## User's Manual

# PCR-T2300 PCR-T2400 SE-S3000 

## Electronic Cash Register



## Introduction

Thank you very much for purchasing this CASIO electronic cash register. START-UP is QUICK and EASY!
For the basic settings of your cash register, please see "Quick Start Guide".

## IMPORTANT

> For programming assistance please visit
> http://casio4business.com/sa_index.html

## CASIO Authorized Service Centers

If your CASIO product needs repair, or you wish to purchase replacement parts, please visit http://casio4business.com.

## Original Carton/Package

If for any reason, this product is to be returned to the store where purchased, it must be packed in the original carton/package.

## Location

Locate the Cash register on a flat, stable surface, away from heaters or areas exposed to direct sunlight, humidity or dust.

## Power Supply

Your cash register is designed to operate on standard household current ( $120 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ). Do not overload the outlet by plugging in too many appliances.

## Cleaning

Clean the cash register exterior with a soft cloth which has been moistened with a solution of a mild neutral detergent and water, and wrung out. Be sure that the cloth is thoroughly wrung out to avoid damage to the printer. Never use paint thinner, benzene, or other volatile solvents.

The mains plug on this equipment must be used to disconnect mains power. Please ensure that the socket outlet is installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.

## Trademark



SD and SDHC Logos are trademarks of SD-3C,LLC.
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## To use the cash register safely

- Congratulations upon your selection of this CASIO product. Be sure to read the following safety precautions before using it for the first time. After reading this guide, keep it close at hand for easy reference.
- Please pay due attention to the following symbols to help you use the product safely and properly and to avoid any personal injury or damage to the product.

| $\lfloor$ Danger | If this symbol is ignored and the product consequently misused, it can result in seri- <br> ous personal injury and/or death. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\Delta$ Warning | If this symbol is ignored and the product consequently misused, it may result in <br> serious personal injury and/or death. |
| $\lfloor$ Caution | If this symbol is ignored and the product consequently misused, it may result in <br> personal injury and/or property damage. |

- The figures in this manual have the following meanings.

| 4 | This symbol means be careful = a warning. <br> The example at left is a warning about an electrical shock. |
| :---: | :--- |
| This symbol indicates something you must not do = prohibited action. The example at left |  |
| means never disassemble the product. |  |

## Danger

If liquid that leaked from a battery gets in your eye, on your skin or clothes, deal with it immediately as follows.

1. Immediately rinse it off with lots of water.
2. Immediately get medical treatment.

Failing to act may result in a rash or loss of sight.

| Handling the register |
| :--- | :--- |
| - Should the register malfunction, start to emit smoke or a strange odor, or otherwise |
| behave abnormally, immediately shut down the power and unplug the AC plug from the |
| power outlet. Continued use creates the danger of fire and electric shock. Contact CASIO |
| service representative. | | - Do not place containers of liquids near the register and do not allow any foreign matter |
| :--- |
| to get into it. Should water or other foreign matter get into the register, immediately shut |
| down the power and unplug the AC plug from the power outlet. Continued use creates the |
| danger of short circuit, fire and electric shock. Contact CASIO service representative. |
| - Should you drop the register and damage it, immediately shut down the power and unplug |
| the AC plug from the power outlet. Continued use creates the danger of short circuit, fire |
| and electric shock. |
| - Attempting to repair the register yourself is extremely dangerous. Contact CASIO service |
| representative. |
| - Never try to take the register apart or modify it in any way. High-voltage components |
| inside the register create the danger of fire and electric shock. Contact CASIO service |
| representative for all repair and maintenance. |

## Warning

## Power plug and AC outlet

- Use only a proper AC electric outlet. Use of an outlet with a different voltage from the rating creates the danger of malfunction, fire, and electric shock. Overloading an electric outlet creates the danger of overheating and fire.
- Make sure the power plug is inserted as far as it will go. Loose plugs create the danger of electric shock, overheating, and fire.
- Do not use the register if the plug is damaged. Never connect to a power outlet that is loose.
- Use a dry cloth to periodically wipe off any dust built up on the prongs of the plug. Humidity can cause poor insulation and create the danger of electric shock and fire if dust stays on the prongs.
- Do not allow the power cord or plug to become damaged, and never try to modify them in any way. Continued use of a damaged power cord can cause deterioration of the insulation, exposure of internal wiring, and short circuit, which creates the danger of electric shock and fire.
- Contact CASIO service representative whenever the power cord or plug requires repair or maintenance.


## Caution



- Do not place the register on an unstable or uneven surface. Doing so can cause the register - especially when the drawer is open - to fall, creating the danger of malfunction, fire, and electric shock.

Do not place the register in the following areas.


- Areas where the register will be subject to large amounts of humidity or dust, or directly exposed to hot or cold air.
- Areas exposed to direct sunlight, in a close motor vehicle, or any other area subject to very high temperatures.
The above conditions can cause malfunction, which creates the danger of fire.
- Do not overlay bend the power cord, do not allow it to be caught between desks or other furniture, and never place heavy objects on top of the power cord. Doing so can cause short circuit or breaking of the power cord, creating the danger of fire and electric shock.
- Be sure to grasp the plug when unplugging the power cord from the wall outlet. Pulling on the cord can damage it, break the wiring, or cause short, creating the danger of fire and electric shock.
- Never touch the plug while your hands are wet. Doing so creates the danger of electric shock. Pulling on the cord can damage it, break the wiring, or cause short, creating the danger of fire and electric shock.
- At least once a year, unplug the power plug and use a dry cloth or vacuum cleaner to clear dust from the area around the prongs of the power plug.
Never use detergent to clean the power cord, especially power plug.
(1)
- Keep small parts out of the reach of small children to make sure it is not swallowed accidentally.


## To use the cash register's basic function

## ! Caution

Only use the specified batteries.


- Do not disassemble, modify or short-circuit them.
- Do not put them in fire or water or heat them.
- Do not mix new and old batteries or different types of batteries.
- Orient the terminals +- correctly.
- Remove the batteries if the system will not be used for a long time.
- After batteries are spent, dispose of them as per local regulations.
- Do not try to recharge dry cell batteries.


## Disposing of batteries:

- Make sure that you dispose of used batteries in accordance with the rules and regulations in your local area.


## ■ When the cash drawer does not open!

In case of power failure or the machine is in malfunction, the cash drawer does not open automatically. Even in these cases, you can open the cash drawer by pulling drawer release lever (see below).
Important: The drawer will not open, if it is locked with a drawer lock key.


## LIMITED WARRANTY : ELECTRONIC CASH REGISTERS

This product, except the battery, is warranted by CASIO to the original purchaser to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use for a period, from the date of purchase, of one year for parts and 90 days for labor. For one year, upon proof of purchase, the product will be repaired or replaced (with the same or a similar model) at CASIO's option, at a CASIO Authorized Service Center without charge for parts. Labor will be provided without charge for 90 days. The terminal resident software and programmable software, if any, included with this product or any programmable software which may be licensed by CASIO or one of its authorized dealers, is warranted by CASIO to the original licensee for a period of ninety ( 90 ) days from the date of license to conform substantially to published specifications and documentation provided it is used with the CASIO hardware and software for which it is designed.
For a period of ninety (90) days, upon proof of license, CASIO will, at its option, replace defective terminal resident software or programmable software, correct significant program errors, or refund the license fee for such software. Significant program errors will be significant deviations from written documentation or specifications. These are your sole remedies for any breach of warranty. In no event will CASIO's liability exceed the license fee, if any, for such software. This warranty will not apply if the product has been misused, abused, or altered.
Without limiting the foregoing, battery leakage, bending of the unit, a broken display tube, and any cracks or breaks in the display will be presumed to have resulted from misuse or abuse. To obtain warranty service you must take or ship the product, freight prepaid, with a copy of the sales receipt or other proof of purchase and the date of purchase, to a CASIO Authorized Service Center. Due to the possibility of damage or loss, it is recommended when shipping the product to a CASIO Authorized Service Center that you package the product securely and ship it insured. CASIO HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. NO RESPONSIBILITY IS ASSUMED FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION DAMAGES RESULTING FROM MATHEMATICAL INACCURACY OF THE PRODUCT OR LOSS OF STORED DATA. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATIONS OR EXCLUSIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.
This warranty gives you specific rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Manufacturer:CASIO COMPUTER CO., LTD.
C
6-2, Hon-machi 1-chome, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo 151-8543, Japan Responsible within the European Union:CASIO EUROPE GmbH CASIO-Platz 1, 22848 Norderstedt, Germany

Please keep all information for future reference.
The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://world.casio.com/

Laite on liitettävä suojamaadoituskostkettimilla vaurstettuun pistorasiaan
Apparatet må tilkoples jordet stikkontakt
Apparaten skall anslutas till jordat nätuttag.

The main plug on this equipment must be used to disconnect mains power.
Please ensure that the socket outlet is installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.

## WARNING

THIS IS A CLASS A PRODUCT. IN A DOMESTIC ENVIRONMENT THIS PRODUCT MAY CAUSE RADIO INTERFERENCE IN WHICH CASE THE USER MAY BE REQUIRED TO TAKE ADEQUATE MEASURES.

## GUIDELINES LAID DOWN BY FCC RULES FOR USE OF THE UNIT IN THE U.S.A. (Not applicable to other areas)

WARNING: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

FCC WARNING: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This mark applies in EU countries only.

This product is also designed for IT power distribution system with phase-to-phase voltage 230 V .

## To use the cash register's basic function

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## Getting started

This chapter shows how to setup the cash register and get it ready to operate.

## Loading memory protection batteries

Important: These batteries protect information stored in your cash register's memory when there is a power failure or when you unplug the cash register. Be sure to install these batteries first.

1 Remove the printer cover.


2 Remove the battery compartment cover.


3 Note the (+) and (-) markings in the battery compartment. Load a set of two new "AA" type manganese batteries so that their plus (+) and minus $(-)$ ends are facing as indicated by the markings.


4 Replace the battery compartment cover and the printer cover.

## Warning

- No battery is included in the accessories.
- Never try to recharge the batteries.
- Do not expose batteries to direct heat, let them become shorted or try to take them apart.
- Keep batteries out of the reach of small children. If your child should swallow a battery, consult a physician immediately.
- There is a risk of explosion if the batteries are replaced with improper type.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions.


## Installing paper roll

## Caution (in handling the thermal paper)

- Never touch the printer head and the platen.
- Unpack the thermal paper just before your use.
- Avoid heat and direct sunlight.
- Avoid dusty and humid places for storage.
- Do not scratch the paper.
- Do not keep the printed paper under the following circumstances:
- High humidity and temperature/direct sunlight/contact with glue, thinner or a rubber eraser.


## ■ To install receipt paper

1 Remove the printer cover.
2 Open the platen arm by lifting it up.

3 Ensuring the paper is being fed from the bottom of the roll, lower the roll into the space behind the printer.


4 Put the leading end of the paper over the printer.


5 Close the platen arm slowly until it locks securely.
6 Replace the printer cover, passing the leading end of the paper through the cutter slot. Tear off the excess paper.


## To use the cash register's basic function

## ■ To install journal paper

1 By the same procedure of setting receipt paper, set journal paper on the journal printer.
2 Using (axex key, feed the paper about 20 cm
3 Remove the paper guide of the take-up reel.


4 Slide the leading end of the paper into the groove on the spindle of the take-up reel and wind it onto the reel two or three turns.


5 Replace the paper guide of the take-up reel.


6 Place the take-up reel into place behind the printer, above the roll paper.


8 Replace the printer cover.

## Setting date, time, and tax table

1 Plug in the power socket into a wall outlet.
Be sure to check the rating plate on the side of the cash register to make sure that its voltage matches that of the power supply in your area.

2 As soon as the power socket is plugged in, the display shows the language selection display. Choose your language by using $\uparrow$ or $\square$ keys then press $\square$ Cx/AMITO key.

3 Display changes to date and time setting display. Moving the input area (reversed area) by $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ keys, input date, month, year and time from ten key pad. Input the time by 24 - hour system. For example, 1356 for 1:56 pm. After then press $C \mathrm{Cm} / \mathrm{ANT}$ key.

4 Display then changes to tax table selection display. Select your state by $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ keys and press $\square /$ /emin key.
For the Canadian model, skip the following step and see page E-66 for setting Canadian rounding.

5 Select TABLE 1 or 2 and press $\int_{\text {ca/ Amid }}$ key.



Getting to know your cash register

## General guide



1 Drawer
2 SD card slot cover
3 Printer cover
4 Receipt printer
5 Journal printer

6 Customer display
7 Main display
8 Mode switch
9 Com port connector cover
10 Drawer lock

## Mode switch

Use the mode keys to change the position of the mode switch and select the mode you want to use.


## PGM (Programming)

This position is for setting your cash register to suit the needs of your store.

## RF (Refund)

Use this position to correct registered items.

## OFF

The cash register turns off in this position.

## REG (Register)

This position is for normal transactions.

## X (Read)

This is the position used for issuing daily sales totals report without clearing the data.

## Z (Reset)

This position is for issuing reports of daily totals with clearing the accumulated totals.

## X2/Z2 (Periodic sale read/reset)

Used to obtain periodic sales reports without resetting total data.

## To use the cash register's basic function

## Mode keys

There are two types of mode keys: the program key (marked "PGM") and the operator key (marked "OP"). The program key can be used to set the mode switch to any position, while the operator key can select the REG and OFF position.


|  | PGM | RF | OFF | REG | X | Z | X2/Z2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OP key | - | - | $O$ | $O$ | - | - | - |
| PGM key | O | O | O | $O$ | $O$ | $O$ | $O$ |

Drawer

Drawer key
Magnetic plate

The drawer opens automatically whenever you finalize a registration and whenever you issue a read or reset report. The drawer will not open if it is locked with the drawer key.
Use this key to lock and unlock the drawer.
Use this plate for tacking the notes received from customer.

## To adjust the main display

1 Put in fingers in the ditch of the main display and tilt it to the angle you can see clearly.


## To set the customer display

1 Lift the customer display until it stops.


2 Rotate the display so that customers can see it.


## Display

## ■ Main display

During a registration


## After finalization

| CLERK001 | REG | 000011 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 PLU001 |  | \$1.00 |
| 3 DEPT001 |  | \$6.00 |
| TL |  | \$7.00 |
| CASH |  | \$10.00 |
| CG |  | \$3.00 |
| CG |  | \$3.00 |
| QT 4 |  | \$10.00 |

1 Mode/Clerk Number or name/Consecutive No.
2 Registered item Quantity/Category/Price
3 Subtotal amount
4 Total quantity/Price of the last item

5 Total amount
6 Paid by/Tendered amount
7 Change
8 Change
9 Total quantity/Tendered amount

■ Customer display

## DELICATESSEN <br> 

## Keyboard



Hold this key down to feed receipt paper from the printer.
Use this key to switch issuing receipts on and off.
Use this key to issue a post-finalization receipt.
Non-add key: Use this key to print reference number (to identify a personal check, credit card, etc.) during a transaction. Use this function after a numeral entry. No sale key: Use this key to open the drawer without any registration.
Use this key to input refunded amounts or to void preceding inputs.
Use this key to correct registration errors or to cancel a transactions.
Hold this key down to feed journal paper from the printer.
Use this key to temporarily release a limitation on the number of digits for a unit price.
Use this key to register unit prices for a PLU (subdepartment).
Use this key to input PLU (subdepartment) numbers.
Use this key to input a quantity for a multiplication and registration of split sales of packaged items. Between transactions, pressing this key displays the current time and date.
Use this key to clear an entry that has not yet been registered.
$\square$ Use this key to input reduction values.
Use this key to register discounts.

T/S1 Use this key without a numeric entry to change the taxable 1 status of the following item.

## To use the cash register's basic function

T/S2 $\quad$ Use this key without a numeric entry to change the taxable 2 status of the following item.

Department no. Use this key to input department numbers. Department shift: Use this key to shift the department number from 1 through 30 to 31 through 60 .
0.900 - Use these keys to input numbers.
$\underset{\substack{\text { sion } \\ \text { off }}}{ }$ Use this key to sign clerk off the register.
$\uparrow$ Use this key to move the cursor on the display up.
$\downarrow$ Use this key to move the cursor on the display down.
RA Use this key following a numeric entry to register money received for non-sale transactions.
PO Use this key following a numeric entry to register money paid out from the drawer.
Use this key to set the tax status and tax table.
HELP Use this key to look up the procedures to set date/time, tax table etc.


Use these keys to register items to departments.
1 to 15 : NON TAX 16 to 30 : NON TAX
CR Use this key to register a credit sale.
ENTEA Not used for regular registrations.
CHK Use this key to register a check tendering.
CH Use this key to register a charge sale.
Use this key to display and print the current subtotal (including tax) amount.
Use this key to register a cash sale.

## How to read the printouts

- The journal/receipts are records of all transactions and operations.
- The contents printed on receipts and journal are almost identical.
- You can choose the journal skip function.

If the journal skip function is selected, the cash register will print the total amount of each transaction, and the details of premium, discount and reduction operations only, without printing department and PLU item registrations on the journal.

- The following items can be skipped on receipts and journal.
- Taxable status
- Taxable amount
- Item counter

Receipt Sample


1 Logo message
2 Commercial message
3 Preset message*
4 Preset graphic *
5 Mode/Date/Time

Journal Sample
(with items) (with items)


Journal Sample (by half height character)


* You can choose to print preset message and graphic at the top or the bottom of the receipt. (See page E-27) In the operation examples in this manual, the printout samples are what would be printed on receipts.


## To use the cash register's basic function

## How to use your cash register

The following describes the general procedure you should use in order to get the most out of your cash register.

## Before opening your store



- Plugged in? (page E-13)
- Enough paper roll? (pages E-11 and E-12)
- Date and time are correct? (pages E-21 and E-26)
- Enough small change in the drawer? (page E-21)

While the store is open


- Registrations (page E-22)
- Issuing latest total sales report if needed. (page E-47)

After closing the store


- Issuing day's total sales report. (page E-47)
- Withdraw the money from the drawer.

After you withdraw all the money from the drawer, we recommend that you leave the drawer open when you leave your store. (page E-21)

- Turn the Mode switch to OFF. (page E-14)


## To use the cash register's basic function

## Before opening your store

## Checking the time and date

You can check the time or date on the display whenever there is no registration being made.

Display

Step
 and time on the display.
2 Press C key to clear the date/ time display.


## Preparing bills and coins for change

To prepare coins and bills for change, you can open the drawer by pressing \#/ is key. This operation must be performed when registrations are not being made.


Opening the drawer by सiss $^{\text {K }}$ key does not perform any calculation in the register. If you wish to obtain a report that tells you the total amount in drawer, use RA key instead of \#\#ss key. See page E-43.

Step
Operation
Printout
1 Press \#its. The cash drawer opens.
2 Prepare coins and bills in the
\#/NS drawer.

## To use the cash register's basic function

## Registering items in departments

The following examples show how you can use the department keys in various types of registrations.
Departments are used for categorizing items for example, department 01 for vegetables, department 02 for fruits, and department 03 for canned foods etc.

## Single item sale



Sample Operation


## Further operations:

- For simpler operation of single item sales, see page E-53


## ■ Single item sales with change calculation

## Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 12.34$ | One item is sold and the customer paid more than |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | the total amount. |  |  |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 20.00$ |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Enter the unit price. | 11234 |  |
| 2 Press corresponding department key. | 1 | $\begin{array}{lr} 1 \text { DEPTOO1 } & \$ 12.34 \\ \text { TL } & \$ 12.34 \\ \text { CASH } & \$ 20.00 \end{array}$ |
| 3 Press ${ }^{\text {SUPBL }}$ Sotal | $T_{\text {Total }}^{\text {SUB }}$ | CG \$7.66 |

4 Enter the tendered amount then press CM/ AMII key. The display shows the change to be paid.

## To use the cash register's basic function

## ■ Repeat registration

## Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 1.50$ | Same priced multiple items are sold. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 3 |  |
|  | Dept. |  |  |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 10.00$ |  |

Step
1 Enter the unit price.
2 Press corresponding department key repeatedly for the purchased quantity.
3 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SOTBL } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key.
4 Enter the tendered amount then
 shows the change to be paid.

Operation
150

## Multiple items registration using multiplication key

## Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 1.00$ | Twelve pieces of $\$ 1.00$ item are sold and the cus- |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 12 |  |
|  | tomer paid more than the total amount. |  |  |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 20.00$ |  |



4 Enter the tendered amount then
$2000{ }^{\mathrm{Ca} / \mathrm{AmIN}}$
 shows the change to be paid.

## To use the cash register's basic function

## ■ Split sales of packaged items

## Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | 4 for $\$ 10.00$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 3 | Three pieces of an item thats price is $\$ 10.00$ for four |
|  | pieces are sold. |  |  |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 10.00$ |  |

Step
1 Enter purchased quantity then press kix key.
2 Enter the quantity of one set and press xaw key.
3 Enter the package price and press corresponding department and SOTAL keys.
4 Enter the tendered amount and


Operation
3 区展

$10001{ }_{1}^{\text {TOTAL }}$

Printout

3 DEPTOO1
TL
CASH
CG
$\$ 7.50$
\$7.50
$\$ 10.00$
\$2. 50

## $\square$ Department shift



## Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | \$1.00 | Department 31 is assigned by using |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Dept. | 31 |  |
| Payment | Cash | \$1.00 |  |

Step
1 Press $\square$ key.
"SHIFT/No" will be shown at the bottom of the display.
2 Enter the unit price and press corresponding department key. Then press $\qquad$ key.
The item is registered in Dept. 31 in this example.
 transaction.

Operation


100

Printout


## To use the cash register's basic function

## Department number entry

Without using Department key, you can register departments manually.
Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 13.00$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 | Registering an item in Dept. 31 without using |
|  | Dept. | 31 |  |
| Department key. |  |  |  |

## Step

Operation
Printout
1 Enter Dept. number using ten key pad then press key.
2 Enter the unit price and press PRCE


1300 PRIE $\underset{\text { TOTAL }}{\text { SUB }}$
1 DEPTO31
\$13.00
TL
CASH
$\$ 13.00$ key. Then press suB total key.
The item is registered in Dept. 31 in this example.
3 Press cu/ itiri key to finalize the transaction.

## To use the cash register's basic function

## Basic setups and registrations

## To program basic settings

You can program basic settings in the PGM mode of the Mode switch.


## Step

1 By turning the Mode switch to PGM position, the display indicates the programming top menu.
2 Use $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ keys to choose the item you wish to set then press ${ }^{c / 4 / 4 N I D}$ key.

Repeat the above step until the display shows an entry display.
3 Input values you wish to set and press $\square$ C/4 key.

## Display



The following table shows the setting items of the basic programming.

## ■ Program menus

| Top menu | Sub menu |  | What is to be set |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [DEPT Setting] | DEPT name [DEPT0001 ] |  | Sets name, unit price, taxable status, item group and high amount limitation in each department. See page E-28. |
|  | Unit Price [ 12.00] |  |  |
|  | Taxable Status [1\&2] |  |  |
|  | Group Link [03] |  |  |
|  | HAL (High amount limit) [0.00] |  |  |
| [PLU Setting] | PLU name [PLU0001 ] |  | Sets name, unit price, taxable status, item group, department link and open PLU in each PLU. <br> See page E-31. |
|  | Unit Price [ 12.00] |  |  |
|  | Taxable Status [1\&2] |  |  |
|  | Group Link [03] |  |  |
|  | DEPT Link [003] |  |  |
|  | Open PLU [Yes] |  |  |
| [Key Setting] | \%- | [ ] | Sets name, taxable status, and whether to use taxable status or not in each function key. |
|  | - | RATE [ ] |  |
|  |  | Taxable Status [ ] |  |
| [Date Setting] | TIME (24 HOUR) [19:56] |  | Sets date and time. |
|  | MONTH [12] |  |  |
|  | DAY [26] |  |  |
|  | YEAR 20[12] |  |  |
| [Clerk Setting] | Name [CLERK01 ] |  | Sets clerk's name and number. |
|  | Secret No [1234] |  |  |

## To use the cash register's basic function

| Top menu | Sub menu | What is to be set |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [Message Setting] | 01 Logo 1 | Sets logo, commercial, and bottom messages on receipts. <br> See page E-59. |
|  | 02 Logo 2 |  |
|  | 03 Logo 3 |  |
|  | 04 Logo 4 |  |
|  | 05 Commercial 1 |  |
|  | 06 Commercial 2 |  |
|  | 07 Commercial 3 |  |
|  | 08 Commercial 4 |  |
|  | 01 Bottom 1 |  |
|  | 02 Bottom 2 |  |
|  | 03 Bottom 3 |  |
|  | 04 Bottom 4 |  |
| [POP Setting] | POP Message No. 1 [] | Sets preset pop messages and illustration. <br> See page E-59. |
|  | POP Message No. 2 [] |  |
|  | POP Message No. 3 [] |  |
|  | POP Message No. 4 [] |  |
|  | POP Graphic No.[ ] |  |
|  | POP Print |  |
|  | All Message |  |
|  | All Graphic |  |
| [Tax Setting] | [RATE ] |  |
|  | [ROUND ] |  |
|  | [CAL TYPE ] |  |
| [General Setting] | Enable clerk | Sets general controls of the register such as clerk assignment, printing journal in half size etc. |
|  | Journal 1/2 Print |  |
|  | Consective No. Reset [Yes] |  |
|  | EJ clear (After Daily Z) [Yes] |  |
|  | EJ/Sales $\rightarrow$ SD (After XZ) [Yes] |  |
| [Water Mark Setting] | YES |  |
|  | NO |  |
| [SD card] | [Backup $\rightarrow$ SD] | Exchanges sales data, program data, and receipt's message data between the register and an SD card. <br> See page E-96. |
|  | [Restore $\leftarrow$ SD] |  |
|  | [Program $\rightarrow$ SD] |  |
|  | [Program $\leftarrow$ SD] |  |
|  | [SD Format ] |  |
|  | [Backup $\rightarrow$ Flash] |  |
|  | [AutoPropram $\rightarrow$ SD] |  |
|  | [AutoProgram $\leftarrow$ SD] |  |
| [System Setting] |  | Used to set characters, functions of keys, or calculation methods etc. |

## To use the cash register's basic function

## Programming departments

This section explains how you can set unit prices, taxable statuses, and item groups. You can program each department linking to a certain group. For example, department 01 is for packed milk, department 02 is for cheese and both belong to group 03 (dairy goods).

## Sample Operation



| Dept. 01 | Unit Price | $\$ 2.50$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Taxable status | Non tax | Programming Dept. 01 as unit price $\$ 2.50$, non tax- |
|  | Group | 02 |  |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position. The display shows the top screen of programming.

## Display

2 Using $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ keys, select [DEPT Setting] then press ${ }^{C / 4 / 4 \pi]}$ key. The display shows [DEPT Setting] screen.

3 Enter the department number (01 in this example) then press ${ }^{\text {Cl/ Mand }}$ Key. The display shows department selection screen. You can change the department by using $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ keys.
 Input unit price and group link you wish to program. The top column is for setting characters to the dept. You can leave the column empty. If you wish to set characters now, please see page E-55.
 shows taxable status selection screen. Choose the taxable status and press $\qquad$ key.


## To use the cash register's basic function

## Registering departments' preset data

The following examples explain the operations using preset department data programmed in the previous section.

## ■ Using preset prices



Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 2.50$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Dept. | 02 |  |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 2.50$ |  |

Step

## Operation

Printout
1 Just press the corresponding Department key.
 transaction.

| 1 DEPTOO2 | $\$ 2.50$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| TL | $\$ 2.50$ |
| CASH | $\$ 2.50$ |

## To use the cash register's basic function

## ■ Using preset tax statuses

## Sample Operation

| Item 1 | Unit Price | \$2.00 | - Dept. 03 presets: Unit price $\$ 2.00$, Tax status 1 (4\%). <br> - Dept. 04 presets: Unit price $\$ 2.00$, Tax status 2 (10\%). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 5 |  |
|  | Dept. | 03 |  |
|  | Taxable | 1 |  |
| Item 2 | Unit Price | \$2.00 |  |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Dept. | 04 |  |
|  | Taxable | 2 |  |
| Payment | Cash | \$2.50 |  |

Step
1 Register five pieces of Dept. 03 item using the multiplication key.
2 Press Dept. 04 key to register one $\$ 2.00$ item.

3 Press SUB key to indicate the total amount including tax.
4 Enter the tendered amount and press
 key.

Operation


4
SUB
TOTAL

## 

Printout

| 5 Deptooz | T1 | \$10.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DEPTOO4 | T2 | \$2.00 |
| TA1 |  | \$10.00 |
| TX1 |  | \$0.40 |
| TA2 |  | \$2.00 |
| TX2 |  | \$0. 20 |
| TL | \$ 1 | 2.60 |
| CASH |  | \$20.00 |
| CG |  | \$7.40 |

## Programming PLUs

Like departments, you can program unit price, taxable status, and linking item group in a PLU (Price Look Up). Using PLUs allow you to register items quickly and accurately. You can use up to 7,000 PLUs.


Sample Operation

| PLU 0014 | Unit Price | $\$ 2.50$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Taxable status | Non tax | Programming PLU 0014 as unit price $\$ 2.50$, non |
|  | Group | 03 |  |

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position. The display shows the top screen of programming.

## Display

2 Using $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ keys, select [PLU Setting] then press ${ }^{\text {Cl/ AHim }}$ key. The display shows [PLU Setting] screen.

3 Enter the PLU number (0014 in this example) then press Cl/Amill key. The display shows [PLU Setting] screen. You can change the PLU number by using $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ keys.

4 Press ${ }^{\text {Ch/ /itiol }}$ key. The display shows program input screen. Input unit price and group link you wish to program. The top column is for setting characters to the PLU. You can leave the column empty. If you wish to set characters now, please see page E-55.

5 Select [Taxable Status] and press ${ }^{\text {C/ / /inio }}$ key. The display shows taxable status selection screen. Choose the taxable



## To use the cash register's basic function

NOTE
The display returns to the previous screen by pressing
key.

## Registering PLUs' preset data

The following examples explain the operations using preset PLU data programmed in the previous section.

## Single item sales using PLU

Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 2.50$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 | One piece of PLU number 14 (preset unit price |
|  | PLU No. | 14 |  |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 3.00$ |  |

Step
1 Enter the PLU number and press Ruber key. One piece of PLU number 14 item has been registered. Then press $\qquad$ key.
2 Enter tendered amount and press ${ }^{\text {Cl/ mintir }}$ key.

Operation

$300 \int^{\text {CM/ ANINT }}$

Printout

| 1 PLUOO14 | $\$ 2.50$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| TL | $\$ 2.50$ |
| CASH | $\$ 3.00$ |
| CG | $\$ 0.50$ |

## To use the cash register's basic function

## ■ PLU repeat registration

Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | $\$ 2.50$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 3 | Three pieces of PLU number 14 (preset unit price |
|  | PLU No. | 14 | 2.50) is sold. |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 10.00$ |  |

Step
1 Enter the PLU number.
2 Press number of sold quantity. Three pieces of PLU 14 have been registered.
Then press $\qquad$ key.
3 Enter the tendered amount and press $\qquad$
 key.

## Operation

14
$■$ PLU registration with multiplication key
Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | \$2.00 | Ten pieces of PLU number 7 item (preset unit price $\$ 2.00$ ) are sold. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 10 |  |
|  | PLU No. | 7 |  |
| Payment | Cash | \$20.00 |  |

Step
1 Enter the quantity sold then press
x風
Up to 9999.999 can be entered for multiplication calculations.
2 Enter the PLU number and press Res.
Then press $\qquad$ TOTOL key.
3 Enter tendered amount and press


Operation
10 x, xixix
$1000{ }^{\mathrm{Ca} / \mathrm{ANTHO}}$

Printout

| 1 | PLU0014 | \$2.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | PLU0014 | \$2.50 |
| 1 | PLU0014 | \$2.50 |
|  | TL | \$7.50 |
|  | CASH | \$10.00 |
|  | CG | \$2.50 |

Printout


## To use the cash register's basic function

## ■ Split sales of packaged PLU item

## Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | 5 for $\$ 20$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 3 | Selling three pieces of an item that is priced $\$ 20.00$ |
|  | PLU No. | 28 |  |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 15.00$ |  |

## Step

1 Enter the quantity being purchased and press calculation. You can enter up to 9999.999 for multiplication calculations.
2 Enter the packaged quantity and press ㅈxom key. You can enter up to 9999.999 for packaged quantity.

3 Enter the PLU number of the item and press Then press $\frac{\text { sub }}{\text { ToTAL }}$ key.
4 Enter the tendered amount and


## Operation

3

Printout

3 PLU0028
$\$ 12.00$
TL
CASH
$\$ 12.00$
$\$ 15.00$
CG
\$3. 00

5 $\square$

## To use the cash register's basic function

## ■ Open PLU

Although unit price is preset in a PLU, you can enter price manually if the PLU is programmed as "Open PLU". To program open PLU, see page E-26.

| Item 1 | Unit Price | $\$ 32.80$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 | PLU numbers 30 and 31 are programmed as open |
|  | PLU No. | 30 |  |
| Item 2 | Unit Price | $\$ 13.00$ |  |
|  | ally. |  |  |
|  | Quantity | 2 |  |
|  | PLU No. | 31 |  |
| Payment | Cash | $\$ 60.00$ |  |

## Step

1 Enter the PLU number of the first item then press $\qquad$ key.
2 Enter the unit price and press PRCE key.
3 Enter the PLU number of the second item then presskey.
4 Enter the unit price.
5 Press rance key repeatedly for the number of purchased quantity and press $\qquad$ key.
6 Enter the tendered amount and press ${ }^{\text {Ca/ } / \text { ANTIT }}$ key.

## Operation

30

| 3 | 2 | 8 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

31 R
1300
PRACE PRCE
$6 0 0 0 \longdiv { C M / \text { ANTIT } }$

Printout

| 1 | PLU0030 | $\$ 32.80$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | PLU0031 | $\$ 13.00$ |
| 1 PLU0031 | $\$ 13.00$ |  |
| TL | $\$ 58.80$ |  |
| CASH | $\$ 60.00$ |  |
| CG | $\$ 1.20$ |  |

## Other registrations

## Discount

The following example shows how you can use the \%- key for discount registrations.

Discounts on items and subtotals


Sample Operation

| Item 1 | Dept. 01 | \$5.00 | Five percent (preset in $\square$ key) discount on PLU number 16 (preset unit price \$10.00) and discount 3.5\% on the subtotal amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Taxable | 1 (preset) |  |
| Item 2 | PLU 16 | \$10.00 (preset) |  |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Taxable | 2 (preset) |  |
| Discount | Rate | 5\% (preset in \%-) |  |
| Subtotal discount | Rate | 3.5\% |  |
|  | Taxable | Non taxable (preset) |  |
| Payment | Cash | \$15.00 |  |

Step
1 Enter the unit price and corresponding department key.
2 Enter the PLU number then press R요er ky. key. The preset unit price (\$10.00) is registered.
3 Press \%- key. The discount amount with the preset rate (5\%) is subtracted from the last item registered (PLU 16).
4 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUBL } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key for giving discount on the subtotal amount.
5 Enter the discount rate manually and press \%- key. Discount amount with inputted rate is subtracted from the subtotal amount.
6 Press SUB key to show the total amount including tax and discounts.
7 Enter the tendered amount and

Operation
$500 \square 1$

16 S. Puer

## \%-

## SUB

TOTAL
$3 \cdot 5 \%$

Printout


Printout differs depending on preset tax statuses.


- When you perform a discount operation on the last item registered, the tax of discount amount is calculated in accordance with the tax status programmed to the item.
- When you perform a discount operation on a subtotal amount, the tax of discount amount from subtotal is calculated in accordance with the tax status programmed in the \%- key.
- To program discount rate in key, please see page E-26.


## Reduction

Using the reduction feature, you can subtract a certain amount from an item's unit price or from a subtotal amount.


Sample Operation

| Item 1 | Dept. 01 | \$5.00 | - Reducing $\$ 0.25$ (manual input) from item 1 unit price. <br> - Reducing $\$ 0.50$ (preset amount) from item 2. <br> - Reducing $\$ 0.75$ (manual input) from subtotal amount. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |  |
|  | Taxable | 1 (preset) |  |  |
|  | Reduction | \$0.25 |  |  |
| Item 2 | PLU 45 | \$6.00 (preset) |  |  |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |  |
|  | Taxable | 1 (preset) |  |  |
|  | Reduction | \$0.50 (preset) |  |  |
| Subtotal | Reduction | \$0.75 |  |  |
|  | Taxable | Non taxable (preset) |  |  |
| Payment | Cash | \$10.00 |  |  |
| Step |  | Operation | Printout |  |
| 1 Register item 1 by inputting the unit $\square$$\square$ price and department key. |  |  | 1 DEPT001 T1 \$5.00 |  |
| 2 Enter reduction amount manuallyand press $\square$tracted from the unit price. |  |  | $1 \text { PLU0045 }$ | T1 -0.25 <br> T1 $\$ 6.00$ <br> T1 -0.50 <br>  -0.75 |
| 3 Register item 2 by inputting the PLU $4 \sqrt{5}$ number and $\square$ key. |  |  | TA1 TX1 | $\begin{array}{r} -0.75 \\ \$ 10.25 \\ \$ 0.41 \end{array}$ |
| 4 Press - key. Pressing - key without numeral entry subtracts the preset reduction amount ( $\$ 0.50$ in |  |  | TL CASH CG | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 9.91 \\ \$ 10.00 \\ \$ 0.09 \end{array}$ | this example) from the PLU's unit price.

5 Press ${ }^{\text {sote }}$ key for reducing amount from the subtotal.
6 Enter reduction amount manually then press $-\square$ key. The inputted amount is subtracted from the subtotal amount.
7 Enter the tendered amount then

## SUB <br> TOTAL

Printout differs depending on preset tax statuses.

## To use the cash register's basic function

## Registering various payment methods

Other than cash payments, you can register transactions made by checks, charges, credits, or even mixed tendering.

## ■ Check sale

REG
OFF.
RF.
PGM
Sample Operation

| Item | Unit Price | \$11.00 | A $\$ 11.00$ item is sold and customer paid by $\$ 20.00$ check (check number 1234). |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
| Reference no. of check |  | 1234 |  |
| Payment | Check | \$20.00 |  |



## ■ Charge sale

## Sample Operation

| Item | Dept. 04 | $\$ 15.00$ | A purchased item is transacted by charge sale. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
| Payment | Charge | $\$ 15.00$ |  |

Step
1 Register the item purchased and press SUB key.
2 Press CH key to finalize the charge transaction.

## Operation

$150044{ }_{5}^{\text {SOTAL }}$

## Printout

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1 DEPTOO4 | $\$ 15.00$ |
| TL | $\$ 15.00$ |
| CHARGE | $\$ 15.00$ |

## To use the cash register's basic function

## - Credit sale

Sample Operation

| Item | Dept. 03 | $\$ 10.00$ | A purchased item is paid by a credit card. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
| Payment | Credit | $\$ 10.00$ |  |

Step
1 Register the item purchased and
Operation
100033 press SUB key.
2 Press CR key to finalize the trans-
CR action.

Printout

1 DEPTOO3
$\$ 10.00$
TL \$10.00 CREDIT

■ Mixed payments (cash and check)

## Sample Operation

| Item | Dept. 04 | $\$ 55.00$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 | Customer paid $\$ 30.00$ by check and the rest in cash |
| Payment | Check | $\$ 30.00$ |  |
|  | Cash | $\$ 25.00$ |  |

## Step

1 Register the item purchased and press SUB key.
2 Enter the amount paid by a check then press CHK key.
3 Enter the paid cash amount then


Operation
$550044 \underset{\text { SOTAL }}{\text { SUB }}$
3000 cHk
$2500{ }^{C / 4 / 4 N T}$

Printout

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1 DEPTOO4 | $\$ 55.00$ |
| TL | $\$ 55.00$ |
| CHECK | $\$ 30.00$ |
| CASH | $\$ 25.00$ |
| CG | $\$ 0.00$ |

## Tax shift

By using TT/s] or TT/s2 keys, you can change the taxable status.
The TTIST key switches on and off of programmed taxable status 1 and TT/s2 key changes the taxable status 2 . The following table explains how tax statuses change by $T / 1 / 1$

| Non tax | $\mid$ | $\Rightarrow$ Tax status 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tax status 1 | $[$ Trs | $\Rightarrow$ Non-tax |
| Tax status 2 | $T_{T S T}$ | $\Rightarrow$ Tax status 1 \& 2 |


| Non tax | TT/5] | $\Rightarrow$ Tax status 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax status 1 | Tris | $\Rightarrow$ Tax status $1 \& 2$ |
| Tax status 2 | TTST | $\Rightarrow$ Non-tax |

## Sample Operation

| Item 1 | Dept. 01 | \$2.00 | - Item 1 is shifted from non-taxable to tax status 1 by T/s/ key. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Taxable | Non tax (preset) to tax status 1 |  |
| Item 2 | Dept. 02 | \$6.00 | - Item 2 is shifted from tax status 1 to tax status $1 \& 2$ by T/s2 key. |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Taxable | Tax status 1 (preset) to 1 \& 2 | - Item 3 is shifted from tax status 2 to |
| Item 3 | Dept. 03 | \$7.00 | non-taxable by T/\$22 key. <br> - Preset tax rates : Tax $1=4 \%$ <br> Tax 2 =5\% |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Taxable | Tax status 2 (preset) to non-tax |  |
| Payment | Cash | \$30.00 |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Press TTIST then register item 1. The tax status of the item 1 is changed from non-taxable to tax status 1. |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 DEPTOO1 | T1 $\$ 2.00$ |
| 2 Press $T /{ }^{\text {c } 22}$ then register item 2. The | TT/22 6002 | 1 DEPTOO3 | \$7.00 |
| tax status of the item 2 is changed |  | TA1 | \$8.00 |
| from tax status 1 to tax status 1 \& 2 . |  | TX1 | \$0.32 |
|  |  | TA2 | \$6. 00 |
| 3 Press T/1/2 then register item 3. The | $T / 22$ 7 00 3 | TX2 | \$0.30 |
| tax status of the item 3 is changed |  | TL | \$15.62 |
| from tax status 2 to non-taxable. |  | CASH | \$20.00 |
| 4 Press SUB ${ }^{\text {SOTAL }}$ key to indicate the | TOTAL | CG | \$4.38 |

5 Enter tendered amount and press Ca/ANill to finalize the transaction.

## $2000 \square$

[^0]
## To use the cash register's basic function

## Registering returned goods

## $\square$ Registering returned goods in the REG mode

The following example shows how to operate for registering goods returned by customer in the REG mode.


Sample Operation

| Item 1 | Dept. 01 | $\$ 2.35$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 1 |
| Item 2 | Dept. 02 | $\$ 2.00$ |
|  | Quantity | 1 |
| Item 3 | PLU 001 | $\$ 1.20$ (preset) |
|  | Quantity | 1 |
| Customer returned items 1 and 3 dur- |  |  |
|  | Dept. 01 | $\$ 2.35$ |
|  | Quantity | 1 |
| Refunded Item 3 | PLU 0001 | $\$ 1.20$ (preset) |
|  | Quantity | 1 |


| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Register purchased item 1. | 2351 |  |  |
| 2 Register purchased item 2. | 2002 | $\begin{array}{ll} 1 & \text { DEPTOO1 } \\ 1 & \text { DEPTOO2 } \\ 1 & \text { PLUOOOO } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2.35 \\ & \$ 2.00 \\ & \$ 1.20 \end{aligned}$ |
| 3 Register purchased item 3. | 1 (2u) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RF } \\ & 1 \text { DEPTOO1 } \end{aligned}$ | -2.35 |
| 4 Press RF key prior to registering returned item 1. | RF | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RF } \\ & 1 \text { PLUooo } 1 \\ & \text { TL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -1.20 \\ \$ 2.00 \end{array}$ |
| 5 Register returned item 1. | 2351 | CASH | \$2.00 |

## 6 Press RFF key and register returned RF 1 四

 item 3.Then press $\qquad$ key.
7 Press $\begin{gathered}C c / \text { Aut } \\ \text { TEND } \\ \text { key }\end{gathered}$ key as the customer paid exact amount.

## To use the cash register's basic function

## $\square$ Registering returned goods in the RF mode

When a customer returns goods after the transaction has been completed, use RF mode for the refund operation.

Sample Operation

| Refunded Item 1 | Dept. 03 | $\$ 4.00$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Quantity | 1 |  |
|  | Reduced | $\$ 0.15$ |  |
| 2 was sold with pre-programmed 5\% |  |  |  |
| Refunded Item 2 | PLU 002 | 1 |  |
|  | Quantity | $5 \%$ (preset) |  |
|  | Discounted | $\$ 4.99$ |  |
| Payment | Cash |  |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Turn the Mode switch to RF position. |  | DEPTOO3 | \$4.00 |
| 2 Register the returned items by the | 4003 | - | -0. 15 |
| same operations as normal registra- | $15 \square$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { PLUOOO2 } \\ 5 \% \end{gathered}$ | \$1. 20 |
| tion and press $\underset{\substack{\text { Sotal } \\ \text { Sota } \\ \text { dey }}}{\text { key }}$ | $2$ | \%- | -0.06 |
|  | \%- | TL | \$4.99 |
|  | T SUBL | CASH | \$4.99 |
| 3 Press ${ }^{\text {c/ / Amirio }}$ key and pay the total | ${ }^{\text {ch/ } / \text { /ilu }}$ |  |  | amount back to the customer.

## Important

- After the refund operation, please do not forget to return the Mode switch to REG position otherwise the following registrations are stored as minus transactions.


## To use the cash register's basic function

## Registrations without transactions

The followings are the operations other than normal sales transactions. Please do not perform these operations during a sales transaction.

REG
${ }^{x} \quad 2$
OFF.
(2)

Use this operation when you put money in the drawer without any sales transactions such case as preparing change.
Sample Operation

| Received amount | $\$ 70.00$ | Prepared $\$ 70.00$ in the drawer for change before opening the <br> store. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Enter the amount put in the drawer then press $\square$ key. | $7000 \mathrm{RA}$ | RA | \$70.00 |

## ■ Registering money paid out from the drawer.

Use this operation when you withdraw money from the drawer without any sales transactions such case as paying for a cash-on-delivery item.

## Sample Operation



## ■ Opening the drawer without putting money in or out

Use this operation to open the drawer without putting money in or out. The number of \#is key operations will be printed on X or Z reports.
If you enter numbers prior to \#ivs key, the number will be printed on the receipt or journal. (see page E-38)

| Step | Operation | Printout |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Just press $\square$ key. The drawer opens. | \#/ is | \#/NS |

## To use the cash register's basic function

## Corrections

There are three ways to correct erroneous operations that are;

- Correcting erroneous item not registered
- Correcting erroneous item already registered
- Cancelling all the items registered in a transaction


## ■ Correcting erroneously entered item not registered

Step
1 Correcting wrong unit price $\$ 2.00$ to
$\$ 1.00$.

2 Correcting wrong quantity 12 to 11 .
[ Operation

200
C


C
11 x
200
2
3 Correcting wrong PLU number 002 to 003.

4 Correcting open PLU unit price $\$ 6.00$ to $\$ 10.00$. You must re-enter the PLU number prior to entering correct unit price.

5 Correcting wrong partially tendered cash amount \$10.00 to \$15.00.

6 The remaining amount is paid by check.

Step
1 Registering an item.
2 By mistake, Dept. key has been pressed twice so cancelling the preceding registration by ㄹane key.
3 Cancelling wrong PLU registration (PLU No. 2) and re-registering correct PLU (PLU No. 5).
4 Cancelling a registration of an open PLU's (PLU No. 15) wrong unit price $\$ 6.00$ and re-registering the item with the correct unit price $\$ 10.00$.

5 Cancelling a registration of an item with wrong quantity (8 pieces) and re-registering the item with the correct quantity ( 6 pieces).

6 The remaining amount is paid by check.
Cancelling wrong subtotal discount calculation (with rate of $50 \%$ ) and re-calculating the discount amount with the correct rate (5\%).
7 Cancelling wrong refund amount (\$2.00) and re-registering correct amount (\$2.20).
8 Getting the subtotal amount.
9 Cancelling partially tendered cash amount (\$20.00) and re-registering correct amount (\$15.00).

10 The customer paid the balance due by check.

Operation


2 2 Puer emix
5 [ POUEP


8 xima
4004 Enme
6 x,
400
$\stackrel{\text { SUB }}{\text { TOTAL }}$

$5 \%-$


## $2000{ }^{C \mathrm{CM} / \mathrm{ANIT}}$

Bume


Printout

| 1 | DEPT001 | \$1.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | DEPT002 | \$2.00 |
| 1 | DEPT002 | \$2.00 |
|  | CORR | -2.00 |
| 1 | PLU0002 | \$2.00 |
|  | CORR | -2.00 |
| 1 | PLU0005 | \$1.50 |
| 1 | PLU0015 | \$6.00 |
|  | CORR | -6. 00 |
| 1 | PLU0015 | \$10.00 |
| 8 | DEPT004 | \$32.00 |
|  | CORR | -32.00 |
| 6 | DEPT004 | \$24.00 |
|  | ST | \$38.50 |
|  | 50\% |  |
|  | \%- | -19.25 |
|  | CORR | \$19.25 |
|  | ST | \$38.50 |
|  | 5\% |  |
|  | \%- | -1.93 |
|  | RF |  |
| 1 | DEPT | -2.00 |
|  | CORR | \$2.00 |
|  | RF |  |
| 1 | DEPT002 | -2. 20 |
|  | TL | \$34.37 |
|  | CASH | \$20.00 |
|  | CORR | -20.00 |
|  | CASH | \$15.00 |
|  | CHECK | \$19.37 |

Corrected items are not printed on receipt if programmed as "Buffered receipt printing".

## To use the cash register's basic function

■ Voiding an item which has been already registered
Step
1 During a registration.

2 | Using $\uparrow$ or $\square$ keys, select the item you have mis- |
| :--- |
| registered. |

3 Press $\sqrt{C y / 4 \mathrm{Amir}}$ key. The selected item is voided.

| CLERKO01 | REG | 000011 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 PLU003 |  | \$4.00 |
| 1 DEPT003 |  | \$2.00 |
| 1 DEPT003 |  | \$2.00 |
| SUBTOTAL \$22.00 |  |  |
| QT 10 |  | 0.00 |

■ Cancelling all items in a transaction

Step
1 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SOTAL } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key after items have been registered then press key.

## Display

| CLERK001 | REG |
| :--- | ---: |
| 3 DEPT001 | 000011 |
| 1 PLU002 | $\$ 6.00$ |
| 3 DEPT002 | $\$ 2.00$ |
| 2 PLU003 | $\$ 9.00$ |
| 1 DEPT003 | $\$ 4.00$ |
| SUBTOTTAL | $\$ 2.00$ |
| QT 11 | $\$ 24.00$ |

2 Select [YES] on the pop up display.


| PLERK001 | REG |
| :--- | ---: |
| 1 PLUOO2 | 000011 |
| 3 DEPT002 | $\$ 2.00$ |
| 2 PLU003 | $\$ 9.00$ |
| 1 DEPT003 | $\$ 4.00$ |
| CANCEL | $\$ 2.00$ |
| SUBTOTTAL | $\$ . . . . . . . .$. |
| CANCEL | $\$ .00$ |

## To use the cash register's basic function

## Daily sales reports

At the end of the business day, you can print categorized and summarized results of the day. Reset report $(Z)$ clears all the sales data whereas the data remains in memory by Read report (X).

Please do not perform the Reset report ( $Z$ ) printing while your store is open. It clears all the sales data.

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to $X$ or $Z$ position. The display shows top display of sales reports.

## Display



2 Select [DAILY Z] (DAILY X when you set the Mode switch
 report.

## Further operations:

- For individual reports, please see page E-89.


## Print out of daily sales report



[^1]1 Date/time
2 Machine No./consecutive No.
3 Report title
4 Department report title/reset counter
5 Report code
6 Department count/amount *1
7 Department total count/total amount
8 Fixed total report title/reset counter
9 Report code
10 Gross total *2
11 Net total *2
12 Cash in drawer *2
13 Charge in drawer *2
14 Check in drawer *2
15 Credit in drawer $1^{* 2}$
16 Credit in drawer $2{ }^{* 2}$
17 Credit in drawer $3{ }^{* 2}$
18 Credit in drawer $4^{* 2}$
19 Refund mode *2
20 Number of customer *2
21 Average sales per customer *2
22 Discount total *2
23 Refund key *2
24 Rounding total *2
25 Cancellation

## To use the cash register's basic function



* 1 If total amount is zero, these items will not be printed.
* 2 These items can be skipped by programming.

26 Taxable 1 amount *2
27 Tax 1 amount *2
28 Taxable 2 amount ${ }^{*}{ }^{2}$
29 Tax 2 amount *2
30 Grand total *2
31 Function key report title/reset counter
32 Report code
33 Function key count/amount *1

## Advanced programmings and registrations

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## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Advanced registrations

## Enabling clerk assignment

By assigning a clerk, clerk number or name will be printed on receipts. The following operation enables the register to use the clerk assignment.

## Step

## Operation

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position. The display shows programming top menu.
2 Using $\uparrow$ and $\downarrow$ keys, select [System Setting] and press Cl/aitiol key. [System Setting] is the last column on the programming top menu and is not shown on the first screen. Keep pressing $\downarrow$ key until it appears on the screen.
3 Enter 3 from ten key pad then press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL } \\ \text { key. This } \\ \hline}}{ }$ operation sets the register in program mode.
 key. Number 2722 is the program code for clerk assignment setting.
5 Enter 4 and eight zeros from the ten key pad then press
 CM/ /emb key. Number 400000000 is the set code to enable 272224 clerk assignment.
If you wish to disable the clerk assignment feature later on, perform these steps and enter nine zeros in this step.
6 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key to complete the setting.

You can also program fro enabling clerk operations by detail setting program. Please see page E-72 "Set code 27".

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Registrations with clerk assignment

By signing a clerk on, the clerk name will be printed on receipts and sales reports.


NOTE The clerk number is cleared when the Mode switch is turned to OFF position.

## Further operation:

You can sign on the register by clerk's secret number instead of clerk number. Also you can set characters for clerks' names. To set clerks' secret numbers and names, see page E-26.

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Single item cash sales

A department key or a PLU programmed as single item sale status finalizes the transaction as soon as it is registered. This feature can be used only in cash sales. To program single item sales status see pages E-76 and E-77.


Sample operation 1: Simple single item sale


Sample operation 2: Single item sale with multiplication

| Item | Dept. 01 | \$1.00 | Selling three pieces of items of dept. 01 in which unit price $\$ 1.00$ and single item sale status is preprogrammed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | 3 |  |
|  | Preset | Single item |  |
| Payment | Cash | \$3.00 |  |


| Step | Operation | Printout |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Enter the quantity and press key for multiplication. |  |  |  |
| 2 Press corresponding department key. The transaction is finalized immediately. | 1 | TL <br> CASH | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3.00 \\ \$ 3.00 \\ \$ 3.00 \end{array}$ |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

Sample operation 3: Single item sale with another item

 ${ }^{\text {CA/AMT }}$ TEND transaction.

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Character settings

This chapter explains how you can program department or PLU descriptions, store messages, key descriptions, report title, total descriptions (such as gross total, net total etc.) and clerk names.
There are two ways to program characters which are using character keyboard and using multi typing of ten key.

## Using character keyboard

## ■ Character keyboard



1 Alphabet keys
2 Double size letter key

3 Space key
4 Delete key
5 Program end key
6 Character enter key
7 CAPS key
8 Shift key

Used to input characters.
Assigns the next input character to be double sized. After setting a double sized character, press this key again to back to normal size.
Sets a space.
Clears the last input character.
Terminates the character programming.
Registers the programmed characters.
Pressing this key shifts a character from the lowercase letter to upper case letter.
Pressing this key shifts the character from the uppercase letter to lower case letter.

Example: To set "Apple Juice"


## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Using ten key pad

To set characters by using ten key, you need to press one of the ten key repeatedly until desired character appears on the display.

## ■ Multi typing keyboard



1 Alphabet keys Hitting one of those keys repeatedly changes characters in the order shown in the table below.

| 8 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~B} \rightarrow \mathrm{C} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{~b} \rightarrow \mathrm{C} \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow \AA \rightarrow \AA \rightarrow \AA \rightarrow \AA \rightarrow \hat{A} \rightarrow \dot{A} \rightarrow \AA \rightarrow C \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{~A}} \rightarrow \mathrm{~A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~A} \rightarrow \\ & \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{X} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{a} \rightarrow \mathrm{C} \text { returns to the beginning } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F} \rightarrow \mathrm{~d} \rightarrow \mathrm{e} \rightarrow \mathrm{f} \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow \mathrm{~B} \rightarrow \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{E}} \rightarrow \ddot{\mathrm{E}} \rightarrow \dot{\mathrm{E}} \rightarrow \mathrm{o} \rightarrow \mathrm{e} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{e}} \rightarrow \mathrm{e} \rightarrow \text { è } \rightarrow \\ & \mathrm{f} \text { returns to the beginning } \end{aligned}$ |
| 4 | $\mathrm{G} \rightarrow \mathrm{H} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{~g} \rightarrow \mathrm{~h} \rightarrow \mathrm{i} \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{I}} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{I}} \rightarrow \mathrm{I} \rightarrow \mathrm{i} \rightarrow \mathrm{i}$ <br> returns to the beginning |
| 5 | $J \rightarrow \mathrm{~K} \rightarrow \mathrm{~L} \rightarrow \mathrm{j} \rightarrow \mathrm{K} \rightarrow$ I $\rightarrow 5$ returns to the beginning |
| 6 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} \rightarrow \mathrm{~N} \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \mathrm{~m} \rightarrow \mathrm{n} \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \delta \rightarrow \tilde{\mathrm{~N}} \rightarrow \dot{\mathrm{~N}} \rightarrow \varnothing \rightarrow \mathrm{o} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{O}} \rightarrow \mathrm{o} \rightarrow \tilde{\mathrm{O}} \rightarrow \tilde{\mathrm{n}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{o}} \rightarrow \mathrm{o} \rightarrow \\ & \mathrm{o} \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow \mathrm{o} \rightarrow \tilde{o} \text { returns to the beginning } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{Q} \rightarrow \mathrm{R} \rightarrow \mathrm{S} \rightarrow \mathrm{p} \rightarrow \mathrm{q} \rightarrow \mathrm{r} \rightarrow \mathrm{s} \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow \mathrm{p} \rightarrow \mathrm{p} \rightarrow \mathrm{\beta}$ returns to the beginning |
| 2 | $\mathrm{T} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{V} \rightarrow \mathrm{t} \rightarrow \mathrm{u} \rightarrow \mathrm{V} \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow \mathrm{Te} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{u} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{U}} \rightarrow \mathrm{U} \rightarrow \mathrm{u} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{u}} \rightarrow \mathrm{u} \rightarrow \mathrm{u} \rightarrow \mu$ returns to the beginning |
| 3 | $\mathrm{W} \rightarrow \mathrm{X} \rightarrow \mathrm{Y} \rightarrow \mathrm{Z} \rightarrow \mathrm{W} \rightarrow \mathrm{X} \rightarrow \mathrm{y} \rightarrow \mathrm{z} \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow \hat{y} \rightarrow \ddot{\mathrm{y}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathrm{y}}$ returns to the beginning |
| 0 | 0 |
| 00 | (Right cursor) |
|  | (Delete) |
| 7 |  |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

2 Double size letter key Assigns the next input character to be double sized. After setting a double sized character, press this key again for normal size.
3 Space key
4 Clear key
5 Delete key
6 Program end key
7 Character enter key
8 Right cursor key
Example: To set CLASS a
C L


## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Setting characters

The following explanation shows how you can set a name in a PLU. You can also set names to departments, function keys $(\%-, \square)$, and clerks by the same method.


## Sample Operation

To set "MILK" to PLU0001 by using ten key pad.

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position. The display shows the program top menu.

Display


## plu Setaing





## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Setting pop messages on receipts

You can set pop messages printed on receipts.


1 Pop message 1st. line
2 Pop message 2nd. line
3 Pop message 3rd. line
4 Pop message 4th. line
5 Pop illustration

## ■ To set pop message

Step
1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [POP Setting] then press ${ }^{C / 4 / 4 \mathrm{Alim}}$ key.

## Display



2 Select [All Message] and press $\qquad$ key. Preset messages will be printed.
3 Select the line number of the pop message and press
 key.

4 Referring printed preset messages, input the message



5 Repeat the steps 3 and 4 for other message lines.

## ■ To set other messages

To set logo message, commercial message, and bottom message (refer to page E-19 "Receipt sample"), perform the same procedure as the above operations except selecting [Message Setting] in step 1.

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## To set pop illustration



4 Select [POP Print] and press $\square$ key. Make sure that the illustration you select comes out from the printer.

Step
1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [POP Setting] then press $\qquad$ key.
 preset pop illustrations.


3 From the printout, select an illustration you wish to print on receipts.
4 Select [Print Graphic No. [ ] ] and input the illustration number from ten key pad. Then press $\qquad$ key.

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Setting symbol characters

You can change the symbols or titles of sales reports for example, printing "CASH IN DRW" on the sales reports instead of "CAID" for cash amount in drawer.


## Step

## Operation

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System


[System Setting] is the last column on the programming top menu and is not shown on the first screen. Keep pressing $\downarrow$ key until it appears on the screen.
2 Enter 2 and press $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUB } \\ & \text { character setting mode. }\end{aligned}$ key to set the register in the
3 Referring the following tables, enter two-digit memory mumper and program code. Then press TOTAL key.
4 Referring the character entry methods on pages E-55 and E-56, input characters you wish to set and press

$2{ }^{\text {TOTAL }}$

[Memory No.](Program code)
 key.
5 If you wish to set in the next memory number, repeat step 4. If you wish to set other memory number than the next number, repeat steps 3 and 4 .
6 Press SUB A key to complete the setting.
Example: To set "CASH IN DRW" in memory number 3

## Advanced programmings and registrations

Sales report symbols

| Memory No. | Program code | Contents | Default character | Memo for your settings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 |  | Gross total | GROSS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02 |  | Net total | NET |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03 |  | Cash in drawer | CAID |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04 |  | Charge in drawer | CHID |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05 |  | Check in drawer | CKID |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06 |  | Credit 1 in drawer | CRID(1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 07 |  | Credit 2 in drawer | CRID(2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08 |  | Credit 3 in drawer | CRID(3) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 09 |  | Credit 4 in drawer | CRID(4) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  | Cash in drawer for sub currency | CAID2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 |  | Charge in drawer for sub currency | CHID2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  | Check in drawer for sub currency | CKID2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 |  | Refund mode total | RF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 |  | Customer count | CUST |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 |  | Average sales per customer | AVER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 |  | Clerk commission 1 total | C-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 |  | Clerk commission 2 total | C-2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 01 | Foreign currency cash in drawer | CECA1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 |  | Foreign currency check in drawer | CECK1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 |  | Reduction | DC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 |  | Coupon | COUPON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 |  | Item return | REF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 |  | Rounding for sub currency | ROUND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 |  | Rounding | ROUND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 |  | Cancellation | CANCEL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 |  | Taxable amount 1 | TA1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 |  | Tax 1 | TX1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 |  | Taxable amount 2 | TA2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 |  | Tax 2 | TX2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 |  | Taxable amount 3 | TA3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 |  | Tax 3 | TX3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 |  | Taxable amount 4 | TA4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 |  | Tax 4 | TX4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41 |  | Non taxable amount | NON TAX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Other symbols

Numbers in ( ) are digits to be used.

| Memory No. | Program code | Contents | Default character |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 | 23 | main currency symbol (2), @ (2), No.(2), split pricing (2), not used (4), sub currency symbol (2) |  | $\cdot$ |  |  | No | / |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |
| 02 |  | No. of item sold (2), No. of customers (2), not used (6), multiplication display(2) |  | 0 | C |  | @ | L |  | * | Q | T |  |  |  |
| 03 |  | multiplication symbol (6), not used (6) | X |  |  |  |  | B | S | Y |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04 |  | taxable symbols (3 each) | T | 1 |  |  |  | T |  | T | 4 |  | T | 5 |  |
| 06 |  | taxable symbols (3 each) | T | 1 | 2 |  | 13 | T | 4 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |
| 08 |  | foreign currency (2 each) not used (8) |  | * |  |  | $*$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |
| 09 |  | mode symbols (4 each) (REG, RF, not used) | R | E | G |  | R | $F$ |  | R |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  | mode symbols (4 each) (PGM, Daily X, Daily Z, Periodic) |  | P |  |  | $\times$ |  |  | 乙 |  |  | X | Z |  |
| 11 |  | mode symbols (4 each) (not used, PGM read) | T | R | G |  |  |  | P | G | M | X |  |  |  |
| 12 |  | decimal (1) (for amount/ q'ty), separator (main/ sub 1 each), not used (3), square (7) | . | . | , |  | - , |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  | am, pm (3each) ST symbol on main display (2) |  | A | M |  | P M | S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 |  | subtotal symbol on main display (16) | S | T |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 |  | subtotal symbol for discount/premium (16) | S | T |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 |  | post receipt total symbol (16) |  | L |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 |  | change symbol (16) | C | G |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 01 | 20 | grand total symbol (16) | G | T |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Title of sales reports

| Memory No. | Program code | Contents | Default character | Memo for your settings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 |  | Fixed total report title | FIX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 02 |  | Transaction key report title | TRANS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 03 |  | PLU sales report title | PLU |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 04 |  | Department sales report title | DEPT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05 | 24 | Group sales report title | GROUP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 06 |  | Clerk sales report title | CASHIER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 08 |  | Hourly sales report title | HOURLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 09 |  | Monthly sales report title | MONTHLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 |  | Flash report title | FLASH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Advanced programmings

This section explains how you can program detail settings of the register such as setting register's specific number, whether to reset consecutive number on the receipt after a Reset $(Z)$ report or not, whether to print taxable amounts on receipts or not, etc.
The following table lists what can be programmed in this settings.

| Set code | Settings | No. of digit to <br> be set |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 02 | Cash register's unit number | 4 |
| 03 | Whether to reset consecutive number after Reset (Z) report or not | 8 |
| 04 | Tax system (USA or Canada) | 9 |
| 05 | Contents of receipt/journal print | 10 |
| 06 | Calculation and operation methods | 10 |
| 08 | Contents of sales reports | 10 |
| 10 | Whether to print taxable amount or not | 10 |
| 14 | Printing of period or comma for decimal and separator on fixed total report <br> print | 8 |
| 15 | Printing methods of sales reports | 10 |
| 16 | Printing methods of grand total | 7 |
| 17 | Date/time printing on journals/receipts | 4 |
| 19 | Double height character printing on receipts | 7 |
| 21 | Printing methods of messages | 10 |
| 27 | Clerk operation selections | 9 |
| 30 | Receipt message/Compressed journal print selection | 5 |
| 34 | Backlight on/off selection | 4 |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Programming detail settings

To program the detail settings of the register, please follow the operations shown below.


## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press ${ }^{\text {cos/ } / \text { /ind }}$ key.
[System Setting] is the last column on the programming top menu and is not shown on the first screen. Keep pressing $\downarrow$ key until it appears on the screen. programming mode.
3 Referring the following tables, enter two-digit set code you wish to program followed by two 2 s . " 22 " is the identification code for programming detail settings.

Operation


## Advanced programmings and registrations

Set code 04 (Tax system)

| Description | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canadian rounding system <br> Roundings Last digit: 0 to $2 \rightarrow 0,3$ to $7 \rightarrow 5,8$ and $9 \rightarrow 10$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & Y e s=7 \end{aligned}$ | D10 | $\frac{0}{0}$ |
| US tax system $=1$, Canadian tax system $=2$ (Default value depends on the country shipped to) | Select 0 or 1 | D9 | 1 or 2 D9 |
| Must be "00000000" (eight zeros) |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 \text { to } \\ \text { D8 to } \mathrm{D} 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $0 \text { to } \quad 0$ |

Example: To set Canadian tax system with canadian rounding system.
Press 3 3 TOTAL 0
Set code 05 (Receipt printing selections)

| Description | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print total line during finalization. a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 10$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| 24- hour system (0) or 12-hour system (2) ${ }^{\text {(2) }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Select <br> 0 or 2 |  |  |
| Buffered receipt print (enables key operations during printing) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \end{aligned}$ | D9 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D9 } \end{array}$ |
| Skip item prints on journal. (journal skip) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=1 \end{aligned}$ | D8 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D8 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Must be "000" |  | 0 0 <br> D7 D6 D5  | 0 0 0 <br> D7 D6 D5   |
| Print number of item sold. (item counter) a | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | 0 |
| Print tax symbols. b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=2 \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 4$ | (a+b) D4 |
| Must be "000" |  | 0 0 0 <br> D3 D2 D1   | 0 0 0 <br> D3 D2   |

## Example:

- On a receipt, not printing total amount ( $a=1$ ), printing 12 -hour system ( $b=2$ ): D10 = $3(1+2)$.
- Buffered receipt printing: D9 = 2 .
- Not printing items on journal (journal skip): D8 = 1 .
-D7 - D5 must be 000.
- Printing number of items $(a=1)$, not printing tax symbols $(b=2)$ : $\mathrm{D} 4=3(1+2)$.
-D3 - D1 must be 000.
Press $\mathbf{3} \underset{\substack{\text { SUTAL } \\ \text { SUB }}}{ } 0$
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}3 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0\end{array}$
CA/AMT SUB
TOTAL


## Advanced programmings and registrations

Set code 06 (Calculation and operation methods)

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Succeeds the taxable status and commission status of previous item when $+/$ - operation is performed. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| Force money declarations before read( $X$ ) or reset ( $Z$ ) reports operations. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (a+b+c) D 9 \end{gathered}$ |
| Allow finalization when subtotal amount is zero or minus. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Allow multiple refund operation. | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Affects the results of $+/-. \%+/ \%$ - calculations to items. (Net totaling) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=1 \end{aligned}$ | D8 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D8 } \end{array}$ |
| Include commission in net total. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=2 \end{aligned}$ | D7 | D7 |
| Clears the key buffer when a receipt is issued. (REG mode only) | a | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{0}{(a+b+c) D 6}$ |
| Sounds key catch tone. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Allow to issue post receipt, even the original one is issued. | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Must be "000" |  |  | 0 0 <br> D5 D4 D3  | 0 0 <br> D5 D4 D3  |
| Use <00> key as <000> key. |  | $\begin{aligned} & <00>=0 \\ & <000>=4 \end{aligned}$ | D2 | D 0 |
| Must be "0" |  |  | D1 | D1 |

## Example:

- $A+/$ - operation not succeeds taxable status and commission status ( $a=1$ ), amount in drawer should be declared before $Z$ reporting $(b=4)$ : D10 = $5(1+4)$.
- SUB key must always be pressed for a finalization $(a=1)$, not allowing zero or minus subtotal in a transaction $(b=2)$, not allowing multiple refund operations ( $c=4$ ): D9 $=7(1+2+3)$.
- Affecting the result of $+/-, \%+/ \%-$ to an item: D8 $=1$.
- Not including commission in net total: D7 = 2 .
- Clearing key buffer when a receipt is issued ( $a=1$ ), not sounding key catch tone ( $b=2$ ), issues post receipts even the original receipt is issued ( $c=4$ ): $D 6=7(1+2+3)$.
-D5 - D3 must be 000.
- Using 00 key as 000 key D2 $=4$.
-D1 must be 0 .

Set code 08 (Fixed total print control)

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print gross sales total (GROSS) on fixed total report. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Print net sales total (NET) on fixed total report. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (a+b+c) D 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| Print cash in drawer (CAID) on fixed total report. | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Print charge in drawer (CHID) on fixed total report. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=2 \end{aligned}$ | $\overline{D 9}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D9 } \end{array}$ |
| Print check in drawer (CKID) on fixed total report. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 |
| Print credit in drawer on (CRID (1) ~ (4)) on fixed total report. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 8$ | (a+b) D8 |
| Must be "0" |  |  | D7 | D7 |
| Print RF mode total (RF) on fixed total report. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ | D6 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D6 } \end{array}$ |
| Print the net number of customers (CUST) on fixed total report. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 |
| Print average sales per customer (AVER) on fixed total report. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ | (a+b) D5 | (a+b) D5 |
| Must be "0" | c |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D4 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D4 } \end{array}$ |
| Print commission 1 total (C-1) on fixed total report. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Print commission 2 total (C-2) on fixed total report. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (a+b+c) D 3 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ (a+b+c) D 3 \end{gathered}$ |
| Print foreign currency cash in drawer (CECA1, CECA2) and check in drawer (CECK1, CECK2) on fixed total report. | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Print <MINUS>, <COUPON>,<\%-> and mix \& match operation net total (DC) on fixed total report. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 3 |
| Print total number of <REFUND> operation (RF) on fixed total report. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 2$ | (a+b) D2 |
| Print nontaxable totals (NON TAX) on fixed total report. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Print rounded fractions (ROUND) on fixed total report. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ (a+b+c) D 1 \end{gathered}$ |
| Print number of cancellation (CANCEL) on fixed total report. | c | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Example:

- On the fixed total report, not printing gross sales total $(a=1)$, not printing net sales total $(b=2)$, not printing cash in drawer. (c = 4): D10 = $7(1+2+4)$.
- Not printing amount in drawer on fixed total report: D9 = 1 .
- On fixed total report, not printing check amount in drawer ( $\mathrm{a}=1$ ), not printing credit amount in drawer (b $=4)$ : $\mathrm{D} 8=5(1+4)$.
- D7 must be always 0 .
- Not printing refunded amount in RF mode on fixed total report: D6 = 4 .
- Not printing total number of customers on fixed total report ( $a=1$ ), not printing average sales amount per customer $(b=2)$ : D5 = $5(1+4)$.
- D4 must be always 0 .
- On fixed total report, not printing commission 1 amount ( $a=1$ ), not printing commission 2 amount ( $b=$ 2), not printing amount of foreign currency cash and check (c = 4): D3 = $7(1+2+3)$.
- On fixed total report, not printing net total of <MINUS>, <COUPON>, <\%-> etc. (a = 1), not printing <REFUND> and <VOID> amounts $(b=2)$ : D2 = $3(1+2)$.
- On fixed total report, not printing non-taxable amounts $(a=1)$, not printing rounded down amount $(b=$ 2 ), not printing cancelled amount ( $c=4$ ): D1 $=7(1+2+3)$.

Set code 10 (Print control of taxable amount)

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print taxable amount 1 on receipt/journal. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| Print taxable amount 2 on receipt/journal. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Print taxable amount 3 on receipt/journal. | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Print taxable amount 4 on receipt/journal. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | D9 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D9 } \end{array}$ |
| Must be "00000000" (eight zeros) |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 \text { to } \\ \hline \text { D8 to } \mathrm{D} 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \text { to } \\ \text { D8 to } \mathrm{D} 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

Set code 15 (Printing methods of sales reports)

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department zero skip (Departments of sales amount zero are not printed on sales reports.) | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| Clerk zero skip (Zero amounted clerks are not printed on sales reports.) | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Transaction key zero skip (Transaction keys of sales amount zero are not printed on sales reports.) | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 9 \end{gathered}$ | $\frac{0}{(a+b+c) D 9}$ |
| PLU zero skip (Zero amounted PLUs are not printed on sales reports.) | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Hourly sales report skip (Zero amounted time zones are not printed on sales reports.) | c | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Group zero skip (Zero amounted groups are not printed on sales reports.) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D8 } \end{array}$ |
| Must be "00" |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D7 } & \text { D6 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D7 } & \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Print PLU numbers on the PLU report. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \end{aligned}$ | D5 | D 0 |
| Print sales ratio on sales reports. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 |
| Issue double Z reports. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 4$ | $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 4$ |
| Must be "000" |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D3 D2 D1 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D3 D2 D } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

Set code 16 (Printing methods of grand total)

| Description | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print range of consecutive number on fixed total report. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & Y e s=1 \end{aligned}$ | D7 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D7 } \end{array}$ |
| Must be "00111" |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 1 \\ \text { D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 } \end{array}$ |
| Print grand total on daily sales reset ( $Z$ ) report. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | D1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D1 } \end{array}$ |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

Set code 17 (Date/time printing on journals/receipts)

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print date on journal. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 |
| Print consecutive number on receipt/journal. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=4 \end{aligned}$ | $(a+b)$ D4 | $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 4$ |
| Print time on receipt. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \mathrm{No}=1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0 |
| Print time on journal. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=2 \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 3$ | $(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 3$ |
| Must be "00" |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D2 } 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D2 } & \text { D1 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

Set code 19 (Double height character printing on receipts)

| Description | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print receipt in double height characters | No $=0$ <br> Yes $=1$ | $\square$ | 0 |
| Must be "000000" (six zeros) |  | 0 | 0 |

Set code 21 (Printing methods of messages)

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print graphic type logo. <br> (If "No" is selected, character logo will be printed.) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & Y e s=2 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline 2 \\ \mathrm{D} 10 \end{array}$ |
| Must be "000" |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D9 D8 D7 } \end{array}$ | 0 0 <br> D9 D8 D7  |
| Print commercial message on receipts in REG/RF mode. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ | 0 |
| Print bottom message on receipts in REG/RF mode. | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & Y e s=2 \end{aligned}$ | (a+b) D6 | (a+b) D6 |
| Must be "0000" |  |  |  | 0 0 0 0 <br> D5 D4 D3 D2    |
| Must be " 0 ". |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D1 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D1 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

Set code 27 (Clerk operation selections)

| Description | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allow clerk functions. | No $=0$ <br> Yes $=4$ | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| Must be "00000000" |  | $\mathrm{D9}$ | 0 |

Set code 30 (Thermal printer control)

| Description |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print preset receipt message and graphic. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0) |
| Print preset receipt message and graphic:(1) at the bottom of the receipt, (2) at the top of the receipt | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (1) }=0 \\ & (2)=2 \end{aligned}$ | (a+b) D5 | (a+b) D5 |
| Journal compressed print (print half height characters) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Yes }=0 \\ & \text { No }=1 \end{aligned}$ | D4 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D4 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Must be "000" |  |  | 0 0 0 <br> D3 2   | 0 0 <br> D3 0 |

Set code 34 (Backlight control)

| Description | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Backlight | $\begin{gathered} \text { Functions }=0 \\ \text { Not functions }=1 \end{gathered}$ | D4 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D4 } \end{array}$ |
| Must be "000" |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D3 D2 D1 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D3 D2 D1 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Programming functions of departments and PLUs in a lump

There are two methods to set functions of departments or PLUs which are programming at once and programming individual functions.

## Programming department functions in a lump

This method programs function of a department at one time.


## Step

Operation
1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press ${ }^{\mathrm{cos} /[\mathrm{Amal}}$ key.
2 Enter 3 and press SUB TOTAL key to set the register in the programming mode.
3 You can skip this step if you program in departments 01 through 30. If you wish to program in departments 31

4 Referring following table, input 12- digit program code.
5 Press the department key you wish to program
6 Repeat steps 3 through 5 if you wish to program functions


## Example:

Programming department 31 as;

- Normal item: D12 $=0$.
-D11 through D8 must be 0000.
- US taxable status $1(a=1)$ and $2(b=2)$ : D7 = $3(1+2)$
- Allowing zero unit price $(a=1)$, not allowing negative unit price $(b=0)$, hash item ( $c=4$ ): D6 = $5(1+0+$ 4).
- D5 must always be 0 .
- Limiting minimum entry digit: 3 digits: $\mathrm{D} 4=3$.
- As this example is for setting functions in a department, D3 should be 0 .
- Applying commission $1(\mathrm{a}=1)$, not applying commission $2(\mathrm{~b}=0)$ : $\mathrm{D} 2=1(1+0)$.
- D1 must always be 0 .


## Advanced programmings and registrations

Department and PLU lump set code

| Description |  |  |  | Selection | Program code | Default value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Single item sales: <br> Normal item $=0$, Single item $=3$ |  |  |  | 0 or 3 | D12 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \hline \text { D12 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Must be "0000" |  |  |  | 0000 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D11 D10 D9 D8 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|c\|c\|c} \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { D11 D10 D9 D8 } \end{array}$ |
| Taxable status | Taxable status for USA | Taxable status 1 | a | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 7 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  | Taxable status 2 | b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Taxable status 3 | C | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  | D7 |
|  | Taxable status for Canada | Non tax $=0$, Taxable $1=1$, Taxable $2=2$, Taxable 3 $=3$, Taxable $4=4$, Taxable $1 \& 2=5$, Taxable $1 \& 3$ $=6$, Taxable $1 \& 4=7$ |  |  | D7 |  |
| Enable zero unit price. |  |  | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 6 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Enable negative price. |  |  | b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (a+b+c) D 6 \end{gathered}$ |
| Hash item |  |  | c | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Must be "0" |  |  |  | 0 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D5 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D5 } \end{array}$ |
| Low digit limitation (LDL) for manually entered unit price. |  |  |  | Number of digits | D4 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D4 } \end{array}$ |
| Open PLU (only for PLU) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \end{aligned}$ | D3 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D3 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Commission 1 (give commission on items) |  |  | a | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\square}{(a+b) D 2}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}) \mathrm{D} 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| Commission 2 |  |  | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & Y e s=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Must be "0" |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D1 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D1 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Programming PLU functions in a lump

This method programs functions of a PLU at one time.


## Step

## Operation

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System

2 Enter 3 and press sUB tor to set the register in the
programming mode.
3 Enter four-digit PLU number then press $\underset{\substack{\text { BiOer }}}{\text { Bey. }}$

4 Referring the table in the previous section, input 12- digit program code.


$3 \stackrel{\text { SUB }}{\text { SOTAL }}$

For example, to program PLU number fourteen.

[Program code (12 digits)]

```
CA/TENT
```

6 Repeat steps 3 through 5 if you wish to program functions in another PLU.
7 Press sus key to complete the program.

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Programming functions of departments and PLUs individually

## Programming functions of departments individually

This part explains programming methods of each function of departments individually.


## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press ${ }^{\text {c/ } / \text { /iliol }}$ key.
2 Enter 3 and press sUB key to set the register in the programming mode.
3 Referring the following table, enter two-digit set code you wish to program followed by two 6 s . The " 66 " is the identification code for individual programming of departments and PLUs. Then press $\qquad$ key.
4 You can skip this step if you program in departments 01 through 30. If you wish to program in departments 31

5 Referring the following table, enter program code and press the department key in which you wish to set.

6 If you wish to set the same function in another department, press the corresponding dept. key.

7 Repeat steps 4 and 5 to set another function in another department.
8 Press SUB key to complete the program.

## Operation



3 sub

(set code)
$\square$
建

## 123.3

This example is for linking dept. 03 to item group 123 assuming set code 11 has been
 in step 4.

4
This example is for setting the same linking group in dept. 04.

Set code table

| Set code | Description |  |  |  | Selection | Program code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 03 | Taxable status | Taxable status for USA | Always "0" |  | 0 | - 0 |
|  |  |  | Taxable status 1 | a | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 1 \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  | Taxable status 2 | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  | Taxable status 3 | C | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | Taxable status for Canada | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non tax }=00 \text {, Taxable } 1=01 \text {, Taxable } 2=02, \\ & \text { Taxable } 3=03 \text {, Taxable } 4=04 \text {, Taxable } 1 \& 2 \\ & =05 \text {, Taxable } 1 \& 3=06 \text {, Taxable } 1 \& 4=07 \end{aligned}$ |  | 00 to 07 | D2 D1 |
| 04 | Open PLU (Only for PLU) |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ |
| 05 | Allow unit price 0 |  |  | a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\square}{(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c})}$ |
|  | Allow negative unit price. |  |  | b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Hash item |  |  | c | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 07 | Minimum digit of manual input unit price |  |  |  | Number of minimum digit | $\square$ |
| 09 | Commission $1 \times$ a |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\square_{(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b})}$ |
|  | Commission 2 |  |  | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 11 | Linking group (000 to 999) |  |  |  | 000 to 999 |  |
|  | Must be 0 |  |  |  | 0 | D 0 |
|  | Linking dept. (000 to 999) (Only for PLU) |  |  |  | 000 to 999 |  |
| 15 | Maximum amount of manual input unit price (up to 9999.99) |  |  |  |  | D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 |
| 18 | Single item control: Normal item $=0$, Single item $=3$ |  |  |  | 0 or 3 | $\square$ |

Example 1: To program dept. 01 as USA taxable 1 \&2

Example 2: To program dept. 02 to allow manual input unit price up to $\$ 99.00$.


## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Programming functions of PLUs individually

This part explains programming methods of each function of PLUs individually.


## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press ${ }^{\text {ch/ } / \text { /itio }}$ key.
2 Enter 3 and press sUB TOTAL key to set the register in the programming mode.
3 Referring the tables in the proceeding section, enter twodigit set code you wish to program followed by two 6 s . The " 66 " is the identification code for individual programming of departments and PLUs. Then press $\frac{\text { SUB }}{\text { TOTAL }}$ key.
4 Enter PLU number you wish to set and press

5 Referring the table in the preceding section, enter program code and press $\qquad$ key.
6 If you wish to set the same program code in the next PLU

Perform step 5 if you wish to set another program code to the next PLU number.

To program in another PLU number (not next PLU number), repeat steps 4 and 5 .
7 Press $\underset{\substack{\text { SOTB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key to complete the settings.

## Operation


(set code)
$0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 5$
This example is for setting a program in PLU 0005.

(Program code)
${ }^{C x} /$ AEMT

Example 1: To set PLU 0001 as "Open PLU".
Press 3 3 TOTAL 0

Example 2: To set PLU0012 to link item group 12 and dept. 04.


## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Programming functions of transaction keys

This section explains how you can program functions in each transaction keys
 entry of tendered amount.


## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press $\qquad$ key.
2 Enter 3 and press sub kid key to set the register in the programming mode.
3 Referring the following tables, enter the program code then press corresponding transaction key.

4 If you wish to program another transaction key, return to step 3.
5 Press SUB key to complete the program.

Operation

(Program code)
The above example is for programming minus key.

Program code tables
NOTE Default value of all the program codes are " 0 ".


| Description |  | Selection | Program code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prohibit partial payment. | a | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\square}{(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 7}$ |
| Prohibit tendered amount entry | b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Force to enter tendered amount. | C | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Print breakdown of VAT. <br> (Option for Single item or Currency exchange (including partial tendering foreign currency).) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & Y e s=1 \end{aligned}$ | D6 |
| Must be "0" |  | 0 | D5 |
| Maximum amount for subtotal and tendered amount. e.g.) $\$ 9000, D 4=9, D 3=3$ |  | D4: Maximum value (0 ~ 9) | D4 D3 |
|  |  | D3: Number of zeros (0~9) |  |
| Maximum amount of change due. |  | Maximum value (0 ~ 9) | D2 D1 |
|  |  | Number of zeros (0~9) |  |

 entry ( $b=0$ ), and forcing to enter tendered amount ( $c=4$ ): D7 = 6 .

```
Press 3 3 TOTAL 6
```


## Advanced programmings and registrations

Program code for $R A$ and Po keys

| Description | Selection | Program code |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum amount. <br> e.g.) $\$ 10,000$; D4 = 1, D3 = 4. | Maximum value $(0 \sim 9)$ | $\square$ |
|  | $\square$ | Number of zeros $(0 \sim 9)$ |
| Must be "00" | 00 | 0 |

Example: To set Po key not allowing to enter more than $\$ 900$.

| SUB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SuB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL | 9 | 2 | 0 | 0 | PO |  |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Program code for - key



## Advanced programmings and registrations

Program code for \%- key

| Description |  |  |  | Selection | Program code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxable status | Taxable status for USA | Always "0" |  | 0 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D8 } \end{array}$ |
|  |  | Taxable status 1 | a | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | Taxable status 2 | b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \square \\ (\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}) \mathrm{D} 7 \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Taxable status 3 | C | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Taxable status for Canada | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non tax }=00, \text { Ta } \\ & =03, \text { Taxable } 4= \\ & =06, \text { Taxable } 18 \end{aligned}$ |  | 00 to 07 | D8 D7 |
| Prohibit manual rate entry. |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \text { Yes }=2 \end{aligned}$ | D6 |
| Rounding: Round off $=0$, Cut off $=1$, Round up = 2 |  |  |  | 0,1 or 2 | D5 |
| Must be "00" |  |  |  | 00 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 & 0 \\ \hline \text { D4 D3 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Give commission $1 \times$ a |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=1 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ |
| Give commission 2 |  |  | b | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=2 \end{aligned}$ | $(a+b+c) D 2$ |
| Must be "0" |  |  |  | 0 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ \hline \text { D1 } \end{array}$ |

Program code for स/Ns $_{\text {Ns }}$ key

| Description | Selection | Program code |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Allow mode change or clerk change after "\#ss <br> transaction. (Only for non-add function) | Yes $=0$ <br> No $=1$ | $\square$ |
| Must be "000000" | 000000 | D7 |

Program code for sum key

| Description | Selection | Program code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Print when the key is pressed. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{No}=0 \\ & \mathrm{Yes}=4 \end{aligned}$ | $\square$ |
| Always "00000" | 00000 |  |

## Advanced programmings and registrations



| Description | Selection | Program code |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Multiplication procedure <br> (1) Quantity $\times$ Amount, (2) Amount $\times$ Quantity | $(1)=0$ <br> $(2)$ <br> Roundings: Round off $=0$, Cut off $=1$, Round up $=2$ | $\square$ |
| Must be "0000" | 0,1, or 2 | $\square$ |

Program code for $T T / 1$ and $T / / 2$ keys

| Description | Selection | Program code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taxable status (01~04) (Taxable 1 if "00" is set) | 01 to 04 | D8 D7 |
| Must be "000000" | 000000 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 <br> D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1      |

Program code for $C R$ key.

| Description | Selection | Program code |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Prohibit partial payment. | a | $\begin{array}{c}\text { No }=0 \\ \text { Yes }=1\end{array}$ |  |
| Prohibit tendered amount entry | b | $\begin{array}{c}\text { No }=0 \\ \text { Yes }=2\end{array}$ |  |
| Force to enter tendered amount. | c | $\begin{array}{c}\text { No }=0 \\ \text { Yes }=4\end{array}$ |  |
| (a+b+c) D7 |  |  |  |$]$

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Programming further clerk functions

This section explains how you can set further programming for clerks such as setting the register in training mode or setting commission rates given to clerks. In the training mode, the register operates normally but the results will not be stored in the memory. You can use this feature for getting to know the operations of the cash register for yourself or for newly hired clerks.


## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press ${ }^{\text {c/ } / \text { /iliol }}$ key.
2 Enter 3 and press sUB TOTAL key to set the register in the programming mode.
3 Enter 2 -digit clerk number followed by 07 . The " 07 " is the identification code for further program of clerks. Then press o key. The example on the right is for programming to clerk number 10.
4 Referring the following tables, input the set code you wish to program and press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key. The example on the right is for setting a commission rate.
5 Enter the program code and press $\int_{\text {Con mill }}$ key. The example on the right is for setting $8.5 \%$ to commission rate 1 and $5 \%$ to commission 2 .
6 If you wish to set the same program to the next clerk number, perform the step 5 again. When you set to another clerk (not next clerk number), repeat steps 3 through 5 .

## Operation


3.

Total

10075
(Clerk no.)

## $68{ }^{\text {TSOBL }}$

 (set code)
## 

(program code)

5 Press sub ke ke to complete the settings.

## SUB <br> TOTAL

Set code 67 (Training mode)

| Description | Selection | Program code |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Training mode | No $=0$ <br> Yes $=1$ | $\square$ |
| Must be "00000" |  | D6 |

Example 1: To set the clerk number 15 as a clerk being trained.

Set code 68 (Commission rates)

| Description | Selection | Program code |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Commission rate 1 (integer) | 00 to 99 | $\square \square$ |
| Commission rate 1 (decimal) | 00 to 99 | $\square$ |
| Commission rate 2 (integer) | 00 to 99 | $\square$ |
| Commission rate 2 (decimal) |  | $\square$ |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Printing programmed data

After programs have been set, you can print the programmed data.

## To print programmed unit price or percentage (other than PLU)

## Step


2 Enter 1 and press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUBE } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key.
3 Press SUB key again. The printer starts to print preset data.

## Printout



1: Program read symbol
2: Transaction key unit price or rate
3: Department descriptor/rec-\#/05
4: Unit price

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## To print programmed characters (except PLUs)

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press $C M /$ antion key.
2 Enter 2 and press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key.
3 Press subl key again. The printer starts to print preset data.

## Printout



## Advanced programmings and registrations

## To print general programming (except PLUs)

## Step


2 Enter 3 and press $\underset{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ key.
3 Press subl key again. The printer starts to print preset data.

## Printout



## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Printout



17: Clerk detail link program
18: Arrangement program/Rec-\#/file-\#/arrange no.
19: Key descriptor/rec-\#/file-\#
20: Scheduler program
21: I/O parameter table

## To print preset unit price of PLU

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press $\qquad$ key.
2 Enter 6 and press $\frac{\text { SUB }}{\text { SOTAL }}$ key to set the register in the programming mode.

3 Enter 1004 and press | SUB |
| :---: |
| TOTAL |
| key |

4 Enter starting PLU number and press ${ }^{\text {a/ Matiol }}$ key. For example, if you wish to print from PLU number 0001, input

## 

 example, if you wish to print up to PLU number 0884, input


Printout


1: Program read symbol
2: Range of PLU No.
3: PLU name/rec-\#/04
4: Unit price

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## To print preset characters of PLU

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press ${ }^{\text {c/ } / \text { /iliol }}$ key.
2 Enter 6 and press $\frac{\text { SUB }}{\text { SOTAL }}$ key to set the register in the programming mode.
3 Enter 2004 and press $\leftrightarrows$ SUB
4 Enter starting PLU number and press ${ }^{\text {Co/ / Aitio }}$ key.
5 Enter the last PLU number and press $\square_{\text {Cr/ANTO }}$ key.

## To print PLU programmings

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [System Setting] then press ${ }^{\text {c/ } / \text { /inio }}$ key.
2 Enter 6 and press sub TOTAL key to set the register in the programming mode.

3 Enter 3 0 0.4 and press | SUB |
| :--- |
| TOTAL | key.

4 Enter starting PLU number and press ${ }^{\text {Co/ A/ATI }}$ key.


Printout


1: Program 2 mode symbol
2: Range of PLU No.
3: PLU character

Printout


1: Program 3 mode symbol
2: Range of PLU No.
3: PLU name/rec-\#/file-\#
4: Address code $01 \sim 10$, 18 program
5: Address code 11 program
6: Address code 13 program
7: Address code 15 program

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Printing various sales reports

You can print categorized sales reports such as PLU sales report, item group sales report, hourly sales report etc.

## NOTE

- Please do not perform the reset $(Z)$ report during the business hour as it clears stored sales data from the memory.
- Please see page E-47 for printout sample of a daily report.


## Printing various sales reports

The followings are the example operation for printing an electronic journal of February 28, 2013.


## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to X or Z position. The display shows the top menu of sales reports.

Display


## Advanced programmings and registrations

## ■ PLU sales report



■ Item group sales report


## ■ Hourly sales report



1 Read symbol/report title
2 Report code
3 PLU name/Quantity
4 Sales ratio/PLU amount
5 PLU code
6 Total Quantity
7 Total amount

1 Read symbol/report title
2 Report code
3 Group No./Quantity
4 Sales ratio/group amount
5 Total quantity of group
6 Group total amount

1 Read symbol/report title
2 Report code
3 Time zone
4 No. of customers
5 Gross sales amount
6 No. of receipts
7 Sales ratio/net sales amount
8 Total No. of customers
9 Gross total amount
10 Total No. of receipt
11 Net total amount

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Monthly sales report



## ■ Flash report



[^2]1 Read report symbol/report title
2 Report code
3 Declared amount
4 Difference
5 Gross total
6 Net total
7 Cash in drawer

## About "Declared money" and "Cash in drawer"

If you programmed the register to force entry of total amount in drawer, you need to count the money in the drawer and input the amount (money declaration) before read $(X)$ or reset $(Z)$ report printing. On the other hand, "Cash in drawer" is the total money in the drawer calculated by the register so that you can compare the actual amount and the calculated amount.
To program money declaration, please see page E-67.

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## ■ Electronic journal



## About electronic journal

Instead of printing days' sales journal, the register stores daily sales report in the memory and you can obtain the report by assigning day or consecutive number.

## To print individual department and PLUs

Instead of printing sales reports in a lump, you can obtain reports of specific departments or PLUs.


## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to $X$ position.
2 Just press department keys or enter PLU numbers.
For example, $\square$ 3 for Dept. 033.
1
 89 $\square$ for PLUs 1 and 89.
3
 SUOBL key to exit from individual report printing.

Printout


1: Read symbol/report title
2: Department Name/No. of items
3: Sales ratio/amount
4: PLU Name/No. of items
5: Sales ratio/PLU amount
6: PLU code
7: Total No. of items
8: Total amount

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Periodic sales report

Apart from daily report, you can obtain periodic sales report. The register prints total sales data from the last periodic report. Namely, if you do this operation monthly, you can obtain monthly sales reports. The cash register allows you to obtain two kinds of periodic reports so that not only monthly reports, you can also get weekly reports.

## Step

1 Turn the Mode switch to X2/Z2 position. The display shows report selection screen.

Display


2 Select a report using $\uparrow$ or $\downarrow$ keys. $Z 1$ and $Z 2$ clear the accumulated data while X1 and X2 store the sales data remained.
3 Press ${ }_{c / 4 / 4 \text { Antio }}$ key. The printer prints our the periodic report.

Advanced programmings and registrations


1 Report title
2 Department report title/reset counter
3 Report code
4 Department Name/No. of items *1
5 Sales ratio/amount *1
6 Total No. of items
7 Total amount
8 Fixed total report title/reset counter
9 Report code
10 Gross total *2
11 Net total *2
12 Cash in drawer *2
13 Charge in drawer *2
14 Check in drawer *2
15 Credit in drawer $1^{* 2}$
16 Credit in drawer $2^{* 2}$
17 Credit in drawer 3 *2
18 Credit in drawer $4{ }^{* 2}$
19 Refund mode *2
20 Customer number *2
21 Average sales per customer *2
22 Discount total *2
23 Refund key *2
24 Rounding total *2
25 Cancellation *2
26 Taxable 1 amount *2
27 Tax 1 amount *2
28 Taxable 2 amount *2
29 Tax 2 amount *2

## Advanced programmings and registrations



1 Function key report title/reset counter
2 Report code
3 Function key count/amount *1
4 Clerk report title/reset counter
5 Report code
6 Clerk name
7 Net total
8 Clerk name

[^3]
## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Using an SD card

You can store sales data or program data to an SD card or you can restore the data from SD card to your cash register.
The following table explains what you can do with an SD card.

| $[$ Backup $\rightarrow$ SD $]$ | Stores sales data and program data of register to SD card. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $[$ Restore $\leftarrow$ SD $]$ | Restores sales data and program data from SD card to register. |
| $[$ Program $\rightarrow$ SD $]$ | Stores program data to SD card. |
| $[$ Program $\leftarrow$ SD $]$ | Restores program data from SD card to register. |
| $[$ Backup $\rightarrow$ Flash $]$ | Stores program data into the register's built-in flash memory (for a case of power failure with <br> flat batteries). |
| [SD Format $]$ | Formats an SD for the first usage. |

The following sections explain the operation examples of the features using an SD card.

## To format an SD card

When you use a new SD card, you must format the SD card first.


NOTE All the data stored in the SD card will be cleared if you execute formatting.

Step Display

1 Insert an SD card into the SD card slot.
2 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [SDcard Setting].


3 Press ${ }^{\text {CMANTO }}$ Key.
Select [SD Format] on the SD card setting screen.


## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Step

4 Select [YES] and press $\qquad$ key.
The register starts to format the SD card.
Display


5 Now the SD card is formatted and you can use it for storing cash register data in it.

| SD SD Selting |
| :---: |
| SD Format |
| Format Complete. |
| SCA/AMT TEND? |

## To store program data in an SD card

The following operation explains how you can back up all the program data in an SD card.


Step
Display
1 Insert an SD card into the SD card slot.
2 Turn the Mode switch to PGM position and select [SDcard Setting]. Then press ${ }^{\text {C/4/ } / \text { And }}$,


3 Select [Program $\rightarrow$ SD] and press $\qquad$ key.

## Advanced programmings and registrations

Step


Display


5 After for a while, the display indicates "Backup complete".

## SD Setting

[Program $\rightarrow$ SD ]
FHEXXX
Progressing....

## Before you consider it as a problem

## Error code table

| Error code | Message | Meaning | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E001 | Wrong mode | Mode switch position changed before finalization. | Return the mode switch to its original setting and finalize the operation. |
| E003 | Wrong operator | The signed on clerk differs from the clerk performed the tracking check registration. | Input correct check number or assign the proper clerk number. |
| E004 | Error INIT/FC | Initialization or unit lock clear operation in progress. | Complete operation. |
| E008 | Please sign on | Registration without entering a clerk number. | Enter a clerk number. |
| E010 | Close the drawer | The drawer is left open longer than the program time (drawer open alarm). | Close the drawer. |
| E011 | Close the drawer | Attempt to register while the cash drawer is open. | Close the drawer. |
| E016 | Change back to REG mode | Two consecutive transactions attempted in the refund mode. | Switch to another mode and then back to the RF mode for the next transaction. |
| E017 | Enter CHK/TBL number | Attempt made to register an item without inputting a check number. | Input a check number. |
| E018 | Enter Table number | Attempt made to register an item without inputting a table number. | Input a table number. |
| E019 | Enter number of customers | Finalize operation attempted without entering the number of customer. | Enter the number of customer. |
| E021 | No DEPT Link | No department linked PLU is registered. | Correct the program. |
| E026 | Enter condiment/preparation PLU | No condiment/preparation PLU is registered. | Register condiment/preparation PLU. |
| E029 | In the tender operation | Item registration is prohibited, while partial tender. | Finalize the transaction. |
| E031 | Press ST key | Finalization of a transaction attempted without confirming the subtotal. |  |
| E033 | Enter tendered amount | Finalize operation attempted without entering amount tender. | Enter the amount tendered. |
| E035 | Change amount exceeds limit | Change amount exceeds preset limit. | Input amount tendered again. |
| E036 | Remove money from the drawer | Contents of the drawer exceed programmed limit. | Perform paidout operation. |
| E037 | Digit or amount limitation over | High amount lock out/low digit lock out error | Enter correct amount. |
| E038 | Perform money declaration | Read/reset operation without declaring cash in drawer. | Perform money declaration. |
| E040 | Issue guest receipt | Attempt to register a new transaction without issuing a guest receipt. | Issue a guest receipt. |
| E046 | REG buffer full | Registration buffer full. | Finalize the transaction. |
| E049 | CHECK memory full | Check tracking index memory full. | Finalize and close the check number currently used. |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

| Error code | Message | Meaning | Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E050 | DETAIL memory full | Check tracking detail memory full. | Finalize and close the check number currently used. |
| E051 | CHK/TBL No. is occupied | Attempt to made use <New Check> to open a new check using a number that is already used for an existing check in check tracking memory. | Finalize and close the check that is currently under the number that you want to use or use a different check number. |
| E053 | CHK/TBL No. is not opened | Attempt made to use <Old Check> reopen a new check using a number that is not used for an existing check in check tracking memory. | Use the correct check number (if you want to reopen a check that already exists in check tracking memory) or use <New Check> to open a new check. |
| E075 | Negative balance cannot be finalized | Attempt to finalize a transaction when balance is less than or equal to zero. | Register item(s) until the balance becomes positive amount. |
| E101 | PLU maintenance file full. Press <\#2> to exit | Scanning PLU direct maintenance/ batch maintenance file becomes full. | Terminate the maintenance. |
| E103 | PLU Code is not exist. Input the PLU Code | PLU code is not existed in the file. | Enter proper PLU code. |
| E105 | PLU file full | Scanning PLU file full | Modify the designated item. |
| E106 | Item exists in the PLU FILE | The designated item has already existed in the scanning PLU file. |  |
| E112 | Close the journal platen arm | The journal platen arm is opened. | Close the journal platen arm. |
| E114 | Close the receipt platen arm | The receipt platen arm is opened. | Close the receipt platen arm. |
| E139 | Negative balance is not allowed | Attempt to register <-> or <CPN> when the balance becomes negative. | Enter proper minus/coupon amount. |
| E146 | Arrangement file full | Arrangement file is full. | Set the arrangement properly. |
| E200 | Insert SD | SD is set. | Set SD. |
| E201 | Illegal Format | Illegally formatted SD | Format the SD. |
| E202 | File not found | The designated file is not found in the SD. | Enter proper file name. |
| E205 | File already exist. | Can not write, because designated file has already been in the SD. | Check the operation and retry. |

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## When "EJ FULL" sign appears on the display

When the register shows this sign, issue electronic journal read report (if necessary) and reset the memory immediately.


## In case of power failure

If the power supply to the cash register is cut by a power failure or any other reason, simply wait for power to be restored. The details of any ongoing transaction as well as all sales data in memory are protected by the memory backup batteries. (This is the reason to install the batteries.)

- Power failure during a registration

The subtotal for items registered up to the power failure is retained in memory. You will be able to continue with the registration when power is restored.

- Power failure during printing a read / reset report

The data already printed before the power failure is retained in memory. You will be able to issue a report when power is restored.

- Power failure during printing of a receipt / journal

Printing will resume after power is restored. A line that was being printed when the power failure occurred is printed in full.

- Other

The power failure symbol is printed and any item that was being printed when the power failure occurred is reprinted in full.

## In case the register is locked up

If you make a mistake in operation, the cash register may lock up to avoid damage to programs and preset data. Should it happens, you can use the following procedure to clear the lock up without losing any data.
1 Power off the register.
2 Insert the PGM key in the mode switch.


5 Press, $\underset{\substack{\text { SUB } \\ \text { TOTAL }}}{ }$ then issue a receipt.

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## About the low battery indicator

If this indicator appears when you switch the cash register on, it can mean one of three things:

- No memory backup batteries are loaded in the cash register.
-The power of the batteries loaded in the unit is below a certain level.
- The batteries loaded in the unit are dead.



## Important!

Whenever the low battery indicator appears on the display, load a set of two new batteries as soon as possible. If there is a power failure or you unplug the cash register when this indicator appears, you will lose all of your sales data and settings.
Be sure to keep the power cord of the cash register plugged in whenever you replace the batteries.

| Category | No. of totalizers | Contents |  |  |  | Periodic totalizer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Amount (10 digits) | No. of items (4 digits) | Count <br> (4 digit) | No. of items (4 digits) |  |
| Department | 200 | O*1 | O *3 |  |  | 0 |
| PLU | 7000 | O*1 | O *3 |  |  |  |
| Hourly sales | 24 | 0 *1 |  | O*4 | O *5 |  |
| Monthly sales | 31 | O*1 |  |  | O *5 |  |
| Clerk | 50 | O*1 |  |  | O *5 |  |
| Transaction key \& fix total | -- | O *1 or O ${ }^{* 3}$ or $\mathrm{O}^{* 4}$ or O *5 |  |  |  | 0 |
| Non resettable grand sales total | 1 | O *2 |  |  |  |  |
| Reset counter | 8 |  |  | O*4 |  | 0 |
| Comsecutive No. | 1 |  |  |  | O *5 |  |

* ${ }^{1}$-9,999,999.99 ~ 99,999,999.99
* ${ }^{2}$-9,999,999,999,999.99 ~ 99,999,999,999,999.99
* ${ }^{3}$-99,999.999 ~ 999,999.999
* ${ }^{4} 1$ ~ 9999
- ${ }^{5} 1$ ~ 999999

Specifications and design are subject to change without notice.

## Advanced programmings and registrations

## Specifications

| Entry | 10-key system, buffer memory 8 keys (2-key roll over) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Department | Full key system |
| Main display | 26 characters x 10 lines, Dept. name, PLU name, Total, Transaction names, Change |
| Customer display | 20 characters x 1 line. Amount 10 digits (zero suppression) |
| Printer |  |
| Receipt | Thermal alpha-numeric system 24 digits, receipt on/off key |
|  | Store name or slogan is printed automatically |
| Journal | Thermal alpha-numeric system 24 digits |
|  | Automatic take up roll winding |
| Paper roll | $58(\mathrm{~W}) \times 80$ (D) mm |
| Paper thickness | 0.06 to 0.08 mm |
| Paper feed | Receipt and Journal |
| Print speed | About 14 I/s |
| Listing capacity |  |
| Amount | 9999999999 |
| Quantity | 9999.999 |
| Tendered amount | 9999999999 |
| Percent | 99.99 |
| Tax rate | 9999.9999 |
| Numbers | 9999999999999999 |
| Chronological data |  |
| Date print | Automatic date printout on receipt and journal, automatic calendar |
| Time print | Automatic time printout on receipt and journal, 24-hour system/12-hour system |
| Alarm | Key catch tone, error alarm |
| Memory protection battery | The effective service life of memory protection batteries (two new size AA manganese batteries) is approximately one year from installation into the machine. |
| Power supply/power consumption | See the rating plate. |
| Operation temperature | $32^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Humidity | 10 to 90\% |
| Dimensions | $220 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 400 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 450 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{D})\left(8.6\right.$ " $(\mathrm{H}) \times 15.7^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{W}) \times 17.7^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{D})$ ) |
| Weight | 10 kg (22 lbs.) |

Advanced programmings and registrations


[^0]:    NOTE

    - To change the tax status of the next item to be registered, be sure to press $T / 151$, $\mathrm{T} / 52$.
    - If the last item registered is programmed as non-taxable, a discount (\%-) key) operation on this item is always non-taxable. In this case, you cannot manually change the tax status to taxable 1 or 2 by pressing $T / T 11$, , $T / s 2$ keys.

[^1]:    * 1 If total amount is zero, these items will not be printed.
    * 2 These items can be skipped by programming.

[^2]:    1 Read symbol/report title
    2 Report code
    3 Month
    4 Gross symbol/Quantity
    5 Gross sales amount
    6 Net symbol/No. of customers
    7 Net sales amount
    8 Total symbol
    9 Gross symbol/Quantity
    10 Gross sales amount
    11 Daily gross sales average
    12 Net symbol/No. of customers
    13 Net sales amount
    14 Daily net sales average

[^3]:    - ${ }^{1}$ Zero totalled departments/functions (the amount and item numbers are both zero) are not printed.
    * ${ }^{2}$ These items can be skipped by programming.

