN_IF")

To configure the VLANs:

- Open the Ethernet Device table (Setup menu > IP Network tab > Core Entities folder > Ethernet Devices).
- There will be one existing row for VLAN ID 1 and underlying interface GROUP_1. Add another VLAN ID 2 for the WAN side as follows:

Parameter	Value
Index	1
VLAN ID	2
Underlying Interface	GROUP_2 (Ethernet port group)
Name	vlan 2
Tagging	Untagged

Figure 3-3: Configured VLAN IDs in Ethernet Device

Ethernet Devices (2)					
+ New Edit	â	 Page 1 of 1 >> >> Sho 	w 10 🔻 records per pa	ge 🖉	С
INDEX 🗢	VLAN ID	UNDERLYING INTERFAC	E NAME	TAGGING	
0	1	GROUP_1	vlan 1	Untagged	
1	2	GROUP_2	vlan 2	Untagged	

3.1.2 Step 1b: Configure Network Interfaces

This step describes how to configure the IP network interfaces for each of the following interfaces:

- LAN VoIP (assigned the name "LAN_IF")
- WAN VoIP (assigned the name "WAN_IF")

To configure the IP network interfaces:

- Open the IP Interfaces table (Setup menu > IP Network tab > Core Entities folder > IP Interfaces).
- 2. Modify the existing LAN network interface:
 - a. Select the 'Index' radio button of the OAMP + Media + Control table row, and then click Edit.
 - **b.** Configure the interface as follows:

Parameter	Value
Name	LAN_IF (arbitrary descriptive name)
Ethernet Device	vlan 1
IP Address	10.15.45.112 (LAN IP address of E-SBC)
Prefix Length	16 (i.e., 255.255.0.0)
Default Gateway	10.15.0.1 (LAN router's IP address)
Primary DNS	10.15.28.1

- 3. Add a network interface for the WAN side:
 - a. Click New.
 - b. Configure the interface as follows:

Parameter	Value
Name	WAN_IF
Application Type	Media + Control
Ethernet Device	vlan 2
IP Address	195.189.192.141 (DMZ IP address of E-SBC)
Prefix Length	25 (subnet mask in bits for 255.255.255.128)
Default Gateway	195.189.192.129 (router's IP address)
Primary DNS	8.8.8.8

The configured IP network interfaces are shown below:

Figure 3-4: Configured Network Interfaces in IP Interfaces Table

INDEX 🗢	NAME	APPLICATION TYPE	INTERFACE MODE	IP ADDRESS	PREFIX LENGTH	DEFAULT GATEWAY	PRIMARY DNS	SECONDARY DNS	ETHERNET DEVICE
0	LAN_IF	OAMP + Media + (IPv4 Manual	10.15.45.112	16	10.15.0.1	10.15.28.1	0.0.0.0	vlan 1
1	WAN_IF	Media + Control	IPv4 Manual	195.189.192.141	25	195.189.192.129	8.8.8.8	0.0.0.0	vlan 2

3.2 Step 2: Enable the SBC Application

This step describes how to enable the SBC application.

To enable the SBC application:

 Open the Applications Enabling page (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > Core Entities folder > Applications Enabling).

Figure 3-5: Enabling SBC Application

Applications Enabling		
GENERAL		
SBC Application	Enable	* 5

- 2. From the 'SBC Application' drop-down list, select Enable.
- 3. Click Apply.
- 4. Reset the E-SBC with a burn to flash for this setting to take effect (see Section 3.14 on page 46).

3.3 Step 3: SIP TLS Connection Configuration

This section describes how to configure the E-SBC for using a TLS connection with the Skype for Business Server 2015 Mediation Server. This is essential for a secure SIP TLS connection.

3.3.1 Step 3a: Configure the NTP Server Address

This step describes how to configure the NTP server's IP address. It is recommended to implement an NTP server (Microsoft NTP server or a third-party server) to ensure that the E-SBC receives the accurate and current date and time. This is necessary for validating certificates of remote parties.

- > To configure the NTP server address:
- 1. Open the Time & Date page (Setup menu > Administration tab > Time & Date).
- 2. In the 'Primary NTP Server Address' field, enter the IP address of the NTP server (e.g., **10.15.27.1**).

Figure 3-6: Configuring NTP Server Address

NTP SERVER	
Primary NTP Server Address (IP or FQDN)	10.15.27.1
Secondary NTP Server Address (IP or FQDN)	
NTP Update Interval	Hours: 24 Minutes: 0
NTP Authentication Key Identifier	0
NTP Authentication Secret Key	

3. Click Apply.

3.3.2 Step 3b: Configure TLS for Mediation Server

This step describes how to configure the E-SBC for using a TLS connection with the Skype for Business Server 2015 Mediation Server. This is essential for a secure SIP TLS connection.

3.3.2.1 Configure TLS Version

This section describes how to configure the E-SBC to use TLS only. AudioCodes recommends implementing only TLS to avoid flaws in SSL.

Configure TLS version:

- Open the TLS Contexts table (Setup menu > IP Network tab > Security folder > TLS Contexts).
- 2. In the TLS Contexts table, select the required TLS Context index row (usually default index 0 will be used), and then click 'Edit'.
- 3. From the 'TLS Version' drop-down list, select 'TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2'

Figure 3-7: Configuring TLS version

TLS Contex	xts [MED]					– ×
						^.
G	ENERAL			OCSP		
In	ndex	0		OCSP Server	Disable	-
Na	ame •	MED		Primary OCSP Server	•	
π	LS Version •	TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2	►	Secondary OCSP Server		
D	TLS Version	Any	~	OCSP Port	2560] :
G	ipher Server	RC4:AES128		OCSP Default Response	Reject	·
G	ipher Client	DEFAULT				
St	trict Certificate Extension Validation	Disable	\checkmark			
DI	H key Size	1024	~			
I						
						~
			_			
			Cancel A	VPPLY		

4. Click Apply.

3.3.2.2 Configure Certificate

This section describes how to exchange a certificate with Microsoft Certificate Authority (CA). The certificate is used by the E-SBC to authenticate the connection with Skype for Business 2015 Mediation Server. The procedure involves the following main steps:

- 1. Generating a Certificate Signing Request (CSR).
- 2. Requesting Device Certificate from CA.
- 3. Obtaining Trusted Root Certificate from CA.
- 4. Deploying Device and Trusted Root Certificates on E-SBC.

To configure a certificate:

- Open the TLS Contexts page (Setup menu > IP Network tab > Security folder > TLS Contexts).
- 2. In the TLS Contexts page, select the required TLS Context index row, and then click the **Change Certificate** link located below the table; the Context Certificates page appears.
- 3. Under the Certificate Signing Request group, do the following:
 - a. In the 'Subject Name [CN]' field, enter the E-SBC FQDN name (e.g., ITSP.S4B.interop).
 - **b.** Fill in the rest of the request fields according to your security provider's instructions.
 - **c.** Click the **Create CSR** button; a textual certificate signing request is displayed in the area below the button:

Figure 3-8: Certificate Signing Request – Creating CSR

• TLS Context [#0] > Context Certificates	
CERTIFICATE SIGNING REQUEST	
Subject Name [CN]	ITSP.S4B.interop
Organizational Unit [OU] (optional)	
Company name [O] <i>(optional)</i>	
Locality or city name [L] <i>(optional)</i>	
State [ST] <i>(optional)</i>	
Country code [C] <i>(optional)</i>	
Signature Algorithm	SHA-1
Create CSR	
After creating the CSR, copy the text below (including the BEGIN/END lines) and	d send it to your Certification Authority for signing.
BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST MIIBWjCBxATBADAbMRkwFwyDVQQDDBBJVFNQL1M0Qi5pbnR1cm9wMIGfMA0GCSqG SIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCzEs8XTnY8be/t77eEDG7rTg747GQ30Df0C4Rs x+e9KFbErZgxMYqGT8uO4AU0wU9LUPkkq+8gIGw2bg3boW0kg/9hrnNL2rfltGcn 30oShPO5PiKmRNZnCCO90b03tbr9kuHm1wPRQ7yTGk7xS3XBbSigqT4LQbjBT1tt hDH3bQIDAQABoAAwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAim/GA2EIZQbZaR6CZyIawi1T u65w450NFHmaCluH5yZ8keM8d1Ux14hkW7t5ygAD8KbxVkHRVaCgcQrAK2v8u1Pf TvN+bwJ+kQ0d59ciXa82e001WB3buPq5+qWDGTF+MyJWGVf8SIc1c6+zFoc+8EZY 7tQ8y080doaDhStDFQ= END CERTIFICATE REQUEST	

- 4. Copy the CSR from the line "----BEGIN CERTIFICATE" to "END CERTIFICATE REQUEST----" to a text file (such as Notepad), and then save it to a folder on your computer with the file name, *certreq.txt*.
- 5. Open a Web browser and navigate to the Microsoft Certificates Services website at http://<certificate server>/CertSrv.

Figure 3-9: Microsoft Certificate Services Web Page

Microsoft Certificate Services Demolab Home
Welcome
Use this Web site to request a certificate for your Web browser, e-mail client, or other program. By using a certificate, you can verify your identity to people you communicate with over the Web, sign and encrypt messages, and, depending upon the type of certificate you request, perform other security tasks.
You can also use this Web site to download a certificate authority (CA) certificate, certificate chain, or certificate revocation list (CRL), or to view the status of a pending request.
For more information about Certificate Services, see Certificate Services Documentation.
Select a task: Request a certificate View the status of a pending certificate request Download a CA certificate, certificate chain, or CRL

6. Click Request a certificate.

Figure 3-10: Request a Certificate Page

Microsoft Certificate Services Demolab H	lome
Request a Certificate	
Select the certificate type:	
Web Browser Certificate E-Mail Protection Certificate	
Or, submit an <u>advanced certificate request</u> .	

7. Click advanced certificate request, and then click Next.

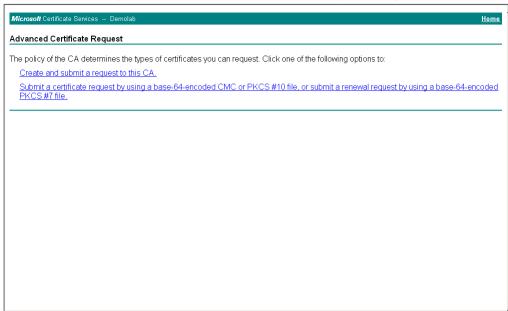


Figure 3-11: Advanced Certificate Request Page

8. Click Submit a certificate request ..., and then click Next.

Figure 3-12: Submit a Certificate Request or Renewal Request Page

Microsoft Active	Directory Certificate Services Lync-DC-LYNC-CA
Submit a Certi	ificate Request or Renewal Request
Subline a Gerti	neate request of renewal request
	ved request to the CA, paste a base-64-encoded CMC or PKCS #10 certificate request or PKCS #7 renewal request n external source (such as a Web server) in the Saved Request box.
Saved Request:	
certificate request (CMC or PKCS #10 or PKCS #7):	A8jxeP85ymyfbknfx+zEusB828h4JgzbeNxvyKk1 rr4ootrnsPOCAvEAAaAHADGCSqGSIb3DeEBBAUA MhKHAkzeXuGgGaAgoLKmuch2802mH7Bok 9fSm8c4Bj8ib+R5+YI+Ost57xT9D2XNgSYp4G+OB END CERTIFICATE REQUEST
Certificate Temp	
	Web Server 🔹
Additional Attrib	intes:
Attributes:	▲ b
	Submit >

- 9. Open the *certreq.txt* file that you created and saved in Step 4, and then copy its contents to the 'Saved Request' field.
- **10.** From the 'Certificate Template' drop-down list, select **Web Server**.
- 11. Click Submit.



Certi	ficate Issued		
The o	certificate you reques	sted was issued to you.	
[○ DER encoded <u>Download certific</u> <u>Download certific</u>	lor ⊚Base 64 encoded <u>cate</u> c <u>ate chain</u>	

- 12. Select the Base 64 encoded option for encoding, and then click Download certificate.
- **13.** Save the file as *gateway.cer* to a folder on your computer.
- **14.** Click the **Home** button or navigate to the certificate server at http://<Certificate Server>/CertSrv.
- 15. Click Download a CA certificate, certificate chain, or CRL.

Figure 3-14: Download a CA Certificate, Certificate Chain, or CRL Page

Microsoft Certificate Services Demolab Hor	<u>ne</u>
Download a CA Certificate, Certificate Chain, or CRL	
To trust certificates issued from this certification authority, install this CA certificate chain.	
To download a CA certificate, certificate chain, or CRL, select the certificate and encoding method.	
CA certificate:	
Encoding method:	
© DER © Base 64	
Download CA certificate Download CA certificate chain Download latest base CRL	
	-

- 16. Under the 'Encoding method' group, select the **Base 64** option for encoding.
- **17.** Click Download CA certificate.
- **18.** Save the file as *certroot.cer* to a folder on your computer.

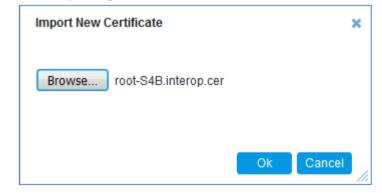
- 19. In the E-SBC's Web interface, return to the TLS Contexts page and do the following:
 - **a.** In the TLS Contexts page, select the required TLS Context index row, and then click the **Change Certificate** link located below the table; the Context Certificates page appears.
 - b. Scroll down to the Upload certificates files from your computer group, click the Browse button corresponding to the 'Send Device Certificate...' field, navigate to the gateway.cer certificate file that you saved on your computer in Step 13, and then click Send File to upload the certificate to the E-SBC.

Figure 3-15: Upload Device Certificate Files from your Computer Group

UPLOAD CERTIFICATE FILES FROM YOUR COMPUTER	
Private key pass-phrase <i>(optional)</i>	audc
Send Private Key file from your computer to the device. The file must be in either PEM or PFX (PKCS#12) format. Browse No file selected. Send File Note: Replacing the private key is not recommended but if it	t's done, it should be over a physically-secure network link.
Send Device Certificate file from your computer to the d	evice.
The file must be in textual PEM format.	
Browse No file selected. Send File	←

- 20. In the E-SBC's Web interface, return to the TLS Contexts page.
 - a. In the TLS Contexts page, select the required TLS Context index row, and then click the **Trusted Root Certificates** link, located at the bottom of the TLS Contexts page; the Trusted Certificates page appears.
 - **b.** Click the **Import** button, and then select the certificate file to load.

Figure 3-16: Importing Root Certificate into Trusted Certificates Store



- **21.** Click **OK**; the certificate is loaded to the device and listed in the Trusted Certificates store.
- **22.** Reset the E-SBC with a burn to flash for your settings to take effect (see Section 3.14 on page 46).

3.3.3 Step 3c: Configure TLS for Front-End Server

The following procedure describes how to configure TLS for communication with the Front End Server. Note that there is no certificate negotiation between the OVR and Front End Server.

To configure TLS for Front End Server:

- Open the TLS Contexts table (Setup menu > IP Network tab > Security folder > TLS Contexts).
- 2. Click **New**, and then in the Add Row dialog box, configure the TLS Context as shown below:

TLS Co	ntexts [FE]					-	x
							^
	GENERAL			OCSP			
	Index	1		OCSP Server	Disable	~	
	Name •	FE		Primary OCSP Server	0.0.0.0		
	TLS Version	Any - Including SSLv3	~	Secondary OCSP Server	0.0.0.0		
	DTLS Version	Any	\checkmark	OCSP Port	2560		
	Cipher Server	RC4:AES128		OCSP Default Response	Reject	∽	
	Cipher Client	DEFAULT					
	Strict Certificate Extension Validation	Disable	~				
	DH key Size	1024	~				
							~
							~
			Cancel 🛛	PPLY			

Figure 3-17: Configuring TLS Context for Front End Server

3. Click Apply.

3.4 Step 6: Configure SRTP

As the Mediation Server employs SRTP, you need to configure the device to also operate in the same manner.

- To configure media security:
- Open the Media Security page (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > Media folder > Media Security).

Figure 3-18: Configuring SRTP

Media Security		
GENERAL		AUTHENTICATION & ENCRYPTION
Media Security	Enable 🗸	Authentication On Transmitted RTP Packets Active 💌
Media Security Behavior	Preferable 💌	Encryption On Transmitted RTP Packets Active
Offered SRTP Cipher Suites	All	Encryption On Transmitted RTCP Packets Active 💌
Aria Protocol Support	Disable 🔹 🗲	SRTP Tunneling Authentication for RTP Disable
		SRTP Tunneling Authentication for RTCP Disable
MASTER KEY IDENTIFIER		
Master Key Identifier (MKI) Size	0	GATEWAY SETTINGS
Symmetric MKI	Disable 💌	Enable Rekey After 181 Disable 💌

- 2. From the 'Media Security' drop-down list, select **Enable** to enable SRTP.
- 3. Click Apply.
- 4. Reset the E-SBC with a burn to flash for your settings to take effect (see Section 3.14 on page 46).

3.5 Step 3: Configure Media Realms

This step describes how to configure Media Realms. The simplest configuration is to create two Media Realms - one for internal (LAN) traffic and one for external (WAN) traffic.

> To configure Media Realms:

- 1. Open the Media Realms table (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > Core Entities folder > Media Realms).
- 2. Click **New**, and then in the Add Row dialog box, add a Media Realm.

In the example setup, add Media Realm with the following configuration:

		Specific C	Specific Configuration			
Media Realm	Name	IPv4 Interface Name	Port Range Start	Number of Media Session Legs		
Interfacing with LAN	LAN_Realm	LAN_IF	6000	100		
Interfacing with WAN	WAN_Realm	WAN_IF	7000	100		

the configured Media Realms are shown in the figure below:

Figure 4-7: Configured Media Realms in Media Realm Table

INDEX 🗢	NAME	IPV4 INTERFACE NAME	PORT RANGE START	NUMBER OF MEDIA SESSION LEGS	PORT RANGE END	DEFAULT MEDIA REALM
0	LAN_Realm	LAN_IF	6000	100	6999	Yes
1	WAN_Realm	WAN_IF	7000	100	7999	No

3.6 Step 8: Configure SIP Interfaces

The SIP Interface represents a Layer-3 network that defines a local listening port for SIP signaling traffic on a specific network interface. In the example setup, you need to add SIP Interfaces for interfacing with the following:

- Mediation Server
- Front End Server
- Skype for Business users (IP Phones) at branch site
- SIP-Trunk ITSP
- To add SIP Interfaces:
- Open the SIP Interface table (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > Core Entities folder > SIP Interfaces).
- 2. Click **New**, and then in the Add Row dialog box, add a SIP Interface.

In the example setup, add SIP Interfaces with the following configuration:

			Specific Co	Specific Configuration				
SIP Interface	Name	Network Interface	Application Type	UDP Port	TLS Port	TLS Context Name		
Interfacing with Mediation Server	MED	LAN_IF	SBC	0	5067	MED		
Interfacing with Front End Server	FE	LAN_IF	SBC	0	5061	FE		
Interfacing with IP Phone users	Users	LAN_IF	SBC	0	5071	-		
Interfacing with ITSP	ITSP	WAN_IF	SBC	5060	0	-		

3. Click Add to apply your settings.

The figure below displays the configured SIP Interfaces:

Figure 3-19: Configured SIP Interfaces

The configured SIP Interfaces are shown in the figure below:

INDEX 🗢	NAME	SRD	NETWORK INTERFACE	APPLICATION TYPE	UDP PORT	TCP PORT	TLS PORT	ENCAPSULATING PROTOCOL	MEDIA REALM
0	MED	DefaultSRD (i	Voice	SBC	0	0	5067	No encapsulation	
1	FE	DefaultSRD (Voice	SBC	0	0	5061	No encapsulation	
2	Users	DefaultSRD (i	Voice	SBC	0	0	5071	No encapsulation	
3	ITSP	DefaultSRD (4	WAN_IF	SBC	5060	0	0	No encapsulation	

3.7 Step 9: Configure Proxy Sets

The Proxy Set defines the actual address of SIP server entities in your network. In the example, you need to add Proxy Sets for the following:

- Mediation Server
- Front End Server
- SIP Trunk
- Entity to reach the local SBC
- Entity to reach the local OVR
- **To add Proxy Sets:**
- Open the Proxy Sets table (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > Core Entities folder >Proxy Sets).
- 2. Click **New**, and then in the Add Row dialog box, configure a Proxy Set. In the example setup, add Proxy Sets with the following configuration:

	Configuration							
Proxy Set	Name	SBC IPv4 SIP Interface	Proxy Keep- Alive	Proxy Keep- Alive Time	TLS Context Name	Proxy Load Balancing Method	Proxy Hot Swap	Min. Active Servers for Load Balancing
Mediation Server	MED	MED	Using OPTION S	60	MED	Round Robin	Enable	-
Front End Server	FE	FE	Using OPTION S	30	FE	Round Robin	-	1 (when two FE servers exist)
SIP Trunk	ITSP	ITSP	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entity to reach local SBC	Local-SBC	MED	-	-	-	-	-	-
Entity to reach local OVR	Local-OVR	FE	-	-	-	-	-	-

The figure below displays the configured Proxy Sets:

Figure 3-20: Configured Proxy Sets

INDEX 🗢	NAME	SRD	GATEWAY IPV4 SIP INTERFACE	SBC IPV4 SIP INTERFACE	PROXY KEEP-ALIVE TIME [SEC]	REDUNDANCY MODE	PROXY HOT SWAP
0	MED	DefaultSRD (#0)		MED	60	Homing	Enable
1	FE	DefaultSRD (#0)		FE	30		Disable
2	ITSP	DefaultSRD (#0)		ITSP	60		Disable
3	Local-SBC	DefaultSRD (#0)		MED	60		Disable
4	Local-OVR	DefaultSRD (#0)		FE	60		Disable

3. Configure addresses per Proxy Set. For each Proxy Set, do the following:

- a. Select the Proxy Set row, and then click the **Proxy Address Table** link located below the table; the Proxy Address Table appears.
- **b.** Click **New**, and then in the dialog box, configure the address and transport protocol.

Drowy Set Neme	Configu	Configuration			
Proxy Set Name	Proxy Address	Transport Type			
MED	MED.ES4B.interop:5067	TLS			
FE	FE.ES4B.interop:5061	TLS			
ITSP	Itsp.com:5060	UDP			
Local-SBC	127.0.0.1:5067	TLS			
Local-OVR	127.0.0.1:5061	TLS			

In the example setup, configure the Proxy Sets with the following addresses:

3.8 Step 11: Configure IP Profiles

An IP Profile enables you to apply a group of specific settings to specific calls by associating it with an IP Group. In the example setup, the following IP Profile needs to be configured for:

- Microsoft Skype for Business Mediation Server to operate in secure mode using SRTP
- SIP trunk to operate in non-secure mode using RTP for this ITSP
- Local-SBC to operate in secure mode using SRTP
- Skype users (IP Phones) at branch site: This IP Profile is **only required** when the device operates as an HA system. The configuration determines the device's handling of the SIP session expiry (Session-Expires header) for the IP Phones. The special configuration avoids scenarios where calls are "stuck" (never released by receiving BYE from phone or Microsoft server) for phones that were in a call before an HA switchover and that fail to register after the switchover. In such cases, the device disconnects the call.

> To add IP Profiles:

- 1. Open the IP Profile Settings table (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > Coders & Profiles folder > IP Profiles).
- 2. Add the following IP Profiles, using the **New** button:

Parameter	Value
General	
Index	1
Name	MED
Media Security	
SBC Media Security Mode	SRTP
Symmetric MKI	Enable
MKI Size	1
Enforce MKI Size	Enforce
Reset SRTP State Upon Re-key	Enable
Generate SRTP Keys Mode:	Always
SBC Early Media	
Remote Early Media RTP Detection Mode	By Media (required, as Skype for Business Server 2015 does not send RTP immediately to remote side when it sends a SIP 18x response)
SBC Signaling	
Remote Update Support	Supported Only After Connect
Remote re-INVITE Support	Supported Only With SDP
Remote Delayed Offer Support	Not Supported
SBC Forward and Transfer	
Remote REFER Mode	Handle Locally (required, as Skype for Business Server 2015 does not support receipt of SIP REFER)

• Mediation Server:

Parameter	Value
Remote 3xx Mode	Handle Locally (required, as Skype for Business Server 2015 does not support receipt of SIP 3xx responses)

• ITSP SIP Trunk:

Parameter	Value
General	
Index	2
Name	ITSP
Media Security	
SBC Media Security Mode	RTP
SBC Early Media	
Remote Can Play Ringback	No (required, as Skype for Business Server 2015 does not provide a ringback tone for incoming calls)
SBC Signaling	
P-Asserted-Identity Header Mode	Add (required for anonymous calls)
SBC Forward and Transfer	
Remote REFER Mode	Handle Locally (required, as for ITSP not support receipt of SIP REFER)

• Local-OVR IP Profile:

Parameter	Value
General	
Index	3
Name	Local-OVR
Media Security	
SBC Media Security Mode	SRTP
SBC Signaling	
Remote Delayed Offer Support	Not Supported

• Skype users:

Parameter	Value
General	
Index	4
Name	Users
SBC Signaling	
Session Expires Mode	Observer

3.9 Step 12: Configure IP Groups

This step describes how to configure IP Groups. The IP Group represents an IP entity on the network with which the device communicates. This can be a server (e.g., IP PBX or ITSP) or it can be a group of users (e.g., LAN IP phones). For servers, the IP Group is typically used to define the server's IP address by associating it with a Proxy Set. In the example, you need to add IP Groups for the following:

- Mediation Server
- Front End Server
- Skype for Business users (IP Phones) at branch site
- SIP Trunk
- Local SBC
- Local OVR
- **To configure IP Groups:**
- Open the IP Group Table page (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > Core Entities folder > IP Groups).
- Click New, and then in the Add Row dialog box, configure an IP Group. In the example setup, add IP Groups with the following configuration:

		Specific Configuration								
IP Group	Name	Туре	Proxy Set	IP Profile	Media Realm	SBC Operation Mode	Inbound Message Manipulation Set	Outbound Message Manipulation Set		
Mediation Server	MED	Server	MED	MED	LAN_Realm	B2BUA	-	-		
Front End Server	FE	Server	FE	-	-	Microsoft Server	-	-		
IPP Users	Users	User	-	Users	-	Microsoft Server	-	-		
SIP Trunk	ITSP	Server	ITSP	ITSP	WAN_Realm	B2BUA	-	-		
Local SBC	Local- SBC	Server	Local- SBC	-	LAN_Realm	B2BUA	4 (configured in Section 3.12)	5 (configured in Section 3.12)		
Local OVR	Local- OVR	Server	Local- OVR	Local- OVR	LAN_Realm	B2BUA	-	5 (configured in Section 3.12)		

The figure below displays the configured IP Groups:

Figure 3-21: Configured IP Groups

INDEX 🗢	NAME	SRD	TYPE	SBC OPERATION MODE	PROXY SET	IP PROFILE	MEDIA REALM	SIP GROUP NAME	CLASSIFY BY PROXY SET	INBOUND MESSAGE MANIPULATIC SET	OUTBOUND MESSAGE MANIPULATIC SET
0	MED	DefaultSR	Server	B2BUA	MED	MED	LAN_Realm		Enable	-1	-1
1	FE	DefaultSR	Server	Microsoft Serv	FE				Enable	-1	-1
2	Users	DefaultSR	User	Microsoft Serv					Enable	-1	-1
3	ITSP	DefaultSR	Server	B2BUA	ITSP	ITSP	WAN_Realm		Enable	-1	-1
4	Local-SBC	DefaultSR	Server	B2BUA	Local-SBC		LAN_Realm		Enable	4	5
5	Local-OVR	DefaultSR	Server	B2BUA	Local-OVR	SRTP	LAN_Realm		Enable	-1	5

3.10 Step 13: Configure a Classification Rule

For the device to identify calls from IP Phone users at the branch site and classify them to their IP Group ("Users"), you need to add a Classification rule. Classification of calls from the other entities in the deployment (i.e., Mediation Server and Front End Server) are by Proxy Set (i.e., source IP address). In the example setup, calls received with the source host name, *ES4B.interop* are considered as originating from IP Phone users.

> To add a Classification rule for IP Phone users:

- 1. Open the Classification table (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > SBC folder > Classification Table).
- 2. Click **New**, and then configure the parameters as shown below:

Parameter	Value
General	
Index	0
Name	Users
Source SIP Interface	Users
Source Host	ES4B.interop
Action Type	Allow
Source IP Group	Users

Figure 3-22: Configured Classification Table for Users

INDEX	NAME	SRD 🗢	SOURCE SIP	SOURCE USERNAME PREFIX	SOURCE HOST	DESTINATION USERNAME PREFIX	DESTINATION HOST	ACTION TYPE	SOURCE IP GROUP
0	Users	DefaultSRD (i	Users	*	ES4B.interop	*	*	Allow	Users

3.11 Step 14: Configure IP-to-IP Call Routing Rules

This step describes how to configure IP-to-IP call routing rules. These rules define the routes for forwarding SIP messages (e.g., INVITE) received from one IP entity to another. The device selects the rule whose configured input characteristics (e.g., IP Group) match those of the incoming SIP message. If the input characteristics do not match the first rule in the table, they are compared to the second rule, and so on, until a matching rule is located. If no rule is matched, the message is rejected. The routing rules use the configured IP Groups to denote the source and destination of the call.

In the example setup, you need to add routing rules for the following call scenarios:

- Routing calls from Users to Front End Server
- Routing calls between Users (alternative route for above)
- Routing calls from Users to Local-SBC (alternative route for above)
- Routing calls from Local-SBC to ITSP
- Routing calls from Front End Server to Users
- Routing calls from ITSP to Mediation Server
- Routing ITSP Transferred calls to Request URI (alternative route for above)
- Routing calls from ITSP to Local-OVR (alternative route for above)
- Routing calls from Local-OVR to User
- Routing calls from Mediation Server to ITSP
- **To configure IP-to-IP routing rules:**
- Open the IP-to-IP Routing Table page (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > SBC folder > Routing > IP-to-IP Routing).

2.	Click New,	and then	configure	the para	ameters a	as shown	below:

		Specific Configuration									
IP-to-IP Routing Rule	Name	Alternative Route Options	Source IP Group	Request Type	Destination Type	Destination IP Group					
Terminate OPTIONS	Terminate Options	Route Row	Any	OPTIONS	Dest Address	internal					
Users \rightarrow Front End Server	User-FE	Route Row	Users	All	IP Group	FE					
Users \rightarrow Users (alternative route for above)	User-User	Alternative Route Consider Inputs	Users	INVITE and REGISTER	IP Group	Users					
Users \rightarrow Local SBC (alternative route for above)	User-Local SBC	Alternative Route Consider Inputs	Users	INVITE and REGISTER	IP Group	Local-SBC					
Local-SBC →ITSP	Local-SBC- ITSP	Route Row	Local- SBC	All	IP Group	ITSP					
Front End Server \rightarrow Users	FE-Users	Route Row	FE	All	IP Group	Users					
$\begin{array}{l} \text{ITSP} \rightarrow \\ \text{Mediation Server} \end{array}$	ITSP-MED	Route Row	ITSP	All	IP Group	MED					

	Specific Configuration									
IP-to-IP Routing Rule			Source IP Group	Request Type	Destination Type	Destination IP Group				
Users Transfer with ITSP calls	REFER	Alternative Route Consider Inputs	ITSP	All	Request URI	Local-OVR				
$ITSP \to Local\;OVR$	ITSP-Local OVR	Alternative Route Consider Inputs	ITSP	All	IP Group	Local-OVR				
Local OVR → Users	Local OVR - Users	Route Row	Local- OVR	All	IP Group	Users				
Mediation Server \rightarrow ITSP	MED-ITSP	Route Row	MED	All	IP Group	ITSP				

The figure below displays the configured IP-to-IP Routing rules:

Figure 3-23: Configured IP-to-IP Routing Rules

INDEX 🗢	NAME	ROUTING POLICY	ALTERNATIVE ROUTE OPTIONS	SOURCE IP GROUP	REQUEST TYPE	SOURCE USERNAME PREFIX	DESTINATION USERNAME PREFIX	DESTINATION TYPE	DESTINATION	DESTINATION SIP INTERFACE	DESTINATIO ADDRESS
0	Terminate OP	Default_SBCR	Route Row	Any	OPTIONS	*	*	Dest Address			internal
1	User-FE	Default_SBCR	Route Row	Users	All	*	*	IP Group	FE		
2	User-User	Default_SBCR	Alternative Ro	Users	INVITE and RE	*	*	IP Group	Users		
3	User-Local SB	Default_SBCR	Alternative Ro	Users	INVITE and RE	*	*	IP Group	Local-SBC		
4	Local SBC-ITSI	Default_SBCR	Route Row	Local-SBC	All	*	*	IP Group	ITSP		
5	FE-Users	Default_SBCR	Route Row	FE	All	*	*	IP Group	Users		
6	ITSP-MED	Default_SBCR	Route Row	ITSP	All	*	*	IP Group	MED		
9	REFER	Default_SBCR	Alternative Ro	ITSP	All	*	*	Request URI	Local-OVR		
10	ITSP-Local OV	Default_SBCR	Alternative Ro	ITSP	All	*	*	IP Group	Local-OVR		
11	Local OVR-Use	Default_SBCR	Route Row	Local-OVR	All	*	*	IP Group	Users		
12	MED-ITSP	Default_SBCR	Route Row	MED	All	*	*	IP Group	ITSP		

3.12 Step 15: Configure a Number Manipulation Rule

If necessary, you can configure number manipulation rules to manipulate the source and/or destination phone numbers routed between the entities. In the example, you need to configure a manipulation rule to add the plus sign (+) as a prefix to calls received from the PSTN if the destination number starts with any number between 1 and 9. For example, if the called number is 12063331212, the device changes it to +12063331212 (i.e., into an E.164 number format).



Note: Adapt the manipulation table according to your environment dial plan.

> To configure a number manipulation rule:

- Open the Outbound Manipulations table (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > SBC folder > Manipulation > Outbound Manipulations).
- 2. Click New, and then configure the parameters as follows:

Parameter	Value
Index	0
Name	Add + from ITSP
Source IP Group	ITSP
Destination IP Group	Any
Destination Username Prefix	[1-9]
Manipulated Item	Destination URI
Prefix to Add	+ (plus sign)

Figure 3-24: Configuring IP-to-IP Outbound Manipulation Rule

tbound Manipulations [from ITSP]					
GENERAL			ACTION		
Index	1		Manipulated Item	Destination URI	\checkmark
Name	Add + From ITSP		Remove From Left	0	
Additional Manipulation	No	~	Remove From Right	0	
Call Trigger	Any	~	Leave From Right	255	
			Prefix to Add	• +	
MATCH			Suffix to Add		
Request Type	All	~	Privacy Restriction Mode	Transparent	\checkmark
Source IP Group	#3 [ITSP] *	View			
Destination IP Group	Any	View			
Source Username Prefix	*				
Source Host	*				
Source Tags					
Destination Username Prefix	[1-9]				
		Cancel	APPLY		

3. Click Apply.

3.13 Step 16: Configure Message Manipulation Rules

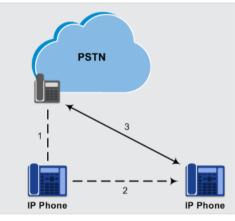
In the example setup, you need to configure manipulation rules for the following:

- Incoming SIP INVITE messages received from the IP Phones contain the name (caller ID) and phone number of the IP Phones. In survivability mode, to enable the SBC to send calls to the ITSP with the IP Phone's number as caller ID (source number), the name must be removed.
- For call transfers initiated by IP Phones:
 - Transfer of PSTN call to another IP Phone: The REFER message sent to the IP Phone must be manipulated so that the Refer-To header's host name is changed to the device's IP address and port (i.e., 10.15.45.112:5061) and the transport type changed to TLS.



Note: The Message Manipulation Rules described above are only valid in Survivability mode.





• Transfer of PSTN call to another PSTN user. The REFER message sent to the IP Phone must be manipulated so that the Refer-To header's host name is changed to the device's IP address and port (i.e., 10.15.45.112:5067) and the transport type is changed to TLS.





Once configured, you need to assign the rules to the IP Groups "Local-OVR" and "Local-SBC" (see Section 0), using the Manipulation Set IDs under which the rules are configured.

- > To configure Message Manipulation rules:
- Open the Message Manipulations table (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > Message Manipulation folder > Message Manipulations).
- 2. For each rule, click **New**, and then in the Add Row dialog box, add a Message Manipulation rule. When you have finished, click **Add** to apply your settings. Add the following rules:
 - For setting IP Phone's number as Caller ID for calls to PSTN in survivability mode:

Parameter	Value
Index	0
Name	Change Name to Number
Manipulation Set ID	4
Message Type	invite
Action Subject	header.p-asserted-identity.0
Action Type	Remove

• For transferring a PSTN call to another IP Phone user:

Parameter	Value
Index	1
Name	Refer-To IPP
Manipulation Set ID	5
Message Type	REFER
Condition	header.refer-to.url.user REGEX ^[a-zA-Z\+]
Action Subject	header.refer-to.url.host
Action Type	Modify
Action Value	param.message.address.dst.address+':5061'
Row Rule	Use Current Condition
Index	2
Name	
Manipulation Set ID	5
Message Type	
Condition	
Action Subject	header.refer-to.url.transporttype
Action Type	Modify
Action Value	'2'
Row Rule	Use Previous Condition

• For transferring a PSTN call to another PSTN user:

Parameter	Value
Index	3
Name	Refer-To PSTN
Manipulation Set ID	5
Message Type	REFER
Condition	header.refer-to.url.user REGEX ^\d
Action Subject	header.refer-to.url.host
Action Type	Modify
Action Value	param.message.address.dst.address+':5067'
Row Rule	Use Current Condition
Index	4
Name	
Manipulation Set ID	5
Message Type	
Condition	
Action Subject	header.refer-to.url.transporttype
Action Type	Modify
Action Value	'2'
Row Rule	Use Previous Condition

The figure below displays the configured Message Manipulation rules:

Figure 3-27: Configured Message Manipulation Rules

INDEX 🗢	NAME	MANIPULATION SET ID	MESSAGE TYPE	CONDITION	ACTION SUBJECT	ACTION TYPE	ACTION VALUE	ROW ROLE
0	change Name to Ni	4	invite		header.P-Asserted-	Remove		Use Current Conditi
2	Refer-To IPP	5	refer	header.refer-to.url.	header.refer-to.url.	Modify	param.message.ad	Use Current Conditi
3		5			header.refer-to.url.	Modify	'2'	Use Previous Condi
4	Refer-To PSTN	5	refer	header.refer-to.url.	header.refer-to.url.	Modify	param.message.ad	Use Current Conditi
5		5			header.refer-to.url.	Modify	'2'	Use Previous Condi

3.14 Step 17: Configure Graceful Period for Registration Expiry

In survivability mode, if the registration time of the registered IP Phone at the OVR is about to expire and the IP Phone resets, by the time the IP Phone becomes available again, the OVR would have already removed the IP Phone from its database due to expiry time being reached. As the OVR does not support new registrations during survivability mode, the IP Phone user will not receive any service from the OVR. Thus, to prevent this scenario and keep the IP Phone registered in the database; you can configure the OVR to add time ("graceful") to the original expiry time.

The configuration below allows 15 minutes of the IP Phone to be in out-of-service state, allowing it to register with the OVR within this period and receive services from it.

- > To add a graceful period to the registration expiry time:
- Open the SBC General Settings page (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > SIP Definitions folder > Proxy & Registration).
- 2. In the 'User Registration Grace Time' (SBCUserRegistrationGraceTime) field, enter "900" (in seconds).

	SBC REGISTRATION	
	User Registration Time [sec]	0
	Proxy Registration Time [sec]	0
	Survivability Registration Time [sec]	0
\rightarrow	User Registration Grace Time [sec]	• 900
	GRUU Mode	As Proxy
	DB Routing Search Mode	All permutations
	Shared Line Registration Mode	As Configured

Figure 3-28: Configuring Graceful Registration Expiry Time

3. Click **Apply** to apply your settings.

3.15 Step 18: Configure SIP Forking

If the callee is registered from multiple devices (e.g., multiple IP Phones), the OVR will receive multiple SIP 180 Ringing responses from the Front End Server, with different SDP bodies (each originating from a different device belonging to the callee). For the OVR to forward these multiple 180 Ringing responses to the caller with the SDP bodies unchanged, you need to configure the OVR to handle call forking sequentially. Configuring sequential call forking enables the OVR to allow the callee to answer the call from any the callee's devices.

- > To configure sequential call forking mode:
- Open the SBC General Settings page (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > SBC folder > SBC General Settings).
- 2. From the 'Forking Handling Mode' drop-down list (SBCForkingHandlingMode), select **Sequential**.
- 3. Click Apply.

3.16 Step 19: Reset the E-SBC

After you have completed the configuration of the E-SBC described in this chapter, save ("burn") the configuration to the E-SBC's flash memory with a reset for the settings to take effect.

To reset the device through Web interface:

1. Open the Maintenance Actions page (Setup menu > Administration tab > Maintenance folder > Maintenance Actions).

Figure 3-29: Resetting the E-SBC

Maintenance Actions	
RESET DEVICE	
Reset Device	Reset
Save To Flash	Yes
Graceful Option	No

2. Ensure that the 'Save To Flash' field is set to Yes (default).

- 3. Click the **Reset** button; a confirmation message box appears, requesting you to confirm.
- 4. Click **OK** to confirm device reset.

4 Configuring AudioCodes IP Phones for OVR

This chapter describes the configuration of AudioCodes Skype for Business compatible IP Phones located at the branch site with OVR.

4.1 Deployment Summary

The deployment for AudioCodes IP Phones with OVR in the Microsoft Skype for Business environment can be summarized in the following steps (in chronological order):

- 1. Remove the IP Phone from the shipped package.
- 2. Cable the IP Phone to the network.
- 3. Cable the IP Phone to the power supply to power up the IP Phone.
- 4. The IP Phone broadcasts a DHCP message to the network to discover a DHCP server and request information (DHCP Options). (DHCP is enabled by default.)
- 5. The DHCP server at the Microsoft datacenter responds to the IP Phone with DHCP Options providing, for example, networking settings (IP address and Default Gateway), NTP server address, LDAP server address (Front End server), DNS address, and TLS certificate.
- 6. The IP Phone applies the settings with a reset.
- 7. The IP Phone user initiates a sign-in (registration) to Microsoft Skype for Business (Front End server) with credentials (username and password, or PIN code) provided by the Administrator.
- 8. The Front End server registers the IP Phone.
- **9.** The Administrator configures the IP Phone for OVR, which entails defining the IP address:port of the OVR (as an "outbound proxy server" for the IP Phone). Depending on management platform used to configure the IP Phone, this step may be done at this stage or before Step 3.
- **10.** All traffic between the IP Phone and Front End server now pass transparently through the OVR.

4.2 Signing IP Phone into Skype for Business

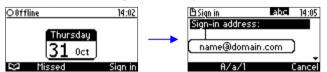
To register the IP Phone with the Front End server, the user must perform a sign-in procedure on the IP Phone. You can sign in using a username-password combination (default) or a PIN code, provided by the Administrator.



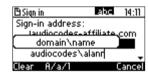
Note: The LCD screens shown in the procedure are of the 430HD and 440HD models; the 420HD model's LCD screens are similar.

To sign in the phone with Skype for Business:

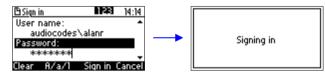
1. In the idle LCD, press the **Sign in** softkey:



- 2. In the 'Sign-in address' field, enter your SIP URI.
- 3. In the 'User name' field, enter the domain name, backslash, and then username:



4. In the 'Password' field, enter the password, and then press the **Sign in** softkey:



4.3 Configuring IP Phones for OVR

The configuration includes defining the IP address:port of the OVR so that it can function as an outbound proxy server for the IP Phone. Once configured, all subsequent SIP signaling traffic between IP Phone and datacenter traverses (transparently) the OVR.

The table below describes the parameters that must be configured on the IP Phone. Parameters enclosed with square brackets [...] denote the parameters of the Configuration file; Parameters not enclosed denote the corresponding Web interface parameters.

Parameter	Settings
Use Hosting Outbound Proxy [lync/sign_in/use_hosting_outbound_ proxy]	Enables the use of an outbound proxy server (i.e., the OVR) for sending SIP messages. Set the parameter to [1] Enable.
Outbound Proxy IP Address or Host Name [lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_proxy_a ddress]	Defines the IP address of the outbound proxy (i.e., OVR). All outgoing SIP messages are sent to this proxy. Set the parameter to the IP address of the OVR.
Outbound Proxy Port [lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_proxy_p ort]	Defines the SIP listening port on the outbound proxy (OVR). The valid value range is 1024 to 65535 (default is 5060). Set the parameter to the port of the OVR.

Table 4-1: Parameter Settings of I	IP Phones for OVR
------------------------------------	-------------------

You can use the following platforms to configure the IP Phones:

- Web interface: This requires that you configure each IP Phone separately (see Section 4.3.1)
- AudioCodes Device Manager Pro: Easy-to-use platform, enabling rapid mass provisioning of IP Phones (see Section 4.3.2)
- Third-party TFTP/HTTP server: Enables mass provisioning of IP Phones using a TFTP/HTTP server (see Section 4.3.3)

4.3.1 Configuring IP Phones through Web Interface

If you want to use the Web-based management platform for configuration, you need to perform the following procedure on each IP Phone. Perform this configuration



Note: Perform this configuration **only after** the IP Phone user has signed in to (registered with) Skype for Business, as described in Section 4.2.

> To configure the IP Phone through Web interface:

 Open the Signaling Protocol page (Configuration tab > Voice Over IP menu > Signaling Protocols), and then scroll down to the SIP Proxy and Registrar group:

Figure 4-1: Configuring OVR on the IP Phone through Web Interface

Use Hosting Outbound Proxy:	Enable V
Outbound Proxy IP Address or Host Name:	
Outbound Proxy Port:	0

- 2. Configure the parameters according to the instructions in Section 4.3.
- 3. Click **Submit** to apply your settings.

You can also configure the IP Phone by manually loading a Configuration file (.cfg) through the Web interface:

1. Create a Configuration file that contains the following parameter settings:

```
lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_proxy_address=10.15.45.112
lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_proxy_port=5071
lync/sign_in/use hosting_outbound_proxy=1
```

- Open the Configuration File page (Management tab > Manual Update menu > Configuration File).
- **3.** Load the Configuration file, by clicking **Loading New Configuration File**.

4.3.2 Configuring IP Phones through Device Manager Pro

AudioCodes Device Manager Pro can be used to mass provision the IP Phones deployed with OVR. The Device Manager Pro is accessed from AudioCodes' One Voice Operations Center (OVOC).

The IP Phones "learn" of the address of the Device Manager Pro through DHCP. The address must be configured on the DHCP server with the name of the Configuration file. The Configuration file must be sent to the IP Phones using DHCP Option 160 (when the IP Phones are initially powered up). Once the IP Phones connect to the Device Manager Pro, the Device Manager Pro sends the Configuration file over HTTP (dhcpoption160.cfg), which the IP Phones load and apply.

As the network may also include IP Phones that are not deployed for the OVR solution, it is crucial that the OVR-related Configuration file be sent only to the IP Phones that are deployed for the OVR solution; otherwise, all the IP Phones will receive the same Configuration file and thus, all will connect to the OVR. To ensure that only IP Phones for the OVR receive the OVR-related configuration, the Device Manager Pro allows you to create a Configuration file for the specific OVR tenant and the IP Phone users belonging to it. The procedure below describes how to do this, indicating the steps required only for deployments where all IP Phones are for OVR, or for deployments where only certain IP Phones are for OVR.

Note:

- This configuration is done before you initially connect the IP Phone to the network and power up.
- For detailed information on the Device Manager Pro, refer to the *Device Manager Pro Administrator's Manual*.

- > To configure IP Phone through Device Manager Pro:
- **1.** Log in to AudioCodes' OVOC.
- 2. Create a Tenant to represent the IP Phones deployed in the OVR environment:
 - a. Select the **NETWORK** menu.
 - b. Click the Add button, and then from the drop-down menu, choose TENANT.
 - **c.** In the 'Tenant Name' field, configure a name for the OVR deployment (e.g., "OVR"), and then click **OK**.

Figure 4-2: Configuring Tenant for OVR in OVOC

Cone Voice Operations Center DASHBOARD	NETWORK	STATISTICS	CALLS USERS	SYSTEM	
TOPOLOGY MAP DEVICES * LINKS					
TOPOLOGY			te		
O TOPOLOGY «	TENANT DETAILS				×
Search by name	GENERAL	SNMP	НТТР	OPERATORS	LICENSE
AudioCodes OVR OVR	Tenant Name *		OVR		
Singapore	Is Default		False		- 7
Voca	License Pool Operator				- <u></u>
B Devices_Agents	Description		IP Phones for OVR		
new FE to Edge					
IPPRND-TEST-Tenant					
BizPlusTenant					
Mhatever	Subnet (CIDR Notation)				-
▼ FILTERS					
ADD FILTER					
CO REAL TIME					
Verizon]
			OK Clo	ose	-d-SBC
			12		- E

- 3. Access the Device Manager Pro from OVOC:
 - a. Select the **NETWORK** menu.
 - b. Click ENDPOINTS, and then from the drop-down menu, choose Configuration.

Figure 4-3: Accessing Device Manager Pro from OVOC

One Voice Operations Center	DASHBOARD	NETWORK	ALARMS ST	ATISTICS CAL
TOPOLOGY MAP D	EVICES 👻 LINK	s sites	ENDPOINTS 🔻	
TOPOLOGY	🔁 Add 👻	Retions	Status	1 💼 Delete
O TOPOLOGY	"		Configuration O	
				Web

The Login to Device Manager Pro screen appears:

Figure 4-4: Logging into Device Manager Pro

One Voice Operations Center	Device Manager	Pro 🕑
	Login to Device Manager Pro	
	Username	
	Password	₽
	S	ign In

- **c.** Enter your username and password (default is **acladmin** and **pass_1234**, respectively), and then click **Sign In**.
- 4. (All IP Phones for OVR Deployment) Configure the OVR-related parameters in the IP Phone template(s):
 - a. Access the Devices Configuration Templates page (SETUP menu > Devices Configuration folder > Templates).

Figure 4-5: Selecting IP Phone Model on Devices Configuration Templates Page

One Voice Operations Center		JP MONI	TOR TROUBLESHOOT	Device Manager Pro					yacov 🗸 🕜	
GENERATE CONFIGURATION									NETWORK TOPO	LOGY
Setup Wizard			Audiocodes_445HD_LYNC	LYNC - 445HD includes 4.3 color screen, in	٥	ALL	445HD	🖸 Edit	🛍 Delete	
Users & Devices Devices Configuration	0		Audiocodes_450HD	The 450HD IP Phone is a high-end, executiv	×	ALL	450HD	🕑 Edit	Delete	
Templates Zero Touch Mapping System Settings	0		Audiocodes_450HD_LYNC	The template file of Audiocodes_450HD_LYNC	ø	ALL	450HD	🕑 Edit	童 Delete	
Polycom Configuration DHCP Options Configuration	0	L	Audiocodes_C448HD_LYNC	C448HD template configuration	×	ALL		🖸 Edit	🛗 Delete	
Template Placeholders Tenant Configuration Group Configuration	9		Audiocodes_C450HD_LYNC	LYNC - The C450HD is equipped with a large	0	ALL	C450HD	🗹 Edit	曲 Delete	
	0	L	Audiocodes_HRS_LYNC	AudioCodes Huddle Room Solution	0	ALL	HRS	🗹 Edit	🛱 Delete	
R X		-						FX Edit	着 Delete	

- **b.** Select the required IP Phone model (e.g., AudioCodes_440HD_LYNC), by clicking the model name or its corresponding **Edit** button; the Device Configuration Template page for the selected model opens.
- c. For each parameter (lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_proxy_address, lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_proxy_port, and lync/sign_in/use_hosting_outbound_proxy), do the following under the Edit configuration template values group:
 - i. In the 'Configuration Key' field, enter the parameter name.
 - ii. In the 'Configuration Value' field, enter the parameter's value.
 - iii. Click Add.
- d. Repeat steps b) and c) for each relevant IP Phone model.

Figure 4-6: Configuring Parameters on Device Configuration Template Page

One Voice Operations Center	≡	SETUP	MONITOR	TROUBLESHOOT	Device Manager Pro	¢	yacov -	0	
GENERATE CONFIGURATION							NETWORK	TOPOLO	GΥ
Setup Wizard							🖹 Save		
Users & Devices		🗘 Edit	configuratio	on template values					
Devices Configuration									
Templates		Configu	ration Key:	lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_	proxy_address		:		
Zero Touch Mapping									
System Settings		Configu	ration Value:	10.15.45.112	O bba C				
Polycom Configuration		Compa	unon futuci	a ora or rora a A					
DHCP Options Configuration									
Template Placeholders			0	onfiguration Key	Configuration Value				
Tenant Configuration			u u	uniguration key	Configuration value				
Group Configuration		ems_serv	ver/keep_alive_	period	%ITCS_KEEP_ALIVE_TIME%		盦		
Site Configuration									
User Configuration		ems_serv	ver/provisioning	g/url	%ITCS_HTTP_OR_S%://%ITCS_HTTP_PROXY_IP%:%ITCS_HTTP_PR	OXY_PORT	96/ 🟛		

- Access the DHCP Options Configuration page (SETUP menu > Devices Configuration folder > DHCP Options Configuration) to configure the DHCP Option 160 template.
- f. Click the Edit dhcpoption160.cfg template button; the Edit DHCP Option dialog box appears.
- **g.** Copy and paste the parameters with their values (see Step c above) into the text box, as shown highlighted below, and then click **Save**:

One Voice Operations Center		
Setup Wizard Users & Devices Jevices Configuration Templates Zero Touch Mapping System Settings Polycom Configuration DHEC Polycom Oringuration DHEC Polytome Configuration Group Configuration Site Configuration User Configuration User Configuration Devices Placeholders Generated Config Files Fimware Files Latest Firmware Versions Import / Export System	provisioning/method=STA provisioning/configuration OVOC accesses phones directly: ems_server/user_name= OVOC accesses phones via SBC HTTP httrofbgm_hutes_hosting_	<u>il</u> =-HTTP_OR_S>:// <ip_address>/ TIC <u>ut</u>=-HTTP_OR_S>://<ip_address>/<u>configfles</u>/ +HTTP_OR_S>://<ip_address>/<u>itmwarefiles</u>/ ystem <u>uta['VVI2Op5/5pM='</u>) outbound_proxy=1 <u>utpoxy_address=10.15.45.112</u></ip_address></ip_address></ip_address>
		Save Cancel

Figure 4-7: Configuring DHCP Option 160

- 5. (Only Selected IP Phones for OVR Deployment):
 - a. Open the Tenant Configuration page (SETUP menu > Devices Configuration folder > Tenant Configuration).
 - **b.** From the 'Select Tenant' drop-down list, select the name of the Tenant that you configured for OVR in OVOC in Step 2 (e.g., "OVR").
 - c. For each parameter (lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_proxy_address, lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_proxy_port, and
 - $\label{eq:lync/sign_in/use_hosting_outbound_proxy), do the following:$
 - i. In the 'Configuration Key' field, enter the parameter name.
 - **ii.** In the 'Configuration Value' field, enter the parameter's value.
 - iii. Click Add.

Figure 4-8: Configuring OVR Parameters for IP Phones of OVR Tenant

One Voice Operations Center		TROUBLESHOOT Device Mana	ager Pro	∆ _{yacov} →	0 Î
GENERATE CONFIGURATION				NETWORK TOPOLOG	GY
Setup Wizard Users & Devices Configuration	🌣 Tenant Configuratio	Select Tenant OVR	v		^
Templates	(This values will be added to the end				
Zero Touch Mapping System Settings Polycom Configuration	Configuration Key:	lync/sign_in/fixed_outbound_proxy_address		:	
DHCP Options Configuration	Configuration Value:	10.15.45.112	S Add		
Template Placeholders Tenant Configuration					
Group Configuration Site Configuration		Configuration Key	Configuration Value		
User Configuration					

- Access the Devices Status page (MONITOR menu > DASHBOARD folder > Devices Status) to assign specific users to the OVR tenant
- e. Filter the list so that it displays only the specific IP Phone users, by clicking the **Filter** button (located on the right of the page) and then defining an appropriate filter.

- f. In the list of users, select the top check box to select all the users, and then from the Selected Rows Actions drop-down list, choose Change Tenant.
- g. From the drop-down list, select **OVR**, and then click **Change**.



Cne Vaice Operations Center	=	E SETUP MONITOR TROUBLESHOOT Device Manager Pro													acov 👻 🔞				
GENERATE CONFIGURATION																		NETWO	ORK TOPOLOGY
DASHBOARD Deshboard Devices Status Alarms			vices Status ← Previous 1 Ne	at⇒ L	ast					model:(440hd)					표 Display Colu q	imns 📥 Ex	port 🤁 Re		er Filler 2. Filter
		×	Selected Rows Actions	•	VIP	STOE 16	Approve Selected		User Name esti6 [1]	 Phone Number +9725554458 	Last Update Status	Mac Address	• IP Address •	Model +		Tenant • QA_1	Group -	Site -	Te
			Actions III	0	*		Approve			Change Tenant			172.17.188.95 10.38.2.1 / 10.33.2.11 10.21.2.151	α 440HD	D UC_3.1.3.144.15 QA_1 D 2.0.8.79 ShayTeni D UC_3.1.3.144.71 Nir	ShayTenant		AutoDetection AutoDetection AutoDetection	Audiocor
								-		OVR	Cancel	_							

- 6. Generate the Configuration file for the IP Phone users:
 - a. Access the Manage Multiple Users page (MONITOR menu > DASHBOARD folder > Devices Status).
 - **b.** Filter the list of users so that it displays only users belonging to the tenant configured for the OVR (e.g., "OVR"). Filtering is done by clicking the **Filter** button (located on the right of the page), and then selecting the OVR tenant from the 'Tenant' drop-down list.
 - **c.** In the list of users, select the top check box to select all the users, and then from the **Selected Rows Actions** drop-down list, choose **Generate Configuration**.
 - d. Click the **Generate** button.

Figure 4-10: Generating Configuration File for Users of OVR Tenant

Coudiocodes One Vace Operations Center GENERATE CONFIGURATION	≡ set	TUP MONITOR	TROUBLESHOOT		Device Manager Pro								yacov 👻 🧯
A DASHBOARD	⊠ D	evices Status		_				_		Display Columns	xport 🤁 Reloa	d 🗰 Cle	ar Filter
Dashboard Devices Status Alarms	Firs	t - Previous 1 N	lext → Last						٩	l i		(2 Filter
	Show	ving 1 to 41 of 41 entries			Generate Dev	vice Confi	guration						
		Selected Rows Actions	🛓 Update Firmware	d 🗸	Are you sure you want to of the se	o generate the co elected devices?	nfiguration files	1ac Address 🔻	IP Address	• Nodel •	Firmware •	Tenant 🔻	Group
		Actions	 Check Status 		e	esti6		0905580a1e7	172.17.188.94	o: 440HD	UC_3.1.3.144.15	OVR	1.1
	ø	Actions =	7 Dacat Dhona		•	esti2		0908f484ab6	172.17.188.92	00 430HD	UC_3.1.3.144.15	OVR	1.3
	ø	Actions =	Generate Configuration		e	esti1		0908f55faa3	172.17.188.95	00 440HD	UC_3.1.3.144.15	OVR	1.2
	×.	Actions =	 Update Configuration Send Message 	0	У	null		0908/5/919	10.21.2.26	oc 430HD	UC_3.1.3.144.15	OVR	
		Actions =	Set As VIP		Y	'acov Alster		0905/863216	10.38.2.7	C 450HD	UC_3.1.3.144.15	OVR	
		Actions	Change Group	13	E	rez Alazraky		0908f9aead7	10.59.200.159	0: 445HD	UC_3.4.3.18	OVR	
	æ	Actions	Change Tenant	53				0908/758217	10.21.2.9	CC 405	UC_3.0.1.186	OVR	
		Actions 🗃	Delete Devices Status	53	Generate	Cancel		33349AEF8	172.18.110.18	😡 Jabra Engage 75 Stereo	1.9.13	OVR	
		Actions 🗃	>_ Telnet	53	s	Galicei		0908561A03A	172.17.121.2 / 10.33.2.11	C UC-HRS-457	UC_3.1.0.478, 110	OVR	
		Actions =	√ %	\$3	Online3	+972765312624	30.10.2019 07:45:12	00905f9af79a	10.16.2.165	C450HD	UC_3.2.1.459	OVR	
	æ	Actions 🗃	% Approve				29.10.2019 13:04:55	00d0460b2b11	10.16.2.119	RX50	UC_3.4.1.306	OVR	
1 mil		Actions	8	53	Shay Harel	+97239764720	28.10.2019 06:33:46	00908548ac9b	10.33.2.145	œ 430HD	UC_3.2.1.236.58	OVR	
	ø	Actions =	æ		Evgeny Shvidky	+97239764404	22.10.2019 11:27:06	00d0460b29ef	10.16.2.3	C450HD	UC_3.4.1.272	OVR	
	Ø	Actions 🗮		83	shay test		06.10.2019 11:48:41	00905544444	172.17.137.111 / 10.33.2.11	C: RX50	2.0.8.79	OVR	
		Actions =	Approve	53	Shay Harel		25.08.2019 17:46:45	00908/484688	10.38.2.1 / 10.33.2.11	oc 440HD	2.0.8.79	OVR	

4.3.3 Configuring the IP Phones through TFPT/HTTP

You can use a third-party, TFTP/HTTP server to mass provision the IP Phones deployed with the OVR. The IP Phones "learn" of the address of the server through DHCP. The address can be configured on the DHCP server and sent to the IP Phones using DHCP Option 160 during the DHCP process (when the IP Phones are initially powered up). Once the IP Phones connect to the TFTP/HTTP server, the server sends the configuration over TFTP/HTTP as a Configuration file, which the IP Phones load and apply.

The Configuration file (.cfg) must be created with the required configuration and located on the TFTP/HTTP server. For more information on creating a Configuration file, refer to the document, 400HD Series IP Phone with Microsoft Lync Administrator's Manual.



Note: This configuration is done before you initially connect the IP Phone to the network and power up.

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