# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(X) ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 (Fee Required) For the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995

or

( ) TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 (No Fee Required)

For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 0-15279

GENERAL COMMUNICATION, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

ALASKA 92-0072737

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (907) 265-5600

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Class A common stock

(Title of class)

Class B common stock

(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No .

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [ X ]

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, computed by reference to the average bid and asked prices of such stock as of the close of trading on February 29, 1996 was approximately \$38,439,000.

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock as of February 29, 1996, was:

Class A common stock - 19,681,207 shares; and Class B common stock - 4,175,434 shares.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Certain portions of the registrant's definitive Proxy Statement to be filed

pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in connection with the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the registrant to be held on or after June 5, 1996 are incorporated by reference into Part III of this report.

## GENERAL COMMUNICATION, INC.

#### 1995 ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K

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#### PART I

## Item 1. BUSINESS

Background and Description of Business

General Communication, Inc. ("GCI") is an Alaska-based corporation that supplies common-carrier long-distance and other telecommunication products and services to residential, commercial and government users. Telecommunication services that GCI and its subsidiaries ("the Company") provides are carried over facilities that are owned by the Company or are leased from other companies.

GCI began commercial operations in November 1982 in competition with the former monopoly carrier, Alascom, Inc. ("Alascom"). In many respects, GCI's entry into the market parallels that of MCI Telecommunications Corporation ("MCI") which, in the contiguous United States, entered the market to compete with the former monopoly carrier American Telephone and Telegraph Company ("AT&T"). GCI followed in MCI's footsteps approximately a decade later.
MCI acquired an approximate 30 percent ownership interest in GCI during 1993.

# Industry

The U.S. telecommunication industry remains in a state of flux, with companies faced with the challenges of new technologies and rapid changes in the competitive and regulatory environment. Growing competition has resulted in lower prices, which should stimulate ongoing volume gains, even in the heavily saturated U.S. market. The policies of President Clinton's Administration, the Telecommunications Act of 1996, emerging technologies, and a blurring of

distinctions among industry sectors all portend new revenue possibilities for the industry. Where the focus was once on regulation of a closely guarded monopoly, regulators are now ushering the telecommunication industry into an era of competition and reduced regulation. Decisions made now will influence the industry's future in ways difficult to foresee, as technology continues to catapult the industry forward.

What once was a \$94 billion telephone service industry before divestiture of the Bell System in 1984 has evolved into an estimated \$200 billion-plus communications marketplace, comprised of the following:

- (1) \$40 billion -- digitally priced long distance services;
- (2) \$97 billion -- analog-priced local services;
- (3) \$25 billion -- analog-priced cable TV services;
- (4) \$15 billion -- analog-priced cellular services;
- (5) \$4 billion -- digitally priced messaging/paging services; and
- (6) \$20 billion -- digital private data and value-added services.

Industry analysts in trade journals estimate that long distance revenues received by U.S. based interexchange carriers for public network services will grow to \$77 billion in the year 2000 at a 5 percent compound annual rate. International revenues for these carriers are expected to continue to pace market growth, growing more than twice as fast as the mature domestic market, growing to \$16.5 billion in 2000 at a better than 10 percent compound annual rate. International revenues for these carriers are roughly divided into thirds in terms of the region of the world from which they are generated: the Western Hemisphere, Europe and the remainder of the world, with the latter growing most rapidly, paced by traffic with the Pacific Rim.

Expanding voice markets such as computer-telephony integration, and wireline and wireless PBXs, are expected to drive growth in the telecommunications market in 1996. These newer market segments contributed to a 15 percent overall increase in U.S. telecommunications revenues. The revenue growth is attributed to businesses' greater need for communications equipment, software and

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services. Telecommuting, Private Branch Exchanges ("PBXs") and internetworking are among the market forces pushing the growth.

Trade journal analysts predicted that sales of wireless PBXs--systems that interface a wireless controller with an existing PBX--would grow from \$394 million in 1995 to \$3.3 billion in 1998. Wireless PBXs give employees wireless capabilities at their desktops. Improvements in high-speed wireline networking, such as building asynchronous transfer mode local area networks, also are allowing powerful messaging capabilities to connect workers. Video conferencing and unified messaging are two applications analysts expect to become popular in 1996. Data communications and internetworking revenue increased 19.4 percent last year as a result of added demand for enterprise networking.

Sudden, widespread use of the Internet caused the modem market to grow by 50 percent, while integrated services digital network ("ISDN") lines became both widely available and desired, expanding 126 percent last year. Industry players expect the Internet phenomenon to spark growing interest in ISDN. Major vendors now are looking at linking voice mail systems through use of internetworking techniques over the Internet, such as standardized protocols and messaging features similar to E-mail.

Communication sectors not traditionally competitive with telephone companies, such as cable and wireless services, are projected to grow an average 10.9% per year. This compares with the 3% average per year growth in revenue for traditional local telephone service from 1993 to 1998. Cable TV companies may gain a competitive advantage through marketing of cable modems. Computer-based services likely will be a strong market for cable TV firms. Cable modems may give them the ability to offer a competitive alternative to the second telephone line into the home, providing high-speed access to data services. Content is expected be the ultimate driver of Cable TV profits and may determine which

companies gain the most market share.

The emergence of new services — especially digital cellular radio, personal communications services ("PCS"), interactive TV, and video dial tone—has created opportunities for significant growth in local loop services. These opportunities are also laying the foundation for a restructuring of the newly competitive local loop services market. Not only are competitors entering the core business of the local telephone companies, but they are beginning to pursue the fast-growing markets that previously were closed to them, such as consumer video. Competition between telephony, cable TV, and PCS markets will increasingly overlap in the 1990s. As opportunities for new wireless and video services arise and competitors expand beyond their traditional markets, competition between existing telephone companies and these major industries is expected to intensify.

Future mergers are expected throughout the telecommunications industry aimed at creating geographic clustering and expansion of the breadth of services offered to customers (i.e., local, long distance, cable and wireless). In addition, interexchange carriers are poised to enter the local service market. At the core of several of currently existing ventures are the integration of wireless and wireline technology. The ventures plan to provide services in which customers would use a phone similar to a portable cordless device linked to the existing wired infrastructure of the partners. When customers leave their homes or offices, the phones would become mobile and would be serviced through the wireless network that would be created by the venture. Moreover, the venture's local telephone services will be packaged with cable and multimedia services, long-distance service and entertainment services. Customers will be able to select the mix of services and products that fit their needs. Increased competition in 1996 may result in fewer players providing more expanded services — — growth by acquisition will be a key component of the survivors' strategy.

On September, 23, 1993, the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") adopted a broad set of rules for the licensing of PCS. The FCC concluded an auction of spectrum to be used for the provision of PCS in March, 1995. PCS systems are expected to make an individual carrying a pocket-

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sized phone available at the same number, whether at home, at work or traveling. Unlike cellular systems, a caller using PCS will not need to know the location of the person he or she is trying to reach. The difference in the way PCS systems are configured as compared to cellular systems means that PCS systems could be less costly to operate than cellular systems and therefore less expensive for users. Rapid growth of cellular telephone services and the anticipation of PCS services has generated substantial interest in wireless communications. The FCC's efforts are expected to encourage reduction of communication prices and put the technology within financial reach of most American homes and businesses.

It is predicted that PCS will grow rapidly, reaching 17.9 million subscribers by 2005. By then, PCS services will be generating annual revenues of nearly \$8 billion. PCS's success is expected to occur even with competition from other wireless services such as cellular, paging and enhanced specialized mobile radio. Increases in services are expected to be fueled by declining usage rates and expanded coverage.

PCS licensees will be required to offer service to at least one-third of their market population within five years or risk losing their licenses. Service must be extended to two-thirds of the population within seven years and must reach 90% population coverage within 10 years.

The Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("Act") was signed into law Feb. 8, 1996. It is expected to have a dramatic impact on the telecommunications industry, resulting in even greater changes than the 1984 breakup of the Bell System. Bell Operating Companies (BOCs) can immediately begin manufacturing, research and development; GTE Corp. can begin providing interexchange services through its telephone companies nationwide; laws in 27 states that foreclose competition are knocked down; co-carrier status for competitive local exchange

carriers is ratified; and the concept of "physical collocation" of competitors' facilities in Local Exchange Carriers ("LECs") central offices, which an appeals court rejected, is resurrected.

The legislation breaks down the old barriers that prevented three groups of companies—the LECs, including the BOCs, the long distance carriers, and the cable TV operators—from competing head—to—head with each other.

The Act requires LECs to let new competitors into their business. It also requires the LECs to open up their networks to ensure that new market entrants have a fair chance of competing. The bulk of the legislation is devoted to establishing the terms under which the LECs, and more specifically the BOCs, must open up their networks.

The principal beneficiaries of this "unbundling" are expected to be the interexchange carriers ("IXCs"), however the new regime offers opportunities for other service providers, particularly commercial mobile radio service ("CMRS") providers. Within the local exchange market, estimated to be worth more than \$90 billion annually, consumers likely will be presented with an array of choices for local telephone service.

The new legislation sets up four classes of carriers, with an increasing number of obligations placed on each one. The first group, telecommunications carriers, includes any provider that offers subscription-based telecommunication services.

The second group includes LECs, which have five specific duties:

- (1) Resale: LECs cannot prohibit or impose unreasonable or discriminatory conditions or limitations on the resale of their services.
- (2) Number portability: LECs must provide to the extent technically feasible number portability, which would permit LEC subscribers to switch to another carrier without losing their existing phone numbers.

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- (3) Dialing parity: LECs must provide dialing parity to competing providers so that their customers can access the services of another without special dialing requirements or delays.
- (4) Access: LECs must provide competing carriers with access to their rights-of-way, including poles, ducts, and conduits.
- (5) Reciprocal compensation: LECs must pay other carriers, including CMRS providers, the same fee to terminate calls originating on the LEC's network as the competing carrier has to pay to terminate calls on the LEC's network.

The next class of carriers includes incumbent local exchange carriers, which are tasked with six duties. These include a duty  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

- (1) to negotiate interconnection agreements;
- (2) to provide interconnection on request that is at least equal in quality to the services it provides itself;
- (3) to provide unbundled access to network elements, so that a competitor can buy only those LEC services that it needs (such as unbundled access to the local loop);
- (4) to offer its services at wholesale rates for resale;
- (5) to provide notice of changes in its network; and
- (6) to offer co-location of competing carriers' equipment in its switching offices.

The final classification includes the BOCs, which are given authority to enter the intercity market, but only after they have satisfied a long list of requirements, including a fourteen-point checklist of specific actions—all aimed at easing the lot of the competing carrier.

The Act is expected to require the Federal Communications Commission to begin no fewer than 50 rulemaking proceedings. The legislation calls for the establishment of a new federal-state joint board on universal service within 30

days of enactment. That board will have to develop proposals to revamp the universal service subsidy system that has evolved over the years which could be among the most far-reaching provisions of the Act.

Enactment of the bill affects local exchange service markets almost immediately by requiring states to authorize local exchange service resale. Resellers will be able to market new bundled service packages to attract customers. Over the long term, the requirement that local exchange carriers unbundle access to their networks may lead to increased price competition. Local exchange service competition may not take hold immediately because interconnection arrangements are not in place in most areas.

#### General

GCI was incorporated under the laws of the State of Alaska in 1979. From 1980 to January, 1987, GCI was a wholly-owned subsidiary of WestMarc Communications, Inc. ("WSMC"), formerly Western Tele-Communications, Inc., then a microwave communication common carrier. On January 23, 1987, WSMC distributed all of the outstanding shares of the Class A and Class B common stock of GCI to its shareholders. This distribution was made as a dividend to WSMC's shareholders of record at the close of business on December 29, 1986, on the basis of one share of GCI Class A common stock for each outstanding share of WSMC Class A common stock, and one share of GCI Class B common stock for each outstanding share of WSMC Class B common stock. Following the distribution GCI became an independent publicly-held company.

Effective November 30, 1990, GCI transferred substantially all of its operating assets to its wholly owned subsidiary, GCI Communication Corp. ("GCC"), an Alaska corporation, which assumed all of GCI's liabilities and became the operating company. GCI serves as a holding company and remains liable as a guarantor on certain of GCC's obligations. All of the issued and outstanding shares of GCC were pledged as security under GCC's credit agreement with its senior lenders.

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The Company was authorized to and began providing intrastate services on May 15, 1991 on its own facilities in the areas where it provided interstate service and through resale of others' services where it has no facilities.

GCI Communication Services, Inc. ("Communication Services"), an Alaska corporation, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of GCI and was incorporated in 1992. Communication Services provides private network point-to-point data and voice transmission services between Alaska, Hawaii and the western contiguous United States. Communication Services products are marketed directly by GCC.

GCI Leasing Co., Inc. ("Leasing Company"), an Alaska corporation, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Communication Services and was incorporated in 1992. Leasing Company owns and leases undersea fiber optic cable capacity for carrying a majority of the Company's interstate switched message and private line long distance services between Alaska and the remaining United States.

# Products

The Company offers a broad spectrum of telecommunication services to residential, commercial and government customers primarily throughout Alaska. The Company operates in two industry segments and offers five primary product lines. The message and data transmission services industry segment offers message toll, private line and private network services, and the system sales and service industry segment offers data communication equipment sales and technical services.

The Company's message and data transmission services industry segment is engaged in the transmission of interstate and intrastate switched message toll service ("MTS") and private line and private network communication service between the major communities in Alaska, and the remaining United States and foreign countries. GCI's message toll services include intrastate, interstate and international direct dial, 800, calling card, operator and enhanced

conference calling, as well as termination of northbound toll service for MCI, U.S. Sprint ("Sprint") and several large resellers without facilities in Alaska. GCI also provides origination of southbound calling card and 800 toll services. Private line and private network services utilize voice and data transmission circuits, dedicated to particular subscribers, which link a device in one location to another in a different location. Regulated telephone relay services for the deaf, hard-of-hearing and speech impaired are provided though the Company's operator service center. The Company offers its message services to commercial and residential subscribers. Subscribers may cancel service at any time. Toll related services account for approximately 93%, 90% and 90% of the Company's 1995, 1994 and 1993 total revenues, respectively.

GCI has positioned itself as the price leader in the Alaska telecommunication market and, as such, rates charged for the Company's telecommunication services are designed to be equal to or below those for comparable services provided by the only other significant competitor in the Alaska telecommunications market, AT&T Alascom.

In addition to providing communication services, GCC sells, services and operates, on behalf of certain customers, dedicated communication and computer networking equipment and provides field/depot, third party, technical support, consulting and outsourcing services through its systems sales and service industry segment.

The Company also supplies integrated voice and data communication systems incorporating interstate and intrastate digital private lines, point-to-point and multipoint private network and small earth station services operating at data rates up to 1.544 mbs. In addition, the Company designs, installs and maintains data communication systems for commercial and government customers throughout Alaska. Presently, there are five companies in Alaska that actively sell and maintain data and voice communication systems. The Company's unique ability to integrate telecommunication

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networks and data communication equipment has allowed it to maintain its dominant market position on the basis of "value added" support rather than price competition.

GCI has expanded its technical services business to include outsourcing, onsite technical contract services and telecommunication consulting. GCI was awarded a five year contract, effective April 1, 1992, to assume management responsibility for all of BP Exploration (Alaska) ("BP") telecommunication and computer networking assets in Alaska. BP is the largest oil company presently operating in Alaska. GCI was awarded a five year contract, effective October 31, 1995, to assume management responsibility for all of National Bank of Alaska telecommunication and computer networking assets in Alaska.

Expenditures of approximately \$2.5 million were made in 1994 developing new demand assigned multiple access ("DAMA") satellite communication technology. A four-module demonstration system was constructed in 1994 and was integrated into the Company's telecommunication network in 1995. Existing satellite technology relies on fixed channel assignments to a central hub. DAMA technology assigns satellite capacity on an as needed basis. The digital DAMA system allows calls to be made between remote villages using only one satellite hop thereby reducing satellite delay and capacity requirements while improving quality.

The Company obtained the necessary APUC and FCC approvals waiving current prohibitions against construction of competitive facilities in rural Alaska, allowing for deployment of DAMA technology in 56 sites in rural Alaska on a demonstration basis. Construction and deployment will occur in 1996, with services expected to be provided during the fourth quarter of 1996. Total construction and deployment costs are expected to total \$18 to \$20 million.

The FCC concluded an auction of spectrum to be used for the provision of PCS in March, 1995. The Company was named by the FCC as the high bidder for one of the two 30 megahertz blocks of spectrum, with Alaska statewide coverage. Acquisition of the license for a cost of \$1.65 million will allow GCI to

introduce new PCS services in Alaska. The Company began developing plans for PCS deployment in 1995 with technology service trials expected to take place in 1996 and service to be offered as early as 1997 or 1998.

Neither GCI or any of its subsidiaries has revenues that are materially affected by seasonality. The Company has not expended material amounts during the last three fiscal years on customer-sponsored research activities.

#### Facilities

Currently, GCI's facilities comprise earth stations at Eagle River, Fairbanks, Juneau, Prudhoe Bay, Valdez, Kodiak, Sitka, Ketchikan, Unalaska and Cordova, all in Alaska and at Issaquah, Washington, serving the communities in their vicinity. The Eagle River and Fairbanks earth stations are linked by digital microwave facilities to distribution centers in Anchorage and Fairbanks, respectively. The Issaquah earth station is connected with the Seattle distribution center by means of diversely routed fiber optic cable transmission systems, each having the capability to restore the other in the event of failure. The Juneau earth station and distribution center are co-located. The Ketchikan, Prudhoe Bay, Valdez, Kodiak, Sitka, Unalaska and Cordova installations consist only of an earth station. GCI constructed microwave facilities serving the Kenai Peninsula communities and owns a 49 percent interest in an earth station located on Adak Island in Alaska. GCI maintains an operator service center in Wasilla, Alaska. Each of the distribution centers contains electronic switches to route calls to and from local exchange companies and, in Seattle, to obtain access to MCI and other facilities to distribute GCI southbound traffic to the remaining 49 states and international destinations.

Leasing Company owns a portion of an undersea fiber optic cable which allows the Company to carry its Anchorage, Eagle River, Wasilla, Palmer, Kenai Peninsula, Glenallen and approximately one-

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half of its Fairbanks area traffic to and from the contiguous lower 48 states over a terrestrial circuit, eliminating the one-quarter second delay associated with a satellite circuit. The Company's preferred routing for this traffic is via the undersea fiber optic cable which makes available satellite capacity to carry the Company's intrastate traffic.

The Company employs satellite transmission for certain other major routes and uses advanced digital transmission technology throughout its system. The Company leases C-band transponders on AT&T's Telstar 303 satellite. The lease expires June 1996 and may be renewed, at the Company's option, through the end of the satellite's useful life, currently projected to be 1998. The Company will redirect its earth stations toward the Hughes Communications Galaxy, Inc. ("Hughes") Galaxy IX satellite upon its successful delivery by Hughes expected to occur in June 1996.

GCI employs advanced transmission technologies to carry as many voice circuits as possible through a satellite transponder without sacrificing voice quality. Other technologies such as terrestrial microwave systems, metallic cable, and fiber optics tend to be favored more for point-to-point applications where the volume of traffic is substantial. With a sparse population spread over a wide geographic area, neither terrestrial microwave nor fiber optic transmission technology will be economically feasible in rural Alaska in the foreseeable future.

## Customers

The Company had approximately 85,600, 73,100 and 73,600 active Alaska subscribers to its message telephone service at December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively. Approximately 9,500, 9,300 and 9,500 of these were business users at December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively, and the remainder were residential customers. MTS revenues currently amount to approximately \$9,050,000 per month.

Substantially all service areas, except Bethel, Alaska, in which GCI has

facilities have completed the equal access balloting process. GCI carries 33% to 49% of the southbound interstate MTS traffic and 21% to 48% of the intrastate MTS traffic originating in those service areas.

In January, 1993 GCI entered into a five-year contract with MCI to provide facilities for MCI's Alaska message toll and 800 service traffic. The contract supplanted a previous contract and provides for expanded usage by MCI of GCI's facilities and usage by GCI of MCI's facilities. Revenues attributed to the contract in 1995, 1994 and 1993 totaled approximately \$23,939,000, \$19,512,000 and \$16,068,000, or approximately 18.5%, 16.7%, and 15.7% of total revenues, respectively. The contract was amended in March 1996 extending its term three years to March 31, 2001.

Services provided pursuant to a contract with Sprint resulted in revenues in 1995, 1994 and 1993 of approximately \$14,885,000,\$12,412,000 and \$10,123,000 or approximately 11.5%, 10.6%, and 9.9% of total revenues, respectively.

Both MCI and Sprint are major customers of the Company in its message and data transmission services industry segment. Loss of one or both of these customers would have a significant detrimental effect on the Company's revenues and contribution. There are no other individual customers, the loss of which would have a material impact on the Company's revenues or gross profit.

The Company provided private line and private network communication products and services to approximately 566 commercial and government accounts in 1995. Private line and private network communication products and services currently generate approximately \$1,050,000 in monthly, revenues.

A summary of switched MTS traffic minutes follows:

	I			
For Quarter Ended	Southbound	Northbound	Calling Card	Intrastate Minutes
		(amounts in the		
March 31, 1993 June 30, 1993 September 30, 1993 December 31, 1993	47,100 49,928 54,403 56,549	34,713 34,651 36,282 39,348		·
Total 1993	207,980	144,994	16,260 =====	70,220 =====
March 31, 1994 June 30, 1994 September 30, 1994 December 31, 1994	58,809 61,715	39,664 38,293 39,678 40,424	4,431 4,220 4,210 4,605	20,534 21,253
Total 1994	236,544	158,059	17,466 =====	80,483
March 31, 1995 June 30, 1995 September 30, 1995 December 31, 1995	60,140 65,031 71,918 72,319	41,600 43,721 45,027 46,545	4,351 4,113 4,233 5,518	21,208 23,051 23,883 25,228
Total 1995	269,408	176,893 ======	18,215 =====	93,370 =====

All minutes data were taken from GCC's billing statistics reports.

#### Markets

The dominant carrier and GCI's primary competition in the Alaska market for interstate and intrastate MTS, private line and private network telecommunication services continues to be AT&T Alascom. Other carriers, such as MCI and Sprint can enter the market by constructing their own facilities in Alaska. At the present time, however, MCI, Sprint and several other carriers interconnect with GCC in Seattle and Dallas for delivery of their Alaska bound interstate traffic. Sprint and MCI also originate 800 services in Alaska on GCI's facilities.

Five companies in Alaska actively sell and service data and voice

communication systems. Other companies can enter the market at any time.

Financial Information About Industry Segments

For financial information with respect to industry segments of GCI, reference is made to the information set forth in Note 8 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II of this Report, which Note is included herein by reference.

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History of Telecommunication in Alaska

The first telecommunication facilities in Alaska were telegraph lines operated by the U.S. Army. Later, telephone service was added, and the Alaska Communications System ("the ACS") grew to cover much of the state. Wherever military communication was not hampered, the Army allowed its circuits to be used for civilian purposes. Control of the ACS was transferred to the U.S. Air Force and eventually, the ACS supplied long distance trunks to local exchanges in the state's growing communities.

As the civilian population increased, the need for a transition to commercial operation became apparent. In 1969, ten years after Alaska statehood, the Alaska Communications Disposal Act ("the Act") was passed by Congress. The RCA Corporation was the successful bidder under the Act and purchased the ACS. RCA formed a subsidiary, RCA Alaska Communications, later Alascom, to own and operate the system.

Through its purchase of the ACS, Alascom became the sole long lines carrier in Alaska. In the lower 48 states, Alascom interconnected with AT&T. In Alaska, it interconnected with the telephone companies providing local exchange service. Additionally, Alascom was required to maintain a number of thin-line links to remote areas of the state. Under the terms of the ACS purchase agreement, Alascom was required to expand service to the less developed areas of Alaska. In 1979 Alascom was acquired by Pacific Power and Light, Inc., a utility holding company, which has since transferred Alascom to its publicly-traded subsidiary, Pacific Telecom, Inc. ("PTI").

Rates initially charged for Alaska telecommunication services had been substantially higher than interstate rates in the contiguous states. In 1972 the FCC established a policy of rate integration intended to equalize all domestic interstate rates. This policy was used to support a subsidy mechanism to help Alascom cover higher costs associated with rural operations.

When GCI began operations in 1982, AT&T provided almost all of the telecommunication services in the lower 48 states and Alascom provided almost all of the long distance telecommunication services in Alaska and between Alaska and the lower 48 states, Hawaii, and foreign countries. Although Alascom's business was highly subsidized, GCI competed with Alascom with no subsidy whatsoever.

In 1983 the State of Alaska petitioned the FCC to initiate a rule making to determine how to rationalize the policies of rate integration and competition in the Alaska market in light of the rapid changes in the telecommunication industry brought on by the AT&T divestiture and changing FCC competition policies. This led the FCC to initiate a rule making proceeding ("the Alaska rule making proceeding") in 1984. Issues involved in the Alaska rule making proceeding, namely the harmonizing of the FCC's policies of competition and rate integration for the Alaska market and the implementation of a permanent structure for that market, were referred to a Federal-State Joint Board ("Joint Board"). Joint Board activity, including the consideration of several alternative market structures, continued through the adoption of a recommended transition mechanism in 1993, which was later adopted by the full FCC in 1994. This FCC action led to a negotiated buyout of Alascom by AT&T, as further described in Part I, History of Regulatory Affairs and Recent Developments below.

The Company's activities in the telecommunication market are regulated by two agencies. The Communications Act of 1934 gives the FCC the authority to certificate market entry and regulate rates for interstate telecommunication. Intrastate telecommunication services are regulated by the Alaska Public Utilities Commission ("APUC").

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The Company's entry into the intrastate telecommunication market had been hampered because the APUC had no policy on intrastate competition. In May 1990 the Alaska legislature passed legislation mandating competition in the Alaska intrastate telecommunication market. The legislature further directed the APUC to adopt regulations governing a competitive telecommunication market and to begin accepting applications for service on February 15, 1991. On February 15, 1991 GCI, through its wholly-owned operating subsidiary GCC, filed an application to provide competitive intrastate telecommunication services. The Company was authorized to and began providing intrastate services on May 15, 1991 on its own facilities in the areas where it provided interstate service and through resale of others' services where it has no facilities.

In the first quarter of 1992 the APUC granted GCC a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to provide telephone relay services ("TRS") for the deaf, hard-of-hearing and speech impaired though the Company's operator service center in Wasilla, Alaska. GCC commenced its regulated TRS operations on June 21, 1992. Intrastate TRS operating costs, capital costs and a rate of return are being funded through a universal access surcharge billed by all local telephone companies in the state of Alaska. Under an FCC decision, starting in 1993, a portion of the TRS operating costs are recovered through an interstate pool administered by the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA").

The FCC regulates dominant interstate carriers, such as the Company's only interstate competitor, AT&T/Alascom. Company's only interstate competitor, Alascom. Because, under the terms of the AT&T acquisition of Alascom, Alascom rates and services must "mirror" those offered by AT&T, changes in AT&T prices indirectly affect the rates and services of the Company. AT&T's prices, and thus those of Alascom, are regulated under a price cap plan whereby AT&T's rate of return is no longer regulated or restricted. AT&T is allowed to raise and lower prices for three groups of services within pre-established floor and ceiling levels with little regulatory oversight. These services include products offered to: 1) small businesses or residential customers; 2) users of 800 services and 3) large business customers. Price increases by AT&T generally improve the Company's ability to raise its prices while price decreases pressure the Company to follow. The Company has, so far, successfully adjusted its pricing and marketing strategies to respond to AT&T pricing practices.

In 1983 the State of Alaska petitioned the FCC to commence a rulemaking proceeding to determine how to harmonize the FCC's policies of rate integration and competition in the Alaska market in light of the rapid changes in the telecommunications industry brought on by the AT&T divestiture and changing FCC competition policies. In 1984 the FCC initiated the Alaska rulemaking proceeding in response to the State's request. Issues involved in the Alaska rulemaking proceeding, namely the harmonizing of the FCC's policies of competition and rate integration for the Alaska market and the implementation of a permanent structure for that market, were referred to a Federal-State Joint Board ("Joint Board"), consisting of state utility commissioners and FCC commissioners.

On May 17, 1993 the Joint Board issued a Tentative Recommendation and Order Inviting Comments. Comments were filed by the various parties, with the Company supporting this Tentative Recommendation. On October 26, 1993, the Joint Board made its Final Recommended Decision, rejecting the market structure plans previously advanced by Alascom and AT&T and, instead, recommended a market structure based on that set forth in the Tentative Recommendation.

The Final Recommended Decision proposes to end the AT&T/Alascom Joint Services Arrangement ("JSA") on September 1, 1995, subject to the adoption and implementation of certain transition mechanisms. These include requiring AT&T to provide interstate MTS/WATS between Alaska and the other 49 states at integrated

rates and under terms and conditions applicable to AT&T's services in the rest of the country. After the JSA is terminated, Alascom could offer interstate MTS/WATS independently from AT&T, under its own tariff and with no obligation to charge AT&T's integrated rates. During a four year transition, AT&T would be required to purchase services from Alascom to meet its MTS/WATS obligations. For the first one and one-half years AT&T would obtain

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such services under the continued JSA. For the remaining two and one-half years, after the termination of the JSA, AT&T would be required to purchase a declining amount of service from Alascom, with this obligation declining to zero at the end of this second phase.

Final FCC action on the Joint Board's Final Recommended Decision, took place on May 19, 1994, and is contained in its Memorandum Opinion and Order, released May 19, 1994. In the Memorandum Opinion and Order, the FCC adopted the provisions of the Final Recommended Decision and set the termination of the JSA to be effective January 1, 1996. AT&T/Alascom has filed an appeal of the Memorandum Opinion and Order.

On October 17, 1994, Pacific Telecom, Inc. ("PTI") announced a definitive agreement to sell the stock of Alascom to AT&T, subject to certain conditions, including state and federal regulatory approvals. AT&T, PTI and Alascom filed for such approvals before the FCC and the APUC on December 15, 1994, alleging that the buyout would further the Joint Board objectives and fulfill the provisions of the FCC Order. The Company participated fully in both transfer proceedings. The buyout was approved, with conditions, by the APUC on March 31, 1995 and the FCC on August 2, 1995.

In the normal course of the Company's operations, it is involved in legal and regulatory matters before the FCC and the APUC. While management does not anticipate abrupt changes in the competitive structure of the Alaska market, no assurances can be given that such changes will not occur and that such changes would not be materially adverse to the Company.

# Recent Developments

The Company announced March 15, 1996 that it has signed letters of intent to acquire three Alaska cable companies that offer cable television service to more than 101,000 subscribers serving 74 percent of households throughout the state of Alaska. The Company intends to acquire Prime Cable of Alaska, Alaska Cablevision, Inc. of Kirkland, Washington and Alaskan Cable Network. Prime Cable operates the state's largest cable television system including stations in Anchorage, Bethel, Kenai and Soldotna, Alaska. Alaska Cablevision owns and operates cable stations in Petersburg, Wrangell, Cordova, Valdez, Kodiak, Homer, Seward, Nome and Kotzebue, Alaska. Alaskan Cable Network operates stations in Fairbanks, Juneau, Ketchikan and Sitka, Alaska. This acquisition will allow the Company to integrate cable services to bring more information not only to more customers, but in a manner that is quicker, more efficient and more cost effective than ever before. The purchase will facilitate consolidation of the cable operations and will provide a platform for developing new customer products and services over the next several years.

The total purchase price is \$280.7 million. According to terms of the letters of intent, GCI will issue 16.3 million shares of Class A Common stock to the owners of the three cable companies valued at \$105.7 million. The balance of the purchase will be provided by approximately \$175 million of bank financing. Additional capital will be provided from the sale of 2 million shares of GCI's Class A Common Stock to MCI Telecommunications Corporation for \$6.50 per share.

Definitive agreements are expected to be finalized in April 1996 at which time GCI will apply to the APUC to transfer the licenses of the cable companies. Once all regulatory approvals are granted, the cable companies will be consolidated into a single organization owned by the Company.

#### Employees

GCC and affiliated companies employ approximately 435 persons as of February 20, 1996 in operations, engineering, marketing, network services, customer and operator services, data processing, billing, accounting, and administration. GCC and affiliated companies are not parties to any union contracts with their employees. In general, relations with employees have been satisfactory.

#### Environmental Regulations

The Company and its subsidiaries may undertake activities which, under certain circumstances may affect the environment. Accordingly, they are subject to federal, state, and local regulations designed to preserve or protect the environment. The FCC, the Bureau of Land Management, the U.S. Forest Service, and the National Park Service are required by the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 to consider the environmental impact prior to the commencement of facility construction. Management believes that compliance with such regulations has no material effect on the Company's consolidated operations. The principal effect of Company facilities on the environment would be in the form of construction of the facilities at various locations in Alaska. Company facilities have been constructed in accordance with federal, state, and local building codes and zoning regulations whenever and wherever applicable. Some of the facilities may be on lands which may be subject to state and federal wetland regulation.

Uncertainty as to the applicability of environmental regulations is caused in major part by the federal government's decision to consider a change in the definition of wetlands, however, none of the Company's facilities has been constructed in areas which are subject to flooding, tsunami's, etc. and as such are most likely to fall outside any new wetland designation. Most of the Company's facilities are on lands leased by the Company, and, with respect to all of these facilities, the Company is unaware of any violations of lease terms or federal, state or local regulations pertaining to preservation or protection of the environment.

# Foreign and Domestic Operations and Export Sales

Although the Company has several agreements to facilitate the origination and termination of international toll traffic, it has neither foreign operations nor export sales. The Company conducts operations throughout the western contiguous United States, Alaska and Hawaii and believes that any subdivision of its operations into distinct geographic areas would not be meaningful. Revenues associated with international toll traffic were \$5,643,000, \$4,427,000 and \$3,734,000 for the years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively.

# Backlog of Orders and Inventory

As of December 31, 1995 and 1994, the Company's systems sales and service industry segment had a backlog of equipment sales orders of approximately \$258,000 and \$608,000, respectively. The decrease in backlog as of December 31, 1995 can be attributed primarily to faster completion of outstanding sales orders in 1995. The Company expects that all of the orders in backlog at the end of 1995 will be delivered during 1996.

# Patents, Trademarks and Licenses

Neither GCI nor its affiliates hold patents, trademarks, franchises or concessions. The Communications Act of 1934 gives the FCC the authority to license and regulate the use of the electromagnetic spectrum for radio communication. The Company through its message and data transmission services industry segment holds licenses for its satellite and microwave transmission facilities for provision of its telecommunication services. The Company acquired a license for use of a

Company's operations may require additional licenses in the future.

Other

GCC has filed FCC tariffs for its international service, interstate domestic services, and domestic operator services.

Each tariff contains the rates and other contractual terms applicable to customers who purchase the services covered by the tariff. In accord with the FCC's deregulatory approach with respect to non-dominant carriers, tariffs and tariff revisions filed by such carriers routinely become effective without intervention by the FCC or third parties.

The State of Alaska has the authority to regulate telecommunications that originate and terminate within the state. In 1990 the State legislature introduced intrastate competition in Alaska. Subsequently, the APUC developed regulations that allow for the certification of additional carriers for such intrastate telecommunications and, to varying degrees, requires filing of tariffs and regulation of the rates for such services. Under the APUC's current policy and regulations, all certified carriers are required to file tariffs for the provision of intrastate services. When filing for a rate increase, the dominant carrier is required to file an accompanying rate case. Non-dominant carriers are not rate regulated. Tariff revisions filed by non-dominant carriers routinely become effective without intervention by the APUC or third parties. Tariffs can be filed or revised on 30 days notice.

On March 15, 1996 the Company filed a tariff with the APUC requesting approval for provision of local services based on the terms of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 which, in part, requires local exchange carriers to open up their networks and allow resale of their services. Once APUC approval is obtained, the Company intends to offer local services through its facilities or resale of local exchange carrier facilities.

No material portion of the businesses of the Company is subject to renegotiation of profits or termination of contracts at the election of the federal government.

## Item 2. PROPERTIES

The Company leases its message and data transmission services industry segment's executive, corporate and administrative facilities in Anchorage, Fairbanks and Juneau, Alaska. GCC owns a 49 percent interest in an earth station located on Adak Island in Alaska. GCC's message and data transmission services segment owns properties and facilities including satellite earth stations, and distribution, transportation and office equipment. Additionally, GCC acquired in December 1992, access to capacity on an undersea fiber optic cable from Seward, Alaska to Pacific City, Oregon.

The Company's systems sales and service industry segment occupies space in the buildings housing its executive offices and operating facilities in Anchorage, Fairbanks and Juneau, Alaska, and Seattle, Washington. Facilities in Fairbanks and Juneau, Alaska, and Seattle, Washington are occupied under short-term operating lease agreements. The Anchorage property is leased pursuant to a 15 year capital lease agreement.

The undersea fiber optic cable capacity is owned subject to an outstanding mortgage. Substantially all of the Company's properties secure its senior credit agreement. See Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8 for further discussion.

The two wideband transponders the Company owned reached the end of their expected useful life in August, 1994, at which time the Company leased temporary replacement capacity. The Company leased replacement transponder capacity subsequent to a transition period utilizing four C band

Company entered into a purchase and lease-purchase option agreement in August 1995 for the acquisition of satellite transponders to meet its long-term satellite capacity requirements. The agreement provides for interim the interim lease of transponder capacity from June 1996 through the delivery of the purchased transponders as early as the fourth quarter of 1997. The amount of the down payment required in 1996 and the balance payable upon delivery of the transponders are dependent upon a number of factors including the number of transponders required and the timing of their delivery and acquisition. The Company does not expect the down payment to exceed \$10.1 million and the remaining balance payable coinciding with a staged delivery to exceed \$46 million. The Company amended its existing senior credit facility and provided a letter of credit to accommodate the payment in 1996 and expects to further amend or refinance its credit agreement to fund its remaining commitment.

The Company's operating, executive, corporate and administrative properties are in good condition. The Company considers its properties suitable and adequate for its present needs and are being fully utilized.

## Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Neither the Company or any if its subsidiaries is a party to any material pending legal proceedings. Neither the Company's property nor that of any if its subsidiaries is subject to any material pending legal proceedings.

The Company and its subsidiaries are a party to various claims and pending litigation as part of the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the disposition of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial statements. Neither the Company's property nor that of any if its subsidiaries is subject to any material pending legal proceedings.

# Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were submitted to a vote of  $\$  stockholders of the Company during the fourth quarter of 1995.

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#### PART II

Item 5. MARKET FOR THE REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Market Information for Common Stock

Shares of the Company's Class A common stock are traded on the Nasdaq National Market tier of the Nasdaq Stock Market under the symbol GNCMA. Shares of the Company's Class B common stock are traded on the Over-the-Counter market. The Company's Class B common stock is convertible into the Company's Class A common stock. The following table sets forth the high and low sales price for the above-mentioned common stock for the periods indicated. The prices, rounded up to the nearest eighth, represent prices between dealers, do not include retail markups, markdowns, or commissions, and do not necessarily represent actual transactions.

	Class	s A	Class B	
	High	Low	High	Low
1994:				
First Quarter	5 7/8	4 1/8	5 7/8	4 1/8
Second Quarter	4 5/8	3 1/8	4 5/8	3 1/8
Third Quarter	5	3 1/2	5	3 1/2
Fourth Quarter	5	4 1/8	5	4 1/8
1995:				
First Quarter	4 5/8	3 3/4	4 5/8	3 3/4
Second Quarter	4 1/4	3 7/8	4 1/4	3 7/8
Third Quarter	4 1/8	3 1/4	4 1/8	3 1/4
Fourth Quarter	5 1/8	3 3/4	5 1/8	3 3/4

Holders

As of March 5, 1996 there were approximately 1,830 holders of record of

the Company's Class A common stock and approximately 750 holders of record of the Company's Class B common stock (amounts do not include the number of shareholders whose shares are held of record by brokers, but do include the brokerage house as one shareholder).

#### Dividends

The Company has never paid cash dividends on its Class A or Class B common stock and has no present intention of doing so. Payment of cash dividends in the future, if any, will be determined by the Company's Board of Directors in light of the Company's earnings, financial condition and other relevant considerations. GCC's existing bank loan agreements contain provisions that prohibit payment of dividends, other than stock dividends (see note 5(a) to the financial statements included in Part II of this Report).

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#### Item 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following table presents selected historical information relating to financial condition and results of operations over the past five years.

	Years ended December 31,						
	1995	1994	1993	1992	1991		
	(Amou	ints in thou	ısands except	t per share	amounts)		
Revenues	\$129,279	116,981	102,213	96,499	75,522		
Net earnings (loss) before income taxes	\$12,601	11,681	6,715	1,524	(1,422)		
Net earnings (loss)	\$7,502	7,134	3,951	890	(1,092)		
Earnings (loss) per share	\$0.31	0.30	0.17	0.02	(0.12)		
Total assets	\$84,765	74,249	71,610	72,351	70,167		
Long-term debt, including current portion 1	\$9,980	12,554	20,823	37,235	24,850		
Obligations under capital leases, including current portion 2	\$1,047	1,297	1,522	1,720	10,975		
Preferred stock 3	\$0	0	0	3,282	3,282		
Total stockholders' equity 4	\$43,016	35,093	27,210	14,870	13,554		
Dividends declared per Common share 5	\$0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Dividends declared per Preferred share 6	\$0.00	0.00	0.44	1.78	1.69		

#### <FN>

- The Company exercised the purchase option described in footnote (2) below in December 1992 to acquire capacity on a fiber optic undersea cable from Seward, Alaska to Pacific City, Oregon. Long term debt associated with this purchase is recorded in long-term debt and current portion of long-term debt in the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II of this Report.
- The Company entered into a capital lease agreement in May 1991 for access to capacity on an undersea fiber optic cable from Seward, Alaska to Pacific City, Oregon. The lease term was ten years with monthly payments including maintenance of approximately \$230,000 per month commencing August 22, 1991, the date the fiber optic cable became operational. The Company had an option expiring December 31, 1992 to purchase the leased capacity for \$10.12 million, less the prior six month's lease payments, excluding maintenance. The lease was capitalized in 1991 at the underlying asset's fair market value and the related obligation was recorded in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

  3 In January, 1991, the Company sold 347,047 shares of non-voting Series A 15% Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock to WestMarc Communications, Inc.
- 3 In January, 1991, the Company sold 347,047 shares of non-voting Series A 15% Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock to WestMarc Communications, Inc. for \$9.5088 per share. The preferred stock accrued dividends on each share in cash or stock at the Company's discretion. The accrued dividends were payable semi-annually at the rate of 15% per annum if paid in cash or at the rate of 18.75% if paid in Class B Common Stock. Pursuant to an agreement with WestMarc Communications, Inc. the Company acquired and retired the preferred stock in 1993.
- retired the preferred stock in 1993.

  The 1993 increase in stockholders' equity is primarily attributed to the Company's issuance of common stock to MCI.
- The Company has never paid a cash dividend on its common stock and does not anticipate paying any dividends in the foreseeable future. The Company intends to retain its earnings, if any, for the development of its business. Payment of cash dividends in the future, if any, will be determined by the board of directors of the Company in light of the Company's earnings, financial condition, credit agreements and other relevant considerations. The Company's existing bank loan agreements contain provisions that prohibit payment of dividends, other than stock dividends, as further described in Note (5)(a) to the financial statements included in Part II of this Report.
- The Company declared and issued stock dividends of approximately 304,000 and 286,000 shares of Class B Common Stock in 1992 and 1991, respectively, and paid dividends totaling \$153,000 in 1993 on its non-voting Series A 15% Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock.

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Item 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Year ended December 31, 1995 ("1995"), compared with year ended December 31, 1994 ("1994"), compared with year ended December 31, 1993 ("1993").

The Company's liquidity (ability to generate adequate amounts of cash to meet the Company's need for cash) was affected by a net increase in the Company's cash and cash equivalents of \$2.4 million from 1994 to 1995. Sources of cash in 1995 included the Company's operating activities which generated positive cash flow of \$14.3 million net of changes in the components of working capital, proceeds from the sale of investment securities held for sale totaling \$832,000, repayments of notes receivable totaling \$184,000, and proceeds from the issuance of common stock of \$82,000. Uses of cash during 1995 included repayment of \$2.8 million of long-term borrowings and capital lease obligations, investment of \$8.9 million in distribution and support equipment, and payment of the final installment for a PCS spectrum license totaling approximately \$521,000.

Net receivables increased \$4.8 million from 1994 to 1995 resulting from increased sales and receipt of a payment from a major customer in January 1996, beyond the cutoff date for recording in the current year.

Payments of approximately \$1.9 million of accrued payroll and payroll related obligations resulted in reduced balances at 1995 as compared to 1994.

Working capital totaled \$5.1 million and \$1.8 million at December 31, 1995 and 1994, respectively. Working capital generated by operations exceeded expenditures for property, equipment and other assets, repayment of long-term borrowings and capital lease obligations, and the additional investment in the PCS license resulting in the \$3.3 million increase at December 31, 1995 as compared to 1994.

Cash flow from operating activities, as depicted in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, decreased \$4.2 million in 1995 as compared 1994. Cash flow generated from operating activities was reduced by payment of current obligations. Cash flow from operating activities increased \$6.8 million during 1994 as compared to 1993 primarily as a result of revenue growth and decreased distribution costs as a percentage of revenues as further described below.

The Company's expenditures and other additions to property and equipment totaled \$8.9 million, \$10.6 million, and \$5.7 million during 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively. Management's capital expenditures plan for 1996 includes approximately \$30 to \$50 million in capital necessary to pursue strategic initiatives, to maintain the network and to enhance transmission capacity to meet projected traffic demands.

The two wideband transponders the Company owned reached the end of their expected useful life in August, 1994, at which time the Company leased replacement capacity. The cost of the leased capacity contributed to an increase in distribution costs during 1995 as compared to 1994. The existing leased capacity is expected to meet the Company's requirements until such time that capacity is available pursuant to the terms of a new long-term agreement described below.

The Company entered into a purchase and lease-purchase option agreement in August 1995 for the acquisition of satellite transponders to meet its long-term satellite capacity requirements. The amount of the down payment required in 1996 and the balance payable upon delivery of the transponders as early as the fourth quarter of 1997 are dependent upon a number of factors including the number of transponders required and the timing of their delivery and acquisition. The Company

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does not expect the down payment to exceed \$10.1 million and the remaining balance payable coinciding with a staged delivery to exceed \$46 million. The Company amended its existing senior credit facility to provide a letter of credit to accommodate the required down payment in 1996 and expects to further amend or refinance its credit agreement to fund its remaining commitment.

The Company continues to evaluate the most effective means to integrate its telecommunications network with that of MCI. Such integration will require capital expenditures by the Company in an amount yet to be determined. Any investment in such capital expenditures is expected to be recovered by increased revenues from expanded service offerings and reductions in costs resulting from integration of the networks.

The FCC concluded an auction of spectrum to be used for the provision of PCS in March, 1995. The Company was named by the FCC as the high bidder for one of the two 30 megahertz blocks of spectrum, with Alaska statewide coverage. Acquisition of the license for a cost of \$1.65 million will allow GCI to introduce new PCS services in Alaska. The Company began developing plans for PCS deployment in 1995 with limited technology service trials planned for 1996 and service to be offered as early as 1997 or 1998. Expenditures for PCS deployment could total \$50 to \$100 million over the next 10 year period. The estimated cost for PCS deployment is expected to be funded through income from operations and additional debt and perhaps, equity financing. The Company expects to arrange additional debt financing capacity in 1996. The Company's ability to deploy PCS services will be dependent on its available resources.

Expenditures of approximately \$2.5 million were made in 1994 developing new DAMA satellite communication technology. A four-module demonstration system was constructed in 1994 and was integrated into the Company's telecommunication network in 1995. Existing satellite technology relies on fixed channel assignments to a central hub. DAMA technology assigns satellite capacity on an as needed basis. The digital DAMA system allows calls to be made between remote villages using only one satellite hop thereby reducing satellite delay and capacity requirements while improving quality.

The Company obtained the necessary APUC and FCC approvals waiving current prohibitions against construction of competitive facilities in rural Alaska, allowing for deployment of DAMA technology in 56 sites in rural Alaska on a demonstration basis. Construction and deployment will occur in 1996, with services expected to be provided during the fourth quarter of 1996. Construction and deployment costs are expected to total \$18 to \$20 million, and are expected to be funded through a combination of cash generated from operations and bank financing.

The Company announced March 15, 1996 that it has signed letters of intent to acquire three Alaska cable companies that offer cable television service to more than 101,000 subscribers serving 74 percent of households throughout the state of Alaska. The Company intends to acquire Prime Cable of Alaska, Alaska Cablevision, Inc. of Kirkland, Washington and Alaskan Cable Network. Prime Cable operates the state's largest cable television system including stations in Anchorage, Bethel, Kenai and Soldotna, Alaska. Alaska Cablevision owns and operates cable stations in Petersburg, Wrangell, Cordova, Valdez, Kodiak, Homer, Seward, Nome and Kotzebue, Alaska. Alaskan Cable Network operates stations in Fairbanks, Juneau, Ketchikan and Sitka, Alaska. This acquisition will allow the Company to integrate cable services to bring more information not only to more customers, but in a manner that is quicker, more efficient and more cost effective than ever before. The purchase will facilitate consolidation of the cable operations and will provide a platform for developing new customer products and services over the next several years.

The total purchase price is \$280.7 million. According to terms of the agreements, GCI will issue 16.3 million shares of Class A Common stock to the owners of the three cable companies valued at \$105.7 million. The balance of the purchase will be provided by approximately \$175 million of bank financing. Additional capital will be provided from the sale of 2 million shares of GCI's Class A Common Stock to MCI Telecommunications Corporation for \$6.50 per share.

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Definitive agreements are expected to be executed in April 1996 at which time GCI will apply to the APUC to transfer the licenses of the cable companies. Once all regulatory approvals are granted, the cable companies will be consolidated into a single organization owned by the Company.

Management expects that cash flow generated by the Company will be sufficient to meet no less than the minimum required for maintenance level capital expenditures and scheduled debt repayment. The Company's ability to invest in discretionary capital and other projects will depend upon its future cash flows and access to additional debt and/or equity financing.

Results of Operations

Year ended December 31, 1995 ("1995"), compared with year ended December 31, 1994 ("1994"), compared with year ended December 31, 1993 ("1993").

The Company's message data and transmission services industry segment provides interstate and intrastate long distance telephone service to all communities within the state of Alaska through use of its facilities and interconnect agreements with other carriers. The Company's average rate per minute for message transmission during 1995, 1994, and 1993 was 19.1(cent), 18.6(cent), and 18.2(cent), respectively. Total revenues for 1995 were \$129.3 million, an approximate 10.5 percent increase over 1994 revenues of \$117.0 million, which revenues increased 14.4 percent over 1993 revenues of \$102.2 million. Revenue growth is attributed to the increase in the average rate per minute and to four fundamental factors, as follows:

- (1) Growth in interstate telecommunication services which resulted in billable minutes of traffic carried totaling 465, 415 and 365 million minutes in 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively, or 83.2, 83.9 and 83.9 percent of total 1995, 1994 and 1993 minutes, respectively.
- (2) Provision of intrastate telecommunication services which resulted in billable minutes of traffic carried totaling 93.4, 79.6 and 70.1 million minutes in 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively, or 16.8, 16.1, and 16.1 percent of total 1995, 1994 and 1993 minutes, respectively.
- (3) Increases in revenues derived from other common carriers ("OCC") including MCI and Sprint. OCC traffic accounted for \$38.8 million or 30.0 percent, \$31.9 million or 27.3 percent, \$26.2 million or 25.6 percent of total revenues in 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively. Both MCI and Sprint are major customers of the Company. Loss of one or both of these customers would have a significant detrimental effect on revenues and on contribution. There are no other individual customers, the loss of which would have a material impact on the Company's revenues or gross profit.
- (4) Increased revenues associated with private line and private network transmission services, which increased 8 percent in 1995 as compared to 1994, increased 6 percent in 1994 as compared to 1993, and increased 8 percent in 1993 as compared to 1992.

System sales and service revenues totaled \$7.2 million, \$9.1 million and \$8.3 million in 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively. The decrease in system sales and service revenues is attributed to fewer larger dollar equipment sales orders received during 1995 as compared to 1994 as well as a reduction of the company's outsourcing services provided to the oil field services industry.

Transmission access and distribution costs, which represent cost of sales for transmission services, amounted to approximately 56.5 percent, 55.4 percent, 58.9 percent of transmission revenues during 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively. The increase in distribution costs as a percentage of transmission revenues for 1995 as compared to 1994 results primarily from increases in costs associated with the Company's lease of transponder capacity as previously described. The decrease in distribution costs as a percentage of transmission revenues during 1994 as compared to 1993 results from proportionate increases in revenues as compared to costs and decreases in access tariff charges commencing July 1993, offset by increases in costs associated with the Company's lease of

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replacement transponder capacity as previously described. Changes in distribution costs as a percentage of revenues will occur as the Company's traffic mix changes. The Company is unable to predict if or when access charge rates will change in the future and the impact of such changes on the Company's distribution costs.

Sales and service cost of sales as a percentage of sales and service revenues amounted to approximately 73.3 percent, 70.4 percent and 65.7 percent during 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively. Increases in cost of sales as a percentage of sales and service revenues result from reduced margins associated with equipment sales and service contracts.

Contribution increased 5.3 percent during 1995 as compared to 1994, and increased 22.5 percent during 1994 as compared to 1993. Increases in distribution costs associated with the Company's lease of transponder capacity as previously described reduced the rate of growth in 1995 contribution as compared to 1994. Proportionate decreases in distribution costs during 1994 as compared to 1993 coupled with proportionate increases in revenues during the same period resulted in the 1994 increase.

Total operating costs and expenses increased 5.7 percent during 1995 as compared to the same period in 1994, and increased 16.5 percent during 1994 as compared to the same period in 1993. 1995 and 1994 increases in operating and engineering, service, sales and communications, and general and administrative costs were necessary to support the Company's expansion efforts and the increase in minutes of traffic carried. During 1995 the Company incurred approximately \$450,000 for what is expected to be nonrecurring costs related to breaks in the undersea fiber optic cable and promotion of its new DAMA technology. Additional costs were incurred during the fourth quarter of 1995 attributed to the promotion of the Company's calling plans. Significant marketing, telemarketing, and promotional expenditures were incurred in 1994 to promote the Company's introduction of new services and programs resulting from its strategic alliance with MCI, including MCI's Friend's and Family calling plan, 1-800-COLLECT, PhoneCash prepaid calling cards, and an Amway distributor resale program. Additional general and administrative costs were incurred in 1994 resulting from the Company's performance based bonus and incentive compensation plans which are funded from incremental operating cash flow. Increases in 1994 expenses were offset in part by reductions in bad debt and depreciation and amortization costs. In general, the Company has dedicated additional resources in certain areas to pursue longer term opportunities. It must balance the desire to pursue such opportunities with the need to continue to improve current performance.

Continuing legal and regulatory costs are, in large part, associated with regulatory matters involving the FCC, the APUC, and the Alaska Legislature.

Interest expense decreased 25.5 percent during 1995 as compared to 1994 and decreased 31.7 percent during 1994 as compared to 1993. The decreases in interest expense result primarily from reduction in the Company's outstanding indebtedness.

Income tax expense totaled \$5,099,000, \$4,547,000 and \$2,764,000 in 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively, resulting from the application of statutory income tax rates to net earnings before income taxes

The Company has capital loss carryovers totaling approximately \$56,000 which expire in 1997. Tax benefits associated with recorded deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowances, are considered to be more likely than not realizable through taxable income earned in carryback years, future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, and future taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards.

The Alaska economy is supported in large part by the oil and gas industry. ARCO announced a 715 person downsizing in July 1994. Similar downsizing was announced in 1994 by other companies operating in the oil and gas industry in Alaska for 1995.

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The Alaska economy is also supported by the United States armed services and the United States Coast Guard which maintain bases in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Adak, Kodiak, and other communities in Alaska. The military presence in the state of Alaska provides a significant source of revenues to the economy of the state. The Company provides message telephone services in a variety of ways to

the United States government and its armed forces personnel. The Company provides private lines for secured point-to-point data and voice transmission services and long distance services individually to military personnel.

A reduction in federal military spending or closure of a major facility in Alaska would have a substantial adverse impact on the state and would both directly and indirectly affect the Company. A reduction in the number of military personnel served by the Company and a reduction in the number of private lines required by the armed forces would have a direct effect on revenues. Indirect effects would include a reduction of services provided across the state in support of the military community and as a result, a reduction in the number of customers served by the Company and volume of traffic carried.

On July 13, 1995, the president approved and Congress subsequently accepted the independent Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission report to close 79 military bases and downsize 26 others. The commission estimates its list would save \$19.3 billion over 20 years, at a cost nationwide of 43,742 military and civilian jobs and 49,823 indirect jobs. Since its first round of action in 1991, the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission has claimed more than \$5 billion in savings by closing or realigning military bases.

The following military installations located in Alaska were recommended for closure or realignment in the 1995 report: Fort Greely (realign, estimated loss of 438 military and 286 civilian jobs), Fort Wainwright (realign, estimated gain of 205 military and 56 civilian jobs), NAF Adak (closure, estimated loss of 540 military and 138 civilian jobs).

The loss of jobs and associated revenues attributed to oil and gas industry and military workforce reductions is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's operations. No assurance can be given that funding for existing military installations in Alaska will not be adversely affected by reprioritization of needs for military installations or federal budget cuts in the future.

In October 1994, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 119, "Disclosure about Derivative Financial Instruments and Fair Value of Financial Instrument" ("SFAS No. 119"). SFAS No. 119 requires disclosures regarding amount, nature and terms of derivative financial instruments, for instance futures, forward, swap and option contracts and other instruments with similar characteristics. The Company anticipates that the adoption of SFAS No. 119 in 1996 will not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 1995, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of" ("SFAS No. 121"). This statement sets forth new standards for determining when long-lived assets are impaired and requires such impaired assets to be written down to fair value. The Company anticipates that the adoption of SFAS No. 121 in 1996 will not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In October 1995, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS No. 123"). SFAS No. 123 establishes financial accounting and reporting standards for stock-based employee compensation plans. Those plans include all arrangements by which employees receive shares of stock or other equity instruments of the employer or the employer incurs liabilities to employees in amounts based on the price of the employer's stock. This statement also applies to transactions in

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which an entity issues its equity instruments to acquire goods or services from nonemployees. The Company anticipates that the adoption of SFAS No. 123 in 1996 will not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

The Company generally has experienced increased costs in recent years due to the effect of inflation on the cost of labor, material and supplies, and

plant and equipment. A portion of the increased labor and material and supplies costs directly affects income through increased maintenance and operating costs. The cumulative impact of inflation over a number of years has resulted in higher depreciation expense and increased costs for current replacement of productive facilities. However, operating efficiencies have partially offset this impact, as have price increases, although the latter have generally not been adequate to cover increased costs due to inflation. Competition and other market factors limit the Company's ability to price services and products based upon inflation's effect on costs.

# Item 8. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The consolidated financial statements of the Company are filed under this Item, beginning on Page 23. The financial statement schedules required under Regulation S-X are filed pursuant to Item 14 of this Report.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders General Communication, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of General Communication, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1995 and 1994, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 1995. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of General Communication, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1995 and 1994, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 1995 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/KPMG PEAT MARWICK LLP

Anchorage, Alaska March 15, 1996

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ASSETS	1995	1994
<del></del>	(Amounts in	 thousands)
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	. \$ 4,017	1,649
Receivables:		
Trade	. 21,737	17,036
Other	. 253	221
	21,990	17,257
Less allowance for doubtful receivables	. 295	409
Net receivables		16,848
Prepaid and other current assets	1,566	1,344
Deferred income taxes, net (note 6)		884
Inventory	. 991	674
Notes receivable (note 3)		200
Total current assets	. 29,182	21,599
Property and equipment, at cost (notes 5, 8 and 9)		
Land	. 73	73
Distribution systems	. 67,434	63,272
Support equipment	. 11,610	10,223
Property and equipment under capital leases	2,030	2,030
	81,147	75,598
Less amortization and accumulated depreciation		28.085
ness amortization and accumulated depreciation	. 33,769	20,005
Net property and equipment in service		47.513
Construction in progress		47,515
construction in progress	. 5,050	
Net property and equipment		47,513
Notes receivable (note 3)	904	767
Notes receivable (note 3)  Investment securities available for sale (note 4)		785
Other assets, at cost, net of amortization		3.585
other assets, at cost, het or amortization		
Total assets	. s 84.765	74,249
19141 433613	. 9 04,703	74,245

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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GENERAL COMMUNICATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Continued)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	1995	1994
		in thousands)
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt (note 5)	\$ 1,689	1,585
capital leases (note 9)	282	249
Accounts payable	16,861	11,841
Accrued payroll and payroll related obligations	2,108	4,036
Accrued liabilities	1,134	711
Accrued income taxes (note 6)	547	217
Accrued interest	132	101
Deferred revenues	1,317	1,097
Total current liabilities	24,070	19,837
Long-term debt, excluding current maturities (note 5)	8,291	10,969
current maturities (note 9)  Obligations under capital leases due to related parties,	26	257
excluding current maturities (note 9)	739	791
Deferred income taxes, net (note 6)	7,004	6,522
Other liabilities	1,619	780
Total liabilities	41.749	39,156
Total Habilities	41,745	
Stockholders' equity (notes 2, 6 and 7): Common stock (no par):  Class A. Authorized  50,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 19,680,199 and 19,616,614 shares at December 31, 1995 and 1994, respectively Class B. Authorized	13,912	13,830
10,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding 4,175,434 and 4,179,019 shares at December 31, 1995 and	2 422	2 420
1994, respectively Less cost of 122,611 and 105,111 Class A common shares held in treasury at December 31, 1995	3,432	3,432
and 1994, respectively	(389)	(328)
Paid-in capital	4,041	3,641
Retained earnings	22,020	14,518
Total stockholders' equity	43,016	35,093
Commitments, contingencies and subsequent		
event (notes 9, 11 and 12) Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 84,765	74,249

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

GENERAL COMMUNICATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Operations

Years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993

Revenues (note 8):   Transmission services   \$120,005   105,789   91,838   8,299   1000   1		1995	1994	1993
Transmission services	(Amounts			
Systems sales and service         7,193         9,138         8,299           Other         2,081         2,076           Total revenues         129,279         116,981         102,213           Cost of sales         70,221         60,896         56,437           Contribution         59,058         56,085         45,776           Operating costs and expenses:         9,182         7,607         5,588           Service         2,793         4,751         3,798           Sales and communications         9,865         7,040         4,992           General and administrative         11,492         14,788         13,314         1,372           Legal and regulatory         1,540         1,334         1,372         1,372         1,459         829         1,207           Depreciation and amortization         6,223         6,739         6,978         6,978           Total operating costs and expenses         45,554         43,088         36,972           Operating income (note 8)         13,504         12,997         8,804           Other income (expense):         (1,146)         (1,539)         (2,254)           Interest expense (notes 2 and 5)         (1,168)         (1,539)         (2,764)	Revenues (note 8):			
Other         2,081         2,054         2,076           Total revenues         129,279         116,981         102,213           Cost of sales         70,221         60,896         56,437           Contribution         59,058         56,085         45,776           Operating costs and expenses:	Transmission services	\$ 120,005	105,789	
Total revenues				
Cost of sales         70,221         60,896         56,437           Contribution         59,058         56,085         45,776           Operating costs and expenses:	Other			
Cost of sales         70,221         60,896         56,437           Contribution         59,058         56,085         45,776           Operating costs and expenses:				
Contribution         59,058         56,085         45,776           Operating costs and expenses:         9,182         7,607         5,588           Service         2,793         4,751         3,788           Sales and communications         9,865         7,040         4,992           General and administrative         14,492         14,788         13,031           Legal and regulatory         1,540         1,334         1,372           Bad debt         1,459         829         1,207           Depreciation and amortization         6,223         6,739         6,978           Total operating costs and expenses         45,554         43,088         36,972           Operating income (note 8)         13,504         12,997         8,804           Other income (expense):         11,146         (1,539)         (2,254)           Interest expense (notes 2 and 5)         (1,146)         (1,539)         (2,254)           Total other income (expense)         (903)         (1,316)         (2,089)           Earnings before income taxes         12,601         11,681         6,715           Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)         (5,099)         (4,547)         (2,764)           Net earnings per common share	Total revenues	129,279	116,981	102,213
Operating costs and expenses:         9,182         7,607         5,588           Service         2,793         4,751         3,798           Sales and communications         9,865         7,040         4,992           General and administrative         14,492         14,788         13,037           Legal and regulatory         1,540         1,334         1,372           Bad debt         1,459         829         1,207           Depreciation and amortization         6,223         6,739         6,978           Total operating costs and expenses         45,554         43,088         36,972           Operating income (note 8)         13,504         12,997         8,804           Other income (expense):           Interest expense (notes 2 and 5)         (1,146)         (1,539)         (2,254)           Interest income         243         223         165           Total other income (expense)         (903)         (1,316)         (2,089)           Earnings before income taxes         12,601         11,681         6,715           Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)         (5,099)         (4,547)         (2,764)           Net earnings per common share         \$ 3,1         3,0<	Cost of sales			
Operating costs and expenses:         9,182 7,607 5,588         7,607 5,588         5,88         5,762 7,607 3,788         3,788         3,788         3,865 7,040 4,992         4,751 3,738         3,788         3,865 7,040 4,992         4,992         14,492 14,788 13,037         1,691 14,98 14,788 13,037         1,691 1,540 1,334 1,372         1,334 1,372         1,207	Contribution			
Operating and engineering         9,182         7,607         5,588           Service         2,793         4,751         3,788           Sales and communications         9,865         7,040         4,992           General and administrative         14,492         14,788         13,037           Legal and regulatory         1,540         1,334         1,372           Bad debt         1,459         829         1,207           Depreciation and amortization         6,223         6,739         6,978           Total operating costs and expenses         45,554         43,088         36,972           Operating income (note 8)         13,504         12,997         8,804           Other income (expense):           Interest expense (notes 2 and 5)         (1,146)         (1,539)         (2,254)           Interest income         (903)         (1,316)         (2,089)           Total other income (expense)         (903)         (1,316)         (2,089)           Earnings before income taxes         12,601         11,681         6,715           Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)         (5,099)         (4,547)         (2,764)           Net earnings per common share <td>Operating agets and empanes.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating agets and empanes.			
Service         2,793         4,751         3,788           Sales and communications         9,865         7,040         4,992           General and administrative         14,492         14,788         13,337           Legal and regulatory         1,540         1,334         1,372           Bad debt         1,459         829         1,207           Depreciation and amortization         6,223         6,739         6,978           Total operating costs and expenses         45,554         43,088         36,972           Operating income (note 8)         13,504         12,997         8,804           Other income (expense):           Interest expense (notes 2 and 5)         (1,146)         (1,539)         (2,254)           Interest income         243         223         155           Total other income (expense)         (903)         (1,316)         (2,089)           Earnings before income taxes         12,601         11,681         6,715           Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)         (5,099)         (4,547)         (2,764)           Net earnings per common share         \$ 3,31         30         .17		9,182	7,607	5,588
General and administrative 114,492 14,788 13,037 Legal and regulatory 1,540 1,334 1,372 Bad debt 1,459 829 1,207 Depreciation and amortization 6,223 6,739 6,978  Total operating costs and expenses 45,554 43,088 36,972  Operating income (note 8) 13,504 12,997 8,804  Other income (expense): Interest expense (notes 2 and 5) (1,146) (1,539) (2,254) Interest income (expense):  Total other income (expense) (903) (1,316) (2,089)  Earnings before income taxes 12,601 11,681 6,715  Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6) (5,099) (4,547) (2,764)  Net earnings per common share \$ 7,502 7,134 3,951				
Legal and regulatory       1,540       1,334       1,372         Bad debt       1,459       829       1,207         Depreciation and amortization       6,223       6,739       6,978         Total operating costs and expenses       45,554       43,088       36,972         Operating income (note 8)       13,504       12,997       8,804         Other income (expense):         Interest expense (notes 2 and 5)       (1,146)       (1,539)       (2,254)         Interest income       243       223       165         Total other income (expense)       (903)       (1,316)       (2,089)         Earnings before income taxes       12,601       11,681       6,715         Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)       (5,099)       (4,547)       (2,764)         Net earnings per common share       \$ 31       30       .17	Sales and communications	9,865	7,040	4,992
Bad debt       1,459       829       1,207         Depreciation and amortization       6,223       6,739       6,978         Total operating costs and expenses       45,554       43,088       36,972         Operating income (note 8)       13,504       12,997       8,804         Other income (expense):         Interest expense (notes 2 and 5)       (1,146)       (1,539)       (2,254)         Interest income       243       223       165         Total other income (expense)       (903)       (1,316)       (2,089)         Earnings before income taxes       12,601       11,681       6,715         Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)       (5,099)       (4,547)       (2,764)         Net earnings       \$ 7,502       7,134       3,951         Net earnings per common share       \$ .31       .30       .17	General and administrative	14,492	14,788	13,037
Depreciation and amortization   6,223   6,739   6,978	Legal and regulatory	1,540	1,334	1,372
Total operating costs and expenses	Bad debt	1,459	829	1,207
Total operating costs and expenses 45,554 43,088 36,972  Operating income (note 8) 13,504 12,997 8,804  Other income (expense): Interest expense (notes 2 and 5) (1,146) (1,539) (2,254) Interest income (expense) 243 223 165  Total other income (expense) (903) (1,316) (2,089)  Earnings before income taxes 12,601 11,681 6,715  Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6) (5,099) (4,547) (2,764)  Net earnings per common share \$ 7,502 7,134 3,951	Depreciation and amortization	6,223	6,739	6,978
Operating income (note 8)				
Operating income (note 8)	Total operating costs and expenses	45.554	43.088	36.972
Other income (expense):  Interest expense (notes 2 and 5)  Interest income (expense):  Total other income (expense)  Earnings before income taxes  Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)  Net earnings per common share  Standard (1,146) (1,539) (2,254)  (903) (1,316) (2,089)  (1,316) (2,089)  (1,316) (2,089)  (1,316) (2,089)  (1,316) (2,764)  (2,764)  (3,750) (4,547) (2,764)  (4,547) (2,764)  (5,099) (4,547) (2,764)				
Other income (expense):  Interest expense (notes 2 and 5)  Interest income (expense):  Total other income (expense)  Earnings before income taxes  Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)  Net earnings per common share  Standard (1,146) (1,539) (2,254)  (903) (1,316) (2,089)  (1,316) (2,089)  (1,316) (2,089)  (1,316) (2,089)  (1,316) (2,764)  (2,764)  (3,750) (4,547) (2,764)  (4,547) (2,764)  (5,099) (4,547) (2,764)	Operating income (note 8)	13.504	12.997	8.804
Interest expense (notes 2 and 5) (1,146) (1,539) (2,254) 243 223 165				
Total other income (expense)   243   223   165				
Total other income (expense) (903) (1,316) (2,089)  Earnings before income taxes 12,601 11,681 6,715  Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6) (5,099) (4,547) (2,764)  Net earnings \$7,502 7,134 3,951				
Earnings before income taxes	interest income			
Earnings before income taxes	maked abben income (surrent)	(002)	(1 216	(2.000)
Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)	Total Other Income (expense)			
Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)	Farnings before income taxes	12 601	11 68	1 6.715
Net earnings	Ballings Delvie Income cases	12,001	11,00	0,713
Net earnings per common share	Income tax expense (notes 2 and 6)			
Net earnings per common share	Net earnings	s 7.502	7 13	4 3.951
	Net earnings per common share	s .31	. 30	.17
	5. 7			

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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GENERAL COMMUNICATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity

Years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993

	Shares Common Class A (Amounts in	Stock F Class B	referred Stock	Class A Common Stock	Common Stock	Class A Shares Held in Treasury ts in thous	/ Capital	
Balances at December 31, 1992	12,639	2,853	\$3,282	2,430	1,210	(328)	4,690	3,586
Net earnings Class B shares converted to Class A Tax effect of excess stock compensation expense for tax purposes over amounts	 15	(15)						3,951
recognized for financial reporting purposes						514		
Retirement of shares	(562)	(3,282)	(359)			(1,987)		
Preferred stock dividend paid								(153)
Shares issued under stock option plan	118			124				
officer stock option agreements	539			385			35	
Shares issued, net of associated costs	6,252	1,276		10,890	2,222			
Balances at December 31, 1993	19,001	4,114		13,470	3,432	(328)	3,252	7,384 7,134
Class B shares converted to Class A	9	(9)						
recognized for financial reporting purposes						371		
Shares issued under stock option plan	37			96				
Shares issued under warrant agreement, net Shares issued and issuable under	254			185				
officer stock option agreements	316	74		79			18	
Balances at December 31, 1994	19,617	4,179 \$		13,830	3,432	(328)	3,641	14,518
Net earnings								7,502
Class B shares converted to Class A	3	(3)						
recognized for financial reporting purposes						397		
Shares purchased and held in Treasury						(61)		
Shares issued under stock option plan	40			82				

officer stock option agreements			 			3	
Balances at December 31, 1995	19,680	4,176	\$ 13,912	3,432	(389)	4,041	22,020

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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GENERAL COMMUNICATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993

	1995	1994	1993
		ounts in thou	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net earnings Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 7,502	7,134	3,951
Depreciation and amortization	6,223	6,739	6,978
Deferred income tax expense Deferred compensation and compensatory	1,017	1,588	1,136
stock options	433	3 4 3	183
Disposals of property and equipment	170		
Bad debt expense, net of write-offs	(114) 354	(312)	4 6 7
Other noncash income and expense items Change in operating assets and		(36)	
liabilities (note 2)	(1,307)	3,063	(591)
Net cash provided by operating activities	14,278	18,519	11,710
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of property and equipment	(8,938)	(10,604)	(5,744)
Cash received from disposal of property and equipment .	(0,930)	(10,604)	105
Purchases of other assets including long-term deposits	(934)	(1,110)	(303)
Proceeds from the sale of available for sale security	832		
Notes receivable issued	(251)	(339)	(602)
Payments received on notes receivable	184	10	964
Restricted cash investments		684	2,268
Net cash used in investing activities	(9,107)	(11,359)	(3,312)
Net cash used in investing activities		(11,339)	(3,312)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Long-term borrowings			10,000
capital lease obligations	(2,824)	(8,494)	(26,610)
Proceeds from common stock issuance	82	360	13,641
Purchase of treasury stock	(61)		==
preferred stock			(5,627)
Dividends paid on preferred stock			(153)
Net cash used by financing activities	(2,803)	(8,134)	(8,749)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents .	2,368	(974)	(351)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,649	2,623	2,974
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 4,017 ======	1,649	2,623

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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# GENERAL COMMUNICATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

# (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Principles

# (a) General

General Communication, Inc. ("GCI"), an Alaska corporation, was incorporated in 1979. GCI Communication Corp. ("GCC"), an Alaska

corporation, is a wholly owned subsidiary of GCI and was incorporated in 1990. GCI Network Systems, Inc. ("Network Systems"), formerly Transalaska Network Systems, Inc., an Alaska corporation, was a wholly-owned subsidiary of GCC and was incorporated in 1988. Effective December 31, 1993 Network Systems operations were merged into GCC. Both GCC and Network Systems operations continue to be provided by the surviving corporation, GCC, subsequent to the merger. GCI Communication Services, Inc. ("Communication Services"), an Alaska corporation, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of GCI and was incorporated in 1992. GCI Leasing Co., Inc. ("Leasing Company"), an Alaska corporation, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Communication Services and was incorporated in 1992. GCI and GCC are engaged in the transmission of interstate and intrastate private line and switched message long distance telephone service between Anchorage, Fairbanks, Juneau, and other communities in Alaska and the remaining United States and foreign countries. GCC also provides northbound services to certain common carriers terminating traffic in Alaska and sells and services dedicated communications systems and related equipment. Communication Services provides private network point-to-point data and voice transmission services between Alaska, Hawaii and the western contiguous United States. Leasing Company owns and leases capacity on an undersea fiber optic cable used in the transmission of interstate private line and switched message long distance services between Alaska and the remaining United States and foreign countries.

# (b) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of GCI, its wholly-owned subsidiaries GCC and Communication Services, and Communication Services wholly owned subsidiary Leasing Company. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### (c) Net Earnings Per Common Share

Primary earnings per common share are determined by dividing net earnings (after deducting preferred stock dividends of \$153,000 in 1993) by the weighted number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding:

	1995	1994	1993
		(in thousands)	
Weighted average common shares outstanding Common equivalent shares	23,723	23,199	21,085
outstanding	703	884	1,243
	24,426	24,083	22,328 =====

The difference between shares for primary and fully diluted earnings per share was not significant in any period presented.

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## (d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of short-term, highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into cash.

## (e) Inventory

Inventory of merchandise for resale and parts is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method for parts and the specific identification method for equipment held for resale.

## (f) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost. Construction costs of transmission facilities are capitalized. Equipment financed under capital leases is recorded at the lower of fair market value or the present value of future minimum lease payments. Construction in progress represents distribution systems and support equipment not placed in service at December 31, 1995; management intends to place this equipment in service during 1996.

Depreciation and amortization is computed on a straight-line basis based upon the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from 3 to 20 years for distribution systems and 5 to 10 years for support equipment. Amortization of equipment financed under capitalized leases is included in depreciation expense.

Repairs and maintenance are charged to operations, and renewals and additions are capitalized. Gains or losses are recognized at the time of ordinary retirements, sales or other dispositions of property.

#### (q) Marketable Securities

Effective January 1, 1994, GCI and subsidiaries ("the Company") adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115 ("SFAS No. 115"), Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities. Under SFAS No. 115, securities when purchased, are classified in either the trading account securities portfolio, the securities available for sale portfolio, or the securities held to maturity portfolio. Securities are classified as trading account securities when the intent is profit maximization through market appreciation and resale. Securities are classified as available for sale when management intends to hold the securities for an indefinite period of time. Securities are classified as held to maturity when it is management's intent to hold these securities until maturity.

Unrealized gains or losses on securities available for sale are excluded from earnings and reported as a net amount in a separate component of stockholders' equity. There was no cumulative effect on the financial statements from the adoption of SFAS No. 115. Securities available for sale are stated at fair market value which approximates cost.

# (h) Other Assets

Other assets, excluding deferred loan costs and goodwill, are recorded at cost and are amortized on a straight-line basis over 2 to 15 years. Deferred loan costs are recorded at cost and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the associated loan.

Goodwill totaled approximately \$1,286,000 and \$1,387,000 at December 31, 1995 and 1994, respectively, net of amortization of approximately \$697,000 and \$596,000,

30 (Continued)

respectively. Goodwill represents the excess of cost over fair value of net assets acquired and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over twenty years.

# (i) Revenue From Services and Products

Revenues generated from long distance telecommunication services are recognized when the services are provided. Revenues from the sale of equipment are recognized at the time the equipment is delivered or installed. Service revenues are derived primarily from maintenance contracts on equipment and are recognized on a prorated basis over the term of the contract. Other revenues are recognized when the

service is provided.

## (j) Interest Expense

Interest costs incurred during the construction period of significant capital projects are capitalized. Interest capitalized by the Company totaled \$112,000 during the year ended December 31, 1995.

## (k) Income Taxes

In February, 1992, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109 ("SFAS No. 109"), "Accounting for Income Taxes". SFAS No. 109 requires a change from the deferred method of accounting for income taxes of APB Opinion 11 to the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the asset and liability method of SFAS No. 109, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable earnings in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under SFAS No. 109, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in earnings in the period that includes the enactment date.

Effective January 1, 1993, the Company adopted SFAS No. 109. The adjustment required for this change in accounting for income taxes was recorded in the first quarter of 1993 and resulted in increases in current deferred tax assets and net long-term deferred tax liabilities, and provision of a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets. No cumulative effect adjustment to the Company's consolidated statement of operations was required.

## (1) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## (m) Reclassifications

Reclassifications have been made to the 1994 financial statements to make them comparable with the 1995 presentation.

31 (Continued)

# (2) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Supplemental Disclosures

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Company's cash equivalents includes cash and all invested assets with original maturities of less than three months.

Changes	in	operating	assets	and	liabilities	consist	of	(in
thousand	s):							

Year ended December 31,	1995	1994	1993
(Increase) decrease in trade receivables (Increase) decrease in other receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid and other	\$ (4,701) (32)	63 (91)	(2,287) 535
current assets (Increase) decrease in inventory	(222) (317)	312 (38)	(477) 70
Decrease in income taxes receivable Increase in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	5,020 423	1,434 195	17 621 (64)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and payroll related obligations Increase in accrued income taxes	(1,928) 330	1,238 163	857 54

	=======		
	\$ (1,307)	3,063	(591)
Decrease in components of other liabilities	(131)	(137)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues	220	(90)	126
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest	31	14	(43)

Income taxes paid totaled \$3,752,000, \$2,796,000 and \$1,558,000 during 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively.

Interest paid totaled approximately \$1,227,000, \$1,525,000 and \$2,297,000 during 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively.

The Company recorded \$397,000, \$371,000 and \$514,000 in 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively, in paid-in capital in recognition of the income tax effect of excess stock compensation expense for tax purposes over amounts recognized for financial reporting purposes.

32 (Continued)

## (3) Notes Receivable

A summary of notes receivable follows:

	1995	December 31,
	1995	1994
	(Amour	nts in thousands)
Note receivable from officer bearing interest at the rate paid by the Company on its senior indebtedness, secured by GCI Class A common stock, due on the 90th day after termination of employment or July 30, 1998, whichever is earlier.	\$ 500	500
Note receivable from officer bearing interest at 10%, secured by Company stock; payable in equal annual installments of \$36,513 through August 26, 2004.	224	224
Notes receivable from officers and others bearing interest at 7% to 10%, unsecured and secured by Company common stock, shares of other common stock and equipment; due September 20, 1996 through August 26, 2004.	261	194
Total notes receivable	985	918
Less current portion	(167)	(200)
Plus long-term accrued interest	86	49
	904	767 =====

## (4) Investment Securities Available for Sale

As of January 1, 1994 the Company adopted SFAS No. 115. Accordingly, the Company's marketable equity securities have been classified as available for sale securities and are reported at fair market value which approximate cost at December 31, 1994. The Company held no trading account investment securities or available for sale securities at December 31, 1995.

33 (Continued)

(5) Long-term Debt

Long-term debt is summarized as follows:

December 31,

		1995  (Amounts	in	1994  thousands)
Credit Agreement (a)	\$	1,000		2,000
Undersea Fiber and Equipment Loan Agreement (b)	;	8 <b>,</b> 271		9,500
Financing Obligation (c)		709		1,054
	!	9,980		12,554
Less current maturities		1,689		1,585
Long-term debt, excluding current maturities	·	8 <b>,</b> 291 ====		10,969 =====

GCI completed a refinancing of its senior indebtedness on (a) May 14, 1993. The facility was amended on October 31, 1995 to provide financing for the initial letter of credit and subsequent down payment required pursuant to the terms of the Company's transponder purchase agreement with Hughes. The facility is comprised of two components, the first of which is a \$15,750,000 reducing revolver requiring payments or reductions of \$650,000 per quarter through December 31, 1996, and \$812,500 thereafter through its expiration on December 31, 1997. \$2.65 million of this component has been used to provide a letter of credit to secure payment of certain access charges associated with the Company's provision of telecommunications services within the state of Alaska. \$4.6 million of this portion of the facility was available for additional borrowings at December 31, 1995, \$3.3 million of which was drawn down in March 1996. The other component totals \$10.08 million, and has been used to provide a \$9.1 million letter of credit to Hughes. The letter of credit is expected to be drawn down by Hughes after delivery of transponder capacity scheduled for May or June of 1996. Once drawn upon, the facility will be repaid in quarterly installments of \$455,000 beginning September 30, 1996, with all remaining outstanding principal due on December 31, 1997.

The Credit agreement provides for interest (8.18% at December 31, 1995), among other options, at LIBOR plus two and one-quarter to two and three-quarters percent depending on the Company's leverage ratio as defined in the Agreement. A fee of .50% per annum is assessed on the unused portion of the facility.

The credit agreement contains, among others, covenants requiring maintenance of specific levels of operating cash flow to indebtedness, to interest expense, to fixed charges, and to pro forma debt service. The credit agreement includes limitations on acquisitions and additional indebtedness, and prohibits payment of dividends, other than stock dividends. The Company was in compliance with all credit agreement covenants during the period commencing May 14, 1993 (date of the refinancing) through December 31, 1995.

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Security for the credit agreement includes a pledge of the stock of GCC and Communication Services, and a first lien on substantially all of GCC's assets. GCI and its subsidiaries,

Communication Services and Leasing Company, are liable as quarantors.

In June, 1993, the Company entered into a two-year interest rate swap agreement with a bank whereby the rate on \$18,200,000 of debt (reduced by \$422,500 per quarter beginning July 1, 1993) was fixed at 4.45 percent plus applicable margins. The interest effect of the difference between the fixed rate and the three-month LIBOR rate was either added to or served to reduce interest expense depending on the relative interest rates. The agreement expired June 30, 1995.

- (b) On December 31, 1992, Leasing Company entered into a \$12,000,000 loan agreement, of which approximately \$9,000,000 of the proceeds were used to acquire capacity on the undersea fiber optic cable linking Seward, Alaska and Pacific City, Oregon. Concurrently, Leasing Company leased the capacity under a ten year all events, take or pay, contract to MCI, who subleased the capacity back to the Company. The lease and sublease agreements provide for equivalent terms of 10 years and identical monthly payments of \$200,000. The proceeds of the lease agreement with MCI were pledged as primary security for the financing. The loan agreement provides for monthly payments of \$170,000 including principal and interest through the earlier of January 1, 2003, or until repaid. The loan agreement provides for interest at the prime rate plus one-quarter percent. Additional collateral includes substantially all of the assets of Leasing Company including the fiber capacity and a security interest in all of its outstanding stock. MCI has a second position security interest in the assets of Leasing Company.
- (c) As consideration for MCI's role in enabling Leasing Company to finance and acquire the undersea fiber optic cable capacity described at note 5(b) above, Leasing Company agreed to pay MCI \$2,040,000 in sixty monthly payments of \$34,000. For financial statement reporting purposes, the obligation has been recorded at its remaining present value, using a discount rate of 10% per annum. The agreement is secured by a second position security interest in the assets of Leasing Company.

As of December 31, 1995 maturities of long-term debt were as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,

1996			\$	1,689
1997				2,882
1998				1,631
1999				1,780
2000				1,942
2001	and	thereafter		56
			_	
			\$	9,980

35 (Continued)

	Years ended December 31,		
	1995	1994	1993
Earnings from continuing operations Stockholders' equity, for stock option compensation expense for tax purposes in excess of amounts	\$5,099	4,547	2,764
recognized for financial reporting purposes	(397)	(371)	(514)
	\$4,702 ====	4,176	2,250

Income tax expense consists of the following:

			Years ended	d December 31,	
		1995		1994	1993
			(Amounts	in thousands)	
Current t	ax expense:				
	Federal taxes	\$3 <b>,</b> 077		2,604	1,615
	State taxes	1,005		355	13
		4,082		2,959	1,628
Deferred	tax expense:				
	Federal taxes	780		816	508
	State taxes	237		772	628
		1,017		1,588	1,136
		\$5,099		4,547	2,764
		=====		=====	=====

Total income tax expense differed from the "expected" income tax expense determined by applying the statutory federal income tax rate of 34% as follows:

	Years ended December 31,		
	1995	1994	1993
	(A	mounts in thousand	 ds)
"Expected" statutory tax expense State income taxes, net of federal benefit Income tax effect of goodwill amortization, nondeductible	\$4,284 820	3,971 742	2,283 424
expenditures and other items, net	(5)	(166)	57 
	\$5,099 ====	4,547	2,764 ====

36 (Continued)

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at December 31, 1995 and 1994 are presented below.

	Dece 1995	ember 31, 1994
(Ai	mounts in	thousands)
Net current deferred tax assets:  Accounts receivable, principally due to allowance for for doubtful accounts  Compensated absences, accrued for financial reporting purposes Federal and state alternative minimum tax credit carryforwards  Workers compensation and self insurance health reserves,	\$ 119 400 	199 333 330
principally due to accrual for financial reporting purposes	183 133	185 36
Total gross current deferred tax assets	835	1.083
Less valuation allowance	(89)	,

Net current deferred tax assets		746	884
Net long-term deferred tax assets:			
Deferred compensation expense for financial			
reporting purposes in excess of amounts recognized for tax purposes	s	587	511
Employee stock option compensation expense for financial			
reporting purposes in excess of amounts recognized			
for tax purposes		206	234
Capital loss carryforwards		23	168
Other		453	311
Total gross long-term deferred tax assets		1.269	1,224
Less valuation allowance		(136)	(226)
Net long-term deferred tax assets		1,133	998
Net long-term deferred tax liabilities:			
Plant and equipment, principally due to differences in			
depreciation		7,997	7,507
Other		140	13
Total gross long-term deferred tax liabilities		8.137	7,520
Total groot rong term dererred tax fidefilles			
Net combined long-term deferred tax liabilities	ş ·	7,004	6,522
	==:	=====	=====

The valuation allowance for deferred tax assets was \$225,000,\$425,000 and \$425,000 as of December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively.

Tax benefits associated with recorded deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowances, are considered to be more likely than not realizable through taxable income earned in carryback years, future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, and future taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards. The amount of deferred tax asset considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carryforward period are reduced.

For income tax reporting purposes, the Company has available capital loss carryovers totaling approximately \$56,000 which expire in 1997.

The Company's U.S. income tax return for 1993 was selected for examination by the Internal Revenue Service during 1995. The examination commenced during the fourth

37 (Continued)

quarter of 1995. Management believes this examination will not adversely affect the consolidated financial statements.

# (7) Stockholders' Equity

## Common Stock

GCI's Class A common stock and Class B common stock are identical in all respects, except that each share of Class A common stock has one vote per share and each share of Class B common stock has ten votes per share. In addition, each share of Class B common stock outstanding is convertible, at the option of the holder, into one share of Class A common stock.

MCI owns a total of 6,251,509 shares of GCI's Class A and 1,275,791 shares of GCI's Class B common stock which on a fully diluted basis represented approximately 31 and 30 percent of the issued and outstanding shares of the respective class.

# Stock Warrants

On May 18, 1994 an officer of the Company exercised warrants. In exchange for \$114, the Company issued 160,297 and 74,028 shares of GCI Class A and Class B common stock, respectively.

Pursuant to the terms of a stock appreciation right granted in 1988, the Company issued to its former senior lender warrants to acquire 1,021,373 shares of GCI Class A common stock for \$.85669 per share. Warrants to purchase 600,000 shares of Class A common stock were exercised in April and May, 1991, an additional 168,085 were

exercised in September, 1991 and the remaining warrants to purchase 253,288 shares were exercised in September and October, 1994.

## Stock Option Plan

In December 1986, GCI adopted a Stock Option Plan (the "Option Plan") in order to provide a special incentive to officers, non-employee directors, and employees by offering them an opportunity to acquire an equity interest in GCI. The Option Plan provides for the grant of options for a maximum of 3,200,000 shares of GCI Class A common stock, subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of stock dividends, stock splits, mergers, consolidations or certain other changes in corporate structure or capitalization. If an option expires or terminates, the shares subject to the option will be available for further grants of options under the Option Plan. The Option Plan is administered by GCI's Board of Directors or a committee of disinterested persons.

Employees of GCI (including officers and directors), employees of affiliated companies and non-employee directors of GCI are eligible to participate in the Option Plan. Options granted under the Option Plan must expire not later than ten years after the date of grant. The exercise price may be less than, equal to, or greater than the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant. Options granted pursuant to the Option Plan are only exercisable if at the time of exercise the option holder is an employee or non-employee director of GCI.

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Information for the years 1993, 1994 and 1995 with respect to the Plan follows:

	Shares	Option Price
Outstanding at December 31, 1992	1,660,677	\$0.75-\$3.00
Granted Exercised Forfeited	298,500 (129,519) (6,000)	\$0.75-\$2.25
Outstanding at December 31, 1993	1,823,658	\$0.75-\$4.00
Granted Exercised Forfeited	(72,459) (21,500)	\$0.75-\$3.00 \$4.00
Outstanding at December 31, 1994 Granted Exercised Forfeited	610,000	\$1.87-\$2.25
Outstanding at December 31, 1995	2,288,199	\$0.75-\$4.00
Available for grant at December 31, 1995	349,553	
Exercisable at December 31, 1995	986,999 ======	

The options expire at various dates through October 2005.

Stock Options Not Pursuant to a Plan

In June 1989, officer John Lowber was granted options to acquire 100,000 Class A common shares at \$.75 per share. The options vested in equal annual increments over a five-year period and expire February, 1999.

The Company entered into an incentive agreement in June 1989 with Mr. Behnke, an officer of the Company. The incentive agreement provides

for the acquisition of 85,190 remaining shares of Class A common stock of the Company for \$.001 per share exercisable through June 16, 1997. The shares under the incentive agreement vested in equal annual increments over a three-year period.

Class A Common Shares Held in Treasury

The Company acquired 105,111 shares of its Class A common stock in 1989 for approximately \$328,000 to fund a deferred bonus agreement with Mr. Duncan, an officer of the Company. The agreement provides that the balance is payable after the later of a) termination of employment or b) six months after the effective date of the agreement. In September 1995, the Company acquired an additional 17,500 shares of Class A common stock for approximately \$61,000 to fund additional deferred compensation agreements for two of its officers, including Mr. Duncan.

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Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In December 1986, GCI adopted an Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan") qualified under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"). The Plan provides for acquisition of the Company's Class A and Class B common stock at market value. The Plan permits each employee of GCI and affiliated companies who has completed one year of service to elect to participate in the Plan. Eligible employees may elect to reduce their compensation in any even dollar amount up to 10 percent of such compensation up to a maximum of \$9,240 in 1995; they may contribute up to 10 percent of their compensation with after-tax dollars, or they may elect a combination of salary reductions and after-tax contributions.

GCI may match employee salary  $\mbox{ reductions}$  and after tax contributions in any amount, elected by GCI each year, but not more than 10 percent of any one employee's compensation will be matched in any year. The combination of salary reductions, after tax contributions and GCI matching contributions cannot exceed 25 percent of any employee's compensation (determined after salary reduction) for any year. GCI's contributions vest over six years. Prior to July 1, 1995 employee and GCI contributions were invested in GCI common stock and employee contributions  $\mbox{received}$  up to 100%  $\mbox{matching,}$  as  $\mbox{determined}$  by the Company each year, in GCI common stock. Beginning July 1, 1995 employee contributions may be invested in GCI common stock, MCI common stock, Tele-Communications, Inc. common stock or various mutual funds. Beginning July 1, 1995 employee contributions invested in GCI common stock receive up to 100% matching, as determined by the Company each year, in GCI common stock. Employee contributions invested in other than GCI common stock receive up to 50% matching, as determined by the Company each year, in GCI common stock. The Company's matching contributions allocated to participant accounts totaled approximately \$864,000, \$792,000 and \$485,000 for the years ended December 31, 1995, 1994, and 1993, respectively. The Plan may, at its discretion, purchase shares of common stock from the Company at market value or may purchase GCI common stock on the open market.

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(8) Industry Segments Data

The Company is engaged in the design, development, sale and service of telecommunication services and products in two principal industries: (1) message and data transmission services and (2) telecommunication systems sales and service.

1995 1994 1993 ---- ---- ----

(Amounts in thousands)

Net sales

Systems sales and service	7,193	9,138	8,299
Total net sales	\$129,279 ======	116,981	102,213
Operating income			
Message and data transmission svcs. System sales and service Corporate	1,847 (13,526)	24,952 2,112 (14,067)	18,707 428 (10,331)
Total operating income	\$ 13,504 ======	12,997 =====	8,804 =====
Identifiable assets			
Message and data transmission svcs. Systems sales and service Corporate	\$ 69,715 2,554 12,496	60,335 2,838 11,076	59,277 4,306 8,027
Total identifiable assets	\$ 84,765 ======	74,249	71,610
Capital expenditures			
Message and data transmission svcs. Systems sales and service Corporate	\$ 5,946  2,992	10,003  601	4,457 369 918
Total capital expenditures	\$ 8,938 ======	10,604	5,744
Depreciation and amortization expense			
Message and data transmission svcs. Systems sales and service Corporate	\$ 5,385 84 754	6,194 103 442	6,572 132 274
Total depreciation and			
amortization expense	\$ 6,223 ======	6,739 =====	6,978 =====

Intersegment sales approximate market and are not significant. Identifiable assets are assets associated with a specific industry segment. General corporate assets consist primarily of cash, temporary cash investments and other assets and investments which are not specific to an industry segment. Goodwill and the related amortization associated with the acquisition of Network Systems is allocated to the message and data telephone services segment. Goodwill and the related amortization related to the acquisition of the Transalaska Data Systems, Inc. assets is allocated to the systems sales and service segment. Revenues derived from leasing operations are allocated to the message and data transmission services segment.

The Company provides message telephone service to MCI and Sprint, major customers. Pursuant to the terms of a contract with MCI, the Company earned revenues of approximately \$23,939,000, \$19,512,000 and \$16,068,000 for the years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively. Amounts receivable from MCI totaled \$4,256,000

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and \$3,257,000 at December 31, 1995 and 1994, respectively. The Company earned revenues pursuant to a contract with Sprint totaling approximately \$14,885,000, \$12,412,000 and \$10,123,000 for the years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993 respectively. Amounts receivable from Sprint totaled \$2,362,000 and \$981,000 at December 31, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

# (9) Leases

The Company leases business offices, has entered into site lease agreements and uses certain equipment and satellite transponder capacity pursuant to operating lease arrangements. Rental costs under such arrangements amounted to approximately \$4,353,000, \$4,258,000 and \$4,029,000 for the years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993, respectively.

A summary of future minimum lease payments for all leases as of December 31, 1995 follows:

Capital	ing	perating	0	Year ending December 31:
			_	
in thousands)	ints in	(Amounts		
435	143	6,343	\$	1996
221	93	7,493		1997

1998 1999 2000 2001 and thereafter	1,441 1,343 1,247 778	202 204 211 1,301
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 18,645 ======	2,574
Less amount representing interest Less current maturities of obligations		(1,527)
under capital leases Subtotal - long-term obligations under capital		(282)
leases		765
Less long-term obligations under capital lease to related parties, excluding current matur		(739)
Long-term obligations under capital leases,		
excluding current maturities		\$ 26 =====

The Company entered into a long-term capital lease agreement in 1991 with the wife of the Company's president for property occupied by the Company. The lease term is 15 years with monthly payments of \$14,400, increasing in \$800 increments at each two year anniversary of the lease. Monthly lease costs increased to \$15,200 effective October 1993 and \$16,000 effective October 1995. Monthly lease costs will increase to \$16,800 in October 1997. If the owner sells the premises prior to the end of the tenth year of the lease, the owner will rebate to the Company one-half of the net sales price received in excess of \$900,000. If the property is not sold prior to the tenth year of the lease, the owner will pay the Company the greater of one-half of the appreciated value of the property over \$900,000, or \$500,000. The leased asset was capitalized in 1991 at the owner's cost of \$900,000 and the related obligation was recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

The leases generally provide that the Company pay the taxes, insurance and maintenance expenses related to the leased assets.

It is expected that in the normal course of business, leases that expire will be renewed or replaced by leases on other properties.

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## (10) Disclosure about Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Statement of Financial Standards No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" ("SFAS No. 107") requires disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value. SFAS No. 107 specifically excludes certain items from its disclosure requirements. The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation. The carrying amounts at December 31, 1995 for the Company's assets and liabilities approximate their fair values.

## (11) Commitments and Contingencies

During 1995, the Company adopted a non-qualified, unfunded deferred compensation plan to provide a means by which certain employees may elect to defer receipt of designated percentages or amounts of their compensation and to provide a means for certain other deferrals of compensation. The Company may, at its discretion, contribute matching deferrals equal to the rate of matching selected by the Company. Participants immediately vest in all elective deferrals and all income and gain attributable thereto. Matching contributions and all income and gain attributable thereto vest over a six-year period. Participants may elect to be paid in either a single lump sum payment or annual installments over a period not to exceed 10 years. Vested balances are payable upon termination of employment, unforeseen emergencies, death and total disability. Participants are general creditors of the Company with respect to deferred compensation plan

benefits. Compensation deferred pursuant to the plan totaled \$340,000 as of December 31, 1995.

The Company entered into a purchase and lease-purchase option agreement in August 1995 for the acquisition of satellite transponders to meet its long-term satellite capacity requirements. The amount of the down payment required in 1996 and the balance payable upon delivery of the transponders as early as the fourth quarter of 1997 are dependent upon a number of factors. The Company does not expect the down payment to exceed \$10.1 million and the remaining balance payable at delivery to exceed \$46 million.

In the normal course of the Company's operations, it is involved in various legal and regulatory matters before the FCC and the APUC. While the Company does not anticipate that the ultimate disposition of such matters will result in abrupt changes in the competitive structure of the Alaska market or of the business of the Company, no assurances can be given that such changes will not occur and that such changes would not be materially adverse to the Company.

#### (12) Subsequent Event

Subsequent to year-end, the Company announced that it has signed letters of intent to acquire three Alaska cable companies that offer cable television service to more than 101,000 subscribers serving 74 percent of households throughout the state of Alaska. The Company intends to acquire Prime Cable of Alaska, Alaska Cablevision, Inc. of Kirkland, Washington and Alaskan Cable Network. Prime Cable operates the state's largest cable television system including stations in Anchorage, Bethel, Kenai and Soldotna, Alaska. Alaska Cablevision owns and operates cable stations in Petersburg, Wrangell, Cordova, Valdez, Kodiak, Homer, Seward, Nome and Kotzebue, Alaska. Alaskan Cable Network operates stations in Fairbanks, Juneau, Ketchikan and Sitka, Alaska. This acquisition will allow the Company to integrate cable services to bring more information not only to more customers, but in a manner that is quicker, more efficient and more cost effective than ever before. The purchase

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will facilitate consolidation of the cable operations and will provide a platform for developing new customer products and services over the next several years. Upon closing and after all approvals are obtained, the cable companies will be consolidated into a single organization owned by the Company.

The total purchase price is \$280.7 million. According to terms of the letters of intent, GCI will issue 16.3 million shares of Class A Common stock to the owners of the three cable companies valued at \$105.7 million. The balance of the purchase will be provided by approximately \$175 million of bank financing. Additional capital will be provided from the sale of 2 million shares of GCI's Class A Common Stock to MCI Telecommunications Corporation for \$6.50 per share.

The more significant contingencies which must be resolved include negotiation and execution of definitive agreements with the owners of the cable companies and MCI, approval of the transactions and transfer of licenses by the APUC and the FCC, and approval of the transactions by the Company's shareholders and senior lender and the cable companies' shareholders, partners and lenders.

Management is confident that once the contingencies are resolved, the transactions will be financed through modification or assumption of an existing or negotiation of a new bank credit agreement facility. Although the Company has held discussions with existing lenders regarding such a facility, no agreement exists concerning the amounts or terms of such a facility.

Item

Item 14.

		Three mon	ths ended	
	Dec. 31, 1995 Se			
	(Amounts i		except per share	
Total revenues Contribution Net earnings Net earnings per share	\$34,363 \$15,808 \$1,807 \$.07	33,363 15,548 2,252 .09	31,860 14,026 1,836 .08	29,693 13,676 1,607
		Three mont	the onded	
	Dec. 31, 1994 Se	 pt. 30, 1994	June 30, 1994	Mar. 31, 1994
	(Amounts i		except per share	
Total revenues Contribution Net earnings Net earnings per share	\$29,143 \$14,061 \$1,320 \$.06	30,685 14,740 1,994 .08	28,962 14,387 2,122 .09	28,191 12,897 1,698 .07
	44		(Co	ontinued)
9. CHANGES IN AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSUR		WITH ACCOUN	TANTS ON ACCOU	NTING AND
None.				
	45			
	PART IV			
<ul><li>14. EXHIBITS, CONSOLIDATE ON FORM 8-K.</li><li>(a) (1) Consolidated Fin</li></ul>			ULES, AND REPO	Page No.
Included in Part II				3
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	Statements of (ed December 31,	-	and 1993	26
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, Years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 199327				
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, Years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 199328				28
Notes to Con	solidated Financ	cial Stateme	nts	.29 44
(a)(2) Consolidated Fin	ancial Statement	Schedules		
Included in Part IV	of this Report	:		
Independent	Auditors' Report			51
	I - Valuation and ed December 31,			52

Other schedules are omitted as they are not required or are not applicable, or the required information is shown in the applicable financial statements or notes thereto.

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#### (b) Exhibits

Listed below are the exhibits which are filed as a part of this Report (according to the number assigned to them in Item 601 of Regulation S-K):

#### 3 - Articles of Incorporation and By-laws:

Restated Articles of Incorporation of General Communication, Inc. dated August 16, 1993.

Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Quarterly
Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31,
1994

Bylaws of General Communication, Inc., as amended and restated dated March 24, 1993

Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 1994

#### 4 - Instruments defining the rights of security holders:

Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of January 18, 1991, between General Communication, Inc. and WestMarc Communications, Inc.

Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1990.

Employee stock option agreements issued to individuals Spradling, O'Hara, Strid, Behnke, Lewkowski and Snyder.

Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991.

Lease agreement between GCI Communication Services, Inc. and National Bank of Alaska Leasing Corporation dated January 15, 1992.

Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992.

Stock Purchase Agreement between MCI Telecommunications Corporation and General Communication, Inc. dated March 31, 1993.

Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 4, 1993.

Voting Agreement by and between MCI Telecommunications Corporation, Ronald A. Duncan, Robert M. Walp, and WestMarc Communications, Inc., dated March 31, 1993.

Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 1994

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#### 10 - Material Contracts:

Denali Towers Lease

MCI Telecommunications Corporation Carrier Agreement Westin Building Lease

All the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 0-15279), mailed to the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 30, 1986.

Denali Towers Lease, Suites 1000 and 1105

Denali Towers Lease, Suites 910 and 1110

Denali Towers Lease, Suite 400

Hughes Transponder Lease Agreement

- Duncan and Hughes Deferred Bonus Agreements
- All of the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989.
- Service Agreement dated January 1, 1990 between General Communication, Inc. and US Sprint Communications Company Limited Partnership of Delaware
- Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K dated December 31, 1990.
- Order approving Application for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to operate as a Telecommunications (Intrastate Interexchange Carrier) Public Utility within Alaska.
- Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K dated December 31, 1991.
- 1986 Stock Option Plan, as amended
- Loan agreement between National Bank of Alaska and GCI Leasing Co., Inc. dated December 31, 1992.
- Pledge and Security Agreement between National Bank of Alaska and GCI Communication Services, Inc. dated December 31, 1992.
- Lease Agreement between MCI Telecommunications Corporation and GCI Leasing Co., Inc. dated December 31, 1992.
- Sublease Agreement between MCI Telecommunications Corporation and General Communication, Inc. dated December 31, 1992.
- Financial Assistance Agreement between MCI Telecommunications Corporation and GCI Leasing Co., Inc. dated December 31, 1992.
- All of the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992.
- Letter of intent between MCI Telecommunications Corporation and General Communication, Inc. dated December 31, 1992.
- Incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 13, 1993.
- MCI Carrier Agreement between MCI Telecommunications Corporation and General Communication, Inc. dated January 1, 1993.
- Contract for Alaska Access Services Agreement between MCI Telecommunications Corporation and General Communication, Inc. dated January 1, 1993.
- All of the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 4, 1993.
- Promissory Note Agreement between General Communication, Inc. and Ronald A. Duncan, dated August 13, 1993.
- Deferred Compensation Agreement between General Communication, Inc. and Ronald A. Duncan, dated August 13, 1993.
- Pledge Agreement between General Communication, Inc. and Ronald A. Duncan, dated August 13, 1993.

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- Amended and Restated Credit Agreement between General Communication, Inc. and Nationsbank of Texas, N.A., dated April 30, 1993.
- All of the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1993.
- Revised Qualified Employee Stock Purchase Plan of General Communication, Inc.
- Summary Plan Description pertaining to the Revised Qualified Employee Stock Purchase Plan of General Communication, Inc.
- All of the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994.

Company's press release on the letters of intent, dated March 15, 1996

Amendments to Contract for Alaska Access, effective April 1, 1996

Amendments to MCI Carrier Agreement:

Sixth Amendment, effective April 1, 1996 (there was no fifth amendment as of the date of this report)
Fourth Amendment, dated September 24, 1995

Third Amendment, dated October 1, 1994

MCI Carrier Addendum MCI 800 DAL Service (First Amendment), dated April 20, 1994

All of the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 14, 1996, filed March 28, 1996.

- 10.1 The GCI Special Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan
- 10.2 Second Amendment to the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement between General Communication, Inc. and Nationsbank of Texas, N.A., dated October 31, 1995.
- 10.3 Equipment Purchase Agreement between GCI Communication Corporation and Scientific-Atlanta, Inc.

#### Licenses:

214 Authorization

International Resale Authorization

Digital Electronic Message Service Authorization

Fairbanks Earth Station License

Fairbanks (Esro) Construction Permit for P-T-P Microwave Service Fairbanks (Polaris) Construction Permit for P-T-P Microwave Service

Anchorage Earth Station Construction Permit

License for Eagle River P-T-P Microwave Service

License for Juneau Earth Station

Issaquah Earth Station Construction Permit

All the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 (File No. 0-15279), mailed to the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 30, 1986.

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21 - Subsidiary of Registrant: GCI Communication Corp.

State of Incorporation: Alaska

Subsidiary of Registrant:

GCI Communication Services, Inc.

State of Incorporation: Alaska

Subsidiary of Subsidiary of Registrant:

GCI Leasing Co., Inc.

State of Incorporation: Alaska

27 - Financial Data Schedule

28 - Additional Exhibits:

The Articles of Incorporation of GCI Communication Corp.

The By-laws of GCI Communication Corp.

All of the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 1990

The By-laws of GCI Communication Services, Inc.

The Articles of Incorporation of GCI Communication Services,  ${\sf Tnc}$ 

The By-laws of GCI Leasing Co., Inc.

The Articles of Incorporation of GCI Leasing Co., Inc.

All of the above incorporated herein by reference to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended

December 31, 1992.

#### (c) Reports on Form 8-K

None filed during the quarter ended December 31, 1995.

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders General Communication, Inc.:

Under date of March 15, 1996, we reported on the consolidated balance sheets of General Communication, Inc. and Subsidiaries ("Company") as of December 31, 1995 and 1994 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 1995, which are included in the Company's 1995 Annual Report on Form 10-K. In connection with our audits of the aforementioned consolidated financial statements, we also audited the related consolidated financial statement schedule in the consolidated financial statements, which is listed in the index in Item 14(a)(2) of the Company's 1995 Annual Report on Form 10-K. This consolidated financial statement schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this consolidated financial statement schedule based on our audits.

In our opinion this consolidated financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects the information set forth therein.

/s/KPMG PEAT MARWICK LLP

Anchorage, Alaska March 15, 1996

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Schedule VIII

GENERAL COMMUNICATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES  $\label{eq:communication} \mbox{Valuation and Qualifying Accounts}$ 

Years ended December 31, 1995, 1994 and 1993

		Additi	ons	Deductions	
	Balance at	Charged		Write-offs	Balance
	beginning	to profit		net of	at end
Description	of year	and loss	Other	recoveries	of year
	(Amounts in thousands)				
Year ended December 31, 1995: Allowance for doubtful receivables	\$ 409	1,459		1,573	295
Year ended December 31, 1994: Allowance for doubtful					
receivables	\$ 721	829		1,141	409
	=====	=====	===	=====	===

Year ended December 31, 1993: Allowance for doubtful receivables \$ 675 1,207 --- 1,161 72

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#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or  $15\,(d)$  of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GENERAL COMMUNICATION, INC.

By: /s/ Ronald A. Duncan
Ronald A. Duncan, President
(Chief Executive Officer)

Date: March 15, 1996

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Carter F. Page Carter F. Page	Chairman of Board and Director	March 15, 1996
/s/ Robert M. Walp Robert M. Walp	Vice Chairman of Board and Director	March 15, 1996
/s/ Ronald A. Duncan Ronald A. Duncan	President and Director, (Chief Executive Officer)	March 15, 1996
/s/ Donne F. Fisher Donne F. Fisher	Director	March 15, 1996
/s/ John W. Gerdelman John W. Gerdelman	Director	March 15, 1996
/s/ Larry E. Romrell Larry E. Romrell	Director	March 15, 1996
/s/ James M. Schneider James M. Schneider	Director	March 15, 1996
/s/ John M. Lowber John M. Lowber	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer	March 15, 1996
/s/ Alfred J. Walker Alfred J. Walker	Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer	March 15, 1996

# THE GCI SPECIAL NON-QUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

#### ARTICLE 1 - INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Purpose of Plan

The Employer has adopted the Plan set forth herein to provide a means by which certain employees may elect to defer receipt of designated percentages or amounts of their Compensation and to provide a means for certain other deferrals of compensation.

#### 1.2 Status of Plan

The Plan is intended to be "a plan which is unfunded and is maintained by an employer primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation for a select group of management or highly compensated employees" within the meaning of Sections 201(2) and 301(a)(3) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"), and shall be interpreted and administered to the extent possible in a manner consistent with that intent.

#### ARTICLE 2 - DEFINITIONS

Wherever used herein, the following terms have the meanings set forth below, unless a different meaning is clearly required by the context:

- 2.1 Account means for each Participant, the account established for his or her benefit under Section 5.1.
- 2.2 Adoption Agreement means the GCI Special Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan for Select Employees Adoption Agreement signed by the Employer to establish the Plan and containing all the options selected by the Employer, as the same may be amended from time to time.
- 2.3 Change of Control means (a) the purchase or other acquisition in one or more transactions other than from the Employer, by any individual, entity or group of persons, within the meaning of section 13(d)(3) or 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or any comparable successor provisions, of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 of Securities Exchange Act of 1934) of 50.01 percent or more of either the outstanding shares of common stock or the combined voting power of the Employer's then outstanding voting securities entitled to vote generally, or (b) the approval by the stockholders of the Employer of a reorganization, merger, or consolidation, in each case, with respect to which persons who were stockholders of the Employer immediately prior to such reorganization, merger or consolidation do not immediately thereafter own more than 50 percent of the combined voting power of the reorganized, merged or consolidated Employer's then outstanding securities that are entitled to vote generally in the election of directors or (c) the sale of substantially all of the Employer's assets.
- 2.4 Code means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time. Reference to any section or subsection of the Code includes reference to any comparable or succeeding provisions of any legislation which amends, supplements or replaces such section or subsection.
- 2.5 Compensation has the meaning elected by the Employer in the Adoption Agreement.
- 2.6 Effective Date means the date chosen in the Adoption Agreement as of which the Plan first becomes effective.
- 2.7 Election Form means the participation election form as approved and prescribed by the Plan Administrator.
- 2.8 Elective Deferral means the portion of Compensation which is deferred by a

Participant under Section 4.1.

- 2.9 Eligible Employee means, on the Effective Date or on any Entry Date thereafter, each employee of the Employer who satisfies the criteria established in the Adoption Agreement.
- 2.10 Employer means the corporation referred to in the Adoption Agreement, any successor to all or a major portion of the Employer's assets or business which assumes the obligations of the Employer, and each other entity that is affiliated with the Employer which adopts the Plan with the consent of the Employer, provided that the Employer that signs the Adoption Agreement shall have the sole power to amend this plan and shall be the Plan Administrator if no other person or entity is so serving at any time.
- 2.11 ERISA means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time. Reference to any section or subsection of ERISA includes reference to any comparable or succeeding provisions of any legislation which amends, supplements or replaces such section or subsection.
- 2.12 Incentive Contribution means a discretionary additional contribution made by the Employer as described in Section 4.3.
- 2.13 Insolvent means either (i) the Employer is unable to pay its debts as they become due, or (ii) the Employer is subject to a pending proceeding as a debtor under the United States Bankruptcy Code.
- 2.14 Matching Deferral means a deferral for the benefit of a Participant as described in Section 4.2.
- 2.15 Participant means any individual who participates in the Plan in accordance with Article 3.
- 2.16 Plan means the Employer's plan in the form of the GCI Special Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan for Select Employees and the Adoption Agreement and all amendments thereto.
- 2.17 Plan Administrator means the person, persons or entity designated by the Employer in the Adoption Agreement to administer the Plan and to serve as the agent for the "Company" with respect to the Trust as contemplated by the agreement establishing the Trust. If no such person or entity is so serving at any time, the Employer shall be the Plan Administrator.
- 2.18 Plan Year means the 12-month period chosen in the Adoption Agreement.
- 2.19 Total and Permanent Disability means the inability of a Participant to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less that 12 months, and the permanence and degree of which shall be supported by medical evidence satisfactory to the Plan Administrator.
- 2.20 Trust means the trust established by the Employer that identifies the Plan as a plan with respect to which assets are to be held by the Trustee.
- 2.21 Trustee means the trustee or trustees under the Trust.
- 2.22 Year of Service means the computation period and service requirement elected in the Adoption Agreement.

#### ARTICLE 3 - PARTICIPATION

#### 3.1 Commencement of Participation

Any individual who elects to defer part of his or her Compensation in accordance with Section 4.1 shall become a Participant in the Plan as of the date such deferrals commence in accordance with Section 4.1. Any individual who is not already a Participant and whose Account is credited with an incentive Contribution shall become a Participant as of the date such amount is credited.

#### 3.2 Continued Participation

A Participant in the Plan shall continue to be a Participant so long as any amount remains credited to his or her Account.

#### ARTICLE 4 - ELECTIVE AND MATCHING DEFERRALS

#### 4.1 Elective Deferrals

An individual who is an Eligible Employee on the Effective Date may, by completing an Elections Form and filing it with the Plan Administrator within 30 days following the Effective Date, elect to defer a percentage or dollar amount of one or more payments of Compensation, on such terms as the Plan Administrator may permit, which are payable to the Participant after the date on which the individual files the Election form. Any individual who becomes an Eligible Employee after the Effective Date may, by completing an Election Form and filing it with the Plan Administrator within 30 days following the date on which the Plan Administrator gives such individual written notice that the individual is an Eligible Employee, elect to defer a percentage or dollar amount of one or more payments of Compensation, on such terms as the Plan Administrator may permit, which are payable to the Participant after the date on which the individual files the Election Form. Any Eliqible Employee who has not otherwise initially elected to defer Compensation in accordance with this paragraph 4.1 may elect to defer a percentage of dollar amount of one or more payments of Compensation, on such terms as the Plan Administrator may permit, commencing with Compensation paid in the next succeeding Plan Year, by completing an Election form prior to the first day of such succeeding Plan Year. In addition, a Participant may defer all or part of the amount of any elective deferral or matching contribution made on his or her behalf to the Employer's 401(k) plan for the prior Plan year but treated as an excess contribution or otherwise limited by the application of the limitations of sections 401(k), 401(m), 415 or 402(q) of the Code, so long as the Participant so indicates on an Election Form. A Participant's Compensation shall be reduced in accordance with Participant's election hereunder and amounts deferred hereunder shall be paid by the Employer to the Trust as soon as administratively feasible and credited to the Participant's Account as of the date the amounts are received by the Trustee.

An election to defer a percentage or dollar amount of Compensation for any Plan Year shall apply for subsequent Plan years unless changed or revoked. A Participant may change or revoke his or her deferral election as of the first day of any Plan Year by giving written notice to the Plan Administrator before such first day (or any such earlier date as the Plan Administrator man prescribe).

## 4.2 Matching Deferrals

After each payroll period, monthly, quarterly, or annually, at the Employer's discretion, the Employer shall contribute to the Trust Matching Deferrals equal to the rate of Matching Contribution selected by the Employer, if any, and multiplied by the amount of the Elective Deferrals credited to the Participants' Accounts for such period under Section 4.1. Each Matching Deferral will be credited, as of the later of the date it is received by the Trustee or the date The Trustee receives from the Plan Administrator such instructions as the Trustee may reasonably require to allocate the amount received among the asset accounts maintained by the Trustee, to the Paricipants' Accounts pro rata in accordance with the amount of Elective Deferrals of each Participant which are taken into account in calculating the Matching Deferral.

#### 4.3 Incentive Contributions

In addition to other contributions provided for under the Plan, the Employer may, in its sole discretion, select one or more Eligible Employees to receive an Incentive Contribution to his or her Account on such terms as the Employer shall specify at the time it makes the contribution. For example, the Employer may contribute an amount to a Participant's Account and condition the payment of that amount and accrued earnings thereon upon the Participant remaining employed by the Employer for an additional specified period of time. The terms specified

by the Employer shall supersede any other provision of this Plan as regards Incentive Contributions and earnings with respect thereto, provided that if the Employer does not specify a method of distribution, the Incentive Contribution shall be distributed in a manner consistent with the election last made by the particular Participant prior to the year in which the Incentive Contribution is made. The Employer, in its discretion, may permit the Participant to designate a distribution schedule for a particular Incentive Contribution provided that such designation is made prior to the time that the Employer finally determines that the Participant will receive the Incentive Contribution.

#### ARTICLE 5 - ACCOUNTS

#### 5.1 Accounts

The plan Administrator shall establish an Account for each Participant reflecting Elective Deferrals, Matching Deferrals and Incentive Contributions made for the Participant's benefit together with any adjustments for income, gain or loss and any payments from the Account. The Plan Administrator may cause the Trustee to maintain and invest separate asset accounts corresponding to each Participant's Account. The Plan Administrator shall establish sub-accounts for each Participant that has more than one election in effect under Section 7.1 and such other sub-accounts as are necessary for the proper administration of the Plan. As of the last business day of each calendar quarter, the Plan Administrator shall provide the Participant with a statement of his or her Account reflecting the income, gains and losses (realized and unrealized), amounts of deferrals, and distributions of such Account since the prior statement.

#### 5.2 Investments

The assets of the Trust shall be invested in such investments as the Trustee shall determine. The Trustee may (but is not required to) consider the Employer's or a Participant's investment preferences when investing the assets attributable to a Participant's Account.

#### ARTICLE 6 - VESTING

#### 6.1 General

A Participant shall be immediately vested in, i.e., shall have a nonforfeitable right to, all Elective Deferrals, and all income and gain attributable thereto, credited to his or her Account. A Participant shall become vested in the portion of his or her Account attributable to Matching Deferrals and income and gain attributable thereto in accordance with the schedule selected by the Employer in the Adoption Agreement, subject to earlier vesting in accordance with Sections 6.3, 6.4, and 6.5.

#### 6.2 Vesting Service

For purposes of applying the vesting schedule in the Adoption Agreement, a Participant shall be considered to have completed a Year of Service for each complete year of full-time service with the Employer of an Affiliate, measured from the Participant's first date of such employment, unless the Employer also maintains a 401(k) plan that is qualified under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code in which the Participant participates, in which case the rules governing vesting service under that plan shall also be controlling under this Plan.

## 6.3 Change of Control

A Participant shall become fully vested in his or her Account immediately prior to a Change of Control of the Employer.

### 6.4 Death or Disability

A Participant shall become fully vested in his or her Account immediately prior to termination of the Participant's employment by reason of the Participant's death or Total and Permanent Disability. Whether a Participant's termination of

employment is by reason of the Participant's Total and Permanent Disability shall be determined by the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion.

#### 6.5 Insolvency

A Participant shall become fully vested in his or her Account immediately prior to the Employer becoming insolvent, in which case the Participant will have the same rights as a general creditor of the Employer with respect to his or her Account balance.

#### ARTICLE 7 - PAYMENTS

## 7.1 Election as to Time and Form of Payment

A Participant shall elect (on the Election Form used to elect to defer Compensation under Section 4.1) the date at which the Elective Deferrals and vested Matching Deferrals (including any earnings attributable thereto) will commence to be paid to the Participant.

The Participant shall also elect thereon for payments to be paid in either:

- a. a single lump-sum payment; or
- b. annual installments over a period elected by the Participant up to 10 years, the amount of each installment to equal the balance of his or her Account immediately prior to the installment divided by the number of installments remaining to be paid.

Each such election will be effective for the Plan Year for which it is made and succeeding Plan Years, unless changed by the Participant. Any change will be effective only for Elective Deferrals and Matching Deferrals made for the first Plan Year beginning after the date on which the Election Form containing the change is filed with the Plan Administrator. Except as provided in Sections 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, or 7.5, payment of a Participant's Account shall be made in accordance with the Participant's elections under this Section 7.1.

#### 7.2 Change of Control

As soon as possible following a Change of Control of the Employer, each Participant shall be paid his or her entire Account balance (including any amount vested pursuant to Section 6.3) in a single lump sum.

## 7.3 Termination of Employment

Upon termination of a Participant's employment for any reason other than death and prior to the attainment of the Retirement Age specified in the Adoption Agreement, the vested portion of the Participant's Account (including any portion vested pursuant to Section 6.4 as a consequence of the Participant's Total and Permanent Disability) shall be paid to the Participant in a single lump sum as soon as practicable following the date of such termination; provided, however, that the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion, may pay out a Participant's Account balance in annual installments if the Participant's employment terminates by reason of the Participant's Total and Permanent Disability.

#### 7.4 Death

If a Participant dies prior to the complete distribution of his or her Account, the balance of the Account shall be paid as soon as practicable to the Participant's designated beneficiary or beneficiaries, in the form elected by the Participant under either of the following options:

- a. a single lump-sum payment; or
- b. annual installments over a period elected by the Participant up to 10 years, the amount of each installment to equal the balance of the Account immediately prior to the installment divided by the number of installments remaining to be paid.

Any designation of beneficiary and form of payment to such beneficiary shall be made by the Participant on an Election Form filed with the Plan Administrator and may be changed by the Participant at any time by filing another Election Form containing the revised instructions. If no beneficiary is designated or no designated beneficiary survives the Participant, payment shall be made to the Participant's surviving spouse, or, if none, to his or her issue per stirpes, in a single payment. If no spouse or issue survives the Participant, payment shall be made in a single lump sum to the Participant's estate.

#### 7.5 Unforeseen Emergency

If a Participant suffers an unforeseen emergency, as defined herein, the Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion, may pay to the Participant only that portion, if any, of the vested portion of his or her Account which the Plan Administrator determines is necessary to satisfy the emergency need, including any amounts necessary to pay any federal, state or local income taxes reasonably anticipated to result from the distribution. A Participant requesting an emergency payment shall apply for the payment in writing in a form approved by the Plan Administrator and shall provide such additional information as the Plan Administrator may require. For purposes of this paragraph, "unforeseen emergency" means an immediate and heavy financial need resulting from any of the following:

- a. expenses which are not covered by insurance and which the Participant or his or spouse or dependent has incurred as a result of, or is required to incur in order to receive, medical care;
- b. the need to prevent eviction of a Participant from his or her principal residence or foreclosure on the mortgage of the Participant's principal residence; or
- c. any other circumstance that is determined by the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion to constitute an unforeseen emergency which is not covered by insurance and which cannot reasonably be relieved by the liquidation of the Participant's assets.

## 7.6 Forfeiture of Non-vested Amounts

To the extent that any amounts credited to a Participant's Account are not vested at the time such amounts are otherwise payable under Sections 7.1 or 7.3, such amounts shall be forfeited and shall be used to satisfy the Employer's obligation to make contributions to the Trust under the Plan.

## 7.7 Taxes

All federal, state or local taxes that the Plan Administrator determines are required to be withheld from any payments made pursuant to this Article 7 shall be withheld.

#### 7.8 Limitation on Distributions

The total amount of distributions from the Plan to any individual during any Plan year when added to all other taxable compensation received by that individual from the Company during that Plan year shall be limited so the total amount of compensation for that individual can be deducted by the Company as compensation expense during that same period for Federal Income Tax reporting purposes.

#### ARTICLE 8 - PLAN ADMINISTRATOR

## 8.1 Plan Administration and Interpretation

The Plan Administrator shall oversee the administration of the Plan. The Plan Administrator shall have complete control and authority to determine the rights and benefits and all claims, demands and actions arising out of the provisions of the Plan of any Participant, beneficiary, deceased Participant, or other person having or claiming to have any interest under the Plan. The Plan Administrator shall have complete discretion to interpret the Plan and to decide

all matters under the Plan. Such interpretation and decision shall be final, conclusive and binding on all Participants and any person claiming under or through any Participant, in the absence of clear and convincing evidence that the Plan Administrator acted arbitrarily and capriciously. Any individual(s) serving as Plan Administrator who is a Participant will not vote or act on any matter relating solely to himself or herself. When making a determination or calculation, the Plan Administrator shall be entitled to rely on information furnished by a Participant, a beneficiary, the Employer or the Trustee. The Plan Administrator shall have the responsibility for complying with any reporting and disclosure requirements of ERISA.

#### 8.2 Powers, Duties, Procedures, Etc.

The Plan Administrator shall have such powers and duties, may adopt such rules and tables, may act in accordance with such procedures, may appoint such officers or agents, may delegate such powers and duties, may receive such reimbursements and compensation, and shall follow such claims and appeal procedures with respect to the Plan as it may establish.

#### 8.3 Information

To enable the Plan Administrator to perform its functions, the Employer shall supply full and timely information to the Plan Administrator on all matters relating to the compensation of Participants, their employment, retirement, death, termination of employment, and such other pertinent facts as the Plan Administrator may require.

#### 8.4 Indemnification of Plan Administrator

The Employer agrees to indemnify and to defend to the fullest extent permitted by law any officer(s) or employee(s) who serve as Plan Administrator (including any such individual who formerly served as Plan Administrator) against all liabilities, damages, costs and expenses (including attorney's fees and amounts paid in settlement of any claims approved by the Employer) occasioned by any act or omission to act in connection with the Plan, if such act or omission is in good faith.

#### ARTICLE 9 - AMENDMENTS AND TERMINATION

#### 9.1 Amendments

The Employer shall have the right to amend the Plan from time to time, subject to Section 9.3, by an instrument in writing which has been executed on the Employer's behalf by its duly authorized officer.

#### 9.2 Termination of Plan

This Plan is strictly a voluntary undertaking on the part of the Employer and shall not be deemed to constitute a contract between the Employer and any Eligible Employee (or any other employee) or a consideration for, or an inducement or condition of employment for, the performance of the services by any Eligible Employee (or other employee). The Employer reserves the right to terminate the Plan at any time, subject to Section 9.3, by an instrument in writing which has been executed on the Employer's behalf by its duly authorized officer. Upon termination, the Employer may (a) elect to continue to maintain the Trust to pay benefits hereunder as they become due as if the Plan had not terminated or (b) direct the Trustee to pay promptly to Participants (or their beneficiaries) the vested balance of their Accounts. For purposes of the preceding sentence, in the event the Employer chooses to implement clause (b), the Account balances of all Participants who are in the employ of the Employer at the time the Trustee is directed to pay such balances shall become fully vested and nonforfeitable. After Participants and their beneficiaries are paid all Plan benefits to which they are entitled, all remaining assets of the Trust attributable to Participants who terminated employment with the Employer prior to termination of the Plan and who were not fully vested in their Accounts under Article 6 at that time shall be returned to the Employer.

#### 9.3 Existing Rights

No amendment or termination of the Plan shall adversely affect the rights of any Participant with respect to amounts that have been credited to his or her Account prior to the date of such amendment or termination.

#### ARTICLE 10 - MISCELLANEOUS

#### 10.1 No Funding

The Plan constitutes a mere promise by the Employer to make payments in accordance with the terms of the Plan and Participants and beneficiaries shall have the status of general unsecured creditors of the Employer. Nothing in the Plan will be construed to give any employee or any other person rights to any specific assets of the Employer or of any other person. In all events, it is the intent of the Employer that the Plan be treated as unfunded for tax purposes and for purposes of Title I of ERISA.

#### 10.2 Non-assignability

None of the benefits, payments, proceeds or claims of any Participant or beneficiary shall be subject to any claim of any creditor of any Participant or beneficiary and, in particular, the same shall not be subject to attachment or garnishment or other legal process by any creditor of such Participant or beneficiary, nor shall any Participant or beneficiary have any right to alienate, anticipate, commute, pledge, encumber or assign any of the benefits or payments or proceeds which he or she may expect to receive, contingently or otherwise, under the Plan.

#### 10.3 Limitation of Participants' Rights

Nothing contained in the Plan shall confer upon any person a right to be employed or to continue in the employ of the Employer, or interfere in any way with the right of the Employer to terminate the employment of a Participant in the Plan at any time, with or without cause.

#### 10.4 Participants Bound

Any action with respect to the Plan taken by the Plan Administrator or the Employer or the Trustee or any action authorized by or taken at the direction of the Plan Administrator, the Employer or the Trustee shall be conclusive upon all Participants and beneficiaries entitled to benefits under the Plan.

#### 10.5 Receipt and Release

Any payment to any Participant or beneficiary in accordance with the provisions of the Plan shall, to the extent thereof, be in full satisfaction of all claims against the Employer, the Plan Administrator and the Trustee under the Plan, and the Plan Administrator may require such Participant or beneficiary, as a condition precedent to such payment, to execute a receipt and release to such effect. If any Participant or beneficiary is determined by the Plan Administrator to be incompetent by reason of Physical or mental disability (including minority) to give a valid receipt and release, the Plan Administrator may cause the payment or payments becoming due to such person to be made to another person for his or her benefit without responsibility on the part of the Plan Administrator, the Employer or the Trustee to follow the application of such funds.

#### 10.6 Governing Law

The Plan shall be construed, administered, and governed in all respects under and by the laws of the state in which the Employer maintains its primary place of business. If any provision shall be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions hereof shall continue to be fully effective.

## 10.7 Headings and Subheadings

Headings and subheadings in this Plan are inserted for convenience only and are

not to be considered in the construction of the provisions hereof.

# THE GCI SPECIAL NON-QUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN ADOPTION AGREEMENT

- 1. EMPLOYER INFORMATION
- A. Name of Plan: The GCI Special Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan
- B. Name and Address of employer sponsoring the Plan. Please provide employer's business name.

General Communication, Inc. Business Name

2550 Denali Street, Suite 1000 Address

Anchorage City

Alaska 99503 State Zip Code

C. Provide employer's primary contact for the Plan and telephone and FAX numbers. Also include the employer's Tax Identification Number.

John M. Lowber Primary Contact

Sr. V.P. & CFO Title

907-265-5628 Telephone

907-265-5676 FAX

92-0072737

Employer Tax Identification Number

- D. Give the first day of the 12-month period for which the employer pays taxes: January 1
- 2. PLAN INFORMATION
- A. What is the effective date of the Plan? February 9, 1995
- B. Plan Years Ends. Your "Plan Year" is the 12 consecutive-month period for which you credit elective and matching deferrals and keep Plan records. Enter the last day of your Plan Year. December 31
- 3. ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES

Those key employees of the Company selected by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors.

4. COMPENSATION

Compensation is used to determine the amount of Elective Deferrals a Participant can elect. Compensation under the Plan is defined as the

Participant's wages, salaries, fees for professional services and other amounts received (without regard to whether or not an amount is paid in cash) for personal services actually rendered in the course of employment with the Employer or an Affiliate to the extent that the amounts are includable in gross income, including but not limited to commissions paid to salespersons, compensation for services on the basis of a percentage of profits and bonuses, but not including those items excludable from the definition of compensation under Treas. Reg. section 1.415-2(d)(3). For purposes of the Plan, Compensation will be determined before giving effect to Elective Deferrals and other salary reduction amounts which are not included in the Participant's gross income under Code section 125, 401(k), 402(h) or 403(b).

#### 5. CONTRIBUTIONS

- A. Elective Deferrals. Participants may elect to reduce their Compensation and to have Elective Deferrals credited to their Accounts by making an election under the Plan (which may be changed each year for later Plan Years as described in the plan), but no Participant may defer more than 100% of his or her Compensation for a Plan Year.
- B. Matching Deferrals. The Employer will decide from year to year whether Matching Deferrals will be made and will notify Participants annually of the manner in which Matching Deferrals, if any, will be calculated for the subsequent year.
- C. Discretionary Incentive Contributions. The Employer may make Discretionary Incentive Contributions in any amounts the Employer selects. These contributions will be subject to the vesting schedule selected in Item 6C.
- 6. VESTING OF MATCHING DEFERRALS AND DISCRETIONARY INCENTIVE CONTRIBUTIONS
- A. Vesting Schedule for Matching Deferrals. Matching Deferrals shall vest on a case by case basis as specified by the Employer.
- B. Vesting Service. Service with a predecessor employer will not be considered.
- C. Vesting Schedule for Discretionary Incentive Contributions. Discretionary Incentive Contributions vest in accordance with a schedule adopted by the Employer on a case by case basis.

#### 7. ACCOUNTS

The Trustee can either invest each Participant's Account balance as a separate account (in which case the Trustee, could, but would not be required to, take into consideration the investment preferences of the Participants) or invest the Account balances of all Participants as a single fund (in which case the Trustee could, but would not be required to, take into consideration the investment preference of the Employer) Account balances are to be invested separately.

## 8. RETIREMENT AGE

The Retirement Age under the Plan is age 60.

#### 9. WITHDRAWALS WHILE WORKING

Withdrawals for Unforeseen Emergency. Participants may make withdrawals while working in the event they encounter an unforeseen emergency. They generally can withdraw the vested portions of their Accounts.

NOTE: Withdrawals are strictly limited as described in Plan Section 7.5. It is the Plan Administrator's responsibility to ensure that the limits are being followed. Excess withdrawals may result in loss of the tax deferral on all amounts credited under the Plan for the benefit of all Participants.

Withdrawals of the vested portion of a Participant's Account for unforeseen emergencies are permitted to the full extent allowable under the plan.

#### 10. ADMINISTRATION

Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator is legally responsible for the operation of the Plan, including:

- Keeping track of which employees are eligible to participate in the Plan and the date each employee becomes eligible to participate.
- Maintaining Participants' Accounts, including all sub-accounts required for different contribution types and payment elections, and keeping track of all elections made by Participants under the Plan and any other relevant information.
- Transmitting important communications to the Participants, and obtaining relevant information from Participants such as changes in investment selections:
- Filing important reports required to be submitted to governmental agencies.

The Plan Administrator will be the person identified below:

John M. Lowber Name

Sr. Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

#### 11. SIGNATURES

After reviewing the Adoption Agreement, enter the name of the Employer. The signature of the Employer or person signing for the Employer must be witnessed.

General Communication, Inc. Name of Employer

By:

/s/ Ronald A. Duncan Authorized Signature

Ronald A. Duncan, President Print Name and Title

WITNESS:

/s/ John M. Lowber John M. Lowber, SVP & CFO Print Name and Title

## SECOND AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS SECOND AMENDMENT TO AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") is dated as of the 31st day of October, 1995, and entered into among GCI Communication Corp., an Alaskan corporation (herein, together with its successors and assigns, called the "Company"), the Banks (as defined in the Credit Agreement as defined below), NATIONSBANK OF TEXAS, N.A., a national banking association, as Administrative Agent for itself and the Banks (the "Administrative Agent").

## WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Company, the Banks, and the Administrative Agent entered into an Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated April 30, 1993, as amended by that certain First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of October 3, 1994 (as further amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Company has requested that the Credit Agreement be amended to provide for an increase and changes in the letter of credit provisions, changes in certain financial covenants and certain other changes;

WHEREAS, the Banks, the Administrative Agent and the Company have agreed to modify the Credit Agreement upon the terms and conditions set forth below;

NOW, THEREFORE, for valuable consideration hereby acknowledged, the Company, the Banks and the Administrative Agent agree as follows:

SECTION 1. Definitions.

- (a) In General. Unless specifically defined or redefined below, capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Credit Agreement.
- (b) Definition of Aggregate Commitment . The definition of "Aggregate Commitment" on page 2 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
  - "Aggregate Commitment" means the aggregate of the Commitments of all the Banks hereunder, as such Aggregate Commitment may be reduced pursuant to Section 2.1(f) of this Agreement.
- (c) Definition of Commitment. The definition of "Commitment" on page 5 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
  - "Commitment" means, for each Bank, the obligation of the Bank to make Loans and issue Facility Letters of Credit not exceeding its pro rata part of \$15,750,000, as such amount may be modified from time to time, as specified and set forth in any Assignment and Acceptance Agreement, or any amendment to this Agreement.
- (d) Definition of Facility Letter of Credit Commitment . The definition of "Facility Letter of Credit Commitment" on page 7 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:
  - "Facility Letter of Credit Commitment" means an amount equal to \$3,000,000, as such amount may be reduced by the Company from time to time.
- (e) Definition of Fixed Charges. The definition of "Fixed Charges" on page 8 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"Fixed Charges" means, for any period, the sum of (A) interest expense on all Indebtedness of the Parent, the Company and the Subsidiaries, (B) scheduled principal payments on all Indebtedness of the Parent, the Company and its Subsidiaries, plus (C) Capital Expenditures paid by the Company or any Subsidiary, minus the cash balance in the Company and its Subsidiaries as of any such quarter end upon which such determination is made.

(f) Definition of Loan Documents. The definition of "Loan Documents" on page 11 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"Loan Documents" means this Agreement, the Notes, the Second Facility Loan Notes, the Pledge and Security Agreement, the Parent Pledge Agreement, the Assignment and Security Agreement executed by the Company, any Guaranties of the Obligations, the Fee Letter, Rate Hedging Agreements executed by the Company with any Bank, any other fee letter, the Facility Letters of Credit, the Second Facility Letter of Credit and all Applications and other agreements relating to the Facility Letters of Credit and the Second Facility Letter of Credit, notes, instruments, documents and other items executed or delivered by any Person in connection herewith, as any such documents, instruments, notes or items may be amended, substituted, modified, replaced or extended from time to time.

(g) Definition of Obligations. The definition of "Obligations" on page 12 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"Obligations" means all unpaid principal of and accrued and unpaid interest on the Notes, all obligations under the Loan Documents, including, without limitation, all accrued and unpaid fees, all Reimbursement Obligations, Second Reimbursement Obligations, Facility Letter of Credit Obligations, Second Facility Letter of Credit Obligations and all other obligations of the Company, the Parent and the Subsidiaries to the Banks or to any Bank or the Administrative Agent arising under or in connection with the Facility Letters of Credit, the Second Facility Letter of Credit, the Applications, the Notes, the Second Facility Loan Notes, this Agreement, any Guaranties of the Obligations, the Loan Documents and Rate Hedging Obligations which are owed to any Bank, including without limitation, interest, fees and other charges that would accrue or become owing both prior to and subsequent to and but for the commencement of any proceeding against or with respect to the Company, the Parent, or any of their Subsidiaries under any chapter of the Bankruptcy Code of 1978, 11 U.S.C. Sec. 101 et. seq whether or not a claim is allowed for the same in any such proceeding to the extent permitted by law.

(h) Definition of Note. The definition of "Note" on pages 11 and 12 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"Note" means (a) a promissory note in substantially the form of Exhibit "A" hereto, duly executed and delivered to the Administrative Agent by the Company and payable to the order of a Bank in the amount of its Commitment, or (b) any Second Facility Loan Note, or both, as applicable in the context, including any amendment, modification, extension, renewal or replacement of all of such promissory notes.

(i) Definition of Required Banks. The definition of "Required Banks" on page 14 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

"Required Banks" means Banks in the aggregate holding at least 66-2/3% of the sum of (a) the aggregate unpaid principal amount of the outstanding Advances and (b) the aggregate unpaid amount of the

Reimbursement Obligations plus the Second Reimbursement Obligations, or, if no Advances, Facility Letter of Credit Obligations or the Second Facility Letter of Credit are outstanding, Banks in the aggregate having least 66-2/3% of the Aggregate Commitment.

(j) Definition of Second Facility Letter of Credit Commitment. The definition of "Second Facility Letter of Credit Commitment" shall be added in its entirety to page 14 of the Credit Agreement in alphabetical order as follows:

"Second Facility Letter of Credit Commitment" means an amount equal to \$10,080,000, as such amount may be reduced by the Company from time to time.

(k) Definition of Second Facility Letter of Credit. The definition of "Second Facility Letter of Credit" shall be added in its entirety to page 14 of the Credit Agreement in alphabetical order as follows:

"Second Facility Letter of Credit" means that certain irrevocable stand-by NationsBank of Texas, N.A. Letter of Credit issued or to be issued for the benefit of Hughes Communications Galaxy, Inc. for the account of the Company, in the original maximum face amount of \$9,100,000.

(1) Definition of Second Facility Letter of Credit Obligations. The definition of "Second Facility Letter of Credit Obligations" shall be added in its entirety to page 14 of the Credit Agreement in alphabetical order as follows:

"Second Facility Letter of Credit Obligations" means, as at the time of determination thereof, all liabilities, whether actual or contingent, of the Company to the Banks with respect to their interests in the Second Facility Letter of Credit as Issuer or participant, including the sum of (a) unpaid Second Reimbursement Obligations and (b) the aggregate undrawn face amount of the outstanding Second Facility Letter of Credit.

(m) Definition of Second Facility Loan. The definition of "Second Facility Loan" shall be added in its entirety to page 14 of the Credit Agreement in alphabetical order as follows:

"Second Facility Loan" has the meaning ascribed thereto in Section  $2.1(a)\ (ii)$  of this Agreement.

(n) Definition of Second Facility Loan Note. The definition of "Second Facility Loan Note" shall be added in its entirety to page 14 of the Credit Agreement in alphabetical order as follows:

"Second Facility Loan Note" means promissory notes in form acceptable to the Administrative Agent evidencing the Second Facility Loan, duly executed and delivered to the Administrative Agent and each Bank in the amount of each Bank's pro rata percentage of the Second Facility Loan, including any amendment, modification, extension, renewal or replacement of any of such promissory notes.

(o) Definition of Second Reimbursement Obligations. The definition of "Second Reimbursement Obligations" shall be added in its entirety to page 14 of the Credit Agreement in alphabetical order as follows:

"Second Reimbursement Obligations" means, at any time, the aggregate of the obligations of the Company to the Banks in respect of all unreimbursed payments or disbursements made by the Banks under or pursuant to the Second Facility Letter of Credit.

SECTION 2. Heading on Page 1. The number \$15,000,000 on the top of page 1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read \$25,830,000.

SECTION 3. Sections 2.1, 2.2., 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5. Sections 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 and 2.5 on pages 15 through 22 of the Credit Agreement are hereby amended and restated in their entirety to read as follow:

#### 2.1. Loans.

- (a) (i) Loans Prior to Maturity Date. From and including the date of this Agreement and prior to the Maturity Date, each Bank severally agrees, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement, to make Loans to the Company from time to time in amounts not to exceed in the aggregate at any one time outstanding the amount of its Available Commitment. Subject to the terms of this Agreement, the Company may borrow, repay and reborrow up to the amount of the Aggregate Available Commitment at any time prior to the Maturity Date.
- (ii) Loans Upon Draws Under the Second Facility Letter of Credit. So long as (A) there exists no Unmatured Default or Default under this Agreement both before and immediately after giving effect to any such loan, (B) the Second Facility Letter of Credit has been terminated, (C) there has been a draw under the Second Facility Letter of Credit, and (D) each Bank has received a duly completed and executed Second Facility Loan Note, and subject to the terms of this Agreement, each Bank severally agrees to make a term Loan to the Company in an amount not to exceed in the aggregate, the draw under the Second Facility Letter of Credit (the "Second Facility Loan"). Amounts repaid by the Company under the Second Facility Loan are not entitled to be reborrowed by the Company.
- (b) Ratable Loans. Each Advance hereunder shall consist of Loans made from the several Banks ratably in proportion to the ratio that their respective Commitments bear to the Aggregate Commitment.
- (c) Rate Options; Interest Period Payments. Each Advance shall bear interest at either the Floating Rate, the Fixed CD Rate or the Eurodollar Rate, as the Company may select in accordance with the terms of Section 2.1(h) of this Agreement. Each Advance shall be paid in full by the Company on the last day of the Interest Period applicable thereto.
- (d) Interest Recapture. If at any time the applicable rate of interest under the Agreement on any portion of the Obligations (the "Designated Rate") exceeds the Highest Lawful Rate, the rate of interest on any Advance shall be limited to the Highest Lawful Rate, but any subsequent reductions in the Designated Rate shall not reduce the rate of interest thereon below the Highest Lawful Rate until the total amount of interest paid and accrued thereon equals the amount of interest which would have accrued thereon if the Designated Rate had at all times been in effect. In the event that at maturity (stated or by acceleration or otherwise), or at final payment of the Obligations, the total amount of interest paid and accrued is less than the amount of interest which would have accrued if the Designated Rate had at all times been in effect, then, at such time and to the extent permitted by law, the Company shall pay to the Banks an amount equal to the difference between (i) the lesser of the amount of interest which would have accrued if the Designated Rate had at all times been in effect and the amount of interest which would have accrued if the Highest Lawful Rate had at all times been in effect, and (ii) the amount of interest actually paid on the Obligations.

## (e) Mandatory Principal Payments.

(i) If the Company shall grant or implement a material price decrease in MTS Service and the Company shall fail to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Required Banks, by projections employing revised revenue forecasts based upon such price decrease that, after giving effect thereto, the Company will be in compliance with the provisions of Section 7.4 for the remaining term of this Agreement, then the Company shall either (i) make a mandatory prepayment on the Advances outstanding in such amount as the Required Banks shall deem necessary to accomplish compliance with the provisions of Section 7.4 or (ii) furnish the Banks with cash collateral in such amount as the

Required Banks shall deem satisfactory. Mandatory payments made pursuant to this Section 2.1.(e)(i) may not be reborrowed.

- (ii) Upon any reduction in the Aggregate Commitment in accordance with the terms of Section 2.1(f) below, the Company shall immediately pay any amount necessary to reduce the outstanding Obligations to an amount equal to or less than the sum of the Aggregate Available Commitment plus the Second Facility Letter of Credit or Second Reimbursement Obligations, together with interest and fees accrued through such date on such amount repaid.
- (iii) All outstanding Obligations shall be due and payable in full on the Maturity Date.
- (iv) The Company may from time to time pay all outstanding Floating Rate Advances, or, in a minimum aggregate amount of \$100,000, or any integral multiple thereof, any portion of the outstanding Floating Rate Advances upon one Business Day's prior notice to the Administrative Agent without penalty or premium. Subject to the terms of Section 4.3, the Company may from time to time pay all Fixed Rate Advances, or, in a minimum aggregate amount of \$1,000,000, or any integral multiple of \$100,000 in excess thereof, any portion of the outstanding Fixed Rate Advances upon three Business Days' prior written notice.
- (v) All Reimbursement Obligations and Second Reimbursement Obligations shall be due and payable on the earlier of (A) the Maturity Date or (B) demand by the Administrative Agent.
- (vi) If at any time the Company or any Subsidiary sells assets or properties not in the ordinary course of business, which, in the aggregate for any fiscal year of the Company, exceeds a gross sales price of \$500,000, the Company shall immediately make a prepayment on the Second Facility Loan (or, if the Second Facility Letter of Credit shall not have been drawn upon, the Company shall establish a cash collateral account with the Administrative Agent to secure a draw against the Second Facility Loan) in an amount equal to 100% of the net proceeds of each such sale until the Second Facility Loan has been repaid in full (or is 100% cash collateralized).

#### (f) Reduction of Commitment

(i) Optional. The Company may permanently reduce the Aggregate Commitment in whole, or in part ratably among the Banks, in integral multiples of \$500,000, upon at least ten Business Days' written notice to the Administrative Agent, which shall specify the amount of any such reduction, provided, however, that the amount of the Aggregate Commitment may not be reduced below the outstanding principal amount of the Advances outstanding thereunder. No reduction in the Aggregate Commitment shall reduce the Facility Letter of Credit Commitment unless (A) there are no outstanding Facility Letters of Credit and (B) (I) the Company shall designate such Aggregate Commitment reduction in writing to apply to the Facility Letter of Credit Commitment or (II) the Facility Letter of Credit Commitment shall be the only part of the Aggregate Commitment that has not been reduced to zero. All accrued fees shall be payable on the effective date of any termination of the Aggregate Commitment.

## (ii) Mandatory.

(A) Scheduled Reduction. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement reducing the Aggregate Commitment or otherwise, commencing June 30, 1993 and on each Payment Date thereafter, the Aggregate Commitment shall be permanently reduced by the amount set forth opposite the applicable Payment Date below until the Aggregate Commitment is reduced to zero. the Aggregate Commitment shall never be less than zero. Once reduced, the Aggregate Commitment (or the Commitment of any Bank) may not be reinstated.

	Thiodire of committenerie
Payment Dates	Reduction
June 30, 1993	\$650,000
September 30, 1993	\$650,000
December 31, 1993	\$650,000
March 31, 1994	\$650,000
June 30, 1994	\$650,000
September 30, 1994	\$650,000
December 31, 1994	\$650,000
March 31, 1995	\$650,000
June 30, 1995	\$650,000
September 30, 1995	\$650,000
December 31, 1995	\$650,000
March 31, 1996	\$650,000
June 30, 1996	\$650,000
September 30, 1996	\$650,000
December 31, 1996	\$650,000
March 31, 1997	\$812,500
June 30, 1997	\$812,500
September 30, 1997	\$812,500
December 31, 1997	All remaining amounts in
	excess of zero

Amount of Commitment

- (B) Asset Sales. After the Second Facility Loan is repaid in full, if at any time the Company or any Subsidiary sells assets or properties not in the ordinary course of business, which, in the aggregate for any fiscal year of the Company, exceeds a gross sales price of \$500,000, the Aggregate Commitment shall be immediately reduced by an amount equal to 100% of the net proceeds of each such sale until the Aggregate Commitment is zero.
- (C) Expiration of Facility Letters of Credit. At such time as the Company permits all of the Facility Letters of Credit to terminate according to their terms (or such Facility Letters of Credit are replaced or substituted by Letters of Credit issued by an institution other than Administrative Agent), the Facility Letter of Credit Commitment shall be reduced to zero.
- (D) Maturity Date. The Aggregate Commitment, the Facility Letter of Credit Commitment and each Bank's Commitment shall be reduced immediately to zero on the Maturity Date.
- (E) Expiration of Second Facility Letter of Credit. The Second Facility Letter of Credit Commitment shall be immediately reduced to zero on June 30, 1996.
- (g) Method of Borrowing. Not later than noon Dallas time on each Borrowing Date, each Bank shall make available its Loan or Loans in funds immediately available in Dallas, to the Administrative Agent at its address specified on the signature pages or to such other address as the Administrative Agent requests in writing. The Administrative Agent will make the funds so received from the Banks available to the Company at the Administrative Agent's address set forth in Section 11.18 below. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section, to the extent that a Loan made by a Bank matures on the Borrowing Date of a requested Loan, such Bank shall apply the proceeds of the Loan it is then making to the repayment of the maturing Loan.
- (h) Method of Selecting Rate Options and Interest Periods. The Company shall select the Rate Option and Interest Period applicable to each Advance from time to time. The Company shall give the Administrative Agent irrevocable notice (a "Borrowing Notice") to Ms. Linda Brown, telephone number (214) 508-3044 (facsimile number (214) 508-2020), not later than 10:00 a.m. Dallas time at least one Business Day before the Borrowing Date of each Floating Rate Advance, two Business Days before the Borrowing Date of each Fixed CD Rate Advance and three Business Days before the Borrowing Date of each Eurodollar

- (i) the Borrowing Date, which shall be a Business Day, of such Advance,
- (ii) the aggregate amount of such Advance and whether such Advance is made under the Aggregate Commitment or the Second Facility Loan,
- (iii) the Rate Option selected for such Advance, and
- (iv)in the case of each Fixed Rate Advance, the Interest Period applicable thereto.

Each Fixed Rate Advance shall bear interest from and including the first day of the Interest Period applicable thereto to (but not including) the last day of such Interest Period at the interest rate determined as applicable to such Fixed Rate Advance. The Company may not select a Fixed Rate for an Advance if there exists a Default or Unmatured Default. The Company shall select Interest Periods with respect to Fixed Rate Advances so that it is not necessary to pay a Fixed Rate Advance prior to the last day of the applicable Interest Period in order to repay Advances because of a mandatory reduction of the Aggregate Commitment pursuant to Section 2.1(f) of this Agreement, or a repayment of the Second Facility Loan as provided in Section 2.1(n) hereof.

- (i) Minimum Amount of Each Advance. Each Fixed Rate Advance shall be in the minimum amount of \$1,000,000 (and in multiples of \$100,000 if in excess thereof), and each Floating Rate Advance shall be in the minimum amount of \$100,000 (and in multiples of \$100,000 if in excess thereof), provided, however, that any Floating Rate Advance may be in the amount of the unused Aggregate Available Commitment.
- (j) Rate after Default. Except as provided in the next sentence, after the occurrence and during the continuance of any Default, all Advances outstanding hereunder shall bear interest until paid in full at a rate per annum equal to the lesser of (i) the Highest Lawful Rate and (ii) the sum of the Eurodollar Rate, the Fixed CD Rate or the Floating Rate otherwise applicable thereto, plus two percent per annum. No Fixed Rate Advance may be selected by the Company after the occurrence and during the continuance of any Default. In the case of a Fixed Rate Advance the maturity of which is accelerated, such Fixed Rate Advance shall bear interest for the remainder of the applicable Interest Period, at the lesser of (i) the Highest Lawful Rate and (ii) the higher of (A) the sum of the rate otherwise applicable to such Interest Period plus two percent per annum or (B) the Floating Rate plus three percent per annum.
- (k) Notes; Telephonic Notices. Each Bank is hereby authorized to record the principal amount of each of its Loans and each repayment on the schedule attached to its Note provided, however, that the failure to so record shall not affect the Company's obligations under such Note. The Company hereby authorizes the Banks and the Administrative Agent to extend Advances and effect Rate Option selections based on telephonic notices made by any person or persons the Administrative Agent or any Bank in good faith believes to be an Authorized Officer acting on behalf of the Company. The Company agrees to deliver promptly to the Administrative Agent a written confirmation of each telephonic notice signed by an Authorized Officer. If the written confirmation differs in any material respect from the action taken by the Administrative Agent and the Banks, the records of the Administrative Agent and the Banks shall govern absent manifest error.
- (1) Interest Payment Dates; Interest Basis. Interest accrued on each Advance shall be payable on the last day of its applicable Interest Period and on any date on which the Advance is prepaid, whether due to acceleration or otherwise. Interest accrued on each Fixed Rate Advance having an Interest Period longer than three months shall also be payable on the last day of each three-month interval during such Interest Period. Interest on Floating Rate Advances shall be calculated for actual days elapsed on the basis of a 365, or when appropriate 366, day year; interest on Fixed Rate Advances and fees shall be calculated for actual days elapsed on the basis of a 360-day year. Interest

shall be payable for the day an Advance is made but not for the day of any payment on the amount paid if payment is received prior to noon (Dallas time) at the place of payment. If any payment of principal of or interest on an Advance shall become due on a day which is not a Business Day, such payment shall be made on the next succeeding Business Day and, in the case of a principal payment, such extension of time shall be included in computing interest in connection with such payment, provided that, if any Eurodollar Loan extension shall be payable in the next calendar month, then such payment shall be made on the next preceding Business Day.

- (m) Notification of Advances, Interest Rates, Prepayments and Commitment Reductions. Promptly after receipt thereof, the Administrative Agent will notify each Bank of the contents of each Aggregate Commitment reduction notice, Borrowing Notice and repayment notice received by it hereunder. The Administrative Agent will notify each Bank of the interest rate applicable to each Fixed Rate Advance promptly upon determination of such interest rate and will give each Bank prompt notice of each change in the Corporate Base Rate.
- (n) Repayment of the Second Facility Loan. The Second Facility Loan shall be repaid in installments on the following dates in the amounts set forth opposite such dates:

Date	Amount Due
September 30, 1996	5% of Initial Amount of Second
	Facility Loan
December 31, 1996	5% of Initial Amount of Second
·	Facility Loan
March 31, 1997	5% of Initial Amount of Second
,	Facility Loan
June 30, 1997	5% of Initial Amount of Second
	Facility Loan
September 30, 1997	5% of Initial Amount of Second
50p 00m301 00, 1337	Facility Loan
	<u> -</u>
December 31, 1997	75% of Initial Amount of Second
	Facility Loan and all other
	Obligations

- (o) Lending Installations. Each Bank may book its Loans at any Lending Installation selected by such Bank and may change its Lending Installation from time to time. All terms of this Agreement shall apply to any such Lending Installation and the Notes shall be deemed held by each Bank for the benefit of such Lending Installation. Each Bank may, by written, telex, or telecopy notice to the Administrative Agent and the Company, designate a Lending Installation through which Loans will be made by it and for whose account Loan payments are to be made.
  - 2.2. Participation in Facility Letters of Credit and Second Facility Letter of Credit. Each Bank severally agrees, on the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and pursuant to Article III hereof, to purchase on the date hereof (or on the date such Bank became a party to this Agreement) participations in the Facility Letter of Credit Commitment and the Second Facility Letters of Credit Commitment and in each of the Facility Letters of Credit, the Second Facility Letters of Credit, Reimbursement Obligations and Second Reimbursement Obligations in an aggregate amount not to exceed its ratable portion (based upon the ratio such Bank's Commitment bears to the Aggregate Commitment) of the aggregate undrawn face amount of each of the Facility Letters of Credit and Second Facility Letter of Credit.
  - 2.3. Fees. The Company  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) +\left($ 
    - (a) subject to Section 11.17 hereof, for the account of each Bank, a commitment fee equal to 1/2 of 1% per annum on the daily unused portion of such Bank's Commitment from the

date hereof to and including the Maturity Date, payable hereafter as it accrues on each Payment Date hereafter and on the Maturity Date;

- (b) subject to Section 11.17 hereof, for the ratable account of each Bank, a per annum fee on each Facility Letter of Credit equal to 2% of the face amount of each Facility Letter of Credit, payable in accordance with Section 3.2 below;
- (c) subject to Section 11.17 hereof, for the Administrative Agent's own account, such other fees as the Company and the Administrative Agent shall have heretofore agreed upon in writing, dated the date hereof (the "Fee Letter"), and
- (d) subject to Section 11.17 hereof, for the ratable account of each Bank, a per annum fee on the Second Facility Letter of Credit equal to 2% of the face amount of the Second Facility Letter of Credit, payable in accordance with Section 3.2 below.
- 2.4. Method of Payment. All payments of principal, interest, and fees hereunder shall be made in immediately available funds to the Administrative Agent at the Administrative Agent's address on the signature pages hereto or as otherwise specified pursuant to Section 11.18 hereof or at any other Lending Installation of the Administrative Agent specified in writing by the Administrative Agent to the Company, by noon (Dallas time) on the date when due and shall be made ratably among the Banks. Each payment delivered to the Administrative Agent for the account of any Bank shall be delivered promptly by the Administrative Agent to such Bank in the same type of funds which the Administrative Agent received at its address specified pursuant to Section 11.18 hereof or at any Lending Installation specified in a notice received by the Administrative Agent from such Bank. The Administrative Agent is hereby authorized to charge the account of the Company maintained with NationsBank for each payment of principal, interest and fees as it becomes due hereunder.
- 2.5 Non-Receipt of Funds by the Administrative Agent. Unless the Company or a Bank, as the case may be, notifies the Administrative Agent prior to the date on which it is scheduled to make payment to the Administrative Agent of (a) in the case of a Bank, the proceeds of a Loan or (b) in the case of the Company, a payment of principal, interest or fees to the Administrative Agent for the account of the Banks, that it does not intend to make such payment, the Administrative Agent may assume that such payment has been made. The Administrative Agent may, but shall not be obligated to make the amount of such payment available to the intended recipient in reliance upon such assumption. If such Bank or the Company, as the case may be, has not in fact made such payment to the Administrative Agent, the recipient of such payment shall, on demand by the Administrative Agent, repay to the Administrative Agent the amount so made available together with interest thereon in respect of each day during the period commencing on the date such amount was so made available by the Administrative Agent until the date the Administrative Agent recovers such amount at a rate per annum equal to (a) in the case of payment by a Bank, the federal funds rate for such day (as determined by the Administrative Agent) or (b) in the case of payment by the Company, the interest rate applicable to the relevant Loan.

SECTION 4. ARTICLE III. ARTICLE III on pages 23 through 27 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

- 3.1. Issuance of Letters of Credit
- (a) Issuance of Facility Letters of Credit. The Company shall give the Issuer not less than three Business Days prior written notice of a request for

the issuance of a Facility Letter of Credit. Until the Maturity Date, upon receipt of the Company's properly completed and duly executed Applications and subject to the terms of such Applications and to the terms of this Agreement, the Issuer agrees to issue Facility Letters of Credit on behalf of the Company in an aggregate face amount not in excess of Facility Letter of Credit Commitment at any one time outstanding. No Facility Letter of Credit shall have a maturity extending beyond the earliest of (i) the Maturity Date, or (ii) such earlier date as may be required to enable the Company to satisfy its repayment obligations under Section 2.1(e) hereof. Subject to such maturity limitations and so long as no Default or Unmatured Default has occurred and is continuing or would result from the renewal of a Facility Letter of Credit, the Facility Letters of Credit may be renewed by the Issuer in its discretion. The Banks shall participate in any liability under the Facility Letters of Credit and in any unpaid Reimbursement Obligations of the Company with respect to any Facility Letter of Credit ratably according to the percentage their Commitment bears to the Aggregate Commitment. The amount of the Facility Letters of Credit issued and outstanding and the unpaid Reimbursement Obligations of the Company for such Facility Letters of Credit shall reduce the amount of Aggregate Commitment available, so that at no time shall the aggregate outstanding Advances together with the sum of Reimbursement Obligations plus the face amount of all outstanding Facility Letters of Credit exceed an amount equal to the Aggregate Commitment, and at no time shall the sum of all Loans by any Bank, plus its ratable share of amounts available to be drawn under the Facility Letters of Credit and its ratable share of the unpaid Reimbursement Obligations of the Company in respect of such Facility Letters of Credit, exceed its ratable percentage of the Aggregate Commitment.

(b) Issuance of Second Facility Letter of Credit. The Company shall give the Issuer not less than three Business Days prior written notice of a request for the issuance of the Second Facility Letter of Credit or any increase thereto. Until October 31, 1995, upon receipt of the Company's properly completed and duly executed Application and subject to the terms of such Application and to the terms of this Agreement, the Issuer agrees to issue the Second Facility Letter of Credit on behalf of the Company in an aggregate face amount not in excess of \$9,100,000 at any one time outstanding. Until June 20, 1996, upon receipt of the Company's properly completed and duly executed Application and subject to the terms of such Application and to the terms of this Agreement, the Issuer agrees to replace or amend the Second Facility Letter of Credit on behalf of the Company to an aggregate face amount not in excess of Second Facility Letter of Credit Commitment at any one time outstanding. The Second Facility Letter of Credit shall not have a maturity extending beyond June 30, 1996 and may not be renewed. The Banks shall participate in any liability under the Second Facility Letter of Credit and in any unpaid Second Reimbursement Obligations of the Company with respect to the Second Facility Letter of Credit ratably according to the percentage their Commitment bears to the Aggregate Commitment.

#### 3.2. Letter of Credit Fee.

- (a) Facility Letter of Credit Fees. In consideration for the issuance of each Facility Letter of Credit and any renewal thereof, the Company shall pay to the Administrative Agent for the account of the Issuer and the Banks, ratably in accordance with the percentage that their Commitment bears to the Aggregate Commitment, a letter of credit fee as set forth in Section 2.3(b) hereof. The letter of credit fee shall accrue from the date of issuance of each Facility Letter of Credit and shall be payable quarterly in arrears on each Payment Date and on the date of termination of such Facility Letter of Credit, and upon the Issuer's demand pursuant to Section 3.3 hereof.
- (b) Second Facility Letter of Credit Fee. In consideration for the issuance of the Second Facility Letter of Credit and any renewal thereof, the Company shall pay to the Administrative Agent for the account of the Issuer and the Banks, ratably in accordance with the percentage that their Commitment bears to the Aggregate Commitment, a letter of credit fee as set forth in Section 2.3(d) hereof. The letter of credit fee shall accrue from the date of issuance of the Second Facility Letter of Credit and shall be payable quarterly in arrears on each Payment Date and on the date of termination of the Second Facility Letter of Credit, and upon the Issuer's demand pursuant to

- 3.3. Reimbursement Obligations and Second Reimbursement Obligations.
- (a) The Company hereby agrees to reimburse the Issuer, immediately upon demand by the Issuer, and in immediately available funds, for any payment or disbursement made by the Issuer under any Facility Letter of Credit or the Second Facility Letter of Credit. Payment shall be made by the Company with interest on the amount so paid or disbursed by the Issuer from and including the date payment is made under any Facility Letter of Credit or the Second Facility Letter of Credit to and including the date of payment, at the Floating Rate in effect from time to time plus three percent per annum; provided, however, that (a) with respect to any draw under any Facility Letter of Credit, if the Company would be permitted under the terms of Section 2.1 to borrow Advances in amounts at least equal to its reimbursement obligation for a drawing under any Facility Letter of Credit, a Floating Rate Loan by each Bank, ratably in an amount equal to the percentage that such Bank's Commitment bears to the Aggregate Commitment, shall automatically be deemed made on the date of any such payment or disbursement made by the Issuer in the amount of such obligation and subject to the terms of this Agreement, and (b) with respect to any draw under the Second Facility Letter of Credit, subject to the terms of this Agreement, the Company may be entitled to borrow a term-loan from the Banks in the form of a Second Facility Loan in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.
- (b) The Company hereby also agrees to pay to the Issuer, immediately upon demand by the Issuer and in immediately available funds, as security for its reimbursement obligations in respect of the Facility Letters of Credit and Second Facility Letter of Credit under Section 3.3(a) hereof and any other amounts payable hereunder and under the Notes, an amount equal to the sum of the aggregate amount available to be drawn under Facility Letters of Credit and the Second Facility Letter of Credit then outstanding plus any Reimbursement Obligations and Second Reimbursement Obligations, irrespective of whether any of the Facility Letters of Credit or the Second Facility Letter of Credit has been drawn upon, at the occurrence of a Default or Unmatured Default. Any such payments shall be deposited in a separate account designated "GCIC Special Account" or such other designation as the Issuer shall elect. All such amounts deposited with the Issuer shall be and shall remain funds of the Company on deposit with the Issuer and may be invested by the Issuer as the Issuer shall determine. Such amounts may not be used by the Issuer to pay the drawings under the Facility Letters of Credit and the Second Facility Letter of Credit; however, such amounts may be used by the Issuer as reimbursement for Facility Letter of Credit or Second Facility Letter of Credit drawings which the Issuer has paid. During the existence of a Default or an Unmatured Default but after the expiry of any Facility Letter of Credit or Second Facility Letter of Credit that was not drawn upon, the Company may direct the Administrative Agent to use any cash collateral for any such expired Facility Letter of Credit or Second Facility Letter of Credit, if any, to prepay Advances in accordance with Section 2.1. Any amounts remaining in the GCIC Special Account after the date of the expiry of all Facility Letters of Credit and the Second Facility Letter of Credit and after all Obligations have been paid in full, shall be repaid to the Company promptly after such expiry and such payment in full.
- (c) The obligations of the Company under this Section 3.3 will continue until all Facility Letters of Credit and the Second Facility Letter of Credit have expired and all Reimbursement Obligations and Second Reimbursement Obligations with respect thereto have been paid in full by the Company and until all of the other Obligations shall have been paid in full.
- (d) The Company shall be obligated to reimburse the Issuer upon demand for all amounts paid under the Facility Letters of Credit and Second Facility Letter of Credit as set forth in Section 3.3(a) hereof; provided, however, if the Company for any reason fails to reimburse the Issuer in full upon demand, whether by borrowing Advances to pay such Reimbursement Obligations, Second Reimbursement Obligations or otherwise, the Banks shall reimburse the Issuer ratably in accordance with percentage that each Bank's ratable percentage of

the Commitment bears to the Aggregate Commitment, for amounts due and unpaid from the Company as set forth in Section 3.4 hereof; provided, however, that no such reimbursement made by the Banks shall discharge the Company's obligations to reimburse the Issuer.

- (e) The Company shall indemnify and hold the Issuer or any Bank, its officers, directors, representatives and employees harmless from loss for any claim, demand or liability which may be asserted against the Issuer or such indemnified party in connection with actions taken under the Facility Letters of Credit or the Second Facility Letter of Credit, or in connection with either thereof (including losses resulting from the negligence of the Issuer or such indemnified party), and shall pay the Issuer for reasonable fees of attorneys (who may be employees of the Issuer) and legal costs paid or incurred by the Issuer in connection with any matter related to the Facility Letters of Credit or the Second Facility Letter of Credit, except for losses and liabilities incurred as a direct result of the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Issuer or such indemnified party. If the Company for any reason fails to indemnify or pay the Issuer or such indemnified party as set forth herein in full, the Banks shall indemnify and pay the Issuer upon demand, ratably in accordance with each Bank's percentage of the Aggregate Commitment, such amounts due and unpaid from the Company. The provisions of this Section 3.3(e) shall survive the termination of this Agreement.
  - 3.4. Banks' Obligations. Each Bank agrees, unconditionally and irrevocably to reimburse the Issuer (to the extent the Issuer is not otherwise reimbursed by the Company in accordance with Section 3.3(a) hereof) on demand for such Bank's ratable percentage according to the percentage that such Bank's Commitment bears to the Aggregate Commitment of each draw paid by the Issuer under any Facility Letter of Credit or the Second Facility Letter of Credit. All amounts payable by any Bank under this subsection shall include interest thereon at the Federal Funds Effective Rate, from the date of the applicable draw to the date of reimbursement by such Bank. No Bank shall be liable for the performance or nonperformance of the obligations of any other Bank under this Section. The obligations of the Banks under this Section shall continue after the Maturity Date and shall survive termination of any Loan Documents.

## 3.5. The Issuer's Obligations.

- (a) The Issuer makes no representation or warranty, and assumes no responsibility with respect to the validity, legality, sufficiency or enforceability of any Application or any document relative thereto, or to the collectibility thereunder. The Issuer assumes no responsibility for the financial condition of the Company or for the performance of any obligation of the Company. The Issuer may use its discretion with respect to exercising or refraining from exercising any rights, or taking or refraining from taking any action which may be vested in it or which it may 'entitled to take or assert with respect to any Facility Letter of Credit, the Second Facility Letter of Credit or any Application.
- (b) The Issuer shall be under no liability to any Bank, with respect to anything the Bank may do or refrain from doing in the exercise of its judgment, the sole liability and responsibility of the Issuer being to handle each Bank's share on as favorable a basis as the Issuer handles its own share and to promptly remit to each Bank its share of any sums received by the Issuer under any Application. The Issuer shall have no duties or responsibilities except those expressly set forth herein and those duties and liabilities shall be subject to the limitations and qualifications set forth herein.
- (c) Neither the Issuer nor any of its directors, officers, or employees shall be liable for any action taken or omitted (whether or not such action taken or omitted is expressly set forth herein, is negligent, or otherwise) under or in connection herewith or any other instrument or document in connection herewith, except for gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Issuer shall incur no liability to any Bank or the Company in acting upon any notice, document, order, consent, certificate, warrant or other instrument

believed by the Issuer to be genuine or authentic and to be signed by the proper party.

SECTION 5. Section 5.2. Section 5.2 on pages 32 and 33 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

- 5.2. Each Advance or the Issuance of any Facility Letter of Credit or the Second Facility Letter of Credit. The Banks shall not be required to make any Advance, and the Issuer shall not be obligated to issue any Facility Letter of Credit or the Second Facility Letter of Credit, unless on the applicable Borrowing Date or the date of issuance of such Facility Letter of Credit or Second Facility Letter of Credit:
  - (a) There exists no Default or Unmatured Default.
  - (b) The representations and warranties contained in Article VI and in any Application and Loan Document are true and correct as of such Borrowing Date.
  - (c) In the event the Company shall have theretofore granted, implemented or given notice of its intent to grant or implement a material price decrease in MTS Service, the Company shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Required Banks that the Company shall be in compliance with the provisions of Section 7.4.
  - (d) A duly completed and executed Application acceptable to the Issuer for each and every Facility Letter of Credit or for the Second Facility Letter of Credit, as applicable.
  - (e) All legal matters incident to the making of such Advance shall be satisfactory to the Banks and their respective counsel.

Each Borrowing Notice with respect to each such Advance shall constitute a representation and warranty by the Company that the conditions contained in Sections 5.2(a) and 5.2(b) have been satisfied. Any Bank may require a duly completed Compliance Certificate as a condition to making an Advance.

SECTION 6. Section 7.4(a). Section 7.4(a) on page 41 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

(a) Leverage Ratio. The Company will maintain at all times during the time periods set forth below, a Leverage Ratio not greater than the ratio set forth below opposite each such period:

Period	Ratio
Date hereof through and including 6/29/93	3.50 to 1.00
6/30/93 through and including 9/29/93	3.20 to 1.00
9/30/93 through and including 12/30/93	2.75 to 1.00
12/31/93 through and including 6/30/94	2.40 to 1.00
7/01/94 through and including 9/30/96	2.00 to 1.00
10/01/96 and thereafter	1.50 to 1.00

SECTION 7. Section 7.4(c). Section 7.4(c) on page 41 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

(c) Fixed Charge Coverage. At all times during the time periods set forth below, the Company will not permit the ratio of (i) Annualized Operating Cash Flow to (ii) Fixed Charges for the four fiscal quarters then most recently ended for the Company and the Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, to be less than the following ratios set forth below opposite each such period:

Period	Ratio
Date hereof through and including 6/30/94	1.00 to 1.00
7/01/94 through and including 6/30/95	1.10 to 1.00
7/01/9S through and including 12/31/95	1.20 to 1.00
1/01/96 and thereafter	1.00 to 1.00

- SECTION 8. Section 7.4(d). Section 7.4(d) on page 41 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:
  - (d) Pro Forma Debt Service Coverage Ratio. The Company will not permit the ratio of (i) Annualized Operating Cash Flow to (ii) Pro Forma Debt Service for the Company and the Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis, to be less than the following ratios set forth below opposite each such period:

Period	Ratio
Date hereof through and including 6/30/96	1.50 to 1.00
7/01/96 and thereafter	1.15 to 1.00

- SECTION 9. Section 7.12. Section 7.12 on page 43 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:
  - 7.12. Dividends and Stock Repurchases. The Company will not declare or pay (or set aside any funds or establish any sinking fund for such purpose) any dividends on its capital stock (other than dividends payable in its own capital stock), and the Company will not, nor will it permit any Subsidiary to, redeem, repurchase or otherwise acquire or retire any of its capital stock at any time outstanding, provided that, so long as (a) both before and after giving effect to such repurchase, there exists no Default or any event or circumstance which, with the giving of notice or the passing of time could become a Default, (b) such repurchase is prior to December 31, 1997, and (c) the Company may declare or pay (or set aside any funds or establish any sinking fund for such purpose) any dividends on its capital stock to the Parent to enable the Parent to repurchase its capital stock up to the lesser of (i) 1,000,000 shares or (ii) an amount of shares for which the purchase price is less than or equal to \$5,000,000 in the aggregate. No Subsidiary may declare or pay any dividends on its capital stock (other than dividends payable in its own capital stock), except that Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries may declare or pay any dividend.
- SECTION 10. Section 7.21. Section 7.21 on page 46 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:
  - 7.21. Letters of Credit. The Company will not, nor will it permit any Subsidiary to, apply for or become liable upon any Letter of Credit except the Facility Letters of Credit and the Second Facility Letter of Credit.
- SECTION 11. Section 8.12. Section 8.12 on page 51 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:
  - 8.12. Nonpayment by the Parent, the Company or any Subsidiary of any Reimbursement Obligations or Second Reimbursement Obligations when due, or the occurrence of any "default" as defined in any Loan Document (other than this Agreement or the Notes), or the breach of any term or provision in any Application for any Facility Letter of Credit or Second Facility Letter of Credit, or the breach of any of the terms or provisions of any Loan Document (other than this Agreement or the Notes), which default or breach continues beyond any period of grace therein provided.
  - SECTION 12. Section 9.1. Section 9.1 on pages 52 and 53 of the Credit

Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

9.1. Acceleration and Other Remedies. If any Default described in Section 8.6 or 8.7 occurs, the obligations of the Banks to make Loans hereunder shall automatically terminate and the Obligations shall immediately become due and payable without any election or action on the part of the Administrative Agent or any Bank. If any other Default occurs, Fixed Rate Loans shall no longer be available to the Company and the Required Banks may, and at the direction of the Required Banks Administrative Agent shall, (a) terminate or suspend the obligations of the Banks to make Loans hereunder, terminate any or all of the Facility Letter of Credit Commitment, the Second Facility Letter of Credit Commitment, the Aggregate Commitment or any Commitment, or declare the Obligations to be due and payable, whereupon the Obligations shall become immediately due and payable, without presentment, demand, protest or notice of any kind, all of which the Company hereby expressly waives, and (b) demand and the Company shall pay to the Issuer, immediately upon demand and in immediately available funds, the amount equal to the aggregate amount of the sum of the Facility Letters of Credit plus the Second Facility Letter of Credit then outstanding, irrespective of whether such Facility Letters of Credit or Second Facility Letter of Credit have been drawn upon, all as set forth and in accordance with the terms of provisions of Article III hereof. The Issuer shall promptly advise the Company of any such declaration or demand but failure to do so shall not impair the effect of such declaration or demand. The Administrative Agent and the Banks may exercise all of the post-default rights granted to them under the Loan Documents or under Applicable Law. The rights and remedies of the Administrative Agent and the Banks hereunder shall be cumulative, and not exclusive.

SECTION 13. Section 11.18. Section 11.18 on pages 62 and 63 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety to read as follows:

11.18. Giving Notice. Any notice required or permitted to be given under this Agreement may be, and shall be deemed, given when deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, or by facsimile when transmitted to the Company, the Banks or the Administrative Agent at the addresses indicated below, or at such other addresses as any party shall request by notice to the other parties:

If to the Administrative Agent:

NationsBank of Texas, N.A. 901 Main Street 64th Floor Dallas, Texas 75202

Attn: W. Hutchinson McClendon, IV

Whitney L. Busse

Telephone: (214) 508-0996 (Mr. McClendon)

(214) 508-0950 (Ms. Busse)

Telecopy: (214) 508-9390

With a copy to:

Donohoe, Jameson & Carroll, P.C. 3400 Renaissance Tower 1201 Elm Street Dallas, Texas 75270

Attn: Melissa Ruman Stewart, Esq. Telephone: (214) 698-3814

Telecopy: (214) 744-0231

If to the Company:

2550 Denali Street, Suite 1000 Anchorage, Alaska 99503-2781

Attn: Mr. John M. Lowber Telephone: (907) 265-5600 Telecopy: (907) 265-5676

With a copy to:

Hartig, Rhodes, Norman, Mahoney & Edwards 717 K Street Anchorage, Alaska

Attn: Robert B. Flint, Esq. Telephone: (907) 276-1592 Telecopy: (907) 277-4352

SECTION 14. Conditions Precedent. This Amendment shall not be effective until the Administrative Agent shall have determined in its sole discretion that all proceedings of the Company taken in connection with this Amendment and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be satisfactory in form and substance to the Administrative Agent:

- (a) a loan certificate of the Company certifying (i) as to the accuracy of its representations and warranties set forth in Article VI of the Credit Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, the other Loan Documents and in this Amendment, (ii) that there exists no Default, or event which but for the giving of notice or passage of time or both would constitute a Default, and the execution, delivery and performance of this Amendment will not cause a Default or event which but for the giving of notice or passage of time or both would constitute a Default, (iii) as to resolutions authorizing the Company to execute, deliver and perform this Amendment and all Loan Documents and other documents and instruments delivered or executed in connection with this Amendment, and (iv) that it has complied with all agreements and conditions to be complied with by it under the Credit Agreement, the other Loan Documents and this Amendment by the date hereof;
- (b) an opinion of counsel of Company acceptable to the Administrative Agent with respect to this Second Amendment and all other Loan Documents executed in connection herewith, including, without limitation, an opinion with respect to the validity and enforceability of the Loan Documents before and after giving effect to this Second Amendment (including with respect to all security interests and liens securing the increased Obligations";
- (c) the Company shall have paid in full to the Administrative Agent for the account of the Banks, a one-time facility fee for the increase in the loan facility provided to the Company in the amount of \$81,225;
  - (d) new Notes for each Bank;
- (e) the Company shall have executed and delivered to the Administrative Agent that certain Assignment and Security Agreement dated the date hereof, and the Administrative Agent and the Banks shall have a valid first perfected security interest in all rights of the Company in and to that certain Transponder Purchase Agreement for Galaxy X, dated August 24, 1995, by and between the Company and Hughes Communications Galaxy, Inc. (and Hughes Communications Galaxy, Inc. shall have consented thereto in form and substance satisfactory to Administrative Agent);
- (f) a new compliance certificate executed and completed after giving effect to the facility increases and covenant changes set forth herein; and  $\[$

(g) such other documents, instruments, and certificates, in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent, as the Administrative Agent shall deem necessary or appropriate in connection with this Amendment and the transactions contemplated hereby.

SECTION 15. Representations and Warranties. The Company represents and warrants to the Banks and the Administrative Agent that (a) the Aggregate Commitment under the Credit Agreement as of the date hereof, as previously reduced and after giving effect to this Amendment, is \$9,250,000 (which includes the \$3,000,000 Facility Letter of Credit Commitment), (b) this Amendment constitutes its legal, valid, and binding obligation, enforceable in accordance with the terms hereof (subject as to enforcement of remedies to any applicable bankruptcy, reorganization, moratorium, or other laws or principles of equity affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally), (c) there exists no Default or event which but for the giving of notice or passage of time or both would constitute a Default, under the Credit Agreement, (d) its representations and warranties set forth in the Credit Agreement and other Loan Documents are true and correct on the date hereof, (e) it has complied with all agreements and conditions to be complied with by it under the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents by the date hereof, and (f) the Credit Agreement, as amended hereby, and the other Loan Documents remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 16. Entire Agreement; Ratification. THE CREDIT AGREEMENT AND THE LOAN DOCUMENTS REPRESENT THE FINAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES AND MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF PRIOR, CONTEMPORANEOUS OR SUBSEQUENT ORAL AGREEMENT OF THE PARTIES. THERE ARE NO UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PARTIES. EXCEPT AS MODIFIED OR SUPPLEMENTED HEREBY, THE CREDIT AGREEMENT, THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS AND ALL OTHER DOCUMENTS AND AGREEMENTS EXECUTED IN CONNECTION THEREWITH SHALL CONTINUE IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT.

SECTION 17. Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same instrument. In making proof hereof, it shall not be necessary to produce or account for any counterpart other than one signed by the party against which enforcement is sought.

SECTION 18. GOVERNING LAW. THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNAL LAWS (AND NOT THE LAW OF CONFLICTS) OF THE STATE OF TEXAS, BUT GIVING EFFECT TO FEDERAL LAWS.

SECTION 19. CONSENT TO JURISDICTION. THE COMPANY HEREBY IRREVOCABLY SUBMITS TO THE NON-EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF ANY UNITED STATES FEDERAL OR TEXAS STATE COURT SITTING IN DALLAS IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO ANY LOAN DOCUMENTS AND THE COMPANY IRREVOCABLY AGREES THAT ALL CLAIMS IN RESPECT OF SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING MAY BE HEARD AND DETERMINED IN ANY SUCH COURT AND IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY OBJECTION IT MAY NOW OR HEREAFTER HAVE AS TO THE VENUE OF ANY SUCH SUIT, ACTION OR PROCEEDING BROUGHT IN SUCH A COURT OR THAT SUCH COURT IS AN INCONVENIENT FORUM. NOTHING HEREIN SHALL LIMIT THE RIGHT OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT OR ANY BANK TO BRING PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE COMPANY IN THE COURTS OF ANY OTHER JURISDICTION. ANY JUDICIAL PROCEEDING BY THE COMPANY AGAINST THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT OR ANY BANK OR ANY AFFILIATE OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT OR ANY BANK INVOLVING, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, ANY MATTER IN ANY WAY ARISING OUT OF, RELATED TO, OR CONNECTED WITH ANY LOAN DOCUMENT SHALL BE BROUGHT ONLY IN A COURT IN DALLAS, TEXAS.

SECTION 20. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. THE COMPANY, THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT AND EACH BANK HEREBY WAIVES TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY JUDICIAL PROCEEDING INVOLVING, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, ANY MATTER (WHETHER SOUNDING IN TORT, CONTRACT OR OTHERWISE) IN ANY WAY ARISING OUT OF, RELATED TO, OR CONNECTED WITH ANY LOAN DOCUMENT OR THE RELATIONSHIP ESTABLISHED THEREUNDER.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Second Amendment to Credit Agreement is executed as of the date first set forth above.

GCI COMMUNICATION CORP.

By: Its:SVP & CAO

NATIONSBANK OF TEXAS, N.A., Individually and as Administrative Agent

/s/ Whitney L. Busse By:Whitney L. Busse Its:Vice President

EXHIBIT A

NOTE

Dallas, Texas

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GCI Communication Corp., an Alaskan corporation ("Company"), promises to pay to the order of NationsBank of Texas, N.A. ("Bank") the lesser of the principal sum of NO\ONE-HUNDREDTHS DOLLARS (\$) or the aggregate unpaid principal amount of all Loans made by Bank to Company pursuant to Section 2.1 (a) (i) of the Agreement (as hereinafter defined) in immediately available funds at the principal office of NationsBank of Texas, N.A., as Administrative Agent, together with interest on the unpaid principal amount hereof at the rates and on the dates set forth in the Agreement. The Company shall pay each Loan in full on the last day of such Loan's applicable Interest Period and shall make such mandatory payments and prepayments as are required to be made under the terms of Article II of the Agreement.

The Bank shall, and is hereby authorized to, record on the schedule attached hereto, or to otherwise record in accordance with its usual practice, the date and amount of each Loan and the date and amount of each principal payment hereunder.

THIS NOTE SHALL BE CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNAL LAWS (AND NOT THE LAW OF CONFLICTS) OF THE STATE OF TEXAS BUT GIVING EFFECT TO THE FEDERAL LAWS APPLICABLE TO NATIONAL BANKS.

This Note is one of the Notes issued pursuant to, and is entitled to the benefits of, the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of April 30, 1993 (as amended or modified and in effect from time to time, the "Agreement"), among Company, the banks named therein and NationsBank of Texas, N.A., as Administrative Agent, to which Agreement reference is hereby made for a statement of the terms and conditions under which this Note may be prepaid or its maturity date accelerated. This Note is secured pursuant to certain pledge and security agreements, all as more specifically described in the Agreement, and reference is made thereto for a statement of the terms and provisions thereof. Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein are used with the meanings attributed to them in the Agreement.

This Note is a renewal, extension, increase and modification of that certain Note dated May 14, 1993 (the "Original Note") executed by the Company and made payable to the Administrative Agent.

GCI COMMUNICATION CORP.

# EQUIPMENT PURCHASE

# AGREEMENT

between

GCI Communication Corporation

and

Scientific-Atlanta, Inc.

# EQUIPMENT PURCHASE AGREEMENT

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# EQUIPMENT PURCHASE AGREEMENT

This Equipment Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement"), effective as of the 20th day of December, 1995(the "Agreement Date"), is entered into by and between GCI Communication Corporation, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of Alaska (hereinafter referred to as "GCI' or "Buyer"), and Scientific-Atlanta, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of

#### WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, S-A is engaged in the design and manufacture of satellite communication equipment and the related software which resides therein; and

WHEREAS, Buyer is a financially responsible and independent business organization engaged in the sale, installation and service of products similar to those manufactured by S-A, and desires to purchase from S-A the satellite communication equipment and license from S-A the related software which resides therein; and

WHEREAS, S-A is willing to sell such equipment and deliver such software to Buyer under the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing premises and the mutual covenants set forth in this Agreement and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

#### 1. Definitions

- "Acceptance" is defined as the satisfactory resolution of all hardware and software Specification deficiencies by S-A as identified by GCI. GCI shall notify S-A of any deficiencies within thirty (30) days of receipt of the last contract deliverable. Satisfaction of the list of deficiencies will be the sole determinant of final payment. Not withstanding any other remedies for latent defects, this list maybe amended by mutual agreement of both parties.
- "Agreement Date" is used as defined in the preamble.
- "Equipment" means the items set forth on Exhibit A hereto, but expressly excluding the Licensed software.
- "Extreme Environment Mount" is defined as Model No. 8009AE. This mount constitutes S-A's standard 11 Meter Mount and Actuators when used in conjunction with S-A's standard 9.15 Meter Reflector.
- "Licensed Software" is used herein as defined in the Software License.
- "Remote Terminals" shall mean, collectively and as a combined operation, the Equipment purchased by the Buyer and the Licensed software used thereon, functioning as a DAMA satellite communications terminal.
- "Proprietary Documentation" means any user manuals, training materials, installation, repair or maintenance manuals, drawings, schematics or any related documents provided by S-A to the Buyer.
- "Prices" means the prices applicable to the Equipment set forth in Exhibit A as adjusted from time to time in accordance with this Agreement.
- "Proprietary Information" shall mean any and all information, whether or not in tangible form, of a confidential, proprietary or secret nature belonging to, or licensed by S-A which is material to S-A and not generally known by the public, other than Trade Secrets.
- "Software License" means a Software License substantially in the form of Exhibit C hereto.
- "Specifications" shall mean the specifications as defined in the "GCI ALASKA RURAL DEMONSTRATION PROJECT EQUIPMENT SUPPLY AND SERVICES AGREEMENT ", dated June 21, 1994.
- "Term" is used as defined in Section 10.1.

"Trademarks" shall mean the trademarks, trade names and logotypes used by S-A to identify or in connection with the Equipment from time to time, including without limitation, "Scientific-Atlanta" and "SkyRelay (TM)".

"Trade Secrets" shall mean any and all information, whether or not in tangible form, belonging to S-A or licensed by it including, but not limited to, technical or non-technical data, formulae, patterns, compilations, programs, devices, methods, techniques, drawings, processes, financial data, financial plans, product plans, marketing plans, and lists of actual or potential customers or suppliers which derive economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by, other persons who can obtain economic value from their disclosure or use and are the subjects of efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain their secrecy. Specifically included in the definition of Trade Secrets, but not by way of limitation, are (a) marketing information obtained or derived during the term hereof on existing and anticipated markets of S-A; (b) pricing, product costs, product cost structures (ie.,, breakdown of cost among materials, labor and overhead), and bills of materials for current or anticipated product; (c) information on S-A's program strategies, product features and performance for products under design or anticipated for design; and (d) specific limitations and actual or perceived deficiencies in existing or planned products and technologies of S-A

"DAMA" shall mean "demand assigned multiple access."

# 2. Scope of the Agreement

The equipment specified in Exhibit A will be delivered in accordance with Section 4 "Delivery Schedule". During the first thirty (30) days of the Term, the Buyer may adjust the equipment quantities down by not more than ten percent (10%). During the Term, the Buyer may order additional Equipment by submitting a purchase order to S-A requesting delivery not sooner than ninety 90 days nor longer than one hundred eighty (180) days from the date thereof or as mutually agreed to by S-A and GCI. S-A will sell and deliver such Equipment on or before the requested delivery date. S-A shall convey the Equipment free and clear of all liens, claims and encumbrances.

Any terms, conditions or provisions in any purchase order received from the Buyer inconsistent with this Agreement shall be deemed null and void unless an authorized representative of S-A signs a document that contains such different or additional provisions and conspicuously states an intention to amend the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

Any Licensed Software residing in Equipment delivered to Buyer is subject to the Software License as set forth in Section 11. S-A shall place into escrow all source code for all software and firmware supplied to GCI as part of the DAMA network; to include all future revisions. All initial escrow costs and maintenance costs will be the responsibility of GCI.

The performance of each of S-A and the Buyer under this Agreement shall comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws, regulations and ordinances.

Buyer agrees that it shall not purchase any equipment which, in the opinion of S-A, are competitive with the Equipment during the term of this Agreement unless prior written consent of the S-A is first obtained.

The equipment described in Exhibit A comprises two projects, a DAMA network expansion and the purchase and installation of six, 9.15M antennas. Termination of one project will not automatically imply termination of the other.

# 3. Price and Payment

The prices for the Equipment and Services are listed in Exhibit A. The

total price for all Equipment and Services is: \$7,688,447 (Contract Price), increased or decreased by any amendment or change order made in accordance with the Terms of this contract.

- .1 The price shall be paid in United Stated Dollar currency in accordance Section  $3.2\ \mathrm{below}$ :
  - .2 Payment milestones are mutually agreed to be as follows:

Upon Contract Signature

Each subsequent calendar month for six months \$984,813

(due upon the day of the month this agreement is signed)

At successful completion of 9.15M install and testing.

and testing. \$106,417

\$1,013,603

Final payment upon Acceptance \$659,549\*

- \* When S-A meets each of the seven equipment delivery milestones, for the months of February through July, 1996 for (equipment excluding the 9.15M antenna systems), as set forth in Exhibit B, Buyer agrees to pay an incentive of \$47,111 for each monthly milestone met. This amount would be added to the subsequent mid month payment. Each time such payment is made the final payment of \$659,549 shown above would be reduced by the corresponding amount. If; at the time of delivery compliance with a milestone, the previous months' delivery has still not been met, the incentive payment will not be applicable.
- .3 Any amounts not paid when due shall bear interest at the rate of 1-1/2% per month from the date such payment was due until the date payment is received.
- .4 The Prices include all costs for the performance by S-A of its responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement but do not include any amounts for duties, customs, shipping, federal, state or local taxes imposed on the sale or use of such items or on the basis of the amounts paid or the value of the items or services delivered or located at the installation sites or on the basis of gross receipts (collectively, the "Shipping Charges and Taxes"). The Buyer shall reimburse S-A for any of the Shipping Charges and Taxes that S-A is required to pay. The Buyer shall not be responsible for taxes on S-A's income or gross receipts from its overall business activities.
- .5 The Statement of Work (SOW) for the installation of the 9.15 Meter antenna installation at GCI's sites located at Barrow, Bethel, Dillingham, King Salmon, Kotzebue, and Nome, Alaska is outlined below.
- GCI will be responsible for providing the following:

Design and installation of the foundations. Staging of antenna at the build site. Provide forklift and crane as necessary. Provide power to the outdoor antenna controller. Provide a shelter and power for the indoor controller. Provide test equipment for performing Antenna Tests Install the RF.

S-A will be responsible for providing the following:

Provide 2 installation teams,
Will install the antennas and mounts.
Provide a list of required test equipment.
Perform antenna patterns to demonstrate that the antenna patterns meet
Code of Federal Regulations 47, Part 25 ss. 25.209, dated, October
1995

Installation Sites and Schedule:- The installation window for a given site may be changed by mutual agreement

	Site	Earliest Start Date	Latest Start Date
1	Barrow	June 12th, 1996	July 3rd, 1996
2	Bethel	June 24th, 1996	July 24th, 1996
3	Dillingham	July 3rd, 1996	August 14th, 1996
4	King Salmon	June 12th, 1996	July 3rd, 1996
5	Kotzebue	June 24th, 1996	July 24th, 1996
6	Nome	July 3rd, 1996	August 14th, 1996

#### 4. Delivery Schedule

Feature Group  $\mathrm{B}/1800950$  software specification are as defined in Exhibit D.

#### 5. Title and Risk of Loss

Title and risk of loss to all Equipment sold by S-A shall pass to the Buyer upon delivery by S-A to a common carrier for shipment to the Buyer.

#### 6. International Sales

In no event shall the Buyer export any Equipment without the prior written consent of S-A. If Buyer exports any Equipment outside the United States, or such Equipment is re-exported from a foreign destination, the Buyer shall insure that the distribution and export/re-export of the Equipment is in compliance with all laws, regulations, orders, or other restrictions of the U.S. Export Administration regulations. Neither the Buyer, nor any of its subsidiaries, will export or re-export any technical data, process, product, or service, directly or indirectly, to any country for which the United States government or any agency thereof requires an export license or other governmental approval without first obtaining such license or approval.

# 7. Representations

- .1 The Buyer represents and warrants to S-A that (a) all information, technical drawings, blueprints summaries and data of every kind provided by the Buyer and its agents to S-A is in all material respects accurate and correct as of the Agreement Date, and (b) no information is known to the Buyer which, if disclosed to S-A, would have a material impact on the technical requirements of and Specifications relating to the Equipment and the Licensed Software.
- .2 The Buyer covenants and agrees to cooperate with S-A by (i) providing S-A access to the Buyer's premises, (ii) making Buyer's technical personnel available to S-A on a timely basis, (iii) providing additional information to S-A from time to time at S-A's request, and (iv) taking such further actions as S-A may reasonably request in connection with the efforts of S-A to fulfill its obligations under this Agreement.
- .3 The Buyer acknowledges and agrees that in order to preserve S-A's image for high quality Equipment and thereby enhance its own sales, and in consideration for S-A's making available to the Buyer the Equipment at favorable prices, the Buyer agrees that it shall not engage in any activities or sell or offer for sale any product which in S-A's reasonable opinion would be competitive with the Equipment without S-A's former written approval.

# 8. Inspection, Test and Acceptance

.1 S-A shall test and inspect the Equipment during production in accordance with S-A's standard procedures.

.2 GCI shall notify S-A of any Specification deficiencies within thirty (30) days of receipt of the last deliverable milestone as defined in Exhibit B. Satisfactory resolution of the list of hardware and software deficiencies will be the sole determinant of final payment. S-A shall investigate such claims within fifteen (15) days of S-A's receipt of the Buyer's written explanation and remedy any failure of such Equipment to comply with the Specifications within thirty (30) days of the completion of S-A's investigation. If the Buyer does not, within ten (10) days of the expiration of the foregoing thirty (30) day period, indicate in writing that it believes the Equipment does not comply with the Specifications, the Buyer shall be deemed to have Accepted the applicable Equipment. Any dispute between the parties shall be resolved either by (i) mutual agreement or (ii) in accordance with the arbitration procedures set forth in this Agreement.

# 9. Warranty

- .1 Not withstanding the Acceptance terms stated above, S-A warrants that the Equipment will comply with the Specifications, and will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year after date of Acceptance (the "Warranty Period").
- .2 Except as provided in the Software License, S-A extends no representations or warranties with respect to the Licensed Software.
- .3 With respect to the Equipment, during the Warranty Period, S-A will, following written notice of any breach of warranty from the Buyer, at S-A's option, either (i) repair or replace any nonconforming Equipment at Buyer's site or at the site where the Equipment is otherwise located or (ii) request the Buyer to ship any nonconforming Equipment to S-A, and S-A will either repair or replace and return to the Buyer such nonconforming Equipment. Title to nonconforming Equipment being shipped to S-A shall pass to S-A when delivered to the shipping carrier, and title to the repaired or replacement Equipment shall pass to the Buyer when delivered by S-A to the shipping carrier for return to the Buyer. If any Equipment is shipped to S-A or S-A dispatches its personnel to a Buyer's site and the applicable Equipment is determined either to comply with the Specifications or to have been damaged or misused other than through the fault of S-A, the Buyer shall pay S-A's normal charges in connection therewith.
- .4 S-A MAKES NO WARRANTIES OTHER THAN THE EXPRESS WARRANTIES IN THIS SECTION AND IN THE SOFTWARE LICENSE AND NONE SHALL BE IMPLIED. THERE IS NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NONINFRINGEMENT PROVIDED HEREUNDER. THE ENTIRE OBLIGATION OF S-A FOR EQUIPMENT OR LICENSED SOFTWARE MALFUNCTIONS OR DEFECTIVE INSTALLATIONS AFTER ACCEPTANCE IS AS EXPRESSLY STATED IN THIS SECTION OR IN THE SOFTWARE LICENSE.

### 10. Terms and Termination

- .1 The "Term" of this Agreement shall commence on the Agreement Date, and, unless sooner terminated pursuant to Sections 10.2 or 10.3 below, shall end upon completion of obligations of the parties.
- .2 The non-defaulting party may terminate this Agreement immediately upon written notice of the occurrence of any of the following events:
  - a. Either party shall default in any of its material obligations hereunder and fail to cure the default within fifteen (15) days, or as mutually agreed to by both parties, after the non defaulting party has given written notice of such default, such termination to be effective as of the day of such notice. Written notice of cure shall be delivered to non-defaulting party within fifteen (15) days of notice of default: or
  - b. Either party shall become insolvent or shall seek protection in

bankruptcy or the appointment of a receiver or a petition in bankruptcy or seeking the appointment of a receiver shall be filed against such party and such petition shall not be dismissed within thirty (30) days of its filing, such termination shall be effective as of the date of such notice.

.3 The Buyer shall further have the right to terminate this Agreement for convenience, through March 1, 1996. The parties agree that S-A has no means to determine actual cost impact and therefore the parties agree that the costs associated with this termination for convenience shall be liquidated as follows:

December 1st, 1995	10%
January 1st, 1996	20%
February 1st, 1996	30%
March 1st, 1996	40%

where % is defined as the percentage of the price of the canceled portion of the agreement.

The liquidated termination costs shall be due S-A within 30 days of date of notice of termination by the Buyer.

In the event of Termination of the agreement and payment of the appropriate liquidation costs detailed above, GCI would subsequently have the right to repurchase some or all of the canceled equipment. A percentage of the liquidated costs previously paid by GCI as a result of termination would be credited to GCI as follows:

If reordered by:

March 31st, 1996	50%
April 1st - May 31st, 1996	35%
June 1st - July 31st, 1996	30%
August 1st- Sept. 30th, 1996	25%
Oct. 1st - Dec. 31st, 1996	20%

Said credit will be applied to the  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right)$ 

.4 Except as set forth in subsection 10.3, immediately above, the termination or expiration of this Agreement by either party shall not affect the rights and obligations of the parties that have vested prior to the effective date of such termination with respect to orders accepted by S-A. Final settlement for such orders shall be on the same basis as though the Agreement were continuing, and any obligations of one party to the other with respect to such orders shall remain in full force and effect until fully paid or discharged. In addition to the foregoing, the provisions of Sections 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 21, 22 and 23 shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

# 11. Licensed Software

All copies of the Licensed Software residing in the Equipment purchased by the Buyer under this Agreement shall remain the property of S-A and Buyer shall be required to execute the Software License, the terms and conditions of which are incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof. In the event, however, that terms of this Agreement conflict with terms of the Software License, the terms of this Agreement shall prevail over the Software License.

a. S-A grants to Buyer during the Term of this Agreement a royalty-free, non-exclusive license to use the Trademarks in connection with the promotion and sale of the Equipment as provided for herein. Buyer shall not use or incorporate the Trademarks on any other products or in or as part of a trade name, corporate name, or business name. Buyer acknowledges that considerable time and money has been expended to create the

goodwill associated with the Trademarks. Buyer shall always act in a manner that would maintain the quality and goodwill associated with the Trademarks. Nothing contained herein shall give Buyer any interest or right in the Trademarks, except as is expressly granted herein.

b. Buyer further agrees that it will not in any manner represent that it has ownership of the Trademarks and that it will not register or attempt to register any Trademarks under the laws of any jurisdiction, and will not at any time do, or cause to be done, any act or thing contesting, or in any way impairing or tending to impair, any part of S-A's right, title, and interest in the Trademarks, whether or not they are registered in the jurisdictions in which Buyer is located or does business; provided, however, that Buyer may register Trademarks where expressly required by law, solely for the purpose of establishing its distributorship status. Buyer shall promptly notify S-A of any unauthorized use or infringement of S-A's Trademarks, licenses or rights thereto.

c. Buyer agrees not to obscure, alter, modify or remove from the Equipment any of the Trademarks or other product identification.

#### 12. No Rights in Trademarks

S-A grants to Buyer during the Term of this Agreement a royalty-free, non-exclusive license to use the Trademarks in connection with the promotion and sale of the Equipment as provided for herein. Buyer shall not use or incorporate the Trademarks on any other products or in or as part of a trade name, corporate name, or business name. Buyer acknowledges that considerable time and money has been expended to create the goodwill associated with the Trademarks. Buyer will always act in a manna that would maintain the quality and goodwill associated with the Trademarks. Nothing contained herein shall give Buyer any interest or right in the Trademarks, except as is expressly granted herein.

Buyer further agrees that it will not in any manner represent that it has ownership of the Trademarks and that it will not register or attempt to register any Trademarks under the laws of any jurisdiction, and will not at any time do, or cause to be done, any act or thing contesting, or in any way impairing or tending to impair, any part of S-A's right, title, and interest in the Trademarks, whether or not they are registered in the jurisdictions in which Buyer is located or does business; provided, however, that Buyer may register Trademarks where expressly required by law, solely for the purpose of establishing its distributorship status. Buyer shall promptly notify S-A of any unauthorized use or infringement of S-A's Trademarks, licenses or rights thereto.

Buyer agrees not to obscure, alter, modify or remove from the Equipment any of the Trademarks or other product identification..

# 13. Other Intellectual Property

.1 The Buyer acknowledges that as an integral part of S-A's business, S-A has developed, at a considerable investment of time and expense, Trade Secrets and Proprietary Information, and acknowledges that S-A has a legitimate business interest in protecting the Trade Secrets and Proprietary Information. Buyer acknowledges that it and its employees will be entrusted with such Trade Secrets and Proprietary Information. Pursuant therewith, the Buyer agrees to that it will treat as confidential and will not, without the prior written approval of S-A, use (other than in the performance of its duties hereunder), publish, disclose, copyright or authorize anyone else to use, publish, disclose or copyright, (a) any information that constitutes Trade Secrets either during the term hereof or subsequent thereto; or (b) any information that constitutes Proprietary Information either during the term hereof

or for two (2) years after expiration or termination, with or without cause.

- .2 All records, notes, files, drawings, documents, plans and like items, and all copies thereof, relating to or containing or disclosing Trade Secrets or Proprietary Information of S-A which are made or kept by the Buyer or which are disclosed to or come into the possession of the Buyer, shall be and remain the sole and exclusive property of S-A and shall be returned to S-A upon expiration or termination of this Agreement.
- .3 The Buyer further agrees that it will require each of its shareholders, officers, directors and employees who act on its behalf with respect to this Agreement to be bound by the requirements of this Agreement and that, upon request of S-A, the Buyer will provide evidence of such requirement to S-A.

# 14. Injunction

The Buyer agrees that its (or anyone acting on its behalf) actual or threatened breach of the provisions of Sections 10, 11 or 12 shall constitute irreparable harm to S-A, and S-A, in addition to all other rights, shall be entitled to seek an injunction restraining the Buyer or such person therefrom. Nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting S-A from pursuing any other available remedy for such breach or threatened breach, including the recovery of damages from the Buyer or such person. This provision shall remain in full force and effect in the event the Buyer or such person should claim that S A violated any of the terms of this Agreement. In such event, the Buyer or such person agrees to pursue such claim against S-A independently of the covenants set forth in this section.

# 15. Proprietary Rights Indemnification

- .1 Indemnification. S-A shall settle, at its sole cost, or defend and pay costs and damages finally awarded in any suit against the Buyer to the extent based upon a finding that the design, construction or use of the Equipment, including Licensed Software (either separately or in combination), furnished under this Agreement, as furnished and used in accordance with S-A instructions, infringes a patent, trademark, copyright or other intellectual property right of a third party (except infringement which is directly caused by incorporating a specific design or modification at the Buyer's request). S-A shall not indemnify the Buyer's for that portion of any final award that is based on revenue derived from use of the Equipment and that is in excess of the maximum liability of S-A provided in Section 15.5 below.
- .2 Procedures. In the event of any allegation of infringement of the type described in Section 15.1 or a claim or suit based thereon (the "Allegation"), the Buyer shall promptly notify S-A of such Allegation in writing. S-A shall promptly commence efforts to settle or to defend against such Allegation and the Buyer shall reasonably cooperate with S-A at the expense of S-A in such settlement or defense.
- .3 Injunction. In the event that the use of the Equipment delivered under this Agreement is enjoined or, in the discretion of S-A, is likely to be enjoined, S-A shall do one or more of the following, at S-A's option:
  - (a) obtain for the Buyer the right to use the infringing item at no cost to the Buyer;
  - (b) modify the infringing item so that it becomes noninfringing while remaining in compliance with the Specifications in all material respects;
  - (c) replace the item with a noninfringing item which is in compliance with the Specifications in all material respects; or

- (d) if (a), (b) or (c) cannot be effected by S-A's reasonable and diligent efforts, and further subject to the Notice of Refund Option, below, refund the amount paid by the Buyer for the applicable Equipment, less depreciation calculated on a straight-line basis over a five (5) year period, provided that the payment of any such refund shall not become due until return by the Buyer of the applicable Equipment.
- (e) Notice of Refund Option. In the event S-A shall elect to exercise the provisions of subsection 15.3(d), above, S-A shall give Buyer 90 days written notice of such election. Buyer shall have the option, during such 90 day period, to negotiate on its own behalf a license or other agreement with the Plaintiff so that such item is no longer infringing. In the event Buyer is successful, S-A shall under Section 15.1 above, pay on behalf of Buyer any royalties and other costs related to such settlement, including attorney's fees, up to the amount set forth in Section 15.5, below.
- .4 Combinations and Modifications. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, S-A shall have no liability for any infringement arising from (i) use of delivered items in combination with other items, unless S-A sold, made or specifically recommended them all as a combination, or the specific combination would be necessary for the use in the normal course of events in connection with the Equipment sold hereunder, or (ii) modification of items after delivery, unless S-A made or specifically recommended the modification, or the modification constitutes normal repair, replacement or implementation of S-A provided options and enhancements for the Equipment sold hereunder.
- .5 Limitation. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, this Section 15 states the entire liability of S-A and the sole and exclusive remedy of the Buyer for any alleged infringement of a third party's intellectual property right arising out of the sale or use of the Equipment supplied under this Agreement or a process practiced by such item, and S-A shall not be liable under this Section 15 in the aggregate for any amount exceeding the total price of the Equipment purchased hereunder.

# 16. Indemnification and Limitation of Liability

- .1 The Buyer agrees to indemnify and hold S-A and its officers, directors and employees harmless from any loss, damage, liability and expense on account of bodily injuries or physical damage to tangible property, including the property of S-A, arising from any occurrence caused by a negligent or willful act or omission of the Buyer or any employee or agent of the Buyer (other than S-A), or of an independent contractor of the Buyer (other than S-A), which indemnity shall survive this Agreement.
- .2 S-A agrees to indemnify and hold the Buyer and its officers, directors and employees harmless from any loss, damage, liability and expense on account of bodily injuries or physical damage to tangible property, including the property of the Buyer, arising from any occurrence caused by a negligent or willful act or omission of S-A, or any employee or agent of S-A or of any subcontractor or independent contractor of S-A, which indemnity shall survive this Agreement.
- .3 UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL S-A BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, PUNITIVE, OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER RELATED AGREEMENTS OR ANY ACTS OR OMISSIONS ASSOCIATED THEREWITH OR RELATING TO THE USE OF ANY EQUIPMENT, LICENSED SOFTWARE OR SERVICES FURNISHED, WHETHER SUCH CLAIM IS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHER LEGAL THEORY AND REGARDLESS OF THE CAUSES OF SUCH LOSS OR DAMAGES OR WHETHER ANY OTHER REMEDY PROVIDED HEREIN FAILS, NOR SHALL S-A'S TOTAL LIABILITY EXCEED AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THE TOTAL PURCHASE

PRICE PAID BY THE BUYER TO S-A UNDER THIS AGREEMENT, MEASURED AS OF THE DATE SUCH LIABILITY OF S-A SHALL FIRST EXIST.

# 17. Force Majeure

S-A shall not be responsible for delays caused by conditions beyond the reasonable control of S-A, including without limitation such conditions as acts of God, civil insurrections, wars, sabotage, fires, floods, sun outages, atmospherics and externally caused interference, accidents, labor disputes, acts or requirements of governmental authorities or governmental laws, ordinances, rules and regulations, transportation delays, unusually severe weather, or other similar or different conditions beyond the reasonable control of S-A including, without limitation, limitations and restrictions imposed by third parties. In the event of delay due to any such condition, any performance obligation shall be adjusted equitably. Any orders in purchase orders to the Buyer which contains a penalty clause or liquidated damage clause accepted by the Buyer shall be wholly at Buyer's risk unless S-A has given prior written consent to such clause.

#### 18. Notices

All notices given pursuant to this Agreement shall be in writing and either delivered in person or by telegram, telex or facsimile transmission or mailed by certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, to each party at the following address or such other address as such party may direct by similar notice to the other:

To S-A: Scientific-Atlanta, Inc.

4356 Communications Drive

Norcross, GA 30093 ATTN: Bob Roseman

Telephone: (770) 903 6684 Facsimile: (770) 903 5524

To Buyer:

GCI Communication Corp.

2550 Denali Street Suite 1000

Anchorage AK USA 99503 ATTN: Jimmy R Sipes Telephone: (907) 265-5557 Facsimile: (907) 265-5673

Any notice given pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given upon receipt.

# 19. Amendments and Changes

This Agreement may not be amended, modified or waived in any material respect except in a written amendment signed by authorized representatives of both parties.

#### 20. Assignment and Subcontracting

.1 This Agreement will be bring upon, inure to the benefit of, and be enforceable by, the parties hereto and their respective legal representatives, successors and assigns; provided, however, that neither this Agreement nor any rights hereunder may be assigned by either party without the prior written consent of the other party, except that this Agreement may be assigned to a parent or associated corporation or to an entity that acquires all or substantially all of the capital stock, business, or assets of a party hereto and agrees in writing to assume the rights and obligations.

.2 S-A may engage one or more subcontractors to perform any or all of the obligations of S-A hereunder. Any such assignment or subcontracting shall not, unless the parties otherwise agree in writing, relieve either party hereto from any obligations hereunder.

#### 21. Independent Contractor

Each party hereto is an independent contractor and shall not be deemed the agent or employee of the other party hereto. The Buyer acknowledges that the Specifications and the other matters set forth herein are the only limitations and restrictions on the source quality and performance of the Equipment hereunder

#### 22. Public Release of Information

Neither party may issue any press release or circular or otherwise disclose the existence or terms of this Agreement or the relationship contemplated hereby without the prior written approval of the other party unless required by an APUC, FCC or other governmental reporting requirement.

#### 23. Miscellaneous

- .1 This Agreement expresses the entire understanding of the parties with reference to the subject matter hereof, and supersedes any prior or contemporaneous representations, understandings and agreements, whether oral or written, and no representations or agreements modifying or supplementing the terms of this Agreement shall be valid unless in writing and signed by the parties hereto.
- .2 This Agreement shall be interpreted in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Georgia, excluding its rules or principles regarding conflicts of law.
- .3 Except as set forth in Sections 10.3 and 24, the enumeration herein of the rights and remedies of the parties is not intended to be exclusive, and such rights and remedies are in addition to and not by way of limitation of any other rights or remedies that either party may have under applicable law.
- .4 No act, failure or delay by either party hereto shall constitute a waiver of any of such party's rights and remedies. No single or partial waiver by either party hereto of any provision of this Agreement, or of any breach or default hereunder, or of any right or remedy which such party may have, shall operate as a waiver of any other provision, breach, default, right or remedy or of the same provision, breach, default, right or remedy on a future occasion.
- .5 If any provision of this Agreement shall be prohibited or invalid under applicable law, such provision shall be invalid only to such extent, without invalidating the remainder of this Agreement.
- .6 This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, and by S-A and the Buyer in separate counterparts, each of which shall be an original, but all of which shall together constitute one and the same Agreement.
- .7 The captions contained in this Agreement are for convenience only, are without substantive meaning and should not be construed to modify, enlarge, or restrict any provision.

#### 24. Arbitration

- .1 Except as otherwise provided in the Software License, any controversy or claim between or among the parties, including but not limited to those arising out of or relating to this Agreement or any agreements or instruments relating hereto or delivered in connection herewith and any claim based on or arising from an alleged tort, shall if incapable of resolution by mutual agreement in good faith, be determined by arbitration as provided in this Section 24.
- .2 The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the United States Arbitration Act (Title 9, U. S. Code), notwithstanding any

choice of law provision in this Agreement, and under the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA"). The arbitration shall be conducted in the City of Seattle, Washington. The arbitrator shall give effect to statutes of limitation in determining any claim. Any controversy concerning whether an issue is arbitrable shall be determined by the arbitrator. The decision of the arbitrator shall be final and binding on the parties. Judgment upon the arbitration award may be entered in any court having jurisdiction. In rendering any decision or making findings of fact the arbitrator shall apply the express intentions of the parties set forth in this Agreement and the laws of the State of Georgia, including without limitation any applicable statutes, regulations and binding judicial decisions, as such would be applied by the courts of the State of Georgia and the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia.

.3 In connection with any arbitration having an amount in controversy of less than \$1,000,000, such arbitration shall be conducted by a single arbitrator, chosen by the AAA. The AAA shall be guided by any applicable rules with respect to the choosing of an arbitrator for arbitrations conducted pursuant to the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the AAA, and, in addition, thereto, (i) the AAA shall attempt to appoint an arbitrator having a technical background, where available, consistent with the technical issues and procedures which are the subject matter of this Agreement and (ii) the AAA shall prefer an arbitrator who is an attorney in good standing and licensed to practice law within the State of Georgia. In connection with any arbitration where the amount in controversy is equal to or greater than \$1,000,000, the arbitration shall be conducted of a panel of three (3) or more arbitrators chosen by the AAA, giving preference to those factors identified in subsections (i) and (ii) in the foregoing sentence.

4 Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions, nothing contained in this Section 24 shall prohibit either party from seeking injunctive relief in any court having jurisdiction thereof and each party consents to such jurisdiction.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed and delivered by their respective authorized representatives as of the date first above written.

GCI Communication Corp:

Scientific-Atlanta, Inc.:

By: /s/ Ron Duncan

By:/s/ David A. Berger

Ron Duncan (Typed Name)

David A. Berger (Typed Name)

President (Title)

President-Networks Division
(Title)

December 20, 1995 (Date)

December 28, 1995 (Date)

Exhibit A - Prices

GCI
C-BAND 3.6 METER ANTENNA REMOTE
DAMA STATIONS MFR OR PRICE
ITEM DESCRIPTION QTY EQUIV. (U.S.\$)

EOUIPTMENT

	2- Single unit LNB 3- Shipping 4- Integration 5- Transceiver IFL			
1.	<pre>3.6-Meter Non-Deiced Antenna (51 Sites) consisting of:</pre>			
a. b. c.	Non-motorizable mount Non heated panels Spars and feed boom	1 1 1	S-A S-A S-A	
d. e.	GCI Mount pipe Cross-pol heated feed	1 1	S-A S-A	
f.	Raven protection kit		S-A	
g.	Feed boom electric deice kit	1	S-A	
	3.6-Meter Non-Deiced Antenna Unit Price			\$10,561
	3.6-Meter Non-Deiced Antenna Total Price (Qty-51)	)		\$538,611
2.	Model 7890B Tranceiver subsystem (55 Sites) consisting of:			
	Note: Excludes IFL & Mounting Hardware			
a.	Model 7890 C-Band 20 watt Outdoor RF Unit (5.85-6.425 GHz)	1	S-A	
b.	(5.65-6.425 GHZ) Model CLNA-35-60-N Low Noise Amplifier	1	EF DATA	
c. d. e.	Model CLNA-35-60-N Low Noise Amplifier Model 7792B Tranceiver Indoor Unit, -48VDC Block Downconverter (3.625-4.2 GHz) Temperature Sensor Remote Assy. (P/N 482439)	1 1 1	S-A S-A	
e.	Model 7890B Tranceiver Unit Price	1	JA	\$20 <b>,</b> 572
	Model 7890B Tranceiver Unit Price (Qty-55)			\$1,131,460
3.	Baseband Equipment consisting of:			
a.	Model 7800 DAMA Eight channel chassis	86	S-A	\$688,000
b.	-48 VDC Multi Transponder IF Input/Output Model 7802 Channel Unit, Voice and Data, 128kbps	550	S-A	\$2,722,500
С.	Fax Relay option, Switchless Remote Signaling Channel Unit, Switchless	56	S-A	\$252,000
d.	Remote Signaling Channel Unit, Switchless System Spares	6	S-A	
e.	System Spares DAMA Standby Power Supply for 7800 Chassis, -48 VDC, Panel Mount	62	S-A	\$458,986
	Subtotal:			\$5,791,557
4.	Monitor & Control Subsystem consisting of:			
a.	Monitor & Control Subsystem consisting of:  Alarm/Status Sense inputs (28 points) Outdoor Temperature Meter Indoor Temperature Meter	53	S-A	
b. c.	Outdoor Temperature Meter Indoor Temperature Meter	53 53	S-A S-A	
d. e.	Power Module Temperature Meter DC Current Meter	53 53	S - A S - A S - A S - A S - A S - A	
f.	DC Voltage Meter	53	S-A	
g. h.	(3) Temperature Probes RSCU/Modern/PMT Port enhancement	53 53	S-A S-A	
i.	Modem addition to 4.h	53	S-A	
	Subtotal;			\$426,650
5.	Optional 2 ft. Mount Pipe Extension	51	S-A	\$ 42,330
6.	Optional Elevation Drill Drive Adapter  FOB ATLANTA PRICE:	3	S-A	\$ 6,905 \$6,267,442
II.	SERVICES			, , ,
1.	Freight and Insurance (Customer Responsibility)		Lot	
2. 3.	Site Survey Civil Works (Customer Responsibility)	0	Lot Lot	
4.	Installation, Test & Commissioning	0	Lot	
5. 6.	Training Programs Progrm Management & Engineering Services	0	Lot Lot	\$218,047
7. 8.	Feature Group B, 1800950 Development 64Kbps PCM Development	1 1	Lot Lot	\$25,000 \$85,000
	TOTAL DAMA EXPANSION NETWORK			\$6,595,489
	9 METER ANTENNA PROJECT			
1.	Model 8009A 9.15 M Antenna	6		
	Reflector, motorized polarization, non deiced	S-A		
	Extreme Mount, galvanized and painted S-A Foundat	tion		
	Kit, 120 deg. S-A 4 port C-Band Linear Feed Extreme Environment Radome/Raven Protection Kit	S-A		
	Motorized Single Speed actuators, 120* Azimuth S-A Travel, 208 VAC			
	Transmit Waveguide Kit		S-A	
	Lightning Protection Kit Work Platform and Ladder Kit		S-A S-A	
2.	Antenna Controls Subsystem:	6		
	•			

Model 8861 Antenna Motor Controller S-A Model 8860-2

2- Single unit LNB

Adaptrack Indoor Unit S-A AZ/EI Kits, 208 VAC S-A Feed Kits 208 VAC/60 HZ Phase 3 S-A Installation Kits S-A

Deice Control System Main Reflector, Feed and Sub-Reflector Electric De-Ice 5 S-A 5 S-A

Installation \$236,700

Note:
i) GCI to provide test equipment
ii) GCI to install the RF system prior to antenna testing

Hardware Subtotal:

\$1,092,958 TOTAL 9M ANTENNA PROJECT

\$856,258

TOTAL CONTRACT
DAMA EXPANSION AND 9M ANTENNA PROJECTS \$7,688,447

I.EQUIPMENT	QTY	1-Jan -96	1-Feb -96			1-May -96	15-May -96	1-Jun -96	15-Jun -96	1-Jul -96	1-Aug -96
1 3.6 Meter non-Deiced Antenna, consisting of: a. Non-motorized mount b. Non heated panels c. Spars and feed boom d. GCI mount pipe e. Cross-pol heated feed f. Raven protection g. Feed boom electric deice kit	51		1			18		18		14	
2 Model 7890B Transceiver Subsystem, consisting of: a. Model 6610 C-band 20 W ORU b. Model CLNA-35-60-N LNA c. Model 7792B Transceiver IDU, -48 VDC d. Block Downconverter e. IFL and Hardware including - ORU TX and RX Coaxial Cabling, 40'- ORU power and Control Cabling, 40'- OD Temp Sensor Cabling, 25'- ORU/LNA/LNB/Feed Cabling - Mounting Hardware	55				19	18		18			
3 Baseband Equipment, consisting of: a. Model 7800 DAMA Eight channel chassis, -48 VDC	86		8	8	19	18	17	16			
Multi Transponder IF Input/Output b. Model 7802 Channel Unit, Voice and Data, 128 kb/s,Fax Relay option, Switchless	550		30	30	140	150		100		100	
c. Remote Signaling Channel Unit, Switchless d. DAWA Standby Power Supply for 7800 chassis, -48 VDC, Panel Mount	62 62		4 4	4 3	20 19	18 18		16 18			
I. EQUIPMENT	QTY	1-Jan -96		1-Mar -96					15-Jun -96		1-Aug -96
4 Monitor & Control Subsystem consisting of: a. Alarm/Status Sense Inputs (28 points) b. Outdoor Temperature Meter c. Indoor Temperature Meter d. Power Module Temperature Meter e. DC Current Meter f. DC Voltage g. (3) Temperature Probes	53				19	18		16			
5 Feature Group-B Software/Hardware						lot					
6 1-800-950-XXXX Software/Hardware						lot					
7 9.15 Meter Antenna a. Reflector, motorized polarization, non-deiced b. Extreme Mount, 120 azimuth, galvanized and painted	6						2 2	2 2	2 2		
c. Foundation Kit, 120 d. 4 port C-band Linear Feed e. Motorized Single Speed Actuators 120 Azimuth travel, 208 VAC, 60 Hz							2 2 2	2 2 2	2 2 2		
f. Model 8861 Antenna Motor Controller g. Model 8860-2 Adaptrack Indoor Unit, -48 VDC primary input power			2	2	2		2	2	2		
primary input power h. Antenna Control Cable and Installation Kits i. Lightning Protection Kit j. Work Platform and Ladder Kit k. Transmit Waveguide Interface Kit l. Feed Deice m. Extreme Environment Radome/Raven Protection Kit	=						2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2		

Exhibit C - Software License

SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT

#### SCIENTIFIC-ATLANTA

# END USER SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT FOR USE WITH DESIGNATED EOUIPMENT

Customer: GCI Communication Corporation

Address: 2550 Denali St, Anchorage. AK. 99503-2781

Scientific-Atlanta, Inc. ("S-A") by its acceptance agrees to grant to Customer, and Customer accepts on the following terms and conditions a license to the identified Licensed Software for use only with the Designated Equipment set out below.

This Agreement covers all Software provided by S-A to GCI for the purpose of operating the S-A DAMA Network equipment, purchased by GCI from S-A pursuant the Equipment Purchase Agreement of even date.

#### 1.LICENSE GRANT

- "Licensed Software" means a computer program, including any modifications, updates or additions which may be supplied by S-A to Customer, in object code or executable form in any medium, such as magnetic tape, disks, or optical media; and related materials such as flow charts, logic diagrams, manuals, and other documentation which are provided to Customer by S-A with or for use in Designated Equipment. Licensed Software may reside within Designated Equipment at the time of delivery to Customer in which case identification of such equipment shall also constitute identification of the corresponding software; or it may be provided separately for installation on Designated Equipment.
- 1.2 Subject to these terms and conditions, S-A grants to Customer, subject to the limitations herein, a personal, nonexclusive, nontransferable license to use Licensed Software in and for the Designated Equipment and not otherwise. This license may be assigned to any bona fide successor in interest to Designated Equipment who first agrees in writing to be bound by the terms of this Agreement. Should the Licensed Software include a unique implementation of a security algorithm, Customer shall have the exclusive right to use such unique Customer security algorithm implementation in and for use with the Designated Equipment and not otherwise.
- Customer may make one (1) copy of Licensed Software (but not including read-only memories or similar devices) for archival purposes only and shall reproduce and attach all copyright and proprietary notices. Customer shall not otherwise copy or allow to be copied Licensed Software except to install Licensed Software on the Designated Equipment. Customer agrees that S-A shall have the right to have an independent accounting firm conduct an audit at Customer's premises during normal business hours to verify the number of copies of Licensed Software in use by Customer.
- 1.4 Customer shall not make any modifications to Licensed Software or remove any proprietary notices of S-A or third parties found in or on the Licensed Software. Customer agrees not to reverse engineer, decompile, or reverse assemble Licensed Software except to the extent that such prohibition may be unenforceable under applicable law.
- 1.5 Licensed Software is and shall remain the exclusive property of S-A. No license other than that specifically stated herein is granted to Customer, and Customer shall have no right to sublicense Licensed Software nor any right under any patent, trademark, copyright, trade secret or other intellectual property of S-A other than that granted by this Agreement.

#### 2. PROTECTION AND SECURITY

2.1 Customer agrees not to disclose, release, or make available in any form any portion of Licensed Software to any person other than Customer's own employees or contractors. Customer represents that its employees and contractors having access to Licensed Software are or shall be party to written agreements acknowledging a duty to protect Customer's confidential materials, including the Licensed Software.

- 2.2 Customer shall keep Licensed Software (including archival copies, if any), in a secure environment and shall take all steps reasonably necessary to protect Licensed Software or any part thereof from unauthorized disclosure or release. Customer may not export or reexport the Licensed Software in any form except in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.
- 2.3 Customer expressly agrees that a breach of this Agreement will cause irreparable harm to S-A and that S-A shall have the right to obtain injunctive relief against any unauthorized use, disclosure, copying or transfer of any part of Licensed Software. Licensed Software may contain software from third parties who are intended to be third party beneficiaries of this Agreement.

#### 3. WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

3.1 S-A warrants that Licensed Software, as provided, shall conform to the Specifications as that term is defined in the Equipment Purchase Agreement of even date or if not covered by such Specification, the published specification of S-A. During the first one (1) year after the date of delivery of Licensed Software, S-A shall use reasonable commercial efforts to correct errors detected in Licensed Software after receiving notification of such errors from Customer. This paragraph sets forth the entire obligation of S-A with respect to Licensed Software and in no event shall S-A be liable to Customer for loss of profit, indirect, special, or consequential damages arising out of its provision of the Licensed Software to Customer under tort, contract, or any other legal theory. In no event shall S-A be liable to Customer for any damages, however based, in excess of ten thousand United States dollars (US\$10,000.00).

S-A MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WITH RESPECT TO ANY PRODUCTS OR SERVICES PROVIDED UNDER THIS AGREEMENT INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OTHER THAN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS S-A DOES NOT WARRANT THAT THE FUNCTIONS CONTAINED IN Licensed Software WILL MEET THE CUSTOMER'S REQUIREMENTS, OR THAT THE OPERATION OF Licensed Software WILL BE UNINTERRUPTED OR ERROR-FREE. S-A MAKES NO WARRANTY OF NONINFRINGEMENT, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. ANY THIRD PARTY SOFTWARE SUPPLIED WITH OR INCORPORATED IN Licensed Software IS PROVIDED "AS-IS" WITHOUT WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND. IF ANY ADDITIONAL WARRANTIES ARE SUPPLIED BY A THIRD PARTY, SUCH WARRANTIES WILL BE OFFERED DIRECTLY BY SUCH THIRD PARTY TO CUSTOMER.

- 3.3 Customer acknowledges its responsibility to use all reasonable methods to prove out and thoroughly test the operation of and output from Licensed Software prior to its use in Customer's operations.
- 3.4 Unless otherwise provided in a separate writing, and subject only to the warranty of this Section, S-A is under no obligation to provide Customer with any modifications, updates, additions or revisions to Licensed Software, nor to maintain Licensed Software in any manner.
- 3.5 In the event that any modifications are made to Licensed Software, any and all warranty and other obligations of S-A shall immediately cease with respect to such software.

# 4.INDEMNIFICATION

4.1 S-A shall provide defense and indemnification to the Customer under terms set forth in Section 15 of the Equipment Purchase Agreement of even date herewith.

#### 5. TERM AND TERMINATION

This Agreement shall continue indefinitely unless terminated by one of the parties. This Agreement may be terminated by Customer upon thirty (30) days' notice to S-A and by S-A upon breach of any term of this Agreement, which breach is not cured within thirty (30) days after notice by S-A, or should Customer be adjudged a bankrupt or become a party to a similar proceeding for the benefit of its creditors. Immediately after such termination, Customer will deliver to S-A Licensed Software and any and all copies and modifications thereof (except copies which reside within the Designated Equipment and which shall be erased) and will, if requested, provide S-A with its written certification that it has retained no copies.

#### 6. TAXES

Except for taxes based on S-A's income, S-A shall not be responsible for any federal, state or local taxes based upon Customer's purchase, possession or use of Licensed Software or upon any charges payable or services performed hereunder.

#### 7. APPLICABLE LAW, INTEGRATION AND MODIFICATION

- 7.1 This Agreement shall be construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Georgia, United States of America, not including any conflicts of laws provisions thereof. The UN Convention on Contracts for the Sale of Goods shall not apply.
- 7.2 This Agreement comprises the full and final understanding between S-A and Customer, and merges and supersedes any and all other agreements, understandings or representations, written or oral, with respect to the subject matter hereof. It may not be modified except by a writing signed by authorized representatives of both S-A and Customer, and referring specifically to this Agreement.
- 7.3 Any attempt by Customer to assign this Agreement shall be void unless the assignment is incidental to the sale of the Designated Equipment.
- 7.4 Waiver by any party of the breach of a provision of this Agreement by the other party shall not be construed as a continuing waiver of such provision or waiver of any other breach of any other provision of this Agreement.

AGREED: ACCEPTED AND APPROVED:

CUSTOMER SCIENTIFIC-ATLANTA, INC. /s/Ron Duncan /s/Gregory Taylor

Ron Duncan Greg Taylor

Printed Name Printed Name

President VP Operations,
Systems Integ
Title Title

December 20, 1995

Date

December 28, 1995

Date

Exhibit D - Feature Group B/ 1 800 950 XXX Specification

S-A DAMA Features for FGB
 and 800 950 1077
 Dec. 12, 1995, Rev. 4

FGB is a trunk class offered by a Local Exchange Carrier (LEC) to an Inter Exchange Carrier (IXC) before the advent of FGD equal access trunking was available. In such a non equal access LEC office FGC signaling also exists but historically is only grandfathered to AT&T as they were the original and only IXC. (There have been exceptions in Alaska where GCI has received FGC from a LEC for payphone access and 800 number lookup). FGB can coexist with FGD when that service is available. There are two types of FGB signaling; one with ANI and one without. FGB with ANI is a NECA offering without any additional charges over and above FGB without ANI. The following will be a description of how it functions and what S-A will have to incorporate into the DAMA product to provide this FGB requirement for GCI. Drawings are also included showing the signaling protocol exchanges for both types.

S-A shall design the DAMA product for the following two FGB trunking signaling protocol. GCI's FGB Carrier Identification Code (CIC) is 1077. FGB access NXX is 950 so the access number is 950 1077. There will be a new file to be downloaded to the CUs called the "Parameter File". The CIC will be placed in the new downloadable file. Format of the new file is TBD. FGB with ANI and FGB without ANI will be selectable from the same field in the parameter screen where FGC, FGD, IMT, and PBX are currently selected. The new entries will be FGBANI and FGBNOANI. FGB with ANI and FGB without ANI and IMT protocols will reside within the same state machine FGB###.BIN The first described is FGB with ANI.

FGB with ANI

phone. (No MF tones or rotary phones)

The customer with local LEC line will dial 950 1077. The LEC, at the LEC GCI FGB trunk, will then send an off hook seizure to the DAMA channel unit. The

Customer then enters the called number as 1+213+554+1212 from their DTMF

DAMA channel unit will then send an approximate 200 ms off hook wink to the LEC when the DAMA is ready to receive digits in MF. The LEC will spill KP9501077ST important digression -- In most all cases the LEC when asked will suppress all digits of the called number and just spill KP ST. This shortens post dial delay. The DAMA must be able to just recognize KP ST for this trunk type). The DAMA then returns an off hook seizure to the LEC. The LEC recognizes this as the request for ANI and then sends the ANI as KP 0 2655650 ST. This ends the LEC trunking signalling protocol, (with the exception of ultimate on hook disconnect). The DAMA then shall return a single frequency 400 Hz dial tone. (If it hasn't been observed already this signalling protocol is identical to FGC originating previously designed for DAMA). The similarity ends however at this point where the DAMA returns dial tone. The originator of the call who first dialed 950 1077 to access GCI DAMA (who will continue the signalling addressing) must now at the DAMA dial tone enter the 1+10 digit called number. This 10 digit destination number must replace the previous called number 9501077, if spilled, with the new 10 digit called number for the purpose of call routing and completion. The ANI will be used for billing. The DAMA channel unit must have the filed 907 NPA for purpose of completing the ANI with the prefacing of the 907 to the seven digit ANI spill. Presently the DAMA NMS has ANI validation to the extent that if an ANI is to be turned off for non payment it is entered into the system to be blocked. If an ANI is to route normal it is not entered. S-A shall provide the capability to reverse this based on a CU basis so that an ANI must be entered to be allowed to route and that if no ANI is present in the NMS database then it will block the call and go to recording.

Next will be described the second scenario of FGB without ANI.

FGB without ANI

Customer phone number is 907 265 5650 Customer dials GCI FGB Access number 950 1077 Customer wants to call 1+213+554+1212 Customer has GCI authorization code number 123456

Customer then enters a 6 digit authorization code and the called number as 123456 + 1 + 213 + 554 + 1212 from their DTMF phone. (No MF tones or rotary phones)

The customer with local LEC line will dial 950 1077. The LEC, at the LEC GCI FGB trunk, will then send an off hook seizure to the DAMA channel unit. The DAMA channel unit will then send an approximate 200 ms off hook wink to the LEC when the DAMA is ready to receive digits in MF. The LEC will spill KP9501077ST Important digression -- In most all cases the LEC when asked will suppress all digits of the called number and just spill KP ST. This shortens post dial delay. The DAMA must be able to just recognize KP ST for this trunk type). The DAMA then returns an off hook seizure to the LEC along with single frequency 400 Hz. dial tone. This ends the LEC trunking signalling protocol, (with the exception of ultimate on hook disconnect). The user, in continuing the addressing signalling, must enter at the tone a 6 digit authorization code and then the 1 +10 digit called number from their DTMF phone. The authorization code will replace the ANI for billing purposes only but will not replace the ANI for any other purpose such as FGD repeat. Where FGB does not provide an actual ANI the NS will use the telephone number entered in the routing table of the originating CU as the ANI for FGC and FGD repeat. This scheme is the same as what FGC and FGD do for an IMT originating call which has no ANI. If no telephone number is used an ANI of KP+ST will be output by the FGC or FGD repeat terminating trunk. This 6 digit authcode (Called the Hometown authcode feature by GCI Mktg when going to non equal access areas) must be validated in the NMS in a database of 6 digit authoodes stored. S-A shall provide memory for up to 20 thousand 6 digit authorization codes.

Bellcore standards documents are available for FGB signalling and function.

Compatibility Information for Feature Group B Switched Access Service - TR-NPL-000175 Issue 1, July 1985 \$16.50.

Feature Group B FSD 20-24-0300 -- TR-TSY-000698 Issue 1, June 1989 \$30.00; Rev 1, July 1990

\$N/A.

800 950 1077

This feature can be best described as 800 950 1077 "peel out". S-A shall provide the following set of feature requirements. In the case where an originating DAMA FGC or FGD channel unit receives the GCI 800 950 1077 number, regardless of whether the channel unit trunk group is an 800 query or route as is one, the DAMA NMS or channel unit will recognize this number and "peel it

out" and keep it temporarily within the originating channel unit for the following additional call processing. All LEC trunking signalling to DAMA channel unit has already taken place once the 800 950 1077 and ANI have been received. Once the 800 950 1077 number is received and recognized S-A shall design the DAMA product so that the channel unit will return a single frequency 400Hz. dial tone. Then the user, from a DTMF phone, will dial a  $0+10~\mathrm{digit}$ destination number. Then the DAMA channel unit will return a "Bong tone" to the user followed by a recording that says "Enter your GCI calling card number now". Then the customer, from their DTMF phone, will enter a 14 digit GCI Big Dipper calling card number. The 14 digit GCI Big Dipper calling card number will replace the ANI sent to the NS for billing purposes. Then the return link will send all this information to the NMS. The NMS will validate the 14 digit number. If validated then the call will route and terminate to a destination channel unit based on the 0+10 digit called number. At the same time a recording to the originator will say "Thank you for using GCI". S-A shall provide memory for up to 100,000 14 digit calling card numbers. In the event where the customer originated the call from a rotary phone S-A shall provide for the following. At the point where the DAMA channel unit has returned the single frequency 400 Hz. dial tone and the  $\,$  customer  $\,$  cannot  $\,$  enter the DTMF 0+10  $\,$  number as they are at a rotary phone there needs to be incorporated a default timer value where the call can be routed to the operator trunking should no DTMF digits be received before the expiration of the timer. This timer needs to be programmable within the range of 1 second to 15 seconds. If no DTMF digits are received within the programmed default range then the call will be routed as a 0- FGD repeat call to the terminating channel unit designated for 0- operator calls. That is the FGD repeat trunk group will repeat the originating ANI and insert 0- as the called number. This will allow an operator to handle the call verbally.

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      THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE
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