

IQUCP25/50

UNIFIED COMPUTE PROCESSOR

User Manual

www.grassvalley.com

FCC Compliance

In order to comply with FCC/CFR47: Part 15 regulations, it is necessary to use high-quality, triple-screened Media or Monitor cable assemblies with integrated ferrite suppression at both ends.

Patent Information

This product may be protected by one or more patents.

For further information, please visit: www.grassvalley.com/patents/

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Warranty information is available from the Legal Terms and Conditions section of Grass Valley's website.

(See www.grassvalley.com.)

Title	IQUCP25/50 User Manual
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Important Safety Information

This section provides important safety guidelines for operators and service personnel. Specific warnings and cautions appear throughout the manual where they apply. Please read and follow this important information, especially those instructions related to the risk of electric shock or injury to persons.

Symbols and Their Meanings



Indicates that dangerous high voltage is present within the equipment enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock.



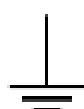
Indicates that the user, operator or service technician should refer to the product manuals for important operating, maintenance, or service instructions.



This is a prompt to note the fuse rating when replacing fuses. The fuse referenced in the text must be replaced with one having the ratings indicated.



Identifies a protective grounding terminal which must be connected to earth ground prior to making any other equipment connections.



Identifies an external protective grounding terminal which may be connected to earth ground as a supplement to an internal grounding terminal.



Indicates that static sensitive components are present, which may be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Use anti-static procedures, equipment and surfaces during servicing.



Indicates that the equipment has more than one power supply cord, and that all power supply cords must be disconnected before servicing to avoid electric shock.



The presence of this symbol in or on Grass Valley equipment means that it has been tested and certified as complying with applicable Underwriters Laboratory (UL) regulations and recommendations for USA.



The presence of this symbol in or on Grass Valley equipment means that it has been tested and certified as complying with applicable Canadian Standard Association (CSA) regulations and recommendations for USA/Canada.



The presence of this symbol in or on Grass Valley equipment means that it has been tested and certified as complying with applicable Underwriters Laboratory (UL) regulations and recommendations for USA/Canada.



The presence of this symbol in or on Grass Valley equipment means that it has been tested and certified as complying with applicable Intertek Testing Services regulations and recommendations for USA/Canada.



The presence of this symbol in or on Grass Valley product means that it complies with all applicable European Union (CE) directives.



The presence of this symbol in or on Grass Valley product means that it complies with safety of laser product applicable standards.

Warnings



A warning indicates a possible hazard to personnel, which may cause injury or death. Observe the following general warnings when using or working on this equipment:

- Appropriately listed/certified mains supply power cords must be used for the connection of the equipment to the rated mains voltage.
- This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (over-current) protection. Ensure that a fuse or circuit breaker for the rated mains voltage is used on the phase conductors.
- Any instructions in this manual that require opening the equipment cover or enclosure are for use by qualified service personnel only.
- Do not operate the equipment in wet or damp conditions.
- This equipment is grounded through the grounding conductor of the power cords. To avoid electrical shock, plug the power cords into a properly wired receptacle before connecting the equipment inputs or outputs.
- Route power cords and other cables so they are not likely to be damaged. Properly support heavy cable bundles to avoid connector damage.
- Disconnect power before cleaning the equipment. Do not use liquid or aerosol cleaners; use only a damp cloth.
- Dangerous voltages may exist at several points in this equipment. To avoid injury, do not touch exposed connections and components while power is on.
- High leakage current may be present. Earth connection of product is essential before connecting power.
- Prior to servicing, remove jewelry such as rings, watches, and other metallic objects.
- To avoid fire hazard, use only the fuse type and rating specified in the service instructions for this product, or on the equipment.
- To avoid explosion, do not operate this equipment in an explosive atmosphere.
- Use proper lift points. Do not use door latches to lift or move equipment.
- Avoid mechanical hazards. Allow all rotating devices to come to a stop before servicing.
- Have qualified service personnel perform safety checks after any service.

Cautions



A caution indicates a possible hazard to equipment that could result in equipment damage. Observe the following cautions when operating or working on this equipment:

- This equipment is meant to be installed in a restricted access location.
- When installing this equipment, do not attach the power cord to building surfaces.
- Products that have no on/off switch, and use an external power supply must be installed in proximity to a main power outlet that is easily accessible.
- Use the correct voltage setting. If this product lacks auto-ranging power supplies, before applying power ensure that each power supply is set to match the power source.
- Provide proper ventilation. To prevent product overheating, provide equipment ventilation in accordance with the installation instructions.

- Do not operate with suspected equipment failure. If you suspect product damage or equipment failure, have the equipment inspected by qualified service personnel.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not perform any servicing other than that contained in the operating instructions unless you are qualified to do so. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel.
- This unit may have more than one power supply cord. Disconnect all power supply cords before servicing to avoid electric shock.
- Follow static precautions at all times when handling this equipment. Servicing should be done in a static-free environment.
- To reduce the risk of electric shock, plug each power supply cord into separate branch circuits employing separate service grounds.

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection



Electrostatic discharge occurs when electronic components are improperly handled and can result in intermittent failure or complete damage adversely affecting an electrical circuit. When you remove and replace any card from a frame always follow ESD-prevention procedures:

- Ensure that the frame is electrically connected to earth ground through the power cord or any other means if available.
- Wear an ESD wrist strap ensuring that it makes good skin contact. Connect the grounding clip to an *unpainted surface* of the chassis frame to safely ground unwanted ESD voltages. If no wrist strap is available, ground yourself by touching the *unpainted* metal part of the chassis.
- For safety, periodically check the resistance value of the antistatic strap, which should be between 1 and 10 megohms.
- When temporarily storing a card make sure it is placed in an ESD bag.
- Cards in an earth grounded metal frame or casing do not require any special ESD protection.

Battery Handling



This product may include a backup battery. There is a danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions. Before disposing of your Grass Valley equipment, please review the *Disposal and Recycling Information* at:

http://www.grassvalley.com/assets/media/5692/Take-Back_Instructions.pdf

Cautions for LCD and TFT Displays



Excessive usage may harm your vision. Rest for 10 minutes for every 30 minutes of usage.

If the LCD or TFT glass is broken, handle glass fragments with care when disposing of them. If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, be careful not to get the liquid crystal fluid in your mouth or skin. If the liquid crystal touches your skin or clothes, wash it off immediately using soap and water. Never swallow the fluid. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all times.

Mesures de sécurité et avis importants

La présente section fournit des consignes de sécurité importantes pour les opérateurs et le personnel de service. Des avertissements ou mises en garde spécifiques figurent dans le manuel, dans les sections où ils s'appliquent. Prenez le temps de bien lire les consignes et assurez-vous de les respecter, en particulier celles qui sont destinées à prévenir les décharges électriques ou les blessures.

Signification des symboles utilisés



Signale la présence d'une tension élevée et dangereuse dans le boîtier de l'équipement ; cette tension peut être suffisante pour constituer un risque de décharge électrique.



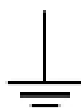
Avertit l'utilisateur, l'opérateur ou le technicien de maintenance que des instructions importantes relatives à l'utilisation et à l'entretien se trouvent dans la documentation accompagnant l'équipement.



Invite l'utilisateur, l'opérateur ou le technicien de maintenance à prendre note du calibre du fusible lors du remplacement de ce dernier. Le fusible auquel il est fait référence dans le texte doit être remplacé par un fusible du même calibre.



Identifie une borne de mise à la terre de protection. Il faut relier cette borne à la terre avant d'effectuer toute autre connexion à l'équipement.



Identifie une borne de mise à la terre externe qui peut être connectée en tant que borne de mise à la terre supplémentaire.



Signale la présence de composants sensibles à l'électricité statique et qui sont susceptibles d'être endommagés par une décharge électrostatique. Utilisez des procédures, des équipements et des surfaces antistatiques durant les interventions d'entretien.



Le symbole ci-contre signifie que l'appareil comporte plus d'un cordon d'alimentation et qu'il faut débrancher tous les cordons d'alimentation avant toute opération d'entretien, afin de prévenir les chocs électriques.



La marque UL certifie que l'appareil visé a été testé par Underwriters Laboratory (UL) et reconnu conforme aux exigences applicables en matière de sécurité électrique en vigueur au Canada et aux États-Unis.



La marque C-UL-US certifie que l'appareil visé a été testé par l'Association canadienne de normalisation (CSA) et reconnu conforme aux exigences applicables en matière de sécurité électrique en vigueur au Canada et aux États-Unis.



La marque C-UL-US certifie que l'appareil visé a été testé par Underwriters Laboratory (UL) et reconnu conforme aux exigences applicables en matière de sécurité électrique en vigueur au Canada et aux États-Unis.



La marque ETL Listed d'Intertek pour le marché Nord-Américain certifie que l'appareil visé a été testé par Intertek et reconnu conforme aux exigences applicables en matière de sécurité électrique en vigueur au Canada et aux États-Unis.



Le marquage CE indique que l'appareil visé est conforme aux exigences essentielles des directives applicables de l'Union européenne en matière de sécurité électrique, de compatibilité électromagnétique et de conformité environnementale.



Le symbole ci-contre sur un appareil Grass Valley ou à l'intérieur de l'appareil indique qu'il est conforme aux normes applicables en matière de sécurité laser.

Avertissements



Les avertissements signalent des conditions ou des pratiques susceptibles d'occasionner des blessures graves, voire fatales. Veuillez vous familiariser avec les avertissements d'ordre général ci-dessous :

- Un cordon d'alimentation dûment homologué doit être utilisé pour connecter l'appareil à une tension de secteur de 120 V CA ou 240 V CA.
- La protection de ce produit contre les courts-circuits (surintensités) dépend de l'installation électrique du bâtiment. Assurez-vous qu'un fusible ou un disjoncteur pour 120 V CA ou 240 V CA est utilisé sur les conducteurs de phase.
- Dans le présent manuel, toutes les instructions qui nécessitent d'ouvrir le couvercle de l'équipement sont destinées exclusivement au personnel technique qualifié.
- N'utilisez pas cet appareil dans un environnement humide.
- Cet équipement est mis à la terre par le conducteur de mise à la terre des cordons d'alimentation. Pour éviter les chocs électriques, branchez les cordons d'alimentation sur une prise correctement câblée avant de brancher les entrées et sorties de l'équipement.
- Acheminez les cordons d'alimentation et autres câbles de façon à ce qu'ils ne risquent pas d'être endommagés. Supportez correctement les enroulements de câbles afin de ne pas endommager les connecteurs.
- Coupez l'alimentation avant de nettoyer l'équipement. Ne pas utiliser de nettoyeurs liquides ou en aérosol. Utilisez uniquement un chiffon humide.
- Des tensions dangereuses peuvent exister en plusieurs points dans cet équipement. Pour éviter toute blessure, ne touchez pas aux connexions ou aux composants exposés lorsque l'appareil est sous tension.
- Avant de procéder à toute opération d'entretien ou de dépannage, enlevez tous vos bijoux (notamment vos bagues, votre montre et autres objets métalliques).
- Pour éviter tout risque d'incendie, utilisez uniquement les fusibles du type et du calibre indiqués sur l'équipement ou dans la documentation qui l'accompagne.
- Ne pas utiliser cet appareil dans une atmosphère explosive.
- Présence possible de courants de fuite. Un raccordement à la masse est indispensable avant la mise sous tension.

- Après tout travail d'entretien ou de réparation, faites effectuer des contrôles de sécurité par le personnel technique qualifié.

Mises en garde



Les mises en garde signalent des conditions ou des pratiques susceptibles d'endommager l'équipement. Veuillez vous familiariser avec les mises en garde ci-dessous :

- L'appareil est conçu pour être installé dans un endroit à accès restreint.
- Au moment d'installer l'équipement, ne fixez pas les cordons d'alimentation aux surfaces intérieures de l'édifice.
- Les produits qui n'ont pas d'interrupteur marche-arrêt et qui disposent d'une source d'alimentation externe doivent être installés à proximité d'une prise de courant facile d'accès.
- Si l'équipement n'est pas pourvu d'un modules d'alimentation auto-adaptables, vérifiez la configuration de chacun des modules d'alimentation avant de les mettre sous tension.
- Assurez une ventilation adéquate. Pour éviter toute surchauffe du produit, assurez une ventilation de l'équipement conformément aux instructions d'installation.
- N'utilisez pas l'équipement si vous suspectez un dysfonctionnement du produit. Faites-le inspecter par un technicien qualifié.
- Pour réduire le risque de choc électrique, n'effectuez pas de réparations autres que celles qui sont décrites dans le présent manuel, sauf si vous êtes qualifié pour le faire. Confiez les réparations à un technicien qualifié. La maintenance doit se réaliser dans un milieu libre d'électricité statique.
- L'appareil peut comporter plus d'un cordon d'alimentation. Afin de prévenir les chocs électriques, débrancher tous les cordons d'alimentation avant toute opération d'entretien.
- Veillez à toujours prendre les mesures de protection antistatique appropriées quand vous manipulez l'équipement.
- Pour réduire le risque de choc électrique, branchez chaque cordon d'alimentation dans des circuits de dérivation distincts utilisant des zones de service distinctes.

Protection contre les décharges électrostatiques (DES)



Une décharge électrostatique peut se produire lorsque des composants électroniques ne sont pas manipulés de manière adéquate, ce qui peut entraîner des défaillances intermittentes ou endommager irrémédiablement un circuit électrique. Au moment de remplacer une carte dans un châssis, prenez toujours les mesures de protection antistatique appropriées :

- Assurez-vous que le châssis est relié électriquement à la terre par le cordon d'alimentation ou tout autre moyen disponible.
- Portez un bracelet antistatique et assurez-vous qu'il est bien en contact avec la peau. Connectez la pince de masse à une *surface non peinte* du châssis pour détourner à la terre toute tension électrostatique indésirable. En l'absence de bracelet antistatique, déchargez l'électricité statique de votre corps en touchant une surface métallique *non peinte* du châssis.
- Pour plus de sécurité, vérifiez périodiquement la valeur de résistance du bracelet antistatique. Elle doit se situer entre 1 et 10 mégohms.
- Si vous devez mettre une carte de côté, assurez-vous de la ranger dans un sac protecteur antistatique.
- Les cartes qui sont reliées à un châssis ou boîtier métallique mis à la terre ne nécessitent pas de protection antistatique spéciale.

Manipulation de la pile



Ce produit peut inclure une pile de sauvegarde. Il y a un risque d'explosion si la pile est remplacée de manière incorrecte. Remplacez la pile uniquement par un modèle identique ou équivalent recommandé par le fabricant. Disposez des piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant. Avant de vous séparer de votre équipement Grass Valley, veuillez consulter les *informations de mise au rebut et de recyclage* à:

http://www.grassvalley.com/assets/media/5692/Take-Back_Instructions.pdf

Précautions pour les écrans LCD et TFT



Regarder l'écran pendant une trop longue période de temps peut nuire à votre vision. Prenez une pause de 10 minutes, après 30 minutes d'utilisation.

Si l'écran LCD ou TFT est brisé, manipulez les fragments de verre avec précaution au moment de vous en débarrasser. veillez à ce que le cristal liquide n'entre pas en contact avec la peau ou la bouche. En cas de contact avec la peau ou les vêtements, laver immédiatement à l'eau savonneuse. Ne jamais ingérer le liquide. La toxicité est extrêmement faible, mais la prudence demeure de mise en tout temps.

Environmental Information

European (CE) WEEE directive.



This symbol on the product(s) means that at the end of life disposal it should not be mixed with general waste.

Visit www.grassvalley.com for recycling information.

Grass Valley believes this environmental information to be correct but cannot guarantee its completeness or accuracy since it is based on data received from sources outside our company. All specifications are subject to change without notice.

If you have questions about Grass Valley environmental and social involvement (WEEE, RoHS, REACH, etc.), please contact us at environment@grassvalley.com.

Lithium Batteries

Battery Warning

CAUTION

This equipment contains a lithium battery.
There is a danger of explosion if this is replaced incorrectly.
Replace only with the same or equivalent type.
Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Batteries shall only be replaced by trained service technicians.

Your Grass Valley equipment usually comes with at least one button battery located on the main printed circuit board. The batteries are used for backup and should not need to be replaced during the lifetime of the equipment.

Battery Disposal

Before disposing of your Grass Valley equipment, please remove the battery as follows:

- 1 Make sure the AC adapter / power Cord is unplugged from the power outlet.
- 2 Remove the protective cover from your equipment.
- 3 Gently remove the battery from its holder using a blunt instrument for leverage such as a screwdriver if necessary. In some cases the battery will need to be desoldered from the PCB.
- 4 Dispose of the battery and equipment according to your local environmental laws and guidelines.

WARNING

- Be careful not to short-circuit the battery by adhering to the appropriate safe handling practices.
- Do not dispose of batteries in a fire as they may explode.
- Batteries may explode if damaged or overheated.
- Do not dismantle, open or shred batteries.
- In the event of a battery leak, do not allow battery liquid to come in contact with skin or eyes.
- Seek medical help immediately in case of ingestion, inhalation, skin or eye contact, or suspected exposure to the contents of an opened battery.

Laser Safety - Fiber Output SFP and QSFP Modules Warning

LASER SAFETY



The average optical output power does not exceed 0 dBm (1mW) under normal operating conditions. Unused optical outputs should be covered to prevent direct exposure to the laser beam.

Even though the power of these lasers is low, the beam should be treated with caution and common sense because it is intense and concentrated. Laser radiation can cause irreversible and permanent damage of eyesight. Please read the following guidelines carefully:

- Make sure that a fiber is connected to the board's fiber outputs before power is applied. If a fiber cable (e.g. patchcord) is already connected to an output, make sure that the cable's other end is connected, too, before powering up the board.
- Do not look in the end of a fiber to see if light is coming out. The laser wavelengths being used are totally invisible to the human eye and can cause permanent damage. Always use optical instrumentation, such as an optical power meter, to verify light output.

Safety and EMC Standards

This equipment complies with the following standards:

Safety Standards



Information Technology Equipment - Safety Part 1

EN60950-1: 2006

Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

UL1419 (4th Edition)

Standard for Safety – Professional Video and Audio equipment (UL file number E193966)

EMC Standards

This unit conforms to the following standards:

EN55032:2015 (Class A)

Electromagnetic Compatibility of multimedia equipment - Emission requirements

EN61000-3-2:2014 (Class A)

Electromagnetic Compatibility - Limits for harmonic current emissions

EN61000-3-3:2013

Electromagnetic Compatibility - Limits of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker

EN55103-2:2009 (Environment E2)

Electromagnetic Compatibility, Product family standard for audio, video, audio-visual and entertainment lighting control apparatus for professional use. Part 2. Immunity

WARNING

This equipment is compliant with Class A of CISPR 32. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference.

FCC/CFR 47:Part 15 (Class A)

Federal Communications Commission Rules Part 15, Subpart B

Caution to the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment.

This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

EMC Performance of Cables and Connectors

Grass Valley products are designed to meet or exceed the requirements of the appropriate European EMC standards. In order to achieve this performance in real installations it is essential to use cables and connectors with good EMC characteristics.

All signal connections (including remote control connections) shall be made with screened cables terminated in connectors having a metal shell. The cable screen shall have a large-area contact with the metal shell.

SIGNAL/DATA PORTS

For unconnected signal/data ports on the unit, fit shielding covers. For example, fit EMI blanking covers to SFP+ type ports; and fit 75 Ω RF terminators to BNC type ports.

COAXIAL CABLES

Coaxial cables connections (particularly serial digital video connections) shall be made with high-quality double-screened coaxial cables such as Belden 8281 or BBC type PSF1/2M and Belden 1694A (for 3Gbps).

D-TYPE CONNECTORS

D-type connectors shall have metal shells making good RF contact with the cable screen. Connectors having indents which improve the contact between the plug and socket shells are recommended.

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1 Introduction

The IQUCP25/50 provides a hardware platform which can offer different functionality depending on the software option loaded. These options are known as *Software-Defined Cores* (SDCs), and can be purchased via a licensing mechanism and loaded as operational needs demand.

IQUCP25/50 modules are also fully compatible with Grass Valley's broadcast-centric IP routing and network management solution, designed to migrate broadcasters from a traditional baseband routing and control environment to new Hybrid SDI and IP workflows.

Current SDC options are:

Essence Processing (EP) SDC

For SDI to IP gateway type applications. See [Essence Processing SDC](#) on page 37 for information on using this option.

- Flexible configurations.
- SDI IP Encapsulation and De-encapsulation:
 - SD, HD, 3G and 12G.
 - ST 2022-6, ST 2022-7, AES67 & ST 2110-20/30/40.
- Frame synchronizer.
- Audio sample rate conversion, shuffling & delay.
- Audio embedding and de-embedding.

Multiviewer (MV) SDC

For multiviewer-style applications. See [Multiviewer SDC](#) on page 123 for information on using this option.

- Multiviewer:
 - Flexible configurations – 12 x 1 UHD (quad link) or 12 x 4 (3G).
 - IP inputs.
 - IP outputs and SDI HD-BNC copy outputs.
- Audio metering support.
- UMD and Tally support.
- Clocks and Timers.

Order Codes

Rear Panels:

IQUCP2500-2B3	16 x 3G-SDI, 2 x 25 GbE I/O on SFP+ connectors. Suitable for use with IQH4B enclosures.
IQUCP2501-3B3	16 x 3G-SDI, 2 x 25 GbE I/O on SFP+ connectors. Includes IQFAN rear panel for additional cooling (required if using with IQH3B enclosures).
IQUCP2504-2B3	16 x 3G-SDI I/O, 4 of which support 12G-SDI, 2 x 25 GbE I/O on SFP+ connectors. Suitable for use with IQH4B enclosures.
IQUCP2505-3B3	16 x 3G-SDI I/O, 4 of which support 12G-SDI, 2 x 25 GbE I/O on SFP+ connectors. Includes IQFAN rear panel for additional cooling (required if using with IQH3B enclosures).
IQUCP5000-2B3	16 x 3G-SDI I/O, 4 of which support 12G-SDI, 2 x 50 GbE I/O on a single 100 GbE QSFP connector. Suitable for use with IQH4B enclosures.
IQUCP5001-3B3	16 x 3G-SDI I/O, 4 of which support 12G-SDI, 2 x 50 GbE I/O on a single 100 GbE QSFP connector. Includes IQFAN rear panel for additional cooling (required if using with IQH3B enclosures).
IQUCP5002-2B3	16 x 3G-SDI I/O, 4 of which support 12G-SDI, 2 x 50 GbE I/O on dual QSFP connectors. Suitable for use with IQH4B enclosures.
IQUCP5003-3B3	16 x 3G-SDI I/O, 4 of which support 12G-SDI, 2 x 50 GbE I/O on dual QSFP connectors. Includes IQFAN rear panel for additional cooling (required if using with IQH3B enclosures).

Software-defined Cores:

IQUCP25-EP	Essence Processing Software-Defined Core license.
IQUCP25-MV	Multiviewer Software-Defined Core license.

SFP Options - IQUCP25:

FCS-25GE-SR	25GBASE-SR short range SFP for MMF (multi-mode fiber).
FCS-25GE-LR	25GBASE-LR long range SFP for SMF (single-mode fiber).
CABQ4S100G2M	Copper Breakout Cable 2M 100GbE QSFP to 4x25GbE.
CABQ4S100G3M	Copper Breakout Cable 3M 100GbE QSFP to 4x25GbE.
CABQ4S100G5M	Copper Breakout Cable 5M 100GbE QSFP to 4x25GbE.

SFP Options - IQUCP50:

FCQ-100GE-SR4	100GBASE-SR4 short range SFP for MMF (multi-mode fiber).
CABQQ100G2M	Direct Attach Cable 2M 100GbE QSFP to QSFP.

CABQQ100G3M Direct Attach Cable 3M 100GbE QSFP to QSFP.

CABQQ100G5M Direct Attach Cable 5M 100GbE QSFP to QSFP.

Installing SDC License Files

License Files

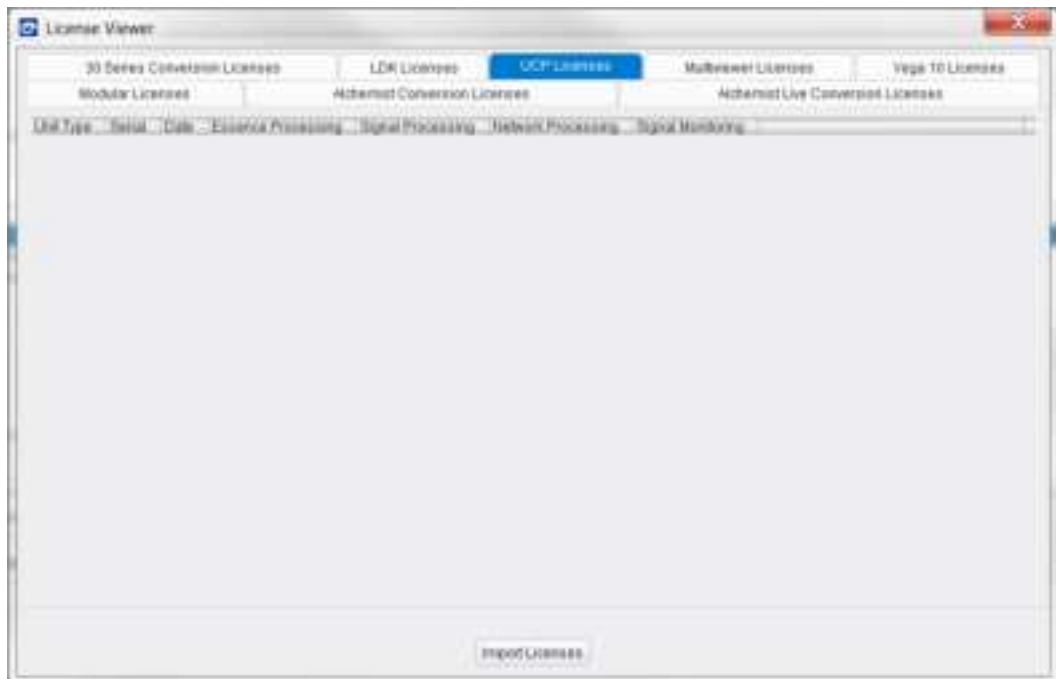
SDC functionality options are installed by purchasing and loading an appropriate license from Grass Valley. These are provided as small zip files; the license key within the file is tied to the serial number of the particular IQUCP25/50 module for which it has been purchased. Some licenses also use a password.

Licenses must be installed to RollCall and then loaded onto the module, which activates the new SDC functionality.

Installing the License to RollCall

For general information on importing and installing license files, see the Grass Valley *RollCall Control Panel User Manual* or *RollMechanic Operator's Manual*.

- 1 Copy the license zip file to a convenient place, such as the Windows Desktop.
- 2 Start RollCall, open the **Edit** menu, and click **Licenses**. The License Viewer is displayed:



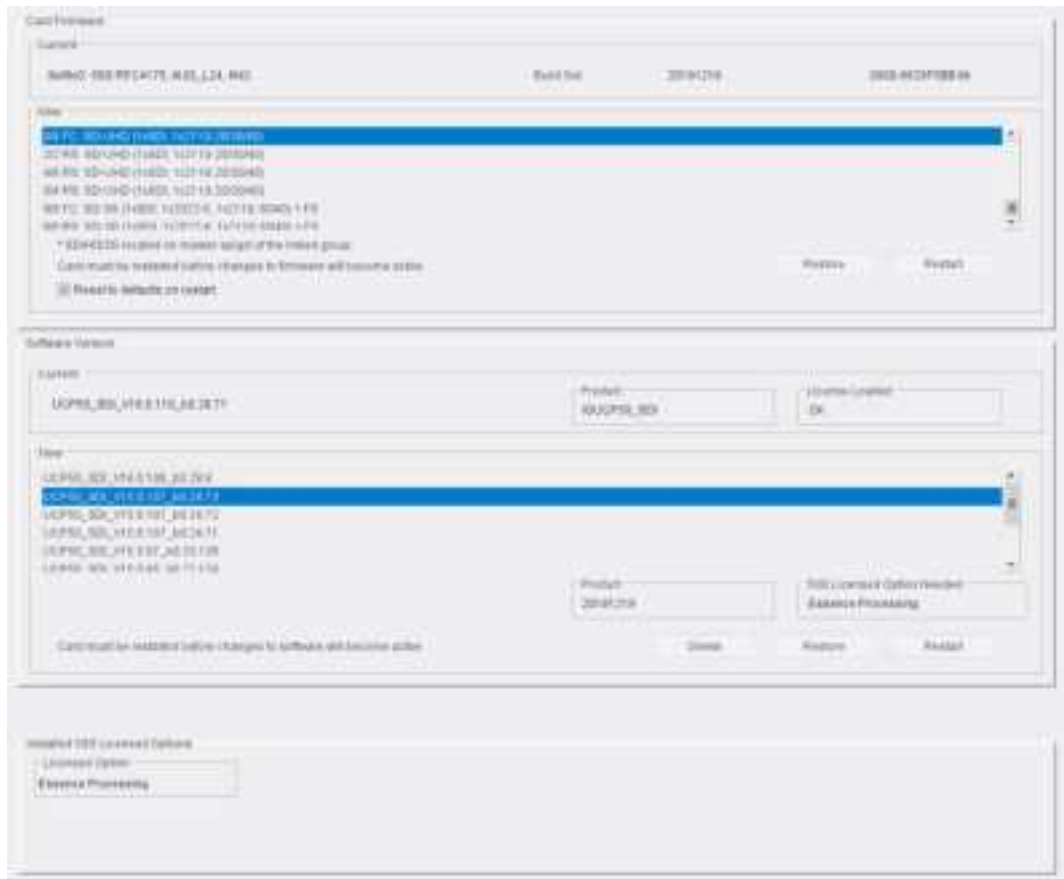
RollCall License Viewer

Note: If the **UCP Licenses** tab is not visible, RollCall will need to be updated. Contact Grass Valley for assistance.

- 3 Open the **UCP Licenses** tab, and click **Import Licenses**; a Windows Browse dialog is displayed.
- 4 Browse to the zip file's location, select the file, and click **OK**. The license is imported into RollCall, and the license details are displayed on the License Viewer. Close RollCall.
The license is now available to load onto the module.

Loading an SDC

- 1 Start RollCall, and open the **Configuration** page. Scroll down so that the **Card Firmware**, **Software Version** and **Installed 25(50)G Licensed Options** panes can be seen:



- The **Card Firmware** pane displays the firmware option currently loaded. Any further firmware offering more options is displayed on the **New** pane. See [Configuration](#) on page 42 for more information.
 - The **Software Version** pane displays details of the currently loaded SDC license. Alternative SDCs available for loading are displayed on the **New** pane.
 - The **Installed 25(50)G Licensed Options** pane shows all licenses installed.
- 2 Select the required SDC from the **Software Version > New** pane, and:
 - if the same I/O configuration is to be used, click **Restart**. The module will reboot, and start with the new SDC functionality.

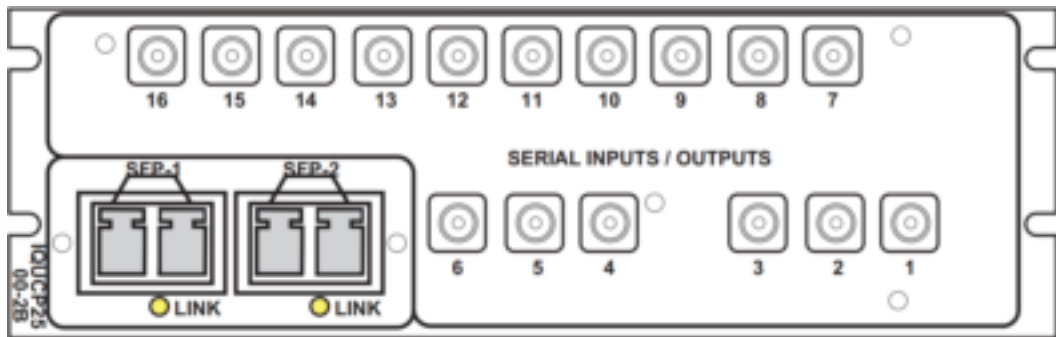
- if a different I/O configuration is to be used, enable the **Reset to Defaults on Restart** checkbox. This will cause any existing details stored on the module, other than network IP settings, to be cleared down, then restart the module. See [Defaults](#) on page 117 for more information.

IMPORTANT!

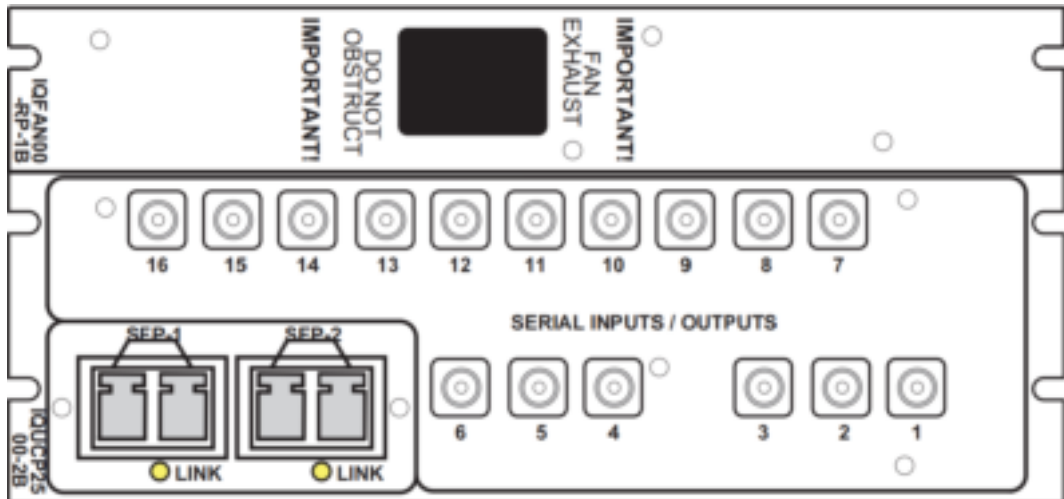
Existing details must be cleared down before establishing a new configuration. Failure to do this may result in unexpected behavior from the module.

The module is now ready to use.

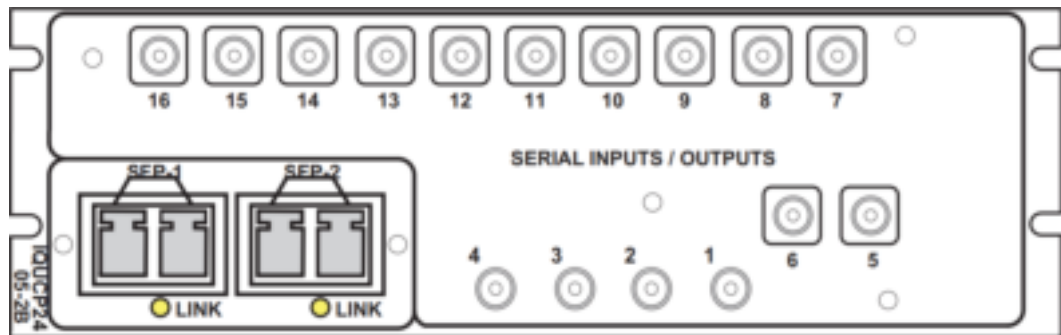
Rear Panel View



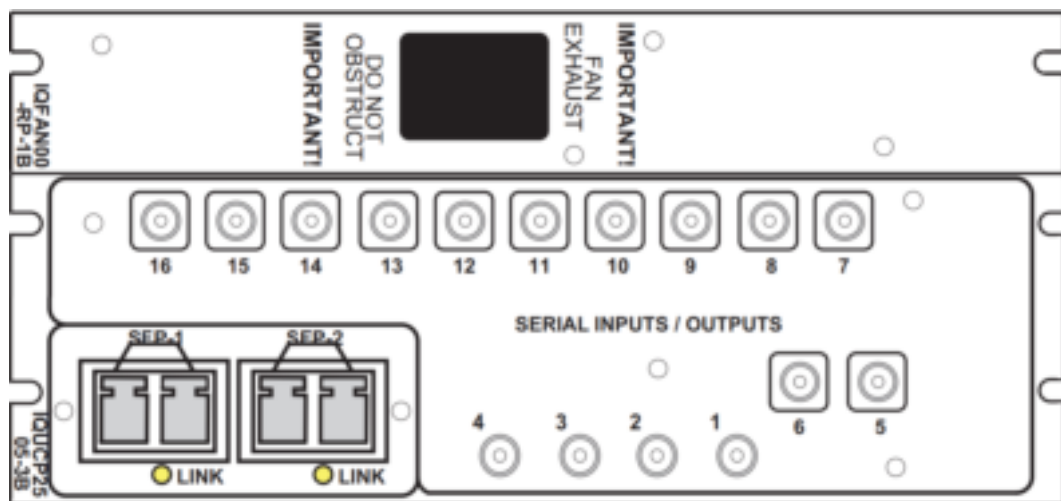
IQUCP2500-2B3



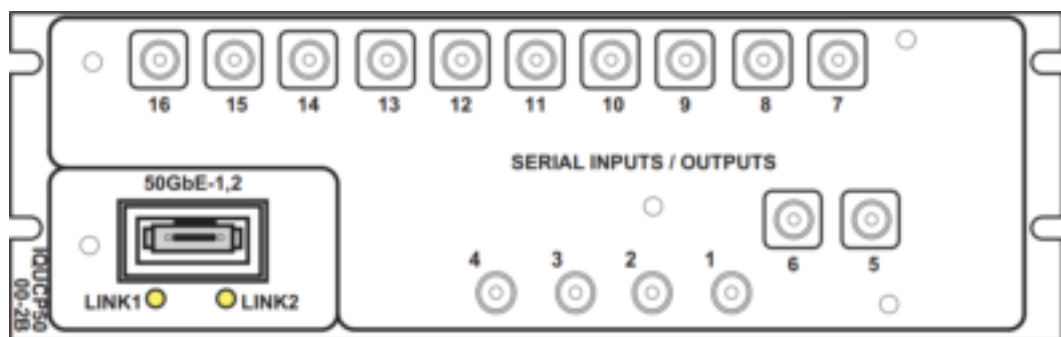
IQUCP2501-2B3



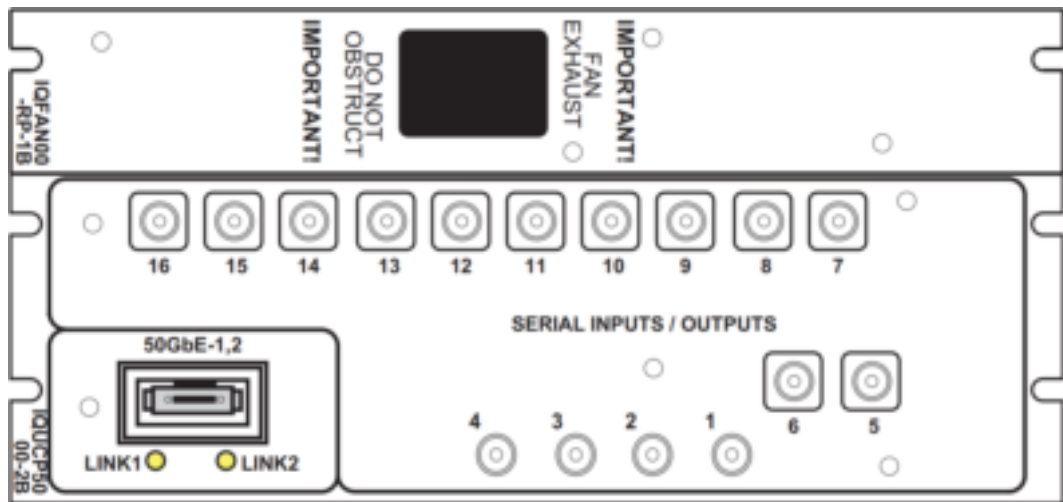
IQUCP2504-2B3



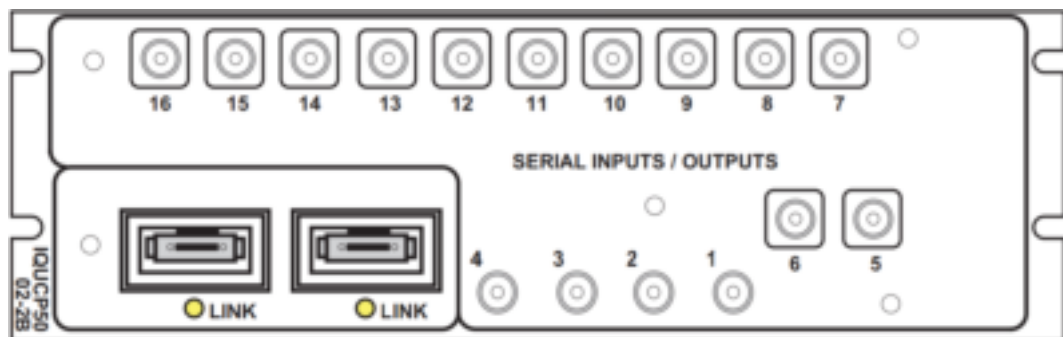
IQUCP2505-3B3



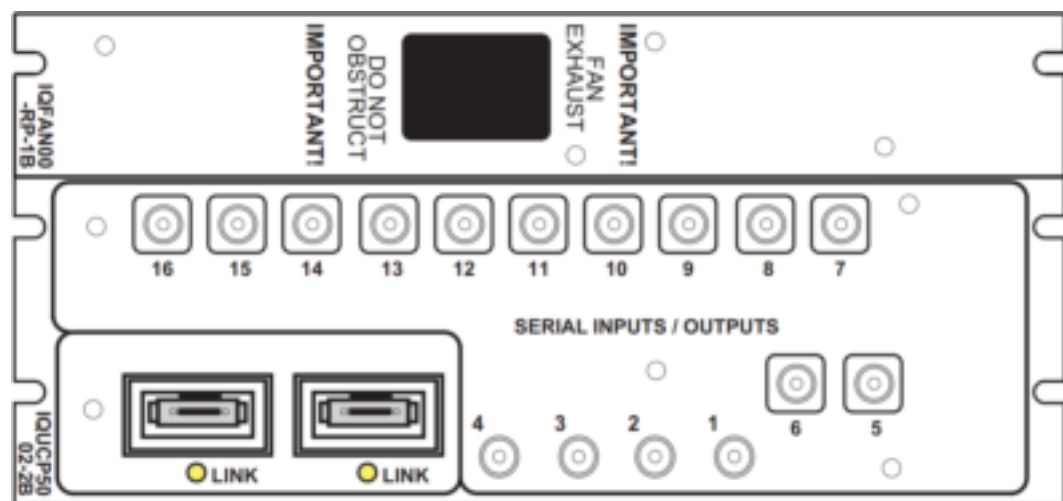
IQUCP5000-2B3



IQUCP5001-3B3



IQUCP5002-2B3



IQUCP5003-3B3

IQ Frame Enclosure

The IQUCP25/50 fits the enclosures shown:

B-style Enclosures



IQH3B-S-P



IQH4B-S-P

Note: The IQH4B enclosure provides two internal analog reference inputs. These inputs are applicable to modules with "B" order codes only.

Technical Specifications

Inputs/Outputs	
Signal Inputs	
3G/HD/SD-SDI Inputs	Up to 16 (0/4/8/12/16)
12G-SDI Inputs (4:2:0)	Up to 4 (0/4)
Connector/Format	HD-BNC/75R panel jack on standard connector panel
Conforms to	12G-SDI to SMPTE ST2082-10, mode 1 or ST425-5 3G-SDI to SMPTE 424M/425M level A compatible HD-SDI to SMPTE292M/274M/296M SD-SDI to SMPTE259M-C
Input cable length	Belden 1694A @ 3 Gbit/s - 80m Belden 1694A @ 1.5 Gbit/s - 140m Belden 1694A @ 270 Mbit/s - 350m
Signal Outputs	
3G/HD/SD-SDI Outputs	Up to 16 (16/12/8/4/0)
12G-SDI Outputs (4:2:0)	Up to 4 (0/4)
Connector/Format	HD-BNC/75R
Conforms to	12G-SDI to SMPTE ST2082-10, mode 1 or ST425-5 3G-SDI to SMPTE 424M/425M level A compatible HD-SDI to SMPTE292M/274M/296M SD-SDI to SMPTE259M-C
Ethernet	
Connector/Format	IQUCP25: SFP+ 2 x 25GbE IQUCP50: 2 x 50GbE QSFP, or 1 x QSFP with two lanes of 50GbE
Conforms to	IEEE 802.3by - 25 Gigabit Ethernet over fiber IEEE 802.3 - 25 Gigabit Ethernet over twinaxial cables ST2110-10/20/30 SMPTE-291M/IETF RTP Payload for Ancillary Data VC-2 AES'67 IEEE-1588v2/SMPTE-2059-2

Video Standards	2160p60, 2160p59, 2160p50 (ST2082-10, mode1 or ST425-5) 1080p60, 1080p59, 1080p50 (SMPTE ST274) 1080i30, 1080i29, 1080i25 (SMPTE ST274) 720p60, 720p59, 720p50 (SMPTE ST296) 625i25, 525i29 (SMPTE ST125)
Latency	IP Sender: < 1 line (ignoring compression codec latency) IP Receiver: N->(N+1) frames* *This is dependent on the setting <i>N</i> , currently 0/1/2/3, for the number of frames of delay applied in the packet store buffer. With <i>N</i> =0, the minimum delay is approximately 32 lines by default. VC2 codec latency is approx. 6 lines for both encode and decode.
RollCall Features	
Status	Input and Output status
User memories	None
Communication	
RollCall/RollCall+	Via gateway or directly via rear SFP
Indicators	
Front Panel and Card Edge	Green = Power OK Green flashing = CPU OK
16 x Input standard detection LEDs	Off = Input/Spigot not in use. Red = No input. Yellow = TPG. Green = Video flow detected (SDI input for Sender spigot, output IP flow for Receiver spigot)
(Q)SFP LEDs	Red = Fault - rear assembly 3V3 regulator failure. Green = 10G Blue = 25G/50G/100G Cyan = 40G
RollTrack controls	On/off, Index, Source, Address, Command, Status, Sending
Specifications	
Electrical	Transport Stream
Connector/Format	HD-BNC
Power Consumption	
Module Power Consumption	IQUCP25: 31 PR IQUCP50: 45.5 PR

3

Connections

This section describes the physical input and output connections provided by IQUCP25/50 modules.

SDI BNC Inputs/Outputs

The IQUCP2500 provides 16 x 3G/HD/SD-SDI interfaces with HD-BNC.

On the IQUCP50 and the IQUCP2504, BNCs 1 - 4 are also 12G-SDI rated.



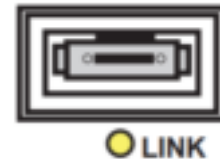
25G Ethernet SFP (IQUCP25)

SFP+ supporting 10/25G Ethernet.



50G Ethernet QSFP (IQUCP50)

QSFP+ supporting 50G Ethernet.



SFP/QSFP Link LED Indicators

SFP/QSFP LEDs indicate the following:

SFP (IQUCP25):

- **Red** = Fault - 3V3 regulator failure.
- **Green** = OK (10G)
- **Blue** = OK (25G).

If the LED is flashing, the link is down.

QSFP (IQUCP50):

- **Red** = Fault - 3V3 regulator failure.
- **Cyan** = OK (40G)
- **Blue** = OK (50G, 100G).

4

Card-Edge LEDs

The LEDs on the front edge of the module indicate its operating status.

Front Panel	Front Edge		Description
	● STATUS	PB=IDENT	STATUS Green = PTP-LOCK OK. Off = PTP-LOCK Fail.
	● BOARD	● CPU	BOARD Green = CPU clock running. Off = CPU stopped.
	● PTP	● REF	REF Green flashing = Watchdog timer OK.
	● 8	● 16	1 - 16 - Spigot status. Off = Input/Spigot not in use. Red = No input. Yellow = TPG. Green = Video flow detected (SDI input for Sender spigot, output IP flow for Receiver spigot). For UHD Quad-Link Modes: Banks of four adjacent LEDs (e.g. 1 - 4, 5 - 8, etc) will light simultaneously to denote the 4 x 3G streams being received on a 12G-SDI input. If a TPG is enabled, either sender or receiver, four adjacent LEDs will light yellow to denote the 4 x 3G linked internal flows.
	● 7	● 15	
	● 6	● 14	
	● 5	● 13	
	● 4	● 12	
	● 3	● 11	
	● 2	● 10	
	● 1	● 9	
	● SFP 2	● QSFP 2	SFP 1 - 2 = Status/lane. Red = Fault (3V3 regulator failure), Green = OK (10G SFP), Blue = OK (25G SFP). If flashing, link is down. QSFP 1 - 2 = Status/lane. Red = Fault (3V3 regulator failure), Cyan = OK (40G QSFP), Blue = OK (50G, 100G QSFP). If flashing, link is down.
	● SFP 1	● QSFP 1	
	PB=RESET		

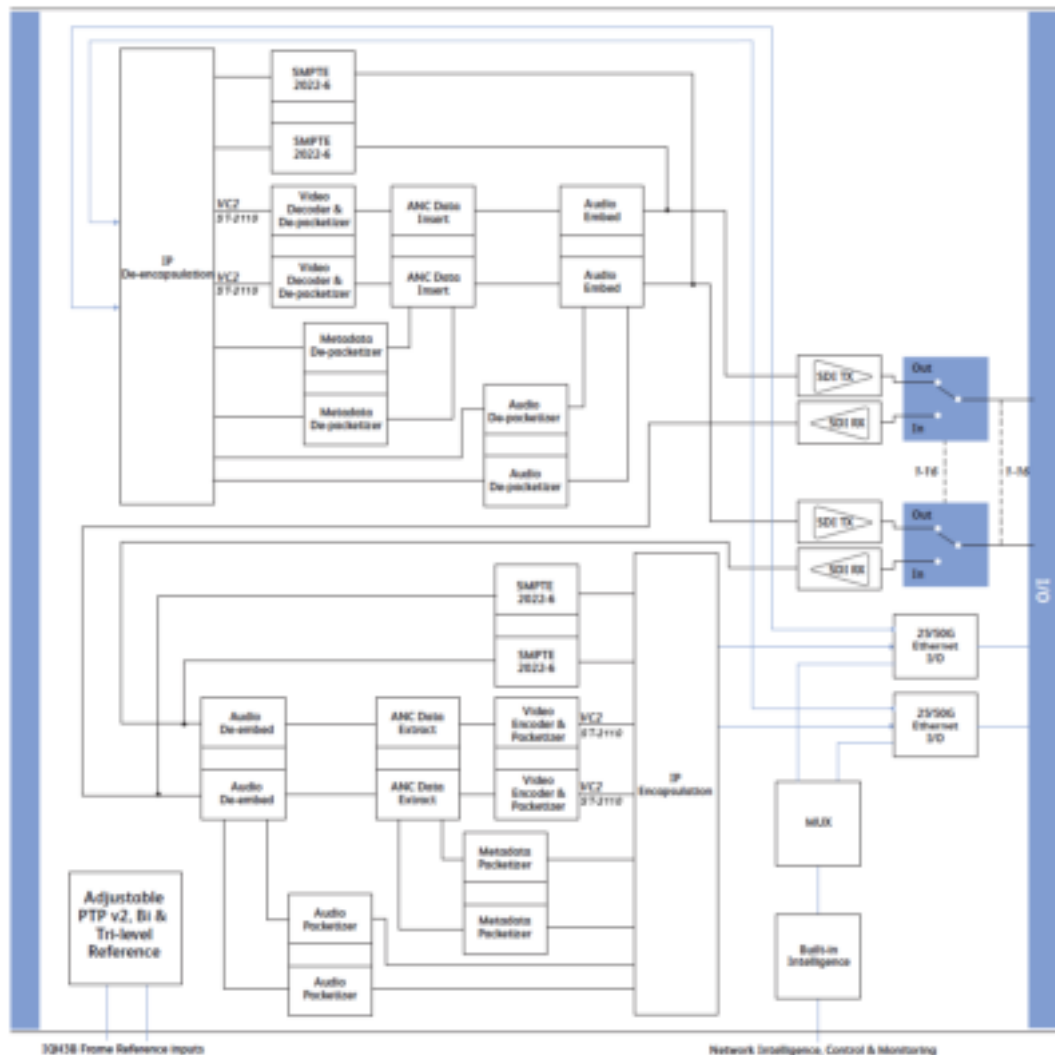
5 Essence Processing SDC

This section contains information on using an IQUCP25/50 module running the Essence Processing (EP) SDC, via RollCall.

For help with general use of the RollCall application, open the user manual by clicking the  button on the main RollCall toolbar.

Block Diagram

IQUCP25/50 with Essence Processing SDC



Block Diagram for IQUCP25/50 with Essence Processing SDC

Feature Summary - IQUCP25/50 with Essence Processing SDC

General Features

- Supports configuration of Ethernet links for maximum signal transport using both SFPs, or, for dual link mode, to provide link redundancy as per SMPTE 2022-7. When operating as a receiver, the IQUCP25/50 will dynamically adapt to any stream presented to it.
- Supports unicast as well as IGMPv3 source-specific multicast, allowing point to point operation or transmission in multicast groups, and forward error correction. Both the IQUCP25 and IQUCP50 support FC-FEC (aka Firecode/BASE-R/Clause 74), and RS-FEC (aka Reed Solomon FEC/Clause 108).
- Supports NMOS.
- Standards supported:
 - 12G-SDI to SMPTE-2082-10, mode 1 and SMPTE-425-5
 - 3G-SDI to SMPTE 424M/425M level A compatible
 - HD-SDI to SMPTE292M/274M/296M
 - SD-SDI to SMPTE259M-C
 - 25/50GbE Ethernet to IEEE 802.3
- RollCall control and monitoring compatible with standard logging and reporting features.

Essence Processing Features

- Handles up to 16 SDI signals over dual 25/50GbE IP links (dependent on SDI signal format and compressed or uncompressed transport mode).
- Multiple transport types available for each SDI input including:
 - Compressed IP transport using VC2 low latency high quality encoding profile.
 - Uncompressed video transport using either SMPTE-2110-20 or SMPTE-2022-6 encapsulation.
 - PCM audio over SMPTE-2110-30, or embedded as part of SMPTE-2022-6.
 - SMPTE-291M metadata support over SMPTE-2110-40.
- Supports frame synchronized SDI inputs with audio rate adaption, referenced to either IEEE-1588v2 (PTP) network timing (compliant with SMPTE-2059-2), or via the IQH4B frame analog reference bus for black burst/tri-level syncs.
- Low delay mode and Independent H & V offset available for each channel, along with up to 2 frames of video delay, and up to 255ms of audio delay.

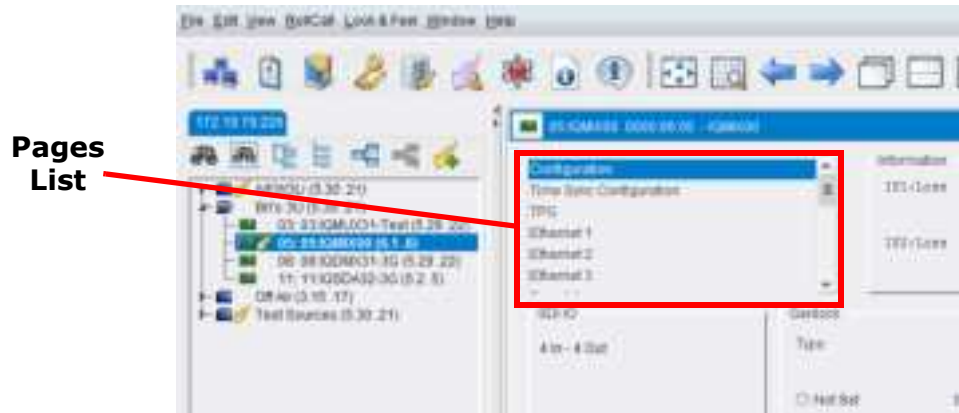
Terminology Used in this Document

Term	Description
Essence	A general term used to describe an SDI component; video, audio and data are all essences.
Spigot	Generic term for a source or destination.

Term	Description
Flow	SMPTE-2022, 2110-20, 2110-30, 2110-40 and VC2 are all flow types. An SDI input can be used to create multiple IP flows.
Source	Originator of one or more flows, i.e. a set of one or more sender spigots.
Destination	Receiver of one or more flows, i.e. a set of one or more receiver spigots.

Navigating Pages in the RollCall Template

The RollCall template has a number of pages, each of which can be selected from the drop-down list at the top left of the display area. Right-clicking anywhere on the pages will also open a page view list, allowing quick access to any of the pages.



Template Pages

The following pages are available:

- **Configuration** - see [page 42](#).
- **Time Sync Configuration** - see [page 52](#).
- **Sender TPG (Test Pattern Generator)** - see [page 58](#).
- **Receiver TPG (Test Pattern Generator)** - see [page 60](#).
- **Counters** - see [page 62](#).
- **FEC** - see [page 63](#).
- **NMOS** - see [page 65](#).
- **Ethernet Pages 1 and 2** - see [page 70](#).
- **Ethernet 1 and 2 RTP Sender** - see [page 72](#).
- **Ethernet 1 and 2 RTP Receiver** - see [page 73](#).
- **Ethernet RTP Receiver Video Stats** - see [page 74](#).
- **Ethernet RTP Receiver Audio Stats** - see [page 75](#).
- **Ethernet RTP Receiver Meta Stats** - see [page 76](#).
- **Link Control** - see [page 77](#).

- **HDR Receiver Control** - see [page 79](#).
- **Destination Timing** - see [page 81](#).
- **Audio V Fade** - see [page 82](#).
- **Input Loss Control** - see [page 83](#).
- **Spigot 1-*n*** - see [page 84](#).
- **Audio Shuffle** - see [page 92](#).
- **Logging - SDI Info** - see [page 93](#).
- **Logging - System** - see [page 94](#).
- **Logging - Network** - see [page 98](#).
- **Logging - SFP** - see [page 101](#).
- **Logging - FPGA** - see [page 105](#).
- **Logging Spigot -1-*n*** - see [page 106](#).
- **Logging - NMOS** - see [page 109](#).
- **Logging - Card Diagnostics** - see [page 110](#).
- **RollTrack** - see [page 112](#).
- **Loopback Router** - see [page 115](#).
- **Setup** - see [page 116](#).
- **Ethernet Gb** - see [page 118](#).
- **Ethernet Arcnet** - see [page 118](#).
- **Interop** - see [page 119](#).
- **SFP Configuration** - see [page 121](#).

Setting Values

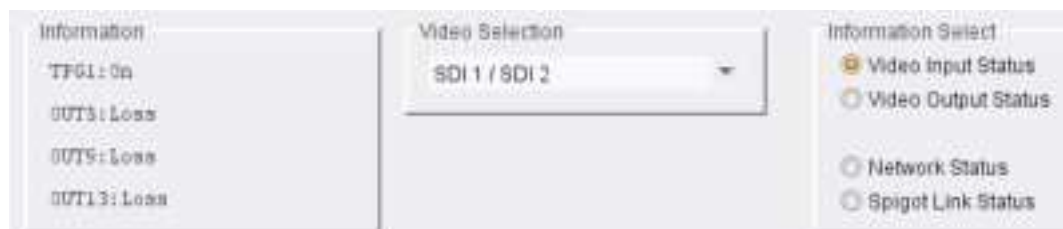
Many of the settings within the templates have values, either alpha or numeric.

When setting a value in a field, the value, whether text or a number, must be set by pressing the ENTER key, or clicking the **S Save Value** button.

Clicking an associated **P Preset Value** button returns the value to the factory default setting.

Information Display

The **Information** display pane appears at the top of each page, and shows basic information on the input, standard and status of the module. The information to be displayed is defined on the **Video Selection** and **Information Select** panes to the right of the **Information** display.



Information and Selection Panes

Selecting the Information to Display

- Select the inputs to display data for from the **Video Selection** drop-down list.
- Select **Video Input Status**, **Video Output Status**, **Network Status** or **Spigot Link Status** from the **Information Select** pane as required.

The selected information will be displayed on the **Information** display pane.

Configuration

The **Configuration** page allows basic module parameters to be set.

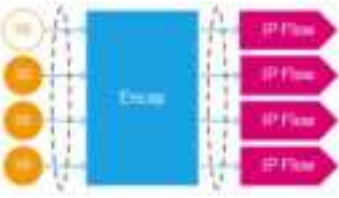
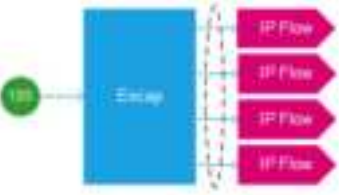
The screenshot displays the 'Configuration' page for the 'SDC' module. The interface is divided into several sections:

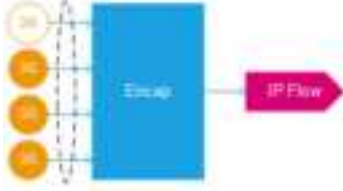
- Left Sidebar:** Contains navigation links: 'Home', 'Configuration', 'Status', 'Logs', 'Help'.
- Top Section:** Includes a 'Module Selection' dropdown set to 'SDC' and a 'Module Information' box with fields for 'Module Name', 'Module ID', and 'Module Version'.
- Main Content Area:**
 - General:** Shows 'Module Name' as 'SDC', 'Module ID' as 'SDC', and 'Module Version' as '1.0.0'.
 - Parameters:** A table with columns 'Name', 'Value', and 'Unit'. It lists parameters like 'SDC_01', 'SDC_02', 'SDC_03', 'SDC_04', 'SDC_05', 'SDC_06', 'SDC_07', 'SDC_08', 'SDC_09', 'SDC_10', 'SDC_11', 'SDC_12', 'SDC_13', 'SDC_14', 'SDC_15', 'SDC_16', 'SDC_17', 'SDC_18', 'SDC_19', 'SDC_20', 'SDC_21', 'SDC_22', 'SDC_23', 'SDC_24', 'SDC_25', 'SDC_26', 'SDC_27', 'SDC_28', 'SDC_29', 'SDC_30', 'SDC_31', 'SDC_32', 'SDC_33', 'SDC_34', 'SDC_35', 'SDC_36', 'SDC_37', 'SDC_38', 'SDC_39', 'SDC_40', 'SDC_41', 'SDC_42', 'SDC_43', 'SDC_44', 'SDC_45', 'SDC_46', 'SDC_47', 'SDC_48', 'SDC_49', 'SDC_50', 'SDC_51', 'SDC_52', 'SDC_53', 'SDC_54', 'SDC_55', 'SDC_56', 'SDC_57', 'SDC_58', 'SDC_59', 'SDC_60', 'SDC_61', 'SDC_62', 'SDC_63', 'SDC_64', 'SDC_65', 'SDC_66', 'SDC_67', 'SDC_68', 'SDC_69', 'SDC_70', 'SDC_71', 'SDC_72', 'SDC_73', 'SDC_74', 'SDC_75', 'SDC_76', 'SDC_77', 'SDC_78', 'SDC_79', 'SDC_80', 'SDC_81', 'SDC_82', 'SDC_83', 'SDC_84', 'SDC_85', 'SDC_86', 'SDC_87', 'SDC_88', 'SDC_89', 'SDC_90', 'SDC_91', 'SDC_92', 'SDC_93', 'SDC_94', 'SDC_95', 'SDC_96', 'SDC_97', 'SDC_98', 'SDC_99', 'SDC_100'.
 - Card Parameters:** A section for configuring card parameters, including 'Card ID', 'Card Name', 'Card Type', 'Card Status', 'Card Location', 'Card Group', 'Card Color', 'Card Shape', 'Card Size', 'Card Weight', 'Card Thickness', 'Card Material', 'Card Finish', 'Card Texture', 'Card Pattern', 'Card Logo', 'Card Text', 'Card Image', 'Card Sound', 'Card Vibration', 'Card Light', 'Card Heat', 'Card Pressure', 'Card Force', 'Card Torque', 'Card Power', 'Card Energy', 'Card Frequency', 'Card Wavelength', 'Card Amplitude', 'Card Phase', 'Card Velocity', 'Card Acceleration', 'Card Deceleration', 'Card Jerk', 'Card Snap', 'Card Shove', 'Card Jolt', 'Card Shock', 'Card Impact', 'Card Collision', 'Card Friction', 'Card Adhesion', 'Card Cohesion', 'Card Tension', 'Card Compression', 'Card Expansion', 'Card Contraction', 'Card Relaxation', 'Card Stiffness', 'Card Compliance', 'Card Ductility', 'Card Brittleness', 'Card Toughness', 'Card Hardness', 'Card Softness', 'Card Elasticity', 'Card Plasticity', 'Card Viscosity', 'Card Elasticity', 'Card Plasticity', 'Card Viscosity', 'Card Elasticity', 'Card Plasticity', 'Card Viscosity'.
 - Software Version:** A section for configuring software version parameters, including 'Version', 'Build', 'Release', 'Patch', 'Hotfix', 'Beta', 'Alpha', 'Gamma', 'Delta', 'Epsilon', 'Zeta', 'Eta', 'Theta', 'Iota', 'Kappa', 'Lambda', 'Mu', 'Nu', 'Xi', 'Omicron', 'Pi', 'Rho', 'Sigma', 'Tau', 'Upsilon', 'Phi', 'Chi', 'Psi', 'Omega', 'Alpha', 'Beta', 'Gamma', 'Delta', 'Epsilon', 'Zeta', 'Eta', 'Theta', 'Iota', 'Kappa', 'Lambda', 'Mu', 'Nu', 'Xi', 'Omicron', 'Pi', 'Rho', 'Sigma', 'Tau', 'Upsilon', 'Phi', 'Chi', 'Psi', 'Omega'.

Configuration page

Understanding IQUCP25/50 Configuration

The IQUCP25/50 supports a variety of configurations, so as to offer the greatest flexibility in terms of the types and number of SDI signals that can be processed. These configurations can be broadly grouped into five types of use case, as detailed below.

Use Case	SDI format	IP Format	Description
Use Case 1 	1 x SD/HD/3G	1 x ST2110 1 x ST2022	In this use case there is a direct 1-1 mapping between a BNC and a spigot page. This use case supports SD/HD/3G SDI formats.
Use Case 2 	4 x SD/HD/3G	4 x ST2110 4 x ST2022	This is an extension of use case 1, but takes into account that spigots can be grouped together in blocks of 4. This behavior is controlled via the Link page - see Link Control on page 77.
Use Case 3 	12G-SDI	1 x ST2110	12G-SDI effectively carries 4 x 3G-SDI sub-images (links) over a 12G physical interface. When in this use case, Link 1 is considered to be the master, and Links 2, 3 and 4 are considered to be slaves. Where appropriate, the slave components follow the master. In this use case there is one single ST2110-20 flow.
Use Case 4 	12G-SDI	4 x ST2110 4 x ST2022	In this use case a 12G-SDI signal and its sub-images are used to create 4 unique flows, one for each sub-image. The master/slave behavior is still adopted, with Link 1 being the master.

Use Case	SDI format	IP Format	Description
Use Case 5 	4 x SD/HD/3G	1 x ST2110	In this use case, a UHD signal is represented by 4 x 3G-SDI (ST425-5), and results in a single ST2110-20 flow. As before, the master/slave behavior is still adopted, with Link 1 being the master.

From a deployment perspective, it is recommended that 8/8 builds are favored for 1080p59. Whilst the IP core does not impose any limitations on the end user as to which signals are sent/received from which spigot, there are three important limitations that otherwise need to be taken into account when deploying a system:

- 1 The user is required to ensure that the bandwidth of the media interface is not exceeded. For example, if the 0/16 configuration of a IQUCP25 was used with 16 unique 1080p50 ST2110-20 ST2022-7 streams, this would clearly exceed the 25GbE data rate of the media interface, and so would subsequently fail.
- 2 PLUS, if the card is in Make-Before-Break mode, then for every simultaneous change the stream count is 2, not 1, for duration of the change.
- 3 PLUS, there is an IP Receiver hardware limitation on the IQUCP25 and IQUCP50 as to the number of streams that can be processed concurrently. This is captured in the table below.

IP Format	Video Format	Max # Streams
ST2110-20	1080p50	16
ST2110-20	1080p59	14
ST2022-6	1080p59	12
ST2110-20	2160p50	4
ST2110-20	2160p59	4

Firmware Naming Convention

Product firmware file names, such as found in the **Card Firmware>New** pane (see [Setting Spigot Configuration](#) on page 51), adopt the following naming convention:

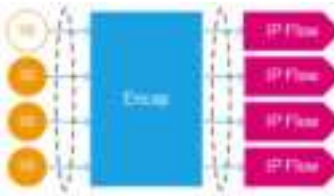
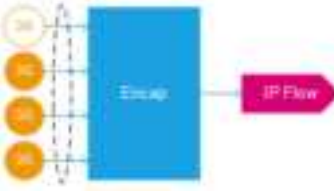
I/O	FEC	SDI Format	SDI Interface	Number of IP Interfaces	Options
0/16 0/4 4/12 8/8 8/0 12/4 16/0	RS = RS-FEC FC = FC-FEC	SD-3G = SD/HD/3G SD-UHD = SD/HD/3G/12G	1xSDI = 1 BNC 4xSDI = 4 BNC	1x2110-20/30/40 1x2022-6 1xVC2 4x2110-20/30/40 The above applies if not specified in both directions. Otherwise: (RX) = IP Receive side only (TX) = IP Transmit side only	+FS = Input Frame Sync

The different elements making up the file name are separated by spaces, except for **FEC** and **SDI Format** values, which are separated by a colon and a space. The **SD Interface** and **Number of IP Interfaces** values are enclosed by brackets and separated by a comma and a space. If required, **RX/TX** values are also enclosed by brackets, and inserted after the **Number of IP Interfaces** values. For example:

12/4 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6(RX), 1x2110-20/30/40)

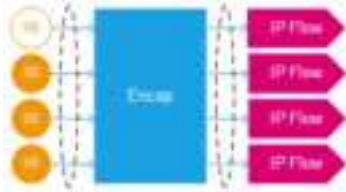
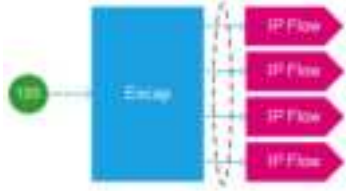
IQUCP2500 Card Firmware

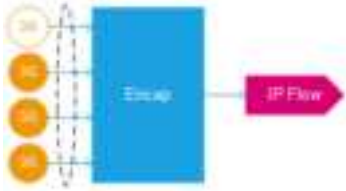
The following configurations are available when using the IQUCP2500 rear:

Use Case	Available Configurations
Use Case 1 	0/8 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 8/8 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 16/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 0/16 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 12/4 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/12 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 8/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 0/8 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 4/4 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40)
Mode	Available Configurations
Use Case 2 (Linked Mode) 	8/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) + FS 8/8 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 16/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 0/16 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 12/4 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/12 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 8/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 0/8 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 4/4 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40)
Use Case 5 	2/2 FC: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 2/2 RS: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40)

IQUCP2504 Card Firmware

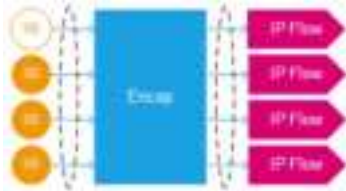
The following configurations are available when using the IQUCP2504 rear:

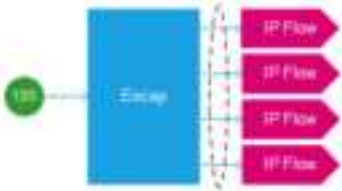
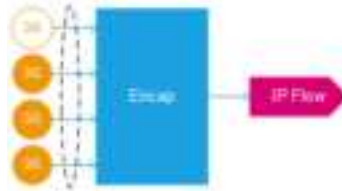
Use Case	Available Configurations
Use Case 1 	8/8 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 16/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 8/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 0/8 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 12/4 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/12 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/4 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40)
Use Case 2 (Linked Mode) 	8/8 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 16/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 0/16 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 0/16 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 8/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) + FS 8/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) + FS 8/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 0/8 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 4/4 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 12/4 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/12 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40)
Use Case	Available Configurations
Use Case 3 	2/2 FC: SD-UHD (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 2/2 RS: SD-UHD (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40)
Use Case 4 	2/2 FC: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2110-20/30/40) 2/2 RS: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2110-20/30/40)

Use Case	Available Configurations
Use Case 5 	2/2 FC: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 2/2 RS: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40)

IQUCP50xx Card Firmware

The following configurations are available when using the IQUCP50xx rears:

Use Case	Available Configurations
Use Case 1 	8/8 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6(RX), 1x2110-20/30/40) 16/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 8/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 0/8 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 12/4 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6(RX), 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/12 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6(RX), 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/4 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40)
Use Case 2 (Linked Mode) 	0/16 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 8/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) + FS 8/8 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20(RX)/30/40) 16/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-30/40) 12/4 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20(RX)/30/40) 4/12 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20(RX)/30/40) 8/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) + FS 8/8 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6(RX), 1x2110-20/30/40) 16/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 0/16 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20/30/40) 12/4 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6(RX), 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/12 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6(RX), 1x2110-20/30/40) 8/8 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20(RX)/30/40) 16/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-30/40) 12/4 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20(RX)/30/40) 4/12 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-20(RX)/30/40) 4/4 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 8/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 0/8 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1xVC2, 1x2110-30/40) 8/0 FC: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-30/40) + FS 8/0 RS: SD-3G (1xSDI, 1x2022-6, 1x2110-30/40) + FS

Use Case	Available Configurations
Use Case 3 	2/2 FC: SD-UHD (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/0 FC: SD-UHD (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 0/4 FC: SD-UHD (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 2/2 RS: SD-UHD (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/0 RS: SD-UHD (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 0/4 RS: SD-UHD (1xSDI, 1x2110-20/30/40)
Use Case 4 	2/2 FC: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2022-6(RX), 4x2110-20/30/40) 4/0 FC: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2110-20/30/40) 0/4 FC: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2022-6, 4x2110-20/30/40) 2/2 FC: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2022-6, 4x2110-20(RX)/30/40) 4/0 FC: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2022-6, 4x2110-30/40) 2/2 RS: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2022-6(RX), 4x2110-20/30/40) 4/0 RS: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2110-20/30/40) 0/4 RS: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2022-6, 4x2110-20/30/40) 2/2 RS: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2022-6, 4x2110-20(RX)/30/40) 4/0 RS: SD-UHD* (1xSDI, 4x2022-6, 4x2110-30/40)
Use Case 5 	2/2 FC: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/0 FC: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 0/4 FC: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 2/2 RS: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 4/0 RS: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40) 0/4 RS: SD-UHD* (4xSDI 2SI, 1x2110-20/30/40)

The following facilities are available from the **Configuration** page:

Note: SDC functionality options are also set here. See [Installing SDC License Files](#) on page 25 for more information.

Option	Description
SDI IO	Displays how input and output spigots are currently configured. See <i>Card Firmware/Software Version</i> , below, for information on how to change this.
Where Am I	Causes the front-edge LEDs to flash, allowing the module to be easily identified.

Option	Description
Genlock	Select Genlock type: • Network - click to select PTP. See PTP - An Overview, below. • Chassis Reference A/B - click to select an on-chassis reference. • Freerun - click to allow free running.
GUID	Displays the absolute unique identifier associated with the module.
Domain	RollCall+ uses domains to partition a network; only nodes on the same domain can communicate with one another. A domain is uniquely identified with a number and a friendly name/alias. Set an ID as required, then press Take to confirm the change.
Interface Configuration	Displays the IP address for each Ethernet interface.
Card Firmware/Software Version	Each software version contains multiple firmware images. These allow different spigot input/output and flow standard combinations to be selected. See Setting Spigot Configuration , below, for more information.
Reset to Defaults on Restart	Enable checkbox to cause any existing details stored on the module, other than network IP settings, to be cleared down prior to restarting the module. See Setting Spigot Configuration , below, and Defaults on page 117 for more information.

PTP - An Overview

PTP provides a mechanism for distributing a common reference clock throughout the system. Each device maintains an internal clock that is synchronized to this common reference clock. RTP timestamps within the RTP packet header (and extended header) are used for synchronization.

Synchronization across multiple essence streams is achieved by comparing the offset between the RTP timestamp and clock.

Setting Spigot Configuration

IMPORTANT!

Existing details must be cleared down before establishing a new configuration. Failure to do this may result in unexpected behavior from the module.

To set a new spigot configuration, follow these steps:

- 1 From the **Configuration** page, select the required software from the **Software Version** pane, then select the firmware which provides the required combination of inputs, outputs and flow standards from the list displayed on the **Card Firmware>New** pane.
Note that **Restore** and **Restart** buttons are displayed only when an item not currently installed is selected.
- 2 Enable the **Reset to Defaults on Restart** checkbox. This will cause existing details stored on the module, other than network IP settings, to be cleared down prior to restarting the module. See [Defaults](#) on page 117 for more information.
- 3 Click **Restart** to restart the module and implement any changes made.

Time Sync Configuration

The **Time Sync Configuration** page allows selection of the source to be used for synchronizing flows, and configuration of any properties associated with the relevant source.

Time Sync Configuration page

The following facilities are available from this page:

Option	Description
Time Sync Mode	Click a radio button to select the required mode. PTP options require a grandmaster clock to be present in the system. Note: Mixing modes within a system is not advisable. For example, PTP uses atomic time (TAI), whereas NTP is UTC, which is leap-second corrected. So, the two systems will not give identical results. Options are: • PTP Multicast - this uses multicast for both sync and follow-up messages. • PTP Unicast - this uses multicast for the sync messages and unicast for the follow-up messages. • NTP - uses NTP for local clock correction. NTP can usually maintain time to an accuracy of around 1-10ms, but this value could rise to something on the order of >100ms, depending on network congestion, asymmetry, etc. This potentially means that 1-5 frames of misalignment of the local device clocks may be seen across the network. • Free-run - the local device clock is left to free run, that is it is not corrected with respect to the world clock. This will drift over time. Select as required.

Option	Description
NTP Configuration	Allows an NTP server to be specified. To add an NTP server, enter the server's IP address in to the New field.
PTP Network Interface	Allows selection of the interface which is to support PTP. Enable check boxes as required. • The Preference list allows port priority to be set. Select from: • None - PTP will fail over from one to the next in the absence of sync messages. Once failed over, it shall remain on that port until it fails over again. • Ethernet 1 - If Ethernet 1 is available, it has priority. Thus, if we have failed from Ethernet 1 to Ethernet 2, as soon as Ethernet 1 becomes available again we will switch back. • Ethernet 2 - as per Ethernet 1 but for Ethernet 2.
PTP Configuration	Select values from the PTP Domain and PTP Delay Request Frequency drop-down lists, as required. Type the appropriate IP number into the PTP Multicast address field.
PTP Status	Displays PTP status information. Enable the Details check box to display detailed interface status information, reset counters, show details for other PTP interfaces etc. See , below for more information.
Save Settings	Displayed only if settings on this page are changed. Clicking Restore will discard the changes, while clicking Restart will implement the changes and reboot the module.

PTP Status Details

When the **PTP Status Details** check box is enabled, the following information is displayed:

Interface Status

Displays which port is being used for local clock correction. Click **Next Interface** to move between available PTP Network interfaces.

The screenshot shows the 'Interface Status' pane for 'Ethernet2 (S6C210P)'. It displays various PTP parameters and their current values. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Reset Counters' and 'Next Interface'.

Item	Value	Item	Value
Clock Source	Free Running	In Delay	+0.00s
Local State	NO LOCK	In-Toler	+0.00s
Last Lock		Sync Interval	1s
Lost Lock		Request Interval	1s
1 Step Syncs	0	Clock Locked	0
2 Step Syncs	0	Synchroization	0
Follow Ups	0	Time taken to lock	
Delay Requests	0	Message Threshold	0
Delay Responses	0	Clock Back Steps	0
Announcement	0	Clock Steps	0
Signaling	0	Delay Steps	0
Management	0	Correction Steps	0
Version 0s	0	Followup 0s 0s	0
Unversion 0s	0	Followup 1s 0s	0
Length 0s	0	Response 0s 0s	0
Unversioned 2 Step	0	Response 1s 0s	0
In Timestamp 0s	0		
To Timestamp 0s	0		

Interface Status pane

Interface Status Details

Item	Description
Last Lock	Time when PTP last locked.
Lost Lock	Time when PTP last lost lock.
1 Step syncs	Increments on reception of Sync message that has the twoStepFlag=false.
2 Step Syncs	Increments on reception of Sync message that has the twoStepFlag=true.
Follow Ups	Increments on reception of every follow_up message.
Delay Requests	Increments on reception of every delay_req message.
Delay Responses	Increments on reception of every delay_resp message.
Announcement Messages	Increments on reception of every announce message.
Signaling	Increments on reception of each PTP Signaling message.
Management	Increments on reception of each PTP Management message.

Item	Description
Version Errs	The IQUCP25/50 supports PTPv2 only. If a PTPv1 message is received, it is discarded, and this counter incremented. This would be an indication that the grandmaster clock is not configured correctly.
Unknown Msgs	If the product receives messages on the PTP multicast address port 319 or 320 that are not messages defined as PTP ones this counter is incremented.
Length Errs	PTP messages with an invalid length cause this counter to increment.
Unexpected 2 Steps	Increments on the reception of a <code>follow_up</code> message but the sync message is indicating 1 step.
RX Timestamp Errs	Increments for every PTP message where the sequence number is as expected but its timestamp is not valid.
TX Timestamp Errs	Increments for every <code>delay_resp</code> message where its sequence number is as expected but its timestamp is not valid.
Av Delay	This is the average network delay time from the grandmaster to the UCP. This should be stable and in the order of 10-20 μ s.
Av Error	The average error is the difference between the grandmaster and the UCP local clock. If locked, this number will be small.
Sync Interval	From IEEE1588 7.7.2.1: "For each of the message types Announce, Sync, Delay_Req and Pdelay_Req, the mean time interval between successive messages shall be represented as the logarithm to the base 2 of this time interval measured in seconds on the local clock of the device sending the message. The values of these logarithmic attributes shall be selected from integers in the range -128 to 127 subject to further limits established in an applicable PTP profile. The interpretation of the <code>logMessageInterval</code> depends on the message type; see 13.3.2.11. Except for Delay_Req messages (see 9.5.11.2), a node shall, with 90% confidence, issue messages with intervals within $\pm 30\%$ of the stated value of this attribute."
Request Interval	Return actual minimum interval between delay request messages. This is as set in the PTP Delay Request Frequency control. See Configuration on page 42. Values are, {256/s, 128/s, 64/s, 32/s, 16/s, 8/s, 4/s, 2/s, 1s, 2s, 4s, 8s, 16s}.
Clock Loaded	Increments if the interface was live and the PTP was forced to update (crash lock).
Synchronizations	Increments every time a PTP lock is achieved.
Time Taken to Lock	Length of time it has taken to lock the interface.

Item	Description
Message Timeouts	Increments if none of the following are received within any 2-second period: • follow_up • delay_resp • sync • announce
Clock Steps Back	If the IQUCP25/50 receives a time earlier than the last, this counter is incremented. This could be because of a fault with the grandmaster, or because there are multiple grandmasters in the system.
Clock Blips	This increments if the local clock offset is >300ns, <-300ns.
Delay Blips	This increments if the network delay is >120%, or <80% of the previous value.
Correction Blips	Uses the <code>correctionField</code> in the header of <code>delay_resp</code> message from the grandmaster. From IEEE1588 13.3.2.7: "The <code>correctionField</code> is the value of the correction measured in nanoseconds and multiplied by 65536. For example, 2.5 ns is represented as 0x28000. Increments if the <code>correctionField</code> is > 40000 (0.61ns).
FollowUp OoS Errs	Increments for every <code>follow_up</code> message that is out of sequence.
FollowUp ID Errs	Increments for every <code>follow_up</code> message that is not from the expected clock.
Response OoS Errs	Increments for every <code>delay_response</code> message that is out of sequence.
Response ID Errs	See Histogram , below.

Histogram

The Histogram provides a graphical representation of the distribution of differences between the module's clock and the PTP grandmaster clock. Every time the clock difference is recalculated, the relevant bar is incremented. A correctly functioning system will show a distinct peak around the 0ns level.



Histogram pane

Visible Clocks

Displays the grandmaster clocks present on the network.

Time	Phase	Frequency	Offset	Skew	Latency
0.000000	0	0	0.000000	0	0

Visible Clocks pane

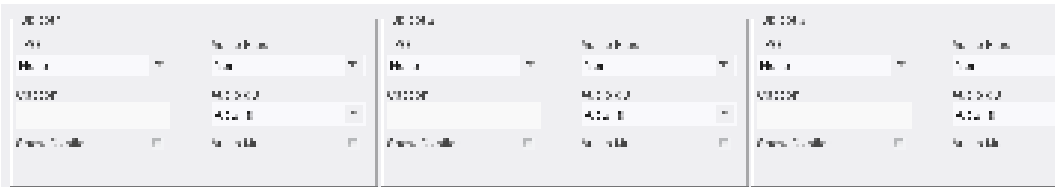
Sender TPG (Test Pattern Generator)

The **Sender TPG** page allows test patterns to be applied to senders on a spigot-by-spigot basis.



Sender TPG page

The page displays a pane for each spigot in use, as shown above; captions can be defined, TPG enabled or disabled and audio configured for each. However, when spigots are linked, only the Master spigot can be configured; the Slave spigots inherit their configuration from the Master, and have their controls disabled.



Sender TPG page Linked Spigot Display

The following options are available for each spigot:

Option	Operation
TPG	Select the test pattern to apply to the spigot from the drop-down list.
Audio Freq	Select the audio frequency to apply to the spigot from the drop-down list.
Caption	Type a caption (max 19 characters) to optionally be displayed with the test pattern.
Audio dB	Select the dB level to apply to the spigot from the drop-down list.

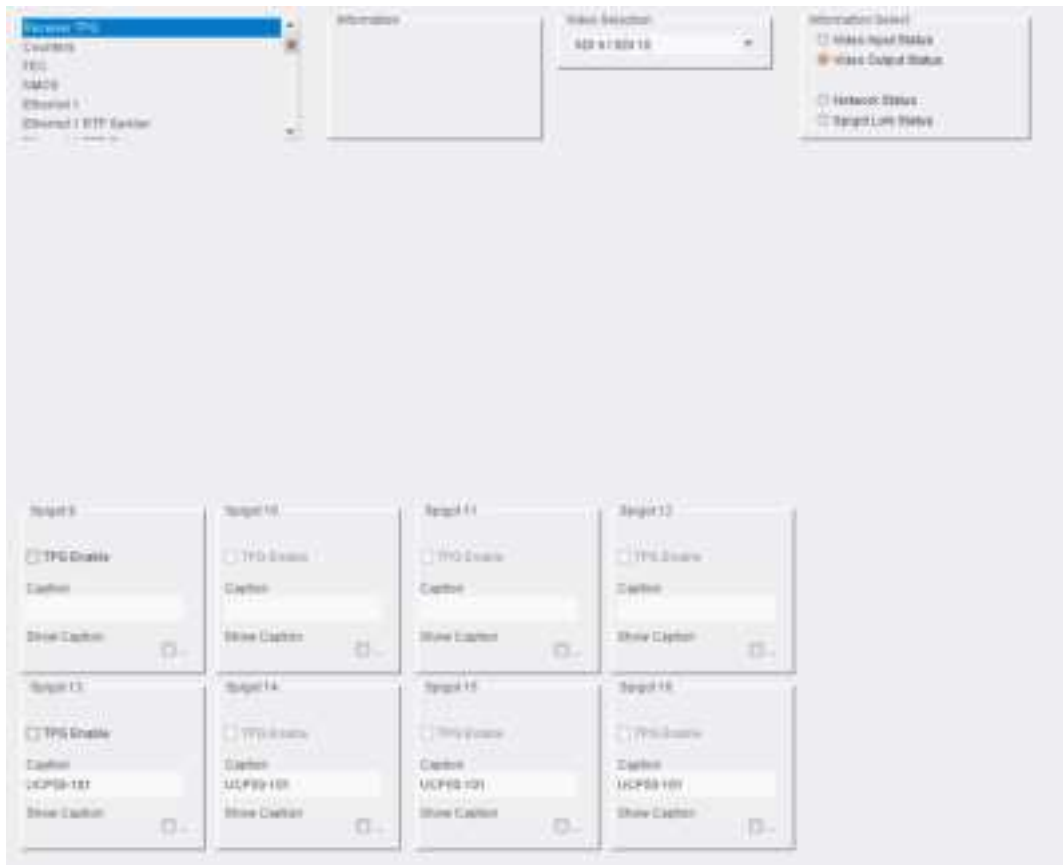
Option	Operation
Show Caption	Enable the checkbox to display the caption with the test pattern.
Audio Mute	Enable the checkbox to mute the audio tone.

If a test pattern is applied, either a pattern or a tone, the spigot cannot be used for streaming any other essence.

Click **Show Caption** to overlay a caption on the video essence.

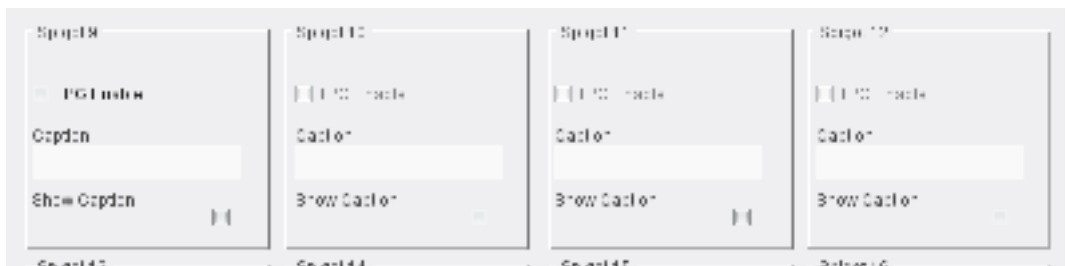
Receiver TPG (Test Pattern Generator)

The **Receiver TPG** page allows test patterns to be applied to receivers on a spigot-by-spigot basis.



Receiver TPG page

The page displays a pane for each spigot in use, as shown above; captions can be defined and TPG enabled or disabled for each. However, when spigots are linked, only the Master spigot can be configured; the Slave spigots inherit their configuration from the Master, and have their controls disabled, as shown below:



Receiver TPG page Linked Spigot Display

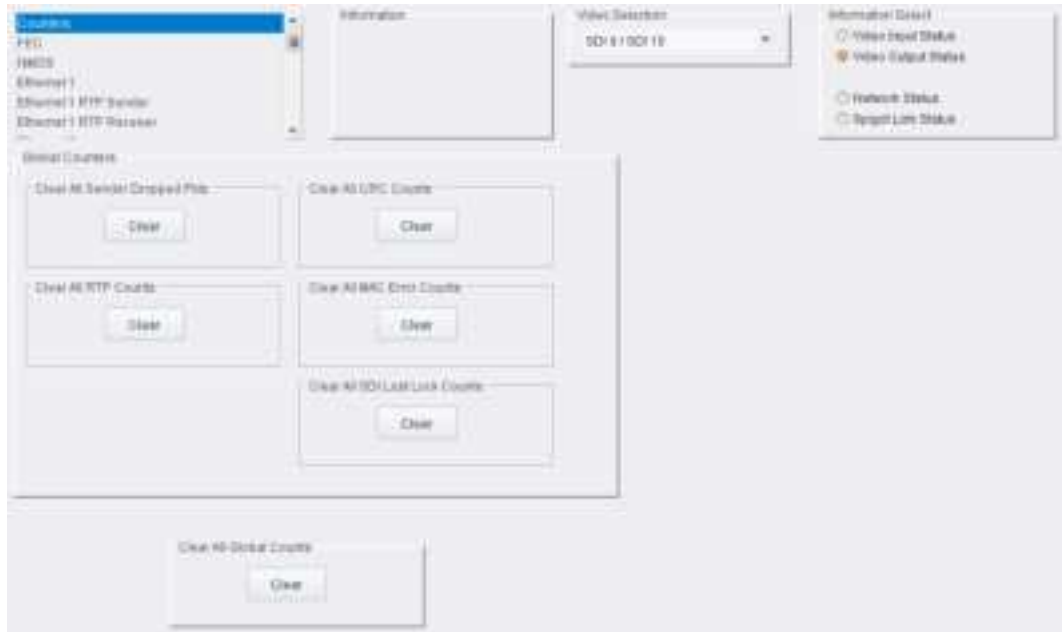
The following options are available for each spigot:

Option	Operation
TPG Enable	Click to enable TPG on this spigot.
Caption	Enter a caption for the spigot (optional).
Show Caption	Click to overlay the caption on the video essence.

If a test pattern is applied, either a pattern or a tone, the spigot cannot be used for streaming any other essence.

Counters

The **Counters** page allows the various counters provided to be cleared down.



Counters page

Click **Clear** buttons as required.

FEC

The **FEC** page allows control of FEC functionality. The variety of FEC to be used is selected via the **Card Firmware/Software Version** options on the **Configuration** page; see [Configuration](#) on page 42 for more information.

The screenshot displays the FEC configuration interface. On the left, a sidebar lists navigation options: 'FEC', 'Ethernet 1', 'Ethernet 1 SFP Overview', 'Ethernet 1 SFP Hardware', and 'Ethernet 2'. The main area is titled 'FEC' and contains several functional blocks. The top right includes a 'Video Selection' dropdown set to 'SDI & SDI 12' and an 'Information Search' section with radio buttons for 'Video Input Status', 'Video Output Status', 'Network Status', and 'Signal Link Status'. Below these are three main configuration sections. The 'KLV-FEC' section features a 'Control' panel with 'Off' and 'On' radio buttons, and a 'Status' panel showing 'SFP 1' and 'SFP 2' both set to 'LOCK'. The 'HLS-FEC' section has a 'Control' panel with 'Off', 'On', 'SSE (Clause 108)', and 'JSD Ethernet Connection Schedule 3' options, and a 'Status' panel showing 'SFP 1' and 'SFP 2' both set to 'Unknown'. The 'FEC Stats' section displays 'SFP 1 (SFP0/1)' and 'SFP 2 (SFP0/2)' with 'Corrected' and 'Uncorrected' counts, and a 'Clear Count' button. The 'FEC Logs' section shows logs for 'SFP 1' and 'SFP 2' with columns for error type, error count, and error ID.

FEC Stats		
SFP 1 (SFP0/1)		
Corrected	Unknown	Error Stats
Uncorrected	Unknown	
SFP 2 (SFP0/2)		
Corrected	Unknown	Clear Count
Uncorrected	Unknown	

FEC Logs		
SFP 1		
☒ SFP 1 Corrected Errors	FEC_1_CORRECTED_ERRORS	0
☒ SFP 1 Uncorrected Errors	FEC_1_UNCORRECTED_ERRORS	0
SFP 2		
☒ SFP 2 Corrected Errors	FEC_2_CORRECTED_ERRORS	0
☒ SFP 2 Uncorrected Errors	FEC_2_UNCORRECTED_ERRORS	0

FEC page

The following facilities are available from this page:

Option	Description
FC-FEC (displayed only if a relevant configuration is in use. See Configuration on page 42 for more information).	Allows low-latency FC-FEC error correction to be used. Options are: • On • Off Status - Displays lock status for each SFP.
RS-FEC (displayed only if a relevant configuration is in use. See Configuration on page 42 for more information).	Allows longer-range RS-FEC error correction to be used. Options are: • On • Off • IEEE Clause 108 • 25G Consortium Schedule 3 Status - Displays lock status for each SFP.
FEC Stats	Displays the number of corrected and uncorrected errors received via the SFPs. Click Enable Stats to activate, and Clear Count to zero the counters.
FEC Logging	Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Enable check boxes to activate log fields as required. Available log fields are shown in the table below.

Log Field	Description
FEC_N_CORRECTED_ERRORS=	Number of corrected errors for FEC <i>N</i> .
FEC_N_UNCORRECTED_ERRORS=	Number of uncorrected errors for FEC <i>N</i> .

Where *N* is the SFP number.

NMOS

The **NMOS** page allows NMOS functionality to be configured.

The screenshot shows the NMOS configuration page. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'NMOS' selected. Below it, a list of 'Registered' items shows 'Registered 1 (HTTP Service)', 'Registered 2 (HTTP Service)', and 'Registered 3 (HTTP Service)'. The 'Status' is set to 'Not registered'. The 'Register Name' is 'NMOS', the 'Interface' is 'Ethernet 1', and the 'Label' is 'IQUCP25_50'. The 'Ports' section shows a table with 'IP Address', 'Registration Port' (2112), and 'Query Port' (2111). The 'Label Patterns' section lists various patterns and their descriptions, including 'Standard Pattern', 'Standard Variables', 'Reserved Pattern', and 'Reserved Variables'. The bottom status section shows 'e.g. Device pattern' and 'Device variables'.

NMOS page

Overview

Networked Media Open Specifications, collectively known as *NMOS*, have been developed to provide interoperability between a wide range of products from various manufacturers. NMOS effectively provides a control and management layer in addition to the transport layer provided by SMPTE ST2110. See www.amwa.tv/nmos for further information.

The following facilities are available from this page:

Option	Description
Use Case	Allows Discovery and Connection Management to be disabled. This can be useful if troubleshooting an issue. Options are: • Off - IS-04 and IS-05 are both disabled. • IS-04 - IS-05 is disabled. • IS-04 and IS-05 - IS-04 and IS-05 are both active.

Option	Description
IS-04	Controls how the module is to find and use network resources. Set as required. • Status - displays registration status of the module. Valid values are: • Not Registered • Registering • Registered • Registry Mode - options are: • Auto - the module will discover the network and set the IP address of the NMOS registry automatically. • Static - allows IP address details for the NMOS registry to be set manually. • Interface - select the Ethernet interface to be used for NMOS control. • Label - specify a label for the module, and click S to save. This is the identifier by which the module will be known in the NMOS registry. See also Label Patterns, below.
Auto	Displayed if Registry Mode (see above) is set to Auto . • DNS IP - displays the current DNS IP address, and allows a new one to be defined. If required, enter a new address in the NEW field, and click S to save. • Search Domain - displays the current search domain, and allows a new one to be defined. If required, enter a new domain in the NEW field, and click S to save.

Option	Description
Static	Displayed if Registry Mode (see above) is set to Static. • IP Address - displays the current NMOS registry IP address, and allows a new one to be defined. If required, enter a new address in the NEW field, and click S to save. • Registration Port - displays the port currently used for Registration traffic, and allows a new one to be defined. If required, enter a new port number in the NEW field, and click S to save or P to return to the previous value. • Query Port - displays the port currently used for Query traffic, and allows a new one to be defined. If required, enter a new port number in the NEW field, and click S to save or P to return to the previous value.
Restart	Click to restart the module and apply changes. Initial registration of the module may take a few minutes. Note that restarting the module will result in the loss of any signals currently being processed.
Label Patterns	By default, IP Senders and Receivers will adopt the default Grass Valley label in the NMOS Registry. However, a user-specified label can optionally be generated according to a pattern. This pattern enables the user to specify a label in a generic manner, which will automatically be adopted and applied to all IP Senders and Receivers. This definition is known as a <i>Label Pattern</i>. See Label Patterns, below, for more information.

Label Patterns

The screenshot shows a software interface titled "Label Patterns". It contains four rows of input fields:

- Sender Pattern:** A text input field followed by a "NEW" button and a "P" button.
- Sender Variables:** A text input field followed by a "NEW" button and a "P" button.
- Receiver Pattern:** A text input field followed by a "NEW" button and a "P" button.
- Receiver Variables:** A text input field followed by a "NEW" button and a "P" button.

Label Patterns pane

Defining a Label Pattern

Label Patterns are defined for both IP Sender and IP Receiver. The basic process for defining a label pattern is:

- 1 Enter at least one **Auto-Generated** variable into the **Sender Pattern** field. The available variables, plus the syntax to be used, are shown in the **Auto-Generated**

section below the input fields. It does not matter which variable is used, but at least one must be present.

- 2 Optionally, enter one or more **Optional Variables** into the **Sender/Receiver Variables** fields. These allow a more descriptive label to be generated if required, and do not have to be used. The available variables, plus the syntax to be used, are shown in the **Optional Variables** section below the input fields.
- 3 When all the required values have been entered, click **Restart** to power-cycle the module; IP Senders and Receivers will then automatically generate labels as defined.

The Sender/Receiver Pattern Fields

Leaving the **Sender/Receiver Pattern** fields empty will result in the default Grass Valley text string labels for IP Senders/Receivers being used. If a minimum of one variable is entered, the IP Sender/Receiver will auto-generate labels in accordance with the user-defined label pattern. There is a maximum limit of 63 characters for all text entry boxes.

Preset Values

Preset values are available. Click **P ...**

- ... against **Sender Pattern** to enter {dev} Sender:{spig} into the **Sender Pattern** field, or
- ... against **Receiver Pattern** to enter {dev} Receiver:{spig} into the **Receiver Pattern** field.

Where `Sender` and `Receiver` are “static” text.

Saving and Recalling Values

Field values may be saved by clicking **S** next to the appropriate field, and recalled using a Memory or a Saveset. See the *RollCall Control Panel User Manual* for more information on saving and recalling saved values.

Available variables are:

Variable	Description
{dev}	Device label.
{spig}	Spigot number (starting from {s_snum} or {r_snum}).
{flow}	Flow number.
{flowalt}	Flow number with alternate formatting. Restarts at 1 for each flow format type.
{fmt}	Flow format type. Uses one of {sf_v1}, {sf_v2}, {sf_v3}, {sf_a}, {sf_d}, {rf_v1}, {rf_a} or {rf_d}.

Free “static” text can also be added between the variables, as shown in the [Preset Values](#) section above.

Add variables/static text as required.

The Sender/Receiver Variables Field

Sender/Receiver Variables are optional, and allow a more descriptive label to be defined if required. These variables do not have to be used.

Available variables are:

Variable	Description
{sf_v1}	Sender 2022-6 format description. Default = "Video".
{sf_v2}	Sender 2110-20 format description. Default = "VideoAlt".
{sf_v3}	Sender VC2 format description. Default = "VC2".
{sf_a}	Sender 2110-30 format description. Default = "Audio".
{sf_d}	Sender 2110-40 format description. Default = "Data".
{rf_v1}	Receiver video format description. Default = "Video".
{rf_a}	Receiver audio format description. Default = "Audio".
{rf_d}	Receiver data format description. Default = "Data".
{s_snum}	Sender start index number. Default = 1.
{r_snum}	Receiver start index number. Default = 1.
{s_pad}	Sender number padding. Prefixes small numbers with leading zeroes. Default = 2.
{r_pad}	Receiver number padding. Prefixes small numbers with leading zeroes. Default = 2.

Updating Default Values

The default description values listed above may be updated if required. To do this, simply overwrite the default value as displayed in the Sender/Receiver Variables fields with the required value. This new value will then become the default.

Ethernet Pages 1 and 2

Note: **Ethernet** pages 1 & 2 refer to the rear-panel Ethernet connectors only. See [Ethernet Gb](#) on page 118 for information on [managing the on-module Ethernet connector](#).

The **Ethernet** pages show details and status for each network interface. The IQUCP25/50 defaults to use of DHCP, but this can be overridden and a static IP address defined if required.

Ethernet 1

- Ethernet 1 SFP Sender
- Ethernet 1 SFP Receiver
- Ethernet 2
- Ethernet 2 SFP Sender
- Ethernet 2 SFP Receiver

Address:

Item	Value
IP Address	172.18.184.134
Default Gateway	172.18.184.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.254.0
MAC Address	98:27:33:08:9E:06
Mode	STATIC
Link Status	UP
SFP Status	OK
SFP Fibre	OK

Where Am I?

☐ Where Am I

Where Am I?

☐ DHCP

☒ Static

Restart

NOTE: DHCP / static takes effect on restart

Clear Link Change Count

Link Change Time: -

Link Change Count: 1

Switch LED Info:

Name	WIC1000	Port ID	Port Name
WIC1000	WIC1000	WIC1000	WIC1000

All Traffic:

Capacity	Size	Actual (Mbit)	Used %	Free %	Queue State
Sender	32	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	
Receiver	32	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	

Link Traffic:

Item	Value	Item	Value
Total Unicast Packets	Unknown	Total Unicast Packets	Unknown
Total Broadcast Packets	Unknown	Total Broadcast Packets	Unknown
Total Multicast Packets	Unknown	Total Multicast Packets	Unknown
Total Bytes	Unknown	Total Bytes	Unknown
Bytes/sec	Unknown	Bytes/sec	Unknown

Ethernet 1 page

The Ethernet Pane

The **Ethernet** pane displays details of the currently selected network interface, and allows a static IP address to be defined. Enter information as required, then click **S** to save. New settings are applied when **Restart** is clicked.

Where am I? Check box

When enabled, the **Where Am I** function causes the SFP/QSFP LEDs for the relevant Ethernet connector to flash.

Clear Link Change Count

If the state of the Ethernet link changes, the **Link Change Count** and **Link Change Time** fields are updated. Click **Clear Link Change Count** to reset the **Link Change Count** to zero.

Switch LLDP Info

Displays LLDP information received from the switch that the IQUCP25/50 is connected to.

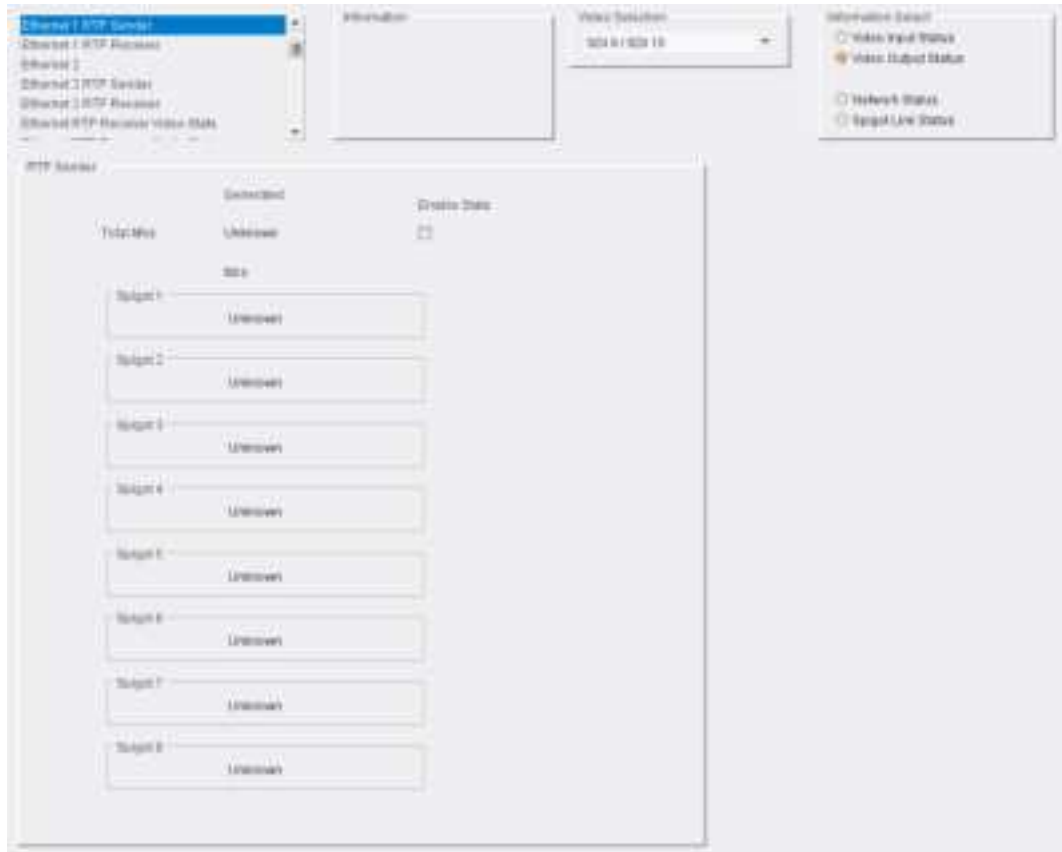
The All Traffic/CPU Traffic Panes

Click the **Enable Stats** check box to display information on traffic through the module.

Ethernet 1 and 2 RTP Sender

The **RTP Sender** page displays the amount of data transmitted, on a spigot-by-spigot basis. Inactive spigots are not displayed. Units are megabits per second.

Click **Enable Stats** to display values.



Ethernet 1 & 2 RTP Sender page

Ethernet 1 and 2 RTP Receiver

The **RTP Receiver** pages display the amount of data received, plus details of packet loss, on a spigot-by-spigot basis. Units are megabits per second.

Click **Enable Stats** to display values; click **Clear RTP Count** or **Clear Error Count** to zero RTP Sequence Discontinuity or Error counters.

The screenshot shows the 'Ethernet 1 & 2 RTP Receiver' page. The sidebar on the left contains the following links: Ethernet 2, Ethernet 2 RTP Receiver, Ethernet 2 RTP Receiver, Ethernet 2 RTP Receiver Video Stats, Ethernet 2 RTP Receiver Audio Stats, and Ethernet 2 RTP Receiver. The main content area is divided into two sections. The top section, titled 'RTP Receiver', displays statistics for 'Total Received RTP Rate (Mbps)' and 'Total Received RTP Pkt Rate', both showing 'Unknown'. It also shows 'RTP Sequence Discontinuity Count' and 'Max Error Count', both showing 'Unknown'. There are buttons for 'Enable Stats', 'Clear RTP Count', and 'Clear Error Count'. The bottom section, titled 'Unworked Multicast Traffic', displays 'Multicast Drop Rate (Mbps)' as 1544 and 'Multicast Drop Pkt Rate' as 134038. Below this is a table of 'Last Five Dropped Packets' with columns for Source IP, Source Port, Destination IP, Destination Port, and Packet Type. The table contains five rows of data, all showing '172.16.168.1' as the Source IP and '80100' as the Source Port. The Destination IP and Port vary, and the Packet Type is '17'.

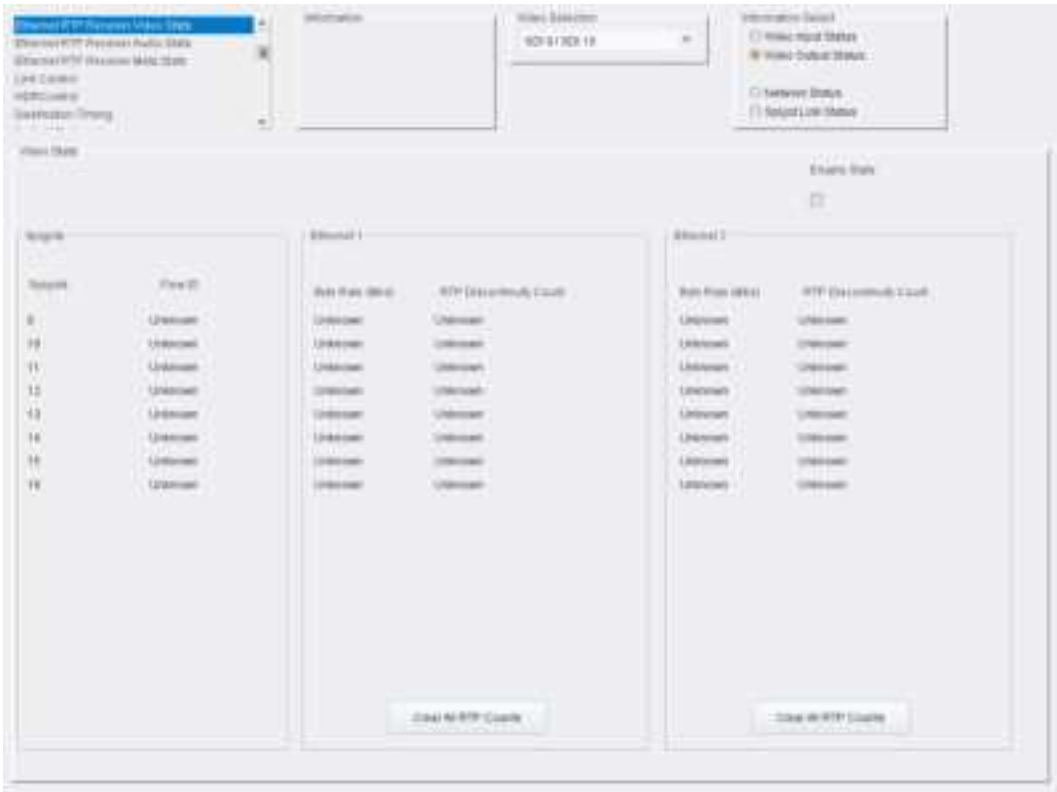
Source IP	Source Port	Destination IP	Destination Port	Packet Type
172.16.168.1	80100	198.50.1.1	80100	17
172.16.168.1	--	198.51.1.13	--	17
172.16.168.1	--	198.51.1.17	--	17
172.16.168.1	--	198.51.1.9	--	17
172.16.168.1	--	198.51.1.1	--	17

Ethernet 1 & 2 RTP Receiver page

Ethernet RTP Receiver Video Stats

The **Ethernet RTP Receiver Video Stats** page displays information on the data received via RTP on each Ethernet input. Units are megabits per second.

Click **Enable Stats** to display values; click **Clear All RTP Counts** to zero RTP Discontinuity counters for each Ethernet input.



Ethernet RTP Receiver Video Stats page

About Flow IDs

In order to maximize media port bandwidth utilization, if spigot addresses match across multiple interfaces then they are allocated to the same Flow ID.

This means that if multiple spigots are assigned to the same Flow ID and the IP addresses are only partially complete, the module will use the shared flow. For example, if two spigots share the same flow, but one of the spigots is missing from the IP addresses for the secondary interface, the module will use all of the information available to it and populate information for the partially completed spigot as if it had a complete flow.

Ethernet RTP Receiver Audio Stats

The **Ethernet RTP Receiver Audio Stats** page displays information on the data received via RTP on each Ethernet input. Units are megabits per second.

Click **Enable Stats** to display values; click **Clear Eth1 RTP Counts**/**Clear Eth2 RTP Counts** to zero **RTP Discontinuity** counters for the Ethernet inputs.

Ethernet RTP Receiver Audio Stats page

About Flow IDs

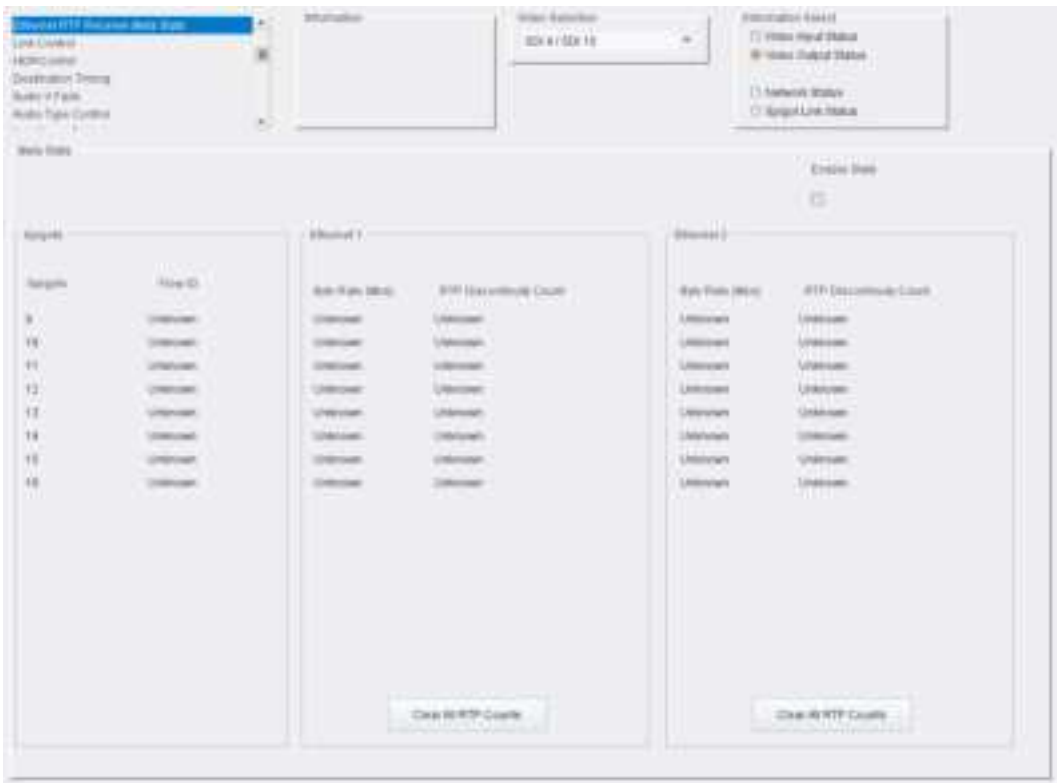
In order to maximize media port bandwidth utilization, if spigot addresses match across multiple interfaces then they are allocated to the same Flow ID.

This means that if multiple spigots are assigned to the same Flow ID and the IP addresses are only partially complete, the module will use the shared flow. For example, if two spigots share the same flow, but one of the spigots is missing from the IP addresses for the secondary interface, the module will use all of the information available to it and populate information for the partially completed spigot as if it had a complete flow.

Ethernet RTP Receiver Meta Stats

The **Ethernet RTP Receiver Meta Stats** page displays information on the metadata received via RTP on each Ethernet input. Units are megabits per second.

Click **Enable Stats** to display values; click **Clear All RTP Counts** to zero RTP Discontinuity counters for each Ethernet input.



Ethernet RTP Receiver Meta Stats page

About Flow IDs

In order to maximize media port bandwidth utilization, if spigot addresses match across multiple interfaces then they are allocated to the same Flow ID.

This means that if multiple spigots are assigned to the same Flow ID and the IP addresses are only partially complete, the module will use the shared flow. For example, if two spigots share the same flow, but one of the spigots is missing from the IP addresses for the secondary interface, the module will use all of the information available to it and populate information for the partially completed spigot as if it had a complete flow.

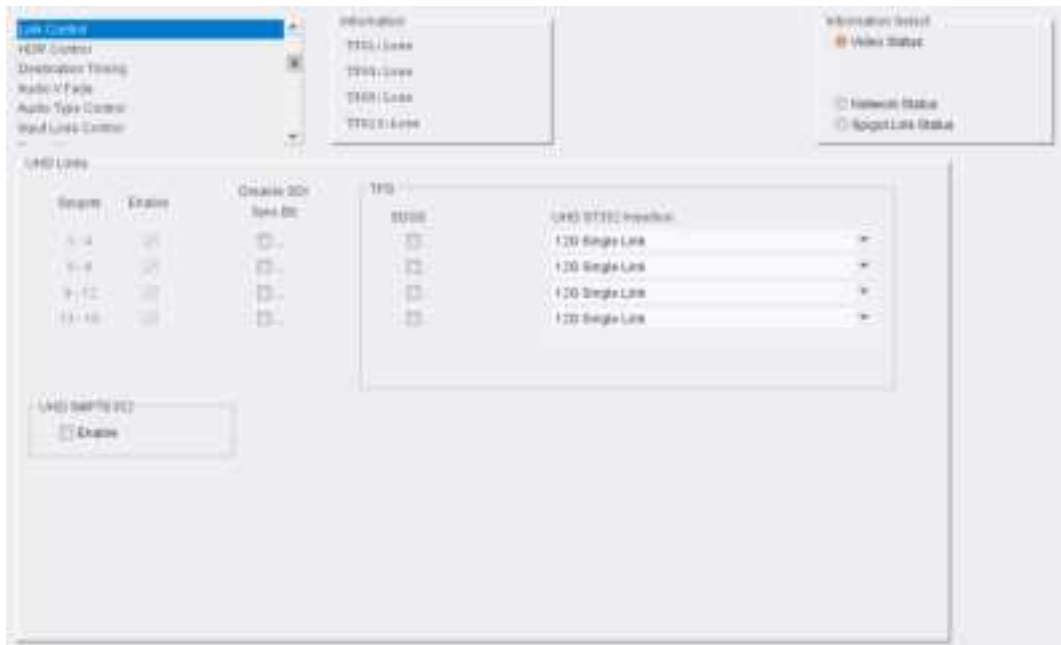
Link Control

The **Link Control** page allows 4K spigots to be configured.

For non-12G configurations, Link Control allows spigots to be combined into groups of 4. Each spigot still has its own set of flows however.

For 12G configurations, whether 12G-SDI or 4 x 3G-SDI, there is only one resultant 12G ST2110-20 flow. Unchecking the **Enable** check box in this mode allows the card to process SD/HD/3G-SDI.

See also [Configuration](#) on page 42 for information on selecting input/output configurations.



Link Control page

UHD Links

Enable the spigots to be used as required. These controls are not available when using a single connector to carry 12G.

Disable SDI Sync Bit: some older SDI receiving equipment may not support sync bit insertion. When transmitting signals to these devices, sync bit insertion can be disabled by checking the boxes as required.

UHD SMPTE352: Click to enable/disable SMPTE352 insertion for UHD.

TPG

These controls are displayed only when using 12G output.

SDQS: If using Square Division signals, enable the **SDQS** check boxes as required. Otherwise, Two-sample Interleave will be used.

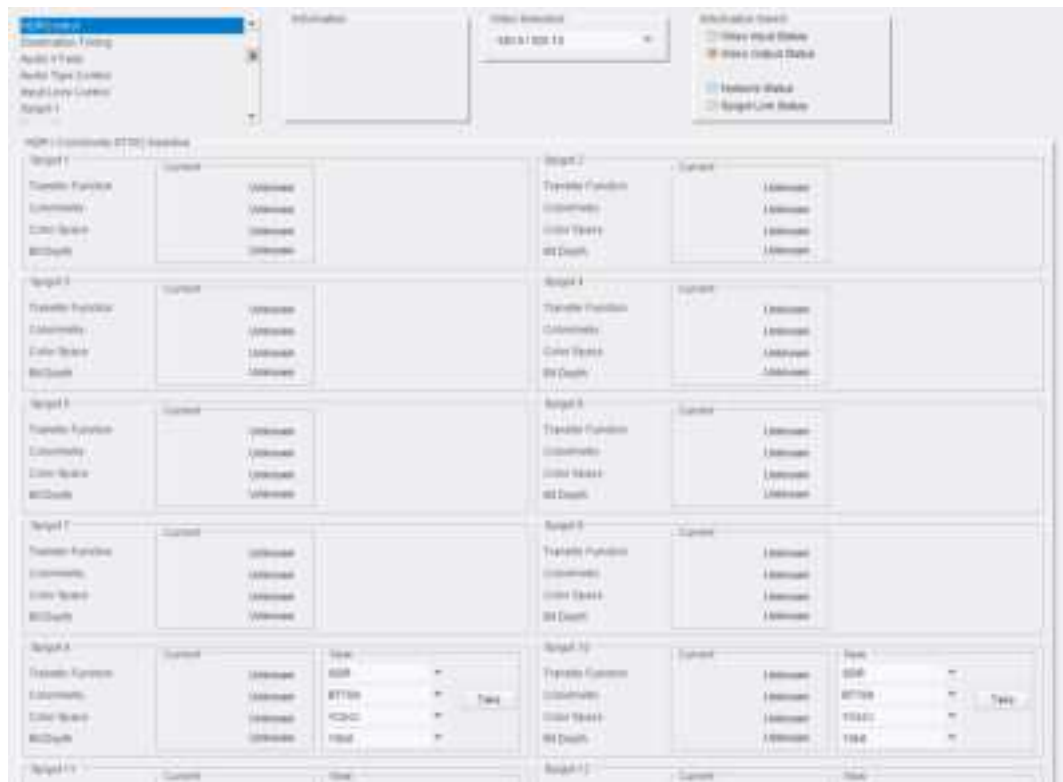
UHD ST352 Insertion: set the ST352 ancillary data type according to how the TPG data is to be output.

- None
- For ST2082-10 output over a single link, select **12G Single Link** from the drop-down list.
- For ST425 output over quad links, select **12G Quad Link** from the drop-down list.

See *SMPTE 2082: 12G-SDI Bit-Serial Interfaces*, *SMPTE 425: Bit-Serial Interfaces at 3 Gb/s* and *SMPTE 352: Payload Identification Codes For Serial Digital Interfaces* for further information.

HDR Receiver Control

The **HDR Receiver Control** page allows outgoing SDI traffic to be modified to indicate that it contains HDR content.



HDR Control page

A **New** pane is displayed against output spigots. Select options from the drop-down menus for each spigot as required, then click **Take** to apply the changes.



Note: When UHD quad-link configurations are used, Slave spigots automatically use the same settings as their associated Master.

The following options are available:

Option	Description
Transfer Function	Available values are: • SDR • HDR-HLG • HDR-PQ • Other
Colorimetry	Available values are: • BT709 • BT2020 • Other
Color Space	Available values are: • YCbCr • ICtCp
Bit Depth	Available values are: • 10bit • 10bit Full range

Destination Timing

The **Destination Timing** page allows genlock timing on each spigot to be adjusted, in order to synchronize the IP signal with the house reference.

Destination Timing page

The following parameters can be modified:

Option	Description
Genlock Timing V Offset	Vertical timing offset in lines.
Genlock Timing H Offset	Horizontal timing offset in pixels.
Receiver Packet Buffer Frames Delay	The receiver packet buffer provides additional buffering for a received IP flow. Typically this is required where the IP flow is bursty in nature. However, increasing buffering can affect the time required to switch between IP flows at a spigot, owing to increased switching latency. Adjust as required.

Note: When UHD quad-link configurations are used, Slave spigots automatically use the same settings as their associated Master.

Audio V Fade

This page allows audio fading to be applied on a spigot-by-spigot basis, in order to minimize audio disruption. When applied, the audio will fade down on input loss and perform an audio V fade (down then up) during input switching.

Configure as required.

The screenshot displays the 'Audio V Fade' configuration interface. On the left, a sidebar menu lists navigation options: 'Audio V Fade' (highlighted), 'Audio Type Control', 'Input List Control', 'Spigot 1', 'Spigot 2', and 'Spigot 3'. The main content area is organized into three horizontal panels. The top panel includes an 'Information' box, a 'View Selection' dropdown menu currently set to 'SDR in / SDR 10', and an 'Information Select' section with four checkboxes: 'View Input Status', 'View Output Status', 'Network Status', and 'Spigot Live Status'. The middle panel features a grid of 16 individual spigot controls, labeled 'Spigot 1' through 'Spigot 16'. Each control consists of a text box labeled 'Audio V Fade Control' and a checkbox labeled 'Enable'. The bottom panel is currently empty.

Audio V Fade page

Input Loss Control

The **Input Loss Control** page allows control of the module's response to signal loss. Select as required.



Input Loss Control page

Options upon signal loss are:

Option	Operation
Freeze	Picture will freeze.
Black	Picture will cut to black.
TPG	Picture will be replaced by TPG output, as set on the Sender TPG page. See page 58 for more information.

Spigot Pages

A separate page is provided for each of the active spigots. These pages are dynamically configured by the product, based on the capabilities of the software version/firmware selected.

Note: The pages shown here may differ from those seen on your particular system, depending on the model and configuration of your IQUCP module.

Input Spigots

Input spigots are defined by selecting the appropriate firmware version on the **Configuration** page. See [Configuration](#) on page 42 for more information.

The screenshot displays a web-based configuration interface for input spigots. At the top, there is a navigation menu with options like 'Home', 'Configuration', 'Monitoring', 'Reporting', and 'Help'. Below the menu, there are several tabs and a main content area. The main content area is divided into two columns, each containing multiple configuration sections for different spigots. Each section includes a 'Name' field, a 'Control' dropdown, and a 'Status' field. There are also various input fields and buttons for configuring each spigot. The interface is designed to allow users to define and manage multiple input spigots simultaneously.

Typical Input Spigot page (1)

The image displays a screenshot of the 'Typical Input Spigot page (2)' in a software interface. It consists of six identical configuration panels arranged in a 3x2 grid. Each panel is titled 'Input Spigot' and contains several sections: 'Spigot ID' (with a dropdown menu), 'Spigot Name' (with a text input field), 'Spigot Type' (with a dropdown menu), and 'Spigot Status' (with a dropdown menu). Below these fields are two checkboxes labeled 'Enabled' and 'Locked'. At the bottom of each panel is a 'Refresh' button. The panels are labeled 'Spigot 1' through 'Spigot 6' in the top left corner of each respective panel.

Typical Input Spigot page (2)

Note: If spigots are linked for UHD traffic, only the Master spigots are shown on the main menu. Slave spigots are not shown.

The image shows a dropdown menu with the following options: 'Audio V-Plane', 'Audio Loss Control', 'Audio Loss Control', 'Spigot 1', 'Spigot 2', 'Spigot 3', and 'Spigot 4'. The 'Spigot 1' option is currently selected and highlighted in blue.

The following facilities are available from this page:

Option	Operation
Spigot Pane	Displays spigot direction, associated BNC connector, current module status, the last Take performed on the spigot and how it was made, e.g. via RollCall or an external agent such as VSM. The following controls are also available: • Streaming - set the redundancy options for this spigot. This will also determine the bandwidth to be used. Options are: • Dual - full redundancy, both Primary and Secondary available. • Single - Primary only, but with all available bandwidth. • A - Primary only. • B - Secondary only. • Format - select the maximum expected bandwidth requirement for this spigot. • Num Audio Flows - select the number of audio flows on this spigot to use. Options are: • 1 • 2 • 4 Note these flows are contiguous, so selecting 1 means Flow 1 is used, selecting 2 means Flows 1+2 are used, and selecting 4 means Flows 1-4 are used.
Sender Pane	• Ext Headers - Extended header operation can be adjusted for TR-03/TR-04 compatibility. Extended headers provide in-band metadata regarding the essence flow and its format, and are applicable to ST-2110 only. If third-party equipment is unable to support this, the functionality can be disabled, or set to On (Legacy), which ensures that the packet format complies with ST2110 but has no video content. • Options are: • Off - Extended headers are disabled. • On - Sends extended headers fully compliant with ST2110-20. • On (Legacy) - Sends extended headers that are compatible with releases earlier than V11.73D.76. • SDI Input CRC Errors - enable the check box to display the number of CRC errors. Click Clear to reset the counter to zero.

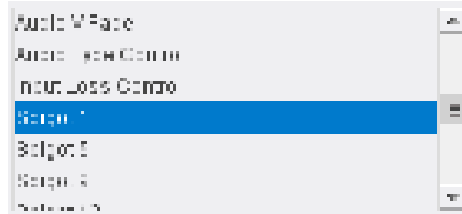
Option	Operation
	• Spigot Link - indicates the spigot link status for the selected spigot, as set on the Link Control page (see page 77).
Take	Click to apply changes.
Flow Panes (Primary, Secondary, Video and Metadata)	Displays Video and Metadata status, and allows multicast IP and port details to be defined for the selected spigot. To set multicast details for the spigot: • Enter IP and Port details as required. • Enter the appropriate details in the Source IP and Source Port fields. Each spigot can support a variety of flows. • Select the required flow type from the Flow Type menu. • Click S to save the details for each item. • Click Packetizer Stats to view network statistics for the flow, if required.
Flow Pane - Audio	The Audio Flow pane also provides two additional Audio Flow controls: • Num Audio Chans - select the number of audio channels in this flow to use. • Packet time - select the duration of an audio data packet from the drop down list.

Output Spigots

Output spigots are defined by selecting the appropriate firmware version on the **Configuration** page. See [Configuration](#) on page 42 for more information.

Typical Output Spigot page

Note: If spigots are linked for UHD traffic, only the Master spigots are shown on the main menu. Slave spigots are not shown.



Spigot Pane

The **Spigot** pane provides basic monitoring for the selected Spigot. Click **Take** to apply any changes made.



Output Spigot Pane

The **Spigot** pane details:

- Spigot direction;
- Associated BNC connector;
- Current status;
- The last **Take** performed on the spigot.

Streaming

Select the Ethernet connectors to use for this spigot. This will also determine the bandwidth to be used. Options are:

- **Dual** - use both Ethernet connectors, and so all available bandwidth.
- **Single** - use either Ethernet connector, and so half of the available bandwidth.
- **A or B** - use one particular Ethernet connector, and so half of the available bandwidth.

Format

Select the format to be used on this spigot. This will ensure that the appropriate level of bandwidth is allocated.

Video Standard

Select the standard for the incoming video, or set to **Auto** to detect the standard automatically.

Audio Delay

Move the slider to set an **Audio Delay** as required. Click **P** to return to the preset default value.

Make/Break Mode

Specifies how changes to an output's destination will be made. **Make before Break** causes the new destination to buffer data before connection to the previous destination is broken; this results in a smoother transition, but requires more bandwidth. **Break before Make** simply swaps the output's destination without buffering.

Select the required mode from the drop-down list.

Num Audio Flows

Allows selection of the number of audio flows on this spigot to use. Options are:

- **1**
- **2**
- **4**

Note these flows are contiguous, so selecting **1** means Flow 1 is used, selecting **2** means Flows 1+2 are used, and selecting **4** means Flows 1-4 are used.

Flow Panes (Primary and Secondary)

Displays Video, Audio (multiple flows) and Metadata Status, and allows multicast IP and port details to be defined for the selected spigot.

The screenshot shows a software interface for configuring an output spigot. It is divided into two main sections: 'Primary' and 'Secondary'. The 'Primary' section contains a 'Status' table with columns for Video, Audio1, Audio2, Audio3, Audio4, and Meta. Below this is a 'Video' section with fields for 'Current' (set to 'NEW'), 'Multicast IP', 'Multicast Port', 'Source IP', 'Source Port', and 'Flow Type'. The 'Secondary' section contains a 'NEW' section with fields for 'Multicast IP', 'Multicast Port', 'Source IP', 'Source Port', and 'Flow Type'. To the right of these fields are buttons labeled 'P' and 'S'.

Output Spigot Flow Pane

Setting Multicast Details

To set multicast details:

- Select the required video standard from the drop-down list.
- Enter multicast IP and port details as required.
- Enter the appropriate details in the **Source IP** and **Source Port** fields. Each spigot can support a variety of flows.
- Select the required flow type from the **Flow Type** menu.
- Click **S** to save the details, or **P** to return to the preset default value.

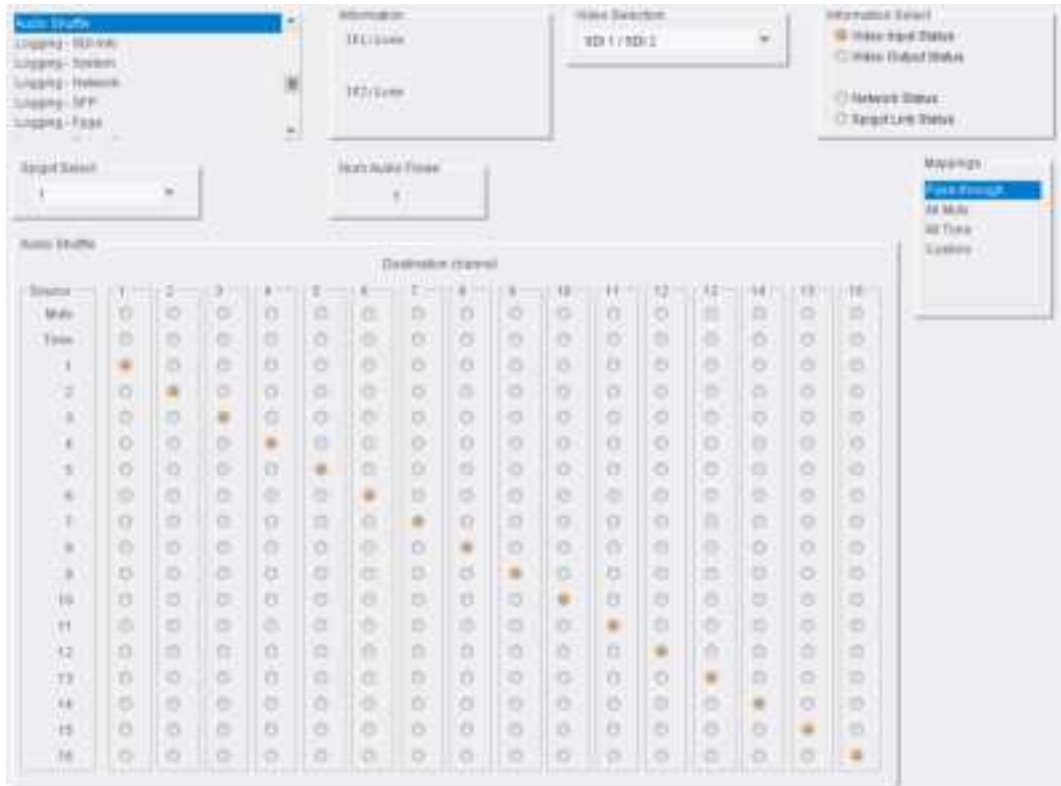
Audio Shuffle

Audio Shuffle allows routing from each audio source to an output. Three mapping presets are also provided, allowing:

- All to be set to Passthrough;
- All to be muted;
- A tone to be set on all.

The **Custom** option on the **Mappings** control is automatically selected when a non-preset configuration is set manually.

Note: If a preset is selected and the routing then changed manually, the **Custom** option will be highlighted as described above. However, if the routing is then changed to match a preset, the **Custom** option remains highlighted; the matching preset is NOT highlighted.



Audio Shuffle page

Select a spigot to work with from the **Spigot Select** menu; the number of audio flows present on the spigot is displayed in the **Num Audio Flows** field.

Make settings as required.

Logging SDI Info

Information on various parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Each logging page comprises three columns:

- **Log Enable** - Select the check boxes that correspond to the parameters for which log information should be collected.
- **Log Field** - Displays the name of the logging field.
- **Log Value** - Displays the current log value.

The information below describes the various parameters available for logging.

Logging SDI Info page

The following facilities are available from this page:

Log Field	Description
INPUT_N_CHANGE_TIME =	Logs time that the SDI input changed.
INPUT_N_SDI_CHANGE_CNT=	Logs number of times that the SDI input has changed.

Where N is the input number.

Logging - System

Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Each logging page comprises three columns:

- **Log Enable** - Select the check boxes that correspond to the parameters for which log information should be collected.
- **Log Field** - Displays the name of the logging field.
- **Log Value** - Displays the current log value.

Logging - System Information SDC 1 / SDC 2 SDC 1 / SDC 2 Information Level Video Input Status Video Output Status Network Status Spigot Line Status		
Logging Fields	Log Field	Log Value
☐ Serial Hardware	SW-	00000000
☐ OS Version	OS_VERSION	00000000
☐ Build No	BUILD_NUMBER	0.0.0.0
☐ Hardware Ver	HARDWARE_VERSION	00000000
☐ Hardware Mod	HARDWARE_MOD	0
☐ Hardware Build	HARDWARE_BUILD	0
☐ Featureboard Ver	FEATUREBOARD_VERSION	00000000
☐ Featureboard Mod	FEATUREBOARD_MOD	0
☐ Featureboard Build	FEATUREBOARD_BUILD	00000000
☐ Firmware Version	FIRMWARE_VERSION	00000000
☐ Up Time	UPTIME	00000000
☐ RollCall Up Time	RC_UPTIME	00000000
☐ RollTracks	RC_STATES	00000000
☐ Board ID	BOARD_ID	0
☐ Power Status	POWER_STATUS	00
☐ Slot Width	SLOT_WIDTH	0
☐ Slot Start	SLOT_START	0
☐ Power Usage	POWER_USAGE	00000000
☐ Temperature	TEMP_C_CELSIUS	000
☐ Temperature Sensor	TEMP_C_NAME	CPU
☐ Reference Source	REFERENCE_1_SOURCE	Network
☐ Reference State	REFERENCE_1_STATE	OK/LOCKED
☐ Time Sync Mode	TIME_SYNC_1_MODE	PTP/Local
☐ Time Sync Network Interface	TIME_SYNC_1_NETWORK	Ethernet
☐ Time Sync Clock Identity	TIME_SYNC_1_CLOCK_ID	00000000
☐ Time Sync Clock State	TIME_SYNC_1_CLOCK_STATE	OK/LOCKED
☐ Time Sync Average Delay	TIME_SYNC_1_AVG_DELAY	+0.000
☐ Time Sync Std Dev Delay	TIME_SYNC_1_STD_DEV_DELAY	+0.000
☐ Time Sync Average Error	TIME_SYNC_1_AVG_ERROR	+0.000
☐ Time Sync Std Dev Error	TIME_SYNC_1_STD_DEV_ERROR	+0.000
☐ Time Sync Grandmaster	TIME_SYNC_1_GRANDMASTER	00000000
☐ Time Sync Last Lock	TIME_SYNC_1_LAST_LOCK	00000000
☐ Time Sync Synchronization	TIME_SYNC_1_SYNC_SYNCHRONIZATION	0
☐ Time Sync State Ethernet 0	TIME_SYNC_1_STATE	OK
☐ Time Sync State Ethernet 1	TIME_SYNC_1_STATE	OK
☐ Time Sync State Ethernet 2	TIME_SYNC_1_STATE	OK
☐ Time Sync Clock Address	TIME_SYNC_1_CLOCK_ADDRESS	00000000
☐ Time Sync Request Interval	TIME_SYNC_1_REQUEST_INTERVAL	00
☐ Time Sync Network Preference	TIME_SYNC_1_PREFERENCE	Ethernet

Logging - System page

The following logging options are available. Enable check boxes to activate log fields as required.

Log Field	Description
SN=	Reports the module serial number, which consists of an S followed by eight digits. Note: this cannot be deselected.
OS_VERSION=	Reports the operating system name and version.
BUILD_NUMBER=	Reports the build number.
HARDWARE_VERSION=	Reports the hardware version number.
HARDWARE_MOD=	Reports the hardware modification number.
HARDWARE_BUILD=	Reports the hardware build number.
FEATUREBOARD_VERSION=	Reports the rear module daughter board version number.
FEATUREBOARD_MOD=	Reports the rear module daughter board modification number.
FEATUREBOARD_BUILD=	Reports the rear module daughter board build number. Valid values are: • FB1 • FB2
FIRMWARE_VERSION=	Reports the firmware version number.
UPTIME=	Reports the time since the last restart in the format <i>ddd:hh:mm:ss</i> .
RC_UPTIME=	Reports time RollCall has been up in the format <i>ddd:hh:mm:ss</i> .
ROL_STATES=	Reports the RollCall status. Valid values are: • OK • FAIL:n where <i>n</i> is the RollTrack index or indexes which are failing • Disabled
REAR_ID=	Reports the code number of the rear fitted.
REAR_STATUS=	Reports the status of the rear where it can be determined.
SLOT_WIDTH=	Reports the slot width. IQUCP25 modules are available in single and triple width.
SLOT_START=	Reports the slot in the rack where the module is located.
POWER_USAGE=	Reports the power usage in PR Units (for IQH4B-type frames). Note: this cannot be deselected.
TEMP_N_CELSIUS=	Reports the temperature status of the FPGA. Note: this cannot be deselected.
TEMP_N_NAME=	Temperature measurement name.
REFERENCE_N_SOURCE=	Reports time reference source.

Log Field	Description
REFERENCE_N_STATE=	Valid values are: • OK:Locked • OK:Input • WARN:Freerun • WARN:CrossLock
TIMESYNC_N_MODE=	Valid values are: • Free running: Module is using its own clock with no reference to any other source. • PTP Multicast: Card is synchronizing to a PTP grandmaster clock using multicast network messages. • PTP Unicast: As PTP Multicast but using the delay request. Reply messages are unicast to minimize network traffic. • NTP: Module clock is synchronized to an NTP clock. Generally less precise than PTP.
TIMESYNC_N_NETWORK=	Network port currently being used for synchronization for IQUCP25/50 modules, dependent on the choice of interfaces made on the Time Sync Configuration page. If PTP and multiple interfaces are enabled, the PTP synchronization will switch ports if it doesn't see regular sync messages on the port.
TIMESYNC_N_CLOCK_ID=	Identification number of PTP clock being used for synchronization. This is not necessarily the grandmaster clock identity, as there can be intermediate clocks between the grandmaster and the card, depending on network configuration.
TIMESYNC_N_CLOCK_STATE=	Valid values are: • Free running: Module is not being synchronized. • No Lock: PTP being used but clocks haven't synchronized within +/- 1mS. • Locked: PTP being used and clocks are synchronized within the accepted range. • No Sync Messages: Timeout of sync messages. • No Response Messages: Timeout of response messages. • Undefined • NTP: Module using NTP to synchronize.
TIMESYNC_N_AVG_DELAY=	The current network delay time between the card and the clock sending the synchronization messages. This should be relatively constant and is dependent on network configuration.

Log Field	Description
TIMESYNC_N_STDV_DELAY=	The current standard deviation in the network delay time between the card and the clock sending the synchronization messages. Should be a low number as the network delay is expected to be constant.
TIMESYNC_N_AVG_ERROR=	The current difference between the card's time and the grandmaster time. Should be close to zero once card has synchronized.
TIMESYNC_N_STDV_ERROR=	The standard deviation in the average error.
TIMESYNC_N_GRANDMASTER=	Identity of network clock acting as PTP grandmaster. This is the source of the PTP synchronization messages used by all PTP slave clocks on the network. If there are multiple grandmasters, they should negotiate between themselves to identify the most accurate and then silence the others.
TIMESYNC_N_LAST_LOCK=	Time when the module last changed from not locked to locked. Ideally this will be a few seconds after the module has powered up. This allows the user to confirm which clock the module has synchronized to.
TIMESYNC_N_SYNCHRONISATIONS=	Logs the number of times the card has synchronized since it was powered up. Ideally this will be a low number, as cards are expected to synchronize and stay synchronized. Large numbers indicate possible problems with the network or grandmaster clock.
TIMESYNC_N_STATE=	Logs whether PTP is locked. Valid values are: • OK:LOCKED • FAIL:NO LOCK
TIMESYNC_N_CLOCK_ADDRESS=	Logs IP address of the currently-selected grandmaster clock.
TIMESYNC_N_REQUEST_INTERVAL=	Logs the PTP Delay Request Frequency setting, as set on the Time Sync Configuration page. See page 52 .
TIMESYNC_N_PREFERENCE=	Logs the PTP Network Interface Preference setting, as set on the Time Sync Configuration page. See page 52 .

Where N is the input number.

Logging - Network

Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Each logging page comprises three columns:

- **Log Enable** - Select the check boxes that correspond to the parameters for which log information should be collected.
- **Log Field** - Displays the name of the logging field.
- **Log Value** - Displays the current log value.

Logging - Network Logging - MP Logging - FPGA Logging - Router 1 Logging - Router 2 Logging - Router 3																																																																																																																	
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Logging Network <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Log Enable</th><th>Log Field</th><th>Log Value</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 Name</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_NAME=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 Speed</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_SPEED=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 IP Address</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_IPADDRESS=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 IP Gateway</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_IPGATEWAY=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 Subnet Mask</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_SUBNET_MASK=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 MAC Address</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_MACADDRESS=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 State</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_STATE=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 Traffic In</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_TRAFFIC_IN=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 Traffic Out</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_TRAFFIC_OUT=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 CPU Traffic In State</td><td>LAN_PORT_1_CPU_TRAFFIC_IN_STATE=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 1 CPU Traffic Out 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<tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 Subnet Mask</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_SUBNET_MASK=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 MAC Address</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_MACADDRESS=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 State</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_STATE=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 Traffic In</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_TRAFFIC_IN=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 Traffic Out</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_TRAFFIC_OUT=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 CPU Traffic In State</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_CPU_TRAFFIC_IN_STATE=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 CPU Traffic Out State</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_CPU_TRAFFIC_OUT_STATE=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 RTP Discontinuity Rate</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_RTP_DISC_RATE=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 Link Status</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_LINK_STATE=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 MAC Link Status</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_MAC_LINK_STATE=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 Switch Name</td><td>LAN_PORT_2_SWITCH_NAME=</td></tr> <tr><td>☒</td><td>Ethernet 2 Switch Channel 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☒	Ethernet 1 State	LAN_PORT_1_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 Traffic In	LAN_PORT_1_TRAFFIC_IN=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 Traffic Out	LAN_PORT_1_TRAFFIC_OUT=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 CPU Traffic In State	LAN_PORT_1_CPU_TRAFFIC_IN_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 CPU Traffic Out State	LAN_PORT_1_CPU_TRAFFIC_OUT_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 RTP Discontinuity Rate	LAN_PORT_1_RTP_DISC_RATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 Link Status	LAN_PORT_1_LINK_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 MAC Link Status	LAN_PORT_1_MAC_LINK_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 Switch Name	LAN_PORT_1_SWITCH_NAME=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 Switch Channel ID	LAN_PORT_1_SWITCH_CHANNEL_ID=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 Switch Port ID	LAN_PORT_1_SWITCH_PORT_ID=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 1 Switch Port VLAN	LAN_PORT_1_SWITCH_PORT_VLAN=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Name	LAN_PORT_2_NAME=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Speed	LAN_PORT_2_SPEED=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 IP Address	LAN_PORT_2_IPADDRESS=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 IP Gateway	LAN_PORT_2_IPGATEWAY=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Subnet Mask	LAN_PORT_2_SUBNET_MASK=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 MAC Address	LAN_PORT_2_MACADDRESS=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 State	LAN_PORT_2_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Traffic In	LAN_PORT_2_TRAFFIC_IN=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Traffic Out	LAN_PORT_2_TRAFFIC_OUT=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 CPU Traffic In State	LAN_PORT_2_CPU_TRAFFIC_IN_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 CPU Traffic Out State	LAN_PORT_2_CPU_TRAFFIC_OUT_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 RTP Discontinuity Rate	LAN_PORT_2_RTP_DISC_RATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Link Status	LAN_PORT_2_LINK_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 MAC Link Status	LAN_PORT_2_MAC_LINK_STATE=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Switch Name	LAN_PORT_2_SWITCH_NAME=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Switch Channel ID	LAN_PORT_2_SWITCH_CHANNEL_ID=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Switch Port ID	LAN_PORT_2_SWITCH_PORT_ID=																																																																																																															
☒	Ethernet 2 Switch Port VLAN	LAN_PORT_2_SWITCH_PORT_VLAN=																																																																																																															

Logging - Network page

The following logging options are available. Enable check boxes to activate log fields as required.

Log Field	Description
LAN_PORT_N_NAME=	Logs the Ethernet port name.
LAN_PORT_N_SPEED=	Logs the Ethernet connection speed. Valid values are: • 10 Mbit/s Full Duplex • 10 Mbit/s Half Duplex • 100 Mbit/s Full Duplex • 100 Mbit/s Half Duplex • 1 Gbit/s Full Duplex • 25 Gbit/s • No Link
LAN_PORT_N_IPADDRESS=	Logs the Ethernet port IP address.
LAN_PORT_N_GATEWAY=	Logs the gateway address set for the management of media interfaces.
LAN_PORT_N_SUBNET_MASK=	Logs the subnet mask address set for the management of media interfaces.
LAN_PORT_N_MACADDRESS=	Logs the Ethernet port MAC address.
LAN_PORT_N_STATE=	Logs the Ethernet connection state. Valid values are: • Active • WARN:Inactive
LAN_PORT_N_TRAFFIC_IN=	Logs speed of traffic received by the Ethernet port. Values are reported in kbps, Mbps or Gbps, as appropriate.
LAN_PORT_N_TRAFFIC_OUT=	Logs speed of traffic transmitted by the Ethernet port. Values are reported in Kbps, Mbps or Gbps, as appropriate.
LAN_PORT_N_CPU_TRAF_IN_STATE=	Shows whether the flow of data into the CPU is satisfactory. Valid values are: • OK • WARN:LOW DATA • FAIL
LAN_PORT_N_CPU_TRAF_OUT_STATE=	Shows whether the flow of data out of the CPU is satisfactory. Valid values are: • OK • WARN:LOW DATA • FAIL
LAN_PORT_N_RTP_DIS_RATE=	Logs RTP discontinuity rate for the Ethernet port.

Log Field	Description
LAN_PORT_N_LINK_STATE=	Logs the Ethernet link state. Valid values are: • OK • WARN:DOWN
LAN_PORT_N_MAC_LINK_STATE=	Logs state of the module's FPGA Ethernet link. Valid values are: • UP • DOWN
LAN_PORT_N_SWITCH_NAME=	Logs name of the network switch that the module is connected to.
LAN_PORT_N_SWITCH_CHASSIS_ID=	Logs the MAC address of the switch port to which the module's media port is connected.
LAN_PORT_N_SWITCH_PORT_ID=	Logs Port ID of the network switch the module is connected to.
LAN_PORT_N_SWITCH_PORT_VLAN=	Logs name of the VLAN that the module is connected to.

Where N is the input number.

Logging - SFP

Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Each logging page comprises three columns:

- **Log Enable** - Select the check boxes that correspond to the parameters for which log information should be collected.
- **Log Field** - Displays the name of the logging field.
- **Log Value** - Displays the current log value.

The screenshot shows the 'Logging - SFP' page. On the left, there is a sidebar with a tree view containing 'Logging - SFP', 'Logging - SFP 1', 'Logging - SFP 2', 'Logging - SFP 3', and 'Logging - SFP 4'. The main area is titled 'Logging - SFP' and contains a table with three columns: 'Log Enable', 'Log Field', and 'Log Value'. The table lists various parameters related to SFP (Small Form-factor Pluggable) modules, including status, type, manufacturer, model, serial number, revision, connector, temperature, voltage, and power. Each row has a checkbox in the 'Log Enable' column, the parameter name in the 'Log Field' column, and the current value in the 'Log Value' column.

Log Enable	Log Field	Log Value
☒	SFP_1_FITTED	OK
☒	SFP_1_STATUS	OK
☒	SFP_1_TYPE	100GBASE-DR4
☒	SFP_1_VENDOR	Mellanox
☒	SFP_1_VENDOR_P/N	MLX100-C1000
☒	SFP_1_SERIAL_N/P	WT1511T368T
☒	SFP_1_REVISION	0C
☒	SFP_1_CONNECTOR	MP0102
☒	TEMP_1_TEMP	30PP1
☒	TEMP_1_TEMP	43C
☒	TEMP_1_STATE	OK
☒	VOLTAGE_1_VOLT	30PP1
☒	VOLTAGE_1_VOLT	3.34V
☒	VOLTAGE_1_STATE	OK
☒	SFP_1_POWER	45000m
☒	SFP_1_1_AGGRESSIVE	0.75mA
☒	SFP_1_2_AGGRESSIVE	0.75mA
☒	SFP_1_3_AGGRESSIVE	0.75mA
☒	SFP_1_4_AGGRESSIVE	0.75mA
☒	SFP_1_1_POWER	1.000m
☒	SFP_1_2_POWER	1.000m
☒	SFP_1_3_POWER	1.250m
☒	SFP_1_4_POWER	1.250m
☒	SFP_1_1_POWER_STATE	OK
☒	SFP_1_2_POWER_STATE	OK
☒	SFP_1_3_POWER_STATE	OK
☒	SFP_1_4_POWER_STATE	OK
☒	SFP_1_1_POWER	1.000m
☒	SFP_1_2_POWER	1.000m
☒	SFP_1_3_POWER	1.000m
☒	SFP_1_4_POWER	1.250m
☒	SFP_1_1_POWER_STATE	OK
☒	SFP_1_2_POWER_STATE	OK
☒	SFP_1_3_POWER_STATE	OK
☒	SFP_1_4_POWER_STATE	OK

Logging - SFP page

The following options are available. Enable check boxes to activate log fields as required.

Log Field	Description
SFP_N_FITTED=	Logs presence of (Q)SFP. Valid values are: • OK • Missing
SFP_N_STATUS=	Logs status reported by the (Q)SFP. Valid values are: <u>SFPs</u> • OK • WARN:Temp • WARN:VCC • WARN:TX BIAS • WARN:RX BIAS • WARN:Laser • WARN:TEC Curr • FAIL:SFP Not Ready • FAIL:RX LOS - RX Failure • FAIL:TX Fault - TX Failure • FAIL:RX LOL - RX Loss of Lock • FAIL:TX LOL - TX Loss of Lock <u>QSFPs</u> • OK • WARN:Temp • WARN:VCC • WARN:RX PWR LO • WARN:RX PWR HI • WARN:TX PWR LO • WARN:TX PWR HI • FAIL:SFP Not Ready • FAIL:RX LOS - RX Failure • FAIL:TX LOS - TX Failure • FAIL:EQ Fault - EQ Failure • FAIL:RX LOL - RX Loss of Lock • FAIL:TX LOL - TX Loss of Lock • FAIL:Temp • FAIL:VCC

Log Field	Description
	<u>QSFPs (cont)</u> • FAIL:RX PWR LO • FAIL:RX PWR HI • FAIL:TX BIAS LO • FAIL:TX BIAS HI • TX PWR LO • TX PWR HI
SFP_N_TYPE=	Logs (Q)SFP identifier from device.
SFP_N_VENDOR=	Logs (Q)SFP manufacturer from device.
SFP_N_VENDOR_PN=	Logs (Q)SFP model number from device.
SFP_N_SERIAL_NR=	Logs the module serial number, which consists of an S followed by eight digits.
SFP_N_REVISION=	Logs manufacturer revision number.
SFP_N_CONNECTOR=	Logs connector type.
TEMP_N_NAME=	Logs temperature sensor name.
TEMP_N_CELSIUS=	Logs current temperature sensor reading.
TEMP_N_STATE=	Logs temperature sensor state. Valid values are: • WARN:Disabled - Temperature sensor disabled. • WARN:Low - Low, but in tolerance. • WARN:High - High, but in tolerance. • OK • FAIL:Low - Low and out of tolerance. • FAIL:High - High and out of tolerance.
VOLTAGE_N_NAME=	Logs voltage sensor name.
VOLTAGE_N_VALUE=	Logs current voltage reading.
VOLTAGE_N_STATE=	Logs temperature sensor state. Valid values are: • OK • WARN:Low - Low, but in tolerance. • WARN:High - High, but in tolerance.
SFP_N_WAVELENGTH=	Logs transmit wavelength in nm.
SFP_N_X_LASER_BIAS=	Logs bias level in mA.
SFP_N_X_TX_POWER=	Logs transmit power level in dBm.

Log Field	Description
SFP_N_X_TX_POWER_STATE=	Logs transmit power level. Valid values are: • OK • WARN:Low - Low, but in tolerance. • WARN:High - High, but in tolerance. • FAIL:Low - Low and out of tolerance. • FAIL:High - High and out of tolerance.
SFP_N_X_RX_POWER=	Logs receive power level in dBm.
SFP_N_X_RX_POWER_STATE=	Logs receive power level. Valid values are: • OK • WARN:Low - Low, but in tolerance. • WARN:High - High, but in tolerance. • FAIL:Low - Low and out of tolerance. • FAIL:High - High and out of tolerance.

Where N is the input/(Q)SFP number and X is the lane.

Logging - FPGA

Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Each logging page comprises three columns:

- **Log Enable** - Select the check boxes that correspond to the parameters for which log information should be collected.
- **Log Field** - Displays the name of the logging field.
- **Log Value** - Displays the current log value.



Logging - FPGA page

The following options are available. Enable check boxes to activate log fields as required.

Log Field	Description
TEMP_N_NAME=	Reports temperature sensor name.
TEMP_N_CELSIUS=	Reports current temperature sensor reading.
TEMP_N_STATE=	Reports current temperature state. Valid values are: • WARN:Low - temperature is low, but in tolerance. • WARN: High - temperature is high, but in tolerance. • OK • FAIL:Low - temperature is low and out of tolerance. • FAIL:High - temperature is high and out of tolerance. • WARN:Disabled - temperature sensor is disabled.
VOLTAGE_N_NAME=	Voltage sensor name.
VOLTAGE_N_VALUE=	Reports current voltage reading.

Where N is the input number.

Logging - Spigot

The **Logging - Spigot** pages are used to select the log fields to be enabled for each available spigot. Depending on whether the spigot is an input or an output, the appropriate log fields are shown.

An additional field is provided for the user to optionally specify a name for the input/output.

Information: TYPE: TOW-WR

Video Selection: SD1 / SD2

Information Select:
☒ Video Input Status
☐ Video Output Status
☐ Network Status
☐ Spigot Link Status

Input Logging
Input 1 Name: INPUT_1_NAME

Log Enable	Log Field	Log Name
☒ Input Ident	INPUT_1_IDENT	1
☒ Input Name	INPUT_1_NAME	INPUT_1_NAME
☒ Input State	INPUT_1_STATE	Waiting Time
☒ Input Type	INPUT_1_TYPE	HD / SD / SS SD
☒ Input Standard	INPUT_1_STANDARD	1080p
☒ Input Stream	INPUT_1_STREAM	QUL

Input Spigot Logging page

Information: SD1/SD2/SD3

Video Selection: SD1 / SD2

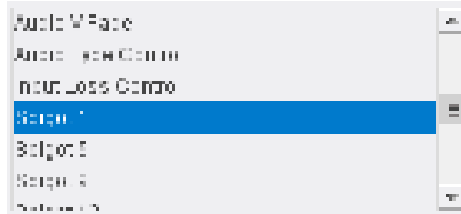
Information Select:
☒ Video Input Status
☐ Video Output Status
☐ Network Status
☐ Spigot Link Status

Output Logging
Output 1 Name: OUTPUT_1_NAME

Log Enable	Log Field	Log Name
☒ Output Ident	OUTPUT_1_IDENT	1
☒ Output Name	OUTPUT_1_NAME	OUTPUT_1_NAME
☒ Output State	OUTPUT_1_STATE	FAIL
☒ Output Type	OUTPUT_1_TYPE	HD / SD / SS SD
☒ Output Standard	OUTPUT_1_STANDARD	Unknown
☒ Output Stream	OUTPUT_1_STREAM	QUL

Output Spigot Logging page

Note: If spigots are linked for UHD traffic, only the Master spigots are shown on the main menu. Slave spigots are not shown.



The following options are available. Enable check boxes to activate log fields as required.

Option	Description
INPUT_N_IDENT=	System-defined identifier for the input, based on the rear ID.
INPUT_N_NAME=	Name of the input, as defined on the Setup page. See page 116 .
INPUT_N_STATE=	Valid values are: • OK: input signal good. • FAIL: input signal not detected.
INPUT_N_TYPE=	HD/SD/3G SDI
INPUT_N_STANDARD=	PAL/NTSC/625 Mono/525 Mono
INPUT_N_STREAM=	Not to be used if the spigot is part of a UHD Quad-Link configuration. Use INPUT_N_LINK_M_STATUS= in this case (see below). Displays whether an IP sender uses SDI on Primary, Secondary or both. Valid values are: • Dual - both used. • A - only Primary used. • B - only Secondary used.
INPUT_N_LINK_M_STATUS=	Reports the status of an input when it is used as a QL UHD link. Valid values are: • OK: Linked • OK: Not Linked • FAIL: No Input • FAIL: Wrong Standard
OUTPUT_N_IDENT=	Name of the output as shown on the rear panel.
OUTPUT_N_NAME=	Name of the output as defined by the user.

Option	Description
OUTPUT_N_STATE=	Current state of the output. Valid values are: • OK: output signal good. • FAIL: output signal not detected. • WARN:TPG • WARN:Freeze • WARN: Pattern • WARN:Black
OUTPUT_N_TYPE=	Type of output. Valid values are: • SD SDI • HD SDI • HD/SD/3G SDI • 12G-SDI
OUTPUT_N_STANDARD=	Reports video standard on the output. Format: <Lines>(<Active>)/<Rate><i/p/sf> Where: • Lines = Total lines • Active = Active lines • Rate = Frame rate • I = interlaced • P = Progressive • SF = Segmented Frame For example: 1080/50p or 1125(1080)/25i .
OUTPUT_N_MAKE_BREAK=	Reports Make-before-Break or Break-before-Make setting for the spigot.
OUTPUT_N_LINK_M_STATUS=	Reports the status of an output when it is used as a QL UHD link. Valid values are: • OK: Linked • OK: Not Linked • FAIL: No Input • FAIL: Wrong Standard

Where N is the input/output number and M is the QL UHD stream.

Logging - NMOS

Information on several NMOS parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Each logging page comprises three columns:

- **Log Enable** - Select the check boxes that correspond to the parameters for which log information should be collected.
- **Log Field** - Displays the name of the logging field.
- **Log Value** - Displays the current log value.



Logging - NMOS page

The following options are available. Enable check boxes to activate log fields as required.

Option	Description
NMOS_STATUS=	Displays the current NMOS status. Valid values are: • OK:Off - NMOS functionality is disabled. • OK:Registered - the module has been successfully added to the NMOS registry. • WARN:Registering - the module is currently being registered. • FAIL:Unregistered - the registration process has failed.
NMOS_REGISTRATION=	Displays the method used to register the module. Valid values are: • Auto • Static See NMOS on page 65 for information on these settings.
NMOS_REGISTRY_IP_ADDRESS=	Displays the IP address of the NMOS registry.
NMOS_QUERY_PORT=	Displays the port currently used for NMOS query traffic.
NMOS_REGISTRATION_PORT=	Displays the port currently used for NMOS registration traffic.

Where N is the input/output number.

Logging - Card Diagnostics

Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Each logging page comprises three columns:

- **Log Enable** - Select the check boxes that correspond to the parameters for which log information should be collected.
- **Log Field** - Displays the name of the logging field.
- **Log Value** - Displays the current log value.

Logging - Card Diagnostics page

The following options are available. Enable check boxes to activate log fields as required.

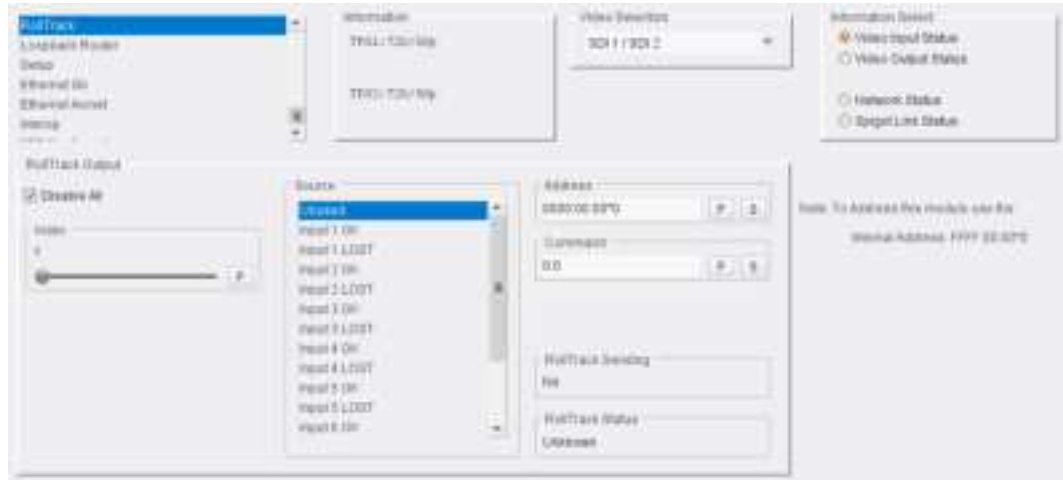
Option	Description
NVRAM_FS=	Logs whether the installed file system is QNX6 PowerSafe or FAT32.
TOTAL_AVAILABLE_MEMORY=	Logs total amount of CPU memory available to the module, in bytes.
TOTAL_USED_MEMORY=	Logs amount of CPU memory used by the module, in bytes.
NUM_CORE_DUMPS=	Logs number of times a core dump has been performed as a result of an application crash.
LAST_CORE_DUMP_NAME=	Logs name of last application to crash.
LAST_CORE_DUMP_TIME=	Logs time of last core dump performed as a result of an application crash.

Option	Description
PWRSafe_MEMORY_RESTORE=	Logs where system memory was restored from. Valid values are: • FAT32 - restored from FAT32. • OK - restored from QNX6 PowerSafe. • FAIL - memory restoration failed.
PMIC_VERSION=	Logs name of the on-board power management chip.

RollTrack

The **RollTrack** page allows information to be sent, via the RollCall network, to other compatible units connected on the same network.

The **Source** window lists the RollTrack sources:



Source Pane

Disable All

When checked, all RollTrack items are disabled.

RollTrack Index

This slider allows up to 16 distinct RollTrack outputs to be set up. Dragging the slider selects the RollTrack Index number, displayed below the slider. Clicking **P** selects the default preset value.

RollTrack Source

The source of information that triggers transmission of data is selected with this control. Dragging the slider selects the RollTrack source, displayed below the slider. Clicking **P** selects the default preset value. When no source is selected, **Unused** is displayed.

RollTrack Source	Description
Unused	No RollTracks sent.
Input N OK	Input N is good.
Input N LOST	Input N is bad.

Where N is the input number.

RollTrack Address

This item enables the address of the selected destination unit to be set.

The address may be changed by typing the new destination into the text field, then clicking **S** to save the selection. Clicking **P** returns to the default preset destination.

The RollTrack address consists of four sets of numbers, for example, **0000:10:01*99**:

- The first set, **0000**, is the network segment code number.
- The second set, **10**, is the number identifying the (enclosure/mainframe) unit.
- The third set, **01**, is the slot number in the unit.
- The fourth set, **99**, is a user-definable number that is a unique identifier for the destination unit in a multi-unit system. This ensures only the correct unit will respond to the command. If left at **00**, an incorrectly fitted unit may respond inappropriately.

RollTrack Command

This item enables a command to be sent to the selected destination unit.

The command may be changed by typing a code in to the text field, and then selecting **S** to save the selection. Clicking **P** returns to the default preset command.

A RollTrack command consists of two sets of numbers, for example: **84:156**:

- The first number, **84**, is the actual RollTrack command.
- The second number, **156**, is the value sent with the RollTrack command.

RollTrack Sending

A message is displayed here when the unit is actively sending a RollTrack command. Possible messages are:

Log Field	Description
No	The message is not being sent.
Yes	The message is being sent.

RollTrack Status

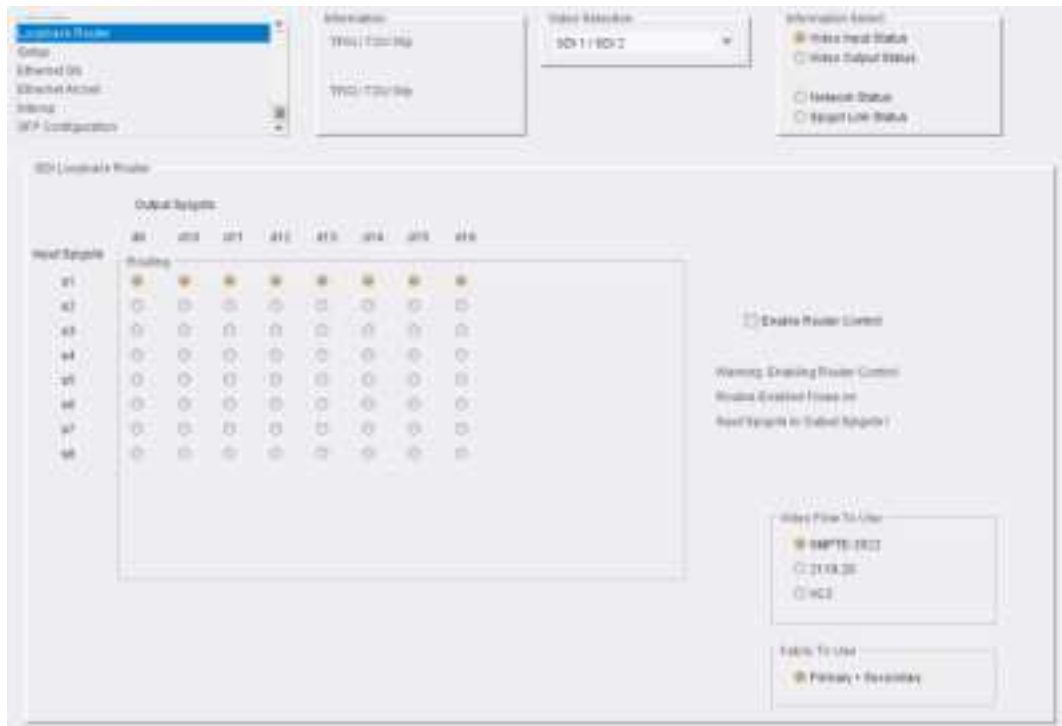
A message is displayed here to indicate the status of the currently selected RollTrack index. Possible RollTrack Status messages are:

Log Field	Description
OK	RollTrack message was sent and received successfully.
Unknown	RollTrack message has been sent but transmission has not yet completed.
Timeout	RollTrack message has been sent but acknowledgment not received. This could be because the destination unit is not at the location specified.

Log Field	Description
Bad	RollTrack message has not been correctly acknowledged at the destination unit. This could be because the destination unit is not of the type specified.
Disabled	RollTrack sending is disabled.

Loopback Router

The **Loopback Router** page provides a basic SDI router as a redundant backup in case of Ethernet failure.



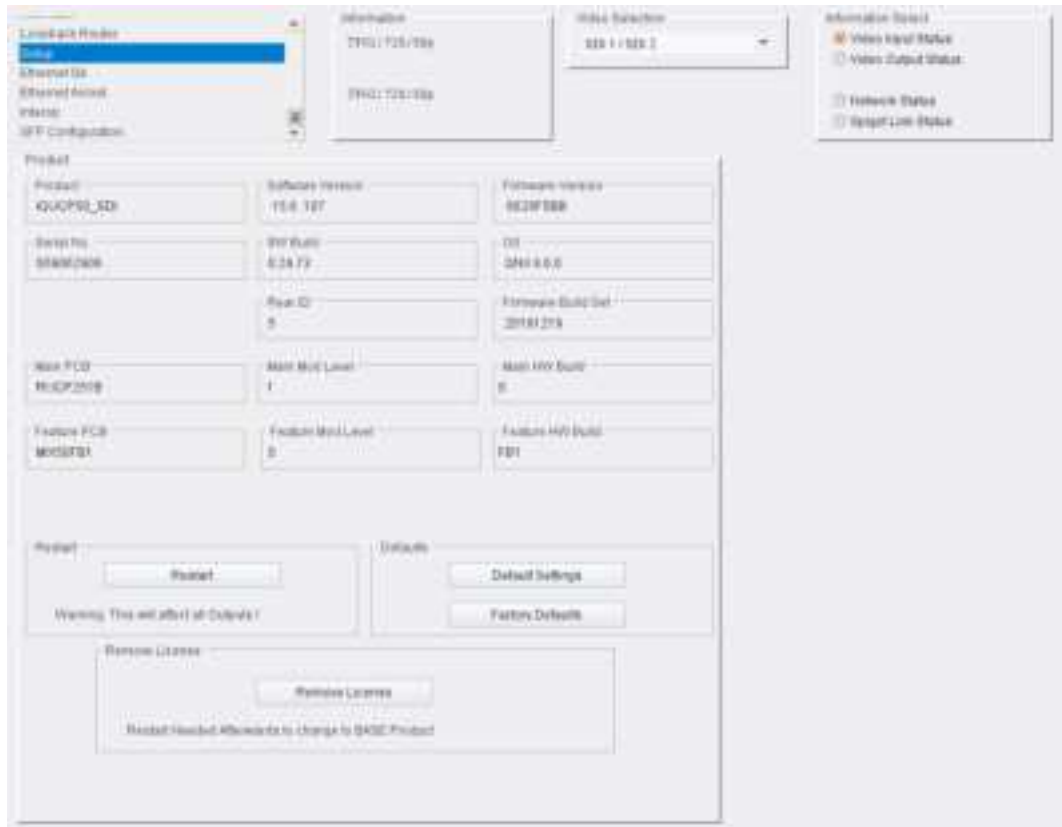
Loopback Router page

If an Ethernet failure is encountered:

- 1 Use the matrix radio buttons to specify which inputs should be routed to which outputs.
- 2 Select the **Video Flow to Use** - SMPTE-2022, RFC4175 or VC2.
- 3 When set as required, click the **Enable Router Control** check box to activate routing.

Setup

The **Setup** page displays basic information about the module, such as the serial number and software version. Use the functions on the page to restart the module or to return all settings to their factory or default settings.



Setup page

The **Product** pane displays technical information on the IQUCP25/50. You may be asked for these details by Grass Valley support if you need technical assistance.

Item	Description
Product	Name of the module.
Software Version	Currently installed software version number.
Firmware Version	Currently installed firmware version number.
Serial No	Module serial number.
SW Build	Factory software build number. This number identifies all parameters of the module.
OS	Operating system version number.
Rear ID	Rear panel type.
Main PCB	Printed Circuit Board version number.

Item	Description
Main Mod Level	Main PCB modification level.
Main HW Build	Factory main hardware build number.
Feature PCB	Daughter board PCB revision number.
Feature Mod Level	Daughter board PCB modification level.
Feature HW Build	Factory daughter board hardware build number.

Restart

Power-cycles the module. This will produce disturbances on the output picture.

Note: Restarting the module will affect all outputs.

Defaults

Provides options to reset the module to its defaults.

Option	Description
Default Settings	All controls are reset to their default values, except for network configuration and IP addresses.
Factory Defaults	All controls are reset to their default values, including network configuration and IP addresses.

Remove License

Allows an SDC license to be removed from the module.

Option	Description
Remove License	Click to return the module to an unlicensed state.

Ethernet Gb

The **Ethernet Gb** page shows details and status of the on-module Ethernet connector. The IQUCP25/50 defaults to use of DHCP, but this can be overridden and a static IP address specified if required.

	Current	New Value
IP Address	172.18.182.141	172.18.182.141
Default Gateway	172.18.182.1	172.18.182.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
MAC Address	8C:2B:50:00:8E:39	
Mode	Static	
Link Status	UP	

Restart

Mode: ☐ DHCP ☒ Static

Link Status: UP

Static IP / Static IP Changes take effect on restart.

Ethernet Gb page

The Ethernet Pane

The **Ethernet** pane displays details of the currently selected network interface, and allows a static IP address to be defined. Enter information as required, then click **S** to save. New settings are applied when **Restart** is clicked.

Ethernet Arcnet

Not currently used.

	Actual	Current
IP Address	Unknown	
Default Gateway	Unknown	
Subnet Mask	Unknown	
MAC Address	Unknown	
Mode	DHCP	
Link Status	Unknown	

Restart

Mode: ☒ DHCP ☐ Static

Link Status: Unknown

Static IP / Static IP Changes take effect on restart.

Ethernet Arcnet page

Interop

The **Interop** page allows certain parameters to be changed in order to improve interoperability with third-party equipment.

The screenshot shows the 'Interop' configuration page. On the left is a sidebar with a tree view containing 'Lookback Window', 'Range', 'Offset', 'Offset Delay', 'Interop', and 'SDP Configuration'. The 'Interop' item is selected and highlighted in blue. The main area is divided into several sections:

- Information:** Contains two text fields, both displaying '2940.723/186'.
- Video Selection:** A dropdown menu showing 'SDA 1 / SDA 2'.
- Information Select:** A list of checkboxes: 'Video Input Status' (checked), 'Video Output Status' (unchecked), 'Signal Status' (unchecked), and 'Signal Limit Status' (unchecked).
- Display Synchronization (Link)**: A section with two sub-sections:
 - Audio:** Contains 'Extended Headroom' (checked), '40% To 100%' (unchecked), and 'Normal Delay' (checked).
 - Video:** Contains 'Extended Headroom' (checked), '40% To 100%' (unchecked), 'Normal Delay' (checked), and 'No' (unchecked).
- Meta Frame Delay:** A large empty rectangular area.
- Target 9 through Target 16:** A list of eight sliders, each with a 'P' and 'S' button to its right.
- SDP Preset Type:** A section with two sub-sections:
 - Preset Selection:** Two radio buttons, 'Set 1' (selected) and 'Set 2'.
 - Preset Format:** A table with two columns: 'Format' and 'Value'.

SMPTE3022	60
2110-20	60
4K/2	100
2110-30	60
2110-40	100
- Video:** A section with a 'VCC Compensation' dropdown menu set to '21'.

Interop page

The following facilities are available from the **Interop** page:

Option	Description
Stream Synchronization Controls	Audio: • Extended Headers - Enable to use extended headers in the RTP audio stream. • RTP to PTP - Enable to synchronize RTP to PTP. • Nominal Delay - Enable to set nominal delay at the spigot. Meta: • Extended Headers - Enable to use extended headers in the RTP metadata stream. • RTP to PTP - Enable to synchronize RTP to PTP. • Nominal Delay - Enable to set nominal delay at the spigot. • RTP - Enable to use RTP timestamps only to synchronize metadata to video.
Meta Frame Delay	Allows a frame delay for metadata received on the spigots shown to be set. Use the sliders to adjust as required. Click P to use the preset default value.
RTP Payload Types	Payload Selection: • Set 1/Set 2 - Select the appropriate set of standards to be used. The set contents are displayed on the Payload Format pane.
Video	VC2 Compression: • Select the compression ratio to be used from the drop-down list.

SFP Configuration

The **SFP Configuration** page allows various SFP parameters to be adjusted, if required.

SFP Configuration page

The majority of SFPs will operate correctly with IQUCP modules without any need for adjustment. Some, however, may need to have module parameters set a little differently.

If difficulties are encountered with an SFP not working as expected, follow these instructions:

- 1 Select the appropriate SFP type from the **SFP Database List**, and click **Take**. Verify whether the SFP is now working correctly; if so, no further action is required.
- 2 If the SFP is still not working properly, select **Custom** from the **SFP Database List**. This allows all the parameters shown to be adjusted as required. Make changes and click **Take** to apply them.
- 3 When a working configuration is found, the parameter values can be saved by clicking **S** beside each field.

6

Multiviewer SDC

Chapter summary:

Multiviewer SDC

MV Core Overview	page 123
IQUCP25/50-MV Module Description	page 126
Technical Specification	page 137
RollCall Templates - IQUCP25/50 'Base Module' (on IP port 2050)	page 139
RollCall Templates - MV SDC Multiviewer (on IP port 2051)	page 217
Getting Going	page 231
Multiviewer Video Wall	page 255
Terminology	page 260

MV Core Overview

The multiviewer software-defined core (MV SDC) runs on an IQUCP25/50 module in an IQ Modular™ frame. It requires the multiviewer license and comprises an advanced multiviewer for monitoring applications. The multiviewer has 12 video inputs and up to 4 multiviewer head display outputs. Multiviewer video wall layouts are designed using the Grass Valley Orbit software tool.

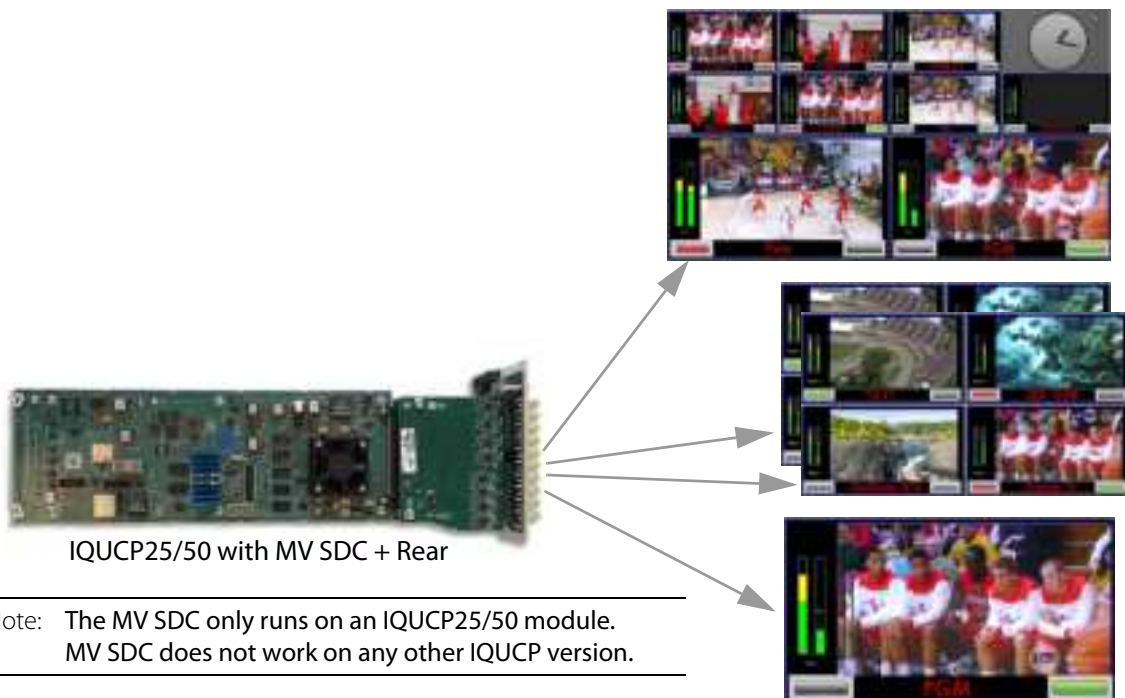


Fig. 6-1: IQUCP25/50 and Multiviewer SDC

This [MV Core Overview](#) sub-section covers:

- [MV SDC Features](#) on page 124
- [Order Codes](#) on page 125
- [Software Compatibility](#) on page 125
- [IQUCP25/50-MV Module Description](#) on page 126

MV SDC Features

Video Inputs:

- 12 video inputs.
- SFP/QSFP cages for video IP streams over Ethernet.
(**Note:** SFP module(s) are required, order separately.)
- Standards supported: SMPTE 2022-6/7, SMPTE 2110-20/30/40.
- Resolution: SD/1080p/1080i/720p 50/59.94; 4K UHD via “quad-link” quadrants or signal-interleaved as ‘2SI’.

Multiviewer Head Display Outputs:

- 4-off head display outputs.
- SDI HD-BNC copies.
- SFP/QSFP cages for video IP streams.
(**Note:** SFP/QSFP module(s) are required.)
- Standards supported: SMPTE 2110.
- Resolution: 1080p, 4K UHD support with four outputs used together as ‘quad-link’.
- Reference Timing:
 - Using IEEE-1588v2 (PTP), compliant with SMPTE 2059-2.
 - Analog video reference inputs from the host IQ Modular frame.

Multiviewer Video Walls:

- Drag and Drop objects onto the screen layout with the Grass Valley Orbit tool.
- Adjustable layering, transparencies and fine-positioning.
- Additionally display web pages, automation play lists, device status screens etc.
- Monitoring of video, audio and metadata.
- UMD and tally support, on a video tile-by-tile basis.
- On-screen Clocks and Timers, with TRP support.

Order Codes

Table 6-1: MV SDC Order Codes

Order Code	Description
IQUCP-MV	Multiviewer license, with 12x4 multiviewer functionality.
Requires:	IQUCP25 or IQUCP50 base module, plus a suitable rear. See Order Codes on page 24 for information.
Note:	Separate SFP/QSFPs are required. Order separately.

Software Compatibility

Table 6-2: Software Compatibility

Software	Version
Orbit	v3.1 or later
RollCall Control Panel	4.17.1 or later

Related Documents

Table 6-3: Related Documents - MV SDC

Related Grass Valley Documents		Description
Installation and User Manual:	IQH4B	Describes the IQ Modular™ High Power 4U Modular Enclosure, including module removal/fitting.
User Manual:	RollCall Control Panel	Describes module upgrading and licensing.
User Manual:	Orbit - Introduction	A general introduction to Grass Valley Orbit and its applications.
User Manual:	Orbit for Multiviewers	Describes multiviewer-specific details of Orbit.
User Manual:	Orbit for IP Routing	Describes the IP Routing configuration with Orbit.

IQUCP25/50-MV Module Description

This section contains sub-sections on:

- [Interfaces](#) on page 126
- [Architecture](#) on page 127
- [External Rear Inputs and Outputs](#) on page 129
- [Configuration and Control](#) on page 131
- [Reference Timing](#) on page 133
- [Video Wall Design](#) on page 133
- [Orbit](#) on page 135

Interfaces

The IQUCP25/50-MV modules have the following interfaces:

- 2 x 25 GbE Ethernet I/O on single SFP+ connectors (IQUCP25).
- 2 x 50 GbE Ethernet I/O on a single QSFP+ connector, OR 1 x 50 GbE Ethernet I/O on each of two QSFP+ connectors (IQUCP50).
- 4-off SDI video HD-BNC outputs.
- 1-off card front Ethernet 1Gbit/s interface. (For Grass Valley engineering use only.)
- IQ Modular frame interfaces.
Includes: 2x video ref, IQ frame comms signals (IQ Gateway comms), and power.

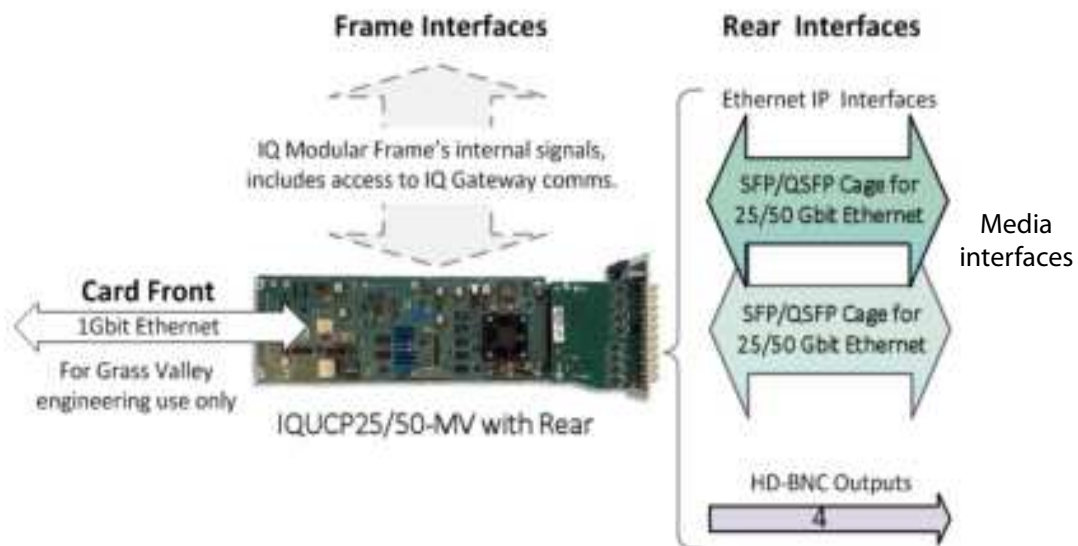


Fig. 6-2: IQUCP25/50-MV Interfaces

Architecture

The IQUCP25/50-MV module comprises a MV SDC multiviewer block running on an IQUCP25/50 'base module' (see Figure 6-3) and it has the following functional inputs and outputs:

- 12 channels of video input (video IP streams, IP Rx); and
- 4 channels of video output (video IP streams, IP Tx) + 4 SDI video HD-BNC copy outputs.

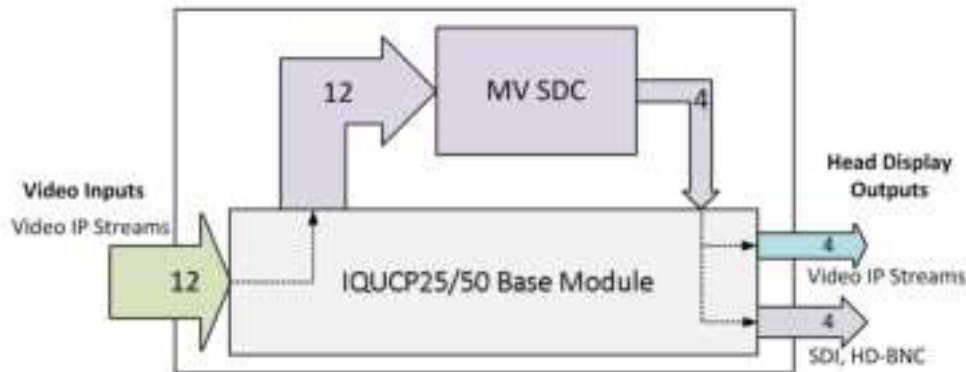


Fig. 6-3: IQUCP25/50-MV Module Functional Block Diagram

Multiviewer Input Scaling

The multiviewer block has 12 video inputs and four head display outputs. There are 12 image scaling blocks within the multiviewer, one scaler per input.

The internal multiviewer architecture means that:

- Only one scaling per input.
- An input can only appear once on any head display output.

IP Streams In and Out

Video IP streams are transmitted from or received at 'spigots' and may be sent/received on redundant networks. Destination spigots receive IP streams (IP Rx) and source spigots send IP Streams (IP Tx).

The IQUCP25/50 'base module' can accommodate various software-defined cores and has 16 generic video channels comprising one IP spigot per channel (IP Rx, or IP Tx) and one internal SDI video connection per channel (output SDI, or input SDI respectively). For the IQUCP25/50-MV module, the base module input/output configuration is:

- 12 destination spigots (IP Rx, converting video IP streams to SDI for MV SDC);
- 4 source spigots (IP Tx, converting SDI from MV SDC into video IP streams); and
- 4 channels of SDI HD-BNC output.

See Figure 6-4.

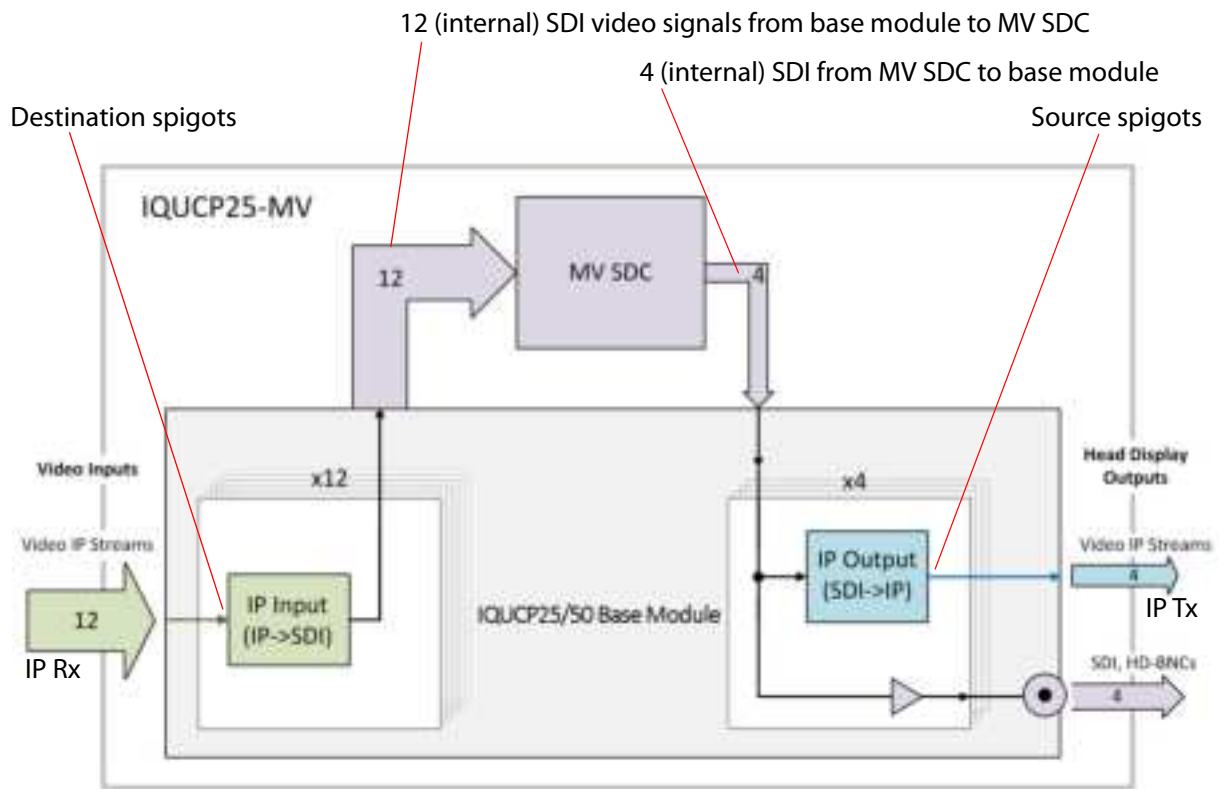


Fig. 6-4: IQUCP25/50 Base Module I/O Configuration

Table 6-4: IP Routing Terminology

IP Term	Description
Spigot	Generic term for a source or a destination of a Video IP stream on an IP network.
Stream	A stream comprises one or more flows.
Flow	2110-20, 2110-30 and 2110-40 are all flow types. Multiple IP flows can be created from an SDI video signal.
Source	Originator spigot of one or more flows.
Destination	Receiver spigot of one or more flows.

External Rear Inputs and Outputs

IQUCP25/50-MV module external inputs and outputs appear at the rear of an IQ Modular frame and comprise MV SDC video inputs and multiviewer head display outputs.

- Inputs are received at (destination) IP spigots 5 to 16.
- Outputs are sent from (source) IP spigots 1 to 4 and also appear on rear HD-BNC connectors 9, 8, 2 and 4.

See Table 6-5 and Figure 6-5.

Table 6-5: IQUCP25/50-MV Rear Inputs and Outputs:
a) Video Inputs; b) Head Display Outputs.

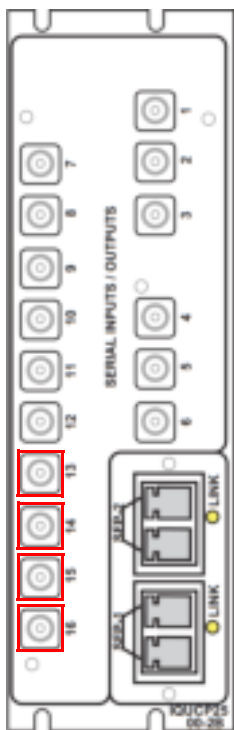


Fig. 6-5: **Head Display Outputs** 1 to 4
on Rear HD-BNCs 13, 14, 15 and
16.

a) Video Inputs		b) Head Display Outputs		
MV SDC Video Input (1 to 12)	Dest. IP Spigot Number	MV SDC Head Display Output IQUCP25 (1 to 4)	Source IP Spigot Number	Rear HD- BNC Number
1	5	O/p 1	1	13
2	6	O/p 2	2	14
3	7	O/p 3	3	15
4	8	O/p 4	4	16
5		MV SDC Head Display Output IQUCP50 (1 to 4)		
6	10	O/p 1	1	13
7	11	O/p 2	2	14
8	12	O/p 3	3	15
9	13	O/p 4	4	16
10	14			
11	15			
12	16			

Note: Module installation is described in the Grass Valley 'IQH4B High Power 4U Modular Enclosure Installation and User Manual'.

Configuration and Control

An IQUCP25/50-MV module comprises two functional blocks for configuration and control. These control blocks can be accessed through certain IQUCP25/50-MV module communication interfaces (see Figure 6-6). RollCall templates are accessed via different IP port numbers at the same IP address and have separate RollCall templates (see Table 6-6).

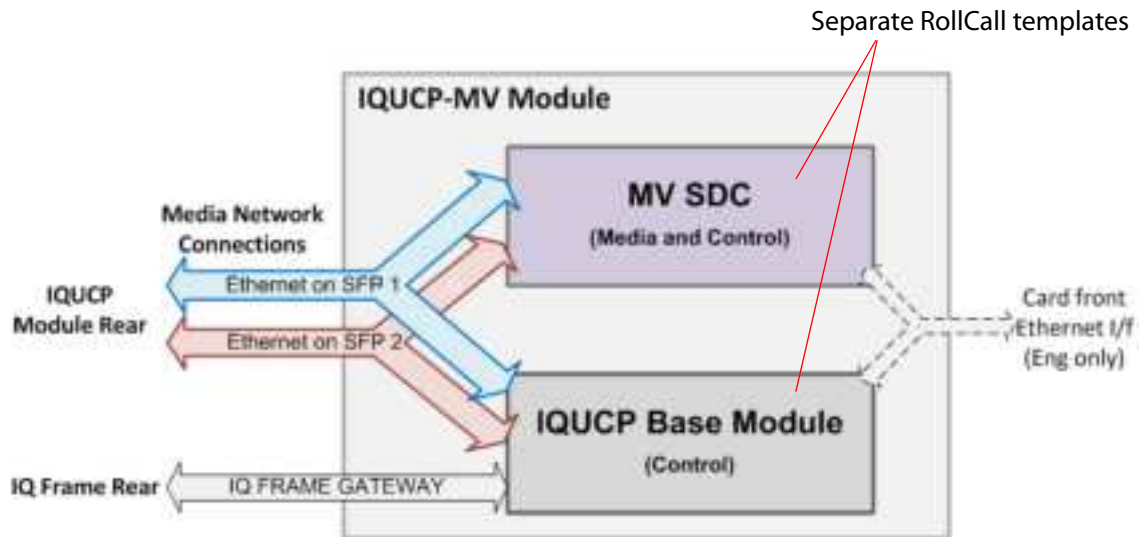


Fig. 6-6: IQUCP-MV Control Blocks

Note: On an IQUCP50 using a single QSFP connector for 2 x 50Gbit input, Ethernet inputs 1 and 2 may arrive on the same QSFP. To avoid this, it is recommended that a rear with 2 x physically separate single-input QSFP connectors is used instead.

Table 6-6: Control Blocks of a IQUCP25/50-MV

Control Block	IP Port Number	Description
IQUCP25/50 base module	2050	Configures items associated with the UCP base module via RollCall. See RollCall Templates - IQUCP25/50 'Base Module' (on IP port 2050) on page 139.
MV SDC multiviewer	2051	Interface used by the Grass Valley Orbit Client tool for setting up IP routing and pushing/pulling multiviewer video wall designs. Please note that this port is accessible only from a single Ethernet interface. This is set via the Multiviewer Configuration Template on page 151. Configures items associated with the multiviewer core functionality via RollCall. See RollCall Templates - MV SDC Multiviewer (on IP port 2051) on page 217.

The operational control interface for the IQUCP25/50-MV multiviewer is 'in-band', i.e. via the media network.

Note: The MV SDC is only operationally accessible via the media network interfaces.

IMPORTANT

The operational control interface for IQUCP25/50-MV is via the media network (in-band). The interface is used:

- for setting up the multiviewer;
- for selecting different multiviewer video wall layouts; and
- by the Grass Valley Orbit Client tool to:
 - setup IP routing to/from the module; and
 - push/pull multiviewer video wall designs to/from the module.

Getting Started and Configuration

Initial configuration of a module is done via the IQ gateway network connection and remaining configuration via a media network connection; this includes configuring each IP spigot with multicast settings - typically done using the Grass Valley Orbit Client tool with its IP Routing license option.

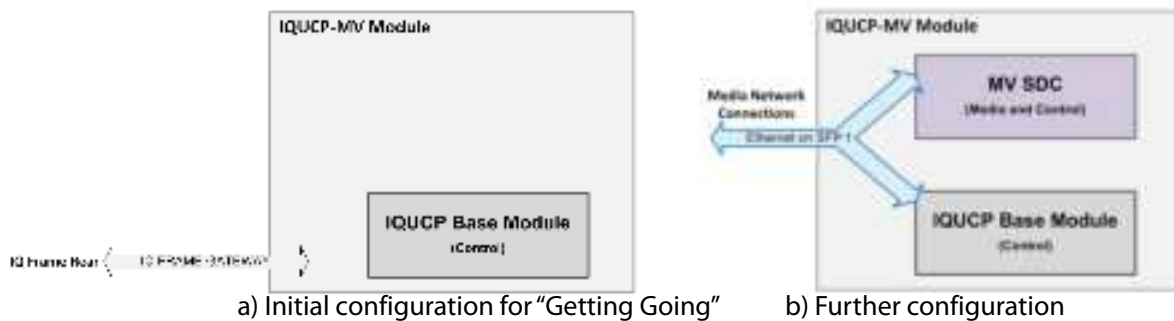


Fig. 6-7: IQUCP25/50 Getting Start and Configuration

Operation and Configuration

Module operation uses the media network connections for multiviewer inputs (video IP streams), multiviewer head display outputs (video IP streams), pushing/pulling multiviewer video wall designs, changing over layouts, and module control/status messages etc.

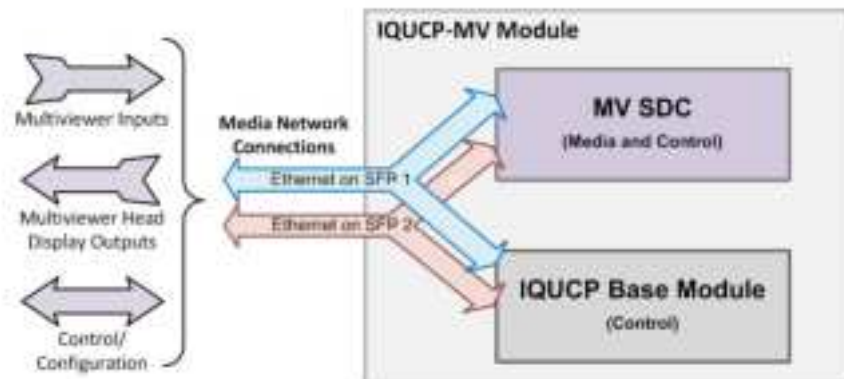


Fig. 6-8: IQUCP25/50-MV Operation and Configuration

Third Party Devices

Third-party system using a Grass Valley IQTIC card and the Grass Valley open-API 'SDC-01' protocol.

Reference Timing

The IQ Modular frame's analog video reference inputs can be used to lock the IQUCP25/50-MV's display outputs and use as the reference for the video inputs.

PTP can also be used as the reference source for the Video IP inputs.

Video Wall Design

The layout and style of the MV SDC multiviewer video walls are designed with the Grass Valley Orbit software application. Wall designs are stored as individual projects (Grass Valley Orbit projects), which are then pushed to an IQUCP25/50-MV device for use.

Multiple wall layout designs may be generated and stored on a PC. Different wall designs can then be pushed to (or pulled from) the multiviewer for different IQUCP25/50-MV monitoring applications. This is done over a media network connection.

Orbit multiviewer projects for an IQUCP25/50-MV device should have a 'IQ Multiviewer project' project type. See Figure 6-9.



Fig. 6-9: New Orbit Project for an IQ Multiviewer

Orbit

Introduction

The Grass Valley Orbit tool is used to define the appearance of the multiviewer video wall deployed on a IQUCP25/50-MV with an Orbit multiviewer project.

The Orbit tool (with an IP routing license) may also be used to configure the IP input and output spigots of the module in a media network, using an Orbit IP routing project.

Orbit Projects

All layout information, settings and design information is stored in an Orbit project.

Projects can be created from scratch, opened from PC storage or pulled from a device. A project may be viewed and edited in Orbit in 'design mode'. When editing is complete, the project can be saved to the local PC storage and pushed to a device that Orbit is connected to.

Project Names

The project name is used as an identifier by Orbit. Project names should be meaningful, concise and unique. Use unique project names for each device (for example, for each multiviewer).

When a project is opened in Orbit, the project name may be edited, if required. This forms a new, separate Orbit project.

Note: If a default project has been pulled from a multiviewer, re-name the project before pushing it back to the multiviewer.

CAUTION

Local projects, projects on devices, or copies of projects that have the same project name are treated as being versions of the same project by Orbit.

Opening an Orbit Multiviewer Project

Orbit aims to keep a project up to date. If there are any differences between a project open in Orbit and the same-named project on a connected device, then the user is required to resolve a difference by choosing between projects before proceeding to edit the project.

When opening a project, Orbit follows a sequence of actions:

- 1 Orbit attempts to connect to the specified device (For example, to a multiviewer).
- 2 Orbit checks for a project with the same name.
- 3 Orbit checks for any differences between a local project and the device's project.
- 4 Orbit warns the user if a local project and a project on a connected device differ.
- 5 Orbit prompts the user to decide which copy of the project is to be edited.

Multiviewer Projects

Specific IQ multiviewer projects are used for IQUCP-MV multiviewer applications.

Aspects of a multiviewer project include: user management, video walls, graphical tiles, graphical widgets, on-screen appearance styling, and deploying a project.

Technical Specification

Additional IQUCP25/50 specifications for the IQUCP25/50-MV are given here.

Table 6-7: Media Network Video IP Input Capacity for IQUCP25/50-MV

Video Input Resolution	Number of Multiviewer Video IP Inputs on Media Network Connection				
	No network redundancy			Network redundancy	
	1x 25G	2x 25G	2x 50G	25G + 25G	50G + 50G
1080i50/59.94	12	12	12	12	12
720p50/59.94	12	12	12	12	12
1080p50/59.94	8	12	12	8	8

Multiviewer Head Display Outputs

Table 6-8: MV Head Display Output Standards

Head Display Output	Standard
3G	1080p50/59.94/60
UHD-1 (Quad-link)	1080p50/59.94/60

Table 6-9: Video IP Standards at "IP Tx" Spigots

IP Spigot	Standard
Sending MV head display outputs (source spigots, IP Tx)	2022-6, -7 2110-20, -30

Ethernet Interfaces

Table 6-10: Default IP Addresses

Interface	Default IP Address
SFP-1 (Media Network interface)	DHCP
SFP-2 (Media Network interface)	DHCP
IQ Frame Gateway	IP address determined by IQ hosting frame.
Front Card Interface (for Grass Valley Engineering Use Only)	DHCP

RollCall Templates - IQUCP25/50 'Base Module' (on IP port 2050)

This section describes each RollCall template of the IQUCP25/50 *base module*. (For MV SDC templates, see [RollCall Templates - MV SDC Multiviewer \(on IP port 2051\)](#) on page 217.)

[Introduction](#) on page 141

[Configuration Template](#) on page 144

[Time Sync Configuration Template](#) on page 147

[Multiviewer Configuration Template](#) on page 151

[Sender TPG \(Test Pattern Generator\) Template](#) on page 153

[Counters Template](#) on page 154

[FEC Template](#) on page 156

[Ethernet 1 and 2 Templates](#) on page 158

[Ethernet 1 and 2 RTP Sender Templates](#) on page 162

[Ethernet 1 and 2 RTP Receiver Templates](#) on page 163

[Ethernet RTP Receiver Video Stats Template](#) on page 164

[Ethernet RTP Receiver Audio Stats Template](#) on page 165

[Ethernet RTP Receiver Meta Stats Template](#) on page 166

[Link Control Template](#) on page 167

[Destination Timing Template](#) on page 168

[Audio V Fade Template](#) on page 170

[Audio Rate Adaption Template](#) on page 171

[Input Loss Control Template](#) on page 172

[Spigot 1 to 16 Templates](#) on page 173

[Source Spigot Template \(Spigots 1 to 4\)](#) on page 174

[Destination Spigot Template \(Spigots 5 to 16\)](#) on page 180

[Logging - SDI Info Template](#) on page 187

[Logging - System Template](#) on page 188

[Logging - Network Template](#) on page 192

[Logging - SFP Template](#) on page 194

[Logging - FPGA Template](#) on page 197

[Logging - Spigot 1 to 16 Templates](#) on page 198

[Logging - Card Diagnostics Template](#) on page 202

[RollTrack Template](#) on page 203

[Loopback Router Template](#) on page 206

[Setup Template](#) on page 207

[Ethernet Gb Template](#) on page 209

[Ethernet ArcNet Template \(Not used\)](#) on page 210

[Interop Template](#) on page 211

[SFP Configuration Template](#) on page 214

Note: RollCall Control Panel:

The Grass Valley RollCall Control Panel tool is part of the RollCall Suite. (For installation instructions, see the "RollCall V4 Suite & RollCall Lite" Introduction manual.)

Install the RollCall Control Panel software on your computer. See the RollCall Control Panel User Manual and contact Grass Valley Support for information.

Note: Grass Valley Orbit:

The Grass Valley Orbit software tool is used to configure Grass Valley products. RollCall templates may be viewed and used via Orbit.

Introduction

This section describes the RollCall templates of the IQUCP25/50 base module *when a MV SDC licensed is applied*, i.e. for a IQUCP25/50-MV. Licensing is described as part of the 'Getting Going' procedure, see [Getting Going](#) on page 231.

The templates enable the IP spigots of the base module to be configured for multiviewer applications. Figure 6-10 shows the initial RollCall template shown in the Grass Valley RollCall Control Panel browser tool.

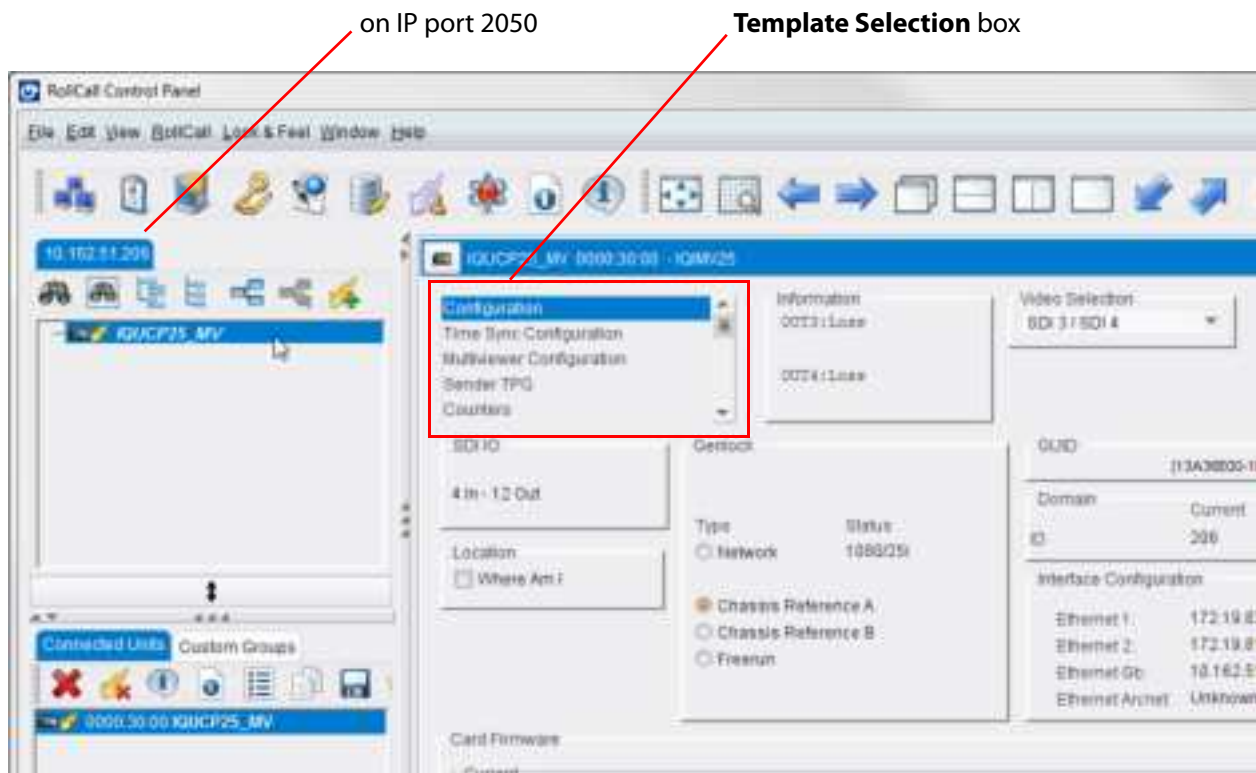


Fig. 6-10: Initial IQUCP25/50 Base Module Template

The RollCall templates of the IQUCP25/50 base module for the IQUCP25/50-MV product are derived from the templates of the *generic* IQUCP25/50 module with the following fixed spigot configuration:

- **Spigots 1 to 4** source up to 4 video IP signals.
These form the multiviewer head display output video IP streams.
- **Spigots 5 to 16** receive up to 12 video IP signals.
These are multiviewer video inputs 1 to 12.

Navigating to RollCall Template Screens

When RollCall has connected to a device, several template screens are available, listed in the **Template Selection** box (see [Figure 6-10](#) on page 141).

Click on an item in the **Template Selection** box to go to that template screen.

Alternatively, right-click in a template screen and a pop-up list of the unit's template screens is shown. Click on an item in the list to go to that template screen. (The full list is shown in Figure 6-11.)

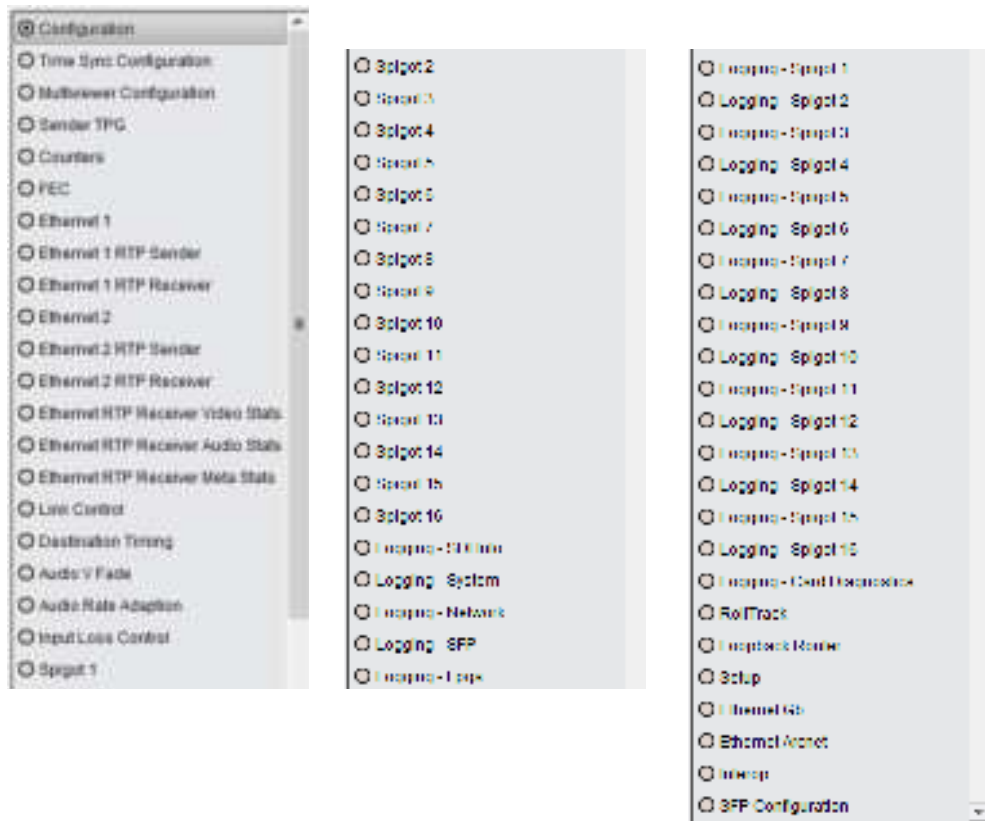


Fig. 6-11: Pop-up list of Template Screens

Setting Values in Templates

Many parameters within the templates have values, either alpha or numeric. When entering a value (text or numeric), type the value into a text box and then it must be entered by pressing the ENTER key, or by clicking the **S Save Value** button. (Clicking an associated **P Preset Value** button enters the value to the factory default setting.)

Common Information Display

An **Information Display** area appears at the top of each template screen and shows basic information about the input, standard and status of the IQUCP25/50 base module.

The information displayed is selected via the **Video Selection** box and **Information Selection** box, and is shown in the **Information** box. See Figure 6-12 and Table 6-11.

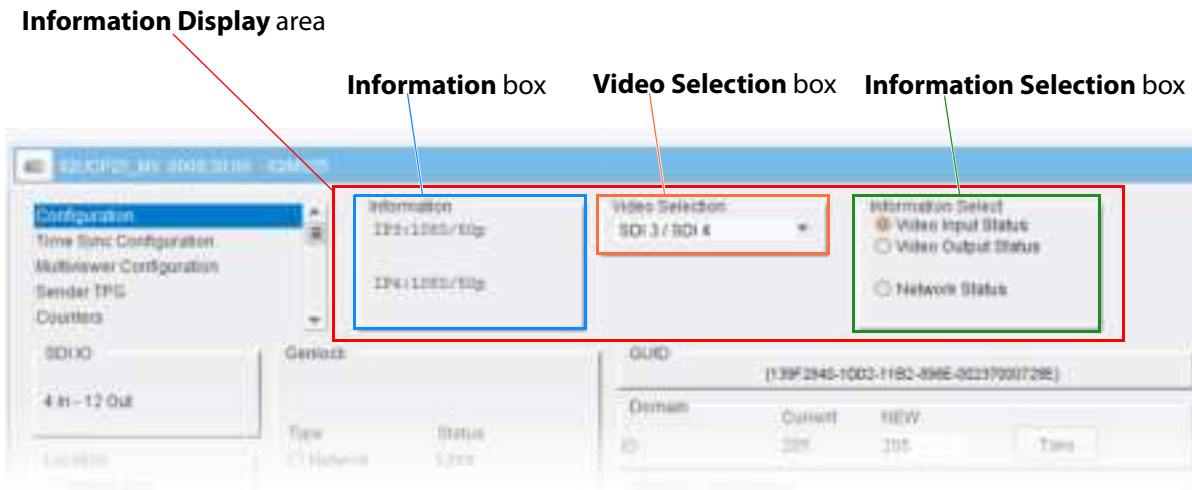


Fig. 6-12: Common Information Display Area

Table 6-11: Selecting Information to Display

Selection Control	Description
Video Selection	Drop-down box. Select the pair of SDI channels on the IQUCP25/50 base module to display. Selection range: ' SDI 1/SDI 2 ' to ' SDI 11/SDI 12 '. (SDI 13 to SDI 16 are unused and 'not applicable' (N/A) for the IQUCP25/50-MV.)
Information Select	Radio buttons. Select the type of information to show: • Video input status. See Note 1. • Video output status. See Note 2. • Network status. IP addresses of the network interfaces used.
Note 1:	'Video inputs' are considered to be video signals <i>from</i> the MV SDC. Thus, 'SDI 1' to 'SDI 4' 'video inputs' are the MV SDC's head display outputs.
Note 2:	'Video outputs' are considered to be video signals <i>to</i> the MV SDC. Thus, 'SDI 1' to 'SDI 12' 'video outputs' are the MV SDC's 12 multiviewer video inputs.

Configuration Template

The **Configuration** template screen allows basic IQUCP25/50 parameters to be set.

The screenshot displays the 'Configuration' template screen, which is organized into several sections for setting parameters:

- Configuration Menu:** A sidebar on the left lists options: Configuration (selected), Time Sync Configuration, Multiviewer Configuration, Sender TPG, and Counters.
- SDX ID:** A field containing '4 In - 12 Out'.
- Location:** A checkbox labeled 'Where Am I'.
- Genlock:** A section with 'Type' (radio buttons for Network, Chassis Reference A, Chassis Reference B, and Free-run) and 'Status' (1080/25).
- GUID:** A field showing '(13A38B05-1002-11B2-87E9-00037000729C)'. Below it, a table shows 'Domain' (Current: 208, NEW: 208) and a 'Take' button.
- Interface Configuration:** A table listing network interfaces and their IP addresses:

Interface	IP Address
Ethernet 1:	172.18.83.84
Ethernet 2:	172.18.81.84
Ethernet 0b:	10.163.51.206
Ethernet Arctnet:	Unknown
- Card Firmware:** A section with 'Current' (12M0, 108Mv-1.0) and 'New' (12M0, 108Mv-1.0, 1st-stage gk improvement; 12M0, revised audio mapping tables). It includes a note 'Card must be restarted before changes to software will become active' and 'Restore'/'Restart' buttons.
- Software Version:** A section with 'Current' (14.43.83.0.23.5 team-city build, FPGA ver=20181205) and 'New' (14.43.83.0.23.5 team-city build, FPGA ver=20181205; 14.43.83.0.23.4 team-city build, FPGA ver=20181205; 14.43.83.0.23.3 team-city build, FPGA ver=20181205; 14.43.83.0.23.2 team-city build, FPGA ver=0012-3DAFA79; v4.43.83.0.23.1 team-city build, FPGA ver=0012-3DAFA79). It includes a note 'Card must be restarted before changes to software will become active' and 'Restore'/'Restart' buttons.
- Installed 25G Licensed Options:** A section with four checkboxes: 'Licensed Option: Essence Processing', 'Licensed Option: Signal Processing', 'Licensed Option: Network Processing', and 'Licensed Option: Signal Monitoring'.

Fig. 6-13: Configuration Template

The various sections of this template are described in Table 6-12, and Table 6-13.

Table 6-12: Configuration Template Settings

Configuration Setting	Operation
SDI IO	Displays how the SDI channels of the IQUCP25/50 base module are currently configured: '4 In - 12 Out' for IQUCP25/50-MV Explanation: • 4 In - 4-off MV SDC multiviewer head outputs come from the MV SDC function and go into the IQUCP25/50 base module. These four channels will use source spigots. • 12 Out - 12-off MV SDC multiviewer inputs come from the IQUCP25/50 base module and go into the MV SDC function. These 12 channels will use destination spigots.
Location: Where Am I	• Check box. • Select to flash front and rear LED indicators of the IQUCP25/50-MV module. This aids location of the module in a rack. • Deselect to stop flashing.
Genlock	Radio buttons. Select Genlock type: • Network - click to select PTP. • Chassis Reference A - click to select IQ frame reference A. • Chassis Reference B - click to select IQ frame reference B. • Freerun - click to allow free running.
GUID	Displays the absolute unique identifier associated with the IQUCP25/50-MV module.
Domain	To set a new RollCall+ domain number (ID): 1 Set a new RollCall+ ID in the text field. 2 Press Take to confirm the change.
Interface Configuration	Displays the IP addresses of the network interfaces: • Ethernet 1 • Ethernet 2 • Ethernet Gb (Card front, for Grass Valley engineering use only.) • Ethernet Arcnet (Interface is not used).

Table 6-12: Configuration Template Settings (continued)

Configuration Setting	Operation
Note 1:	RollCall+ uses domains to partition a RollCall+ network; only devices on the same RollCall+ domain can communicate with one another. A domain is uniquely identified with a number and a friendly name/alias.

Table 6-13: Configuration Template Settings - Card Firmware and Software Version

Configuration Setting	Operation
Card Firmware	The current firmware version is shown highlighted. Each software version may contain multiple firmware images. Typically, there is one firmware image for an IQUCP25/50-MV module. (Multiple images may be stored on the module.) For an IQUCP25/50-MV module, the firmware configures the IQUCP25/50 base module inputs and outputs. Note: Selecting a firmware version is <i>not</i> normally required for IQUCP25/50-MV. To use a new card firmware: 1) Select the firmware item in the list. Note: Buttons Restore and Restart are only displayed when a 'not-currently-loaded' item is selected. 2) Click Restore to load the selected firmware version. 3) Click Restart to restart the Video IP block.
Software Version	Each software version may contain multiple firmware images. The current software version is shown highlighted in the list. To use a new software version: 1) Select the required software version in the list. Note: Buttons Restore and Restart are only displayed when a 'not-currently-loaded' item is selected. 2) Click Restore to load the selected software version. 3) Click Restart to restart the Video IP block.
Installed 25G Licensed Options	Shows which license options are installed on the IQUCP25/50 module.

Time Sync Configuration Template

The **Time Sync Configuration** template allows selection of the source signal to be used for synchronizing IP flows through the IQUCP25/50-MV module, and the configuration of any properties associated with the relevant source.

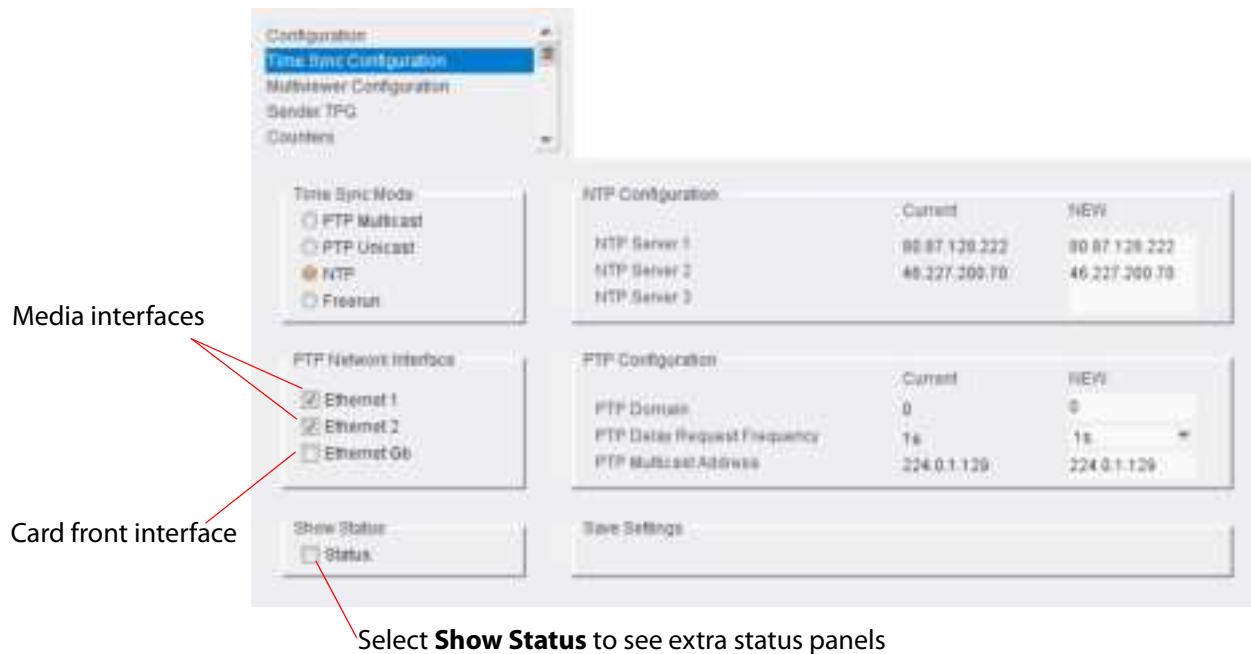


Fig. 6-14: Time Sync Configuration Template

Table 6-14: Time Sync Configuration Template Settings

Time Sync Configuration Setting	Operation
Time Sync Mode	Radio buttons. Select the required time sync mode. Note: Precision Time Protocol (PTP) options require a grandmaster clock to be present in the network system.
NTP Configuration	Network Time Protocol (NTP) servers are listed. To add a new NTP server: - Enter server's IP address into the New field. Restart the template, see 'Save Settings' table entry below.

Table 6-14: Time Sync Configuration Template Settings (continued)

Time Sync Configuration Setting	Operation
PTP Network Interface	Check boxes. Select one or more required network interfaces for Precision Time Protocol (PTP) data traffic. If a network interface fails, the next interface on the list will be switched to automatically for PTP data traffic.
PTP Configuration	PTP information is listed. • PTP Domain - Enter the PTP clock domain number. • PTP Delay Request Frequency - Select the duration in the drop-down list.  • PTP Multicast - Enter the PTP Multicast server IP address.
Show Status	Check box. Select to display time sync status information in the template. See Time Sync Status Panel on page 148.
Save Settings:	These controls are only displayed only if settings on this template are changed.
Restore	Button. Click Restore to discard settings changes made in the template.
Restart	Button. Click Restart to implement settings changes made in the template and restart the IQUCP25/50-MV module.

Time Sync Status Panel

Select **Show Status** in the **Time Sync Configuration** template to display extra status panels which show system time status information. See Figure 6-15.

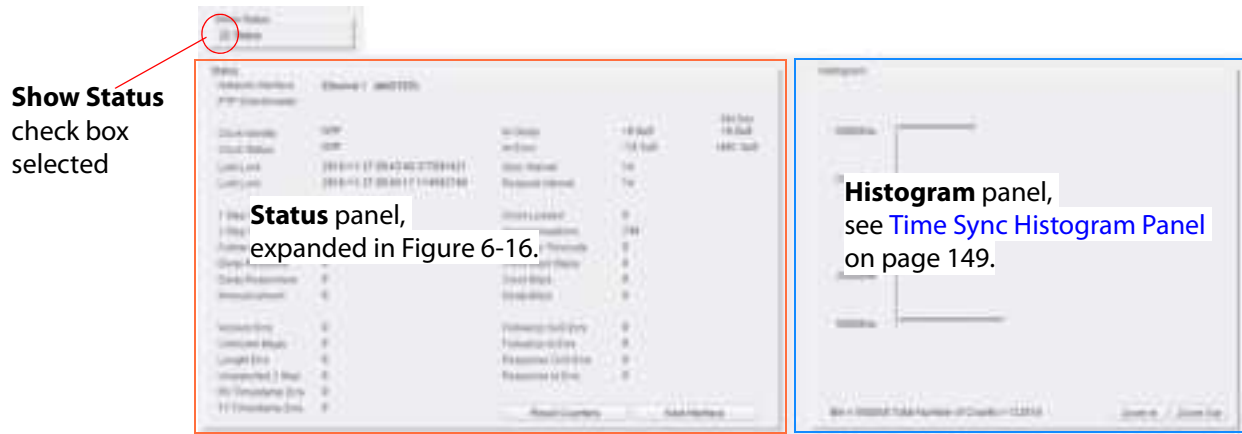


Fig. 6-15: Show Status Selected - Extra Time Sync Status Information Panel

Timing status information shown for the network interface shown here.

Click **Next Interface** button to see status of next network interface.

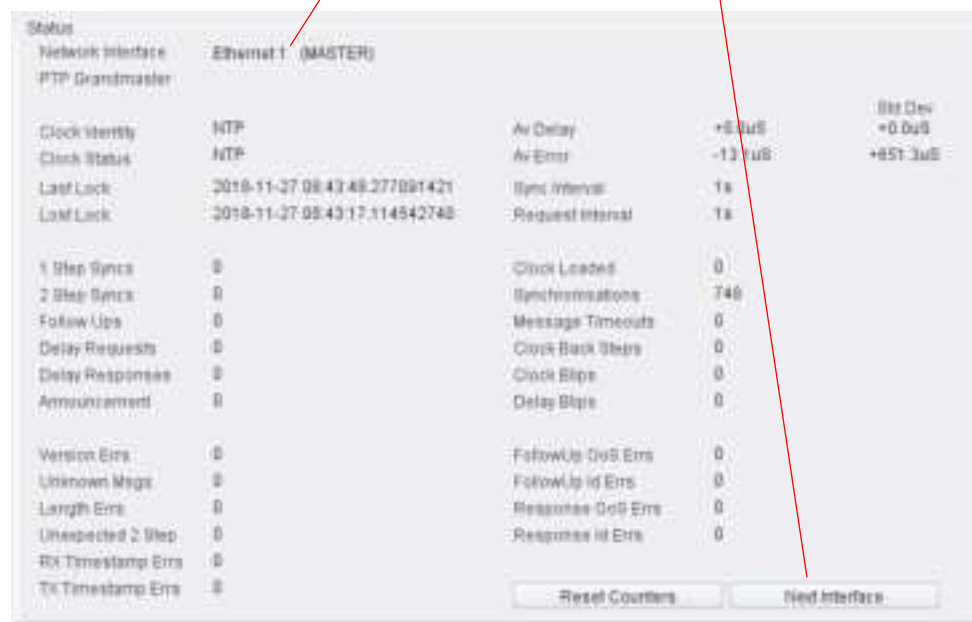


Fig. 6-16: Status Panel

To see the status of another network interface of the IQUCP25/50-MV in the **Status** panel:

- Click the **Next Interface** button. (This cycles through the interfaces.)

Time Sync Histogram Panel

Select **Show Status** in the **Time Sync Configuration** template to display extra status panels showing important system time status histogram information on a single convenient panel. See Figure 6-17.

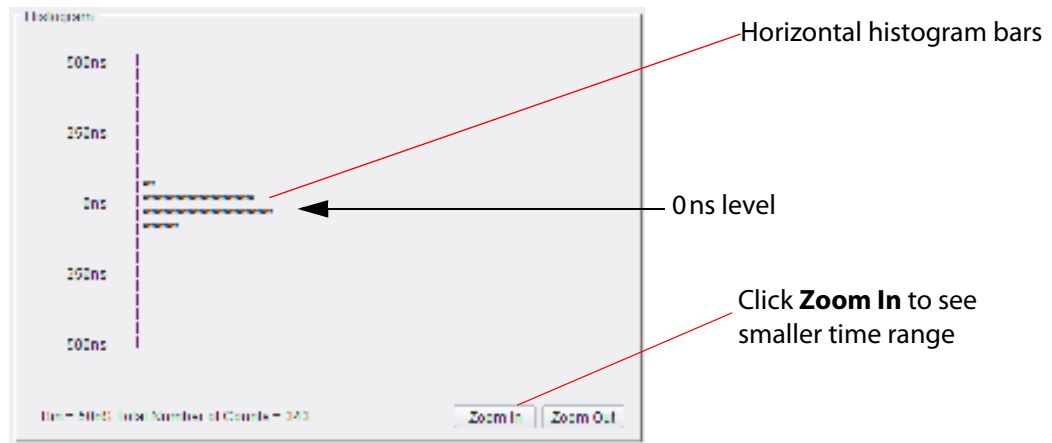


Fig. 6-17: Time Sync Status - Histogram Panel

The **Histogram** panel is located to the right of the **Status** panel and it provides a graphical representation of the distribution of differences between the IQUCP25/50-MVs own clock and the network system's PTP grandmaster clock. The histogram is available when a IQUCP25/50-MV's clock is locked to the master clock.

Use the **Zoom-in** and **Zoom-out** button controls to see the corresponding histogram.

Every time a clock time sync difference is recalculated, the relevant horizontal histogram bar is incremented and shown.

A correctly functioning system will show a distinct peak around the 0ns level.

Multiviewer Configuration Template

The **Multiviewer Configuration** template configures MV SDC-related settings on the IQUCP25/50 base module.

The Ethernet interface used to access Port 2051 is set here; see [Table 6-6](#) on page 131 for more information.

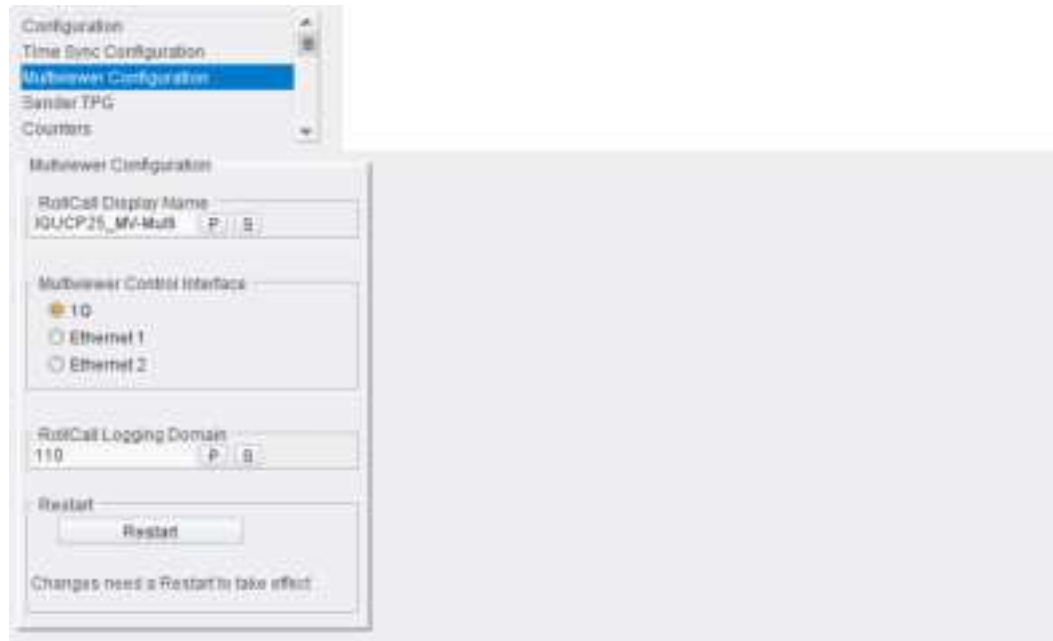


Fig. 6-18: Multiviewer Configuration Template

Table 6-15: Multiviewer Configuration Template Settings

Configuration Setting	Operation
RollCall Display Name	Name to be displayed (for example, in RollCall Control Panel) for the MV SDC RollCall templates. 1) Enter the name in the text field. 2) Press S. (Press P to enter the factory default.) Remember to Restart to make changes take effect. See below.
Multiviewer Control Interface	Radio buttons. Select the control interface to use for the MV SDC. • 1G - Card front interface. (For Grass Valley engineering use only.) • Ethernet 1 - SFP 1 rear interface. • Ethernet 2 - SFP 2 rear interface.

Table 6-15: Multiviewer Configuration Template Settings (continued)

Configuration Setting	Operation
RollCall Logging Domain	Enter RollCall domain to use for logging data (by the IQUCP25/50 base module). Remember to press S to save a settings change in the template. Press Restart to apply template changes to module. (Press P to enter the factory default.)
Restart	Button. Press Restart to restart the IQUCP25/50-MV module for changes made in this template to take effect. 

Sender TPG (Test Pattern Generator) Template

Not currently used.

Counters Template

The **Counters** template contains controls to clear various global counters on IQUCP25/50 base module templates. These count various types of error conditions that might occur.

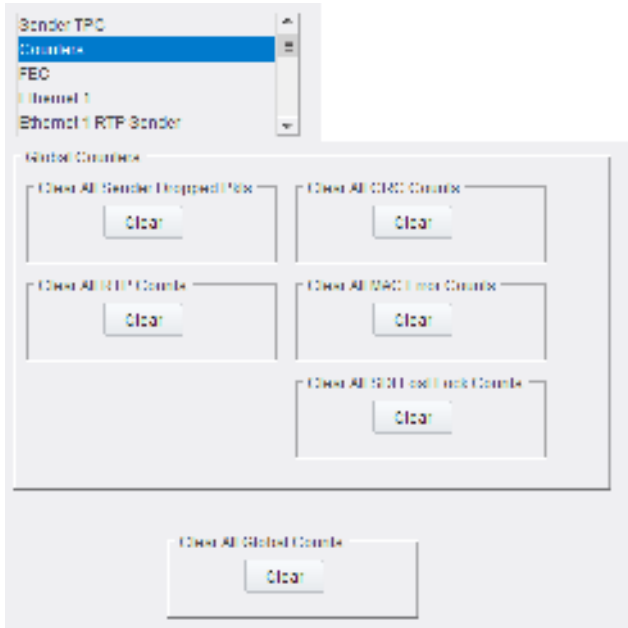


Fig. 6-19: Counters Template

Table 6-16: Counters Template Settings

Control	Click to clear the counters for ...
Clear All Sender Dropped Pkts	Sender dropped data packets counters. Counts the number of data packets an IP sender has had to drop. For example, if an IP connection were over-subscribed, a sender may drop data packets to prevent the total IP sending bandwidth being exceeded.
Clear All CRC Counts	CRC counters. These count any SDI video CRC errors in the <i>internal</i> MV SDC multiviewer head display output video signals (i.e. from the MV SDC to the IQUCP25/50 base module).
Clear All RTP Counts	All RTP packet counters. Counts jumps in an Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP) packet ID sequence in an IP flow. This indicates any lost, dropped or out-of-sequence RTP packets. Counters are found on RTP Receiver and Ethernet templates.

Table 6-16: Counters Template Settings (continued)

Control	Click to clear the counters for ...
Clear All MAC Error Counts	All MAC error counters. Counts packets marked as bad, for example, for a data packet CRC error. (Such an error is normally also accompanied by an RTP error because a packet would be dropped.)
Clear All SDI Lost Lock Counts	All SDI lock error counts. Counts the number of times an (internal) SDI signals to the MV SDC comes and goes. (Counters are found on the sending spigots templates, 'Spigot 1' to 'Spigot 4'.)
Clear All Global Counts	All the global counts.

FEC Template

The **FEC** template allows forward error correction (FEC) to be enabled on a spigot and FEC logging to be activated, if required. FEC is implemented to clause 108 (RS) or clause 74 FEC of IEEE 802.3. FEC statistics are also available.

The screenshot displays the 'FEC Template' configuration window. At the top, a 'Counters' list on the left includes 'FEC', 'Ethernet 1', 'Ethernet 1 RTP Sender', and 'Ethernet 1 RTP Receiver'. The 'FEC Clause 74' section contains a 'Control' group with radio buttons for 'Off' and 'On' (selected), and a 'Status' group with text boxes for 'SFP 1' (containing 'LOCK') and 'SFP 2' (containing 'LOCK ERROR'). Below this is the 'FEC Stats' section, which shows statistics for 'SFP 1 (Ethernet 1)' (Corrected: 32228, Uncorrected: 3182) and 'SFP 2 (Ethernet 2)' (Corrected: 0, Uncorrected: 0). An 'Enable Stats' checkbox is present, and a 'Clear Count' button is at the bottom right of the stats section. The 'FEC Logging' section at the bottom provides a table of error counts for both SFPs.

FEC Logging		
SFP 1		
☒ Fec 1 Corrected Errors	FEC_1_CORRECTED_ERRORS=	49593
☒ Fec 1 Uncorrected Errors	FEC_1_UNCORRECTED_ERRORS=	34802
SFP 2		
☒ Fec 2 Corrected Errors	FEC_2_CORRECTED_ERRORS=	0
☒ Fec 2 Uncorrected Errors	FEC_2_UNCORRECTED_ERRORS=	0

Fig. 6-20: FEC Template

Table 6-17: FEC Template Settings

FEC Setting	Description
FEC Clause 74	Radio buttons. For using low-latency FEC Clause 74 error correction. • Select On to enable FEC. • Select Off to disable FEC.

Table 6-17: FEC Template Settings (continued)

FEC Setting	Description
Status	Displays the lock status for each SFP.
FEC Stats	Displays the number of corrected and uncorrected errors received via each SFP module. Check box. • Select Enable Stats to activate the display. • Click Clear Count to clear the counters.
FEC Logging	Enables logging of FEC information to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. The number of corrected and uncorrected FEC errors are logged on a 'per SFP' basis. Select the check boxes to activate log fields, as required. Available log fields are: • FEC_1_CORRECTED_ERRORS, FEC_1_UNCORRECTED_ERRORS; • FEC_2_CORRECTED_ERRORS, FEC_2_UNCORRECTED_ERRORS.

Ethernet 1 and 2 Templates

Note: **Ethernet 1** and **Ethernet 2** templates are for the two media network connections to each IQUCP25/50-MV.

Both the **Ethernet 1** and **Ethernet 2** templates show IP configuration details and status for a media network interface. The IQUCP25/50-MV defaults to use DHCP for the interface, but this can be overridden and a static IP address can be defined if required.

Link name

Select to locate the module and link

Ethernet 1

Ethernet 1 RTP Sender

Ethernet 1 RTP Receiver

Ethernet 2

Ethernet 2 RTP Sender

Ethernet

Rear - SFP 1

Current

New State

IP Address 172.19.254.4

Default Gateway 172.19.254.1

Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0

MAC Address 00:23:70:00:72:95

Mode STATIC

Link Status UP

SFP Status OK

SFP Fitted OK

Location

Where Am I

New Mode

DHCP

Static

Restart

NOTE: DHCP / static takes effect on restart

Clear Link Change Count

Link Change Time 2016-12-19T15:38:06

Link Change Count 5

See [Ethernet Panel](#) on page 159

Switch LLDP Info

Name -

ID -

Port ID -

Port VLAN -

See [Switch LLDP Info Panel](#) on page 160

All Traffic

Capacity Gb/s

Actual (Mb/s)

Used %

Free %

Enable State ☒

Sender 25

Receiver 25

0.00

6715.27

0.00

26.86

100.00

73.14

See [All Traffic Panel](#) on page 161

CPU Traffic

Send

Received

Total Unicast Packets 13

Total Unicast Packets 0

Total Broadcast Packets 417

Total Broadcast Packets 0

Total Multicast Packets 32550

Total Multicast Packets 32276

Total Bytes 14927102

Total Bytes 14782408

Bytes / sec 0

Bytes / sec 458

See [CPU Traffic Panel](#) on page 161

Fig. 6-21: Ethernet 1 or Ethernet 2 Template (Ethernet 1 Template shown)

The various panels in the template are described below:

- **Ethernet** panel - see [Ethernet Panel](#) on page 159.
- **Switch LLDP Info** panel - see [Switch LLDP Info Panel](#) on page 160.
- **All Traffic** panel - see [All Traffic Panel](#) on page 161.
- **CPU Traffic** panel - see [CPU Traffic Panel](#) on page 161.

Ethernet Panel

The **Ethernet** panel displays details of the media network interface (i.e. **Ethernet 1** or **Ethernet 2**) and allows a static IP address to be defined. Additionally some summary Ethernet link status and SFP transceiver status is shown.

Additionally a 'Where Am I' Check box provides the facility to physically locate an IQUCP25/50-MV module and its specific Ethernet link.

Table 6-18: Ethernet Panel Settings and Controls

Ethernet Panel Item	Description
IP Address	Shows current IP address of the network interface. Allows entry of a new, static IP address. Click S to enter a new value into the text box.
Default Gateway	Shows current default gateway IP address. Allows entry of a new default gateway IP address. Click S to enter a new value into the text box.
Subnet Mask	Shows current subnet mask of the network interface. Allows entry of a new mask. Click S to enter a new value into the text box.
MAC Address	Shows the MAC address of the interface.
Mode	Shows the current mode of the network interface: DHCP or Static.
Link Status	Reports network link status: UP or DOWN.
SFP Status	Reports the status of the designated SFP cage/transceiver: • OK • Fail
SFP Fitted	Reports the fitted status of a SFP cage/transceiver: • OK • Not Fitted
Location: Where Am I	Check box. Select to locate the Ethernet link. When selected, the IQUCP25/50-MV module flashes front and rear LED indicators for the Ethernet link.
New Mode: DHCP Static	Radio buttons. Note: Changes take effect after clicking Restart (see table entry below). Select for DHCP interface mode. Select for static interface mode.

Table 6-18: Ethernet Panel Settings and Controls (continued)

Ethernet Panel Item	Description
Clear Link Change Count	
	Button. Click to clear the link status change count.
Link Change Time	Shows date and time of the last network link up or link down status change.
Link Change Count	Counts number of times the network link has changed state (link up or link down).
Restart	Button. Click to make any IP address and mode setting changes take effect.

Change Network Interface Mode

To change the mode of a network interface:

- 1 Select **DHCP** or **Static** for a new mode, as required.

Then, as applicable:

- 2 Enter IP address information and click **S** to save.
- 3 Enter default gateway information and click **S** to save.
- 4 Enter subnet mask information and click **S** to save.

The new DHCP/static settings are applied when **Restart** is clicked and the IQUCP25/50-MV module has restarted.

Switch LLDP Info Panel

The **Switch LLDP Info** panel displays information about the network IP switch connected to the media network interface(s). Information is obtained via the LLDP (Link Layer Discovery) protocol. See Figure 6-22.

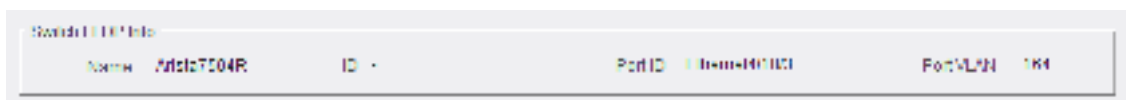


Fig. 6-22: IP Switch LLDP Info Panel

Table 6-19: IP Switch LLDP Panel Settings

IP Switch LLDP Item	Description
Name	Shows the name assigned to the network IP switch.
ID	Shows the IP switch ID.
Port ID	Shows the IP switch port ID.
Port VLAN	Shows the VLAN ID number used by the network interface.

All Traffic Panel

Select **Enable Stats** in the panel to display information on traffic through the IQUCP25/50-MV module network interface links. See Figure 6-23.

Enable Stats

All Traffic						
	Capacity	Clicks	Actual (Mbps)	Used %	Free %	Enable Stats
Sender	25		0.00	0.00	100.00	☒
Receiver	25		5715.27	25.86	73.14	☒

Fig. 6-23: All Traffic Panel

CPU Traffic Panel

When **Enable Stats** is selected in the **All Traffic** panel, the **CPU Traffic** panel displays information on traffic through the CPU of the IQUCP25/50-MV module. See Figure 6-24.

CPU Traffic			
	Gen		Received
Total Unicast Packets	1280038	Total Unicast Packets	278080
Total Broadcast Packets	14	Total Broadcast Packets	101080
Total Multicast Packets	2443	Total Multicast Packets	345778
Total Bytes	807422208	Total Bytes	202189270
Bytes/sec	183430	Bytes/sec	50450

Fig. 6-24: CPU Traffic Panel

Ethernet 1 and 2 RTP Sender Templates

The **Ethernet 1 RTP Sender** and **Ethernet 2 RTP Sender** templates display the amount of data transmitted on a spigot-by-spigot basis. Units are Mbits per second.

An IQUCP25/50-MV module transmits 'multiviewer head display output' video IP data packets on spigots 1 to 4.

- Select **Enable Stats** in the template to display values.

See Figure 6-25.

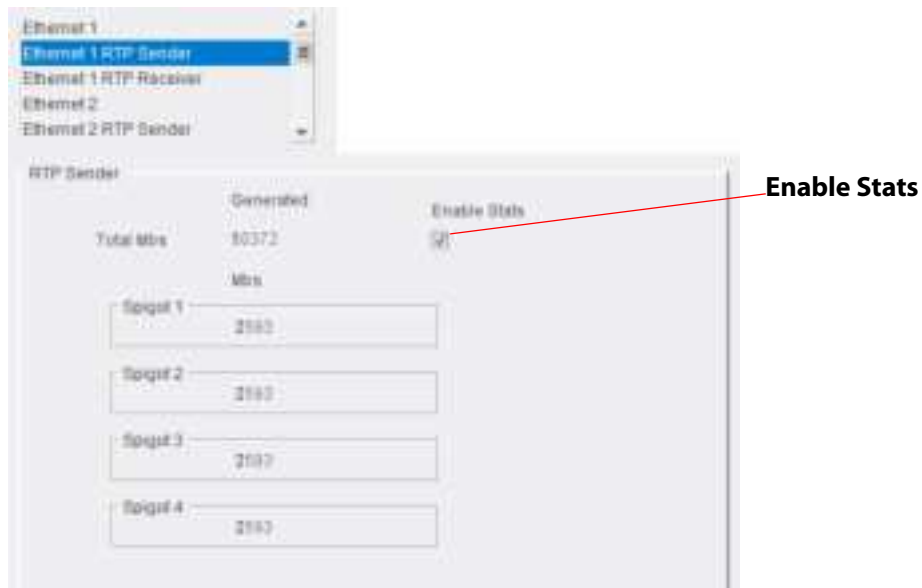


Fig. 6-25: Ethernet 1 or 2 RTP Sender Template

Ethernet 1 and 2 RTP Receiver Templates

The **Ethernet 1 RTP Receiver** and **Ethernet 2 RTP Receiver** templates display information on a spigot-by-spigot basis about:

- the amount of data received;
- packet loss; and
- any unwanted multicast traffic.

Units are Mbits per second.

IQUCP25/50-MV modules receive video IP data packets on spigots 5 to 16.

- Select **Enable Stats** to display the values.

Enable Stats

Click to instantaneously clear the RTP Count

Click to clear the MAC Error Count

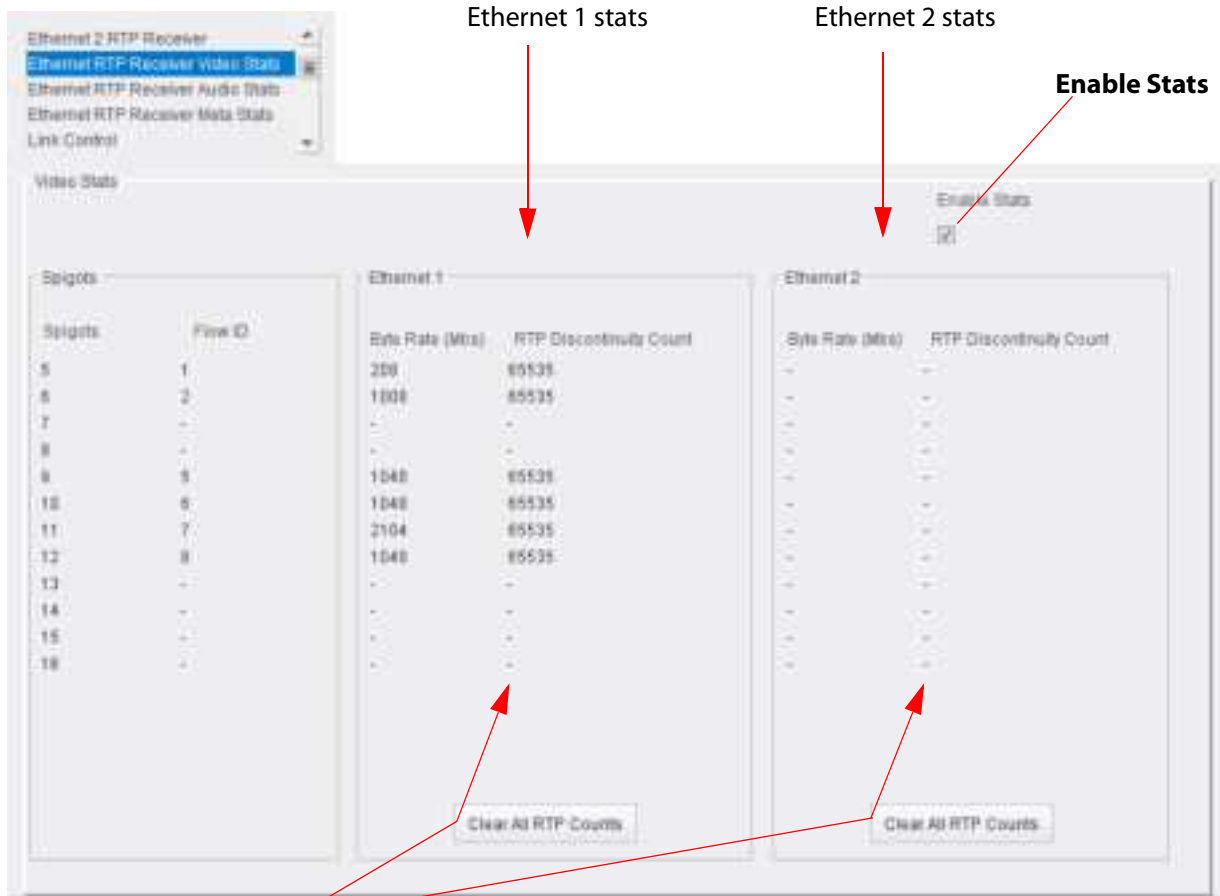
Source IP	Source Port	Destination IP	Destination Port	Packet Type
172.19.83.82	45000	239.4.7.22	45000	17
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

Fig. 6-26: Ethernet RTP Receiver Template

Ethernet RTP Receiver Video Stats Template

The **RTP Receiver Video Stats** template displays information on the video IP flows to both network interfaces 1 and 2 of the IQUCP25/50-MV module on a spigot-by-spigot basis.

- Select **Enable Stats** to display the values.



Click to clear the RTP discontinuity counts

Fig. 6-27: Ethernet RTP Receiver Video Stats Template

Ethernet RTP Receiver Audio Stats Template

The **RTP Receiver Audio Stats** template displays information on the audio IP flows to the network interfaces 1 and 2 of the IQUCP25/50-MV module on a spigot-by-spigot basis. It is similar to the 'video stats' template in format.

- Select **Enable Stats** to display the values.

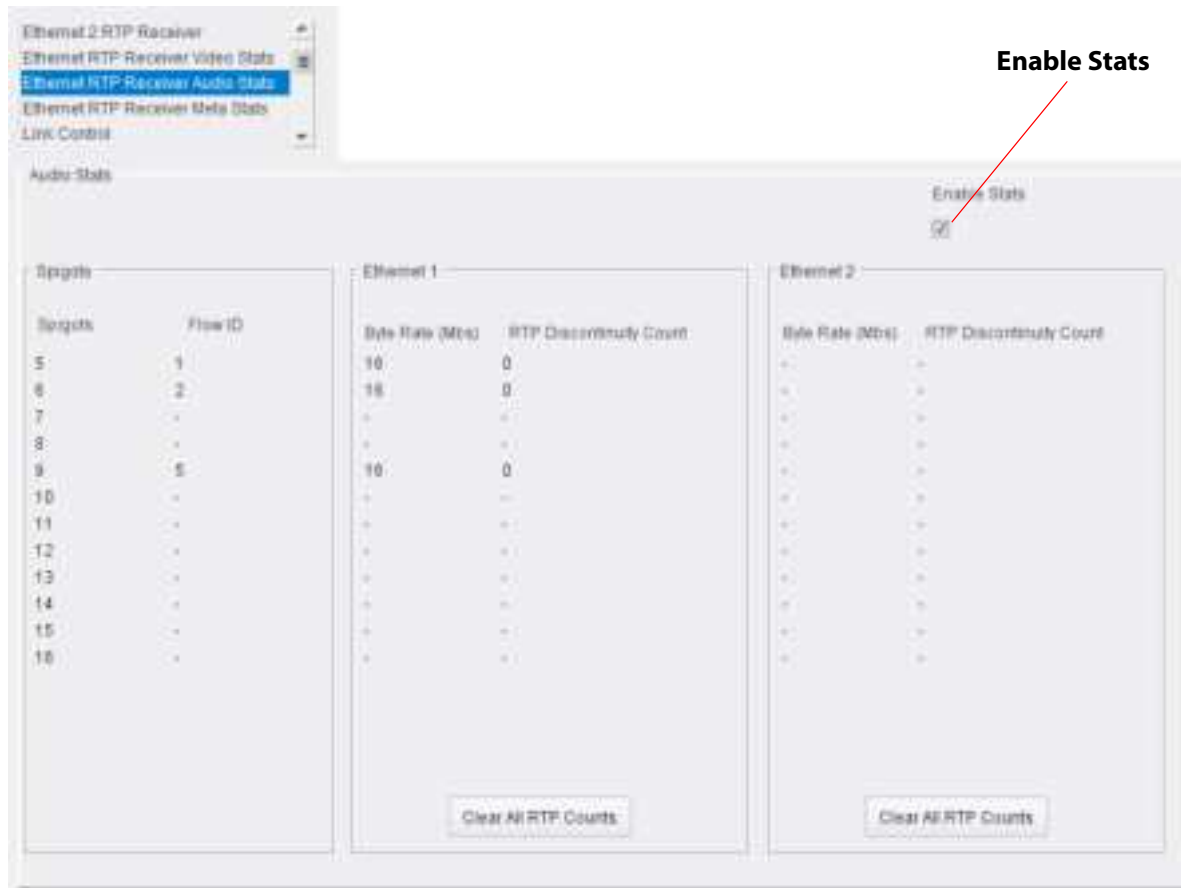


Fig. 6-28: Ethernet RTP Receiver Audio Stats Template

Ethernet RTP Receiver Meta Stats Template

The **RTP Receiver Meta Stats** template displays information on the metadata IP flows to the network interfaces 1 and 2 of the IQUCP25/50-MV module on a spigot-by-spigot basis. It is similar to the 'video stats' template in format.

- Select **Enable Stats** to display the values.

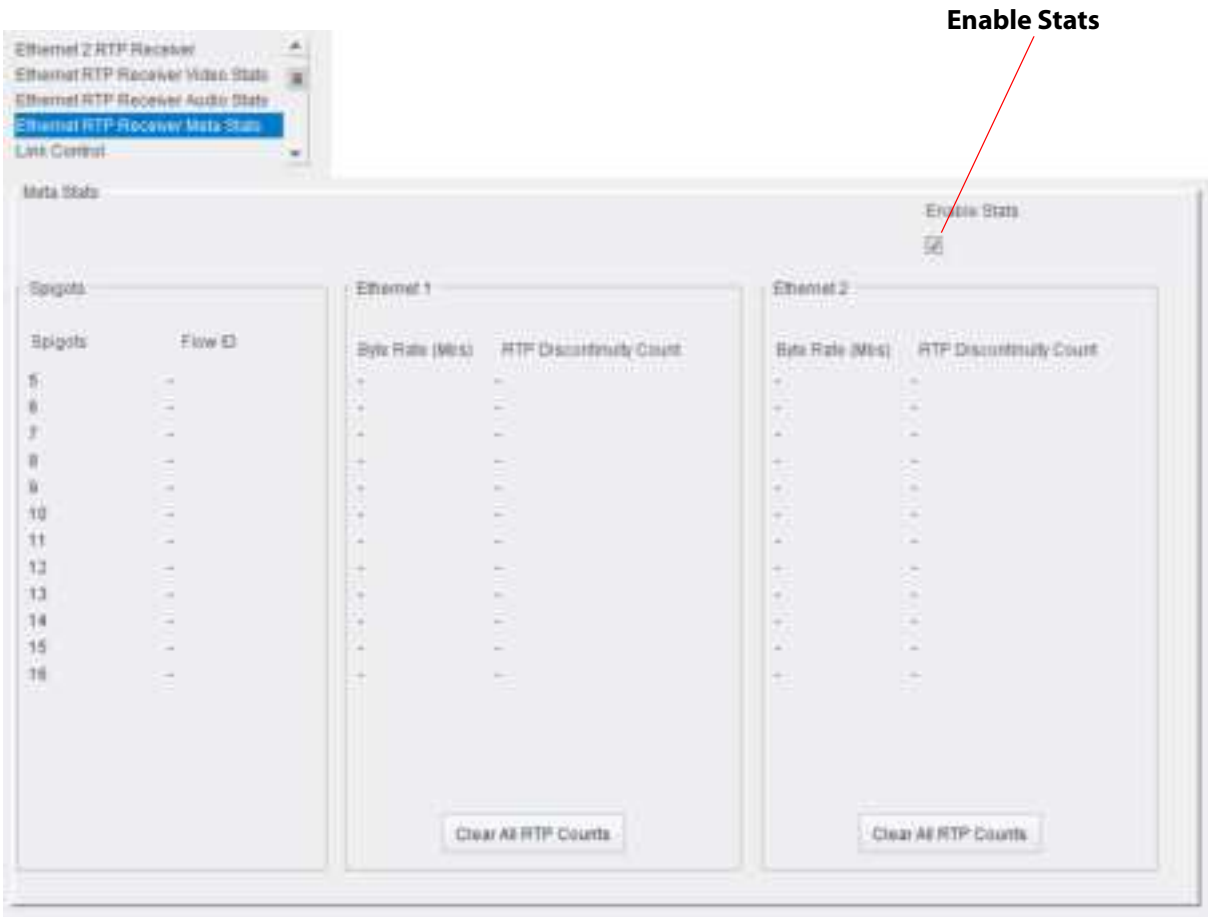


Fig. 6-29: Ethernet RTP Receiver Meta Stats Template

Link Control Template

The **Link Control** template allows quad-link 4K *MV SDC* input video IP streams (destination spigots, 5 to 16) or *MV SDC* multiviewer head display outputs (source spigots 1 to 4) to be aggregated and synchronized by the IQUCP25/50-MV module.

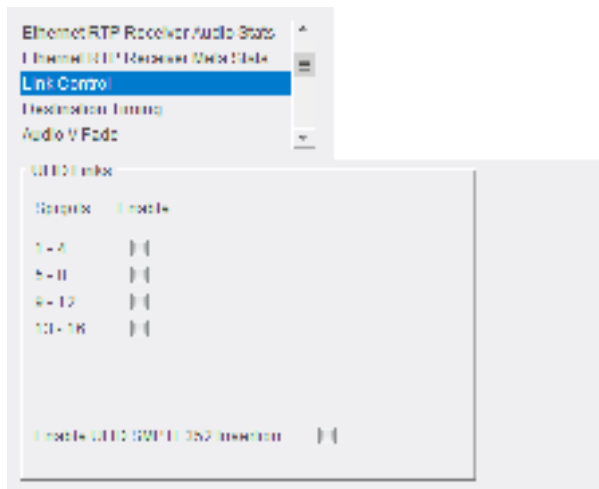


Fig. 6-30: Link Control Template

To enable 4K quad-link video input IP streams on spigots:

- Select the 'Enable' check box for quad-link **Spigots**, as required:
 - '1 - 4'
 - '5 - 8'
 - '9 - 12'
 - '13 - 16'

To insert a 4K SMPTE352 payload identifier into a video IP output stream:

- Select the **Enable 4K SMPTE352 Insertion** check box.

This inserts the same time-stamp information into each of the four 'quad-linked' video IP streams.

Destination Timing Template

The **Destination Timing** template shows video timing information for each destination spigot of the IQUCP25/50-MV module. Spigots 5 to 16 are configured as destination spigots, they receive video IP streams. (This template is not applicable to grayed-out spigots 1 to 4 because they are configured as source spigots.)

The screenshot displays the 'Destination Timing' template interface. At the top left, a small menu shows 'Ethernet RTP Receiver Mode: State' with 'Destination Timing' selected. Below this, there are buttons for 'Apply to Page' and 'Auto Refresh Adapter'. The main area contains 16 rows, each representing a spigot. Spigots 1 through 4 are grayed out, while spigots 5 through 16 are active. Each row has a 'Spigot' label on the left. The active rows (5-16) have three main sections: 'Source Timing' (with 'V Offset (lines)' and 'H Offset (pixels)' fields), 'Receiver Packet Buffer' (with 'Frames Delay (to 1000)' field), and a 'Status' field. A red box highlights the grayed-out spigots 1-4, and a blue box highlights the active spigots 5-16. Two text boxes provide additional context: one for spigots 1-4 stating they are source spigots, and another for spigots 5-16 stating they are destination spigots.

Note: Spigots 1 to 4 are grayed out because they are configured as source spigots (for the MV SDC multiviewer head display outputs).

Spigots 5 to 16 are configured as destination spigots. See Figure 6-32 for detail on each spigot panel.

Fig. 6-31: Destination Timing Template

Note: An IQUCP25/50-MV module:

- Sources up to 4 video IP streams (3G video) on spigots 1 to 4.
 - Receives up to 12 video IP streams (up to 3G video) on spigots 5 to 16.
-

The template shows a panel of settings for each destination spigot, see Figure 6-27.

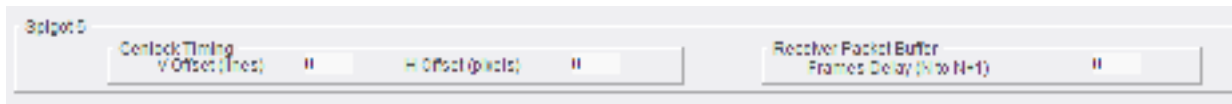


Fig. 6-32: Destination Timing - Spigot Panel

Table 6-20: Destination Timing - Spigot Panel Information

Spigot Panel Item	Description
Genlock Timing:	Displays video timing with respect to the chosen video reference signal.
V Offset (lines)	Displays vertical timing offset in units of video lines.
H Offset (pixels)	Displays horizontal timing offset in units of pixels.
Receiver Packet Buffer	The receiver packet buffer can provide additional buffering to a received IP flow.
Frames Delay (N to N+1)	Enter number of frames of buffering (0 or 1). Note: Adding buffering can affect the time it takes to switch between IP flows at a spigot.

Audio V Fade Template

The **Audio V Fade** template configures an audio V-fade for each video input IP stream (i.e. at receiving, destination spigots) of the IQUCP25/50-MV module. When the video input switches to another, an audio V-fade can be used to reduced audio disturbances at the switch-over.

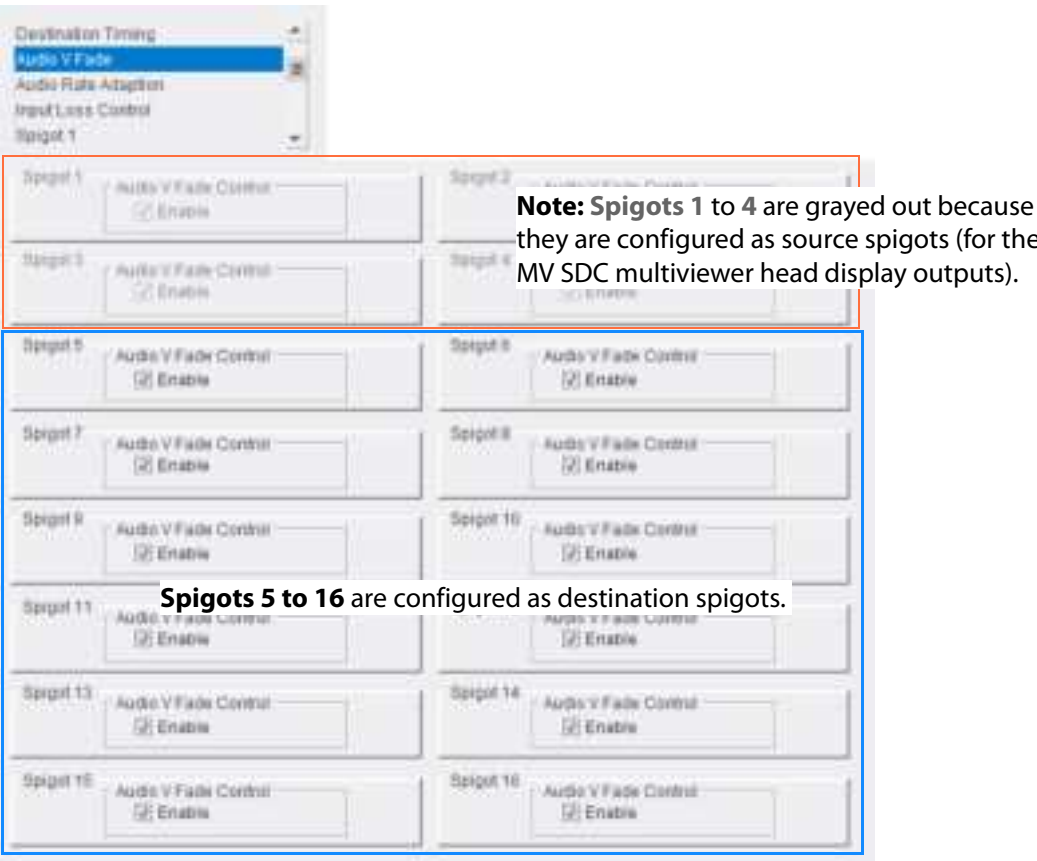


Fig. 6-33: Audio V Fade Template

The template shows a panel of settings for each destination spigot, see Table 6-21.

Table 6-21: Audio V Fade - per Destination Spigot

Item	Description
Audio V Fade Control: Enable	Check box. Select to enable audio V-fade on multiviewer inputs.

Audio Rate Adaption Template

The **Audio Rate Adaption** template configures audio sample drop/repeat to adapt dissimilar audio sampling for each video input IP stream (i.e. at receiving, destination spigots) of the IQUCP25/50-MV module.

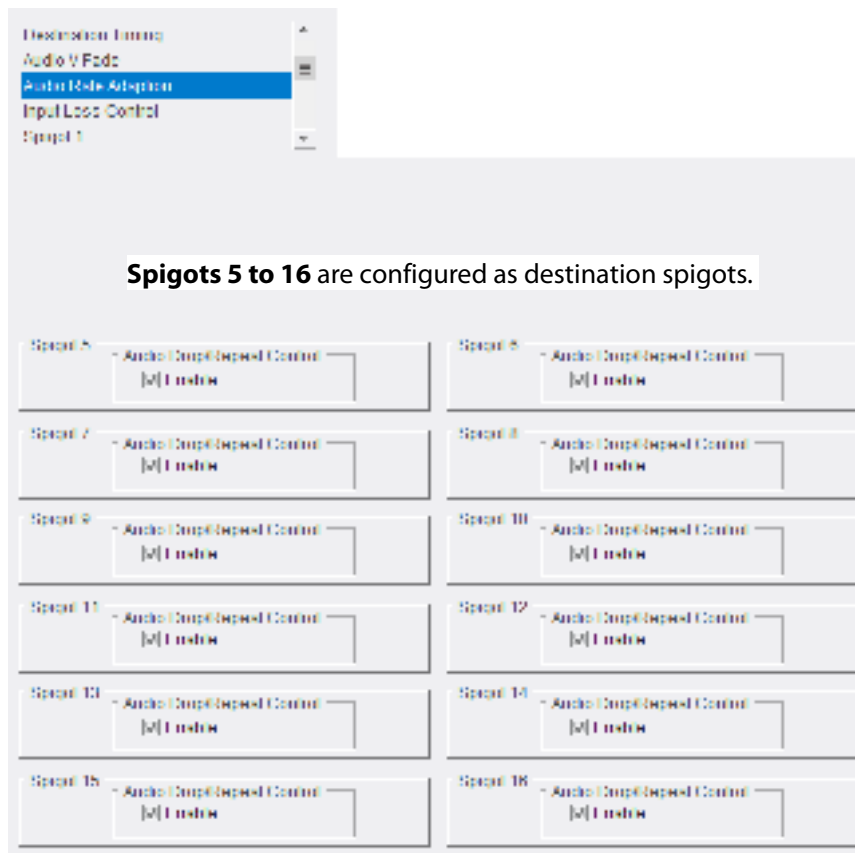


Fig. 6-34: Audio Rate Adaption Template

The template shows a panel of settings for each destination spigot, see Table 6-22.

Table 6-22: Audio Rate Adaption - per Destination Spigot

Spigot Panel Item	Description
Audio Drop/Repeat Control: Enable	Check box. Select to enable audio sample drop/repeat on multiviewer inputs.

Input Loss Control Template

The **Input Loss Control** template configures which video signal to transmit in a video IP stream from a source spigot if the (internal SDI) signal to the sending spigot is lost. (For IQUCP25/50-MV, such signals are internal are coming from the MV SDC and source spigots 1 to 4.)



Fig. 6-35: Input Loss Control Template

Table 6-23: Input Loss Control Settings

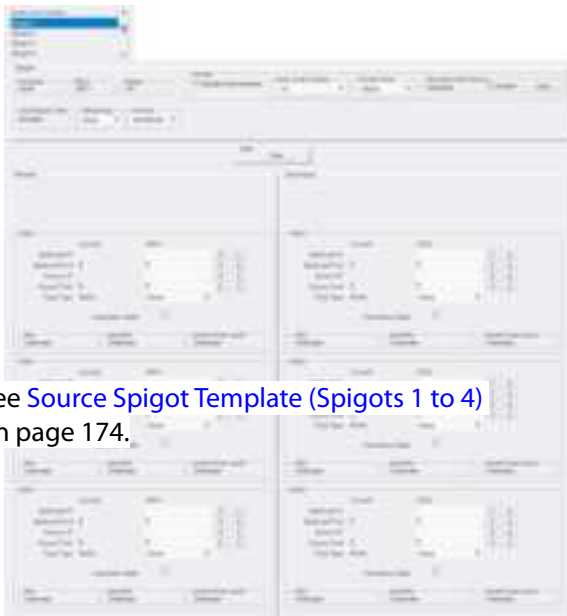
Item	Description
Output Spigots Input Loss Control:	
	Radio buttons. Select what to do when sending (source) spigots lose their internal SDI video signals from the MV SDC.
Freeze	Select to freeze video.
Black	Select to use video black.
TPG	Selection <i>not</i> available.

Spigot 1 to 16 Templates

Note: An IQUCP25/50-MV module:

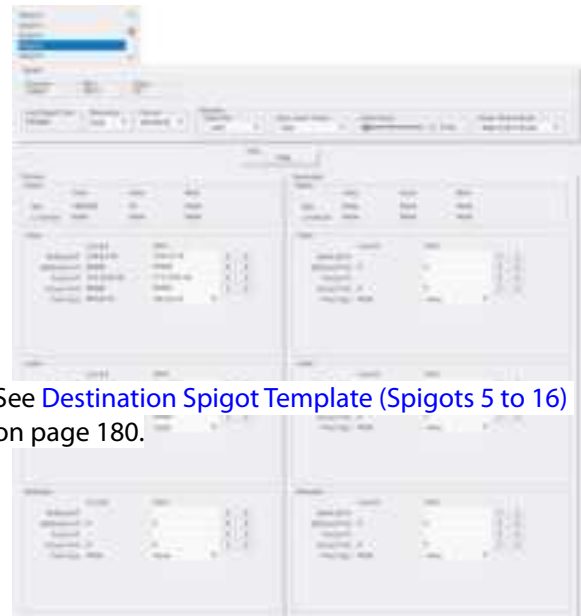
- Sends out up to 4 video IP streams on (source) spigots 1 to 4.
- Receives up to 12 video IP streams on (destination) spigots 5 to 16.

A separate template is provided for each of the spigots. Templates for destination spigots and source spigots are slightly different and are described separately below.



See [Source Spigot Template \(Spigots 1 to 4\)](#) on page 174.

a) **Source** spigot template
(spigots 1 to 4)



See [Destination Spigot Template \(Spigots 5 to 16\)](#) on page 180.

b) **Destination** spigot template
(spigots 5 to 16)

*Fig. 6-36: Spigot Template:
a) Source Spigot Template.
b) Destination Spigot Template.*

Source Spigot Template (Spigots 1 to 4)

The **Source Spigot** template is shown in Figure 6-36.

Spigot panel, see [Spigot Panel \(Source Spigot\)](#) on page 175.

Take, see [Take \(Source Spigot\)](#) on page 177.



Fig. 6-37: Source Spigot Template (Spigot 1 to 4)

Spigot Panel (Source Spigot)

The **Spigot** panel provides basic monitoring for the selected **Spigot**.



Fig. 6-38: Spigot Panel (Source Spigot)

Table 6-24: Spigot Panel Information (Source Spigot)

Spigot Panel Item (Source Spigot)	Description
Direction	Identifies spigot direction. • 'Input': For the IQUCP25/50-MV module, such a spigot uses an <i>SDI input</i> from the MV SDC and generates source video IP stream. • 'Output': For the IQUCP25/50-MV module, such a spigot receives a video IP stream, generates an <i>SDI output</i>, and passes it to the MV SDC.
BNC	Shows an associated (notional) SDI channel number.
Status	Reports the current status of the spigot. • OK • Warn:TPG • FAIL:Lost
Last Spigot Take	Reports the 'control agency' which last changed IP settings on a spigot. I.e. the source of the last a Take on the spigot. 'Control agencies' are: • RC - RollCall. Operation from a control panel or by an external agent, like VSM. • IPCtrl - Grass Valley Orbit. • RcStart - The module start up itself.

Table 6-24: Spigot Panel Information (Source Spigot) (continued)

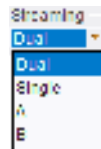
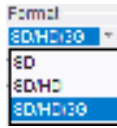
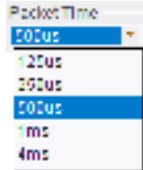
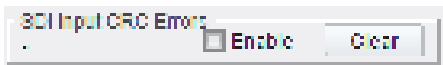
Spigot Panel Item (Source Spigot)	Description
Streaming	Drop down box. Select the IQUCP25/50-MV module's media network connections to use for this spigot. This will also determine the bandwidth to be used. Options are: • Dual - use both network connections and all the available bandwidth. • Single - use either connection. • A or B - use one particular connection (A or B). 
Format	Drop down box. Select the video format to be used on this spigot. This will ensure that the appropriate level of bandwidth is allocated. 
Sender: Disable Ext Headers Num Audio Chans	Check box. Select to disable extended headers in the sourced IP data packets. Extended header operation can be disabled for TR-03/TR-04 compatibility. To disable extended headers: 1 Select Disable Extended Headers. 2 Click Take. Drop down box. Select the number of audio channels. (1 to 16) This setting allows the number of audio channels in use to be restricted. Select from the list the highest audio channel number to be used.

Table 6-24: Spigot Panel Information (Source Spigot) (continued)

Spigot Panel Item (Source Spigot)	Description
Packet Time	Drop down box. Select the duration of an audio data packet. 
SDI Input CRC Errors	Shows a count of any CRC errors on the SDI input to the spigot. • Select Enable to enable the count. • Click Clear to clear the count. 

Take (Source Spigot)

Click the **Take** button to apply any changes made to spigot or flow properties in the Spigot panel.

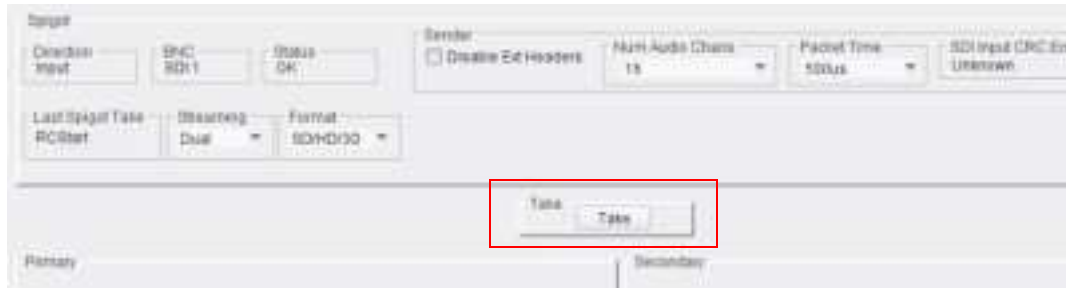


Fig. 6-39: Take

IP Flow Panels (Source Spigot)

The **IP Flow** panels are arranged into two columns: **Primary** flows and **Secondary** flows. (Primary flows pass through one network connection to the IQUCP25/50-MV module, secondary through the other.)

Each network connection can carry more than one IP flow. For the IQUCP25/50-MV module, source spigots 1 to 4 each have two video IP flows and one audio IP flow. Each flow has an **IP Flow** panel.

The **IP Flow** panel allows multicast IP flow and IP port details to be defined for the selected spigot. Statistics for the spigot can also be enabled. Figure 6-40 shows an example **IP Flow** panel.

In a Grass Valley IP routing system, some of these settings may be set up by Grass Valley Orbit. This is indicated in Table 6-25.

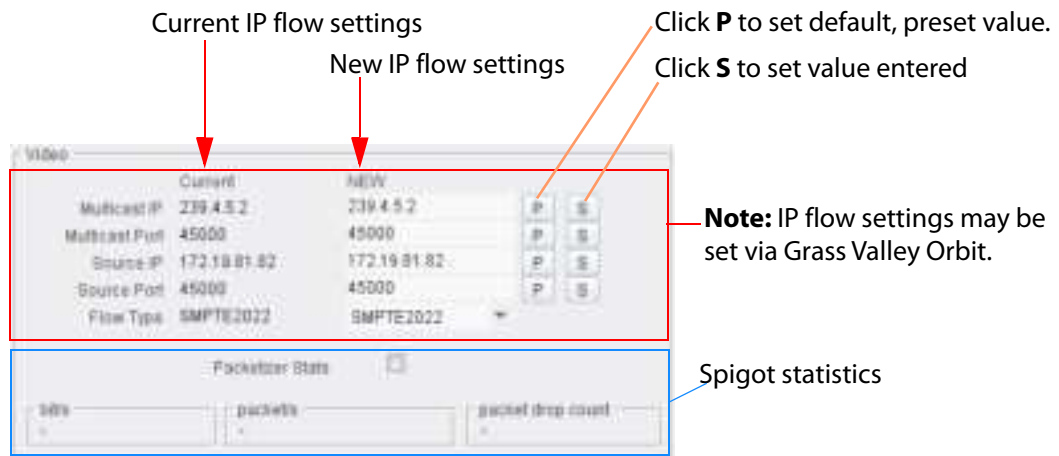


Fig. 6-40: IP Flow Panel (Video Flow Example shown)

Table 6-25: IP Flow Panel Information and Settings (Source Spigot)

IP Flow Panel Item	Description
Multicast IP	Multicast group IP address. See Note 1 .
Multicast Port	Multicast group IP port number. See Note 1 .
Source IP	Source IP address. See Note 1 .
Source Port	Source IP port number. See Note 1 .
Flow Type	Drop down box. See Note 1. Select the flow type. - Video flow types: (Note: Two simultaneous video flows are possible from the source spigot. But this impacts on media interface IP bandwidth.) - Audio flow types:

Table 6-25: IP Flow Panel Information and Settings (Source Spigot) (continued)

IP Flow Panel Item	Description
Packetizer Stats	Check box. Select to enable statistics on spigot IP data packets.
bits/s	Bits per second.
packet/s	Packets per second.
packet drop count	Number of dropped packets.
Note 1: These settings may be set by Orbit.	

Note: **S and P buttons -**

After entering information in each text box, always click on the adjacent **S** button or press **Return** to locally save the new setting. Do this for each text box. (Clicking **P** will return the setting to its preset default value.)

S - Locally save new, entered setting value (or press "return").

P - Locally save default setting value.

Set Multicast Details

To set multicast details:

- 1 Enter IP address and IP port number details in the 'New settings' column, as required. (Remember to click **S** or press the enter key to enter each new value.)
- 2 Select the **Flow Type**.
- 3 Click **Packetizer Stats** to view network statistics for an outgoing flow, if required.
- 4 Click **Take**.

In order to provide redundancy, primary and secondary flows are available on separate network connections to the IQUCP25/50 module. These require setting up separately.

Destination Spigot Template (Spigots 5 to 16)

The **Destination Spigot** template is shown in Figure 6-41.

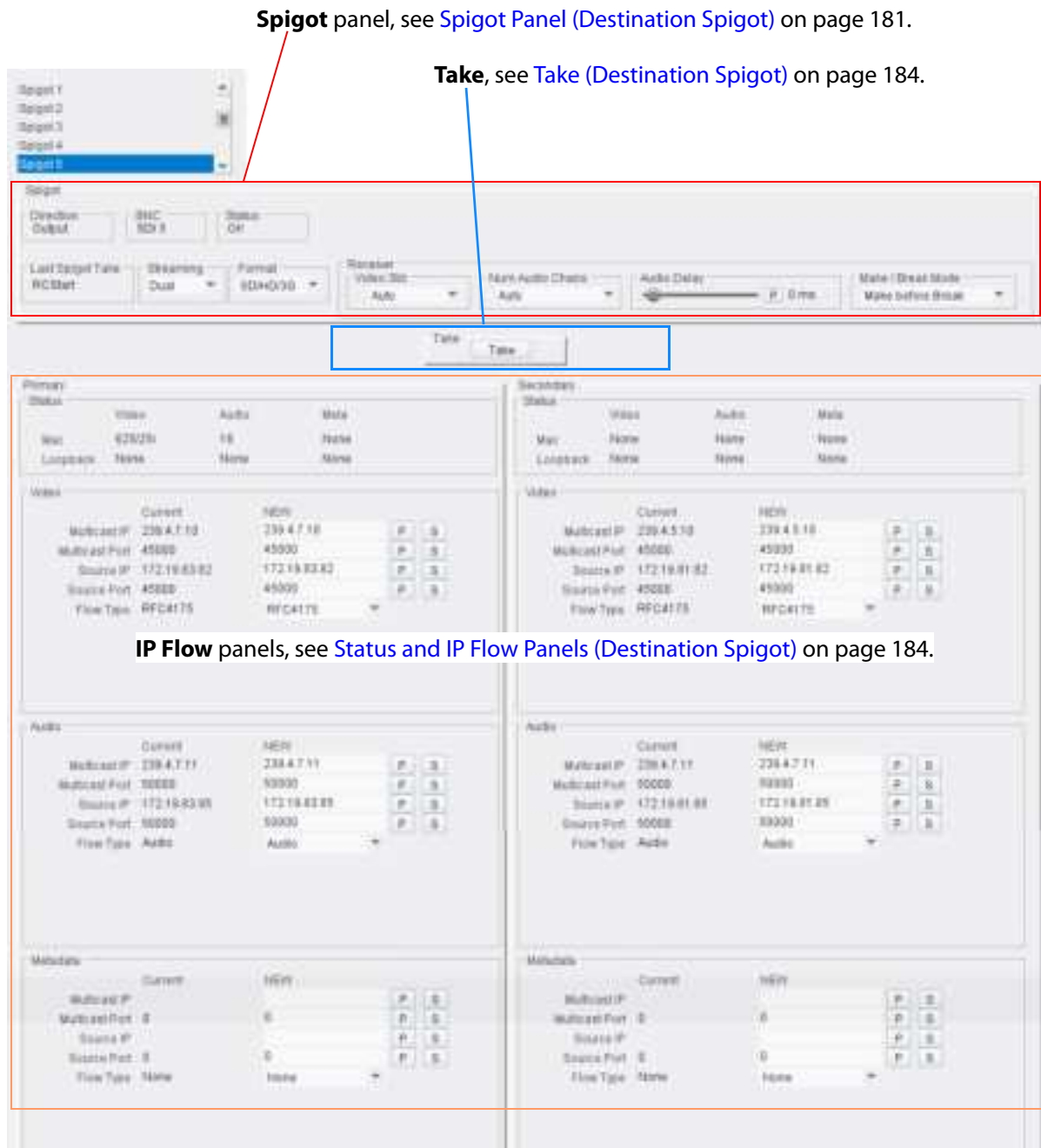


Fig. 6-41: Destination Spigot Template (Spigots 5 to 12)

Spigot Panel (Destination Spigot)

The **Spigot** panel provides basic monitoring for the selected **Spigot**.



Fig. 6-42: Spigot Panel (Destination Spigot)

Table 6-26: Spigot Panel Information (Destination Spigot)

Spigot Panel Item (Destination Spigot)	Description
Direction	Identifies spigot direction. • 'Input': For the IQUCP25/50-MV module, such a spigot uses an <i>SDI input</i> from the MV SDC and generates source video IP stream. • 'Output': For the IQUCP25/50-MV module, such a spigot receives a video IP stream, generates an <i>SDI output</i>, and passes it to the MV SDC.
BNC	Shows an associated (notional) SDI channel number.
Status	Reports the current status of the spigot. • OK • FAIL:Lost
Last Spigot Take	Reports the 'control agency' which last performed a Take on the spigot. • RC - RollCall. Operation from a control panel or by an external agent, like VSM. • IPCtrl - Grass Valley Orbit. • RCStart - The module start up itself.

Table 6-26: Spigot Panel Information (Destination Spigot) (continued)

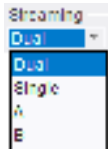
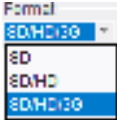
Spigot Panel Item (Destination Spigot)	Description
Streaming	Drop down box. Select the IQUCP25/50-MV module's Ethernet connections to use for this spigot. This will also determine the bandwidth to be used. Options are: • Dual - use both connections and all the available bandwidth. • Single - use either connection and half of the available bandwidth. • A or B - use one particular connection and half of the available bandwidth. 
Format	Drop down box. Select the video format to be used on this spigot. This will ensure that the appropriate level of bandwidth is allocated. 

Table 6-26: Spigot Panel Information (Destination Spigot) (continued)

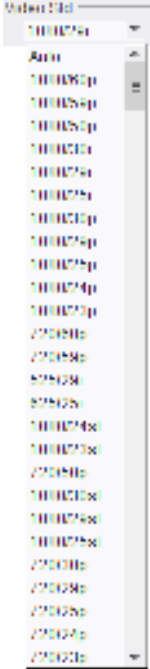
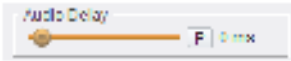
Spigot Panel Item (Destination Spigot)	Description
Receiver: Video Std	Drop down box. Select the video standard (resolution/frame rate) for the receiving spigot. 
Num Audio Chans	Drop down box. Select the number of audio channels to use. (1 to 32) This setting allows the number of audio channels in use to be restricted. Select from the list the highest audio channel number to be used.
Audio Delay	Slider control. Select the audio delay. (-10 ms to 255 ms) Click P to set the preset, default value. 

Table 6-26: Spigot Panel Information (Destination Spigot) (continued)

Spigot Panel Item (Destination Spigot)	Description
Make/Break Mode	Drop-down box. Select the make/break mode when changing the video IP signal to the spigot. Make before Break - causes the destination spigot to buffer new IP stream data packets before connection to current IP stream is broken; this results in a smoother transition on-screen, but requires more bandwidth. Break before Make - simply swaps IP data stream received at the destination spigot without buffering. 

Take (Destination Spigot)

Click the **Take** button to apply any changes made to spigot or flow properties in the Spigot panel.



Fig. 6-43: Take

Status and IP Flow Panels (Destination Spigot)

The **IP Flow** panels are arranged into two columns: **Primary** flows and **Secondary** flows. (Primary IP flows pass through one network connection to the IQUCP25/50-MV module, secondary through the other.) Additionally, for each primary and secondary network connection, there is a summary **Status** panel (see Figure 6-44).

Each network connection can carry more than one flow. For spigots 5 to 16, there is: one video flow, one audio flow, and one metadata IP flow. Each flow has an **IP Flow** panel.

Status Panel

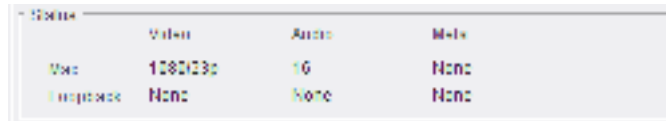


Fig. 6-44: Status Panel Example

The **Status** panel reports status information for each enabled flow.

- **Mac** - IP flow received over IP network.
- **Loopback** - IP flow received by the module looped-back from the module. Not useful in IQUCP25/50-MV applications - it is a feature of the IQUCP25/50 base module.
(Such loop-back could be achieved by either explicitly setting the IQUCP25/50-MV module to receive a flow from itself, or by using the module's loop-back router facility.)

IP Flow Panel

The **IP Flow** panel allows multicast IP flow and IP port details to be defined for the selected spigot. Figure 6-45 shows an example **IP Flow** panel.

In a Grass Valley IP routing system, some of these settings are set up by Orbit. This is indicated in Table 6-27.

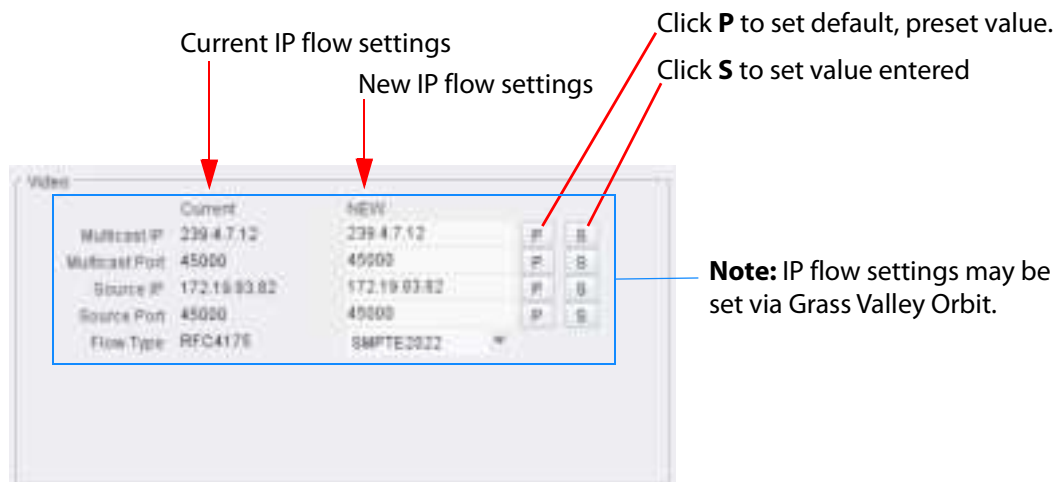
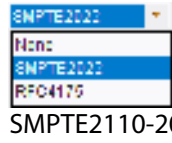
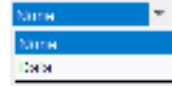


Fig. 6-45: IP Flow Panel Example

Table 6-27: IP Flow Panel Information and Settings (Destination Spigot)

IP Flow Panel Item (Destination Spigot)	Description
Multicast IP	Multicast group IP address. See Note 1 .
Multicast Port	Multicast group IP port number. See Note 1 .
Source IP	Source IP address. See Note 1 .
Source Port	Source IP port number. See Note 1 .
Flow Type	Drop down box. See Note 1. Select the flow type. - Video flow types:  - Audio flow types:  - Metadata flow types: 

Note 1: These settings may be set by Grass Valley Orbit.

Note: **S and P buttons -**

After entering information in each text box, always click on the adjacent **S** button or press **Return** to locally save the new setting. Do this for each text box.
(Clicking **P** will return the setting to its preset default value.)

S - Locally save new, entered setting value (or press "return").

P - Locally save default setting value.

Set Multicast Details

To set multicast details:

- 1 Select the required **Video Std** (from spigot as SDI video signal to MV SDC).
- 2 Enter IP address and IP port number details in the 'New settings' column, as required.
(Remember to click **S** or press the enter key to enter each new value.)
- 3 Select the **Flow Type**.
- 4 Click **Take**.

In order to provide redundancy, primary and secondary flows are available on separate network connections to the IQUCP25/50-MV module. These require setting up separately.

Logging - SDI Info Template

The **Logging - SDI Info** template shows SDI log message types: Log field names and current log values are listed.

To enable a log message type:

- Selecting the message in the template.

Figure 6-46 shows an example template.

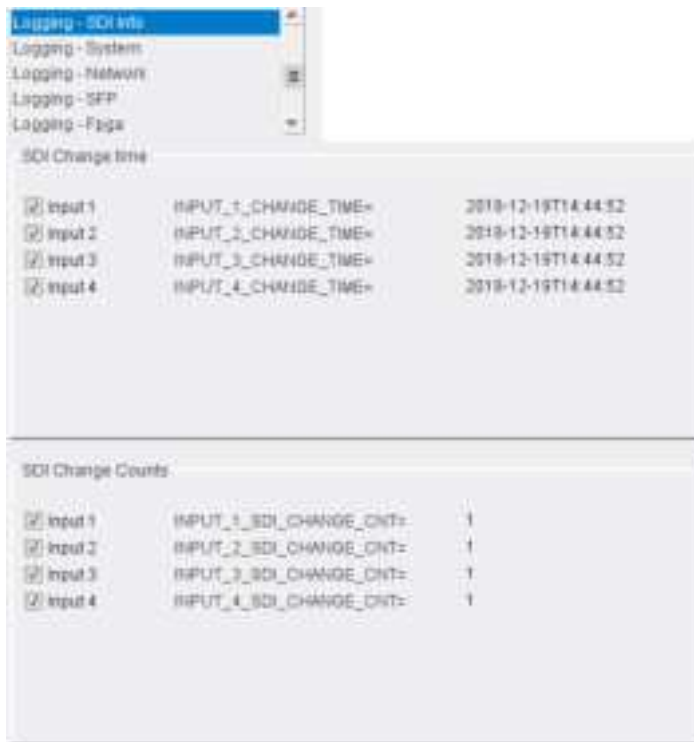


Fig. 6-46: Logging - SDI Info Template

Table 6-28: Logging - SDI Info Template Settings

Log Message	Description
SDI Change Time INPUT_N_CHANGE_TIME	The time when the state of the SDI input changed. (I.e. input lost or input standard changed.)
SDI Change Count INPUT_N_CHANGE_CNT	The number of times the state of the SDI input has changed.
Where: N is the input number.	

Logging - System Template

The **Logging System** template shows system message types: Log field names and log values are listed in the 'Log Field' and 'Log Value' columns respectively. Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network.

To enable a log message type:

- Selecting the message type in the template in the 'Log Enable' column.

Figure 6-47 shows an example template. Log fields are described in Table 6-29.

Logging - System		
Logging - System		
Log Enable	Log Field	Log Value
☒ Serial Number	SIN	858091275
☒ OS Version	OS_VERSION	GNX6.5.0
☒ Build No	BUILD_NUMBER	823.E
☒ Hardware Ver	HARDWARE_VERSION	RMX251B
☒ Hardware Mod	HARDWARE_MOD	0
☒ Hardware Build	HARDWARE_BUILD	0
☒ Featureboard Ver	FEATUREBOARD_VERSION	MX25FB1
☒ Featureboard Mod	FEATUREBOARD_MOD	0
☒ Featureboard Build	FEATUREBOARD_BUILD	FB1
☒ Firmware Version	FIRMWARE_VERSION	EDA57A18
☒ Up Time	UPTIME	002:01:27:00
☒ RollCall Up Time	RC_UPTIME	002:01:26:00
☒ RollTracks	ROL_STATES	Disabled
☒ Rear ID	REAR_ID	0
☒ Rear Status	REAR_STATUS	OK
☒ Slot Width	SLOT_WIDTH	2
☒ Slot Start	SLOT_START	5
☒ Power Usage	POWER_USAGE	31.0W/31.0LU
☒ Temperature	TEMP_1_CELSIUS	51C
☒ Temperature Sensor	TEMP_1_NAME	CPU
☒ Reference Source	REFERENCE_1_SOURCE	Frame Ref A
☒ Reference State	REFERENCE_1_STATE	OK:1080/251
☒ Time Sync Mode	TIMESYNC_1_MODE	NTP
☒ Time Sync Network Interface	TIMESYNC_1_NETWORK	Ethernet 1
☒ Time Sync Clock Identity	TIMESYNC_1_CLOCK_ID	NTP
☒ Time Sync Clock State	TIMESYNC_1_CLOCK_STATE	OK/NTP
☒ Time Sync Average Delay	TIMESYNC_1_AVG_DELAY	+0.0uS
☒ Dev Delay	TIMESYNC_1_STDV_DELAY	+0.0uS
☒ Time Sync Average Error	TIMESYNC_1_AVG_ERROR	+149.5uS
☒ Time Sync Std Dev Error	TIMESYNC_1_STDV_ERROR	+781.2uS
☒ Time Sync Grandmaster	TIMESYNC_1_GRANDMASTER	-
☒ Time Sync Last Lock	TIMESYNC_1_LAST_LOCK	2016-12-21 16:09:44.31348000
☒ Time Sync Synchronisations	TIMESYNC_1_SYNCHRONISATIONS	333
☒ Time Sync State Ethernet 0	TIMESYNC_0_STATE	FAIL
☒ Time Sync State Ethernet 1	TIMESYNC_1_STATE	FAIL
☒ Time Sync State Ethernet 2	TIMESYNC_2_STATE	FAIL
☒ Time Sync Clock Address	TIMESYNC_1_CLOCK_ADDRESS	0.0.0.0
☒ Time Sync Request Interval	TIMESYNC_1_REQUEST_INTERVAL	1s

Fig. 6-47: Logging - System Template

Table 6-29: Logging - System Log Fields

Log Field	Description
SN	Reports the module serial number, which consists of an S followed by eight digits. Note: this cannot be deselected.
OS_VERSION	Reports the operating system name and version.
BUILD_NUMBER	Reports the build number.
HARDWARE_VERSION	Reports the hardware version number.
HARDWARE_MOD	Reports the hardware modification number.
HARDWARE_BUILD	Reports the hardware build number.
FEATUREBOARD_VERSION	Reports the rear module's daughter board version number
FEATUREBOARD_MOD	Reports the rear module's daughter board modification number.
FEATUREBOARD_BUILD	Reports the rear module's daughter board build number.
FIRMWARE_VERSION	Reports the firmware version number.
UPTIME	Reports the time since the last Video IP block restart in the format <i>ddd:hh:mm:ss</i> .
RC_UPTIME	Reports the time since the last RollCall log server restart in the format <i>ddd:hh:mm:ss</i> .
ROL_STATES	Reports the RollTrack status. Valid values are: • OK. • Fail:N - where N is the failing RollTrack index(es). • Disabled.
REAR_ID	Reports ID of IQUCP rear module connected to the IQUCP25/50-MV.
REAR_STATUS	Reports status of IQUCP rear module connected to the IQUCP25/50-MV, where it can be determined.
SLOT_WIDTH	Reports the IQ modular frame 'slot width' of the IQUCP25/50-MV module. (IQUCP modules are available in single and triple width.)
SLOT_START	Reports the IQ modular frame slot location of the IQUCP25/50-MV module.
POWER_USAGE	Reports the power usage rating for the module (in PR Units for IQH4B-type frames).
TEMP_N_CELSIUS	Reports the temperature status.
TEMP_N_NAME	Temperature sensor name.

Table 6-29: Logging - System Log Fields (continued)

Log Field	Description
REFERENCE_N_SOURCE	Reports time reference source.
REFERENCE_N_STATE	Valid values are: • OK: Locked • OK: Input • WARN: Freerun • WARN: CrossLock
TIMESYNC_N_MODE	Valid values are: • Free running: Card is using its own clock with no reference to any other source. • PTP Multicast: Card is synchronizing to a PTP grandmaster clock using multicast network messages. • PTP Unicast: As PTP Multicast but using the delay request. Reply messages are unicast to minimize network traffic. • NTP: Module clock is synchronized to an NTP clock. Generally less precise than PTP.
TIMESYNC_N_NETWORK	Network port currently being used for synchronization for IQUCP-MV modules, dependent on the choice of interfaces made on the Time Configuration template. If PTP and multiple interfaces are enabled, the PTP synchronization will switch ports if it doesn't see regular sync messages on the port.
TIMESYNC_N_CLOCK_ID	Identification number of PTP clock being used for synchronization. This is not necessarily the grandmaster clock identity, as there can be intermediate clocks between the grandmaster and the card, depending on network configuration.
TIMESYNC_N_CLOCK_STATE	Valid values are: • Free running: Card is not being synchronized. • No Lock: PTP being used but clocks haven't synchronized within +/- 1mS. • Locked: PTP being used and clocks are within the accepted range. • NTP: Module using NTP to synchronize.
TIMESYNC_N_AVG_DELAY	The current network delay time between the card and the clock sending the synchronization messages. This should be relatively constant and is dependent on network configuration.

Table 6-29: Logging - System Log Fields (continued)

Log Field	Description
TIMESYNC_N_STDV_DELAY	The current standard deviation in the network delay time between the card and the clock sending the synchronization messages. Should be a low number as the network delay is expected to be constant.
TIMESYNC_N_AVG_ERROR	The current difference between the cards time and the grandmaster time. Should be close to zero once card has synchronized.
TIMESYNC_N_STDV_ERROR	The standard deviation in the average error.
TIMESYNC_N_GRANDMASTER	Identity of network clock acting as PTP grandmaster. This is the source of the PTP synchronization messages used by all PTP slave clocks on the network. If there are multiple grandmasters, they should negotiate between themselves to identify the most accurate and then silence the others.
TIMESYNC_N_LAST_LOCK	Time when the module last changed from not locked to locked. Ideally this will be a few seconds after the module has powered up. This allows the user to confirm which clock the module has synchronized to.
TIMESYNC_N_SYNCHRONISATIONS	Reports the number of times the card has synchronized since it was powered up. Ideally this will be a low number, as cards are expected to synchronize and stay synchronized. Large numbers indicate possible problems with the network or grandmaster clock.
TIMESYNC_N_STATE	Reports OK if interface N is communicating with the PTP clock. Where N is 1 or 2.
TIMESYNC_N_CLOCK_ADDRESS	Reports the IP address of the PTP clock being followed by the card on interface N. Note: Depending on the network configuration, this is not necessarily the same as the IP address of the grandmaster PTP clock.
TIMESYNC_N_REQUEST_INTERVAL	Reports the time between the delay request messages sent from interface N to the PTP clock.
Where: N is the input/SFP number.	

Logging - Network Template

The **Logging Network** template shows network message types: Log field names and current log values are listed in the 'Log Field' and 'Log Value' columns respectively. Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Each log message type can be enabled by selecting it in the template in the 'Log Enable' column.

Figure 6-48 shows an example template.

Logging - Network		
Logging - SFP		
Logging - Fpga		
Logging - Spigot 1		
Logging - Spigot 2		
Logging Network		
Log Enable	Log Field	Log Value
☒	Ethernet 1 Name	LAN_PORT_1_NAME= Ethernet1
☒	Ethernet 1 Speed	LAN_PORT_1_SPEED= 2500/s
☒	Ethernet 1 IP Address	LAN_PORT_1_IPADDRESS= 172.19.81.88
☒	Ethernet 1 MAC Address	LAN_PORT_1_MACADDRESS= 00:23:70:00:Y2:8D
☒	Ethernet 1 State	LAN_PORT_1_STATE= Active
☒	Ethernet 1 Traffic In	LAN_PORT_1_TRAFFIC_IN= 6777.8 Mbits
☒	Ethernet 1 Traffic Out	LAN_PORT_1_TRAFFIC_OUT= 12397.5 Mbits
☒	Ethernet 1 CPU Traffic In State	LAN_PORT_1_CPU_TRAF_IN_STATE= OK
☒	Ethernet 1 CPU Traffic Out State	LAN_PORT_1_CPU_TRAF_OUT_STATE= OK
☒	Ethernet 1 RTP Discontinuity Rate	LAN_PORT_1_RTP_DIS_RATE= 10
☒	Ethernet 1 Link Status	LAN_PORT_1_LINK_STATE= OK
☒	Ethernet 1 MAC Link Status	LAN_PORT_1_MAC_LINK_STATE= OK
☒	Ethernet 1 Switch Name	LAN_PORT_1_SWITCH_NAME= Anata2504R
☒	Ethernet 1 Switch Chassis ID	LAN_PORT_1_SWITCH_CHASSIS_ID= -
☒	Ethernet 1 Switch Port ID	LAN_PORT_1_SWITCH_PORT_ID= Ethernet14/18/1
☒	Ethernet 1 Switch Port VLAN	LAN_PORT_1_SWITCH_PORT_VLAN= 164
☒	Ethernet 2 Name	LAN_PORT_2_NAME= Ethernet2
☒	Ethernet 2 Speed	LAN_PORT_2_SPEED= 2500/s
☒	Ethernet 2 IP Address	LAN_PORT_2_IPADDRESS= 172.19.83.88
☒	Ethernet 2 MAC Address	LAN_PORT_2_MACADDRESS= 00:23:70:00:Y2:8B
☒	Ethernet 2 State	LAN_PORT_2_STATE= WARN:inactive
☒	Ethernet 2 Traffic In	LAN_PORT_2_TRAFFIC_IN= 0.0 Mbits
☒	Ethernet 2 Traffic Out	LAN_PORT_2_TRAFFIC_OUT= 0.0 Mbits
☒	Ethernet 2 CPU Traffic In State	LAN_PORT_2_CPU_TRAF_IN_STATE= FAIL
☒	Ethernet 2 CPU Traffic Out State	LAN_PORT_2_CPU_TRAF_OUT_STATE= FAIL
☒	Ethernet 2 RTP Discontinuity Rate	LAN_PORT_2_RTP_DIS_RATE= 0
☒	Ethernet 2 Link Status	LAN_PORT_2_LINK_STATE= WARN:DOWN
☒	Ethernet 2 MAC Link Status	LAN_PORT_2_MAC_LINK_STATE= WARN:DOWN
☒	Ethernet 2 Switch Name	LAN_PORT_2_SWITCH_NAME= -
☒	Ethernet 2 Switch Chassis ID	LAN_PORT_2_SWITCH_CHASSIS_ID= -
☒	Ethernet 2 Switch Port ID	LAN_PORT_2_SWITCH_PORT_ID= -
☒	Ethernet 2 Switch Port VLAN	LAN_PORT_2_SWITCH_PORT_VLAN= -

Fig. 6-48: Logging Network Template

Table 6-30: Logging Network Log Fields

Log Field	Description
LAN_PORT_N_NAME	Ethernet port name (as defined by the operating system running on the IQUCP25/50-MV module).
LAN_PORT_N_SPEED	Ethernet connection speed.
LAN_PORT_N_IPADDRESS	Ethernet port IP address.
LAN_PORT_N_MACADDRESS	Ethernet port MAC address.
LAN_PORT_N_STATE	Ethernet link connection state. Valid values are: • Active • Inactive
LAN_PORT_N_TRAFFIC_IN	Traffic in (kbps, Mbps, Gbps).
LAN_PORT_N_TRAFFIC_OUT	Traffic out (kbps, Mbps, Gbps).
LAN_PORT_N_CPU_TRAF_IN_STATE	Reports if there is incoming control data traffic connection on the Ethernet link (OK, Fail).
LAN_PORT_N_CPU_TRAF_OUT_STATE	Reports if there is incoming control data traffic connection on the Ethernet link (OK, Fail).
LAN_PORT_N_RTP_DIS_RATE	Reports the number of RTP discontinuities on the Ethernet link.
LAN_PORT_N_LINK_STATE	Reports state of the Ethernet link (OK, FAIL:Down).
LAN_PORT_N_MAC_LINK_STATE	Reports state of the MAC (Media Access Controller) sub-circuit (OK, FAIL:Down).
LAN_PORT_N_SWITCH_NAME	Name of IP network switch that the media network connection of the IQUCP25/50 module is connected to.
LAN_PORT_N_SWITCH_CHASSIS_ID	IP network switch chassis ID, read from the IP Switch.
LAN_PORT_N_SWITCH_PORT_ID	Network switch's IP port that the media network connection of the IQUCP25/50 module is connected to.
LAN_PORT_N_SWITCH_VLAN	Network switch VLAN number that the media network connection of the IQUCP25/50-MV module is connected to.
Where: N is the input/SFP number.	

Logging - SFP Template

The **Logging SFP** template shows SFP message types relating to fitted SFP modules: Log field names and current log values are listed in the 'Log Field' and 'Log Value' columns respectively. Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to a RollCall network.

Each log message type can be enabled by selecting it in the template in the 'Log Enable' column.

Figure 6-49 shows an example template.

Logging - SFP

Logging - Page

Logging - Report 1

Logging - Report 2

Logging - Report 3

Logging SFP

SFP 1

Log Enable	Log Field	Log Value	
☒	Fitted	SFP_1_FITTED=	OK
☒	Status	SFP_1_STATUS=	OK
☒	Type	SFP_1_TYPE=	20GBASE-SR
☒	Manufacturer	SFP_1_VENDOR=	FLEXOPTX
☒	Model	SFP_1_VENDOR_PN=	F85290.01
☒	Serial Number	SFP_1_SERIAL_N=	F820C0F
☒	Revision	SFP_1_REVISION=	1A
☒	Connector	SFP_1_CONNECTOR=	Fibre LC
☒	Temperature Sensor	TEMP_1_TEMP=	SFP1
☒	Temperature	TEMP_2_CELSIUS=	40C
☒	Temperature State	TEMP_2_STATE=	
☒	Voltage Sensor	VOLTAGE_1_VOLT=	SFP1
☒	Voltage	VOLTAGE_2_VOLT=	3.31V
☒	Voltage State	VOLTAGE_2_STATE=	
☒	Tx Wavelength	SFP_1_WAVELENGTH=	850nm
☒	Tx Bias 1	SFP_1_1_LASER_BIAS=	6.74mA
☒	Tx Bias 2	SFP_1_2_LASER_BIAS=	
☒	Tx Bias 3	SFP_1_3_LASER_BIAS=	
☒	Tx Bias 4	SFP_1_4_LASER_BIAS=	
☒	Tx Power 1	SFP_1_1_TX_POWER=	0.11dBm
☒	Tx Power 2	SFP_1_2_TX_POWER=	
☒	Tx Power 3	SFP_1_3_TX_POWER=	
☒	Tx Power 4	SFP_1_4_TX_POWER=	
☒	Tx Power State 1	SFP_1_1_TX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Tx Power State 2	SFP_1_2_TX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Tx Power State 3	SFP_1_3_TX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Tx Power State 4	SFP_1_4_TX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Rx Power 1	SFP_1_1_RX_POWER=	-3.98dBm
☒	Rx Power 2	SFP_1_2_RX_POWER=	
☒	Rx Power 3	SFP_1_3_RX_POWER=	
☒	Rx Power 4	SFP_1_4_RX_POWER=	
☒	Rx Power State 1	SFP_1_1_RX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Rx Power State 2	SFP_1_2_RX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Rx Power State 3	SFP_1_3_RX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Rx Power State 4	SFP_1_4_RX_POWER_STATE=	

SFP 2

Log Enable	Log Field	Log Value	
☒	Fitted	SFP_2_FITTED=	FAILMissing
☒	Status	SFP_2_STATUS=	FAILMissing
☒	Type	SFP_2_TYPE=	
☒	Manufacturer	SFP_2_VENDOR=	
☒	Model	SFP_2_VENDOR_PN=	
☒	Serial Number	SFP_2_SERIAL_N=	
☒	Revision	SFP_2_REVISION=	
☒	Connector	SFP_2_CONNECTOR=	
☒	Temperature Sensor	TEMP_2_TEMP=	
☒	Temperature	TEMP_2_CELSIUS=	
☒	Temperature State	TEMP_2_STATE=	
☒	Voltage Sensor	VOLTAGE_2_VOLT=	
☒	Voltage	VOLTAGE_2_VOLT=	
☒	Voltage State	VOLTAGE_2_STATE=	
☒	Tx Wavelength	SFP_2_WAVELENGTH=	
☒	Tx Bias 1	SFP_2_1_LASER_BIAS=	
☒	Tx Bias 2	SFP_2_2_LASER_BIAS=	
☒	Tx Bias 3	SFP_2_3_LASER_BIAS=	
☒	Tx Bias 4	SFP_2_4_LASER_BIAS=	
☒	Tx Power 1	SFP_2_1_TX_POWER=	
☒	Tx Power 2	SFP_2_2_TX_POWER=	
☒	Tx Power 3	SFP_2_3_TX_POWER=	
☒	Tx Power 4	SFP_2_4_TX_POWER=	
☒	Tx Power State 1	SFP_2_1_TX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Tx Power State 2	SFP_2_2_TX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Tx Power State 3	SFP_2_3_TX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Tx Power State 4	SFP_2_4_TX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Rx Power 1	SFP_2_1_RX_POWER=	
☒	Rx Power 2	SFP_2_2_RX_POWER=	
☒	Rx Power 3	SFP_2_3_RX_POWER=	
☒	Rx Power 4	SFP_2_4_RX_POWER=	
☒	Rx Power State 1	SFP_2_1_RX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Rx Power State 2	SFP_2_2_RX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Rx Power State 3	SFP_2_3_RX_POWER_STATE=	
☒	Rx Power State 4	SFP_2_4_RX_POWER_STATE=	

Fig. 6-49: Logging SFP Template

Table 6-31: Logging SFP Log Fields

Log Field	Description
SFP_N_FITTED	Displays presence of the SFP module. Valid values are: • OK • Missing
SFP_N_STATUS	Displays status of the SFP module. Valid values are: • OK • Fail - The reason for a failure will be appended to the fail message - as reported by the SFP module itself, per INF-8074 and SFF-8472.
SFP_N_TYPE	Displays SFP identifier from device.
SFP_N_VENDOR	Displays SFP manufacturer from device.
SFP_N_VENDOR_PN	Displays SFP model number from device.
SFP_N_SERIAL_NR	Displays the module serial number, which consists of an S followed by eight digits.
SFP_N_REVISION	Displays manufacturer revision number.
SFP_N_CONNECTOR	Displays connector type.
TEMP_N_NAME	Displays temperature sensor name.
TEMP_N_CELSIUS	Displays current temperature sensor reading.
TEMP_N_STATE	Displays temperature sensor state. Valid values are: • WARN: Disabled - Temperature sensor disabled. • WARN: Low - Low, but in tolerance. • WARN: High - High, but in tolerance. • OK. • FAIL: Low - Low and out of tolerance. • FAIL: High - High and out of tolerance.
VOLTAGE_N_NAME	Displays voltage sensor name.
VOLTAGE_N_VALUE	Displays current voltage reading.
VOLTAGE_N_STATE	Displays temperature sensor state. Valid values are: • OK. • WARN: Low - Low, but in tolerance. • WARN: High - High, but in tolerance.
SFP_N_WAVELENGTH	Displays transmit wavelength in nm.
SFP_N_X_LASER_BIAS	Displays bias level in mA.
SFP_N_X_TX_POWER	Displays transmit power level in dBm.

Table 6-31: Logging SFP Log Fields (continued)

Log Field	Description
SFP_N_X_TX_POWER_STATE	Displays transmit power level. Valid values are: • OK. • WARN: Low - Low, but in tolerance. • WARN: High - High, but in tolerance. • FAIL: Low - Low and out of tolerance. • FAIL: High - High and out of tolerance.
SFP_N_X_RX_POWER	Reports received power level in dBm.
SFP_N_X_RX_POWER_STATE	Reports received power level. Valid values are: • OK. • WARN: Low - Low, but in tolerance. • WARN: High - High, but in tolerance. • FAIL: Low - Low and out of tolerance. • FAIL: High - High and out of tolerance.
Where: • N is the input/SFP number; and • X is the lane number.	

Logging - FPGA Template

The **Logging FPGA** template shows FPGA messages reporting temperature and voltages for an FPGA device on the IQUCP25/50-MV module: Log field names and current log values are listed in the 'Log Field' and 'Log Value' columns respectively. Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network.

Each log message type can be enabled by selecting it in the template in the 'Log Enable' column.

Figure 6-50 shows an example template.



Log Enable	Log Field	Log Value
☒	TEMP_4_NAME=	FPGA
☒	TEMP_4_CELSIUS=	71C
☒	TEMP_4_STATE=	OK
☒	VOLTAGE_1_NAME=	VCCINT
☒	VOLTAGE_1_VALUE=	0.99V
☒	VOLTAGE_2_NAME=	VCCAUX
☒	VOLTAGE_2_VALUE=	1.77V
☒	VOLTAGE_3_NAME=	VCCBRAM
☒	VOLTAGE_3_VALUE=	1.08V

Fig. 6-50: Logging FPGA Template

Table 6-32: Logging FPGA Log Fields

Log Field	Description
TEMP_N_NAME	Reports the name of temperature sensor N on the IQUCP25/50-MV module.
TEMP_N_CELSIUS	Reports current temperature sensor N reading (C).
TEMP_N_STATE	Reports current temperature sensor status.
VOLTAGE_1_NAME	Voltage sensor name. For example, VCCINT.
VOLTAGE_1_VALUE	Reports current voltage reading (V).
VOLTAGE_2_NAME	Voltage sensor name. For example, VCCAUX.
VOLTAGE_2_VALUE	Reports current voltage reading (V).
VOLTAGE_3_NAME	Voltage sensor name. For example, VCCBRAM.
VOLTAGE_3_VALUE	Reports current voltage reading (V).
Where: N is the temperature sensor number on the IQUCP25/50-MV module.	

Logging - Spigot 1 to 16 Templates

Note: An IQUCP25/50-MV module:

- Sends out up to 4 video IP streams on (source) spigots 1 to 4.
 - Receives up to 12 video IP streams on (destination) spigots 5 to 16.
-

The **Logging - Spigot** templates are used to view and select the Spigot log fields to be enabled for each available spigot. Log field names and current log values are listed in the 'Log Field' and 'Log Value' columns respectively. Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network.

Each log message type can be enabled by selecting it in the template in the 'Log Enable' column.

Appropriate log fields are shown, depending on whether the spigot is:

- an IP source spigot ("Input N ...", see Figure 6-51); or
- an IP destination spigot ("Output N ...", see Figure 6-52).

A spigot can be given a user name ("Input N Name" or "Output N Name") in an additional field is provided. To specify a user name for a spigot:

- Enter a name in the **Input N Name** or **Output N Name** text field.
(Remember to click **S** or press the enter key to enter the new name.)

Note: **"S" and "P" buttons -**

After entering information in each text box, always click on the adjacent **"S"** button or press **"return"** to locally save the new setting. Do this for each text box.
(Note: Clicking on the **"P"** button will return the setting to its preset default value).

- **"S"** - Locally save new, entered setting value (or press "return").
 - **"P"** - Locally save default setting value.
-

Source Spigots (Multiviewer Head Display Outputs)

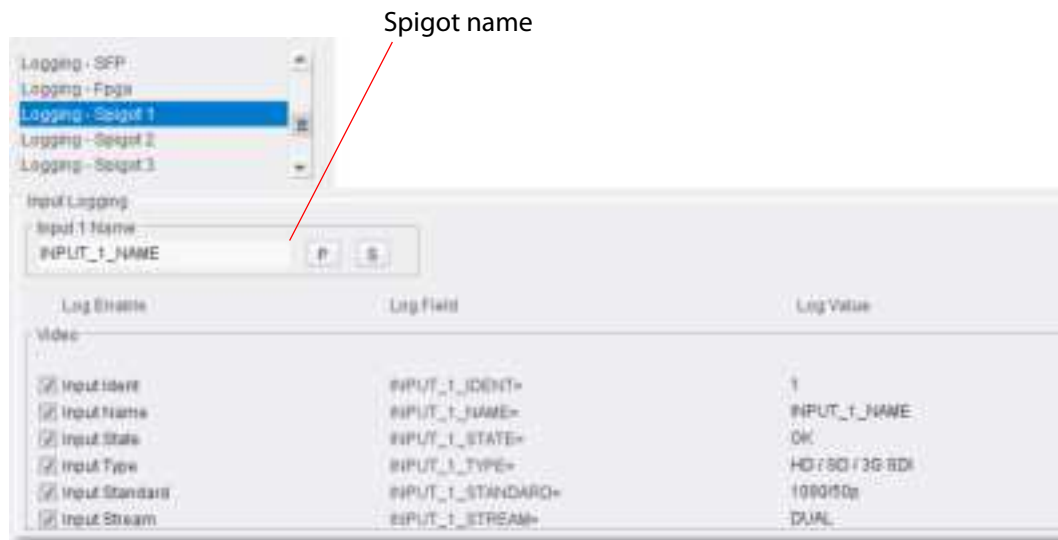


Fig. 6-51: Logging Spigot Template - Source Spigots 1 to 4

Table 6-33: Logging Spigot 1 to 4 Templates - Log Fields

Log Field (Source Spigot)	Description
INPUT_N_IDENT	System-defined identifier for the input, based on the rear ID.
INPUT_N_NAME	Name of the spigot.
INPUT_N_STATE	Valid values are: OK: input signal good. FAIL: input signal not detected.
INPUT_N_TYPE	HD/SD/3G SDI
INPUT_N_STANDARD	Video standard, for example, 1080p50.
INPUT_N_STREAM	The IP streaming at the spigot. This can be: Dual (for redundancy) using both media Ethernet interfaces. Single (no redundancy). A or B (no redundancy) using a specific Ethernet interface.
Where: N is the input/output spigot number (1 to 16).	

Destination Spigots (Multiviewer Inputs)

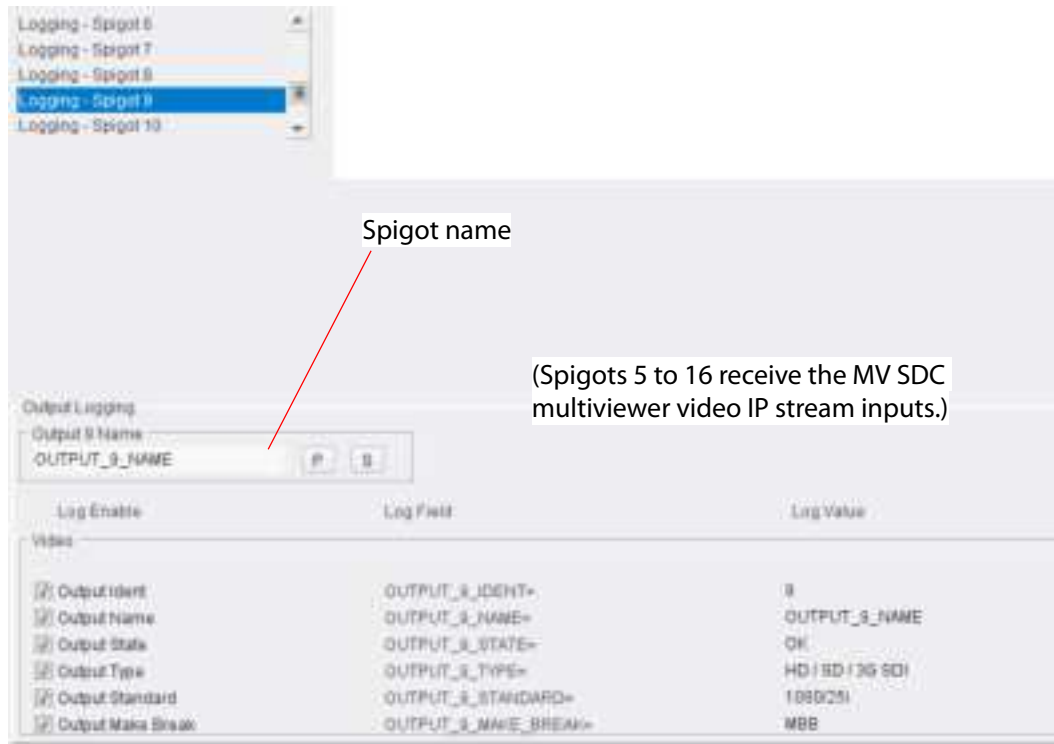


Fig. 6-52: Logging Spigot Template - Destination Spigots 5 to 16

Table 6-34: Logging Spigot 5 to 16 Templates - Log Fields

Log Field (Destination Spigot)	Description
OUTPUT_N_IDENT	Spigot number.
OUTPUT_N_NAME	Spigot name.
OUTPUT_N_STATE	Valid values are: • OK - output signal good. • FAIL - output signal not detected. • WARN: Freeze • WARN: Pattern • WARN: Black
OUTPUT_N_TYPE	Valid values are: • SD SDI • HD SDI • HD/SD/3G SDI

Table 6-34: Logging Spigot 5 to 16 Templates - Log Fields (continued)

Log Field (Destination Spigot)	Description
OUTPUT_N_STANDARD	Reports the video standard from the destination spigot, going to the MV SDC multiviewer input. Format: <Lines>(<Active>)/<Rate><i/p/sf> Where: • Lines = Total lines • Active = Active lines • Rate = Frame rate • I = interlaced • P = Progressive • SF = Segmented Frame For example: 1080/50p or 1125(1080)/25i
OUTPUT_N_MAKE_BREAK	Reports the 'Make-before-Break' or 'Break-before-Make' setting for the spigot.
Where: N is the input/output spigot number (1 to 16).	

Logging - Card Diagnostics Template

The **Logging Card Diagnostics** template is used to view log fields of the IQUCP25/50-MV module and select those log fields to be enabled. Log field names and current log values are listed in the 'Log Field' and 'Log Value' columns respectively. Information on several parameters can be made available to a logging device connected to the RollCall network. Each log message type can be enabled by selecting it in the template in the 'Log Enable' column.

Figure 6-53 shows an example template.



Fig. 6-53: Logging Card Diagnostics Template

Table 6-35: Logging Card Diagnostics Template Log Fields

Log Field	Description
NVRAM_FS	Reports file system type.
TOTAL_AVAILABLE_MEMORY	Reports amount of CPU free memory.
TOTAL_USED_MEMORY	Reports total amount of used CPU memory.
NUM_CORE_DUMPS	Reports number of CPU core dumps. <i>For diagnostics purposes only.</i>
LAST_CORE_DUMP_NAME	Reports name of last CPU core dump. <i>For diagnostics purposes only.</i>
LAST_CORE_DUMP_TIME	Reports time of last CPU core dump. <i>For diagnostics purposes only.</i>
PWRSafe_MEMORY_RESTORE	Reports "OK".
PMIC_VERSION	Reports Power Management IC version. <i>For diagnostics purposes only.</i>

RollTrack Template

The **RollTrack** template sets up RollTrack settings for the IQUCP25/50 base module allowing information action events to be triggered by the state of multiviewer head display outputs on spigots 1 to 4.



Fig. 6-54: RollTrack Template

Table 6-36: RollTrack Template

Log Field	Description
RollTrack Output: Disable All Index	Check box. Select to disable all RollTrack messages. Slider. Drag slider to select a destination index on the RollCall network. (1 to 32)
Source	Selection box. Select the source of information that triggers RollTrack messages. • Unused - No RollTrack messages sent. • Input N OK - Spigot N is good. • Input N Lost - Spigot N is bad. Where N is the spigot number 1 to 4 (for the source spigots).

Table 6-36: RollTrack Template (continued)

Log Field	Description
Address	Text box. Enter the destination RollCall address for the selected RollTrack Output Index. Click S to save the entry. Click P to return to the default preset address. RollTrack address: The RollTrack address consists of four sets of numbers, for example, 0000:10:01*99: • The first set, 0000, is the 4-digit network segment code number. • The second set, 10, is the 2-digit number identifying the (enclosure/mainframe) unit. • The third set, 01, is the 2-digit slot number in the unit. • The fourth set, 99, is a 2-digit user-definable number that is a unique identifier for the destination unit in a multi-unit system. This ensures that only the correct unit will respond to the command. Note: If left at 00, an incorrectly fitted unit may respond inappropriately.
Command	Text box. Enter the RollCall command (RollCall command number and command value) for the selected RollTrack Output Index destination. The command may be changed by: • typing a code in to the text field; and then • selecting S to save the selection. (Clicking P returns to the default preset command.) RollTrack Command: A RollTrack command consists of two sets of numbers, for example: 84:156: • The first number, 84, is the actual RollTrack command number. • The second number, 156, is the value sent with the RollTrack command.
RollTrack Sending	Shows when a RollTrack message is being actively sent. • String A string value is sent. • Number A number value is sent. • No Message not being sent. • Yes Message being sent.

Table 6-36: RollTrack Template (continued)

Log Field	Description
RollTrack Status	Reports the status of the currently selected RollTrack index. • OK Message sent and received OK. • Unknown Message sent, but transfer not yet completed. • Timeout Message sent but acknowledgment not received within timeout period. • Error RollCall error. • Bad Broken RollCall packet. • Disabled RollTrack sending is disabled.

Loopback Router Template

The **Loopback Router** template is used to control a basic, internal 'IP routing' facility, which will loop IP flows from source spigots back into destination spigots. This is not used in normal operation.

The flows are looped-back and are not transmitted externally: The loop-back routing is all local to the IQUCP25/50-MV module.

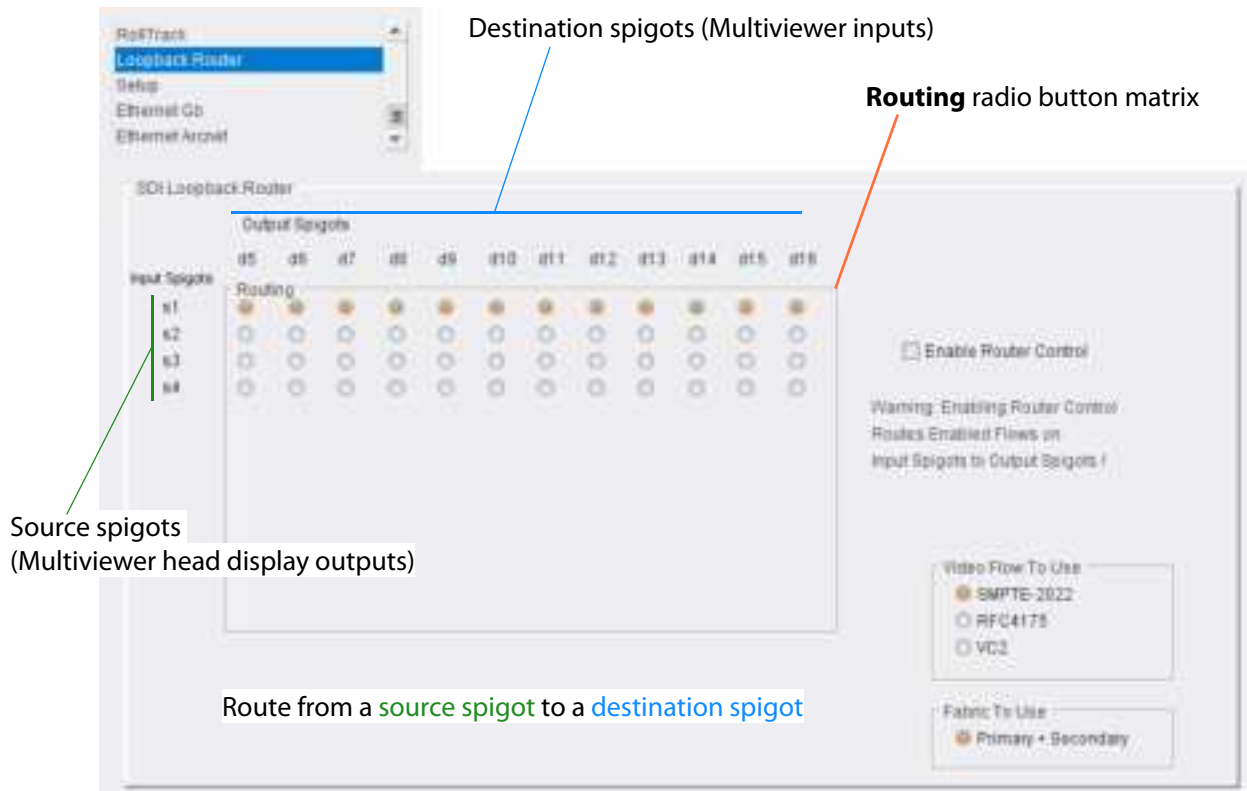


Fig. 6-55: Loopback Router Template

To use the **Loopback Router**:

- 1 In the **Routing** radio button matrix, select the source spigots to be routed to destination spigots.
(A source spigot carries a multiviewer head output video signal from the MV SDC. A destination spigot will provide a video signal to an multiviewer input of the MV SDC).
- 2 Select the **Video Flow to Use**. (SMPTE-2022, SMPTE2110-20/RFC4175)
- 3 Select the **Primary + Secondary** IP fabric to use (main/backups).

When all is set as required:

- 4 Select **Enable Router Control**.
The selected routing is activated. Flows from source spigots are sent internally to destination spigots.

Setup Template

The **Setup** template displays basic information about the IQUCP25/50-MV module, such as the serial number and software build number. This information may be required by Grass Valley Support if technical assistance is needed. The template displays technical information and contains some restart and default-setting controls.

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for the IQUCP25/50-MV module. At the top left, there is a dropdown menu with options: Setup (selected), Ethernet Gb, Ethernet Analog, Interop, and SFP Configuration. Below this, the interface is organized into several sections:

- Product Information:** Fields for Product (IQUCP25_MV), Software Version (14.37.81), Firmware Version (E3A57A18), Serial No. (SSB091257), SW Build (0.21.46), OS (QNX 6.8.0), and Rear ID (0).
- Module Identification:** Fields for Main PCB (RMK251B), Main Mod Level (0), Main HW Build (8), Feature PCB (MIX25FE1), Feature Mod Level (0), and Feature HW Build (FE1).
- Restart and Defaults:** A Restart button with a warning message "Warning: This will affect all Outputs!". A Defaults section containing Default Settings and Factory Defaults buttons.
- License Management:** A Remove License button with a note "Restart Needed Afterwards to change to SAGE Product".

Fig. 6-56: Setup Template

Table 6-37: Setup Template Settings and Controls

Item	Description
Product	Name of the IQUCP25/50-MV module.
Software Version	Currently installed software version number.
Firmware Version	Currently installed firmware version number.
Serial No.	Serial number of the IQUCP25/50-MV module.
SW Build	Factory software build number. This number identifies all parameters of the IQUCP25/50-MV module.
OS	Name of operating system (OS) on the IQUCP25/50-MV module.

Table 6-37: Setup Template Settings and Controls (continued)

Item	Description
Rear ID	ID of the rear card connected to the IQUCP25/50-MV module in the modular frame.
Main PCB	Printed Circuit Board (PCB) name.
Main Mod Level	Main PCB modification level.
Main HW Build	Factory main hardware build number.
Feature PCB	Daughter board PCB revision number.
Feature Mod Level	Daughter board PCB modification level.
Feature HW Build	Factory daughter board hardware build number.
Restart: Restart	Button. Click to restart the IQUCP25/50-MV module. Note: A restart effectively power-cycles the IQUCP25/50-MV module, which can produce the following effects • disturbances at outputs. • disturbance to MV SDC multiviewer inputs.
Defaults: Default Settings Factory Defaults	Provides options to reset the module to its defaults. Button. Click to return all IQUCP25/50-MV module settings to their default values, <i>except</i> for network configuration and IP addresses. Button. Click to return all IQUCP25/50-MV module settings to their factory values, <i>including</i> network configuration and IP addresses.
Remove License: Remove License	Button. Click to remove the MV SDC license from the IQUCP25/50 base module. A restart is required for this to take effect.

Ethernet Gb Template

The **Ethernet Gb** template displays details and the status of the 'card front' network connection of the IQUCP25/50-MV module. This is for Grass Valley engineering use only.

Information is shown in a tabular format. DHCP or static IP address modes may be used. DHCP is the default. The template displays the current IP settings and allows new static IP details to be entered.



Fig. 6-57: Ethernet Gb Template

Table 6-38: Ethernet Gb Template Settings and Controls

Item	Description
IP Address	Current IP address. Enter a new (static) IP address in the text box. Click S or press the enter key to enter the new value. See Note 1 .
Default Gateway	Current default gateway IP address. Enter a new (static) IP address in the text box. Click S or press the enter key to enter the new value. See Note 1 .
Subnet Mask	Current subnet mask. Enter a new (static) subnet mask in the text box. Click S or press the enter key to enter the new value. See Note 1 .
MAC Address	MAC address of the network connection.
Mode	IP mode in use by the network connection (STATIC or DHCP).
Link Status	Link status of the network connection (UP or DOWN).
New Mode:	Radio buttons. See Note 1 .
DHCP	Select to set DHCP IP address mode. (Default)
Static	Select to set a static IP address etc.
Restart	Button. Click to restart. See Note 1 .
Note 1: DHCP/Static IP address changes take effect on a restart.	

Ethernet ArcNet Template (Not used)

The **Ethernet ArcNet** template displays details and the status of the IQ modular frame comms connection. This interface is not used for IQUCP25/50-MV.

Information is shown in a tabular format. DHCP or static IP address modes may be used. The template displays the current IP settings and allows new static IP details to be entered. Controls are similar to the **Ethernet Gb** template, [Ethernet Gb Template](#) on page 209.



Fig. 6-58: Ethernet Gb Template

Interop Template

The **Interop** template controls various settings to enable interoperability with third parties, including disabling extended headers, and setting payload types.



Fig. 6-59: Interop Template

The template displays the following panels:

- Stream Synchronization Controls (see Table 6-39).
- RTP Payload Types (see Table 6-40).
- Video (see Table 6-41).

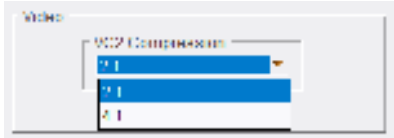
Table 6-39: Interop Template - Stream Synchronization Controls

Stream Synchronization Controls Item	Description
Audio:	Check boxes:
Extended Headers	Select to use extended headers in the RTP audio stream.
RTP to PTP	Select to synchronize RTP to PTP.
Nominal Delay	Select to set up nominal delay at the spigot.
Meta:	Check boxes:
Extended Headers	Select to use extended headers in the RTP metadata stream.
RTP to PTP	Select to synchronize RTP to PTP.
Nominal Delay	Select to set up nominal delay at the spigot.
Rtp	Select to enable the use of RTP timestamps only to synchronize metadata to video.
Meta Frame Delay:	A slider control per destination spigot (spigots 5 to 16):
Spigot N	Select the required frame delay for metadata received on the spigot. Frame delay value in range 0 to 5. Click P to select the factory default value (0).
	

Table 6-40: Interop Template - RTP Payload Types

Interop RTP Payload Types	Description
Payload Selection:	Radio buttons:
Set 1	Select to use payload set 1. (Pre-standards-ratification value)
Set 2	Select to use payload set 2. (Post-standards-ratification value, default)
Payload Format:	Hexadecimal code used for payload types:
SMPTE2022	SMPTE2022 payload type.
RFC4175	RFC4175 payload type.
VC2	VC2 payload type (not supported, possible future feature).
Audio	Audio payload type identifier.
Data	Metadata payload type.

Table 6-41: Interop Template - Video

Interop Video Item	Description
VC2 Compression	Drop-down box. Select VC2 compression ratio. (Note: VC2 is not currently supported.) 

SFP Configuration Template

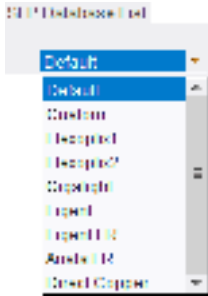
The **SFP Configuration** template allows various parameters of fitted SFP transceiver module(s) to be adjusted, if required. The majority of SFP transceiver modules will operate correctly with the IQUCP25/50-MV module without any need for adjustment. Some SFP transceiver modules, however, may need to have some SFP parameters adjusted.

The screenshot displays the 'SFP Configuration' window. At the top, a menu bar includes 'Setup', 'Ethernet Gb', 'Ethernet 10Gb', 'Interop', and 'SFP Configuration' (which is highlighted). The main area is divided into two sections: 'SFP 1 Compatibility Control' and 'SFP 2 Compatibility Control'. Each section contains an 'SFP Database List' with a dropdown menu, a 'Take' button, and a 'Currently Set' value. Below each database list is an 'SFP Custom Control' section with five rows of settings, each consisting of a label, a value field, a 'Take' button, and a 'Currently Set' value.

SFP 1 Compatibility Control			
SFP Database List			
Flexoptbr1	Take	Currently Set	Flexoptbr1
SFP Custom Control			
Postcursor Control (Hex)	0x0	Take	Currently Set 0x15
Precursor Control (Hex)	0x0	Take	0x0
Ts Diff Control (Hex)	0x0	Take	0x12
Rs LFM Enable (Hex)	0x0	Take	0x1
SFP 2 Compatibility Control			
SFP Database List			
Default	Take	Currently Set	Default
SFP Custom Control			
Postcursor Control (Hex)	0x0	Take	Currently Set 0x4
Precursor Control (Hex)	0x0	Take	0x0
Ts Diff Control (Hex)	0x0	Take	0x12
Rs LFM Enable (Hex)	0x0	Take	0x1

Fig. 6-60: SFP Configuration Template

Table 6-42: SFP Configuration Template

SFP Configuration Item	Description
SFP Database List:	Drop-down box: Select the SFP type from the drop-down list. 
Take	For Custom setting only, click to apply settings and save to memory.
Currently Set	Shows the current SFP type.
SFP Custom Control:	Custom settings are set here. Select Custom in the SFP database list above. Text boxes. Enter a new hexadecimal value for the Tx/Rx sub-circuits of the SFP transceiver module. Parameter: • Post-cursor Control (hexadecimal value) • Pre-cursor Control (hexadecimal value) • Tx Diff Control (hexadecimal value) • Rx LPM Enable (hexadecimal value) Click S or press the enter key to save the value. The new value is then shown in the text box. The Currently Set value is also shown in the same row. Buttons. Click Take to change to the new value.

SFP Transceiver Module Setting

If difficulties are encountered with a SFP transceiver module not working as expected, follow these instructions:

- 1 Select the appropriate SFP type in the **SFP Database List**, and click **Take**.
Verify whether the SFP is now working correctly.
If it is now working correctly, then no further action is required; otherwise, continue.
- 2 Select **Custom** in the **SFP Database List**.
This allows all the SFP module settings shown in the **SFP Custom Control** panel to be adjusted as required.
Change settings and click **Take** to apply each of them.
- 3 When a working settings configuration is found, click **S** beside each setting to save the setting value for future use.

RollCall Templates - MV SDC Multiviewer (on IP port 2051)

This section describes each RollCall template for the MV SDC Multiviewer of a IQUCP25/50-MV.

(For IQUCP25/50 base module templates, see [RollCall Templates - IQUCP25/50 'Base Module' \(on IP port 2050\)](#) on page 139.)

[Introduction](#) on page 217

[System - Setup Template](#) on page 220

[Layout Template](#) on page 225

[TSL Template](#) on page 226

[Timer Control Template](#) on page 228

[Timer Request Protocol Template](#) on page 230

Introduction

RollCall templates for the MV SDC described here are accessed via IP port 2051; they are not accessible from the Gateway card. The templates are used to configure and control the IQUCP25/50-MV module's MV SDC multiviewer. Configuration/control is done using Grass Valley's RollCall Control Panel, part of the Grass Valley RollCall Suite. The MV SDC multiviewer configuration is typically performed once after IQUCP25/50-MV installation.

Note: Install the RollCall Control Panel software on your computer. See the RollCall Control Panel User Manual ("RollCall V4 Suite & RollCall Lite" Introduction manual) and contact Grass Valley Support for information.

RollCall Control Panel may be used to configure and control various IQUCP25/50-MV multiviewer items, including:

- selection of video wall layouts;
- monitoring alarm status;
- acknowledging alarms; and
- control of timer widgets on the video wall.

Navigating to Templates

Navigating to the various templates is done the same way as the IQUCP25/50 base module templates, described in [Navigating to RollCall Template Screens](#) on page 141.

To navigate to a template:

- Click on the template name in the **Template Selection** box. See Figure 6-61.

or:

- Right-click in the **Template Selection** box to display a list of templates (see Figure 6-62) and click on the template required.

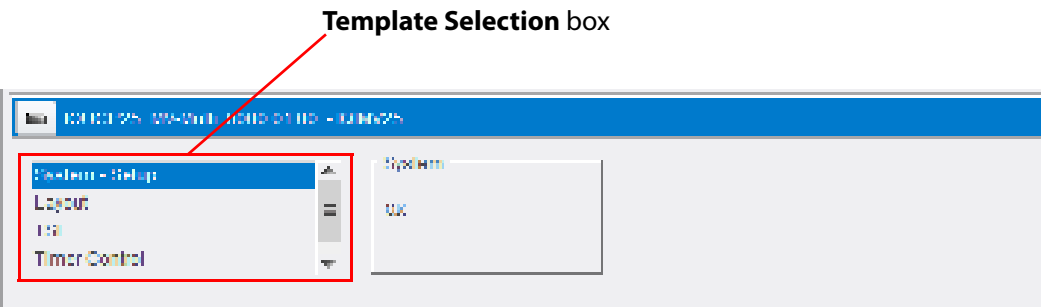


Fig. 6-61: Template Selection Box

Right-click in the **Template Selection** box for a **List of Templates**



Fig. 6-62: List of Templates

Common Information System Box

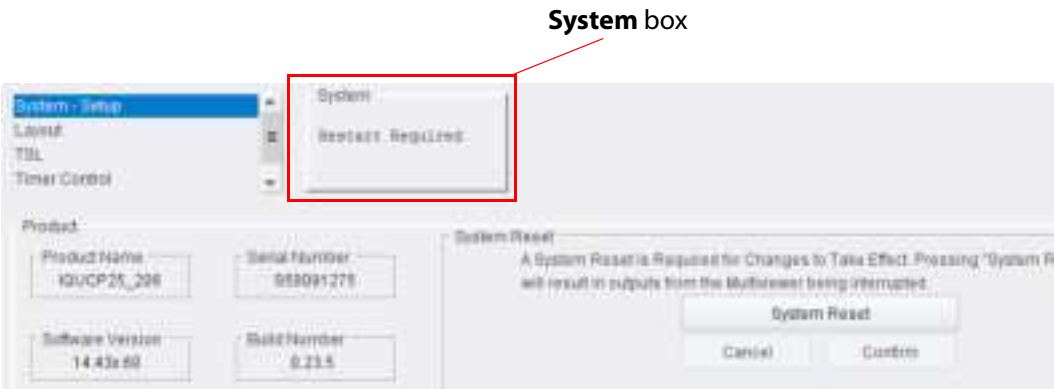


Fig. 6-63: RollCall Template System Box

The **System** box (see Figure 6-63) displays the MV SDC system status at the top of each template page:

- **OK** - the MV SDC multiviewer is working correctly.
- **Fail** - the MV SDC multiviewer has a problem.
- **Restart Required** - the MV SDC application on the IQUCP25 Module requires a module restart. (This is indicated after making changes in the template for some configuration changes to take effect.)

Entering Some Settings

Some settings must be saved on the template. This is indicated by an adjacent **S** button. Click **S** to save a setting on the template. Click **P** to save the factory default setting.



Fig. 6-64: S (and P) buttons

Note: “S” and “P” buttons:

After entering information in each text box, always click on the adjacent “**S**” button or press “**return**” to locally save the new setting. Do this for each text box. (Note: Clicking on the “**P**” button will return the setting to its preset default value.)

“**S**” - Locally save new setting value (or press “**return**”).

“**P**” - Locally save default setting value.

Template Sections

The following IQUCP25/50-MV MV SDC multiviewer templates may be selected:

- [System - Setup Template](#) on page 220.
- [Layout Template](#) on page 225.
- [TSL Template](#) on page 226.
- [Timer Control Template](#) on page 228.
- [Timer Request Protocol Template](#) on page 230.

System - Setup Template

Note: The MV SDC multiviewer must be **System Reset** for any saved setting changes on this template to take effect. See [System Reset Box](#) on page 221.

The **System-Setup** template (see Figure 6-65) comprises various information boxes which display basic information about the MV SDC multiviewer (for example, system status, product name and software version). It is also used to setup the following MV SDC system details:

- System reset of the MV SDC multiviewer.
- RollCall settings.
- Multiviewer monitor output format.
- Multiviewer name.

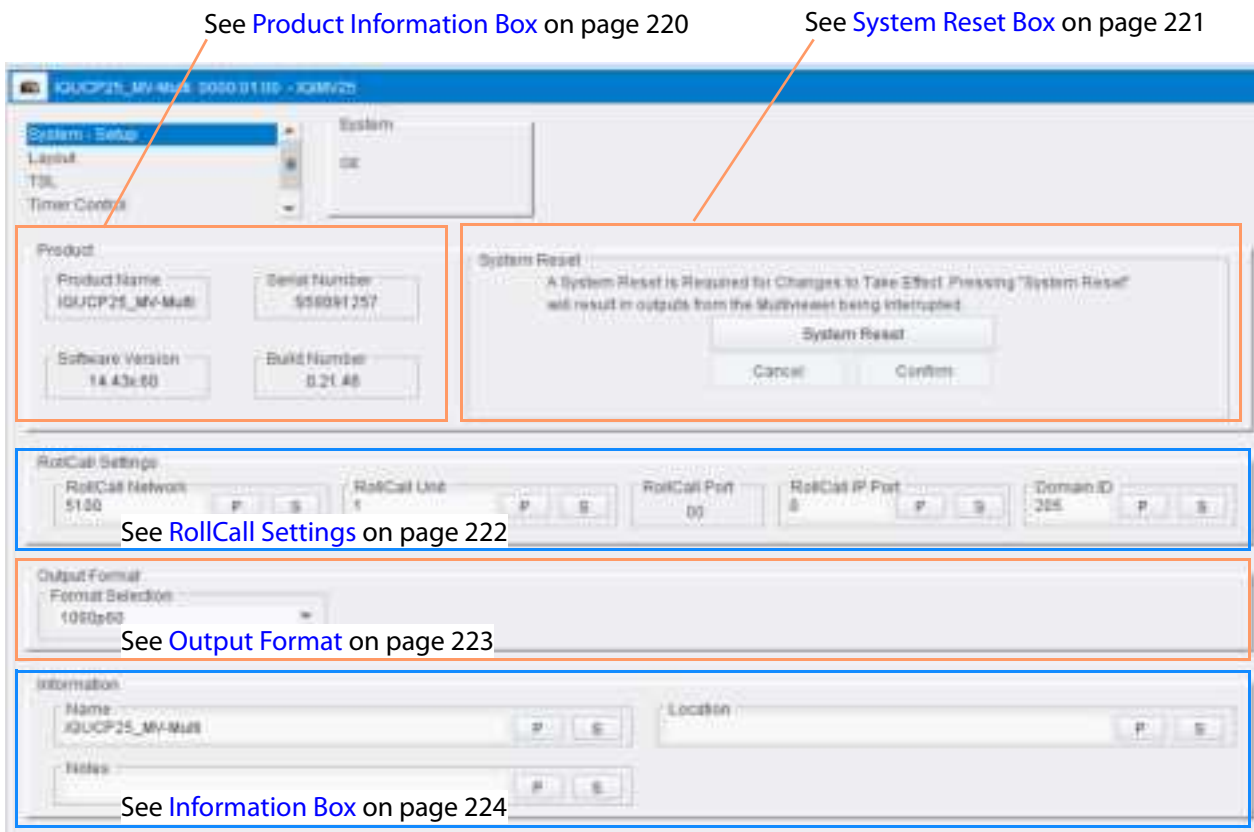


Fig. 6-65: System Setup Template

Product Information Box

Displays MV SDC multiviewer details:

- **Product Name** - The name of the module, for example, 'IQUCP25_206'.

- **Serial Number** - The IQUCP25/50-MV module's serial number.
- **Software Version** - The currently installed IQUCP25/50-MV software version number.
- **Build Number** - The build number of the currently installed IQUCP25/50-MV software.

System Reset Box

This box contains a **System Reset** button which resets (reboots) the IQUCP25/50-MV's MV SDC multiviewer. This is used to make any **System-Setup** template configuration setting changes take effect. Performing a system reset makes the multiviewer use the new settings.

A system reset reboots the multiviewer by *effectively* powering it down and then powering it back up. This will produce a picture disturbance on all IQUCP25/50-MV multiviewer outputs.

IMPORTANT:

A system reset of the multiviewer will affect all multiviewer head display outputs and network connections.

Carrying Out a System Reset

Once all changes in the **System-Setup** template have been done, carry out a system reset:

- 1 Click on the **System Reset** button.
The **Confirm** button is now active (i.e. ungrayed out).
- 2 Then click **Confirm** to perform a system reset.
Or click **Cancel** to abort the system reset.



Fig. 6-66: System Reset Controls

(See [STEP 4: Booting Up](#) on page 235, for more information on module booting.)

RollCall Settings

The RollCall settings in the **System-Setup** template are used to allow Grass Valley Orbit software applications to control the MV SDC multiviewer and should normally be changed if you have multiple IQUCP25/50-MV modules on the same RollCall network.

Table 6-43: RollCall Settings

Setting	Description
RollCall Network	Text box. Enter the RollCall network number. The network number forms part of the unit's RollCall address, which is <i>not</i> an IP network address.
RollCall Unit	Text box. Enter the RollCall unit number. The unit number must be unique for each Multiviewer being configured. The initial default value is "01".
RollCall Port	This parameter is not used.
RollCall IP Port	Text box. This parameter is not used.
Domain ID	Text box. Enter RollCall domain ID.

Note: RollCall address:

This is not an IP network address.

A RollCall address has the form: NNNN:UU:PP

where:

NNNN is the RollCall network number.

UU is the RollCall unit number.

PP is the multiviewer input number (01, 02 etc).

Note: RollCall Domain ID:

RollCall uses the concept of domains to partition a RollCall network. Only those RollCall-enabled devices on the same RollCall Domain can communicate with one another.

A domain is uniquely identified with a **Domain ID** number.

Domain ID is also used by Orbit software when connecting to an IQUCP25/50-MV.

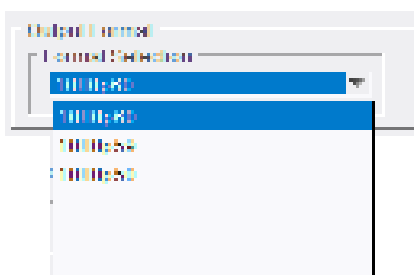
- The **Domain ID** can typically be left at its default value, 100. (Reserved for multiviewer RollCall traffic.)
- To reset the **Domain ID** to the default value of 100 click on the **P** button.

To set the **Domain ID**, enter the Domain ID number in the text box and click the **S** button to locally save the new setting.

Output Format

The **Output Format** of multiviewer head display outputs is set for *all* of the multiviewer display outputs. All outputs share the same format.

Table 6-44: Output Format Settings

Setting	Description
Format Selection	Drop-down box. Select the display output format. 

Note: 4K/UHD Output:

When driving a 4K/UHD monitor, each IQUCP25/50-MV multiviewer head display output drives one quadrant of the UHD monitor.

Some 4K/UHD monitors have four 1080P inputs, so they can be fed from four IQUCP25/50-MV 1080p outputs. If this is not the case, a separate adapter must be used to convert four IQUCP25/50-MV multiviewer display outputs to a single 4K signal suitable for the monitor.

Information Box

The **Information** box contains text fields which can be set up by the user, enabling the user to enter name, location and notes about their multiviewer unit.

To enter/modify text in the text box, type directly into the editable text field and click the **S** button. To return to the default text, click the **P** button.

Table 6-45: Information Box

Setting	Description
Name	Text box. A meaningful name may be given to the multiviewer unit, making it easier to identify. Maximum 32 characters. Remember to press S or press return to save the name locally.
Location	Text box. Multiviewer location details may be entered, to make it easier for the user to locate the multiviewer. Maximum 64 characters. Remember to press S or press return to save the name locally.
Notes	Text Box. Extra user information about the multiviewer may be entered. Up to 64 characters can be displayed in the notes field. Remember to press S or press return to save the name locally.

System Reset to Effect Changes

After all **System-Setup** window settings changes have been made, an MV SDC System Reset is required. See [System Reset Box](#) on page 221.

Layout Template

The **Layout** template allows the user to select which MV SDC multiviewer video wall layout to apply to each multiviewer head display output. A user may also use a RollCall soft- or hard-panel to remotely control which video wall layout is used.

The on-screen transition between two wall layouts is via a simple cut.

Video walls are designed in the Orbit application and different wall layouts may be generated for the same wall. These are all contained within an Orbit multiviewer project.

- Each *video wall* in an Orbit multiviewer project has a **Name** property which is set to "Wall 1", "Wall 2" etc. The wall name may be edited in Orbit by the user.
- Each *wall layout* in an Orbit multiviewer project has a **Name** property which is set to "Layout1", "Layout2" etc. This is *not* editable by the user.

The wall layout to be used for each wall can be selected in the respective drop-down box of the **Layout** template.

Note: Wall layout names are case-sensitive.

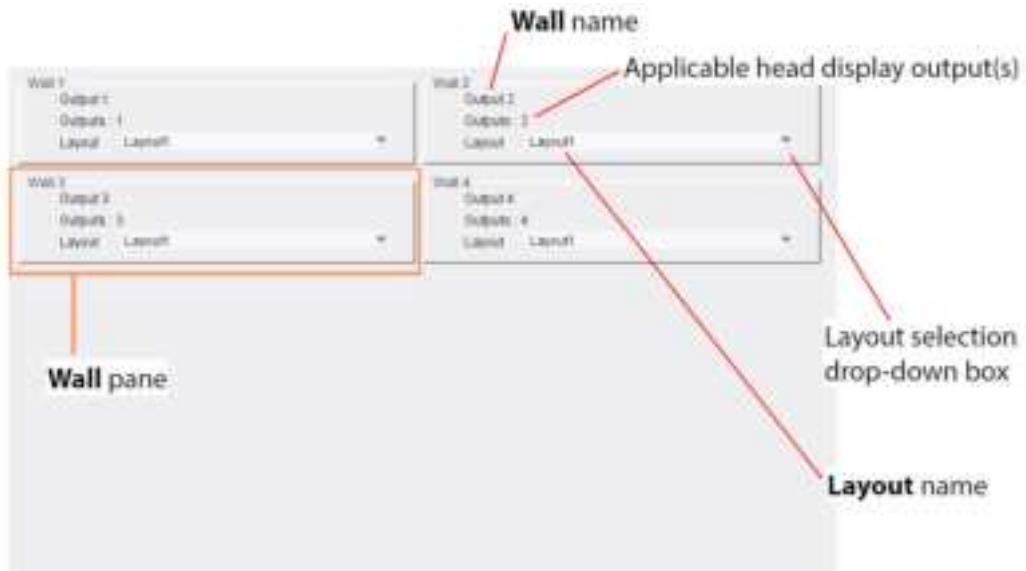


Fig. 6-67: Layout Template

Table 6-46: Layout and Controls Settings

Setting	Description
Wall N:	Wall number, as defined in the Orbit multiviewer project. (1... up to 12.)
Wall name	Wall name, as defined in the Orbit multiviewer project.
Outputs	Head display output number(s) associated with the wall.
Layout	Drop-down box. Select the wall layout to use from the drop-down list.

TSL Template

The **TSL** template allows the user to select settings related to IQUCP25/50-MV support of the TSL protocol.

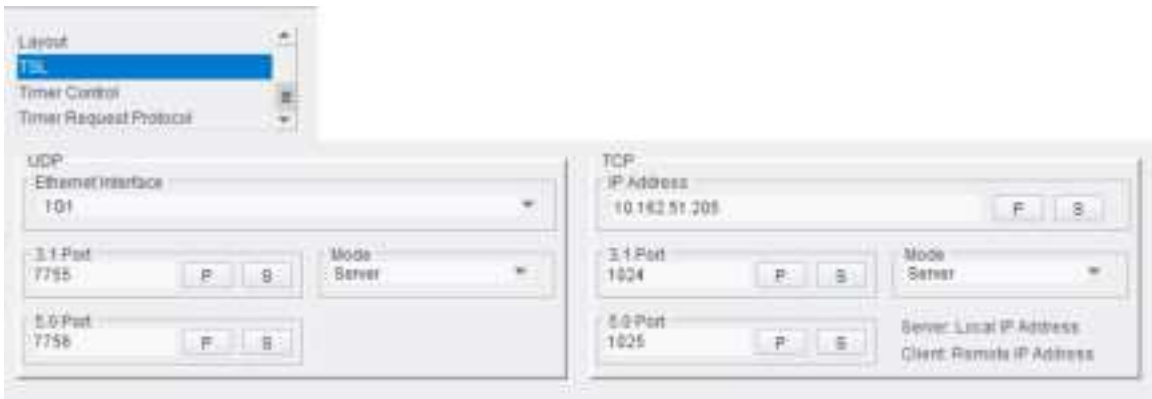


Fig. 6-68: TSL Template

TSL protocol is supported in TSL Server Mode or TSL Client Mode, see [TSL Support](#) on page 256.

For two types of Ethernet protocols (UDP and TCP), the user can separately set up IP address and network port information.

Table 6-47: TSL Mode Settings

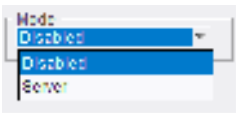
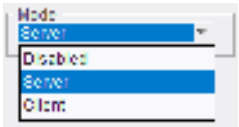
Setting	Description
UDP:	
Ethernet Interface	Drop-down box. Select Ethernet port to use - port1 (1G1) or port 2 (1G2).
3.1 Port	Text box. Enter the IP port to receive TSL 3.1 messages on.
5.0 Port	Text box. Enter the IP port to receive TSL 5.0 messages on.
Mode	Drop-down box. Select "Server", or "Disabled". 

Table 6-47: TSL Mode Settings (continued)

Setting	Description
TCP:	
IP Address	Text box. For Server Mode: Enter the local IP address of the IQUCP25/50-MV module to be used for TSL messages. For Client Mode: Enter the IP address of the remote TSL Controller in the system.
3.1 Port	Text box. Enter IP port to receive TSL 3.1 messages on.
5.0 Port	Text box. Enter IP port to receive TSL 5.0 messages on.
Mode	Drop-down box. Select " Server ", " Client " or "Disabled". 

Remember to press the **S** button when entering settings.

Note: **"S" and "P" buttons:**

After entering information in each text box, always click on the adjacent **S** button or press "**return**" to locally save the new setting. Do this for each text box.
(Note: Clicking on the **P** button will return the setting to its preset default value.)

S - Press to locally save new setting value (or press "return").

P - Press to locally save default setting value.

Timer Control Template

The **Timer Control** template allows a user to set up timers on a video wall and then remotely control them with a RollCall soft- or hard-panel. (For example, to remotely start and stop the timers.)

The template is shown in Figure 6-69 and, for each **Timer**, the settings shown in Table 6-48 are available.

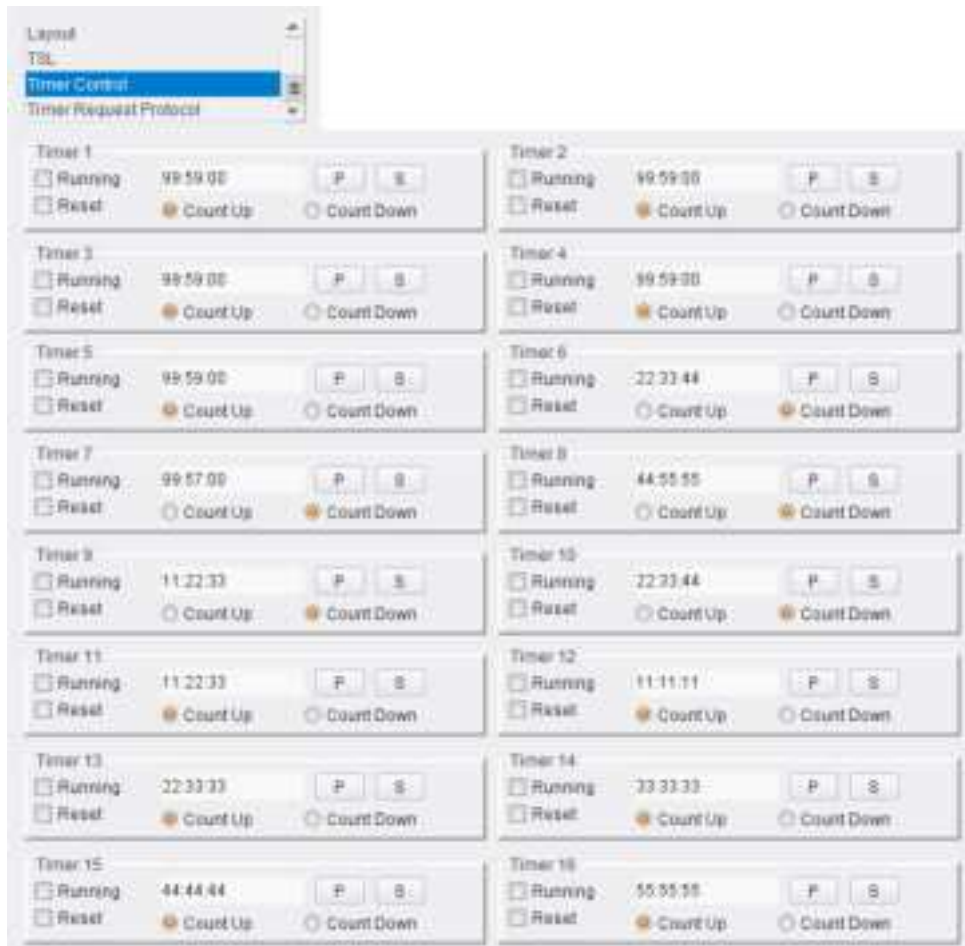


Fig. 6-69: Timer Control Template

Table 6-48: Timer Control Settings

Setting	Description
Running	Check box. • Select to start the timer. • De-select to stop the timer.
Reset	Check box. Select to reset the timer.
(Target time)	Text Box. Enter the timer's target time. When the target time is changed, the timer is reset. Target time format: HH:MM:SS For example, 12:30:00
Count Up	Radio button. Select to reset the timer and count up.
Count Down	Radio button. Select to reset the timer and count down.

Note: On the multiviewer video wall, **Timers** are implemented with **Timer** widgets.
 All **Timer** widget on-screen styling and the configuration of trigger points etc are set up through the Orbit application.

Timer Request Protocol Template

The **Timer Request Protocol** template allows a user to define the IP address of an 'eTimer' server device and the IP port number to use. The protocol used is the Plura™ Timer Request Protocol.



Fig. 6-70: Timer Request Protocol Template

Table 6-49: RollCall Timer Request Protocol Settings

Setting	Description
IP Address	Text box. Enter IP Address of an 'eTimer' server device. Press S .
Port	Text box. Enter IP port number to use for Timer Request Protocol messages.
Enabled	Check box. Select to enable use of Timer Request Protocol messages.

Remember to press the **S** button when changing the target time.

Note: **"S" and "P" buttons -**
"S" - Locally save new setting value (or press "return").
"P" - Locally save default setting value.

Note: **Configuring an 'eTimer':**
An Orbit Timer widget can be configured on a video wall tile in Orbit to be connected to an 'eTimer' service.

Getting Going

This section contains:

- [Introduction](#) on page 231
- [STEP 1: Module Hardware Installation](#) on page 232
- [STEP 2: Configuring IQUCP25/50 to be an IQUCP25/50-MV](#) on page 233
- [STEP 3: IQUCP25/50-MV Physical Connections](#) on page 233
- [STEP 4: Booting Up](#) on page 235
- [Default IQUCP25/50-MV Video Wall](#) on page 235
- [STEP 5: Preliminary IQUCP25/50-MV Configuration](#) on page 237
- [STEP 6: IQUCP25/50-MV Media Interface\(s\) Setup \(Video IP Streams\)](#) on page 242
- [STEP 7: Make a Change to the Video Wall](#) on page 244

Introduction

This “Getting Going” section describes a quick set up procedure to carry out basic setting up of the IQUCP25/50 module and basic exercising of the IQUCP25/50-MV module.

The generic IQUCP25 Module from the factory must be licensed to carry out one of the software-defined core functions it is capable of. A new IQUCP25 Module contains all available software-defined cores, including the MV SDC, but no licenses are present.

A new module defaults to the Essence Processing SDC functionality and will need to be licensed for the MV SDC.

Procedure

The procedure below will carry out some basic setting up of a IQUCP25/50 module to configure it be a IQUCP25/50-MV; this includes selecting the multiviewer core and setting up Ethernet interfaces. The procedure will then describe how to configure the IQUCP25/50-MV for receiving and sending video IP streams and modifying the multiviewer video wall.

The ‘Getting Going’ procedure includes:

- [STEP 1: Module Hardware Installation](#) on page 232.
- [STEP 2: Configuring IQUCP25/50 to be an IQUCP25/50-MV](#) on page 233.
- [STEP 3: IQUCP25/50-MV Physical Connections](#) on page 233.
- [STEP 4: Booting Up](#) on page 235.
- [STEP 5: Preliminary IQUCP25/50-MV Configuration](#) on page 237.
- [STEP 6: IQUCP25/50-MV Media Interface\(s\) Setup \(Video IP Streams\)](#) on page 242.
- [STEP 7: Make a Change to the Video Wall](#) on page 244.

Assumptions

It is assumed that:

- The IQUCP25/50-MV module is new and from the factory.
- There is a corresponding MV SDC license for the module.
- The IQUCP25/50-MV module is to be fitted into a slot in an IQ frame.
- A control network is available to perform some preliminary configuration via the IQ modular frame.
- A media network is available to:
 - carry out remaining module configuration; and
 - source video IP streams for the module; and
 - receive multiviewer head display output video IP streams from the module.

STEP 1: Module Hardware Installation

Module installation into the IQ frame is described in the

- Grass Valley 'IQH4B High Power 4U Modular Enclosure Installation and User Manual'.
(See the manual sub-sections on 'Installing and Removing Modules' and 'Slots'.)

When the IQUCP25/50 module is installed into the IQ frame, one of its control interfaces is accessible via the IQ Gateway connection: The module can be accessed by RollCall Control Panel and the IQUCP25/50 base module templates can be accessed.

(Note: The IQUCP25/50 MV SDC multiviewer templates are *not* accessible at this stage.)

STEP 2: Configuring IQUCP25/50 to be an IQUCP25/50-MV

The generic IQUCP25/50 module is supplied with software which contains each of the available software defined cores, *unlicensed*. By default, a new IQUCP25/50 module starts up with the Essence Processing core selected *but unlicensed*.

First of all, the IQUCP25/50 module must be configured to be an IQUCP25/50-MV module by licensing it with a MV SDC license.

This is done via the IQ Gateway interface and is described below:

STEP 2.1: Install MV SDC License onto a Module

The process for installing a license on a IQUCP25/50 module is similar to the process for a general IQ module.

This is described in [Installing a License onto a Module](#) on page 232, and uses the IQ frame's IQ Gateway interface.

STEP 2.2: Selecting/Loading an MV SDC License

The process for selecting a license on a IQUCP25/50 module is similar to the process required for a general IQ module.

This is described in [Loading \(Selecting\) Software Version on a Module](#) on page 232, and uses the IQ frame's IQ Gateway interface.

STEP 2.3: Restart

Restart the module. After the module has restarted, it will be a IQUCP25/50-MV and a media network connection is used for further configuration steps.

STEP 3: IQUCP25/50-MV Physical Connections

The sub-section includes the following connections for a IQUCP25/50-MV module:

[STEP 3.1: HD-BNC - Multiviewer Head Display Outputs](#) on page 234

[STEP 3.2: Control Connection](#) on page 234

[STEP 3.3: Media Connections - Multiviewer Inputs and Outputs](#) on page 234

After the module has restarted with an MV SDC selected, it is a IQUCP25/50-MV and may be connected up as such.

Note: When the module restarts it becomes a IQUCP25/50-MV with the interfaces described in [Interfaces](#) on page 126.

The IQUCP25/50-MV interface connections to be made are described below.

STEP 3.1: HD-BNC - Multiviewer Head Display Outputs

To view the multiviewer head display outputs directly:

- Connect the four rear HD-BNCs to SDI video monitors.

(For HD-BNC rear connector numbers, see [Table 6-5](#) on page 130 and [Figure 6-5](#) on page 130.)

Other connections to the module are via media Ethernet interfaces and these interfaces are configured in the next sub-section before these connections can be realized.

STEP 3.2: Control Connection

The IQ Gateway interface accesses only the IQUCP25/50 base module RollCall templates. For all control connections to the IQUCP25/50-MV module, including to *all* the RollCall templates, use the media network interfaces.

The two rear media network Ethernet interfaces (SFP-1 and 2) are the normal operational control connections (i.e. 'in-band' control). These are used by Grass Valley Orbit and can access *both* the:

- IQUCP25/50 base module RollCall templates; and
- MV SDC Multiviewer RollCall templates.

See [STEP 3.3: Media Connections - Multiviewer Inputs and Outputs](#) on page 234, for media interface connection.

Note: The 'card front' Ethernet interface is for Grass Valley engineering use only. It can access both the IQUCP25/50 base module and the MV SDC Multiviewer RollCall templates.

STEP 3.3: Media Connections - Multiviewer Inputs and Outputs

The video IP stream connections to/from the module are via the rear media Ethernet interfaces (SFP-1 and SFP-2). The IP stream settings for the all source and destination spigots that use the media interfaces is all done later in this 'Getting Going' procedure (see [STEP 6: IQUCP25/50-MV Media Interface\(s\) Setup \(Video IP Streams\)](#) on page 242).

Spigots:

- 5 to 16 will receive video IP streams from the media network; and
- 1 to 4 will source video IP streams - the multiviewer head display outputs.

This connection is also used for control and configuration.

STEP 4: Booting Up

The IQUCP25/50-MV module boots up:

- after power is applied; or
- after fitting or re-seating the module in a powered-up IQ Modular frame; or
- following a system reset.
(A 'System Reset' may be performed from a RollCall template - for example, via RollCall Control Panel.)

Booting takes about 75 seconds to complete.

Note: Module outputs are interrupted during booting,

After booting is complete at this stage:

- All the card edge LEDs show module status. (See [Card-Edge LEDs](#) on page 35.)
- A multiviewer video wall is shown on the head display outputs.
(For a new module, a default video wall is shown, see [Default IQUCP25/50-MV Video Wall](#) on page 235.)

Default IQUCP25/50-MV Video Wall

The MV SDC is shipped with a default Orbit multiviewer project. Its video wall layout displays all multiviewer video inputs. This is shown in Figure 6-71.

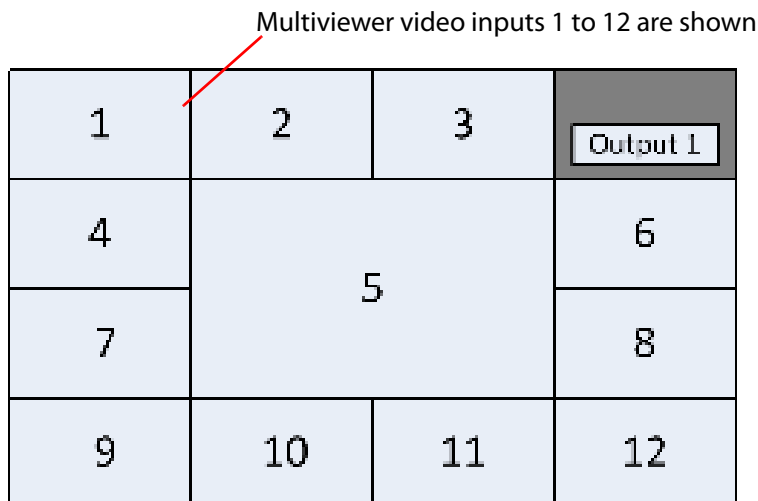


Fig. 6-71: Default Project - Head Display Outputs 1 to 4 (Output 1 shown)

The layout is repeated across the four head display outputs ("Output 1", "Output 2", "Output 3", "Output 4") with the same wall layout.

CAUTION

Re-sizing a video input on one output will re-size it on the other outputs also, as each video input only undergoes one scaling. This does not affect the tile layout since only the content is scaled - the layout is unaffected, so any graphics overlay will not change.

STEP 5: Preliminary IQUCP25/50-MV Configuration

The sub-section carries out some preliminary configuration of a IQUCP25/50-MV module and includes:

[STEP 5.1: Preliminaries - IQUCP25/50 Base Module Templates](#) on page 238

[STEP 5.2: Preliminaries - MV SDC Multiviewer Templates](#) on page 240

To enable the IQUCP25/50-MV module to be fully hosted in a system, ready for further configuration, some preliminary settings need to be set up. This section configures some preliminary settings via RollCall templates and the IQ Gateway interface of an IQ frame.

Note: Following [STEP 1: Module Hardware Installation](#) on page 232, the IQUCP25/50 base module RollCall templates are accessible via the IQ frame's IQ Gateway card and the RollCall Control Panel application.
These templates show the settings of the various IQUCP25/50 Ethernet interfaces.

Configuration items include:

- Basic configuration of other Ethernet interfaces.
- Video reference selection.
- RollCall settings, including domain.
- Multiviewer head display output video standard selection.

STEP 5.1: Preliminaries - IQUCP25/50 Base Module Templates

This sub-section uses the IQ Gateway interface and accesses the IQUCP25/50 base module RollCall templates.

- 1 Open the IQUCP25/50 base module templates with RollCall Control Panel.

Frame Slot Number



Fig. 6-72: Connecting to IQUCP25/50 Base Module RollCall Templates from RollCall Control Panel via IQ Gateway

- 2 In the **Configuration** template, configure settings as shown in Table 6-50.

Table 6-50: Preliminary Settings Configuration Template

Panel / Setting	Action
Genlock	Select the video reference signal to use.
Domain ID	Specify the RollCall Domain ID to use and click 'Take'.
Software Version	Verify that the current software version for the IQUCP_MV product has the license 'loaded OK'.

- 3 In the **Ethernet 1** template, in the 'Ethernet' panel (see Figure 6-73), define the following for the SFP-1 rear Ethernet interface:
 - IP address,
 - default gateway IP address,
 - subnet mask,

- DHCP/Static addressing mode,
- etc.

(This SFP-1 interface will be connected to the media network.)



Fig. 6-73: Ethernet Pane Example

- 4 In the **Ethernet 2** template, in the 'Ethernet' panel, define the IP address etc for the SFP-2 rear Ethernet interface.
(This interface, if required, will also be connected to the media network.)
- 5 In the **Time Sync Configuration** template, configure the:
 - **PTP Network Interface** to use; and the
 - **PTP Configuration** items, including **PTP Domain**, **PTP Delay Request Frequency** and **PTP Multicast** IP address.
- 6 Click **Restart** and wait for the module to reboot.

Wait for the module to restart and the SFP-1 (and SFP-2) rear Ethernet interfaces are then set up ready to be installed in a target system. The MV SDC Multiviewer RollCall templates should now be accessible via the media network SFP-1/SFP-2 interfaces.

Note: The IP routing *multicast IP addresses* are *not* yet set up. This is done later in this procedure, in [STEP 6: IQUCP25/50-MV Media Interface\(s\) Setup \(Video IP Streams\)](#) on page 242.

- 7 Proceed to [STEP 5.2: Preliminaries - MV SDC Multiviewer Templates](#) on page 240.

STEP 5.2: Preliminaries - MV SDC Multiviewer Templates

This sub-section uses a IQUCP25/50-MV media network interface (rear media Ethernet interface SFP-1 or SFP-2) and a media network to access MV SDC multiviewer RollCall templates and configure some multiviewer settings.

- 1 Open the MV SDC Multiviewer templates with RollCall Control Panel.

Specified Ethernet interface IP address

IP port 2051



Fig. 6-74: RollCall Control Panel Connecting to RollCall MV SDC Multiviewer Templates

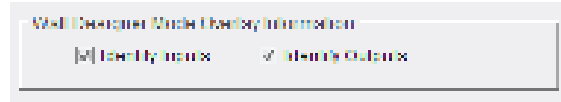
- 2 In the **System-Setup** template, configure settings as shown in Table 6-51.

Table 6-51: Preliminary Settings System-Setup Template

Setting	Action
RollCall Settings:	
RollCall Network	Select the RollCall network to use.
RollCall Unit	Select the RollCall unit number to use.
Domain ID	Specify the RollCall Domain ID to use.
Output Format	
Format Selection	Select the required multiviewer head display output video format.
Information	If required, enter a name, location, and/or user notes about the module. (This may be done later.)

3 In the **System-Setup** template:

- Select **Identify Inputs**; and
- Select **Identify Outputs**.



This will add an overlay onto the head display outputs, to help identify head display outputs (1 to 4) and the video inputs they contain (1 to 12). It is useful during initial set up of a module.

(The overlays can be turned off later without a system restart being required.)

4 Return to the **System-Setup** template and click **System Reset** and click **Confirm**.



The module restarts for all the settings changes to take effect. Wait for the module to complete its restart.

STEP 6: IQUCP25/50-MV Media Interface(s) Setup (Video IP Streams)

This sub-section contains:

[Manual Procedure Overview](#) on page 242

[STEP 6.1: Manual Procedure - Source Spigots](#) on page 242

[STEP 6.2: Manual Procedure - Destination Spigots](#) on page 243

[STEP 6.3: 'Take' to Restart](#) on page 243

After the rear SFP-1 (and SFP-2) Ethernet interfaces are set up in [STEP 5: Preliminary IQUCP25/50-MV Configuration](#) on page 237, the various spigots of the IQUCP25/50-MV module need configuring for:

- Sending Spigots 1 to 4.
(Source spigots - these transmit multiviewer head display output video IP streams.)
- Receiving Spigots 5 to 16.
(Destination spigots - these receive multiviewer input video IP streams.)

This is done with a media network connection (via SFP-1 or SFP-2).

Setting up may be done:

- Automatically with 'Orbit for IP Routing' (via SFP-1 or SFP-2).
(See the Grass Valley 'Orbit for IP Routing' user manual, 'Getting Started' chapter.)

Or:

- Manually via a media network connection (via SFP-1 or SFP-2).
(See [Manual Procedure Overview](#) on page 242.)

Manual Procedure Overview

This uses a media network connection.

STEP 6.1: Manual Procedure - Source Spigots

Source spigot settings are defined on the IQUCP25/50 base module RollCall templates **Spigot 1** to **Spigot 4**, see [Source Spigot Template \(Spigots 1 to 4\)](#) on page 174.

For each source spigot, on its corresponding 'Spigot' template, define:

- video (and audio) primary (and secondary) flows.

In the template for each spigot, for each flow:

Video flow:

- 1 Determine to use SMPTE 2022 or SMPTE 2100-20(RFC4175) flow type and select the corresponding Video pane.

All Flows:

- 2 Configure the following settings:
 - Multicast IP address.

- Multicast IP port.
- Source IP address.
- Source IP port.
- Flow type.

Note: Remember to press **S** to enter each setting.

Typically, destination spigots settings also need to be made, so proceed to **STEP 6.2: Manual Procedure - Destination Spigots** on page 243.

STEP 6.2: Manual Procedure - Destination Spigots

Destination spigot settings are defined on the IQUCP25/50 base module RollCall templates in a similar way to the source spigots but using templates **Spigot 5** to **Spigot 16** (see [Destination Spigot Template \(Spigots 5 to 16\)](#) on page 180).

For each destination spigot, on its corresponding 'Spigot' template, define:

- video (and audio and metadata) primary (and secondary) flows.

In the template for each spigot, for each flow:

All Flows:

1 Configure the following settings:

- Multicast IP address.
- Multicast IP port.
- Source IP address.
- Source IP port.
- Flow type.

Note: Remember to press **S** to enter each setting.

STEP 6.3: 'Take' to Restart

Finally:

- 1 Press **Take** on a Spigot template when all spigot setting changes are done in the template. This restarts the module.

Once the module has restarted, the new spigot settings are applied and spigots are set to transmit and receive video multicast IP streams

STEP 7: Make a Change to the Video Wall

This sub-section uses a media network connection.

It uses the Grass Valley Orbit Client to get the video wall from a module, make a change and push it back to the module. It contains:

[Introduction](#) on page 244

[STEP 7.1: Get Orbit Multiviewer Project from IQUCP25/50-MV](#) on page 245

[STEP 7.2: Quick Edit of Project](#) on page 248

[STEP 7.3: Push a Project from Orbit to a Device](#) on page 252

[Pull a Project into Orbit from a Device](#) on page 254

Introduction

This sub-section will:

- Get the Orbit multiviewer project from the IQUCP25/50-MV module (= the default project for a factory module).
- Make a simple, visible change to the video wall.
- Push the amended project back to the unit.
- See changed project working on-screen.

And finally:

- Pull a project from IQUCP25/50-MV module.

Assumptions

This sub-section assumes that:

- The IQUCP25/50-MV module is connected to a media network and receiving/sending video IP streams.
- IP addresses of the IQUCP25/50-MV module's media Ethernet interfaces are known.
- Grass Valley Orbit is installed on a client computer connected to the media network.
(**Note:** Access to an Orbit license is not required for basic Orbit operation.)

STEP 7.1: Get Orbit Multiviewer Project from IQUCP25/50-MV

To get the IQUCP25/50-MV module's Orbit multiviewer project:

- 1 Run Orbit and click **File > New project**,

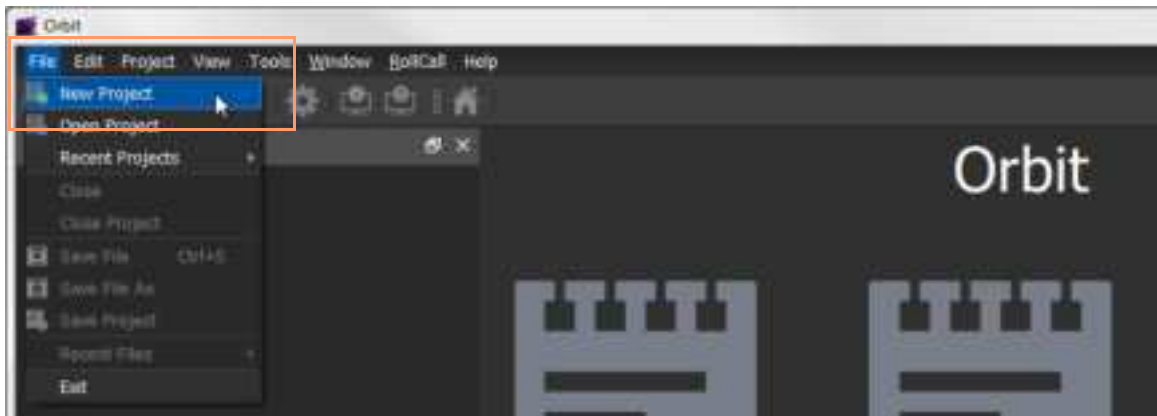


Fig. 6-75: Orbit File > New Project

- 2 Select **Connected Multiviewer Project**.
- 3 Browse to a new, empty folder and click **Choose**.

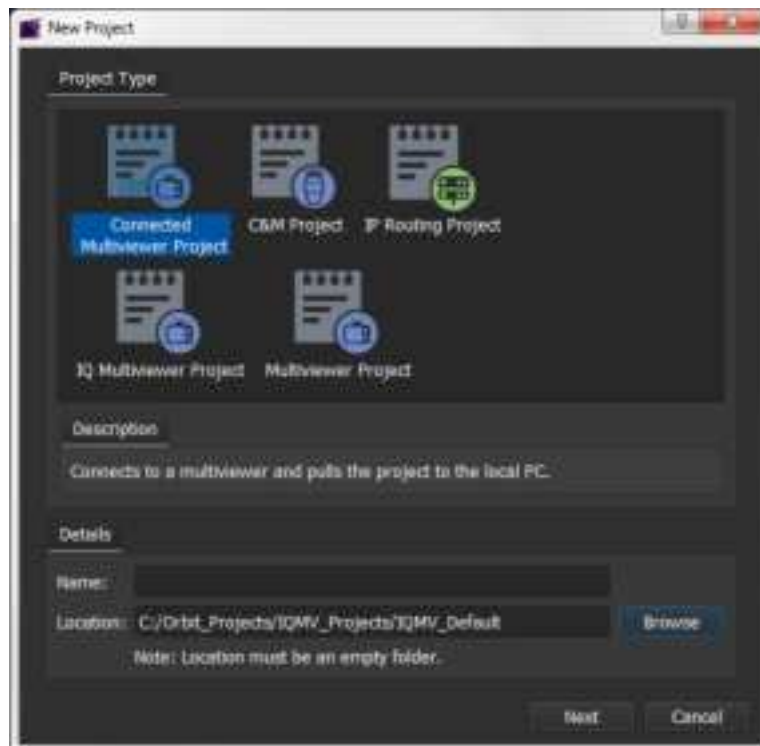


Fig. 6-76: New Project Dialog - Connected Multiviewer Project

4 Click **Next**.

All accessible multiviewer devices are listed.

Note: Should the multicast auto-discovery that populates this list fail, it is possible to specify a host and do unicast discovery (default domain = 100).

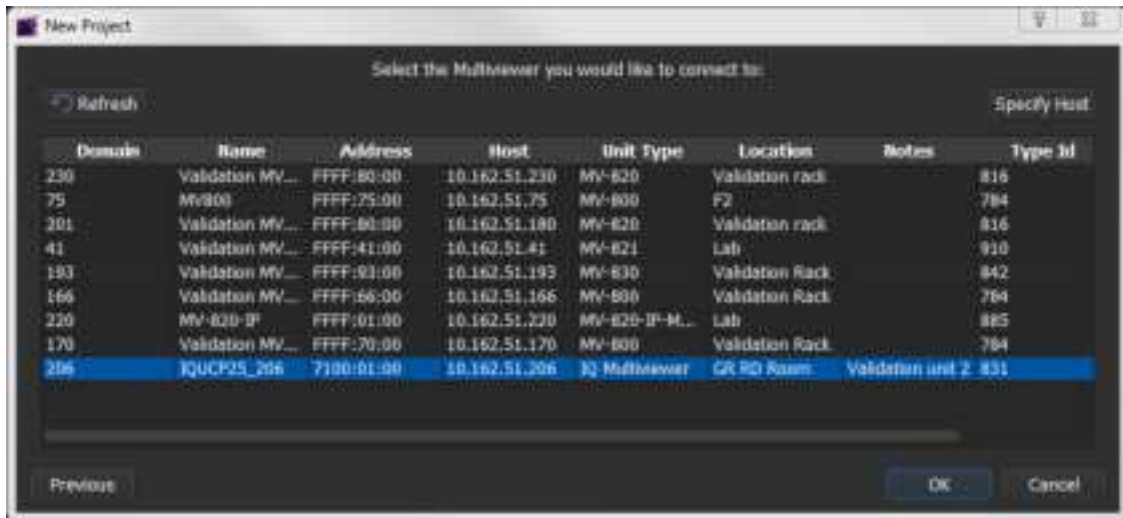


Fig. 6-77: New Project Dialog - Multiviewer List

5 Select a device in the list and click **OK**.

If a device is not listed, then:

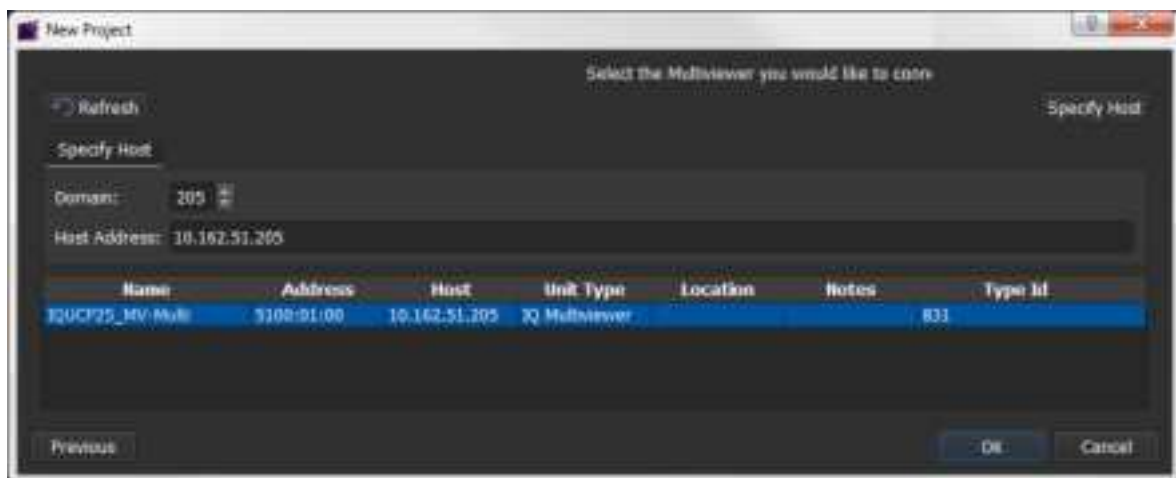
6 Click **Specify Host** and enter the device's RollCall **domain** number and **IP address**.7 Click **Refresh**.8 Select the device in the new list and click **OK**.

Fig. 6-78: New Project Dialog - Multiviewer List

Orbit connects to the device and pulls the Orbit multiviewer list from the device.

- 9 At the login dialog, enter the appropriate project **Username** and **Password**.

Note: For the default project on a factory device, this is 'admin' and 'admin'.



Fig. 6-79: Login Dialog

- 10 Click **Login**.

A new Orbit project has been created from a connected multiviewer and opened in Orbit.

Save Project icon



Fig. 6-80: Project Open in Orbit

To save the project on the local computer in the previously-specified folder:

- 11 Click **File > Save Project** in the main menu,
or click the **Save Project** icon in the main tool bar.

STEP 7.2: Quick Edit of Project

To make a visible change to the project:

- 1 Click the large **Walls** icon and select a wall item in the list, for example, 'Output 1'. The selected wall is opened in a Wall Editor.

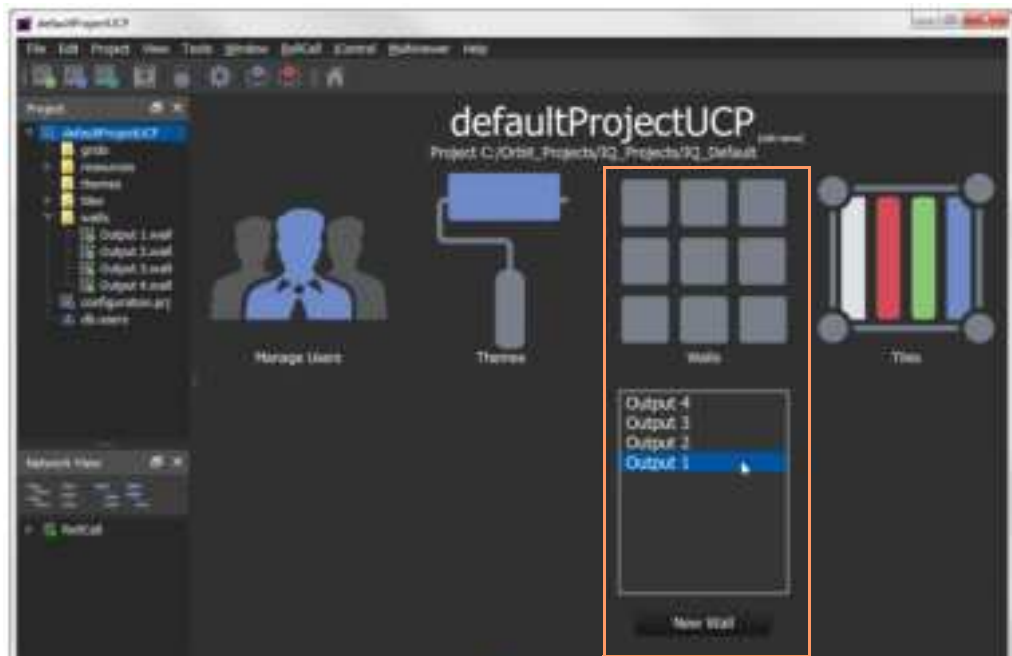


Fig. 6-81: Project Open in Orbit

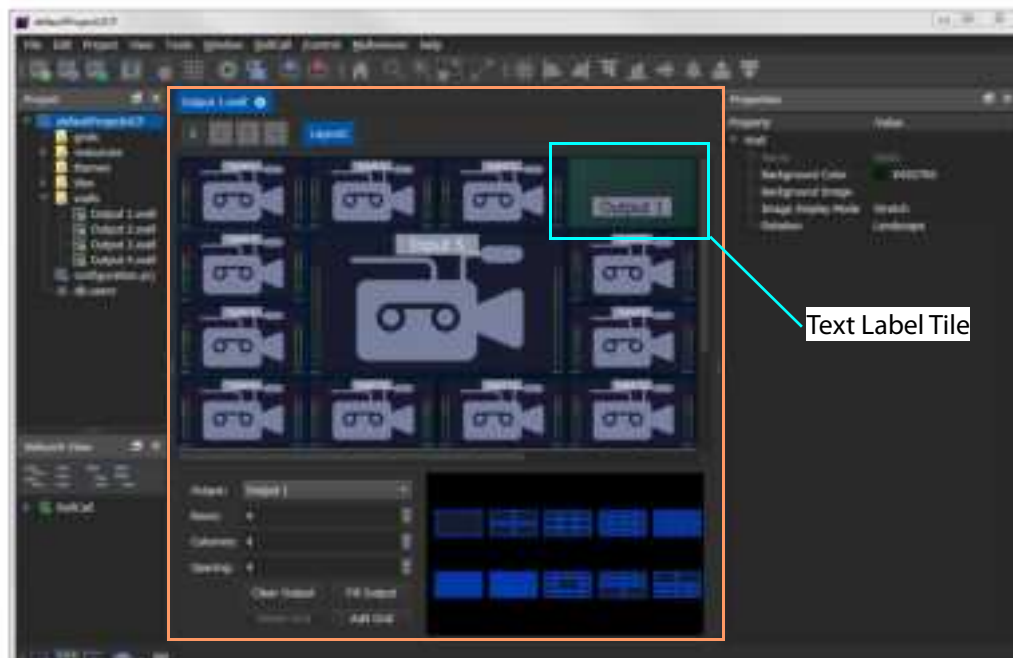


Fig. 6-82: Wall Editor

- 2 Double-click on the **Text Label Tile**.
The tile is opened in the **Tile Editor**.

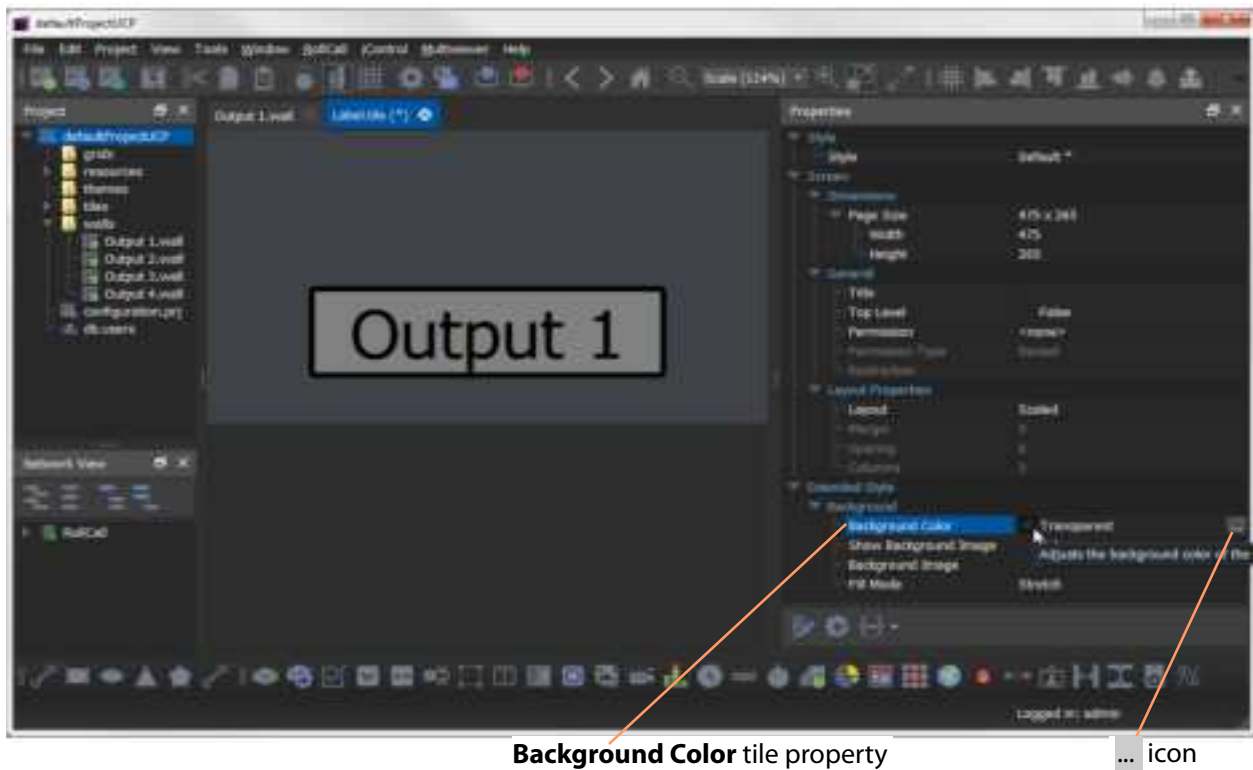


Fig. 6-83: Tile Editor

To make a change the tile:

- 3 Click on the tile background.
- 4 In the **Properties** box, select the 'Extended Style > Background Color' property.
- 5 Click on the ... icon to show the **Background Color** dialog. See [Figure 6-84](#) on page 250.
- 6 Select a color and click **OK**.

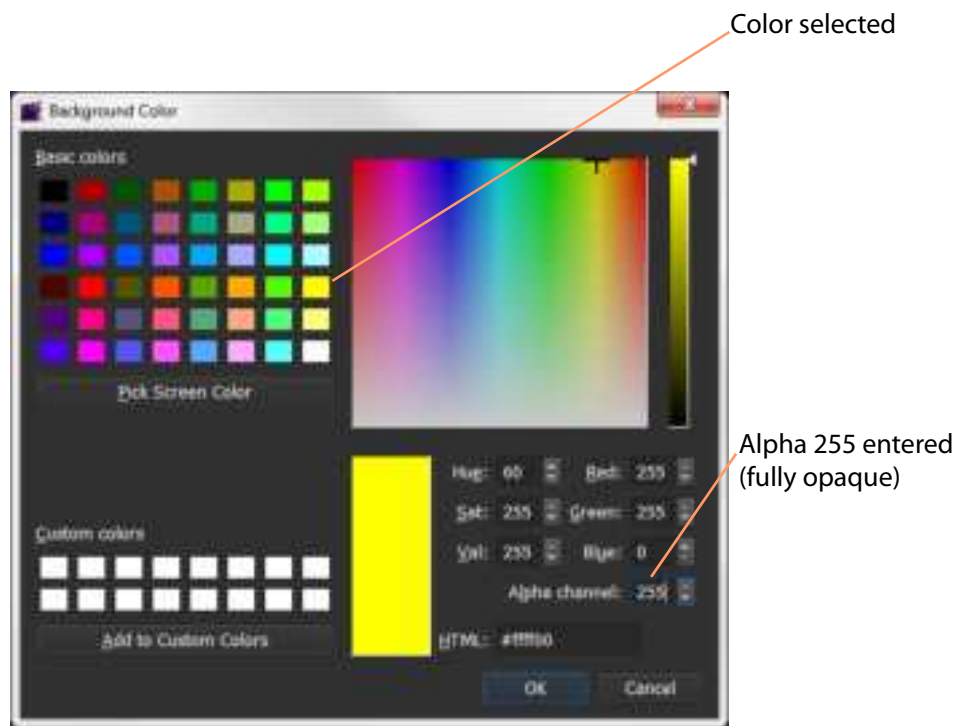


Fig. 6-84: Color Picked

- 7 Click the **Save File** icon in the main tool bar to save the tile change.

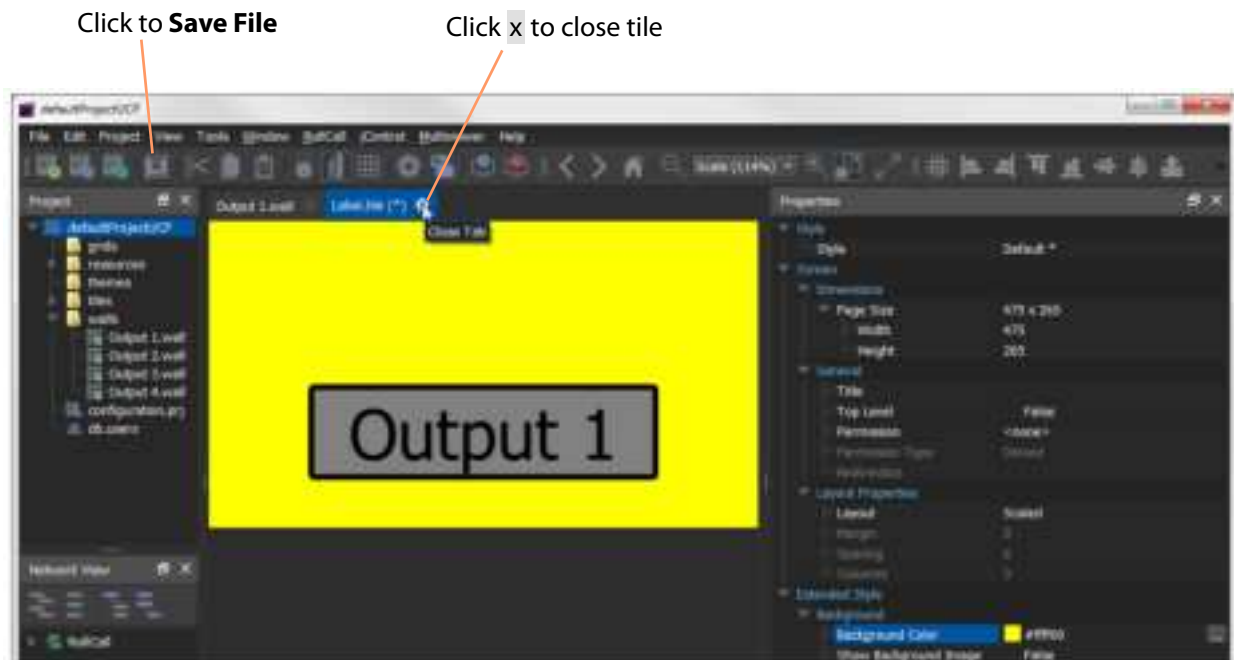


Fig. 6-85: Tile with New Background Color

- 8 Click on the **x** on the tile tab to close the tile.

- 9 Click on the **Save Project** icon in the main tool bar to save all changes.

Click to **Save Project**

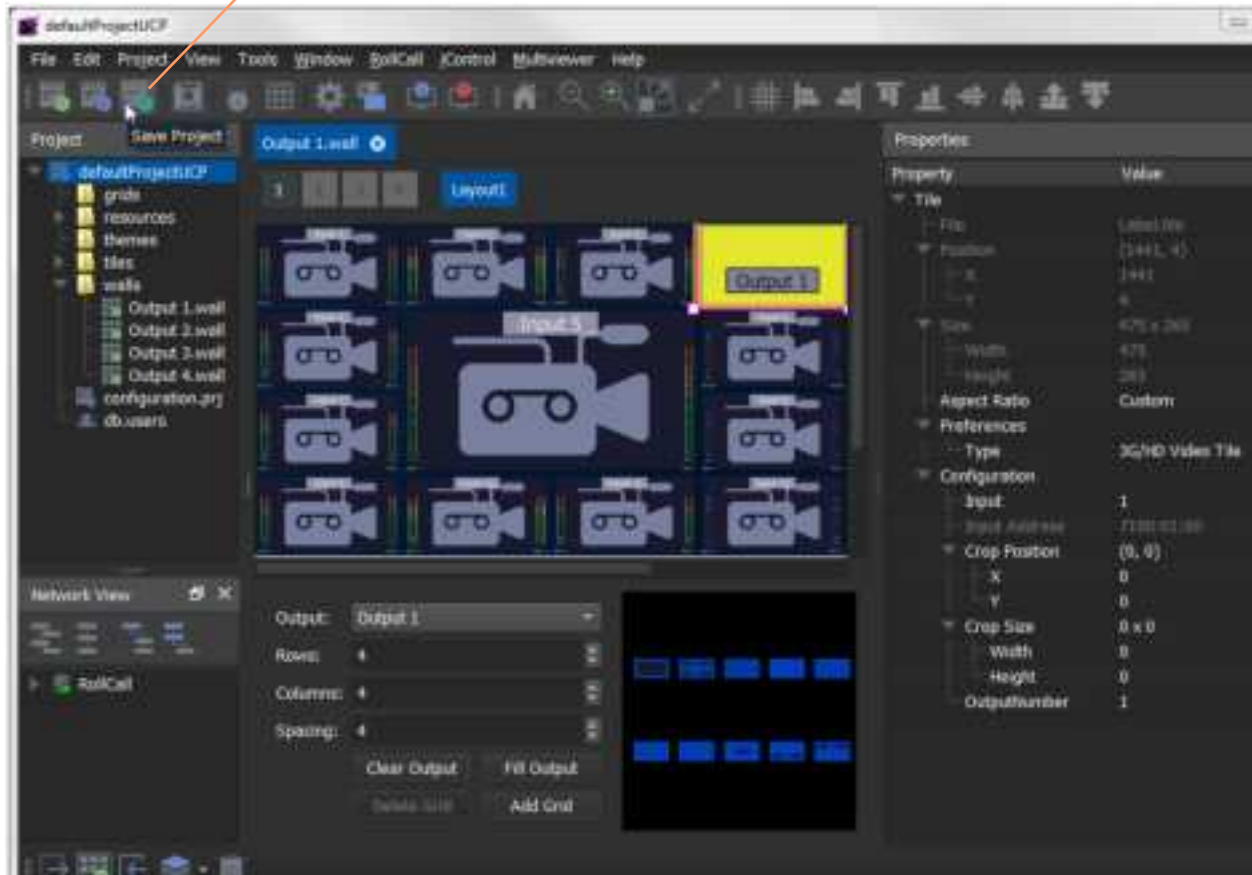


Fig. 6-86: Changed Wall 1

STEP 7.3: Push a Project from Orbit to a Device

To push a project from Orbit onto a multiviewer:

- 1 Open a project in Orbit and click **Multiviewer > Properties**.
- 2 If the multiviewer details require changing, enter the target device's:
 - IP address;
 - RollCall network number and unit number; and
 - Domain ID.

Click **OK**.

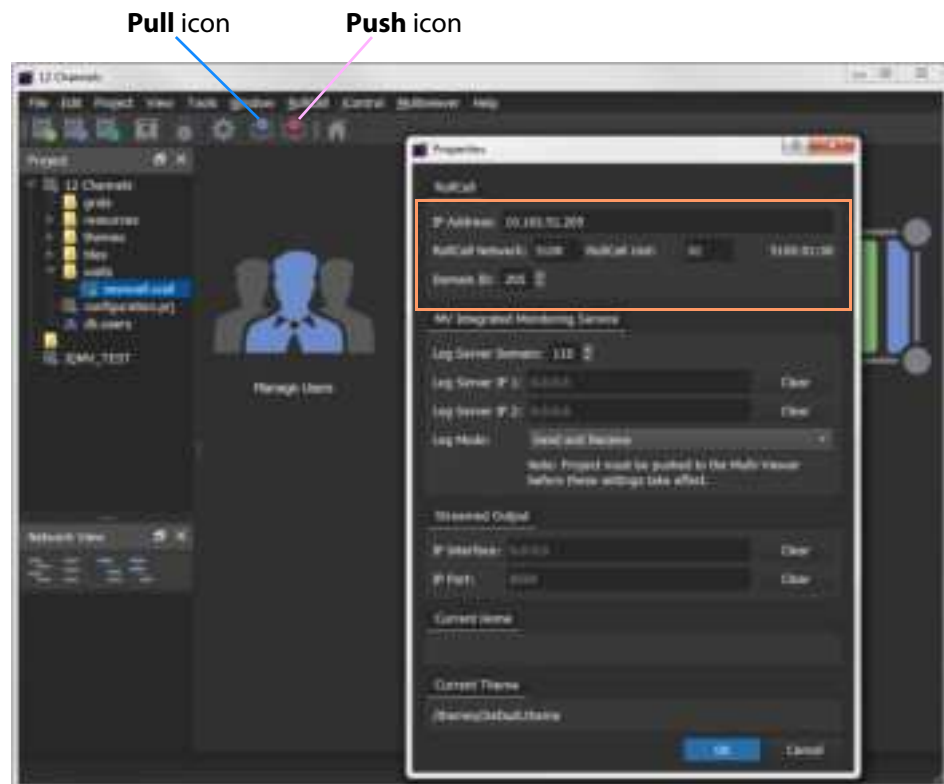


Fig. 6-87: Pull/Push Icons and Multiviewer > Properties Dialog

To push a project from Orbit to the device:

- 3 Click the **Push** icon in the main menu.
- 4 Select the project in the **Choose Projects** dialog (see Figure 6-88) and click **OK**.
The project is pushed to the device.

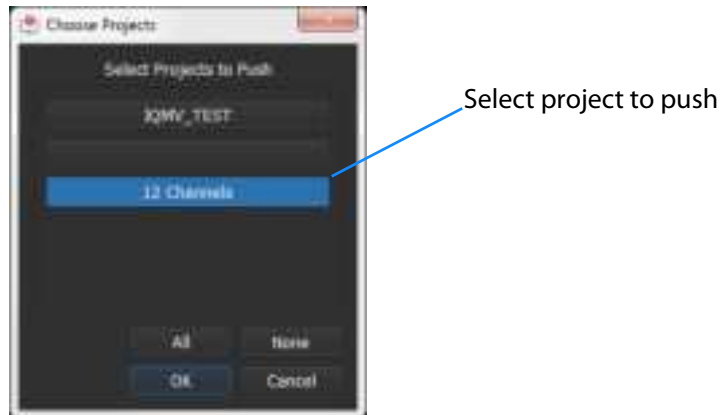
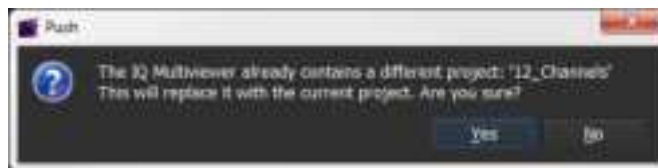


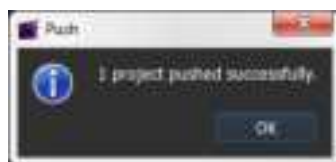
Fig. 6-88: Choose Projects Dialog

If the device already has a project of the same name, then a dialog is shown (see Figure 6-89a). Click 'Yes' to overwrite with the project from Orbit.

When the push is complete a 'pushed successfully' message is shown. See Figure 6-89b.



a) Push Message



b) Push OK.

Fig. 6-89: Push Messages

The project is now running on the target device. The tile background color is changed.

Pull a Project into Orbit from a Device

This may be useful during 'getting going': To pull a project into Orbit from a device:

- 1 Open a multiviewer project in Orbit and click **Multiviewer > Properties**.
- 2 If the multiviewer details require changing, enter the target device's:
 - IP address;
 - RollCall network number and unit number; and
 - Domain ID.

Click **OK**.

- 3 Click the **Pull** icon in the main menu.
- 4 Select the project in the **Choose Projects** dialog (see Figure 6-90) and click **OK**.
The project is pulled from the device.

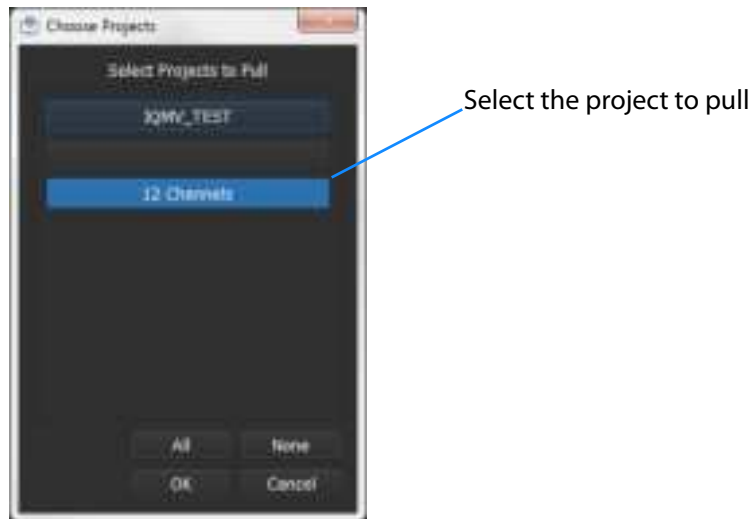


Fig. 6-90: Choose Projects Dialog

- 5 When the pull is complete a 'pulled successfully' message is shown. See Figure 6-91.

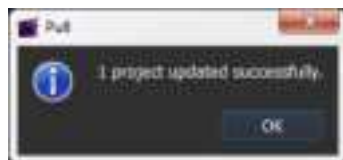


Fig. 6-91: Pull Message

The Orbit project of the same name in as the one pulled from the device has now been updated. It is now the same as that on the device.

Multiviewer Video Wall

Section contents:

[Basic Video Wall](#) on page 255

[TSL Support](#) on page 256

Multiviewer video wall layouts are designed and managed with the Grass Valley Orbit application. Please refer to the published Orbit documentation for instruction about how to use Orbit in multiviewer applications. This manual assumes the reader is familiar with the Orbit software and only outline information is given.

Basic Video Wall

Multiviewer video wall layouts are designed with the Grass Valley Orbit application and are called 'Orbit projects'. These multiviewer projects can be pushed to a multiviewer, such as an IQUCP25/50-MV, to be deployed and the video wall can be viewed on monitor displays directly via the HD-BNC outputs of the IQUCP25/50-MV, or across a media network using the video IP stream outputs.

Video wall layouts can be pulled from an IQUCP25/50-MV multiviewer and modified and pushed back.

The form and appearance of a video wall design on a multiviewer device may be changed through the use of Orbit 'walls', 'layouts' and 'themes'.

Procedure:

The procedure for video wall design and deployment is similar to the procedure for Grass Valley's MV-8 Series of multiviewers (MV-800 etc).

A 'basic video wall' is described in the Orbit documentation and includes:

•Initial Screen	Orbit Initial screen.
•New Project	Creating a new project, IQ Multiviewer Project/Connected Multiviewer Project.
•Existing Project	Opening an existing project.
•Recent Projects	Opening a recent Orbit project.
•Project Home Screen	The Orbit project home screen.
•Basic Wall	Using Orbit to create a basic video wall layout.
•Wall Layouts	Demonstration of different wall layouts within the same Orbit multiviewer project.
•Wall Themes	Demonstration of applying different themes to the same wall layout.

For further Orbit instruction and details on using Orbit for multiviewer wall layouts, see the published "Orbit - Introduction" and "Orbit for Multiviewers" user manuals.

TSL Support

TSL Protocol Tally Settings

TSL protocols are used widely throughout the industry for communication between a TSL Tally controller and Under Monitor Displays (UMDs). The protocol enables tally lamp control and text label data to be carried to each UMD device.

A TSL Tally controller handles the tally data in a video system and provides TSL Tally control information to each UMD. The IQUCP25 Module supports two TSL protocols: TSL 3.1 and TSL 5.0. Initial TSL support settings are described here.

Setting up the multiviewer to work with a TSL tally-based system involves the following steps:

- Specify how the multiviewer gets the TSL Tally message information.
See [Specifying Multiviewer TSL Tally Mode](#) on page 256.
- Specify index parameters for each UMD on the video wall.
See [Specifying Index Parameters for each UMD](#) on page 257.

Specifying Multiviewer TSL Tally Mode

The multiviewer may get its TSL Tally information in one of two modes:

- **Server Mode** - IQUCP25/50-MV listens for Tally messages.
Specify the IQUCP25/50-MV IP address and network port to receive Tally messages on.
- **Client Mode** - IQUCP25/50-MV reads Tally messages from a Tally controller.
Specify the IP address and network port number of the Tally controller.



Fig. 6-92: TSL Protocol Operating Modes:

- a) Server Mode
- b) Client Mode

The Grass Valley RollCall Control Panel application is used to configure the settings for an IQUCP25/50-MV multiviewer in the RollCall TSL screen; see RollCall [TSL Template](#) on page 226.

Specifying Index Parameters for each UMD

Use the Grass Valley Orbit application to set the properties of each UMD in a video tile on the video wall layout. The properties differ between TSL Protocol 3.1 and 5.0.

The style of the UMD widget can be selected with the **Preferences > UMD Style** property.

The index parameters used by each UMD are specifiable in the UMD properties. Values can be set manually or values can be automatically assigned as part of assigning inputs to video tiles. (Refer to Orbit documentation.)

UMD Properties - TSL Protocol Version 3.1

TSL Protocol 3.1 is the original TSL protocol for sending data over a serial comms connection or via Ethernet. The multiviewer supports an Ethernet connection.

Each multiviewer monitor screen is addressed with a Display address. Each UMD associated with a video tile must have its **3.1 Display Address** property set up.

1. Select Video Tile and Video Tile Properties are shown.

2. Set **Preferences > UMD** to 'True' and UMD properties are shown. (Expand this property item if required.)

3. Set **UMD > UMD Protocol** to 'Version 3.1' and **UMD > 3.1 Display Address** property is shown

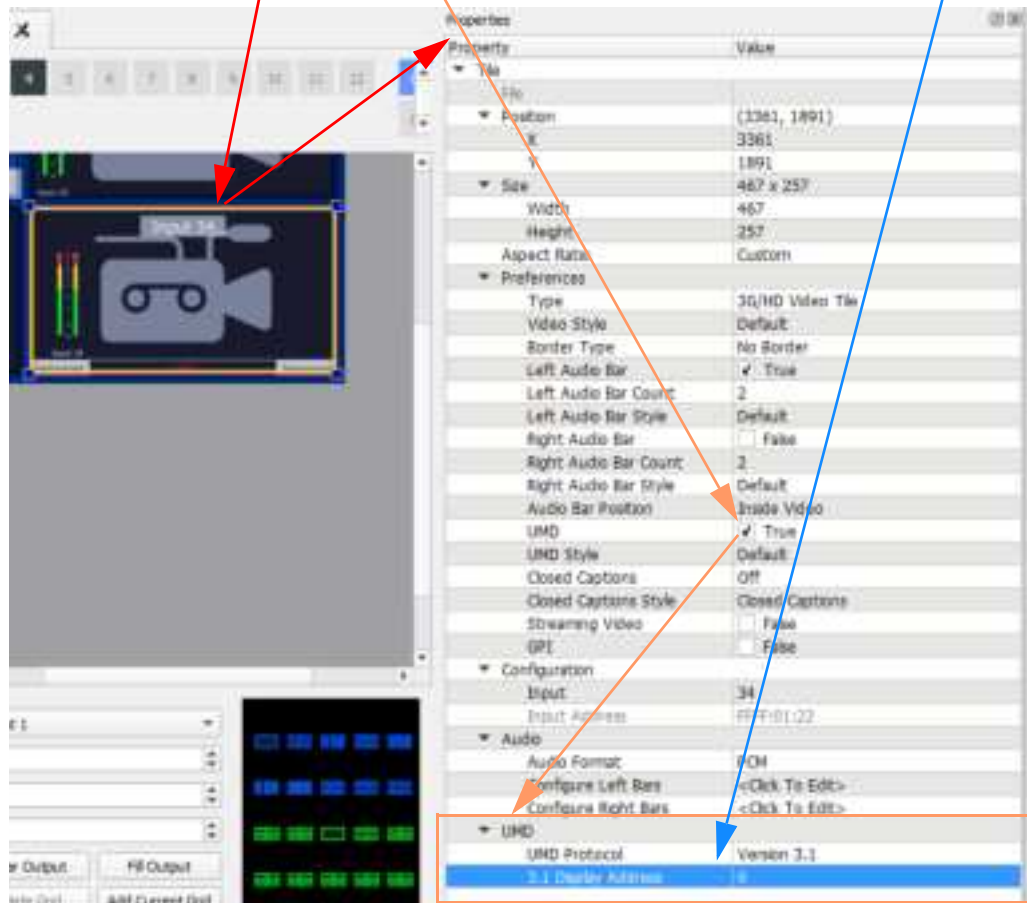


Fig. 6-93: Orbit - Video Tile - UMD TSL 3.1 Properties

UMD Properties - TSL Protocol Version 5.0

TSL Protocol 5.0 is a 16-bit protocol, introduced to handle multiviewer display devices over Ethernet. It supports ASCII or Unicode character sets, and data is sent as UDP or TCP/IP over Ethernet.

Each multiviewer monitor screen is addressed by a Screen Index and each UMD within it by a Display Index. Each UMD associated with a video tile must have two parameters set up:

- **5.0 Screen Index** - Index number (address) of each display monitor. (16-bit, \$FFFF reserved. 0 = not used.)
- **5.0 Display Index** - Index number for each UMD in a display. (16-bit, \$FFFF reserved. 0-based.)

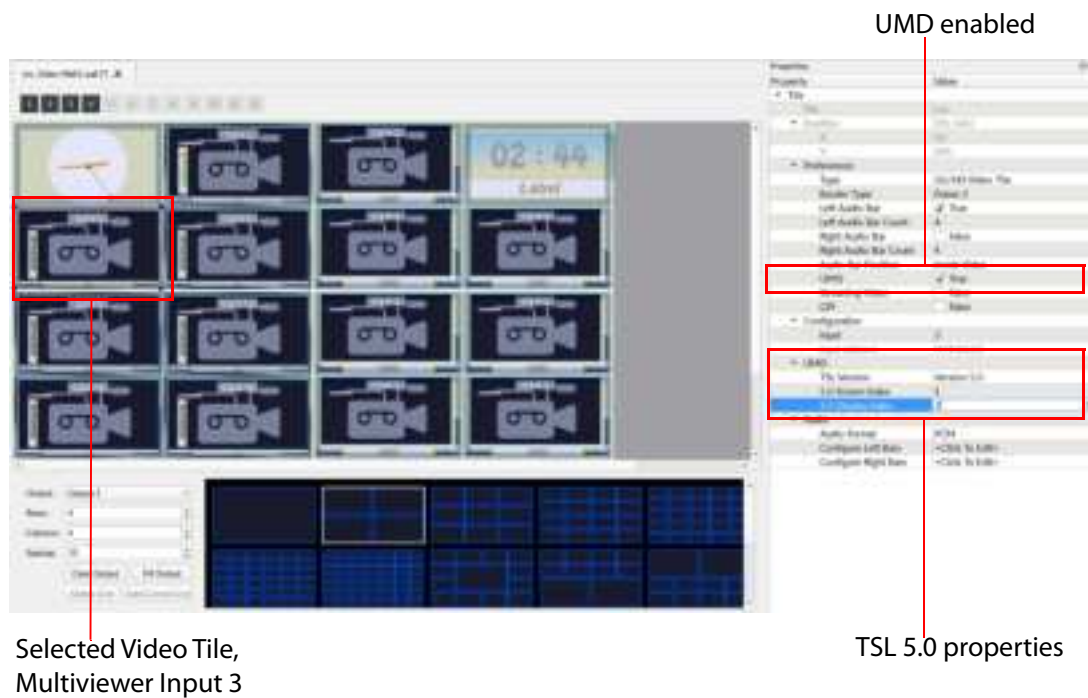


Fig. 6-94: Orbit - Video Tile - UMD TSL 5.0 Properties

Terminology

Section contents:

[Multiviewer Terminology](#) on page 260

[IP Routing Terminology](#) on page 263

Multiviewer Terminology

Table 6-52 lists some multiviewer terminology used when designing multiviewer video walls with the Grass Valley Orbit software tool for the IQUCP25/50-MV module.

Table 6-52: Definition of Terms

Term	Definition
Wall, Video Wall	One or more monitor display screens configured to form one large screen.
Display Screen	Display area of one individual monitor/display device.
Theme	The style and appearance of the video wall and its screen elements. A Theme is a set of widget styles which can be applied to a project. Each widget may have one or more specific styles. Using themes, a video wall may be tailored to conform to a house style.
Style	Each Widget can have several appearances, styles. Styles are changes to a widget's appearance and do not affect its function. Styles can be grouped under themes.
Tile	A rectangular area on a video wall screen, usually displaying video inputs and other supporting information. For example, a tile may display a video picture with audio level and other related status information. Other information may be displayed in tiles, for example, time, images, labels and/or text.
Tile Grid	A multiviewer video wall screen is divided up into rectangular areas; various sizes and arrangements are possible. A tile grid can be used in Orbit for quick-positioning of tile arrangements on a wall.
Fine Grid	A fine grid on an Orbit screen is used for the fine-positioning of graphical elements. For example, for positioning Tiles on a wall or Widgets on a tile.

Table 6-52: Definition of Terms (continued)

Term	Definition
Widget	On-screen graphical elements used to display information on tiles. There are one or more widgets on a tile. Displayed information includes: Audio sound level, Time, Text labels. Widget types include: Audio bars, Clocks, Images, Labels, Lines, Tally LEDs, Timers, UMDs, Video and Web sources.
Head Display Output, Display Output	A 1080P or 720P output from the IQUCP25 Module; this can be SDI video (HD-BNC) or a video IP stream. Each head display output is connected to a monitor display that forms all or part of a multiviewer video wall. There are four head display outputs on an IQUCP25/50-MV module.
Video Input	One of 12 video inputs to the IQUCP25/50-MV module.
Multiviewer Input	One of 12 video inputs to the multiviewer block within the IQUCP25/50-MV module.

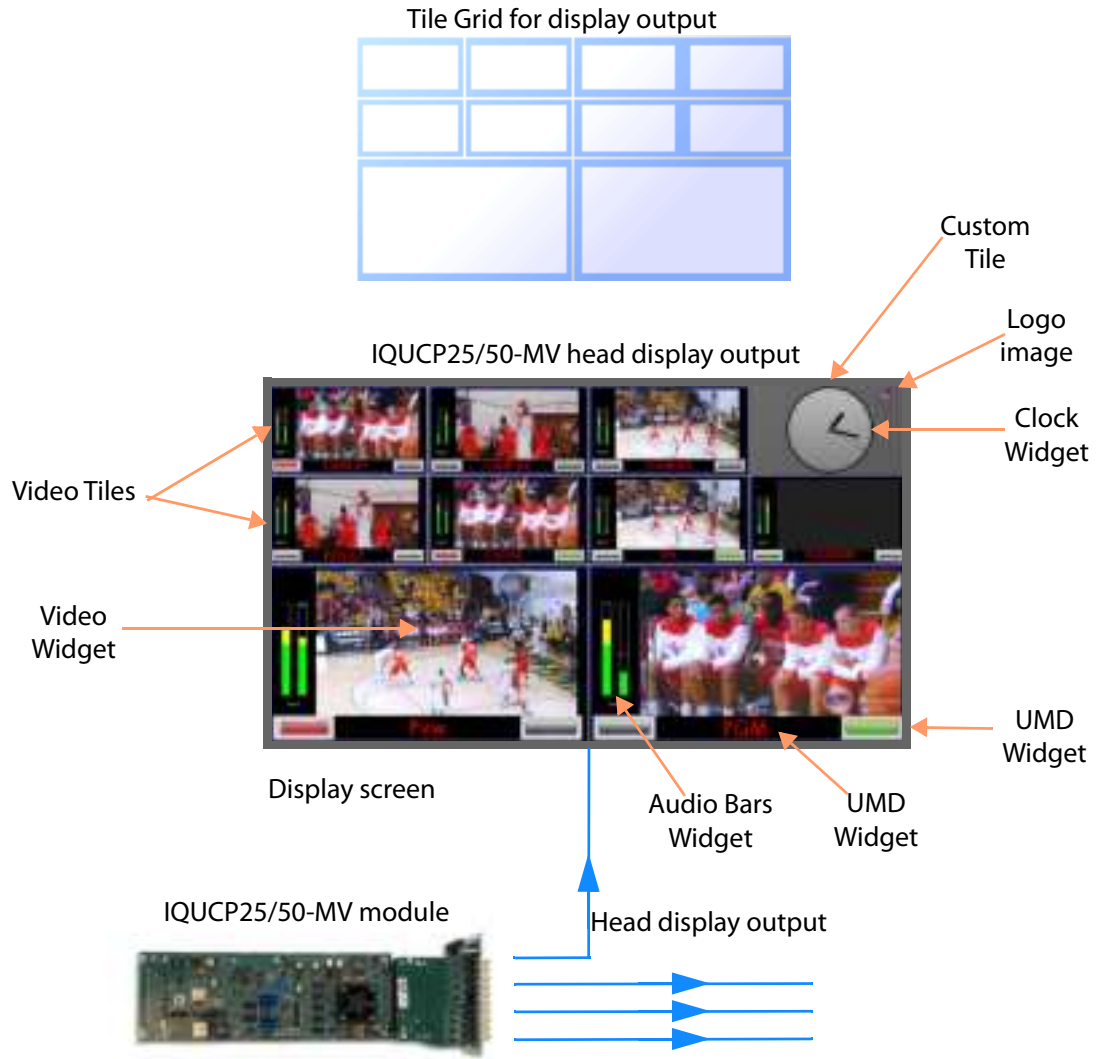


Fig. 6-95: Monitor Display Screen

IP Routing Terminology

Table 6-53: Glossary of IP Routing Terms

Control network	Typically an Ethernet network dedicated for device control.
COTS	Commercial Off-The-Shelf. Refers to hardware that is not specific to an industry, but is generic and readily available. In this case, it is high-performance IT switching equipment,.
Destination	Receiver of one or more flows. Destination spigot.
Essence	A general term used to describe a component of a media signal. Video, Audio and Metadata are all essences.
Fabric	Term for the networks that can make up a redundant network system, Fabric "A" and Fabric "B".
FEC	Forward Error Correction. A technique for controlling errors in data transmission where the sender encodes message in a redundant way by using an error-correcting code. The redundancy allows the receiver to detect and correct errors.
Flow	Another term for an elementary IP stream, usually a sequence of real-time data sent as an RTP IP data stream. For example, TR-03 describes how a media stream (e.g. an original SDI stream) may be sent as three flows: Video, Audio and Ancillary essence data.
IEEE 1588	A Precision Time Protocol (PTP) to synchronize distributed clocks to within 1 microsecond via Ethernet networks. PTP runs on IP networks, transferring precision time to slave devices via a 1 GHz virtual clock (time base). It is used to synchronize TR-03 elementary streams.
IGMPv3	Internet Group Management Protocol. Communications protocol used in IP multicasting by client IP devices and an IP router to establish multicast group membership. The routing function of a traditional video router can be replicated with a IP Network Router Controller deice and a COTS IP Switch which supports the IGMPv3 protocol.
In-Band Control	Sending control messages for an IP routing system in the media IP network fabric.
IP Stream	Real-time data (for example, video and/or audio) sent over a network.
IP Flow	Flows form a stream. There may be Video and Audio IP flows in an IP stream.

Table 6-53: Glossary of IP Routing Terms (continued)

IP Router	A device that connects networks together.
IP Switch	A device that connects many network lines together. Many users can communicate and more than one transaction can occur at a time on network.
LLDP	Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP). This is an open IP protocol used in IEEE 802.1ab to discover a network device's identity and abilities, and to make physical network topology information available. Information is readable via standard network management protocols, such as SNMP.
MAC Address	Media Access Control (MAC) address is a unique 48-bit identifier assigned to a network interface connection of a network device. For example: 5C-26-0A-39-21-EE.
Media network	A high-capacity network dedicated to carrying high bit rate media.
Multicast Stream	A one-to-many IP stream. Devices receiving the stream subscribe to the multicast stream's IP address.
Network	A group of two or more Ethernet-enabled systems linked together via IP. In the case of broadcast video IP network, a local area network optimized for the transfer and broadcast of real-time, high bandwidth video IP streams
Out-of-Band Control	Method of sending control messages for an IP routing system in a separate control network.
RFC-4175	TR-03 uses Internet Engineering Task Force's (IETF) RFC-4175 to pack (uncompressed) active video lines into an RTP IP stream.
RollCall	Grass Valley control and monitoring system.
RollCallv3	Traditional Grass Valley RollCall messages in the Grass Valley RollCall control and monitoring system product.
RollCall+	New extension to Grass Valley RollCall. Uses RollCall+ Domains to separate data flow types. Used in MV-8 series Multiviewers, IQUCP25/50-MV and in IP Routing control and configuration.
RTP	Real-time Transport Protocol. An IP standard which specifies a way to manage the real-time transmission of multimedia data over a network.

Table 6-53: Glossary of IP Routing Terms (continued)

SDI	Serial Digital Interface. A method for packing real-time media (uncompressed video, audio and metadata essences) into a digital serial bit stream and sending it over a low-latency, point-to-point electrical link (typically a coaxial cable).
SMPTE 2022-6	A transport protocol for the real time transport of high bit-rate video/audio data over IP networks, where the entire payload of the SDI signal is encapsulated as one IP stream. Designed to be applied to television transport for broadcast production and is not intended for emission purposes.
SMPTE 2022-7	A standard for the seamless reconstruction of a stream from the transmission of two streams of identical content over potentially diverse paths. Enables cost-effective redundant network operation. Two network are used and a full stream is sent on each network. A receiving device can switch between two received streams and recover the content of the original full stream.
SMPTE 2110	A standard for an extensible RTP IP streams (essence streams, including uncompressed video) referenced to a common clock. Includes support for a variable raster size (up to 32Kx32K pixels), HDR, and a variety of color sampling schemes, bit depths and frame-rates.
Source	Originator of one or more flows. Source spigot.
Spigot	A generic term for a source or a destination of one or more flows.
Stream	Term usually associated with delivery of constant, real-time media (e.g. Audio, Video) over IP networks with a stream of data packets.
TR-03	A Video Services Forum (VSF) Technical Recommendation concerning the transport of time-related uncompressed media over IP. Carriage of video, audio and ancillary data in separate elementary streams to provide greater flexibility in the production of media.
TR-04	A Video Services Forum (VSF) Technical Recommendation concerning the transport of media streams and elementary streams over a network.



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