# Evaluating the ADP1071-1 Isolated Synchronous Flyback Controller with Integrated iCoupler 

## FEATURES

Full support evaluation kit for the ADP 1071-1
15 W multioutput flyback topology
$+24 \mathrm{~V},+5.5 \mathrm{~V}$, and -15 V output voltage (Voc)
Light load mode (LLM) operation
Dedicated internal primary and secondary side MOSFET drivers
External reference signal tracking
Precision enabled undervoltage lockout with hysteresis
Short-circuit, output overvoltage, cycle by cycle input overcurrent, and overtemperature protection
Frequency synchronization
Soft start and soft stop functionality

## EVALUATION KIT CONTENTS

ADP1071-1EVALZ

## EQUIPMENT NEEDED

DC power supply capable of 18 V DC to $32 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}} 1$ A output current capability of the supply
Electronic load capable of $15 \mathrm{~W}, \mathbf{0}$ V to 30 V rating capability of the load
Oscilloscope capable of $\geq 500 \mathrm{MHz}$ bandwidth, $\mathbf{2}$ channels to 4 channels
Precision digital multimeter (HP 34401 or equivalent)

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADP1071-1EVALZ allows users to evaluate the ADP1071-1 in flyback topology.
The evaluation board is set up to act as an isolated power supply solution that incorporates three output voltages ( $+5.5 \mathrm{~V},+24 \mathrm{~V}$, and -15 V ) at a total rated power of 15 W . The evaluation board also provides 5 kV isolation in compact form factor, making it suitable for industrial applications, which usually have a variety of voltage rails.

Complete information about the ADP1071-1 is available in the ADP1071-1/ADP1071-2 data sheet. Consult the ADP1071-1/ ADP1071-2 data sheet in conjunction with this user guide when using the evaluation board.

DIGITAL PICTURES OF THE EVALUATION BOARD


Figure 1. ADP1071-1EVALZ Top


Figure 2. ADP1071-1EVALZ Bottom

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## REVISION HISTORY

## 8/2018-Revision 0: Initial Version

## EVALUATION BOARD OVERVIEW

This evaluation board features the ADP1071-1 in a dc-to-dc switching power supply in flyback topology with multiple outputs in a compact form factor.
The ADP1071-1EVALZ circuit is designed to provide +5.5 V , +24 V , and -15 V at a total rated power of 15 W from a dc input voltage source of $18 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ to $32 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$. To maximize efficiency at light load conditions, the ADP1071-1 operates at a switching frequency of 50 kHz . The switching frequency minimizes switching losses of the converter and is high enough to keep the transformer size small.

## POWER TRAIN OVERVIEW

The ADP1071-1EVALZ is shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2. The circuit components on the ADP1071-1EVALZ are described as follows:

- The input filter consists of a capacitor bank including Capacitor 24 (C24) to Capacitor 57 (C57).
- Q3 is an N channel, metal-oxide semiconductor field effect transistor (MOSFET) used as the main switch on the primary side.
- Transformer T1 provides isolation.
- The secondary side of the circuitry has three windings followed by one rectifying diode and one resistor/capacitor (RC) snubber.
- The output filter consists of two capacitors for each of the rails. These capacitors include C60 and C65 at the 24 V rail, C62 and C66 at the 5.5 V rail, and C7 and C67 at the -15 V rail.

The snubber for the main switch is composed of D11 and D12.
The ADP1071-1 flyback controller (U1) is the power controller. The power controller integrates gate drive for driving the primary switch and synchronous rectifier based on the Analog Devices, Inc., iCoupler ${ }^{\circ}$ technology.

During startup, U1 is powered by the J2 or J4 input via an external start-up circuit (Q7, R17, D5, or C38). When switching and power conversion starts, the auxiliary winding provides power
to the VREG1 pin. R15 is the sense resistor that senses the primary current.

## TRANSFORMER

The transformer has 10 pins and five windings, including primary winding (Pin 4 to Pin 3), auxiliary winding (Pin 2 to Pin 1), and three output windings (Pin 6 to $\operatorname{Pin} 7, \operatorname{Pin} 8$ to $\operatorname{Pin} 9$, and Pin 9 to Pin 10).


Figure 3. Transformer Diagram

## CONNECTORS

The connections to the ADP1071-1EVALZ are shown in Table 1.
Table 1. Evaluation Board Connections

| Connector | Pin Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| J2 | Pin 1, VIN+, dc input |
|  | Pin 2, VIN-, ground return for dc input |
| J5 | Pin 1, $24 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ output |
|  | Pin $2,5.5 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ output |
|  | Pin 3, GND, return for dc output |
|  | Pin 4, -15 V DC output |

## CAUTION

The ADP1071-1EVALZ uses high voltages. Take extreme caution, especially on the primary side, to ensure safety. It is advised to switch off the evaluation board when not in use. Use a current limited, isolated dc source at the input.

## EVALUATION BOARD HARDWARE EVALUATION BOARD CONFIGURATIONS

The ADP1071-1EVALZ is preconfigured with the default settings to operate the power supply at the rated load. No additional configuration is necessary. Replace J3 with at least an AWG22 wire to monitor the primary current.

## POWERING UP

To power up the ADP1071-1EVALZ, use the following steps:

1. Connect a dc source (voltage range of $18 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ to $32 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DC}}$ ) at the input terminals and electronic loads at the output terminals.
2. Connect voltmeters on the input terminals (VIN+ and VIN-) and output terminals ( $+24 \mathrm{~V},+5.5 \mathrm{~V},-15 \mathrm{~V}$, and GND) separately.
3. Connect the voltage probes at different test pins. Use the differential probes and ensure the ground of the probes are isolated if the measurements are made on the primary and secondary side of the transformer (T1) simultaneously.
4. Set the electronic load to the maximum rating for each rail.
5. Turn on the dc source.

## ADP1071-1EVALZ DIMENSIONS

Table 2 shows the dimensions of the ADP1071-1EVALZ evaluation board. The dimensions exclude standoff.

Table 2. Evaluation Board Dimensions

| Dimension | Value (Inches) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Length | 1.9 |
| Width | 1.25 |
| Height | 0.75 (excluding standoffs) |

## EVALUATING THE ADP1071-1EVALZ BOARD

Test points on the evaluation board allow the user to monitor output signals. The following sections provide descriptions of the typical results when evaluating the device in a multiflyback topology. The user can modify the operation of the device according to the ADP1071-1/ADP1071-2 data sheet as needed.

## STARTUP

When the supply voltage is on, the output voltages ramp up smoothly. For details about two-stage soft start, refer to the ADP1071-1/ADP1071-2 data sheet. Figure 4 shows the startup under a no load condition, and Figure 5 shows the startup of a full load condition.


Figure 4. Startup at No Load


Figure 5. Startup at Full Load
To experiment with different soft start timings, see more details in the soft start section in the ADP1071-1/ADP1071-2 data sheet.

## CROSS REGULATION

On the secondary side, the output voltage information of the 5.5 V rail and the 24 V rail are sensed by a voltage divider network and sent to the FB pin. These two voltages ( 5.5 V and 24 V ) are partially regulated by a weightage ratio of $6: 4$. The -15 V rail is left quasi regulated due to its relatively low load current rating. The user can adjust the feedback weightage ratio
according to the regulation requirement and load rating to achieve the most optimal cross regulation among the three outputs. Figure 6 through Figure 9 show the cross regulation performance under different load conditions.


Figure 6. Cross Regulation with Load Step at a +5.5 V Rail When +24 V and -15 V Rails at Full Load


Figure 7. Cross Regulation with Load Step at $a+24 \mathrm{~V}$ Rail When +5.5 V and -15 V Rails at Full Load


Figure 8. Cross Regulation with Load Step at $a+5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ Rail When +24 V and -15 V Rails at No Load


Figure 9. Cross Regulation with Load Step at a +24 V Rail When +5.5 V and -15 V Rails at No Load

## CONTROL LOOP GAIN

The loop gain can be measured via a network analyzer. The small signal perturbation is injected at R19 and at the 5.5 V test points. Figure 10 shows the loop gain of the system.


Figure 10. Loop Gain Measurement, Crossover Frequency $=432.33 \mathrm{~Hz}$, Phase Margin $=91.07^{\circ}$, Gain Margin $=13.51 \mathrm{~dB}$

## VOLTAGE AND CURRENT STRESS

The drain to source voltage of the main switch is clamped by the transient voltage suppressor (TVS) diode on the evaluation board. The peak drain to source voltage occurs at the maximum input voltage. The drain to source voltages at full load are shown in Figure 11. The peak drain to source voltage is 114 V , and the peak primary current is 2.2 A .


Figure 11. MOSFET Drain to Source Voltages at $32 V_{D C}$ Input and Full Load
The peak reverse voltage stress on the secondary diodes are measured in Figure 12 to Figure 14 under the same condition as in Figure 11. For $+5.5 \mathrm{~V},+24 \mathrm{~V}$, and -15 V rails, the diode voltage stress is $-19.5 \mathrm{~V},-72.4 \mathrm{~V}$, and +48 V , respectively.


Figure 12. Peak Diode Voltage Stress on a 5.5 V Rail at 32 V $\operatorname{DC}$ Input and Full Load


[^0] Load


Figure 14. Peak Diode Voltage Stress on a -15 V Rail at 32 VDC Input and Full Load

## EFFICIENCY

Table 3 shows the typical efficiency measurement under different load conditions. Note that the minimal load of the 5.5 V rail and the 24 V rail are kept at 0.01 A to maintain adequate load regulation.

## THERMAL PERFORMANCE

Figure 15 shows the typical thermal image of the evaluation board at different operating conditions.


Figure 15. Thermal Image of the ADP1071-1 at $48 V_{D C}$ Input, Full Load, No Airflow, and 0.5 Hour Soaking Time

Table 3. Efficiency Measurement at Input Voltage $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}\right)=24 \mathrm{~V}$

| OUT1 Voltage, Vouti (V) | OUT1 Current, Iout1 (A) | OUT2 Voltage, $V_{\text {out } 2}(\mathrm{~V})$ | OUT2 Current, Iout2 (A) | OUT3 Voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {оит }}(\mathrm{V})$ | OUT3 Current, louts (A) | Efficiency (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25.72 | 0.01 | 5.36 | 0.01 | 14.83 | 0.2 | 85.33 |
| 27.27 | 0.01 | 5.11 | 0.5 | 15.59 | 0.2 | 82.61 |
| 28.12 | 0.01 | 5.00 | 0.5 | 18.18 | 0 | 72.48 |
| 25.71 | 0.4 | 5.29 | 0.5 | 17.55 | 0 | 84.18 |
| 24.89 | 0.4 | 5.45 | 0.01 | 15.34 | 0.2 | 86.50 |
| 25.65 | 0.4 | 5.30 | 0.5 | 15.82 | 0.2 | 84.79 |

## EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC AND ARTWORK



Figure 16. ADP1071-1EVALZ Evaluation Board Schematic


Figure 17. Board Outline


Figure 18. Silkscreen Top


Figure 19. Silkscreen Bottom


Figure 20. PCB Layout, Top Layer


Figure 21. PCB Layout, Layer 2


Figure 23. PCB Layout, Layer 4


Figure 22. PCB Layout, Layer 3

## ORDERING INFORMATION

## BILL OF MATERIALS

Table 4.

| Quantity | Description | Reference Designator | Manufacturer ${ }^{1}$ | Manufacturer Part Number ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 5 \mathrm{R}, 0603$, capacitor | C1 | Murata | GRT188R61H225KE13D |
| 1 | SMD/SMT, $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 35 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}, \pm 10 \%, 1206$, capacitors | C7 | Taiyo Yuden | GMK316AB7106KL-TR |
| 2 | Ceramic capacitors, $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}, 1210$ | C24, C57 | AVX Corp | 12105C106KAT2A |
| 1 | SMD/SMT, X7R, 2 kV , 2200 pF, 10\%, 1812, capacitor | C32 | TDK | C4532X7R3D222K130KA |
| 1 | Ceramic capacitor, $100 \mathrm{pF}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \%$, X7R, SMD, 0603, do not install (DNI) | C35 | AVX Corp | 06035C102KAT2A |
| 1 | Ceramic capacitor, $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 16 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \%$, X5R, SMD, 0603 | C36 | Murata | GRM185R61C105KE44D |
| 3 | $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 5 \mathrm{R}, 0603$, capacitors | C37, C38, C48 | Murata | GRT188R61H225KE13D |
| 2 | SMD/SMT, $50 \mathrm{~V}, 100 \mathrm{pF}, 10 \%$, capacitors, 0603 | C39, C51 | Kemet | C0603C101K5RACTU |
| 1 | Ceramic capacitor, $10 \mathrm{nF}, 100 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \%$, X7R, SMD, 0603 | C40 | AVX Corp | C0603C103K2RACTU |
| 2 | Capacitors, $220 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 35 \mathrm{~V}$, CPLRAD138D315H433LD24 | C50, C67 | Panasonic | EEUFM1V221 |
| 3 | 0603, 470 pF, $100 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}, 10 \%$, capacitors | C58, C59, C60 | Murata | GRM188R72A471KA01D |
| 1 | Ceramic capacitor chip, $22 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, 1206$ | C62 | Murata | GRM31CR71A226ME15L |
| 1 | Ceramic capacitor chip, $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{C} 1206 \mathrm{H} 71$ | C65 | Taiyo Yuden | GMK316AB7106KL-TR |
| 1 | Capacitor, $100 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{CPLRAD100D197H300LD20}$ | C66 | Panasonic | EEUFM1A101 |
| 1 | Zener diode, $300 \mathrm{~mW}, \pm 5 \%$, surface mount SOD-323-2 | D5 | On Semiconductor | SZMM3Z11VT1G-ND |
| 1 | Diode, ultrafast, $100 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{S1B}, \mathrm{DO} 214 \mathrm{AC}-3$ | D11 | Fairchild | S1B |
| 1 | ESD suppressor/TVS diode, $400 \mathrm{~W}, 43 \mathrm{~V}$, unidirect, DO214AC_C | D12 | Vishay | P4SMA43A-E3/5A |
| 2 | Schottky diodes and rectifiers, REC SOD123, 2 A, 200 V | D16, D18 | On Semiconductor | MBR2H200SFT1G |
| 1 | Schottky diode and rectifier, $1 \mathrm{~A}, 60 \mathrm{~V}$, SMA | D19 | On Semiconductor | MBRA160 |
| 1 | Schottky diode and rectifier, $1 \mathrm{~A}, 40 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{SMA}$ | D21 | On Semiconductor | MBRA140T3G |
| 1 | Schottky diode and rectifier, 1 A, 100 V , SMA | D22 | On Semiconductor | MBRA1H100 |
| 1 | CONN-PCB single row SMD terminal strip, 640454-2, CNTHMHDR1x2I200W225h415_A | J2 | TE Connectivity | 640454-2 |
| 1 | Wire short | J3 |  |  |
| 1 | CONN-PCB single row SMD terminal strip, 640454-4, CNTHMHDR1X4L400W225H415_A | J5 | TE Connectivity | 640454-4 |
| 1 | MOSFET power, $100 \mathrm{~V}, 4 \mathrm{~A}, 70 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$, MLP6_2X2_PAD_9X1_PAD_2X_56 | Q3 | Fairchild Semiconductor | STL3N10F7 |
| 1 | Transistor, NPN, $160 \mathrm{~V}, 0.8 \mathrm{~A}$ | Q7 | Fairchild | FMBS2383 |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $5.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R12 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R14 |  |  |
| 1 | 1206, $10 \mathrm{~m} \Omega, 1 \%$, current sense resistor, 1210-4_A | R15 | Vishay Dale | ERJ-8BWFR010V |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R17 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $30.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R18 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $10 \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R19 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $5.9 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R20 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $5.11 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R21 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $0.976 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R23 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $0.976 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R24 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $487 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R27 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $51.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R28 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $0 \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$, jumper, 0603 | R29 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $4.75 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R31 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R35 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $10 \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0805$ | R36 | AVX | 08051C471KAZ2A |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 5 \mathrm{~W}, 0.1 \%, 0603$ | R49 |  |  |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $0 \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}$, jumper, DNI, 0603 | R50 |  |  |


| Quantity | Description | Reference <br> Designator | Manufacturer ${ }^{1}$ | Manufacturer Part <br> Number $^{1}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | SMD resistors, $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1206$ | R53, R54 | Panasonic | ERJ-8GEYJ103V $^{1}$ |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 0.25 \mathrm{~W}, 5 \%, 1206$ | R55 | Panasonic | ERJ-8GEYJ103V |
| 1 | SMD resistor, $46.4 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, 1 \%, 0603$ | R56 |  |  |
| 4 | SMD resistors, $4.7 \Omega, 1 / 5 \mathrm{~W}, 0.1 \%, 0603$ | R57, R58, R59, |  |  |
| 1 | Transformer | R60 | Wurth Electronics | 750316825. Rev00 |
| 1 | Flyback controller | U1 | Analog Devices | ADP1071-1 |

[^1]
## ESD Caution

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

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[^0]:    Figure 13. Peak Diode Voltage Stress on a 24 V Rail at 32 VDC Input and Full

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Blank rows in this column indicate that any manufacturer is possible.

