Network Interface Appendix

Anybus CompactCom 30 EtherNet/IP Functionality 2-Port

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HALMSTAD · CHICAGO · KARLSRUHE · TOKYO · BEIJING · MILANO · MULHOUSE · COVENTRY · PUNE · COPENHAGEN

Important User Information

This document is intended to provide a good understanding of the functionality offered by EtherNet/IP. The document only describes the features that are specific to the Anybus CompactCom 30 EtherNet/IP w. IT Functionality 2-Port. For general information regarding the Anybus CompactCom, consult the Anybus CompactCom design

The reader of this document is expected to be familiar with high level software design, and communication systems in general. The use of advanced EtherNet/IP-specific functionality may require in-depth knowledge in EtherNet/IP networking internals and/or information from the official EtherNet/IP specifications. In such cases, the people responsible for the implementation of this product should either obtain the EtherNet/IP specification to gain sufficient knowledge or limit their implementation in such a way that this is not necessary.

Liability

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The examples and illustrations in this document are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular implementation, HMS Industrial Networks AB cannot assume responsibility for actual use based on these examples and illustrations.

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Trademark Acknowledgements

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Warning: This is a class A product. in a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

ESD Note: This product contains ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) sensitive parts that may be damaged if ESD

control procedures are not followed. Static control precautions are required when handling the prod-

uct. Failure to observe this may cause damage to the product.

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P. About This Document

For more information, documentation etc., please visit the HMS website, 'www.anybus.com'.

P.1 Related Documents

Document	Author
Anybus CompactCom 30 Software Design Guide	HMS
Anybus CompactCom 30 Hardware Design Guide	HMS
Anybus CompactCom 30 Software Driver User Guide	HMS
CIP specifications	ODVA
Anybus CompactCom 30 Brick and without Housing Design Guide	HMS

P.2 Document History

Summary of Recent Changes (1.31 1.32)

Change	Page(s)
Added note to command SaveDataToFile (SSI)	36
Corrected usage of Get_Configuration_Data	139
Added attribute #13 to CIP TCP/IP interface object and updated object revision to 4	66
Changed description of the [AuthName] tag	25
Changed product name	48, 124
Added QuickConnect instance to Network Configuration Object (04h)	83
Updated revision no of EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)	123
Moved front view and brick information to Technical Specification	141
Added info on brick network connector	143

Revision List

Revision	Date	Author(s)	Chapter(s)	Description
1.00	2010-03-25	KeL	All	First release
1.01	2011-02-10	KeL	G, P, 9, 1, 8, 5, C	Minor corrections and updates
1.02	2011-08-08	KaD	5	Minor addition and updates
1.03	2012-01-30	KeL	2	Minor update
1.04	2012-03-07	KaD	2, 8	Minor update and minor corrections
1.10	2012-09-12	KeL, KaD	1, 8, 9, 10, B	New connectors and minor corrections
1.20	2012-12-04	KeL	1, 10	Updated with brick version and minor update of object descrip-
				tion.
1.21	2013-02-20	KeL	3,9,10	Minor corrections
1.22	2013-07-24	KeL	1, 8, 9	Minor corrections and updates
1.30	2013-01-17	KeL	8, 10	Updates
1.31	2014-07-10	KeL	8, 10	Minor corrections and updates
1.32	2015-05-06	KeL	5, 7, 8, 9, 10, C,	
			E	

P.3 Conventions & Terminology

The following conventions are used throughout this manual:

- Numbered lists provide sequential steps
- Bulleted lists provide information, not procedural steps
- The terms 'Anybus' or 'module' refers to the Anybus CompactCom module.
- The terms 'host' or 'host application' refers to the device that hosts the Anybus module.
- Hexadecimal values are written in the format 0xNNNN or NNNNh, where NNNN is the hexadecimal value.

P.4 Support

For general contact information and support, please refer to the contact and support pages at www.hms-networks.com.

1. About the Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP 2port

1.1 General

The Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP 2-port communication module provides instant Ethernet and EtherNet/IP connectivity via the patented Anybus CompactCom host interface. Any device that supports this standard can take advantage of the features offered by the module, allowing seamless network integration regardless of network type. The module supports both linear and ring network topology (DLR, Device Level Ring).

The modular approach of the Anybus CompactCom platform allows the CIP-object implementation to be extended to fit specific application requirements. Furthermore, the Identity Object can be customized, allowing the end product to appear as a vendor-specific implementation rather than a generic Anybus module.

This product conforms to all aspects of the host interface for Active modules defined in the Anybus CompactCom Hardware- and Software Design Guides, making it fully interchangeable with any other device following that specification. Generally, no additional network related software support is needed, however in order to be able to take full advantage of advanced network specific functionality, a certain degree of dedicated software support may be necessary.

1.2 Features

- Two EtherNet/IP ports
- Ethernet or M12 connectors
- · Brick version
- · Device Level Ring (DLR) and linear network topology supported
- Galvanically isolated bus electronics
- 10/100 Mbit, full/half duplex operation
- Web server w. customizable content
- FTP server
- Email client
- · Server Side Include (SSI) functionality
- Customizable Identity Information
- Up to 65535 ADIs
- CIP Parameter Object support
- Expandable CIP-object implementation
- Supports unconnected CIP routing
- Transparent Socket Interface

2. Tutorial

2.1 Introduction

This chapter is a complement to the Anybus CompactCom Implementation Tutorial. The ABCC tutorial describes and explains a simple example of an implementation with Anybus CompactCom. This chapter includes network specific settings that are needed for a host application to be up and running and possible to certify for use on EtherNet/IP networks.

2.2 Fieldbus Conformance Notes

- ODVA requires that all manufacturers use their own Vendor ID. A Vendor ID can be applied for from ODVA.¹
- The Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP has been pre-compliance tested by ODVA's authorized Independent Test Lab and found to comply with the ODVA Conformance Test Software. However, in accordance with ODVA's conformance test policy, the final product must still be compliance tested to ensure fieldbus conformance. In order to be able to do this, the vendor information in the EtherNet/IP Host Object must be customized.
- It is strongly recommended also to customize the information in the Identity Object (CIP), to enable the product to appear as a vendor specific implementation rather than a generic Anybus module.

2.3 Conformance Test Guide

When using the default settings of all parameters, the Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP 2-Port module is precertified for network compliance. This precertification is done to ensure that your product *can* be certified, but it does not mean that your product will not require certification.

Any change in the parameters in the EDS file, supplied by HMS, will require a certification. A Vendor ID can be obtained from ODVA and is compulsory for certification. This section provides a guide for successful conformance testing your product, containing the Anybus CompactCom 30 EtherNet/IP w. IT Functionality 2-Port module, to comply with the demands for network certification set by the ODVA.

Independent of selected operation mode, the actions described in this section have to be accounted for in the certification process. The identity of the product needs to be changed to match your company and device.

IMPORTANT: This section provides guidelines and examples of what is needed for certification. Depending on the functionality of your application, there may be additional steps to take. Please contact HMS Industrial Networks at www.anybus.com for more information.

^{1.} ODVA is the organization that supports network technologies built on the Common Industrial Protocol (CIP), for example EtherNet/IP. See www.odva.org for more information.

2.3.1 Reidentifying Your Product

After successful setting of the "Setup Complete" attribute in the Anybus Object (01h), the Anybus module asks for identification data from the EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h) and the Ethernet Host Object (F9h). Therefore, the attributes listed below shall be implemented and proper values returned.

Object/Instance	Attribute	Explanation	Default	Customer sample	Comment
EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h), Instance 1	#1, Vendor ID	With this attribute you set the Vendor ID of the device.	Vendor ID: 005Ah	Vendor ID: 1111h	This information must match the keyword values of the "Device" section in the EDS file.
EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h), Instance 1	#2, Device Type ^a	With this attribute you set the Device Type of the device.	Device Type: 0000h (HMS)	Device Type: 002Bh ^a	
EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h), Instance 1	#3, Product Code	With this attribute you set the Product Code of the device	002Eh	2222h	
EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h), Instance 1	#4, Revision	With this attribute you set the Revision of the device.		1.1	
EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h), Instance 1	#5, Serial Number	With this attribute you set the Serial Number of the device.		12345678h	Unique number for all CIP devices produced with the same 'Vendor ID.
EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h), Instance 1	#6, Product Name	With this attribute you set the Product Name of the device.	"Anybus-CC Ether- Net/IP (2-Port)"	"Widget"	This information must match the keyword values of the "Device" section in the EDS file.
Ethernet Host Object (F9h), Instance 1	#1, MAC address	With this attribute you set theMAC address of the device.		00-11-22-33-44-55	6 byte physical address value from range obtained from IEEE

a. The Device Type default value 0000h must be changed for the module to pass a conformance test. If no other specific profile is implemented, use the value 002Bh (Generic Device (keyable)).

2.3.2 Factory Default Reset

Reset command to Application Object (FFh) must be supported

When Anybus CompactCom 30 EtherNet/IP w. IT Functionality 2-Port modules are delivered, they are required to be in their "Factory Default" state. For Anybus CompactCom 30 EtherNet/IP w. IT Functionality 2-Port devices this means that the IP suite is not assigned (IP 0.0.0.0). When a Factory Default Reset command is received from the network, the Anybus module will erase all IP information and inform the host application that a reset of the Anybus module is required. This is done by sending a Reset command to the Application Object (FFh) of the host (Power-on + Factory Default). For more details, please consult the Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide.

2.3.3 IP address

Normally the IP numbers of Anybus CompactCom 30 EtherNet/IP w. IT Functionality 2-Port devices are assigned via a DHCP server. HMS does not recommend using the Network Configuration Object (04h, instances #3 - #11) during the initialization phase for EtherNet/IP modules, unless the end user has requested the IP address to be set to a specific value (by for example using a keypad). The reason is that when a factory default reset command is received from the EtherNet/IP network (via DHCP) the node must be available after reset with the DHCP enabled.

3. Basic Operation

3.1 General Information

3.1.1 Software Requirements

Generally, no additional network support code needs to be written in order to support the Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP. However, due to the nature of the EtherNet/IP networking system, certain restrictions must be taken into account:

- Certain functionality in the module requires that the command 'Get_Instance_Number_By_Order' (Application Data Object, FEh) is implemented in the host application.
- Up to 5 diagnostic instances (See "Diagnostic Object (02h)" on page 75) can be created by the host application during normal conditions. An additional 6th instance may be created in event of a major fault.
- EtherNet/IP in itself does not impose any specific timing demands when it comes to acyclic requests (i.e. requests towards instances in the Application Data Object), however it is generally recommended to process and respond to such requests within a reasonable time period (exactly what this means in practice depends on the implementation and the actual installation).
- The use of advanced CIP-specific functionality may require in-depth knowledge in CIP networking internals and/or information from the official CIP and EtherNet/IP specifications. In such cases, the people responsible for the implementation of this product is expected either to obtain these specifications to gain sufficient knowledge or limit their implementation is such a way that this is not necessary.

For in-depth information regarding the Anybus CompactCom software interface, consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide.

See also...

- "Diagnostic Object (02h)" on page 75 (Anybus Module Objects)
- Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide, "Application Data Object (FEh)"

3.2 Device Customization

3.2.1 Network Identity

By default, the module uses the following identity settings:

Vendor ID: 005Ah (HMS Industrial Networks)

0000h (Generic Device) Device Type:

Product Code: 002Eh (Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP)

Product Name: "Anybus-CC EtherNet/IP (2-Port)"

Optionally, it is possible to customize the identity of the module by implementing the corresponding instance attributes in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

See also...

- "Identity Object (01h)" on page 47 (CIP-object)
- "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123 (Host Application Object)

IMPORTANT: According to the CIP specification, the combination of V endor ID and serial number <u>must</u> be unique. It is <u>not</u> permitted to use a custom serial number in combination with the HMS V endor ID (005Ah), nor is it permitted to choose Vendor ID arbitrarily. Failure to comply to this requirement will induce interopability problems and/or other unwanted side effects. HMS approves use of the HMS Vendor ID (005Ah), in combination with the default serial number, under the condition that the implementation requires no deviations from the standard EDS-file.

To obtain a Vendor ID, contact the ODVA.

3.2.2 Electronic Data Sheet (EDS)

On EtherNet/IP, the characteristics of a device is stored in an ASCII data file with the suffix EDS. This file is used by configuration tools etc. when setting up the network configuration. HMS supplies a standard (generic) EDS-file, which corresponds to the default settings in the module. However, due to the flexible nature of the Anybus CompactCom concept, it is possible to alter the behavior of the product in ways which invalidate the generic EDS-file. In such case, a custom EDS-file needs to be created, which in turn invalidates the default identity information and require re-certification of the product.

Note: Since the module implements the Parameter Object, it is possible for configuration tools such as RSNetWorx to automatically generate a suitable EDS-file. Note that this functionality requires that the command 'Get_Instance_Number_By_Order' (Application Data Object, FEh) has been implemented in the host application.

See also...

- "Parameter Object (0Fh)" on page 57 (CIP-object)
- Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide, "Application Data Object (FEh)"

IMPORTANT: HMS approves use of the standard EDS-file only under the condition that it matches the actual implementation and that the identity information remains unchanged.

3.2.3 EtherNet/IP & CIP Implementation

By default, the module supports the generic CIP-profile. Optionally, it is possible to re-route requests to unimplemented CIP-objects to the host application, thus enabling support for other profiles etc.

To support a specific profile, perform the following steps:

- · Set up the identity settings in the EtherNet/IP Host Object according to profile requirements.
- Set up the Assembly Instance Numbers according to profile requirements.
- Enable routing of CIP-messages to the host application in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.
- Implement the required CIP-objects in the host application.

Unconnected CIP routing is supported, which means that a message can be sent to a device without first setting up a connection.

See also...

- "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123 (Host Application Object)
- "Command Details: Process_CIP_Object_Request" on page 127

3.2.4 Web Interface

The web interface can be fully customized to suit a particular application. Data and web pages are stored in a FLASH-based file system, which can be accessed using any standard FTP-client.

See also...

- "File System" on page 17
- "FTP Server" on page 18
- "Web Server" on page 20

3.2.5 Socket Interface (Advanced Users Only)

The built in socket interface allows additional protocols to be implemented on top of TCP/IP.

See also...

- "Socket Interface Object (07h)" on page 84 (Anybus Module Object)
- "Message Segmentation" on page 138

3.3 Communication Settings

As with other Anybus CompactCom products, network related communication settings are grouped in the Network Configuration Object (04h).

In this case, this includes...

TCP/IP settings

These settings must be set properly in order for the module to be able to participate on the net-

The module supports DHCP, which may be used to retrieve the TCP/IP settings from a DHCPserver automatically. DHCP is enabled by default, but can be disabled if necessary.

Physical Link Settings

By default, the module uses auto negotiation to establish the physical link settings, however it is possible to force a specific setting if necessary.

The parameters in the Network Configuration Object (04h) are available from the network through the built in web server, and through the TCP/IP Interface Object (CIP).

See also...

- "Web Server" on page 20
- "TCP/IP Interface Object (F5h)" on page 65 (CIP)
- "Ethernet Link Object (F6h)" on page 68 (CIP)
- "Network Configuration Object (04h)" on page 77 (Anybus Module Object)
- "HICP (Host IP Configuration Protocol)" on page 140

3.4 Diagnostics

The severity value of all pending events are combined (using logical OR) and copied to the corresponding bits in the 'Status'-attribute of the Identity Object (CIP).

See also...

- "Identity Object (01h)" on page 47 (CIP)
- "Diagnostic Object (02h)" on page 75 (Anybus Module Object)

3.5 Network Data Exchange

3.5.1 Application Data (ADIs)

ADIs are represented through the ADI Object (CIP). Each instance within this objects corresponds directly to an instance in the Application Data Object on the host application side.

Accessible range of ADIs is 1 to 65535.

See also...

- "Parameter Object (0Fh)" on page 57 (CIP)
- "ADI Object (A2h)" on page 61 (CIP)

3.5.2 Process Data

Process Data is represented as dedicated instances in the Assembly Object (CIP). Note that each ADI element is mapped on a byte-boundary, i.e. each BOOL occupies one byte.

See also...

- "Assembly Object (04h)" on page 51 (CIP)
- "Connection Manager (06h)" on page 54 (CIP)

3.5.3 Translation of Data Types

The Anybus data types are translated to CIP-standard and vice versa as follows:

Anybus Data Type	CIP Data Type	Comments
BOOL	BOOL	Each ADI element of this type occupies one byte.
ENUM	USINT	
SINT8	SINT	
UINT8	USINT	
SINT16	INT	Each ADI element of this type occupies two bytes.
UINT16	UINT	
SINT32	DINT	Each ADI element of this type occupies four bytes.
UINT32	UDINT	
FLOAT	REAL	
CHAR	SHORT_STRING	SHORT_STRING consists of a single-byte length field (which in this case represents the number of ADI elements) followed by the actual character data (in this case the actual ADI elements). This means that a 10-character string occupies 11 bytes.
SINT64	LINT	Each ADI element of this type occupies eight bytes.
UINT64	ULINT	

3.6 File System

3.6.1 General Information

Category: Extended

The built-in file system hosts 1.43MByte of non-volatile storage, which can be accessed by the HTTP and FTP servers, the email client, and the host application.

The file system uses the following conventions:

- '\' (backslash) is used as a path separator
- A 'path' originates from the system root and as such must begin with a '\'
- A 'path' must not end with a '\'
- Names may contain spaces (' ') but must not begin or end with one.
- Names must not contain one of the following characters: '\ / : * ? " < > |'
- Names cannot be longer than 48 characters
- A path cannot be longer than 255 characters (filename included)

See also...

- "FTP Server" on page 18
- "Web Server" on page 20
- "E-mail Client" on page 27
- "Server Side Include (SSI)" on page 28
- "File System Interface Object (0Ah)" on page 106

IMPORTANT: The file system is located in flash memory. Due to technical reasons, each flash segment can be erased approximately 100000 times before failure, making it unsuitable for random access storage.

The following operations will erase one or more flash segments:

- Deleting, moving or renaming a file or directory
- Writing or appending data to an existing file
- Formatting the file system

3.6.2 System Files

The file system contains a set of files used for system configuration. These files, known as "system files", are regular ASCII files which can be altered using a standard text editor (such as the Notepad in Microsoft WindowsTM). The format of these files are, with a few exceptions, based on the concept of 'keys', where each 'key' can be assigned a value, see below.

```
Example:

[Key1]

value of Key1

[Key2]

value of Key2
```

4. FTP Server

4.1 General Information

Category: extended

The built-in FTP-server makes it easy to manage the file system using a standard FTP client.

By default, the following port numbers are used for FTP communication:

- TCP, port 20 (FTP data port)
- TCP, port 21 (FTP command port)

The FTP server supports up to 8 concurrent connections.

4.2 User Accounts

User accounts are stored in the configuration file '\ftp.cfg'. This file holds the usernames, passwords, and home directory for all users. Users are not able to access files outside of their home directory.

File Format:

```
User1:Password1:Homedir1
User2:Password2:Homedir2
User3:Password3:Homedir3
```

Optionally, the UserN:PasswordN-section can be replaced by a path to a file containing a list of users as follows:

```
File Format ('\ftp.cfg'):
```

```
User1:Password1:Homedir1
User2:Password2:Homedir2
\path\userlistA:HomedirA
\path\userlistB:HomedirB
```

The files containing the user lists shall have the following format:

File Format:

```
User1:Password1
User2:Password2
User3:Password3
```

Notes:

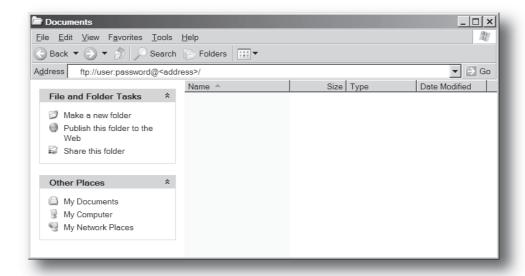
- Usernames must not exceed 15 characters in length.
- Passwords must not exceed 15 characters in length.
- Usernames and passwords must only contain alphabetic characters and/or numbers.
- If '\ftp.cfg' is missing or cannot be interpreted, all username/password combinations will be accepted and the home directory will be the FTP root (i.e. '\ftp\').
- The home directory for a user must also exist in the file system if they should be able to log in, just adding the user information to the 'ftp.cfg' file it is not enough.

- If 'Admin Mode' has been enabled in the Ethernet Object, all username/password combinations
 will be accepted and the user will have unrestricted access to the file system (i.e. the home directory will be the system root).
- It is strongly recommended to have at least one user with root access ('\') permission. If not, 'Admin Mode' must be enabled each time a system file needs to be altered (including '\ftp.cfg').

4.3 Session Example

The Windows Explorer features a built-in FTP client which can easily be used to access the file system as follows:

- 1. Open Windows Explorer
- **2.** In the address field, type FTP://<user>:<password>@<address>
 - Substitute <address> with the IP address of the Anybus module
 - Substitute <user> with the username
 - Substitute <password> with the password
- **3.** Press enter. The Explorer will now attempt to connect to the Anybus module using the specified settings. If successful, the file system will be displayed in the Explorer window.



5. Web Server

5.1 General Information

Category: extended

The built-in web server provides a flexible environment for end-user interaction and configuration purposes. The powerful combination of SSI and client-side scripting allows access to objects and file system data, enabling the creation of advanced graphical user interfaces.

The web interfaces is stored in the file system, which can be accessed through the FTP server. If necessary, the web server can be completely disabled in the Ethernet Host Object.

The web server supports up to 20 concurrent connections and communicates through port 80.

See also...

- "FTP Server" on page 18
- "Server Side Include (SSI)" on page 28
- "Ethernet Host Object (F9h)" on page 132

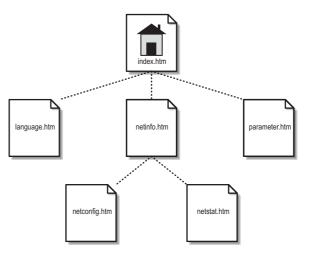
5.2 Default Web Pages

The default web interface consists of a set of virtual files; these virtual files may be replaced, but not permanently erased, by placing files with the same name in the same location (i.e. the web root).

The files can be used as-is or called from a customized web environment.

The files are:





Note: If none of these files are used, it is recommended to completely disable the virtual file system altogether in the File System Interface Object.

See also...

- "File System" on page 17
- "File System Interface Object (0Ah)" on page 106

5.2.1 Network Configuration

The network configuration page provides an interface for changing TCP/IP and SMTP settings in the Network Configuration Object.









► Main ► Network interface

The module needs to be reset for the TCP/IP and SMTP settings to take effect. The Ethernet Configuration settings will take effect immediately.

Available editable settings will be explained on the next page.

IP Configuration

The module needs a reset for any changes to take effect.

Name	Description
IP address	The TCP/IP settings of the module
Subnet mask	Default values: 0.0.0.0
Gateway	Value ranges: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255
Host name	IP address or name Max 64 characters
Domain name	IP address or name Max 48 characters
DNS 1	Primary and secondary DNS server, used to resolve host name
DNS 2	Default values: 0.0.0.0 Value ranges: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255
DHCP	Checkbox for enabling or disabling DHCP Default value: enabled

SMTP Settings

The module needs a reset before any changes take effect

Name	Description
SMTP Server	IP address or name
	Max 64 characters
SMTP User	Max 64 characters
SMTP Pswd	Max 64 characters

Ethernet Configuration

Changes will take effect immediately.

Name	Description
Comm 1	Ethernet speed/duplex settings
Comm 2	Default value: auto

5.2.2 Ethernet statistics page

The Ethernet statistics web page contains the following information:

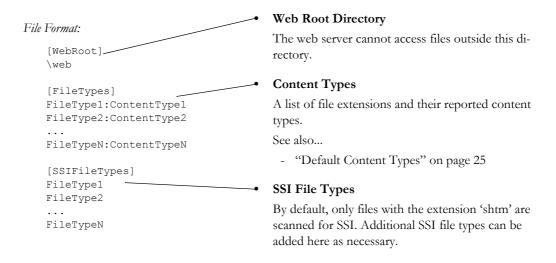
Ethernet Link		Description	
Port 1	Speed:	The current link speed.	
	Duplex:	The current duplex configuration.	
Port 2	Speed:	The current link speed.	
	Duplex:	The current duplex configuration.	
Ethernet/IP	Statistics	Description	
Established	Class1 Connections	Current number of established class1 connections	
Established	Class3 Connections	Current number of established class3 connections	
Connection (Open Requests	Number of received connection open requests	
Connection Open Format Rejects		Connection open requests rejected due to request format error	
Connection (Open Resource Rejects	Connection open requests rejected due to lack of resources	
Connection (Open Other Rejects	Connection open requests rejected due to other reasons	
Connection Close Requests		Number of received connection open requests	
Connection (Close Format Rejects	Connection close requests rejected du to request format error	
Connection Close Other Rejects		Connection close requests rejected due to other reasons	
Connection Timeouts		Nummer of connection timeouts	
Interface Co	ounters	Description	
In Octets:		Received bytes.	
In Ucast Pac	kets:	Received unicast packets.	
In NUcast pa	ackets:	Received non-unicast packets (broadcast and multicast).	
In Discards:		Received packets discarded due to no available memory buffers.	
In Errors:		Received packets discarded due to reception error.	
In Unknown Protos:		Received packets with unsupported protocol type.	
Out Octets:		Sent bytes.	
Out Ucast packets:		Sent unicast packets.	
Out NUcast	packets:	Sent non-unicast packets (broadcast and multicast).	
Out Discards	S :	Outgoing packets discarded due to no available memory buffers.	
Out Errors:		Transmission errors.	

5.3 Server Configuration

5.3.1 General Information

Category: advanced

Basic web server configuration settings are stored in the system file '\http.cfg'. This file holds the root directory for the web interface, content types, and a list of file types which shall be scanned for SSI.



The web root directory determines the location of all files related to the web interface. Files outside of this directory and its sub-directories *cannot* be accessed by the web server.

5.3.2 Index Page

The module searches for possible index pages in the following order:

- 1. <WebRoot>\index.htm
- 2. <WebRoot>\index.html
- **3.** <WebRoot>\index.shtm
- 4. <WebRoot>\index.wml

Note 1: Substitute < WebRoot > with the web root directory specified in '\http.cfg'.

Note 2: If no index page is found, the module will default to the virtual index file (if enabled).

See also...

"Default Web Pages" on page 20

5.3.3 Default Content Types

By default, the following content types are recognized by their file extension:

File Extension	Reported Content Type	
htm, html, shtm	text/html	
gif	image/gif	
jpeg, jpg, jpe	image/jpeg	
png	image/x-png	
js	application/x-javascript	
bat, txt, c, h, cpp, hpp	text/plain	
zip	application/x-zip-compressed	
exe, com	application/octet-stream	
wml	text/vnd.wap.wml	
wmlc	application/vnd.wap.wmlc	
wbmp	image/vnd.wap.wbmp	
wmls	text/vnd.wap.wmlscript	
wmlsc	application/vnd.wap.wmlscriptc	
xml	text/xml	
pdf	application/pdf	
CSS	text/css	

Content types can be added or redefined by adding them to the server configuration file, see "General Information" on page 24.

5.3.4 Authorization

Directories can be protected from web access by placing a file called 'web_accs.cfg' in the directory to protect. This file shall contain a list of users that are allowed to access the directory and its subdirectories.

File Format:



List of approved users.

Optionally, a realm name can be specified by including the key [AuthName]. This message will be displayed by the web browser when prompting for credentials, both for basic and digest authentication types. Web browsers expects the same credentials to be valid as long as the same realm is returned. If different passwords are required for different folders, different realm names should be used as well. If no [AuthName] is specified, the product name will be used.

The list of approved users can optionally be redirected to one or several other files.

Example:

In this example, the list of approved users will be loaded from 'here.cfg' and 'too.cfg'.

```
[File path]
\i\put\some\over\here.cfg
\i\actually\put\some\of\it\here\too.cfg

[AuthType]
Basic
[AuthName]
Howdy. Password, please.
```

The field 'AuthType' is used to identify the authentication scheme.

Value	Description
Basic	Web authentication method using plaintext passwords.
Digest	More secure web authentication method using encrypted password. Used as default if no [Authtype] field is specified.

6. E-mail Client

6.1 General Information

Category: extended

The built-in e-mail client allows the application to send e-mail messages through an SMTP-server. Messages can either be specified directly in the SMTP Client Object, or retrieved from the file system. The latter may contain SSI, however note that for technical reasons, certain commands cannot be used (specified separately for each SSI command).

The client supports authentication using the 'LOGIN' method. Account settings etc. are stored in the Network Configuration Object.

See also...

- "Network Configuration Object (04h)" on page 77
- "SMTP Client Object (09h)" on page 101

6.2 How to Send E-mail Messages

To be able to send e-mail messages, the SMTP-account settings must be specified.

This includes...

- A valid SMTP-server address
- A valid user name
- · A valid password

To send an e-mail message, perform the following steps:

- 1. Create a new e-mail instance using the 'Create'-command (03h)
- 2. Specify the sender, recipient, topic and message body in the e-mail instance
- 3. Issue the 'Send Instance Email'-command (10h) towards the e-mail instance
- **4.** Optionally, delete the e-mail instance using the 'Delete'-command (04h)

Sending a message based on a file in the file system is achieved using the 'Send Email from File'-command. For a description of the file format, see "Command Details: Send Email From File" on page 104.

7. Server Side Include (SSI)

7.1 General Information

Category: advanced

Server Side Include functionality, or SSI, allows data from files and objects to be represented on web pages and in e-mail messages.

SSI are special commands embedded within the source document. When the Anybus module encounters such a command, it will execute it, and replace it with the result specified operation (if applicable).

By default, only files with the extension 'shtm' are scanned for SSI.

7.2 Include File

This function includes the contents of a file. The content is scanned for SSI.

Note: This function cannot be used in e-mail messages.

```
Syntax:
    <?--#include file="filename"-->
filename-Source file
```

Default Output:

Scenario	Default Output
Success	(contents of file)

7.3 Command Functions

7.3.1 General Information

Command functions executes commands and includes the result.

General Syntax:

<?--#exec cmd argument='command'--> command-Command function, see below.

Command Functions:

| Command | Valid for Email Messages | Page |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------|
| GetConfigItem() | Yes | 30 |
| SetConfigItem() | No | 31 |
| SsiOutput() | Yes | 33 |
| DisplayRemoteUser | No | 33 |
| ChangeLanguage() | No | 34 |
| IncludeFile() | Yes | 35 |
| SaveDataToFile() | No | 36 |
| printf() | Yes | 37 |
| scanf() | No | 39 |

7.3.2 GetConfigItem()

This command returns specific information from a file in the file system.

File Format:

The source file must have the following format:

```
[key1]
     value1
     [key2]
     value2
     [keyN]
     valueN
Syntax:
   <?--exec cmd argument='GetConfigItem("filename", "key",</pre>
                                                 "separator") '-->
   filename -Source file to read from.
              -Source [key] in file.
   key
   separator -Optional; specifies line separation characters (e.g. "<br/>br>").
              (default is CRLF).
```

Default Output:

| Scenario | Default Output |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Success | (value of specified key) |
| Authentication Error | "Authentication error" |
| File open error | "Failed to open file "filename" " |
| Key not found | "Tag (key) not found " |

Example:

```
The following SSI...
```

[Apple]

```
<?--exec cmd_argument='GetConfigItem("\fruit.cnf", "Lemon")'-->
```

... in combination with the following file ('\fruit.cnf')...

```
Green
  [Lemon]
  Yellow
  [Banana]
  Blue
... returns the string 'Yellow'.
```

7.3.3 SetConfigItem()

This function stores an HTML-form as a file in the file system.

Note: This function cannot be used in e-mail messages.

Syntax:

```
<?--#exec cmd_argument='SetConfigItem("filename" [, Overwrite])'-->
```

filename-Destination file. If the specified file does not exist, it will be created (provided that the path is valid).

Overwrite-Optional; forces the module to create a new file each time the command is issued. The default behaviour is to modify the existing file.

File Format:

Each form object is stored as a [tag], followed by the actual value.

```
[form object name 1]
form object value 1
[form object name 2]
form object value 2
[form object name 3]
form object value 3
[form object name N]
form object value N
```

Note: Form objects with names starting with underscore ('_') will not be stored.

Default Output:

| Scenario | Default Output |
|----------------------|--|
| Success | "Configuration stored to "filename"" |
| Authentication Error | "Authentication error" |
| File open error | "Failed to open file "filename" " |
| File write error | "Could not store configuration to "filename" " |

Example:

The following example demonstrates how to use this function. The resulting page sends a form to itself, which is then evaluated by the SetConfigItem command.

```
<HTMT<sub>1</sub>>
<HEAD><TITLE>SetConfigItem Test</TITLE></HEAD>
<BODY>
<?--#exec cmd_argument='SetConfigItem("\food.txt")'-->
<FORM action="test.shtm">
 <P>
   <LABEL for="Name">Name: </LABEL><BR>
   <INPUT type="text" name="Name"><BR><BR>
   <LABEL for=" Age">Age: </LABEL><BR>
   <INPUT type="text" name=" Age"><BR><BR>
   <LABEL for="Food">Food: </LABEL><BR>
   <INPUT type="radio" name="Food" value="Cheese"> Cheese<BR>
   <INPUT type="radio" name="Food" value="Sausage"> Sausage<BR><BR>
   <LABEL for="Drink">Drink: </LABEL><BR>
   <INPUT type="radio" name="Drink" value="Wine"> Wine<BR>
   <INPUT type="radio" name="Drink" value="Beer"> Beer<BR><BR>
   <INPUT type="submit" name="_submit">
   <INPUT type="reset" name=" reset">
 </P>
</FORM>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

The resulting file ('\food.txt') may look somewhat as follows:

```
[Name]
Cliff Barnes
[Food]
Cheese
[Drink]
Beer
```

Note: In order for this example to work, the HTML-file must be named 'test.shtm'.

7.3.4 SsiOutput()

This command temporarily modifies the SSI output of the following command function.

```
Syntax:
   <?--#exec cmd argument='SsiOutput("success", "failure")'-->
   success- String to use in case of success
   failure - String to use in case of failure
Default Output:
   (this command produces no output on its own)
Example:
```

The following example illustrates how to use this command.

```
<?--#exec cmd argument='SsiOutput ("Parameter stored", "Error")'-->
<?--#exec cmd argument='SetConfigItem("File.cfg", Overwrite)'-->
```

See also...

"SSI Output Configuration" on page 45

7.3.5 DisplayRemoteUser

This command stores returns the user name on an authentication session.

Note: This command cannot be used in e-mail messages.

```
Syntax:
   <?--#exec cmd argument='DisplayRemoteUser'-->
```

Default Output:

| Scenario | Default Output |
|----------|----------------|
| Success | (current user) |

7.3.6 ChangeLanguage()

This command changes the language setting based on an HTML form object.

Note: This command cannot be used in e-mail messages.

Syntax:

```
<?--#exec cmd_argument='ChangeLanguage( "source" )'-->
```

source -Name of form object which contains the new language setting. The passed value must be a single digit as follows:

| Form value | Language |
|------------|----------|
| "0" | English |
| "1" | German |
| "2" | Spanish |
| "3" | Italian |
| "4" | French |

Default Output:

| Scenario | Default Output |
|----------|------------------------------|
| Success | "Language changed" |
| Error | "Failed to change language " |

Example:

The following example demonstrates how to use this function. The resulting page sends a form to itself, which is then evaluated by the ChangeLanguage() command.

```
<HTML>
<HEAD><TITLE>ChangeLanguage Test</TITLE></HEAD>
<BODY>
<?--#exec cmd argument='ChangeLanguage("lang")'-->
<FORM action="test.shtm">
 <P>
   <LABEL for="lang">Language(0-4): </LABEL><BR>
   <INPUT type="text" name="lang"><BR><BR>
   <INPUT type="submit" name=" submit">
 </P>
</FORM>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

Note: In order for this example to work, the HTML-file must be named 'test.shtm'.

7.3.7 IncludeFile()

This command includes the content of a file. Note that the content is <u>not</u> scanned for SSI.

Syntax:

```
<?--#exec cmd argument='IncludeFile("filename" [, separator])'-->
filename-Source file
```

separator-Optional; specifies line separation characters (e.g. "
br>").

Default Output:

| Scenario | Default Output |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Success | (file contents) |
| Authentication Error | "Authentication error " |
| File open error | "Failed to open file "filename" " |

Example:

The following example demonstrates how to use this function.

```
<HTML>
<head><TITLE>IncludeFile Test</TITLE></head>
<BODY>
 <H1> Contents of 'info.txt':</H1>
  <?--#exec cmd argument='IncludeFile("info.txt")'-->.
 </P>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

Contents of 'info.txt':

```
Neque porro quisquam est qui dolorem ipsum quia dolor sit amet,
consectetur, adipisci velit...
```

When viewed in a browser, the resulting page should look somewhat as follows:



See also...

"Include File" on page 28

7.3.8 SaveDataToFile()

This command stores data from an HTML-form as a file in the file system. Content from the different form objects are separated by a blank line (2*CRLF).

Note: This command cannot be used in email messages.

Note 2: The power to the module must not be recycled during the execution of this command. As there is no indication to confirm that the function has been fully executed, the function has to be used with care to avoid corruption of the file system.

```
Syntax:
```

```
<?--#exec cmd argument='SaveDataToFile("filename" [, "source"],</pre>
                                      Overwrite | Append) '-->
```

filename-Destination file. If the specified file does not exist, it will be created (provided that the path is valid).

source - Optional; by specifying a form object, only data from that particular form object will be stored. Default behaviour is to store data from all form objects except the ones where the name starts with underscore ('_').

Overwrite | Append-Specifies whether to overwrite or append data to existing files.

Default Output:

| Scenario | Default Output |
|----------------------|--|
| Success | "Configuration stored to "filename" " |
| Authentication Error | "Authentication error" |
| File write error | "Could not store configuration to "filename" " |

Example:

The following example demonstrates how to use this function. The resulting page sends a form to itself, which is then evaluated by the SaveDataToFile command.

```
<HTMT<sub>1</sub>>
<HEAD><TITLE>SaveDataToFile Test</TITLE></HEAD>
<BODY>
<?--#exec cmd argument='SaveDataToFile("\stuff.txt", "Meat", Overwrite)'-->
<FORM action="test.shtm">
 <P>
   <LABEL for="Fruit">Fruit: </LABEL><BR>
   <INPUT type="text" name="Fruit"><BR><BR>
   <LABEL for="Meat">Meat: </LABEL><BR>
   <INPUT type="text" name="Meat"><BR><BR>
   <LABEL for="Bread">Bread: </LABEL><BR>
   <INPUT type="text" name="Bread"><BR><BR>
   <INPUT type="submit" name=" submit">
 </P>
</FORM>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

The resulting file ('\stuff.txt') will contain the value specified for the form object called 'Meat'. Note: In order for this example to work, the HTML-file must be named 'test.shtm'.

7.3.9 printf()

This function returns a formatted string which may contain data from the Anybus module and/or application. The formatting syntax used is similar to that of the standard C-function printf().

The function accepts a template string containing zero or more formatting tags, followed by a number of arguments. Each formatting tag corresponds to a single argument, and determines how that argument shall be converted to human readable form.

Syntax:

```
<?--#exec cmd_argument='printf("template" [, argument1, ..., argumentN])'-->
```

template-

Template which determines how the arguments shall be represented. May contain any number of formatting tags which are substituted by subsequent arguments and formatted as requested. The number of format tags must match the number of arguments; if not, the result is undefined.

Formatting tags are written as follows:

```
%[Flags][Width][.Precision][Modifier]type
```

See also...

"Formatting Tags" on page 38

argument-

Source arguments; optional parameters which specify the actual source of the data that shall be inserted in the template string. The number of arguments must match the number of formatting tags; if not, the result is undefined.

At the time of writing, the only allowed argument is ABCCMessage().

See also...

"ABCCMessage()" on page 41

Default Output:

| Scenario | Default Output | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Success | (printf() result) | |
| ABCCMessage error | ABCCMessage error string ("Errors" on page 44) | |

Example:

See also...

- "ABCCMessage()" on page 41
- "Example (Get_Attribute):" on page 43

Formatting Tags

Type (Required)

The Type-character is required and determines the basic representation as follows:

| Type Character | Character Representation Single character | |
|----------------|--|----------|
| С | | |
| d, i | Signed decimal integer. | 565 |
| e, E | Floating-point number in exponential notation. | 5.6538e2 |
| f | Floating-point number in normal, fixed-point notation. | 565.38 |
| g, G | %e or %E is used if the exponent is less than -4 or greater than or equal to the precision; otherwise %f is used. Trailing zeroes/decimal point are not printed. | |
| 0 | Unsigned octal notation | 1065 |
| S | String of characters | Text |
| u | Unsigned decimal integer | 4242 |
| x, X | Hexadecimal integer | |
| % | Literal %; no assignment is made | % |

Flags (Optional)

| Flag Character | Meaning | |
|----------------|---|--|
| - | Left-justify the result within the give width (default is right justification) | |
| + | Always include a '+' or '-' to indicate whether the number is positive or negative | |
| (space) | If the number does not start with a '+' or '-', prefix it with a space character instead. | |
| 0 (zero) | Pad the field with zeroes instead of spaces | |
| # | For %e, %E, and %f, forces the number to include a decimal point, even if no digits follow. For %x and %X, prefixes 0x or 0X, respectively. | |

Width (Optional)

| Width | Meaning | |
|--------|--|--|
| number | Specifies the minimum number of characters to be printed. | |
| | If the value to be printed is shorter than this number, the result is padded to make up the | |
| | field width. The result is never truncated even if the result is larger. | |
| * | The width is not specified in the format string, it is specified by an integer value preceding | |
| | the argument that has to be formatted. | |

.Precision (Optional)

The exact meaning of this field depends on the type character:

| Type Character | Meaning | |
|------------------|--|--|
| d, i, o, u, x, X | Specifies the minimum no. of decimal digits to be printed. If the value to be printed is shorter than this number, the result is padded with space. Note that the result is never truncated, even if the result is larger. | |
| e, E, f | Specifies the no. of digits to be printed after the decimal point (default is 6). | |
| g, G | Specifies the max. no. of significant numbers to be printed. | |
| S | Specifies the max. no. of characters to be printed | |
| С | (no effect) | |

Modifier

| Modifier Character | Meaning | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| h | Argument is interpreted as SINT8, SINT16, UINT8 or UINT16 | |
| I | Argument is interpreted as SINT32 or UINT32 | |

7.3.10 scanf()

This function is very similar to the printf() function described earlier, except that it is used for input rather than output. The function reads a string passed from an HTML form object, parses the string as specified by a template string, and sends the resulting data to the specified argument. The formatting syntax used is similar to that of the standard C-function scanf().

The function accepts a source, a template string containing zero or more formatting tags, followed by a number of arguments. Each argument corresponds to a formatting tag, which determines how the data read from the HTML form shall be interpreted prior sending it to the destination argument.

Note: This command cannot be used in email messages.

Syntax:

```
<?--#exec cmd argument='scanf("source", "template" [,</pre>
                                 argument1, ..., argumentN])'-->
```

source -

Name of the HTML form object from which the string shall be extracted.

template-

Template which specifies how to parse and interpret the data. May contain any number of formatting tags which determine the conversion prior to sending the data to subsequent arguments. The number of formatting tags must match the number of arguments; if not, the result is undefined.

Formatting tags are written as follows:

```
%[*][Width][Modifier]type
```

See also...

"Formatting Tags" on page 40

argument-

Destination argument(s) specifying where to send the interpreted data. The number of arguments must match the number of formatting tags; if not, the result is undefined.

At the time of writing, the only allowed argument is ABCCMessage().

See also...

"ABCCMessage()" on page 41

Default Output:

| Scenario | Default Output |
|----------------------------|---|
| Success | "Success" |
| Parsing error | "Incorrect data format" |
| Too much data for argument | "Too much data " |
| ABCC Message error | ABCCMessage error string ("Errors" on page 44) |

Example:

See also...

- "ABCCMessage()" on page 41
- "Example (Set_Attribute):" on page 43

Formatting Tags

Type (Required)

The Type-character is required and determines the basic representation as follows:

| Туре | Input | Argument Data Type |
|---------------------|---|---|
| С | Single character | CHAR |
| d | Accepts a signed decimal integer | SINT8
SINT16
SINT32 |
| i | Accepts a signed or unsigned decimal integer. May be given as decimal, hexadecimal or octal, determined by the initial characters of the input data: Initial Characters:Format: 0x Hexadecimal 0 Octal 1 9 Decimal | |
| u | Accepts an optionally signed decimal integer. | UINT8
UINT16
UINT32 |
| 0 | Accepts an optionally signed octal integer. | SINT8/UINT8
SINT16/UINT16
SINT32/UINT32 |
| x, X | Accepts an optionally signed hexadecimal integer. | SINT8/UINT8
SINT16/UINT16
SINT32/UINT32 |
| e, E,
f,
g, G | Accepts an optionally signed floating point number. The input format for floating-point numbers is a string of digits, with some optional characteristics: - It can be a signed value - It can be an exponential value, containing a decimal rational number followed by an exponent field, which consists of an 'E' or an 'e' followed by an integer. | FLOAT |
| n | Consumes no input; the corresponding argument is an integer into which scanf writes the number of characters read from the object input. | SINT8/UINT8
SINT16/UINT16
SINT32/UINT32 |
| S | Accepts a sequence of non-whitespace characters | STRING |
| [scanset] | Accepts a sequence of non-whitespace characters from a set of expected bytes specified by the scanlist (e.g '[0123456789ABCDEF]') A literal ']' character can be specified as the first character of the set. A caret character ('^') immediately following the initial '[' inverts the scanlist, i.e. allows all characters except the ones that are listed. | STRING |
| % | Accepts a single '%' input at this point; no assignment or conversion is done. The complete conversion specification should be '%%'. | - |

* (Optional)

Data is read but ignored. It is not assigned to the corresponding argument.

• Width (Optional)

Specifies the maximum number of characters to be read.

Modifier (Optional)

Specifies a different data size.

| Modifier | Meaning | |
|----------|--------------------------------|--|
| h | SINT8, SINT16, UINT8 or UINT16 | |
| 1 | SINT32 or UINT32 | |

7.4 Argument Functions

7.4.1 General Information

Argument functions are supplied as parameters to certain command functions.

General Syntax:

(Syntax depends on context)

Argument Functions:

| Function | Description | Page |
|---------------|-------------|------|
| ABCCMessage() | - | 41 |

7.4.2 ABCCMessage()

This function issues an object request towards an object in the module or in the host application.

Syntax:

```
ABCCMessage(object, instance, command, ce0, ce1,
             msgdata, c type, r type)
```

object -Specifies the Destination Object instance - Specifies the Destination Instance

command - Specifies the Command Number

ce0 - Specifies CmdExt[0] for the command message ce1 - Specifies CmdExt[1] for the command message

msgdata - Specifies the actual contents of the MsgData[] subfield in the command

- Data can be supplied in direct form (format depends on c_type)
- The keyword "ARG" is used when data is supplied by the parent command (e.g. scanf()).

c_type - Specifies the data type in the command (msgdata)

See also...

"Command Data Types (c_type)" on page 42

r_type - Specifies the data type in the response (msgdata)

See also...

"Response Data Types (r_type)" on page 42

Numeric input can be supplied in the following formats:

Decimal (e.g. 50)-(no prefix) Octal (e.g. 043)- Prefix 0 (zero) Hex (e.g. 0x1f)- Prefix 0x

See also...

- "Example (Get_Attribute):" on page 43
- "Example (Set_Attribute):" on page 43

Command Data Types (c_type)

For types which support arrays, the number of elements can be specified using the suffix '[n]', where 'n' specifies the number of elements. Each data element must be separated by space.

| Туре | Supports Arrays | Data format (as supplied in msgdata) |
|--------|-----------------|--|
| BOOL | Yes | 1 |
| SINT8 | Yes | -25 |
| SINT16 | Yes | 2345 |
| SINT32 | Yes | -2569 |
| UINT8 | Yes | 245 |
| UINT16 | Yes | 40000 |
| UINT32 | Yes | 32 |
| CHAR | Yes | A |
| STRING | No | "abcde" Note: Quotes can be included in the string if preceded by backslash('\') Example: "We usually refer to it as \"the Egg\" " |
| FLOAT | Yes | 5.6538e2 |
| NONE | No | Command holds no data, hence no data type |

Response Data Types (r_type)

For types which support arrays, the number of elements can be specified using the suffix '[n]', where 'n' specifies the number of elements.

| Туре | Supports Arrays | Comments |
|--------|-----------------|--|
| BOOL | Yes | Optionally, it is possible to exchange the BOOL data with a message based on the value (true or false). In such case, the actual data type returned from the function will be STRING. Syntax: BOOL <true><false> For arrays, the format will be BOOL[n]<true><false>.</false></true></false></true> |
| SINT8 | Yes | - |
| SINT16 | Yes | - |
| SINT32 | Yes | - |
| UINT8 | Yes | This type can also be used when reading ENUM data types from an object. In such case, the actual ENUM value will be returned. |
| UINT16 | Yes | - |
| UINT32 | Yes | - |
| CHAR | Yes | - |
| STRING | No | - |
| ENUM | No | When using this data type, the ABCCMessage() function will first read the ENUM value. It will then issue a 'Get Enum String'-command to retrieve the actual enumeration string. The actual data type in the response will be STRING. |
| FLOAT | Yes | - |
| NONE | No | Response holds no data, hence no data type |

IMPORTANT: It is important to note that the message will be passed transparently to the addressed object. The SSI engine performs no checks for violations of the object addressing scheme, e.g. a malformed Get_Attribute request which (wrongfully) includes message data will be passed unmodified to the object, even though this is obviously wrong. Failure to observe this may cause loss of data or other undesired side effects.

Example (Get_Attribute):

This example shows how to retrieve the IP address using printf() and ABCCMessage().

```
<?--#exec cmd_argument='printf( "%u.%u.%u.%u",
                             ABCCMessage(4,3,1,5,0,0,NONE,UINT8[4]))'-->
```

| Variable | Value | Comments |
|----------|----------|------------------------------------|
| object | 4 | Network Configuration Object (04h) |
| instance | 3 | Instance #3 (IP address) |
| command | 1 | Get_attribute |
| ce0 | 5 | Attribute #5 |
| ce1 | 0 | - |
| msgdata | 0 | - |
| c_type | NONE | Command message holds no data |
| r_type | UINT8[4] | Array of 4 unsigned 8-bit integers |

See also...

- "printf()" on page 37

Example (Set_Attribute):

This example shows how to set the IP address using scanf() and ABCCMessage(). Note the special parameter value 'ARG', which instructs the module to use the passed form data (parsed by scanf()).

| Variable | Value | Comments |
|----------|----------|------------------------------------|
| object | 4 | Network Configuration Object (04h) |
| instance | 3 | Instance #3 (IP address) |
| command | 2 | Set_attribute |
| ce0 | 5 | Attribute #5 |
| ce1 | 0 | - |
| msgdata | ARG | Use data parsed by scanf() call |
| c_type | UINT8[4] | Array of 4 unsigned 8-bit integers |
| r_type | NONE | Response message holds no data |

See also...

- "scanf()" on page 39

Errors

In case an object request results in an error, the error code in the response will be evaluated and translated to human readable form as follows:

| Error Code | Output | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 0 | "Unknown error" | | | |
| 1 | "Unknown error" | | | |
| 2 | "Invalid message format" | | | |
| 3 | "Unsupported object" | | | |
| 4 | "Unsupported instance" | | | |
| 5 | "Unsupported command" | | | |
| 6 | "Invalid CmdExt[0]" | | | |
| 7 | "Invalid CmdExt[1]" | | | |
| 8 | "Attribute access is not set-able" | | | |
| 9 | "Attribute access is not get-able" | | | |
| 10 | "Too much data in msg data field" | | | |
| 11 | "Not enough data in msg data field" | | | |
| 12 | "Out of range" | | | |
| 13 | "Invalid state" | | | |
| 14 | "Out of resources" | | | |
| 15 | "Segmentation failure" | | | |
| 16 | "Segmentation buffer overflow" | | | |
| 17 255 | "Unknown error" | | | |

See also...

"SSI Output Configuration" on page 45

7.5 SSI Output Configuration

Optionally, the SSI output can be permanently changed by adding the file '\output.cfg'.

File format:

```
[ABCCMessage X]
0: "Success string"
                                            Each error code corresponds to a dedicated
1:"Error string 1"
                                             output string, labelled from 1 to 16.
2:"Error string 2"
                                             See also...
16:"Error string 16"
                                              - "Errors" on page 44
[GetConfigItem X]
0:"Success string"
1:"Authentication error string"
2:"File open error string" -
                                            Use "%s" to include the name of the file.
3:"Tag not found string" -
[SetConfigItem X]
0:"Success string" -
                                            Use "%s" to include the name of the file.
1: "Authentication error string"
2:"File open error string"
3:"File write error string"
[IncludeFile X]
0:"Success string" -
                                            Use "%s" to include the name of the file.
1: "Authentication error string"
2:"File readS error string"
[scanf X]
0:"Success string"
1:"Parsing error string"
[ChangeLanguage X]
0:"Success string"
1: "Change error string"
```

All content above can be included in the file multiple times changing the value 'X' in each tag for different languages. The module will then select the correct output string based on the language settings. If no information for the selected language is found, it will use the default SSI output.

| Value of X | Language |
|------------|----------|
| 0 | English |
| 1 | German |
| 2 | Spanish |
| 3 | Italian |
| 4 | French |

See also...

"SsiOutput()" on page 33

8. CIP Objects

8.1 General Information

This chapter specifies the CIP-object implementation in the module. These objects can be accessed from the network, but not directly by the host application.

Mandatory Objects:

- "Identity Object (01h)" on page 47
- "Message Router (02h)" on page 50
- "Assembly Object (04h)" on page 51
- "Connection Manager (06h)" on page 54
- "Parameter Object (0Fh)" on page 57
- "DLR Object (47h)" on page 59
- "QoS Object (48h)" on page 60
- "Port Object (F4h)" on page 63 (Optional)
- "TCP/IP Interface Object (F5h)" on page 65
- "Ethernet Link Object (F6h)" on page 68

Vendor Specific Objects:

"ADI Object (A2h)" on page 61

It is possible to implement additional CIP-objects in the host application using the CIP forwarding functionality, see "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123 and "Command Details: Process_CIP_Object_Request" on page 127.

Unconnected CIP routing is supported, which means that a message can be sent to a device without first setting up a connection.

8.2 Identity Object (01h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

_

Supported Services

Class: Get_Attribute_Single

Get_Attributes_All

Instance: Get_Attribute_Single

Set_Attribute_Single Get_Attributes_All

Reset

Class Attributes

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|----------|--------|------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Revision | Get | UINT | 0001h (Object revision) |

Instance #1 Attributes

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|----|-------------------------|--------|--|--|
| 1 | Vendor ID | Get | UINT | 005Ah (HMS Industrial Networks AB) ^a |
| 2 | Device Type | Get | UINT | 0000h (Generic Device) ^a |
| 3 | Product Code | Get | UINT | 002Eh (Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP 2-Port) ^a |
| 4 | Revision | Get | Struct of:
{USINT, USINT} | Major and minor firmware revision ^a |
| 5 | Status | Get | WORD | See "Device Status" on page 49 |
| 6 | Serial Number | Get | UDINT | Unique serial number (assigned by HMS) ^a |
| 7 | Product Name | Get | SHORT_STRING | "CompactCom EtherNet/IP(TM) 2P" (Name of product) ^a |
| 11 | Active language | Set | Struct of:
USINT
USINT
USINT | Requests sent to this instance are forwarded to the Application Object. The host application is then responsible for updating the language settings accordingly. |
| 12 | Supported Language List | Get | Array of: Struct of: USINT USINT USINT | List of languages supported by the host application. This list is read from the Application Object during the NW_INIT state, and translated to CIP standard. |

a. Can be customized by implementing the EtherNet/IP Host Object, see "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123

Device Status

| bit(s) | Name |
|--------|---|
| 0 | Module Owned |
| 1 | (reserved) |
| 2 | Configured ^a |
| 3 | (reserved) |
| 47 | Extended Device Status: |
| | Value:Meaning: 0000b Unknown 0010b Faulted I/O Connection 0011b No I/O connection established 0100b Non-volatile configuration bad 0110b Connection in Run mode 0111b Connection in Idle mode (other) (reserved) |
| 8 | Set for minor recoverable faults ^b |
| 9 | Set for minor unrecoverable faults ^b |
| 10 | Set for major recoverable faults ^b |
| 11 | Set for major unrecoverable faults ^b |
| 12 15 | (reserved) |

a. This bit shows if the product has other settings than "out-of-box". The value is set to true if the configured attribute in the Application Object is set and/or the module's NV storage is changed from default.

Service Details: Reset Service

The module forwards reset requests from the network to the host application. For more information about network reset handling, consult the general Anybus CompactCom Design Guide.

There are two types of network reset requests on EtherNet/IP:

Type 0: 'Power Cycling Reset'

This service emulates a power cycling of the module, and corresponds to Anybus reset type 0 (Power cycling). For further information, consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide.

Type 1: 'Out of box reset'

This service sets a "out of box" configuration and performs a reset, and corresponds to Anybus reset type 2 (Power cycling + factory default). For further information, consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide.

b. See "Diagnostic Object (02h)" on page 75.

8.3 Message Router (02h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

_

Supported Services

Class: -

Instance: -

Class Attributes

-

Instance Attributes

_

8.4 Assembly Object (04h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

The Assembly object uses static assemblies and holds the Process Data sent/received by the host application. The default assembly instance IDs used are in the vendor specific range.

See also...

- "Process Data" on page 16
- "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123

Supported Services

Class: Get_Attribute_Single
Instance: Get_Attribute_Single

Set_Attribute_Single

Class Attributes

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|--------------|--------|------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Revision | Get | UINT | 0002h (Object revision) |
| 2 | Max Instance | Get | UINT | (Highest instance number) |

Instance 03h Attributes (Heartbeat, Input-Only)

Extended

This instance is used as heartbeat for Input-Only connections. The data size of the Heartbeat instance in the Forward_Open-request should be 0 bytes, however other values are also permitted.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|------|--------|------|---|
| 3 | Data | Set | N/A | - (The data size of this attribute is zero) |

The instance number for this instance can be changed by implementing the corresponding attribute in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

Instance 04h Attributes (Heartbeat, Listen-Only)

Extended

This instance is used as heartbeat for listen-only connections. The data size of the Heartbeat instance in the Forward_Open-request should be 0 bytes, however other values are also permitted.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|------|--------|------|---|
| 3 | Data | Set | N/A | - (The data size of this attribute is zero) |

The instance number for this instance can be changed by implementing the corresponding attribute in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

Instance 05h Attributes (Configuration Data)

Extended

Configuration Data that is sent through the 'Forward_Open'-service will be written to this instance.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|------|---------|------|---|
| 3 | Data | Get/Set | N/A | - (Configuration data written to the application when the forward |
| | | | | open command has the configuration data included) |

The instance number for this instance can be changed by implementing the corresponding attribute in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

See also...

• "Command Details: Set_Configuration_Data" on page 128

Instance 06h Attributes (Heartbeat, Input-Only Extended)

Extended

This instance is used as heartbeat for input-only extended connections, and does not carry any attributes. The state of connections made to this instance does not affect the state of the Anybus CompactCom module, i.e. if the connection times out, the module does not switch to the Error state. The data size of the Heartbeat instance in the Forward_Open-request should be 0 bytes, however other values are also permitted.

The instance number for this instance can be changed by implementing the corresponding attribute in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

Instance 07h Attributes (Heartbeat, Listen-Only Extended)

Extended

This instance is used as heartbeat for listen-only extended connections, and does not carry any attributes. The state of connections made to this instance does not affect the state of the Anybus CompactCom module, i.e. if the connection times out, the module does not switch to the Error state. The data size of the Heartbeat instance in the Forward_Open-request should be 0 bytes, however other values are also permitted.

The instance number for this instance can be changed by implementing the corresponding attribute in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

Instance 64h Attributes (Producing Instance)

Extended

The instance number for this instance can be changed by implementing the corresponding attribute in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|---------------|--------|---------------|--|
| 3 | Produced Data | Get | Array of BYTE | This data corresponds to the Write Process Data. |

See also...

- "Network Data Exchange" on page 16
- "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123 (Instance attribute #7)

Instance 96h Attributes (Consuming Instance)

Extended

The instance number for this instance can be changed by implementing the corresponding attribute in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|---------------|--------|---------------|---|
| 3 | Consumed Data | Set | Array of BYTE | This data corresponds to the Read Process Data. |

See also...

- "Network Data Exchange" on page 16
- "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123 (Instance attribute #8)

8.5 Connection Manager (06h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

_

Supported Services

Class:

Instance: Forward_Open

Forward_Close

Instance Descriptions

(No supported instance attributes)

Class 1 Connection Details

General

Class 1 connections are used to transfer I/O data, and can be established to instances in the Assembly Object. Each Class 1 connection will establish two data transports; one consuming and one producing. The heartbeat instances can be used for connections that shall only access inputs. Class 1 connections use UDP transport.

- Total number of supported class 1 connections:4
- Max input connection size:256 bytes
- Max output connection size:256 bytes
- Supported API¹: 2... 3200ms
- T->O² Connection type: Point-to-point, Multicast
- O->T³ Connection type: Point-to-point
- Supported trigger types: Cyclic, COS

^{1.} API: Actual packet interval.

^{2.} T->O: Target to originator.

^{3.} O->T: Originator to target.

Connection Types

• Exclusive-Owner connection

This type of connection controls the outputs of the Anybus module and does not depend on other connections.

- Max. no. of Exclusive-Owner connections: 1

Connection point O ⇒ T: Assembly Object, instance 96h (Default)
 Connection point T ⇒ O: Assembly Object, instance 64h (Default)

• Input-Only connection

This type of connection is used to read data from the Anybus module without controlling the outputs. It does not depend on other connections.

- Max. no. of Input-Only connections: Up to 4¹

Connection point O ⇒ T: Assembly Object, instance 03h (Default)
 Connection point T ⇒ O: Assembly Object, instance 64h (Default)

Note: If an Exclusive-Owner connection has been opened towards the module and times out, the Input-Only connection times out as well. If the Exclusive-Owner connection is properly closed, the Input-Only connection remains unaffected.

• Input-Only Extended connection

This connections functionality is the same as the standard Input-Only connection. However when this connection times out it does not affect the state of the application.

Connection point O ⇒ T: Assembly Object, instance 06h (Default)
 Connection point T ⇒ O: Assembly Object, instance 64h (Default)

· Listen-Only connection

This type of connection requires another connection in order to exist. If that connection (Exclusive-Owner or Input-Only) is closed, the Listen-Only connection will be closed as well.

- Max. no. of Input-Only connections: Up to 4²

Connection point O ⇒ T: Assembly Object, instance 04h (Default)
 Connection point T ⇒ O: Assembly Object, instance 64h (Default)

Listen-Only Extended connection

This connections functionality is the same as the standard Listen-Only connection. However when this connection times out it does not affect the state of the application.

Connection point O ⇒ T: Assembly Object, instance 07h (Default)
 Connection point T ⇒ O: Assembly Object, instance 64h (Default)

• Redundant-Owner connection

This connection type is not supported by the module.

^{1.} Shared with Exclusive-Owner and Listen-Only connections

^{2.} Shared with Exclusive-Owner and Input-Only connections

Class 3 Connection Details

• Explicit message connection

Class 3 connections are used to establish connections towards the message router. Thereafter, the connection is used for explicit messaging. Class 3 connections use TCP transport.

- No. of simultaneous Class 3 connections: 16

Supported API: 2 - 10000 ms
 T->O Connection type: Point-to-point
 O->T Connection type: Point-to-point
 Supported trigger type: Application

8.6 Parameter Object (0Fh)

Category

Extended

Object Description

This object allows configuration tools such as RSNetworx to extract information about the Application Data Instances (ADIs) and present them with their actual name and range to the user.

Since this process may be somewhat time consuming, especially when using the serial host interface, it is possible to disable support for this functionality in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

Due to limitations imposed by the CIP standard, ADIs containing multiple elements (i.e. arrays etc.) cannot be represented through this object. In such cases, default values will be returned.

See also...

- "Default Values" on page 58
- "ADI Object (A2h)" on page 61 (CIP Object)
- "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123 (Host Application Object)

Supported Services

Class: Get_Attribute_Single

Instance: Get_Attribute_Single

Set_Attribute_Single Get_Attributes_All Get_Enum_String

Class Attributes

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|---------------------------------|--------|------|---|
| 1 | Revision | Get | UINT | 0001h (Revision of the object) |
| 2 | Max instance | Get | UINT | Maximum created instance number = class attribute 3 in the Application Data Object ^a |
| 8 | Parameter class descriptor | Get | WORD | Default: 0000 0000 0000 01011b Bit:Contents: 0 Supports parameter instances 1 Supports full attributes 2 Must do non-volatile storage save command 3 Parameters are stored in non-volatile storage |
| 9 | Configuration Assembly instance | Get | UINT | 0000h (Configuration assembly not supported) |

a. Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide for further information.

Instance Attributes

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|----|-----------------------|---------|---------------------------|---|
| 1 | Parameter Value | Get/Set | Specified in attrib- | Actual value of parameter |
| | | | utes 4, 5 & 6. | This attribute is read-only if bit 4 of Attribute #4 is true |
| 2 | Link Path Size | Get | USINT | 0007h |
| 3 | Link Path | Get | Packed EPATH ^a | 20 A2 25 nn nn 30 05h
(Path to the object from where this parameter's value is
retrieved, in this case the ADI Object) |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | WORD | Bit:Contents: 0 Supports Settable Path (N/A) 1 Supports Enumerated Strings 2 Supports Scaling (N/A) 3 Supports Scaling Links (N/A) 4 Read only Parameter 5 Monitor Parameter (N/A) 6 Supports Extended Precision Scaling (N/A) |
| 5 | Data Type | Get | EPATH | Data type code |
| 6 | Data Size | Get | USINT | Number of bytes in parameter value |
| 7 | Parameter Name String | Get | SHORT_STRING | Name of the parameter, truncated to 16 chars |
| 8 | Units String | Get | SHORT_STRING | (not supported) |
| 9 | Help String | Get | SHORT_STRING | |
| 10 | Minimum Value | Get | (Data Type) | Minimum value of parameter |
| 11 | Maximum Value | Get | (Data Type) | Maximum value of parameter |
| 12 | Default Value | Get | (Data Type) | Default value of parameter |
| 13 | Scaling Multiplier | Get | UINT | 0001h (not supported) |
| 14 | Scaling Divisor | Get | UINT | |
| 15 | Scaling Base | Get | UINT | |
| 16 | Scaling Offset | Get | INT | 0000h (not supported) |
| 17 | Multiplier Link | Get | UINT | |
| 18 | Divisor Link | Get | UINT | |
| 19 | Base Link | Get | UINT | |
| 20 | Offset Link | Get | UINT | |
| 21 | Decimal Precision | Get | USINT | |

a. The EPATH data type is an array of bytes where each byte contains a segment of the CIP path.

Default Values

| # | Name | Value | Comments |
|----|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Parameter Value | 0 | - |
| 2 | Link Path Size | 0 | Size of link path in bytes. |
| 3 | Link Path | - | NULL Path |
| 4 | Descriptor | 0010h | Read only Parameter |
| 5 | Data Type | C6h | USINT |
| 6 | Data Size | 1 | - |
| 7 | Parameter Name String | (reserved) | - |
| 8 | Units String | αn | - |
| 9 | Help String | un | - |
| 10 | Minimum Value | N/A | 0 |
| 11 | Maximum Value | N/A | 0 |
| 12 | Default Value | N/A | 0 |

8.7 DLR Object (47h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

Supported Services

Class: Get_Attribute_Single

 $Get_Attributes_All$

Instance: Get_Attribute_Single

Set_Attribute_Single

Class Attributes

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|----------|--------|------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Revision | Get | UINT | 0003h (Object revision) |

Instance #1 Attributes

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|----|------------------|--------|------------------|--|
| 1 | Network Topol- | Get | USINT | Bit:Contents: |
| | ogy | | | 0 "Linear" |
| | | | | 1 "Ring" |
| 2 | Network Status | Get | USINT | Bit:Contents: |
| | | | | 0 "Normal" (N/A) |
| | | | | 1 "Ring Fault" |
| | | | | 2 "Unexpected Loop Detected" |
| | | | | 3 "Partial Network Fault" |
| | | | | 4 "Rapid Fault/Restore Cycle" |
| 10 | Active | Get | Struct of: | This attribute holds the IP address (IPv4) and/or the Ethernet Mac |
| | Supervisor | | {UDINT, Array of | address of the active ring supervisor |
| | Address | | 6 USINTs} | |
| 12 | Capability Flags | Get | DWORD | 81h (Announce-based ring node, supports the Flush_Tables frame) |

8.8 QoS Object (48h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

-

Supported Services

Class: Get_Attribute_Single

Instance: Get_Attribute_Single

Set_Attribute_Single

Class Attributes

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|----------|--------|------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Revision | Get | UINT | 0001h (Object revision) |

Instance #1 Attributes

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|----------------------|--------|-------|--|
| 1 | 802.1Q Tag
Enable | Set | USINT | Enables or disables sending 802.1Q frames. Bit:Contents: Disabled (Default) Enabled |
| 4 | DSCP Urgent | Set | USINT | CIP transport class 1 messages with priority Urgent Default: 55 |
| 5 | DSCP
Scheduled | Set | USINT | CIP transport class 1 messages with priority Scheduled Default: 47 |
| 6 | DSCP High | Set | USINT | CIP transport class 1 messages with priority High Default: 43 |
| 7 | DSCP Low | Set | USINT | CIP transport class 1 messages with priority Low
Default: 31 |
| 8 | DSCP Explicit | Set | USINT | CIP UCMM and CIP class 3
Default: 27 |

8.9 ADI Object (A2h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

This object maps instances in the Application Data Object to EtherNet/IP. All requests to this object will be translated into explicit object requests towards the Application Data Object in the host application; the response is then translated back to CIP-format and sent to the originator of the request.

See also...

- Application Data Object (see Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide)
- "Parameter Object (0Fh)" on page 57 (CIP Object)

Supported Services

Class: Get_Attribute_Single
Instance: Get_Attribute_Single
Set_Attribute_Single

Class Attributes

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|---------------------|--------|------|---|
| 1 | Revision | Get | UINT | Object revision (Current value = 0001h) |
| 2 | Max Instance | Get | UINT | Equals attribute #4 in the Application Data Object ^a |
| 3 | Number of instances | Get | UINT | Equals attribute #3 in the Application Data Object ^a |

a. Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide for further information.

Instances Attributes

Each instance corresponds to an instance within the Application Data Object (for more information, consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide).

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|----------------------------|---------|---------------|--|
| 1 | Name | Get | SHORT_STRING | Parameter name (Including length) |
| 2 | ABCC Data type | Get | USINT | Data type of instance value |
| 3 | No. of elements | Get | USINT | Number of elements of the specified data type |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | USINT | Bit field describing the access rights for this instance |
| | | | | Bit:Meaning: |
| | | | | 0 Set = Get Access |
| | | | | 1 Set = Set Access |
| 5 | Value ^a | Get/Set | Determined by | Instance value |
| 6 | Max value ^a | Get | attribute #2 | The maximum permitted parameter value. |
| 7 | Min value ^a | Get | | The minimum permitted parameter value. |
| 8 | Default value ^a | Get | | The default parameter value. |

a. Converted to/from CIP standard by the module

8.10 Port Object (F4h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

This object exists only if enabled in the EtherNet/IP Host Object (Instance Attribute #17). See also...

- "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123 (Anybus Module Object)
- "CIP Port Configuration Object (0Dh)" on page 120 (Host Application Object)

Supported Services

Class: Get_Attributes_All

Get_Attribute_Single

Instance: Get_Attributes_All

Get_Attribute_Single

Class Attributes

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|---------------------|--------|--|---|
| 1 | Revision | Get | UINT | Object revision (Current value = 0001h) |
| 2 | Max Instance | Get | UINT | Max. instance number |
| 3 | Number of instances | Get | UINT | Number of ports |
| 8 | Entry Port | Get | UINT | Returns the instance of the Port Object that describes the port through which this request entered the device. |
| 9 | Port Instance Info | Get | Array of: | Array of structures containing instance attributes 1 and 2 from each instance. The array is indexed by instance number, up to the maximum number of instances. The value at index 1 (offset 0) and any non-instantiated instances will be zero. |
| | | | Struct of:
UINT (Type)
UINT (Number) | Enumerates the type of port (see instance attribute #1) CIP port number associated with this port (see instance #2) |

Instance Attributes (Instance #1)

Extended

This instance reflects the properties associated with the Ethernet interface.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|-----------------|--------|--------------|--|
| 1 | Port Type | Get | UINT | Oh (default) |
| | | | | 4h (if the application registers a port) |
| 2 | Port Number | Get | UINT | 2h |
| 3 | Link Object | Get | Struct of: | - |
| | | | UINT | 2h |
| | | | Padded EPATH | 20 F5 24 01h |
| 4 | Port Name | Get | SHORT_STRING | "Ethernet/IP" |
| 7 | Node Address | Get | Padded EPATH | - |
| 8 | Port Node Range | Get | Struct of: | - |
| | | | UINT (Min.) | |
| | | | UINT (Max.) | |

See also...

• "CIP Port Configuration Object (0Dh)" on page 120

Instances Attributes (Instances #2... #8)

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|-----------------|--------|--|--|
| 1 | Port Type | Get | UINT | Enumerates the type of port |
| 2 | Port Number | Get | UINT | CIP port number associated with this port |
| 3 | Link Object | Get | Struct of:
UINT
Padded EPATH | Path length (number of 16-bit words) Logical path segments which identify the object for this port. The path must consist of one logical class segment and one logical instance segment. The maximum size is 12 bytes. |
| 4 | Port Name | Get | SHORT_STRING | Name of port, e.g. "Port A". Max. 64 characters. |
| 7 | Node Address | Get | Padded EPATH | Node number of this device on port. The range within this data type is restricted to a Port Segment. |
| 8 | Port Node Range | Get | Struct of:
UINT (Min.)
UINT (Max.) | - Min. node number on port Max. node number on port |

See also...

• "CIP Port Configuration Object (0Dh)" on page 120 ("Instance Attributes" on page 121)

8.11 TCP/IP Interface Object (F5h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

The object groups TCP/IP-related settings.

See also...

- "Communication Settings" on page 15
- "Network Configuration Object (04h)" on page 77 (Anybus Module Object)

Supported Services

Class services: Get_Attribute_All

Get_Attribute_Single

Instance services: Get_Attribute_All

Get_Attribute_Single Set_Attribute_Single¹

Class Attributes

| # | Access | Name | Туре | Value | Description |
|---|--------|----------|------|-------|-------------|
| 1 | Get | Revision | UINT | 0004h | Revision 4 |

^{1.} Support for this service can be disabled by implementing attribute #9 in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

Instance Attributes

Extended

| # | Access | Name | Туре | Value | Comments |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| 1 | Get | Status | DWORD | - | Bit #: Meaning: 0-3: When set to 1h, attribute #5 contains valid configuration from DHCP or non-volatile storage. When set to 2h, attribute #5 contains valid configuration from hardware settings. Remaining values are reserved for future use. 4: Multicast pending if set to 1 5: (reserved, set to 0) 6: AcdStatus. Set to 1 if an address conflict is detected. Address conflict detection is enabled/disabled in attribute #10. 7 AcdFault. Set to 1 if an address conflict is detected and the current configuration cannot be used due to this conflict. 8 - 31: (reserved, set to 0) |
| 2 | Get | Configuration
Capability | DWORD | 0000 0084h
- or -
0000 0094h
- or -
0000 00A4h
- or -
0000 00B4h | Bit #: Meaning: 0-3: Always 4h. For more information, consult the CIP specifiations. 4: The 'Configuration Settable'-bit reflects the value of instance attribute #9 in the "Ether-Net/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123. 5: The module is hardware configurable when this bit is set to 1. 6: Always 0. For more information, consult the CIP specifications. 7: Always 1. For more information, consult the CIP specifications. 8 - 31: (reserved, set to 0) |
| 3 | Get/Set | Configuration
Control | DWORD | - | Value: Meaning: 0: Configuration from non-volatile memory 2: Configuration from DHCP |
| 4 | Get | Physical Link
Object | Struct of:
UINT (Path size)
Padded EPATH | -
0002h
20 F6 24 03h | 2 words Path to Ethernet Link Object, Instance #3 |
| 5 | Get/Set | Interface
Configuration | Struct of: UDINT (IP) UDINT (Mask) UDINT (GW) UDINT (DNS1) UDINT (DNS2) STRING (Domain) | | - IP address Subnet mask Default gateway Primary DNS Secondary DNS Default domain |
| 6 | Get/Set | Host Name | STRING | - | Host name of Anybus module |
| 7 8 | (not used)
Get/Set | TTL Value | USINT | 1 | TTL value for EtherNet/IP multicast packets |
| 0 | Gerser | IIL Value | USINI | 1 | THE VALUE TO ETHERNEVIA MUNICAST BACKETS |

| # | Access | Name | Туре | Value | Comments |
|----|---------|--|-------------------|-------|---|
| 9 | Get/Set | Mcast Config | Struct of: | ı. | |
| | | Alloc Control | USINT | 0 | Value: Meaning: Use default allocation algorithm to generate multicast addresses Allocate multicast addresses according to the values in the 'Num Mcast'- and 'Mcast Start Addr'-fields. |
| | | (reserved) | USINT | 0 | Set to zero. Do not change. |
| | | Num Mcast | UINT | 1 | Number of multicast addresses to allocate for EtherNet/IP |
| | | Mcast Start
Addr | UDINT | - | Starting multicast address from which to begin allocation |
| 10 | Set | SelectAcd | Bool | 1 | Value: Meaning: 0: Disable ACD 1: Enable ACD (Default) If ACD (address conflict detection) is enabled, bit 6 in attribute #1 will be set if an ACD conflict is detected. The Network Status LED will also indicate a detected conflict, see "Network Status LED" on page 141. |
| 11 | Set | LastConflictDe-
tected | Struct of: | | ACD Diagnostic parameters Related to the last conflict detected. |
| | | AcdActiviity | USINT | - | State of ACD activity when last conflict detected. |
| | | RemoteMAC | ARRAY of 6 USINT | - | MAC address of remote node form the ARP PDU in which a conflict was detected. |
| | | ArpPdu | ARRAY of 28 USINT | - | Copy of the raw ARP PDU in which a conflict was detected. |
| 12 | Set | EIP QuickCon-
nect ^a | Bool | 0 | Value: Meaning: 0: Disable EIP QuickConnect (Default) 1: Enable EIP QuickConnect If EIP QuickConnect is enabled, the Quick- Connect feature will direct EtherNet/IP target devices to quickly power up and join an EtherNet/IP network. |
| 13 | Set | Encapsulation
Inactivity Time-
out | UINT | 120 | Value: Meaning: 0: Disable 1 - Time out in seconds (Default = 120) 3600: |

a. If the module is configured to use EIP QuickConnect functionality, the EDS file has to be changed. As the EDS file is changed, the identity of the module has to be changed and the module will require certification, see "Conformance Test Guide" on page 10.

8.12 Ethernet Link Object (F6h)

Category

Extended

Object Description

This object groups diagnostic information for the Ethernet interface.

See also...

- "Communication Settings" on page 15
- "Network Configuration Object (04h)" on page 77 (Anybus Module Object)

Supported Services

Class services: Get_Attribute_All

Get_Attribute_Single

Instance services: Get_Attribute_All

Get_Attribute_Single
Set_Attribute_Single
Get_And_Clear

Note: The Set_Attribut_Single service is only available if the EtherNet/IP Host object, instance 1,e attribute 9 is set to TRUE (default) or if the CIP Ethernet Link object, attribute 9, Admin state, is implemented.

Class Attributes

| # | Access | Name | Туре | Value | Comments |
|---|--------|---------------------|------|-------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Get | Revision | UINT | 3 | Revision 3 |
| 2 | Get | Max Instance | UINT | 3 | Instance 3 is the max instance |
| 3 | Get | Number of instances | UINT | 3 | 3 instances |

Instance Attributes

Extended

| # | Access | Name | Туре | Value | Comments |
|---|--------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | Get | Interface Speed | UDINT | 10 or 100 | Actual Ethernet interface speed |
| 2 | Get | Interface Flags | DWORD | - | See "Interface Flags" on page 70. |
| 3 | Get | Physical Address | Array of 6 USINTS | (MAC ID) | Physical network address |

^{1.} Support for this service can be disabled by implementing attribute #9 in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

| # | Access | Name | Туре | Value | Comments |
|----|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------|---|
| 4 | Get | Interface Counters | Struct of: | | |
| | | In Octets | UDINT | N/A | Octets received on the interface |
| | | In Ucast Packets | UDINT | N/A | Unicast packets received on the interface |
| | | In NUcast Packets | UDINT | N/A | Nonunicast packets received on the interface |
| | | In Discards | UDINT | N/A | Inbound packets with unknown protocol |
| | | In Errors | UDINT | N/A | Inbound packets that contain errors (does not include In discards) |
| | | In Unknown Protos | UDINT | N/A | Inbound packets with unknown protocol |
| | | Out Octets | UDINT | N/A | Octets sent on the interface |
| | | Out Ucast Packets | UDINT | N/A | Unicast packets sent on the interface |
| | | Out NUcast Packets | UDINT | N/A | Nonunicast packets sent on the interface |
| | | Out Discards | UDINT | N/A | Outbound packets with unknown protocol |
| | | Out Errors | UDINT | N/A | Outbound packets that contain errors (does not include Out discards) |
| 5 | Get | Media Counters | Struct of: | | Media specific counters |
| | | Alignment Errors | UDINT | N/A | Frames received that are not an integral number of octets in length |
| | | FCS Errors | UDINT | N/A | Frames received that do not pass the FCS check |
| | | Single Collisions | UDINT | N/A | Successfully transmitted frames that have experienced exactly one collision |
| | | Multiple Collisions | UDINT | N/A | Successfully transmitted frames that have expericenced more than one collision |
| | | SQE Test Errors | UDINT | 0 | The number of times the SQE test error message is generated (Counter not provided with current PHY interface) |
| | | Deferred
Transmissions | UDINT | N/A | Frames for which the first transmission attempt is delayed because the medium is busy |
| | | Late Collisions | UDINT | N/A | The number of times a collision is detected later than 512 bit-times into the transmission of a packet |
| | | Excessive Collisions | UDINT | N/A | Frames for which a transmission fails due to excessive collisions |
| | | MAC Transmit
Errors | UDINT | N/A | Frames for which a transmission fails due to an internal MAC sublayer receive error |
| | | Carrier Sense
Errors | UDINT | N/A | The number of times that the carrier sense condition was lost or never asserted when attempting to transmit a frame |
| | | Frame Too Long | UDINT | N/A | Frames received that exceed the maximum permitted frame size |
| | | MAC Receive Errors | UDINT | N/A | Frames for which reception on an interface fails due to an internal MAC sublayer receive error |
| 6 | Get/Set ^a | Interface Control | Struct: | | |
| | 230000 | Control Bits | WORD | - | Interface control bits |
| | | Forced Interface
Speed | UINT | - | Speed at which the interface shall be forced to operate. Returns 'Object state Conflict' if autonegotiation is enabled. |
| 7 | Get | Interface Type | USINT | - | See "Interface Type" on page 70 |
| 8 | Get | Interface State | USINT | - | See "Interface State" on page 70 |
| 9 | Get/Set | Admin State | USINT | 1 or 2 | See "Admin State" on page 70 |
| 10 | Get | Interface Label | SHORT_STRING | - | See "Interface Label" on page 71 |

a. Support for this attribute can be disabled by implementing attribute #9 in the EtherNet/IP Host Object.

Interface Flags

| Bit | Name | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|---|
| 0 | Link status | Indicates whether or not the Ethernet 802.3 communications interface is connected to an active network. |
| | | Value:Meaning: 0 Inactive link 1 Active link |
| 1 | Half/full duplex | Indicates the duplex mode currently in use. |
| | | Value:Meaning: 0 Half duplex |
| | | 1 Full duplex |
| 2 - 4 | Negotiation Status | Indicates the status of link auto-negotiation |
| | | Value:Meaning: 0 Auto-negotiation in progress. |
| | | Auto-negotiation and speed detection failed (using default values) |
| | | Auto negotiation failed but detected speed (using default duplex value) Successfully negotiated speed and duplex. |
| | | 4 Auto-negotiation not attempted. Forced speed and duplex. |
| 5 | Manual Setting requires Reset | Value:Meaning: 0 Interface can activate changes to link parameters during runtime 1 Reset is required in order for changes to have effect |
| 6 | Local Hardware Fault | Value:Meaning: |
| | | No local hardware fault detected |
| | | 1 Local hardware fault detected |
| 7-31 | (reserved) | (ignore) |

Interface Type

| Instance | Value | Description |
|----------|-------|--------------------|
| 1 | 2 | Twisted-pair |
| 2 | 2 | Twisted-pair |
| 3 | 1 | Internal interface |

Interface State

| Value | Description | |
|-------|---------------|--|
| 0 | Unknown state | |
| 1 | Enabled | |
| 2 | Disabled | |
| 3 | Testing | |
| 4-255 | (reserved) | |

Admin State

This attribute is only implemented if Ethernet Host Object (F9h) instance #1, attributes #12 (Port 1 State) and #13 (Port 2 State), are not implemented by the application.

| Value | Description |
|----------|-------------|
| 1 | Enable |
| 2 | Disable |
| 0, 3-255 | (reserved9 |

Interface Label

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 1 | Port 1 |
| 2 | Port 2 |
| 3 | Internal |

9. Anybus Module Objects

9.1 General Information

This chapter specifies the Anybus Module Object implementation and how they correspond to the functionality in the Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP.

Standard Objects:

- "Anybus Object (01h)" on page 73
- "Diagnostic Object (02h)" on page 75
- "Network Object (03h)" on page 76
- "Network Configuration Object (04h)" on page 77

Network Specific Objects:

- "Socket Interface Object (07h)" on page 84
- "SMTP Client Object (09h)" on page 101
- "File System Interface Object (0Ah)" on page 106
- "Network Ethernet Object (0Ch)" on page 19
- "CIP Port Configuration Object (0Dh)" on page 120

9.2 Anybus Object (01h)

Category

Basic

Object Description

This object assembles all common Anybus data, and is described thoroughly in the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide.

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute

Instance: Get_Attribute

Set_Attribute
Get_Enum_String

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

(Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide for further information.)

Instance Attributes (Instance #1)

Basic

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|-------|-------------|--------|--|--|
| 1 | Module type | Get | UINT16 | 0401h (Standard Anybus CompactCom) |
| 2 11 | - | - | - | Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide for further information. |
| 12 | LED colours | Get | struct of:
UINT8(LED1A)
UINT8(LED1B)
UINT8(LED2A)
UINT8(LED2B) | Value:Colour: 01h Green 02h Red 01h Green 02h Red |
| 13 15 | - | - | - | Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide for further information. |

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|----|--------------------|----------------------|--------|---|
| 16 | GPIO configuration | Get/Set ^a | UINT16 | Configuration of the host interface GPIO pins. See the table below. |

a. Set access of attribute GPIO configuration is only valid in state SETUP.

GPIO configuration Settings

| Value | Functionality | Description |
|--------|----------------------------|--|
| 0x0000 | Standard | GIP[01] and GOP[01] are used as general input/output pins |
| 0x0001 | Extended LED functionality | GIP1 is used for Link/Activity LED (port 1). The 10/100 MHz indication is combined into one signal, connected to a green LED, that is lit when there is a link and flickering on activity. GOP1 is used for Link/Activity LED (port 2). The 10/100 MHz indication is combined into one signal, connected to a green LED, that is lit when there is a link and flickering on activity. |

For more information, see

• "Extended LED Functionality" in "Appendix B" on page 136.

9.3 Diagnostic Object (02h)

General Information

Basic

Object Description

This object provides a standardised way of handling host application events & diagnostics, and is thoroughly described in the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide.

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute

Create Delete

Instance: Get_Attribute

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

| # | Name | Access | Data Type | Value |
|-----|----------------------|--------|-----------|---|
| 1 4 | - | - | - | Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software |
| | | | | Design Guide for further information. |
| 11 | Max no. of instances | Get | | 5+1 (One instance is reserved for major diagnostic events.) |

Instance Attributes

Basic

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|---|------------|--------|-------|--|
| 1 | Severity | Get | UINT8 | Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software |
| 2 | Event Code | Get | UINT8 | Design Guide for further information. |

In this implementation, the severity level of all instances are combined (using logical 'OR') and represented on the network through the CIP Identity Object. The Event Code cannot be represented on the network and is thus ignored by the module.

See also...

- "Diagnostics" on page 15
- "Identity Object (01h)" on page 47 (CIP-object)

9.4 Network Object (03h)

Category

Basic

Object Description

For more information regarding this object, consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide.

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute

Instance: Get_Attribute

Set_Attribute
Get_Enum_String
Map_ADI_Write_Area
Map_ADI_Read_Area

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

(Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide for further information.)

Instance Attributes(Instance #1)

Basic

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Value |
|------|-------------------------|--------|---------------|---|
| 1 | Network type | Get | UINT16 | 009Ch |
| 2 | Network type string | Get | Array of CHAR | 'EtherNet/IP (2-Port)' |
| 3 | Data format | Get | ENUM | 00h (LSB first) |
| 4 | Parameter data support | Get | BOOL | True |
| 5 | Write process data size | Get | UINT16 | Current write process data size (in bytes) |
| | | | | Updated on every successful Map_ADI_Write_Area ^a |
| 6 | Read process data size | Get | UINT16 | Current read process data size (in bytes) |
| | | | | Updated on every successful Map_ADI_Read_Area ^a |
| 7 | Exception Information | Get | UINT8 | ValueMeaning |
| | | | | 0: No information available |
| | | | | Invalid assembly instance mapping |
| 8 10 | - | - | - | Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software |
| | | | | Design Guide for further information. |

a. Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide for further information.

9.5 Network Configuration Object (04h)

Category

Extended, Advanced

Object Description

This object holds network specific configuration parameters that may be set by the end user. A reset command (factory default) issued towards this object will result in all instances being set to their default values.

See also...

- "Communication Settings" on page 15
- "TCP/IP Interface Object (F5h)" on page 65 (CIP-object)
- "Ethernet Link Object (F6h)" on page 68 (CIP-object)
- "E-mail Client" on page 27

Note: In order to ensure fieldbus conformance, the recommendations stated in the Anybus Compact-Com Software Design Guide regarding this object must be followed.

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute

Reset

Instance: Get Attribute

Set_Attribute
Get_Enum_String

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

(Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide for further information.)

Instance Attributes (Instance #3, IP Address)

Changes are valid after reset.

Advanced

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|----------------|---|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'IP address' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 04h (= UINT8) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 04h (four elements) |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | Array of UINT8 | Valid range: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255 (Default =0.0.0.0) |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #4, Subnet Mask)

Changes are valid after reset.

Advanced

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|----------------|---|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'Subnet mask' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 04h (= UINT8) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 04h (four elements) |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | Array of UINT8 | Valid range: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255 (Default =0.0.0.0) |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #5, Gateway)

Changes are valid after reset.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|----------------|---|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'Gateway' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 04h (= UINT8) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 04h (four elements) |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | Array of UINT8 | Valid range: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255 (Default =0.0.0.0) |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #6, DHCP)

Changes are valid after reset.

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|---------------|---|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'DHCP' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 08h (= ENUM) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 01h (one element) |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value ^a | Get/Set | ENUM | Value:Enum. String:Meaning: 00h 'Disable' DHCP disabled 01h 'Enable' DHCP enabled (default) |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #7, Ethernet Communication Settings 1)

Changes have immediate effect.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|---------------|--|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'Comm 1' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 08h (= ENUM) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 01h (one element) |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value ^a | Get/Set | ENUM | Value:Enum. String:Meaning: 00h 'Auto' Auto negotiation (default) 01h '10 HDX' 10Mbit, half duplex 02h '10 FDX' 10Mbit, full duplex 03h '100 HDX' 100Mbit, half duplex 04h '100 HDX' 100Mbit, full duplex |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #8, Ethernet Communication Settings 2)

Changes have immediate effect.

Advanced

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|---------------|--|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'Comm 2' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 08h (= ENUM) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 01h (one element) |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value ^a | Get/Set | ENUM | Value:Enum. String:Meaning: 00h 'Auto' Auto negotiation (default) 01h '10 HDX' 10Mbit, half duplex 02h '10 FDX' 10Mbit, full duplex 03h '100 HDX' 100Mbit, half duplex 04h '100 HDX' 100Mbit, full duplex |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #9, DNS1)

This instance holds the address to the primary DNS server. Changes are valid after reset.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|----------------|---|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'DNS1' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 04h (= UINT8) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 04h |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | Array of UINT8 | Valid range: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255 (Default =0.0.0.0) |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #10, DNS2)

This instance holds the address to the secondary DNS server. Changes are valid after reset.

Advanced

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|----------------|---|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'DNS2' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 04h (= UINT8) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 04h |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | Array of UINT8 | Valid range: 0.0.0.0 - 255.255.255.255 (Default =0.0.0.0) |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #11, Host name)

This instance holds the host name of the module. Changes are valid after reset.

Advanced

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'Host name' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 07h (= CHAR) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 40h |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | Array of CHAR | Host name, 64 characters |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #12, Domain name)

This instance holds the domain name. Changes are valid after reset.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'Domain name' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 07h (= CHAR) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 30h |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | Array of CHAR | Domain name, 48 characters |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #13, SMTP Server)

This instance holds the SMTP server address. Changes are valid after reset.

Advanced

| # | Name Access Type | | Туре | Description | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'SMTP Server' | |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 07h (= CHAR) | |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 40h | |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) | |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set Array of CHAR | | SMTP server address, 64 characters | |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #14, SMTP User)

This instance holds user name for the SMTP account. Changes are valid after reset.

Advanced

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|--------------------|---------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'SMTP User' |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 07h (= CHAR) |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 40h |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | Array of CHAR | SMTP account user name, 64 characters |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #15, SMTP Password)

This instance holds the password for the SMTP account. Changes are valid after reset.

| # | Name | Access Type I | | Description | |
|---|--------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR | 'SMTP Pswd' | |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 | 07h (= CHAR) | |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 | 40h | |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 | 07h (read/write/shared access) | |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | Array of CHAR | SMTP account user name, 64 characters | |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Instance Attributes (Instance #20, QuickConnect Enable/Disable)

This instance enables or disables the QuickConnect functionality. Changes to the parameter will immediately change the value of the QuickConnect attribute in the TCP/IP Interface object, see page 65. Changes are valid after reset.

This network configuration instance is not available during SETUP or NW-INIT states. It is only available when QuickConnect feature is enabled in the EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h) and the module is in the WAIT_PROCESS or above.

Advanced

| # | Name | Access | Type Description | |
|---|--------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Name ^a | Get | Array of CHAR 'QuickConnect" | |
| 2 | Data type | Get | UINT8 08h (= ENUM) | |
| 3 | Number of elements | Get | UINT8 01h | |
| 4 | Descriptor | Get | UINT8 07h (read/write/shared access) | |
| 5 | Value | Get/Set | ENUM | Value:Enum. String:Meaning: 00h DisableQuickConnect (default) 01h EnableQuickConnect |

a. Multilingual, see "Multilingual Strings" on page 83.

Multilingual Strings

The instance names and enumeration strings in this object are multi-lingual, and are translated based on the current language settings as follows:

| Instance | English | German | Spanish | Italian | French |
|----------|------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 3 | IP address | IP-Adresse | Dirección IP | Indirizzo IP | Adresse IP |
| 4 | Subnet mask | Subnetzmaske | Masac. subred | Sottorete | Sous-réseau |
| 5 | Gateway | Gateway | Pasarela | Gateway | Passerelle |
| 6 | DHCP | DHCP | DHCP | DHCP | DHCP |
| | Enable | Einschalten | Activado | Abilitato | Activé |
| | Disable | Ausschalten | Desactivado | Disabilitato | Désactivé |
| 7 | Comm 1 | Komm 1 | Comu 1 | Connessione 1 | Comm 1 |
| | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto |
| | 10 HDX | 10 HDX | 10 HDX | 10 HDX | 10 HDX |
| | 10 FDX | 10 FDX | 10 FDX | 10 FDX | 10 FDX |
| | 100 HDX | 100 HDX | 100 HDX | 100 HDX | 100 HDX |
| 8 | Comm 2 | Komm 2 | Comu 2 | Connessione 2 | Comm 2 |
| | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto | Auto |
| | 10 HDX | 10 HDX | 10 HDX | 10 HDX | 10 HDX |
| | 10 FDX | 10 FDX | 10 FDX | 10 FDX | 10 FDX |
| | 100 HDX | 100 HDX | 100 HDX | 100 HDX | 100 HDX |
| 9 | DNS1 | DNS 1 | DNS Primaria | DNS1 | DNS1 |
| | | DNS 2 | DNS Secundia. | DNS2 | DNS2 |
| | | Host name | Nombre Host | Nome Host | Nom hôte |
| | | Domain name | Nobre Domain | Nome Dominio | Dom Domaine |
| 13 | SMTP Server SMTP Serve | | Servidor SMTP | Server SMTP | SMTP serveur |
| | | SMTP User | Usuario SMTP | Utente SMTP | SMTP utilisa. |
| | | SMTP PSWD | Clave SMTP | Password SMTP | SMTP mt passe |
| 20 | QuickConnect | QuickConnect | QuickConnect | QuickConnect | QuickConnect |

9.6 Socket Interface Object (07h)

Category

Advanced

Object Description

This object provides direct access to the TCP/IP stack socket interface, enabling custom protocols to be implemented over TCP/UDP.

Note that some of the commands used when accessing this object may require segmentation. For more information, see "Message Segmentation" on page 138.

IMPORTANT: The use of functionality provided by this object should only be attempted by users who are already familiar with socket interface programming and who fully understands the concepts involved in TCP/IP programming.

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute

Create (See "Command Details: Create" on page 86) Delete (See "Command Details: Delete" on page 87)

Instance: Get_Attribute

Set_Attribute

Bind (See "Command Details: Bind" on page 88)

Shutdown (See "Command Details: Shutdown" on page 89)

Listen (See "Command Details: Listen" on page 90)
Accept (See "Command Details: Accept" on page 91)
Connect (See "Command Details: Connect" on page 92)
Receive (See "Command Details: Receive" on page 93)

Receive_From (See "Command Details: Receive_From" on page 94)

Send (See "Command Details: Send" on page 95)

Send_To (See "Command Details: Send_To" on page 96)

IP_Add_membership (See "Command Details: IP_Add_Membership" on page 97) IP_Drop_membership (See "Command Details: IP_Drop_Membership" on page 98)

DNS_Lookup (See "Command Details: DNS_Loopup" on page 99)

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

| # | Name | Access | Data Type | Value |
|----|-----------------------|--------|---------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Name | Get | Array of CHAR | 'Socket interface' |
| 2 | Revision | Get | UINT8 | 01h |
| 3 | Number of instances | Get | UINT16 | - |
| 4 | Highest instance no. | Get | UINT16 | - |
| 11 | Max. no. of instances | Get | UINT16 | 0008h |

Instance Attributes (Sockets #1...8)

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|----|------------------------|---------|--------|--|
| 1 | Socket type | Get | UINT8 | Value:Socket Type: 00h SOCK_STREAM, NON-BLOCKING (TCP) 01h SOCK_STREAM, BLOCKING (TCP) 02h SOCK_DGRAM, NON-BLOCKING (UDP) 03h SOCK_DGRAM, BLOCKING (UDP) |
| 2 | Port | Get | UINT16 | Local port that the socket is bound to |
| 3 | Host IP | Get | UINT32 | Host IP address, or 0 (zero) if not connected |
| 4 | Host port | Get | UINT16 | Host port number, or 0 (zero) if not connected |
| 5 | TCP State | Get | UINT8 | State (TCP sockets only): Value:State:Description: 00h CLOSED Closed 01h LISTEN Listening for connection 02h SYN_SENT Active, have sent SYN 03h SYN_RECEIVED Have sent and received SYN 04h ESTABLISHED Established. 05h CLOSE_WAIT Received FIN, waiting for close 06h FIN_WAIT_1 Have closed, sent FIN 07h CLOSING Closed exchanged FIN; await FIN ACK 08h LAST_ACK Have FIN and close; await FIN ACK 09h FIN_WAIT_2 Have closed, FIN is acknowledged 0Ah TIME_WAIT Quiet wait after close Number of bytes in RX buffers (TCP sockets only) |
| 7 | TCP TX bytes | Get | UINT16 | Number of bytes in TX buffers (TCP sockets only) |
| 8 | Reuse address | Get/Set | BOOL | Socket can reuse local address Value:Meaning: 1 Enabled 0 Disabled (default) |
| 9 | Keep alive | Get/Set | BOOL | Protocol probes idle connection (TCP sockets only) Value:Meaning: 1 Enabled 0 Disabled (default) |
| 10 | IP Multicast TTL | Get/Set | UINT8 | IP Multicast TTL value (UDP sockets only). Default = 1. |
| 11 | IP Multicast Loop | Get/Set | BOOL | IP multicast loop back (UDP sockets only) ^a <u>Value:Meaning:</u> 1 Enable (default) 0 Disable |
| 12 | Ack delay time | Get/Set | UINT16 | Time for delayed ACKs in ms (TCP sockets only) Default = 200ms ^b |
| 13 | TCP No Delay | Get/Set | BOOL | Don't delay send to coalesce packets (TCP). Value:Meaning: 1 Delay (default) 0 Don't delay (turn off Nagle's algorithm on socket) |
| 14 | TCP Connect
Timeout | Get/Set | UINT16 | TCP Connect timeout in seconds (default = 75s) |

a. Must belong to group in order to get the loop backed message

b. Resolution is 50ms, i.e. 50...99 = 50ms, 100...149 = 100ms, 199 = 150ms etc.

Command Details: Create

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 03h

Valid for: Object Instance

Description

This command creates a socket.

Note: This command is only allowed in WAIT_PROCESS, IDLE and PROCESS_ACTIVE states.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents |
|-----------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Value:Socket Type: 00h SOCK_STREAM, NON-BLOCKING (TCP) 01h SOCK_STREAM, BLOCKING (TCP) 02h SOCK_DGRAM, NON-BLOCKING (UDP) 03h SOCK_DGRAM, BLOCKING (UDP) |

• Response Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|---------|------------------------|--|
| Data[0] | Instance number (low) | Instance number of the created socket. |
| Data[1] | Instance number (high) | |

Command Details: Delete

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 04h

Valid for: Object Instance

Description

This command deletes a previously created socket and closes the connection (if connected).

- If the socket is of TCP-type and a connection is established, the connection is terminated with the RST-flag.
- To gracefully terminate a TCP-connection, it is recommended to use the 'Shutdown'-command (see "Command Details: Shutdown" on page 89) before deleting the socket, causing the connection to be closed with the FIN-flag instead.

Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|----------------------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | Instance number to delete (low) | Instance number of socket that shall be deleted. |
| CmdExt[1] | Instance number to delete (high) | |

Response Details

(no data)

Command Details: Bind

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 10h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command binds a socket to a local port.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|------------------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | Requested port number (low) | Set to 0 (zero) to request binding to any free port. |
| CmdExt[1] | Requested port number (high) | |

Response Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|--------------------------|---|
| CmdExt[0] | Bound port number (low) | Actual port that the socket was bound to. |
| CmdExt[1] | Bound port number (high) | |

Command Details: Shutdown

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 11h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command closes a TCP-connection using the FIN-flag. Note that the response does not indicate if the connection actually shut down, which means that this command cannot be used to poll non-blocking sockets, nor will it block for blocking sockets.

Command Details

| Field | Contents | |
|-----------|---|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | |
| CmdExt[1] | Value:Mode: | |
| | 00h Shutdown receive channel | |
| | 01h Shutdown send channel | |
| | 02h Shutdown both receive- and send channel | |

Response Details

(no data)

The recommended sequence to gracefully shut down a TCP connection is described below.

Application initiates shutdown:

- 1. Send shutdown with CmdExt[1] set to 01h. This will send FIN-flag to host shutting down the send channel, note that the receive channel will still be operational.
- **2.** Receive data on socket until error message Object specific error (EDESTADDRREQ (14)) is received, indicating that the host closed the receive channel. If host does not close the receive channel use a timeout and progress to step 3.
- **3.** Delete the socket instance. If step 2 timed out, RST-flag will be sent to terminate the socket.

Host initiates shutdown:

- 1. Receive data on socket, if zero bytes received it indicates that the host closed the receive channel of the socket.
- **2.** Try to send any unsent data to the host.
- **3.** Send shutdown with CmdExt[1] set to 01h. This will send FIN-flag to host shutting down the receive channel.
- **4.** Delete the socket instance.

Command Details: Listen

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 12h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command puts a TCP socket in listening state. Backlog queue length is the number of un-accepted connections allowed on the socket. When backlog queue is full, further connections will be refused with RST-flag.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|--|---------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Value:Backlog queue length: 00h 1 01h 2 02h 4 | - |

• Response Details

(no data)

Command Details: Accept

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 13h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command accepts incoming connections on a listening TCP socket. A new socket instance is created for each accepted connection. The new socket is connected with the host and the response returns its instance number.

NON-BLOCKING mode:

This command must be issued repeatedly (polled) for incoming connections. If no incoming connection request exists, the module will respond with error code 0006h (EWOULDBLOCK).

BLOCKING mode:

This command will block until a connection request has been detected.

Note: This command will only be accepted if there is a free instance to use for accepted connections. For blocking connections, this command will reserve an instance.

• Command Details

(no data)

Response Details

| Field | Contents |
|---------|---|
| Data[0] | Instance number for the connected socket (low) |
| Data[1] | Instance number for the connected socket (high) |
| Data[2] | Host IP address byte 3 (low) |
| Data[3] | Host IP address byte 2 |
| Data[4] | Host IP address byte 1 |
| Data[5] | Host IP address byte 0 (high) |
| Data[6] | Host port number (low) |
| Data[7] | Host port number (high) |

Command Details: Connect

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 14h Valid for: Instance

Description

For SOCK-DGRAM-sockets, this command specifies the peer with which the socket is to be associated (to which datagrams are sent and the only address from which datagrams are received).

For SOCK_STREAM-sockets, this command attempts to establish a connection to a host.

SOCK_STREAM-sockets may connect successfully only once, while SOCK_DGRAM-sockets may use this service multiple times to change their association. SOCK-DGRAM-sockets may dissolve their association by connecting to IP address 0.0.0.0, port 0 (zero).

NON-BLOCKING mode:

This command must be issued repeatedly (polled) until a connection is connected, rejected or timed out. The first connect-attempt will be accepted, thereafter the command will return error code 22 (EINPROGRESS) on poll requests while attempting to connect.

BLOCKING mode:

This command will block until a connection has been established or the connection request is cancelled due to a timeout or a connection error.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Contents |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| Data[0] | Host IP address byte 3 (low) | - |
| Data[1] | Host IP address byte 2 | |
| Data[2] | Host IP address byte 1 | |
| Data[3] | Host IP address byte 0 (high) | |
| Data[4] | Host port number (low) | |
| Data[5] | Host port number (high) | |

• Response Details

(no data)

Command Details: Receive

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 15h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command receives data from a connected socket. Message segmentation may be used to receive up to 1472 bytes (see "Message Segmentation" on page 138).

For SOCK-DGRAM-sockets, the module will return the requested amount of data from the next received datagram. If the datagram is smaller than requested, the entire datagram will be returned in the response message. If the datagram is larger than requested, the excess bytes will be discarded.

For SOCK_STREAM-sockets, the module will return the requested number of bytes from the received data stream. If the actual data size is less than requested, all available data will be returned.

NON-BLOCKING mode:

If no data is available on the socket, the error code 0006h (EWOULDBLOCK) will be returned.

BLOCKING mode:

The module will not issue a response until the operation has finished.

If the module responds successfully with 0 (zero) bytes of data, it means that the host has closed the connection. The send channel may however still be valid and must be closed using 'Shutdown' and/or 'Delete'.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|---------------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Segmentation Control bits | see "Command Segmentation" on page 138 |
| Data[0] | Receive data size (low) | Only used in the first segment |
| Data[1] | Receive data size (high) | |

· Response Details

Note: The data in the response may be segmented (see "Message Segmentation" on page 138).

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|---------------------------|---|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Segmentation Control bits | see "Response Segmentation" on page 139 |
| Data[0n] | Received data | - |

Command Details: Receive_From

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 16h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command receives data from an unconnected SOCK_DGRAM-socket. Message segmentation may be used to receive up to 1472 bytes (see "Message Segmentation" on page 138).

The module will return the requested amount of data from the next received datagram. If the datagram is smaller than requested, the entire datagram will be returned in the response message. If the datagram is larger than requested, the excess bytes will be discarded.

The response message contains the IP address and port number of the sender.

NON-BLOCKING mode:

If no data is available on the socket, the error code 0006h (EWOULDBLOCK) will be returned.

BLOCKING mode:

The module will not issue a response until the operation has finished.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|---------------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Segmentation Control bits | see "Command Segmentation" on page 138 |
| Data[0] | Receive data size (low) | Only used in the first segment |
| Data[1] | Receive data size (high) | |

Response Details

Note: The data in the response may be segmented (see "Message Segmentation" on page 138).

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Segmentation Control bits | see "Response Segmentation" on page 139 |
| Data[0] | Host IP address byte 3 (low) | The host address/port information is only included |
| Data[1] | Host IP address byte 2 | in the first segment. All data thereafter will start at |
| Data[2] | Host IP address byte 1 | Data[0] |
| Data[3] | Host IP address byte 0 (high) | |
| Data[4] | Host port number (low) | |
| Data[5] | Host port number (high) | |
| Data[6n] | Received data | |

Command Details: Send

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 17h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command sends data on a connected socket. Message segmentation may be used to send up to 1472 bytes (see "Message Segmentation" on page 138).

NON-BLOCKING mode:

If there isn't enough buffer space available in the send buffers, the module will respond with error code 0006h (EWOULDBLOCK)

BLOCKING mode:

If there isn't enough buffer space available in the send buffers, the module will block until there is.

Command Details

Note: To allow larger amount of data (i.e. >255 bytes) to be sent, the command data may be segmented (see "Message Segmentation" on page 138).

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|----------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Segmentation Control | see "Command Segmentation" on page 138 |
| Data[0n] | Data to send | - |

· Response Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (ignore) |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| Data[0] | Number of sent bytes (low) | Only valid in the last segment |
| Data[1] | Number of sent bytes (high) | |

Command Details: Send_To

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 18h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command sends data to a specified host on an unconnected SOCK-DGRAM-socket. Message segmentation may be used to send up to 1472 bytes (see "Message Segmentation" on page 138).

Command Details

Note: To allow larger amount of data (i.e. >255 bytes) to be sent, the command data may be segmented (see "Message Segmentation" on page 138).

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|-------------------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Segmentation Control | see "Command Segmentation" on page 138 |
| Data[0] | Host IP address byte 3 (low) | The host address/port information shall only be |
| Data[1] | Host IP address byte 2 | included in the first segment. All data thereafter |
| Data[2] | Host IP address byte 1 | must start at Data[0] |
| Data[3] | Host IP address byte 0 (high) | |
| Data[4] | Host port number (low) | |
| Data[5] | Host port number (high) | |
| Data[6n] | Data to send | |

• Response Details

| Field | Contents | Notes | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (ignore) | |
| CmdExt[1] | - | | |
| Data[0] | Number of sent bytes (low) | Only valid in the last segment | |
| Data[1] | Number of sent bytes (high) | | |

Command Details: IP_Add_Membership

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 19h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command assigns the socket an IP multicast group membership. The module always joins the 'All hosts group' automatically, however this command may be used to specify up to 20 additional memberships.

Command Details

| Field | Contents | Notes | | |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) | | |
| CmdExt[1] | | | | |
| Data[0] | Group IP address byte 3 (low) | - | | |
| Data[1] | Group IP address byte 2 | | | |
| Data[2] | Group IP address byte 1 | | | |
| Data[3] | Group IP address byte 0 (high) | | | |

Response Details

(no data)

Command Details: IP_Drop_Membership

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 1Ah Valid for: Instance

Description

This command removes the socket from an IP multicast group membership.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Notes | | |
|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) | | |
| CmdExt[1] | | | | |
| Data[0] | Group IP address byte 3 (low) | - | | |
| Data[1] | Group IP address byte 2 | | | |
| Data[2] | Group IP address byte 1 | | | |
| Data[3] | Group IP address byte 0 (high) | | | |

Response Details

(no data)

Command Details: DNS_Loopup

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 1Bh

Valid for: Object Instance

Description

This command resolves the given host name and returns the IP address.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|------------|----------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| Data[0 N] | Host name | Host name to resolve |

• Response Details (Success)

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| Data[0] | IP address byte 3 (low) | IP address of the specified host |
| Data[1] | IP address byte 2 | |
| Data[2] | IP address byte 1 | |
| Data[3] | IP address byte 0 (high) | |

Socket Interface Error Codes (Object Specific)

The following object-specific error codes may be returned by the module when using the socket interface object.

| Error Code | Name | Meaning | |
|------------|-----------------|---|--|
| 1 | ENOBUFS | No internal buffers available | |
| 2 | ETIMEDOUT | A timeout event occurred | |
| 3 | EISCONN | Socket already connected | |
| 4 | EOPNOTSUPP | Service not supported | |
| 5 | ECONNABORTED | Connection was aborted | |
| 6 | EWOULDBLOCK | Socket cannot block because unblocking socket type | |
| 7 | ECONNREFUSED | Connection refused | |
| 8 | ECONNRESET | Connection reset | |
| 9 | ENOTCONN | Socket is not connected | |
| 10 | EALREADY | Socket is already in requested mode | |
| 11 | EINVAL | Invalid service data | |
| 12 | EMSGSIZE | Invalid message size | |
| 13 | EPIPE | Error in pipe | |
| 14 | EDESTADDRREQ | Destination address required | |
| 15 | ESHUTDOWN | Socket has already been shutdown | |
| 16 | (reserved) | - | |
| 17 | EHAVEOOB | Out of band data available | |
| 18 | ENOMEM | No internal memory available | |
| 19 | EADDRNOTAVAIL | Address is not available | |
| 20 | EADDRINUSE | Address already in use | |
| 21 | (reserved) | - | |
| 22 | EINPROGRESS | Service already in progress | |
| 28 | ETOOMANYREFS | Too many references | |
| 101 | Command aborted | If a command is blocking on a socket, and that socket is closed using the Delete command, this error code will be returned to the blocking command. | |

9.7 SMTP Client Object (09h)

Category

Advanced

Object Description

This object groups functions related to the SMTP-client.

See also...

- "File System" on page 17
- "E-mail Client" on page 27
- "Instance Attributes (Instance #13, SMTP Server)" on page 82
- "Instance Attributes (Instance #14, SMTP User)" on page 82
- "Instance Attributes (Instance #15, SMTP Password)" on page 82

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute

Create Delete

Send email from file ("Command Details: Send Email From File" on page 104)

Instance: Get_Attribute

Set_Attribute

Send email("Command Details: Send Email" on page 105)

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

| # | Name | Access | Data Type | Value |
|----|-----------------------|--------|---------------|--|
| 1 | Name | Get | Array of CHAR | 'SMTP Client' |
| 2 | Revision | Get | UINT8 | 01h |
| 3 | Number of instances | Get | UINT16 | - |
| 4 | Highest instance no. | Get | UINT16 | - |
| 11 | Max. no. of instances | Get | UINT16 | 0006h |
| 12 | Success count | Get | UINT16 | Reflects the no. of successfully sent messages |
| 13 | Error count | Get | UINT16 | Reflects the no. of messages that could not be delivered |

Instance Attributes

Advanced

Instances are created dynamically by the application.

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|---------|---------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | From | Get/Set | Array of CHAR | e.g. "someone@somewhere.com" |
| 2 | То | Get/Set | Array of CHAR | e.g. "someone.else@anywhere.net" |
| 3 | Subject | Get/Set | Array of CHAR | e.g. "Important notice" |
| 4 | Message | Get/Set | Array of CHAR | e.g. "Duck and cover" |

Command Details: Create

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 03h Valid for: Object

Description

This command creates an email instance.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |

• Response Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, ignore) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0] | Instance number | low byte |
| MsgData[1] | | high byte |

Command Details: Delete

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 04h

Valid for: Object

Description

This command deletes an email instance.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|--------------------|----------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, ignore) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |

• Response Details

(no data)

Command Details: Send Email From File

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 11h Valid for: Object

Description

This command sends an email based on a file in the file system.

File format:

The file must be a plain ASCII-file in the following format:

```
[To]
recipient

[From]
sender

[Subject]
email subject

[Headers]
extra headers, optional

[Message]
actual email message
```

Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0 n] | Path + filename of message file | - |

• Response Details

(no data)

Command Details: Send Email

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 10h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command sends the specified email instance.

• Command Details (no data)

• Response Details (no data)

Object Specific Error Codes

| Error Codes | Meaning | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | SMTP server not found | | |
| 2 | SMTP server not ready | | |
| 3 | Authentication error | | |
| 4 | SMTP socket error | | |
| 5 | SSI scan error | | |
| 6 | Unable to interpret email file | | |
| 255 | Unspecified SMTP error | | |
| (other) | (reserved) | | |

9.8 File System Interface Object (0Ah)

Category

Advanced

Object Description

This object provides an interface to the built-in file system. Each instance represents a handle to a file stream and contains services for file system operations.

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute

Create("Command Details: Create" on page 108)
Delete("Command Details: Delete" on page 109)

Format Disc("Command Details: Format Disc" on page 118)

Instance: Get_Attribute

File Open("Command Details: File Open" on page 109)
File Close("Command Details: File Close" on page 110)
File Delete("Command Details: File Delete" on page 110)
File Copy("Command Details: File Copy" on page 111)
File Rename("Command Details: File Rename" on page 112)
File Read("Command Details: File Read" on page 113)
File Write("Command Details: File Write" on page 114)

Directory Open("Command Details: Directory Open" on page 114)
Directory Close("Command Details: Directory Close" on page 115)
Directory Delete("Command Details: Directory Delete" on page 115)
Directory Read("Command Details: Directory Read" on page 116)
Directory Create("Command Details: Directory Create" on page 117)
Directory Change("Command Details: Directory Change" on page 117)

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

| # | Name | Access | Data Type | Value |
|----|-----------------------------|--------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Name | Get | Array of CHAR | 'File System Interface' |
| 2 | Revision | Get | UINT8 | 01h |
| 3 | Number of instances | Get | UINT16 | - |
| 4 | Highest instance no. | Get | UINT16 | - |
| 11 | Max. no. of instances | Get | UINT16 | 0004h |
| 12 | Disable virtual file system | Get | BOOL | False |
| 13 | Total disc size | Get | Array of UINT32 | - |
| 14 | Free space | Get | Array of UINT32 | - |
| 15 | Disc CRC | Get | Array of UINT32 | - |

Instance Attributes

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|---------------|--------|---------------|---|
| 1 | Instance type | Get | UINT8 | Value:Type: |
| | | | | 00h Reserved |
| | | | | 01h File instance |
| | | | | 02h Directory instance |
| 2 | File size | Get | UINT32 | File size in bytes (zero for directories) |
| 3 | Path | Get | Array of CHAR | Path where instance operates |

Command Details: Create

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 03h Valid for: Object

Description

This command creates a file operation instance.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |

• Response Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|------------|--------------------|-----------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, ignore) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0] | Instance number | low byte |
| MsgData[1] | | high byte |

Command Details: Delete

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 04h Valid for: Object

Description

This command deletes a file operation instance.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|--------------------|----------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, ignore) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |

• Response Details

(no data)

Command Details: File Open

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 10h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command opens a file for reading, writing, or appending.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|-------------------------|---|
| CmdExt[0] | Mode | Value:Mode: 00h Read mode 01h Write mode 02h Append mode |
| CmdExt[1] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| MsgData[0 n] | Path + filename | Relative to current path |

• Response Details

Command Details: File Close

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 11h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command closes a previously opened file.

• Command Details

(no data)

Response Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, ignore) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0] | File size | low byte, low word |
| MsgData[1] | | - |
| MsgData[2] | | - |
| MsgData[3] | | high byte, high word |

Command Details: File Delete

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 12h

Valid for: Instance

Description

This command permanently deletes a specified file from the file system.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0 n] | Path + filename | Relative to current path |

• Response Details

Command Details: File Copy

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 13h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command makes a copy of a file.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|-----------------------------|---|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0 n] | Source path + filename | Relative to current path, separated by NULL |
| | NULL | |
| | Destination path + filename | |

• Response Details

Command Details: File Rename

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 14h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command renames or moves a file.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|-------------------------|---|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0 n] | Old path + filename | Relative to current path, separated by NULL |
| | NULL | |
| | New path + filename | |

• Response Details

Command Details: File Read

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 15h Valid for: Instance

Description

Reads data from a file previously opened for reading.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | Bytes | no. of bytes to read |
| CmdExt[1] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |

Response Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, ignore) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0 n] | Data | Data read from file |

Command Details: File Write

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 16h Valid for: Instance

Description

Writes data to a file previously opened for writing or appending.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| Data[0 n] | Data | Data to write to file |

• Response Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | Bytes | no. of bytes written |
| CmdExt[1] | (reserved, ignore) | - |

Command Details: Directory Open

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 20h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command opens a directory.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| Data[0 n] | Path + name of directory | Relative to current path |

• Response Details

Command Details: Directory Close

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 21h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command closes a previously opened directory.

• Command Details (no data)

 Response Details (no data)

Command Details: Directory Delete

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 22h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command permanently deletes an empty directory from the file system.

Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0 n] | Path + name of directory | Relative to current path |

• Response Details

Command Details: Directory Read

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 23h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command reads the contents of a directory previously opened for reading.

The command returns information about a single directory entry, which means that the command must be issued multiple times to retrieve the complete contents of a directory. When the last entry has been read, the command returns an "empty" response (i.e. a response where the data size is zero).

Command Details

(no data)

• Response Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|--------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, ignore) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0] | Size of entry | Low byte, low word |
| MsgData[1] | | - |
| MsgData[2] | | - |
| MsgData[3] | | High byte, high word |
| MsgData[4] | Flags | Bit:Meaning: 0 Entry is a directory 1 Entry is read-only 2 Entry is hidden 3 Entry is a system entry |
| MsgData[5 n] | Name of entry | - |

Command Details: Directory Create

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 24h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command creates a directory.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0 n] | Path + name of directory | Relative to current path |

Response Details

(no data)

Command Details: Directory Change

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 25h Valid for: Instance

Description

This command changes the current directory/path for an instance.

Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |
| MsgData[0 n] | Path + name of directory | Relative to current path |

• Response Details

Command Details: Format Disc

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 30h Valid for: Object

Description

This command formats the file system.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Comments |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| CmdExt[0] | (reserved, set to zero) | - |
| CmdExt[1] | | |

• Response Details

(no data)

Object Specific Error Codes

| Error Codes | Meaning | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | Failed to open file | | | |
| 2 | Failed to close file | | | |
| 3 | Failed to delete file | | | |
| 4 | Failed to open directory | | | |
| 5 | Failed to close directory | | | |
| 6 | Failed to create directory | | | |
| 7 | Failed to delete directory | | | |
| 8 | Failed to change directory | | | |
| 9 | Copy operation failure (could not open source) | | | |
| 10 | Copy operation failure (could not open destination) | | | |
| 11 | Copy operation failure (write failed) | | | |
| 12 | Unable to rename file | | | |

9.9 Network Ethernet Object (0Ch)

Category

Extended

Object Description

This object provides ethernet-specific information to the application.

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute
Instance: Get_Attribute

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

| # | Name | Access | Data Type | Value |
|---|----------------------|--------|---------------|--------------------|
| 1 | Name | Get | Array of CHAR | 'Network Ethernet' |
| 2 | Revision | Get | UINT8 | 01h |
| 3 | Number of instances | Get | UINT16 | - |
| 4 | Highest instance no. | Get | UINT16 | - |

Instance Attributes (Instance #1)

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|-------------|--------|----------------|--|
| 1 | MAC Address | Get | Array of UINT8 | Current MAC address. |
| | | | | See also "Ethernet Host Object (F9h)" on page 132) |

9.10 CIP Port Configuration Object (0Dh)

Category

Advanced

Object Description

This object is used to populate and enumerate the CIP Port Object (see "Port Object (F4h)" on page 63) on the network side. Basically, this is a matter of creating and updating instances and attributes which shall represent a CIP Port within the host application. This process is necessary in case support for Unconnected CIP Routing has been enabled (see "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123, Instance Attribute #17).

Each instance within this object corresponds to an instance in the CIP Port Object. The object supports up to 8 instances, where instance #1 is dedicated to the local TCP port, enabling the host application to implement up to 7 additional ports. Instance #1 will automatically be populated with default values, however it is possible for the host application to customize instance attributes #2 and #4.

Apart from attribute #7, it is possible to write to the instanc attributes only during setup. The host application is responsible for keeping instance attribute #7 updated for all ports located within the host application.

See also...

- "Port Object (F4h)" on page 63 (CIP)
- "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123 (Instance Attribute #17)

IMPORTANT: Note that the module does not take over the host application responsibility for error control; the module will not verify that the data set by the host application is correct.

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute

Create Delete

Instance: Get_Attribute

Set Attribute

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

| # | Name | Access | Data Type | Value |
|----|-----------------------|--------|---------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | Name | Get | Array of CHAR | 'CIP Port Configuration' |
| 2 | Revision | Get | UINT8 | 01h |
| 3 | Number of instances | Get | UINT16 | - |
| 4 | Highest instance no. | Get | UINT16 | - |
| 11 | Max. no. of instances | Get | UINT16 | 0008h |

Instance Attributes

Advanced

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Description |
|---|-----------------|--------|--|--|
| 1 | Port Type | Set | UINT16 | Enumerates the port (see CIP specification, Vol. 1) |
| 2 | Port Number | Set | UINT16 | CIP port number associated with this port |
| 3 | Link Path | Set | Array of UINT8 | Logical path segments which identify the object for this port. |
| 4 | Port Name | Set | Array of CHAR | String (max. no. of characters is 64) which names the port. |
| 5 | - | - | - | (reserved) |
| 6 | - | - | - | (reserved) |
| 7 | Node Address | Set | Array of UINT8 | Node number of this device on port. The data type restricts the range to a Port Segment. The encoded port number must match the value specified in attribute #2. A device which does not have a node number on the port can specify a zero length node address within the Port Segment (i.e. 10h 00h). In case the node address changes during runtime, the host application is responsible for updating this attribute as well. |
| 8 | Port Node Range | Set | Struct of:
UINT16 (Min)
UINT16 (Max) | Minimum and maximum node number on port. Support for this attribute is conditional; the attribute shall be supported provided that the node number can be reported within the range of the data type (e.g. DeviceNet). If not (as is the case with networks such as EtherNet/IP which uses a 4 byte IP address), the attribute shall not be supported. |

See also...

- "Port Object (F4h)" on page 63 ("Instance Attributes (Instance #1)" on page 64)
- "Port Object (F4h)" on page 63 ("Instances Attributes (Instances #2... #8)" on page 64)

10. Host Application Objects

10.1 General Information

This chapter specifies the host application object implementation in the module. The objects listed here may optionally be implemented within the host application firmware to expand the EtherNet/IP implementation.

Standard Objects:

- Application Object (see Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide)
- Application Data Object (see Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide)

Network Specific Objects:

- "EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)" on page 123
- "Ethernet Host Object (F9h)" on page 132

10.2 EtherNet/IP Host Object (F8h)

Category

Basic, extended, advanced

Object Description

This object implements EtherNet/IP specific features in the host application. Note that this object must not be confused with the Ethernet Host Object, see "Ethernet Host Object (F9h)" on page 132.

The implementation of this object is optional; the host application can support none, some, or all of the attributes specified below. The module will attempt to retrieve the values of these attributes during startup; if an attribute is not implemented in the host application, simply respond with an error message (06h, "Invalid CmdExt[0]"). In such case, the module will use its default value.

If the module attempts to retrieve a value of an attribute not listed below, respond with an error message (06h, "Invalid CmdExt[0]").

Note that some of the commands used when accessing this object may require segmentation. For more information, see "Message Segmentation" on page 138.

If the module is configured to use EIP QuickConnect functionality, the EDS file has to be changed. As the EDS file is changed, the identity of the module has to be changed and the module will require certification, see "Conformance Test Guide" on page 10.

See also...

- "Identity Object (01h)" on page 47 (CIP)
- "Assembly Object (04h)" on page 51 (CIP)
- "Port Object (F4h)" on page 63 (CIP)
- "CIP Port Configuration Object (0Dh)" on page 120 (Anybus Module Object)
- Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide, "Error Codes"

Supported Commands

Instance: Get_Attribute

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

| # | Name | Access | Data Type | Value |
|---|----------------------|--------|---------------|---------------|
| 1 | Name | Get | Array of CHAR | 'EtherNet/IP' |
| 2 | Revision | Get | UINT8 | 02h |
| 3 | Number of instances | Get | UINT16 | 0001h |
| 4 | Highest instance no. | Get | UINT16 | 0001h |

Instance Attributes (Instance #1)

Basic

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Default Value | Comment |
|---|---------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Vendor ID | Get | UINT16 | 005Ah | These values are forwarded to the Identity |
| 2 | Device Type | Get | UINT16 | 0000h | Object (CIP). |
| 3 | Product Code | Get | UINT16 | 002Eh | Con also |
| 4 | Revision | Get | struct of:
UINT8 Major
UINT8 Minor | (software revision) | See also - "Device Customization" on page 13 - "Identity Object (01h)" on page 47 (CIP-object) |
| 5 | Serial Number | Get | UINT32 | (set at production) | |
| 6 | Product Name | Get | Array of CHAR | "CompactCom EtherNet/
IP(TM) 2P" | Note: Changing any of these attributes requires a new Vendor ID. |

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Default Value | Comment |
|----|---|--------|--------|---------------|--|
| 7 | Producing
Instance No. | Get | UINT16 | 0064h | See also "Instance 64h Attributes (Producing Instance)" on page 53 (CIP-instance) |
| 8 | Consuming Instance No. | Get | UINT16 | 0096h | See also "Instance 96h Attributes (Consuming Instance)" on page 53 (CIP-instance) |
| 9 | Enable communication settings from Net | Get | BOOL | True | Value:Meaning: True Can be set from network False Cannot be set from network See also "TCP/IP Interface Object (F5h)" on page 65 (CIP-object) - "Ethernet Link Object (F6h)" on page 68 (CIP-object) - "Network Configuration Object (04h)" on page 77 (Anybus Module Object) |
| 12 | Enable Parameter Object | Get | BOOL | True | Value:Meaning: True Enable CIP Parameter Object False Disable CIP Parameter Object |
| 13 | Input-Only heart-
beat instance
number | Get | UINT16 | 0003h | See also - "Instance 03h Attributes (Heartbeat, Input-Only)" on page 51 (CIP-instance) |
| 14 | Listen-Only heart-
beat instance
number | Get | UINT16 | 0004h | See also - "Instance 04h Attributes (Heartbeat, Listen-Only)" on page 52 (CIP-instance) |

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Default Value | Comment |
|----|---|--------|---------------|---------------|--|
| 15 | Assembly object Configuration instance number | Get | UINT16 | 0005h | See also "Instance 05h Attributes (Configuration Data)" on page 52 (CIP-instance) |
| 16 | Disable Strict IO
Match | Get | BOOL | False | If true, the module will accept Class1 connection requests that have sizes that's less than or equal to the configured IO sizes. |
| 18 | Input-Only
extended heart-
beat instance
number | Get | UINT16 | 0006h | See also - "Instance 06h Attributes (Heartbeat, Input-Only Extended)" on page 52 (CIP-instance) |
| 19 | Listen-Only
extended heart-
beat instance
number | Get | UINT16 | 0007h | See also - "Instance 07h Attributes (Heartbeat, Listen-Only Extended)" on page 53 (CIP-instance) |
| 20 | Interface label port 1 | Get | Array of CHAR | Port 1 | The value of this attribute is used to change the interface label for Ethernet Link Object Instance #1 |
| 21 | Interface label port 2 | Get | Array of CHAR | Port 2 | The value of this attribute is used to change the interface label for Ethernet Link Object Instance #2 |
| 22 | Interface label internal port | Get | Array of CHAR | Internal | The value of this attribute is use dto change the interface label for Ethernet Link Object Instance #3 |
| 26 | Enable EtherNet/
IP QuickConnect ^a | Get | BOOL | False | Value:Meaning: True EtherNet/IP QuickConnect functionality enabled. False EtherNet/IP QuickConnect functionality disabled. |

a. If the module is configured to use EIP QuickConnect functionality, the EDS file has to be changed. As the EDS file is changed, the identity of the module has to be changed and the module will require certification, see "Conformance Test Guide" on page 10.

Advanced

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Default Value | Comment |
|----|---------------------------------|--------|------|---------------|--|
| 11 | Enable CIP forwarding | Get | BOOL | False | Value:Meaning: True Enable CIP forwarding False Disable CIP forwarding See also "Command Details: Process_CIP_Object_Request" on page 127. |
| 17 | Enable uncon-
nected routing | Get | BOOL | False | If true, the module enables unconnected CIP routing. This also triggers an initial upload of the contents of the CIP Port Mapping object. |
| 29 | Ignore Sequence
Count Check | Get | BOOL | False | Setting this attribute to "true" makes the module ignore the Sequence Count Check for consumed Class 1 data. This means that all data, not just changed/ new data, received from the Originator, will be copied to the application. Copying all data and not just changed data is a violation of the CIP specification. It will also affect the performance of the module. Use precaution when setting this flag to "true". HMS will do NO performance measurements and states NO guarantees about how performance will be affected when copying all data. |

Command Details: Process_CIP_Object_Request

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 10h

Valid for: Object Instance

Description

By setting the 'Enable CIP Request Forwarding'-attribute (#11), all requests to unimplemented CIP-objects and unknown assembly object instances, will be forwarded to the host application through this command. The application then has to evaluate the request and return a proper response. The module supports up to 6 pending CIP-requests; additional requests will be rejected by the module.

Note that since the telegram length on the host interface is limited, the request data size must not exceed 255 bytes. If it does, the module will send a 'resource unavailable' response to the originator of the request and the message will not be forwarded to the host application.

Note: This command is similar - but <u>not</u> identical - to the 'Process_CIP_Request'-command in the Anybus CompactCom DeviceNet.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|--------------|-------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | CIP Service Code | CIP service code from original CIP request |
| CmdExt[1] | Request Path Size | Number of 16-bit words in the Request Path field |
| MsgData[0 m] | Request Path | CIP Padded EPATH (Class, Instance, Attr. etc.) |
| MsgData[m n] | Request Data | Service-specific data |

Response Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|--------------|---------------------------|---|
| CmdExt[0] | CIP Service Code | (Reply bit set) |
| CmdExt[1] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |
| MsgData[0] | General Status | CIP General Status Code |
| MsgData[1] | Size of Additional Status | Number of 16-bit words in Additional Status array |
| MsgData[2 m] | Additional Status | Additional Status, if applicable |
| MsgData[m n] | Response data | Actual response data, if applicable |

IMPORTANT: When using this functionality, make sure to implement the common CIP Class Attribute (attribute #1, 'Revision') for all objects in the host application firmware. Failure to observe this will prevent the module from successfully passing conformance tests.

Command Details: Set_Configuration_Data

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 11h

Valid for: Object Instance

Description

If the data segment in the CIP 'Forward_Open' service contains Configuration Data, this will be forwarded to the host application through this command. If implemented, the host application should evaluate the request and return a proper response.

Since the telegram length on the host interface is limited, segmentation is needed for data sizes larger than 255 bytes. The maximum total amount of configuration data that will be accepted by the module is 458 bytes.

Note: This command must be implemented in order to support Configuration Data. If not implemented, the CIP 'Forward_Open'-request will be rejected by the module.

· Command Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| CmdExt[0] | - | (reserved, ignore) |
| CmdExt[1] | Segmentation Control bits | See "Message Segmentation" on page 138 |
| MsgData[0 - 1] ^a | Producing connection point | Producing connection point, requested by the originator. |
| MsgData[2 - 3] ^a | Consuming connection point | Consuming connecition point, requested by the originator. |
| MsgData[0 n] | Data | Actual configuration data |

a. MsgData[0 - 1]and MsgData[2 - 3] can both be 0. Normally, the Set_Configuration_Data command is sent to the application when an I/O connection is setup on the network. Producing connection point and consuming connection point are available and will be forwarded with the command. But if the configuration data originates from a set attribute single request or a not matching NULL forward open request, there is no information on the connection points and 0 (zero) will be forwarded to the application.

Response Details (Success)

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|-----------|----------|-------------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |

• Response Details (Error)

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|----------------|---------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |
| MsgData[0] | Error code | Anybus error code |
| MsgData[1] | Extended error code | If the Anybus error code is set to FFh, the extended error code shall be translated as shown in "Extended Error Code" on page 129. |
| MsgData[2 - 3] | Index | If the Extended error code is set to 02h (invalid configuration), this parameter points to the attribute that failed. |

Extended Error Code

If the Error code equals FFh (Object specific error), the extended code will be translated as below:

| Code | Contents | CIP no. | CIP status code | Additional Information |
|------|-------------------------|---------|-----------------------|--|
| 01h | Ownership con-
flict | 01h | Connection failure | The configuration data was supplied in a forward open request. |
| | | 10h | Device State conflict | The configuration data was supplied in a set request to the Assembly object. |
| 02h | Invalid configuration | 09h | Bad attribute data | CIP extended error code: Use value from MsgData[2 - 3]. The extended error code shall only be used if the request originated from a Forward Open request, not for explicit set requests. |

See also...

- "Connection Manager (06h)" on page 54 (CIP)
- "Message Segmentation" on page 138

Command Details: Process_CIP_Routing_Request

Category

Advanced

Details

Command Code.: 12h

Valid for: Object Instance

Description

The module will strip the first path within the Unconnected_Send service and evaluate whether or not it's possible to continue with the routing (e.g. check that the requested port exists within the port object). If the stripped path was the last path the contents delivered to the application will be the CIP request sent to the destination node, otherwise it will be an Unconneced_Send service with updated route path information.

The module supports up to 6 pending requests. Additional requests will be rejected by the module.

Note: Since the telegram length on the host interface is limited, the data must not exceed 255 bytes in length. If it does, the module will reject the originator of the request ('Resource unavailable'), and this command will not be issued towards the host application.

• Command Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|----------------|------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | - | (reserved, ignore) |
| CmdExt[1] | - | (reserved, ignore) |
| MsgData[0 n] | Destination Path | Destination path encoded as an EPATH. |
| MsgData[n+1] | Time_tick | Valid after timeout parameters have been updated |
| MsgData[n+2] | Time-out_ticks | Valid after timeout parameters have been updated |
| MsgData[n+3 m] | CIP message | CIP message to route |

• Response Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|----------------|---------------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |
| MsgData[0] | CIP Service | Actual CIP service code, response bit set |
| MsgData[1] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |
| MsgData[2] | General Status | Actual CIP General status code |
| MsgData[3] | Size of Additional Status | No. of 16-bit words in Additional Status Array |
| MsgData[4 n] | Additional Status Array | Additional status, if applicable |
| MsgData[n+1 m] | Response Data | Actual response data |

See also...

- "Port Object (F4h)" on page 63 (CIP)
- "CIP Port Configuration Object (0Dh)" on page 120

Command Details: Get_Configuration_Data

Details

Command Code.: 13h

Valid for: Object Instance

Description

If the configuration data is requested from the network, the Anybus will issue this command to the application. The application shall send the stored configuration data in the response message.

Since the telegram length on the host interface is limited, segmentation is needed for data sizes larger than 255 bytes. The maximum total amount of configuration data that will be accepted by the module is 458 bytes.

Note: This command must be implemented in order to support Configuration Data. If not implemented, the request will be rejected by the Anybus module.

· Command Details

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|--------------|----------|--------------------------|
| CmdExt[0] | 00h | - |
| CmdExt[1] | 00h | - |
| MsgData[0 n] | - | No extended message data |

Response Details (Success)

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|
| CmdExt[0] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Segmentation Control bits | See "Message Segmentation" on page 138 |
| MsgData[0 - n] | Status | Configuration data from the application |

• Response Details (Error)

| Field | Contents | Notes |
|------------|---------------------------|--|
| CmdExt[0] | 00h | (reserved, set to zero) |
| CmdExt[1] | Segmentation Control bits | See "Message Segmentation" on page 138 |
| MsgData[0] | Status | Anybus protocol error code |

See also...

"Message Segmentation" on page 138

10.3 Ethernet Host Object (F9h)

Category

Basic, extended

Object Description

This object implements Ethernet features in the host application.

Supported Commands

Object: Get_Attribute

Instance: Get_Attribute

Set_Attribute

Object Attributes (Instance #0)

| # | Name | Access | Data Type | Value |
|---|----------------------|--------|---------------|------------|
| 1 | Name | Get | Array of CHAR | 'Ethernet' |
| 2 | Revision | Get | UINT8 | 02h |
| 3 | Number of instances | Get | UINT16 | 0001h |
| 4 | Highest instance no. | Get | UINT16 | 0001h |

Instance Attributes (Instance #1)

Basic

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Defaulta | Comment |
|---|--------------------------|--------|----------------|----------|--|
| 1 | MAC address ^b | Get | Array of UINT8 | | 6 byte physical address value; overrides the pre-programmed Mac address. Note that the new Mac address value must be obtained from the IEEE. |

a. If an attribute is not implemented, the module will use this value instead

Extended

| # | Name | Access | Туре | Default ^a | Comment |
|----|-----------------------|--------|--------|----------------------|--|
| 2 | Enable HICP | Get | BOOL | True | Value:Meaning: True HICP enabled False HICP disabled (see "HICP (Host IP Configuration Protocol)" on page 140) |
| 3 | Enable Web Server | Get | BOOL | True | Value:Meaning: True web server enabled False web server disabled (see "Web Server" on page 20) |
| 5 | Enable Web ADI access | Get | BOOL | True | Value:Meaning: True web ADI access enabled False web ADI access disabled (see "Web Server" on page 20) |
| 6 | Enable FTP server | Get | BOOL | True | Value:Meaning: True FTP server enabled False FTP server disabled (see "FTP Server" on page 18) |
| 7 | Enable admin mode | Get | BOOL | False | Value:Meaning: True FTP Admin mode enabled False FTP Admin mode disabled (see "FTP Server" on page 18) |
| 8 | Network Status | Set | UINT16 | - | See "Network Status" on page 133 |
| 12 | Port 1 State | Get | ENUM | 00h | Value:Meaning: 00h Ethernet port 1 enabled 01h Ethernet port 1 disabled |
| 13 | Port 2 State | Get | ENUM | 00h | Value:Meaning: 00h Ethernet port 2 enabled 01h Ethernet port 2 disabled |

a. If an attribute is not implemented, the module will use this value instead

Network Status

This attribute holds a bit field which indicates the overall network status as follows:

| Bit | Contents | Description |
|-----|----------|------------------|
| 0 | Link | Value:Meaning: |
| | | True Link sensed |
| | | False No link |

b. The module is pre-programmed with a valid MAC address. To use that address, do *not* implement this attribute.

| Bit | Contents | Description |
|------|----------------|---|
| 1 | IP established | Value:Meaning: True IP address established False IP address not established |
| 2 15 | (reserved) | (mask off and ignore) |

A. Categorization of Functionality

The objects, including attributes and services, of the Anybus CompactCom and the application are divided into three categories: basic, advanced and extended.

A.1 Basic

This category includes objects, attributes and services that are mandatory to implement or to use. They will be enough for starting up the Anybus CompactCom and sending/receiving data with the chosen network protocol. The basic functions of the industrial network are used.

Additional objects etc, that will make it possible to certify the product also belong to this category.

A.2 Extended

Use of the objects in this category extends the functionality of the application. Access is given to the more specific characteristics of the industrial network, not only the basic moving of data to and from the network. Extra value is given to the application.

A.3 Advanced

The objects, attributes and services that belong to this group offer specialized and/or seldom used functionality. Most of the available network functionality is enabled and accessible. Access to the specification of the industrial network is normally required.

B. Implementation Details

B.1 Extended LED Functionality

On the Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP 2-Port module, there is the possibility to use GIP1 and GOP1 for indicating link/activity on the 2 ports of the module.

To enable the extended LED functionality, the application needs to set the Anybus Object Instance 1 attribute 16 (GPIO configuration) to 0x0001 during state SETUP.

See the Anybus CompactCom Hardware Design Guide for Host Interface Signals.

GPIO mode description

| | | Signal | | |
|--------------------|--|---|---|--|
| | | GIP1 | GOP1 | |
| GPIO Configuration | Value: 0x0000
(Default) | General purpose input | General purpose output | |
| | Value: 0x0001
(Extended LED
functionality) | The 10/100 Mbit indication for port 1 is combined into one signal, connected to a green LED, that is lit when there is a link and flickering on activity. | The 10/100 Mbit indication for port 2 is combined into one signal, connected to a green LED, that is lit when there is a link and flickering on activity. | |

Note 1: Enabling the extended LED functionality will cause both GIP[0..1] and GOP[0..1] to function as outputs.

Note 2: Enabling the extended LED functionality will define both GIP[0..1] and GOP[0..1] as active low. This means that LEDs will be lit when the corresponding pin is low.

Note 3: LED behavior is described in chapter 1. See "Network Status LED" on page 141.

B.2 SUP-Bit Definition

The supervised bit (SUP) indicates that the network participation is supervised by another network device. In the case of EtherNet/IP, this means that the SUP-bit is set when one or more CIP (Class 1 or Class 3) connections has been opened towards the module.

B.3 Anybus Statemachine

The table below describes how the Anybus Statemachine relates to the EtherNet/IP network.

| Anybus State | Implementation | Comment |
|----------------|---|--|
| WAIT_PROCESS | The module stays in this state until a Class 1 connection has been opened. | - |
| ERROR | Class 1 connections errors Duplicate IP address detected | - |
| PROCESS_ACTIVE | Error free Class 1 connection active (RUN-bit set in the 32-bit Run/Idle header of an Exclusive-Owner connection) | Only valid for consuming connections. |
| IDLE | Class 1 connection idle. | |
| EXCEPTION | Unexpected error, e.g. watchdog timeout etc. | MS LED turns red (to indicate a major fault) NS LED is off |

B.4 Application Watchdog Timeout Handling

Upon detection of an application watchdog timeout, the module will cease network participation and shift to state 'EXCEPTION'. No other network specific actions are performed.

C. Message Segmentation

C.1 General

Category: Advanced

The maximum message size supported by the Anybus CompactCom is 255 bytes. To provide support for longer messages (needed when using the socket interface), a segmentation protocol is used.

The segmentation protocol is implemented in the message layer and must not be confused with the fragmentation used on the serial host interface. Consult the general Anybus CompactCom Software Design Guide for further information.

The module supports 1 (one) simultaneous segmented message per instance.

C.2 Command Segmentation

When a command message is segmented, the command initiator sends the same command header multiple times. For each message, the data field is exchanged with the next data segment.

Please note that some commands can't be used concurrently on the same instance, since they both need access to the segmentation buffer for that instance.

Command segmentation is used for the following commands:

- Set_Configuration_Data (see "Command Details: Set_Configuration_Data" on page 128)
- Send (see "Command Details: Send" on page 95)
- Send To (see "Command Details: Send_To" on page 96)

Segmentation Control bits (Command)

| Bit | Contents | Meaning |
|-----|------------|---|
| 0 | FS | Set if the current segment is the first segment |
| 1 | LS | Set if the current segment is the last segment |
| 2 | AB | Set if the segmentation shall be aborted |
| 37 | (reserved) | Set to 0 (zero). |

Segmentation Control bits (Response)

| Bit | Contents | Meaning |
|-----|------------|---------|
| 07 | (reserved) | Ignore. |

When issuing a segmented command, the following rules apply:

- When issuing the first segment, FS must be set.
- When issuing subsequent segments, both FS and LS must be cleared.
- When issuing the last segment, the LS-bit must be set.
- For single segment commands (i.e. size less or equal to 255 bytes), both FS and LS must be set.
- The last response message contains the actual result of the operation.
- The command initiator may at any time abort the operation by issuing a message with AB set.

If a segmentation error is detected during transmission, an error message is returned, and the current segmentation message is discarded. Note however that this only applies to the current segment; previously transmitted segments are still valid.

C.3 Response Segmentation

When a response is segmented, the command initiator requests the next segment by sending the same command multiple times. For each response, the data field is exchanged with the next data segment.

Response segmentation is used for responses to the following commands:

- Receive (object specific, see "Command Details: Receive" on page 93)
- Receive From (object specific, see "Command Details: Receive_From" on page 94)
- Get_Configuration_Data (see "Command Details: Get_Configuration_Data" on page 131

Segmentation Control bits (Command)

| Bit | Contents | Meaning |
|-----|------------|--|
| 0 | (reserved) | (set to zero) |
| 1 | | |
| 2 | AB | Set if the segmentation shall be aborted |
| 37 | (reserved) | (set to zero) |

Segmentation Control bits (Response)

| Bit | Contents | Meaning | |
|-----|------------|---|--|
| 0 | FS | Set if the current segment is the first segment | |
| 1 | LS | Set if the current segment is the last segment | |
| 27 | (reserved) | (set to zero) | |

When receiving a segmented response, the following rules apply:

- In the first segment, FS is set
- In all subsequent segment, both FS and LS are cleared
- In the last segment, LS is set
- For single segment responses (i.e. size less or equal to 255 bytes), both FS and LS are set.
- The command initiator may at any time abort the operation by issuing a message with AB set.

D. HICP (Host IP Configuration Protocol)

D.1 General

The module supports the HICP protocol used by the Anybus IPconfig utility for changing settings, e.g. IP address, Subnet mask, and enable/disable DHCP. Anybus IPconfig can be downloaded free of charge from the HMS website, www.anybus.com. This utility may be used to access the network settings of any Anybus product connected to the network via UDP port 3250.

D.2 Operation

Upon starting the program, the network is scanned for Anybus products. The network can be rescanned at any time by clicking 'Scan'.



To alter the network settings of the module, doubleclick on its entry in the list. A window will appear, containing the settings for the module.

Validate the new settings by clicking 'Set', or click 'Cancel' to cancel all changes.

Optionally, the configuration can be protected from unauthorized access by a password. To enter a password, click on the 'Change password' checkbox, and enter the password under 'New password'.

E. Technical Specification

E.1 Front View

Ethernet Connector

| # | Item | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Network Status LED ^a | |
| 2 | Module Status LED ^a | |
| 3 | Link/Activity LED (port 1) | |
| 4 | Link/Activity LED (port 2) | |
| | | |

a. Test sequences are performed on the Network and Module Status LEDs during startup

M12 Connector

| # | Item | 0 0 |
|---|---------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | Network Status LED ^a | |
| 2 | Module Status LED ^a | |
| 3 | Link/Activity LED (port 1) | |
| 4 | Link/Activity LED (port 2) | |
| | | |

a. Test sequences are performed on the Network and Module Status LEDs during startup

Network Status LED

Note: A test sequence is performed on this LED during startup.

| LED State | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| Off | No power or no IP address |
| Green | Online, one or more connections established (CIP Class 1 or 3) |
| Green, flashing | Online, no connections established |
| Red | Duplicate IP address, FATAL error |
| Red, flashing | One or more connections timed out (CIP Class 1 or 3) |

Module Status LED

Note: A test sequence is performed on this LED during startup.

| LED State | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| Off | No power |
| Green | Controlled by a Scanner in Run state |
| Green, flashing | Not configured, or Scanner in Idle state |
| Red | Major fault (EXCEPTION-state, FATAL error etc.) |
| Red, flashing | Recoverable fault(s) |

LINK/Activity LED 3/4

| LED State | Description |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Off | No link, no activity |
| Green | Link (100 Mbit/s) established |
| Green, flickering | Activity (100 Mbit/s) |
| Yellow | Link (10 Mbit/s) established |
| Yellow, flickering | Activity (10 Mbit/s) |

Ethernet Interface

The Ethernet interface supports $10/100 \mathrm{Mbit}$, full or half duplex operation.

M12 Connectors, Code D

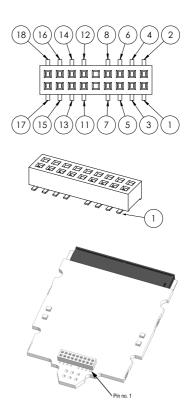
| Pin | Name | Description |
|------------|--------|-------------------|
| 1 | TXD+ | Transmit positive |
| 2 | RXD+ | Receive positive |
| 3 | TXD- | Transmit negative |
| 4 | RXD- | Receive negative |
| 5 (Thread) | Shield | Shield |



E.2 Network Connector, Brick Version

The Anybus CompactCom 30 EtherNet/IP w. IT Functionality 2-Port can also be acquired in a brick version, without a fieldbus connector, but instead a pin connector to the carrier board (the host device). The concept and assembly are described in the Anybus CompactCom Brick and without Housing Design Guide (Doc. Id. HMSI-168-30).

| Pin no. | Signal | Port no. |
|---------|--------|----------|
| 1 | Shield | 2 |
| 2 | TXD+ | |
| 3 | TXD- | |
| 4 | Shield | |
| 5 | Shield | |
| 6 | RXD- | |
| 7 | RXD+ | |
| 8 | Shield | |
| 11 | Shield | 1 |
| 12 | TXD+ | |
| 13 | TXD- | |
| 14 | Shield | |
| 15 | Shield | |
| 16 | RXD- | |
| 17 | RXD+ | |
| 18 | Shield | |



The differential signal pairs (TXD+/TXD- and RXD+/RXD-)must have a controlled differential impedance of 100Ω ($\pm 10\%$). Avoid stubs. Use a single reference plane for the differential pairs. Ensure proper spacing between differential pairs and from the differential pairs to other nets. For best performance, length match the differential pairs.

The shield pins has filters to FE on the Anybus CompactCom module and should be directly connected to the RJ45-shield or accordingly. The shield pins are internally connected for each port but it is recommended not to leave any pins unconnected.

Ensure that FE is properly connected in accordance with section E.3.

E.3 Functional (FE) Requirements

In order to ensure proper EMC behaviour, the module must be properly connected to protective earth via the FE pad /FE mechanism described in the general Anybus CompactCom Hardware Design

HMS Industrial Networks does not guarantee proper EMC behaviour unless these FE requirements are fulfilled.

E.4 Power Supply

Supply Voltage

The module requires a regulated 3.3V power source as specified in the general Anybus CompactCom Hardware Design Guide.

Power Consumption

The Anybus CompactCom EtherNet/IP is designed to fulfil the requirements of a Class B module. For more information about the power consumption classification used on the Anybus CompactCom platform, consult the general Anybus CompactCom Hardware Design Guide.

The current hardware design consumes up to 380 mA¹.

E.5 Environmental Specification

Consult the Anybus CompactCom Hardware Design Guide for further information.

E.6 EMC Compliance

Consult the Anybus CompactCom Hardware Design Guide for further information.

^{1.} Note that in line with HMS policy of continuous product development, we reserve the right to change the exact power requirements of this product without prior notification. Note however that in any case, the EtherNet/IP will remain as a Class B module.

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