#### Our History

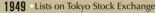
The Yamaha Group is steadily expanding its business operations guided by its corporate philosophy which continues to be upheld to this day. Drawing upon the accumulated unique Yamaha qualities that Yamaha has cultivated in its more than 125-year history, Yamaha will continue to create products and services that contribute to the development of musical culture and the enrichment of society. In this way, Yamaha will continue on its path for growth.

# Before the 1930s >

# 1940 to 1980s 🕨



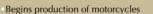




1954 Establishes Yamaha Music School and holds pilot classes

POINT 2

Produces its first audio product (HiFi player)



Establishes Yamaha Motor Co., Ltd. (splits off motorcycle division)

1958 Begins production of sports equipment (fiber-reinforced plastics [FRP] archery products

> Establishes first overseas subsidiary, Yamaha de México S.A. in Mexico

1959 Begins production of electronic organs (Electone™)

1960 Establishes subsidiary in United States, Yamaha International Corporation (currently Yamaha Corporation of America)

1962 Begins recreation business









### **POINT** Inheriting the spirit of Yamaha

The Guiding Principles of Yamaha set out the Company's expectations for how each employee should act. Today, the original spirit of Yamaha still remains, embodied in the values upheld by its employees, such as kindness and sincerity, perseverance, continuous improvement, and a commitment to contribute to society.

### **POINT Z** Working to expand the population of music players

Yamaha decided its mission was not only to sell musical instruments but also to bring the joy of playing music to as many people as possible. Accordingly, Yamaha took initiatives to expand the population of music players.

### POINT 3 Developing businesses born from a passion for creating

By drawing on accumulated technologies and sensitivities associated with the playing of musical instruments, the Company developed the Yamaha HiFi player. Its manufacture led to the production of various other products, including pre-main amplifiers and speakers.

# 1990 to 2016 -

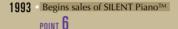
#### 1965 Begins production of wind instruments

- **1966** Establishes Yamaha Music Foundation (becomes general incorporated foundation in 2011)
  - Expands into Europe with founding of Yamaha Europa GmbH in former West Germany
- **1968** Issues shares at market price (the first such issuance in Japan)
- 1971 Begins production of semiconductors
  POINT 5
- 1980 Establishes Yamaha Piano Technical Academy, a piano tuner training school
- 1987 Changes corporate name from Nippon Gakki Co., Ltd. to Yamaha Corporation to mark 100th year in business
  - Opens Yamaha English language school
- 1989 Establishes subsidiary in China, Tianjin Yamaha Electronic Musical Instruments, Inc., for manufacture and sale of digital musical instruments









- **2002** Establishes Yamaha Music & Electronics (China) Co., Ltd.
  - Establishes Yamaha Music Holding Europe GmbH in Germany (currently Yamaha Music Europe GmbH)
- **2003** Establishes a Level 1 American Depositary Receipt (ADR) program
- **2005** Acquires German audio software house Steinberg Media Technologies GmbH
- 2007 Establishes music entertainment business holding company Yamaha Music Entertainment Holdings, Inc.
- **2008** Acquires Austrian piano manufacturer L. Bösendorfer Klavierfabrik GmbH
  - Acquires French loudspeaker manufacturer NEXO S.A.
- **2010** Completes integration of Japanese piano factories into Kakegawa plant
- 2012 Completes integration of Japanese wind instrument factories into Toyooka plant
  - Celebrates 125th year in business
- **2014** Acquires U.S. musical instrument and audio equipment manufacturer Line 6, Inc.
  - Acquires U.S. provider of wireless audio solutions Revolabs, Inc.





### POINT 4 Expanding overseas

Since the establishment of its first overseas subsidiary in Mexico, Yamaha has expanded into the United States, Europe, and the rest of Asia. By pursuing business activities that are attuned to each location, Yamaha successfully made its way into new markets.

## POINT 5 Improving the sound quality of electronic musical instruments

To improve the sound quality of its electronic musical instruments, Yamaha decided to develop its own large-scale integrated (LSI) circuits instead of relying on outsourced circuits from semiconductor manufacturers. In 1971, Yamaha completed the construction of its then cutting-edge integrated circuit (IC) plant in Toyooka.

#### POINT **b** Melding acoustic and digital technologies

With the launch of its SILENT Piano in 1993, Yamaha developed numerous musical instruments in the SILENT™ series as well as its range of hybrid pianos, skillfully melding the traditional technologies of acoustic musical instrument creation with digital audio technology.