# Circutor

Indicator for process signals, temperature and resistance

DHB-402 DHB-424



# **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

(M045B01-03-21A)







#### **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

Follow the warnings described in this manual with the symbols shown below.



#### **DANGER**

Warns of a risk, which could result in personal injury or material damage.



#### **ATTENTION**

Indicates that special attention should be paid to a specific point.

If you must handle the unit for its installation, start-up or maintenance, the following should be taken into consideration:



Incorrect handling or installation of the unit may result in injury to personnel as well as damage to the unit. In particular, handling with voltages applied may result in electric shock, which may cause death or serious injury to personnel. Defective installation or maintenance may also lead to the risk of fire.

Read the manual carefully prior to connecting the unit. Follow all installation and maintenance instructions throughout the unit's working life. Pay special attention to the installation standards of the National Electrical Code.



#### Refer to the instruction manual before using the unit

In this manual, if the instructions marked with this symbol are not respected or carried out correctly, it can result in injury or damage to the unit and /or installations.

CIRCUTOR, SA reserves the right to modify features or the product manual without prior notification.

#### **DISCLAIMER**

**CIRCUTOR, SA** reserves the right to make modifications to the device or the unit specifications set out in this instruction manual without prior notice.

**CIRCUTOR, SA** on its web site, supplies its customers with the latest versions of the device specifications and the most updated manuals.

www.circutor.com





**CIRCUTOR,** recommends using the original cables and accessories that are supplied with the device.



# CONTENTS

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	3
DISCLAIMER	3
CONTENTS	4
REVISION LOG	5
1 VERIFICATION UPON RECEPTION	6
2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	6
3 UNIT INSTALLATION	
3.1 PRELIMINARY RECOMMENDATIONS	7
3.2 INSTALLATION	
3.3 UNIT TERMINALS	
3.3.1 LIST OF TERMINALS, DHB-402 MODEL	
3.3.2 LIST OF TERMINALS, DHB-424 MODELS	
3.4 CONNECTION DIAGRAM	
3.4.1 CONNECTION OF THE STANDARD ANALOGUE SIGNALS	
3.4.2 CONNECTION FOR MEASURING TEMPERATURE	
4 OPERATION	
4.1 MEASURING PARAMETERS	
4.2 DISPLAY	
4.3 BUTTON FUNCTIONS	
4.4 OPEN COLLECTOR OUTPUT, OC (DHB-424 model)	
4.5 REGRESSION OF NON-LINEAR EQUATIONS	
4.6 ALARMS	
4.7 CONFIGURATION	
4.7.1 INPUT PARAMETERS	
4.7.2 REGRESSION OF NON-LINEAR EQUATIONS	
4.7.3 DISPLAY	
4.7.4. ALARM 1	
4.7.5. ALARM 2	
4.7.6. ALARM 3	
4.7.7. ALARM 4	
4.7.8. OUTPUTS (DHB-424 model)	
4.7.9. SERVICE	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.8.1 CONNECTIONS	
4.8.2 MODBUS PROTOCOL	
4.8.3 MODBUS MEMORY MAP.	
5 TECHNICAL FEATURES	
7 WARRANTY	
8 CE CERTIFICATE	
AFFENDIA A. DIOPLAT MEDDAGED	



# **REVISION LOG**

Table 1: Revision log.

Date	Revision	Description
09/14	M045B01-03-14A	Initial version
08/15	M045B01-03-15A	Global revision
02/16	M045B01-03-16A	Changes in the following sections: 3.3.1 3.3.2 4.6 5.
03/21	M045B01-03-21A	Changes in the following sections: 4.7.1.1.

**Note:** The images of the units are solely for the purpose of illustration and may differ from the original unit.



#### 1.- VERIFICATION UPON RECEPTION

Check the following points when you receive the unit:

- a) The unit meets the specifications described in your order.
- b) The unit has not suffered any damage during transport.
- c) Perform an external visual inspection of the unit prior to switching it on.
- d) Check that it has been delivered with the following:
  - An installation guide,
  - Four retainers for rear attachment of the unit,
  - 2 connection terminals.
  - Labels with the measuring units.



If any problem is noticed upon reception, immediately contact the transport company and/or **CIRCUTOR's** after-sales service.

#### 2.- PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The **DHB-4xx** is a programmable panel unit that measures: standard analogue signals sent by sensors, temperature (RTD and Thermocouple), resistance, and current time.

There are 2 versions of the unit depending on the number of alarms and whether the unit has communications.

- ✓ DHB-402, with 2 alarm relays.
- ✓ DHB-424, with 4 alarm relays, 2 analogue outputs and communications RS-485.



#### The unit features:

- 4 buttons that allow you to browse between the various screens and program the unit.
- Inputs to measure analogue voltage, current and temperature signals.
- LCD Display, which displays all the parameters.
- 2 alarm relays, fully programmable (DHB-402 model).
- 2 analogue outputs, fully programmable. (DHB-424 model).
- 4 alarm relays, fully programmable (DHB-424 model).
- RS-485 communications, MODBUS RTU©. (DHB-424 model).
- 1 open collector output, NPN (DHB-424 model).



#### 3.- UNIT INSTALLATION

#### 3.1.- PRELIMINARY RECOMMENDATIONS



In order to use the unit safely, it is critical that individuals who handle it follow the safety measures set out in the standards of the country where it is being used, use the personal protective equipment necessary, and pay attention to the various warnings indicated in this instruction manual.

The DHB-4xx unit must be installed by authorised and qualified staff.

The power supply plug must be disconnected and measuring systems switched off before handling, altering the connections or replacing the unit. It is dangerous to handle the unit while it is powered.

Also, it is critical to keep the cables in perfect condition to avoid accidents, personal injury and damage to installations.

The manufacturer of the unit is not responsible for any damage resulting from failure by the user or installer to heed the warnings and/or recommendations set out in this manual, nor for damage resulting from the use of products or accessories that did not come with the unit or that were made by other manufacturers.

If an anomaly or malfunction is detected in the unit, do not use the unit to take any measurements.

Inspect the work area before taking any measurements. Do not take measurements in dangerous areas or where there is a risk of explosion.



Disconnect the unit from the power supply (unit and measuring system power supply) before maintaining, repairing or handling the unit's connections.

Please contact the after-sales service if you suspect that there is an operational fault in the unit.

#### 3.2.- INSTALLATION

The unit is installed on a panel. The thickness should not exceed 6 mm. Drill panel at  $92^{+0.6}$  x  $45^{+0.6}$  mm.



Terminals, opening roofs or removing elements can expose parts that are hazardous to the touch while the unit is powered. Do not use the unit until it is fully installed.

All the connections are located inside the electric panel. The unit must be installed on the panel from the front. Attach the unit with the 4 brackets to the panel (Figure 1)

Cable cross-section for connections up to: 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.



The unit must be connected to a power circuit protected by a circuit breaker switch or equivalent device located close to unit, marked accordingly, and easily accessed by the operator.

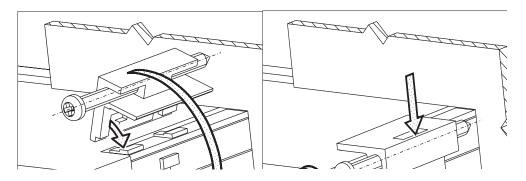


Figure 1: Unit installation and attachment.

# 3.3.- UNIT TERMINALS

#### 3.3.1.- List of terminals, DHB-402 model

Table 2:List of terminals on the DHB-402.

Unit terminals		
1 :10V +, Voltage input	9: AL1, Alarm 1 relay output (NO)	
2: GND -, Ground voltage and current input	10: AL1, Alarm 1 relay output (Common)	
3: 20mA +, Current input	11: AL2, Alarm 2 relay output (NO)	
4: 60mV +, Thermocouple input	12: AL2, Alarm 2 relay output (Common)	
5: 60mV -, Thermocouple input	<b>13, 14:</b> Not used.	
<b>6,7,8:</b> Resistance-RTD probes	15, 16: Auxiliary power supply.	



Figure 2:Terminals of the DHB-402

**Note:** The input, output and power supply lines are galvanically separated from each other.



# 3.3.2.- List of terminals, DHB-424 models

Table 3:List of terminals on the DHB-424

Unit terminals		
1 :10V +, Voltage input	<b>22: GND</b> , for RS-485	
2: GND -, Ground voltage and current input	23: 10V+, Analogue voltage output	
3: 20mA +, Current input	<b>24: 10V</b> , Analogue voltage output	
4: 60mV +, Thermocouple input	25: 20mA+, Analogue current output	
5: 60mV -, Thermocouple input	26: 20mA, Analogue current output	
<b>6,7,8:</b> Resistance-RTD probes	27: OC+, Open collector output (NPN)	
9: AL1, Alarm 1 relay output (NO)	28: OC, Open collector output (NPN).	
10: AL1, Alarm 1 relay output (Common)	<b>29, 30</b> : Not used	
11: AL2, Alarm 2 relay output (NO)	31: AL3, Alarm 3 relay output (Common)	
12: AL2, Alarm 2 relay output (Common)	32: AL3, Alarm 3 relay output (NC)	
<b>13, 14:</b> Not used.	33: AL3, Alarm 3 relay output (NO)	
15, 16: Auxiliary power supply.	34: AL4, Alarm 4 relay output (Common)	
<b>20</b> : <b>B</b> , RS-485	35: AL4, Alarm 4 relay output (NC)	
<b>21: A</b> , RS-485	36: AL4, Alarm 4 relay output (NO)	



Figure 3: Terminals of the DHB-424

**Note:** The input, output, power supply and RS-485 communications lines are galvanically separated from each other.



#### 3.4.- CONNECTION DIAGRAM

# 3.4.1.- Connection of the standard analogue signals

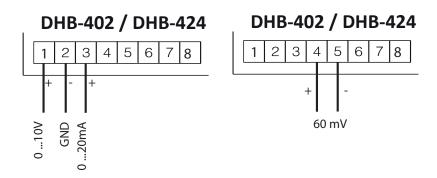


Figure 4: Connection of the standard signals, DHB-402 and DHB-424 models.

#### 3.4.2.- Connection for measuring temperature

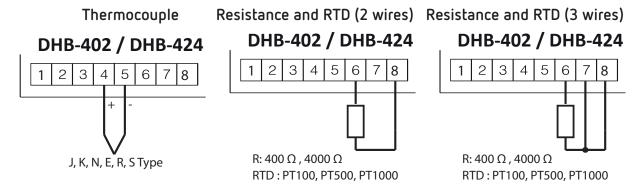


Figure 5: Connection for measuring temperature, DHB-402 and DHB-424 models.



# 4.- OPERATION

#### 4.1.- MEASURING PARAMETERS

The unit measures or calculates all the parameters in Table 4:

Table 4:Measurement parameters

Paran	neter	Display range	Maximum display range
Voltage	Range: 10 V===	-1010 V	-1313 V
	Range: 60 mV≕	0 60 mV	-10 63 mV
Current		-2020 mA	-2424 mA
Temperature: Type J thermocouple		- 100 1200 °C	- 200 1200 °C
Temperature: Type K thermocouple		- 1001370 °C	- 200 1370 °C
Temperature: Type N thermocouple		- 100 1300 °C	- 200 1300 °C
Temperature: Type E thermocouple		- 100 1000 °C	- 200 1000 °C
Temperature: Type R thermocouple		- 50 1760 °C	- 50 1768 °C
Temperature: Type S thermocouple		- 50 1760 °C	- 50 1765 °C
Temperature: Type PT100 RTD		- 200 850 °C	- 205 855 °C
Temperature: Type PT500 RTD		- 200 850 °C	- 205 855 °C
Temperature: Type PT1000 RTD		- 200 850 °C	- 205 855 °C
Resistance	Range: 400 Ω	0 400 Ω	0 410 Ω
	Range: 4000 Ω	0 4000 Ω	0 4010 Ω
Current time		0.00 23.59	0.00 23.59

# 4.2.- DISPLAY

The display is divided into 2 areas:

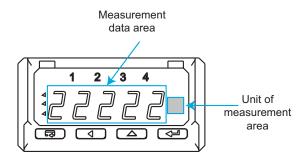


Figure 6: Areas of the DHB-4xx display

✓ Measurement data area, for viewing the value of the parameter measured or calculated by the unit.

✓ Unit of measurement area, where you can see the unit for the parameter you are viewing. To do so, select the label with the unit of measurement you wish to use and stick it in its space. Then activate the corresponding LED (see section "4.7.9.4. DISPLAYING THE UNIT OF MEASURE-MENT").

and there are 5 LEDs, Figure 7:

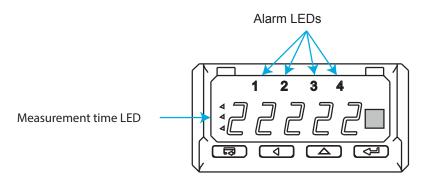


Figure 7:LEDs of the DHB-4xx

- √4 alarm LEDs, indicating the active alarm.
- ✓ 1 measurement time LED, indicating that the calculation time has not ended.

The unit has a three-colour LED display: red, green and orange.

The unit can automatically change the colour of the display based on the programmable parameters in the display menu (lower colour limit, upper colour limit, lower colour, middle colour and upper colour).

**Example:** In a temperature measurement you can program the display to be green when the voltage is below 10°C, orange when it is between 10°C and 50°C and red for voltages above 50°C. See section "4.7.3.- DISPLAY."

#### 4.3.- BUTTON FUNCTIONS

The **DHB-4xx** has 4 buttons that allow you to browse the various screens and program the unit (**Table 5**):

Table 5: Button functions on the measurement screens.

Button	Short press	Long press (3 s)
4	-	Enter the setup menu (editing mode)
	Display maximum value.	-
<b>■</b>	Display minimum value.	-
	-	Enter the setup menu (display mode)
A	Delete the maximum value	-
<b>□</b>	Delete the minimum value	-
<b>-</b>	-	Delete the alarm LED



#### 4.4.- OPEN COLLECTOR OUTPUT, OC (DHB-424 model)

The **DHB-424** unit has an NPN-type open collector output, terminals 27 and 28 of **Table 3**, indicating an over-range for the measurement. See "5.- TECHNICAL FEATURES"

#### 4.5.- REGRESSION OF NON-LINEAR EQUATIONS

Normally, an instrument's measurement is given by the equation for a line; in other words, there are two pairs of points that provide the measurement.

However, it may be the case that two points are not sufficient to adjust the signal's operation.

For this reason, the **DHB-4xx** can work with non-linear equations with up to a maximum of 20 points (**Figure 8**).

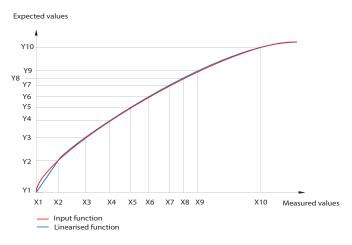


Figure 8:Regression of non-linear equations.

Once the number of points with which the function will be linearised has been selected (the number of functions is one fewer than the number of points), program the consecutive points by giving them the measured values (Xi) and the values expected to correspond to them (Yi) (0 < i < n).

While the function is being estimated, keep in mind that with non-linear functions, the more linear segments there are, the less error there will be in terms of the linearisation.

If the measured values are less than **X1**, then it will rescale, based on the first line calculated at points (X1, Y1) and (X2, Y2).

Values above Xn (where n < 22- the last measured value), will display a calculated value based on the last configured linear function.

See section "4.7.2 REGRESSION OF NON-LINEAR EQUATIONS." for configurations of non-linear equations



#### 4.6.- ALARMS

#### The DHB-402 unit has:

- ✓ 2 alarm relays, **Alarm 1** and **2**, terminals 9, 10, 11, and 12 of **Table 2**, with normally open (NO) contact.
- $\checkmark$ 2 alarms, **Alarm 3** and **4**, fully programmable but not linked to any relay.

#### The DHB-424 model has:

- ✓ 2 alarm relays, **Alarm 1** and **2**, terminals 9, 10, 11, and 12 of **Table 2**, with normally open (NO) contact.
- $\checkmark$  2 switched alarm relays, **Alarm 3 and 4**, terminals 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, and 36 of **Table 3**.

Each of the alarms can operate in the following work modes (Figure 9):

- $\checkmark$  n-on: the alarm is activated when the average value exceeds the upper value PrH and does not deactivate until it is below the lower value PrL.
- ✓ **n-off:** the alarm is deactivated when the average value exceeds the upper value **PrH** and does not activate until it is below the lower value **PrL**.
- $\checkmark$  on: the alarm is activated when the average value exceeds the lower value PrL and does not deactivate until it is above the upper value PrH.
- ✓ off: the alarm is deactivated when the average value exceeds the lower value PrL and does not activate until it is above the upper value PrH.
- √ h-on: This option is always enabled for manual simulation.
- ✓ h-off: This option is always disabled for manual simulation.



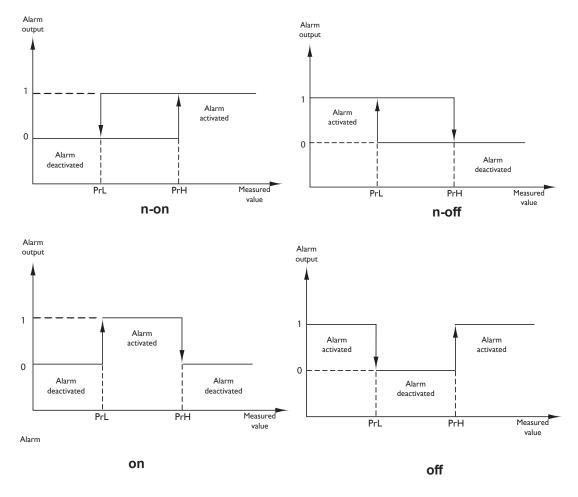


Figure 9: Alarm working modes.

# 4.7.- CONFIGURATION

The unit has various setup menus where you can configure:

- ✓ The input parameter.
- $\checkmark$  Regression of non-linear equations.
- ✓ The display.
- ✓ The alarms.
- ✓ The outputs (DHB-424 model).
- The service parameters.



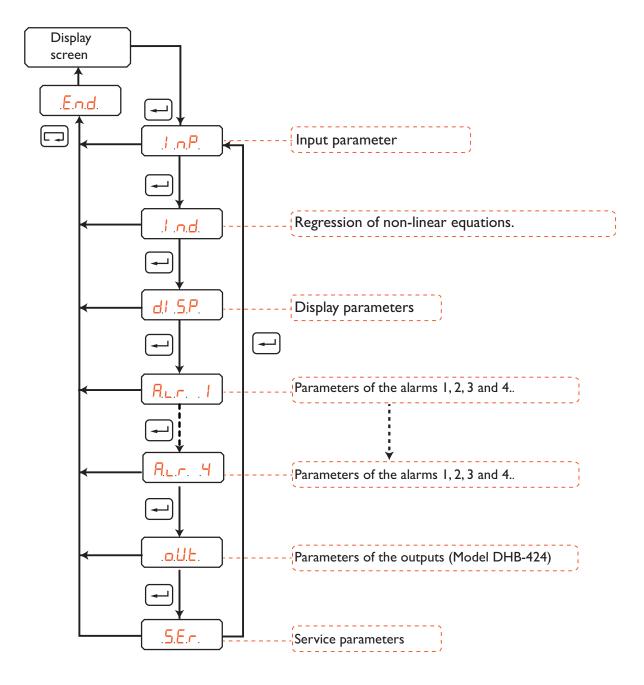


Figure 10: Accessing the setup menus

The **DHB-4xx** does not record programming changes until the configuration is complete. If the unit is reset before finishing the configuration or if no button is pressed for 30 seconds, the configuration will not be stored in the memory.

To enter the setup menu press the button for 3 seconds.

If the setup menu is password-locked the display will read  $5 E \mathcal{L}$  along with a flashing  $\mathcal{L}$  value:







Figure 11:Password screen

To modify the password, press the button.

To modify the value of the selected <u>digit</u>, press the <u>button</u> button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button.

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

If the password is incorrect or no password has been entered, the screen in **Figure 12** will appear and the unit will go to the display screen.



Figure 12:Incorrect password screen.

If the password is correct, the unit will display the parameters screen **Figure 13**. To permanently unlock the unit, see "4.7.9.2. PASSWORD"

**Note:** By default, the unit comes without a password.

#### 4.7.1.- INPUT PARAMETERS

This menu is used to configure the input parameters.

Press the button to access the first configuration parameter.



Figure 13:Input parameters menu main screen.

#### 4.7.1.1. - TYPE OF INPUT

This screen is used to select the type of input that has been connected to the unit. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value. (Figure 14)





Figure 14: Parameter to display screen.



To edit the parameter, press the button.

The parameters that can be displayed are:



RTD sensor: Pt 100



RTD sensor: Pt 500



RTD sensor: Pt 1000



Resistance measurement up to 400  $\Omega$ 



Measuring resistance up to 4000  $\Omega$ 



Type J thermocouple



Type K thermocouple.



Type N thermocouple



Type E thermocouple



Type R thermocouple



Type S thermocouple



Voltage input 0...10 V



Current input 0...20 mA



Voltage input 0...60 mV



Current time

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 14.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the input parameters menu (Figure 13).

Default value: Pt 100 (Pt 1).



#### 4.7.1.2.- COMPENSATION VALUE

**Note:** Parameter applicable to temperature (RTD and Thermocouple) and resistance measurement inputs.

This configuration screen is used to select the compensation value.

For the RTD sensors this value is defined by the cable that joins the RTD sensor to the unit.

For the thermocouples it is defined by the *cold junction*.

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value. (Figure 15).



Figure 15: Compensation value screen.

To edit the parameter, press the button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button.

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the — button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 15

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the input parameters menu (Figure 13).

Range: RTD temperature or resistance measurement input :  $0 \dots 20 \Omega$ .

Thermocouple temperature input: 0 ... 60°C.

**Note:** If a value is programmed that is out of range, the unit will activate automatic compensation.

**Default value:** 0.

#### 4.7.1.3.- MEASUREMENT TIME

This screen lets you configure the measurement time for the input signal in seconds. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 16).





Figure 16:Measurement time display screen.



To edit the parameter, press the button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 16.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the input parameters menu (Figure 13).

Range: 1 ... 3600 s. Default value: 1

#### 4.7.1.4. - EXITING THE MENU

At the end of the menu the screen shown in Figure 17 appears.

Press the button to go back to the main screen of the input parameters menu Figure 13.



Figure 17:Exit menu screen.

#### 4.7.2.- REGRESSION OF NON-LINEAR EQUATIONS

This menu is used to configure the parameters to carry out regressions of non-linear equations (see section "4.5.- REGRESSION OF NON-LINEAR EQUATIONS").

Press the button to access the first configuration parameter.



Figure 18:Regression of non-linear equations menu.

#### 4.7.2.1.- NUMBER OF POINTS

This screen is used to select the number of points to be configured for regressions of non-linear equations. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value ( **Figure 19**).





Figure 19: Number of points screens.



To edit the parameter, press the button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button.

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the regression of non-linear equations menu (Figure 18).

Range: 1 ... 21 or No. **Default value:** No

**Note:** If a value of less than 2 is programmed, regressions of non-linear equations will be disabled (Menus 4.7.2.2 MEASURED VALUES (X) and 4.7.2.3 EXPECTED VALUES (Yi) will no longer be accessible.)

# 4.7.2.2.- MEASURED VALUES (Xi)

This screen is used to configure the value X1 (measured value) corresponding to the first point in the equation.

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 20).









Figure 20:Measured values configuration screens

To edit the parameter, press the button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button.

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the — button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 20.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the regression of non-linear equations menu (Figure 18).

Range: -19999 ... 99999

Default value: 0



#### 4.7.2.3.- EXPECTED VALUES (Yi)

This screen is used to configure the value Y1 (expected value) corresponding to the first point in the equation. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 21).







Figure 21:Expected values configuration screens.

To edit the parameter, press the — button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button.

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the — button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit will go back to the screen shown in Figure 21.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the regression of non-linear equations menu (Figure 18).

Range: -19999 ... 99999

Default value: 0

**Note:** The configuration screens "4.7.2.2 MEASURED VALUES (X)" and "4.7.2.3.- EXPECTED VALUES (Yi)" must be repeated once for each number of points programmed.

**Note:** All the measured points (Xi) must be in sequence such that X1 < X2 < ... < Xi. If this is not the case, regressions of non-linear equations will be disabled and an indicator established in the log.

#### 4.7.2.4.- EXITING THE MENU

At the end of the menu the screen shown in Figure 22 appears.

Press the button to go back to the regressions of non-linear equations main screen Figure 18.



Figure 22:End of menu screen.



#### 4.7.3.- DISPLAY.

This menu is used to configure the display features.

Press the button to access the first configuration parameter.



Figure 23:Display setup menu

#### 4.7.3.1.- MINIMUM POSITION OF THE DECIMAL PLACE IN THE DISPLAY VALUE

This screen can be used to assign a minimum position to the decimal point being displayed. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 24).





Figure 24: Configuration screens for the display decimal point.

To edit the parameter, press the 🔁 button.

To move from one position of the decimal point to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 24.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the display menu (Figure 23).

Default value: 0000.0

#### 4.7.3.2.- LOWER COLOUR.

This screen is used to configure the lower colour of the display. In other words, this is the display colour when the measured value is below the **lower colour limit** (see section "4.7.3.5. LOWER COLOUR LIMIT."). The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 25).





Figure 25:Middle colour screens.

To modify the options, press the button.



The colour options are:



Green.



Orange.



Red.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 25.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the display menu (Figure 23).

Default value: Green.

#### 4.7.3.3. MIDDLE COLOUR

This screen is used to configure the middle colour of the display. In other words, this is the display colour when the measured value is between the **lower colour limit** (see section "4.7.3.5. LOWER COLOUR LIMIT.") and the **upper colour limit** (see section "4.7.3.6. UPPER COLOUR LIMIT"). The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 26).





Figure 26:Middle colour screens.

To modify the options, press the button. The colour options are:



Green.



Orange.



Red.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly. When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in **Figure 26**.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.



When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the display menu (Figure 23).

Default value: Orange.

#### 4.7.3.4. UPPER COLOUR

This screen is used to configure the upper colour of the display. In other words, this is the display colour when the measured value is above the **upper colour limit** (see section "4.7.3.6. UPPER COLOUR LIMIT").

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 27)





Figure 27:Upper colour screens.

To modify the options, press the button. The colour options are:



Green.



Orange.



Red.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 27.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the display menu (Figure 23).

Default value: red.

#### 4.7.3.5. LOWER COLOUR LIMIT

This screen is used to configure the value of the lower colour limit.

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 28).





Figure 28:Lower colour limit screens.



To edit the parameter, press the dutton.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button.

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 28.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the display menu (Figure 23).

Range: -19999 ... 99999. **Default value:** 50.000.

#### 4.7.3.6. UPPER COLOUR LIMIT

This screen is used to configure the value of the upper colour limit. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 29).



Figure 29:Upper colour limit screens.

To edit the parameter, press the 🔁 button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button.

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the — button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 29.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the display menu (Figure 23).

Range: -19999 ... 99999. Default value: 80.000.



#### 4.7.3.7. UNDERFLOW.

This screen is used to configure the value under which underflow signals will be shown on the display

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 30)



Figure 30:Underflow screens.

To edit the parameter, press the button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button.

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.
You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 30.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the display menu (Figure 23).

Range: -19999 ... 99999. Default value: -19999.

#### 4.7.3.8. OVERFLOW

This screen is used to configure the value above which overflow signals will be shown on the display

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 31)



Figure 31:Overflow screens.

To edit the parameter, press the 🔁 button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the \_\_\_\_ button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button.



Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 31.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the display menu (Figure 23).

Range: -19999 ... 99999. Default value: 99999

#### 4.7.3.9. EXITING THE MENU

At the end of the menu the screen shown in Figure 32 appears.

Press the button to go back to the main screen of the display menu (Figure 23).



Figure 32:End of menu screen.

#### 4.7.4. ALARM 1

This menu is used to configure the parameters of alarm 1. Press the button to access the first configuration parameter.



Figure 33:Alarm relay 1 configuration screen.

#### **4.7.4.1. PARAMETER**

This screen is used to select the parameter for which the alarm is to be applied The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value. (Figure 34).





Figure 34:Alarm parameter configuration screens.



To edit the parameter, press the button. The parameters are:



Type of input that has been connected to the unit.



Current time

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 34.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the alarms menu (Figure 33).

**Default value:** Type of input that has been connected to the unit (InP).

#### 4.7.4.2. ALARM TYPE

This screen is used to select the alarm functionality (see section "4.6.- ALARMS"). The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 35)





Figure 35:Alarm types screens.

To edit the parameter, press the button. The options are:



n-on



n-off



on



off



Manual activation of the alarm relay.



Manual deactivation of the alarm relay.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 35.



To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the alarms menu (Figure 33).

**Default value**: Manual deactivation of the alarm relay (H-off).

#### 4.7.4.3. ALARM LOW VALUE

This screen is used to configure the low value of the alarm, **PrL**. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (**Figure 36**).





To edit the parameter, press the 🔁 button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit will go back to the screen shown in Figure 36.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the alarms menu (Figure 33).

Range: -19999 ... 999999. **Default value:** 100.00

Note: PrL> PrH will cause the alarm to be disabled.

#### 4.7.4.4. ALARM HIGH VALUE

This screen is used to configure the high value of the alarm, **PrH**. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value, (**Figure 37**).





Figure 37:Alarm high value screens.

To edit the parameter, press the button.



To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 37.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the alarms menu (Figure 33).

Range: -19999 ... 99999. Default value: 200.00

**Note:** PrL> PrH will cause the alarm to be disabled.

#### 4.7.4.5. CONNECTION AND DISCONNECTION DELAY

This screen is used to configure the connection and disconnection delay for the alarm. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value ( Figure 38).





Figure 38:Connection/disconnection delay screens.

To edit the parameter, press the button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the alarms menu (Figure 33).

**Range**: 0 ... 32400 seconds.

Default value: 0

#### 4.7.4.6. LEDs

These screens are used to activate the interlocking of the display LEDs that indicate whether an alarm has been activated or not.

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 39).







Figure 39:LED configuration screen.

To edit the parameter, press the button. The options are:



When the alarm condition is no longer met, the corresponding LED will switch off.



When the alarm condition is no longer met, the corresponding LED stays on.

You must press the combination of buttons 🖵 🕶 to switch it off.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 39.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the alarms menu (Figure 33).

Default value: Alarm LEDs not interlocked (OFF).

#### 4.7.4.7. EXITING THE MENU.

At the end of the menu the screen shown in Figure 40 appears.

Press the button to go back to the main screen of the display menu Figure 33.



Figure 40:End of menu screen.

#### 4.7.5. ALARM 2

This menu is used to configure the parameters of alarm 2. See section "4.7.4. ALARM 1"

#### 4.7.6. ALARM 3

This menu is used to configure the parameters of alarm 3. This alarm is not linked to a relay in the **DHB-402** model. See section "4.7.4. ALARM 1"



#### 4.7.7. ALARM 4

This menu is used to configure the parameters of alarm 4. This alarm is not linked to a relay in the **DHB-402** model. See section "4.7.4. ALARM 1"

#### 4.7.8. OUTPUTS (DHB-424 model)

This menu is used to configure the unit's outputs.

Press the button to access the first configuration parameter.



Figure 41:Output configuration screen.

### 4.7.8.1. ANALOGUE OUTPUT: PARAMETER (DHB-424 model)

This screen is used to select the parameter to which the analogue output is to be applied. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value. (Figure 42)





Figure 42:Analogue output configuration screen: meter.

To edit the parameter, press the button.



Type of input that has been connected to the unit.



Current time.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button.

The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 42.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the outputs menu (Figure 41).

**Default value:** Type of input that has been connected to the unit (InP).



#### 4.7.8.2. ANALOGUE OUTPUT: TYPE (DHB-424 model)

This screen is used to select the type of analogue output.

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 43).





Figure 43:Analogue output configuration screen: type.

To edit the parameter, press the button.

The following types can be selected:



Voltage 0 ... 10 V.



Current 0 ... 20 mA.



Current 4 ... 20 mA.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly. When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 43.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the outputs menu (Figure 41).

**Default value**: Voltage 0 ... 10 V

#### 4.7.8.3. ANALOGUE OUTPUT: ZERO VALUE (DHB-424 model)

This screen is used to configure the display value you wish to have at the beginning of the analogue output (0 V, 0 mA or 4 mA, depending on the type of output selected).

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 44).





Figure 44:Analogue output configuration screen: zero value.

To edit the parameter, press the 🔁 button.

To modify the value of the selected <u>digit</u>, press the <u>button</u> button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.



To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in **Figure 44**. To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the outputs menu (Figure 41).

Range: -19999 ... 99999. Default value: 0.0000

#### 4.7.8.4. ANALOGUE OUTPUT: FULL-SCALE VALUE (DHB-424 model)

This screen is used to configure the display value you wish to have at the end of the analogue output (10 V or 20 mA, depending on the type of output selected).

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 45).





Figure 45:Analogue output configuration screen: full-scale value.

To edit the parameter, press the 🔁 button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly. To jump to the next digit, press the button

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button.

You can now select the position of the decimal point, which will be flashing.

To select the position of the decimal point, press the button.

Validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 45.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the outputs menu (Figure 41).

Range: -19999 ... 99999. Default value: 99999



#### 4.7.8.5. MODBUS COMMUNICATIONS: BAUD RATE (DHB-424 model)

Screen used to configure the baud rate of the RS-485 port. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 46).





Figure 46:Modbus communications configuration screens: Transmission speed.

To edit the parameter, press the button. The options available are:



4800 bauds.



9600 bauds.



19200 bauds.



38400 bauds.



57600 bauds.



115200 bauds.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 46.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the outputs menu (Figure 41).

Default value: 19200 bps

# 4.7.8.6. MODBUS COMMUNICATIONS: TRANSMISSION PROTOCOL (DHB-424 model)

Screen used to configure the type of transmission protocol for the RS-485 port. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 47).





Figure 47: Modbus communications configuration screens: Transmission protocol.

To edit the parameter, press the button.



The options available are:



8 data bits - no parity - 2 stop bits



8 data bits - even parity - 1 stop bit



8 data bits - odd parity - 1 stop bit



8 data bits - no parity - 1 stop bit

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 47.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the outputs menu (Figure 41).

**Default value**: 8 data bits - no parity - 1 stop bit (r8n1)

### 4.7.8.7. MODBUS COMMUNICATIONS: ADDRESS (DHB-424 model)

Screen to configure the unit's address on the Modbus network.

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 48).





Figure 48: Modbus communications configuration screens: Modbus address.

To edit the parameter, press the \_\_\_\_ button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button. The unit will go back to the screen shown in Figure 48.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the Dutton is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the outputs menu (Figure 41)

Range: 0 ... 247. Default value: 1

**Note:** If the value given to the address is **0**, communications will be disabled.



#### 4.7.8.8. EXITING THE MENU

At the end of the menu the screen shown in Figure 49 appears.

Press the button to go back to the main screen of the outputs menu Figure 41.



Figure 49:End of menu screen.

#### **4.7.9. SERVICE**

This menu is used to configure the unit's service parameters.

Press the button to access the first configuration parameter.



Figure 50:Services screen

### 4.7.9.1. DEFAULT CONFIGURATION

Screen used to reset the unit to its default configuration. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 51).





Figure 51:Default configuration screens.

To edit the parameter, press the button. The options are:



Restore the original factory parameters.



No changes made.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly. When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button.

If you have selected to restore the original parameters, 9E5, the unit will restore them and go to the screen shown in Figure 51, showing the default option again, na.



To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the services menu (Figure 50).

**Default value:** No changes made (**no**).

#### 4.7.9.2. PASSWORD

This screen is used to enter a password to access the unit's setup menus. The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 52)



Figure 52:Password screens.

To edit the parameter, press the button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly.

To jump to the next digit, press the button

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button. The unit will go back to the screen shown in Figure 52.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the services menu (Figure 50)

Range: 0 ... 60000. Default value: 0

**Note:** If the programmed value is **0**, the menus will not be password-protected.

### **4.7.9.3. CURRENT TIME**

Screen to set the unit's clock to the current time.

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value (Figure 53).



Figure 53: Current time adjustment screens.

To edit the parameter, press the button.

To modify the value of the selected digit, press the button repeatedly. To jump to the next digit, press the button

Once at the desired value, validate by pressing the button. The unit will go back to the screen



shown in Figure 53.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the services menu (Figure 50)

Range: 0.00 ... 23.59.

### 4.7.9.4. DISPLAYING THE UNIT OF MEASUREMENT

Screen used to light up the LED that indicates the units measured if the label is attached to the unit. See section "4.2.- DISPLAY"

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value. (Figure 54)





Figure 54:Unit of measurement display configuration screen.

To edit the parameter, press the button. The parameters that can be displayed are:



Unit of measurement LED off.



Unit of measurement LED on.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 54.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the services menu (Figure 50).

Default value: Unit of measurement LED switched off (Off)



#### **4.7.9.5. DISPLAY TEST**

The test screen consists of all the segments of the screen lighting up in a sequence, allowing you to verify the correct operation of all the indicator lights.

The screen flashes between the symbol and the configured value. (Figure 55)





Figure 55:Display test screen.

To edit the parameter, press the button. The options are:



Do not perform the test



Start the display test. To stop, press the Dutton. When the test stops,

the unit will go back to showing the  $\square \square$  option by default.

To move from one option to another, press the button repeatedly.

When you see the option you want, validate by pressing the button. The unit goes back to the screen shown in Figure 55.

To move to the next parameter on the menu, press the button.

When the button is pressed, the unit goes to the main screen of the services menu (Figure 50).

Default value: do not perform the test.

### 4.7.9.6. EXITING THE MENU.

At the end of the menu the screen shown in Figure 56 appears.

Press the button to go back to the main screen of the services menu Figure 50.



Figure 56:Exiting the menu screen.



### 4.8.- COMMUNICATIONS (DHB-424 model)

The **DHB-424** units have an RS-485 serial communication output with the **MODBUS RTU**® communications protocol

### 4.8.1.- CONNECTIONS

The RS-485 standard enables direct communications of 32 units with a single 1200 m long serial link (speed of 9600 bauds).

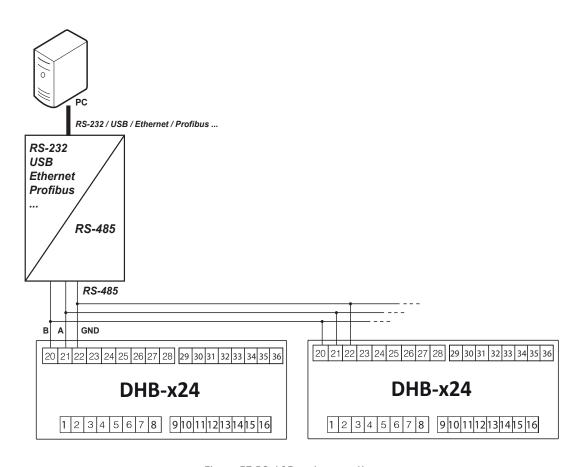


Figure 57:RS-485 port connection

The RS-485 cable must be twisted pair with shielding (minimum of 3 wires).

For interface configuration, see the configuration section "4.7.8. Outputs (DHB-424 model)."



### 4.8.2.- MODBUS PROTOCOL.

The DHB-424 uses the RTU mode (Remote Terminal Unit) with its Modbus protocol.

The Modbus functions implemented in the unit are as follows:

Function 03 for reading multiple records.

**Function 04** for reading input records.

**Function 06** for writing one record.

**Function 16** for writing multiple records

Function 17 for identifying the slave unit.

The maximum response time is 100 milliseconds.

### 4.8.3.- MODBUS MEMORY MAP.

Modbus addresses are in decimal format.

Table 6:Type of values in the Modbus memory MAP.

Address	Type of value	Description
4000-4049	integer (16 bits)	Value given in a 16-bit record.
7000-7039	float (32 bits)	Value given in two consecutive 16-bit records. The records include the same data as the 32-bit records in the 7500 area. Records valid for read function only.
7200-7326	float (32 bits)	Value given in two consecutive 16-bit records. The records include the same data as the 32-bit records in the 7600 area. The read and write functions are valid for the records.
7500-7519	float (32 bits)	Value given in a 32-bit record. Records valid for read function only.
7600-7663	float (32 bits)	Value given in a 32-bit record. The read and write functions are valid for the records.

### 4.8.3.1- Configuration: Input parameters menu

The Modbus address is in decimal format.

The read and write functions are enabled for all of these variables.



Table 7: Modbus memory MAP (Table 1)

	INPUT PARAMETERS					
Add	ress	Symbol	Description			
				Type of input		
			Value	Description		
			0	RTD sensor: Pt 100		
			1	RTD sensor: Pt 500		
			2	RTD sensor: Pt 1000		
			3	Resistance measurement up to 400 $\Omega$		
		ESP I	4	Resistance measurement up to 4000 $\Omega$		
			5	Type J thermocouple		
40	00		6	Type K thermocouple		
			7	Type N thermocouple		
			8	Type E thermocouple		
			9	Type R thermocouple		
			10	Type S thermocouple		
			11	Voltage input 010 V		
			12	Current input 020 mA		
			13	Voltage input 060 mV		
			14	Current time		
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	Eon	Compensation value -19999 99999			
7228-7229	7614					
40	03	Ent		Measurement time 1 3600 s		

<sup>(1)</sup> Value in two consecutive 16-bit records.

# 4.8.3.2- Configuration: Regression of non-linear equations parameters.

The Modbus address is in decimal format.

The read and write functions are enabled for all of these variables.

Table 8:Modbus memory map (Table 2)

REGRESSION OF NON-LINEAR EQUATIONS								
Add	Iress	Symbol	Description					
40	008	I ndEP	Number of points on the non-linear equation regression. 1 21.					
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	HI	Measured value for point no. 1					
7244-7245	7622	П	-19999 99999					
Address 1(1)	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	91	Expected value for point no. 1 -19999 99999					
7246-7247	7623	J (						
Address 1(1)	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	μэ	Measured value for point no. 2					
7248-7249	7624	H2	-19999 99999					
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	42	Expected value for point no. 2					
7250-7251	7625	ם כ	-19999 99 <sup>9</sup> 99					

<sup>(2)</sup> Value in one 32-bit record.



		REGRESS	SION OF NON-LINEAR EQUATIONS
Ado	Iress	Symbol	Description
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	117	Measured value for point no. 3
7252-7253	7626	H3	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	43	Expected value for point no. 3
7254-7255	7627		-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	H4	Measured value for point no. 4
7256-7257	7628	711	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	94	Expected value for point no. 4
7258-7259	7629	1 -	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	H5	Measured value for point no. 5
7260-7261	7630	112	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	<b>45</b>	Expected value for point no. 5
7262-7263	7631		-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	НБ	Measured value for point no. 6
7264-7265	7632	110	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	<b>4</b> 6	Expected value for point no. 6
7266-7267	7633	20	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	ΗΊ	Measured value for point no. 7
7268-7269	7634	П	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	97	Expected value for point no. 7
7270-7271	7635	<b>3</b> 1	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	Н8	Measured value for point no. 8
7272-7273	7636	ПО	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	<b>48</b>	Expected value for point no. 8
7274-7275	7637	טר	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	H9	Measured value for point no. 9
7276-7277	7638	112	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	<b>49</b>	Expected value for point no. 9
7278-7279	7639	7.7	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	H 10	Measured value for point no. 10
7280-7281	7640	77 10	-19999 99999
Address 1(1)	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	u in	Expected value for point no. 10
7282-7283	7641	A 10	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	HII	Measured value for point no. 11
7284-7285	7642	ПП	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	шп	Expected value for point no. 11
7286-7287	7643	911	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	בו ע	Measured value for point no. 12
7288-7289	7644	H 12	-19999 99999
Address 1(1)	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	בו ע	Expected value for point no. 12
7290-7291	7645	A 15	-19999 99999
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	בו ע	Measured value for point no. 13
7292-7293	7646	H 13	-19999 99 <sup>9</sup> 99
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	9 13	Expected value for point no. 13
7294-7295	7647	בו ב	-19999 99999



REGRESSION OF NON-LINEAR EQUATIONS						
Ado	dress	Symbol	Description			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	H 14	Measured value for point no. 14			
7296-7297	7648	רוח	-19999 99 <del>9</del> 99			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	9 14	Expected value for point no. 14			
7298-7299	7649	J 17	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	H 15	Measured value for point no. 15			
7300-7301	7650	רו ח	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	U 16	Expected value for point no. 15			
7302-7303	7651	y 15	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	U IE	Measured value for point no. 16			
7304-7305	7652	H 15	-19999 99 <del>9</del> 99			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	11.15	Expected value for point no. 16			
7306-7307	7653	y 16	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	11.17	Measured value for point no. 17			
7308-7309	7654	ΗП	-19999 99 <sup>9</sup> 999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	μП	Expected value for point no. 17			
7310-7311	7655	917	-19999 99999			
Address 1(1)	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	11.10	Measured value for point no. 18			
7312-7313	7656	H 18	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	шп	Expected value for point no. 18			
7314-7315	7657	y 18	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	11.10	Measured value for point no. 19			
7316-7317	7658	H 19	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	U 10	Expected value for point no. 19			
7318-7319	7659	y 19	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	חבח	Measured value for point no. 20			
7320-7321	7660	H20	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	חבע	Expected value for point no. 20			
7322-7323	7661	250	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	ыл т	Measured value for point no. 21			
7324-7325	7662	H2 I	-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	1171	Expected value for point no. 21			
7326-7327	7663	72 !	-19999 99999			

<sup>(2)</sup> Value in one 32-bit record.



# 4.8.3.3- Configuration: Display parameters.

The Modbus address is in decimal format.

The read and write functions are enabled for all of these variables.

Table 9: Modbus memory map (Table 3)

	DISPLAY						
bbA	ress	Symbol		Description			
			Mi	nimum position of the decimal place in the display value.			
			Value	Description			
			0	0.0000			
40	109	d_P	1	00.000			
			2	000.00			
			3	0000.0			
			4	00000			
				Lower colour			
			Value	Description			
40	)10	CoLdo	0	rEd			
			1	9rEEn			
			2	orAn9E			
			Middle colour				
			Value	Description			
40	011	CoLbE	0	rEd			
			1	9rEEn .			
			2	orAn9E			
				Upper colour			
			Value	Description			
40	)12	CoLUP	0	rEd			
			1	9rEEn			
	- (0)		2	orAn9E			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	CoLLo		Lower colour change limit. -19999 99999			
7200-7201 Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	7600 Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>						
7202-7203	7601	CoLH I	Upper colour change limit. -19999 99999				
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	! _	Underflow.				
7204-7205	7602	ourto		-19999 99999			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	our HI		Overflow.			
7206-7207	7603	001111	-19999 99999				

<sup>(1)</sup> Value in two consecutive 16-bit records.

<sup>(2)</sup> Value in one 32-bit record.



# 4.8.3.4- Configuration: Alarm parameters.

The Modbus address is in decimal format.

The read and write functions are enabled for all of these variables.

Table 10:Modbus memory map (Table 4).

Table 10:Modbus memory map (Table 4).						
		Cyrophal		ALARMS		
Addr	ess	Symbol		Description		
			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Parameter (Alarm 1)		
40	4013		Value	Description		
		P_A I	0	Input connected to the unit		
			1	Current time		
				Type of alarm (Alarm 1)		
			Value	Description		
			0	n-on		
40	14	ESP I	1	n-off		
			2	on		
			3	off		
			4	h-on		
			5	h-off		
401	15	9FA 1		Connection and disconnection delay (Alarm 1) 032400 s		
				Alarm 1 LED		
401	16	LEd I	Value	Description		
40	10		0	Interlocking of the alarm LED disabled		
			1	Interlocking of the alarm LED enabled		
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	PrL I		Alarm 1 low value		
7208-7209	7604	11 🗀 1		-19999 99999		
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	PrH I		Alarm 1 high value		
7210-7211	7605	7 7 7 1 1		-19999 99999		
				Parameter (Alarm 2)		
40	17	P_82	Value	Description		
	.,	, _,,,	0	Input connected to the unit		
			1	Current time		
				Type of alarm (Alarm 2)		
			Value	Description		
			0	n-on		
4018		FAb5	1	n-off		
			2	on		
			3	off		
			4	h-on		
			5	h-off		
401	19	9F75		Connection and disconnection delay (Alarm 2) 032400 s		



ALARMS						
Add	ress	Symbol	Description			
				Alarm 2 LED		
,,			Value	Description		
40	20	LEd2	0	Interlocking of the alarm LED disabled		
			1	Interlocking of the alarm LED enabled		
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	PrL2		Alarm 2 low value		
7212-7213	7606			-19999 99999		
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	PrH2		Alarm 2 high value		
7214-7215	7607	1111		-19999 99999		
				Parameter (Alarm 3)		
40	21	P_83	Value	Description		
		, _,,_	0	Input connected to the unit		
			1	Current time		
				Type of alarm (Alarm 3)		
			Value	Description		
			0	n-on		
40	22	ESP3	1	n-off		
			2	on		
			3	off		
			4	h-on		
			5	h-off		
40	23	dL43	Connection and disconnection delay (Alarm 3) 032400 s			
				Alarm 3 LED		
40	27.	LEd3	Value	Description		
	24		0	Interlocking of the alarm LED disabled		
			1	Interlocking of the alarm LED enabled		
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	PrL3		Alarm 3 low value		
7216-7217	7608	1163		-19999 99999		
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup> 7218-7219	<b>Address 2</b> <sup>(2)</sup> 7609	PrH3		Alarm 3 high value -19999 99999		
				Parameter (Alarm 4)		
40	25	P_84	Value	Description		
40	25	r_n-1	0	Input connected to the unit		
			1	Current time		
				Type of alarm (Alarm 4)		
			Value	Description		
			0	n-on		
/ 0	4026		1	n-off		
40	۷۷	E484	2	on		
			3	off		
			4	h-on		
			5	h-off		
40	27	dL 44		Connection and disconnection delay (Alarm 4) 032400 s		



ALARMS							
Add	ress	Symbol		Description			
		LEd4		Alarm 4 LED			
/.0	20		Value	Description			
40	4028		0	Interlocking of the alarm LED disabled			
			1	Interlocking of the alarm LED enabled			
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	PrL4	Alarm 4 low value				
7220-7221	7610		-19999 99999				
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	Pr-H4	Alarm 4 high value				
7222-7223	7611		-19999 99999				

<sup>(1)</sup> Value in two consecutive 16-bit records.

## 4.8.3.5- Configuration: Output menu parameters (DHB-424 model).

The Modbus address is in decimal format.

The read and write functions are enabled for all of these variables.

Table 11:Modbus memory map (Table 5).

OUTPUTS (DHB-424)						
Address	Symbol		Description			
		Analogue output parameter				
4029	P_An	Value	Description			
4029		0	Input connected to the unit			
		1	Current time			
			Type of analogue output			
		Value	Description			
4030	E Y P R	0	Voltage output 010 V			
		1	Current output 020 mA			
		2	Current output 420 mA			
			Modbus Communications: Baud rate			
		Value	Description			
		0	4800 bauds			
4031	6AUdS	1	9600 bauds			
1031	0,1007	2	19200 bauds			
		3	38400 bauds			
		4	57600 bauds			
		5	115200 bauds			
			Modbus Communications: Transmission protocol			
		Value	Description			
4032	Prot	0	8 data bits - no parity - 2 stop bits			
	7700	1	8 data bits - even parity - 1 stop bit			
		2	8 data bits - odd parity - 1 stop bit			
		3	8 data bits - no parity - 1 stop bit			
4033	Addr		Modbus address. 0 247			

<sup>(2)</sup> Value in one 32-bit record.



	OUTPUTS (DHB-424)							
Add	ress	Symbol		Description				
				Apply the changes entered in the RS-485 interface				
	2.4		Value	Description				
40	34	SAuE	0	Do not save changes				
			1	Save changes				
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	<b>—</b> 1		Zero value of the analogue output				
7224-7225	7612	AnL	-19999 99999					
Address 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	AnH	Full-scale value of the analogue output					
7226-7227	7613	חחח		-19999 99999				

<sup>(1)</sup> Value in two consecutive 16-bit records.

## 4.8.3.6- Configuration: Service menu parameters.

The Modbus address is in decimal format.

The read and write functions are enabled for all of these variables.

Table 12:Modbus memory map (Table 6).

Table 12:1900b03 Hemory map (Table 0).						
	SERVICES					
Address	Symbol		Description			
			Default configuration			
4035	SEE	Value	Description			
4035	] ][[	0	No changes made			
		1	Change to the default parameters			
			Password			
1026	5Ec	Value	Description			
4036	ממכ	0	No password			
		1 60000	Password range			
4037	E iñE	Current time  Format: hh.mm  hh: hours (0 23)  mm: minutes (059)				
			Displaying the unit of measurement			
4038	Un ib	Value	Description			
4030		0	Unit of measurement LED off			
		1	Unit of measurement LED on			
			Reset the maximum and minimum values			
4039	110	Value	Description			
4033	L 1_0	0	Reset not performed			
		1	Reset performed			

<sup>(2)</sup> Value in one 32-bit record.



## 4.8.3.7- Status record

The Modbus address is in decimal format.

The read and write functions are valid for these variables.

Table 13:Modbus memory map (Table 7).

Table 13:Modbus memory map (Table 7).				
STATUS OF THE UNIT				
Address	Symbol	Description		
		Unit status. Describes the current status of the unit. Events may only be deleted.		
		Position	Description	
		Bit15	Power supply cut	
		Bit14	RTC clock. Loss of configuration	
		Bit13	Not used	
		Bit12	Memory communication error	
		Bit11	Incorrect configuration	
		Bit10	The default configuration has been installed	
4048	SEALUS I	Bit9	Memory data measurement error	
		Bit8	Not used	
		Bit7	Output board detected	
		Bit6	Output board calibration error	
		Bit5	Not used	
		Bit4	Not used	
		Bit3	Regression of non-linear equations configuration error	
		Bit2	Not used	
		Bit1	Not used	
		Bit0	Measurement period has not finished	
		Unit st	Unit status. Describes the current status of the unit. Events may only be deleted	
		Position	Description	
		Bit15	Not used	
		Bit14	Not used	
		Bit13	Not used	
		Bit12	Not used	
		Bit11	Not used	
	ĺ	Bit10	Not used	
4049	SEREUS2	Bit9	Not used	
		Bit8	Not used	
		Bit7	LED4- Alarm 4 signal	
		Bit6	LED3- Alarm 3 signal	
		Bit5	LED2- Alarm 2 signal	
		Bit4	LED1- Alarm 1 signal	
		Bit3	Status of alarm relay 4	
		Bit2	Status of alarm relay 3	
	ļ [	Bit1	Status of alarm relay 2	
		Bit0	Status of alarm relay 1	



# 4.8.3.8- Unit information parameters.

The Modbus address is in decimal format. The read function is valid for these variables.

Table 14:Modbus memory map (Table 8)

UNIT INFORMATION				
Address 1(1)	Address 2 <sup>(2)</sup>	Name	Description	Unit
7000-7001	7500	Identifier	Unit identifier. The value 183: <b>DHB-4xx</b>	-
7002-7003	7501	Status	Record of the current status of the unit.	-
7004-7005	7502	Control	Control record for the analogue output	%
7006-7007	7503	Minimum	Minimum value of the value currently being displayed	-
7008-7009	7504	Maximum	Maximum value of the value currently being displayed	-
7010-7011	7505	Displayed value	Value currently being shown on the display	-
7012-7013	7506	current time	Current time	-
7014-7015	7507	Wire resistance	Cable resistance	Ω
7016-7017	7508	ADC	ADC	
7018-7019	7509	Terminal temperature	Temperature of the terminals. The measurement is only taken during the temperature measurement via the thermocouple sensors or during the measurement time.	°C
7020-7021	7510	Measured value	Value measured without performing the non-linear equation regression.	-
7022-7023	7511	EMF	EMF measurement at the unit's terminals, when the temperature is measured via thermocouples.	μV
7024-7025	7512	Resistance	Resistance measurement of the line when the temperature measurement is taken via RTD.	Ω

<sup>(1)</sup> Value in two consecutive 16-bit records.

<sup>(2)</sup> Value in one 32-bit record.



# **5.- TECHNICAL FEATURES**

Model: DHB-402		
Code Auxiliary power supply		
M22027	85 253 V ~ / 85 253 V ==	
M220270020000	20 40 V ~ / 20 60 V ===	

Model: DHB-424		
Code Auxiliary power supply		
M22028	85 253 V ~ / 85 253 V ===	
M220280020000	20 40 V ~ / 20 60 V ===	

AC Power supply			
Dahad walkaga	M22027 or M22028	M220270020000 or M220280020000	
Rated voltage	85 253 V~	20 40 V~	
Frequency	40 400 Hz		
Consumption	2.19.5 VA		
Installation category		CAT III 300 V	

DC Power supply			
Debed vellege	M22027 or M22028	M220270020000 or M220280020000	
Rated voltage	85253 V ===	2060 V ===	
Consumption	2.1 5.5 W		
Installation category	CAT III 300 V		

Input signal		
	Range	Accuracy <sup>(1)</sup>
Voltage input 0 10 V===	-10 10 V	0.1
Current input 0 20 mA	-2020 mA	0.1
Voltage input 60 mV	0 60 mV	0.1
Thermocouple: type J	-100 1200°C	0.1
Thermocouple: type K	-100 1370°C	0.1
Thermocouple: type N	-100 1300°C	0.1
Thermocouple: type E	-100 1000°C	0.1
Thermocouple: type R	-50 1760°C	0.1
Thermocouple: type S	-50 1760°C	0.1
RTD: PT100	-200 850°C	0.1
RTD: PT500	-200 850°C	0.1
RTD: PT1000	-200 850°C	0.1
Resistance: 400 Ω	0 400 Ω	0.1
Resistance: 4000 Ω	0 4000 Ω	0.1
Current time	00.00 23.59	0.5 s. / 24 hours

<sup>(1)</sup> Maximum error of measure = (Accuracy /100) x Full scale.

Automatic compensation			
Thermocouple 1 °C			
RTD	0.5 °C		
Resistance	0.2 W		

Analogue outputs		
	Current	Voltage
Nominal output range	0-20 mA or 4-20 mA	010 V ===
Minimum load resistance	≤ 500 Ω	≥ 500 Ω



Relay outputs		
Number of select	DHB-402	DHB-424
Number of relays	2	4
Maximum voltage, open contacts	250 V ~	
Maximum current	0.5 A	
Maximum switching power	1500 W or 1250 VA	
Electrical working life (250 VAC / 5 A)	1×10 <sup>5</sup> cycles	
Mechanical working life 1×10 <sup>6</sup> cycles		cycles

Open collector output (DHB-424 model)		
Type NPN		
Voltage / Current	30 V / 30 mA	

Communications (DHB-424 model)		
Field bus RS-485		
Communications protocol	Modbus RTU	
Baud rate	4800-9600 - 19200-38400-57600-115200	
Stop bits	1-2	
Parity	none - even - odd	

User interface		
Display	LED 5 digits	
Buttons	4 buttons	
LED	5 LEDs	

Environmental features		
Operating temperature	-25°C +55°C	
Storage temperature	-30°C +70°C	
Relative humidity (with no condensation)	25 95%	
Maximum altitude	2,000 m	
Protection degree	Back: IP10 / Front panel: IP65	

Mechanical features		
Dimensions (Figure 58)	96×48×93 mm	
Weight	< 0.2 Kg	
Enclosure	Self-extinguishing V0 plastic	

Standards	
Electromagnetic compatibility (CEM). Part 6-2: Generic standards. Immunity for industrial environments.	UNE EN 61000-6-2 :2006
Electromagnetic compatibility (CEM). Part 6-4: Generic standards. Emissions standard for industrial environments.	UNE EN 61000-6-4:2007
Safety requirements for electrical units for measurement, control and laboratory use. Part 1: General requirements	UNE EN 61010-1:2011



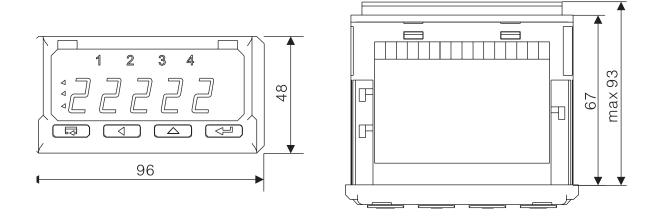


Figure 58: Dimensions of the DHB-4xx.



### 6.- MAINTENANCE AND TECHNICAL SERVICE

In the case of any query in relation to device operation or malfunction, please contact the **CIRCUTOR**, **SA** Technical Support Service.

#### **Technical Assistance Service**

Vial Sant Jordi, s/n, 08232 - Viladecavalls (Barcelona)
Tel: 902 449 459 (España) / +34 937 452 919 (outside of Spain)
email: sat@circutor.com

### 7.- WARRANTY

**CIRCUTOR** guarantees its products against any manufacturing defect for two years after the delivery of the units.

**CIRCUTOR** will repair or replace any defective factory product returned during the guarantee period.

- No returns will be accepted and no unit will be repaired or replaced if it is not accompanied by a report indicating the defect detected or the reason for the return.
- The guarantee will be void if the units has been improperly used or the storage, installation and maintenance instructions listed in this manual have not been followed. "Improper usage" is defined as any operating or storage condition contrary to the national electrical code or that surpasses the limits indicated in the technical and environmental features of this manual.



- CIRCUTOR accepts no liability due to the possible damage to the unit or other parts of the installation, nor will it cover any possible sanctions derived from a possible failure, improper installation or "improper usage" of the unit. Consequently, this guarantee does not apply to failures occurring in the following cases:
- Overvoltages and/or electrical disturbances in the supply;
- Water, if the product does not have the appropriate IP classification;
- Poor ventilation and/or excessive temperatures;
- Improper installation and/or lack of maintenance;
- Buyer repairs or modifications without the manufacturer's authorisation.



### 8.- CE CERTIFICATE



DECLARACIÓN DE CONFORMIDAD CE CE DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY DECLARATION DE CONFORMITE CE

Por la presente

CIRCUTOR, S.A.

We hereby Par le présent

Con dirección en: Vial Sant Jordi, s/n

With address in: 08232 VILADECAVALLS (Barcelona)

Avec adresse à: **ESPAÑA** 

Declaramos bajo nuestra responsabilidad que el producto:

We declare under our responsibility that the product: Nous déclarons sous notre responsabilité que le produit:

Instrumentación digital

DHB-324, DHB-402, DHB-424 Digital intrumetation

Instruments digitaux

Marca CIRCUTOR

Brand Margue

Siempre que sea instalado, mantenido y usado en la aplicación para la que ha sido fabricado, de acuerdo con las normas de instalación aplicables y las instrucciones del fabricante,

Provided that it is installed, maintained and used in application for which it was made, in accordance with relevant installation standards and manufacturer's instructions,

Toujours qu'il soit installé, maintenu et utilisé pour l'application par lequelle il a été fabriqué, d'accord avec les normes d'installation applicables et suivant les instructions du fabricant,

Cumple con las prescripciones de la(s) Directiva(s):

Complies with the provisions of Directive(s).

Accomplie avec les prescriptions de la (les) Directive(s):

2006/95/CE 2004/108/CE 2011/65/CE

Está en conformidad con la(s) siguiente(s) norma(s) u otro(s) documento(s) normativo(s) :

It is in conformity with the following standard(s) or other normative document(s)

Il est en conformité avec la (les) norme(s) suivante(s) ou autre(s) document(s) normatif (ves) :

IEC 61010-1:2010 IEC 61000-6-2:2005 IEC 61000-6-4:2011

Año de marcado "CE": 2015 Year of affixing "CE" marking:

An de mise en application du marquage "CE":

Revisado en Viladecavalls

Fecha: 16/12/2015 Nombre y Firma: Date:

Name and signature: Date: Nom et signature :

Ferran Gil Torné General Manager Directeur Général

CIRCUTOR, S. NIF A-08513178 Vial Sant Jordi, s/n. 08232 VILADECAVALLS (Barcelona) Spain Tel. (+34) 93 745 29 00

Serie: DHB-102, DHB-124, DHB-202, DHB-224, DHB-302,

Sello Stamp Tampon

CIRCUTOR, SA - Vial Sant Jordi, s/n - 08232 Viladecavalls (Barcelona) Spain - Tel.(+34) 937 452 900 - central@circutor.es



# **APPENDIX A: DISPLAY MESSAGES**

The error screens shown in Table 15 may appear after the unit is switched on or while it is measuring.

Table 15:Error messages

	Error messages
# CONTINUE 1 2 3 4 CHESTA	Overflow of the measured value above its range. This message may also indicate a break in the sensor circuit (Thermocouple or RTD)
(CONCURSOR 1 2 3 4 000 tx	Underflow of the measured value below its range. This message may also indicate a short-circuit in the sensor circuit (Thermocouple or RTD)
E.F.F.L	Communication error with the data memory. Contact Customer Service.
E.P.H.	Parameter error.  Error in configuration data. The default configuration will be loaded as soon as any button is pressed.
	The default parameters have been loaded. To continue with the job, press any button
E.F.P.L	Error storing the values measured by the unit (measured value, maximum value, minimum value). Press any button to go back to the unit's measuring job. After pressing it, the screen <code>ErdEF</code> will be displayed for 1 second.
E.C.H.	Error calibrating the analogue output. Press any button to go back to the unit's measuring job. The analogue outputs are not in service.  Contact Customer Service.
GEORGIAN 1 2 3 4 DHS 224	The calibration values have been lost. Contact Customer Service.