HOW TO CUSTOMIZE NETSHe?

Programming languages

NETSHe was written in php (compatible with version 5), xhtml, shell (*sh*) and JavaScript. It uses some third party software as described in the User manual.

Application Layout

NETSHe keeps all own code under */opt/rb* directory. It places shell- and binary-executables in */opt/rb/bin* directory, php-executables in */opt/rb/php* directory. Some configuration files (like *php.ini*), startup-scripts and functions for shell files are located in */opt/rb/etc* directory.

Main configuration file is placed in */etc/.ssxapp* directory and is named *.main.conf*. This directory will be created automatically on first system boot, if it does not exist.

Configuration file with default (factory) settings is placed in */opt/rb/conf.default/.ssxapp* directory. It is named *.main.conf* and is copied to */etc/.ssxapp* directory on first system boot or when 'factory settings' are chosen in the web-interface.

Configuration file has an XML-format.

Php-libraries are placed in */opt/rb/lib/php* directory and portions of them are placed in other directories depending on the operating system and the distributive (e.g. */opt/rb/lib/php/linux*). Web-interface files (html-templates, JavaScript-files, etc) are placed into */opt/rb/www* directory. NETSHe has a MVC-like (Model-View-Controller) architecture. NETSHe has the core system and an extensible additional system.

'Model' partition performs data transformation in accordance with the user actions. For example, it queries data from databases and/or other storages, transfers data to 'Controller' level, receives data back and stores modified data into storages. Model files are placed into */opt/rb/lib/php/model* directory.

'View' partition helps to display data and actions with regards to system data, user actions and 'Controller' actions. This partition includes html-templates to display information and internationalization abilities. Html-templates are placed into */opt/rb/www/view* directory. Internationalization files are placed into */opt/rb/lib/php/i18* directory.

'Controller' partition performs the main action: it reacts to user actions, forms output (through 'View' level) and modifies data (through 'Model' level). Controller files are placed into /opt/rb/lib/php/controller directory.

The core provides basic system functionality (authorization, central configuration storage, etc) and functionality of MVC partitions (e.g. it finds and loads the required internationalization and model files automatically).

A basic term in NETSHe is an 'application'. Every 'application' has its own name and a group of files (executables, controllers, models, views and etc). An 'application' has at least one own file. All files that form an 'application' are placed into directories with the name of this 'application'. For example, an application 'CP' (Control Panel) has many files, which are grouped into directories */opt/rb/lib/php/controller/cp, /opt/rb/lib/php/model/cp, /opt/rb/lib/php/i18/cp, /opt/rb/lib/php/www/views/cp, /opt/rb/www/app/cp.*

Typically, an application performs at least one action or one job (e.g. manages *iperf* daemon, controls settings, starts and stops daemon). We divide all code and other files related to this job into some portions:

- php-code, that represents the main logic of an application (controller) is placed into file */opt/ rb/lib/php/controller/cp/class.iperf.inc.php*
- html-template is placed into /opt/rb/www/views/cp/iperf.tpl.html

• translation file is placed into /opt/rb/lib/php/i18/cp/en/iperf.str. Where en means English language.

Have a look at the corresponding files:

/opt/rb/lib/php/controller/cp/class.iperf.inc.php

```
<?php
require once(dirname( FILE ).'/../../util-lib.inc');
class iperf
{
        var $owner = ";
        var $classname = 'iperf';
        var $can access = false;
        var $can add = false;
        var scan edit = false;
        var $can remove = false;
       function iperf( $app) {
                $this->owner = $app;
                $this->owner->set help($this->classname);
                $this->can access = ValidateLevel( $this->owner->config['SECURITY'] /'SYSTEM OPERATORS']);
                $this->can add = ValidateLevel( $this->owner->config['SECURITY']['SYSTEM OPERATORS']
+LVL ADD);
                $this->can edit = ValidateLevel( $this->owner->config['SECURITY']['SYSTEM OPERATORS']
+LVL EDIT);
                $this->can remove = ValidateLevel($this->owner->config['SECURITY']|'SYSTEM OPERATORS']
+LVL REMOVE);
        }
       function config() {
          if (!$this->can access) {
                $this->owner->permission denied();
                return:
          t =  this->owner->load template resource(array('hForm'=>'iperf'));
          $t->set var('VAL FORMACTION', Linkage('', 'q=cp.iperf.save'));
          // Labels
          $t->set var('LS PATH', $this->owner->get ls path());
          $t->set var('BTN SAVE', STR CMMN SAVE);
          $t->set var('TXT APPLY', STR CMMN APPLY);
          $t->set var('TXT HIGHLIGHTEDNOTE', STR CMMN HIGHLIGHTEDNOTE);
          $this->owner->page title = STR IPERF TITLE;
          $tbLink = ";
          if ( $this->can_edit) {
                if ( iperf status())
                  $tbLink .= '<a href="'. Linkage(", 'q=cp.iperf.iperf stop') . "'>'. GetImage('process-stop.png') .
' '. STR IPERF STOP. '</a><a href="'. Linkage(", 'q=cp.iperf.iperf_restart'). "'>'. GetImage('reload.png').
' '. STR IPERF RESTART. '</a>';
                else
                  $tbLink .= '<a href="". Linkage(", 'q=cp.iperf.iperf start') . "">'. GetImage('start-here.png') .
' '. STR IPERF START. '</a>';
          $this->owner->print bbar($tbLink);
          $t->set var('TXT ENABLE', STR IPERF ENABLE);
          $t->set var('TXT DESC', STR IPERF DESC);
          if (empty($this->owner->config['services']['iperf']))
                $t->set var('VAL CHECKED', ");
          else
                $t->set var('VAL CHECKED', 'checked="checked"');
```

```
$t->pparse('out', 'hForm');
         }
        function save() {
           if ( !$this->can_edit) {
                 $this->owner->permission denied();
                 return;
           if ( isset( $GLOBALS['item enable']))
                 $this->owner->config['services']['iperf'] = 1;
           else
                 $this->owner->config['services']['iperf'] = 0;
           if ( $this->owner->save()) {
                 if ( isset( $GLOBALS['apply']))
                    iperf restart();
                 Refresh('q=cp.iperf.config');
           } else $this->owner->error msg(STR CMMN ERROR);
         }
  function iperf stop() {
         if (!$this->can edit) {
           $this->owner->permission denied();
           return;
         )
         iperf_stop();
         Refresh('q=cp.iperf.config');
  }
  function iperf start() {
         if (!$this->can edit) {
           $this->owner->permission denied();
           return;
         1
         iperf start();
         Refresh('q=cp.iperf.config');
  }
  function iperf restart() {
         if (!$this->can edit) {
           $this->owner->permission denied();
           return;
         }
         iperf_restart();
         Refresh('q=cp.iperf.config');
  Į
}
?>
```

/opt/rb/www/views/cp/iperf.tpl.html

```
<script type="text/javascript" language="JavaScript1.2" src="{LS_PATH}js/formcheck.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" language="JavaScript">
//<![CDATA[
function validateAndSubmitForm(form) {
form.submit();
}
//]]>
</script>
<form method="post" action="{VAL_FORMACTION}" name="calform" id="calform">
```

```
\langle tr \rangle
   <span class="comment">{TXT DESC}</span><hr />
   
  {TXT ENABLE} :
      <input type="checkbox" id="item enable" name="item enable" value="0"
{VAL_CHECKED} />
```

{TXT_APPLY} : <input type="checkbox" name="apply" value="0" /><input onclick="javascript: return validateAndSubmitForm(this.form);" value="{BTN_SAVE}" type="button" />

colspan="2">

{TXT_HIGHLIGHTEDNOTE}

 </form>

/opt/rb/lib/php/i18/cp/en/iperf.str

<?php
define("STR_IPERF_ENABLE", "Enable IPerf server (network perfomance measurement tool) ?");
define("STR_IPERF_DESC", "You can use built in tool to measure network perfomance");
define("STR_IPERF_START", "Start IPerf server");
define("STR_IPERF_RESTART", "Restart IPerf server");
define("STR_IPERF_STOP", "Stop IPerf server");
?>

It's a good idea to place shared files (library, templates, etc) into the directories 'core'.

Have a look at the application 'Control Panel' (cp).

The web-interface begins as follows (/opt/rb/www/app/cp/index.php):

<?php

{

error_reporting(E_ALL);

require_once(dirname(__FILE__).'/../../lib/php/controller/core/class.Application.inc.php');

class Root extends Application

function Root() {

It is not a difficult code, is it? We will return to the code later and describe the translation process first.

How to translate NETSHe into other languages?

NETSHe supports multiple languages. Basically, it has at least one translation (default language as defined in the main configuration file) and none or more additional translations (should be defined in the main config too).

So, the default language and available translations are defined in .main.conf as follows:

```
<LANGUAGES>en,ru</LANGUAGES>
<en>English</en>
<ru>Русский</ru>
<LANGUAGE>en</LANGUAGE>
```

We have two languages enabled (English and Russian) and we have English as the default language. Note: NETSHe will show all messages displayed in the console in the default language. Also, when you've connected to the web-interface, the latter checks the preferred language, which is enabled in your browser. NETSHe displays the start page in this preferred language, if the relevant translation is available. Otherwise, it displays the start page in the default language.

How to make a translation?

Requirements:

- 1. English translation (or other available and understandable language).
- 2. Text editor that supports UTF-8 encoding (without BOM).

Note: your translated file must be UTF-8 encoded without BOM

For example, to translate NETSHe into Spanish, you must perform the following steps:

- 1. Create /opt/rb/lib/php/i18/core/es directory.
- 2. Open the file /opt/rb/lib/i18/core/en/ssxapp.str in an editor, which meets the above requirements.

<?php

define('STR_APP_FORGOT', 'Forgot password'); define('STR_APP_FORGOT_SUBJ', 'Letter from system administrator'); define('STR_APP_FORGOT_EMAIL', 'Dear %s.\n\n - %s\n\nRegards, administrator'); define('STR_APP_ACCESSDENIED', 'Access denied'); define('STR_APP_VALID_LOGIN', 'Access permited.'); define('STR_APP_INVALID_PASSWORD', 'Invalid password'); define('STR_APP_INVALID_LOGIN', 'Invalid username'); define('STR_APP_LOGIN', 'Entrance'); define('STR_APP_HELP', 'Help');

define('STR APP LOGOUT', 'Logout'); define('STR APP CLEAR', 'Clear'); define('STR APP LOGIN WELCOME', 'Authorization'); define('STR APP LOGIN RULES', 'Attention! All your action stores! Enter Login and Password for authorization.'); define('STR APP LOGIN ACTION', 'Log in');

define('STR APP USERNAME', 'Username'); define('STR APP PASSWORD', 'Password'); define('STR APP LANGUAGE', 'Interface language'); define('STR_APP_DOMAIN', 'Domain'); define('STR_APP_PROVIDER', 'Provider'); define('STR APP DBERR', 'Error in database-susystem was encountered!'); define('STR APP HOME', 'Home');

?>

3. Edit file as follows.

<?php

define('STR APP FORGOT', 'Recordar contrase $\Gamma \pm a'$); define('STR APP FORGOT SUBJ', 'Mensaje del administrador del sistema'); define('STR APP FORGOT EMAIL', 'Estimado %s.\n\n - %s\n\nSaludos cordiales, administrator'); define('STR_APP_ACCESSDENIED', 'Acceso denegado'); define('STR_APP_VALID_LOGIN', 'Acceso permitido.'); define('STR_APP_INVALID_PASSWORD', 'ContraseΓ±a invΓŸlida'); define('STR_APP_INVALID_LOGIN', 'Nombre de usuario invΓЎlido'); define('STR_APP_LOGIN', 'Ingreso'); define('STR_APP_HELP', 'Ayuda'); define('STR_APP_LOGOUT', 'Salida'); define('STR_APP_CLEAR', 'Limpiar'); define('STR APP LOGIN WELCOME', 'Autorizaci\Gammain'); define('STR APP LOGIN RULES', 'AtenciFin! Todas sus acciones serFYn guardadas! Ingrese su nombre de usuario y contrase $\Gamma \pm a$ para ser autorizado.'); define('STR APP LOGIN ACTION', 'Ingresar'); define('STR APP USERNAME', 'Nombre de usuario');

define('STR APP PASSWORD', 'Contrase $\Gamma \pm a'$);

define('STR APP LANGUAGE', 'Lenguaje de la interfaz');

define('STR APP DOMAIN', 'Dominio');

define('STR APP PROVIDER', 'Proveedor');

define('STR APP DBERR', 'Se encontr*\Gamma* i un error en la base de datos-susystem!'); define('STR APP HOME', 'Principal');

?>

4. Save file as /opt/rb/lib/php/i18/core/es/ssxapp.str

5. Translate all related files as described above.

6. Edit .main.conf as follows.

<LANGUAGES>en,es,ru</LANGUAGES> <en>English</en> <es>Spanish</es> <ru>Pyccкий</ru> <LANGUAGE>en</LANGUAGE>

Enjoy the new language!