



Assistance contacts

Phone: 800-659-2955 7a to 9p ET seven days a week

Website: www.sba.gov/disaster

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Individuals who are deaf or hard-of-hearing can call 800-877-8339

Wisconsin's SBA office will also offer daily webinars starting Saturday, March 21 to answer your questions--register now:

10:00 am webinars: <http://ow.ly/BKV850yR5qb>

2:00 pm webinars: <http://ow.ly/QMbX50yR5w5>

For more local assistance, go to last page.

Frequent Questions and Answers Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL)

What is an Economic Injury Disaster Loan?

It is a low-interest federal loan issued by the SBA to alleviate economic injury small businesses or private non-profits are experiencing injury and, in this case, injury caused by the Coronavirus (COVID-19). They become available once a county or state gets an Economic Injury Disaster Loan assistance declaration also issued by the SBA.

More information can be found at <https://disasterloan.sba.gov/ela/Information/EIDLLoans>.

How does a small business apply for an EIDL?

The SBA highly recommends using the online loan application, which can be found at <https://disasterloan.sba.gov/ela/>.

How does a business qualify for an EIDL?

Many factors go into qualifying for an EIDL. A primary one is that a small business has to show a loss effective January 31, 2020, to now and/or in the future, as compared to 2019 financials.

What forms are needed for the loan application?

The SBA highly recommends using the online loan application, which can be found at <https://disasterloan.sba.gov/ela/>.

Small businesses will also need the following:

- Tax Information Authorization ([IRS Form 4506T](#)) for the applicant, principals and affiliates.
- Complete copies of the most recent Federal Income Tax Return.

- Schedule of Liabilities ([SBA Form 2202](#)).
- Personal Financial Statement ([SBA Form 413](#)).
- Profit and loss statements
- Monthly sales figures ([SBA Form 1368](#))

For those with limited web/online capabilities, paper forms can be found at <https://disasterloan.sba.gov/ela/Information/PaperForms>.

What can an EIDL be used for?

These loans may be used to pay fixed debts, payroll, accounts payable and other bills that can't be paid because of the disaster's impact.

What are the interest rates for EIDLs?

The interest rate is 3.75% for small businesses and the interest rate for nonprofits is 2.75%.

When does the business have to start paying back the loan?

EIDLs repayment is deferred for twelve months. Interest accrues during this period. Further, SBA offers loans with long-term repayments to keep payments affordable, up to a maximum of 30 years. Terms are determined on a case-by-case basis, based upon each borrower's ability to repay.

What banks are authorized to offer these economic injury disaster loans?

The SBA offers the economic injury disaster loans, not banks. Small businesses should apply for Economic Injury Disaster Loans at <https://disasterloan.sba.gov/ela/>.

Traditional SBA-backed loans are available as well; to find an SBA-approved lender, visit www.sba.gov/lendermatch.

What is the limit each state can receive? What about each business?

The SBA is available to assist all small businesses across the nation and does not have a total cap on the loan amounts; each qualifying small business can apply for a loan of up to \$2M to assist with economic recovery. There is no state or territory limit.

What is the process for and turnaround time from loan application to receiving the funds?

The loan process can be found at the link below and turnaround time is approximately five days for review and the receipt of funds once the loan is approved takes approximately 3 weeks.

Loan process:

https://disasterloan.sba.gov/ela/Documents/Three_Step_Process_SBA_Disaster_Loans.pdf

With the social distancing recommendations and closures, how will SBA's disaster team help small business owners get their loan applications in and processed?

As much as possible, applications and processing is being done online/virtually. SBA's offices are available to assist borrowers, and SBA's funded Wisconsin resource partners can also help. See contact information chart at the end of this document.

Since the Federal Reserve lowered its target for the federal funds rate to nearly 0% this week, why is it that the SBA EIDL rate set to 3.75%? Aren't these direct loans from the SBA? What entity is making the 3.75% interest? Is it possible that the interest rate will be lowered soon?

This level is set by Congress. If Congress acts to adjust it, the SBA will do so per the action.

How is the disaster loan amount determined?

A: SBA will look at the last three years historical to determine what the business could have paid if the disaster would not have occurred. The loan funds will not provide for lost sales.

Q: Is the interest rate fixed?

A: Yes

Q: Can there be interest only payments on the disaster loan?

A: There is 12 months of payment deferral automatically built into the disaster loan that begins from the date of the Note, but interest accrues.

Q: Is there a certain time period that the business needs to be in operation?

A: No, however the business will need the appropriate business and financial documentation required that shows it is a viable business.

Q: Is there a different business size standard for disaster loans than the SBA 7a program?

A: No, same size standard as the 7a program.

Q: What is the time frame for businesses to receive funds once the application package is submitted?

A: The typical timeframe is 21 days for a decision on the application package as long as all information is provided accurately by the applicant. After decisioning, SBA legal prepares the closing documents to send to the borrower. After receipt of the signed documents the funds are direct deposited typically in 3 -5 business days. If collateral is required for the loan SBA will prepare a partial disbursement of \$25,000 to submit to the borrower and release the remaining funds once all collateral is appropriately secured.

Q: Is there reconsiderations made if the loan is denied?

A: Yes. An example would be if the loan was turned down for insufficient income and the owner would like to add on a co-borrower, such as a spouse.

Q: What if an applicant is approved for the loan but withdraws their application. Do they have to re-apply all over again?

A: The applicant will have up to 6 months to reactivate their loan that was approved.

Q: Should applicants complete a paper application beforehand and send in once a disaster is declared for the area their business is located?

A: Yes, however completing the application online electronically ensures a faster process. If SBA receives the paper application a staff member needs to input the information into the electronic application system. This will slow down the application process.

Q: To meet the credit available elsewhere that is required does the applicant need to be turned down by a lender?

A: No. SBA will complete the thorough analysis to determine this based on the information provided by the applicant.

Q: If using a joint tax return and the spouse is not an owner of the business does the spouse need to sign the 4506?

A: No.

Q: If the business has insurance that will provide loss proceeds will this become a problem during application?

A: No, if insurance proceeds are disbursed to the business after the loan is funded those proceeds would be used to pay down on the disaster loan.

Q: I've read that private non-profits are eligible for this loan program. Is that true?

Yes, that is correct. SBA Wisconsin is seeking more information for non-profits and will share as soon it's available. Visit www.sba.gov/disaster for more information.

Business Operations Continuity-related

What are some things businesses can do to prepare and/or stay afloat? Are you seeing any innovative/creative strategies/solutions they're using?

All businesses should have a preparedness plan in place for any type of disruption. Proper planning helps to protect employees, lessen the financial ramifications, and help the business continue to support economic recovery in the community. Visit www.sba.gov/coronavirus for more resources.

Specific guidance on:

- **Capital Access** – We understand this situation can strain your capacity to make payroll, maintain inventory and respond to market fluctuations. With the state declaration, we encourage you to apply for an SBA Economic Injury Disaster Loan. Also, traditional SBA-backed lending is still available and we can help you with that.
- **Workforce** – Your workers are just as impacted as you are and job functions/ responsibilities are likely changing. Keep this in mind as you work through your operations.
 - For issues related to your workforce, including safety, wages, unemployment, check in with the Department of Labor at <https://www.dol.gov/coronavirus>.
 - For mental health issues, visit the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services [Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration](https://www.samhsa.gov/finding-treatment) (<https://www.samhsa.gov/finding-treatment>).
- **Insurance Coverage**– If you have business interruption insurance, now is the time to contact your insurance agent to review your policy to understand precisely what you are and are not covered for in the event of an extended incident.
- **Marketing** – Communicate openly with your customers about the status of your operations, what protective measures you've implemented, and what you're doing to keep your customers protected and meet their needs.
- **Plan** – Prepare a plan for what you will do as this situation evolves, including worsens or improves.

What should a small business do to keep its employees and customers safe?

We want to emphasize that public health is the priority and we're encouraging small businesses to do their part to keep their employees, customers and themselves healthy by following the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's [most up-to-date information on COVID-19](#), as well as [Guidance for Businesses and Employers to Plan and Respond](#).

Also, the Department of Labor has provided details on workplace safety, leave and additional general resources at <https://www.dol.gov/coronavirus>.

What should a small business do to avoid being victimized?

Small businesses should ensure that anyone promising assistance is legitimate. The FTC has this page to help businesses protect against scams: www.ftc.gov/coronavirus. More resources for cyber scams can be found here: <https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/current-activity/2020/03/06/defending-against-covid-19-cyber-scams>

Is the SBA offering other type of assistance beyond financial help?

Yes, as it has for more than 65 years, the SBA is offering ongoing assistance for small businesses across the country to help them start, grow, expand and recover. This includes various trainings and education offerings, financial and preparedness planning, supply chain assistance and the like. Small businesses should contact Wisconsin'

| ORGANIZATION | LOCATIONS | PHONE | EMAIL |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| SBA | Milwaukee Madison | 414-297-3941 608-441-5263 | Wisconsin@sba.gov |
| SBDC Network | 13 offices statewide | Answerline 800-940-7232 | Find local contacts at https://business.wisconsin.edu/about/covid-19/ |
| WI Women's Business Initiative Corp. | Milwaukee, Madison, Racine, Kenosha, Appleton, Green Bay, La Crosse | | www.wwbic.com info@wwbic.com |
| Western WI Women's Business Center | Independence, Eau Claire | | www.successfulbusiness.org |
| SCORE | Milwaukee Madison Marshfield | 414-297-3942 | Score.28@scorevolunteer.org Counseling.28@scorevolunteer.org madison.Score@scorevolunteer.org ch.admin0535@scorevolunteer.org |
| Veterans Business Outreach Center | Statewide | 608-204-8909 | ltaylor@wwbic.com |

Where should a small business go to find additional resources for help?

Small businesses should stay up to date with SBA's ongoing assistance by following @SBA_Wisconsin on Twitter and subscribing to the district newsletter via www.sba.gov/updates using their zip code. Also, small businesses can find local educational and counseling resources via www.sba.gov/localassistance.