



Open Source Used In Cyber Vision - IOx app (container) 3.1.0

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Text Part Number: 78EE117C99-1046141560

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Contents

1.1 librelp 1.4.0
1.1.1 Available under license
1.2 libfastjson 0.99.8
1.3 PyYAML 5.1.2
1.3.1 Available under license
1.4 log-rotate 3.15.1
1.4.1 Available under license
1.5 tcp-dump 4.9.3
1.5.1 Available under license
1.6 ncurses 6.1+20190803
1.6.1 Available under license
1.7 expat 2.2.8
1.7.1 Available under license
1.8 popt 1.16
1.8.1 Available under license
1.9 glibc 2.30
1.9.1 Available under license
1.10 busybox 1.31.0
1.10.1 Available under license
1.11 xz 5.2.4
1.11.1 Available under license
1.12 bash 5.0.7
1.13 libffi 3.3~rc0
1.13.1 Available under license
1.14 libtirpc 1.1.4
1.14.1 Available under license

1.15 readline 8.0

1.15.1 Available under license

1.16 gettext 0.19.8.1

1.16.1 Available under license

1.17 attr 2.4.47

1.17.1 Available under license

1.18 python 3.7.7

1.18.1 Available under license

1.19 rsyslog 8.1910.0

1.19.1 Available under license

1.20 zlib 1.2.11

1.20.1 Available under license

1.21 libestr 0.1.11

1.21.1 Available under license

1.22 bzip2 1.0.8

1.23 libpcap 1.9.1

1.23.1 Available under license

1.24 acl 2.2.52

1.24.1 Available under license

1.25 libyaml 0.2.2

1.25.1 Available under license

1.26 json-c 0.99.8

1.26.1 Available under license

1.1 librelp 1.4.0

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.6 ncurses 6.1+20190803

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Current neurses maintainer: Thomas Dickey <dickey@invisible-island.net>

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Files: doc/html/NCURSES-Programming-HOWTO.html

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1.7 expat 2.2.8

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1.8 popt 1.16

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@subheading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@page

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK. jseward@bzip.org bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

1.11 xz 5.2.4

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1.12 bash 5.0.7

1.13 libffi 3.3~rc0

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1.14 libtirpc 1.1.4

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@heading Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

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To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

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@smallexample

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@example

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1989Ty Coon, President of Vice@end example

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1. Source Code.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library''. Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a `work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate

properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy. @end enumerate

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@subheading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@page

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1.17 attr 2.4.47

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- b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.
- c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
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In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see http://www.cnri.reston.va.us) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations, which became Zope Corporation. In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see https://www.python.org/psf/) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation was a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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1.3 thru 1.5.2 1.2 1995-1999 CNRI yes					yes
1.6	1.5.2	2000	CNRI	no	
2.0	1.6	2000	BeOpe	en.com i	10
1.6.1	1.6	2001	CNRI	yes	(2)
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1.19 rsyslog 8.1910.0

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1.20 zlib 1.2.11

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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.2.11, January 15th, 2017

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That's all there is to it!

1.25 libyaml 0.2.2

1.25.1 Available under license:

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1.26 json-c 0.99.8

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