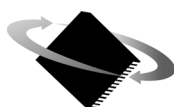


Magellan[®] Motion Control IC Programmer's Command Reference



P M D

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Related Documents

Magellan Motion Control IC User's Guide

Complete description of the Magellan Motion Control IC features and functions with detailed theory of its operation.

Magellan Motion Control IC Electrical Specifications

Booklets containing physical and electrical characteristics, timing diagrams, pinouts, and pin descriptions of each series:

MC58000 Series (except MC58113), for DC brush, brushless DC, Microstepping, and Pulse & Direction motion control ICs

MC55000 Series, for Pulse & Direction motion control ICs

MC58113 Series, for single chip DC Brush, brushless DC, microstepping, and Pulse & Direction motion control ICs with closed loop current control.

Magellan Motion Control IC Developer's Kit Manual

How to install and configure the DK58000 series and DK55000 series developer's kit PC board.

Atlas Digital Amplifier User's Manual

Description of the Atlas Digital Amplifier electrical and mechanical specifications along with a summary of its operational features.

Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference

Complete electrical and mechanical description of the Atlas Digital Amplifier with detailed theory of operations.

Other Documents

ION Digital Drive User's Manual

How to install and configure ION Digital Drives.

Prodigy-PCI Motion Card User's Guide

How to install and configure the Prodigy-PCI motion board.

Prodigy-PC/104 Motion Card User's Guide

How to install and configure the Prodigy-PC/104 motion board.

Prodigy/CME Standalone User's Guide

How to install and configure the Prodigy/CME standalone motion board.

Prodigy/CME Machine-Controller User's Guide

How to install and configure the Prodigy/CME machine controller motion board.

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1. The Magellan Family

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1.1 Family Summary

The *Magellan Motion Control IC Programmer's Command Reference* supports the Magellan Family of ICs from PMD, including the MC58000 Series (DC brush, brushless DC, and step motor) and the MC55000 Series (step motor). In addition, Magellan processors are used in a number of card and module-level products including ION Digital Drives, Prodigy motion control cards, and Prodigy/CME Machine Controller cards.

Magellans are complete IC-based motion processors, providing trajectory generation and related motion control functions. Depending on the type of motor to be controlled, they provide servo loop closure, on-board commutation for brushless motors, and high-speed pulse and direction outputs. When the MC58113 is used, when used in ION Digital Drives, or when used with Atlas Digital amplifiers, they also provide current control, short circuit protection, and many other amplifier-related functions. Together, these products provide a software-compatible family of dedicated motion control ICs that can handle a large variety of motion control applications.

1.2 Magellan Motion Control IC Products

The following table presents a feature summary of the various members of the Magellan Motion Control IC family:

	MC58000 Series (Except MC58113)	MC55000 Series	MC58113 Series
# of axes	1, 2, 3, 4	1, 2, 3, 4	1+ (primary & aux channel encoder input)
Motor types supported	DC Brush, Brushless DC, step motor	Step motor	DC Brush, Brushless DC, step motor
Output format	SPI Atlas, PWM, DAC, pulse & direction	Pulse & direction	SPI Atlas, PWM, DAC, pulse & direction
Parallel host communication	✓	✓	
Serial host communication	✓	✓	✓
CAN 2.0B host communication	✓	✓	✓
SPI host communication			✓
Incremental encoder input	✓	✓	✓
Parallel word device input	✓	✓	
Index & Home signals	✓	✓	✓
Position capture	✓	✓	✓
Directional limit switches	✓	✓	✓
PWM output	✓		✓
Parallel DAC output	✓		
SPI Atlas interface	✓		✓
SPI DAC output	✓		✓
Pulse & direction output	✓	✓	✓
Digital current control	✓ (with Atlas)		✓
Field oriented control	✓ (with Atlas)		✓
Under/overvoltage sense	✓ (with Atlas)		✓
I ² T Current foldback	✓ (with Atlas)		✓
DC Bus shunt resistor control			✓
Overtemperature sense	✓ (with Atlas)		✓
Short circuit sense	✓ (with Atlas)		✓

	MC58000 Series (Except MC58113)	MC55000 Series	MC58113 Series
Trapezoidal profiling	✓	✓	✓
Velocity profiling	✓	✓	✓
S-curve profiling	✓	✓	✓
Electronic gearing	✓	✓	✓
On-the-fly changes	✓	✓	✓
PID position servo loop	✓		✓
Dual biquad filters	✓		✓
Dual encoder loop	✓ (multi-axis configurations only)		✓
Programmable derivative sampling time	✓		✓
Feedforward (accel & vel)	✓		✓
Data trace/diagnostics	✓	✓	✓
Motion error detection	✓	✓ (with encoder)	✓
Axis settled indicator	✓	✓ (with encoder)	✓
Analog input	✓	✓	✓
Programmable bit output	✓	✓	✓
Software-invertible signals	✓	✓	✓
User-defined I/O	✓	✓	
Internal Trace Buffer			✓
External RAM support	✓	✓	
Multi-chip synchronization	✓		✓
Chipset configurations	MC58420 (4 axes, 2 ICs) MC58320 (3 axes, 2 ICs) MC58220 (2 axes, 2 ICs) MC58120 (1 axis, 2 ICs) MC58110 (1 axis, 1 IC)	MC55420 (4 axes, 2 ICs) MC55320 (3 axes, 2 ICs) MC55220 (2 axes, 2 ICs) MC55120 (1 axis, 2 ICs) MC55110 (1 axis, 1 IC)	MC51113 (1+ axis, 1 IC) MC53113 (1+ axis, 1 IC) MC54113 (1+ axis, 1 IC) MC58113 (1+ axis, 1 IC)
IC Package: CP chip	MC58x20: 144 pin TQFP MC58110: 144 pin TQFP	MC55x20: 144 pin TQFP MC55110: 144 pin TQFP	100 pin TQFP
IC Package: IO chip	MC58x20: 100 pin TQFP MC58110: NA	MC55x20: 100 pin TQFP MC55110: NA	N/A
Motion control IC	DK58420	DK55420	DK51113
developer's kit p/n's	DK58320	DK55320	DK53113
	DK58220	DK55220	DK54113
	DK58120	DK55120	DK58113
	DK58110	DK55110	

2. C-Motion

2.1 Introduction

C-Motion is a “C” source code library that contains all the code required for communicating with the Magellan Motion Control IC.

C-Motion includes the following features:

- Axis virtualization.
- The ability to communicate to multiple Magellan Motion Control ICs.
- Can be easily linked to any “C/C++” application.

C-Motion callable functions are broken into two groups, those callable functions that encapsulate motion control IC specific commands, and those callable functions that encapsulate product-specific capabilities.

The motion control IC specific commands are detailed in [Chapter 4, *Instruction Reference*](#). They are the primary commands that you will use to control the major motion features including profile generation, servo loop closure, motor output signal generation (PWM and analog), breakpoint processing, trace operations, and many other functions.

Each Magellan Motion Control IC command has a C-Motion command of the identical name, but prefaced by the letters “PMD.” For example, the Magellan command **SetPosition** is called **PMDSetPosition**.

2.2 C-Motion Versions

To provide more efficient compiled code for the environments in which different C-Motion-based programs are likely to be used, two separate implementations of C-Motion are provided:

- Version 4.x, for host programs that communicate with PRP devices, and for C-Motion Engine programs.
- Version 3.x, for all other PMD Magellan products, including non-PRP ION modules, non-CME Prodigy cards, and Magellan Motion Control ICs.

Both of these C-Motion versions share the same calling sequences for all Magellan commands, however they may not be mixed in the same program. They do not share the same mechanisms for opening a connection to a Motion Control IC, as discussed for Version 3.x in [section 2.4 “Using C-Motion” on page 10](#). C-Motion 3.x requires the communication interface (PCI, ISA, serial, SPI, or CAN) to be specified at compile time. This allows a smaller program, and, in the case of a port to a microprocessor host, means that code for interfaces that are not used need not be ported.

C-Motion 3.x uses only the Magellan protocols, and does not support PRP. C-Motion 4.x allows the communications interface (PCI, TCP, serial, or CAN) to be specified at run-time, and supports multiple connections using different interfaces at the same time. A larger and more complex library is therefore required. C-Motion 4.x supports both the Magellan protocols, which are used to communicate with Magellan attached Motion Control ICs, and also PRP, which is used to communicate with Prodigy/CME cards and ION/CME and ION/D digital drives. A port of C-Motion 4.x to a microprocessor host could certainly omit some interfaces, but source code changes in various parts of the library would be required.

For more information on using C-Motion version 4.x, see the PMD Resource Access Protocol Programmer’s Reference.

2.3 Files

The following table lists the files that make up the C-Motion distribution.

C-Motion.h/C-Motion.c	Definition/declaration of the PMD Magellan command set
PMDpar.h/PMDpar.c	Parallel interface functions
PMDW32ser.h/PMDW32ser.c	Windows serial communication interface functions
PMDutil.h/PMDutil.c	General utility functions
PMDtrans.h/PMDtrans.c	Generic transport (interface) functions
PMDdecode.h	Defines the PMD Magellan and C-Motion error codes
PMDocode.h	Defines the control codes for Magellan commands
PMDtypes.h	Defines the basic types required by C-Motion
PMDCAN.h/PMDCAN.c	CAN interface command/data transfer functions.
PMDIXXATCAN.h	CAN interface for IXXAT VCI (Virtual Can Interface) API
PMDIXXATCAN.c	CAN interface for IXXAT VCI (Virtual Can Interface) API v3.x
PMDNISPI.h	SPI interface for National Instruments USB-8452
PMDNISPI.c	SPI interface for National Instruments USB-8452
PMDcommon.c	Miscellaneous procedures
PMDdevice.h	
PMDconio.c	Console I/O redirector
PMDdiag.h/PMDdiag.c	Diagnostic functions
IXXAT*.*	IXXAT VCI v3.x include and library files
PLX*.*	PLX Technology (PCI) and library include files
NIV*.*	National Instruments include and library files

2.4 Using C-Motion

C-Motion can be linked to your application code by including the above “C” source files in your application. Then, for any application source file that requires access to the motion control IC, include C-Motion.h. In addition, the required interfaces need to be defined as shown below. Only the required interfaces need to be included.

```
#define PMD_W32SERIAL_INTERFACE
// use this for a standard serial interface under Windows

#define PMD_PCI_INTERFACE
// use this for a standard PCI parallel interface under Windows
```

By customizing the base interface functions, C-Motion can be ported to virtually any hardware platform. An example would be a memory-mapped IO scheme that uses the parallel interface. This would be built using the PMDPar.c/.h source files as a basis.

The Magellan Motion Control IC Developer’s Kit board and the Prodigy-PCI Motion Card use the PCI interface chip provided by PLX Technology. To fully understand the interface mechanism, or to write your own interface software, you can download the PLX SDK. More information on the functionality and features can be found on the PLX website – <http://www.plxtech.com> – in the software development kits area.

C-Motion is a set of functions that encapsulate the motion control IC command set. Every command has as its first parameter an “axis handle.” The axis handle is a structure containing information about the interface to the motion control IC and the axis number that the handle represents. Before communicating to the motion control IC, the axis handle must be initialized using the following sequence of commands:

```
// the axis handles
PMDAxisHandle hAxis1, hAxis2;

// open interface to PMD processor and initialize handle to axis one
PMDSetupAxisInterface_PCI( &hAxis1, PMDAxis1, 0 );

// initialize handle to the second axis
PMDCopyAxisInterface( &hAxis2, &hAxis1, PMDAxis2 );
```

The above is an example of initializing communication using the parallel communication interface. Each interface .c source file contains an example of initializing the interface. Once the axis handle has been initialized, any of the motion control IC commands can be executed.

The header file C-Motion.h includes the function prototypes for all motion control IC commands as implemented in C-Motion. See this file for the required parameters for each command. For information about the operation and purpose of each command, see [Chapter 4, Instruction Reference](#).

Many functions require additional parameters. Some standard values are defined by C-Motion and can be used with the appropriate functions. See PMDtypes.h for a complete list of defined types. An example of calling one of the C-Motion functions with the pre-defined types is shown below:

```
PMDSetBreakpoint(&hXAxis, PMDBreakpoint1, PMDAxis2, PMDBreakpointActionAbruptStop,
PMDBreakpointActualPositionCrossed);
```

In a few cases commands must be directed explicitly to the Atlas amplifier associated with a Magellan control axis, examples are the GetVersion and Reset commands. In order to do so an axis handle must be opened for the Atlas amplifier itself, to do so for axis 2 the following call may be used:

```
PMDAxisHandle hAxis2, hAtlas2;
PMDGetAtlasAxisHandle(&hAxis2, &hAtlas2);
```

2.4.1 C-Motion Functions

The table below describes the functions that are provided by C-Motion in addition to the standard chip command set.

C-Motion functions	Arguments	Function description
PMDSetupAxisInterface_PCI	<i>axis_handle</i> <i>axis_number</i> <i>board_number</i>	Used to setup an axis interface connection for communicating over a PCI bus.
PMDSetupAxisInterface_ISA	<i>axis_handle</i> <i>axis_number</i> <i>board_number</i>	Used to setup an axis interface connection for communicating over an ISA (PC/104) bus.
PMDSetupAxisInterface_Serial	<i>axis_handle</i> <i>axis_number</i> <i>port_number</i>	Used to setup an axis interface connection for communicating over a RS232 or RS485 serial bus.

C-Motion functions	Arguments	Function description
PMDSetupAxisInterface_CAN	<i>axis_handle</i> <i>axis_number</i> <i>board_number</i>	Used to setup an axis interface connection for communicating over a CAN bus.
PMDSetupAxisInterface_Parallel	<i>axis_handle</i> <i>axis_number</i> <i>board_address</i>	Low level function used to setup an axis interface for parallel communications in an embedded system.
PMDSetupAxisInterface_SPI	<i>axis_handle</i> <i>axis_number</i> <i>device</i>	Used to setup an axis interface connection for communicating over an SPI bus.
PMDCloseAxisInterface	<i>axis_handle</i>	Should be called to terminate an interface connection.
PMDCopyAxisInterface	<i>dest_axis_handle</i> <i>src_axis_handle</i> <i>axis_number</i>	Used for opening an axis interface connection to the same device as used by <i>src_axis_handle</i> , but a different axis.
PMDGetErrorMessage	<i>ErrorCode</i>	Returns a character string representation of the corresponding PMD chip or C-Motion error code.
GetCMotionVersion	<i>MajorVersion</i> <i>MinorVersion</i>	Returns the major and minor version number of C-Motion.
PMDHardReset	<i>axis_handle</i>	This function causes a “hard” reset of the motion control IC. Unlike all other card-specific commands, this command is processed directly through the bus interface.
PMDReadDPRAM	<i>axis_handle</i> <i>data</i> <i>offset_in_dwords</i> <i>words_to_read</i>	This function reads directly from the onboard dual-port RAM via the bus interface (if applicable).
PMDWriteDPRAM	<i>axis_handle</i> <i>data</i> <i>offset_in_dwords</i> <i>words_to_write</i>	This function writes directly to the onboard dual-port RAM via the bus interface (if applicable).

2.5 Prodigy Motion Card Specific Functions

Several auxiliary functions are included in addition to the standard Magellan API commands for use with the Magellan-based Prodigy Motion Cards only. The functions are for configuring functions on the motion control board. The following table describes the functions. For more information, see the user's guide for your motion control card.

C-Motion function	Arguments	Function description
PMDMBWriteDigitalOutput	<i>axis_handle</i> , <i>write_value</i>	This function writes to the eight general-purpose digital I/O signals (digitalOut0-7). <i>Write_value</i> holds the eight signals in its low order 8 bits.
PMDMBReadDigitalInput	<i>axis_handle</i> , <i>read_value</i>	This function reads the value of the signals DigitalIn0-7, and returns them in the low order 8 bits of <i>read_value</i> .
PMDMBReadDigitalOutput	<i>axis_handle</i> , <i>read_value</i>	This function reads the value of the signals DigitalOut0-7, and returns them in the low order 8 bits of <i>read_value</i> .
PMDMBSetAmplifierEnable	<i>axis handle</i> , <i>mask</i> , <i>write_value</i>	This function writes to the 4 amplifier enable signals (AmpEnable1-4) using <i>mask</i> and <i>write_value</i> . When a 1 appears in <i>mask</i> , the corresponding bit position in <i>write_value</i> is written to the corresponding signal. The values for <i>mask</i> and <i>write_value</i> are all 0- shifted; that is, they are stored in the lowest order 4 bits.
PMDMBGetAmplifierEnable	<i>axis_handle</i> , <i>read_value</i>	This function reads the values of AmpEnable 1-4, and returns them in the low order 4 bits of <i>read_value</i> .
PMDMBSetDACOutputEnable	<i>axis handle</i> , <i>write_value</i>	This function sets the DACOutputEnable status. A written value of 1 enables DAC output, while a written value of 0 disables DAC output.

C-Motion function	Arguments	Function description
PMDMBGetDACOutputEnable	<i>axis_handle, read_value</i>	This function reads the value of the DACOutputEnable function. A value of 1 indicates DAC output enabled; a value of 0 indicates DAC output disabled.
PMDMBSetWatchDog	<i>axis_handle</i>	This function writes to the correct value to the watchdog register, so that for the next 104 milliseconds the card will not be reset by the watchdog circuitry.
PMDMBGetResetCause	<i>axis_handle, reset_cause</i>	This function returns the reset cause in the variable reset_cause, reset_cause and also clears the reset condition.
PMDMBReadCardID	<i>axis_handle, card_ID</i>	This function returns the card ID, encoded as defined in the preceeding table.

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3. VB-Motion

3

3.1 Introduction

VB-Motion is the interface from Microsoft Visual Basic .NET to the PMD C-Motion library for control of Magellan Motion Processors. It can be easily integrated with any Visual Basic or C# application. The library supports communication to Magellan Developer's Kit Board and Magellan Motion Controller via serial (RS232/RS485) and CAN (IXX-AT), and where applicable PCI and PC/104 parallel interfaces.

There are two parts to the Visual Basic interface code:

- 1 C-Motion.dll is a dynamically loadable library of all documented procedures in the PMD host libraries, including all C-Motion procedures.
- 2 PMDLibrary.vb is Visual Basic source code containing definitions and declarations for DLL procedures, enumerated types, and data structures supporting the use of C-Motion.dll from Visual Basic. PMDLibrary.vb should be included in any Visual Basic project for PMD device control.
- 3 PMDLibrary.dll is a .NET library compiled from PMDLibrary.vb and can be used with both Visual Basic and C# projects. PMDLibrary.dll should be included in any C# project for PMD device control.

Both debug and release versions of C-Motion.dll and PMDLibrary.dll are provided in directories CMESDK\HostCode\Debug and CMESDK\HostCode\Release, respectively. The library input file C-Motion.lib is also provided so that C-Motion.dll may be used with C/C++ language programs. When compiling C/C++ programs to be linked against the DLL the preprocessor symbol PMD_IMPORTS must be defined.

C-Motion.dll must be in the executable path when using it, either from a C or a Visual Basic program. Frequently the easiest and safest way of doing this is to put it in the same directory as the executable file.

PMDLibrary.vb is located in the directory CMESDK\HostCode\DotNet.

The VB-Motion described here uses C-Motion in the CMESDK.

3.2 Visual Basic Classes

The file PMDLibrary.vb defines a Visual Basic class for each of the opaque data types used in the PMD library:

PMDPeripheral, **PMDDevice**, **PMDAxis**, and **PMDMemory**. **PMDPeripheral** is inherited by a set of derived classes for each peripheral type: **PMDPeripheralCOM**, **PMDPeripheralCAN**, **PMDPeripheralPCI**, and **PMDPeripheralTCP**. Each class takes care of allocating and freeing the memory used for the "handle" structures used in the C language interface.

The following example illustrates how to obtain a Magellan axis object connected to a serial port.

```
Public Class Examples
    Public Sub Example2()
        Dim periph As PMDPeripheral
        Dim Magellan As PMDDevice
        Dim axis2 As PMDAxis

        ' Open the connection on COM1, using appropriate serial port parameters
        periph = New PMDPeripheralCOM(1, PMDSerialBaud.Baud57600, _
```

```
PMDSerialParity.None, PMDSerialStopBits.Bits1)
```

```
' Obtain a Magellan device object using the peripheral.
```

```
Magellan = New PMDDevice(periph, PMDDeviceType.MotionProcessor)
```

```
' Finally instantiate an axis object for axis number 2.
```

```
axis2 = New PMDAxis(Magellan, PMDAxisNumber.Axis2)
```

```
' Example VB-Motion operation: Get the event status
```

```
Dim status As UInt16
```

```
status = axis2.EventStatus
```

```
End Sub
```

```
End Class
```

4. Instruction Reference

4.1 How to Use This Reference

The instructions are arranged alphabetically, except that all “Set/Get” pairs (for example, **SetVelocity** and **GetVelocity**) are described together. Each description begins on a new page and most occupy no more than a single page. Each page is organized as follows:

Name	The instruction mnemonic is shown at the left, its hexadecimal code at the right.
Syntax	The instruction mnemonic (in bold) and its required arguments (in italic) are shown with all arguments separated by spaces.
Buffered	Certain parameters and other data written to the motion control IC are buffered. That is, they are not acted upon until the next Update or MultiUpdate command is executed. These parameters are identified by the word “buffered” in the instruction heading.
Motor Types	The motor types to which this command applies. Supported motor types are printed in black; unsupported motor types for the command are greyed out.
Arguments	There are two types of arguments: encoded-field and numeric. Encoded-field arguments are packed into a single 16-bit data word, except for axis, which occupies bits 8–9 of the instruction word. The name of the argument (in italic) is that shown in the generic syntax. Instance (in italic) is the mnemonic used to represent the data value. Encoding is the value assigned to the field for that instance. For numeric arguments, the parameter value, the type (signed or unsigned integer), and the range of acceptable values are given. Numeric arguments may require one or two data words. For 32-bit arguments, the high-order part is transmitted first.
Packet Structure	This is a graphic representation of the 16-bit words transmitted in the packet: the instruction, which is identified by its name, followed by 1, 2, or 3 data words. Bit numbers are shown directly below each word. For each field in a word, only the high and low bits are shown. For 32-bit numeric data, the high-order bits are numbered from 16 to 31, the low-order bits from 0 to 15. The hex code of the instruction is shown in boldface. Argument names are shown in their respective words or fields. For data words, the direction of transfer—read or write—is shown at the left of the word's diagram. Unused bits are shaded. All unused bits must be 0 in data words and instructions sent (written) to the motion control IC. In the case of a Magellan controlling an Atlas amplifier, an axis field with bit 5 set is used to indicate that a command should be passed directly to the Atlas connected to the axis indicated by the lower 4 axis bits, and the result returned.
Description	Describes what the instruction does and any special information relating to the instruction.
Atlas	Describes any communication to an associated Atlas amplifier as a result of the instruction. Atlas operation is quite transparent, but extra SPI communication can significantly slow down Magellan command processing because a result must be received from Atlas before it is passed on to the Magellan host. Any comments in this section do not apply to any Magellan axis not connected to an Atlas amplifier. This section will not be present in the case of commands without any Atlas implications. For more information on the behavior of Atlas commands, see the <i>Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference</i> .
Restrictions	Describes the circumstances in which the instruction is not valid, that is, when it should not be issued. For example, velocity, acceleration, deceleration, and jerk parameters may not be issued while an S-curve profile is being executed.
C-Motion API	The syntax of the C function call in the PMD C-Motion library that implements this motion control IC command.
VB-Motion API	The Visual Basic syntax for the function in the PMD VB-Motion library that implements this motion control IC command. Properties and methods are shown with their associated root object name separated by a period.
see	Refers to related instructions.

Syntax `AdjustActualPosition axis position`

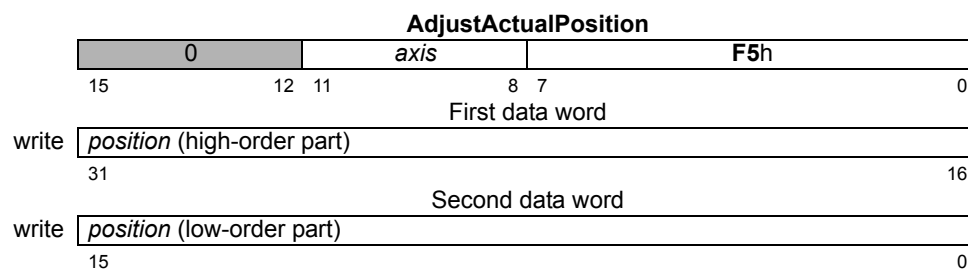
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
<i>position</i>	Type signed 32 bits	Range -2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	Scaling unity	Units counts microsteps	

Packet Structure



Description

The *position* specified as the parameter to **AdjustActualPosition** is summed with the actual position register (encoder position) for the specified *axis*. This has the effect of adding or subtracting an offset to the current actual position. At the same time, the commanded position is replaced by the new actual position value minus the position error. This prevents a servo “bump” when the new axis position is established. The destination position (see **SetPosition** (p. 158)) is also modified by this amount so that no trajectory motion will occur when a trajectory update is performed. In effect, this command establishes a new reference position from which subsequent positions can be calculated. It is commonly used to set a known reference position after a homing procedure.

On axes configured for stepping and microstepping motors, the position error is zeroed by this command.

AdjustActualPosition takes effect immediately; it is not buffered.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDAdjustActualPosition(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                   PMDint32 position)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.AdjustActualPosition([in] position)
```

see

GetPositionError (p. 51), **GetActualVelocity** (p. 30), **Set/GetActualPositionUnits** (p. 82), **Set/GetActualPosition** (p. 80)

Syntax **CalibrateAnalog** *axis position*

Motor Types

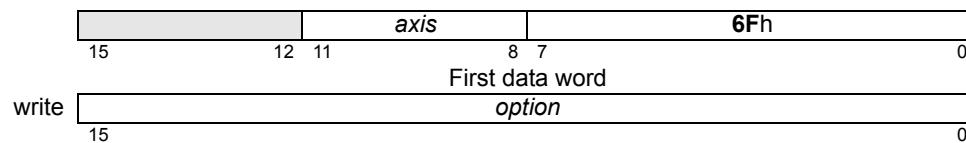
DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
----------	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>option</i>	<i>leg currents</i>	0

Returned data None

Packet Structure



Description

The **CalibrateAnalog** command is used to adjust the adjustable offsets for some analog input channels. The option argument controls the set of analog channels calibrated, currently the only choice is to calibrate the four leg current inputs for a MC58113 motion control IC.

The calibration process assumes that the actual input to the analog channels will be zero. For the leg current sensors it is generally sufficient to set the motor command to zero and ensure that the motor is not moving. Whether motor output should be enabled or not depends on external circuitry.

Calibration is accomplished by averaging a number of readings; 100 ms after sending the command the process may be assumed to be complete.

Restrictions

This command is supported only by MC58113 series products.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDCalibrateAnalog(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                               PMDuint16 option);
```

VB-Motion AP

```
MagellanAxis.CalibrateAnalog( [in] option )
```

see

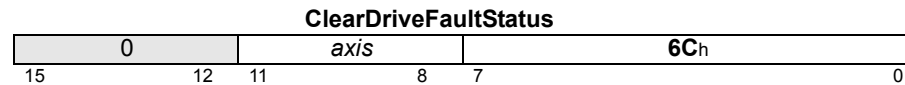
Set/GetAnalogCalibration ([p. 83](#)), **ReadAnalog** ([p. 66](#))

Syntax**ClearDriveFaultStatus** *axis***Motor Types**

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Packet Structure**Description**

ClearDriveFaultStatus clears all bits in the Drive Fault Status register. For ION, it should be executed after power-up, after using **GetDriveFaultStatus** to examine if any hard faults caused the power cycle. For other products, **ClearDriveFaultStatus** should be used after determining the cause of a Drive Exception event, before re-enabling output.

Atlas

This command is relayed to any attached Atlas amplifier before being applied to internal Magellan state.

Note that the Atlas Motor Type Mismatch bit, which is maintained by Magellan, may not be cleared by this command. That bit may be cleared by **SetMotorType**.

Restrictions

This command is not available in products that do not include drive amplifier support.

For ION, this command can only be executed when motor output is disabled (e.g., immediately after power-up or reset).

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDClearDriveFaultStatus (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.ClearDriveFaultStatus()
```

see

GetDriveFaultStatus ([p. 39](#))
SetMotorType ([p. 144](#))

Syntax

ClearInterrupt *axis*

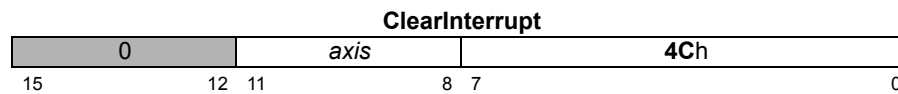
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Packet Structure



Description

ClearInterrupt resets the /HostInterrupt signal to its inactive state. If interrupts are still pending, the /HostInterrupt line will return to its active state within one chip cycle. See **Set/GetSampleTime** (p. 166) for information on chip cycle timing. This command is used after an interrupt has been recognized and processed by the host; it does not affect the Event Status register. The **ResetEventStatus** command should be issued prior to the **ClearInterrupt** command to clear the condition that generated the interrupt. The **ClearInterrupt** command has no effect if it is executed when no interrupts are pending.

When communicating using CAN, this command resets the interrupt message sent flag. When an interrupt is triggered on an *axis*, a single interrupt message is sent and no further messages will be sent by that *axis* until this command is issued.

When serial or parallel communication is used, the axis number is not used.

Restrictions

For products without a /HostInterrupt line, this command is still applicable to the CAN communications. For products without a /HostInterrupt line or CAN communications, this command is not used.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDClearInterrupt (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.ClearInterrupt()
```

see

GetInterruptAxis (p. 49), **Set/GetInterruptMask** (p. 136), **ResetEventStatus** (p. 75).

Syntax

ClearPositionError *axis*

Motor Types

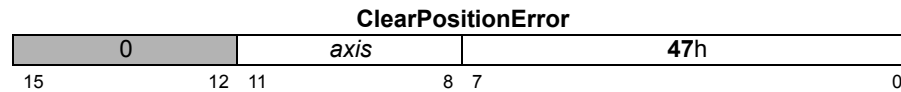
DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Packet

Structure



Description

ClearPositionError sets the profile's commanded position equal to the actual position (encoder input), thereby clearing the position error for the specified *axis*. This command can be used when the axis is at rest, or when it is moving.

Restrictions

ClearPositionError is a buffered command. The new value set will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command, with the Trajectory bit set in the update mask commands.

This command should not be sent while the chip is executing a move using the S-curve profile mode.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDClearPositionError (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.ClearPositionError()
```

see

GetPositionError (p. 51), **MultiUpdate** (p. 63), **Set/GetPositionErrorLimit** (p. 159), **Update** (p. 197)

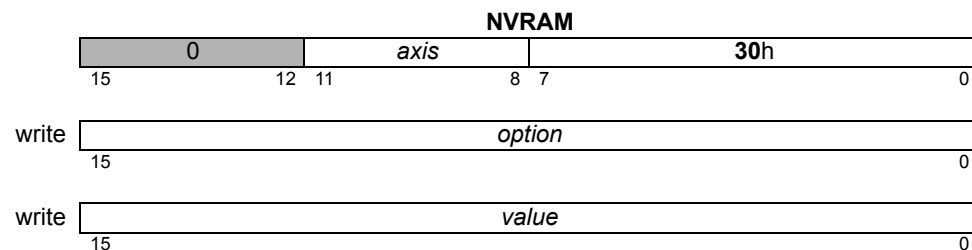
Syntax

NVRAM axis option value

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>option</i>	<i>Atlas NVRAM mode</i>	0
	<i>Magellan NVRAM mode</i>	256
	<i>Erase NVRAM</i>	1
	<i>Write</i>	2
	<i>Block Write Begin</i>	3
	<i>Block Write End</i>	4
	<i>Skip</i>	8
<i>value</i>	Type	Range
	unsigned 16 bit	see below

Packet Structure



Description

The **NVRAM** command is used to write the non-volatile RAM (NVRAM) used for initialization on MC58113 series motion control ICs and on Atlas amplifiers. The **NVRAM** command is first used to put the processor to be programmed into NVRAM mode, which supports only the commands necessary for its purpose. Once the processor is in NVRAM mode more **NVRAM** commands are used to erase and re-program NVRAM. NVRAM mode is exited by using the reset command; when programming Atlas this command must be sent to the Atlas axis. Even when programming Atlas all **NVRAM** commands should be sent to the Magellan axis, otherwise spurious SPI checksum errors will be signaled.

Changing to NVRAM mode, erasing, or writing NVRAM data may take more time than the other commands. When programming the MC58113 NVRAM the timeout period should be increased to at least 10 seconds; after each operation fully completes the return status may be read to confirm that the operation succeeded.

When programming Atlas a different procedure is required. Atlas will return command status after checking arguments but before beginning an NVRAM operation, and will not respond to SPI commands while busy programming NVRAM. The Magellan controlling Atlas should be polled using **GetDriveStatus** after sending a **NVRAM** command, until the Atlas Not Connected bit is clear. If a flash error has occurred then the Instruction Error bit of the Event Status register will be set, and the **GetInstructionError** command may be sent to Atlas for more information. When writing NVRAM data one word at a time it is not necessary to check for error status after each write, the error status is latched, and may be checked periodically.

**Description
(cont'd)**

The option argument to **NVRAM** specifies the particular operation to perform:

NVRAM mode (256) will put an MC58113 series motion control IC into NVRAM mode. Motor output must be disabled.

Atlas NVRAM mode (0) will put an attached Atlas amplifier into NVRAM mode. Motor output must be disabled. All erase or program commands are sent to the Atlas amplifier unless the Magellan processor itself is in NVRAM mode. The value argument should be zero for this command.

The remaining operations will succeed only if either the Magellan processor itself or an attached Atlas amplifier is in NVRAM mode, otherwise an Invalid register state for command error will be raised. The value argument should be zero for this command.

Erase NVRAM (1) will erase the entire non-volatile memory, meaning that all bits will be set. NVRAM must be completely erased before any words may be written. The value argument should be zero for this command.

Write (2) will write a single word of NVRAM, which is specified by the value argument. Words are written in sequence, from the beginning.

Skip (8) may be used to leave the number of words specified in the value argument unwritten, that is, with a value of 0xFFFF. Writing may resume afterwards. It is not necessary to use this command in the usual case.

Block Write Begin (3) and Block Write End (4) may be used to speed up NVRAM operations that are limited by communication bandwidth; their use is not required.

A block write operation is begun by using the **BlockWriteBegin** command, with the number of words that will be sent as a block specified in the value argument. A block may be at most 32 words. No polling procedure is required after a Block Write Begin command.

The next step is to send the data words. These are sent without the usual Magellan command format, therefore no other commands may be sent until the entire block is transmitted.

If using serial communications the words are sent as is, high byte first.

If using CANBus, the words are sent without any additional formatting. At most four words may be sent per CAN packet.

If using SPI communications, the words are sent without any additional formatting. at most four words may be sent for each cycle of the $\sim$ HostSPIEnable signal.

If using parallel communications the words are sent without any additional formatting, with the $\sim$ HostWrite signal high, that is, as though they were command words. At most one word may be sent per $\sim$ HostWrite cycle.

The block write operation is concluded by sending a **BlockWriteEnd** command. The value argument to this command must be the 16-bit ones complement checksum of all words sent since the **BlockWriteBegin** command. If the checksum matches then the processor will write all words to NVRAM, in order. When programming MC58113 NVRAM a long wait may be required. When programming Atlas NVRAM the polling procedure described above for NVRAM writes should be followed.

Atlas

This command will be relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier unless the NVRAM mode (256) option is selected or it is sent to an MC58113 series motion control IC which is in NVRAM mode.

Restrictions	Once put in NVRAM mode an Atlas amplifier or MC58113 series motion control IC will accept only a restricted set of commands. There is no way to enable motor output, and Atlas will not accept torque commands.
VB-Motion API	MagellanAxis.NVRAM ([in] option, [in] value)
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDNVRAM (PMDAxisInterface <i>axis_intf</i>, PMDuint16 option, PMDuint16 value);</pre>
see	GetDriveStatus (p. 41), GetEventStatus (p. 43), GetInstructionError (p. 47), Reset (p. 70)

Syntax

GetActiveMotorCommand *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
----------	--------------	---------------	--

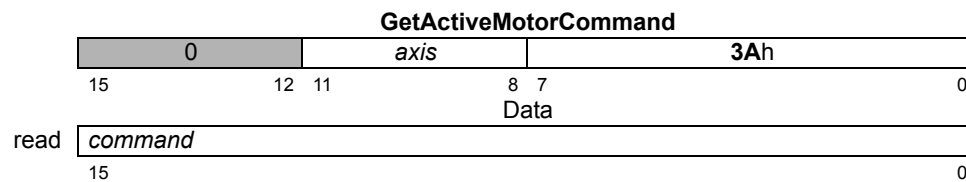
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned data

	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>command</i>	signed 16 bits	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	100/2 ¹⁵	% output

Packet Structure



Description

GetActiveMotorCommand returns the value of the motor output command for the specified *axis*. This is the input to the commutation or FOC current control. Its source depends on the motor type, as well as the operating mode of the *axis*.

For brushless DC and DC brush motors: If position loop is enabled, it is the output of the position servo filter. If trajectory generator is enabled without the position loop, it is the output of the trajectory generator. If both trajectory generator and position loop are disabled, it is the contents of the motor output command register.

For microstepping motors: It is the contents of the motor output command register, subject to holding current reduction.

Atlas

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetActiveMotorCommand (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDint16* command)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim command as Short
command = MagellanAxis.ActiveMotorCommand
```

see

Set/GetMotorCommand (p. 141), **Set/GetOperatingMode** (p. 146),
GetActiveOperatingMode (p. 27)

Syntax

GetActiveOperatingMode *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

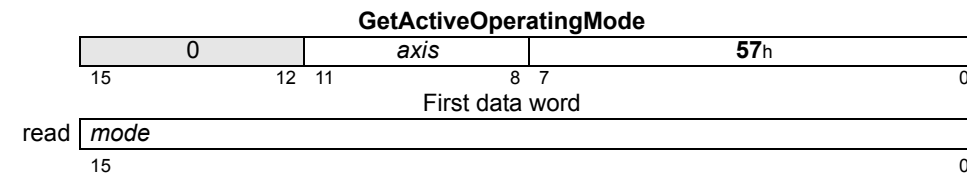
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned Data

Type
<i>mode</i> unsigned 16 bits bit field

Packet Structure



Description

GetActiveOperatingMode gets the actual operating mode that the *axis* is currently in. This may or may not be the same as the static operating mode, as safety responses or programmable conditions may change the **Active Operating Mode**. When this occurs, the **Active Operating Mode** can be changed to the programmed static operating mode using the **RestoreOperatingMode** command. The bit definitions of the operating mode are given below.

Name	Bit	Description
Axis Enabled	0	0: No axis processing, axis outputs in Reset state. 1: <i>axis</i> active.
Motor Output Enabled	1	0: <i>axis</i> motor outputs disabled. 1: <i>axis</i> motor outputs enabled.
Current Control Enabled	2	0: <i>axis</i> current control bypassed. 1: <i>axis</i> current control active.
—	3	Reserved
Position Loop Enabled	4	0: <i>axis</i> position loop bypassed. 1: <i>axis</i> position loop active.
Trajectory Enabled	5	0: trajectory generator disabled. 1: trajectory generator enabled.
—	6–15	Reserved

When the axis is disabled, no processing will be done on the axis, and the axis outputs will be at their reset states. When the axis motor output is disabled, the axis will function normally, but its motor outputs will be in their disabled state. When a loop is disabled (position or current loop), it operates by passing its input directly to its output, and clearing all internal state variables (such as integrator sums, etc.). When the trajectory generator is disabled, it operates by commanding zero (0) velocity.

Atlas

Note that the current control bit is meaningful whenever an axis is connected to an Atlas amplifier.

Restrictions

The possible modes of an axis are product specific, and in some cases axis specific. See the product user's guide for a description of what modes are supported on each axis.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetActiveOperatingMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
mode = MagellanAxis.ActiveOperatingMode
```

see

GetOperatingMode (p. 146), **RestoreOperatingMode** (p. 77), **Set/GetEventAction** (p. 125), **Set/GetBreakpoint** (p. 89)

Syntax

GetActivityStatus *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

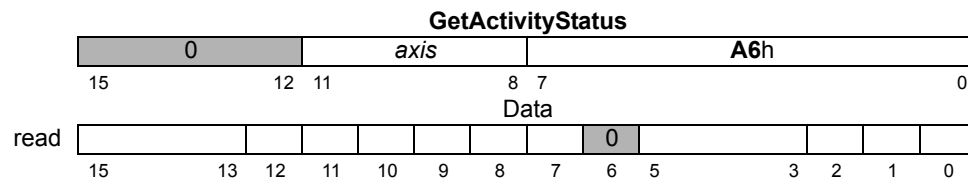
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned Data

<i>status</i>	Type	
	unsigned 16 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Description

GetActivityStatus reads the 16-bit Activity Status register for the specified *axis*. Each of the bits in this register continuously indicate the state of the motion control IC without any action on the part of the host. There is no direct way to set or clear the state of these bits, since they are controlled by the motion control IC.

The following table shows the encoding of the data returned by this command.

Name	Bit(s)	Description																				
Phasing Initialized	0	Set to 1 if phasing is initialized (brushless DC axes only).																				
At Maximum Velocity	1	Set to 1 when the trajectory is at maximum velocity. This bit is determined by the trajectory generator, not the actual encoder velocity.																				
Tracking	2	Set to 1 when the axis is within the tracking window.																				
Current Profile Mode	3–5	Contains trajectory mode encoded as follows: <table><tr><td>bit 5</td><td>bit 4</td><td>bit 3</td><td>Profile Mode</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>Trapezoidal</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>Velocity Contouring</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>S-curve</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>Electronic Gear</td></tr></table>	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	Profile Mode	0	0	0	Trapezoidal	0	0	1	Velocity Contouring	0	1	0	S-curve	0	1	1	Electronic Gear
bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	Profile Mode																			
0	0	0	Trapezoidal																			
0	0	1	Velocity Contouring																			
0	1	0	S-curve																			
0	1	1	Electronic Gear																			
—	6	Reserved; not used; may be 0 or 1.																				
Axis Settled	7	Set to 1 when the axis is settled.																				
Position Loop Enabled	8	Set to 1 when position loop or trajectory is enabled.																				
Position Capture	9	Set to 1 when a value has been captured by the high speed position capture hardware but has not yet been read.																				

**Description
(cont.)**

Name	Bit(s)	Description
In-motion	10	Set to 1 when the trajectory generator is executing a profile.
In Positive Limit	11	Set to 1 when the positive limit switch is active.
In Negative Limit	12	Set to 1 when the negative limit switch is active.
Profile Segment	13–15	When the profile mode is S-curve, it contains the profile segment number 1–7 while profile is in motion, and contains a value of 0 when the profile is at rest. This field is undefined when using the Trapezoidal and Velocity Contouring profile modes.

Restrictions**C-Motion API**

```
PMDresult PMDGetActivityStatus(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16* status)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim status as Short
status = MagellanAxis.ActivityStatus
```

see

GetEventStatus ([p. 43](#)), **GetSignalStatus** ([p. 53](#)), **GetDriveStatus** ([p. 41](#))

Syntax

GetActualVelocity *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

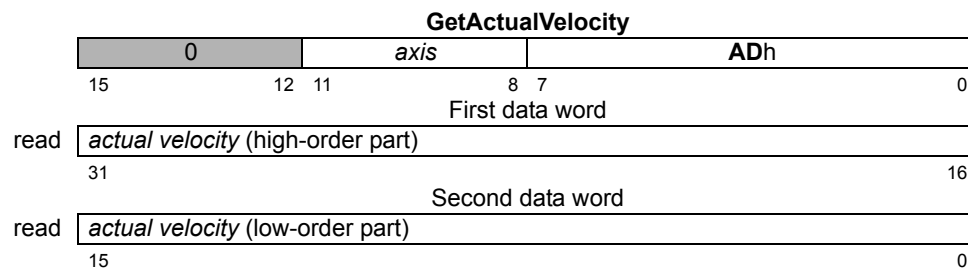
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned Data

	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>actual velocity</i>	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$1/2^{16}$	counts/cycle

Packet Structure



Description

GetActualVelocity reads the value of the *actual velocity* for the specified *axis*. The *actual velocity* is derived by subtracting the actual position during the previous chip cycle from the actual position for this chip cycle. The result of this subtraction will always be integer because position is always integer. As a result the value returned by **GetActualVelocity** will always be a multiple of 65,536 since this represents a value of one in the 16.16 number format. The low word is always zero (0). This value is the result of the last encoder input, so it will be accurate to within one cycle.

Scaling example: If a value of 1,703,936 is retrieved by the **GetActualVelocity** command (high word: 01Ah, low word: 0h), this corresponds to a velocity of 1,703,936/65,536 or 26 counts/cycle.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetActualVelocity(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDint32* velocity)
```

VBI-Motion API

```
Dim velocity as Long
velocity = MagellanAxis.ActualVelocity
```

see

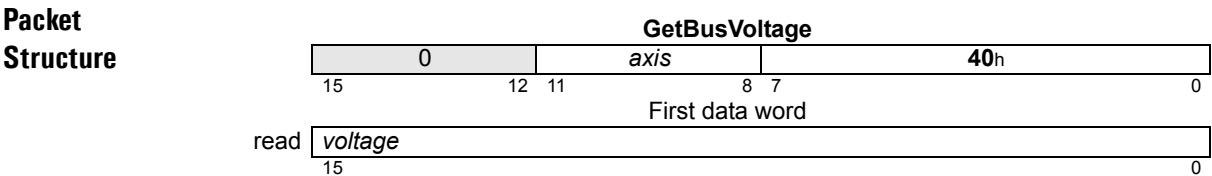
GetCommandedVelocity (p. 36), **GetActualPosition** (p. 80)

Syntax **GetBusVoltage** *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned Data	Type	Range	Scaling
<i>voltage</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to $2^{16}-1$	product specific



Description **GetBusVoltage** gets the most recent bus voltage reading from the *axis*. Consult specific product documentation for scaling information.

Atlas This command is relayed to any connected Atlas amplifier.

Restrictions **GetBusVoltage** is only available in products equipped with bus voltage sensors.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetBusVoltage(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16* voltage)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim voltage as Short
voltage = MagellanAxis.BusVoltage
```

see **Get/SetDriveFaultParameter** (p. 117)

Syntax

GetCaptureValue *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

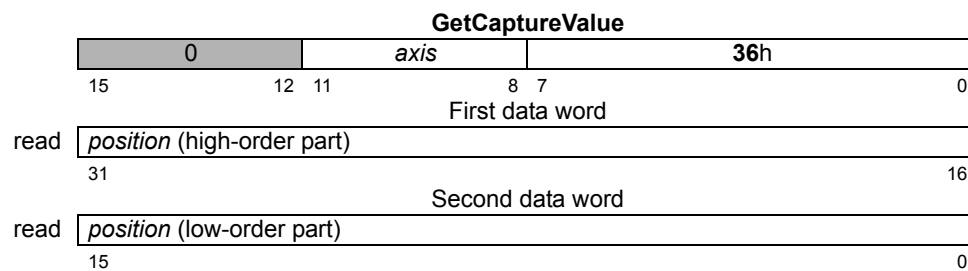
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned data

	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>position</i>	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	unity	counts microsteps

Packet Structure



Description

GetCaptureValue returns the contents of the position capture register for the specified *axis*. This command also resets bit 9 of the Activity Status register, thus allowing another capture to occur.

If actual position units is set to steps, the returned position will be in units of steps.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetCaptureValue(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDint32* position)
```

VBI-Motion API

```
Dim position as Long
position = MagellanAxis.CaptureValue
```

see

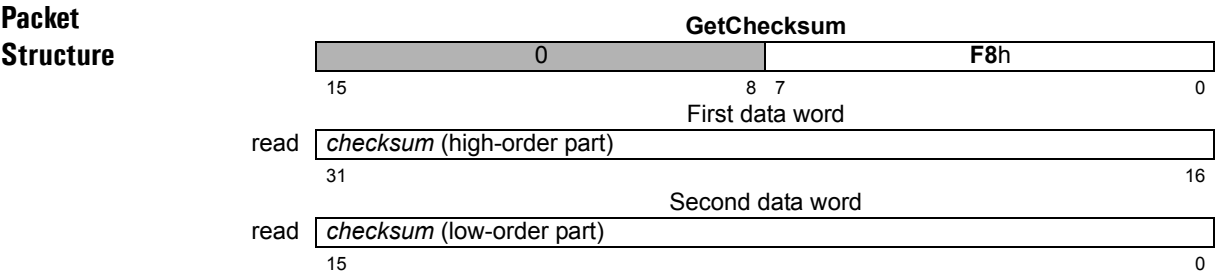
Set/GetCaptureSource (p. 103), **Set/GetActualPositionUnits** (p. 82), **GetActivityStatus** (p. 28)

Syntax **GetChecksum**

Motor Types	Motor Selection Criteria			
	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction

Arguments None

Returned data	<table><tr><td>Name</td><td>Type</td></tr><tr><td><i>checksum</i></td><td>unsigned 32 bits</td></tr></table>	Name	Type	<i>checksum</i>	unsigned 32 bits
Name	Type				
<i>checksum</i>	unsigned 32 bits				



Description **GetChecksum** reads the chips internal 32-bit *checksum* value. The return value is dependent on the silicon revision number of the motion control IC.

Restrictions

C-Motion API `PMDresult PMDGetChecksum(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
PMDuint32* checksum)`

VB-Motion API `Dim checksum as Long`
`checksum = MagellanObject.Checksum`

see

Syntax

GetCommandedAcceleration *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

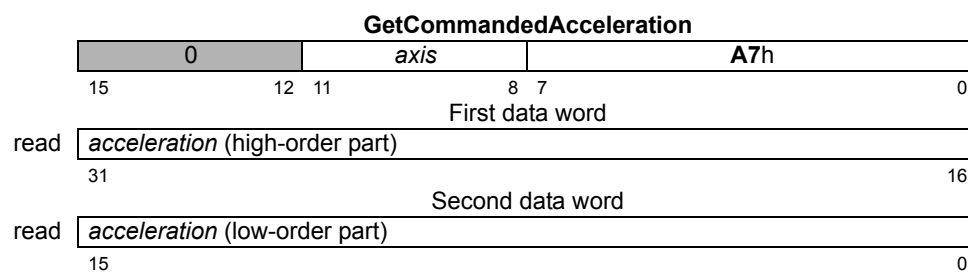
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned data

	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>acceleration</i>	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$1/2^{16}$	counts/cycle ² microsteps/cycle ²

Packet Structure



Description

GetCommandedAcceleration returns the commanded *acceleration* value for the specified *axis*. Commanded acceleration is the instantaneous acceleration value output by the trajectory generator.

Scaling example: If a value of 114,688 is retrieved using this command then this corresponds to $114,688/65,536 = 1.750$ counts/cycle² acceleration value.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetCommandedAcceleration(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                       PMDint32* acceleration)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim acceleration as Long
acceleration = MagellanAxis.CommandedAcceleration
```

see

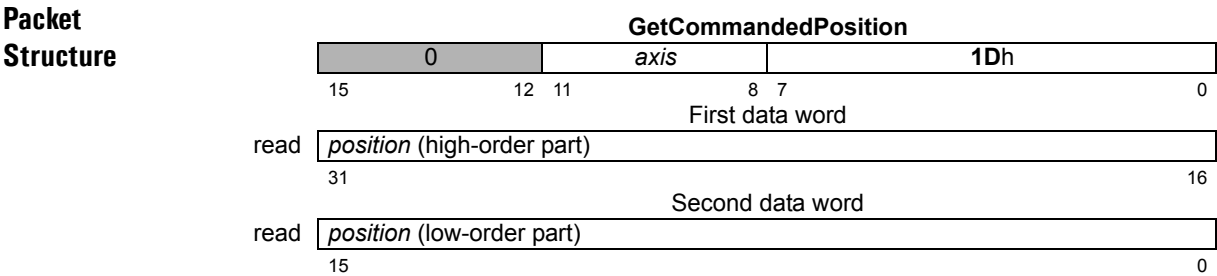
GetCommandedPosition (p. 35), **GetCommandedVelocity** (p. 36)

Syntax `GetCommandedPosition` *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
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Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned data		Type	Range	Scaling	Units
	<i>position</i>	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	unity	counts microsteps



Description `GetCommandedPosition` returns the commanded *position* for the specified *axis*. Commanded position is the instantaneous position value output by the trajectory generator.

This command functions in all profile modes.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetCommandedPosition(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDint32* position)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim position as Long
position = MagellanAxis.CommandedPosition
```

see `GetCommandedAcceleration` (p. 34), `GetCommandedVelocity` (p. 36)

Syntax

GetCommandedVelocity *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

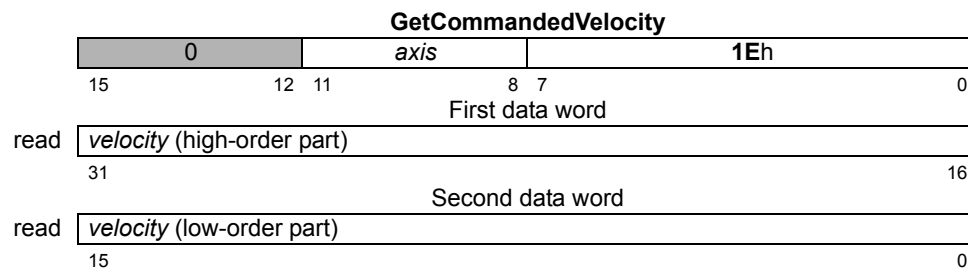
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned data

	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>velocity</i>	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$1/2^{16}$	counts/cycle microsteps/cycle

Packet Structure



Description

GetCommandedVelocity returns the commanded *velocity* value for the specified *axis*. Commanded velocity is the instantaneous velocity value output by the trajectory generator.

Scaling example: If a value of $-1,234,567$ is retrieved using this command (FFEDh in high word, 2979h in low word) then this corresponds to $-1,234,567/65,536 = -18.8380$ counts/cycle velocity value.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetCommandedVelocity(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                   PMDint32* velocity)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim velocity as Long
velocity = MagellanAxis.CommandedVelocity
```

see

GetCommandedAcceleration (p. 34), **GetCommandedPosition** (p. 35)

Syntax **GetCurrentLoopValue** *axis loopnum node*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
----------	--------------	---------------	--

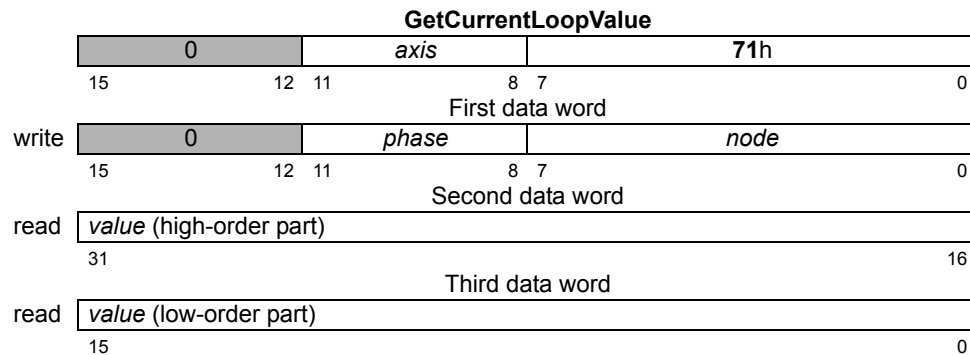
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>phase</i>	<i>Phase A</i>	0
	<i>Phase B</i>	1
<i>node</i>	<i>Reference</i>	0
	<i>Actual Current</i>	1
	<i>Error</i>	2
	<i>Integrator Sum</i>	3
	— (Reserved)	4
	<i>Integrator Contribution</i>	5
	<i>Output</i>	6
	<i>I²t Energy</i>	10

Returned data

	Type	Range/Scaling
<i>value</i>	signed 32 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Description

GetCurrentLoopValue is used to read the value of a *node* in one of the digital current loops. See the product user's guide for more information on the location of each *node* in the current loop processing. Though the data returned is signed 32 bits regardless of the *node*, the range and format vary depending on the *node*, as follows:

Node	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>Reference</i>	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
<i>Actual Current</i>	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
<i>Error</i>	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
<i>Integrator Sum</i>	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	(% max current)* current loop cycles
<i>Integrator Contribution</i>	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
<i>Output</i>	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
<i>I²t Energy</i>	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$100/2^{30}$	% max energy

Description (cont.)	All of the <i>nodes</i> have units of % maximum current, and most have scaling of $100/2^{14}$. That is, a value of 2^{14} corresponds to 100% maximum current. The range is extended to allow for overshoot in excess of maximum peak current, and thus values can be more than 100% of the maximum output current. The Integrator Sum is a signed 32-bit number, with scaling of $100/2^{14}$. That is, a current error of 100% maximum, present for 16 current loop cycles, will result in an integrator sum of $16 \cdot (100\%) \cdot 2^{14} / 100 = 2^{18}$. Current loop cycles are not the same as position loop servo cycles. The current loop runs at 20 kHz, regardless of the servo cycle time.
Atlas	This command is relayed to any connected Atlas amplifier.
Restrictions	This command is only supported in products that include digital current control, and when the current control mode is Phase A /B.
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDGetCurrentLoopValue(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint8 phase, PMDuint8 node, PMDint32* value)</pre>
VB-Motion API	<pre>MagellanAxis.CurrentLoopValue ([in] phase, [in] node, [out] value)</pre>
see	Set/GetCurrentLoop (p. 111), Set/GetCurrentControlMode (p. 107) Set/Get Current Foldback (p. 109)

Syntax**GetDriveFaultStatus** *axis***Motor Types**

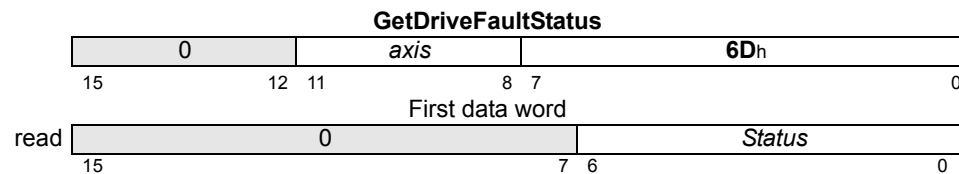
DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned Data

	Type	
<i>status</i>	unsigned 16 bits	see below

Packet Structure**Description**

GetDriveFaultStatus reads the Drive Fault Status register, which contains a bitmap showing all hard faults that have occurred since the Drive Fault Status register was last cleared. In the ION products, this register is kept in non-volatile memory, so that a record of hard faults is retained even through power cycles, which must be done upon any hard fault event.

The table below shows the bit definitions of the Drive Fault Status register.

Name	Bit
Overcurrent Fault	0
Ground Fault	1
External Logic Fault	2
Atlas Operating Mode Mismatch	3
Internal Logic Fault	4
Overvoltage Fault	5
Undervoltage Fault	6
Atlas Disabled by /Enable Signal	7
Atlas Current Foldback	8
Overtemperature Fault (non-Atlas)	9
Atlas Detected SPI Checksum Error	10
Atlas Watchdog Timeout	11
— (Reserved)	12
Disabled by ~PWMOutputDisable signal	13
Magellan Detected SPI Checksum Error	14
Atlas Motor Type Mismatch	15

ION products enforce a “hard fault” for events 0, 1, 2, and 4, meaning that if one of these occur the unit will shut down, and power must be cycled before it will accept any communication. Upon power-up, **GetDriveFaultStatus** should be used to check which, if any, hard fault may have caused the previous power cycle. After querying the Drive Fault Status register, it should be cleared using **ClearDriveFaultStatus**. If this is not done, the bits will be retained in non-volatile memory, which will make it difficult to detect the cause of any subsequent hard faults.

For all other events, and for non-ION products, there is no non-volatile storage of the Drive Fault Status register, and a power cycle is not required to recover from a fault.

Events 5 and 6 will not cause the system to shut down. Instead, they will cause the system to change to the disabled state, and will cause the Bus Voltage Fault bit in **GetEventStatus** to be set. Normally, the Drive Fault Status register does not need to be monitored. In the case of Bus Voltage Fault in **GetEventStatus**, however, the Drive Fault Status register can be used to distinguish the error between overvoltage and undervoltage. The Overvoltage Fault and Undervoltage Fault bits are cleared upon power-up.

Event 13 indicates that motor output was disabled by the $\sim$ PWMOutputDisable signal, in which case the DriveException bit will be set in the Event Status register. Not all products support this signal, check you product user's guide for more information.

Atlas

This command is relayed to any connected Atlas amplifier, and the result combined with bits 14 and 15 from internal Magellan state to form the result.

The Atlas amplifier does not implement hard faults; events 3, 7, 9 and 11 will unconditionally cause Atlas to disable output, and raise a Drive Exception event. The Drive Exception event is transmitted to the Magellan using the Atlas SPI status word, which is received with every torque command sent, and will cause the Magellan axis to disable output as well. Event 8 may similarly disable output depending on the current foldback event action.

Events 10 and 14 are not handled by Magellan, but indicate a problem with SPI communication, which may seriously affect Atlas amplifier operation.

Event 15 indicates that the Magellan motor type and an attached Atlas amplifier motor type are not compatible. This bit may be cleared only by using SetMotorType.

Restrictions

This command is not available in products without drive amplifier support.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetDriveFaultStatus(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                  PMDuint16* status)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim status as Short
status = MagellanAxis.DriveFaultStatus
```

see

ClearDriveFaultStatus (p. 20)
SetMotorType (p. 144)
SetEventAction (p. 125)

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
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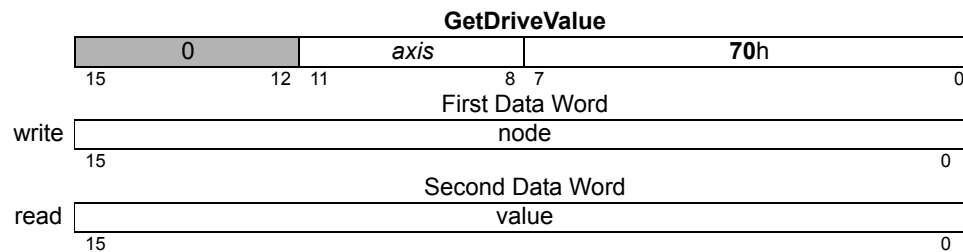
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>node</i>	<i>Bus Voltage</i>	0
	<i>Temperature</i>	1
	<i>Bus Current Supply</i>	2
	<i>Bus Current Return</i>	3

Returned data

	Type	Range/Scaling
<i>value</i>	signed or unsigned 16 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Description

GetDriveValue is used to read values associated with drive output or state, and enumerated by node. Some of the functionality provided by **GetDriveValue** is duplicated by **GetTemperature** and **GetBusVoltage**, however **GetDriveValue** is preferred for future use.

The following nodes are supported:

Bus Voltage is the most recent bus voltage reading from the axis, returned as an unsigned 16 bit value. The scaling depends on the product and on the external bus voltage sensing circuit.

Temperature is the most recent temperature reading from temperature sensor monitoring axis, returned as a signed 16 bit value. The scaling depends on the product and on the external temperature sensing circuit. For MC58113, if the temperature limit set by **SetDriveFaultParameter** is negative then the sense of the temperature is inverted by subtracting the measured value from 32768.

Bus Current Supply is the most recent reading from the bus current supply sensor, returned as an unsigned 16 bit value. Scaling depends on the product and the external current sensing circuit.

Bus Current Return is the most recent current return reading computed from all leg current readings and PWM duty cycles, returned as a signed 16 bit number. The scaling depends on the product and on the external leg current sensing circuit; it is the same as the leg current scaling.

Restrictions

GetDriveValue is currently supported only by MC58113 series motion control ICs.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetDriveValue(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint8 node,
                             PMDuint16 * value);
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.DriveValue([in] node,
                         [out] value)
```

see

GetTemperature (p. 55), **GetBusVoltage** (p. 31), **SetDriveFaultParameter** (p. 117)

Syntax

GetEventStatus *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
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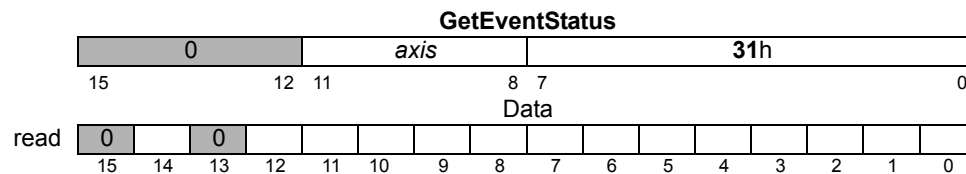
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned data

	Type	
<i>status</i>	unsigned 16 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Description

GetEventStatus reads the Event Status register for the specified *axis*. All of the bits in this status word are set by the motion control IC and cleared by the host. To clear these bits, use the **ResetEventStatus** command. The following table shows the encoding of the data returned by this command.

Name	Bit(s)	Description
Motion Complete	0	Set to 1 when motion has completed. SetMotionCompleteMode determines if this bit is based on the trajectory generator position or the encoder position.
Wrap-around	1	Set to 1 when the actual (encoder) position has wrapped from maximum allowed position to minimum, or vice versa.
Breakpoint 1	2	Set to 1 when breakpoint 1 has been triggered.
Capture Received	3	Set to 1 when a position capture has occurred.
Motion Error	4	Set to 1 when a motion error has occurred.
Positive Limit	5	Set to 1 when the axis has entered a positive limit switch.
Negative Limit	6	Set to 1 when the axis has entered a negative limit switch.
Instruction Error	7	Set to 1 when an instruction error has occurred.
Disable	8	Set to 1 when “disable” due to user /Enable line has occurred.
Overtemperature Fault	9	Set to 1 when overtemperature condition has occurred.
Drive Exception	10	An drive event occurred causing output to be disabled. This bit is used on ION products to indicate a bus voltage fault, and with an attached Atlas amplifier to indicate any disabling drive event.
Commutation error	11	Set to 1 when a commutation error has occurred.
Current Foldback	12	Set to 1 when current foldback has occurred.
—	13	Reserved; not used; may be 0 or 1.
Breakpoint 2	14	Set to 1 when breakpoint 2 has been triggered.
—	15	Reserved; not used; may be 0 or 1.

Atlas

This command does not require any additional Atlas communication, all of the required data is transmitted in the Atlas SPI Status Word received when sending torque commands.

In the case of Drive Exception, more precise information may be obtained by using the GetDriveFaultStatus command. It should be noted that the Overtemperature event bit is not used for Atlas axes.

Restrictions	Bits 8, 9, 10, and 12 are not implemented in products that do not include drive amplifier support. In this case, they are reserved—may be 0 or 1.
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDGetEventStatus(PMDAxisInterface <i>axis_intf</i>, PMDuint16* <i>status</i>)</pre>
VB-Motion API	<pre>Dim <i>status</i> as Short <i>status</i> = MagellanAxis.EventStatus</pre>
see	GetActivityStatus (p. 28), GetSignalStatus (p. 53), GetDriveStatus (p. 41), GetDriveFaultStatus (p. 39)

Syntax **GetFOCValue** *axis loop node*

Motor Types

	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
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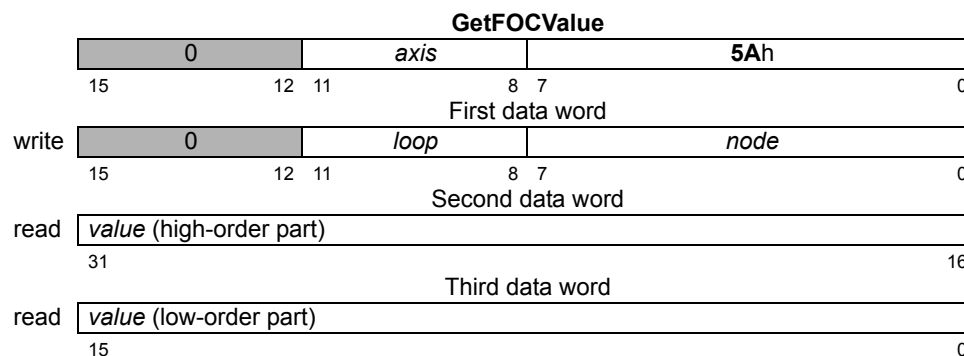
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>loop</i>	<i>Direct (D)</i>	0
	<i>Quadrature (Q)</i>	1
<i>node</i>	<i>Reference (D,Q)</i>	0
	<i>Feedback (D,Q)</i>	1
	<i>Error (D,Q)</i>	2
	<i>Integrator Sum (D,Q)</i>	3
	— (Reserved)	4
	<i>Integrator Contribution (D,Q)</i>	5
	<i>Output (D,Q)</i>	6
	<i>FOC Output (Alpha,Beta)</i>	7
	<i>Actual Current (A,B)</i>	8
	<i>I²t Energy</i>	10

Returned data

	Type	Range/Scaling
<i>value</i>	signed 32 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Description

GetFOCValue is used to read the value of a *node* of the FOC current control. See the product user's guide for more information on the location of each *node* in the FOC current control algorithm.

**Description
(cont.)**

Though the data returned is signed 32 bits regardless of the *node*, the range and format vary depending on the *node*, as follows:

Node	Range	Scaling	Units
Reference (D,Q)	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
Feedback (D,Q)	-2^{18} to $2^{18}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
Error (D,Q)	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
Integrator Sum (D,Q)	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	(% max current)* current loop cycles
Integrator Contribution (D,Q)	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
Output (D,Q)	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% PWM
FOC Output (Alpha,Beta)	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% PWM
Actual Current (A,B)	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{14}$	% max current
I^2t Energy	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$100/2^{30}$	% max energy

Most of the *nodes* have units of % maximum current, and most have a scaling of $100/2^{14}$. That is, a value of 2^{14} corresponds to 100% maximum current. The range is extended to allow for overshoot in excess of maximum peak current, and thus values can be more than 100% of the maximum output current.

The *Integrator Sum* is a signed 32-bit number, with scaling of $100/2^{14}$. That is, a current of 100% maximum, present for 16 current loop cycles, will result in an integrator sum of $16 \cdot (100\%) \cdot 2^{14} / 100 = 2^{18}$. Current loop cycles are not the same as position loop servo cycles. The current loop runs at 20 kHz, regardless of the servo cycle time.

Atlas

This command is relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier.

Restrictions

This command is only supported in products that include digital current control, and when the current control mode is set to FOC.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetFOCValue (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                           PMDuint8 loop,
                           PMDuint8 node,
                           PMDint32* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.FOCValue ( [in] loop,
                          [in] node,
                          [out] value )
```

see

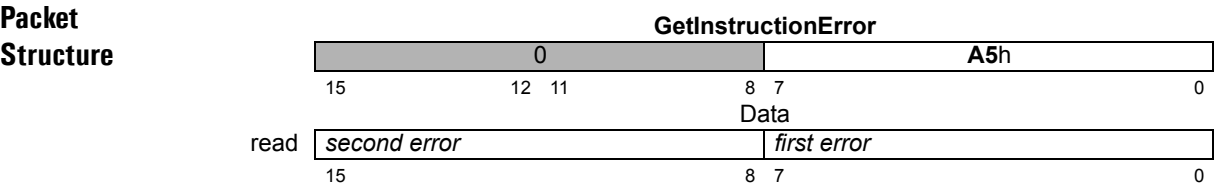
Set/GetFOC (p. 131), **Set/GetCurrentControlMode** (p. 107)
Set/Get Current Foldback (p. 109)

Syntax GetInstructionError

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
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Arguments None

Returned data		Type	Range
	<i>error</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 11h



Description **GetInstructionError** returns the code for the first instruction error since the last read operation, and then resets the error to zero (0). Generally, this command is issued only after the instruction error bit in the Event Status register indicates there was an instruction error. It also resets the Instruction error bit in the I/O status read word to zero (0).

The Atlas and MC58113 series products will return both the first and second errors after the last read operation. This is especially helpful in debugging initialization commands executed at startup from non-volatile RAM, since the first error is always a Processor reset (1). For other Magellan products the second error field will always be zero.

**Description
(cont'd)**

The error codes are encoded as defined below:

Error Code	Encoding
No error	0
Processor reset	1
Invalid instruction	2
Invalid axis	3
Invalid parameter	4
Trace running	5
— (Reserved)	6
Block out of bounds	7
Trace buffer zero (0)	8
Bad serial checksum	9
— (Reserved)	10
Invalid negative value	11
Invalid parameter change	12
Invalid move after event-triggered stop	13
Invalid move into limit	14
Invalid Operating Mode restore after event-triggered change	16
Invalid Operating Mode for command	17
Invalid register state for command	18
— (Reserved)	19
Command invalid without Atlas amplifier	20
Incorrect Atlas command checksum	21
Invalid Atlas command protocol	22
Invalid Atlas command timing	23
Invalid Atlas torque command detected	24
— (Reserved)	25
Atlas command invalid in flash mode	26

Atlas

This command does not require any additional Atlas communication. In case a command error is signaled by an Atlas amplifier during the processing of a Magellan command the Magellan instruction error register will be set to the error code returned by Atlas. The error code is maintained separately by the Atlas amplifier and may be cleared by reading directly from Atlas; it is not reset by reading the Magellan instruction error code.

Restrictions**C-Motion API**

```
PMDresult PMDGetInstructionError (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                  PMDuint16* error)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim error as Short
error = MagellanObject.InstructionError
```

see

GetEventStatus (p. 43), **ResetEventStatus** (p. 75)

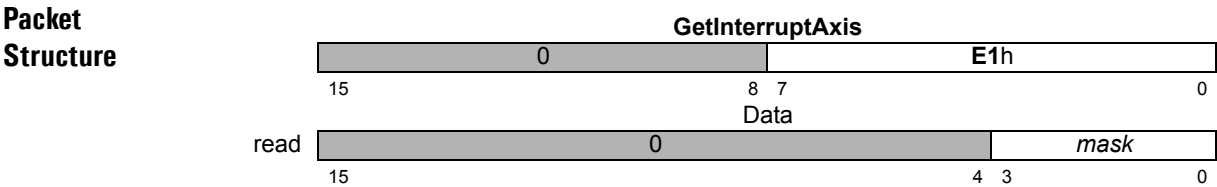
Syntax **GetInterruptAxis**

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
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Arguments None

Returned data	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>mask</i>	<i>None</i>	0
		<i>Axis1 Mask</i>	1
		<i>Axis2 Mask</i>	2
		<i>Axis3 Mask</i>	4
		<i>Axis4 Mask</i>	8



Description **GetInterruptAxis** returns a field that identifies all axes with pending interrupts. Axis numbers are assigned to the low-order four bits of the returned word, with bits corresponding to interrupting axes set to 1. If there are no pending interrupts, the returned word is zero (0). If any axis has a pending interrupt, the /HostInterrupt signal will be in an active state.

Restrictions This command is only useful for products with /HostInterrupt pin. When using CAN events for interrupt event notification, the interrupting axis is sent as part of the CAN event.

C-Motion API `PMDresult PMDGetInterruptAxis(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
PMDuint16* mask)`

VB-Motion API `Dim mask as Short`
`mask = MagellanObject.InterruptAxis`

see **ClearInterrupt** (p. 21), **Set/GetInterruptMask** (p. 136)

Syntax

GetPhaseCommand *axis phase*

Motor Types

	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
--	--------------	---------------	--

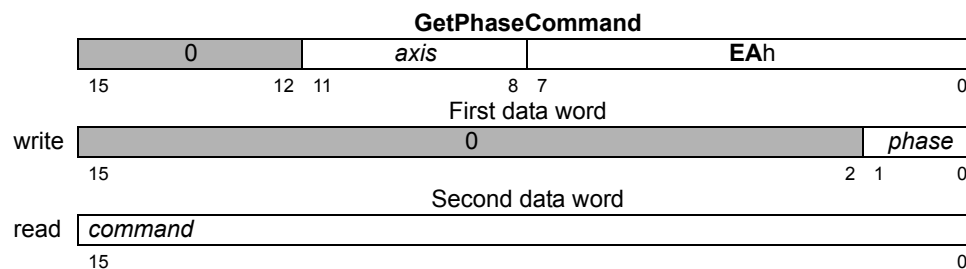
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>phase</i>	<i>Phase A</i>	0
	<i>Phase B</i>	1
	<i>Phase C</i>	2

Returned data

	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>command</i>	signed 16 bits	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	100/2 ¹⁵	% output

Packet Structure



Description

GetPhaseCommand returns the value of the commutated phase command for phase A, B, or C of the specified *axis*. These are the phase command values directly output to the current loop or motor after commutation.

Scaling example: If a value of $-4,489$ is retrieved (EE77h) for a given axis and phase, then this corresponds to $-4,489 \times 100 / 32,767 = -13.7\%$ of full-scale output.

Restrictions

Phase C is only valid when the motor type has been set for a 3-phase commutation.

This command has no meaning when current control mode is set to FOC whether or not the current loops are enabled.

When the current control mode is set to *Phase A /B* current loops, the values are the inputs to the current loops. When current loops are disabled, the value is the motor output command.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetPhaseCommand(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDuint16 phase,
                              PMDint16* command)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim command as Short
command = MagellanAxis.PhaseCommand( phase )
```

see

SetCurrentControlMode (p. 107)

Syntax

GetPositionError *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

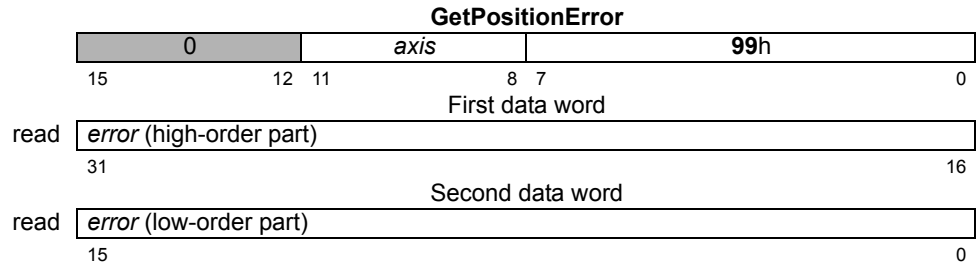
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned data

	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>error</i>	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	unity	counts microsteps

Packet Structure



Description

GetPositionError returns the position error of the specified *axis*. The error is the difference between the actual position (encoder position) and the commanded position (instantaneous output of the trajectory generator). When used with the motor type set to microstepping or pulse & direction, the error is defined as the difference between the encoder position (represented in microsteps or steps) and the commanded position (instantaneous output of the trajectory generator).

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetPositionError(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDint32* error)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim error as Long
error = MagellanAxis.PositionError
```

see

Set/GetPosition (p. 158), **Set/GetPositionErrorLimit** (p. 159)

Syntax

GetPositionLoopValue *axis node*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC		
----------	--------------	--	--

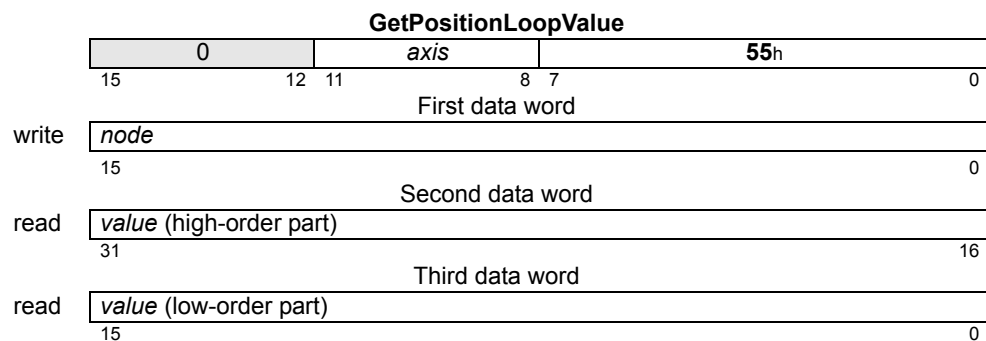
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>node</i>	<i>Integrator Sum</i>	0
	<i>Integrator Contribution</i>	1
	<i>Derivative</i>	2
	<i>Biquad1 Input</i>	3
	<i>Biquad2 Input</i>	4

Returned data

	Type	Range/Scaling
<i>value</i>	signed 32 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Description

GetPositionLoopValue is used to find the value of a *node* in the position loop. See the product user's guide for more information on the location of each *node* in the position loop processing. Though the data returned is signed 32 bits regardless of the *node*, the range and format varies depending on the *node*, as follows:

Node	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>Integrator Sum</i>	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	unity	(counts or microsteps)*cycles
<i>Integrator Contribution</i>	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$100*K_{out}/(2^{31})$	% Output
<i>Derivative</i>	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	(counts or microsteps)/cycles
<i>Biquad1 Input</i>	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	counts or microsteps
<i>Biquad2 Input</i>	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	counts or microsteps

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetPositionLoopValue (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 node,
                                     PMDint32* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim value as Long
value = MagellanAxis.PositionLoopValue( node )
```

see

Set/GetPositionLoop (p. 160)

Syntax

GetSignalStatus *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

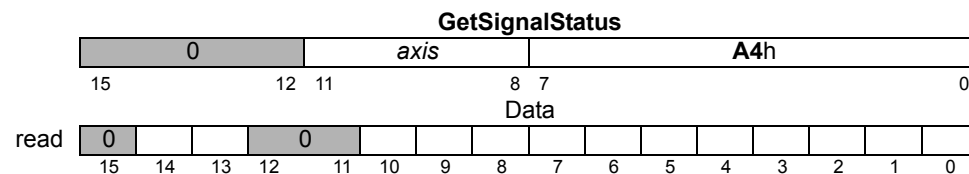
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned data

see below **Type**
unsigned 16 bits

Packet Structure



Description

GetSignalStatus returns the contents of the Signal Status register for the specified *axis*. The Signal Status register contains the value of the various hardware signals connected to each axis of the motion control IC. The value read is combined with the Signal Sense register (see **SetSignalSense** (p. 172)) and then returned to the user. For each bit in the Signal Sense register that is set to 1, the corresponding bit in the **GetSignalStatus** command will be inverted. Therefore, a low signal will be read as 1, and a high signal will be read as a 0. Conversely, for each bit in the Signal Sense register that is set to 0, the corresponding bit in the **GetSignalStatus** command is not inverted. Therefore, a low signal will be read as 0, and a high signal will be read as a 1.

All of the bits in the **GetSignalStatus** command are inputs, except for AxisOut and FaultOut. The value read for these bits is equal to the value output by the AxisOut and FaultOut mechanisms. See **SetAxisOutMask** (p. 87) and **SetFaultMask** (p. 127) for more information. The bit definitions are as follows:

Description	Bit Number	Description	Bit Number
Encoder A	0	Hall B	8
Encoder B	1	Hall C	9
Encoder Index	2	AxisOut	10
Capture Input	3	— (Reserved)	11–12
Positive Limit	4	/Enable In	13
Negative Limit	5	FaultOut	14
AxisIn	6	— (Reserved)	15
Hall A	7		

Atlas

Note that the */Enable In* and *FaultOut* signals are *not* the Atlas signals. In order to read the Atlas amplifier signal status the command must be directed to Atlas.

Restrictions

Depending on the product, some signals may not be present. See the product user's guide. In ION products, when the capture source is set to Index, the Encoder Index input will be present as both the Encoder Index and the Capture Input bits. In MC58113 products the Capture Input bit is always used for the *Home* signal, regardless of the capture source.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetSignalStatus(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                             PMDuint16* status)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim status as Short  
status = MagellanAxis.SignalStatus
```

see

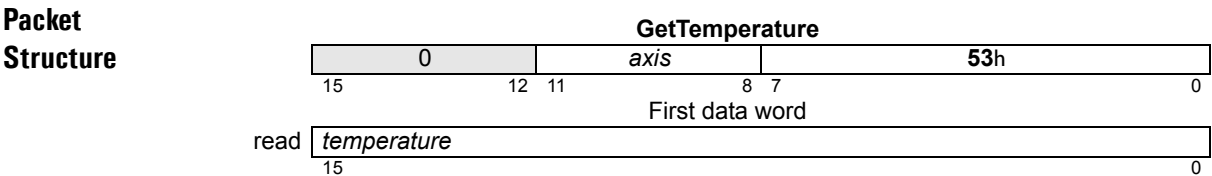
GetActivityStatus ([p. 28](#)), **GetEventStatus** ([p. 43](#)), **GetSignalSense** ([p. 172](#))

Syntax `GetTemperature axis`

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned Data	Type	Range	Scaling
<i>temperature</i>	signed 16 bits	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	product specific



Description **GetTemperature** gets the most recent temperature reading from the temperature sensor(s) monitoring the *axis*. Consult specific product documentation for scaling information.

Atlas This command is relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier.

Restrictions **GetTemperature** is only available in products equipped with temperature sensors. If *axis* has more than one temperature sensor, the temperature returned will be the average value of all sensor readings.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetTemperature(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDint16* temperature)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim temperature as Short
temperature = MagellanAxis.Temperature
```

see **Get/SetOvertemperatureLimit** ([p. 149](#))

Syntax

GetTime

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

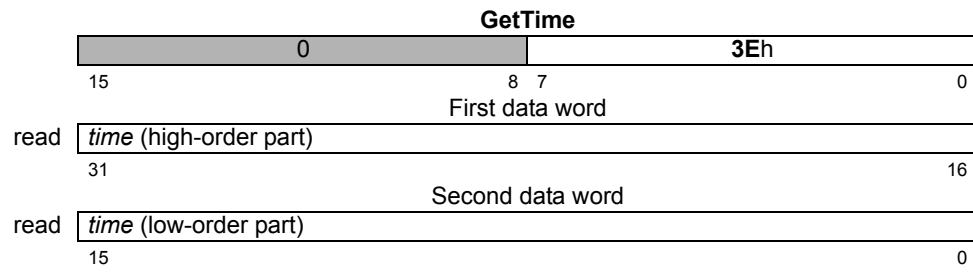
Arguments

None

Returned data

Name	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>time</i>	unsigned 32 bits	0 to $2^{32}-1$	unity	cycles

Packet Structure



Description

GetTime returns the number of cycles which have occurred since the motion control IC was last reset. The time per cycle is determined by **SetSampleTime**.

Restrictions

Time stops advancing when no axes are enabled.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetTime(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                        PMDuint32* time)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim time as Long
time = MagellanObject.Time
```

see

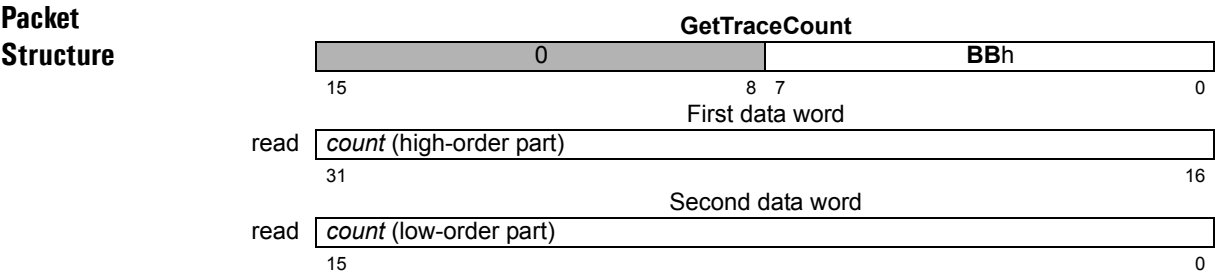
Set/GetSampleTime (p. 166)

Syntax **GetTraceCount**

Motor Types	Stepper Motor			
	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction

Arguments None

Returned data	Name	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
	<i>count</i>	unsigned 32 bits	0 to $2^{32}-1$	unity	samples



Description **GetTraceCount** returns the number of points (variable values) stored in the trace buffer since the beginning of the trace.

Restrictions In non-MC58113 products, if the trace mode is set to “rolling” and the buffer wraps, **GetTraceCount** returns the number of samples in the filled buffer.

C-Motion API `PMDresult PMDGetTraceCount(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
PMDuint32* count)`

VB-Motion API `Dim count as Long
count = MagellanObject.TraceCount`

see **ReadBuffer** (p. 67), **Set/GetTraceStart** (p. 182), **Set/GetTraceStop** (p. 185),
Set/GetBufferLength (p. 96)

Syntax

GetTraceStatus

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

None

Returned data

Name **Type**
 see below unsigned 16 bits

Packet Structure



Description

GetTraceStatus returns the trace status. The definitions of the individual status bits are as follows:

Name	Bit Number	Description
Wrap Mode	0	Set to 0 when trace is in one-time mode, 1 when in rolling mode.
Activity	1	Set to 1 when trace is active (currently tracing), 0 if trace not active.
Data Wrap	2	Set to 1 when trace has wrapped, 0 if it has not wrapped. If 0, the buffer has not yet been filled, and all recorded data is intact. If 1, the trace has wrapped to the beginning of the buffer; any previous data may have been overwritten if not explicitly retrieved by the host using the ReadBuffer command while the trace is active.
—	3-7	— (Reserved)
Trigger Mode	8	Set to 0 when in Internal Trigger mode, 1 when in External Trigger mode. Set SetTraceMode (p. 179) for explanation.
—	9-15	— (Reserved)

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetTraceStatus(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16* status)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim status as Short
status = MagellanObject.TraceStatus
```

see

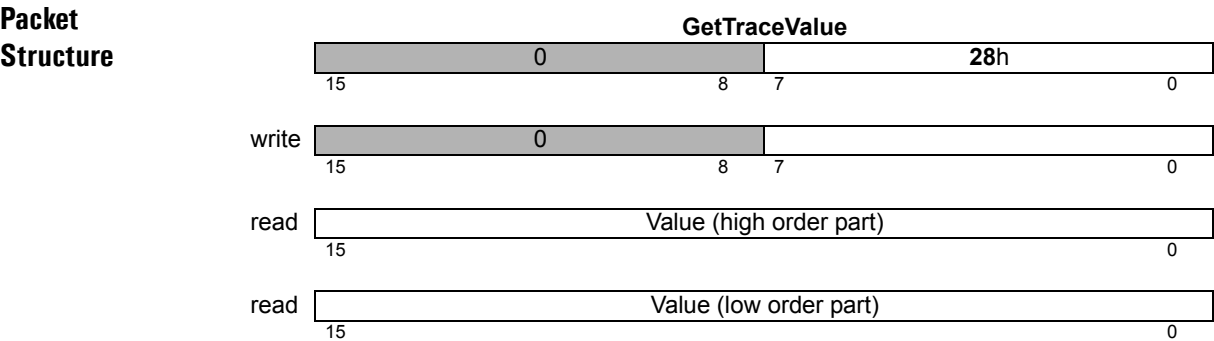
Set/GetTraceStart (p. 182), **Set/GetTraceMode** (p. 179)

Syntax `GetTraceValue variableID`

Motor Types	Stepper Motor			
	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction

Arguments	Name	Type	Encoding
	variableID	unsigned 8 bit	see below

Returned data	Value	Type 32 bit	Range/Scaling see below
----------------------	--------------	-----------------------	-----------------------------------



Description **GetTraceValue** returns a single sample of any trace variable, without using the trace mechanism. The variableID encoding is the same as for **SetTraceVariable**. The use of this command does not change or depend upon any of the trace parameters.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetTraceValue(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                             PMDuint8 variable, PMDuint32 *value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.TraceValue([in] variable  
[out] value)
```

see **PMDSetTraceVariable** ([p. 188](#))

Syntax

GetVersion

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

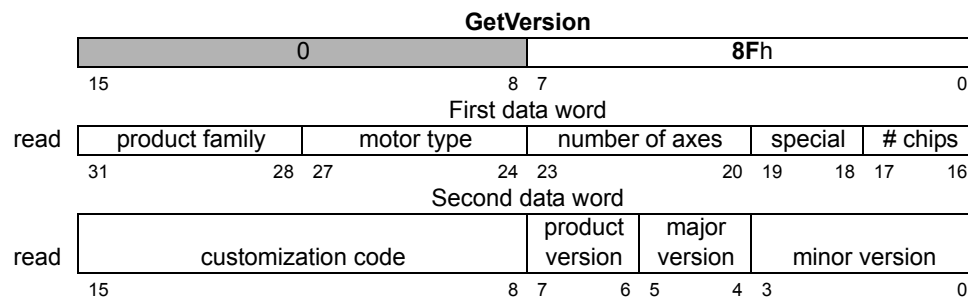
Arguments

None

Returned data

Name **Type**
version unsigned 32 bits

Packet Structure



Description

GetVersion returns product information encoded as shown in the preceding packet structure diagram. Individual data fields are encoded as defined in the following table.

Name	Description	Encoding
product family	Navigator	2
	Pilot	3
	Magellan	5
	ION	9
motor type	Servo	1
	Brushless	3
	Microstepping	4
	Pulse & Direction	5
	All Motor Types	8
	ION-Any Motor Type	9
number of axes	Maximum number of supported axes	1 to 15
special	(Reserved)	0 to 3
# chips		0 to 3
customization code	None	0
	Other	1 to 255
product version		0 to 3
major s/w version		0 to 3
minor s/w version		0 to 15

As a special case, when the number of chips field is zero, the number of axes field should be interpreted as a sub-product specification. This scheme is used for the MC58113 series motion control ICs, which use a number of axes/sub-product field of 1. For example, the version number returned by an MC58113 processor version 1.0 is 0x58100010.

Restrictions

Note that in the C-Motion function **PMDGetVersion**, the special attributes value and the chip count values are combined and returned in a single parameter (*special_and_chip_count*). Chip count is encoded in bits 0–1 of this value; special is encoded in bits 2–3. Likewise for the *major* parameter. The *major* version is encoded in bits 0-1 and the product version is encoded in bits 2-3.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetVersion(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                        PMDuint16* family,
                        PMDuint16* motorType,
                        PMDuint16* numberAxes,
                        PMDuint16* special_and_chip_count,
                        PMDuint16* custom,
                        PMDuint16* major,
                        PMDuint16* minor)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim version as Long
version = MagellanObject.Version
```

see

Syntax **InitializePhase** *axis*

Motor Types

	Brushless DC		
--	--------------	--	--

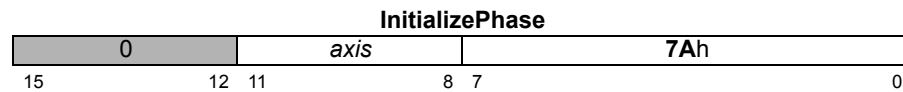
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Returned data

None

Packet Structure



Description

InitializePhase initializes the phase angle for the specified *axis* using the mode (Hall-based or algorithmic) specified by the **SetPhaseInitializationMode** command.

Restrictions

Warning: If the phase initialization mode has been set to **algorithmic**, then, after this command is sent, the motor may suddenly move in an uncontrolled manner.

C-Motion API

PMDresult **PMDInitializePhase**(PMDAxisInterface *axis_intf*)

VB-Motion API

MagellanAxis.InitializePhase()

see

GetPhaseCommand (p. 50), **Set/GetCommutationMode** (p. 104)

Syntax

MultiUpdate *mask*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

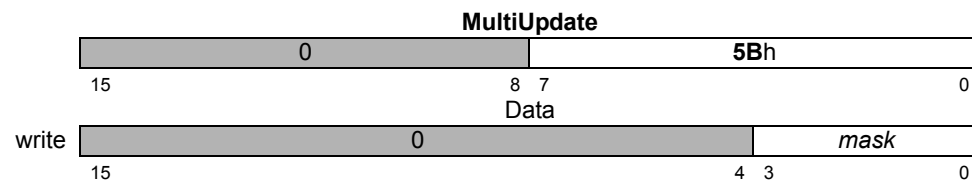
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>mask</i>	<i>None</i>	0
	<i>Axis1 Mask</i>	1
	<i>Axis2 Mask</i>	2
	<i>Axis3 Mask</i>	4
	<i>Axis4 Mask</i>	8

Returned data

None

Packet Structure



Description

MultiUpdate causes an update to occur on all axes whose corresponding bit is set to 1 in the *mask* argument. After this command is executed, all axes which are selected using the mask will perform an **Update**. The parameter groups that are copied from their buffered versions into the corresponding run-time registers is determined by the update mask of each *axis*, as shown in the table below.

Group	Command/Parameter
Trajectory	Acceleration
	Deceleration
	Gear Ratio
	Jerk
	Position
	Profile Mode
	Stop Mode
	Velocity
	ClearPositionError
Position Servo	Derivative Time
	Integrator Sum Limit
	Kaff
	Kd
	Ki
	Kp
	Kvff
	Kout
	Motor Command
Current Loops	Integrator Sum Limit
	Ki
	Kp

Each axis will be updated in turn, from the lowest numbered to the highest. If an error occurs during the update of an axis, for example a move into an active limit switch, then that update will be aborted, the error code returned, and no higher-numbered axes will be updated. The InstructionError bit of the event status register for each axis may be tested to discover which axis had an update failure.

Atlas

This command does not require any additional Atlas communication. It may cause an Atlas update by using the update bit in the Atlas torque command, see *Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference* for more information.

Restrictions**C-Motion API**

```
PMDresult PMDMultiUpdate(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                           PMDuint16 mask)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanObject.MultiUpdate( [in] mask )
```

see

GetEventStatus ([p. 43](#)), **Update** ([p. 197](#)), **Set/GetUpdateMask** ([p. 193](#))

Syntax NoOperation

Motor Types	Stepper Motor			
	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction

Arguments None

Returned data None



Description The **NoOperation** command has no effect on the motion control IC.

Restrictions

C-Motion API `PMDresult PMDNoOperation(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf)`

VB-Motion API `MagellanObject.NoOperation()`

see

Syntax `ReadAnalog portID`

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

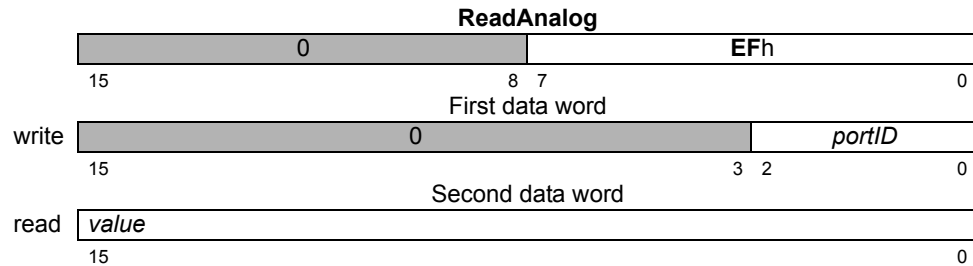
Arguments

Name	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>portID</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 7	unity	-

Returned data

	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>value</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to $2^{16}-1$	100/ 2^{16}	% input

Packet Structure



Description

ReadAnalog returns a 16-bit value representing the voltage presented to the specified analog input. See the product user's guide for more information on analog input and scaling.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDReadAnalog(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 portID,
                          PMDuint16* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim value as Short
value = MagellanObject.Analog( portID )
```

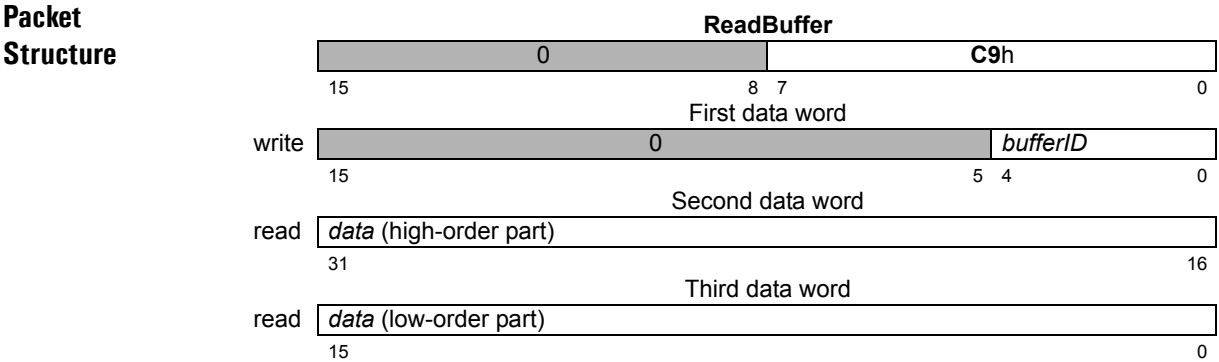
see

Syntax `ReadBuffer bufferID`

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
--------------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Type	Range
	<i>bufferID</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 31

Returned data	Type	Range
	<i>data</i>	signed 32 bits
		-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$



Description **ReadBuffer** returns the 32-bit contents of the location pointed to by the read buffer index in the specified buffer. After the contents have been read, the read index is incremented by 1. If the result is equal to the buffer length (set by **SetBufferLength**), the index is reset to zero (0). The read index for buffer zero is automatically changed at the completion of a trace when in rolling trace mode.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDReadBuffer16(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 bufferID,
                             PMDint32* data)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim data as Long
Data = MagellanObject.ReadBuffer16( bufferID )
```

see **Set/GetBufferReadIndex** (p. 98), **Set/GetBufferStart** (p. 99), **Set/GetBufferLength** (p. 96)

Syntax **ReadBuffer16** *bufferID*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

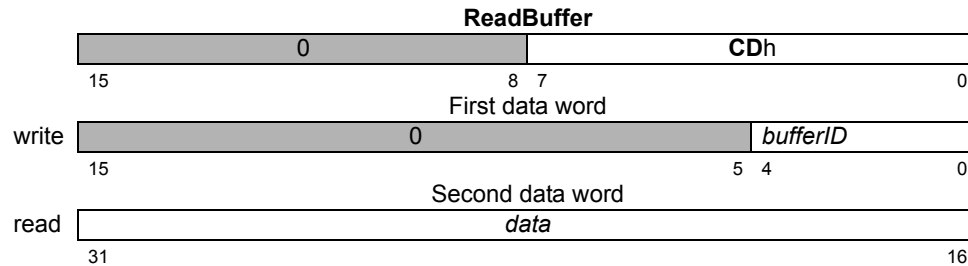
Arguments

Name	Type	Range
<i>bufferID</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 31

Returned data

	Type	Range
<i>data</i>	signed 16 bits	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$

Packet Structure



Description

ReadBuffer16 returns the 16-bit contents of the location pointed to by the read buffer index in the specified buffer. After the contents have been read, the read index is incremented by 1. If the result is equal to the buffer length (set by **SetBufferLength**), the index is reset to zero (0). This command is intended to read from a buffer located in non-volatile RAM, which has a 16-bit word size. ReadBuffer should be used for all other buffers.

Restrictions

This command is only available on products that support non-volatile RAM.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDReadBuffer(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 bufferID,
                          PMDint32* data)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim data as Long
Data = MagellanObject.ReadBuffer( bufferID )
```

see

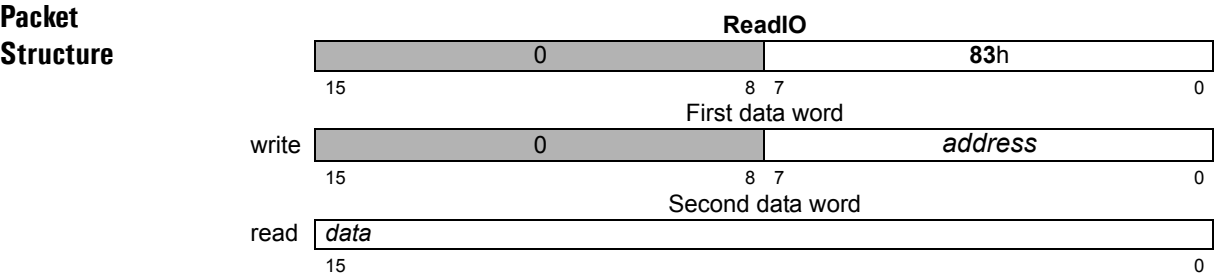
Set/GetBufferReadIndex (p. 98), **WriteBuffer** (p. 198), **Set/GetBufferStart** (p. 99), **Set/GetBufferLength** (p. 96)

Syntax ReadIO *address*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
--------------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Type	Range
	<i>address</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 255

Returned data	Type	Range
	<i>data</i>	unsigned 16 bits
		0 to 2 ¹⁶ –1



Description ReadIO reads one 16-bit word of data from the device at *address*. The *address* is an offset from location 1000h of the motion control IC's peripheral device address space.

The format and interpretation of the 16-bit data word are dependent on the user-defined device being addressed. User-defined I/O can be used to implement a number of features, including additional parallel I/O, flash memory for non-volatile configuration information storage, or display devices such as LED arrays.

Restrictions This command is not available in products without a parallel I/O port.

C-Motion API `PMDresult PMDReadIO(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 address, PMDuint16* data);`

VB-Motion API `Dim data as Short
data = MagellanObject.IO(address)`

see WriteIO (p. 199)

Syntax

Reset

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

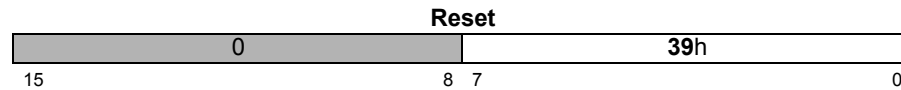
Arguments

None

Returned data

None

Packet Structure



Description

Reset restores the motion control IC to its initial condition, setting all motion control IC variables to their default values. Most variables are motor-type independent; however several default values depend upon the configured motor type of the axis. Some of the default values also depend on the state of Magellan pin OutputMode0 when power is applied, if this pin is grounded, Magellan will be in an “Atlas-compatible” state, if it is floating, “backwards-compatible.” MC58113 series products always behave in an Atlas-compatible way. The motor-type independent values are listed here.

	Default Value	Buffered
Breakpoints and Interrupts		
<i>Breakpoint 1</i>	0	NO
<i>Breakpoint 2</i>	0	NO
<i>Breakpoint Value 1</i>	0	NO
<i>Breakpoint Value 2</i>	0	NO
<i>Breakpoint Update Mask 1</i>	0Bh	NO
<i>Breakpoint Update Mask 2</i>	0Bh	NO
<i>Interrupt Mask</i>	0	NO
Commutation		
<i>Commutation Mode</i>	motor dependent	NO
<i>Phase Angle</i>	0	NO
<i>Phase Counts</i>	motor dependent	NO
<i>Phase Offset</i>	–1	NO
<i>Phase Prescale</i>	0	NO
<i>Phase Initialize Mode</i>	0	NO
<i>Phase Initialize Time</i>	0	NO
<i>Phase Correction Mode</i>	motor dependent	NO
Current Control		
<i>Current Control Mode</i>	0	YES-Current Loop
<i>Current Loop Kp (both A and B loops)</i>	0	YES-Current Loop
<i>Current Loop Ki (both A and B loops)</i>	0	YES-Current Loop
<i>Current Loop Integrator Sum Limit (both A and B loops)</i>	0	YES-Current Loop
<i>FOC Kp (both D and Q loops)</i>	0	YES-Current Loop
<i>FOC Ki (both D and Q loops)</i>	0	YES-Current Loop
<i>FOC Integrator Sum Limit</i>	0	YES-Current Loop
<i>Holding Motor Limit</i>	32767	NO
<i>Holding Delay</i>	motor dependent	NO

	Default Value	Buffered
Digital Servo Filter		
Position Error Limit	65535	NO
Position Loop Biquad Coeffs	All 0	YES-PositionLoop
Position Loop Biquad Enables	Both 0	YES-Position Loop
Position Loop Kvff	0	YES-Position Loop
Position Loop Kaff	0	YES-Position Loop
Position Loop Kp	0	YES-Position Loop
Position Loop Ki	0	YES-Position Loop
Position Loop Kd	0	YES-Position Loop
Position Loop Integrator Sum Limit	0	YES-Position Loop
Position Loop Derivative Time	1	YES-Position Loop
Position Loop Kout	65535	YES-Position Loop
Motor Limit	32767	NO
Motor Bias	0	NO
Motor Command	0	YES-Position Loop
Auxiliary Encoder Source	0	NO
Encoder		
Actual Position	0	NO
Actual Position Units	motor dependent	NO
Capture Source	0	NO
Encoder Modulus	0	NO
Encoder Source	motor dependent	NO
Encoder To Step Ratio	00010001h	NO
Motor Output		
Operating Mode	0033h (Magellan backwards-compatible) 0001h (ION, Magellan Atlas-compatible)	NO
Active Operating Mode	0033h (Magellan backwards-compatible) 0001h (ION, Magellan Atlas-compatible)	NO
Output Mode	motor dependent	NO
Motor Type	product dependent	NO
PWM Frequency	motor dependent	NO
Step Range	1	NO
Position Servo Loop Control		
Motion Complete Mode	0	NO
Sample Time	see Notes	NO
Settle Time	0	NO
Settle Window	0	NO
Tracking Window	0	NO
Profile Generation		
Acceleration	0	YES-Trajectory
Deceleration	0	YES-Trajectory
Gear Master	0	NO
Gear Ratio	0	YES-Trajectory
Jerk	0	YES-Trajectory
Position	0	YES-Trajectory
Profile Mode	0	YES-Trajectory
Start Velocity	0	NO
Stop Mode	0	YES-Trajectory
Velocity	0	YES-Trajectory

	Default Value	Buffered
RAM Buffer		
Buffer Length	0-Magellan 0180h-ION	NO
Buffer Read Index	0	NO
Buffer Start	0	NO
Buffer Write Index	0	NO
Safety		
Positive Limit Event Action	8	NO
Negative Limit Event Action	8	NO
Motion Error Event Action	motor dependent	NO
Current Foldback Event Action	7	NO
OvervoltageThreshold	see specific product manual	NO
Undervoltage Threshold	see specific product manual	NO
OvertemperatureThreshold	see specific product manual	NO
FaultOut Mask	0600h	NO
Continuous Current Limit	see specific product manual	
Energy Limit	see specific product manual	
Status Registers and AxisOut Indicator		
AxisOut Source Axis	0	NO
AxisOut Register	0	NO
AxisOut Selection Mask	0	NO
AxisOut Sense Mask	0	NO
Signal Sense	motor dependent	NO
Traces		
Trace Mode	0	NO
Trace Period	1	NO
Trace Start	0	NO
Trace Stop	0	NO
Trace Variables	all are 0	NO
Miscellaneous		
Update Mask	0Bh	NO
CAN Mode	C000h (see Notes)	NO
Serial Port Mode	0004h (see Notes)	NO

The motor-type dependent default values are listed in the following tables.

Variable	DC Brush	Brushless DC (3 phase)	Brushless DC (2 phase)
Actual Position Units	0	0	0
Commutation Mode	-	0	0
Encoder Source	0	0	0
Motion Error Event Action	5	5	5
Output Mode	1-Magellan 2-ION 10-MC58113	2	2
Phase Correction Mode	-	1	1
PWM Frequency (kHz)	20	20	20
SPI Mode	0	-	-
Phase Counts	-	1	1
Holding Delay	-	-	-
Signal Sense	0 (backwards-compatible), 0800h (Atlas-compatible)	0 (backwards-compatible), 0800h (Atlas-compatible) 0 (MC58113)	0

Variable	Microstepping (3 phase)	Microstepping (2 phase)	Pulse & Direction
Actual Position Units	1	1	1
Commutation Mode	0	0	-
Encoder Source	2	2	3
Motion Error Event Action	0	0	0
Output Mode	2	1-Magellan 2-ION	-
Phase Correction Mode	-	-	-
PWM Frequency (kHz)	20	80-Magellan 20-ION 20-MC58113	-
SPI Mode	-	-	-
Phase Counts	256	256	-
Holding Delay	32767	32767	20
Signal Sense	0	0	0800h

Notes

All axes supported by the motion control IC are enabled at reset.

In some products, CAN Mode and Serial Port Mode defaults are defined at reset by a parallel bus read.

In ION products, the reset defaults for CAN Mode and the Serial Port Mode used for RS485 can be over-ridden using the **SetDefault** command. See the *ION Digital Drive User's Manual*.

See **Set/GetSampleTime** (p. 166) for more information regarding SampleTime.

Atlas

The Magellan reset command does *not* cause any attached Atlas amplifiers to be reset. When Magellan re-connects to any such Atlas amplifiers it will check their motor types, set their operating mode, and set their current foldback event actions.

Restrictions

The typical time before the device is ready for communication after a reset is 20ms for Magellan products, and 100ms for ION products.

The MC55110 and the MC58110 have a maximum Step Range of 100 ksteps/sec, which cannot be changed.

Not all of the listed variables are available on all products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

PMDresult **PMDReset**(PMDAxisInterface *axis_intf*)

VB-Motion API

MagellanObject.Reset()

see

SetDefault ([p. 114](#))

Syntax **ResetEventStatus** *axis mask*

Motor Types

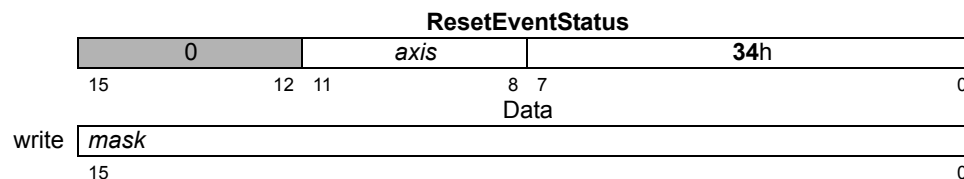
DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mask</i>	<i>Motion Complete</i>	FFFEh
	<i>Wrap-around</i>	FFFDh
	<i>Breakpoint 1</i>	FFFBh
	<i>Capture Received</i>	FFF7h
	<i>Motion Error</i>	FFEFh
	<i>Positive Limit</i>	FFDFh
	<i>Negative Limit</i>	FFBFh
	<i>Instruction Error</i>	FF7Fh
	<i>Disable</i>	FEFFh
	<i>Overtemperature Fault</i>	FDFFh
	<i>Drive Exception</i>	FBFFh
	<i>Commutation Error</i>	F7FFh
	<i>Current Foldback</i>	EFFh
	<i>Breakpoint 2</i>	BFFFh

Returned data None

Packet Structure



Description

ResetEventStatus clears (sets to 0), for the specified *axis*, each bit in the Event Status register that has a value of 0 in the *mask* sent with this command. All other Event Status register bits (bits that have a mask value of 1) are unaffected.

Events that cause changes in operating mode or trajectory require, in general, that the corresponding bit in Event Status be cleared prior to returning to operation. That is, prior to restoring the operating mode (in cases where the event caused a change in it) or prior to performing another trajectory move (in cases where the event caused a trajectory stop). The one exception to this is **Motion Error**, which is not required to be cleared if the event action for it includes disabling of the position loop.

Atlas

When clearing bits 10 (Drive Exception), or 12 (Current Foldback), this command will be sent to an attached Atlas amplifier before being applied to the local Magellan register.

Note that bit 9 (Overtemperature Fault) is not used for Atlas axes.

Restrictions

Not all bits in **ResetEventStatus** are supported in some products. See the product user's manual.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDResetEventStatus(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                                PMDuint16 status)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.ResetEventStatus( mask )
```

see

GetEventStatus ([p. 43](#))

Syntax `RestoreOperatingMode axis`

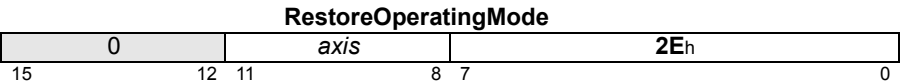
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Packet Structure



Description **RestoreOperatingMode** is used to command the *axis* to return to its static operating mode. It should be used when the active operating mode has changed due to actions taken from safety events or other programmed events. Calling **RestoreOperatingMode** will re-enable all loops that were disabled as a result of events.

Atlas This command will be sent to an attached Atlas amplifier before being applied to the local Magellan register.

Restrictions Before using **RestoreOperatingMode** to return to the static operating mode, the event status bits should all be cleared. If a bit in event status that caused a change in operating mode is not cleared, this command will return an error. An exception to this is Motion Error, which does not have to be cleared prior to restoring the operating mode.

Though **RestoreOperatingMode** will re-enable the trajectory generator (if it was disabled as a result of an event action), it will not resume a move. This must be done through an **Update** or **MultiUpdate**.

C-Motion API `PMDresult PMDRestoreOperatingMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf)`

VB-Motion API `MagellanAxis.RestoreOperatingMode()`

see [GetActiveOperatingMode](#) (p. 27), [Set/GetOperatingMode](#) (p. 146), [Set/GetEventAction](#) (p. 125), [Set/GetBreakpoint](#) (p. 89)

4Ch

Restrictions

SetAcceleration may not be issued while an axis is in motion with the S-curve profile.

SetAcceleration is not valid in Electronic Gear profile mode.

SetAcceleration is a buffered command. The value set using this command will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command, with the Trajectory Update bit set in the update mask.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetAcceleration(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                             PMDuint32 acceleration)  
PMDresult PMDGetAcceleration(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                             PMDuint32* acceleration)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim acceleration as Long  
MagellanAxis.Acceleration = acceleration  
acceleration = MagellanAxis.Acceleration
```

see

Set/GetDeceleration (p. 113), **Set/GetJerk** (p. 138), **Set/GetPosition** (p. 158),
Set/GetVelocity (p. 195), **MultiUpdate** (p. 63), **Update** (p. 197)

Syntax

SetActualPosition *axis position*
GetActualPosition *axis*

Motor Types

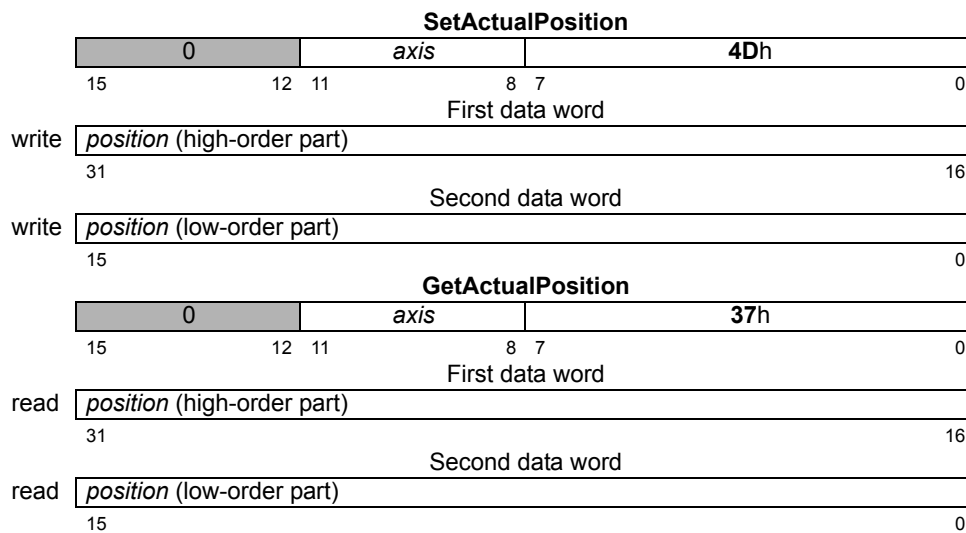
DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
<i>position</i>	Type	Range	Scaling	Units	
	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	unity	counts microsteps	

Packet

Structure



Description

SetActualPosition loads the position register (encoder position) for the specified *axis*. At the same time, the commanded position is replaced by the loaded value minus the position error. This prevents a servo “bump” when the new axis position is established. The destination position (see **SetPosition** (p. 158)) is also modified by this amount so that no trajectory motion will occur when the **Update** instruction is issued. In effect, this instruction establishes a new reference position from which subsequent positions can be calculated. It is commonly used to set a known reference position after a homing procedure.

Note: For axes configured as pulse & direction or microstepping motor types, actual position units determines if the position is specified and returned in units of counts or steps. Additionally, for these motor types, the position error is zeroed when the **SetActualPosition** command is sent. **SetActualPosition** takes effect immediately, it is not buffered.

GetActualPosition reads the contents of the encoder’s actual position register. This value will be accurate to within one cycle (as determined by **Set/GetSampleTime**).

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetActualPosition(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDint32 position)
PMDresult PMDGetActualPosition(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDint32* position)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim position as Long  
MagellanAxis.ActualPosition = position  
position = MagellanAxis.ActualPosition
```

see

GetPositionError ([p. 51](#)), **Set/GetActualPositionUnits** ([p. 82](#)), **AdjustActualPosition** ([p. 18](#))

Syntax

SetActualPositionUnits *axis mode*
GetActualPositionUnits *axis*

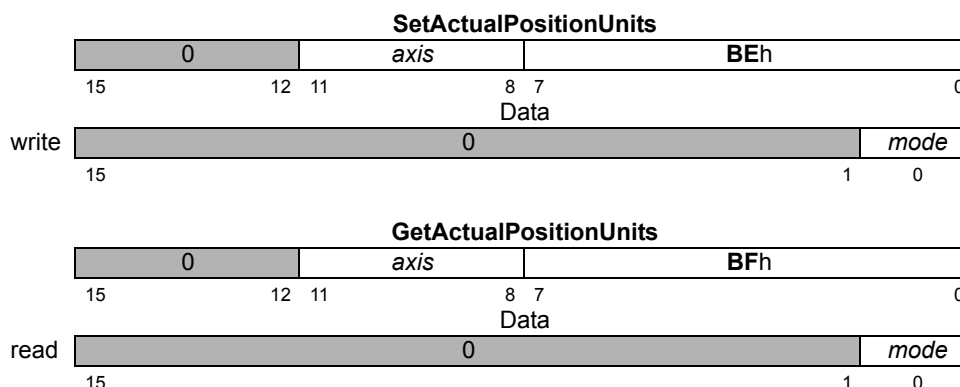
Motor Types

		Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
--	--	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mode</i>	<i>Counts</i>	0
	<i>Steps</i>	1

Packet Structure



Description

SetActualPositionUnits determines the units used by the **Set/GetActualPosition**, **AdjustActualPosition** and **GetCaptureValue** for the specified *axis*. It also affects the trace variable Actual Position. When set to **Counts**, position units are in encoder counts. When set to **Steps**, position units are in steps/microsteps. The step position is calculated using the ratio as set by the **SetEncoderToStepRatio** command.

GetActualPositionUnits returns the position units for the specified *axis*.

Restrictions

The trace variable, capture value, is not affected by this command. The value is always in counts.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetActualPositionUnits(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetActualPositionUnits(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanAxis.ActualPositionUnits = mode
mode = MagellanAxis.ActualPositionUnits
```

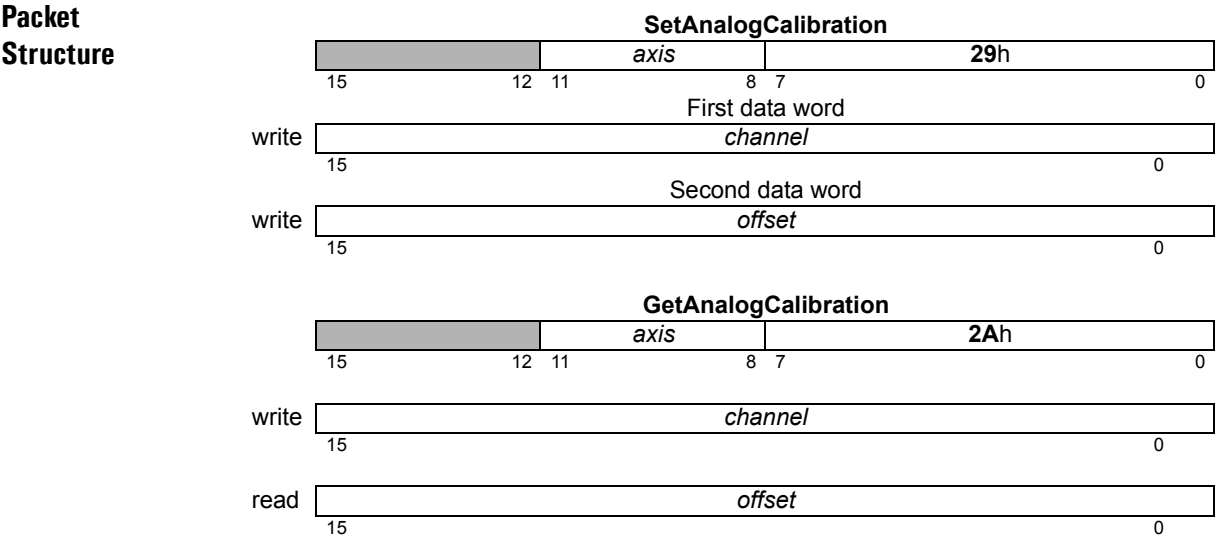
see

Set/GetActualPosition (p. 80), **Set/GetEncoderToStepRatio** (p. 124), **AdjustActualPosition** (p. 18), **GetCaptureValue** (p. 32), **Set/GetTraceVariable** (p. 188)

Syntax **SetAnalogCalibration** *axis channel offset*
 GetAnalogCalibration *axis channel*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding		
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0		
		<i>Axis2</i>	1		
		<i>Axis3</i>	2		
		<i>Axis4</i>	3		
	<i>channel</i>	<i>current leg A</i>	0		
		<i>current leg B</i>	1		
		<i>current leg C</i>	2		
		<i>current leg D</i>	3		
		Type	Range	Scaling	Units
	<i>offset</i>	signed 16 bits	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	$100/2^{16}$	% input



Description

The **SetAnalogCalibration** command sets the offset applied to the specified analog input channel, to compensate for the vagaries of external amplification circuitry. The offset is subtracted from the raw analog reading, as returned by the **ReadAnalog** command, before any scaling is applied.

It is frequently more convenient to use the **CalibrateAnalog** command than to compute the appropriate offsets.

GetAnalogCalibration retrieves the values set by **SetAnalogCalibration**.

Restrictions	This command is supported only by MC58113 series products. Not all analog channels have adjustable offsets, consult product-specific documentation for more information.
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDSetAnalogCalibration(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 channel, PMDint16 offset); PMDresult PMDGetAnalogCalibration(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 channel, PMDint16 *offset);</pre>
VB-Motion API	<pre>MagellanAxis.AnalogCalibrationSet([in] channel, [in] offset) MagellanAxis.AnalogCalibrationGet([in] channel, [out] offset)</pre>
see	ReadAnalog (p. 66), CalibrateAnalog (p. 19)

Syntax **SetAuxiliaryEncoderSource** *axis mode auxiliaryAxis*
GetAuxiliaryEncoderSource *axis*

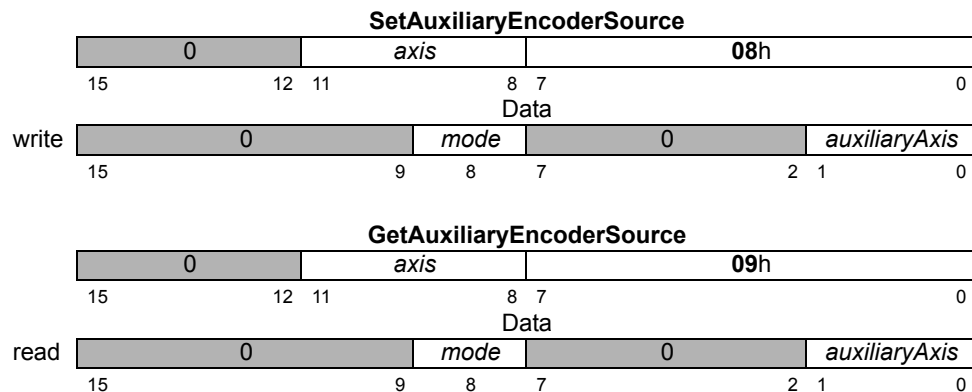
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mode</i>	<i>None</i>	0
	<i>Quadrature</i>	1
	<i>Pulse & Direction</i>	2
<i>auxiliaryAxis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Packet Structure



Description

SetAuxiliaryEncoderSource controls the motion control IC's dual encoder loop feature. The *mode* either disables or specifies the format for the secondary encoder loop for *axis*. The *auxiliaryAxis* selects which axis encoder input is to be interpreted as the damping term (Kd) of the servo equation for *axis*. To determine the actual position of the auxiliary encoder, use **GetActualPosition(auxiliaryAxis)**. The auxiliary axis encoder input is used for commutation of brushless DC motors. The **SetPhaseOffset**, **SetPhaseAngle**, and **SetPhaseCounts** commands should still be applied to the main axis, even when dual encoder loop is enabled.

Restrictions

To avoid a potentially unstable operating condition in dual loop mode, the auxiliary encoder should have resolution greater than or equal to that of the main encoder. Not all products support pulse & direction input.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetAuxiliaryEncoderSource(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                         PMDuint8 mode,
                                         PMDAxis auxiliaryAxis)
PMDresult PMDGetAuxiliaryEncoderSource(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                         PMDuint8* mode,
                                         PMDAxis* auxiliaryAxis)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.AuxiliaryEncoderSourceSet( [in] mode, [in] auxiliaryAxis  
)  
MagellanAxis.AuxiliaryEncoderSourceGet( [out] mode, [out]  
auxiliaryAxis )
```

Syntax **SetAxisOutMask** *axis sourceAxis sourceRegister selectionMask senseMask*
GetAxisOutMask *axis*

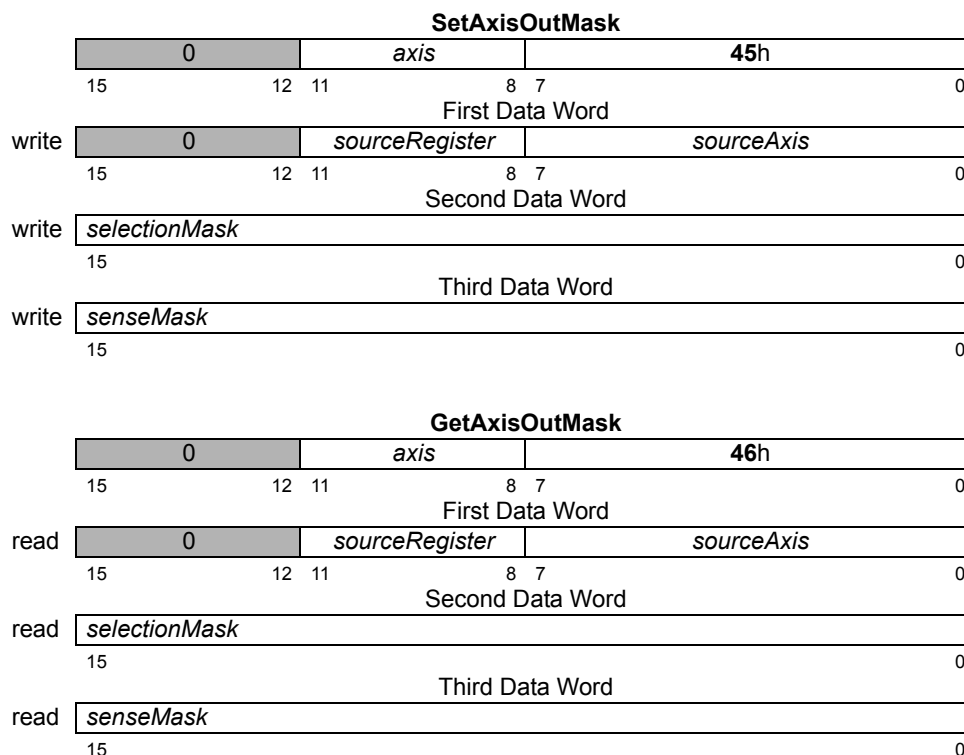
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>sourceAxis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>sourceRegister</i>	<i>Disabled</i>	0
	<i>Event Status</i>	1
	<i>Activity Status</i>	2
	<i>Signal Status</i>	3
	<i>Drive Status</i>	4
<i>selectionMask</i>	see below	bitmask
<i>senseMask</i>	see below	bitmask

Packet Structure



Description

SetAxisOutMask configures what will drive the AxisOut pin of the *axis*. The *sourceRegister* and *sourceAxis* arguments specify which register, from which axis, will be used to drive AxisOut of the specified axis.

Description (cont.)

For each bit in the *selectionMask* that is set to 1, the corresponding bit of the specified *sourceRegister* is selected to set AxisOut active. The *senseMask* bit determines which state of each bit causes AxisOut to be active—a zero (0) in the *senseMask* means that a 0 in the corresponding bit will cause AxisOut to be active, and a 1 in the *senseMask* means that a 1 in the corresponding bit will cause AxisOut to be active. If multiple bits are selected in the *sourceRegister*, AxisOut will be active if any of the selected bits, combined with their sense, require it to be. The following table shows the available bits in each register.

Bit	Event Status Register	Activity Status Register	Signal Status Register	Drive Status Register
0	Motion Complete	Phasing Initialized	Encoder A	
1	Wrap-around	At Maximum Velocity	Encoder B	In Foldback
2	Breakpoint 1	Tracking	Encoder Index	Overtemperature
3	Position Capture		Capture Input	
4	Motion Error		Positive Limit	In Holding
5	Positive Limit		Negative Limit	Overvoltage
6	Negative Limit		AxisIn	Undervoltage
7	Instruction Error	Axis Settled	Hall Sensor A	
8	Disable	Motor Mode	Hall Sensor B	
9	Overtemperature Fault	Position Capture	Hall Sensor C	
0Ah	Bus Voltage Fault	In Motion		
0Bh	Commutation Error	In Positive Limit		
0Ch	Current Foldback	In Negative Limit		
0Dh			/Enable Input	
0Eh	Breakpoint 2		FaultOut	
0Fh				

For example, assume it is desired to have the AxisOut pin of *Axis1* driven active whenever motion complete of *Axis2* is 1, or commutation error of *Axis2* is 0. In this case, *axis* would be 0 (*Axis1*), *sourceAxis* would be 1 (*Axis2*), *sourceRegister* would be 1 (*Event Status*), *selectionMask* would be 0801h (commutation error and motion complete) and *senseMask* would be 0001h.

GetAxisOutMask returns the mapping of the AxisOut pin of *axis*.

Restrictions

Depending on the product features, some bits may not be supported. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetAxisOutMask(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDAxis sourceAxis,
                             PMDuint8 sourceRegister,
                             PMDuint16 selectionMask,
                             PMDuint16 senseMask)

PMDresult PMDGetAxisOutMask(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDAxis* sourceAxis,
                             PMDuint8* sourceRegister,
                             PMDuint16* selectionMask,
                             PMDuint16* senseMask)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.AxisOutMaskSet( [in] sourceAxis,
                              [in] sourceRegister,
                              [in] selectionMask,
                              [in] senseMask )

MagellanAxis.AxisOutMaskGet( [out] sourceAxis,
                              [out] sourceRegister,
                              [out] selectionMask,
                              [out] senseMask )
```

see

Syntax **SetBreakpoint** *axis breakpointID sourceAxis action trigger*
GetBreakpoint *axis breakpointID*

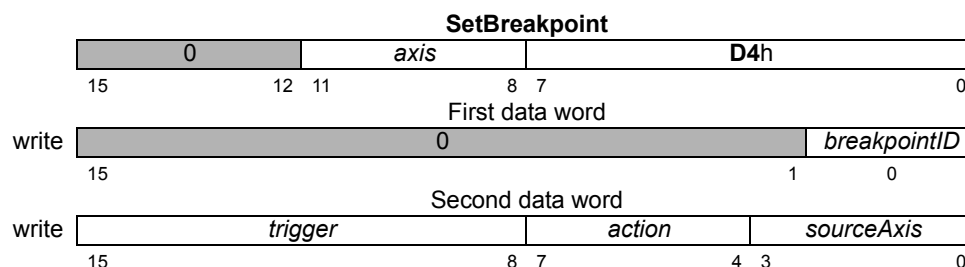
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

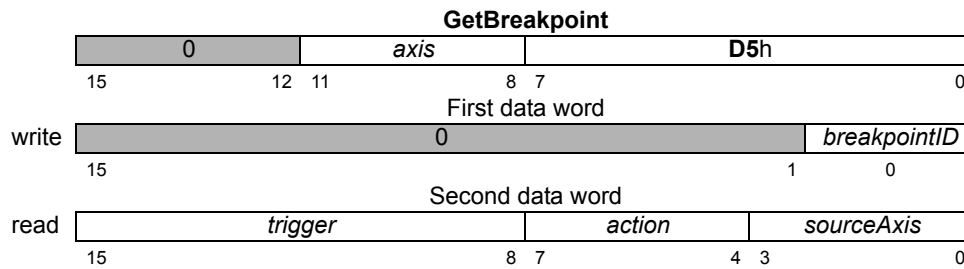
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>breakpointID</i>	<i>Breakpoint1</i>	0
	<i>Breakpoint2</i>	1
<i>sourceAxis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>action</i>	<i>None</i>	0
	<i>Update</i>	1
	<i>Abrupt Stop</i>	2
	<i>Smooth Stop</i>	3
	— (Reserved)	4
	<i>Disable Position Loop & Higher Modules</i>	5
	<i>Disable Current Loop & Higher Modules</i>	6
	<i>Disable Motor Output & Higher Modules</i>	7
	<i>Abrupt Stop with Position Error Clear</i>	8
<i>trigger</i>	<i>None</i>	0
	<i>Greater Or Equal Commanded Position</i>	1
	<i>Lesser Or Equal Commanded Position</i>	2
	<i>Greater Or Equal Actual Position</i>	3
	<i>Lesser Or Equal Actual Position</i>	4
	<i>Commanded Position Crossed</i>	5
	<i>Actual Position Crossed</i>	6
	<i>Time</i>	7
	<i>Event Status</i>	8
	<i>Activity Status</i>	9
	<i>Signal Status</i>	Ah
	<i>Drive Status</i>	Bh

Packet Structure



Packet Structure (cont.)



Description

SetBreakpoint establishes a breakpoint for the specified *axis* to be triggered by a condition or event on *sourceAxis*, which may be the same as or different from *axis*. Up to two concurrent breakpoints can be set for each axis, each of which may have its own breakpoint type and comparison value. The *breakpointID* field specifies which breakpoint the **SetBreakpoint** and **GetBreakpoint** commands will address.

The six position breakpoints and the *Time* breakpoint are threshold-triggered; the breakpoint occurs when the indicated value reaches or crosses a threshold. The status breakpoints are level-triggered; the breakpoint occurs when a specific bit or combination of bits in the indicated status register changes state. Thresholds and bit specifications are both set by the **SetBreakpointValue** instruction.

The *action* determines what the motion control IC does when the breakpoint occurs, as follows:

Action	Description
<i>None</i>	No action
<i>Update</i>	Transfer the double buffered registers specified by the Breakpoint Update Mask into the active registers.
<i>Abrupt Stop</i>	Causes an instantaneous halt of the trajectory generator. Trajectory velocity is zeroed.
<i>Smooth Stop</i>	Causes a smooth stop to occur at the active deceleration rate.
<i>Abrupt Stop with Position Error Clear</i>	Abrupt stop of the trajectory, and additionally zero the position error to the servo.
<i>Disable Position Loop & Higher Modules</i>	Disables Trajectory generator and position loop modules.
<i>Disable Current Loop & Higher Modules</i>	Disables Trajectory generator, position loop, and current loop modules.
<i>Disable Motor Output & Higher Modules</i>	Disables all modules, including the motor output.

GetBreakpoint returns the *trigger*, *action*, and *sourceAxis* for the specified breakpoint (1 or 2) of the indicated *axis*. When a breakpoint occurs, the trigger value will be reset to zero (0). The *Commanded Position Crossed* and the *Actual Position Crossed* triggers are converted to one of the position trigger types 1–4, depending on the current position when the command is issued.

Restrictions

Always load the breakpoint comparison value (**SetBreakpointValue** command) before setting a new breakpoint condition (**SetBreakpoint** command). Failure to do so will likely result in unexpected behavior.

Breakpoint trigger options may be limited depending on the resources of the *sourceAxis*. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetBreakpoint(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                             PMDuint16 breakpointID, PMDAxis sourceAxis,  
                             PMDuint8 action, PMDuint8 trigger)  
  
PMDresult PMDGetBreakpoint(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                             PMDuint16 breakpointID, PMDAxis* sourceAxis,  
                             PMDuint8* action, PMDuint8* trigger)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.BreakpointSet( [in] breakpointID,  
                             [in] sourceAxis,  
                             [in] action,  
                             [in] trigger )  
  
MagellanAxis.BreakpointGet( [in] breakpointID,  
                             [out] sourceAxis,  
                             [out] action,  
                             [out] trigger )
```

see

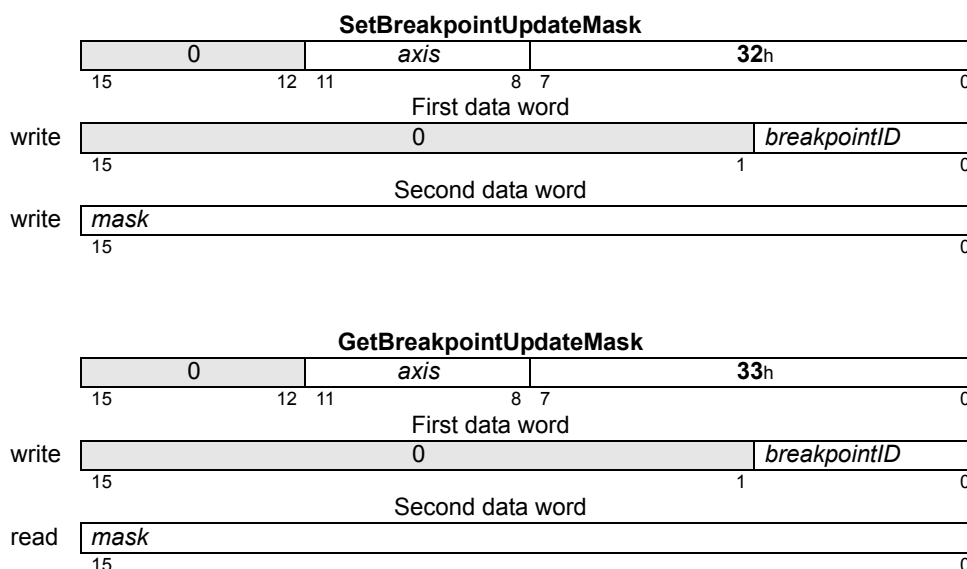
Set/GetBreakpointValue ([p. 94](#)), **Set/GetBreakpointUpdateMask** ([p. 92](#))

Syntax **SetBreakpointUpdateMask** *axis breakpointID mask*
GetBreakpointUpdateMask *axis breakpointID*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>breakpointID</i>	<i>Breakpoint1</i>	0
		<i>Breakpoint2</i>	1
	<i>mask</i>	Type unsigned 16 bit	Scaling bitmask

Packet Structure



Description **SetBreakpointUpdateMask** configures what loops are updated upon the update action of a breakpoint. If the bitmask for a given loop is set in the *mask*, the operating parameters for that loop will be updated from the buffered values when the breakpoint is hit, and update is the breakpoint action. Each breakpoint has its own update mask. The bitmask encoding is given below.

Name	Bit(s)	Description
Trajectory	0	Set to 1 to update trajectory from buffered parameters.
Position Loop	1	Set to 1 to update position loop from buffered parameters.
—	2	Reserved
Current Loop	3	Set to 1 to update current loop from buffered parameters.
—	4–15	Reserved

For example, if the update mask for breakpoint 1 is set to hexadecimal 0001h, and the action for breakpoint 1 is set to update, the trajectory for the given *axis* will be updated from its buffered parameters when breakpoint 1 is hit.

Description (cont.)	The Current Loop bit applies regardless of the active current control mode. When it is set, a breakpoint action of update will update either the active FOC parameters or the active digital current loop parameters, depending on which Current Control mode is active. GetBreakpointUpdateMask gets the update mask for the indicated breakpoint.
Restrictions	The Current Loop bit is only valid for products that include a current loop.
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDSetBreakpointUpdateMask(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 breakpointID, PMDuint16 mask) PMDresult PMDGetBreakpointUpdateMask(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 breakpointID, PMDuint16* mask)</pre>
VB-Motion API	<pre>Dim mask as Short MagellanAxis.BreakpointUpdateMask(breakpointID) = mask mask = MagellanAxis.BreakpointUpdateMask(breakpointID)</pre>
see	Set/GetBreakpoint (p. 89), Set/GetUpdateMask (p. 193)

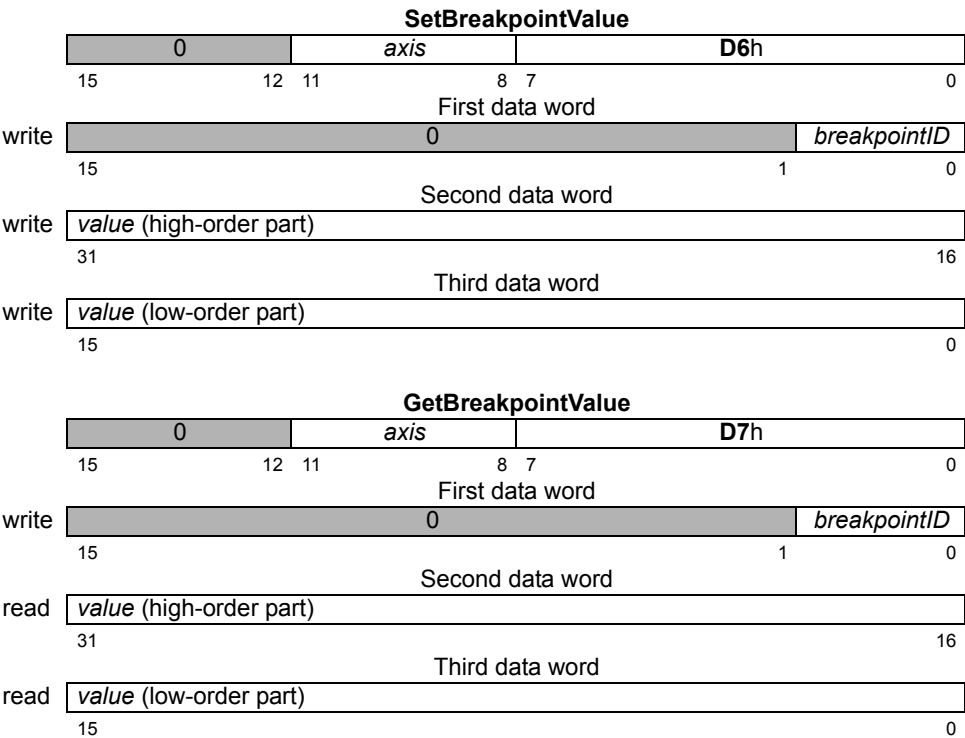
Syntax **SetBreakpointValue** *axis breakpointID value*
 GetBreakpointValue *axis breakpointID*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
--------------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>breakpointID</i>	<i>Breakpoint1</i>	0
		<i>Breakpoint2</i>	1

value (see below)

Packet Structure



Description **SetBreakpointValue** sets the breakpoint comparison value for the specified *axis*. For the position and time breakpoints, this is a threshold comparison value.

Description (cont.)

The *value* parameter is interpreted according to the trigger condition for the selected breakpoint; see **SetBreakpoint** (p. 89). The data format for each trigger condition is as follows:

Breakpoint Trigger	Value Type	Range	Units
Greater Or Equal Commanded Position	signed 32-bit	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	counts
Lesser Or Equal Commanded Position	signed 32-bit	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	counts
Greater Or Equal Actual Position	signed 32-bit	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	counts
Lesser Or Equal Actual Position	signed 32-bit	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	counts
Commanded Position Crossed	signed 32-bit	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	counts
Actual Position Crossed	signed 32-bit	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	counts
Time	unsigned 32-bit	0 to $2^{32}-1$	cycles
Event Status	2 word mask	-	boolean status values
Activity Status	2 word mask	-	boolean status values
Signal Status	2 word mask	-	boolean status values
Drive Status	2 word mask	-	boolean status values

For level-triggered breakpoints, the high-order part of *value* is the selection mask, and the low-order word is the sense mask. For each selection bit that is set to 1, the corresponding bit of the specified status register is conditioned to cause a breakpoint when it changes state. The sense mask bit determines which state causes the break. If it is 1, the corresponding status register bit will cause a break when it is set to 1. If it is 0, the status register bit will cause a break when it is set to 0.

For example, assume it is desired that the breakpoint type will be set to Event Status and that a breakpoint should be recognized whenever the motion complete bit (bit 0 of Event Status register) is set to 1, or the commutation error bit (bit 11 of Event Status register) is set to 0. In this situation the high and low words for value would be high word: 0801h and low word: 0001h.

GetBreakpointValue returns the breakpoint value for the specified *breakpointID*.

Two completely separate breakpoints are supported, each of which may have its own breakpoint type and comparison value. The *breakpointID* field specifies which breakpoint the **SetBreakpointValue** and **GetBreakpointValue** commands will address.

Restrictions

Always load the breakpoint comparison value (**SetBreakpointValue** command) before setting a new breakpoint condition (**SetBreakpoint** command). Failure to do so will likely result in unexpected behavior.

Depending on the product features, not all bits of all registers are supported. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetBreakpointValue(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 breakpointID,
                                PMDint32 value)
PMDresult PMDGetBreakpointValue(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 breakpointID,
                                PMDint32* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.BreakpointValueSet( [in] breakpointID, [in] value )
MagellanAxis.BreakpointValueGet( [in] breakpointID, [out] value )
```

see

Set/GetBreakpoint (p. 89)

Syntax

SetBufferLength *bufferID* *length*
GetBufferLength *bufferID*

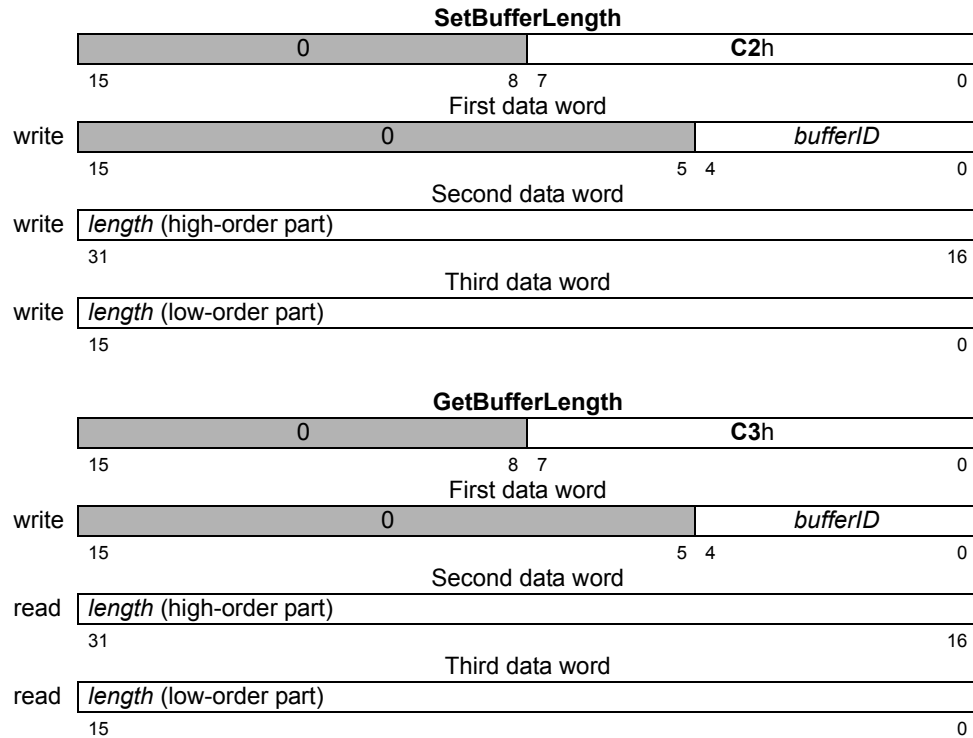
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Type	Range
<i>bufferID</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 31
<i>length</i>	unsigned 32 bits	1 to $2^{30} - 1$

Packet Structure



Description

SetBufferLength sets the *length*, in numbers of 32-bit elements, of the buffer in the memory block identified by *bufferID*. For buffers pointing to non-volatile RAM, the length should be specified in 16-bit words.

Note: The **SetBufferLength** command resets the buffers read and write indexes to 0.

The **GetBufferLength** command returns the *length* of the specified buffer.

Restrictions

The buffer length plus the buffer start address cannot exceed the memory size of the product. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetBufferLength(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16 bufferID, PMDuint32 length)
PMDresult PMDGetBufferLength(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16 bufferID, PMDuint32* length)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim length as Long  
MagellanObject.BufferLength( bufferID ) = length  
length = MagellanObject.BufferLength( bufferID )
```

see

Set/GetBufferReadIndex ([p. 98](#)), **Set/GetBufferStart** ([p. 99](#)), **Set/GetBufferWriteIndex** ([p. 101](#))

Syntax

SetBufferReadIndex *bufferID index*
GetBufferReadIndex *bufferID*

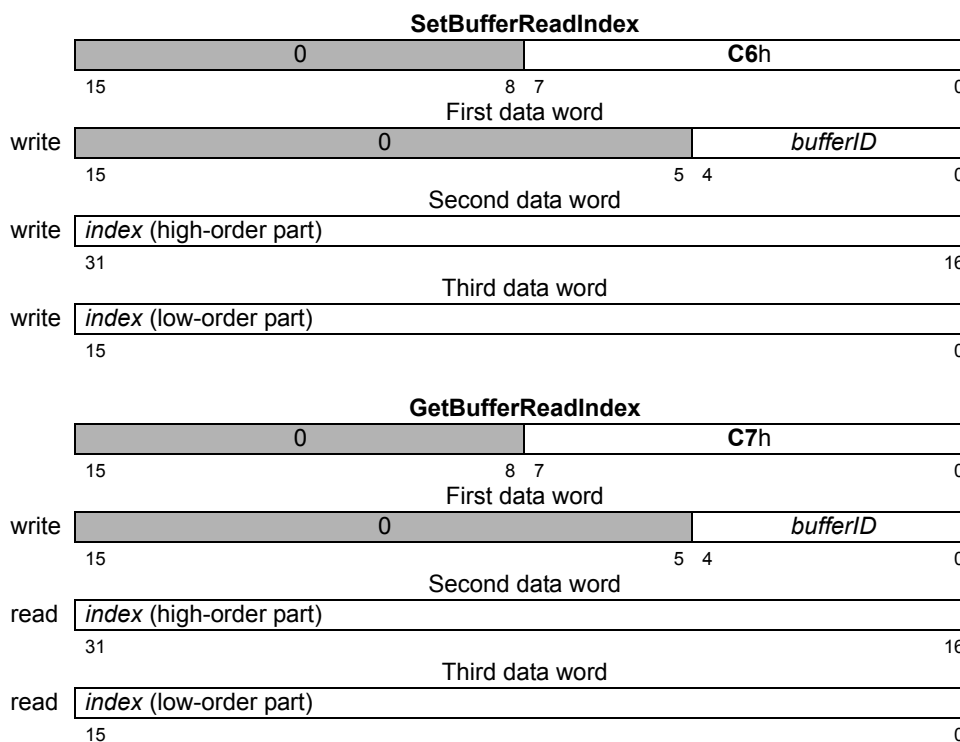
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>bufferID</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 31	unity	-
<i>index</i>	unsigned 32 bits	0 to buffer length - 1	unity	double words

Packet Structure



Description

SetBufferReadIndex sets the address of the read *index* for the specified **bufferID**. For buffers pointing to non-volatile RAM, the read index should be specified in 16-bit words.

GetBufferReadIndex returns the current read *index* for the specified **bufferID**.

Restrictions

If the read index is set to an address beyond the length of the buffer, the command will not be executed and will return host I/O error code 7, buffer bound exceeded.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetBufferReadIndex(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 bufferID,
                                PMDuint32 index)
PMDresult PMDGetBufferReadIndex(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 bufferID,
                                PMDuint32* index)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim index as Long
MagellanObject.BufferReadIndex( bufferID ) = index
index = MagellanObject.BufferReadIndex( bufferID )
```

see

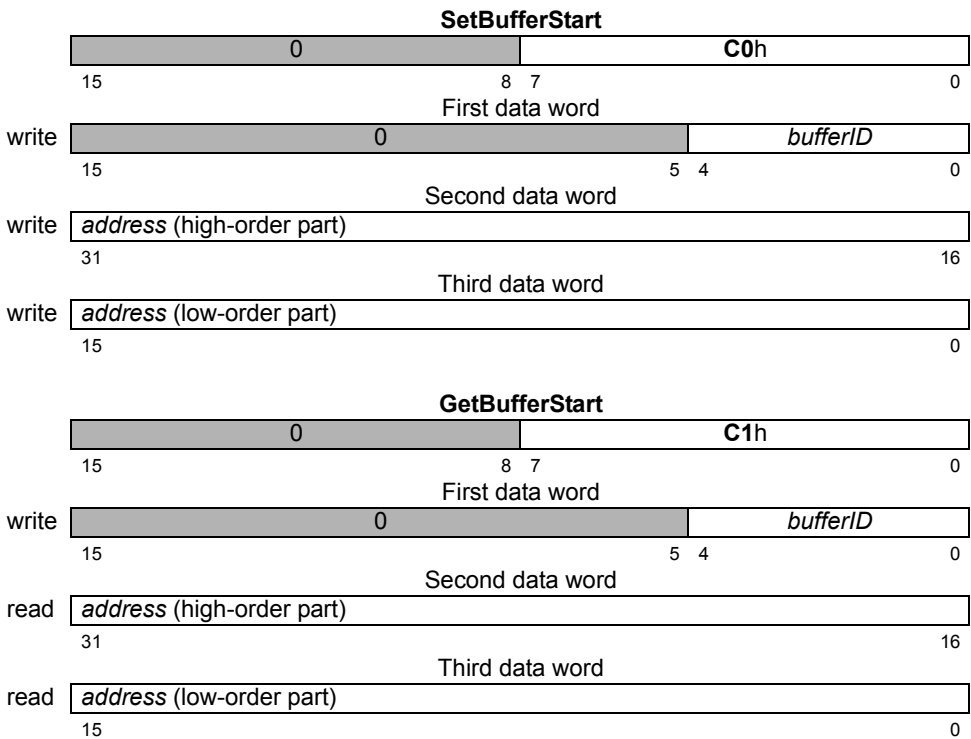
Set/GetBufferLength (p. 96), **Set/GetBufferStart** (p. 99), **Set/GetBufferWriteIndex** (p. 101)

Syntax **SetBufferStart** *bufferID* *address*
GetBufferStart *bufferID*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Type	Range	Units
	<i>bufferID</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 31	-
	<i>address</i>	unsigned 32 bits	0 to $2^{31} - 1$	double words

Packet Structure



Description **SetBufferStart** sets the starting *address* for the specified buffer, in double-words, of the buffer in the memory block identified by *bufferID*. In products with non-volatile RAM (NVRAM), the address range beginning at 20000000h is used for NVRAM. Buffers pointing to NVRAM use a word size of 16 bits, unlike buffers pointing to DRAM, which use a word size of 32 bits. For NVRAM buffers the start should be specified in 16-bit words plus 20000000h.

Note: The **SetBufferStart** command resets the buffers read and write indexes to 0.

The **GetBufferStart** command returns the starting *address* for the specified *bufferID*.

Restrictions The buffer start address plus the buffer length cannot exceed the memory size of the product. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetBufferStart(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 bufferID,
                             PMDuint32 address)
PMDresult PMDGetBufferStart(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 bufferID,
                             PMDuint32* address)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim address as Long  
MagellanObject.BufferStart( bufferID ) = address  
address = MagellanObject.BufferStart( bufferID )
```

see

Set/GetBufferLength (p. 96), **Set/GetBufferReadIndex** (p. 98), **Set/GetBufferWriteIndex** (p. 101)

Syntax **SetBufferWriteIndex** *bufferID index*
GetBufferWriteIndex *bufferID*

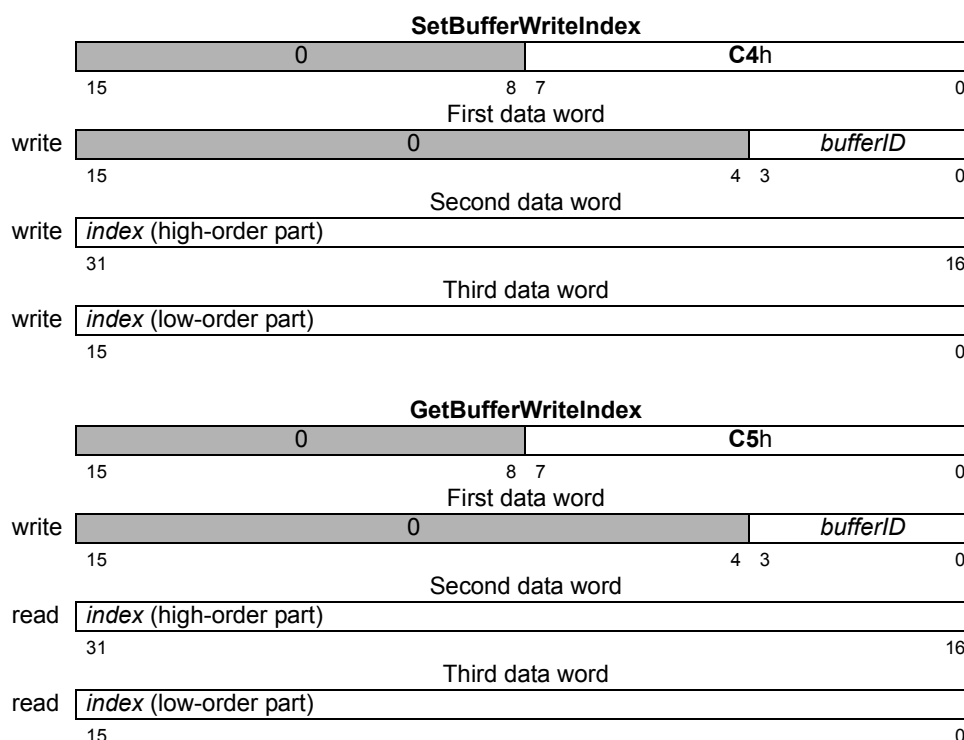
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>bufferID</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 31	unity	-
<i>index</i>	unsigned 32 bits	0 to buffer length - 1	unity	double words

Packet Structure



Description **SetBufferWriteIndex** sets the write *index* for the specified *bufferID*. For buffers pointing to non-volatile RAM, the write index should be specified in 16-bit words.

GetBufferWriteIndex returns the write *index* for the specified *bufferID*.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetBufferWriteIndex(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                  PMDuint16 bufferID, PMDuint32 index);
PMDresult PMDGetBufferWriteIndex(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                  PMDuint16 bufferID, PMDuint32* index)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim index as Long
MagellanObject.BufferWriteIndex( bufferID ) = index
index = MagellanObject.BufferWriteIndex( bufferID )
```

see **Set/GetBufferLength** (p. 96), **Set/GetBufferReadIndex** (p. 98), **Set/GetBufferStart** (p. 99)

Syntax

SetCANMode *mode*
GetCANMode

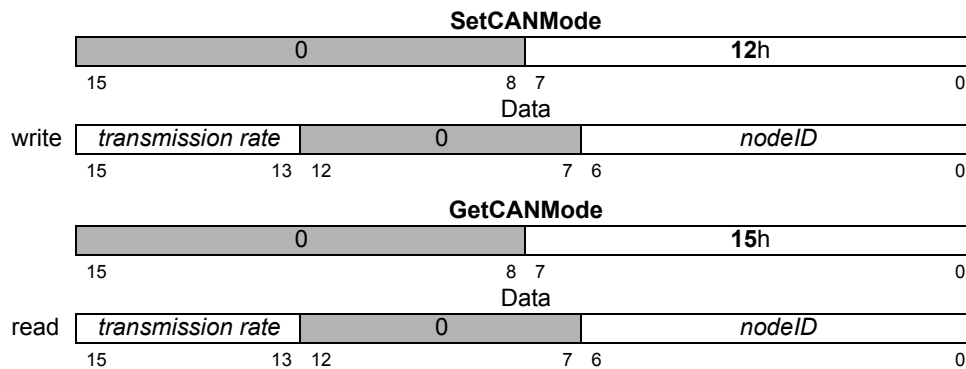
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Type	Encoding
<i>mode</i>	unsigned 16 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Description

SetCANMode sets the CAN 2.0B communication parameters for the motion control IC. After completion of this command, the motion control IC will respond to a CAN receive message addressed to **600h + nodeID**. CAN responses are sent to **580h + nodeID**. The CAN transmission rate will be as specified in the *transmission rate* parameter. Note that when this command is used to change to a new nodeID, the command response (for this command) will be sent to the new nodeID. The following table shows the encoding of the data used by this command.

Bits	Name	Instance	Encoding
0–6	CAN NodeID	Address 0	0
		Address 1	1
		...	...
		Address 127	127
7–12	— (Reserved)		
13–15	Transmission Rate	1,000,000 baud	0
		800,000	1
		500,000	2
		250,000	3
		125,000	4
		50,000	5
		20,000	6
		10,000	7

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetCANMode(PMDAxisHandle axis_handle, PMDuint8 nodeID,
                        PMDuint8 transmission_rate)
```

VB-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDGetCANMode(PMDAxisHandle axis_handle, PMDuint8* nodeID,
                        PMDuint8* transmission_rate)
```

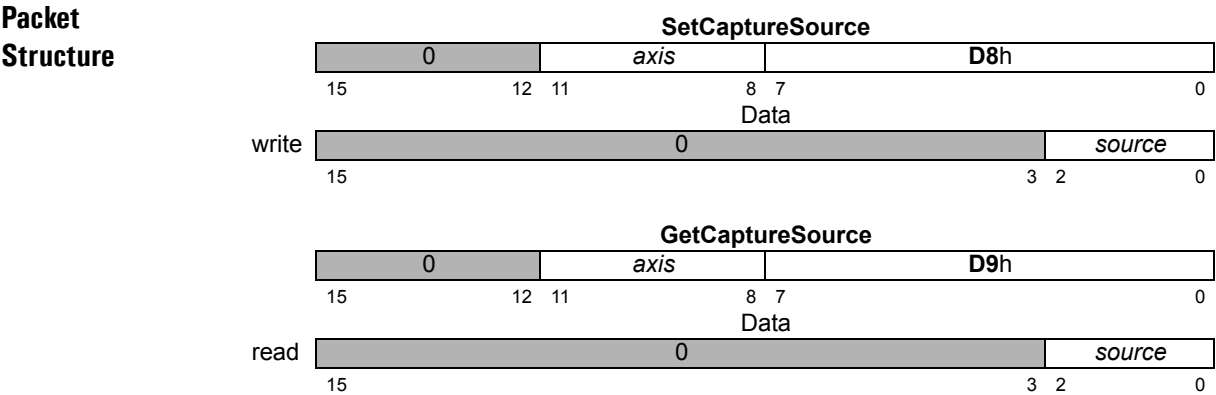
```
CommunicationCAN.CANModeSet( [ in ] nodeID, [ in ] transmission_rate )
```

see

Syntax **SetCaptureSource** *axis* *source*
GetCaptureSource *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>source</i>	<i>Index</i>	0
		<i>Home</i>	1
		<i>High Speed Capture</i>	2



Description **SetCaptureSource** determines which of three signals—*Index*, *Home*, or *High Speed Capture*—is used to trigger the capture of the actual axis position for the specified *axis*. **GetCaptureSource** returns the capture signal *source* for the selected *axis*.

Restrictions *High Speed Capture* is not available as a capture source in all products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetCaptureSource(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 source)
PMDresult PMDGetCaptureSource(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16* source)
```

VB-Motion API

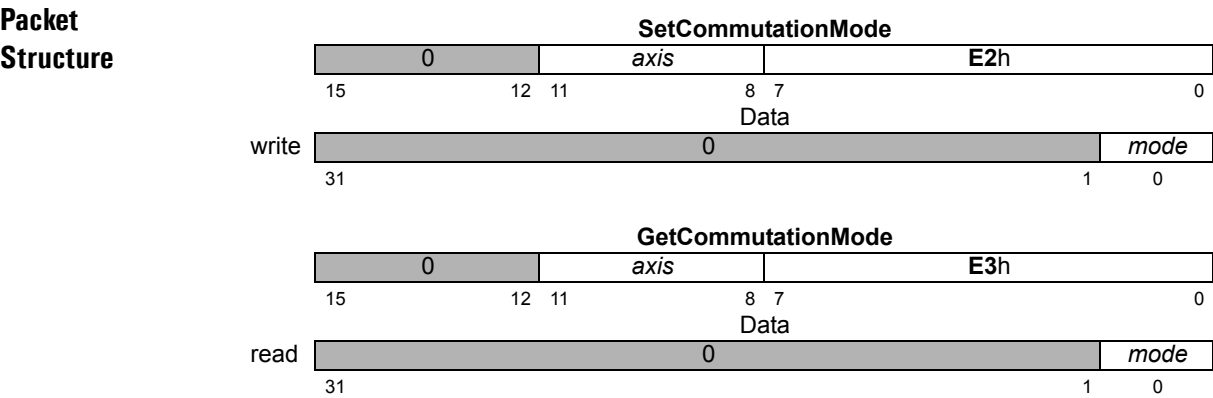
```
Dim source as Short
MagellanAxis.CaptureSource = source
source = MagellanAxis.CaptureSource
```

see **GetCaptureValue** (p. 32)

Syntax **SetCommutationMode** *axis mode*
 GetCommutationMode *axis*

Motor Types		Brushless DC		
-------------	--	--------------	--	--

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>mode</i>	<i>Sinusoidal</i>	0
		<i>Hall-based</i>	1



Description **SetCommutationMode** sets the phase commutation *mode* for the specified *axis*.

When set to *Sinusoidal*, as the motor turns, the encoder input signals are used to calculate the phase angle. This angle is in turn used to generate sinusoidally varying outputs to each motor winding.

When set to *Hall-based*, the Hall effect sensor inputs are used to commutate the motor windings using a “six-step” or “trapezoidal” waveform method.

When using FOC current control, this command is used to define the method used for motor phase determination.

GetCommutationMode returns the value of the commutation mode.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetCommutationMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                  PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetCommutationMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                  PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

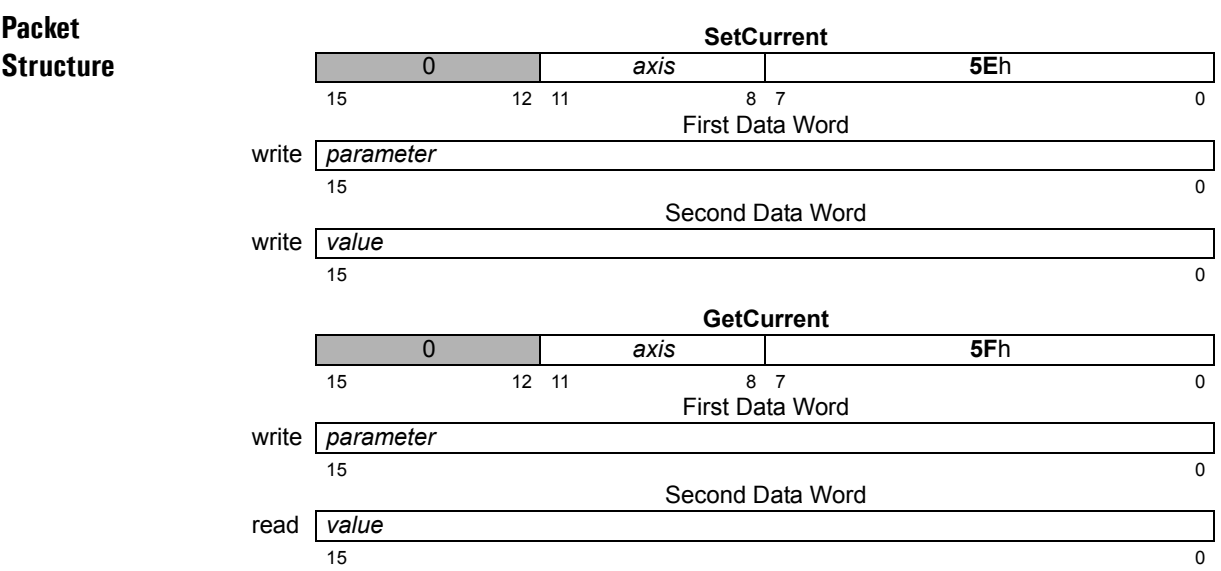
```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanAxis.CommutationMode = mode
mode = MagellanAxis.CommutationMode
```

see **Set/GetPhasePrescale** (p. 157), **Set/GetPhaseCounts** (p. 153)

Syntax **SetCurrent** *axis parameter value*
GetCurrent *axis parameter*

Motor Types		Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	--	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>parameter</i>	<i>Holding Motor Limit</i>	0
		<i>Holding Delay</i>	1
		<i>Drive Current</i>	2
	<i>value</i>	Type unsigned 16-bit	Range/Scaling see below



Description **SetCurrent** configures the operation of the holding current. The two parameters to set are *Holding Motor Limit*, the maximum commanded current when in holding, and *Holding Delay*, the number of cycles to wait after end of move before going into holding current.

The *Holding Motor Limit* is in units of % maximum current, with scaling of $100/2^{15}$. Its range is 0 to $2^{15}-1$. It defines the value to which the current will be limited when in the holding state. This limit is applied as an additional limit to the motor limit, so the lower of the two will affect the true limit.

The *Holding Delay* is in units of trajectory generator cycles, with unity scaling and a range of 0 to $2^{15}-2$. It defines the wait time between ending a move and switching to the holding current limit. That is, there will be a delay of *Holding Delay* trajectory cycles after Motion Complete, after which the In Holding bit in the Drive Status register will be set, and the motor command will be limited by the *Holding Motor Limit*. When the *Holding Delay* is set to $2^{15}-1$ (its default), the axis will never go into holding current.

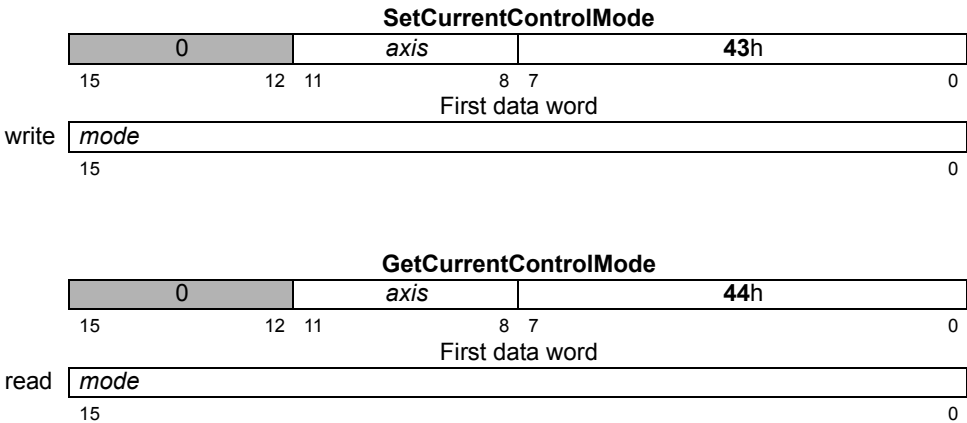
Description (cont.)	The Drive Current is in units of % maximum current, with a scaling of $100/2^{15}$. Its range is 0 to $2^{15} - 1$. It defines the value used for the active motor command when driving a step motor, that is, when not in a holding state. This setting is used only by Atlas amplifiers driving step motors. It is not used by ION amplifiers, which use SetMotorCommand instead. GetCurrent gets the indicated holding current parameter. These commands were documented as SetCurrent and GetCurrent in previous versions of this manual. The name has been changed for clarity, but the command remains backwards compatible.
Atlas	When setting Holding Current or Drive Current this command will be relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier.
Restrictions	For pulse & direction motor types, only the <i>Holding Delay</i> is used. It delays the assertion of the At Rest output by the indicated number of cycles after a move is complete.
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDSetCurrent (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 parameter, PMDuint16 value) PMDresult PMDGetCurrent (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 parameter, PMDuint16* value)</pre>
VB-Motion API	<pre>MagellanAxis.CurrentSet([in] parameter, [in] value) MagellanAxis.CurrentGet([in] parameter, [out] value)</pre>
see	GetDriveStatus (p. 41), Set/GetSampleTime (p. 166), SetMotorCommand (p. 141)

Syntax **SetCurrentControlMode** *axis mode*
 GetCurrentControlMode *axis*

Motor Types		Brushless DC	Microstepping	
-------------	--	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>mode</i>	<i>Phase A /B Current Loops</i>	0
		<i>FOC</i>	1
		<i>Third leg floating</i>	2

Packet Structure



Description **SetCurrentControlMode** configures the axis to use either the Phase A/B method or the FOC method for current control.

For three-phase brushless DC motors some products also support the third leg floating method, in which only two of the three motor terminals is actively driven at any time, the remaining terminal being left floating. This method may be appropriate for motors intended for commutation by Hall effect sensors.

GetCurrentControlMode gets the buffered current loop *mode* for the indicated axis.

Atlas These commands will be relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier. Atlas does not buffer the current control mode.

Restrictions This command is only available on products that include a digital current loop.

SetCurrentControlMode is a buffered command. It will not take effect until an update is done on the current loop (through **Update** command, **MultiUpdate** command, or update action on breakpoint). The value read by **GetCurrentControlMode** is the buffered setting.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetCurrentControlMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetCurrentControlMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                    PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short  
MagellanAxis.CurrentControlMode = mode  
mode = MagellanAxis.CurrentControlMode
```

see

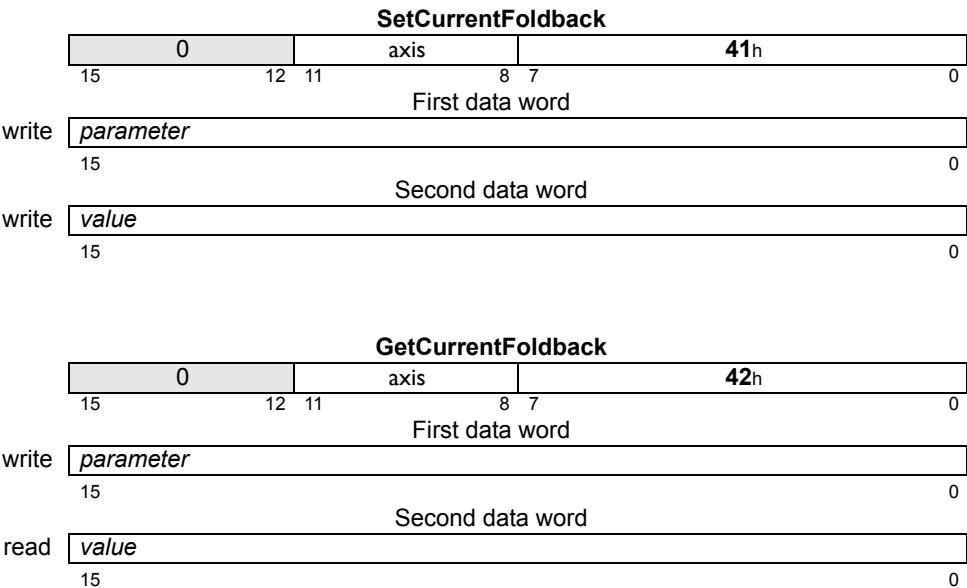
Update ([p. 197](#)), **Set/GetUpdateMask** ([p. 193](#)), **MultiUpdate** ([p. 63](#)),
Set/GetBreakpointUpdateMask ([p. 92](#)), **GetFOCValue** ([p. 45](#)), **Get/SetFOC** ([p. 131](#)),
GetCurrentLoopValue ([p. 37](#)), **Get/SetCurrentLoop** ([p. 111](#))

Syntax **SetCurrentFoldback** *axis parameter value*
GetCurrentFoldback *axis parameter*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>parameter</i>	<i>Continuous Current Limit</i>	0
		<i>Energy Limit</i>	1
	<i>value</i>	Type unsigned 16-bit	Range/Scaling see below

Packet Structure



Description

SetCurrentFoldback is used to set various I²t foldback-related parameters. Two parameters can be set, the *Continuous Current Limit*, and the *Energy Limit*. The units of *Continuous Current Limit* are convertible to milliAmps, and represent percentage of maximum peak current, with scaling of 100/2¹⁵. The range is from 0% to the factory default continuous current limit setting. When using this command with the ION drive, check the *ION Digital Drive User's Manual* for exact scaling values. Different drives have different scaling values and default limit settings.

The units of *Energy Limit* are convertible to Amp²Seconds, and represent the percentage of maximum energy, with scaling of 100/2¹⁵. The range is from 0% to the factory default energy limit setting. When using this command with the ION drive, check the *ION Digital Drive User's Manual* for exact scaling values. Different drives have different scaling values and default limit settings.

Description (cont.)

The *Continuous Current Limit* is used by the current foldback algorithm. When the current output of the drive exceeds this setting, accumulation of the I^2 energy above this setting begins. Once the accumulated excess I^2 energy exceeds the value specified by the *Energy Limit* parameter, a current foldback condition

exists and the commanded current will be limited to the specified *Continuous Current Limit*. When this occurs, the Current Foldback bit in the Event Status and Drive Status registers will be set. When the accumulated I^2 energy above the *Continuous Current Limit* drops to zero (0), the limit is removed, and the Current Foldback bit in the Drive Status register is cleared.

SetEventAction can be used to configure a change in operating mode when current foldback occurs. Doing this does not interfere with the basic operation of Current Foldback described above. If this is done, the Current Foldback bit in the Event Status register must be cleared prior to restoring the operating mode, regardless of whether the system is in current foldback or not.

When current control is not active, a current foldback event always causes a change to the disabled state (all loops and motor output are disabled), regardless of the programmed Event Action. Changing the operating mode from disabled requires clearing of the Current Foldback bit in Event Status.

GetCurrentFoldback gets the maximum continuous current setting.

Atlas

These commands will be relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier.

Restrictions

This command is only available on products that support digital current control.

Values of *Continuous Current Limit* greater than the factory setting for maximum continuous current are not allowed.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetCurrentFoldback(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 parameter,
                                PMDuint16 value)
PMDresult PMDGetCurrentFoldback(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 parameter,
                                PMDuint16* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.CurrentFoldbackSet( [in] parameter, [in] value )
MagellanAxis.CurrentFoldbackGet( [in] parameter, [out] value )
```

see

GetEventStatus (p. 43), **ResetEventStatus** (p. 75), **GetDriveStatus** (p. 41), **RestoreOperatingMode** (p. 77), **GetActiveOperatingMode** (p. 27)

Syntax **SetCurrentLoop** *axis phase parameter value*
GetCurrentLoop *axis phase parameter*

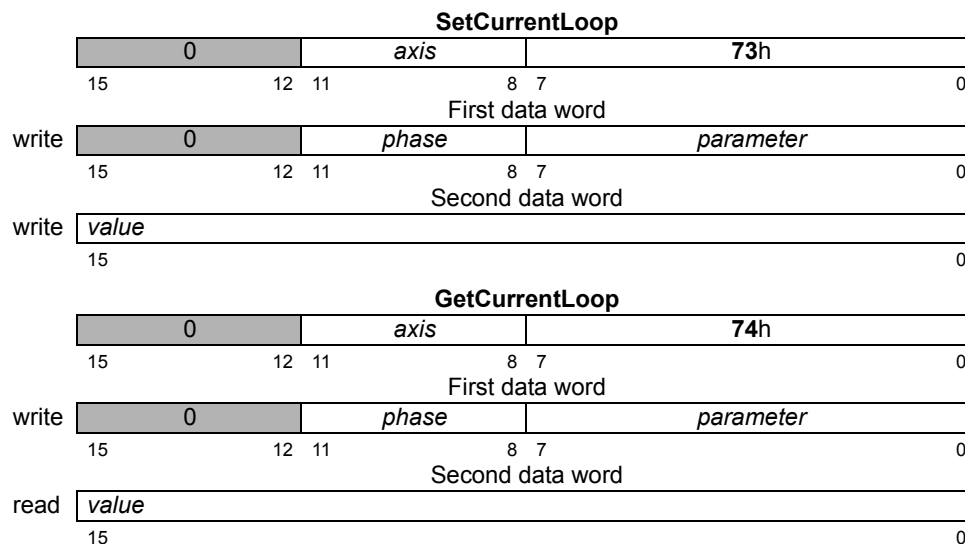
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
----------	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>phase</i>	<i>Phase A</i>	0
	<i>Phase B</i>	1
	<i>Both (A and B)</i>	2
<i>parameter</i>	<i>Proportional Gain (KpCurrent)</i>	0
	<i>Integrator Gain (KiCurrent)</i>	1
	<i>Integrator Sum Limit (ILimitCurrent)</i>	2
<i>value</i>	Type unsigned 16 bits	Range/Scaling see below

Packet Structure



Description

Set/GetCurrentLoop is used to configure the operating parameters of the Phase A/B PI digital current loops. See the product user's guide for more information on how each **parameter** is used in the current loop processing. The **value** written/read is always an unsigned 16-bit value, with the parameter-specific scaling shown below:

Parameter	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>Proportional Gain (KpCurrent)</i>	0 to $2^{15}-1$	1/64	gain
<i>Integer Gain (KiCurrent)</i>	0 to $2^{15}-1$	1/256	gain/cycles
<i>Integrator Sum Limit (ILimitCurrent)</i>	0 to $2^{15}-1$	1/100	% current * cycles

A setting of 64 for **KpCurrent** corresponds to a gain of 1. That is, an error signal of 30% maximum current will cause the proportional contribution of the current loop output to be 30% of maximum output. Similarly, setting **KiCurrent** to 256 gives it a gain of 1, and the value of the integrator sum would become the integrator contribution to the output. The units of time for the integrator sum are cycles.

Description (cont.)

ILimitCurrent is used to limit the contribution of the integrator sum at the output. Its effect depends on the value of *KiCurrent*. Setting *ILimitCurrent* to 1000 when *KiCurrent* is 10 means that the maximum contribution to the output is $1000 \times 10 = 10,000$ out of $2^{15} - 1$ or approximately 30.5%

The *phase* argument can be used to set the operating parameters for the A and B loops independently. In most cases, the A and B loops will not require different operating parameters, so **SetCurrentLoop** can be used with a *phase* of 2, which sets both the A and B loops in a single API command. For **GetCurrentLoop**, a *phase* of 2 is not valid.

Atlas

These commands will be relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier.

Restrictions

Set/GetCurrentLoop are buffered commands. All parameters set are buffered, and will not take effect until an update is done on the current loop (through **Update** command, **MultiUpdate** command, or update action on breakpoint). The values read by **GetCurrentLoop** are the buffered settings.

This command is only supported in products that include digital current control, and when the current control mode is Phase A/B.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetCurrentLoop(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint8 phase,
                             PMDuint8 parameter,
                             PMDuint16 value)

PMDresult PMDGetCurrentLoop(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint8 phase,
                             PMDuint8 parameter,
                             PMDuint16* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.CurrentLoopSet ( [in] phase,
                               [in] parameter,
                               [in] value )

MagellanAxis.CurrentLoopGet ( [in] phase,
                               [in] parameter,
                               [out] value )
```

see

Update (p. 197), **Set/GetUpdateMask** (p. 193), **MultiUpdate** (p. 63), **Set/GetBreakpointUpdateMask** (p. 92), **GetCurrentLoopValue** (p. 37), **Set/GetCurrentControlMode** (p. 107)

Syntax

SetDeceleration *axis deceleration*
GetDeceleration *axis*

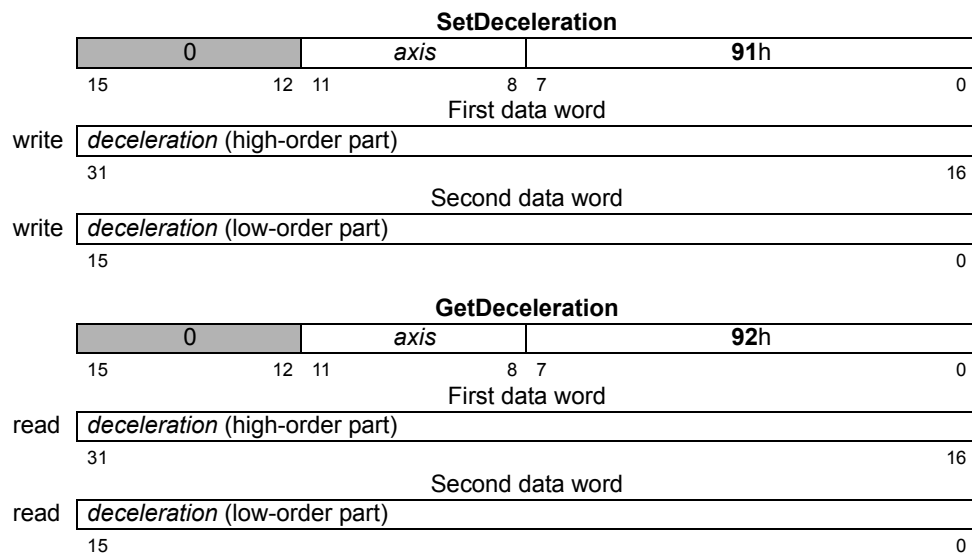
Motor Types

Arguments

	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
Name	Instance			
<i>axis</i>	Axis1 Axis2 Axis3 Axis4			
	Encoding			
	0 1 2 3			
	Type			
<i>deceleration</i>	unsigned 32 bits			
	Range			
	0 to 2 ³¹ –1			
	Scaling			
	1/2 ¹⁶			
	Units			
	counts/cycle ² microsteps/cycle ²			

Packet

Structure



Description

SetDeceleration loads the maximum deceleration buffer register for the specified *axis*.

GetDeceleration returns the value of the maximum deceleration buffer.

Scaling example: To load a value of 1.750 counts/cycle² multiply by 65,536 (giving 114,688) and load the resultant number as a 32-bit number, giving 0001 in the high word and C000h in the low word. Retrieved numbers (**GetDeceleration**) must correspondingly be divided by 65,536 to convert to units of counts/cycle² or steps/cycle²

Restrictions

This is a buffered command. The new value set will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command is entered, with the Trajectory Update bit set in the update mask.

These commands are used with the Trapezoidal and Velocity Contouring profile modes. They are not used with the Electronic Gear or S-curve profile mode.

Note: If *deceleration* is set to zero (0), then the value specified for acceleration (**SetAcceleration**) will automatically be used to set the magnitude of deceleration.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetDeceleration(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDUint32 deceleration)
PMDresult PMDGetDeceleration(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDUint32* deceleration)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim deceleration as Long
MagellanAxis.Deceleration = deceleration
deceleration = MagellanAxis.Deceleration
```

see

Set/GetAcceleration (p. 78), **Set/GetPosition** (p. 158), **Set/GetVelocity** (p. 195), **MultiUpdate** (p. 63), **Update** (p. 197)

Syntax

SetDefault *axis variable value*
GetDefault *axis variable*

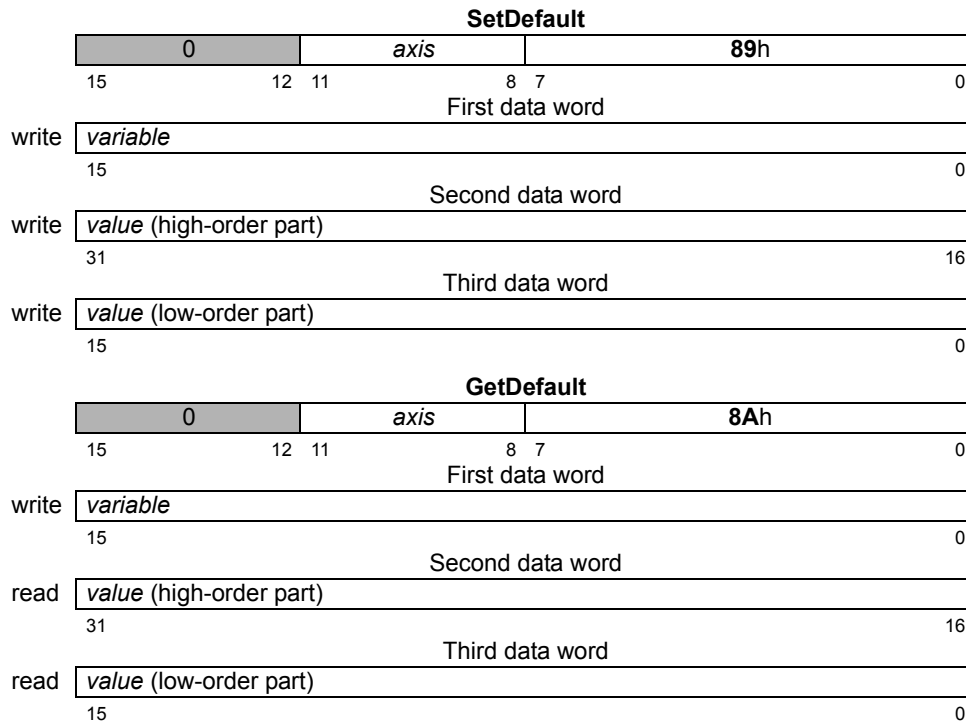
Motor Type

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>variable</i>	<i>CanMode</i>	0
	<i>SerialPortMode485</i>	1
<i>value</i>	Type	Range/Scaling
	32 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Description

SetDefault is used to override the reset default settings of system variables. When **SetDefault** is invoked to change the reset default of a **variable**, it stores the **value** sent by the user in non-volatile memory. It does not modify the value of the variable in active use. On subsequent system power cycles or resets, this **value** will become the default for the selected **variable**.

The value for each variable is the value that would be used normally by the “Set/Get” command for that variable. When configuring variables that are 16-bit values, the value should be sent as the low order part of the 32-bit **value**.

The **axis** sent with **Set/GetDefault** may or may not be relevant, depending on whether the parameter is an axis-specific parameter or not.

GetDefault gets the reset default value of the indicated **variable** from non-volatile memory.

Restrictions

This command is only available in ION products.

The **SetDefault** command can only be executed when motor output is disabled (e.g., immediately after power-up or reset).

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetDefault (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                          PMDuint16 variable,  
                          PMDuint32 value)  
  
PMDresult PMDGetDefault (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                          PMDuint16 variable,  
                          PMDuint32* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.DefaultSet( [in] variable, [in] value )  
MagellanAxis.DefaultGet( [in] variable, [out] value )
```

see

Reset ([p. 70](#))

Syntax	SetDriveCommandMode GetDriveCommandMode						
Motor Type	<table><tr><td>DC Brush</td><td>Brushless DC</td><td>Microstepping</td><td>Pulse & Direction</td></tr></table>			DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction				
Arguments	Name <i>mode</i>	Type 16-bit unsigned	Encoding see below				
Packet Structure	SetDriveCommandMode 0 7Eh 15870 write mode 150 GetDriveCommandMode 0 7Fh 15870 read mode 150						
Description	SetDriveCommandMode is used to change the command format for drive motor torque. Currently it may be used to put an attached Atlas amplifier into pulse and direction input mode, by using a mode value of 14h. After setting an Atlas amplifier to pulse and direction mode it will not be possible for Magellan to communicate with it, except by electrically connecting the Magellan pulse and direction outputs and changing the Magellan output mode. SetDriveCommandMode does not change Magellan output mode. GetDriveCommandMode returns the current Atlas command mode, see <i>Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference</i> for more detail.						
Atlas	These commands are relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier.						
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDSetDriveCommandMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 mode, PMDresult PMDGetDriveCommandMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16* mode)</pre>						
VB-Motion API	<pre>MagellanAxis.DriveCommandMode = mode mode = MagellanAxis.DriveCommandMode</pre>						

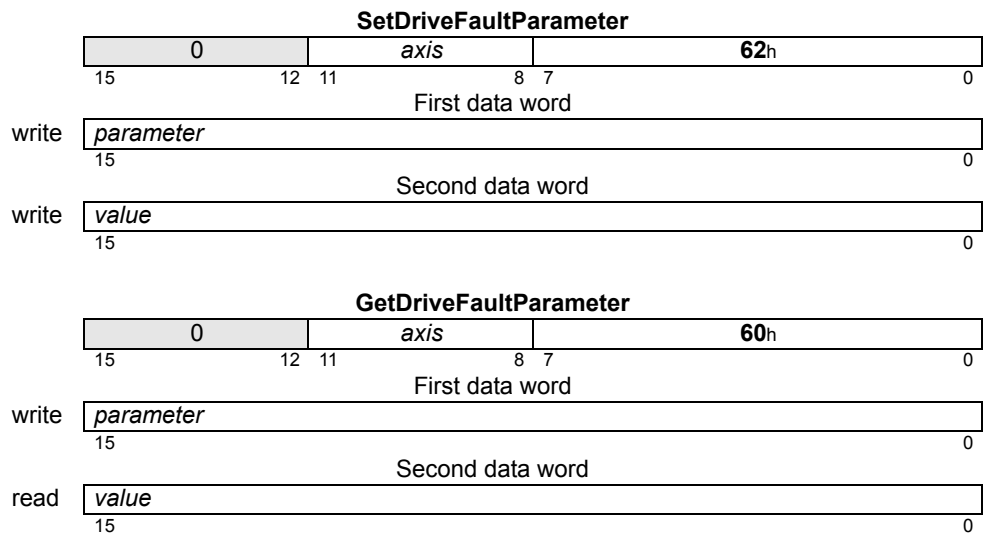
Syntax **SetDriveFaultParameter** *axis parameter value*
GetDriveFaultParameter *axis parameter*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>parameter</i>	<i>Overvoltage Limit</i>	0
		<i>Undervoltage Limit</i>	1
		<i>Event Recovery Mode</i>	2
		<i>Watchdog Limit</i>	3
		<i>Temperature Limit</i>	4
		<i>Temperature Hysteresis</i>	5
		<i>Shunt voltage limit</i>	8
		<i>Shunt duty</i>	9
		<i>Bus current supply limit</i>	10
		<i>Bus current return limit</i>	11

	Type	Range	Scaling
<i>value</i>	unsigned 16 bits	see below	see below

Packet Structure



Description **SetDriveFaultParameter** sets various drive operation limits. The particular limit set depends on the parameter argument. When an operation limit is exceeded, motor output will be disabled and either a Drive Exception or Overtemperature event will be raised, and a bit set in the Drive Fault Status register to indicate the fault.

Not all products support all limits, consult product-specific documentation for more detail.

GetDriveFaultParameter returns the limits set by **SetDriveFaultParameter**.

The Overvoltage and Undervoltage limit parameters set the thresholds for determination of overvoltage and undervoltage conditions. If the bus voltage exceeds the Overvoltage Limit value,

Description (cont'd)

an overvoltage condition occurs. If the bus voltage is less than the Undervoltage Limit value, an undervoltage condition occurs. Both the Overvoltage Limit and Undervoltage Limit have ranges of 0 to $2^{16} - 1$; the scaling is product-dependent.

For example, to set the overvoltage threshold to 30V, **Overvoltage Limit** should be set to $30V / 1.3612mv = 22039$.

GetDriveFaultParameter reads the indicated limit.

The Event Recovery mode and Watchdog Limit are relevant only to an axis driving an Atlas amplifier, see *Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference* for their use. These commands were previously documented as Set/GetBusVoltageLimits. The names have been changed for clarity as more fault parameter options were added.

Temperature Limit and Temperature Hysteresis are used either with an attached Atlas amplifier or with a motion control IC with a temperature input. In the case of the motion control IC the temperature scaling depends on external hardware. Because the input thermistor voltage may either rise or fall with actual temperature the sign of the temperature limit is used to indicate the sign of the gain: With a positive sign the internal temperature reading is just the input voltage. With a negative sign, the internal temperature reading is the input voltage subtracted from 3.3V, and the limit applied to that reading is the absolute value of the argument. In both cases 08000h corresponds to 3.3V.

Shunt voltage limit and Shunt duty are used with motion control ICs that support a shunt PWM output to control bus voltage rise due to regeneration. As long as the bus voltage remains below the shunt voltage limit the shunt PWM will remain inactive, when bus voltage rises above the limit, the shunt PWM will become active, with a duty cycle specified by Shunt duty. Shunt duty is scaled so that 08000h corresponds to 100%. The shunt PWM will remain active until bus voltage falls below the shunt voltage limit by a fixed hysteresis of 2.5%.

The bus current supply and bus current return limits are limits on the measured bus current supply and the computed bus current return values. When either current exceeds the specified limit motor output will be disabled, a DriveException event raised, and the Overcurrent Fault bit set in the Drive Fault status register.

Atlas

These commands will be relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier.

Restrictions

Get/SetDriveFaultParameter is only available in products equipped with Bus voltage sensors.

The **Overvoltage Limit** cannot be set to a value greater than the reset default setting, and the **Undervoltage Limit** cannot be set to a value less than the reset default setting.

Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetDriveFaultParameter(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 parameter,
                                     PMDuint16 value)
PMDresult PMDGetDriveFaultParameter(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 parameter,
                                     PMDuint16* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.DriveFaultParameterSet( [in] parameter, [in] value )
MagellanAxis.DriveFaultParameterGet( [in] parameter, [out] value )
```

see

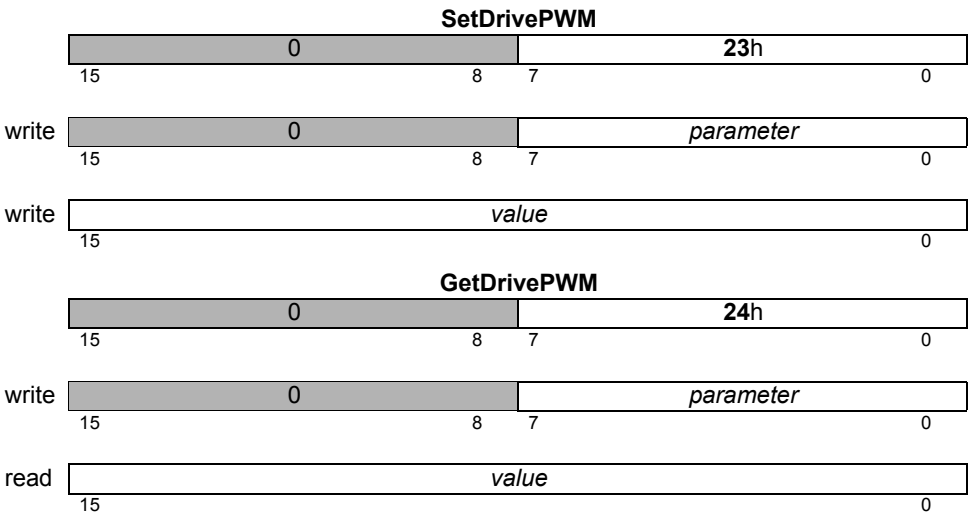
Set/GetFaultOutMask (p. 127), **GetBusVoltage** (p. 31), **GetDriveFaultStatus** (p. 39), **ClearDriveFaultStatus** (p. 20), **GetEventStatus** (p. 43), **ResetEventStatus** (p. 75)

Syntax **SetDrivePWM** *parameter value*
GetDrivePWM *parameter*

Motor Type	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>parameter</i>	Limit	0
		Dead Time	1
		Signal Sense	2
		Frequency	3
		Refresh Period	4
		Refresh Time	5
		Current Sense Time	6
	<i>value</i>	Type 16-bit unsigned	Range/Scaling see below

Packet Structure



Description **SetDrivePWM** sets parameters used for controlling amplifier PWM output. The PWM Limit register limits the maximum PWM duty cycle, and hence the effective output voltage. The range is from 0 to 2^{14} , 2^{14} corresponding to 100% PWM modulation.

The PWM Dead Time option controls the dead time added for High/Low PWM output between turning off the high side switch and turning on the low side, or vice versa. It has units of ns.

The PWM Frequency option controls the frequency for all PWM signals, the value is approximately the actual frequency, in Hz, scaled by 1/4. The available options are shown in the table below. Not all products support all frequencies.

Approximate Frequency	PWM bit Resolution	Actual Frequency	SetPWMFrequency Value
20 kHz	10	19.531 kHz	5,000
40 kHz	9	39.062 kHz	10,000
80 kHz	8	78.124 kHz	20,000

The PWM Signal Sense register controls whether an individual PWM signal is active high, encoded by a set bit, or active low, encoded by a clear bit. The PWM signal sense is not applied in the case of the sign signal for sign/magnitude PWM. The register layout is shown below:

Signal	Bit
PWM A High/PWM A Mag	0
PWM A Low	1
PWM B High/PWM B Mag	2
PWM B Low	3
PWM C High/PWM C Mag	4
PWM C Low	5
PWM D High/PWM D Mag	6
PWM D Low	7
reserved	8-14
PWM shunt	15

The PWM Refresh Period and PWM Refresh Time options are used to specify a minimum amount of off time when in High/Low PWM output mode. This may be required in order to allow charge pump capacitors to recharge. The Refresh Time is specified in ns, and the Refresh Period in commutation cycles. The low side of each PWM channel will be guaranteed to be on for at least the Refresh Time for every Refresh Period cycles.

The PWM Current Sense Time option is used to specify a minimum amount of off time for two out of the three PWM output channels for three phase output in PWM High/Low output mode. For motion control ICs supporting leg current sensing this may be required in order to get accurate current measurement. It has units of ns.

GetDrivePWM returns the parameters set by **SetDrivePWM**.

Atlas

These commands are relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetDrivePWM(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                          PMDuint16 option,
                          PMDuint16 value);
PMDresult PMDGetDrivePWM(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                          PMDuint16 option,
                          PMDuint16* value)
```

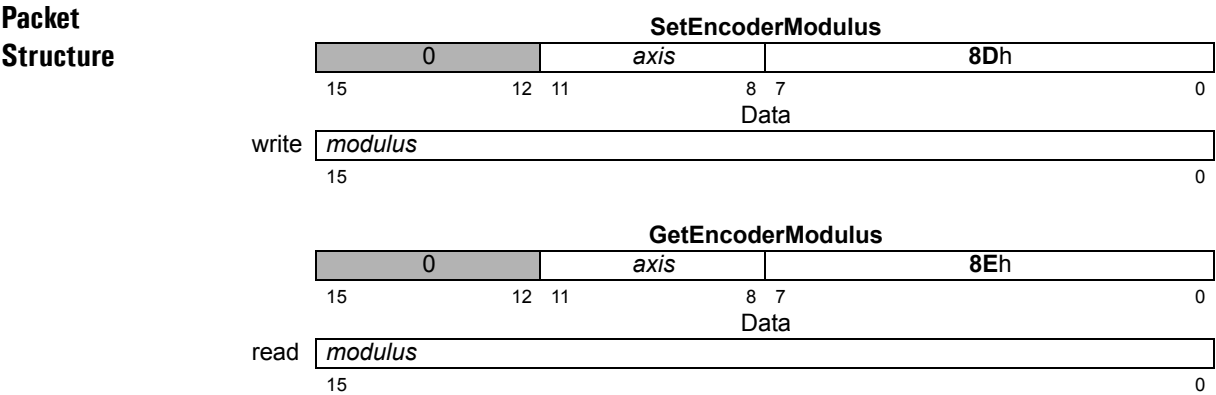
VB-Motion API

```
Magellan.DrivePWMSet( [in] parameter, [in] value )
Magellan.DrivePWMGet( [in] parameter, [out] value )
```

Syntax **SetEncoderModulus** *axis* *modulus*
GetEncoderModulus *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding		
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0		
		<i>Axis2</i>	1		
		<i>Axis3</i>	2		
		<i>Axis4</i>	3		
	<i>modulus</i>	Type unsigned 16 bits	Range 0 to 2 ¹⁵ –1	Scaling unity	Units counts



Description **SetEncoderModulus** sets the parallel word range for the specified *axis* when parallel-word feedback is used. The *modulus* determines the range of the connected device. For multi-turn systems, this value is used to determine when a position wrap condition has occurred. The value provided should be one half of the actual range of the axis. For example, if the parallel-word input is used with a linear potentiometer connected to an external A/D (Analog to Digital converter) which has 12 bits of resolution, then the total range is 4,096 and a value of 2,048 should be loaded with this command.

GetEncoderModulus returns the encoder modulus.

Restrictions A value for encoder modulus is only required when the encoder source is set to parallel.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetEncoderModulus(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 modulus)
PMDresult PMDGetEncoderModulus(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16* modulus)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim modulus as Short
MagellanAxis.EncoderModulus = modulus
modulus = MagellanAxis.EncoderModulus
```

see **Set/GetEncoderSource** (p. 122)

Syntax

SetEncoderSource *axis source*
GetEncoderSource *axis*

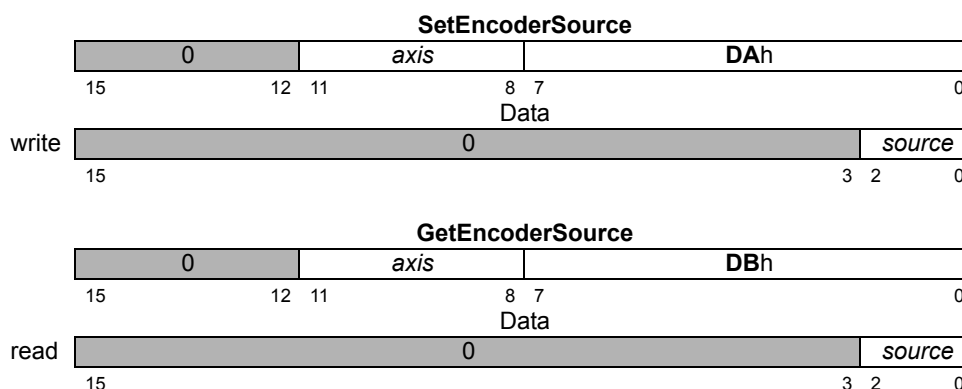
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>source</i>	<i>Incremental</i>	0
	<i>Parallel</i>	1
	<i>None</i>	2
	<i>Loopback</i>	3
	<i>Pulse and Direction</i>	4
	<i>Hall Sensors</i>	5
	<i>32 bit parallel</i>	6

Packet Structure



Description

SetEncoderSource sets the type of encoder feedback (*Incremental* quadrature encoder or *Parallel-word*) for the specified *axis*. When incremental quadrature is selected the motion control IC expects A and B quadrature signals to be input at the QuadA and QuadB axis inputs. When parallel-word is selected the motion control IC expects user-defined external circuitry connected to the motion control IC's external bus to load a 16-bit word containing the current position value for the selected axis. External feedback devices with less than 16 bits may be used but the unused bits must be sign extended or zeroed.

When motor type (see **SetMotorType** (p. 144)) is set to *Pulse and Direction* and the encoder source is set to *Loopback*, the step output is internally fed back into the quadrature counters. This allows for position capture of the step position when a physical encoder is not present.

When the encoder source is set to *Pulse and Direction*, then Magellan expects the incoming position encoding to correspond to a pulse & direction encoding scheme rather than a quadrature encoding scheme. This feature is most commonly used with electronic gear mode, so that the Magellan processor can be driven by a motion controller that outputs pulse & direction signals.

GetEncoderSource returns the code for the current type of feedback.

Restrictions

A *Loopback* source is only supported for pulse & direction motors. *Loopback* is not supported in single-chip versions (MC58110 & MC55110). A source value of **None** is typically only used with microstepping and pulse & direction motors.

Not all products support all types of encoders. See the product user's guide.

When using a parallel word encoder with the **MotorType** set to *Pulse&Direction* or *MicroStepping*, the **SetCountToStepRatio** command must be used prior to this command.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetEncoderSource(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 source)
PMDresult PMDGetEncoderSource(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16* source)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim source as Short
MagellanAxis.EncoderSource = source
source = MagellanAxis.EncoderSource
```

see

Set/GetEncoderModulus ([p. 121](#))

Syntax **SetEncoderToStepRatio** *axis counts steps*
GetEncoderToStepRatio *axis*

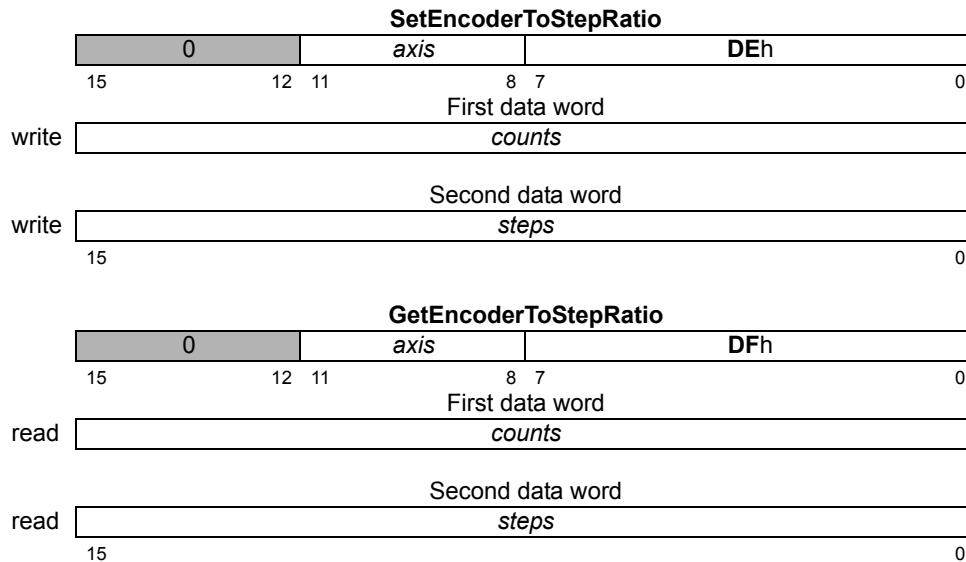
Motor Types

		Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
--	--	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
	Type	Range	Scaling	Units	
<i>counts</i>	unsigned 16 bits	1 to 2 ¹⁵ –1	unity	counts	
<i>steps</i>	unsigned 16 bits	1 to 2 ¹⁵ –1	unity	microsteps	

Packet Structure



Description

SetEncoderToStepRatio sets the ratio of the number of encoder counts to the number of output steps per motor rotation used by the motion control IC to convert encoder counts into steps. **Counts** is the number of encoder counts per full rotation of the motor. **Steps** is the number of steps output by the motion control IC per full rotation of the motor. Since this command sets a ratio, the parameters do not have to be for a full rotation as long as they correctly represent the encoder count to step ratio. **GetEncoderToStepRatio** returns the ratio of the number of encoder counts to the number of output steps per motor rotation.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetEncoderToStepRatio(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 counts, PMDuint16 steps)
PMDresult PMDGetEncoderToStepRatio(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                    PMDuint16* counts, PMDuint16* steps)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.EncoderToStepRatioSet( [in] counts, [in] steps )
MagellanAxis.EncoderToStepRatioGet( [out] counts, [out] steps )
```

see

Set/GetActualPositionUnits (p. 82)

Syntax **SetEventAction** *axis event action*
GetEventAction *axis event*

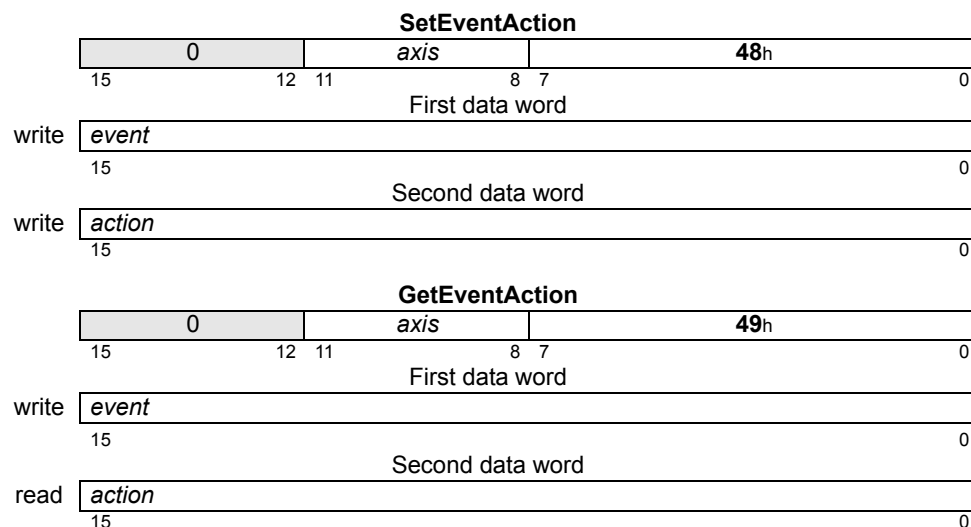
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>event</i>	<i>Immediate</i>	0
	<i>Positive Limit</i>	1
	<i>Negative Limit</i>	2
	<i>Motion Error</i>	3
	<i>Current Foldback</i>	4
<i>action</i>	<i>None</i>	0
	— (Reserved)	1
	<i>Abrupt Stop</i>	2
	<i>Smooth Stop</i>	3
	— (Reserved)	4
	<i>Disable Position Loop & Higher Modules</i>	5
	<i>Disable Current Loop & Higher Modules</i>	6
	<i>Disable Motor Output & Higher Modules</i>	7
	<i>Abrupt Stop with Position Error Clear</i>	8

Packet Structure



Description

SetEventAction configures what actions will be taken by the *axis* in response to a given *event*. The *action* can be either to modify the operating mode by disabling some or all of the loops, or, in the case of all loops remaining on, to perform an abrupt or smooth stop. The *Abrupt Stop* action can be done with or without a clearing of the position error.

Description (cont.)

When, through **SetEventAction**, one of the **events** causes an **action**, the event bit in the Event Status register must be cleared prior to returning to operation. For trajectory stops, this means that the bit must be cleared prior to performing another trajectory move. For changes in operating mode, this means that the bit must be cleared prior to restoring the operating mode, either by **RestoreOperatingMode** or **SetOperatingMode**.

An exception is the Motion Error event, which only needs to be cleared in Event Status if its **action** is **Abrupt Stop** or **Smooth Stop**. If it causes changes in operating mode, the operating mode can be restored without clearing the bit in Event Status first.

GetEventAction gets the action that is currently programmed for the given event with the exception of the **Immediate** event, which cannot be read back.

Atlas

For the Current Foldback event this command will be sent to an attached Atlas amplifier before being applied to the local Magellan register. The foldback event action is set automatically on Atlas by Magellan when first establishing SPI communication.

Restrictions

If a **Smooth Stop** action occurs while the trajectory mode is S-curve, the trajectory cannot be restarted until the smooth stop is complete. If a **Smooth Stop** action occurs while the trajectory mode is electronic gearing, an abrupt stop will occur.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetEventAction (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16 event,
                             PMDuint16 action)
PMDresult PMDGetEventAction (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16 event,
                             PMDuint16* action)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim action as Short
MagellanAxis.EventAction( event ) = action
action = MagellanAxis.EventAction( event )
```

see

GetActiveOperatingMode (p. 27), **RestoreOperatingMode** (p. 77), **Set/GetOperatingMode** (p. 146)

Syntax **SetFaultOutMask** *axis* *mask*
GetFaultOutMask *axis*

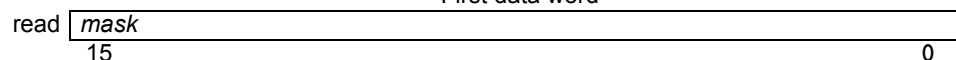
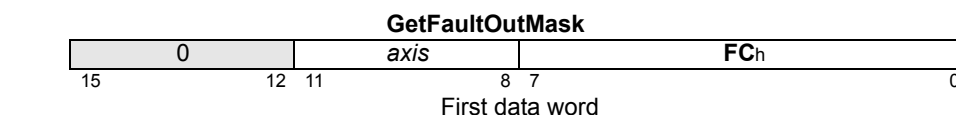
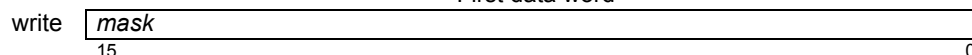
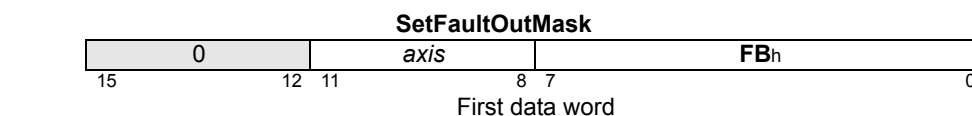
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mask</i>	see below	bitmask

Packet Structure



Description

SetFaultOutMask configures the mask on Event Status register bits that will be ORed together on the FaultOut pin. The FaultOut pin is active high, as are the bits in Event Status. Thus, FaultOut will go high when any of the enabled bits in Event Status are set (1). The *mask* parameter is used to determine what bits in the Event Status register can cause FaultOut high, as follows:

Name	Bit
Motion Complete	0
Wrap-around	1
Breakpoint 1	2
Position Capture	3
Motion Error	4
Positive Limit	5
Negative Limit	6
Instruction Error	7
Disable	8
Overtemperature Fault	9
Drive Exception	10
Commutation Error	11
Current Foldback	12
— (Reserved)	13
Breakpoint 2	14
— (Reserved)	15

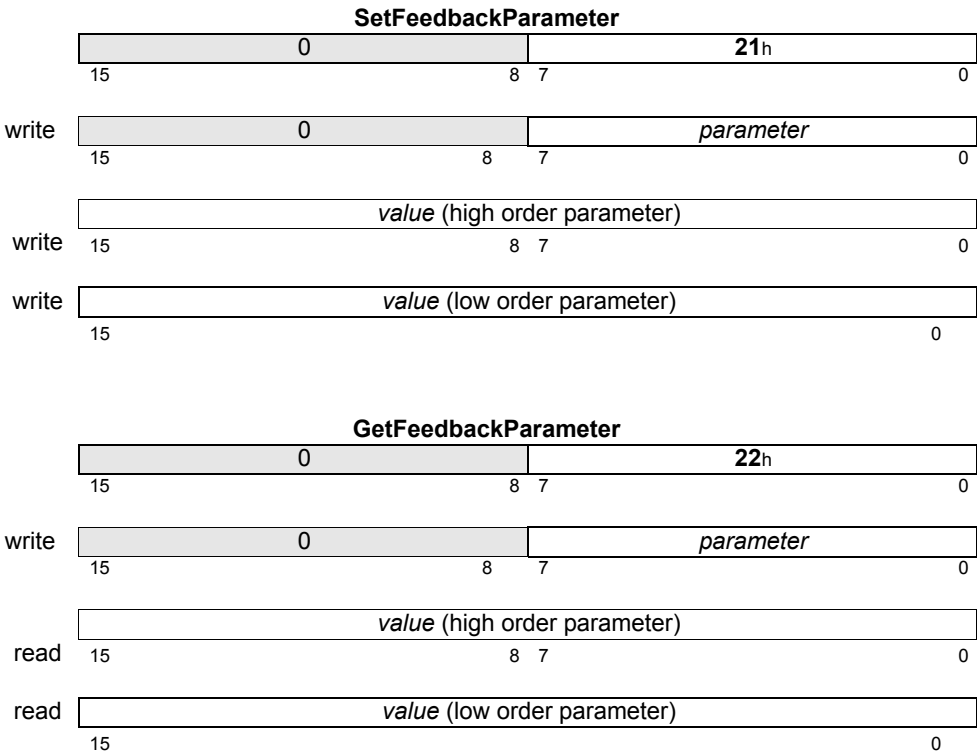
Description (cont.)	For example, a <i>mask</i> setting of hexadecimal 0610h will configure the FaultOut pin to go high upon a motion error, Overtemperature Fault, or Bus Voltage Fault. The FaultOut pin stays high until all Fault enabled bits in Event Status are cleared. The default value for the FaultOut <i>mask</i> is 0600h – Overtemperature Fault and Bus Voltage Fault enabled. GetFaultOutMask gets the current <i>mask</i> for the indicated <i>axis</i>.
Atlas	The Magellan version of this command does <i>not</i> apply to an Atlas amplifier. In order to control Atlas behavior it is necessary to send a command directly, see <i>Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference</i> for more detail.
Restrictions	This command is only available on products that include a FaultOut pin. Depending on the product, all of the specified bits in Event Status may not be available. In addition to the FaultOut <i>mask</i> on the Event Status register, the FaultOut pin is driven by a mask on the Drive Fault Status register (bits 4, 2, 1, and 0) which cannot be changed, and is internally ORed with the FaultOut <i>mask</i> on Event Status.
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDSetFaultOutMask (PMDAxisInterface <i>axis_intf</i>, PMDuint16 <i>mask</i>) PMDresult PMDGetFaultOutMask (PMDAxisInterface <i>axis_intf</i>, PMDuint16* <i>mask</i>)</pre>
VB-Motion API	<pre>Dim <i>mask</i> as Short MagellanAxis.FaultOutMask = <i>mask</i> <i>mask</i> = MagellanAxis.FaultOutMask</pre>
see	Set/GetInterruptMask (p. 136)

Syntax **SetFeedbackParameter** *parameter value*
 GetFeedbackParameter *parameter value*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>parameter</i>	<i>Encoder Modulus</i>	0
	<i>value</i>	Type 32-bit unsigned	Range/Scaling see below

Packet Structure



Description **SetFeedbackParameter** sets parameters used to configure position feedback devices. Encoder modulus is a 32 bit parallel encoder modulus, its least significant 16 bit word is identical with the parameter set by **SetEncoderModulus**.

The Encoder Modulus sets the parallel word range for the specified axis when 32 bit parallel-word feedback is used. The modulus determines the range of the connected device. For multi-turn systems, this value is used to determine when a position wrap condition has occurred. The value provided should be one half of the actual range of the axis. For example, if the parallel-word input is used with an SSI encoder which has 24 bits of resolution, then the total range is 16777216 and a value of 8388608 should be used as the encoder modulus.

GetFeedbackParameter returns the value of parameters set by **SetFeedbackParameter**.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetFeedbackParameter (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint8 parameter,
                                     PMDuint32 value);
PMDresult PMDGetFeedbackParameter (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint8 parameter,
                                     PMDuint32* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.FeedbackParameter( [in] parameter
                                  [out] value )
```

see

SetEncoderModulus ([p. 121](#))

Syntax

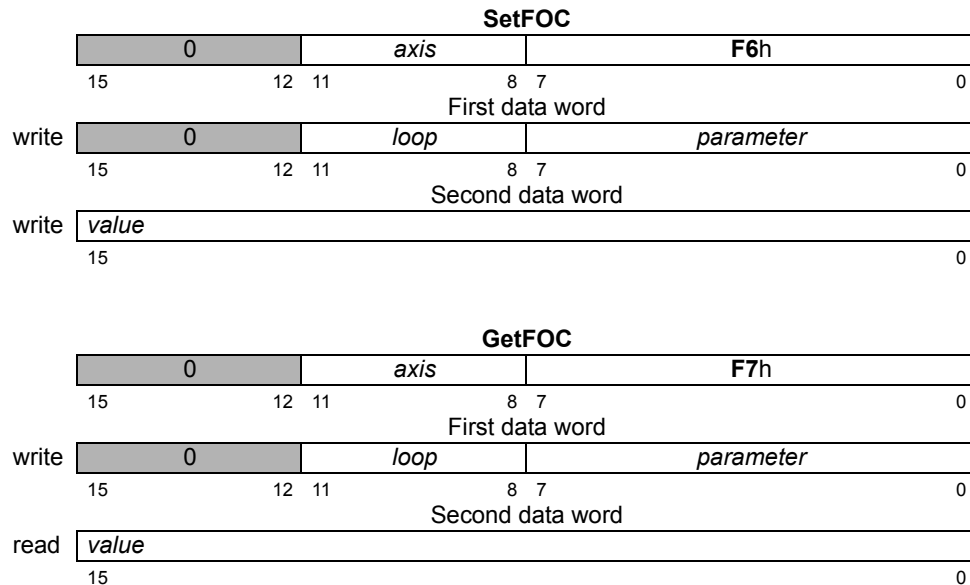
SetFOC *axis loop parameter value*
GetFOC *axis loop parameter*

Motor Types

	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
--	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>loop</i>	<i>Direct(D)</i>	0
	<i>Quadrature(Q)</i>	1
	<i>Both(D and Q)</i>	2
<i>parameter</i>	<i>Proportional Gain (KpDQ)</i>	0
	<i>Integrator Gain (KiDQ)</i>	1
	<i>Integrator Sum Limit (ILimitDQ)</i>	2
<i>value</i>	Type	Range/Scaling
	unsigned 16 bits	see below

Packet
Structure

Description

Set/GetFOC is used to configure the operating parameters of the FOC-Current control. See the product user's guide for more information on how each **parameter** is used in the current loop processing. The **value** written/read is always an unsigned 16-bit value, with the parameter-specific scaling shown below:

Parameter	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>Proportional Gain (KpDQ)</i>	0 to $2^{15}-1$	1/64	gain
<i>Integrator Gain (KiDQ)</i>	0 to $2^{15}-1$	1/256	gain/cycles
<i>Integrator Sum Limit (ILimitDQ)</i>	0 to $2^{15}-1$	1/100	% current * cycles

A setting of 64 for *KpDQ* corresponds to a gain of 1. That is, an error signal of 30% maximum current will cause the proportional contribution of the current loop output to be 30% of maximum output.

Description (cont.)

Similarly, setting *KiDQ* to 256 gives it a gain of 1; the value of the integrator sum would become the integrator contribution to the output.

ILimitDQ is used to limit the contribution of the integrator sum at the output. Its effect depends on the value of *KiDQ*. Setting *ILimitDQ* to 1000 when *KiDQ* is 10 means that the maximum contribution to the output is $1000 \times 10 = 10,000$ out of $2^{15} - 1$ or approximately 30.5%. The units of time for the integrator sum are cycles.

The *loop* argument allows individual configuration of the parameters for the D and Q current loops. Alternately, a *loop* of 2 can be used with **SetFOC** to set the D and Q loops with a single API command. A *loop* of 2 is not valid for **GetFOC**.

Atlas

These commands are relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier.

Restrictions

Set/GetFOC are buffered commands. All parameters set are buffered, and will not take effect until an update is done on the current loop (through **Update** command, **MultiUpdate** command, or update action on breakpoint). The values read by **GetFOC** are the buffered settings.

These commands are only supported in products that include digital current control, and when the current control mode is set to FOC.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetFOC (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                     PMDuint8 loop,
                     PMDuint8 parameter,
                     PMDuint16 value)
PMDresult PMDGetFOC (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                     PMDuint8 loop,
                     PMDuint8 parameter,
                     PMDuint16* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.FOCSet( [in] loop, [in] parameter, [in] value )
MagellanAxis.FOCGet( [in] loop, [in] parameter, [out] value )
```

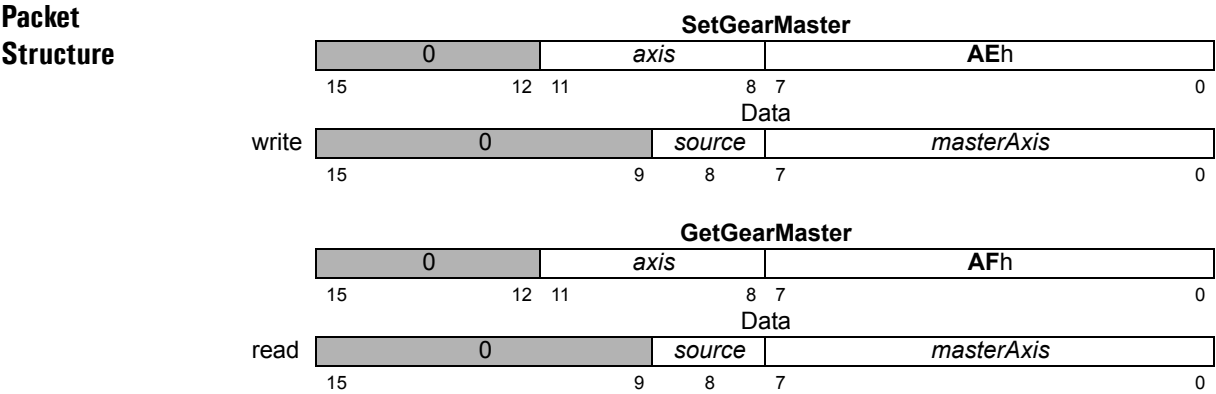
see

Update (p. 197), **Set/GetUpdateMask** (p. 193), **MultiUpdate** (p. 63),
Set/GetBreakpointUpdateMask (p. 93), **GetFOCValue** (p. 45),
Set/GetCurrentControlMode (p. 107)

Syntax **SetGearMaster** *axis masterAxis source*
 GetGearMaster *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>masterAxis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>source</i>	<i>Actual</i>	0
		<i>Commanded</i>	1



Description **SetGearMaster** establishes the slave (*axis*) and master (*masterAxis*) axes for the electronic-gearing profile, and sets the *source*, *Actual* or *Commanded*, of the master axis position data to be used.

The *masterAxis* determines the axis that will drive the slave axis. Both the slave and the master axes must be enabled (**SetOperatingMode** command). The source determines whether the master axis' commanded position as determined by the trajectory generator will be used to drive the slave axis, or whether the master axis' encoder position will be used to drive the slave.

GetGearMaster returns the value for the geared axes and position source.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetGearMaster(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                             PMDAxis masterAxis, PMDuint8 source)  
PMDresult PMDGetGearMaster(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                             PMDAxis* masterAxis, PMDuint8* source)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.GearMasterSet( [in] masterAxis, [in] source )  
MagellanAxis.GearMasterGet( [out] masterAxis, [out] source )
```

see

Set/GetGearRatio ([p. 135](#))

Syntax

SetGearRatio *slaveAxis ratio*
GetGearRatio *slaveAxis*

Motor Types

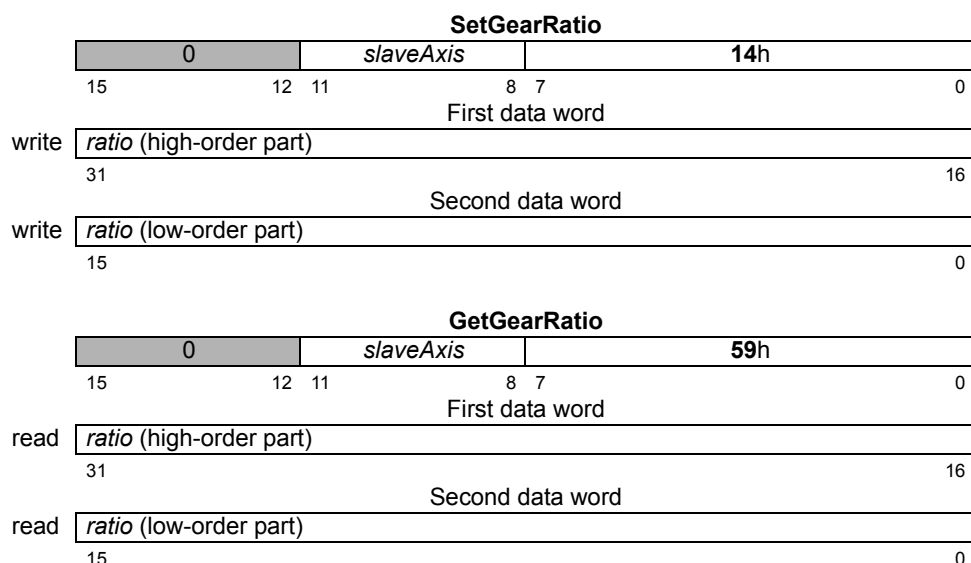
DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>slaveAxis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
	Type	Range	Scaling	Units	
<i>ratio</i>	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	$1/2^{16}$	SlaveCts/MasterCts	

Packet

Structure



Description

SetGearRatio sets the ratio between the master and slave axes for the Electronic Gear profile for the given *slaveAxis*. Positive ratios cause the slave to move in the same direction as the master, negative ratios in the opposite direction. The specified ratio has a unity scaling of 65,536.

GetGearRatio returns the gear ratio set for the specified *slaveAxis*.

Scaling examples:

ratio value	resultant ratio
-32,768	.5 negative slave counts for each positive master count
1,000,000	15.259 positive slave counts for each positive master count
123	.0018 positive slave counts for each positive master count

Restrictions

This is a buffered command. The new value set will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command is entered, with the Trajectory Update bit set in the update mask.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetGearRatio(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDint32 ratio)
PMDresult PMDGetGearRatio(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDint32* ratio)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim ratio as Long
MagellanAxis.GearRatio = ratio
ratio = MagellanAxis.GearRatio
```

see

Set/GetGearMaster (p. 133), **MultiUpdate** (p. 63), **Update** (p. 197)

Syntax

SetInterruptMask *axis mask*
GetInterruptMask *axis*

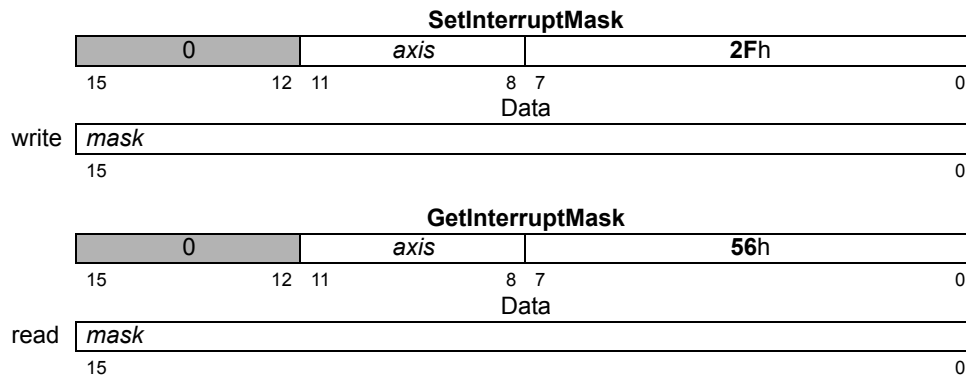
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mask</i>	<i>Motion Complete</i>	0001h
	<i>Wrap-around</i>	0002h
	<i>Breakpoint 1</i>	0004h
	<i>Capture Received</i>	0008h
	<i>Motion Error</i>	0010h
	<i>Positive Limit</i>	0020h
	<i>Negative Limit</i>	0040h
	<i>Instruction Error</i>	0080h
	<i>Disable</i>	0100h
	<i>Overtemperature Fault</i>	0200h
	<i>Drive Exception</i>	0400h
	<i>Commutation Error</i>	0800h
	<i>Current Foldback</i>	1000h
	<i>Breakpoint 2</i>	4000h

Packet Structure



Description

SetInterruptMask determines which bits in the Event Status register of the specified *axis* will cause a host interrupt. For each interrupt *mask* bit that is set to 1, the corresponding Event Status register bit will cause an interrupt when that status register bit goes active (is set to 1). Interrupt mask bits set to 0 will not generate interrupts.

GetInterruptMask returns the *mask* for the specified *axis*.

SetInterruptMask also controls CAN event notification when using the motion control IC's CAN 2.0B interface. Whenever a host interrupt is activated, a CAN message is generated using message ID 180h + *nodeID*, notifying interested CAN nodes of the change in the Event Status register.

Example: The interrupt *mask* value 28h will generate an interrupt when either the Positive Limit bit or the Capture Received bit of the Event Status register goes active (set to 1).

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetInterruptMask(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                                PMDuint16 mask)  
  
PMDresult PMDGetInterruptMask(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                                PMDuint16* mask)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mask as Short  
MagellanAxis.InterruptMask = mask  
mask = MagellanAxis.InterruptMask
```

see

ClearInterrupt (p. 21), **GetInterruptAxis** (p. 49), **Set/GetFaultOutMask** (p. 127)

Syntax

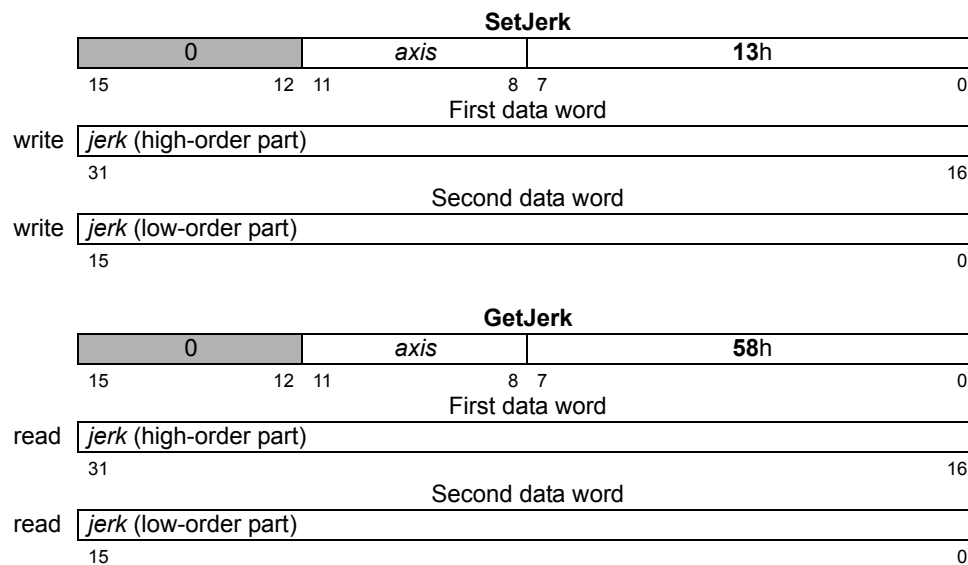
SetJerk *axis jerk*
GetJerk *axis*

Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding		
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0		
	<i>Axis2</i>	1		
	<i>Axis3</i>	2		
	<i>Axis4</i>	3		
<i>jerk</i>	Type unsigned 32 bits	Range 0 to $2^{31}-1$	Scaling $1/2^{32}$	Units counts/cycle ³ microsteps/cycle ³

Packet
Structure

Description

SetJerk loads the Jerk register in the parameter buffer for the specified *axis*.

GetJerk reads the contents of the Jerk register.

Scaling example: To load a jerk value (rate of change of acceleration) of 0.012345 counts/cycle³ (or steps/cycle³) multiply by 2^{32} or 4,294,967,296. In this example this gives a value to load of 53,021,371 (decimal) which corresponds to a high word of 0329h and a low word of 0ABBh when loading each word in hexadecimal.

Restrictions

SetJerk is a buffered command. The value set using this command will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command, with the Trajectory Update bit set in the update mask.

This command is used only with the S-curve profile mode. It is not used with the Trapezoidal, Velocity Contouring, or Electronic Gear profile modes.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetJerk(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint32 jerk)
PMDresult PMDGetJerk(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint32* jerk)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim jerk as Long
MagellanAxis.Jerk = jerk
jerk = MagellanAxis.Jerk
```

see

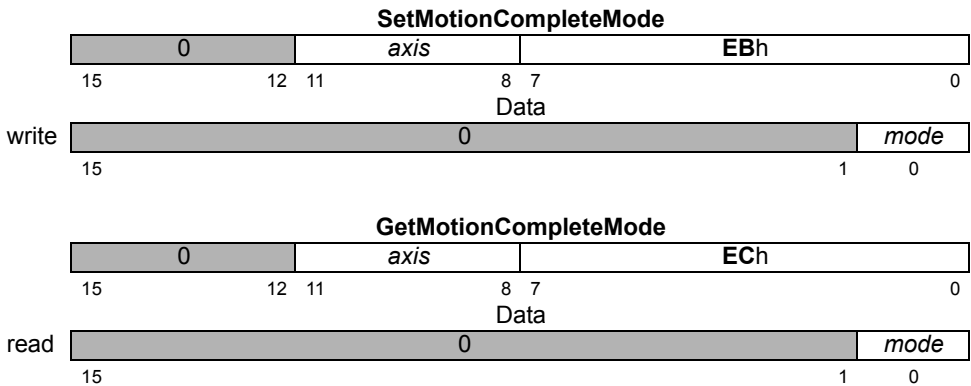
Set/GetAcceleration (p. 78), **Set/GetDeceleration** (p. 113), **Set/GetPosition** (p. 158), **Set/GetVelocity** (p. 195), **MultiUpdate** (p. 63), **Update** (p. 197)

Syntax **SetMotionCompleteMode** *axis mode*
GetMotionCompleteMode *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>mode</i>	<i>commanded</i>	0
		<i>actual</i>	1

Packet Structure



Description

SetMotionCompleteMode establishes the source for the comparison which determines the motion-complete status for the specified *axis*. When set to **commanded**, the motion is considered complete when the profile velocity reaches zero (0) and no further motion will occur without an additional host command. This mode is unaffected by the actual encoder location.

When set to **actual** mode the motion complete bit will be set when the above condition is true, and when the actual encoder position has been within the settle window (**SetSettleWindow** command) for the number of cycles specified by the **SetSettleTime** command. The settle timer is started at zero (0) at the end of the trajectory profile motion, so a minimum delay of settle time cycles will occur after the trajectory profile motion is complete.

GetMotionCompleteMode returns the value for the motion-complete mode.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetMotionCompleteMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetMotionCompleteMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                    PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanAxis.MotionCompleteMode = mode
mode = MagellanAxis.MotionCompleteMode
```

see **Set/GetSettleTime** (p. 170), **Set/GetSettleWindow** (p. 171)

Syntax

SetMotorBias *axis bias*
GetMotorBias *axis*

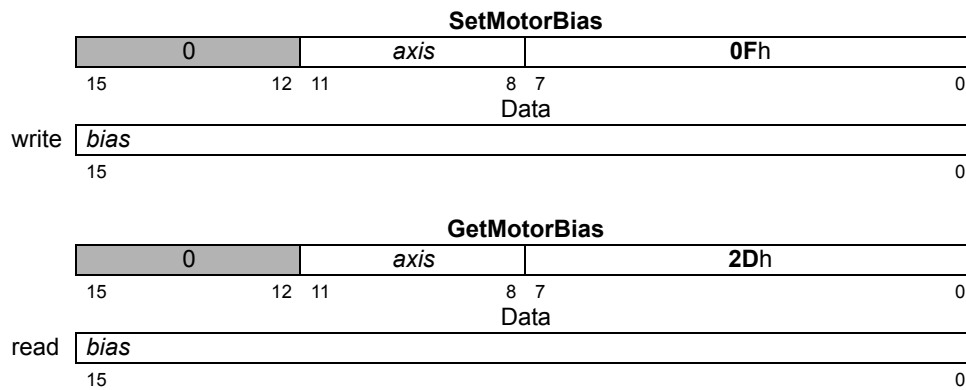
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC		
----------	--------------	--	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
<i>bias</i>	Type signed 16 bits	Range −2 ¹⁵ to 2 ¹⁵ −1	Scaling 100/2 ¹⁵	Units % output	

Packet Structure



Description

SetMotorBias sets the output *bias* of the digital servo filter for the specified *axis*.

GetMotorBias reads the value of the *bias* of the digital servo filter.

Scaling example: If it is desired that a motor bias value of −2.5% of full scale be placed on the servo filter output, then this register should be loaded with a value of $-2.5 \times 32,768 / 100 = -819$ (decimal). This corresponds to a loaded hexadecimal value of 0FCCDh.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetMotorBias(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDint16 bias)
PMDresult PMDGetMotorBias(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDint16* bias)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim bias as Short
MagellanAxis.MotorBias = bias
bias = MagellanAxis.MotorBias
```

see

Set/GetMotorCommand (p. 141), **Set/GetMotorLimit** (p. 143)

Syntax **SetMotorCommand** *axis command*
GetMotorCommand *axis*

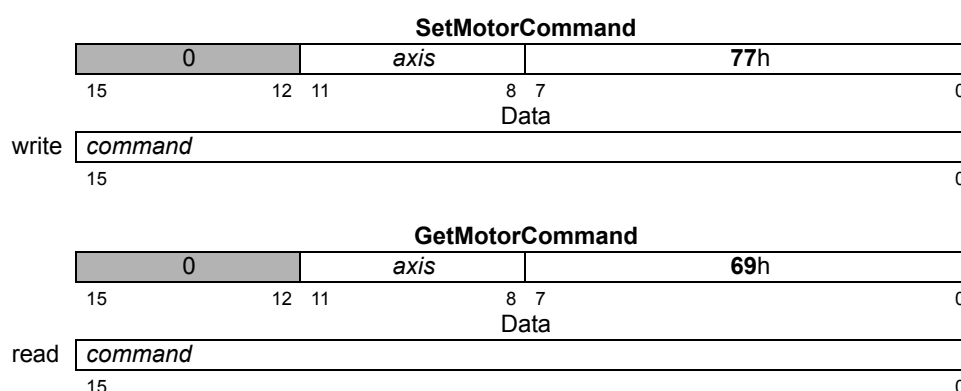
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
----------	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
<i>command</i>	Type signed 16 bits	Range −2 ¹⁵ to 2 ¹⁵ −1	Scaling 100/2 ¹⁵	Units % output	

Packet Structure



Description

SetMotorCommand loads the Motor Command buffer register of the specified *axis*. For axes configured for microstepping motors, this command is used to control the magnitude of the output waveform. For DC brush and brushless DC motors, this command directly sets the Motor Output register when the Position Loop and Trajectory Generator modules are disabled in the operating mode.

GetMotorCommand reads the contents of the motor command buffer register.

Scaling example: If it is desired that a Motor Command value of 13.7% of full scale be output to the motor, then this register should be loaded with a value of $13.7 * 32,768/100 = 4,489$ (decimal). This corresponds to a hexadecimal value of 1189h.

Atlas

Note that **SetMotorCommand** is not used to set step motor drive current when using an Atlas amplifier, **SetCurrent** should be used instead.

Restrictions

SetMotorCommand is a buffered command. The value set using this command will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command, with the Position Loop Update bit set in the update mask.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetMotorCommand(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDint16 command)
PMDresult PMDGetMotorCommand(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDint16* command)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim command as Short  
MagellanAxis.MotorCommand = command  
command = MagellanAxis.MotorCommand
```

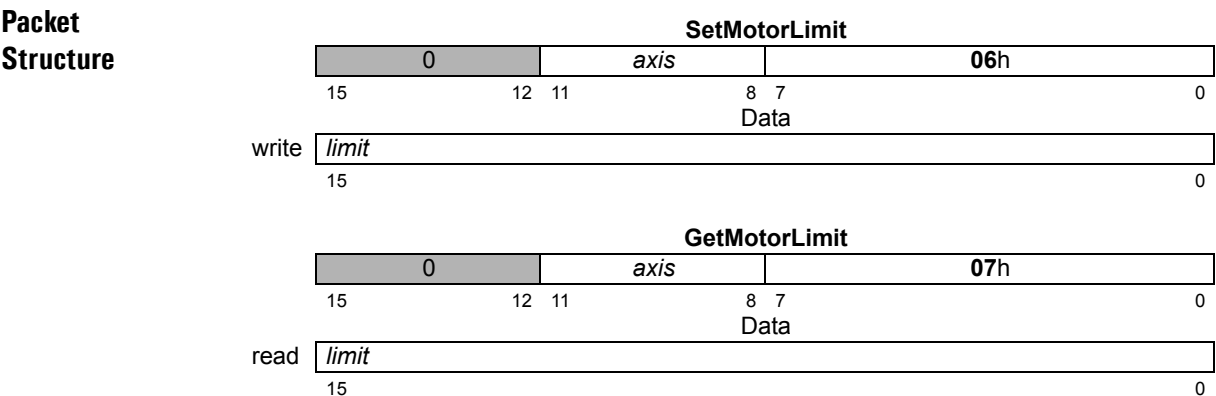
see

SetCurrent ([p. 105](#)), **Set/GetMotorBias** ([p. 140](#)), **Set/GetMotorLimit** ([p. 143](#)),
Set/GetOperatingMode ([p. 146](#)), **MultiUpdate** ([p. 63](#)), **Update** ([p. 197](#))

Syntax **SetMotorLimit** *axis limit*
GetMotorLimit *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC		
-------------	----------	--------------	--	--

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding			
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
		<i>Axis2</i>	1			
		<i>Axis3</i>	2			
		<i>Axis4</i>	3			
	<i>limit</i>	Type	Range	Scaling	Units	
		unsigned 16 bits	0 to 2 ¹⁵ –1	100/2 ¹⁵	% output	



Description

SetMotorLimit sets the maximum value for the motor output command allowed by the digital servo filter of the specified *axis*. Motor command values beyond this value will be clipped to the specified motor command limit. For example if the motor limit was set to 1,000 and the servo filter determined that the current motor output value should be 1,100, the actual output value would be 1,000. Conversely, if the output value was –1,100, then it would be clipped to –1,000. This command is useful for protecting amplifiers, motors, or system mechanisms when it is known that a motor command exceeding a certain value will cause damage.

GetMotorLimit reads the motor limit value.

Scaling example: If it is desired that a motor limit of 75% of full scale be established, then this register should be loaded with a value of $75.0 * 32,767/100 = 24,576$ (decimal). This corresponds to a hexadecimal value of 06000h.

Restrictions

This command only affects the motor output when the position loop or trajectory generator is enabled. When the motion control IC is in open loop mode, this command has no effect.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetMotorLimit(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16 limit);
PMDresult PMDGetMotorLimit(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16* limit)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim limit as Short
MagellanAxis.MotorLimit = limit
limit = MagellanAxis.MotorLimit
```

see **Set/GetMotorBias** (p. 140), **Set/GetMotorCommand** (p. 141), **Set/GetOperatingMode** (p. 146)

Syntax

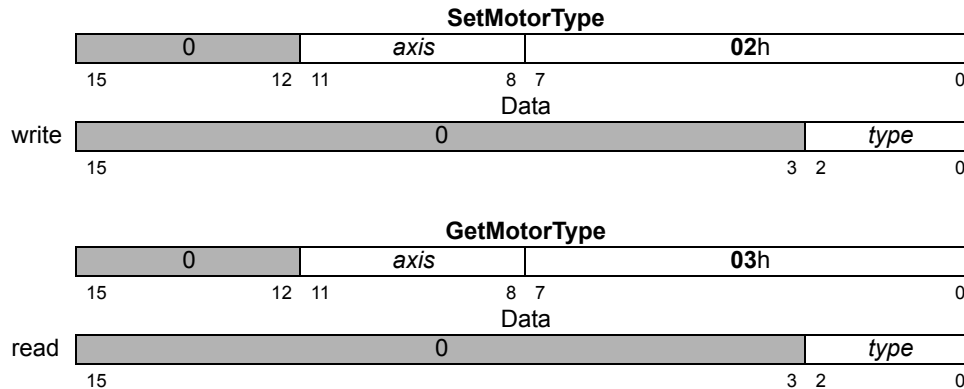
SetMotorType *axis type*
GetMotorType *axis*

Motor Types

Arguments

	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
Name	Instance		Encoding	
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>		0	
	<i>Axis2</i>		1	
	<i>Axis3</i>		2	
	<i>Axis4</i>		3	
<i>type</i>	<i>Brushless DC (3 phase)</i>		0	
	<i>Brushless DC (2 phase)</i>		1	
	<i>Microstepping (3 phase)</i>		2	
	<i>Microstepping (2 phase)</i>		3	
	<i>Pulse & Direction</i>		4	
	<i>DC Brush</i>		7	

Packet Structure



Description

SetMotorType sets type of motor being driven by the selected *axis*. This operation sets the number of phases for commutation on the axis, as well as internally configuring the motion control IC for the motor type.

The following table describes each motor type, and the number of phases to be commutated.

Motor type	Commutation
Brushless DC (3 phase)	3 phase
Brushless DC (2 phase)	2 phase
Microstepping (3 phase)	3 phase
Microstepping (2 phase)	2 phase
Pulse & Direction	None
DC Brush	None

GetMotorType returns the configured motor type for the selected *axis*.

Restrictions

The motor type should only be set once for each axis, either via the motor configuration word during device startup, or immediately after reset using **SetMotorType**. Once it has been set, it should not be changed. Executing **SetMotorType** will reset many variables to their motor type specific default values.

Not all motor types are available on all products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetMotorType (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint8 type)
PMDresult PMDGetMotorType (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint8* type)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim type as Short  
MagellanAxis.MotorType = type  
type = MagellanAxis.MotorType
```

see

Reset ([p. 70](#))

Syntax

SetOperatingMode *axis mode*
GetOperatingMode *axis*

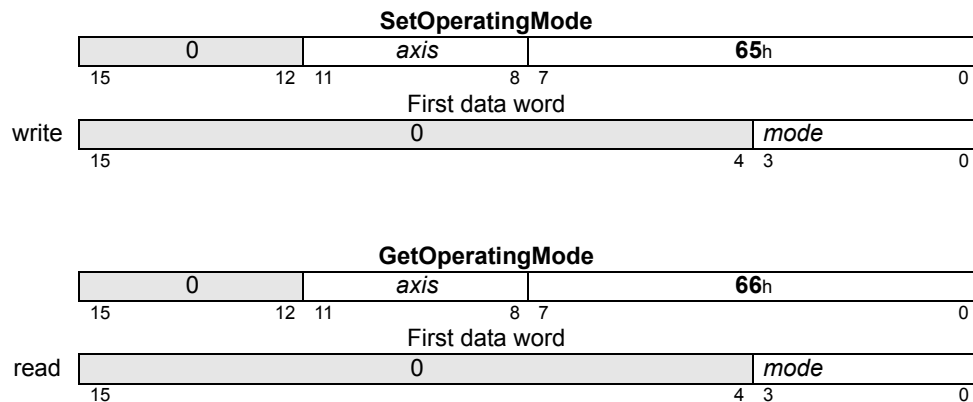
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
	Type	Range/Scaling
<i>mode</i>	unsigned 16-bit	see below

Packet Structure



Description

SetOperatingMode configures the operating mode of the *axis*. Each bit of the *mode* configures whether a feature/loop of the *axis* is active or disabled, as follows:

Name	Bit	Description
Axis Enabled	0	0: No <i>axis</i> processing, <i>axis</i> outputs in reset state. 1: <i>axis</i> active.
Motor Output Enabled	1	0: <i>axis</i> motor outputs disabled. 1: <i>axis</i> motor outputs enabled.
Current Control Enabled	2	0: <i>axis</i> current control bypassed. 1: <i>axis</i> current control active.
—	3	Reserved
Position Loop Enabled	4	0: <i>axis</i> position loop bypassed. 1: <i>axis</i> position loop active.
Trajectory Enabled	5	0: trajectory generator disabled. 1: trajectory generator enabled.
—	6–15	Reserved

When the *axis* is disabled, no processing will be done on the *axis*, and the *axis* outputs will be at their reset states. When the *axis* motor output is disabled, the *axis* will function normally, but its motor outputs will be in their disabled state. When a loop is disabled (position or current loop), it operates by passing its input directly to its output, and clearing all internal state variables (such as integrator sums, etc.). When the trajectory generator is disabled, it operates by commanding 0 velocity.

Description (cont.)

For example, to configure an axis for Torque mode, (trajectory and position loop disabled) the operating mode would be set to hexadecimal 0007h.

This command should be used to configure the static operating mode of the *axis*. The actual current operating mode may be changed by the axis in response to safety events, or user-programmable events. In this case, the present operating mode is available using **GetActiveOperatingMode**. **GetOperatingMode** will always return the static operating mode set using **SetOperatingMode**. Executing the **SetOperatingMode** command sets both the static operating mode and the active operating mode to the desired state.

GetOperatingMode gets the operating mode of the *axis*.

Atlas

The SetOperatingMode command will be relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier before being applied to the local Magellan register. GetOperatingMode does not require any additional Atlas communication.

Restrictions

The possible operating modes of an axis is product specific, and in some cases axis specific. See the product user's guide for a description of what operating modes are supported on each axis.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetOperatingMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                                PMDuint16 mode)  
PMDresult PMDGetOperatingMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                                PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short  
MagellanAxis.OperatingMode = mode  
mode = MagellanAxis.OperatingMode
```

see

GetActiveOperatingMode ([p. 27](#)), **RestoreOperatingMode** ([p. 77](#))

Syntax **SetOutputMode** *axis mode*
GetOutputMode *axis*

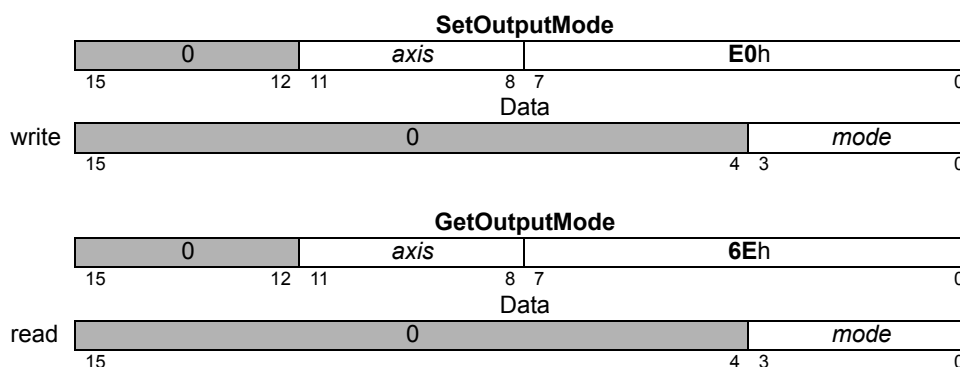
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
----------	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mode</i>	<i>Parallel DAC Offset Binary</i>	0
	<i>PWM Sign Magnitude</i>	1
	<i>PWM 50/50 Magnitude</i>	2
	<i>SPI DAC Offset Binary</i>	3
	<i>Parallel DAC Sign Magnitude</i>	4
	<i>SPI DAC 2's Complement</i>	5
	<i>Atlas SPI</i>	6
	<i>PWM High/Low</i>	7
	<i>Pulse & Direction</i>	8
	<i>Atlas Recovery</i>	9
	<i>None</i>	10

Packet Structure



Description

SetOutputMode sets the form of the motor output signal of the specified *axis*.

GetOutputMode returns the value for the motor output mode.

Restrictions

Not all output modes are available on all products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetOutputMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetOutputMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanAxis.OutputMode = mode
mode = MagellanAxis.OutputMode
```

see

Syntax **SetOvertemperatureLimit** *axis limit*
GetOvertemperatureLimit *axis*

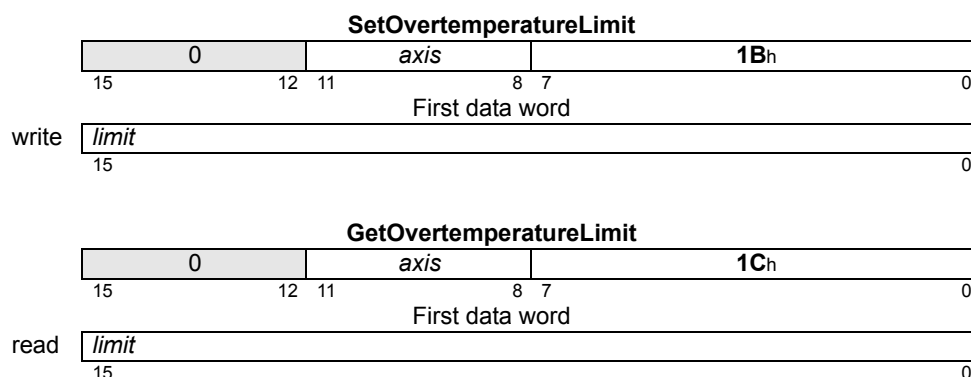
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding		
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0		
	<i>Axis2</i>	1		
	<i>Axis3</i>	2		
	<i>Axis4</i>	3		
<i>limit</i>	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
	signed 16 bits	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	2^8	°C

Packet Structure



Description

SetOvertemperatureLimit sets the temperature threshold upon which an overtemperature condition will occur. For example, to set the overtemperature threshold at 60 degrees C, the value should be $60 \times 256 = 15360$. When the programmed threshold is exceeded, the Overtemperature Fault bit is set in the Event Status register, and the *axis* enters the overtemperature state.

GetOvertemperatureLimit gets the current overtemperature threshold setting.

This command is not used to set the temperature limit for MC58113. Use **SetDriveFaultParameter**.

Atlas

These commands are not used with Atlas.

Restrictions

Get/SetOvertemperatureLimit is only available in products equipped with temperature sensors.

If the *axis* has more than one temperature sensor, the temperature used to compare to the overtemperature threshold will be the highest value of all sensor readings.

The overtemperature threshold cannot be set to a value greater than the reset default setting.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetOvertemperatureLimit (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                       PMDint16 limit)
PMDresult PMDGetOvertemperatureLimit (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                       PMDint16* limit)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim limit as Short  
MagellanAxis.OvertemperatureLimit = limit  
limit = MagellanAxis.OvertemperatureLimit
```

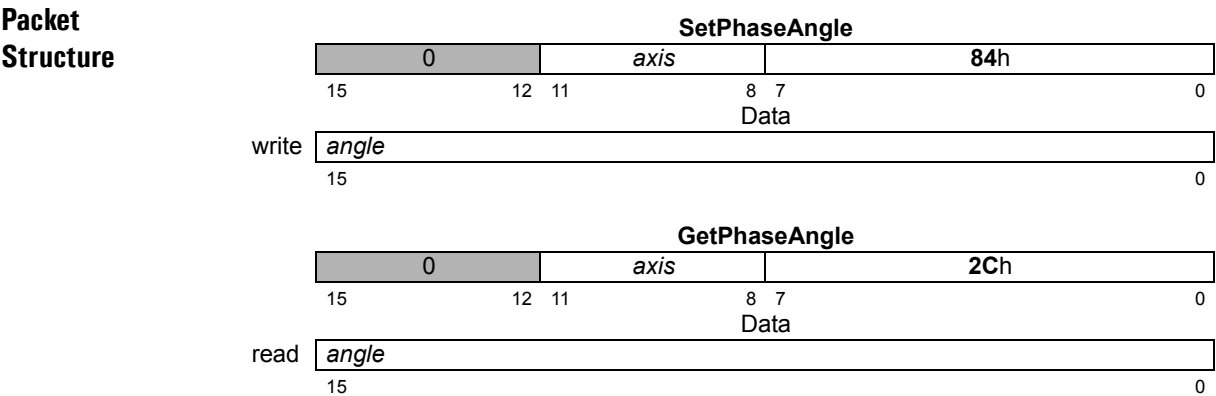
see

GetTemperature (p. 55), **GetEventStatus** (p. 43), **ResetEventStatus** (p. 75),
SetDriveFaultParameter (p. 117)

Syntax **SetPhaseAngle** *axis* *angle*
GetPhaseAngle *axis*

Motor Types	Brushless DC	Microstepping
-------------	--------------	---------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding		
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0		
		<i>Axis2</i>	1		
		<i>Axis3</i>	2		
		<i>Axis4</i>	3		
	<i>angle</i>	Type unsigned 16 bits	Range 0 to 2 ¹⁵ –1	Scaling unity	Units counts microsteps



Description **SetPhaseAngle** sets the instantaneous commutation angle for the specified *axis*. For brushless DC motors, the phase angle is specified in units of encoder counts. For microstepping motors, it is specified in units of microsteps. **GetPhaseAngle** returns the value of the phase angle. To convert counts to an actual phase angle, divide by the number of encoder counts per electrical cycle and multiply by 360.

For example, if a value of 500 is retrieved using **GetPhaseAngle** and the counts per electrical cycle value has been set to 2,000 (**SetPhaseCounts** command), this corresponds to an angle of $(500/2,000) \times 360 = 90$ degrees current phase angle position. **SetPhaseAngle** resets the phase offset previously set by **SetPhaseOffset**.

Restrictions The specified angle must not exceed the number set by the **SetPhaseCounts** command.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPhaseAngle(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16 angle)
PMDresult PMDGetPhaseAngle(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16* angle)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim angle as Short
MagellanAxis.PhaseAngle = angle
angle = MagellanAxis.PhaseAngle
```

see **Set/GetPhaseCounts** (p. 153)

Syntax

SetPhaseCorrectionMode *axis mode*
GetPhaseCorrectionMode *axis*

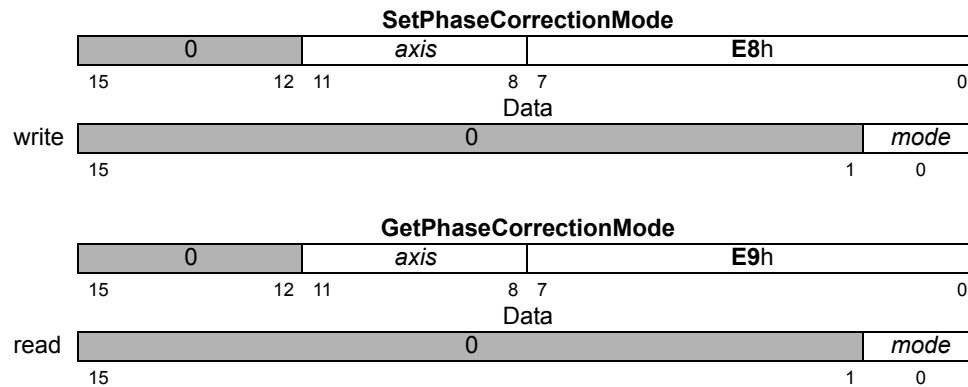
Motor Types

	Brushless DC		
--	--------------	--	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mode</i>	<i>Disable</i>	0
	<i>Index</i>	1
	<i>Hall</i>	2

Packet Structure



Description

SetPhaseCorrectionMode controls the method used for phase correction on the specified axis. Phase correction is optional, and may be disabled by using mode 0. In mode 1 (Index) the encoder *Index* signal is used to update the commutation phase angle once per mechanical revolution. In mode 2 (Hall) a particular Hall sensor transition is used to update the commutation phase angle once every twelve electrical revolutions.

Phase correction ensures that the commutation angle will remain correct even if some encoder counts are lost due to electrical noise, or due to the number of encoder counts per electrical revolution not being an integer. Because Hall sensors normally have significant hysteresis index based correction is preferred if an index signal is available.

GetPhaseCorrectionMode returns the phase correction mode.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPhaseCorrectionMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetPhaseCorrectionMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                    PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanAxis.PhaseCorrectionMode = mode
mode = MagellanAxis.PhaseCorrectionMode
```

see

GetPhaseCommand (p. 50), **InitializePhase** (p. 62), **Set/GetPhaseCounts** (p. 153)

Syntax

SetPhaseCounts *axis counts*
GetPhaseCounts *axis*

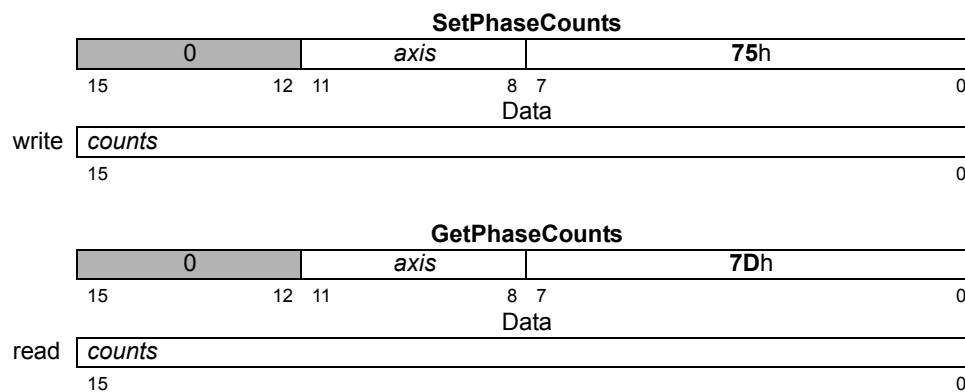
Motor Types

	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
--	---------------------	----------------------	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding		
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0		
	<i>Axis2</i>	1		
	<i>Axis3</i>	2		
	<i>Axis4</i>	3		
	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>counts</i>	unsigned 16 bits	1 to $2^{15}-1$	unity	counts microsteps

Packet Structure



Description

For axes configured for brushless DC motor types, **SetPhaseCounts** sets the number of encoder counts per electrical cycle of the motor. The number of electrical cycles is equal to 1/2 the number of motor poles. If this value is not an integer, then the closest integer value should be used, and phase correction mode should be enabled. See **SetPhaseCorrectionMode** (p. 152).

For axes configured for microstepping motor types, the number of microsteps per full step is set using the **SetPhaseCounts** command. The parameter used for this command represents the number of microsteps per electrical cycle (4 times the desired number of microsteps). For example, to set 64 microsteps per full step, the **SetPhaseCounts 256** command should be used. The maximum number of microsteps that can be generated per full step is 256, giving a maximum parameter value of 1024.

GetPhaseCounts returns the number of counts or microsteps per electrical cycle.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPhaseCounts(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 counts)
PMDresult PMDGetPhaseCounts(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16* counts)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim counts as Short
MagellanAxis.PhaseCounts = counts
counts = MagellanAxis.PhaseCounts
```

see

Set/GetPhaseAngle ([p. 151](#))

Syntax

SetPhaseInitializeMode *axis mode*
GetPhaseInitializeMode *axis*

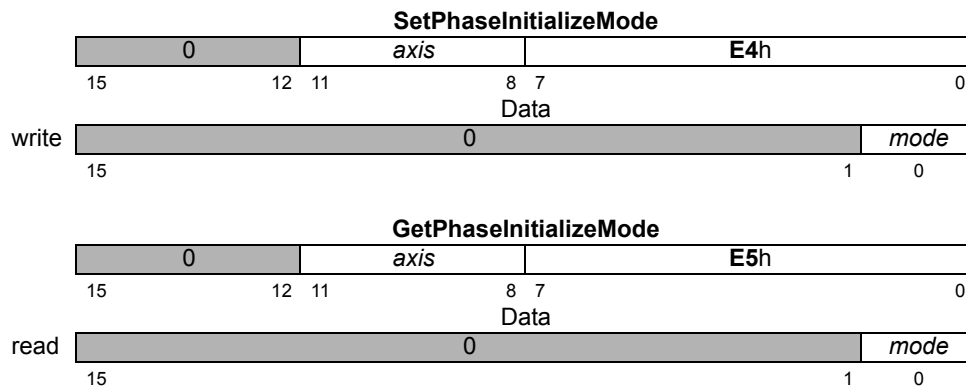
Motor Types

	Brushless DC		
--	--------------	--	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mode</i>	<i>Algorithmic</i>	0
	<i>Hall-based</i>	1

Packet Structure



Description

SetPhaseInitializeMode establishes the mode in which the specified *axis* is to be initialized for commutation. The options are *Algorithmic* and *Hall-based*. In algorithmic mode the motion control IC briefly stimulates the motor windings and sets the initial phasing based on the observed motor response. In Hall-based initialization mode, the three Hall sensor signals are used to determine the motor phasing.

GetPhaseInitializeMode returns the value of the initialization mode.

Restrictions

Algorithmic mode should only be selected if it is known that the axis is free to move in both directions, and that a brief uncontrolled move can be tolerated by the motor, mechanism, and load.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPhaseInitializeMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetPhaseInitializeMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanAxis.PhaseInitializeMode = mode
mode = MagellanAxis.PhaseInitializeMode
```

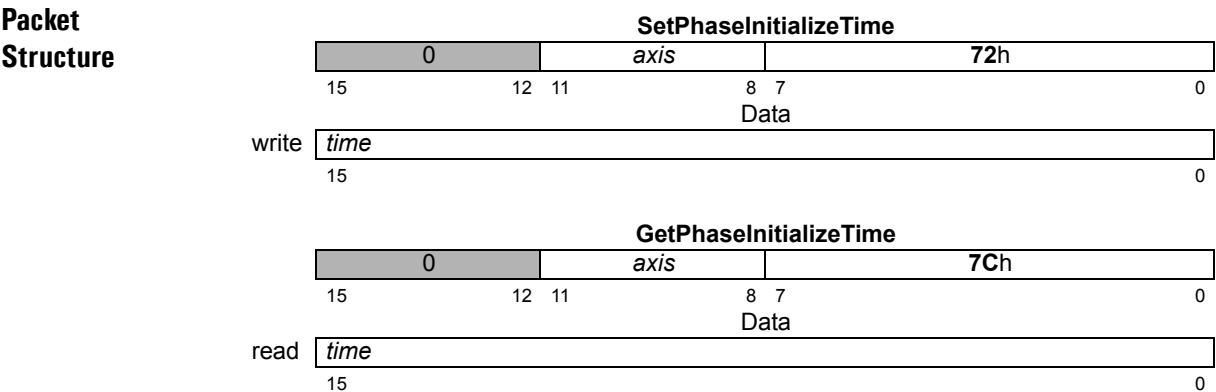
see

[InitializePhase](#) (p. 62), [Set/GetPhaseInitializeTime](#) (p. 155)

Syntax **SetPhaseInitializeTime** *axis time*
GetPhaseInitializeTime *axis*

Motor Types		Brushless DC		
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Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding			
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
		<i>Axis2</i>	1			
		<i>Axis3</i>	2			
		<i>Axis4</i>	3			
	<i>time</i>	Type unsigned 16 bits	Range 0 to 2 ¹⁵ –1	Scaling unity	Units cycles	



Description **SetPhaseInitializeTime** sets the time value (in cycles) to be used during the algorithmic phase initialization procedure. This value determines the duration of each of the four segments in the phase initialization algorithm.

GetPhaseInitializeTime returns the value of the phase initialization time.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPhaseInitializeTime(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 time)
PMDresult PMDGetPhaseInitializeTime(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16* time)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim time as Short
MagellanAxis.PhaseInitializeTime = time
time = MagellanAxis.PhaseInitializeTime
```

see **InitializePhase** (p. 62), **Set/GetPhaseInitializeMode** (p. 154)

Syntax

SetPhaseOffset *axis* *offset*
GetPhaseOffset *axis*

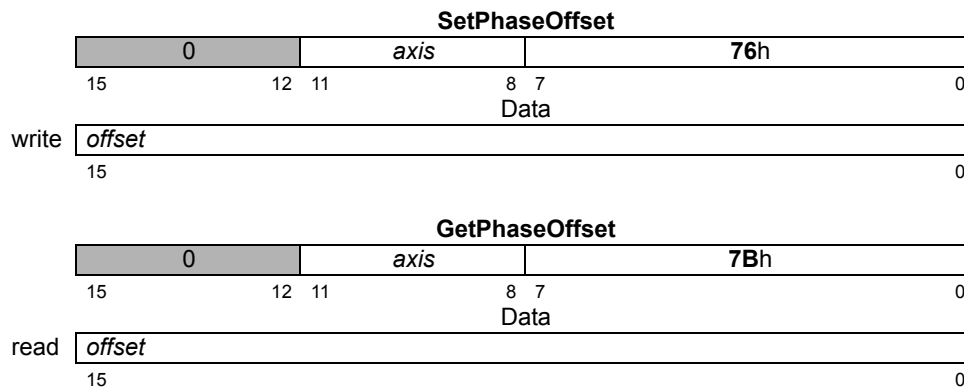
Motor Types

	Brushless DC		
--	--------------	--	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
<i>offset</i>	Type unsigned 16 bits	Range 0 to 2 ¹⁵ –1	Scaling unity	Units counts	

Packet Structure



Description

SetPhaseOffset sets the offset from the index mark of the specified *axis* to the internal zero phase angle. This command will have no immediate effect on the commutation angle but will have an effect once the index pulse is encountered. The settable range of phase offset is 0 to 32,767.

GetPhaseOffset returns the value of the phase offset.

To convert counts to a phase angle in degrees, divide by the number of encoder counts per electrical cycle and multiply by 360. For example, if a value of 500 is specified using **SetPhaseOffset** and the counts per electrical cycle value has been set to 2,000 (**SetPhaseCounts** command) this corresponds to an angle of $(500/2,000) \times 360 = 90$ degrees phase angle at the index mark.

Restrictions

Before the first index capture has occurred, **GetPhaseOffset** will return –1.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPhaseOffset(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDint16 offset)
PMDresult PMDGetPhaseOffset(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDint16* offset)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim offset as Short
MagellanAxis.PhaseOffset = offset
offset = MagellanAxis.PhaseOffset
```

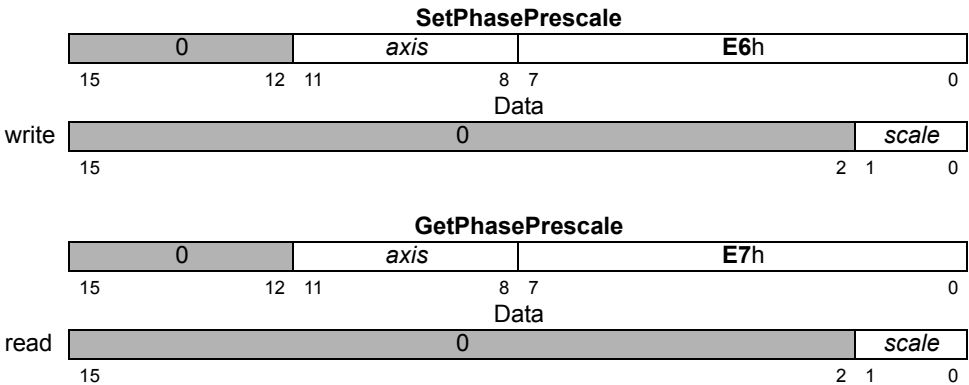
see

Syntax **SetPhasePrescale** *axis* *scale*
GetPhasePrescale *axis*

Motor Types	
	Brushless DC

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>scale</i>	<i>Off</i>	0
		<i>1/64</i>	1
		<i>1/128</i>	2
		<i>1/256</i>	3

Packet Structure



Description

SetPhasePrescale controls scaling of the encoder counts before they are used to calculate a commutation angle for the specified *axis*. When operated in the pre-scale mode, the motion control IC can commute motors with a high number of counts per electrical cycle, such as motors with very high accuracy encoders.

SetPhasePrescale Off removes the scale factor.

GetPhasePrescale returns the value of the scaling mode.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPhasePrescale(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 scale);
PMDresult PMDGetPhasePrescale(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16* scale)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim scale as Short
MagellanAxis.PhasePrescale = scale
scale = MagellanAxis.PhasePrescale
```

see

Syntax

SetPosition *axis position*
GetPosition *axis*

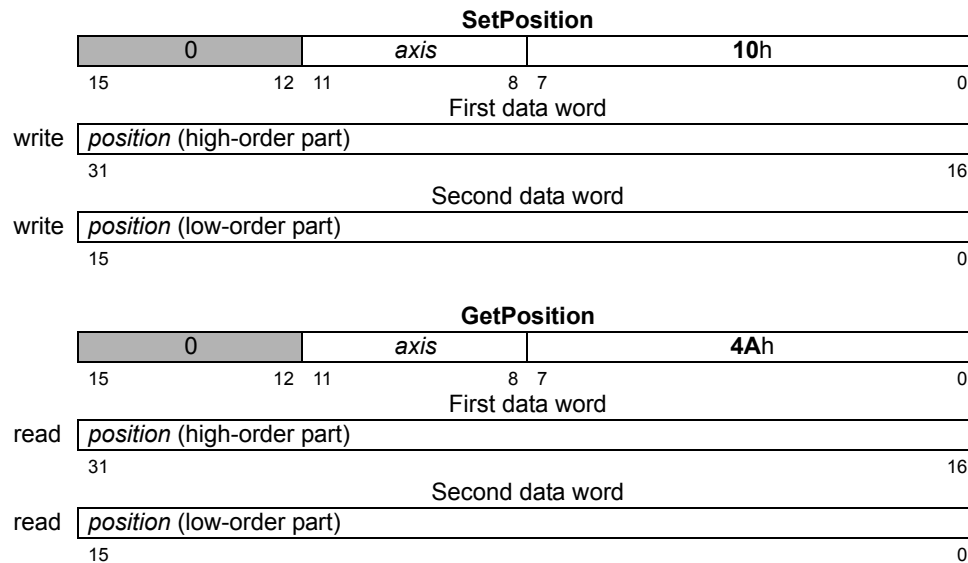
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
<i>position</i>	Type	Range	Scaling	Units	
	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	unity	counts microsteps	

Packet Structure



Description

SetPosition specifies the trajectory destination of the specified *axis*. It is used in the Trapezoidal and S-curve profile modes.

GetPosition reads the contents of the buffered position register.

Restrictions

SetPosition is a buffered command. The value set using this command will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command, with the Trajectory Update bit set in the update mask.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPosition(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                          PMDint32 position);
PMDresult PMDGetPosition(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                          PMDint32* position)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim position as Long
MagellanAxis.Position = position
position = MagellanAxis.Position
```

see

Set/GetAcceleration (p. 78), **Set/GetDeceleration** (p. 113), **Set/GetJerk** (p. 138), **Set/GetVelocity** (p. 195), **MultiUpdate** (p. 63), **Update** (p. 197)

Syntax

SetPositionErrorLimit *axis limit*
GetPositionErrorLimit *axis*

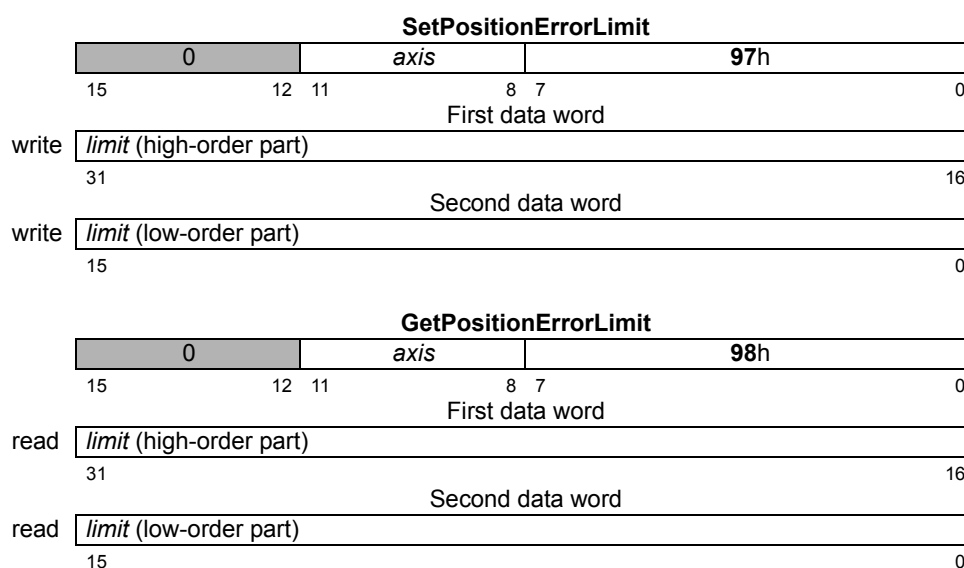
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i> <i>Axis2</i> <i>Axis3</i> <i>Axis4</i>	0 1 2 3				
<i>limit</i>			unsigned 32 bits	0 to 2 ³¹ –1	unity	counts microsteps

Packet Structure



Description

SetPositionErrorLimit sets the absolute value of the maximum position error allowable by the motion control IC for the specified *axis*. If the position error exceeds this *limit*, a motion error occurs. Such a motion error can cause a choice of actions, or no action, configurable using the **SetEventAction** (Motion Error) command.

When the motor type is microstepping or pulse & direction, this value is set in microsteps or steps, respectively.

GetPositionErrorLimit returns the value of the position error limit.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPositionErrorLimit(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint32 limit)
PMDresult PMDGetPositionErrorLimit(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                    PMDuint32* limit)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim limit as Long
MagellanAxis.PositionErrorLimit = limit
limit = MagellanAxis.PositionErrorLimit
```

see

GetPositionError (p. 51), **GetActualPosition** (p. 82), **Set/GetPosition** (p. 158),
Set/GetEventAction (p. 125)

Syntax **SetPositionLoop** *axis* *parameter* *value*
GetPositionLoop *axis* *parameter*

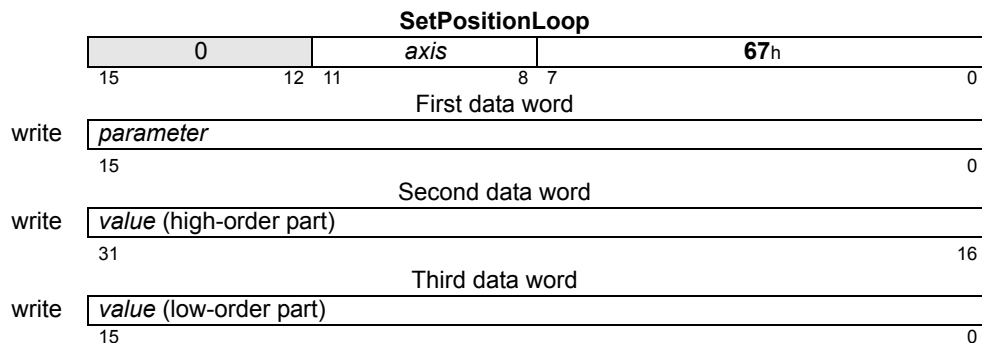
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC		
----------	--------------	--	--

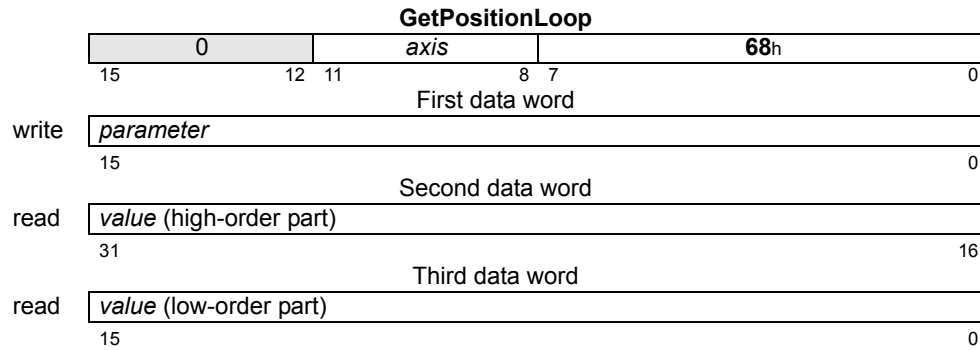
Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>parameter</i>	<i>PID Proportional Gain (Kp)</i>	0
	<i>PID Integrator Gain (Ki)</i>	1
	<i>PID Integrator Limit (Ilimit)</i>	2
	<i>PID Derivative Gain (Kd)</i>	3
	<i>PID Derivative Time</i>	4
	<i>PID Output Gain (Kout)</i>	5
	<i>Velocity Feedforward Gain (Kvff)</i>	6
	<i>Acceleration Feedforward Gain (Kaff)</i>	7
	<i>Biquad1, Enable Filter</i>	8
	<i>Biquad1, CoefficientB0</i>	9
	<i>Biquad1, CoefficientB1</i>	10
	<i>Biquad1, CoefficientB2</i>	11
	<i>Biquad1, CoefficientA1</i>	12
	<i>Biquad1, CoefficientA2</i>	13
	<i>Biquad1, CoefficientK</i>	14
	<i>Biquad2, Enable filter</i>	15
	<i>Biquad2, CoefficientB0</i>	16
	<i>Biquad2, CoefficientB1</i>	17
	<i>Biquad2, CoefficientB2</i>	18
	<i>Biquad2, CoefficientA1</i>	19
	<i>Biquad2, CoefficientA2</i>	20
	<i>Biquad2, CoefficientK</i>	21
<i>value</i>	Type	Range/Scaling
	signed 32 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Packet Structure (cont.)



Description

Set/GetPositionLoop is used to configure the operating parameters of the PID position loop. See the product user's guide for more information on how each *parameter* is used in the position loop processing. Though these commands always use 32-bit data, the range and format vary depending on the *parameter*, as follows:

Parameter	Range	Scaling	Units
Velocity Feedforward Gain (Kvff)	0 to $2^{15}-1$	unity	gain/cycles
Acceleration Feedforward Gain (Kaff)	0 to $2^{15}-1$	unity	gain/cycles ²
PID Proportional Gain (Kp)	0 to $2^{15}-1$	unity	gain
PID Integrator Gain (Ki)	0 to $2^{15}-1$	1/256	gain/cycles
PID Derivative Gain (Kd)	0 to $2^{15}-1$	unity	gain*cycles
PID Integrator Limit (Ilimit)	0 to $2^{31}-1$	unity	count*cycles
PID Derivative Time	1 to $2^{15}-1$	unity	cycles
PID Output Gain (Kout)	0 to $2^{16}-1$	100/2 ¹⁶	% output
Biquad1, Enable Filter	0 to 1	0=disable, 1=enable	
Biquad1, CoefficientB0	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad1, CoefficientB1	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad1, CoefficientB2	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad1, CoefficientA1	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad1, CoefficientA2	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad1, CoefficientK	0 to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad2, Enable Filter	0 to 1	0=disable, 1=enable	
Biquad2, CoefficientB0	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad2, CoefficientB1	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad2, CoefficientB2	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad2, CoefficientA1	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad2, CoefficientA2	-2^{15} to $2^{15}-1$	unity	
Biquad2, CoefficientK	0 to $2^{15}-1$	unity	

Many of these parameters are self-descriptive. However, below are some additional comments on the use of specific parameters.

- **PID Derivative Time** has units of cycles. This is the sample time of the *axis*, as configured by **SetSampleTime**. For example, if set to 10, the derivative term will be computed every 10 cycles of the axis position loop. **PID Integrator Limit** has units of count*cycles, and scaling of unity. This matches the units and scaling of the position loop integrator sum. For example, a constant position error of 100 counts which is present for 256 cycles will result in an integrator sum of $100 \times 256 = 25,600$.
- **PID Integrator Gain** has scaling of $1/256$. Thus, a setting of 256 corresponds to “unity” integrator gain. From the above example, this would make the integrator sum of 25,600 create a contribution to the PID output of 25,600.
- **PID Output Gain** is a scaling factor applied to the output of the digital servo filter, with units of % output. Its default value is 65,535, or approximately 100% output. To set the scaling to, for example, 50% of output, **PID Output Gain** would be set to 32,767.
- The biquad coefficients configure the two biquad output filters. If both filters are enabled, their outputs are chained (filter1 followed by filter2). If filter1 is disabled for an axis, filter2 is also disabled for that axis, regardless of user setting of **Biquad2 Enable Filter**. The signed coefficients and unsigned scalar K combine to implement the following equation, for each filter:

$$Y_n = K \times (B_0 \times X_n + B_1 \times X_{n-1} + B_2 \times X_{n-2} + A_1 \times Y_{n-1} + A_2 \times Y_{n-2})$$

Where Y_n is the filter output at cycle n, and X_n is the filter input at cycle n.

Restrictions

Set/GetPositionLoop are buffered commands. All parameters set are buffered, and will not take effect until an update is done on the position loop (through **Update** command, **MultiUpdate** command, or update action on breakpoint). The values read by **GetPositionLoop** are the buffered settings.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPositionLoop(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDuint16 parameter,
                              PMDint32 value)
PMDresult PMDGetPositionLoop(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDuint16 parameter,
                              PMDint32* value)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.PositionLoopSet( [in] parameter, [in] value )
MagellanAxis.PositionLoopGet( [in] parameter, [out] value )
```

see

Update (p. 197), **Set/GetUpdateMask** (p. 193), **MultiUpdate** (p. 63), **Set/GetBreakpointUpdateMask** (p. 92), **GetPositionLoopValue** (p. 52)

Syntax **SetProfileMode** *axis mode*
GetProfileMode *axis*

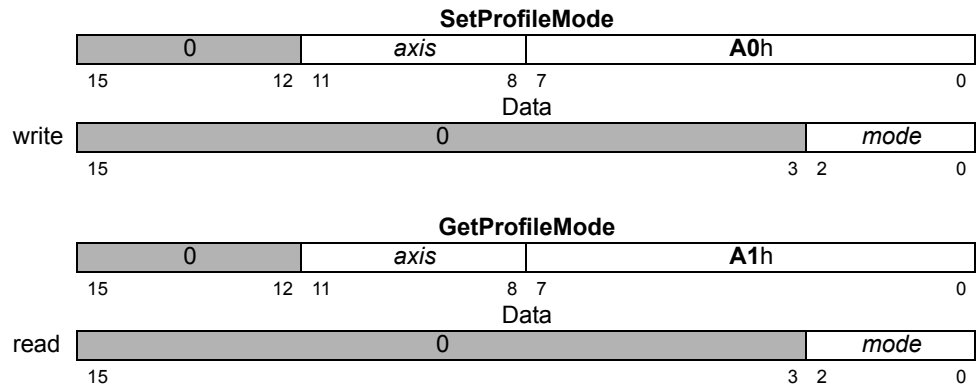
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mode</i>	<i>Trapezoidal</i>	0
	<i>Velocity Contouring</i>	1
	<i>S-curve</i>	2
	<i>Electronic Gear</i>	3

Packet Structure



Description

SetProfileMode sets the profile mode for the specified *axis*.

GetProfileMode returns the contents of the profile-mode register for the specified *axis*.

Restrictions

SetProfileMode is a buffered command. The value set using this command will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command, with the Trajectory Update bit set in the update mask.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetProfileMode (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetProfileMode (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanAxis.ProfileMode = mode
mode = MagellanAxis.ProfileMode
```

see

MultiUpdate (p. 63), **Update** (p. 197)

Syntax

SetPWMFrequency *axis frequency*
GetPWMFrequency *axis*

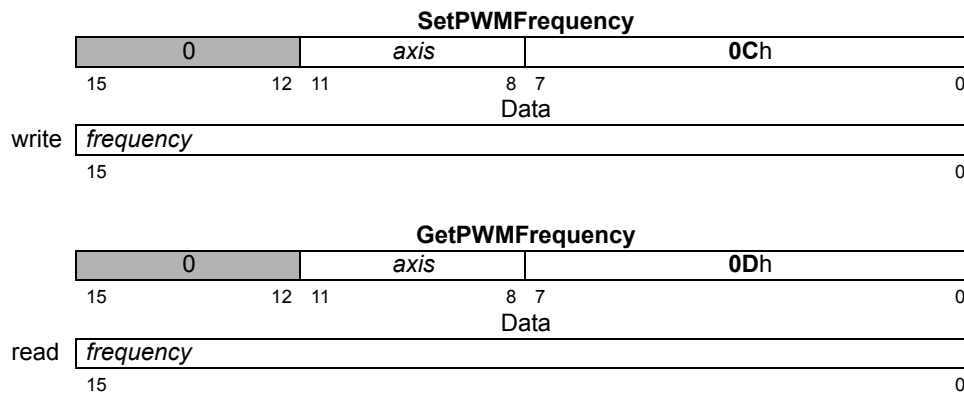
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
----------	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
<i>frequency</i>	Type unsigned 16 bits	Range 0 to $2^{16}-1$	Scaling $1/2^8$	Units kHz	

Packet Structure



Description

SetPWMFrequency sets the PWM output frequency (in kHz) for the specified *axis*. To select one of the supported frequencies, pass the value listed in the SetPWMFrequency Value column as the *frequency* argument to this command.

Approximate Frequency	PWM bit Resolution	Actual Frequency	SetPWMFrequency Value
20 kHz	10	19.531 kHz	5,000
40 kHz	9	39.062 kHz	10,000
80 kHz	8	78.124 kHz	20,000

Atlas

These commands are relayed to an attached Atlas amplifier. Atlas supports 20 kHz, 40 kHz, and 80 kHz PWM frequencies.

Restrictions

Only 20 kHz and 80 kHz are currently supported by the Magellan motion control IC. Only 20 kHz and 40 kHz are supported in the ION products.

The PWM frequency can be changed only when motor output is disabled (e.g., immediately after power-up or reset).

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetPWMFrequency(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                               PMDuint16 frequency)
PMDresult PMDGetPWMFrequency(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDuint16* frequency)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim frequency as Short  
MagellanAxis.PWMFrequency = frequency  
frequency = MagellanAxis.PWMFrequency
```

see

SetOutputMode ([p. 148](#))

Syntax

SetSampleTime *time*
GetSampleTime

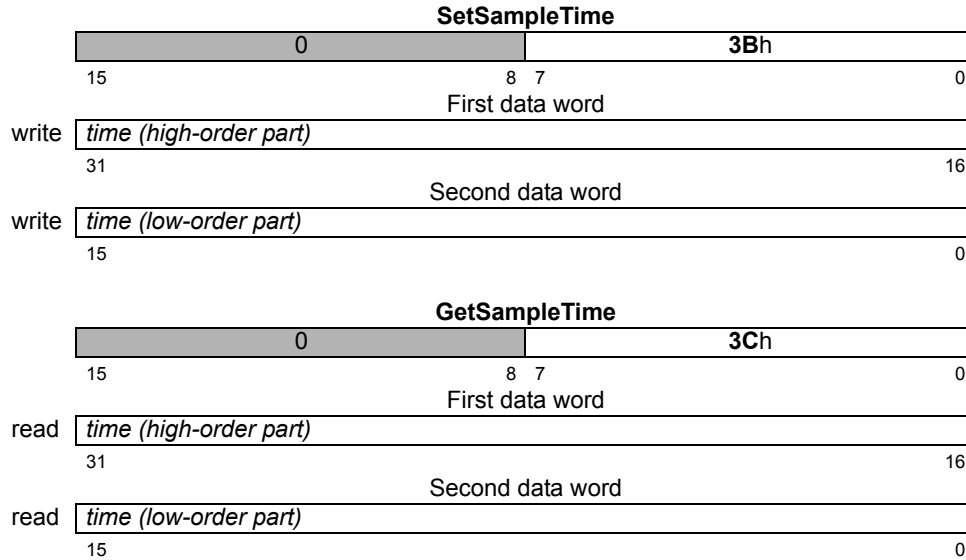
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Type	Range	Units
<i>time</i>	unsigned 32 bits	51 to 2 ²⁰	microseconds

Packet Structure



Description

SetSampleTime sets the time basis for the motion control IC. This time basis determines the trajectory update rate for all motor types as well as the servo loop calculation rate for DC brush and brushless DC motors. It does not, however, determine the commutation rate of the brushless DC motor types, nor the PWM or current loop rates for any motor type.

The **time** value is expressed in microseconds. The motion control IC hardware can adjust the cycle time only in increments of 51.2 microseconds; the **time** value passed to this command will be rounded up to the nearest increment of this base value.

Minimum cycle time depends on the product and number of enabled axes as follows:

# Enabled Axes	Minimum Cycle Time	Cycle Time w/ Trace Capture	Time per Axis	Maximum Cycle Frequency
1 (ION)	102.4 μ s	102.4 μ s	102.4 μ s	9.76 kHz
1 (Magellan Single-axis)	51.2 μ s	102.4 μ s	51.2 μ s	19.53 kHz (9.76 w/ trace capture)
1 (Magellan Multi-axis)	102.4 μ s	102.4 μ s	102.4 μ s	9.76 kHz
2 (Magellan)	153.6 μ s	153.6 μ s	76.8 μ s	6.51 kHz
3 (Magellan)	204.8 μ s	204.8 μ s	68.3 μ s	4.88 kHz
4 (Magellan)	256 μ s	256 μ s	64 μ s	3.91 kHz

Description (cont.)	Using the trace feature on single axis Magellan products with the sample time set to 51.2 μs will result in unexpected behavior. GetSampleTime returns the value of the sample time.
Restrictions	This command affects the cycle time for all axes on multi-axis configurations. This command cannot be used to set a sample time lower than the required minimum cycle time for the current configuration. Attempting to do so will set the sample time to the required minimum cycle time as specified in the previous table.
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDSetSampleTime(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint32 time) PMDresult PMDGetSampleTime(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint32* time)</pre>
VB-Motion API	<pre>Dim time as Long MagellanAxis.SampleTime = time time = MagellanAxis.SampleTime</pre>
see	

Syntax

SetSerialPortMode *mode*
GetSerialPortMode

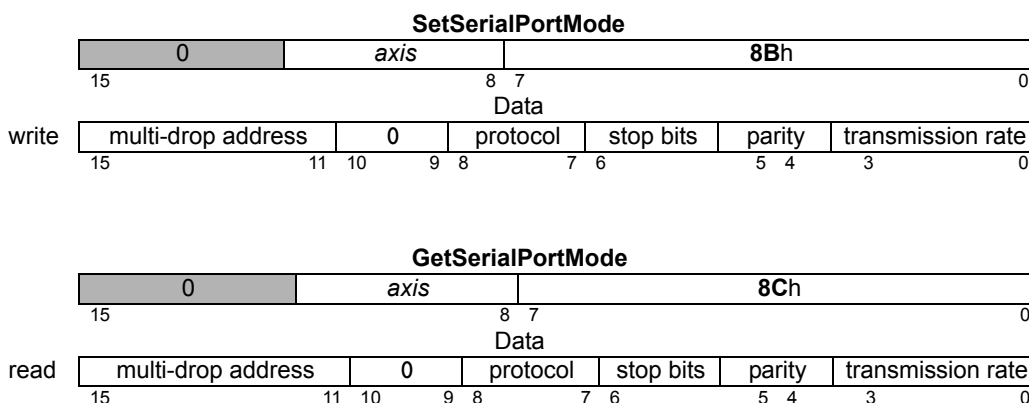
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Type	Encoding
<i>mode</i>	unsigned 16 bits	see below

Packet Structure



Description

SetSerialPortMode sets the configuration for the asynchronous serial port. It configures the timing and framing of the serial port on the unit, regardless of whether RS-232 or RS-485 voltage levels are being used. The response to this command will use the serial port settings in effect before the command is executed, for example, transmission rate and parity. The new serial port settings must be used for the next command.

GetSerialPortMode returns the configuration for the asynchronous serial port, regardless of whether RS-232 or RS-485 voltage levels are being used.

The following table shows the encoding of the data used by this command.

Bit Number	Name	Instance	Encoding
0-3	Transmission Rate	1200 baud	0
		2400 baud	1
		9600 baud	2
		19200 baud	3
		57600 baud	4
		115200 baud	5
		230400 baud	6
		460800 baud	7
4-5	Parity	none	0
		odd	1
		even	2
6	Stop Bits	1	0
		2	1
7-8	Protocol	Point-to-point	0
		Multi-drop using idle-line detection	1
		— (Reserved)	2
		— (Reserved)	3
11-15	Multi-Drop Address	Address 0	0
		Address 1	1
		...	...
		Address 31	31

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetSerialPortMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint8 baud,
                                PMDuint8 parity,
                                PMDuint8 stopBits,
                                PMDuint8 protocol,
                                PMDuint8 multiDropID)
PMDresult PMDGetSerialPortMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint8* baud,
                                PMDuint8* parity,
                                PMDuint8* stopBits,
                                PMDuint8* protocol,
                                PMDuint8* multiDropID)
```

VB-Motion API

```
CommunicationSerial.SerialPortModeSet( [in] baud,
                                           [in] parity,
                                           [in] stopBits,
                                           [in] protocol,
                                           [in] multidropID )
```

see

Syntax

SetSettleTime *axis time*
GetSettleTime *axis*

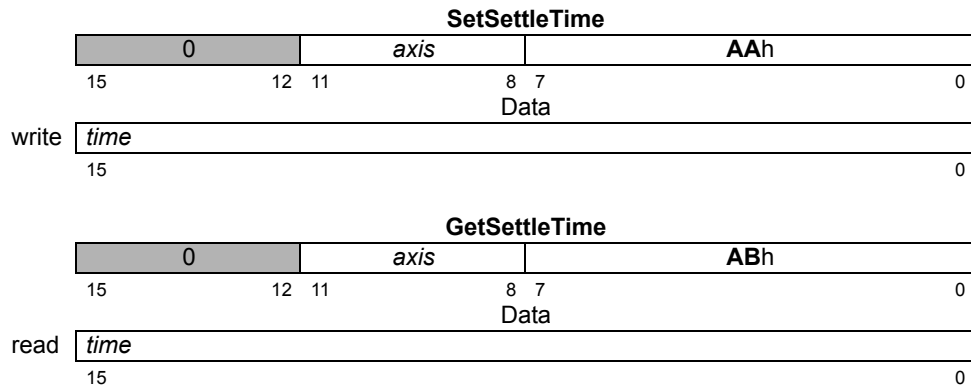
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
<i>time</i>	Type unsigned 16 bits	Range 0 to 2 ¹⁶ –1	Scaling unity	Units cycles	

Packet Structure



Description

SetSettleTime sets the time, in number of cycles, that the specified *axis* must remain within the settle window before the Axis Settled indicator in the Activity Status register is set.

GetSettleTime returns the value of the settle time for the specified *axis*.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetSettleTime(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                           PMDuint16 time)
PMDresult PMDGetSettleTime(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                           PMDuint16* time)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim time as Short
MagellanAxis.SettleTime = time
time = MagellanAxis.SettleTime
```

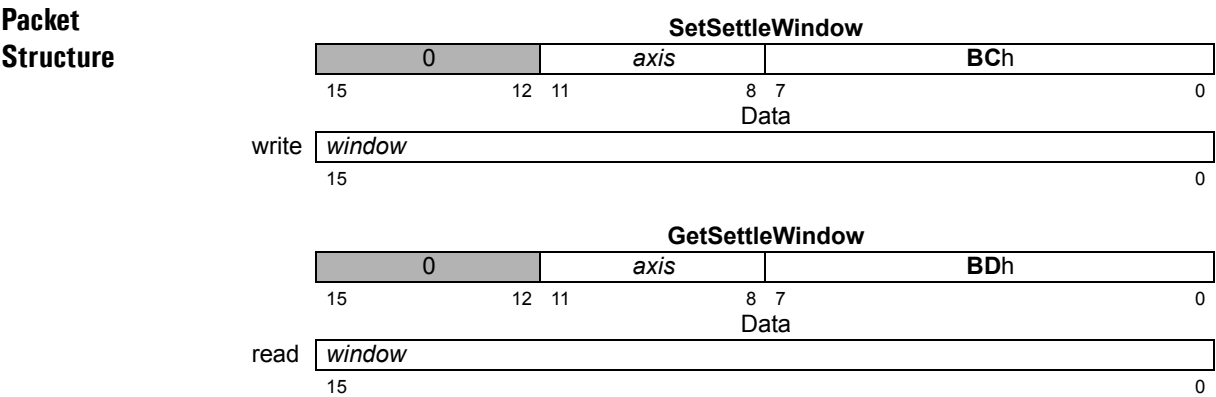
see

Set/GetMotionCompleteMode (p. 139), **Set/GetSettleWindow** (p. 171),
GetActivityStatus (p. 28)

Syntax **SetSettleWindow** *axis* *window*
GetSettleWindow *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding		
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0		
		<i>Axis2</i>	1		
		<i>Axis3</i>	2		
		<i>Axis4</i>	3		
	<i>window</i>	Type unsigned 16 bits	Range 0 to 2 ¹⁶ –1	Scaling unity	Units counts



Description **SetSettleWindow** sets the position range within which the specified *axis* must remain for the duration specified by **SetSettleTime** before the Axis Settled indicator in the Activity Status register is set.

GetSettleWindow returns the value of the settle window.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetSettleWindow (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                               PMDuint16 window)
PMDresult PMDGetSettleWindow (PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                               PMDuint16* window)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim window as Short
MagellanAxis.SettleWindow = window
window = MagellanAxis.SettleWindow
```

see **Set/GetMotionCompleteMode** (p. 139), **Set/GetSettleTime** (p. 170), **GetActivityStatus** (p. 28)

Syntax

SetSignalSense *axis* *sense*
GetSignalSense *axis*

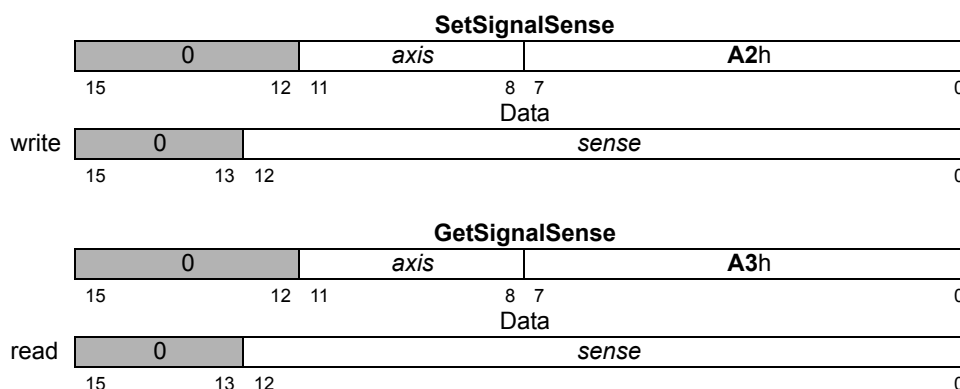
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding	
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0	
	<i>Axis2</i>	1	
	<i>Axis3</i>	2	
	<i>Axis4</i>	3	
<i>sense</i>	Indicator	Encoding	Bit Number
	<i>EncoderA</i>	0001h	0
	<i>EncoderB</i>	0002h	1
	<i>Encoder Index</i>	0004h	2
	<i>Capture Input</i>	0008h	3
	<i>Positive Limit</i>	0010h	4
	<i>Negative Limit</i>	0020h	5
	<i>AxisIn</i>	0040h	6
	<i>HallA</i>	0080h	7
	<i>HallB</i>	0100h	8
	<i>HallC</i>	0200h	9
	<i>AxisOut</i>	0400h	10
	<i>Step Output/SPI Enable</i>	0800h	11
	<i>Motor Direction</i>	1000h	12
	— (Reserved)		13–15

Packet Structure



Description

SetSignalSense establishes the sense of the corresponding bits of the Signal Status register, with the addition of *Step Output* and *Motor Direction*, for the specified *axis*.

For *Encoder Index*, if the sense bit is 1, an index will be recognized for use in index-based phase correction if the index is high.

For the *Capture Input*, if the sense bit is 1, a capture will occur on a low-to-high signal transition. Otherwise, a capture will occur on a high-to-low transition.

For *Positive Limit* and *Negative Limit*: if the sense bit is 1, an overtravel condition will occur if the signal is high. Otherwise, an overtravel condition will occur when the signal is low.

Description (cont.)

The AxisOut signal is inverted if the sense bit is set to one; otherwise it is not inverted.

When the Step Output/SPI Enable bit is set to 1, a step will be generated by the motion control IC with a low-to-high transition on the Pulse signal. Otherwise, a step will be generated by the motion control IC with a high-to-low transition on the Pulse signal.

For non-MC58113 motion control ICs, the same bit is used to control the sense of the *SPI Enable* signal, either in SPI DAC or in Atlas SPI output mode. When the bit is set the *Enable* signal will be held low when addressing the SPI output device, otherwise it will be held high. When driving an Atlas amplifier this bit must be set. Setting the Motor Direction bit has the effect of swapping the sense of positive and negative motor movement.

For MC58113, the signal sense for SPI Enabler is active low for Atlas and active high for SPI DAC.

GetSignalSense returns the value of the Signal Sense mask.

Atlas

No additional Atlas communication is performed for these commands. Atlas communication will fail if bit 11 is not properly set.

Restrictions

In ION products, FaultOut and /Enable exist in the Signal Status register, but their sense is not controllable.

In ION products, when the Capture Source is set to Encoder Index, only the Encoder Index bit of signal sense should be used to configure its polarity. The Capture Input bit of Signal Sense should always be cleared to zero (0) in this case.

Not all bits are implemented for all products. See the product user's guide.

For Atlas these signals are not included in the Magellan signal status register.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetSignalSense(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16 sense)
PMDresult PMDGetSignalSense(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16* sense)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim sense as Short
MagellanAxis.SignalSense = sense
sense = MagellanAxis.SignalSense
```

see

GetSignalStatus (p. 53)

Syntax

SetSPIMode *mode*
GetSPIMode

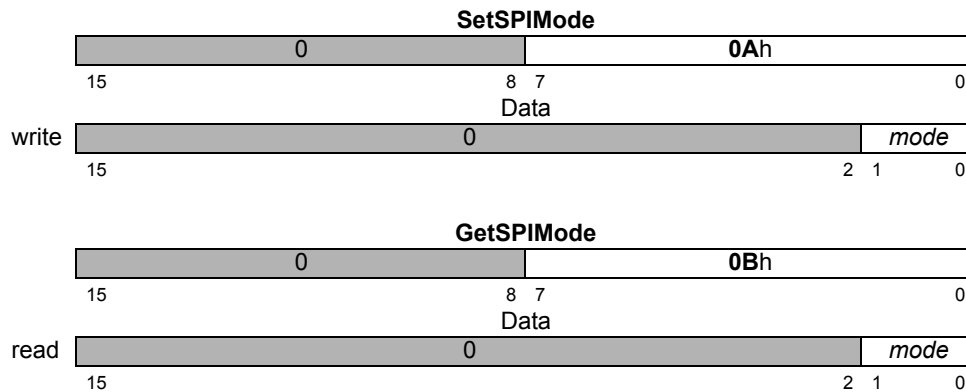
Motor Types

DC Brush			
----------	--	--	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>mode</i>	<i>RisingEdge</i>	0
	<i>RisingEdgeDelay</i>	1
	<i>FallingEdge</i>	2
	<i>FallingEdgeDelay</i>	3

Packet Structure



Description

SetSPIMode configures the communication settings for the motion control IC's SPI (Serial Peripheral Interface) DAC output port. Data is output as a series of 16-bit data words transmitted at 10 Mbps. The *mode* parameter controls the data clocking scheme as shown in the following table.

Mode	Encoding	Description
<i>RisingEdge</i>	0	Rising edge without phase delay: The SPIClock signal is inactive low. The SPIXmt pin transmits data on the rising edge of the SPIClock signal.
<i>RisingEdgeDelay</i>	1	Rising edge with phase delay: The SPIClock signal is inactive low. The SPIXmt pin transmits data one half-cycle ahead of the rising edge of the SPIClock signal.
<i>FallingEdge</i>	2	Falling edge without phase delay: The SPIClock signal is inactive high. The SPIXmt pin transmits data on the falling edge of the SPIClock signal.
<i>FallingEdgeDelay</i>	3	Falling edge with phase delay: The SPIClock signal is inactive high. The SPIXmt pin transmits data one half-cycle ahead of the falling edge of the SPIClock signal.

Atlas

No additional Atlas communication is performed for these commands. When using Atlas output the SPI mode must be zero.

Restrictions

SPI output is only available when the motor type is **DC brush**, and only in some products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetSPIMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetSPIMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanObject.SPIMode = mode
mode = MagellanObject.SPIMode
```

see

SetOutputMode (p. 148)

Syntax **SetStartVelocity** *axis* *velocity*
GetStartVelocity *axis*

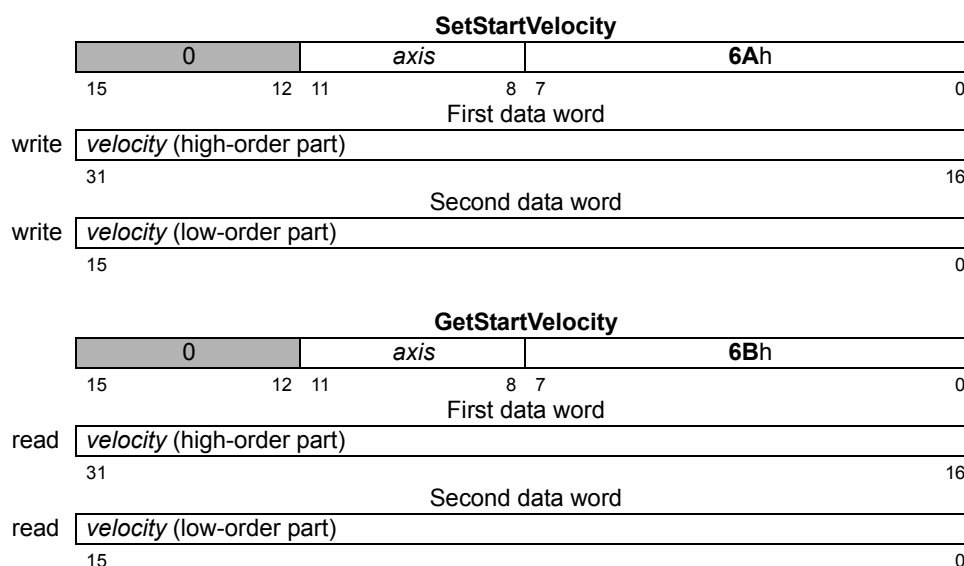
Motor Types

		Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
--	--	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding		
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0		
	<i>Axis2</i>	1		
	<i>Axis3</i>	2		
	<i>Axis4</i>	3		
<i>velocity</i>	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
	unsigned 32 bits	0 to 2 ³¹ –1	1/2 ¹⁶	steps/cycle microsteps/cycle

Packet Structure



Description

SetStartVelocity loads the starting velocity register for the specified *axis*. The start velocity is the instantaneous velocity at the start and at the end of the profile.

GetStartVelocity reads the value of the starting velocity register.

Scaling example: To load a starting velocity value of 1.750 steps/cycle multiply by 65,536 (giving 114,688) and load the resultant number as a 32-bit number, giving 0001 in the high word and C000h in the low word. Values returned by **GetStartVelocity** must correspondingly be divided by 65,536 to convert them to units of counts/cycle.

Restrictions

SetStartVelocity is only used in the Velocity Contouring and Trapezoidal profile modes.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetStartVelocity(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                               PMDuint32 velocity)
PMDresult PMDGetStartVelocity(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDuint32* velocity)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim velocity as Long
MagellanAxis.StartVelocity = velocity
velocity = MagellanAxis.StartVelocity
```

see

Set/GetVelocity (p. 195), **Set/GetAcceleration** (p. 78), **Set/GetDeceleration** (p. 113),
Set/GetPosition (p. 158)

Syntax

SetStepRange *axis range*
GetStepRange *axis*

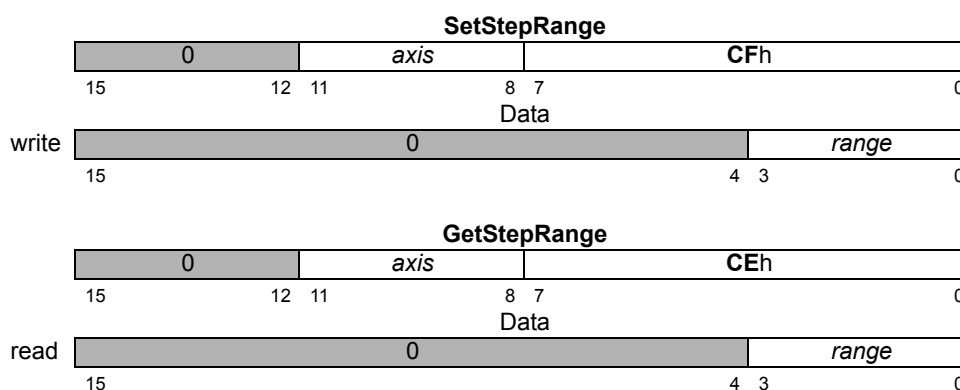
Motor Types

			Pulse & Direction
--	--	--	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>range</i>	<i>0–4.98 Msteps/sec</i>	1
	<i>0–622.5 ksteps/sec</i>	4
	<i>0–155.6 ksteps/sec</i>	6
	<i>0–38906 steps/sec</i>	8

Packet Structure



Description

SetStepRange sets the maximum pulse rate frequency for the specified *axis*. For example, if the desired maximum pulse rate is 200,000 pulses/second, the **SetStepRange 6** command should be issued.

GetStepRange returns the maximum pulse rate frequency for the specified *axis*.

Restrictions

The MC55110 and the MC58110 have a maximum step range of 100 Kstep/s, which cannot be changed. The MC58113 has a maximum step range of 1 Mstep/s which cannot be changed.

SetStepRange must be called before any moves are made, and must not be called after any moves have been made.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetStepRange(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                           PMDuint16 range)
PMDresult PMDGetStepRange(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                           PMDuint16* range)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim range as Short
MagellanAxis.StepRange = range
range = MagellanAxis.StepRange
```

see

Syntax **SetStopMode** *axis mode*
GetStopMode *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>mode</i>	<i>No Stop</i>	0
		<i>Abrupt Stop</i>	1
		<i>Smooth Stop</i>	2

Packet Structure



Description

SetStopMode stops the specified *axis*. The available stop modes are *Abrupt Stop*, which instantly (without any deceleration phase) stops the axis; *Smooth Stop*, which uses the programmed deceleration value and profile shape for the current profile mode to stop the axis; or *No Stop*, which is generally used to turn off a previously issued set stop command.

Note: After an **Update**, a buffered stop command (**SetStopMode** command) will reset to the *No Stop* condition. In other words, if the **SetStopMode** command is followed by an **Update** command and then by a **GetStopMode** command, the retrieved stop mode will be *No Stop*.

GetStopMode returns the value of the stop mode.

Restrictions

Smooth Stop mode is not available in the Electronic Gear profile mode.

SetStopMode is a buffered command. The value set using this command will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command, with the Trajectory Update bit set in the update mask.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetStopMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetStopMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanAxis.StopMode = mode
mode = MagellanAxis.StopMode
```

see **MultiUpdate** (p. 63), **Update** (p. 197)

Syntax

SetSynchronizationMode *mode*
GetSynchronizationMode

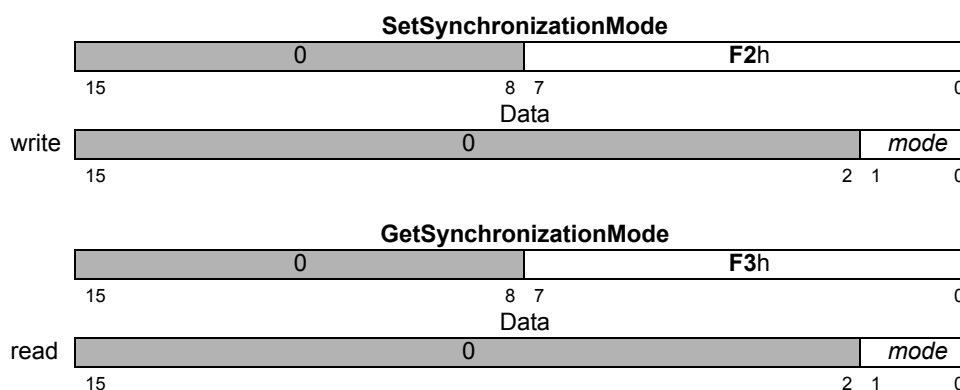
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	
----------	--------------	---------------	--

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>mode</i>	<i>Disabled</i>	0
	<i>Master</i>	1
	<i>Slave</i>	2

Packet Structure



Description

SetSynchronizationMode sets the mode of the pin used for the synchronization of the internal timer across multiple motion ICs. In the *Disabled* mode, the pin is configured as an input and is not used. In the *Master* mode, the pin outputs a synchronization pulse that can be used by slave nodes or other devices to synchronize with the internal chip cycle of the master node. In the *Slave* mode, the pin is configured as an input and a pulse on the pin synchronizes the internal chip cycle.

When the synchronization mode is set to either Master or Slave, the internal time counter will be set to zero. This feature is intended to allow synchronization of updates across processors by using time breakpoints.

GetSynchronizationMode returns the value of the synchronization mode.

Restrictions

If the motion control IC is configured as a slave, and any axis is configured for pulse & direction output, multi-chip synchronization cannot be used.

Multichip synchronization is not supported in all products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetSynchronizationMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16 mode)
PMDresult PMDGetSynchronizationMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                     PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short
MagellanObject.SynchronizationMode = mode
mode = MagellanObject.SynchronizationMode
```

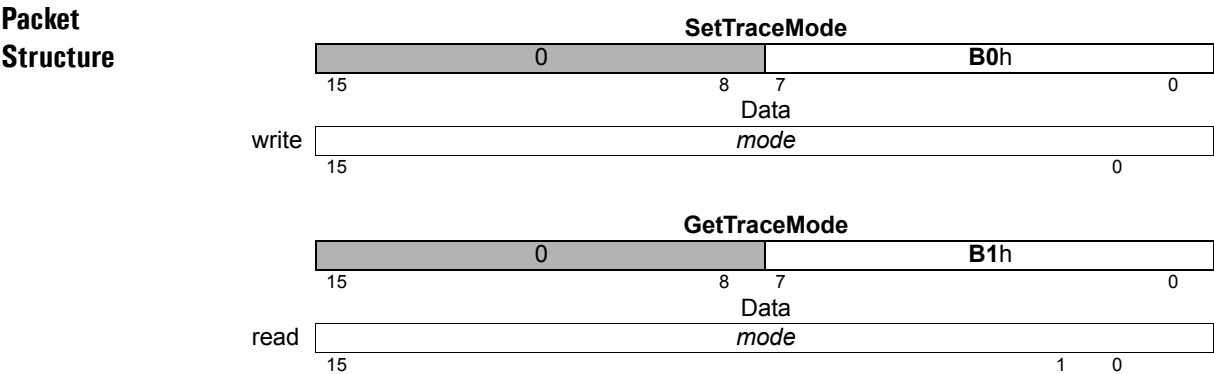
see

GetTime (p. 56), **SetBreakPoint** (p. 89)

Syntax **SetTraceMode** *mode*
GetTraceMode

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments **Name** **Instance** **Encoding**
mode *16-bit unsigned* see below



Description **SetTraceMode** sets the behavior for the next trace. Mode is a bitmask, as shown below:

Name	Bit
Wrap Mode	0
- (Reserved)	1-7
Trigger Mode	8
- (Reserved)	9-15

Wrap mode may be either One Time (zero), or Rolling Buffer (one). In One Time mode, the trace continues until the trace buffer is filled, then stops. In Rolling Buffer mode, the trace continues from the beginning of the trace buffer after the end is reached. When in rolling mode, values stored at the beginning of the trace buffer are lost if they are not read before being overwritten by the wrapped data.

Trigger mode may be either Internal (zero), or External (one). This mode is used to control tracing on attached Atlas amplifiers. In Internal trigger mode the trace bit in all Atlas torque commands will be set whenever Magellan trace is active. In this mode Atlas should be configured to use its own internal trace period to time trace samples. In External mode the trace bit in all Atlas torque commands will be set exactly once each time Magellan stores a trace sample, and clear at other times. In this mode Atlas should be configured to use its external trigger mode to synchronize sampling with Magellan.

GetTraceMode returns the value for the trace mode.

Atlas No additional Atlas communication is performed for these commands, but the Atlas trace mode, and other trace parameters may have to be set by addressing an Atlas amplifier directly. See *Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference* for more detail.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetTraceMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16 mode)  
PMDresult PMDGetTraceMode(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf, PMDuint16* mode)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim mode as Short  
MagellanObject.TraceMode = mode  
mode = MagellanObject.TraceMode
```

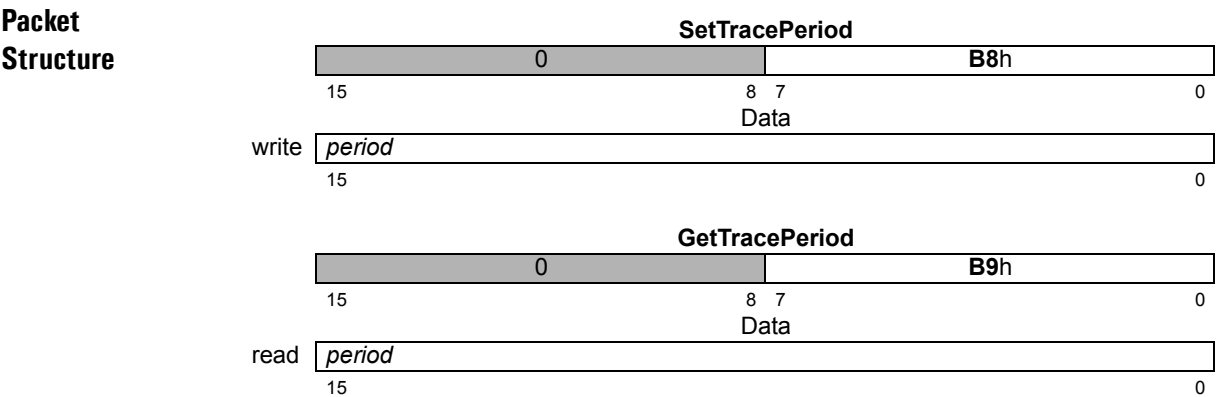
see

GetTraceStatus ([p. 58](#))

Syntax **SetTracePeriod** *period*
GetTracePeriod

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Type	Range	Scaling	Units
	<i>period</i>	unsigned 16 bits	1 to 2 ¹⁶ –1	unity	cycles



Description **SetTracePeriod** sets the interval between contiguous trace captures. For example, if the trace period is set to one, trace data will be captured at the end of every chip cycle. If the trace period is set to two, trace data will be captured at the end of every second chip cycle, and so on.

GetTracePeriod returns the value for the trace period.

Atlas No additional Atlas communication is performed for these commands, but Atlas trace parameters may have to be set by addressing an Atlas amplifier directly. Atlas trace may be synchronized to Magellan trace by using the "external trigger" trace mode, which is done using the trace bit in each Atlas torque command. See *Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference* for more detail.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetTracePeriod(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16 period);
PMDresult PMDGetTracePeriod(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDuint16* period)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim period as Short
MagellanObject.TracePeriod = period
period = MagellanObject.TracePeriod
```

see **Set/GetSampleTime** (p. 166), **Set/GetTraceStart** (p. 182), **Set/GetTraceStop** (p. 185)

Syntax **SetTraceStart** *triggerAxis condition triggerBit triggerState*
GetTraceStart

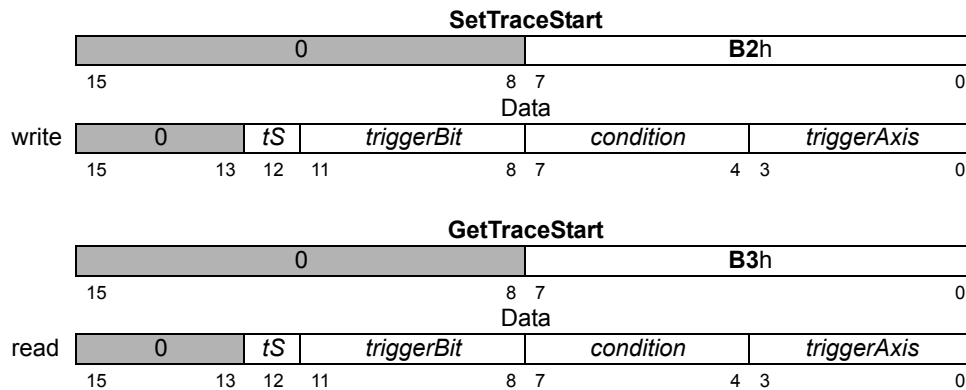
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>triggerAxis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>condition</i>	<i>Immediate</i>	0
	<i>Next Update</i>	1
	<i>Event Status</i>	2
	<i>Activity Status</i>	3
	<i>Signal Status</i>	4
	<i>Drive Status</i>	5
<i>triggerBit</i>	<i>Status Register Bit</i>	0 to 15
<i>triggerState (tS)</i>	<i>Triggering State of the Bit</i>	0 (value = 0)
		1 (value = 1)

Packet Structure



Description

SetTraceStart sets the condition for starting the trace. The *Immediate* condition requires no axis to be specified and the trace will begin upon execution of this instruction. The other four conditions require an axis to be specified, and when the condition for that axis is attained, the trace will begin.

When a status register bit is the trigger, the bit number and state must be included in the argument. The trace is started when the indicated bit reaches the specified state (0 or 1).

GetTraceStart returns the value of the trace-start trigger.

Once a trace has started, the trace-start trigger is reset to zero (0).

Description (cont.)

The following table shows the corresponding value for combinations of *triggerBit* and *register()*.

TriggerBit	Event Status Register	Activity Status Register	Signal Status Register	Drive Status Register
0	Motion Complete	Phasing Initialized	Encoder A	
1	Wrap-around	At Maximum Velocity	Encoder B	In Foldback
2	Breakpoint 1	Tracking	Encoder Index	Overtemperature
3	Position Capture		Capture Input	Shunt Active
4	Motion Error		Positive Limit	In Holding
5	Positive Limit		Negative Limit	Overvoltage
6	Negative Limit		AxisIn	Undervoltage
7	Instruction Error	Axis Settled	Hall Sensor A	Atlas Disabled
8	Disable	Motor mode	Hall Sensor B	
9	Overtemperature Fault	Position Capture	Hall Sensor C	
0Ah	Drive Exception	In Motion		
0Bh	Commutation Error	In Positive Limit		
0Ch	Current Foldback	In Negative Limit		Clipping
0Dh			/Enable Input	
0Eh	Breakpoint 2		FaultOut	
0Fh				Atlas not connected

Examples:

If it is desired that the trace begin on the next **Update** for axis 3, then a 2 is set for the axis number, a 1 is set for the condition, and bit number and state can be loaded with zeroes since they are not used. The actual data word sent to the motor processor in this case is 0012h.

If it is desired that the trace begin when bit 7 of the Activity Status register for axis 2 goes to 0, then the trace start is loaded as follows: A 1 is loaded for axis number, a 3 is loaded for condition, a 7 is loaded for bit number, and a 0 is loaded for state. The actual data word sent to the motor processor is 0731h.

Atlas

No additional Atlas communication is performed for these commands, but Atlas trace parameters may have to be set by addressing an Atlas amplifier directly. Magellan trace start is signaled to Atlas by using the trace bit in each Atlas torque command, See *Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference* for more detail.

Restrictions

Not all trace start conditions are available in all products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetTraceStart(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDAxis traceAxis,
                             PMDuint8 condition,
                             PMDuint8 triggerBit,
                             PMDuint8 triggerState)
PMDresult PMDGetTraceStart(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                             PMDAxis* traceAxis,
                             PMDuint8* condition,
                             PMDuint8* triggerBit,
                             PMDuint8* triggerState)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanObject.TraceStartSet( [in] triggerAxis,  
                               [in] condition,  
                               [in] triggerBit,  
                               [in] triggerState )  
  
MagellanObject.TraceStartGet( [out] triggerAxis,  
                              [out] condition,  
                              [out] triggerBit,  
                              [out] triggerState )
```

see

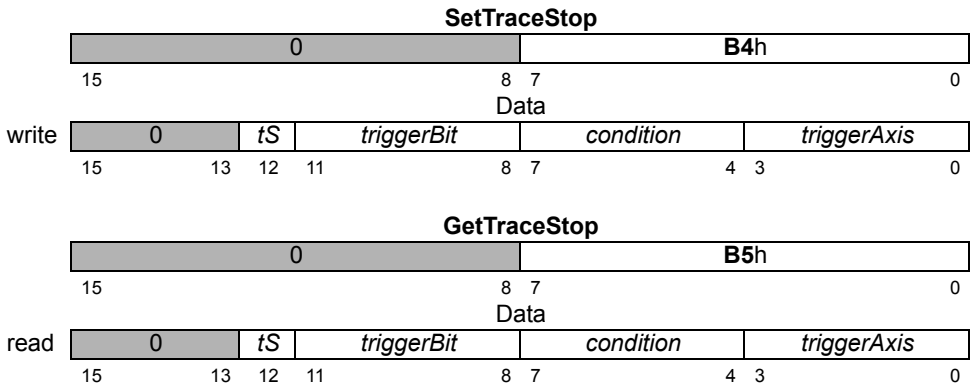
Set/GetBufferLength ([p. 96](#)), **GetTraceCount** ([p. 57](#)), **Set/GetTraceMode** ([p. 179](#)),
Set/GetTracePeriod ([p. 181](#)), **Set/GetTraceStop** ([p. 185](#))

Syntax **SetTraceStop** *triggerAxis condition triggerBit triggerState*
GetTraceStop

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding
	<i>triggerAxis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
		<i>Axis2</i>	1
		<i>Axis3</i>	2
		<i>Axis4</i>	3
	<i>condition</i>	<i>Immediate</i>	0
		<i>Next Update</i>	1
		<i>Event Status</i>	2
		<i>Activity Status</i>	3
		<i>Signal Status</i>	4
		<i>Drive Status</i>	5
	<i>triggerBit</i>	<i>Status Register Bit</i>	0 to 15
	<i>triggerState (tS)</i>	<i>Triggering State of the Bit</i>	0 (value = 0) 1 (value = 1)

Packet Structure



Description

SetTraceStop sets the condition for stopping the trace. The *Immediate* condition requires no axis to be specified and the trace will stop upon execution of this instruction. The other four conditions require an axis to be specified, and when the condition for that axis is attained, the trace will stop.

When a status register bit is the trigger, the bit number and state must be included in the argument. The trace is stopped when the indicated bit reaches the specified state (0 or 1).

GetTraceStop returns the value of the trace-stop trigger.

Once a trace has stopped, the trace-stop trigger is reset to zero (0).

Description (cont.)

The following table shows the corresponding value for combinations of *triggerBit* and *register*.

TriggerBit	Event Status Register	Activity Status Register	Signal Status Register	Drive Status Register
0	Motion Complete	Phasing Initialized	Encoder A	
1	Wrap-around	At Maximum Velocity	Encoder B	In Foldback
2	Breakpoint 1	Tracking	Encoder Index	Overtemperature
3	Position Capture		Capture Input	Shunt Active
4	Motion Error		Positive Limit	In Holding
5	Positive Limit		Negative Limit	Overvoltage
6	Negative Limit		AxisIn	Undervoltage
7	Instruction Error	Axis Settled	Hall Sensor A	Atlas Disabled
8	Disable	Motor mode	Hall Sensor B	
9	Overtemperature Fault	Position Capture	Hall Sensor C	
0Ah	Drive Exception	In Motion		
0Bh	Commutation Error	In Positive Limit		
0Ch	Current Foldback	In Negative Limit		Clipping
0Dh			/Enable Input	
0Eh	Breakpoint 2		FaultOut	
0Fh				Atlas not connected

Examples:

If it is desired that the trace ends on the next **Update** for axis 3, then a 2 is set for the axis number, a 1 is set for the condition, and bit number and state can be loaded with zeroes since they are not used. The actual data word sent to the motor processor in this case is 0012h.

If it is desired that the trace ends when bit 7 of the Activity Status register for axis 2 goes to 0, then the trace stop is loaded as follows: A 1 is loaded for axis number, a 3 is loaded for condition, a 7 is loaded for bit number, and a 0 is loaded for state. The actual data word sent to the motor processor in this case is 0731h.

Atlas

No additional Atlas communication is performed for these commands, but Atlas trace parameters may have to be set by addressing an Atlas amplifier directly. Magellan trace stop is signaled to Atlas by using the trace bit in each Atlas torque command, See *Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference* for more detail.

Restrictions

Not all trace stop conditions are available in all products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```

PMDresult PMDSetTraceStop(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                           PMDAxis traceAxis,
                           PMDUint8 condition,
                           PMDUint8 triggerBit,
                           PMDUint8 triggerState)
PMDresult PMDGetTraceStop(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                           PMDAxis* traceAxis,
                           PMDUint8* condition,
                           PMDUint8* triggerBit,
                           PMDUint8* triggerState)

```

VB-Motion API

```

MagellanObject.TraceStopSet( [in] triggerAxis,
                                [in] condition,
                                [in] triggerBit,
                                [in] triggerState )
MagellanObject.TraceStopGet( [out] triggerAxis,
                                [out] condition,
                                [out] triggerBit,
                                [out] triggerState )

```

see **GetTraceCount** (p. 57), **Set/GetTraceStart** (p. 182), **GetTraceStatus** (p. 58)

Syntax **SetTraceVariable** *variableNumber* *traceAxis* *variableID*
GetTraceVariable *variableNumber*

Motor Types

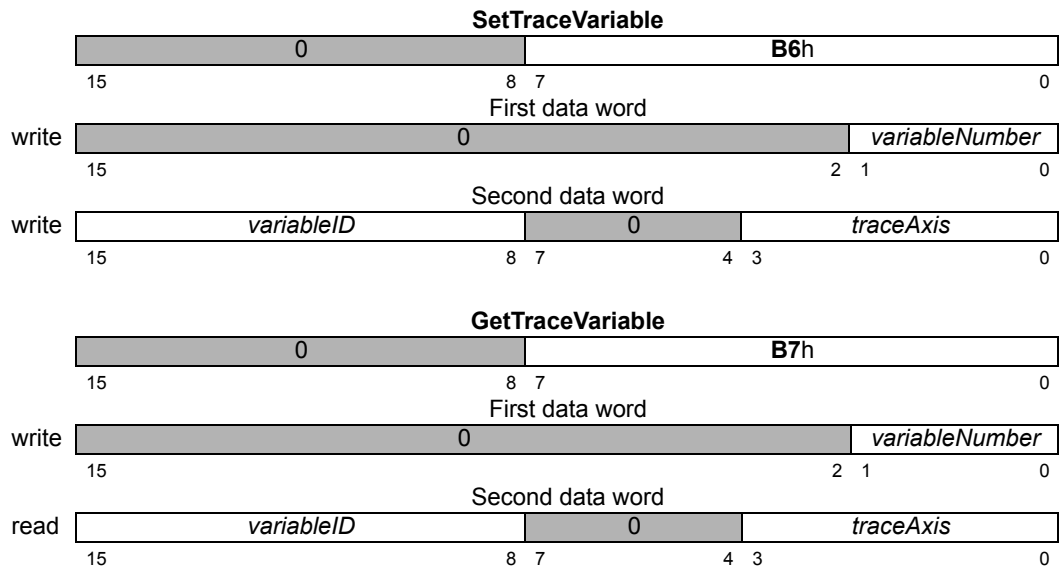
DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>variableNumber</i>	<i>Variable1</i>	0
	<i>Variable2</i>	1
	<i>Variable3</i>	2
	<i>Variable4</i>	3
<i>traceAxis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>variableID</i>		
<i>Trajectory Generator</i>	<i>Commanded Position</i>	2
	<i>Commanded Velocity</i>	3
	<i>Commanded Acceleration</i>	4
<i>Encoder</i>	<i>Actual Position</i>	5
	<i>Actual Velocity</i>	6
	<i>Position Capture Register</i>	9
	<i>Phase Angle</i>	15
	<i>Phase Offset</i>	16
<i>Position Loop</i>	<i>Position Error</i>	1
	<i>Position Loop Integrator Sum</i>	10
	<i>Position Loop Integrator Contribution</i>	57
	<i>Position Loop Derivative</i>	11
	<i>Biquad1 Input</i>	64
	<i>Biquad2 Input</i>	65
<i>Status Registers</i>	<i>Event Status Register</i>	12
	<i>Activity Status Register</i>	13
	<i>Signal Status Register</i>	14
	<i>Drive Status Register</i>	56
	<i>Drive Fault Status Register</i>	79
<i>Commutation/Phasing</i>	<i>Active Motor Command</i>	7
	<i>Phase A Command</i>	17
	<i>Phase B Command</i>	18
	<i>Phase C Command</i>	19
	<i>Phase Angle Scaled</i>	29
<i>Current Loops</i>	<i>Phase A Reference</i>	66
	<i>Phase A Error</i>	30
	<i>Phase A Actual Current</i>	31
	<i>Phase A Integrator Sum</i>	32
	<i>Phase A Integrator Contribution</i>	33
	<i>Current Loop A Output</i>	34
	<i>Phase B Reference</i>	67
	<i>Phase B Error</i>	35
	<i>Phase B Actual Current</i>	36
	<i>Phase B Integrator Sum</i>	37
	<i>Phase B Integrator Contribution</i>	38
	<i>Current Loop B Output</i>	39

Arguments (cont.)			
	<i>Current Loops (cont.)</i>	<i>D Feedback</i>	40
		<i>Q Feedback</i>	48
		<i>Leg A Current</i>	69
		<i>Leg B Current</i>	70
		<i>Leg C Current</i>	71
		<i>Leg D Current</i>	72
	<i>Field Oriented Control</i>	<i>D Reference</i>	40
		<i>D Error</i>	41
		<i>D Feedback</i>	42
		<i>D Integrator Sum</i>	43
		<i>D Integrator Contribution</i>	44
		<i>D Output</i>	45
		<i>Q Reference</i>	46
		<i>Q Error</i>	47
		<i>Q Feedback</i>	48
		<i>Q Integrator Sum</i>	49
		<i>Q Integrator Contribution</i>	50
		<i>Q Output</i>	51
		<i>FOC Alpha Output</i>	52
		<i>FOC Beta Output</i>	53
		<i>Phase Alpha Actual Current</i>	73
		<i>Phase Beta Actual Current</i>	74
	<i>Motor Output</i>	<i>Bus Voltage</i>	54
		<i>Temperature</i>	55
		<i>Foldback Energy</i>	68
		<i>Bus Current Supply</i>	86
		<i>Bus Current Return</i>	87
		<i>PWM Output A</i>	75
		<i>PWM Output B</i>	76
		<i>PWM Output C</i>	77
	<i>Analog Inputs</i>	<i>Analog Input0</i>	20
		<i>Analog Input1</i>	21
		<i>Analog Input2</i>	22
		<i>Analog Input3</i>	23
		<i>Analog Input4</i>	24
		<i>Analog Input5</i>	25
		<i>Analog Input6</i>	26
		<i>Analog Input7</i>	27
	<i>Miscellaneous</i>	<i>None (disable variable)</i>	0
		<i>Motion Control IC Time</i>	8

Packet Structure



Description

SetTraceVariable assigns the given variable to the specified *variableNumber* location in the trace buffer. Up to four variables may be traced at one time.

All variable assignments must be contiguous starting with *variableNumber* = 0.

GetTraceVariable returns the variable and axis of the specified *variableNumber*.

Example: To set up a three variable trace capturing the commanded acceleration for axis 1, the actual position for axis 1, and the event status word for axis 3, the following sequence of commands would be used. First, a **SetTraceVariable** command with *variableNumber* of 0, *axis* of 0, and *variableID* of 4 would be sent. Then, a **SetTraceVariable** command with *variableNumber* of 1, *axis* of 0, and *variableID* of 5 would be sent. Finally, a **SetTraceVariable** command with a *variableNumber* of 3, *axis* of 2 and *variableID* of 0h would be sent.

Atlas

No additional Atlas communication is performed for these commands, but Atlas trace parameters may have to be set by addressing an Atlas amplifier directly. See *Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference* for more detail.

Restrictions

When selecting *ActualVelocity* as a trace variable, the reported value is the change in position between trace captures.

In FOC (Field Oriented Control) mode, A/B current values are not meaningful. Select D/Q current values instead.

Not all trace variables are available in all products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetTraceVariable(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                               PMDuint16 variableNumber,
                               PMDAxis traceAxis,
                               PMDuint8 variableID)
PMDresult PMDGetTraceVariable(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                              PMDuint16 variableNumber,
                              PMDAxis* traceAxis,
                              PMDuint8* variableID)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanObject.TraceVariableSet ( [in] variableNumber,  
                                   [in] traceAxis,  
                                   [in] variableID )  
  
MagellanObject.TraceVariableGet ( [in] variableNumber,  
                                   [out] traceAxis,  
                                   [out] variableID )
```

see **SetTracePeriod** ([p. 181](#)), **SetTraceStart** ([p. 182](#)), **SetTraceStop** ([p. 185](#))

Syntax

SetTrackingWindow *axis window*
GetTrackingWindow *axis*

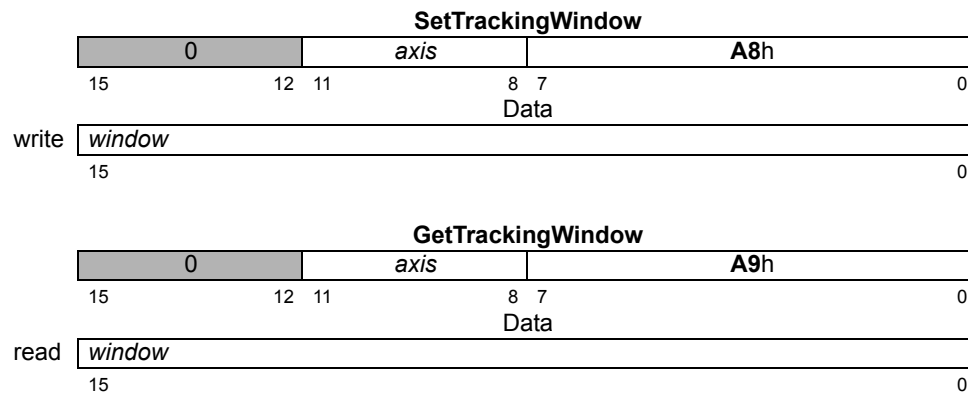
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
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Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding			
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0			
	<i>Axis2</i>	1			
	<i>Axis3</i>	2			
	<i>Axis4</i>	3			
	Type	Range	Scaling	Units	
<i>window</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 2 ¹⁶ –1	unity	counts	

Packet Structure



Description

SetTrackingWindow sets boundaries for the position error of the specified *axis*. If the absolute value of the position error exceeds the tracking window, the tracking indicator (bit 2 of the Activity Status register) is set to 0. When the position error returns to within the window, the tracking indicator is set to 1.

GetTrackingWindow returns the value of the tracking window.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetTrackingWindow(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16 window)
PMDresult PMDGetTrackingWindow(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                                PMDuint16* window)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim window as Short
MagellanAxis.TrackingWindow = window
window = MagellanAxis.TrackingWindow
```

see

GetActivityStatus (p. 28), **GetActualPosition** (p. 80)

Syntax **SetUpdateMask** *axis mask*
GetUpdateMask *axis*

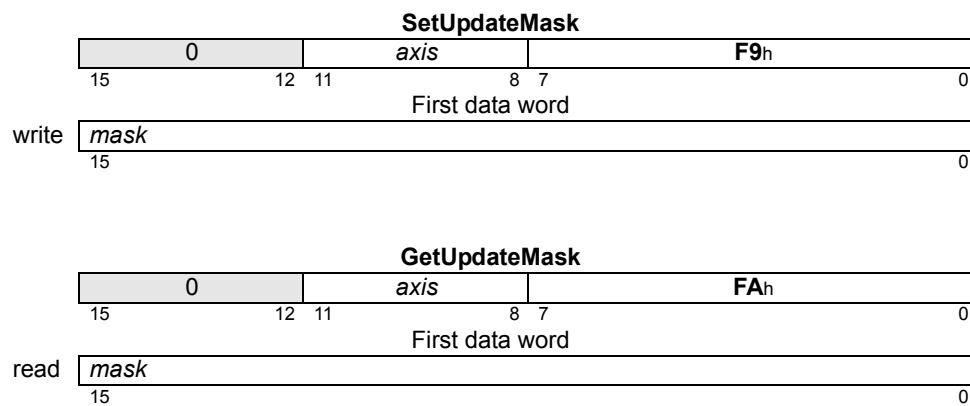
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3
<i>mask</i>	Type unsigned 16 bit	Scaling bitmask

Packet Structure



Description

SetUpdateMask configures what loops in the *axis* are updated when an update is executed on the given *axis*. If the bitmask for a given loop is set in the *mask*, the operating parameters for that loop will be updated from the buffered values when an **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command is received. The bitmask encoding is given below.

Name	Bit(s)	Description
Trajectory	0	Set to 1 to update trajectory from buffered parameters.
Position Loop	1	Set to 1 to update position loop from buffered parameters.
—	2	Reserved
Current Loop	3	Set to 1 to update current loop from buffered parameters.
—	4–15	Reserved

For example, if the update mask for a given *axis* is set to hexadecimal 0003h, the trajectory and position loop parameters will be updated from their buffered values when an **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command is received for that *axis*.

The Current Loop bit applies regardless of the active current control mode. When it is set, an **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command will update either the active FOC parameters, or the active digital current loop parameters, depending on which Current Control mode is active.

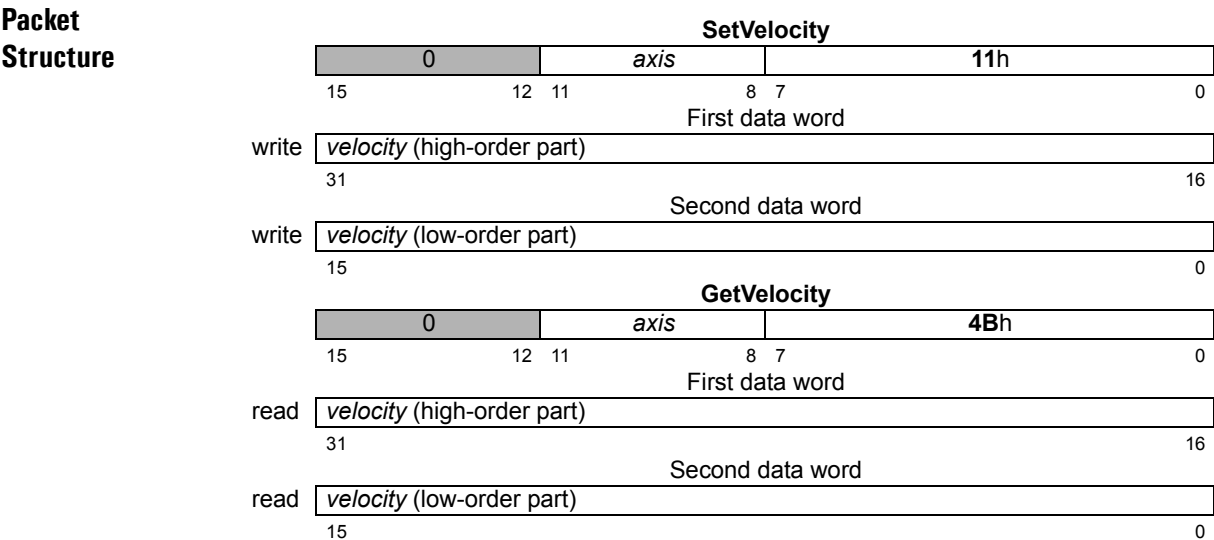
GetUpdateMask gets the update mask for the indicated *axis*.

Restrictions	The current loop bit is only valid for products that include a current loop.
C-Motion API	<pre>PMDresult PMDSetUpdateMask (PMDAxisInterface <i>axis_intf</i>, PMDuint16 <i>mask</i>) PMDresult PMDGetUpdateMask (PMDAxisInterface <i>axis_intf</i>, PMDuint16* <i>mask</i>)</pre>
VB-Motion API	<pre>Dim <i>mask</i> as Short MagellanAxis.UpdateMask = <i>mask</i> <i>mask</i> = MagellanAxis.UpdateMask</pre>
see	Set/GetBreakpointUpdateMask (p. 193), Update (p. 197), MultiUpdate (p. 63)

Syntax **SetVelocity** *axis velocity*
GetVelocity *axis*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
-------------	----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments	Name	Instance	Encoding		
	<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0		
		<i>Axis2</i>	1		
		<i>Axis3</i>	2		
		<i>Axis4</i>	3		
	<i>velocity</i>	Type signed 32 bits	Range -2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$	Scaling $1/2^{16}$	Units counts/cycle microsteps/cycle



Description **SetVelocity** loads the maximum velocity buffer register for the specified *axis*.

GetVelocity returns the contents of the maximum velocity buffer register.

Scaling example: To load a velocity value of 1.750 counts/cycle, multiply by 65,536 (giving 114,688) and load the resultant number as a 32-bit number; giving 0001 in the high word and C000h in the low word. Numbers returned by **GetVelocity** must correspondingly be divided by 65,536 to convert to units of counts/cycle.

Restrictions **SetVelocity** may not be issued while an axis is in motion with the S-curve profile.

SetVelocity is not valid in Electronic Gear profile mode.

The velocity cannot be negative, except in the Velocity Contouring profile mode.

SetVelocity is a buffered command. The value set using this command will not take effect until the next **Update** or **MultiUpdate** command, with the Trajectory Update bit set in the update mask.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDSetVelocity(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                          PMDint32 velocity)  
PMDresult PMDGetVelocity(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,  
                          PMDint32* velocity)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim velocity as Long  
MagellanAxis.Velocity = velocity  
velocity = MagellanAxis.Velocity
```

see

Set/GetAcceleration ([p. 78](#)), **Set/GetDeceleration** ([p. 113](#)), **Set/GetJerk** ([p. 138](#)),
Set/GetPosition ([p. 158](#)), **MultiUpdate** ([p. 63](#)), **Update** ([p. 197](#))

Syntax

Update *axis*

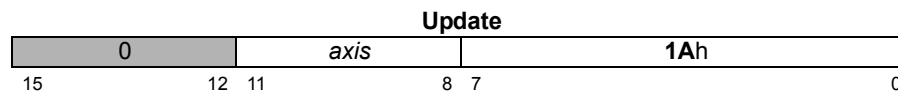
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Instance	Encoding
<i>axis</i>	<i>Axis1</i>	0
	<i>Axis2</i>	1
	<i>Axis3</i>	2
	<i>Axis4</i>	3

Packet Structure



Description

Update causes all buffered data parameters to be copied into the corresponding run-time registers on the specified *axis*. When the **Update** command is executed, the update mask is used to determine which groups of parameters are actually updated.

The following table shows the buffered commands and variables that are activated by the **Update** command.

Group	Command/Parameter
<i>Trajectory</i>	Acceleration
	Deceleration
	Gear Ratio
	Jerk
	Position
	Profile Mode
	Stop Mode
	Velocity
	Clear Position Error
<i>Position Servo</i>	Derivative Time
	Integrator Sum Limit
	Kaff
	Kd
	Ki
	Kp
	Kvff
	Kout
	Motor Command
<i>Current Loops</i>	Integrator Sum Limit
	Ki
	Kp

Atlas

No additional Atlas communication need be performed for this command, because the update bit in the Atlas torque command is used to cause an Atlas amplifier update. See *Atlas Digital Amplifier Complete Technical Reference* for more detail.

Restrictions

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDUpdate(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf)
```

VB-Motion API

```
MagellanAxis.Update()
```

see

MultiUpdate (p. 63), **Set/GetUpdateMask** (p. 193)

Syntax

WriteBuffer *bufferID value*

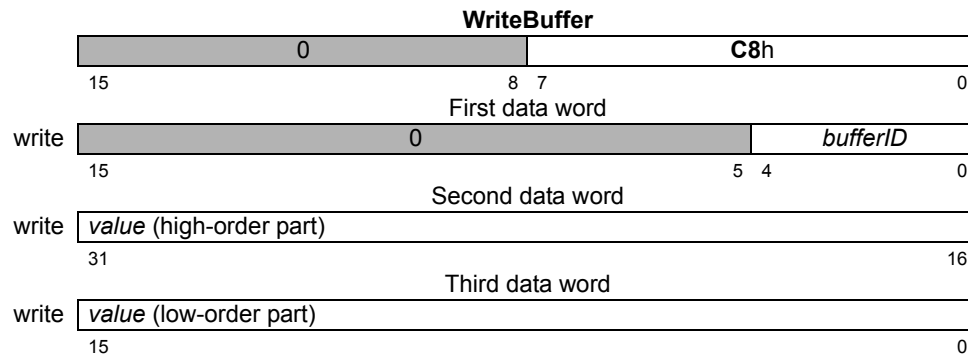
Motor Types

DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
----------	--------------	---------------	-------------------

Arguments

Name	Type	Range
<i>bufferID</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 31
<i>value</i>	signed 32 bits	-2^{31} to $2^{31}-1$

Packet Structure



Description

WriteBuffer writes the 32-bit *value* into the location pointed to by the write buffer index in the specified buffer. After the contents have been written, the write index is incremented by 1. If the result is equal to the buffer length (set by **SetBufferLength**), the index is reset to zero (0).

Restrictions

The command is not available on all products. See the product user's guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDWriteBuffer(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                          PMDuint16 bufferID,
                          PMDint32 data)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim data as Long
MagellanObject.WriteBuffer( bufferID ) = data
```

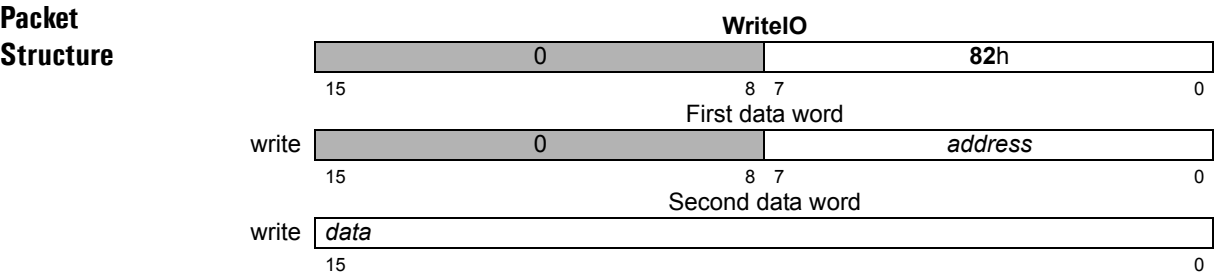
see

ReadBuffer (p. 67), **Set/GetBufferWriteIndex** (p. 101)

Syntax WriteIO *address data*

Motor Types	DC Brush	Brushless DC	Microstepping	Pulse & Direction
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Arguments	Name	Type	Range
	<i>address</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 255
	<i>data</i>	unsigned 16 bits	0 to 2 ¹⁶ –1



Description WriteIO writes one 16-bit word of *data* to *address*. The *address* is an offset from location 1000h of the motion control IC’s peripheral device address space.

The format and interpretation of the 16-bit data word are dependent on the user-defined device being addressed. User-defined I/O can be used to implement a variety of features such as additional parallel I/O, flash memory for non-volatile configuration information storage, or display devices such as LED arrays.

Restrictions This command is only available in products with general purpose parallel port interfaces. See the product user’s guide.

C-Motion API

```
PMDresult PMDWriteIO(PMDAxisInterface axis_intf,
                     PMDuint16 address,
                     PMDuint16 data)
```

VB-Motion API

```
Dim data as Short
MagellanObject.IO( address ) = data
```

see ReadIO (p. 69)

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5. Instruction Summary Tables

5.1 Descriptions by Functional Category

Breakpoints and Interrupts		Page
Set/GetBreakpointUpdateMask	Set/Get mask for what is updated by breakpoint action “update.”	92
ClearInterrupt	Reset interrupt.	21
Set/GetBreakpoint	Set/Get breakpoint type.	89
Set/GetBreakpointValue	Set/Get breakpoint comparison value.	94
GetInterruptAxis	Get the axes with pending interrupts.	49
Set/GetInterruptMask	Set/Get interrupt mask.	136

Motor Phase and Commutation		
Set/GetCommutationMode	Set/Get the commutation phasing mode.	104
Set/GetPhaseAngle	Set/Get current commutation phase angle.	151
GetPhaseCommand	Get the motor output command for a given phase A, B, or C.	50
Set/GetPhaseCorrectionMode	Set/Get phase correction mode.	152
Set/GetPhaseCounts	Set/Get number of encoder counts per commutation cycle.	153
Set/GetPhaseInitializeMode	Set/Get phase initialization method.	154
Set/GetPhaseInitializeTime	Set/Get the time parameters for algorithmic phase initialization.	155
Set/GetPhaseOffset	Set/Get phase offset value.	156
Set/GetPhasePrescale	Set/Get commutation prescaler mode.	157
InitializePhase	Perform phase initialization procedure.	62

Current Loops		
CalibrateAnalog	Set analog offsets to zero output.	19
Set/GetAnalogCalibration	Set analog measurement offsets.	83
Set/GetCurrentControlMode	Set/Get current loop mode (PhaseA/B or FOC).	107
Set/GetCurrentLoop	Set/Get a parameter for the PhaseA/B current loops.	111
GetCurrentLoopValue	Get the instantaneous value of a node in the PhaseA/B current loops.	37
Set/GetFOC	Set/Get a parameter for the FOC current control.	131
GetFOCValue	Get the instantaneous value of a node in the FOC current control.	45

Digital Servo Filter		
ClearPositionError	Set position error to 0.	22
GetPositionError	Get actual position error.	51
Set/GetPositionLoop	Set/Get a parameter for the Digital Servo Loop.	160
GetPositionLoopValue	Get the current value of a node in the Digital Servo Loop.	52
Set/GetPositionErrorLimit	Set/Get the maximum position error limit.	159
Set/GetAuxiliaryEncoderSource	Controls the dual encoder loop feature.	85

Encoder		
AdjustActualPosition	Sums the specified offset with the actual encoder position.	18
Set/GetActualPosition	Set/Get the actual encoder position.	80
Set/GetActualPositionUnits	Set/Get the unit type returned for the actual encoder position.	82
GetActualVelocity	Get the actual encoder velocity.	30

Encoder

Set/GetCaptureSource	Set/Get the capture source.	103
GetCaptureValue	Get current axis position capture value and reset the capture.	32
Set/GetEncoderModulus	Set/Get the full scale range of the parallel-word encoder.	121
Set/GetEncoderSource	Set/Get the encoder type.	122
Set/GetEncoderToStepRatio	Set/Get encoder count to step ratio.	124

Motor Output

GetActiveMotorCommand	Read the active motor command value.	26
GetDriveValue	Read drive bus voltage, bus current, or temperature.	42
Set/GetMotorCommand	Set/Get direct value to motor output register, read buffered motor output command.	141
Set/GetMotorType	Set/Get motor type for axis.	144
Set/GetOutputMode	Set/Get the motor output mode.	148
Set/GetPWMFrequency	Set/Get the PWM output frequency	164
Set/GetDrivePWM	Set/Get PWM parameters	119
Set/GetStepRange	Set/Get the allowable range (in KHz) for step output generation.	176
Set/GetCurrentFoldback	Set/Get the maximum continuous operating current for I ² t Current Foldback	109
Set/GetCurrent	Set/Get parameters for holding current.	105
Set/GetMotorLimit	Set/Get motor output limit.	143
Set/GetMotorBias	Set/Get the motor bias (applied outside of position loop).	140

Operating Mode, Event, and Update Control

Set/GetOperatingMode	Set/Get static Operating Mode of the axis.	146
RestoreOperatingMode	Restore the Current Operating Mode to the static Operating Mode.	77
GetActiveOperatingMode	Get the Active Operating Mode of the axis.	27
MultiUpdate	Forces buffered command values to become active for multiple axes.	63
Update	Forces buffered command values to become active.	197
Set/GetUpdateMask	Set/Get mask for what loops are updated by update command.	193
Set/GetEventAction	Set/Get the response of the axis to an event.	125

Position Servo Loop Control

Set/GetMotionCompleteMode	Set/Get the motion complete mode.	139
Set/GetSampleTime	Set/Get servo loop sample time.	166
Set/GetSettleTime	Set/Get the axis-settled time.	170
Set/GetSettleWindow	Set/Get the settle-window boundary value.	171
GetTime	Get current chipset time (number of servo loops).	56
Set/GetTrackingWindow	Set/Get the tracking window boundary value.	192

Profile Generation

Set/GetAcceleration	Set/Get acceleration limit.	78
GetCommandedAcceleration	Get commanded (instantaneous desired) acceleration.	34
GetCommandedPosition	Get commanded (instantaneous desired) position.	35
GetCommandedVelocity	Get commanded (instantaneous desired) velocity.	36
Set/GetDeceleration	Set/Get deceleration limit.	113
Set/GetGearMaster	Set/Get the electronic gear mode master axis and source.	133
Set/GetGearRatio	Set/Get commanded electronic gear ratio.	135
Set/GetJerk	Set/Get jerk limit.	138
Set/GetPosition	Set/Get destination position.	158

Profile Generation

Set/GetProfileMode	Set/Get current profile mode.	163
Set/GetStartVelocity	Set/Get start velocity.	175
Set/GetStopMode	Set/Get stop command: abrupt, smooth, or none.	177
Set/GetVelocity	Set/Get velocity limit.	195

RAM Buffer

Set/GetBufferLength	Set/Get the length of a memory buffer.	96
Set/GetBufferReadIndex	Set/Get the buffer read pointer for a particular buffer.	98
Set/GetBufferStart	Set/Get the start location of a memory buffer.	99
Set/GetBufferWriteIndex	Set/Get the buffer write pointer for a particular buffer.	101
ReadBuffer	Read a long word value from a buffer memory location.	67
WriteBuffer	Write a long word value to a buffer memory location.	198

Drive

Set/GetDriveFaultParameter	Set/Get threshold for Overvoltage, Undervoltage, or Overcurrent fault.	31
GetBusVoltage	Get the current bus voltage reading.	31
Set/GetOvertemperatureLimit	Set/Get threshold for Overtemperature fault.	149
GetTemperature	Gets current temperature reading.	55
Set/GetFaultOutMask	Set/Get mask for FaultOut from Event Status register.	127
GetDriveFaultStatus	Gets the Drive Fault Status register.	39
ClearDriveFaultStatus	Clears the Drive Fault Status register.	20

Status Registers and AxisOut Indicator

GetActivityStatus	Get Activity Status register.	28
GetDriveStatus	Gets the Drive Status register.	41
Set/GetAxisOutMask	Set/Get AxisOut source.	87
GetEventStatus	Get Event Status word.	43
GetSignalStatus	Get the current axis Signal Status register.	53
Set/GetSignalSense	Set/Get the interpretation of the Signal Status bits.	172
ResetEventStatus	Reset bits in Event Status word.	75

Traces

GetTraceCount	Get the number of traced data points.	57
Set/GetTraceMode	Set/Get the trace mode (rolling or one-time).	179
Set/GetTracePeriod	Set/Get the trace period.	181
Set/GetTraceStart	Set/Get the trace start condition.	182
GetTraceStatus	Get the trace status word.	58
Set/GetTraceStop	Set/Get the trace stop condition.	185
Set/GetTraceVariable	Set/Get a trace variable setting.	188

Communications

Set/GetCANMode	Set/Get the CAN 2.0B configuration mode.	102
GetInstructionError	Get the most recent I/O error code.	47
Set/GetSerialPortMode	Set/Get the serial-port configuration mode.	168
Set/GetSPIMode	Set/Get the SPI output mode.	174

Miscellaneous

GetChecksum	Reads the internal chip checksum.	33
Set/GetSynchronizationMode	Set/Get the synchronization mode.	178
GetVersion	Get chipset software version information.	60
NoOperation	Perform no operation, used to verify communications.	65

Miscellaneous		
ReadIO	Read user-defined I/O value.	69
Reset	Reset chipset.	70
NVRAM	Program non-volatile memory	23
WriteIO	Write user-defined I/O value.	199
ReadAnalog	Read a raw analog input.	66
Set/GetDefault	Set/Get a reset default setting from non-volatile memory.	114

5.2 Command Support by Product

The following table summarizes the support of each Magellan command by the different product families. The “MC58000/Atlas” column is for commands affecting a Atlas digital amplifier attached to an MC58000 Motion Control IC. In that column “pass through” means that a command is sent directly to Atlas, even if directed to Magellan; “separate” means that a command may be directed either to Atlas or Magellan, and “combined” means that a command directed to Magellan may result in a command being sent to Atlas as well.

Command	MC58000/				
	MC55000	MC58000	Atlas	ION	MC58113
Breakpoints and Interrupts					
Set/GetBreakpointUpdateMask	Y	Y		Y	Y
ClearInterrupt	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetBreakpoint	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetBreakpointValue	Y	Y		Y	Y
GetInterruptAxis	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetInterruptMask	Y	Y		Y	Y
Motor Phase and Commutation					
Set/GetCommutationMode	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetPhaseAngle		Y		Y	Y
GetPhaseCommand		Y	pass through	Y	Y
Set/GetPhaseCorrectionMode		Y		Y	Y
Set/GetPhaseCounts		Y	stepper only	Y	Y
Set/GetPhaseInitializeMode		Y		Y	Y
Set/GetPhaseInitializeTime		Y		Y	Y
Set/GetPhaseOffset		Y		Y	Y
Set/GetPhasePrescale		Y		Y	Y
InitializePhase		Y		Y	Y
Current Loops					
Set/GetAnalogCalibration					Y
CalibrateAnalog					Y
Set/GetCurrentControlMode			pass through	Y	Y
Set/GetCurrentLoop			pass through	Y	Y
GetCurrentLoopValue			pass through	Y	Y
Set/GetFOC			pass through	Y	Y
GetFOCValue			pass through	Y	Y

Command	MC55000	MC58000	MC58000/ Atlas	ION	MC58113
Digital Servo Filter					
ClearPositionError	Y	Y		Y	Y
GetPositionError	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetPositionLoop		Y		Y	Y
GetPositionLoopValue		Y		Y	Y
Set/GetPositionErrorLimit	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetAuxiliaryEncoderSource		Y		Y	Y
Encoder					
AdjustActualPosition	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetActualPosition	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetActualPositionUnits	Y	Y		Y	Y
GetActualVelocity	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetCaptureSource	Y	Y		Y	Y
GetCaptureValue	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetEncoderModulus	Y	Y			Y
Set/GetEncoderSource	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetEncoderToStepRatio	Y	Y		Y	Y
Motor Output					
GetActiveMotorCommand	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetMotorCommand		Y		Y	Y
Set/GetMotorType	readonly	Y		read only	Y
Set/GetOutputMode	readonly	Y		read only	Y
Set/GetPWMFrequency			pass through	Y	Y
Set/GetDrivePWM			pass through		Y
Set/GetStepRange	Y	Y			Y
Set/GetCurrentFoldback		Y	pass through	Y	Y
Set/GetCurrent			combined		Y
Set/GetMotorLimit		Y		Y	Y
Set/GetMotorBias		Y		Y	Y
Operating Mode, Event, and Update Control					
Set/GetOperatingMode	Y	Y	combined	Y	Y
RestoreOperatingMode	Y	Y	combined	Y	Y
GetActiveOperatingMode	Y	Y		Y	Y
MultiUpdate	Y	Y			Y
Update	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetUpdateMask	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetEventAction	Y	Y	combined (foldback)	Y	Y
Position Servo Loop Control					
Set/GetMotionCompleteMode	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetSampleTime	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetSettleTime	Y	Y		Y	Y

Command	MC58000/				
	MC55000	MC58000	Atlas	ION	MC58113
Set/GetSettleWindow	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetTrackingWindow	Y	Y		Y	Y
GetTime	Y	Y	separate	Y	Y
Profile Generation					
Set/GetAcceleration	Y	Y		Y	Y
GetCommandedAcceleration	Y	Y		Y	Y
GetCommandedPosition	Y	Y		Y	Y
GetCommandedVelocity	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetDeceleration	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetGearMaster	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetGearRatio	Y	Y		Y	Y
Profile Generation					
Set/GetJerk	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetPosition	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetProfileMode	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetStartVelocity	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetStopMode	Y	Y		Y	Y
Set/GetVelocity	Y	Y		Y	Y
RAM Buffer					
Set/GetBufferLength	Y	Y	separate	Y	Y
Set/GetBufferReadIndex	Y	Y	separate	Y	Y
Set/GetBufferStart	Y	Y	separate	Y	Y
Set/GetBufferWriteIndex	Y	Y	separate	Y	Y
ReadBuffer	Y	Y		Y	Y
WriteBuffer	Y	Y		Y	Y
ReadBuffer I6			Atlas only		Y
Drive					
Set/GetDriveFaultParameter			pass through		Y
GetBusVoltage			pass through	Y	
GetDriveValue					Y
Set/GetOvertemperatureLimit				Y	
GetTemperature			pass through	Y	
Set/GetFaultOutMask			pass through	Y	Y
GetDriveFaultStatus			pass through	Y	Y
ClearDriveFaultStatus			pass through	Y	Y
Status Registers and AxisOut Indicator					
GetActivityStatus	Y	Y		Y	
GetDriveStatus	Y	Y		Y	
Set/GetAxisOutMask	Y	Y		Y	
GetEventStatus	Y	Y		Y	
GetSignalStatus	Y	Y	separate	Y	
Set/GetSignalSense	Y	Y		Y	
ResetEventStatus	Y	Y	combined	Y	

Command	MC55000	MC58000	MC58000/ Atlas	ION	MC58113
Traces					
GetTraceCount	Y	Y	separate	Y	
Set/GetTraceMode	Y	Y	separate	Y	
Set/GetTracePeriod	Y	Y	separate	Y	
Set/GetTraceStart	Y	Y	separate	Y	
GetTraceStatus	Y	Y	separate	Y	
Set/GetTraceStop	Y	Y	separate	Y	
Set/GetTraceVariable	Y	Y	separate	Y	
Communications					
Set/GetCANMode	Y	Y		Y	
GetInstructionError	Y	Y	separate	Y	
Set/GetSerialPortMode	Y	Y		Y	
Set/GetSPIMode		Y			
Miscellaneous					
GetChecksum	Y	Y	separate	Y	Y
Set/GetSynchronizationMode		Y			Y
GetVersion	Y	Y	separate	Y	Y
NoOperation	Y	Y	separate	Y	Y
ReadIO	Y	Y			
Reset	Y	Y	separate	Y	
WriteIO	Y	Y		Y	
ReadAnalog	Y	Y	separate	Y	Y
Set/GetDefault				Y	
NVRAM			Y		Y

5.3 Alphabetical Listing

Get/Set instructions pairs are shown together on the same line of the table.



Instruction	Code	Instruction	Code	Page
AdjustActualPosition	F5h			18
CalibrateAnalog	6Fh			19
ClearDriveFaultStatus	6Ch			20
ClearInterrupt	ACh			21
ClearPositionError	47h			22
NVRAM	30h			23
GetAcceleration	4Ch	SetAcceleration	90h	78
GetActiveMotorCommand	3Ah			26
GetActiveOperatingMode	57h			27
GetActivityStatus	A6h			28
GetActualPosition	37h	SetActualPosition	4Dh	80
GetActualPositionUnits	BFh	SetActualPositionUnits	BEh	82
GetActualVelocity	ADh			30
GetAnalogCalibration	2Ah	SetAnalogCalibration	29h	83

Instruction	Code	Instruction	Code	Page
GetAuxiliaryEncoderSource	09h	SetAuxiliaryEncoderSource	08h	85
GetAxisOutMask	46h	SetAxisOutMask	45h	87
GetBreakpoint	D5h	SetBreakpoint	D4h	89
GetBreakpointUpdateMask	33h	SetBreakpointUpdateMask	32h	92
GetBreakpointValue	D7h	SetBreakpointValue	D6h	94
GetBufferLength	C3h	SetBufferLength	C2h	96
GetBufferReadIndex	C7h	SetBufferReadIndex	C6h	98
GetBufferStart	C1h	SetBufferStart	C0h	99
GetBufferWriteIndex	C5h	SetBufferWriteIndex	C4h	101
GetBusVoltage	40h			31
GetCANMode	15h	SetCANMode	12h	102
GetCaptureSource	D9h	SetCaptureSource	D8h	103
GetCaptureValue	36h			32
GetChecksum	F8h			33
GetCommandedAcceleration	A7h			34
GetCommandedPosition	1Dh			35
GetCommandedVelocity	1Eh			36
GetCommutationMode	E3h	SetCommutationMode	E2h	104
GetCurrent	5Fh	SetCurrent	5Eh	105
GetCurrentControlMode	44h	SetCurrentControlMode	43h	107
GetCurrentFoldback	42h	SetCurrentFoldback	41h	109
GetCurrentLoop	74h	SetCurrentLoop	73h	111
GetCurrentLoopValue	71h			37
GetDeceleration	92h	SetDeceleration	91h	113
GetDefault	8Ah	SetDefault	89h	114
GetDriveCommandMode	7Fh	SetDriveCommandMode	7Eh	116
GetDriveFaultParameter	60h	SetDriveFaultParameter	62h	117
GetDriveFaultStatus	6Dh			39
GetDrivePWM	24h	SetDrivePWM	23h	119
GetDriveStatus	0Eh			41
GetDriveValue	70h			42
GetEncoderModulus	8Eh	SetEncoderModulus	8Dh	121
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GetInterruptMask	56h	SetInterruptMask	2Fh	136
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GetPhaseCorrectionMode	E9h	SetPhaseCorrectionMode	E8h	152
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GetSampleTime	3Ch	SetSampleTime	3Bh	166
GetSerialPortMode	8Ch	SetSerialPortMode	8Bh	168
GetSettleTime	ABh	SetSettleTime	AAh	170
GetSettleWindow	BDh	SetSettleWindow	BCh	171
GetSignalSense	A3h	SetSignalSense	A2h	172
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GetUpdateMask	FAh	SetUpdateMask	F9h	193
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5.4 Numerical Listing

Code	Instruction	Page	Code	Instruction	Page
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02h	SetMotorType	144	42h	GetCurrentFoldback	109
03h	GetMotorType	144	43h	SetCurrentControlMode	107
06h	SetMotorLimit	143	44h	GetCurrentControlMode	107
07h	GetMotorLimit	143	45h	SetAxisOutMask	87
08h	SetAuxiliaryEncoderSource	85	46h	GetAxisOutMask	87
09h	GetAuxiliaryEncoderSource	85	47h	ClearPositionError	22
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0Ch	SetPWMFrequency	164	4Ah	GetPosition	158
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13h	SetJerk	138	57h	GetActiveOperatingMode	27
14h	SetGearRatio	135	58h	GetJerk	138
15h	GetCANMode	102	59h	GetGearRatio	135
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29h	SetAnalogCalibration	83	69h	GetMotorCommand	141
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39h	Reset	70	76h	SetPhaseOffset	156
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Code	Instruction	Page	Code	Instruction	Page
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7Fh	GetDriveCommandMode	116	C2h	SetBufferLength	96
82h	WriteIO	199	C3h	GetBufferLength	96
83h	ReadIO	69	C4h	SetBufferWriteIndex	101
84h	SetPhaseAngle	151	C5h	GetBufferWriteIndex	101
89h	SetDefault	114	C6h	SetBufferReadIndex	98
8Ah	GetDefault	114	C7h	GetBufferReadIndex	98
8Bh	SetSerialPortMode	168	C8h	WriteBuffer	198
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8Dh	SetEncoderModulus	121	CEh	GetStepRange	176
8Eh	GetEncoderModulus	121	CFh	SetStepRange	176
8Fh	GetVersion	60	D0h	SetStopMode	177
90h	SetAcceleration	78	D1h	GetStopMode	177
91h	SetDeceleration	113	D4h	SetBreakpoint	89
92h	GetDeceleration	113	D5h	GetBreakpoint	89
97h	SetPositionErrorLimit	159	D6h	SetBreakpointValue	94
98h	GetPositionErrorLimit	159	D7h	GetBreakpointValue	94
99h	GetPositionError	51	D8h	SetCaptureSource	103
A0h	SetProfileMode	163	D9h	GetCaptureSource	103
A1h	GetProfileMode	163	DAh	SetEncoderSource	122
A2h	SetSignalSense	172	DBh	GetEncoderSource	122
A3h	GetSignalSense	172	DEh	SetEncoderToStepRatio	124
A4h	GetSignalStatus	53	DFh	GetEncoderToStepRatio	124
A5h	GetInstructionError	47	E0h	SetOutputMode	148
A6h	GetActivityStatus	28	E1h	GetInterruptAxis	49
A7h	GetCommandedAcceleration	34	E2h	SetCommutationMode	104
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A9h	GetTrackingWindow	192	E4h	SetPhaseInitializeMode	154
AAh	SetSettleTime	170	E5h	GetPhaseInitializeMode	154
ABh	GetSettleTime	170	E6h	SetPhasePrescale	157
ACH	ClearInterrupt	21	E7h	GetPhasePrescale	157
ADh	GetActualVelocity	30	E8h	SetPhaseCorrectionMode	152
A Eh	SetGearMaster	133	E9h	GetPhaseCorrectionMode	152
AFh	GetGearMaster	133	EAh	GetPhaseCommand	50
B0h	SetTraceMode	179	EBh	SetMotionCompleteMode	139
B1h	GetTraceMode	179	ECh	GetMotionCompleteMode	139
B2h	SetTraceStart	182	EFh	ReadAnalog	66
B3h	GetTraceStart	182	F2h	SetSynchronizationMode	178
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B7h	GetTraceVariable	188	F7h	GetFOC	131
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BDh	GetSettleWindow	171			
BEh	SetActualPositionUnits	82			
BFh	GetActualPositionUnits	82			
C0h	SetBufferStart	99			

5.5 Magellan Compatibility

Below are commands from Magellan v1.x that have been replaced/superseded by new commands in Magellan v2.x.

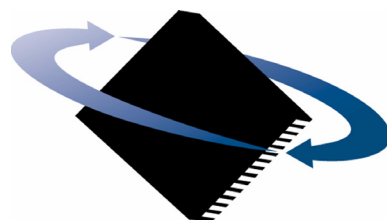
Old Command	Old Code	New Command
Set/GetBiquadCoefficient	04h/05h	Set/GetPositionLoop
GetDerivative	9Bh	GetPositionLoopValue
Set/GetDerivativeTime	9Ch/9Dh	Set/GetPositionLoop
GetHostIOError	A5h	GetInstructionError (name change only)
GetIntegral	9Ah	GetPositionLoopValue
Set/GetIntegrationLimit	95h/96h	Set/GetPositionLoop
Set/GetKaff	93h/94h	Set/GetPositionLoop
Set/GetKd	27h/52h	Set/GetPositionLoop
Set/GetKi	26h/51h	Set/GetPositionLoop
Set/GetKout	9Eh/9Fh	Set/GetPositionLoop
Set/GetKp	25h/50h	Set/GetPositionLoop
Set/GetKvff	2Bh/54h	Set/GetPositionLoop
Set/GetAutoStopMode	D2h/D3h	Set/GetEventAction
Set/GetMotorMode	DCh/DDh	Set/GetOperatingMode, RestoreOperatingMode
Set/GetAxisOutSource	EDh/EEh	Set/GetAxisOutMask
Set/GetAxisMode	87h/88h	Set/GetOperatingMode
Set/GetLimitSwitchMode	80h/81h	Set/GetEventAction

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